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VOL. 13 No. 287 NELSON, B. C., TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 16, 1915 50 ... PER MONTH

BRITISH CRUISERS SINK DRESDEN IN SHORT FIGHT

Battle Lasts Only Five Minutes--Crew Saved

GERMAN WARSHIP HAULS DOWN COLORS

Commerce Raiders' Magazine Exploded--Kent and Glasgow Victors

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

LONDON, March 15.—"The Dresden has been sunk!"

That was the headline which attracted the attention of English people today and tonight.

The announcement of the sinking of the German cruiser Dresden came after nightfall but the news spread quickly through the theatres and the restaurants and there was much rejoicing that this commerce raider, whose whereabouts has been a mystery since its escape after the Falklands engagement in December had at last been sent to the bottom of the sea.

The fact that all the crew of the Dresden were saved sets a new record for rescue after an action at sea, although a naval battle of five minutes' duration is probably another record. The details furnished by the admiralty are scant but apparently the British ships were not even hit, for no damage whatsoever is recorded.

Action Lasted Five Minutes.

LONDON, March 15.—The British admiralty announced tonight that the German cruiser Dresden had been sunk. The admiralty statement says:

"On March 14 at 9 a.m. H.M.S. Glasgow, Capt. John Luce, R.N.; H.M.S. auxiliary cruiser Orama, Capt. John R. Seagrave, R.N., and H.M.S. Kent, Capt. John D. Allen, caught the Dresden near Juan Fernandez island.

"An action ensued and after five minutes' fighting the Dresden hauled down its colors and displayed the white flag. It was much damaged and set on fire and after it had been burning for some time its magazine exploded and it sank. The crew was saved, 15 badly wounded. The Germans are being landed at Valparaiso.

"There were no British casualties and no damage to the ships."

Newcastle Chased Dresden on Coast.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 15.—While thankful that the Dresden has been retired from the high seas the sailor boys of H.M.S. Newcastle, now in Esquimalt dock, will be jealous, in a friendly way of course, of the good luck that has fallen to the commander of the Glasgow in bringing the fast Dresden to book. The Newcastle is just back from a three months' cruise along the west coast of South America. Twice it cleared for action, thinking that it had found the Dresden, but on both occasions the news of its presence turned out to be a false alarm.

For days on end the Britisher cruised among the Chilean islands, dodging in and out of bays and inlets and trying to get an eye on the elusive German. There are hundreds of islands along the coast and it was felt aboard the Newcastle that it would be a matter of luck if they came up with the Dresden. The Newcastle was four or five knots faster than the Dresden and armed with heavier guns. With the Newcastle were operating the Japanese cruisers Asama, Athizen and Idzuma and the battle cruiser Australia. The last mentioned has gone to European waters and probably a month ago joined the grand fleet of Admiral Jellicoe.

TURKS DECIDE TO MOVE CAPITAL

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

SOFIA, March 15.—The Turkish government has positively decided to remove from the capital to Eski Sher in Asia Minor.

CONSERVE FOOD BY LEAVING GERMANY

Well to Do Germans Move to Neutral Countries in Response to Government's Appeal.

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

COPENHAGEN, March 15, via London.—The hotels and the better class boarding houses here are crowded with well to do Germans who are ineligible for military service. It is said that the people, responding to an appeal from the government, are leaving Germany in large numbers in order that there will be fewer people to feed while the war lasts.

It is reported from Sweden and Norway that many other Germans of similar class have arrived in those countries.

BOOTS WERE ALL EQUAL TO SAMPLE

Some Better, Says Witness at Parliamentary Inquiry—To Hold Afternoon Sittings

OTTAWA, March 15.—Before the conclusion of the boots inquiry today it was decided to sit in the afternoons on Wednesday and Thursday in order to examine the large number of witnesses who will be present this week.

Inspector Wilson of Ottawa was the last witness called today. He had been in the Ames-Holden-McCready company's factory. He had passed through the factory about twice a week. Asked concerning the quality of the boots made he answered:

"All equal to sample and some a good deal better."

"How much better?" asked E. M. Macdonald.

"Well, some of them were heavier," said the witness.

Concerning the nature of the slugs used in the heels he said: "They had used what they called steel in the factory but it was soft."

"I am informed that they were zinc," said Mr. Pringle, government counsel. "We do not pretend that any other kind were used."

"Who are 'we'?" asked Mr. Murphy.

"Why, the manufacturers," said Mr. Pringle.

Asked concerning the rejects, the

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LONDON REGIMENT LOSES SEVEN OFFICERS IN FIGHT

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

LONDON, March 15.—A casualty list containing 46 names was issued from the headquarters of the expeditionary force tonight. Twelve officers were killed and 31 wounded. The heaviest sufferer was the famous London regiment, four officers being killed and three wounded. The Royal Field artillery had three killed and two wounded, while the Irish rifles had one killed and seven wounded. The killed were:

Coates, Second Lieut., Royal Field artillery.

Crichton, Second Lieut., London regiment.

Destachpole, Second Lieut., Royal Field artillery.

Gilmore, Second Lieut., Royal Field artillery.

Hare, Capt. W. G., Durham Light infantry.

Holland, Second Lieut., Black Watch.

Kent, Second Lieut. W. J., Royal Field artillery.

Pulfai, Capt., London regiment.

Spencer, Lieut. N. P. B., Wiltshire regiment.

Stephen, Lieut. C. G., London regiment.

Waterbury, Lieut., Northamptonshire regiment.

Matheson, Lieut., London regiment.

JAPANESE TROOPS EMBARK FOR CHINA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, March 16, 1 a.m.—The Daily Telegraph's Peking correspondent says he is able to assert on reliable authority that 25,000 Japanese troops have embarked for China and that China is about to appeal to Great Britain.

ASKS EXCLUSION OF THE MENACE FROM MAILS

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

OTTAWA, March 15.—C. A. Gauvreau (Temiscouata) called the attention of the postmaster-general in the house today to the circulation of the Canadian edition of the Menace in the Canadian mails. He stated that the paper in question contained objectionable matter and he asked that it be excluded from the use of the mails.

Hon. T. C. Casgrain said that if the representations made by Mr. Gauvreau were found to be correct the circulation of the paper through the mails would be discontinued.

STEVENS OPPOSED RAILWAY MEASURE

Had Vancouver Terminal Bill Thrown Out of Committee—One Clause Is Eliminated.

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

OTTAWA, March 15.—The bill to incorporate the Vancouver Terminal Railway company was revived today by the commons. Owing to the opposition of H. H. Stevens on behalf of Vancouver the bill was thrown out by the railway committee recently. This afternoon W. B. Northrup (Hastings) stated that an arrangement had been come to by which the section of the bill objected to by Vancouver would be eliminated and he moved that the house refer the bill back to the railway committee.

Mr. Stevens objected to the statement that an agreement had been made. So far as he was concerned, he said, there was no agreement.

E. A. Lancaster, chairman of the railway committee, asked if the motion bound the committee or left it free to exercise its judgment on the bill.

The speaker said that the motion left the committee free and the bill was then referred back.

ASKS UNITED STATES TO HELP PRISONERS

British Government Proposes That Uncle Sam Should Supervise Relief Distribution in Germany.

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

LONDON, March 15.—Baron Newton suggested in the house of lords today that the American government be asked to make inquiries concerning the treatment of British prisoners in Germany. The services, he said, which the American government had rendered this country during the war not only in Europe but in other parts of the world could not be exaggerated and for this reason it must seem almost ungracious to ask Washington to do more. But, he added, on the simple grounds of humanity and justice there would be justification for the request that the American government undertake this additional task.

Earl Beauchamp, lord warden of the cinque ports, speaking for the British government, said there was reason to hope that the German government would sanction this government's proposal that the United States officials should supervise the distribution of relief provided by Great Britain for British prisoners in Germany. That, he thought, would ensure a better and more proper treatment being accorded British prisoners than would a cursory inspection by American officials of the detention camps in Germany.

MANITOBA ESTIMATES PASS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

WINNIPEG, March 15.—The provincial legislature tonight passed the fiscal year's estimates through the committee of the whole and gave the supply bill its first reading. Some discussion centered upon the estimate of $1,500,000 for the new parliament buildings, the added cost of which over the price of the original contract the opposition is vigorously investigating in the public accounts committee.

KITCHENER WANTS MORE WAR SUPPLIES

Supply of Munitions Causes Secretary Serious Anxiety—Tells Workers Not to Slacken off.

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

LONDON, March 15—Earl Kitchener, secretary of war, in a speech in the lords today referred optimistically to the military situation in general from the allies' standpoint but he complained of the slowness with which munitions of war are being turned out. He emphasized what is worrying the war authorities more than any other phase of the task of throwing an army into the field—the great problem of keeping the British and allied armies supplied with the vast amount of ammunition that the guns devour, an amount which will perhaps treble when the generally expected spring advance comes.

Blaming trade unionism, with its re-

(Continued on Page Four)

BRITISH HOLD TO NEUVE CHAPPELLE

Germans Unable to Retake Lost Ground

GENERAL FRENCH HAS RECAPTURED ST. ELOI

Allies Win Several Trenches and Blockhouse--Artillery Is Effective

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

LONDON, March 15.—In the west the Germans are not optimistic regarding Neuve Chappelle as they omit in their official statements any mention of the fighting this week, though they have been bringing up reinforcements and are fighting desperately to retake the ground from which they were driven with such loss. There is no British statement to throw light on the present situation but the French war office says the British are holding their ground.

It is believed that another sanguinary engagement will be fought near Neuve Chappelle. The Germans are seeking to distract the British by their activity around Ypres and probably the coming battle will necessitate reinforcements.

British Retake St. Eloi.

PARIS, March 15, via London, March 16, 2:25 a.m.—The following statement was issued by the war office tonight:

"The day has been marked by numerous actions favorable for us.

"In the region of Lombaertzyde our artillery effectively bombarded the enemy's works. The Germans attempted to recapture a small fort which we took from them during the night of March 11-12. They were repulsed, leaving about 50 dead on the ground. Our losses were insignificant.

"To the south of Ypres the British army, which a German attack had compelled to fall back beyond St. Eloi, recaptured that village and almost all of the neighboring trenches, in spite of several counter-attacks.

Take Three Lines of Trenches.

"To the north of Arras a brilliant attack by our infantry enabled us to capture by a single effort three lines of trenches on the spur of Notre Dame de Lorette, and to reach the edge of the plateau.

"We captured 100 prisoners, including several officers and some non-commissioned officers and two machine guns, and blew up an ammunition store.

"Further to the south in the region of Ecurls and Roulicourt, near the road from Lille, we blew up several German trenches and prevented the enemy from reconstructing them.

"In the region of Albert near Carnoy the Germans exploded a mine beneath one of our trenches and occupied the excavation. We drove them from it. They once more installed themselves in it, but we drove them

(Continued on Page Two.)

IS EXPELLED FROM ASSEMBLY; PERJURY

Representative in Legislature Expelled Following Investigation of Charge That He Received Money.

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

DENVER, Colo., March 15.—Representative W. W. Howland was expelled from membership in the general assembly today on a charge of perjury. The action was taken when the house adopted the report of the special committee which investigated charges that Howland received a sum of money on Feb. 9.

GERMANS RUN FROM CANADIAN STEEL

Others Plead for Mercy Like Children, Says Member of Princess Patricia Regiment.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

LONDON, March 16—Describing how the Canadians captured the trench recently mentioned by Sir John French, Corp. Bowlt (Saskatoon) of the Princess Patricias says the Germans were afraid of cold steel, running like children. Others fell to their knees and pleaded for mercy which, adds the writer, in true British fashion was granted them.

"Just before dawn on that day," he says, "we were ordered to force one of the German trenches in front of us. As we climbed over the parapets the enemy by means of its machine guns potted us and immediately opened with rifles. We lost men as we kept plodding through the quagmire of mud, but when we jumped over the enemy's parapets into the trenches we had to tramp over dead bodies. The scene was awful, though we were successful in capturing the trench. We discovered plenty of food and clothings and also some hand warmers, which served to show they were fairly comfortable."

BRITAIN PUTS INTO EFFECT PLAN TO STRANGLE GERMAN COMMERCE

Term Blockade Is Not Used but Purpose of Preventing Commodities from Reaching or Leaving Teuton Ports Is Plain--Neutrals Notified

CORDON OF WARSHIPS WILL HOLD UP VESSELS, CARGOES ARE TO BE SEIZED

Property Will Not Be Confiscated As Would Be Case Under Technical Blockade--Answer to United States Proposal Regarding Allowing Foodstuffs to Reach Germany Is Flat Refusal

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

LONDON, March 15, 9:45 p.m.—Great Britain made known to the world today in a formal proclamation, signed in council by the King and issued from Buckingham palace, how it proposes to sever all the arteries of sea commerce to and from Germany during the period of the war. As in Premier Asquith's speech forecasting the order, the term "blockade" is not used and no prohibited areas defined. Nevertheless the text of the order makes plain Britain's purpose—to prevent commodities of any kind from reaching or leaving Germany during the war.

British officials tonight frankly called the move a blockade, the foreign office describing it as an effective blockade, differing from the effective blockades of history only in that the property seized will not be confiscated outright but sold, the proceeds eventually going to the owners.

In the last clause of the proclamation is the proposal most interesting to neutrals. This is the flat agreement to lift the "blockade" in case any nation will certify that the ships flying its flag shall not carry goods to Germany, or originating therein, or belonging to subjects of the German empire.

Cordon of Ships to Watch.

It is notable that the order declares no intention to capture ships proceeding to and from the countries of Germany's allies, Austria and Turkey, the reason being, no doubt, that the measure is avowedly a reprisal against the German submarine warfare. However, a cordon of ships will be maintained to shut off the commerce of German ports and regulate trade in the war zone, although ships voyaging eastward across the Atlantic will, it is expected, be seized before they reach the North sea.

When a neutral vessel is held up in all cases, except where there is a false declaration of destination or other attempt at subterfuge, the cargo only will be seized.

A copy of the order-in-council was handed to the American ambassador tonight for transmission to Washington. The foreign office emphasizes the fact that wide discretion is allowed prize court officials handling neutral claims. The prize court will act with the greatest despatch.

Order Is Elastic.

The elasticity of the order—in so far as it affects neutrals—is pointed out by the foreign office, which has called attention from the first announcement of the reprisal policy to the fact that the regulations are not inflexible where the rights of neutrals are concerned.

While the order is absolute so far as ships to and from German ports are concerned, using the word "must" in stipulating how goods shall be discharged in English ports, the provisions concerning cargoes destined for neutral ports set forth that they "must be required to discharge" at British ports.

This language is typical of the general attitude of British officials toward neutral trade.

Refuses American Plan

LONDON, March 15.—The British foreign office delivered today to Ambassador Page its reply to the American note proposing to Great Britain and Germany the withdrawal of the German submarine blockade provided England would permit food to reach German civilians. Great Britain's reply is an absolute refusal. The foreign office also delivered to the ambassador Great Britain's reply to the note inquiring for further information in regard to the measures to be taken by the allied powers to cut off trade to and from Germany. The reply to this note is based largely upon the order-in-council which was issued today.

Great Britain's refusal to accept the American proposals to this country and Germany is due to the reasons outlined several days ago.

ITALY SUSPENDS SERVICE TO AUSTRIA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ROME, March 15, via Paris.—The Italian minister of post and telegraphs today issued orders suspending the exchange of telegraphic money orders to Austria-Hungary. Orders were also issued suppressing the traveling postoffice on trains bound for the Austrian frontier.

Authoritative denial was given in Rome today of a report that Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria had refused to consider making territorial concessions to Italy.

DUBLIN CITY RAPS GERMAN PROFESSOR

Withdraws Freedom from Pedagogue Who Made Anti-British Speeches in United States.

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

DUBLIN, March 15.—The Dublin city council by a vote of 30 to 18 today withdrew from Kuno Meyer of the University of Berlin the freedom of the city in order to indicate "disapproval of the anti-British campaign he has been conducting in America."

Kuno Meyer, who is a German and has been professor of Celtic history at the University of Berlin since 1911, was for a time director of the school of Irish learning at Dublin. He is an authority on Celtic philology and he founded the school of Irish learning at Dublin for the promotion of the old Irish language and literature. For his work in promoting Celtic interests he was made an honorary freeman and burgess of the cities of Dublin and Cork.

During a recent visit to the United States Prof. Meyer delivered several addresses in behalf of Germany.

GERMANY NOW ASKS PEACE GUARANTEE

Vice-Chancellor Says Will Continue War Until Secures Immunity Against Attack.

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

LONDON, March 15.—A Reuter despatch from Berlin by way of Amsterdam quotes the German minister of the interior and vice-chancellor, Clemens Delbruck, as declaring in a speech in the upper chamber Germany's intention to continue the war until it obtained the guarantee it desired.

"If we are satisfied with just repelling the enemy," said the vice-chancellor, "we should soon have peace. But we cannot rest satisfied with that alone; we shall not sheathe the sword until we obtain guarantees that our enemies will not attack us again.

"Discussion of these guarantees at the present moment would not further German interests."

Herr Delbruck spoke after the upper chamber had adopted the budget without discussion. With reference to the great industrial, agricultural and economic resources of Germany, he said:

"We are organized from top to bottom and bound together by a fixed purpose. Those who are compelled to remain at home will also do their best to contribute to the victory.

'France wants the provinces it lost in '71; Russia wants to make a province of Prussia; England wants to destroy German commerce and seapower. But what our enemies have accomplished—the loss of the greater part of our colonies—is without decisive influence on the war.

"On the other hand Belgium, a great industrial section of France and a part of Russian Poland, are in our possession. There are no enemies on German soil; all their efforts to crush Germany have been frustrated."

At the conclusion of Herr Delbruck's speech the Prussi diet adjourned to May 27.

PLAN ANOTHER MOVE TO OUST TAYLOR

Attempt Likely to Be Made to Disqualify Newly Elected Mayor of Vancouver

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 15.—That another attempt will be made to disqualify Mayor Taylor was the statement made tonight by Joseph Martin. When asked regarding the matter, Mr. Martin said:

"I have every reason to believe that proceedings will be instituted to disqualify Mr. Taylor on the ground that he is not the rightful owner of the lot on which he qualified."

The lot in question is the famous Halford-Taylor property, which has been used by the mayor for qualification purposes during three civic campaigns. It was rumored prior to the election that if Mayor Taylor defeated Ald. Hepburn at the polls his right to occupy the chief magistrate's chair would be attacked on that ground.

BANKS MAY LOAN FOR PURCHASE OF SEED GRAIN

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, March 15.—Hon. W. T. White, finance minister, has given notice of an important amendment to the Bank act as far as farmers of western Canada are concerned. This amendment, which is only temporary and will only be in force until Aug. 1 will permit banks to loan money for the purchase of seed grain upon the security of the grain purchased. The crop is to be grown from such seed and the grain threshed from such crops. At present banks can only loan money against grain on warehouse receipts. The resolution is as follows:

"Resolved that it is expedient to amend the Bank act by permitting the chartered banks up to the first day of August, 1915, to lend money for the purchase of seed grain upon the security of the grain purchased, the crop to be grown therefrom and the grain threshed from the crop and that any act founded on this resolution be deemed to come into force on March 15, 1915."

RUSSIANS CLAIM GENERAL PROGRESS

Germans Say They Have Repulsed All Attacks—Przasnysz Battle Not Yet Fought.

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

LONDON, March 15.—In the region of Przasnysz, Russian Poland, the great battle has not yet been fought and what fighting there has been each of the contenders maintains is turning in its favor. The Russians are claiming progress all along the line; the Germans just as stoutly assert that the Russian attacks have been repulsed.

VIENNA, March 15, via Amsterdam

(Continued on Page Four)

BRAVERY AND DASH MARK ASSAULT BY CANADIANS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, March 15.—By F. A. McKenzie.—The first Canadian contingent has answered its critics in a most satisfactory, convincing way by showing fighting qualities which today are winning the unstinted praise of all England and France.

Their great gallantry and dash in last week's battle around Neuve Chappelle is emphasized by every observer.

Their battle took place in low-lying marsh lands and on some slight ridges. Our artillery, which has recently proved its marked superiority over the Germans in this quarter, had been heavily punishing the German front. Our sustained fire of shrapnel and high explosive shells had such an effect that some of the trenches were found in our advance almost heaped with German dead.

Under cover of this fire our troops crept into positions within rushing point of the German lines. Then, in what the Germans thought was a momentary pause, the allies were in their trenches. The German prisoners declare they cannot understand how it happened.

"We had a splendid position in our trenches," said one German prisoner. "We were all ready for a frontal attack, but we were surrounded. There was nothing left for us to do but surrender."

The prisoners blame our advance—it was so sudden. The Indians, who now that the bitterest cold is over are back in active service in the front, helped materially in this surprise advance.

"Canada has done well in its initial foray," says the Post. "Also in the battle last week it has made history with its troops in the crucial test of desperate action. The price paid is heavy, but the sacrifice is a willing one."

One notable feature of last week's advance was the perfection of arrangements. Everything went through with clockwork precision. Our plans had been kept entirely secret, every unit moving exactly. It is evident we are having no unfortunate incidents in this war. Among the staff actively working at the front in this section is the Prince of Wales.

Our advance had important results

(Continued on Page Two.)

SAYS LAURIER ATTITUDE ON PARTY TRUCE REVERSED

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

OTTAWA, March 15.—The budget debate will be concluded some time tomorrow night with a division on the Laurier amendment. It is altogether likely that the closing speeches will be made by Sir Robert Borden and Hon. George P. Graham for the government and the opposition respectively.

As there is still a considerable list of speakers who desire to get into Hansard the vote may not be taken until a late hour.

The principal speech on the government side today was delivered by Sir George Foster, while from the opposition criticism of the government taxation plan was made by F. W. Carroll of South Cape Breton and others.

Sir George has not been heard often of late. He spoke with his customary eloquence, but without any touch of bitterness and got close attention from members on both sides of the house. He expressed the conviction that Sir Wilfrid Laurier had hesitated about bringing in his amendment and that by doing so he had reversed the attitude regarding the party truce he had adopted at the special session in August. Sir George gave some attention to the arguments of Dr. Clark. He maintained that Dr. Clark was wrong in his assumption that the new taxes would not produce the anticipated revenue and denied that protection had been a failure in Canada or other countries. He asked for unity in regard to the war.

W. F. Carroll made a plea for the voting of one or two extra millions for the benefit of the Belgians. He said that the next taxes would not have been necessary but for the bungling of the present administration and declared that while the railways and the big corporations had been allowed to escape the minister of finance had passed his hat to every farmer and laborer in the country for a contribution.

Says Sir Wilfrid Made Apology.

When the government orders were called Fred Pardee, chief Liberal whip, rose and explained that an arrangement had been made by which F. W. Carroll (South Cape Breton), who moved the adjournment on Friday night before concluding his speech, would give way to Sir George Foster. Sir George, it appears, in

(Continued on Page Two)

CHAPPED HANDS AND COLD SORES

Are your hands chapped, cracked, or sore? Have you "cold cracks" which open and bleed when the skin is drawn tight? Have you a cold sore, frost bite, or chilblains, which at times makes it agony for you to go about your duties? If so, Zam-Buk will give you relief, and will heal the frost-damaged skin.

Miss B. Strojsa, of East Hansford, N.S., writes: "My hands were so badly chapped I was unable to put them in water. All remedies failed to heal until I tried Zam-Buk. Perseverance with this balm completely healed the sores."

Zam-Buk heals cuts, burns, bruises, cures eczema, piles, chapped hands, cold sores, frost bites, and all skin diseases and injuries. Refuse substitutes. At all druggists and stores, 50c box.

ZAM-BUK GIVES QUICK RELIEF

Ends Dry, Hoarse or Painful Coughs Quickly

A Simple, Home-Made Remedy, Inexpensive but Unequaled

The prompt and positive results given by this pleasant-tasting home-made cough syrup has caused it to be used in more homes than any other remedy. It gives almost instant relief and will usually overcome the average cough in 24 hours.

Get 2½ ounces Pinex (50 cents worth) from any drug store, pour it into a 16-ounce bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. This makes 16 ounces—a family supply—of the most effective cough remedy at a cost of only 54 cents or less. You couldn't buy as much ready-made cough medicine for $2.50. Easily prepared and never spoils. Full directions with Pinex.

The promptness, certainty and ease with which this Pinex Syrup overcomes a bad cough, chest or throat cold is truly remarkable. It quickly loosens a dry, hoarse or tight cough and heals and soothes a painful cough in a hurry. With a persistent, loose cough it stops the formation of phlegm in the throat and bronchial tubes, thus ending the annoying hacking.

Pinex is a highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, rich in guaiacol, and is famous the world over for its splendid effect in bronchitis, whooping cough, bronchial asthma and winter coughs.

To avoid disappointment in making this, ask your druggist for "2½ ounces Pinex," and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Toronto, Ont.

ACID STOMACHS ARE DANGEROUS

Common Sense Advice by a Distinguished Specialist.

"Acid" stomachs are dangerous because acid irritates and inflames the *delicate lining of the stomach, thus* hindering and preventing the proper action of the stomach, and leading to probably nine-tenths of the cases of stomach trouble from which people suffer. Ordinary medicines and medicinal treatments are useless in such cases, for they leave the source of the trouble, the acid in the stomach, as dangerous as ever. The acid must be neutralized, and its formation prevented and the best thing for this purpose is a teaspoonful of bisurated magnesia, a simple antacid, taken in a little warm or cold water after eating, which not only neutralizes the acid, but also prevents the fermentation *from which acidity is developed.* Foods which ordinarily cause distress may be eaten with impunity if the meal is followed with a little bisurated magnesia, which can be obtained from any druggist and should always be kept handy.

RUSSIAN STUDIES AMERICAN SEAPLANE CONSTRUCTION

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

NEW YORK, March 15.—Among the passengers on the White Star liner Adriatic which arrived here today from Liverpool was Lieut. Gregoire *Piotrowsky of the Russian naval aviation* corps, who has come to this country as a representative of his government to study the construction of American seaplanes. He will report to the Russian ambassador in Washington before beginning his work. It is stated that he will purchase several seaplanes for Russia while here.

JAPANESE CONTINGENT LEAVES FOR MANCHURIA

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

TOKIO, March 15.—The first contingent of troops has started for Manchuria. Gen. Hongo of the 17th division, which will follow, conferred yesterday with Lieut.-Gen. Orka, minister of war, and was received by the *emperor today. Port Arthur* is reported to be a busy spot. Temporary barracks have been erected.

Real Relief

from suffering means true happiness. The trouble due to indigestion and biliousness, is removed quickly, certainly and safely by

BEECHAM'S PILLS

The Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World Sold Everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents

CANADIAN LOSSES AT FRONT ANNOUNCED

Long Casualty List of Members of Expeditionary Force Is Issued at Ottawa.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, March 15.—The following casualties among members of the Canadian expeditionary force were announced by the militia department this morning:

1st Battalion.

Seriously ill—Pte. J. C. Waddell, admitted to stationary hospital, Boulogne; result of leg amputation; next of kin Mrs. Elizabeth Waddell, Falkirk, Scotland.

2nd Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. J. H. Griffiths, admitted to general hospital, Boulogne; gunshot wound in face and shoulder; next of kin Mrs. M. Griffiths, Yorkshire, England.

5th Battalion.

Slightly injured—Pte. J. E. Brierley, admitted to Netley hospital March 11; next of kin Mrs. J. E. Brierley, Churchtown, Southport, England.

Seriously wounded—Pte. Cuthbert Crowley, admitted to general hospital, Boulogne, March 12; gunshot wound in leg; next of kin Henry Crowley, Guilford, Surrey, England.

8th Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. O. F. Ryan, admitted to Rawalpindi general hospital, Boulogne, March 6; gunshot wound in leg; next of kin Charles Russell, London, England.

Pte. W. F. Page, admitted to general hospital, Boulogne; gunshot wound in thigh; next of kin A. F. Page, Essex, England.

Killed in action—Pte. Thomas Monahan, March 3, *at La Boutillere; next* of kin Mrs. William Monahan, Liverpool.

14th Battalion.

Severely wounded—Pte. R. C. Eaton, admitted to stationary hospital, Boulogne; gunshot wound in face; next of kin Mrs. Isabella Eaton, Montreal.

Wounded—Pte. J. C. Cole, admitted to stationary hospital, Rouen; gunshot wound, slight; next of kin A. E. Cole, Montreal.

Divisional Engineers.

Wounded—Sapper P. T. Gould, admitted to 3 general hospital, Letreport; gunshot wound in forearm; next of kin Mrs. Beatrice May Gould, Kingston, Ont.

Seriously ill—Sapper H. G. Anderson, admitted to 3 general hospital, Letreport, suffering from pneumonia; next of kin William Anderson, 100 Queen street, Alva, Scotland.

Princess Patricias.

Killed in action—Pte. John Bell, March 5, at St. Eloi; next of kin Mrs. N. A. Bell, care Mrs. Peacock, 18 Saltwell place, Gateshead, England.

Died of wounds—George Fuller, March 8, at St. Eloi; next of kin Mrs. E. A. Fuller, Huntingford, England.

Severely wounded—Corp. E. C. King, March 5; next of kin J. A. King, London, England.

Severely wounded—Lance Corp. William Clark, March 5; next of kin Mrs. M. A. Clark, Westbridgeford, Notts, England.

Wounded—Pte. B. Gallagher, admitted to 8 general hospital; gunshot wound; next of kin Mrs. M. Cowley, Greenock, Scotland.

MAYOR L. D. TAYLOR GETS OVATION IN VANCOUVER

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B.C., March 15.—At the meeting of the city council tonight Mayor Taylor again took his seat and *received an ovation from the crowded* chamber.

The salary bylaw was adopted, allowing the mayor $5000 per annum, less the war cut of 30 per cent and the aldermen $100 per month, less a cut of 20 per cent.

BRAVERY AND DASH MARK ASSAULT

(Continued on Page Two.)

In compelling the German general staff to largely modify its immediate plan of campaign. It had apparently intended to launch an attack with a strong force in the direction of Dunkirk and Calais. The enemy is now compelled to transfer troops farther south. Further, the Germans are prevented from immediate further strengthening the eastern front as *intended.* Our advance, however, is yet insufficient to threaten the German northern positions. Our present aim must be to hold what we have secured and make that a centre for further and later advances.

BRITISH HOLD TO NEUVE CHAPPELLE

(Continued from Page One)

out again. We have held our position ever since and have succeeded in putting it in order once more for our own defensive.

Extend Positions in Champagne.

"In the valley of the Aisne near Vassens, northwest of Nouvron, two German companies were caught by our fire and suffered heavy losses.

"In Champagne we made fresh progress. We gained ground in the woods near Souain and to the northwest of Perthes. We repulsed two counter-attacks in front of bridge 196, northeast of Le Mesnil, and extended our position in that section. We took prisoners and captured a trench mortar.

"In the Argonne there has been great activity since yesterday. In the region of Bagatelle two counter-attacks by the enemy were repulsed.

"We demolished a blockhouse, occupied the site and established ourselves there. Between Four de Paris and Bolante the enemy attempted two counter-attacks which failed, like three others previously made.

German Mines Destroy Trenches.

"At Vauquers our infantry delivered an attack which made us masters of the western part of the village. We took numerous prisoners at Bois le Pretre. Northwest of Pont a Mousson the Germans blew up with a mine four of our advance trenches, which were *completely destroyed.* They gained a footing there after the explosion, but we recaptured the first two trenches and half of the third.

"Between Bois le Pretre and Pont a Mousson at Dieput heights the enemy made an attack, which was repulsed."

German Attacks Are Repulsed.

PARIS, March 15.—Violent cannonading is going on at a point to the northeast of Dunkirk, according to a despatch from that seaport to the Havas agency. The belief in Dunkirk is that a British squadron is bombarding the sand dunes around Nieuport.

Today's official war reports show that fighting of increasing violence is in progress in the west. The Germans yesterday made attacks in force against the British north of the Franco-Belgian border and against the French in Champagne and the Argonne.

According to the French report all these attacks were repulsed. The *German report says that the Germans* made progress south of Ypres.

SHANDRO RE-ELECTED.

EDMONTON, Alta., March 15.—The provincial by-election in Hitford today resulted in the re-election of Andrew Shandro, Liberal by a majority of 250 over Roman Kramer, Conservative.

SAYS LAURIER ATTITUDE REVERSED

order to keep an engagement, had to leave the city on an evening train.

Speaker Sproule said there was no rule under which such an arrangement could be justified. He was willing to concur *providing it was not to* be regarded as a precedent.

Sir George Foster on rising thanked the member for South Cape Breton for his courtesy and at once proceeded to deal with the arguments advanced by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, when he moved his amendment Wednesday. He said that the opening part of Sir Wilfrid's speech sounded like an apology for the amendment he *intended* to move. The opposition leader had spoken of the right of the opposition to criticize. No one on either side of the house would attempt to deprive the opposition of this recognized right. Sir Wilfrid had then explained that when war broke out the Liberals had decided that they would offer no objections to the war proposals. They had, in addition, refrained from discussing domestic problems.

Liberals Opened Fight This Year.

Sir Wilfrid had then quoted from the Saturday Review and from the Ottawa Evening Journal to establish the right of an opposition to criticize in war times, more particularly the right to criticize any member of the government who had been doing his work inefficiently. Sir Wilfrid had also referred to the practise established in Great Britain. There all do*mestic questions had been tabooed.* When war broke out matters of vital importance were being discussed with a vigor and animosity seldom witnessed in the British parliament. These questions were all dropped.

When parliament was convened in August Sir Wilfrd Laurier took the same stand as John Redmond and went up and down the country addressing *recruiting meetings.* The government war vote of $50,000,000 was agreed to and no exception was taken to the special tax proposals.

"We come to this year," said Sir George, "and what has happened. Is not his course absolutely contrary to his former course and the course pursued in the British house? If he was right last year is he right this year?"

Opposition Changes Its Position.

Sir George thought that the truce had been fairly well kept. This truce *was not an arrangement* in writing but was something arising out of the spirit and wish of the people. The opposition leader and his friends had not been appearing on the public platform to discuss domestic issues. The little official organs, the breathing spores, as Sir George *described them, had been* issued, but had not contained any objectionable matter. They had merely served to keep up the idea that there were still two political parties in Canada. But now a change had come over the opposition. It is now a question of whether it will give support to the war or go back to the old quarrel as to whether protection or reciprocity, or *free trade, is the best.*

Sir George said that the Liberal amendment to the budget was based on an artificial definition as to what are war necessities and what are more strictly home necessities. The Liberals apparently thought they were fulfilling their duty if they passed what they deemed a war vote and then opposed what they were pleased to call home necessities. The war vote they placed first at $100,000,000 and upon this they raised no discussion and brought no opposition. As the debate progressed this ground was widened, when it was pointed out that this vote did not cover all; there were interest and expenses in *addition.* They conceded then these two points but beyond this the argument went that nothing else should be included in the war vote.

Have Not Realized Effect of War.

"We have not yet realized," declared Sir George, "the effect and consequences of the war. As yet we have only looked over the precipice. It is necessary for us to sit down and think *out item by item* and part by part in order to realize what it meant by the greatest war in the history of the world."

The British said that when war broke out capital was particularly effected. The borrowing power of Canada was *absolutely cut off.* This naturally had an immense and tremendous effect on the country at large. When war was declared the credits of the world collapsed; securities dropped in value; stocks worth hundreds of millions became almost useless; orders placed before the war were at once cancelled. It became difficult for people to borrow money and the purchas*ing power of the Argentine,* Brazil the United States and every other nonbelligerent nation diminished. Manufacturers before the war were in many cases stocked up. Today they had on hand large stores of goods, which, if not for the war, would have been sold. *Of all industries agriculture alone had* been favorably affected.

Position Under Free Trade.

"I put this question to my friend, the member for Red Deer," continued Sir George. "Through his speech there ran the old cry of protection, 'the bane and curse of Canada.' This question of protection and free trade has been sitting at our home and hearthside ever *since Canada had a home and hearth*side. If instead of protection being the basis of our fiscal system at the present time free trade was the basis would none of these effects have been felt in Canada? Would we be immune from all these consequences of the war if we had had *reciprocity with the United* States?

"It only needs to ask the question to answer it. There are times when no nostrum saves."

Situation Calls for no Divisions.

No man, said Sir George, could find words strong enough to express the tremendous situation which faces Canada and the Empire today. This situ*ation called not for divisions.* It called for the strongest co-operation on the part of every one in Canada. The war was unprecedented and in its extent and the demoniac fury with which it had been carried on could not have been conceived by any one before it broke out.

"If the war keeps on," he added, "for months, and he is a hardy prophet who will dare predict it will be of short duration, the best we can give will be not too much to carry it on. For this war neither party in this house is answerable. It came, it is difficult to say why, in this brilliant, Christian twentieth century. When it came every man felt the cause of Great Britain was just and that it was his duty as a particular member of that Empire to put his shoulder to the wheel and do his share."

Sir George, continuing, said that in addition to the war situation there was a home situation. Both parties may be partially responsible for this situation. "However, I must hold my own opinion," he declared, "that for the present situation the party led by the opposition leader has contributed a *mighty share in the last 15 years.*

Opposition Should Co-operate.

"I put it to the country," said Sir *George, "that while the government has* got to take the responsibility for what has come upon the country the government ought to have the fullest sympathy and co-operation of the hon. gentlemen opposite in staggering along under these burdens."

Sir George dealt with the Liberal argument that the new taxation would not produce much revenue. He emphasized more particularly that free goods to the value of $208,000,000 came into Canada last year on which either 7½ or 5 per cent would be collected. This would go directly into the treasury. In addition there would be increased taxation on the larger quan*tity of dutiable goods. He thought* the new duties would not be liable to appreciably increase the cost to the consumer because manufacturers are today hungry for business and competition will be keen.

British Advantage in Free List.

Sir George next took up the argument that the increase in duties on the British goods would be hurtful to British trade. He said the Liberals seemed to think that preference was another name for free trade. They appeared to forget that a preference was only possible with a protective tariff. In regard to free goods the new tariff gave the British trade a distinct advantage which it did not have before. Up to Feb. 14 Great Britain was on terms of absolute equality with other *nations. Now free goods from Great* Britain enjoy a preference of 2½ per cent.

Sir George devoted some time to arguments advanced by Dr. Michael Clark, whom he described as a good antagonist. He thought, however, that Dr. Clark was "a little crazy on free trade and protection."

The member for Red Deer had argued that protection was a failure as an industry builder and a trade producer. Sir George quoted figures to show the immense expansion in the export trade of Germany and the United States between 1870 and 1913 to prove that Dr. Clark was wrong.

Face Situation Steadfastly.

In conclusion Sir George said:

"What I plead for in this house, in the country, is that the best of the Dominion, Liberal as well as Tory, outside of race or of creed or of political faith, *may look upon the verities of this* war and may learn its value, as in only such cases we can learn to value the comparative merits of the trivial and of the absolutely important. These things I plead for and as much as in us lies in this country let us all until *the war is determined bend our backs* to this burden, putting behind what is trivial and not of moment, facing steadfastly the mighty issue in which the Empire is engaged."

W. F. Carroll (North Cape Breton) continued the speech which had been interrupted in order to allow Sir George to have the floor. He said there had been for years in Canada a conflict between the two *great parties as to* the methods of raising revenue. This was Canada's biggest domestic problem, yet in the face of this fact the finance minister had brought down a proposal to increase duties.

Introduces Naval Question.

Mr. Carroll said that the Liberals had no apologies to make for their attitude in 1909 or in 1912 on the naval question. Time had vindicated the Liberals, he declared. For months in a large industrial centre of Canada ships were now being being built for the British government; and the Emden had been sunk by the cruiser Sydney, owned and controlled by the Australian government.

Sir George Foster, went on Mr. Carroll, had dragged *the skeleton of free* trade from the national closet and talked as if it was part of the present Liberal policy. They had declared for tariff for revenue only and not for free trade. As between protection and free trade for Canada there was much to be said for free trade. Mr. Carroll quoted from circulars sent out by the manufacturers to prove that they have *increased their price list "because of* the increased cost of production during the war."

Referring to the civil service Mr. Carroll said that the people of Canada would refuse to believe that the present business of the country would warrant an increase of 10,000 in the service.

Would Give Money to Belgians.

Touching on the matter of disloyalty Mr. Carroll said that there are certain "political persons" who are endeavor*ing to question the loyalty of Sir* Wilfrid and his followers. They were trying by insidious methods to convince the people that the *Liberals were* not willing to vote the necessary assistance to the mother country. Chief among these offenders was George Foster, Conservative member for Kings, N.B. Addressing a meeting in Ottawa, the member for Kings had stated that Hon. Dr. Beland, now a prisoner of war, had not gone to Belgium to fight but to get a wife. It was sur*prising that any member* of the house would make such a statement. Did the member for Kings not know that Dr. Beland had been given a military title by the minister of militia and that if he had not been captured he would at this moment be giving relief as a medical man to the Belgians?

Mr. Carroll expressed the hope that these political persons would not be *any more* successful in their efforts than they had been before.

In closing he warmly advocated increasing the $'00,000,000 by $1,000,000 or $2,000,000 to the amount to be spent in buying food and clothing for the suffering Belgians.

"We do not appreciate," *he said,* "what these people and the army of Belgium have done for France, Great Britain and Canada."

SNOW WELCOMED

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

REGINA, Sask., March 15.—A snow storm which will mean thousands of *dollars to the farmers* of this district broke over the city tonight about 10 o'clock. Considerable snow has fallen and it is still snowing. The weather is mild and the streets are being transformed into a state of slush.

"Tommy Atkins"

New York's Latest Dress

CALL AND SEE THIS NEW MODEL

Our Special Price $9.75

When Thinking of Dresses for Easter Our Select Stock Will Interest You

OUR PIECE GOODS DEPARTMENT CONTAINS A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF ALL SEASONABLE GOODS.

OUR DRESS MAKING DEPARTMENT IS PREPARED TO MAKE UP PROMPTLY DRESSES IN ANY DESIGN REQUIRED.

IN PLAIN AND FANCY WEAVES

The Spring Coats

ARE ATTRACTING ATTENTION

OUR COATS ARE STRIKING IN APPEARANCE AND MODERATELY PRICED.

CALL AND SELECT ONE

SMILLIE & WEIR

LADIES' WEAR SPECIALISTS

FIGHT TILL AUGUST, THEN YEAR OF PEACE PARLEYS, SAYS DOCTOR

Below is a letter concerning the war from Dr. R. T. Dean of Deanshaven, on Kootenay lake, who has recently returned from the front:

To the Editor of The Daily News:

Sir,—I notice that a correspondent of The Daily News reported me as having said in a lecture on the war given to the Red Cross society in Kaslo, "That the war would end this summer" without the qualifying context. This hardly conveys my meaning and might be some slight detriment to recruiting. It is now, probably, no difficult task to foresee *approximately the general course of* the war. The German general staff, despite what may be said to the contrary, is a very well informed and an exceedingly astute body and there is no reason to suppose that even after the first six weeks of the war they cherished any illusions of ultimate victory. Their only excuse, threadbare as it is, for the rape of Belgium was *the necessity of crushing France by a* coup de main so as not to be faced with what has been their nightmare ever since, the Franco-Russian alliance—a war on two fronts. As we all know the British expeditionary force, coupled with the heroic fight put up by Belgium, tipped the scale in favor of France and the grey-green flood only just touched the outer ring *of the Paris fortifications* and was then turned and driven back. Their nightmare of a war on two fronts has become a reality.

Now, let us consider the coming operations in the spring. We may, I think, assume the present fighting is only either to prevent the Germans from sending reinforcements to Von Hindenburg, or it is that the Germans, in desperation, are trying a new offensive in the hope that our new armies are not yet quite ready. By May *we shall have a distinct numerical* superiority both in men and guns and this superiority is even more in our favor when we consider that our new armies may be classed as strictly first line troops because with our very small standing army we have had the pick of the manhood of the nation to fall back on, whereas Germany, with its conscript system, threw practically the whole flower of its manhood into the first great drive on Paris. The primary task before us now is to drive the Germans out of Belgium and having personally seen the quiet confidence with which this spring campaign is contemplated by the men already at the front I have no doubt of its early achievement. Let us suppose that this *desirable object can be achieved by* August, what next? If we can drive the Germans back from Belgium, not only will the German staff have no illusions but the German people will awake to the fact that ultimate defeat is their portion and the wonderful credit system raised by Germany will fall like a house of cards.

Today, while confidence lasts, Ger*man paper money is worth at any rate* in Germany its face value. Destroy that confidence and despite every government regulation gold will be hoarded and even if the notes do not become absolutely unuseable they will be at a fearful discount. The silver bullets will begin to find their mark and the day will dawn for the discussion of peace. Now, considering prac*tically every nation in the world is* interested in this peace that is to be, the negotiations will occupy the best part of a year and we must remember that this year will be but an armistice. Our armies must be ready to pick up the struggle and our reserve formations must be continually increased, as the making of treaties without the sword behind the diplomat is as futile *as going the limit on a pair of deuces.* This is why we still require men and yet more men.

Every fresh trained man that we have ready to put in the field brings the day of peace nearer. Starting from last August we have now disposed of two years. It will take at least another year to disband our armies, reinstate the millions of refugees and to bring *home our vast stores of munitions* of war from the continent, etc., etc., and we now have Kitchener's three years of war or to quote him more accurately his three years of office and let us hope his prophecy may come true and that 1917 may see the world, except perhaps Mexico, at peace.

R. T. DEAN.

Deanshaven, B. C., March 14.

Either Way— Drugs Are Harmful!

If a tea or coffee drinker, have you stopped to think that, with every cup, you are taking from 1 1-2 to 3 grains of caffeine, a slow but powerful drug?

According to medical authorities, caffeine is a cause of nervousness, heart trouble, indigestion, constipation and other ailments. It is a cumulative drug, and what's more, a habit-forming drug.

Some time, when the drug gets in its licks, you'll realize the harm it does; but wouldn't it be better to avoid trouble—stop both tea and coffee now and use **Postum?**

It is a pure food-drink, made from selected wheat and a little wholesome molasses, carefully roasted, ground and skilfully blended. This gives Postum a snappy delicious flavor, but it is absolutely free from caffeine, or any other harmful ingredient.

POSTUM comes in TWO FORMS:—POSTUM CEREAL—requires boiling—15c and 25c packages.

INSTANT POSTUM—a soluble form—no boiling required—made INSTANTLY in the cup with hot water—30c and 50c tins.

THE DIFFERENCE IS ONLY IN THE FORM. Both kinds are equally wholesome and delicious and the cost per cup is about the same. BE SURE TO ASK FOR THE KIND YOU WANT.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

MADE IN CANADA —sold by Grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Between Simon Monahan, Plaintiff And William J. Kerr, George L. Schetky, assignee under the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act" of William J. Kerr, Joseph H. Browning, John Miller, Neil Johnson, John Stotz, Richard G. Shaughnessy, Margaret A. McFarlen, Arthur G. Weddup, Albert B. Rust, F. J. Goldsmith, Owen Burdett, H. W. Moore, Jane A. Robertson, S. H. B. Wadelin, Elizabeth A. Stanbridge, L. C. Wightman, D. R. Fraser, W. Wieland, J. W. Hannam, George Potter, H. Ellsmore, Grover C. Dickey, F. W. Rogers and Mary K. Smither, Defendants.

To:

John Miller, formerly of 436 Keefer street, Vancouver, B.C.

H. W. Moore, formerly of Murrayville, B.C.

L. C. Wightman, formerly of Central Hotel, New Westminster, B.C.

H. Ellsmore, formerly of Phoenix, B.C.

Grover C. Dickey, formerly of Edmonton, Alberta.

F. W. Rogers, formerly of 317 15th avenue east, Calgary, Alta.

Take notice that Simon Monahan of Murrayville, in the Province of British Columbia, farmer, has commenced an action against you, W. J. Kerr and other parties, in the Supreme Court of British Columbia, by writ of that court, dated the 29th day of June, A.D. 1914, which writ is endorsed as follows: The Plaintiff's claim is against the Defendant, William J. Kerr, for an account to be taken of the amount due under his covenants to pay contained in a certain agreement dated the 26th day of February, 1912, made between the Plaintiff and the Defendant, William J. Kerr, and for payment of the amount found due on taking the said account; and as against all the defendants for an account to be taken of the amount due under or by virtue of the said agreement, payment of the amount found due and specific performance thereof and in default of payment, foreclosure and determination of the said agreement, cancelling and declaring null and void the said agreement, and that all rights (if any) of the defendants thereunder has ceased and determined and that all moneys paid on the said agreement is the absolute property of the Plaintiff.

The following are the lands mentioned in the said agreement: All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the District of New Westminster and Province of British Columbia and known and described as the North-east quarter of Section 32, Township 10 except a portion being 4.23 acres conveyed to the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company for right of way purposes and except 16.404 acre portion of said quarter section more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the South-west corner of the said Northeast quarter of Section thirty-two (32), Township 10; thence Northerly following along the Westerly boundary of the said Northeast quarter section a distance of 489.8 feet; thence Easterly and parallel to the Southern boundary of the said Northeast quarter section a distance of 1756.8 feet to an intersection with the Northwesterly boundary of the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company's right of way; thence Southwesterly along said Northwesterly boundary of the said Railway Company's right of way a distance of 723.8 feet to an intersection with the Southeasterly boundary of the said Northeast quarter section; thence Westerly measured along the said Southerly boundary of the said quarter section a distance of 1217.4 feet to the point of commencement, and containing by admeasurement 16.404 acres, be the same more or less, and as shown outlined in red on the plan thereto attached, the land therein conveyed containing 139.366 acres more or less.

The Defendant, George L. Schetky, is assignee under the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act" of William J. Kerr and is sued as such. The other Defendants claim to be registered subsequent encumbrancers of or to have some estate or interest in the said land derived through purchase or otherwise from William J. Kerr.

And by order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Macdonald, dated the 27th day of February, A.D. 1915, you are required within one (1) month after the first publication of this notice in a daily newspaper, published in the City of Vancouver, Province of British Columbia, namely on the 15th day of March, 1915, inclusive of the said date, to defend the said action by causing an appearance to be entered for you in the said Court to the said action, and in default of your so doing the said Simon Monahan may proceed therein and judgment may be given in your absence.

You may appear to the said Writ by entering an appearance personally or by your Solicitor at the office of the District Registrar of the Court at New Westminster, B.C.

GORDON E. CORBOULD,
Solicitor for Plaintiff.

The place of business and address for service of Gordon Edward Corbould, is at the office of Corbould, Grant & McColl, 40 Lorne street, City of New Westminster, B.C.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

TAKE NOTICE that Arthur William Lymbery whose address is Gray Creek, will apply for a license to take and use 1-8 of a cubic foot per second of water out of a stream crossing Wilmot Road, which flows west and drains into Kootenay lake about one-quarter mile from Gray Creek wharf. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about one hundred and fifty feet south of the northeast corner post of Lot 1489 and will be used for domestic and irrigation purposes, upon the land described as Lot 1489, Block 5, Gray Creek. This notice was posted on the ground on the 13th day of February, 1915. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914" will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is February 23, 1915.

A. W. LYMBERY,
Applicant.

News of Sport

HOLD ALBERTA HORSE SHOW NEXT MONTH

Auction Sale of Horses and Purebred Bulls in Conjunction—Cheap Rates Procurable.

The fourteenth annual spring horse show under the auspices of the Alberta and Dominion departments of agriculture and the Alberta Provincial Live-stock association will be held in the horse show building, Victoria park, Calgary, on April 21 to 23.

During the horse show there will be held the third annual auction sale of horses and an auction sale of purebred bulls. The sale of horses will be held April 23 and the sale of bulls on April 22. Entries for the auction sale bulls close on March 20, while for the horse show and auction sale of horses they close on April 10.

Special reduced rates to the show are procurable from any points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia and the single fare rate for exhibitors from British Columbia, Manitoba or Saskatchewan will only be obtainable by securing a certificate from the show secretary, E. L. Richardson, Calgary.

Several meetings will be held on April 20 in connection with the show. They include the annual meeting of the Alberta Cattle Breeders' association, the annual meeting of the Alberta Horse Breeders' association and the annual meeting of the Canadian Branch Coach Horse Breeders' association.

An excellent prize list has been prepared for the event and copies may be obtained from Mr. Richardson who is secretary and managing director of the Alberta Livestock association.

FEDERAL LEAGUE CASE TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

CHICAGO, Ill., March 15.—After listening to final argument today by attorneys for both sides of the fight between the Federal league and the Kansas City club over the transfer of the latter's franchise to Newark, N.J., Judge Baldwin in the circuit court announced that he would take the case under advisement until Wednesday morning, when he would render a decision.

TO PLAY ALLAN CUP FINALS NEXT WINTER

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

WINNIPEG, March 15.—As a result of the conference of the Canadian Amateur Hockey association today the Allan cup finals will be played in Winnipeg next winter. The British Columbia and Alberta champions will play off and the winners will come to Winnipeg. The Saskatchewan and Thunder Bay champions will play off and the winners come to Winnipeg. The Ontario Hockey association and intercollegiate and any other eastern champions eligible will eliminate to one challenging team and that team will come to Winnipeg. Thus there will be three challengers in Winnipeg to meet the holders, who will be decided by the result of the two senior leagues in the province.

MANN CUP LIKELY TO STAY IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, March 15.—President A. E. Haydon of the Canadian Amateur Lacrosse association announced tonight that the Mann cup is in a fair way to be placed in a similar position with reference to the Canadian Amateur Lacrosse association as the Allan cup is with the Canadian Amateur Hockey association. On that assumption it is held that the present trouble over the Mann cup is likely to be settled to the satisfaction of the governing body in lacrosse and the cup will stay in British Columbia.

In furtherance of the amicable arrangement, President Boyd has written Sir Donald Mann urging the promotion of an understanding between the trustees and the Canadian Amateur Lacrosse association.

Joe Tinker, manager of the Chicago Federals, who has been playing short-stop during his long term in the major league, has decided to change and will in future be seen at second base.

OTTAWAS LEAVE FOR COAST TO PLAY VANCOUVER

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

MONTREAL, March 15.—Ten players of the Ottawa hockey club, champions of the National Hockey association, who will meet Vancouver champion of the Pacific Coast Hockey league, at Vancouver in a series of matches for the championship of the world and the right to hold the Stanley cup, emblematic of the professional hockey premiers' ip of Canada, left for the coast tonight via Toronto and Chicago. The club should arrive in Vancouver Friday night or Saturday morning.

MACKENZIE-KING CONFERS WITH WASHINGTON OFFICIALS

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

WASHINGTON, March 15.—H. L. Mackenzie-King, former member of the Canadian parliament and formerly minister of labor at Ottawa, conferred today with Secretary Wilson of the department of labor. Later Secretary Wilson said that the meeting was purely for an exchange of views on labor questions generally and that "there was no particular question up for discussion."

Supple at Sixty

Age and ripe experience mean happiness and usefulness when mental and bodily powers are preserved by keeping rich blood in the veins.

Nature's rare nourishment in *Scott's Emulsion* creates rich blood, warms the body and alleviates rheumatic tendencies. Its oil-food imparts strength to both body and brain.

It is Nourishment—not Stimulant.

SPORTING NOTES.

The International Olympic committee recently met at Lyons, France, and decided to hold the Olympic games in the United States instead of at Berlin.

A Muscatine man fell dead when he made a difficult billiard shot. Most people would have pretended to be indifferent and say that they had called the shot.

A twenty thousand dollar house saw Ritchie and Welsh fight 10 rounds at New York last week.

Mrs. Ashton, a noted dog fancier, is said to have refused $15,000 for one of her pets, a Pekingese.

In the old country amateurs and professionals may compete with and against each other without affecting the amateur's standing and it is said that this system gives excellent results.

ALLEN SMASHES TWO LOCAL BOWLING RECORDS

J. H. Allen broke two local records on the Y. M. C. A. bowling alleys last evening when he rolled a high score of 275 and an average for three consecutive games of 216. Green Couch held the record for high score previously with 275. R. J. Campbell held the record for high string average when two or three seasons ago he split the maple for an average of 214 for three games.

GIVES REMINISCENCES OF THE LATE MAJOR RIGBY ON ACTIVE SERVICE

(By One Who Knew Him.)

Ingenious, resourceful and helpful to all with whom he came in contact, the late Major Rigby, Capt. Rigby as he was in the days of the Boer war, was just the man to be popular with the boys of the Kootenay contingent. He was also blessed with a coolness under all circumstances which at times justified the application of the term "casual" to him. The first time I met him I was marching with my company, the volunteer company of the Sherwood foresters, from the north of Cape Colony to Edenburg to join the regiment. Early one morning we passed a wayside station called Van Tyl, outside which two officers were just finishing their breakfast. Here he was stationed for some six weeks with his company and established what he described as the Van Tyl circulating library. His method was to board every train that passed through and ask if anyone had any books they had done with, and in return hand over any that he had finished with himself, by this means keeping himself supplied with reading matter throughout his tedious sojourn in this outpost on the veldt. He also devised a method of baking bread in ant hills, a very useful accomplishment at a time when the ordinary menu consists either of intensely hard biscuits or probably very heavy chupatties.

Stood in Pool of Gold.

When the regiment on its march to Pretoria enjoyed an entire two days' halt at Kroonstat, Rigby went out into the wilderness with the mess sergeant and to our joy used his experience for the benefit of the officers' mess. As the regiment passed through Pretoria he took the opportunity of drawing money for the payment of his company at the pay office. Whether he found no ready opportunity of distributing the pay, or whether he paid the men at a time when a number of them were out on duty I know not, but certain it is that four days later he went into the fight at Diamond Hill with his pockets literally full of money. Here he had a narrow escape of being seriously wounded, a bullet actually passing through the bottom of his breeches pocket, with the result that when he loosened his garments at the knee at night he found himself standing in a heap of sovereigns up to his ankles.

The Sherwood foresters in the early days of the war did so much marching that they earned the title of the Derbyshire greyhounds. They were in Gen. Ian Hamilton's column on the big advance through the Free State, which operated at anything from 10 to 30 miles, first on one flank and then on the other of Lord Robert's main column. Returning to Pretoria after Diamond Hill they were at once attached to Gen. Hunter's column and marched back down into the eastern Free State. At length they came to a rest for seven whole days at a place called Welverdiend. It was not exactly what we should understand as a rest, as they were more or less under fire the whole of the time. On one occasion the mess sergeant had just laid out the officers' breakfast and gone to announce that the meal was ready when a shell alighted right in the centre of the tarpaulin, which served as a cloth, and burst with a devastating effect on the crockery; five minutes later this shell would probably have thinned the number of officers very seriously.

Hunted DeWet.

At the end of this week a cavalry brigade came by, hot in pursuit of DeWet, and annexed the regiment to follow at its heels. This was the very first DeWet hunt and led the regiment back through the Free State and into the Transvaal to the fiasco at Oliphant's Nek. After this what was left of the regiment retired into quarters at Krugersdorf, having marched something over 1100 miles in about four months. I believe there were only five or six officers left with the regiment when it marched into Krugersdorp who had been with it ever since it left Glen at the end of April, and of these three, the officer commanding, the quartermaster and the transport officer, had been mounted all the time; the others, consisting of Capt. Rigby and either one or two subalterns. Immediately after arriving at Krugersdorp the commanding officer had an accident and fell on his telescope, breaking a rib, and had to go into hospital at Johannesburg, leaving Rigby in command of the battalion. The morning after this event the general commanding at Krugersdorp rode into the camp to see the commanding officer. In response Rigby emerged from his tent in his shirt and trousers and wearing a little red cap with a tassel just like pirates and smugglers wear in comic opera, which he always used on trek instead of the usual balaclava helmet. He must have been a grand sight, for the general, who repeated that he wanted to see the commanding officer. "I am the officer commanding this battalion," said Rigby, and the general was discomfited.

Disorderly "Recruit" Was a Veteran.

One other event that occurred at this time presented itself in a somewhat humorous aspect to me. I had rejoined the battalion, after having got over an attack of enteric, to find it had been strengthened on arrival at Krugersdorp by a draft from the special reserve (militia), who had been attached to my company. It was probably with a view to bringing the drill of this contingent up to date and on a level with that of the rest of the battalion that every morning before breakfast there was a battalion parade under the sergeant major. Anyhow, these parades led to a lot of crimes, as they are called in the army, being charged against these unfortunate men. One man in particular was charged nearly every day with talking on parade, inattention at drill, and so on. I told him off several time with minor punishments, but it was no use, so at length one morning I talked to him like a father (he was about 20 years older than me) and told him I would not punish him at all that time, but that if it occurred again I should send him to the commanding officer to deal with. Sure enough in about three days my friend turned up again with the sergeant-major charging some further neglect on his part, and I ordered him to be marched before the commanding officer at orderly room. Now Rigby was one of the keenest soldiers that ever lived and admitted that his great object in life was to earn medals. He had already earned one for service in West Africa, but had not for some reason or other received it. The acting adjutant was one of the youngest subalterns in the regiment, also very keen but undecorated, and the orderly room sergeant likewise had a bare tunic. Not so the prisoner. This was his day out, and he marched into the orderly room resplendent in a row of medals that extended from his tunic buttons almost to his armpit, speaking of service in all parts of the globe in campaigns which were many of them ancient history.

Believed in Setting Example.

I may say that his attempt to come the old soldier over the authorities was not a complete success, as during the rest of my stay at Krugersdorp he could generally be seen out of the messroom window splitting wood for the officers' mess, this being the nearest approach to hard labor that it was possible to devise for offenders. I think it must have been in connection with the trouble I was experiencing with these men that Rigby once said to me: "The amount of crime you have in your company depends to a great extent on your non-commissioned officers. I was six weeks at Van Tyl and so was my color sergeant and I had not a single charge all the time to deal with." This is very true, but it is also true that the sergeant will to some extent take his tone from his company officer. Worrying over trifling faults and neglect was not to Rigby's taste. He believed in example being better than precept, and when we come to hear the details of his lamentable death in action on an occasion when the total casualties in his battalion did not amount to a half dozen it will probably prove that it was in acting up to this maxim that he met his end and another fine officer was lost to the British forces.

WAR CORRESPONDENT EXPOSES REIMS LIE

Shows It Was Not Possible for French to Use Guns Near Cathedral.

The following was written by Richard Harding Davis, the famous American war correspondent, in the New York Times:

I have just seen a letter in the Times from a correspondent in the German trenches outside of Reims. He reports a statement made to him by Lieut. Wengler of the heavy artillery, who claims he is the officer who shelled the cathedral at which he fired two shots and "only two."

Wengler says: "The French observer on the cathedral was first noticed on Sept. 13 . . . the fellow continued on the job quite shamelessly until the 18th when I aimed two shots at the cathedral and only two. No more were needed to dislodge him. One from a 13-centimetre howitzer struck the top of the observation tower, the other, from a 21-centimetre mortar hit the roof and set it on fire. I wanted to dislodge the observer with the least possible damage to the fine old cathedral. . . . The French also had a battery placed about 100 yards from the cathedral."

Editorially the Times says such a statement may prove of "value as evidence." May I also, as evidence, tell what I saw? I arrived at the cathedral at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of the day Lieut. Wengler says he fired two shots, one of which hit the observation tower and one of which set fire to the roof. Up to the hour of 3 howitzer shells had passed through the southern wall of the cathedral, killing two of the German wounded inside, had wrecked the Grand hotel opposite the cathedral, knocked down four houses immediately facing it, and in a dozen places torn up immense holes in the cathedral square. Twenty-four hours after Lieut. Wengler claims he ceased firing, shells set fire to the roof and utterly wrecked the chanel of the cathedral and the archbishop's palace, which is joined to the cathedral by a yard no wider than Fifth avenue, and in the direction of the German guns the two shells fired by Lieut. Wengler had already wrecked that part of the city surrounding the cathedral for a quarter of a mile.

To get an idea of the destruction, suppose St. Patrick's cathedral, on Fifth avenue, to be Reims cathedral, the Union club and the Vanderbilt houses the chapel and the archbishop's palace, and all the buildings running north from St. Patrick's cathedral to Central park and east and west to Madison avenue and Sixth avenue, the part of Reims that was utterly wrecked. That gives you some idea of the effectiveness of Lieut. Wengler's fire.

"Father," he says, "I cannot tell a lie; I did it with only two shells."

The statement of Lieut. Wengler that the French placed a battery a hundred yards from the cathedral is also interesting. The cathedral stands in a maze of twisting, narrow streets. From no point within a quarter of a mile of it could you drive a golf ball without smashing a window a hundred feet distance. To place a battery of artillery a hundred yards from the Reims cathedral with the intent of firing upon the German position would be like placing a battery in Wall street with the idea of shelling Germans in the Bronx. Before your shells reached the Bronx your shells would have to destroy all of northern New York.

Wengler says the only shells aimed at the cathedral were fired by him on the 18th, and that after that date neither he nor any other officer fired a shot. On the 22nd I was in the cathedral. It was being shelled. I was with the Abbe Chinot, Gerald Morgan of this city, Capt. Granville Fortescue of Washington and on the steps of the cathedral was Robert Bacon, ex-ambassador to France.

The "evidence" of Lieut. Wengler is a question of veracity. It lies between him and these gentlemen. I am content to let it go at that.

THE SALE OF KISSES

"A Belgian Sympathizer" presents a novel and perhaps effective scheme for raising money for the Belgian relief fund in the Tiverton Watchman: "I notice there is a movement on foot in a town in Bruce county to have the young ladies of the town sell kisses at 1 apiece in aid of the Belgian fund. Would it not be a good idea to start this going in Tiverton? We might go one better than this town in Bruce township and have a price on so much per dozen. Say we make it single ladies under 21, $5 per dozen kisses; over 21 and under 30, $3.50 per dozen; over 30, 25 cents per gross; married ladies, two for a nickel and the party paying the nickel gets a Carnegie medal."

HOWSER MAN AND LIFE IN TRENCHES

Getting Used to Shells, Lack of Sleep and Other Annoyances, He Says.

In a letter to a friend in Kaslo, Henry Hincks of Howser, but who is now with the 6th division of the York and Lancaster regiment, gives a description of life in the fighting zone. He says:

"I will send a line today as we go back to the trenches tonight and as it is pouring with rain it does not sound exactly inviting. So far we have this daily shelling of the town. It kills a few, but as they generally throw about 50 to 60 shells the damage is really very small. They send all kinds of shells, most 6 or 8-inch, either high explosive or incendiary. Of course they riddle the homes, most of which are propped up somewhere, but as they break up into large pieces, people often escape being hurt. One gradually gets accustomed to the noise, but at first it is not conducive to sleep.

"Half the population are here but they lead a precarious life. The shop is open and does a great trade, but when the bombardment starts all retire at once to the cellar and then come up and carry on business again, provided there is anything left.

"One gradually acquires the habit of making lack of sleep a kind of cumulative poison, until a kind of breaking point is reached, when you undergo a nerve cure. And at the same time everybody is perfectly cheerful.

"All the trenches are so close to one another that it sounds impossible—they vary from 50 to 700 yards. There you stay waiting for somebody to show themselves, which neither side care to do. At night you get out and work until some searchlight or other light discloses you and then drop behind the breastworks until things quiet down again. Then after a week of this back into billets where one always catches cold from sleeping in a draft or something silly like that. I can only imagine that when you are sleeping out it's all drafts and so you don't catch cold. Occasionally some of us get leave and starting from here in the evening can be in London by midnight."

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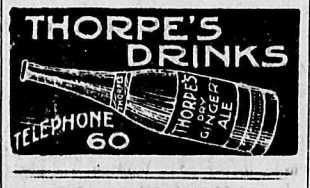

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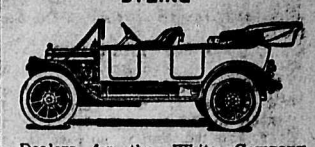

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LAND REGISTRY ACT.

To Ralph Slye.

I hereby give you notice that unless you show a good and valid objection thereto in writing, I shall at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof proceed to the registration of the title to Frank G. Winter in respect to that piece of land known as North ½ of Lot 8022, Group 1, Kootenay District, notwithstanding the non-production of a certain instrument, Certificate of Title No. 12574A.

Land Registry Office, Nelson, B.C., 14th January, 1915.

SAMUEL R. ROE,
District Registrar.

TENDERS FOR POLES.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for four hundred (400) more or less, poles, straight, sound cedar, 25 feet long, 7-inch tops, all delivered on various roads within a radius of 3½ miles of Rock Creek P.O.

Tenders will also be received for digging holes and setting poles, including placing one crossarm.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Address all tenders to B. C. Telephone Co., Ltd., General Delivery, Rock Creek, B.C.

POUND DISTRICT ACT AND POUND DISTRICT ACT AMENDMENT ACT.

Whereas, under the provisions of this Act, application has been made to the Lieutenant-Governor-in-council to constitute the area comprised within the following boundaries at Burton, a Pound District, namely, bounded on the north by the north boundary lines of Block 8 of Lot 7695, and Block 23 of Lot 8687, Group I, Map 845; on the west by Lower Arrow Lake; on the east by the Scalping Knife Mountain; and on the south by the south boundary of Blocks 4 and 5 of Lot 6919, Group I, Map 923, in the County of Kootenay.

Notice is hereby given that thirty (30) days after the date of this notice, the Lieutenant Governor in council will proceed to comply with the application, unless within the said time objection is made by eight (8) proprietors within such proposed Pound District, in the Form A of the Schedule to the said Act, to the undersigned.

Dated this 2nd day of March, 1915.

PRICE ELLISON,
Minister of Finance and Agriculture.
Department of Agriculture, Victoria, B.C.

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TUESDAY, MARCH 16, 1915

A WHITE FLAG USED AS A RUSE OF WAR.

The party truce in Canada as it has been maintained by the Liberal party has been a truce in which the leader has waved the white flag and his officers and rank and file have been busily engaged in sniping and occasionally volley-firing at the government from behind him.

Last week Sir Wilfrid Laurier hauled down the flag of truce and entered the fight at the head of his followers by moving what was, in effect, a motion of want of confidence in the government in connection with the budget proposals.

The Liberal position is that the opposition will not oppose the government's measures to aid the Empire in the war but that it holds itself free to attack the government upon what it considers domestic affairs. It then, while expressing approval of the $100,000,000 war loan which is being borrowed in Great Britain, proceeds to oppose the war taxes which are being imposed to enable the Dominion to maintain itself in such a position that it can send to the front the men and supplies for which the $100,000,000 is being raised and to pay the interest on that loan.

Sir Wilfrid and his party are taking a position which it is impossible for them to maintain. There cannot logically be any such segregation of attack. The loan from Great Britain of $100,000,000 and the money which will be raised under the special tariff and tax proposals are both for war purposes. Without the war taxes which Sir Wilfrid and his party are opposing it would, as Hon. W. T. White has pointed out, be impossible for Canada to continue to send troops to the front.

The policy of the Liberal party at Ottawa has been to demand that Canada's contribution to the forces of the Empire at the front be maintained at any cost and to hamper and block the government in its measures to accomplish that end.

Sir Wilfrid's flag of truce has been employed as a ruse of war.

NAVAL POWER WILL CLAMP LID TIGHT ON GERMANY.

The proclamation which makes effective Great Britain's measures for the strangulation of Germany's overseas trade will for the first time bring the full measure of British naval power into economic effect. It means that Germany's ocean trade except in the Baltic sea is to be utterly stamped out. She cannot send goods to the United States or to any other country, direct or indirectly, or receive any goods in exchange, by way of any waters in which the fleets of Great Britain and France are operating.

The measure is drastic. Because it is not technically a blockade it is without precedent, but it is justified as retaliation for Germany's barbarous and inhuman methods of warfare against neutral and enemy shipping with submarine and mine.

Neutral nations may protest. If they make more than purely formal objection Great Britain's effective answer would be to declare a blockade. If that action were taken neutral goods of enemy destination or origin would be liable to confiscation instead of to forced sale, with the receipts being paid to the owner's account, as under the procedure set forth in the proclamation made public yesterday.

THE SOUND TIMBER POLICY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Four points stand out prominently in the report for 1914 of the forest branch of the British Columbia department of lands, of which Hon. W. R. Ross is minister, which make the year a notable one in the history of the timber resources of the province.

The passage of the Timber Royalty act at the 1914 session of the legislature marked the application of the modern legislative theory that the people shall retain a due share of the unearned increment upon natural resources and at the same time give the lumber industry the security of tenure without which it could not hope to obtain adequate capital for its development.

The second point which the figures in the report emphasize is that although there were more forest fires in 1914 than in any previous year on record the efficiency of the fire prevention and fighting system kept the losses down to a figure which was relatively the lowest.

The third point is that in spite of the financial conditions the revenue from the forests reached a total of $2,342,679, which is a net decrease of the comparatively small amount of $325,770.

Another important point which the report makes public is that the boundaries of 954,950 acres of unalienated merchantable timber land, exclusive of that cruised last year, has been established on the official maps of the province, and that preliminary reports of the work during 1914 show that an additional 30,000,000,000 feet of timber was located.

The report also deals with the efforts of the provincial government to co-operate with the Dominion government and the lumbermen in extending the markets for the lumber of the province and gives details of the workings of the new royalty act and of the methods of administration and their results.

The report is eloquent of the sound legislative and administrative policy which is being carried out by the government of Sir Richard McBride to develop and conserve the great timber industry of the province and to ensure the participation of the people in the benefits which accrue from it.

THIS STATESMAN KNEW EFFECT OF BLUE RUIN TALK.

James G. Blaine, the great American statesman, in one of his books wrote:

> It never pays to be a blue ruin man in the United States. The people are not influenced by that sort of talk. They have an abiding confidence in our future and when dismal accounts are spread broadcast they simply lose confidence in the authors thereof.

Those statements may be applied in their entirety to British Columbia and to Canada generally at this time and at other times. The Liberal leaders in British Columbia and in the Dominion house who are crying blue ruin will not be supported by the people who have confidence in the future of their province and their Dominion.

"Deutschland, Deutschland unter alles."

The German desire that the continued neutrality of Italy should be purchased at the cost of Austrian territory recalls Artemus Ward's willingness to sacrifice his wife's relations.

That campaign literature which is being sent out from Ottawa by H. F. Gadsby and published in Liberal newspapers does not gain in merit through the sneers at the Daughters of the Empire which some of it contains.

Later reports only serve to confirm the earlier despatches concerning the splendid behavior of the Canadian troops under fire in Europe. The boys from the Dominion are proving a credit to their country and to themselves.

The proposal of Mayor Malone that some of the local relief fund should be used to clear city lots in readiness for vegetable production and that the city should reimburse the fund is a plan which should have the effect of furthering the patriotism and production movement in Nelson.

The promotion of Admiral Meux to be "admiral of the fleet" in succession to Sir John Jellicoe has given rise to some misapprehension. Admiral Jellicoe has not been superceded. He has been given the higher rank of rear-admiral and still retains command of the grand fleet. Admiral Meux continues as commander-in-chief at Portsmouth.

Before the bayonets of the Princess Patricias the Germans either ran or knelt and begged for mercy, states a Saskatoon member of that regiment. In spite of the development of modern armament cold steel seems still the final arbitrament. And in its employment the British soldier is without a peer, whether he hails from the United Kingdom or the dominions oversea.

COLD STORAGE.

"I don't understand a woman getting a divorce immediately after the honeymoon ended."

"Perhaps her husband spent all his money on the wedding trip."

The mails from home had just been received by a certain regiment. Not only were there letters, but many parcels from relatives and friends at home for lucky soldiers. One of the Tommies received a large box addressed to himself and with a triumphant yell he rushed off to his company's lines and gathered them around him to share in the eagerly anticipated contents of his box.

"Smokes, lads," he cried as he undid the wrapping. "From the old man; I knows it. An' there's sure to be a bottle or two of Scotch."

He opened the box, gave one look at the contents and collapsed in a heap.

"It's from ole Auntie Mary," groaned the disappointed warrior. "Bandages an' ointment an' embrocation an' splints an' a book on 'Ow to be yer own Surgin!'"

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING.

A Miracle of History.

The *enormous rush* of Britain's youth to arms, under no compulsion but a sense of duty, is one of the miracles of history. Never before was the university life of the country so nearly suspended, unless perhaps in the time of the civil war between king and parliament. The British people, in fact, have never been at war until now. The army of the United Kingdom today is a nation in arms. Formerly the king, the gentry and the paid heroes of the army and navy *made war, the nation merely providing* the funds. Now the people of Great Britain and Ireland are out en masse to take up Germany's challenge to morals, freedom and humanity.—London Advertiser.

The Cost of War.

The staggering money-cost of modern naval warfare is indicated in some degree by the following authoritative estimate. If the 29 dreadnoughts now in commission in the British navy were sent on an eight-hour full-power coal-burning run they would consume 4320 tons of fuel, running up a bill of some $15,000. If a single dreadnought battle squadron of eight ships were ordered to steam at full speed for 24 hours and to fire each gun and each torpedo tube once, the cost to the nation would be approximately $1,000,000, allowing nothing for the depreciation of material. — London Chronicle.

Russia and Summer Sea.

Sir Edward Grey's declaration in the house of commons recently that "with Russia's desire for access to the sea England is in entire accord" registers the reversal of a once tenacious British policy, and points to the realization of a long Russian hope, bitterly frustrated for the moment by the result of war with Japan. But Russia, a mystic of the east, dreams in centuries. For years Great Britain's jealousy and hatred of Russia were almost a national obsession, and palpably British and Russian interests still clash in Persia, but the fear of Germany drew England to her old enemy.—New York Sun.

THE WEATHER.

	Min.	Max.
Nelson	35	51
Dawson	4	24
Prince Rupert	38	52
Victoria	48	56
Vancouver	48	58
Kamloops	44	64
Calgary	32	54
Edmonton	26	36
Moose Jaw	13	46
Regina	9	39
Prince Albert	10	36
Winnipeg	18	38
Port Arthur	26	38
Toronto	27	41
Kingston	20	40
Ottawa	16	34
Montreal	18	32
Quebec	10	24
St. John	18	24
Halifax	18	26

STEAMER ARRIVALS.

At New York—Orduna, Liverpool; *Adriatic, Liverpool; Rochambeau,* Havre.

At Portland—Carthagenian, Glasgow.

At Liverpool — Cameronian, New York; Grampian, St. John.

At Rotterdam—Potsdam, New York.

RUSSIANS CLAIM GENERAL PROGRESS

(Continued from Page One)

to London.—The following official statement was issued today:

"In the western Carpathians Sunday was calm.

"North of the Uzsok pass there was fighting of a furious character. Strong Russian forces made an attack there yesterday and advanced to near our position, where for a time we maintained ourselves. Our troops during the afternoon made a counter-attack, throwing back the enemy on the entire front and capturing four officers and 500 men.

"On our positions on both sides of the Opir valley the enemy, reinforced, repeatedly attempted to gain the height but failed with heavy loss. An especially heavy attack collapsed Sunday and in view of the losses these offensives occasioned probably will not be repeated. A thousand prisoners were taken in this battle.

"South of the Dniester our counter-attacks gained ground, the Russians being pushed back from several sectors.

"In Poland and western Galicia there have been only artillery duels."

Move to Relieve Przemysl

LONDON, March 15.—A new phase of the campaign in the east has developed in an attempt by Austro-German forces to relieve Przemysl, whose resistance month after month to the investing Russian army has been one of the striking episodes of the war.

The Berlin statement indicates that the Russians are making strong efforts to repulse the new German advance on Przasnysz.

KITCHENER WANTS MORE WAR SUPPLIES

(Continued from Page One)

strictions, for some of the delay, he added:

"I have heard rumors that the workmen in some of the factories have an idea the war is going so well that there is no necessity for them to work their hardest. I can only say that the supply of war material at the present moment and for the next two or three months is causing me serious anxiety. The output of every round of ammunition has a large influence on the operations in the field.

CANADIAN INJURED BY SCALDING TEA

Members of Expeditionary Force in Hospital Tell Experiences—Wandered into Hostile Trench.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

LONDON, March 15.—The Duchess of Connaught's Canadian hospital at Cliveden received on Sunday its first batch of Canadians from the front. Nearly 20 patients were sent there from Southampton, 14 being Canadians.

In due course when the new buildings are completed Cliveden will become the principal receiving hospital for the Canadian contingent and the good people of the Dominion who have so generously provided it will be proud were they able to see it now, even in its present limited state—limited, however in size only. The covered tennis court which has been converted into wards is certainly not one whit behind any other hospital in this country of hospitals. Every single member of the staff from Col. Gorrell to the junior nurses and orderlies is a Canadian, even the motor ambulance being driven by Canadians. Perhaps the most intimate Canadian touch of all is experienced when one looks into the store cupbords and finds homemade jam in jars bearing names of donors living in little townships all over the Dominion. Col. Gorrell, by the way, pleads for more apples from Canada. He believes in good food, plenty of it, along with exercise and amusement for getting his patients ready agai for the firing line. We found him on the lawn yesterday teaching a hobbling group to play bowls.

The Canadians now at Cliveden are: Privates Ward, Morden, Gilbri of the Patricias; B. J. Williams, 5th battalion; G. Bryan, E. H. Lunn, D. Cleghorn, 10th battalion; B. Milloy, 48th Highlanders; Sergt. Oliver, 1st battalion; Privates A. C. Herbert, V. Dolan, 4th battalion; Driver Piper, Army Service corps; Pte. Morgan, Field Ambulance corps; Sapper Buchanan, engineers.

Scalded by Tea.

It does not seem romantically warlike to be laid up with scalded feet. Such is the experience of Pte. Milloy of the Toronto Highlanders, who has nevertheless probably suffered a good deal more than many men wounded by the enemy's shrapnel. He was taking a bucket of tea along the Highlanders' lines near the trenches when a kicking horse upset the bucket and finished his soldiering for the time being. The 48th, Milloy says, had been in the trenches eight days altogether when he left. Their first dose was for 48 hours when they were only 300 yards from the German trenches, along with the Notts and Derby boys. A few days later they did another 24 hours and were then moved five miles away, when they took a turn for four days. Pte. Milloy says the 48th came out of the trenches last Tuesday so he doubts if it was in the heavy fighting last week.

Pte. Morden of the Patricias, belonging in Winnipeg, was able to tell a good deal of how all the branches of the Canadians have fared generally lately. His last experience with his own regiment was when it was left in the trenches for an extra turn of duty and there were seven tins of bully beef among 33 men. The water barrels did not reach the whole line. Many were without water over 12 hours.

The fighting around Eloi was the hardest corner for the Patricias, says Morden. They were picked with the King's Royal rifles to relieve the French troops in a trench, and to do so had to march about 20 miles.

All Canadians in Action.

Pte. Morden says Lieut. Colquhoun met his death undoubtedly by wandering into a German trench when out sniping, because when the King's Royal rifles eventually turned the Germans out of the trenches they found Lieut. Colquhoun's body there with seven wounds. Most of the Canadians, says Morden, who have been in the muddy trenches have cut their overcoats away round about the pockets in order to relieve themselves of carrying the intolerable mud sticking to them. The condition in German trenches when captured is indescribable for the Germans evidently bury their dead where they fall.

Pte. Morgan of the 2nd field ambulance says practically the whole of the Canadian division has now been engaged. They relieve one another or else parts of the British forces. Sir John French had more than once congratulated the Canadians in various parts of the fields on their behavior. The Canadian field ambulance had a dressing station within half a mile of the foremost trenches and members went out in the night to bring in the wounded, then sending them to hospitals at the base. The Canadian ambulance has also to do the work of a laundry, washing the shirts of the men engaged in the trenches. Pte. Morgan is suffering from an affection of the right eye, possibly caused by an infinitesimal piece of steel of which he was unconscious at the time he was struck.

Mr. Lawford, a well known Canadian eye specialist, visited Cliveden yesterday to arrange for treating special cases. None of the Canadian patients now at Cliveden were in last week's heavy fighting most of them having had the misfortune, as they regard it, to fall sick immediately before.

CALGARY OILMEN BELIEVE NEW STRIKE IMPORTANT

CALGARY, Alta., March 15.—Oil was struck Saturday in well 2 of the Alberta Petroleum company. Oil was standing 900 ft. deep in the pipe on Sunday night and oil experts consider this the best strike yet.

The oil is heavier than the product of the Dingman well and is of a dark green olive color. It is of the quality known among oil operators as Pennsylvania crude.

Naturally, the strike created intense excitement all over the city and the scenes of last summer are being reenacted.

The well is situated about one-half mile northwest of the Dingman, in which the gasoline strike was made last summer. The feeling among oil operators is general that a commercial well has been brought in.

Consumers should look closely at the weight of their tea and see that they are not paying for wrapper at the tea price. "SALADA" is packed in aluminum packet and there is full weight of tea inside the packet

SAYS LIBERALS DO NOT SEEK REMEDY

At Liberal Meeting R. Moulton States Party Does Not Look for Aid for Working Class.

The meeting of the Liberal association last evening came to a rather abrupt conclusion when R. Moulton, after asking whether a Liberal administration would do any more for the working class than the present government of British Columbia, pointed out the faults of Liberal governments in other provinces of Canada and in England and declared that after many years of Liberal administration and control in Ottawa the condition of affairs was deplorable. He declared that the workingman was used as a pawn by the political parties. The fundamental evil of this province, he said, was private enterprise and exploitation of labor, and during the meeting there had not been one word said that would show that the Liberals were seeking a remedy for this condition. He spoke of the Liberal platform as made up of "petty reforms" and stated that robbery of the working class was going on all the time.

William Ebbs rose to answer him and said that the working classes had got more reforms from the Liberals, two to one, than from any other party. He asked where could one find a greater man than Lloyd George, who had done so much for the equalizing of taxation. There must be no class legislation, he said, but all classes must be treated equally.

Mr. Moulton, in replying to Mr. Ebbs, began to state a little history and to tell of some things that Lloyd George had done during his career that he said were inimical to the interests of the working man, when he was interrupted by the chairman, who asked the meeting to declare whether it would hear the speaker or not. When he put the question there were several "ayes" followed by a loud chorus of "nayes." Mr. Moulton continued to speak, however, until he had stated his grievance against Lloyd-George, a number of those present leaving in the meantime. When the speaker had concluded the meeting closed.

At the opening of the meeting E. H. Smith read the Liberal platform, which, he said had been drawn up three years ago and was a representative platform, all classes having had a hand in the work. He discussed briefly each plank in the platform and stated that later the initiative and referendum plank had been added, Dr. N. Wolverton of Nelson being chiefly instrumental in securing the addition. He thought if the platform was presented by the right persons the Liberals would have a good chance to win and if they won they would know what to do with it.

H. E. Douglas said that the platform was complete and that many of the planks had been retained since several years before the convention three years ago. There was one thing that the Liberals should work hard to do away with. They should endeavor to take away from the lieutenant governor in council the powers placed in his hands whereby he was enabled to disburse unlimited amounts. This was not the rule in any other province where moneys were voted for specific purposes and for that purpose only. He declared that there were in the Liberal party men who could handle the administration excellently.

John Notman wanted to know if the Liberal party had pledged itself solidly to support the referendum and recall and the government ownership of coal mines. R. Smillie said that the present government had been discredited by its own adherents and that the Liberals would get the vote just as they impressed the voters with their sincerity.

BOOTS WERE ALL EQUAL TO SAMPLE

(Continued from Page One)

witness said they were sent upstairs, sorted out and sent down again.

"You are from Aurora?" asked Mr. Macdonald. "How did you come to Ottawa?"

"Mr. Armstrong sent me."

"J. A. M. Armstrong, M.P.?"

"Yes."

"To whom did he send you?"

"To Mr. Perkins, inspector of clothing."

"You were not sent to the boot inspection department?"

"No."

"How did you get there?"

"Mr. Perkins knew me in Aurora and he recommended me to Col. Brown."

"And then you started on your inspectorial career?"

"Yes."

"You were just an assistant?"

"Well, yes."

"You say 300 pairs were rejected?"

"Yes, but 295 pairs were repaired."

"You had a rejection stamp. Did you ever use it at the Ames-Holden factory," asked Mr. Pringle.

"No."

"You were Mr. Prentiss' assistant," said Mr. Murphy. "You left to him the work of examining the parts?"

"Yes, sir."

A Boston school teacher tells this story: "Children," said a second grade teacher, "you should be able to do everything equally well with your left and right hands. With a little practice you will find it as easy to use one hand as the other."

From the rear of the room came the piping inquiry:

"How about putting your left hand in the right-hand pocket of your trousers?"

SEVENTEEN MILLION BUSHELS OF GRAIN IS IN SIGHT

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

FORT WILLIAM, Ont., March 15.—The latest figures from the board of grain commissioners show that there are approximately 10,000,000 bushels of grain in the terminal elevators now and 7,393,791 afloat in 32 steamers.

YOUR EGGS CAN BE DISPOSED OF BY USING A WANT AD

Birks' Will Remodel or Repair Your Old Jewellery at Moderate Prices

If you have any old-fashioned jewelry you would like to have remodeled, or a collection of Gold Nuggets you wish to have manufactured or mounted in the form of jewelry, submit it to us. All work done expertly and promptly.

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Geo. E. Trorey, Managing Director

TITLES OF SOME KINGS SMACK OF COMIC OPERA

When Theodore Roosevelt and the king of Spain recently met, a striking contrast was afforded those who happened to think of the titles which these two men bore. It was a contrast arising from the opposition of democracy and monarchy and dependent upon the great claims which royalty levies upon a grandeur-loving people. The American, who had been chief executive of a land beside which Spain was a fraction, was known as plain "colonel." Perhaps some of the more dignified nobles presented him as the "ex-president of the United States," but usually he went by the title of colonel. King Alfonso, on the other hand, is the proud possessor of 42 independent and separate titles. His list of suffixes would form the major part of almost any letter which he might write. Whatever his predecessors might have been, whatever claims they made in their dignities, he had preserved them as trailers to his individual name of Alfonso.

Opera-Bouffe Flavor

Quite amusing is his claim to territories which have long since passed from under the Spanish domination. For instance, he is, along toward the last of his fictitious titles, "King of the East Indies," "King of the West Indies," "King of Gibraltar," "King of India," and, with a bombast and sweeping magnificence, "King of Oceania." Such pretentions lend an almost opera-bouffe flavor to the resonant terms, such as "King of Castile," "King of Arragon," "King of Navarre," and "King of Galicia."

To the Spanish don this pomp and show appeals with unction. Nor is it peculiar to the Romanic nations, this worship of grandeur. The emperor of Austria boasts of 61 titles and the Sultan of Turkey 82.

The sultan has by far the most laughable list of names. He starts out by being high prince and lord of lords. Then he specifies in great detail practically all of the states and cities and even districts of the Orient and explaining after each of the various names that he is ruler of "all the forts, citadels, pulieus and neighborhood thereof." Nothing is presumed to belong to anyone else. A land may have never belonged to Turkey, except in some transient raid or invasion, but that matters not to the sultan; he adds it to his string, calm and indifferent to the progress of other nations. He loves to proclaim his religious prominence. "Head of the Faithful," "Supreme Lord of All the Followers of the Prophet," "Direct and Only Lieutenant on Earth of Mohammed" are some of his most extravagant phrases. His more nearly valid title of "King of Jerusalem" is also claimed by his more civilized brother rulers. The emperor of Austria, the pope and kings of Spain and Portugal all announce in their titles that they have under their thumbs the Holy Land.

The kaiser, with his love of publicity, has 72. Most of the states of Germany are included in the list of the Prussian king and have been ever since the union of the states.

King George Modest

King George has a very modest outlay in comparison. It merely reads: "George V., by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British dominions beyond the seas, king, Defender of the Faith, emperor of India." Some of the lesser nobles in Britain boast of long lists, the Duke of Argyll leading with 27 titles.

OUR BUSINESS IS GROWING
A No. 1 Roses, Trees, Shrubs and Vines
ALL VARIETIES AND KINDS—FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL

Owing to conditions, which during the past year have made us all sit up and take notice, we find ourselves with a fine large stock on hand and a compelling pressure to reduce prices. As two and two make four, superior stock and bona fide low prices sell goods. Don't take our word for it but send for price list.

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This name is a guarantee all over the world of the most modern scientific farm and garden tools manufactured. Every Planet Jr
cuts your work in half
These tools double your crop yield, pay for themselves in a single season and last a life-time. Built to *do the work*, by a practical farmer and manufacturer with over 35 years' experience.

No. 6 **Planet Jr Hill and Drill Seeder, Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow Combined** plants all garden seeds accurately in hills or drills; hoes, cultivates, and plows quickly, and thoroughly. Popular with farmers and gardeners everywhere.

Planet Jr Twelve-tooth Harrow, Cultivator, and Pulverizer is invaluable in strawberry and truck patches and the market garden. Its 12 chisel-shaped teeth and pulverizer leave the ground in finest condition without throwing dirt on plants.

FREE! A 64-page illustrated farm and garden book!
For the asking you can get this bookful of valuable information on all crop growing. You can't afford to miss it.
Nelson Hardware Co.

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When you take out your life insurance consider what it means to you and British Columbia to keep the premium payments in this province. It means a great deal more than we realize. It will help to develop the interests we have at heart. It will assist very materially to the benefit of the province at large and it will undoubtedly come back to you in some way during the coming years.

Is this not sufficient reason why you should insure in our company? If not, then remember that our company's percentage of assets to liabilities is $2.32, which is protection that is offered by few other companies.

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The Home of Good Groceries

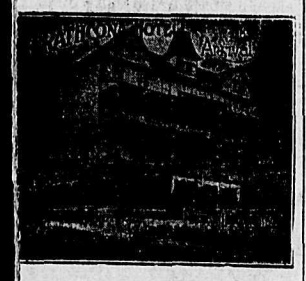
HOTEL ARRIVALS OF A DAY

THE HUME

A la Carte Table d'Hote

George Benwell, Prop.

THE HUME—E. E. Chipman, W. G. Robb, James Anderson, Kaslo; John J. Binns, E. Harkins, Vancouver; Frank A. Ross, Harold Lakes, Spokane; F. L. Churchill, Ymir; Sam Huddleston, Grand; H. D. Birkbeck, A. B. Gilker, F. Hope, J. A. Forin, F. H. Boles, City; Mrs. E. P. Hall, Everett; A. Willey, Bonnington; Mrs. J. W. Coffin, Mrs. McLeod, Rossland; R. G. L. Clarke, J. Jordon, Vancouver; J. F. Singleton, Ottawa.



STRATHCONA—Mrs. W. H. Wright, Kean City; H. V. Rudd, City; A. W. Brown, Minneapolis; B. F. Smith, F. R. Pifle, F. M. Longshore, Spokane; F. Weir, Joseph Weir, San Diego; P. Carroll, Marcus; B. J. Walker, Windsor.

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Business Lunch, 35c.

Rates: $1.50 and $2.00 Day.

QUEEN'S—E. E. Oxley, Spokane; W. Salisbury, F. Jaichni, Sheep creek; S. W. H. Saunders, Battleford; F. J. Orbe, Calgary; Lena Paul, Sandon; Miyasaki, Salmo.

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E. C. CLARKE.

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MADDEN—J. Solhoun, Slocan City; Main Leon, Kootenay Bay; A. C. O'Neil, Nelair.

New Grand Hotel

Best Place in Town.

1.00 a day up.

HERBROOKE—J. Blackburn, Bonington; R. Parritt, Molly Gibson.

WINNIPEG CITY COUNCIL PASSES BIG MONEY BYLAW

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, March 15.—A million dollar debenutre bylaw was passed by the city council in special session this evening. Over half the total amount for money already expended and to provide the amount of money the city will be called on to pay on account of the Provencher avenue bridge, for local improvements $408,000 is provided and out of this $150,000 in relief labor work has already been expended, leaving a balance of approximately $250,000 for work yet to be done.

Our Women's Shoes

The new Spring Shoes are now in, and we're showing a wealth of choice models in

High or Low Cut Creations

We've the shoes that will play an all important part in the toilette of the women, who expect to appear at the best this spring.

Come, See the Beauties

R. Andrew & Co.

Leaders in Foot Fashion.

Lucky number last week 2035.

TONE UP YOUR SYSTEM

This is the time of the year when a great many people require a tonic for their health's sake. Some resort to medicine and the doctor's advice, while others desire a much-needed rest.

For the benefit of those who are seeking relaxation from work and worry we invite you to **The Springs.** The medicinal value of the waters are unrivalled and will put you in shape to resume your labors, whatever they may be. Every care and comfort will be given you during your stay at the Sanitarium.

Come and be convinced.

Rates: $12 and $15 per week, or $2 per day and upwards.

Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium

WM. BOYD, Proprietor.

Halcyon Arrow Lakes

ROSSLAND HOTELS

The Hotel Allan

Comfortable Rooms—Splendid Table.

SMITH & BELTON, Proprietors.

GREEK PREMIER OFFERED ARMED FORCE TO ALLIES

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, March 15.—A Paris newspaper publishes a report that before his resignation Premier Venizelos of Greece offered 9,000 men to the allied powers for the Dandanelles expedition.

The former premier is now quoted as urging the abandonment of neutrality by Greece.

CASCARETS FOR COSTIVE BOWELS, HEADACHE, COLDS

Tonight! Clean your bowels and stop headache, colds, sour stomach

Get a 10-cent box now.

Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and bad colds—turn them out tonight and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels, or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour, fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret tonight straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken.

Kootenay and Boundary

ROSSLAND ORDER TO HOLD INITIATION

Knights of Columbus Expect Visitors from Nelson and Other Points—Notes of City.

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., March 15.—On April 11 the Rossland council of the Knights of Columbus will exemplify the three degrees of the order in the city on a class of about 40 members. All committees for arrangements have been appointed. Visiting members are expected from Nelson, Cranbrook, the Boundary and Spokane.

John Lawrence Smith left this morning for a visit to Green Acres, Wash.

Rev. Father Macintyre left this morning for a short visit to Spokane.

Election of officers of the Loyal Order of Moose will take place on Tuesday evening. A delegate will be elected to attend the supreme convention.

R. Stewart has returned from Medical Lake.

A meeting of the Conservative association will be held on Tuesday evening in the Conservative hall. Officers will be elected.

Mrs. R. Davies and son Vincent will leave Tuesday evening for Arrowhead where they will spend a few weeks visiting friends.

A number of friends of Mrs. F. Ellis surprised her at her home on Friday evening, the occasion being her birthday. Progressive whist was played, the prizes being won by Mrs. Servold, Mrs. Junkin, Mrs. Lowes and Mrs. Ellis.

The Pythian Sisters will hold initiation at their regular meeting on Tuesday night.

WILLIAM CRABBIN, SLOCAN PARK SCHOOL TRUSTEE

(Special to The Daily News.)

SLOCAN PARK, B. C., March 15.—William Crabbin has been elected a trustee for the Koch Siding school district in the place of M. C. Simmons, who is now at the front.

T. H. Rogers of Creston Valley has consented to act as secretary pro tem. of the Slocan-Kootenay Farmers' exchange. The late secretary, G. C. Rochfort, is leaving for Alberta, where he intends to reside.

In a recent letter, referring to the exchange, W. E. Scott says: "It is my firm opinion that in effective co-operation along well thought out business lines lies the salvation of the farmer of this country and that he will never attain the results for his labor to which he is justly entitled till co-operation is brought into effect."

J. B. Ball, who has been a patient of the Kootenay Lake General hospital for about six weeks, is making satisfactory progress toward recovery.

E. HARROP HEADS NEW FARMERS' INSTITUTE

(Special to The Daily News.)

HARROP, B. C., March 15.—The first meeting of the Harrop Farmers' institute was held on Saturday evening. The following officers were elected: E. Harrop, president; J. J. Wilson, vice-president; W. J. McConnell, secretary-treasurer; Crozier W. Bourke, J. Knauff, E. Slater, executive committee; H. A. Lowe, auditor.

There are 35 members enrolled, 26 of whom were present.

NEW DENVER PERSONALS

(Special to The Daily News.)

NEW DENVER, B. C., March 15.—Fred V. Webber of Silverton was a visitor to New Denver Friday.

George H. Parker returned Friday night from Vancouver, where he spent several weeks.

Dan McLauchlin of Rosebery was a visitor in town Saturday.

Amos Thompson spent Saturday in Silverton, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Thompson.

Julius Wolff made a trip to Silverton Saturday.

Mrs. Walter Tattrie of Sandon is spending a few days in town, the guest of her mother, Mrs. Samuel Burgess.

George H. Aylard of Victoria, managing director of the Standard Silver-Lead Mining company, and Charles Hussey, secretary-treasurer, of Spokane are in the district looking over the property.

NEEDLES NEWS NOTES

(Special to The Daily News.)

NEEDLES, B. C., March 15.—Last Saturday a whist drive, organized by Mr. and Mrs. Lucas and by George Heaton, was held at Needles. Winners were Mrs. Schlag and Mr. Spiller. After the whist drive a supper was provided by the women of the community and was succeeded by music, singing and an informal dance.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Shiell, March 11, a daughter.

FRUITVALE RED CROSS CONCERT SUCCESSFUL

(Special to The Daily News.)

FRUITVALE, B. C., March 15.—The concert in aid of the Red Cross society which was held in the schoolhouse Saturday evening was one of the most successful entertainments given here and resulted in $12.65 being added to the funds of the society. The following took part in the program: F. McKay, D. B. Gillespie, Mrs. Borrow, H. Ragg, Mrs. J. Greenwood, Miss Edith Stanthorpe, W. R. Mellard, Mesdames Healy and Borrow, G. W. Hoggarth, W. Neilson, Mrs. R. H. Ragg Mrs. Healy, Mrs. W. R. Mellard, H. Colebrook, Mrs. W. Neilson, Miss Carr, F. McKay and Mrs. G. W. Hoggarth.

The following list of articles has been sent to Toronto: 24 grey flannel day shirts, 64 pairs of woolen socks, 12 Balaclava caps, 12 cholera belts, 11 mufflers, three bed jackets, three nightingales, 10 pairs bed socks, seven dozen handkerchiefs, 42 wash cloths, 12 boxes cigarettes.

Receipts are: Subscriptions, $44.50; afternoon teas, $2.60; sale of home cooking, $16.45; white elephant tea, $6.80; raffle of quilt, $15.50; contributions in Red Cross box, $1.75; concert, $12.65; total, $100.05.

KOOTENAY AND BOUNDARY POULTRYMEN DO WELL

At the fourth international egg laying contest held at the exhibition grounds at Victoria under the supervision of the department of agriculture, Kootenay-Boundary poultrymen were well to the fore in both the non-weight and weight varieties. In the non-weight variety, L. M. Ross, with a total of 490 eggs, and the Koksilah poultry ranch, with a total of 394, both of Cowichan, were first and third respectively, and E. W. Estridge of Duncan, with a total of 403, was second. All three exhibitors showed White Leghorns, six birds to a pen. R. W. Chalmers of Thrums, who was the only Kootenay winner in this class, came sixth, with a total of 384.

In the weight varieties the first three winners were as follows: D. Gibbard, Mission City, who showed Barred Rocks and had a total of 496; G. D. Adams of Victoria and Dean Bros. of Keatings, B. C., who both showed White Wyandottes, were second and third, with totals of 473 and 431 respectively. Other Kootenay-Boundary poultrymen in this class were: R. N. Clarke, Vernon, B. C., R. C. Reds, total 359; A. W. Cooke, Kelowna, Buff Orpingtons, total 349; F. W. Frederick, Phoenix, Rhode Island Whites, total 302; W. R. Moore, Okanagan landing, White Wyandottes.

ROSSLAND NEWS.

The following is the program for the St. Patrick's concert under the auspices of the church of the Sacred Heart, Wednesday, in Miners' Union hall at 8 o'clock: Overture, "Sons of Erin," Schorlermer's orchestra; chorus, "For Killarney and You"; dance of the nations, 24 little children; solo and chorus, "Independence Day in Dublin Town"; song and chorus, "Irish Tango"; concertina solo; solo and chorus, "Barney McGee"; song, M. Betts; song and dance, "Innocent Young Maids"; song, "The Hobgoblins"; quartet and pantomime, "Kathleen Mavourneen"; selection by the ragtime band; song, "Rob Roy Tam O'Shanter O'Brien"; tableaux, first, "Pyramid of Beauty," second "Faith," third, "Cross"; selections, E. W. Hall; song and dance, "Old Fashioned Love"; sketch, "That Rascal Pat," cast: Pat Gillhooley, W. E. Edwards; Major Puffjacket, J. R. Hardy; Charles Livingstone, H. A. Nicholson; Laura, Eva Stinson; Nancy, Marguerite Richards; chorus, "They've Won Every Nation's Battles but Their Own."

Those taking part are Mrs. L. Bonner, M. Hardy, E. Campbell, Mrs. Lewis, Kathleen Campion, Misses F. Nicholson, M. Richards, E. Stinson, G. George, G. Lougheed, E. Campion, F. Daily, and A. Palma, R. Burke, G. Watcho, J. Crosscombe, H. Landy, W. F. McNeil, L. M. Roberts, W. Edwards, H. Nicholson, J. Hardy, W. Jones, F. Caldwell, E. Lee, L. O'Brien and P. Ralph, also 24 children, A. M. Betts, E. Hall, M. Forteath.

KOOTENAY-BOUNDARY NOTES.

The new Greenwood postoffice is expected to be ready for occupancy by May.

Twenty dollars worth of war tax stamps were required to assess Creston's liquor supply.

The Creston Dramatic club will give a farce-comedy on March 22 in aid of the Red Cross fund.

It is rumored in Greenwood that the Mother Lode smelter will be operated by the Granby company.

All the members of the Penticton force of the third contingent were accepted on their arrival at Victoria.

Bishop Doull spent the week-end at Creston where he was tendered an informal congregational reception by the vicar and church wardens of Christ church. On Sunday the bishop conducted both services in the church.

Fernie Volunteer Slain.

Word has been received at Fernie of the death of David Logan who enlisted at Fernie in the first overseas contingent. At Montreal he was transferred to the Princess Patricias with which regiment he met his death. Logan was a Scotchman and when the war broke out was provincial constable at Wardner. He is the second one of the Fernie volunteers to meet his death at the front, the first being the late Capt. Deed.

Poultry Men Elect Officers.

At the annual meeting of the Grand Forks Poultry association the following officers were elected for the coming season: President, J. T. Lawrence; vice-president, E. E. W. Mills; secretary-treasurer, W. E. Hadden; executive committee, T. Bowen, Charles Wekell and A. Leroy; auditor, J. A. McCallum; director to the British Columbia Poultry association, A. D. Morrison. It was decided to market eggs both in town and district in cartons with the owner's name on each carton. It was proposed to hold a joint poultry show composed of Nelson, Grand Forks and Trail birds with the intention of holding the show alternately in the three places.

Ald. Duncan J. McDonald and Fred C. Graham have been appointed members of the police and license commissions of the city of Phoenix and Ald. Charles Bickerton and William Dinsmore have been appointed to similar positions in the city of Grand Forks, according to the current issue of the British Columbia Gazette.

"Please read me the poem you're reading, mother?" begged a little boy sweetly.

"But I'm afraid it's too old for you, dear," his mother answered. "I'm afriad you wouldn't be able to understand it."

"Oh, yes, I would," was the calm answer, "so long as you didn't try to explain."

Save Money on Your Spring Suit by Buying at Meagher's

Today we place On Sale a beautiful collection of the New Spring Suits, made of excellent quality English Serge, lined with Satin. Navy and Black only. Sizes 14, 16, 18 and 34 to 40. AT, EACH..... **$15.00**

Misses' and Small Women's Coats at $10.00

A splendid collection of the Coats On Sale Today, in a great range of cloths, in Plain Colors, Mixed Colors and Checks. Very latest styles and well tailored throughout. These would be excellent value at $14.00, but we bought close for this season and are selling at a smaller profit than you would think possible. Sizes 14, 16 and 18.

On Sale Today at Only $10.00

What Are the Millinery Styles for Spring?

Is now a question of absorbing interest, to which a visit to our Millinery Department presents a complete and interesting answer.

Our display this season includes the best only of the new season's styles. There are scores of different shapes, styles and trimmings represented in this exhibition, but whatever the shape, a great many of the hats are small. Fine or Rough Straws, Silk Hats, Braids, Leghorns, etc., are all popular.

PRICES VERY MODERATE—SEE THESE HATS TODAY

MEAGHER & CO.

THE STORE FOR STYLE THE STORE FOR QUALITY

CANADIANS DOING WELL, SAY OFFICERS

Correspondents at Headquarters in France See Indian Contingent and Health Arrangements.

The picturesqueness of the Indian troops of the British Empire breaks the monotony of the grim, colorless business of modern war at the British front. The little mule carts of these soldiers move about among the powerful motor trucks of England, writes Frederick Palmer.

It was at first feared that the Indians might not stand shell fire well, but they became used to it and now they are even contemptuous of it. Accustomed to a hot and dry climate, the chill and rainy weather and the miry mud of northern France has been their worst enemy. When the sun shines a smile spreads over the whole Indian force. Thanks to many layers of warm clothing and careful attention the sick report of the Indian troops is normal.

All the food of these men has to be brought from India. Speaking no word of English these dusky strangers have come from the other side of the world to fight in France for Great Britain. Billetted in barns with thick layers of straw for their beds, each race cooking its food to its taste, and according to its caste custom, they form a separate world of never ceasing wonder to the French inhabitants. This morning there were seen 3000 cavalrymen riding by on a muddy road with a background of flat and misty landscape, with all the precision they would show at a royal review. Occasionally among the dusky faces under turbans there were the white countenances of the English officers, who had trained these varied troops and who have stood with them in the trenches in icy waters up to their waists against the enemy.

Will Not Die in Bed.

Sir Pertab Singh, 72 years of age, rode at the head of his regiment.

"They told me I was too old," he said, "but I replied, 'if you won't let me fight in France I will go to Afghanistan and fight there. I do not mean to die in my bed, and I cannot live much longer.' So they let me come."

Although the cavalry is fighting as infantry in the trenches, cavalry officers keep up their cavalry drills and the horses are in condition. This is because there may be a chance for the cavalry when the expected German break comes. Everyone on the line speaks of the Germans going back as if this was as certain as the coming of spring.

One of the British officers with whom the newspaper correspondents watched the Indian troops ride past made the remark: "The Canadians in their trenches are now doing well."

The driver of the motor car in which the correspondents were conveyed to the front revealed his Americanism by the use of New York slang. He had 16 taxicabs running in New York but he came over as the English say, "to do his bit."

One meets here Englishmen, Irishmen and Scotsmen from every part of the world ready to serve in any menial capacity in order to help.

"Now you take this message to all my Irish friends in America for me," said an elderly Irish medical officer in charge of a hospital train. "Tell them I have been sleeping on that car seat for six weeks with the harp along side of me and the Union Jack over my head. It was a fine time we had when they let me load my train with wounded right where the shells were falling, but they do not permit that any more."

PRINCE ALBERT MAN CHARGED WITH SERIOUS OFFENSE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PRINCE ALBERT, Sask., March 15.—Frank Inkster, a young man of Red Deer hill, is detained at the provincial jail on a charge connected with the alleged improper administering of drugs. A local doctor was arrested Friday evening by the mounted police and released on bail of $10,000. The doctor is charged with having given an order for the drug in question. The preliminary hearing will take place next Saturday.

ARMY HORSES EAT HAY FROM CANADA

Fact Brought to Light in a Peculiar Manner at Guelph—Stray Postcard Found

That hay from the county of Wellington is going to help to feed the artillery horses of the British army in France has been brought to light in a most peculiar manner. J. J. Knight, at the Grand Trunk station agent at Guelph, Ont., has received a letter from "somewhere" in France. Enclosed in the envelope was a short letter attached to a postal card which was addressed to the Bond Hardware company, Guelph and which had been mailed to them by the Grand Trunk agent at Guelph on Aug. 8 last, advising them that certain goods were in the customs office addressed to them. This card was found by Corp. H. G. Mansfield, a British artilleryman, in a bale of hay which he opened on the field in the north of France on Feb. 3, and Mansfield thought it of sufficient interest to return to the Grand Trunk railway at Guelph.

Just how this postcard got into the bale of hay is a complete mystery. There is only one man in Guelph who does this work and that is James Simpson, who ships large quantities of baled hay to Toronto and other places.

A reporter showed the card to Mr. Millar of the Bond Hardware company and he was very much interested. He looked up the books and found that the goods referred to had arrived safely but that there had been some dispute over these and they were classes as "stray freight."

DON'T USE SOAP ON YOUR HAIR

When you wash your hair, don't use soap. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is just plain mulsified cocoanut oil, for this is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap and beats soap or anything all to pieces. You can get this at any drug store and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.

FOR DANDRUFF, FALLING HAIR OR ITCHY SCALP---25 CENT DANDERINE

Girls! Girls! Save your hair! Make it grow luxuriant and beautiful

If you care for heavy hair, that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff; you can not have nice, heavy healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and, if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast.

If your hair has been neglected and is thin, faded, dry, scraggy or too oily, get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine at any drug store or toilet counter; apply a little as directed and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.

We sincerely believe, regardless of everything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and lots of it—no dandruff—no itching scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Knowlton's Danderine. It eventually—why not now?

For Family Trade

Mutz Bottled Beer

Has few equals. Guaranteed by the makers to keep perfectly in any climate for one year. If your dealer does not handle it write us.

Nelson Club Cigar Co., Ltd.

NELSON, B.C.

Distributors for Kootenay

Best Copy

Markets - Mining - Finance

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET APATHETIC

Specialties Are Subject to Pool Manipulation But Public Fails to Be Interested.

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

NEW YORK, March 15.—Extreme apathy characterized today's markets, dealings being light and price movement unusually narrow. In the main, however, important shares reflected firmness.

Specialties were again subject to pool manipulation but the utter failure to enlist public interest in thes issues was followed by a moderate reaction.

The several markets for foreign exchange were comparatively dull. Remittances on London were inclined to harden until a large amount of commercial bills came into the market. Private sales of the new German war notes imparted a firmer tendency to marks.

Another gold engagement of $2,500,000 from Canada was reported and more of the metal is expected from the same source in the course of the week. Rumors of additional loans to foreign interests, including Brazil, were current.

From present indications it is altogether unlikely that American bankers will engage in any South American financing for some time to come.

Record merchandise exports for the past week, the largest in the history of this port, betterment in the general European situation and a lull in Mexican affairs were helpful to the extent of checking bearish operations. Publication of the British order designed to restrict German commerce occasioned some comment, because of its possible effect on this country's foreign trade.

London markets were active and strong, the reported success of the British troops in France contributing largely to this end. Total sales of stocks 129,500 shares.

Bonds were irregular on more future selling, chiefly of Central Pacific firsts and Northern and Southern Pacific issues. Total sales, bonds, par value, $1,750,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

AMHERSTBURG RECRUIT SUCCUMBS TO PNEUMONIA

LONDON, March 15.—Pte. John Baxter, an Amherstburg recruit with the 7th regiment, Canadian mounted rifles, succumbed to pneumonia at the Victoria hospital yesterday. Little hope is held out for Pte. John Houston of the 33rd battalion, who is stricken with cerebral spinal meningitis.

PRODUCE.

MONTREAL PROVISIONS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

MONTREAL, March 15.—Cheese: Finest westerns, 17¼ at ½; easterns, 17 at ¼.

Butter: Choicest creamery, 34½ at 35; seconds, 33½ at 34.

Eggs: Fresh, 24 at 25.

Pork: Heavy Canada short mess, 28; short cut, back, 27½.

METALS.

Lead, Spelter, Copper.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, March 15.—Lead, steady, 3.90 at 4; London, £22 3s 9d. Spelter not quoted: London, £44 10s.

Copper, firm; electrolytic, 14.80 at 15; casting, 14.25 at 14.62. At London: Spot copper, £65 5s; futures, £65 10s.

Bar silver, 51½.

At St. Louis: Lead, 3.85½ at 3.90.

GRAIN.

CLOSING GRAIN PRICES.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, March 15—Wheat: May, $1.55¾; July, $1.55; Oct., $1.17.

Flax: May, $1.87; July, $1.89¾.

Oats: May, 66½; July, 66¾.

Minneapolis: Wheat: May, $1.50¾; July, $1.44½; Sept., $1.13¼.

Chicago: Wheat: May, $1.58⅝; July, $1.24¼; Sept., $1.10⅞.

SHAWINIGAN STRONGEST STOCK IN MONTREAL

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

MONTREAL, March 15.—Shawinigan was about the strongest stock in the Montreal district today, selling at 115½, an advance of ½, and being quoted at that price bid at the close.

Dominion Textile common ex-dividend today sold at 65 minimum in the afternoon, or equivalent to 85½, the highest price touched since July. A number of issues for which there has been a fair market also went ex-dividend today and this resulted in a slowing up in the demand, quickened last week by the approach of the ex-dividend date.

Offerings of Bell Telephone continue small. A few shares sold at the 140 minimum and 141 was bid in the afternoon for a small lot.

Bonds were on the side, but Canadian Pacific and Cedar Rapids continue to find a good market at firm prices.

MOVE TO HAVE BANK OF VANCOUVER WOUND UP

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B.C., March 15.—Despite promises that had been made the Bank of Vancouver did not reopen its doors today. Throughout the entire day there was a large crowd waiting to see if the doors would open so that deposits would be given to those in whose name they appeared. The 60 days' grace has now expired, allowed by the Banking act.

Efforts have been made to secure the necessary $338,000 to take care of the depositors but without avail and now all that remains is for the creditors to take proceedings to have the concern wound up. Steps to this end were taken today when four petitions were presented.

Ashton & Smedley

Expert Gasoline Engine Repairers and General Machinists

Manufacturers of complete electric gasoline engine driven house lighting plants, $350 up. Drag saw outfits complete, 1½ h.p. up. Small prospectors' stamp mills, dynamos, etc.

Following second-hand snaps:

Launch 28 ft. x 6 ft. 6 in., 12 h.p. engine and clutch. Speed 9 miles; in good condition; $350.00.

Heavy duty marine engine, 2 cylinders, 4 cycle and reverse gear. Guaranteed. $400.00.

5 h.p. 1 cylinder 2 cycle, $60.00.

2 h.p. high speed steam engine, $15.00.

The Consolidated Mining and Smelting Co. of Canada, Limited

Offices, Smelting and Refining Department
TRAIL, BRITISH COLUMBIA

SMELTERS AND REFINERS

Purchasers of All Classes of Ores

Producers of Fine Gold and Silver, Base Bullion, Copper Matte, Pig Lead, Lead Pipe, Bluestone and Electrolytic Bearing Metal.

Air Pressure Low at Drills?

IF IT IS, YOU KNOW, YOU ARE LOSING MONEY FAST

Sullivan Angle Compound Compressors

cost less per foot of air delivered, require less floor space and are better balanced and smoother running than other types of air compressors.

ASK FOR BULLETIN 58-S

Agents: The Nelson Iron Works, Limited

There is no habit more easily formed than the habit of saving. If you have not already acquired the habit do so now by opening a savings account.

One dollar opens an account in our Savings Department.

Established 1875.

Head Office, Toronto, Ont.
Capital (paid up) ..$7,000,000
Reserve Fund $7,000,000

Peleg Howland, President
Elias Rogers, Vice-President
Edward Hay, Gen. Manager.

Nelson Branch
J. H. D. Benson, Manager.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

Bank of Montreal

ESTABLISHED 1817

Capital authorized $25,000,000
Capital all paid up.....$16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL

Hon. V. Meredith, Esq.....President
Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, General Manager.

Branches in British Columbia:

Armstrong, Athalmer, Chilliwack, Cloverdale, Enderby, Greenwood, Kamloops, Kelowna, Merritt, Nelson, New Denver, New Westminster, Nicola, Penticton, Port Alberni, Port Haney, Prince Rupert, Princeton, Rossland, Summerland, Vancouver, Vancouver (Main street), Vernon, Victoria, West Summerland, Alberni.

Interest paid on Savings Deposits at 3 per cent (present rate).

Nelson Branch, L. B. DeVeber, Mgr.

Daily News Want Ad Brings Results

SERVIAN GENERAL A GREAT SOLDIER

Marshal Putnik, Head of Gallant Army of Servia a Veteran of Many Wars

I had the honor to be received by the generalissimo this morning, writes the London Chronicle correspondent in Servia. It was the first time I had seen him since my arrival in Servia, although we live within a stone's throw of each other.

But I am not singular in that respect. The Volvoda rarely goes abroad and is visible only to his immediate advisers even among the members of the general staff.

The British military attache told me today that he had only caught sight of him once when he was getting into a railway train. So he was to me as a legend, yet I know that he was the mainspring of the machine I had seen in action, that his was the brain that had devised the campaign that has had such a brilliant result and that he controlled every movement and was in constant touch with the minutest ramifications of the force in the field.

Therefore, it was with considerable satisfaction that I learned that he would be pleased to see me, and with some curiosity also, since I had heard that he disliked newspaper correspondents. In this I imagine he is not singular, among commanders of armies. If it is true, he did not show it. I was treated with the greatest courtesy.

Power and Simplicity

Like some other soldiers of renown, Marshal Putnik is short of stature and slight of build. His manners are simple, a trait which has often been remarked in men who wield power, perhaps on account of contrast with the pomp and circumstance of their surroundings. He wears his years lightly—he was born in 1847—and the vivacity of his glance does not consort with his short grizzled beard.

I have no revelations to make, not an inkling of plans for the future. I knew well that they would not be divulged, and our conversation was mainly retrospective. I did venture to say that the site of Belgrade was not fitting for a capital unless the frontier were removed further north and the marshal agreed.

He also said that he thought the most difficult part of the task had been accomplished. I found out, too, that though I knew nothing about him, he knew all about me, even down to a lameness from which I had suffered up country, which showed that no detail of what happened at the front escaped his scrutiny.

"You must have felt the fatigue," remarked the marshal. "I know what those routes are." I replie that I was rather old for the game and referring to the firing of the monitors on Belgrade, remarked that the first time I heard shots fired in anger was also on the Danube, at Rustchuk, in 1877.

Picturesque Career

That is the substance of our interview, not worth recording perhaps. However, a few words about the career of a remarkable personality—the first commander in the present gigantic war to bring a campaign to a successful issue—may not be out of place.

Radomir Putnik was born 67 years ago in the Shumadia district, the heart of Servia, whose wooded hills were the cradle of Servian freedom. The struggle began in 1804 in the village of Oroshatz and went on until 1813, when it was quelled by the Turks. But in 1815 a second revolt broke out at Takovo, the fruits of which were permanent.

It is a remarkable coincidence that in the recent offensive movement, which has led to such happy results, the right wing of the army rested on Oroshatz and the left on Takovo.

Young Putnik, inspired perhaps by the memories which cling to the place of his birth, aspired to the career of arms from childhood—a born soldier. The son of a village schoolmaster, he had neither money nor powerful friends and at the military academy experienced the difficulties which hamper the student with slender means. But he was not of the stuff to be baffled and in course of time became a professor at the academy which witnessed his early struggles.

His brilliant teaching is still a tradition in the school and it had the effect of moulding and training a corps of officers whose efficiency became a model for imitation. Putnik's works on military subjects are now text books and his knowledge of the theory and practise of the art of war is acknowledged to be unrivalled among his countrymen.

In Many Wars

In the war against the Turks of 1876 he held the rank of captain. In that against the Bulgarians in 1885 he was chief of staff of a division. In the wars of 1912 and 1913 and in the present one he has held supreme command. He was kept in the shade during the reign of King Milan, to whom he was not persona grata. That monarch only patronized men who were his creations and Putnik had made his own way.

After the accession of King Peter he was made chief of the general staff and afterwards minister of war, a choice which has been abundantly justified. Perhaps his salient characteristics are his coolness and determination. The latter has stood him in good stead. In the Bulgarian war of 1913, when the Serbs were outnumbered, he took the offensive in the teeth of strong opposition on the part of the council of war and his action saved the situation.

It has been the same in the present campaign. The concentration of forces and the pushing home of the vigorous advance which led to victory was carried out in spite of the apprehensions even of members of his staff. The general opinion was in favor of a retreat on defensive position to be held until the Russians were able to render aid.

This policy of waiting for something to turn up was not one to commend itself to a temperament like that of Putnik. He quietly maintained his point—and won.

His Generals

He has two staunch supporters. One is Colonel Pavlovitch, chief of staff, who is his right hand. The other is General Misitch, whom he detached from the staff and entrusted with an important command in the field—ere executing the fateful movement. He needed a commander who believed in it. The result was the conversion of the position of greatest weakness into a pivot on which turned the operations attended by such brilliant consequences.

Both these officers, like their chief, are of humble origin. They are of peasant stock. General Misitch, who is between 50 and 60, comes from Strouganik, in the Valjevo district and by a happy chance it has fallen to his lot to deliver his native village from the invader.

He found his brother there on his farm and the two were photographed together on the spot, the peasant and the general, or Volvoda, as he must now be called, for he has been promoted to that rank, which I have translated marshal, though the terms are not equivalent. Volvoda means literally "dux," or leader. It is a military title and, as it is higher than that of general, marshal expresses it as nearly as may be.

Each of these distinguished soldiers is a pure child of Servia, owing naught in his education to foreign sources. Marshal Putnik's topographical knowledge of his country is phenomenal. He knows by heart not only the contour and general features, but all the details, every bridge and stream and bypath.

Wonderful Memory

He listens to a despatch and follows the report of a movement without referring to a map, occasionally commenting on some omission—a house or a coppice. This intimate knowledge of the land is supplemented by an equally perfect knowledge of its people. He knows exactly what to ask of the Servian soldiers, what he can do, what to expect of him and how he should be handled.

In this lies in a great measure his success. It is by the intelligent use of this precise estimate of his land and his nation that he has driven an overwhelming, powerful invader across the frontiers, contrary to the expectation of the world.

"J. J.'S" AND GRENADES

"I reckon I've seen life during the last two months," writes a member of the Liverpool Scottish. "I was carried for miles on a stretcher, then lay in a clearing hospital, then moved by motor ambulance, which was glorious, and arrived here in it after 18 hours. I've formed my own opinions of French, English and German soldiers, but by constant companionship of the English 'Tommy' I've come to the conclusion that he is unbeatable, both for humor and in warfare. During the month we were under fire off and on I always seemed to get the worst of everything and I became a regular 'butt' for laughter. I was the first to be smothered in mud from a shell exploding and shortly after was knocked head over heels by a turnip which was hurled in my direction, also from a shell explosion. It is wonderful what the shells will dig up and scatter in all directions.

"The two worst things in the way of shot are 'Jack Johnsons' and hand grenades. The latter are particularly tricky and we ourselves used them in the last trench I was in, when at one portion we were 40 or 50 yards from the Germans. We playfully threw them into each other's trenches and a good aim will kill as many as six to ten men. I could fill a book on these last three days alone, and it seems quite hopeless my trying to relate one incident—others crowd it out. You can imagine that, with trenches so close, we potted at each other all day and night. One chap, a German, was digging his particular part of the trench deeper, and every time he raised his head to shovel the soil out we greeted him with a volley and he then put his spade up and signalled 'miss.' It takes something to be humorous when you have been 72 hours up to your waist in clay and water, 51 hours of which it rained. Can you imagine floundering on your hands when you are relieved—too stiff to walk and falling into ditches full of water and 'Jack Johnson' holes every few yards and then a few hours' march away from the snipers—fellows falling ev 100 yards, exhausted, into a foot mud? You can't. Well! it's not aggerated one iota. Still, I'll never get the fine feeling when we had first scrap, nor when the sniper f at me from a few yards away in dark, smashed my foot, but not lizing I was wounded in the excitem of the moment. I wasted ten rou on him when the first got him."

MONEY FOR THE POULTRY BREEDERS

Springtime is harvest-time for the Poultry Breeder. There is always a large demand for Hatching Eggs, Baby Chicks and good Breeding Stock at this time of the year. A great many people who are interested in poultry raising are now encouraging their broody hens and starting their incubators burning.

The season is but a short one and those people who have something in the poultry line to sell should resolve to go after the business at once. Results do not come to the man who waits for sales to come his way. Make the most of your opportunities this spring and advertise persistently in the classified columns. It will pay you well.

DO NOT DELAY MAIL YOUR AD TODAY

THE DAILY NEWS

Daily News Want Ads.

DAILY NEWS CLASSIFIED AD RATES

One cent a word per insertion, four cents a word per week, fifteen cents a word per month when cash accompanies the order. Otherwise one cent per word per insertion straight. No accounts opened for want ads. Minimum charge 25 cents.

POULTRY AND LIVESTOCK.

WANTED—One bull. M. B. Williams, Fruitvale, B.C. (205)

FOR SALE—Registered Ayrshire bull, 3-years old, cheap. Apply S. Barkley, Erie, B.C. (204)

BABY CHICKS, ducklings and hatching eggs; poultry and fruit farm paying combination. Catalogue forwarded on application Charles Provan, Langley Fort, near Vancouver. 224-tf

FOR SALE—Barred Rock eggs (eastern strain) $1.50 per 15; also few choice Barred Rock cockerels, $3 each. T. Roynon, Somerset Poultry yards, Selwyn St., Nelson; phone R383. (215)

PURE BRED setting eggs, $1.00 per 15. White Leghorns, Plymouth Rocks, White Orpingtons; Cook and Kalstras strain. M. Campbell, Box 166, Nelson, B.C. (236)

FIRST WEEK in April chicks booked. Get in on the next week's hatch, W. Leghorns, W. Orpingtons, W. Wyandottes. Winners and layers. Eggs $2 per 15; chicks 25c. each. R. B. Hay, O.K. Bakery. (200)

S.C. BLACK MINORCAS, R. C. R. I. Reds, S. C. W. Leghorn eggs $1.00 per setting. Michelson, 209 Gore street. (303)

FOR SALE—Young pigs, $5.00 each. Plymouth cockerels $2 each; pure bred Plymouth Rock eggs, $1.00 per setting. Marsden, Taghum. (302)

FOR SALE—Mammoth Pekin duck eggs, $2.00 per eleven. A. Cameron, Proctor, B.C. (201)

FOR SALE—S.C. W. Leghorn hatching eggs, $1.50 per sitting; $7.50 per 100. Winners of B. C. Association ribbon for best egg and broiler pen at Cranbrook show, 1914. Atchison's Poultry Farm, Cranbrook, B.C. (203)

FOR SALE—S.C. R. I. Red hatching eggs. From good winter layers; Holtzapple strain. Three pens headed by winners at Cranbrook show, 1914. Atchison's Poultry Farm, Cranbrook, B.C. (203)

FOR SALE—Strong ranch horse. Smith, Molly Gibson. (253)

EGGS FOR HATCHING—S.C. Brown and White Leghorns, pure bred, $1.50 per 15. F. Littlewood, Edgewood, B.C. (251)

TRAP-NESTED S.C. White Leghorns, winners 3rd prize 3rd international egg contest, Victoria. Mating list on application. White Wyandottes, Toulouse Geese, Indian Runner ducks; day old chicks; settings. Chalmers, Thrums, B.C. (249)

FOR SALE—Bay mare, age 9, weight 1100 lbs., good worker, driver and saddle horse, used to lady. Also cutter, spring wagon, saddle and harness, $150.00 cash. Mrs. Denne, Winlaw, B.C. (273)

WAR PRICES — Trap-nested White Leghorns and White Wyandottes hatching eggs, $1.25 per setting, $6.50 per 100. Day olds 15th April, $18.00 per 100. B. W. Leen, Crescent Valley, B.C. (274)

BELGIAN HARES—All ages. Booklet 15 cents. Rose, Balfour, B.C. (276)

POULTRY AND LIVESTOCK. (Continued.)

HATCHING EGGS — White Wyandottes and S.C. R. I. Reds, $2.00 per 15; $10.50 per 100; also incubators and rabbits. M. B. Edwards, Nelson. (272)

FOR SALE—Pigs, six weeks and six months old, $5 and $10 respectively, f.o.b. New Denver. T. J. Lloyd, New Denver, B.C. (277)

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—1914 two-speed "Yale" motorcycle and side car; in good condition. Electric headlight and horn, tandem attachment. Outfit cost $600. Will sell for $400. Apply box 1081, Nelson, B.C. (256)

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE—In the smelter city of Trail; ten roomed furnished boarding and rooming house. Price $275.00. Mrs. Symonds, Trail, B.C. (250)

AM LEAVING FOR AUSTRALIA—Must sell my 10-acre revenue-producing ranch, one mile from public market, lots of fruit, 60 7-year old Wagner amongst others, 1 acre berries and rasps, acres ready for planting. Horse, wagon, tools, incubators, good outbuildings, two 40x12 chicken houses. $1500 cash, balance mortgage. Don't hesitate; first to investigate will buy. Apply A. G. Nock, Granite road. (264)

FOR SALE—First class meat market, doing good business, will sell on easy payments to the right party. Don't delay it is worth looking into. Apply box 299, Daily News. (299)

FOR SALE—At Nelson, B.C., small grocery business in good position; 45 per cent cash business, balance monthly accounts. For terms and particulars apply W. R. Allen, P.O. box 1140, Nelson, B.C. (298)

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE—Complete household furniture. Apply 309 Carbonate street. (304)

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Full or part set of Band instruments. Apply with full particulars Box 158, Nelson, B.C. (255)

LIBERALS of Slocan Riding and all opposed to the McBride government. Prompt action is necessary if a candidate is to take the field. Will interested parties get together and communicate with the Secretary of the New Denver Liberal association. (278)

FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKING and alterations at reasonable rates. All work guaranteed. Mrs. Aderneuer, room 10, Gordon Rooms; phone 385. (294)

WANTED—Immediately, good man for ranch work. State wages. Box 287, Daily News. (287)

WANTED—Good canvas canoe, large enough to hold four persons; also two paddles. Address J. F. Bridges, Fort Steele, B.C. (290)

GARDEN SEEDS.

SUTTON'S SEEDS—In original sealed packets, imported from Sutton & Sons, Reading, England. A. J. Woodward, 667 Granville St., Vancouver, B.C. Send for catalogue. (233)

HELP WANTED—MALE.

$15 WEEK AND EXPENSES—To travel, appointing local representatives. Whitfield Linscott, Brantford.

MUSIC.

MR. F. WARNER SMITH—Pupils received for piano, organ, violin and singing; 305 Carbonate; phone L401.

BARBERING.

LADY BARBER SHOP—218 Baker St. Prices: Hair cut 35c, with shave 50c; children's hair cut, 25c. (270)

FOR RENT.

K. W. C. BLOCK — Housekeeping suites and rooms for rent. Terms moderate. A. Macdonald & Co. 272-tf

FOR RENT — Suite of furnished housekeeping rooms in Annable block. Enquire room 32. 272-tf

FURNISHED SUITES for rent. Apply Kerr Apartments. 228-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished housekeeping rooms; coal and gas ranges. Enquire Queen Cigar Store. (178)

FOR RENT—Twelve acre ranch at Four-Mile, on Balfour road. Ten acres cleared and planted. Apply box 733, Nelson. (263)

FOR RENT—Furnished cottage; four rooms and bath, gas and coal ranges, $20. Inquire O.K. Barber shop. (238)

COMFORTABLY furnished five-room house with piano. Apply 521 Silica street. (275)

FURNISHED ROOMS—520 Carbonate street. (282)

FOR RENT—Five roomed house, 405 Fall street. Apply 204 Vernon street. (231)

FOR RENT—Flat. Apply O. K. Bakery. (295)

PARTLY CLEARED RANCH—Young trees and clover, near wharf, to let to practical rancher on easy terms, McQuarrie & Robertson, Nelson, (288)

TREES, PLANTS, ETC.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS, 100 70c, 1000 $5; currants 10c; gooseberries 15c; rhubarb 10c; fruit trees, perennial flowers, roses, dahlias, pansies, etc., carriage prepaid. Catalog free. Charles Provan, Langley Fort, near Vancouver. 224-tf

MESSENGER SERVICE.

NELSON MESSENGER CO.—Prompt and reliable. Day and night. Phone 242. 214-tf

PLUMBING AND HEATING.

E. K. STRACHAN, 120 Baker street, plumbers' supplies, estimates free; work guaranteed. Phone 262.

FURS

New fur coats, muffs, stoles, rugs, etc., made to order or from skins supplied. Old furs repaired and remodelled to newest shapes, at moderate prices. Skins dressed and mounted. G. Glaser, Expert Furrier, 811 Mill street, Nelson, B. C. 217-tf

FOUND.

STRAYED to my ranch, 2 sorrel mares, one branded R1 left shoulder, one branded O left hip. If not redeemed in 30 days will be sold for expenses. George H. Pitman, Myncaster, B.C. (300)

SITUATIONS VACANT.

$150 FOR SIXTY DAYS EASY WORK—Write for contract. Bradley-Garretson, Brantford.

WANTED—Live man for local work and appointing agents. Salary, commission and railway fare. Experience unnecessary. Nichols, Limited, Publishers, Toronto.

I have a crackajack proposition for a good live wire agent in Nelson; lady or gentleman. Write me at once. F. C. Ritchie, 132 Pemberton block, Victoria, B.C. (289)

HOTEL DIRECTORY

SHERBROOKE HOTEL
Nelson, B. C.

One minute's walk from C. P. R. station. Cuisine unexcelled; well heated and ventilated.

Under New Management.

Business Directory

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, ASSAYER AND Chemist. Box A1108, Nelson, B. Charges: Gold, silver, copper lead, $1 each; gold-silver $1. silver-lead, $1.50. Other metals application.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO.—Opera h

WM. CUTLER AUCTIONEER, BO 474; phone 18. 100

GROCERIES.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOL sale Grocers and Provision Me chants. Importers of Teas, Coffe Spices, Dried Fruits, Staple a Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Ciga Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packi House Produce. Office and wa house corner of Front and Hall S P.O. box 1095; telephones 28 and

PROFESSIONAL CARD

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO
Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. Land Surveyors.
Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsit Timber Limits, etc.
Nelson, 516 Ward street, A. H. Gre Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Blo F. C. Green; Fort George, Hammo street, F. P. Burden.

A. L. McCULLOCH
Hydraulic Engineer.
Provincial Land Surveyor.
Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

T. M. RIXEN, AUDITOR AND A countant. Room 15, K.W.C. Blo 122

DANCING.

MISS GLADYS ATTREE—Private l sons by appointment. Particulars classes and prospectus on applicat Box 304.

LODGE NOTICE

KOOTENAY LODGE NO 16, I.O.O —Meets every Monday night in Od fellows' hall at 7:30 o'clock.

QUEEN CITY REBEKAH LOD No. 16, I.O.O.F., meets first and th Tuesdays, Oddfellows' hall at o'clock.

NELSON ENCAMPMENT NO. 7, O.F.—Meets second and fou Thursdays in Oddfellows' hall a o'clock.

CANTON CORONA NO. 7—MEE every second Tuesday in Oddfello hall, at 8 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS MEE Tuesday nights in K. of P. h Eagle block.

L.O.O.M. NELSON lodge No. meets 2nd and Thursday at 8 p.m. Eagle hall.

C.O.F. Court Kootenay B meets 4th Friday in hall, Eagle block.

A. O. F. COURT ELLEN—MEE first and third Monday in Eagle at 8 o'clock.

CLAN JOHNSTONE, 212, MEETS I. O. O. F. hall first and third days at 8 p.m.

NELSON LODGE NO. 5, B. P. O. —Meets first and third Thursdays 8 p.m. in the Eagle hall. All journing members invited. 13

S. O. E.— Meets first and third M days in K. of P hall at 8 p.m

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIO

Coal mining rights of the Domin in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and berta, the Yukon Territory, the Nor west Territories, and in a portion the Province of British Columbia, be leased for a term of twenty- years at an annual rental of $1 acre. Not more than 2560 acres be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must made by the applicant in person to Agent or Sub-agent of the district which the rights applied for are si ated.

In surveyed territory the land m be described by sections or legal s divisions of sections and in unsurve territory the tract applied for shall staked out by the applicant hims

Each application must be acco panied by a fee of $5 which will be funded if the rights applies for not available, but not otherwise. royalty shall be paid on the mer antable output of the mine at the r of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine s furnish the Agent with sworn retu accounting for the full quantity merchantable coal mined and pay royalty thereon. If the coal min rights are not being operated, s returns should be furnished at le once a year.

The lease will include the coal m ing rights only, but the lessee be permitted to purchase whate available surface rights may be c sidered necessary for the working the mine at the rate of $10 an a

For full information applica should be made to the Secretary of Department of the Interior, Ottawa to any Agent or Sub-agent of Dom ion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Inter

N. B.— Unauthorized publication this advertisement will not be p for.

233

Shamrock in Pots

Each 10c

Star Grocery
PHONE 10
Store of Quality

Spring Planting Will Soon Be Here

Roses, Shrubs, Shade Trees, Garden Plants, Vegetable Plants, all kinds of Fruit Trees and Berry Bushes.

Write for catalogue.

Frache Bros.
Florists and Nurserymen,
Grand Forks, B.C.

HOT WATER
Always on hand. Have your annual Bath at
O. K. BARBER SHOP

Scotch Bakery

Next time you want really dainty sandwiches try our Sandwich Bread. It costs no more, so why not have the best? We are taking orders now for Hot Cross Buns. Let us have yours early.

T. W. Ledingham
PHONE 87.

Buy a Dozen Tins of B.C. MILK

from your grocer today. If you are not satisfied the grocer will refund your money.

B. C. MILK has helped to REDUCE THE HIGH COST of living in many a household. It is produced right in OUR OWN PROVINCE and has

THE NATURAL FLAVOR

URTHER CANADIAN CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, March 13.—The following sualties among members of the Canadian expeditionary force were announced last night:

1st Battalion.

Slightly wounded—Pte. Frederick tt, admitted to 14 General hospital, nshot wound in shoulder; next of n Mrs. F. Pitt, South Chatham, Ont.

3rd Battalion.

Severely wounded—Pte. Russell C. acon, admitted to 14 General hospital, pologne, gunshot wound in brain; ext of kin Mrs. E. Bacon, Aurora, Ont.

Divisional Train C. A. S. C.

Wounded—Corp. R. Frank, admitted 3 General hospital Letreport, gunot wound in arm; next of kin J. rank, Whitby, York, England.

For Fhapped, Blotchy, Rough or Coarse Skins

Most skins require constant grooming at this season to keep them from becoming unduly red, blotchy, coarse, rough or harsh, or if such condition has developed, to overcome it. In such cases it is particularly inadvisable to keep piling on cosmetics which clog the pores and make the complexion worse than ever. It's a lot more sensible to use ordinary mercolized wax, which literally absorbs a spoiled complexion. Apply the wax like cold cream, before retiring; next morning, in washing it off, you'll wash away fine, flourlike particles of the unsightly cuticle. Repeat for a week or more and you'll have an entirely new skin—soft, white, spotless and beautiful as a child's. One ounce of mercolized wax, procurable at any druggist's is all you'll need.

If the skin be wrinkled or flabby, here 's the best possible remedy: Mix 1 pint witch hazel and 1 ounce powdered saxolite and use as a face bath. It works like a miracle, yet is entirely harmless.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

There will be a practise of the first aid class tonight in the Y.M.C.A. at 8 o'clock.

The school trustees will meet tonight at 8 o'clock in the city council chamber.

Born at the Kootenay Lake General hospital on March 15 to Mr. and Mrs. Rupert Griffith, a son.

The charge of seduction which had been laid against Leonard James Robson has been dismissed.

Queen City Rebekah lodge No. 16, I.O.O.F., will meet tonight at 7:30 o'clock in Fraternity hall.

The annual ball of Nelson lodge Knights of Pythias, will be held tonight in Knights of Pythias and Eagle hall.

D. G. Williams of Vancouver who spent yesterday in the city, returned to Vancouver on the coast train last night.

Judge Forin left on the coast train last night for Revelstoke where he will hold a sitting of the county court. He expects to return to Nelson Thursday night and will hold a sitting of chambers here Friday morning.

Don't forget the dance at South Slocan on St. Patrick's day at 8:30 p.m. Good music. Admission 50c. (252)

Beechnut Creamery will be open to buy cream after April 1. Please communicate with S. P. Pond. (226)

Nelson Brand Jam is made from the best Kootenay fruits and B. C. Sugar by British Columbia labor. At all grocers. (284)

Don't take chances. Have your carpets, windows and chimneys cleaned. Nelson Vacuum Cleaning Co., phone 18. (186)

The W.C.T.U. wishes to thank all those who contributed to the sale of home cooking, which was held last week. (301)

The Neal Institute, Cranbrook.

It takes only three days to convince any drinker of what we say about the Neal Treatment.

A tea will be held in St. Saviour's parish hall on Thursday afternoon, April 8th in aid of the funds of the Daughters of the King. (305)

Help to keep your home factory working. Insist on getting Nelson Brand Seville Orange Marmalade. It has quality, purity and fine flavor. what more do you want? (284)

There will be a practise of the Mohawk Crossroads Ladies' Aid in the parlors of St. Paul's church tonight at 7:30. All members are asked to attend. (297)

Take out that fire insurance policy today, tomorrow may be too late. The company I represent has been in business for over 194 years. C. W. Appleyard, 505 Baker St. Tel. 444. (291)

SEED GRAIN.

Marquis wheat, Canadian oats, Longfellow and Crompton early corn, clover and alfalfa seed, sugar mangel seed and all kinds of vegetable seeds. Send us your orders. The Taylor Milling & Elevator Co., Limited, Nelson. 280)

Concert at the Catholic parish hall March 17. Don't miss it. Subjects of many nations will be there to hear the real cause of the present war. And its final settlement by a colored diplomat. Admission 50 cents. (283)

FOR BABY CHICKS.

Always use Dr. Rusk's Chick Food. Taylor Milling & Elevator Co., Nelson, B.C. (225)

ROB SHOULDER BLADE, PATCH UP HIS SKULL

Surgeons Transplant from Boy's Body to Save His Life at Chicago

CHICAGO.—Hugh D. Adair will pass the rest of his life with a web taken from his thigh bone covering his brain and a part of his shoulder blade imbedded in his skull and forming an integral part of it. He borrowed from his own body to save his life.

Dr. E. A. Halstead was the surgeon who made the transfer, which is declared to be so rare in medical annals that the number of such operations can be counted on the fingers of one hand. St. Luke's hospital was the scene of the unique feat in surgery.

The boy—he is only 21 years old—is walking about the corridors cheerful and bright, and expects soon to be back at his work as stenographer in the office of the Chicago superintendent of railway mail service. The operation was performed a few days ago. Adair, who is a son of Andrew B. Adair, lives at 5736 Midway park.

Tumor on Skull

The cause of the operation was a tumor of unknown origin that formed on the skull. This was removed last October by Dr. Halstead, and at that time it was found that not only had the skull been affected, but the disease had extended into the membrane which covers the brain.

To prevent the brain from bulging out through the opening, the boy's left thigh was robbed of the thin covering, called fuscia lata, that protects the bone. This was sewed over the brain, but the hole in the skull was left vacant, the young man wearing a brass plate and a skull cap. The plate, which was attached to the cap, was loose in the opening, and when removed allowed one to peer in and see the brain palpitating. This operation is known as a dural transplant.

Nature Depended On

The last jugglery with nature consisted of the removal of a piece of bone 3¾ by 3¼ inches in size from the shoulder blade and grinding it until it was a perfect fit for the vacant spot in the skull. This in time will grow into the rest of the bone and form a perfect whole. Nature will renew the bone borrowed from the shoulder.

"Live?" laughed a doctor at the hospital. "Why in a month or so that boy will be able to lick his weight in wildcats."

VANCOUVER MINISTER PROBABLE CANDIDATE

Rev. John Mackay to Run in Liberal Interests—Three Full Tickets to Be in Field.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 15.—Rev. John Mackay has become a candidate in the Liberal interest in Vancouver for the forthcoming provincial election, according to a report in circulation today.

The Socialist party is preparing to nominate a full ticket at a convention tomorrow night, and both Liberal and Conservative conventions will be held before the end of the week.

Labor delegates will also meet Wednesday evening to choose candidates. The impression in Vancouver is that the new date for election will be either April 28 or 29.

GERMAN SPIES OF DIFFERENT GRADES

What is perhaps the most authoritative work upon the German spy system that has yet appeared has been written by an English staff officer, formerly a member of the British intelligence bureau, whose duty it was to defeat the system's operations in the British Isles. At the outset he corrects some popular misapprehensions, says the Toronto Mail and Empire. While there can be no doubt that in England and in other European countries agents of the German government numbering thousands held positions as waiters, barmaids, storekeepers, bookkeepers, instructors and so forth, they are the small fry of the service. The high-class German spy cannot afford to follow any occupation that demands regular hours, or that would prevent him from absenting himself from his post for several days or weeks at a time. The high-class spy, therefore, usually poses as a gentleman of leisure, having plenty of money, and tries to move in circles where his movements are not the subject of comment.

A Spy's Many Duties.

He must be an educated man, and he undergoes a harder training than a German army officer He must be a qualified surveyor, able to make plans of areas of ground from observation and often without instruments. He must also be a capable photographer, and in addition able to judge distance under all conditions of light. It was a highly competent spy, for instance who was set by his government to study the Forth bridge and to report how and where men could be placed upon the bridge with a view to its instant destruction. He had to determine the geological nature of the land upon which the bridge's foundations were built and estimate exactly the quantities of explosive necessary for its destruction. He had to secure all this information without being observed and he did so. By pacing the bridge he estimated its length to a matter of yards and calculated its height to a foot.

Military and Naval Experts.

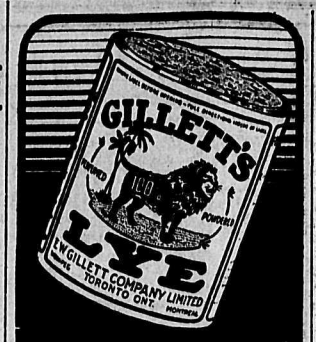
Probably one could turn up any volume of ready reference and find out exactly the length and height of the bridge and it would appear that the spy in question took a lot of unnecessary trouble. But the German government does not accept as correct information published about other countries. It suspects that in many cases statistics are given with the purpose of deceiving possible enemies. At any rate it always checks up information that is at the disposal of the public. Probably it would not accept the official figures giving the population of Toronto without devising some more or less intricate scheme for verifying them. The military spy must not only be a surveyor, a photographer, a geologist and several other things, but he must be an expert upon all the different units of the army of the country in which he operates. He must know these units by sight and must carry in his memory the code word corresponding to each of them. Similarly he must know the code words for the different kinds of guns and for each class of ship in the enemy's fleet. Should he by any chance be able to get a glimpse of a fortification from the inside he must be able from memory to draw a plan of the works.

Spies Honored in Germany.

Moreover the information that he is able to secure must be absolutely reliable. Inaccurate information is worse than none at all. It is obvious that the chief spy must be a good linguist and a man able to mix unsuspected in any society. He must be what is commonly called a "gentleman" although British people would not very readily accustom themselves to the idea of a gentlemanly spy. In Germany however, there is no prejudice against the spy. The end justifies the means and the spy who succeeds is a greatly honored as the army or navy officer who distinguished himself on the field of battle. Steiber, the man who founded the German spy system, was reckoned one of the great men of his time and both Bismarck and Moltke publicly admitted that the Prussian kingdom owed him a debt of gratitude it could never repay for his invaluable services in France.

The Fixed Post Spy.

The number of really high class spies in the service of Germany is at no time very great for only men of very unusual gifts are qualified for this sort of espionage. They rank above the spy who has a fixed post and who become outwardly a French or British citizen, and establishes himself in business in an alien country for the sole purpose of picking up information. Under this spy comes the rank and file of the army of information, the waiters, the barmaids, the women in less reputable employment(workmen and even navvies.) Their information is first given to the fixed post spy and he forwards it to headquarters. He is paid a regular salary and pays those who work for him according to the value of the information they can secure. It is plain that one of the great failures of the present war has been the collapse of the German spy system. The long sequence of diplomatic blunders that Germany made were likely due not to the innate stupidity of the diplomats but to the inability of the spies to understand what they saw.



THE STANDARD ARTICLE SOLD EVERYWHERE REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

ARNOLD PLANNED TO REPAY COMPANY

Late Manager of Dominion Trust Company Was Making Provision for Losses.

(By Daily News Leased Wire)

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 15.—The will of the late W. R. Arnold, former managing director of the defunct Dominion Trust company, was filed today. The document is dated Jan. 15, 1914, and shows that at that time Arnold was making provision to pay to the Dominion Trust company any losses it had incurred in "syndicate 8" and by his own speculations under the power of attorney he held from W. A. Philip of Kamloops.

The estate consists of $450,000 of life insurance, of which a large proportion was taken out a few weeks before Mr. Arnold's death. It is understood several companies will resist claims for payment. The will leaves $75,000 to his widow and bequests of $10,000 each to Mrs. Edna S. Ottley, widow of Major Ottley of Coutts, Alta., and a similar amount to W. A. Philip of Kamloops.

VICTORIAN WRITES FROM THE TRENCHES

Interesting Communication Received From the Front—Jam Can Grenades Used Effectively

A letter recently received by J. O. Cameron of Victoria from Sydney H. Chapin, a well-known Victorian, who is now at the front, contains many interesting facts in regard to the fighting now going on in the north of France. His description of hand grenades and how they are made casts some light on a detail of the fighting which has aroused much interest. Mr. Chapin is now serving with the 4th Dragoon guards, second cavalry brigade, having gone over to the continent as a member of the British expeditionary force. Before he joined the colors as a reservist he had a varied military and public career in South Africa. When only 18 years of age he left New York for Cape Town and the Cape Colonies, where he was destined to make a name for himself. Here he joined the Cape Mounted police and shortly after he enlisted his regiment was called out in the Matabele rebellion, in which Chapin served with distinction. He subsequently became chief of police and after a few years was appointed administrator over a section of territory on the west coast of Africa. He served in practically every campaign which preceded the Boer war and was awarded the D.S.O. At the conclusion of the Boer war he took out his reserve papers and at the outbreak of the present hostilities was one of the first to join his regiment. Extracts from his letter are as follows:

"We are all somewhat elated with regard to the outcome of the German attack at La Bassee, but we had an awfully heavy casualty list, which I believe runs into several thousand. The cavalry has not been in the trenches since the end of October, but we expect to go in again on the 23rd which, being my birthday, comes as a very nice present for me. The trenches that we shall occupy are just within the Belgian border and in some places are only some 25 ft. from those held by the Germans. In some ways this situation will be to our advantage as the Germans cannot shell us owing to the danger that their own men would be in.

Bombs Made by Hand

"The only thing that one has to fear is the rifle fire and the bombs, which, at that distance, are generally thrown by hand. The bombs that we use are made by ourselves while in the trenches and we use anything that is handy for missiles. The most common kind is a jam can, into which we put guncotton and primers and attach a detonator with a piece of fuse about two inches long, which will burn about three seconds. Then we pack all the space between the primer and the sides of the can with nails or pieces of wire, in fact, anything that will cause a wound. The whole is then tied round with wire and the game begins. The great difficulty is not to throw the bomb too soon, for there is a chance that it will not explode until the enemy is able to pick it up and throw it back again. On the other hand, if it is held too long it is liable to explode in the hand, which, in that case, ceases to be of any use to you. It is also very hard to throw them, as the trenches are about six to seven feet deep, from the top of the parapet to the bottom of the trench; they are not over broad and at this time of the year they are generally full of water.

"This is a war of digging, for when we halt for the night the first thing we do is to dig, get into the hole and wait for daylight. Some regiments got badly cut up at the beginning of the war because they would not dig, but the method is now universal.

"I was over in Ypres the other day and the town is simply a mass of ruins, the houses mere shells with their roofs on the ground in piles of brick and stone. It must have been a beautiful place before it was bombarded."

IF YOU HAVE POULTRY FOR SALE TRY A WANT AD

Bigger Pay at Pay Day

Your income increased, your buying power greater, your money saved---more to spend. Our Pay Day Sale means all this to you, and it's two days of bright, breezy bargain buying.

Men's Suits That Save $10.00

This sale is still on deck. Every customer has a smile when he walks out with a First Grade Tailored Suit worth to $30.00 For..... $15.75

Men's Hats on the Pay Sale

LOOK SPIC IN A NEW HAT—GREAT PRICE MOVEMENT HERE

$2.50 Hats for $1.25
$3.50 Hats for $1.95
$4.50 Hats for $2.50

Housewife Chances in Bath Towels

One Hundred and Fifteen Pairs, 35 x 16, and very heavy. Splendid value at 40c. Pay Day, per pair..... 25c

Pay Day Print Sale

Only just in, but they are put to the hammer to help make pay-day popular. Splendid English Prints in the newest shades and designs. Seventy-five pieces to choose from. Everywhere, 15c. Pay Day, per yard..... 12½c

The Men's Shoes Are Town Talk

These delightful Shoes, famous "K" Brand, that would stand the very trenches. As advertised before. $7.00 Values for..... $4.95

See the New Neckwear for Ladies

A shipment of the most exclusive and ultra correct Wash Neckwear ever seen in Nelson. Irresistable simply is the word. Come early and secure a piece or two. You will want them around Easter and all marked For Quick Sale..... 30 to 85c

Lovely English Longcloths for 15c

You will be busy now making up your Summer Underwear. Here is a saving. 36-inch awfully fine Sheer Longcloth. Regular 17½c for 15c

Even Whitewear on Sale

Delightful Gowns in Sheer Nainsook and Crepe. Trimmed embroidery or lace with wash ribbons. Regular $1.50. Pay Day 95c

Lawn Drawers

Trimmed embroidery and lace. Even the big out sizes. Regular 65c for 45c

Children's Cotton Drawers

TWO PAIRS FOR..... 25c

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.
ESTABLISHED 1670 ESTABLISHED 1670

AT LA BASSEE.

Pte. William Fyfe, who has returned home to Kilsyth from La Bassee, where he was with the Royal engineers when he was laid aside with sciatica and rheumatism, gives some interesting experiences. "There is," he says, "very little 'Jack Johnson' work now, the Germans being too short of ammunition; but they usually give an hour's program each day. The greatest danger was from the snipers, who were dreaded more than the German shrapnel. Many snipers were caught, even inside the British lines. One German was found inside a haystack with six days' rations and 500 rounds of ammunition. He was dressed in the uniform of a French soldier and could speak English and French. Haystacks are now quickly demolished by the British. On one occasion a German soldier dropped into a British trench and held up his hands before his approach was really noticed. He said there were 40 of his comrades wishing to surrender if the British would go for them. Fearing a trap, the British soldiers did not risk the task. Even at night it was dangerous to expose oneself in the British trenches, for the Germans seemed to have some patent rocket which the allies knew nothing about. This rocket when sent up remained stationary in the air for about 10 minutes and illuminated the ground all around the trenches."

PATRIOTISM and PRODUCTION

"I would urge the farmers of Canada to do their share in preventing the people of Great Britain from suffering want or privation."
HON. MARTIN BURRELL, Minister of Agriculture.

Fertilization and Thorough Cultivation Will Help the Empire

Patriotism and Production must go hand in hand. Great Britain and her Allies need food. Canada must help in supplying that need. You as a Canadian must do your share.

The soil is the basis of food production. Therefore, cultivation, proper fertilization and good seed are important factors. This does not seem very complex, but with the right crops on the right soil, this is the whole gospel of crop production.

How can you better fit yourself for your work this year?

(1) Attend your Conference.

(2) Talk matters over with your neighbor farmers. Give help and get help.

(3) Read the agricultural articles in the daily and weekly press and in the agricultural papers.

(4) Write to the Canadian Department of Agriculture at Ottawa and your Provincial Department of Agriculture for information.

Germany, France, Belgium, Holland and Denmark have increased their food production enormously during the last twenty years through cultivation, fertilization and seed selection. These are the countries that are being either devastated or most seriously affected by this war. Now is Canada's opportunity as well as Canada's responsibility.

The German Kaiser has cut off the supply of potash fertilizers from the rest of the World. This does not mean that we are without all supplies. Canadian fertilizers are still available. Use those "Made-in-Canada." Read the Bulletin on "Potash in Agriculture" issued by the Canadian Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Attend Your Conference

Do not waste anything this year. Save carefully every pound of fertilizer in and around barns and stables.

Gather waste vegetable matter of all kinds. It will pay this year to clean up and to keep clean.

Wash-water contains potash. Coal ashes are good for heavy soils. Wood ashes are rich in potash and lime. Save everything.

Every day counts in getting on to the land. Drain off all surface waters as early as possible. Do not wait for Spring. This may mean a week or two more for growth.

Perform every farming operation thoroughly. Do the ploughing well. Disc and harrow the land until a perfect seed bed is prepared. Sow the seed carefully. After seeding, roll if the soil is not too damp, then lightly harrow.

See that water furrows are run where needed.

Keep the weeds in check.

Do not economize in labour at seed time. A last stroke of the harrow after the seed bed seems perfect usually means extra bushels.

By each and every one of us doing the best that is in him and making the very wisest use of every acre, we, as Canadian farmers, may do much to help our Country.

LIVE STOCK

Breeding stock are to-day Canada's most valuable asset. The one outstanding feature of the World's farming is that there will soon be a great shortage of meat supplies. Save your breeding stock. Plan to increase your live stock. Do not sacrifice now. Europe, as well as North America, will pay higher prices for beef, mutton, and bacon in the very near future.

Canadian Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, Canada

No Postage Necessary.
Publications Branch, Canadian Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Please send me these Bulletins—"Potash in Agriculture," "Alkali Soils," "Preparing Land for Grain Crops," "Crop Rotation and Soil Cultivation."

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Regular 20c pkg. Today, 2 for 25c

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W. P. TIERNEY, General Sales Agent
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Cars shipped to all railway points

Sauce for the Goose

May not be sauce for the gander. The Cough Medicines that help your cough might not touch your neighbor's. If you think that our "White Pine and Tar" is not the best thing for your case, try "Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne."

One of the two kinds will give any cough a knockout blow. Both 25c.

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REGISTRARS OF VOTERS IN KOOTENAY-BOUNDARY

The following, according to the current issue of the British Columbia Gazette, have been appointed registrars of voters for the various ridings of Kootenay-Boundary district:

Columbia, F. H. Bacon, Golden; Cranbrook, N. S. A. A. Wallinger, Cranbrook; Fernie, George F. Stalker, Fernie Grand Forks, S. F. Almond, Grand Forks; Greenwood, W. R. Dewdney Greenwood; Kaslo, Alfred McQueen, Kaslo; Nelson, John Cartmel, Nelson; North and South Okanagan, Leonard Norris, Vernon; Revelstoke, Robert Gordon, Revelstoke; Rossland, H. R. Townshend, Rossland; Similkameen J. R. Brown, Fairview; Slocan, Angus McInnes, New Denver; Trail, F. E. Dockerill, Trail.

IF YOU HAVE A ROOM TO RENT TRY A WANT AD

Water Glass For Preserving Egg

Highest Grade Only.

2-lb. tins 35c
5-lb. tins 75c
10-lb. tins $1.25

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Best Mixtures. Lb. 35c

Garden Seeds, Flower Seeds. Largest stock.

Mail orders filled promptly.

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NELSON, B. C.

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4½ INCHES WIDE
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New and Second Hand Furniture
Cheapest in the City.
Phone L395 606 Vernon St
J. W. Holmes, Mgr.
Nelson, B.C.

TO LICENSE ALL LOCAL BARTENDERS

City Fathers Looking for New Dumping Ground—Milk Tests Prove Satisfactory.

Before long all bartenders working in the bars of the city of Nelson will have to take out a license. At the meeting of the city council last night Ald. A. S. Horswill gave notice of motion to amend the Liquor License by-law to that effect.

The matter was taken up by the council on the recommendation of the board of license commissioners which had endorsed the proposal which had been put forth by Chief of Police Long. It was intimated last night that the bartenders would be required to apply to the chief of police for a license before entering upon their duties as such, and that the chief would act upon the approval of the license commissioners. The license fee, it is expected, will be nominal or will be regulated according to the fee in other cities where this regulation is carried out.

"We will either have to remove our present dumping ground or install an incinerator very shortly, for our neighbors to the south are taking the matter of the dumping ground nuisance up early this year and are almost sure to have the use of the present dumping ground stopped," stated Mayor Malone in bringing the matter to the council's attention.

A discussion of the matter took place but nothing was done and in the meantime the city fathers are keeping an open eye in an effort to locate a place which might be used as a dumping ground until such time as the city is in a position to erect an incinerator which would handle all garbage and refuse.

The city medical health officer submitted to the council the results of 10 tests of milk for butter fat which he had made recently. All, he stated, were above the required standard, though he pointed out that four of them were just about as low as it was safe for them to go. The percentage of butter fat in the various tests was 3.3, 4, 4.6, 3.4, 3.8, 3.6, 3.2, 3.4, 3.8, 4.4.

M. Scully again requested the council to utilize the gravel which he was to have taken from under his building while he was excavating a basement. He asked the city to haul it away to some place where it could use it, but the council did not believe that it was in a position to use it and it was left with the board of works to inform Mr. Scully of a place where he might dump the gravel at his own expense of hauling. Railway street, just off Baker, was mentioned as a likely spot.

On the request of the Local Relief society the council decided to provide transportation to the Muncaster family, which was stated to be in dire straits and desirous of going to Mrs. Muncaster's home near Edmonton. The Local Relief society will provide the family with comforts for their journey.

The fire, water and light committee will look into and report on the advisability of placing a light in the lane between Vernon and Baker streets and Kootenay and Falls streets, and the board of works will look into the matter of necessary repairs to the steps on Falls street leading down to Vernon street.

On the recommendation of the fire, water and light committee the council recommended the purchase of one 12,000-110 volt transformer to operate a Tyrrill regulator at a cost of $115 and a rowboat for crossing the river at the power plant at a cost of $75. It also recommended the repairing of a damaged sewer at the power plant boarding house, the installation of a toilet at the plant and the removal of a dangerous rock overhanging the plant.

There will be a meeting in the council chamber this evening at 8 o'clock of the executive of the General Relief organization.

A Few New Arrivals

Rogers' Golden Syrup—
2-lb. Tins...20c 5-lb. Tins...40c
10-lb. Tins 75c
Heinz Spaghetti, per tin 25c
Sweet, Juicy Oranges—
Per Dozen .....20c to 40c
Grape Fruit, 3 for 25c

Gong Soups, in Scotch Broth, Pea, Oxtail, Tomato, Mock Turtle..5c
Oxo Cubes, boxes.....10c and 25c
Oxo Cordial, 20-oz. bottles ...$1.25
Apples, Cooking and Eating—
Per box .....$1.00 to $1.75
Cabbage, nice white heads, lb....3c

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Nelson News of the Day

PROVIDE RELIEF BY CLEARING CITY LOTS

Property Would Then Be Thrown Open to Those Desirous of Cultivating—Discuss Proposition

That the funds in the hands of the General Relief organization may be spent during the next few weeks, or as long as it lasts, on the clearing of vacant lots within the city limits and the property of the city was the announcement made at the meeting of the city council last night by Mayor J. J. Malone.

The proposition as put forward by Mayor Malone to the council last night and which received the commendation of that body was that the funds be spent to clear the property mentioned, which after being cleared would be thrown open to those who were desirous of cultivating vacant property.

By this means the vacant property would be made more attractive for those who desired to cultivate it. He believed that when the funds of the relief organization again ran short there would be an opportunity for those men who were out of employment to take hold of some of this cleared property and secure returns through cultivating it.

For the increased value which the lots would have to the city after clearing, which benefit the city would derive through the work of the relief organization, the mayor stated that the city would donate a certain amount to the funds of the organization for every lot cleared so that in this way more relief work would be provided.

It was pointed out that the city had over 50 lots in the upper portion of the city which could be cleared. The lots were not altogether but there were places where there were three and four and often more together. The soil which was procurable for this purpose was of excellent quality and could be made to produce with lucrative results.

The matter will be presented to the executive of the General Relief organization which is to be held in the city council chamber at 8 o'clock this evening.

The city clerk has not yet received replies from the large owners of vacant lots with whom he has communicated and asked to put forward a proposition that would permit of their cultivation.

ONE DAY IN JAIL IS BIRKBECK SENTENCE

Had Previously Served This Time and Was Immediately Released—Reprimanded by Judge Forin

A sentence of 24 hours in jail to date from the time of his arrest was in the county court yesterday afternoon inflicted upon H. D. Birkbeck by Judge Forin. Upon his arrest Birkbeck spent this time in jail and for this reason he was immediately released at the conclusion of his trial yesterday afternoon.

The charge against Mr. Birkbeck was that of theft by conversion and it arose out of the selling of some goods which had been given as security to C. F. McHardy for a debt. The money from the sale of the goods was to have been turned over to Mr. McHardy but this had not been done.

The case commenced at 10 o'clock in the morning and continued until late in the afternoon. Fred C. Moffatt prosecuted for the crown and James O'Shea appeared for the defendant.

In sentencing Birkbeck, Judge Forin severely reprimanded him for his actions.

There will be a meeting of the directors of the Nelson Library association at the library building at 8 o'clock this evening when important business will be discussed.

The photographs which had been collected during the past few weeks by the publicity committee of the board of trade for exhibition purposes at the exposition at San Francisco were forwarded there yesterday. Accompanying the photographs were sent a considerable number of booklets exploiting the attractions of Kootenay-Boundary districts.

MONTH'S DONATIONS OVER FIVE HUNDRED

Disposition of Funds Will Be Discussed at Meeting of Executive This Evening.

During February $558 was the sum contributed by citizens to the General Relief organization, according to a report compiled by W. E. Wasson, city treasurer, who has charge of the collection of the funds. The disposition of the monies collected during the past two months in order to assist with relief work will be discussed at the meeting tonight of the executive of the General Relief organization. The meeting will be held in the city council chamber at 8 o'clock. Those contributing during February were:

W. Allen, $1; L. E. Addington, $2.50; J. Armstrong, $1; F. P. Armstrong, $2.50; R. Andrew, $6; G. T. Ahlin, $1; C. E. Armbrister, $1; A. E. Almond, $1; J. H. D.Benson, $1; Miss Ethel Blackie, $1; P. Burns & Co., $15; C. H. Bean, $5; R. J. Bishop, 50c; W. J. Biker, $2; B. B. Betts 50c; John Backman, $1; Miss V. Boland, $1; Miss Bealby, $1.25; George Brown, $3; B. M. Back, $1; Mrs. Beck, $1; William Baker, $2; T. M. Bowman, $1; A. M. Black, $1; H. & M. Bird, $7.50; P. C. Bland, $2; J. B. M. Barnum, $1; G. K. Beeston, $2; G. W. Benny, $2; John Beeson, $1; N. B. Cummins, 50c; A. G. Carpenter, $5; J. Cotter, $2; E. T. Cope, $1; George Christy, $1; E. Crighton, $1; W. R. Campion, $2.50; L. N. Choquette, Jr., $1; Norbert Choquette, $1; Choquette Bros., $5; G. Choquette, $2; E. C. Clark $2; W. M. Cunliffe, $5; L. O. Campbell $4; W. J. S. Campbell, 50c; J. S. Carter, $1; S. A. Curwen, 50c; R. H. Clark 50c; A. Clark, $2; C. B. Corbould, $1; J. R. Darling, $1; Mrs. Duck, 25c; Deremoke, $1; W. M. Davis, $2; L. B. DeVeber, $5; L. S. DeVeber, $1; L. A. S Dack, $4; Emory & Walley, $7; Miss Hannah Estley, $1; C. C. Emory, $5; Mrs. Enfield, 50c.; E. H. Evans, $1; W. T. Fotheringham, $1; H. A. Francis 50c; Mrs. Frost, $1; J. P. Forde, $3; C. H. Flood, $2, A. W. Fesser, $2; Friend, $2; Tony Gallicano, $1; Miss M. Guilhamonlli, 25c; Miss M. Gaskell, $1; S. J. Gridley, $1; H. Ginsberg, $2; A. H. Green, $10; Grand hotel, $5; G. N. Gilchrist, $1; E. F. Gigot, $3; A. W. Gigot, $2; Rev. Graham, $2; H. Hamilton, $1; Miss Hanson, $1; W. A. Harrison, $1; G. S. Hawthorne, $2.50; A. S. Horswill, $2.50; J. W. Howell, $1; C. R. Hamilton, $5; J. Hamilton, $5; G. A. Hunter, $5; R. Harris, $1; Hudson's Bay Co., $10; Harry Houston, $15; J. L. Hirsch, $10; Robert F. Irwin, $1; Louis Johnstone, 50c; C. D. Jarvis, $1; F. W. Jarvis, $3; A. Johnson, $1; R. G. Joy, $3; W. R. Jarvis, $2; Kootenay hotel, $5; A. R. Kilby, $5; D. Kerr, $2; T. Keith, $3; Miss Kirtley, $1; James Kayton, $3; J. M. Leach, $1; A. G. Lambert & Co., $10; Otto Lang, 50c; A. Larson, $1; C. A. Larson, $1; T. E. Levasseur, $3; J. R. Labonte, $1; Alex Leith, $5; M. Lauritz, $2.50; A. Lapointe, $2; J. Love, 50c; L. K. Larsen, $5; R. Morrow, $2; N. Mallette, $2.50; W. Mack, $1; W. R. McCandlish, $1; M. M. McLachlan, $1; G. B. Matthew, $5; W. McPherson, $3; A. Macdonald & Co., $10; J. A. Macdonald, $3; Miss V. McCoy, $3; F. J. McCrohan, $1; Dr. F. E. Morrison, $5; C. Morris, $2; J. V. Mills, $1; W. M. Myers, $5; Miss M. McFarland, $4; Nelson & Johnson, $5; Thomas A. Naults, 50c; Paul Nipou, $2; Nelson Hardware Co. and staff, $35; News Publishing Co., $15; I. G. Nelson, $2; J. O'Shea, $5; Miss E. A. Oliver, $1; Miss Pauline Paulson, 50c; A. E. Pickford, $1; H. A. Parker, $5; J. O. Patenaude, 50c; Thomas Prestley, $2.50; T. B. Phillips, $1; D. Proudfoot, $1; A. C. Rome, $1; C. E. Read, $2; C. H. Ramsden, $1; F. C. Ronan, $3; G. B. G. Rennie, $1; Miss L. Rasele, $1; P. J. Rahal, $1; F. C. Rowley, 50c; R. V. Ramsden, $1; W. C. Rudduck, 50c; W. S. Rugh, $2; W. Roth, 50c; E. R. Redpath, $2; C. E. Richardson, $2; N. F. Ross, $5; Miss Rose Strachan, 50c; E. K. Strachan, 50c; F. W. Sterling, $3; S. H. Spears, 25c; Charles Shannon, $1; H. E. Stevenson, 50c;; E. Stanley, $1.50; B. P. Steeves, $5; J. Svoboda, $1; Sisters of St. Joseph, $1; D. St. Denis, $1; T. D. Stark, $5; Miss Ruby Sheppard, $2; H. Sterzaker $2; C. H. Stark, $2; G. C. Sholande, $1; W. B. Steed, $10; Capt. Seaman, $5; T. J. Scanlan, $2; K. V. Thomson, $8; R. S. Turner, $1; T. A. Traves, $1; W. A. Thurman, $5; H. Townsend, 50c; W. R. Thomson, $2.50; A. E. Thompson, $1; J. Towler, $3; M. Thompson, 50c; J. Teague, $4; Tremont hotel, $5; Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., $10; D. C. Wilson, $1.50; Wallace, R. D. $1; Miss Wich, $1; James Wills, $1; A. L. Wilson, $3; Dave Wade, $1; Alfred Wood, $2; S. A. Williams, $1; E. W. Widdowson, $2.50; Florence Wood, $1; Miss G. M. Will, 50c; W. C. Will, $1; Walters, $1; J. Althoff, $8; Miss B. Crothers, $1; J. Johnson, $2; total $588.

At the Theatres

Million Dollar Mystery Tonight.

The 13th episode of the "Million Dollar Mystery" will be shown this evening. This is entitled "The Secret Agent from Russia," and is a very exciting number. A very unique feature "As we Journey Through Life" will also be shown. Billie Ritchie, the famous comedian, will appear again this evening in a splendid comedy "Partners in Crime." An Eclair comedy drama, "No Show for the Chauffeur," completes the program.

Tomorrow a special program for St. Patrick's day will be shown. This includes "Empire of Illusion," the second of the famous "Terence O Rourke, Gentleman Adventurer" stories.

"Cats" at the Gem.

A selig comedy, "Cats," strategy wins out, written by James Oliver Curwood, will be shown at the Gem tonight.

"Cats" is a good comedy based on a woman's love for cats. The husband in desperation puts them all in a trunk and wheels them to the water, gets himself into trouble with the police and finally agrees to be peaceable if his wife will keep but four cats in the house at a time. This comedy will set any audience laughing and is opposed to the designation of "low comedy" which applies to so many would-be comedies.

A high class production is also offered, entitled "The Ghost." This splendid American produced by the famous Pathe is complete in three acts, and well sustains the high reputation enjoyed by the Pathe productions. A full orchestra will be in attendance.

Mrs. W. H. Wright of Slocan City was a Nelson visitor yesterday, registering at the Strathcona.

P. E. Carroll of Marcus, Wash., is visiting the city. He is at the Strathcona.

E. E. Chipman, government agent at Kaslo, and James Anderson of the main lake city, are visiting the city. They are at the Hume.

W. G. Robb of Kaslo came in on the Kokanee yesterday afternoon and will leave on the Crow boat this morning for Creston.

Mrs. J. W. Coffin and Mrs. Macleod reached the city on the belated coast train last night and registered at the Hume.

Harold Lakes, superintendent of the Silver Hoard mine at Ainsworth, returned last night from a visit to Spokane and registered at the Hume.

The Women's Missionary society of Trinity Methodist church will meet this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. B. P. Steeves, Mill street.

The card party of the Local Relief society which was to have been held in the Hume hotel this evening has been postponed until Thursday on account of the Knights of Pythias ball.

The coast train arrived in the city last night at 12:10 o'clock, three hours late. The delay was occasioned by a broken driver on the engine while between Trail and Rossland.

The mission circle of the Baptist church will meet on Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. N. Wolverton to hear an address by Mrs. B. P. Steeves.

The nominating convention of the Kaslo Riding Liberal association will be held in the Liberal club rooms tonight at 8 o'clock. Delegates will reach the city on the Lardo and Crow boats this evening.

There will be a meeting tonight at 8 o'clock in the Hume school house, Fairview of all Conservatives of Fairview district. The meeting has been called by A. S. Horswill, president of the Fairview Conservative association.

James R. Brown, government agent at Fairview, has been appointed official administrator for Similkameen electoral district to succeed Joseph A. Brown, deceased, according to the current number of the British Columbia Gazette.

A large number of young people attended the St. Patrick's day track meet held by Trinity Methodist Epworth league last night and an enjoyable evening was spent. England, Scotland, Ireland, Canada and United States were the countries represented in the meet, Scotland winning the highest number of points. Trinity Citizen's band rendered selections.

GEM THEATRE
DISINFECTED DAILY

"The Ghost"
A SPLENDID AMERICAN DRAMA BY PATHE
IN THREE PARTS

"Cats"
A COMEDY BY JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD
A REAL LAUGH PRODUCER

GEM ORCHESTRA

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The Best Cough and Lung Prescription for Adults and Children---25c and 50
CITY DRUG & STATIONERY CO.
NELSON, B.C.

FRUIT GROWERS WILL MEET THIS MORNING

Future Policy of Union Will Be Decided Upon—Will Receive Reports of Officers on Year's Work

The annual meeting of the Kootenay Fruit Growers' union will be held this morning at 10:45 o'clock in the city council chamber.

A considerable number of shareholders are expected to be in attendance at the meeting since it is anticipated that the future policy of the organization will be settled at the meeting.

The financial statement and reports of the officers on the work of the past year will be received and dealt with.

MACLEAN TO STAND FOR RENOMINATION

Will Ask Conservatives to Consider Him As Standard Bearer in Nelson Riding at Forthcoming Election

W. R. Maclean, M. P. P. for Nelson, last night stated that, notwithstanding rumors to the contrary, he will ask the Conservatives of Nelson to renominate him as their candidate at the coming provincial election.

"On the floor of the house, in committee work and while at home," said Mr. Maclean, "I have done my best to serve the interests of Nelson people both as individuals and as a community.

"I think that my experience is useful and that if my Conservative friends feel that I deserve renomination, the people of the constituency will be generous enough to re-elect me."

Mr. Maclean pointed out that the change in Nelson riding through the passage of the Redistribution bill would have the effect of bringing to the constituency an annual grant for the building of roads, sidewalks and bridges, taking it out of the city constituency class as heretofore, under which no grant was obtainable for these purposes. The grant, he further pointed out, would be spent in the portions of the riding outside the city which were formerly a part of Ymir riding and where the government collected the taxes and administered the public works.

"The appropriations for expenditure in these new parts of the riding, as in the case of the whole of Trail riding, are only 10 per cent less than last year, which is, comparatively, not so bad," he continued.

"The people of the added districts can now have their representative living here where their interests lie and will be given the better opportunity to interview him personally about the various problems that arise," he stated.

"I am glad," he concluded, "to again be in the same fold with so many old friends who had to transfer to Ymir as the city extended outwards and I hope to have a chance to appeal to them, as well as to the friends who honored me three years ago, for support at the forthcoming election."

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The Million Dollar Myster
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Synopsis of all previous episod thrown on the screen tonight.
SIX-PIECE STARLAND OR-CHESTRA
"AS WE JOURNEY THROUG LIFE"
A surprisingly unique feature. Billie Ritchie, the famous com ian, in
"PARTNERS IN CRIME"
Eclair Comedy Drama
"NO SHOW FOR THE CHA FEUR"
Tomorrow, Special St. Patri Day Program—Warren Kerr in "The Empire of Illusion," second of the "Terence O'Rou Gentleman Adventurer," sto Each one complete.

THE particular Sack Suit shown above, is one of our particularly pleasing models for Spring. It is a medium fitting coat, with natural shoulders and broad peak lapels. Designed particularly for young men.

$18.00 and up.

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