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VOL. 14 No. 166 NELSON, B. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 27, 1915 ... PER MONTH

Provincial Library

PROBABLE SERBS CAN LONG WITHSTAND PRESSURE

...owne Makes State-...t in House of Lords

...HENER CONCURS IN ACTION TAKEN

...s Landed in Greece ...stance of Venizelos. More Men Ready

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
...ON, Oct. 26.—Replying to a ... by Earl Loreburn in the ...day as to the progress of the ...n in the Balkans, the Marquis ...ansdowne, Unionist leader, who ... seat in the cabinet without ..., said:

"I must say with regret I am afraid ... admit that the progress of ...paign in northern Servia has ...ch as to render it highly im...s that the Servian army will ... to withstand for any great ... of time the attacks to which ...sed from the Austro-German ... the north, aided by the stab ...ack which Servia is receiving ...ands of Bulgaria."

...there was no criticism of the ... of the Near Eastern cam...here was a general demand, ...e house of lords met, for in...ation and the suggestion of a ...cabinet to have charge of the ...ved support.

...ansdowne, in his reply, gave ... review of the Saloniki opera...e Earl Curzon of Kedleston, ... seal, made the statement ...ier Asquith had under con...the matter of a smaller ...

...ansdowne explained that the ...ce landed at Saloniki, which ...about 13,000 men, was sent ...quest of Servia and at the ...f Venizelos (then premier) ...pose of enabling Greece to ...reaty obligations to Servia. ...ronger force had been plac...orders at the same time the ...troops were despatched but ...te destination would depend ...uation and the report of Gen. ..., the new British commander-...who had already reached the ...peninsula.

...Loreburn had asked whether ...ch of troops to Saloniki had ...mined upon with the ap...of the naval and military ad...whether the government ...assurance that provision ...made for the communications ...and for its supply of men ...to the satisfaction of the ...military departments.

...Loreburn said that he under...the government desired that ...should not be discussed at ...nt time but that there was ...for asking the question.

...disappointed in the Dar...enterprise," said Lord Lore...he added that he did not ...ether that enterprise had ...with or without the ad...the naval and military au...and one could not help ask...her this new venture would ...tition of that. The greatest ...om which this country could ...speaker said, was unpre...and indecision.

...t Takes Expert Advice.

...rquis of Lansdowne explain...here were moments when it ...in the public interest that ...relating to the war should ...discussed in parliament, as ...on both the allies and their ...had to be considered. He ...however, that he could as...Loreburn that neither in ...nt government nor in any ...t of which he had been a ...had it been the practise or

...ntinued on Page Two)

WINTER SETS IN IN RUSSIAN ARENA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
LONDON, Oct. 27.—Winter has set in the Russian war theatre, according to the Times Petrograd correspondent, who says snow has been falling for three days and that the roads are frozen so hard that there is no foothold for the horses. The conditions, he says, are thus worse than in the rainy season.

CANADA'S REVENUE MAKES RECORD GAIN

Increase in October Will Be Nearly Four Million Dollars, States Ottawa Paper

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
OTTAWA, Oct. 26.—The Evening Journal says:

"When the October financial statement is ready it will show an immense and most satisfactory increase in the revenue of the Dominion. The increase will be nearly $4,000,000, which is the greatest in recent years and possibly the greatest in the history of the country.

"For the first 25 days of October the increase in customs alone is slightly over $2,000,000. The increase in the revenue during September was $3,000,000.

"This indicates the satisfactory financial state of the Dominion after its first year of war."

DEATH SENTENCE IS REDUCED TO SIX YEARS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 26.—Jagat Singh, a Hindu who six months ago was sentenced to death on a charge of murdering Rattan Singh in a Hindu store, near upper Granville street, this morning on a retrial, where the charge was reduced to manslaughter, had his sentence made into imprisonment for a term of six years. The sentence dates from the day of his arrest last January. On passing sentence Justice Gregory said he was giving effect not only to his feeling that all the facts in regard to the fracas not not been brought out at the trial, but also to the argument of counsel for the accused that he had already undergone mental torture in being snatched from the gallows within a day or two of the date set for his execution.

SEEKS RAILROAD MEN FOR THE FRONT

Reinforcements Are Needed for Corps Organized by George Bury for Imperial War Office

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
MONTREAL, Oct. 26.—Among the 30 officers and 380 men who returned to Canada on the Allan liner Corsican, which reached here tonight, are Capt. H. L. Wellwood of Kingston, Ont., and Sergt.-Major Wood of St. John, who have come back to organize drafts for the Canadian overseas railway construction corps, which, made up of 550 experienced railroad builders, recruited mostly from the Canadian Pacific railway, went to the front a few months ago and has been engaged in keeping up the railroad lines of communication. Capt. Wellwood expects little difficulty will be encountered in gathering the men required from the Canadian Pacific railway, Grand Trunk railway and other railways.

Major Paulett of Yorkton, Sask., went to France with the first contingent and left the front after the battle of Ypres afflicted with laryngitis, to take a new post as second in command of the 16th battalion from Regina.

Col. W. A. Monroe, Winnipeg, officer commanding the 8th battalion, is on leave of absence.

Among others who returned are Lieut. C. Martin, Princess Patricias, Victoria, and Lieut. R. L. McLean, Winnipeg.

LAST EFFORT OF TEUTONS, HE SAYS

German Effectives Begin to Fail Soon

DRIVE IN BALKANS HAS POLITICAL END

Hilaire Belloc Says Bulgaria Holds the Door to Constantinople

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
LONDON, Oct. 26.—Hillaire Belloc sums up as follows the military and political aspects of the new move in the Near East:

"1. It is the last effort of the Austro-Germans to create a diversion before their effectives begin to fall. That they can keep these at full strength six weeks more is doubtful. That they can keep them two months more is improbable. That they can keep them three months more is mathematically impossible.

"2. The efforts are mainly a political object. German control in Constantinople, with full opportunities for munitioning and equipping the Turks, would have a great effect throughout all Asia and the Mohammedan world. The calculation is that this would compel Britain and France to drain off great numbers of men to this field.

"3. The Austro-Germans are compelled to make this effort with such insufficient forces that they would never have undertaken it without the aid of Bulgaria.

"4. Therefore, it is certain that Bulgaria's aid is given only at price—one may conjecture only for a time. Bulgaria holds the door to Constantinople.

"Therefore we shall not fully understand this probably doubly treasonable Bulgarian plan until we see what form it will take when the Austro-German decline in effectives begins in the near future."

SEPARATION PAY FOR MUNITION MEN RETROACTIVE

OTTAWA, Oct. 26.—A cable received from the imperial government states that the munition workers who went from Canada to Great Britain to work in the munition factories there will receive a separation allowance of $4.20 weekly. This will be retroactive.

Complaint has been made by the munition workers who went to Great Britain to assist in the making of munitions that the wages paid there are lower than those to which they have been accustomed in this country and therefore they and their families have been subjected to hardships.

The cablegram states that full information has been sent forward by mail and will be received here in a few days. However, it is indicated that the separation allowances will be distributed from Ottawa presumably either by the labor department or the imperial pension office, which is located in Ottawa. Seventeen hundred and ten munition workers went from Canada.

EMIGRATION FROM BRITAIN IS SMALL

Males Number 36,594 As Compared With 101,663 in Same Period of Last Year

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)
LONDON, Oct. 27.—In consequence of prominence given to allegations that the young men of Britain are emigrating to avoid military service, Capt. Amery asked the president of the board of trade in the commons last night whether he would state how many men between 18 and 45 had in fact gone from the United Kingdom during the 12 months ended Sept. 30. Right Hon. Mr. Runciman replied that during that period the number of males of British nationality of 12 years of age and over who had left for permanent residence in non-European countries was 36,594, as compared with 101,663 in the previous 12 months. Those between 18 and 45 did not exceed 31,000, compared with 86,000 in the previous 12 months. During the last three months the number of emigrants over 12 years had been 2802 in July, 916 in August, 2913 in September.

NEWFOUNDLANDERS KILLED AT THE DARDANELLES

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., Oct. 26.—A casualty list issued today names two men dead, five wounded and four ill in the Newfoundland regiment at the Dardanelles.

SENTENCE 34 TO DEATH AT LIEGE

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 27.—According to the Tyd, 34 additional death sentences against persons charged with espionage and treason have been pronounced by court martial at Liege.

The newspaper adds that Pope Benedict, the king of Spain and President Wilson have been appealed to by the Telegraaf to intervene on behalf of the condemned persons.

CENTRAL POWERS HAVE LOST 5,000,000

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
LONDON, Oct. 26.—The Nieuw Roterdamsche Courant is quoted by Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent as giving Germany losses from Oct. 11 to 20 as 57,424 in dead, wounded and missing.

The total Prussian losses are given at 2,021,078.

The Courant figures the total losses to the central powers at 5,000,000.

GERMANY TO STATE PEACE PROPOSALS

Offer to Be Made Through King of Spain and President Wilson, Says Madrid Paper.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
MADRID, Oct. 26.—The Imperciale today made the following announcement:

"Prince Camporeale, Italian senator and brother-in-law of Prince von Bulow, states that von Bulow shortly will submit to King Alfonso and President Wilson an outline of the terms on which Germany is willing to make peace."

LONDON, Oct. 26.—"Germany is weakening. At last the kaiser sees the inevitable end of the world war."

This was the general expression among diplomats and military men here today on receipt of news via Madrid that the German chancellor shortly wolud sbmit to King Alfonso and to President Wilson tentative terms of peace. Among public men of London only one opinion was expressed. That was that no peace on any terms was possible until French and Belgian soil was cleared of Germans and the downfall of Prussian militarism was secured.

AUSTRALIA HAS ENLISTED 160,000

Premier Fisher Telegraphs in Reply to Appeal From King George for More Men.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
MELBOURNE, Oct. 27.—Australia already has provided 160,000 soldiers "as an assurance of its hearty co-operation in the determination to carry the war to a successful issue."

Thus Andrew Fisher, premier, telegraphed King George yesterday in response to the King's message appealing for volunteers. The premier added that the King's appeal "will evoke a patriotic response from the people of the commonwealth and tend to augment greatly the ranks of those already enlisted."

BAYLISS HEADS MASONS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—M. W. Bayliss of Washington was elected sovereign grand commander at the 106th annual sessoin of the supreme council, thirty-third degree of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Free Masonry, for the United States, held here today.

FRENCH EXTEND GAINS IN THE WEST

Take Trench in Region of Massiges—Struggle in Champagne Continues

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
LONDON, Oct. 26.—The struggle in the Champagne region of France, begun two days ago, when the French captured the Lacourtine salient works from the Germans, some of which the Germans recaptured, is still in progress. The French claim they have extended their gains here by taking an adjoining trench north of Massiges.

Capture German Plane

PARIS, Oct. 26.—The official communication issued tonight says:

"There is nothing to report since the preceding communication.

"One of our monoplane pilots gave chase north of Dormans to an enemy aeroplane, which he attacked at short range. The German aeroplane was hit in several places by bullets from the rapid fire gun, but was able to make a landing near Jaulgonne, in the valley of the Marne. The two officers were made prisoners at the moment they were attempting to destroy their machine. This remains intact in our hands."

The Belgian official statement reads: "After a quiet night the enemy artillery today bombarded quite violently the district to the south of Nieuport, Pervyse, Oostkerke, the neighborhood of Dixmude and our works to the north of Steenstraete. We replied vigorously but there was no infantry action."

BRITISH TRANSPORT SHIP TORPEDOED

Only 99 of Crew Accounted For, Says British Official Report—Sunk in Aegean Sea

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
LONDON, Oct. 26.—An official announcement made public tonight says:

"The British transport Marquette has been torpedoed in the Aegean sea. It is understood that only 99 of the crew are accounted for.

"No further details have been received."

The Marquette was a steel steamship of 7057 tons and was built in 1898. It was owned by the Atlantic Transport company of London, its home port being West Hartlepool.

TRIES TO EFFECT DVINA CROSSING

Von Hindenburg's Armies Attack Furiously

RUSSIANS REPORT ALL ATTACKS FAIL

Catch Large Teuton Force on Flank North of Kukli Village

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
LONDON, Oct. 26—On the eastern battle front heavy fighting continues. In the Riga and Dvinsk regions of Russia the German field marshal, Von Hindenburg, undaunted by repeated failures of his attempts during the last 40 days to reach the Russian forces on the Dvina river, is making furious and determined efforts to accomplish his aim. Reports today were to the effect that he had made further progress, particularly near Illoukst. Along the rest of the line through the provinces of Vilna, Grodno and Volhynia and in Galicia there have been battles at many points, with the advantage first on one side and then on the other.

Gtrman Attacks Break Down.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 27.—The official communication issued from general headquarters last night follows:

"On the left bank of the Dvina, south of Ikskul the Germans attempted by a sudden attack without artillery preparation, to rush one of our works but they were discovered in time and repulsed by our fire.

"On the Dvina from the region of Linden, below Friedrichstadt, there have been artillery and rifle fire. On the left bank of the Dvina west of Jacobstadt a spirited artillery duel occurred. In the region east of Illoukst a further unsuccessful German attack was delivered.

"Fighting near the village of Voynsuny, west of Lake Doginskoie, terminated in our occupying the village. On the rest of the front southward as far as the Pripet region there is nothing to report.

"On the left bank of the Styr northwest of Rafalovka our troops stormed the village of Vulkagaluziska, capuring prisoners and machine guns. An offensive by the enemy against the village of Medviejie, northwest of Czartoryska, was repulsed.

Large Force Taken on Flank.

"The enemy, having deployed large forces to attack our troops north of the village of Kulki, to the north of Kolki, our troops after severe fighting, taking the enemy on the flank, succeeded in repulsing him, capturing seven officers and 200 men.

"In the fighting announced in yesteday's statement near the village of Konaroas our success was due to the fine qualities our troops displayed. Thanks to their self-sacrifice, the initial success of the enemy, which drove back one of our detachments, ended in its envelopment. The enemy suffered enormous losses. The number of prisoners reported yesterday con-

(Continued on Page Two)

KING AND QUEEN GIVE SYMPATHY

Send Message to Mother of Miss Cavell, Killed by Germans at Brussels.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
LONDON, Oct. 27.—Miss Edith Cavell's mother has received the following letter from Lord Stamfordham, the King's secretary:

"By command of the King and Queen I write to assure you that the hearts of their majesties go out to you in your bitter sorrow, and to express their horror of the appalling deed which robbed you of your child.

"Men and women throughout the civilized world are sympathizing with you, are moved to admiration and awe at her faith and courage in death"

TYPHOON WIPES OUT PART OF TOBACCO

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
MANILA, Oct. 27.—A typhoon has partly wiped ou the town of Tobacco. One hundred persons were killed and the railroad line was washed away.

The governor-general is sending a relief expedition to the stricken district.

SEND US HELP, CRIES SERB PREMIER

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
LONDON Oct. 26.—The newspapers this morning publish an appeal from M. Pachitch, Servian premier, for speedy aid from England in Servia's superhuman efforts to defend its existence against the Austro-Germans and Bulgarians, who have, he says, condemned Servia to death.

"For 20 days," he says, "our common enemies have tried to anihilate us and despite the heroism of our soldiers our resistance cannot be expected to be maintained indefinitely."

SERBS HAVE CAPTURED VELES FROM BULGARIANS

GREEKS ATTACKED REPORT DECLARES

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
LONDON, Oct. 27.—Greek troops have been drawn into the fighting near the junction of the Servian, Greek and Bulgarian boundaries according to a brief message received by the Mail. It says:

"Greek frontier guards have been attacked, it is said, near Doiran but repulsed their attackers with losses."

KING CONSTANTINE BOUND TO KAISER

Has Given Promise to Remain Neutral—Zaimis Resigns, Says Rumor—Allies Withdraw Offer.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
LONDON, Oct. 27.—Dr. E. J. Dillon telegraphs from Rome to the Telegraph that he knows for an absolute fact that while the Greek cabinet is under no treaty obligations to the central empires, King Constantine is bound to the kaiser by a solemn pledge to maintain neutrality toward Germany, the kaiser agreeing to give to Greece territorial compensation after the war if it does not cast its lot with the allies.

"To do him justice," says Dr. Dillon, "King Constantine, it must be said, refused, despite threats, to draw the sword on the side of Germany."

Zaimis Cabinet Resigns.

ROME, Oct. 26.—That the Zaimis cabinet at Athens has resigned, was rumored here today.

If true it is taken as meaning the triumph of the Greek war party and that Greece will join the allies immediately. The Greek legation has no information, however.

Offer of Cyprus Withdrawn.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—England's offer of Cyprus island to Greece for her participatin in the war on the side of the allies has been withdrawn, Foreign Minister Grey announced in the house of common here soday.

In announcing that England had withdrawn its offer, Foreign Minister Grey said:

"Great Britain is bound to use every possible effort to assist Servia. We offered inducements to secure Greece's aid.

"Greece did not take advantage of the offer and it has lapsed."

The cabinet was in session several hours today, the Balkan situation and Sir Ian Hamilton's report on conditions at the Dardanelles being under discussion.

DENY THAT LAURIER OFFERED TO RESIGN

Liberal Headquarters at Ottawa Says Question of Party Leadership Not Discussed.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
OTTAWA, Oct. 26.—Liberal headquarters at the capital denies a report published in several morning papers to the effect that at the conference held here yesterday Sir Wilfrid Laurier tendered his resignation as leader of the party. On the contrary Liberals who attended the conference say that the question of the party leadership was not mentioned and that as long as Sir Wilfrid is able to remain in the harness there is no possibility of a change. They also assert that as a result of the recent operation which the ex-premier underwent his health is better than it had been for some time past.

SON OF DOWAGER LADY CLINTON KILLED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
LONDON, Oct. 27.—A casualty list just made public contains among those killed the name of Brig.-Gen. John Schomberg Trefusis, son of the Dowager Lady Clinton. Lieut.-Col. Frederick George Howard of the Royal Engineers is also among those given as killed.

Win Town on Railroad in Desperate Fighting

ARE SLOWLY FORCED BACK IN THE NORTH

French Troops Entrench and Await Reinforcements from Saloniki

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
ATHENS, Oct. 26.—An official despatch announces that the Servians have recaptured the town of Veles, on the railroad east of Uskup, after desperate fighting.

Only Twenty Miles to Go

LONDON, Oct. 27.—According to the Times the following is the situation of affairs in Servia:

"On the Servo-Rumanian frontier the Austro-German and Bulgarian forces are within 20 miles of each other. The Austro-German armies are advancing southwest and southeast of Belgrade on a 100-mile front, which now extends between 25 and 40 miles south of the Danube.

"On the west the converging advance from the Drina continues and on the east the Bulgarian main force likewise is gaining ground."

The following, the newspaper adds, is the situation on the Belgrade-Nish-Saloniki line:

"The Germans command the first 50 miles from Belgrade, the Servians the next 150 miles, the Bulgarians the next 100 miles, and the French the last 50 miles to the Greek frontier. The Bulgarian forces which have occupied Negotin and Prahovo are marching northward along the Servo-Rumanian frontier to join the German army, which, after crossing the Danube at Osorova, has driven the Servians west of Kladovo."

Servians Resist Strongly

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The Servian troops, which have been so gallantly holding the little northeastern corner of their country, where the Austro-Germans and Bulgarian armies are about to join up, are being slowly forced back as the pressure upon them becomes greater.

In fact, all along the northern and eastern frontiers of Servia the invaders are making steady progress, although at great cost, as the Servians, now that they have reached the hills, are making them pay heavily for every mile covered.

It is only in the south, where the French have joined hands with the Servians, that the Bulgarians are being held. Here the French and Servians are entrenching themselves and awaiting reinforcements which they hope will enable them to drive the Bulgarians out of Macedonia.

Servians Reinforced—Bulgars Retreat.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—Military and political advices received here today indicate that the situation in the Balkans is more favorable to the allies.

The Teutonic allies claim to be making rapid progress in northern Servia, but the Bulgarians in the Vardar valley, south of Veles, are in retreat.

The Servians have been heavily reinforced by allied troops from Saloniki.

DANISH WOMEN WILL BE GIVEN THE VOTE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
LONDON, Oct. 26.—Advices to the Exchange Telegraph from Copenhagen say:

"Premier Zahle declared today that the government intends to put in force June 5, 1916, the new constitutional law conferring suffrage on women, waiving the right to propose a prolongation of the old constitutional law owing to the war. It is expected that a general election will occur in July, when Danish women will vote for the first time."

...S WEST COULD DOUBLE ITS OUTPUT OF SHELLS

...aily News Leased Wire.)
...A, Oct. 26.—T. R. Deacon, ... of the western branch of the ...ell commission, is in Ottawa ...r. Decon stated tonight that ...conferring with the central ...onnection with securing fur...s for western firms now en...he shell business. He stated ...as confident that further or...d be forthcoming and de...t the western shell output ...doubled if the various firms ...ged of steady business.

...on estimates the present out ... western companies at 100,... per month. He stated, how... the placing of new orders ...pending further consideration ...ritish representatives.

...tter of fact, pending further ...rrangements and informa... factory capacity, prices, ...s of quick delivery, etc., the ...mission will not award for a ... yet the contract for some ... worth of shells for which ...ere invited some weeks ago ...ow in.

...ichens, until recently execu...tive head of the big British munition firm of Cammel-Laird & Co., who has been sent to Canada by Lloyd George to act with Sir Frederick Donaldson of the Woolwich arsenal and D. A. Thomas, arrived in Ottawa today. Mr. Hichens and Sir Frederick Donaldson had a long conference with Sir Sam Hughes this afternoon at which the British requirements were stated and the Canadian capacity to turn out shells, ammunition and ordnance was canvassed. The two British experts will go over the tenders received by the shell commission before making any recommendation as to the placing of further orders.

It is understood that the new contracts, when awarded, will comprise orders for a considerably larger size shell than has hitherto been turned out in Canada, and that prices will be fixed on a sliding scale, insuring and equality of proportionate profits to all firms and a minimum of cost to the British government. The business of shell and ammunition making in Canada is to be reorganized under the advice of the British experts on a thoroughly efficient and business like basis with all middlemen cut out.

ITALIANS CONQUER LEFT BANK OF PONOLE RIVER

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
ROME, Oct. 27.—The official statement issued tonight says:

"In the Ledro valley we completed the conquest of the left bank of the Ponole river by occupying on Oct. 23 the districts of Mezzolago, Molino and Bezzeca, taking a number of prisoners.

"The enemy directed an intense artillery fire from Monte Creino and the Riva defenses against Dosso Casina and Doszo Remit, south of the depression of Loppio, conquered on Oct. 24 without shaking the resistance of our troops, which are well established in these positions.

"On the upper Cordevole and upper Reinz we continue to exert pressure on the enemy's lines. In the valley of the Pontebana torrent one of our raids reached the crest of Rauchkofel, damaging the enemy's defenses.

"Along the Isonzo front an intense artillery duel continues, while our infantry is establishing itself firmly in newly gained positions.

"We repulsed several small counter-attacks yesterday in the Plava zone and one on the Carso, taking 39 prisoners.

"Our aeroplanes on Oct. 24 effectively bombarded the enemy's troops on the Bainizza plateau and the Carso. An enemy aeroplane was put to flight by the machine gun fire of one of our aeroplanes.

"All our aeroplanes returned to our lines undamaged."

WIFE OF DISCOVERER OF KLONDIKE FIELD DEAD

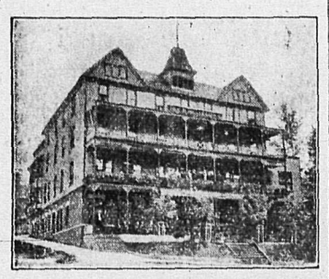
(By Daily News Leased Wire.)
VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 26.—The death occurred yesterday of Mrs. Robert Henderson, wife of the famous discoverer of the Klondike goldfields. Mrs. Henderson left Dawson over two months ago, accompanied by her daughter, Cassie, after 12 years' residence there, intending to visit her old home in Antigonish county, Nova Scotia. While in Vancouver she became ill and died yesterday. Besides her husband she leaves a daughter and three sons.

LEADING HOTELS OF THE WEST

Where the Traveling Public May Find Superior Accommodations.

THE HUME
A la Carte Table d'Hote
George Benwell, Prop.
Special Daily Lunch, 35c

HUME—Mrs. J. Sime, Mrs Anthony, Riondel; G. H. Mackenzie, Vancouver; K. Popoff, Slocan City; J. A. Rumball, Vancouver; C. Edwards, Fernie; F. Scott, Vancouver; F. R. Magginte, Coleman; John McTavish, Bull River; G. R. Leask, Cranbrook; F. W. Luttrell, Vancouver; A. J. Dunnett, Vancouver; L. P. Nelson, Winnipeg; S. H. Kerr, M. N. Kelly, William Middleton, E. H. Jett, Vancouver; T. C. Peck, Midway; L. Lester, City; J. J. Campbell, Willow Point; Miss Thompson, Balfour; S. S. Fowler, Riondel; J. E. Carter, City.



The Strathcona
James Marshall, Prop.

STRATHCONA—G. G. Fair, Salmo; T. R. Wilson, Galt; C. A. Wallace, Rossland; J. W. Gibson, Victoria; P. Andrew, W. E. Ketchum, City; A. G. Pearce, Victoria; R. G. Holmes, Denver; Howard Holmes, Taghum; A. J. Bates, Vancouver; Miss Steed, Victoria; John Danver, Julius Levy, Vancouver; A. W. Merritt, T. H. Adams and wife, Winnipeg.

Queen's Hotel
Steam Heat in Every Room.
Business Lunch, 35c
Rates: $1.50 and $2.00 a Day.

QUEENS—E. H. Smith, Mrs. Smith, Boswell; J. Paton, City; J. James, Riondel; J. Dearing, Ainsworth; W. Graham, Rossland; O. Burch, Moyie.

Madden House
E. C. CLARKE
Cor. Baker and Ward Sts., Nelson

MADDEN—A. C. O'Neill, Ymir; W. Yonyea, Elk River; A. M. Gallup, Proctor; A. M. Fletcher, Crow's Nest; P. Maguire, Slocan City.

Grand Central Hotel
OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE
American and European Plans
J. A. ERICKSON, Prop.
W. J. BRODIE, Manager.

GRAND CENTRAL—R. D. Ferguson, P. D. McKee, Elko.

Nelson House
European Plan
W. A. WARD, Proprietor
CAFE—Open Day and Night—BAR
Merchants' Lunch, 12 to 2
P. O. Box 597

[illegible] Robinson, F. W. [illegible] Oley Gordon, Grand Forks; [illegible] ghton, Spokane.

New Grand Hotel
Best Place in Town
$1.00 a Day Up.

NEW GRAND—A. W. Ahlyard, City; M. Olson, P. Peterson, F. Benorasen, Norway.

Sportsmen, arrange hunting trips with
Arrow Lakes Hotel
EDGEWOOD, B. C.
Experienced hunter guarantees to get game for every one who makes trips with him. Splendid hunting district. Write today.

Hotel Castlegar
Castlegar, B. C. W. H. Gage, Prop.
Excellent accommodation for commercial men. Boundary train leaves here 8:45 a.m. Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Trains between Nelson and Rossland stop for breakfast, lunch and dinner.

A WORD TO
The Languid, Weak, Nervous, Run-Down-in-Health Man or Woman

Your constitution is overtaxed if you do not receive complete rest and relaxation, in a short time you will become a physical wreck. Take advantage of the opportunity we offer you and let us attend to your every want, give you every care and comfort and restore to you your natural self and a life worth living.

We have the greatest health resort on the continent. Open all the year. Natural hot water, 124 degrees of heat. Natural hot water in baths.

The medicinal value of these hot water baths, etc., are beyond description. Let us convince you.

Rates: Only $2 per day and up or $12 to $15 per week.

Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium
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Absolutely New and Up-to-Date Dining Room.
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American Hotel
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One of the Best Appointed Dining Rooms in Rossland.
Traveling Men Given Best Attention
Sspecial Attention Given to Transient Guests.

SIR ROBERT BORDEN RETURNS TO CAPITAL

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Oct. 26.—Sir Robert Borden returned this evening from a trip to the maritime province, where he visited his old home at Grande Pre and addressed a number of public meetings on topics relating to the war. The premier, who is looking well after his trip, expects to be busily engaged at the capital for some time to come. It is quite probable, however, that Sir Robert will pay a visit to the west before the end of November.

Gas In The Stomach Is Dangerous

A Warning of Acid Indigestion—The Prompt Use of Magnesia Stops All Sourness and Pain.

Sufferers from indigestion or dyspepsia should remember that the presence of gas or wind in the stomach invariably indicates that the stomach is troubled by excessive acidity.

This acid causes the food to ferment and the fermenting food in turn gives rise to noxious gases which distend the stomach, hamper the normal functions of vital internal organs, cause acute headaches, interfere with the action of the heart, and charge the blood stream with deadly poisons, which in turn must ruin the health. Physicians say that to quickly dispel a dangerous accumulation of wind in the stomach and to stop the food fermentation which creates the gas, the acid in the stomach must be neutralized and that for this purpose there is nothing quite so good as a teaspoonful of pure **bisurated** magnesia taken in a little water immediately after meals. This instantly neutralizes the acid, thus stopping fermentation and the formation of gas and enables the inflamed, distended stomach to proceed with its work under natural conditions. Bisurated magnesia is obtainable in powder or tablet form from any druggist; but as there are many different forms of magnesia it is important that the **bisurated** which the physicians prescribe should be distinctly asked for.

FOOD SERVED TO SOLDIERS GOOD

Inquiry Made Into Complaints at Winnipeg—Claim As to Missing Horses Unfounded

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Oct. 26.—Sir Charles Davidson this afternoon heard it expressed as the opinion of staff officers of military district No. 10 that the food provided for soldiers in training in Winnipeg last winter was good in quality and quantity, with more variety than the troops got under the present system of provisioning by the army service corps.

To ascertain the foundation for complaints as to the food served the soldiers, John Thompson, K.C., counsel to the commission, called Lieut. George Wellsby, acting paymaster for the district, who stated that Major-Gen. Steele and Col. Ketchen had made arrangements for feeding the soldiers. No formal contracts were signed.

"Every precaution was taken by the department to see that there should be no cause for complaint," he added.

Lieut.-Col. A. G. Gray, assistant adjutant-general for the district, declared that several complaints had been received last winter from men as to the food, but on careful investigation most of them were found to be unsubstantiated. The caterers, he said, were assigned to respective battalions and received 75 cents each per man per day. Fed by the army service corps the cost was 30 to 40 cents per day.

"The caterers were kept under the thumb pretty closely," said Col. Gray.

"I think the quality of the food was good, on the whole, and there was ample of it," he said. He had heard of catering privileges being sublet but the department knew nothing of it and always dealt with the original caterers.

The early part of the session was devoted to clearing up evidence on horse deals and of several witnesses examined no one had ever paid a commission.

Reports, which Mr. Thompson said had been growing along the way, to the effect that a shortage of some 54 horses existed in shipments from the Calgary remount station, were disproved to the satisfaction of Sir Charles Davidson by the evidence of W. I. Elder, Brandon. Mr. Elder acted as remount officer in the purchase of over 2000 horses for the Canadian government and stated that he had never heard of any commissions being paid. Elder stated that Mr. Settell, private secretary to Sir Adam Beck, chief remount officer for Canada, had told him there was a shortage of 45 or 50 horses in Calgary between the number purchased and the number shipped, referring to the whole horse purchasing business in the west as a "bungle."

He said he did not thing Mr. Settell had been sufficiently accurate in his observations.

The commission adjourned for the day before 4 o'clock, and will meet again tomorrow morning, though it appeared that the business in Winnipeg was practically concluded. On the conclusion of the local hearing the commission will return to Ottawa, though it is understood that it will remain in being during the period of the war for the purpose of investigating when necessary.

TRIES TO EFFECT DVINA CROSSING

(Continued from Page One.)

tinues to grow and includes many Germans.

"West of the village of Volitza, north of Novo Alexinetc three enemy attacks were repulsed. Heaps of enemy dead cover the ground.

"Caucasus front: On Oct. 24 a Turkish detachment, profiting by the fog, crossed the river Arkhave and four times attacked one of our sectors on our front to the southeast of Khopa. All the attacks were repulsed. Our losses were insignificant.

"Southeast of Lake Tortum and the village of Keghyk there were advance guard engagements. The remainder of the front is without change."

STATE OF AFFAIRS DAMNABLE, SAYS NORRIS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Oct. 26.—"This damnable state of affairs in the matter of the west should not be allowed to remain through the meaness of the federal government," declared Hon. T. C. Norris, premier of Manitoba, who was in Toronto today on his way back to Winnipeg from Otawa. While at the capital he took occasion to tell Hon. W. T. White something about the condition of the grain market. He told Mr. White, he said, that he had better do something immediately to make wheat free.

Mr. Norris cites the tremendous importance of free wheat not only to the western growers, but to the business and wealth of the whole country.

"It means $15,000,000 to the western farmers," he declared. At that sum he was basing his argument on a 5 cent per bushel difference between the Canadian and American market prices. Quoting from figures compiled by the grain growers, he showed that for 15 years the average price in the United States has been 6 cents a bushel higher than in Canada.

KING GEORGE MEETS FRENCH CABINET MINISTERS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, Oct. 26.—President Poincare and Minister of War Millerand yesterday met King George on the Anglo-French front and reviewed the British troops. Today King George, accompanied by the Prince of Wales, returned the visit and also called on Gen. Joffre, the French commander, witnessed a march past by the French colonial troops and inspected the artillery observatories and the sites of the batteries.

President Poincare conferred the war cross on the Prince of Wales, who has been at the front since a short time after the comemncement of hostilities.

HIGH STANDARD IN CIVIC LIFE URGED

Lord Aberdeen Addresses Winnipeg Canadian Club—Distinguished Visitors Spend Busy Day.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Oct. 26.—The Marquis and Marchioness of Aberdeen had a busy time today renewing old acquaintances in Winnipeg and attending functions arranged in their honor. From 11 o'clock in the morning on their arrival, to their departure at 11:45 p.m. for the west, the distinguished visitors had not one idle moment. The marquis addressed the members of the Canadian club on the high standards that should prevail in civic and provincial life. Her ladyship spoke to the Women's Canadian club making appeal for adherence to the ideals for which the Empire is fighting.

Later the members of the council of women met their world president. The marquis was present at the meeting and spoke a few words.

In the evening the guests attended a dinner in their honor given by Lieutenant-Governor Cameron at government house. The Aberdeen party is on its way to San Francisco, where the marchioness is to give an address.

WANT GREATER PENALTY FOR ASSAULTS ON WOMEN

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Oct. 26.—Today's session of the National Council of Women's annual meeting was devoted to consideration upon the enforcement of laws and the increasing of penalties meted out to those committing assaults on women and children. Two resolutions dealing with these qeustions and providing for the memorializing of the government were passed. A third was referred back to the committee on laws for the better protection of women and children.

Three resolutions regarding objectionable advertisements, the entry of objectionable printed matter into Canada, and the sale of such publications were brought in. The first passed. The other was referred back for a report to the executive, which shall have power to act for the council of women.

It was explained that the term "objectionable publications" in this connection should be understood to include disloyal publications.

KAMLOOPS GROCER IS SUED FOR FIVE MILLION DOLLARS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 26.—William Philip, the Kamloops grocer who gave his power of attorney to the late W. R. Arnold, but who was not aware of the financial moves of the late head of the Dominion Trust company, is being sued for upward of $5,000,000 in settlements of large land deals which Arnold had under way.

EMPRESS OF JAPAN TO RESUME COMMERCIAL RUNS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 26.—The steamship Empress of Japan, now at Hongkong undergoing refit after service as an armed merchant cruiser, is expected to leave that port on Nov. 10 for Vancouver to resume its peaceful career as a transpacific liner. The big vessel was navigated from Bombay to Hongkong by Chief Officer Holland, as Capt. W. Dixon-Hopgraft has been invalided and will take a holiday.

The Japan will be commanded by Capt. Frank Davison.

PARCEL POST RATES TO YUKON FOR WINTER

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Oct. 26.—The postoffice department announces that until navigation on the Yukon river is resumed in the spring the parcel post rate between all points in Canada and the Yukon, other than White Horse, Robinson station and Carcross will be 12 cents per pound.

SERBS CANNOT LONG WITHSTAND PRESSURE

(Continued from Page One.)

habit of amateur strategists to impose their plans upon the professional advisers of the government.

With the present government, the marquis continued, it was unlikely that anything of the kind could occur. Earl Kitchener was present at every cabinet meeting and it was impossible to suppose that he would allow himself to be deflected from his course by the pressure of his civilian colleagues.

Apart from that, the speaker added, the procedure by the committee and the councils had given a far greater opportunity to the military and naval experts to assert themselves and make their views known. The cabinet, as a whole, considered both naval and military and political aspects of the case, so the ministers and their advisers took account of both sides of the problem, but whatever particular views were given by the military and naval advisers the ultimate responsibility for a decision on them must rest on the government. As to the Saloniki expedition the marquis said:

Is Not Apprehensive.

"I cannot enter into the apprehensions which possess Lord Loreburn. I can quite understand, having before him our commitment in the western theatre of the war, the position in which we find ourselves on the Gallipoli peninsula, and our interests in Egypt and the other possessions of the Empire, which should be borne in mind, it is profoundly distasteful to him that the matter should be complicated by our entering into new entanglements in the new sphere of the war."

Earl Loreburn, in replying, said: "I did not say that What I asked was if you had naval and military opinion to justify you in your decision."

The Marquis—I quite understand that Earl Loreburn should dislike the idea of what might be described as this further effort on our part when we are making so many efforts in different parts of the world.

"Under what circumstances has a British force been sent to Saloniki? I should like to recall the position in the month of September. The central powers had made no progress in the western theatre for a long time. They had been successfully attacked and pushed back at several points. On the Russian front their advance, overwhelming at first, had received a serious check. The Italians were pressing their offensive and in the minor theatres of war—Mesopatamia, for example—success was resting with our arms.

Germany Sought New Battlefield.

"That being the situation, the central powers naturally looked about to discover some new direction in which to seek for a decision satisfactory to themselves. Their choice fell, as it was not unlikely to fall, on a great attempt to make good in southeastern Europe and through Bulgaria to threaten our forces in Gallipoli and Constantinople and perhaps Egypt, to say nothing of the vaster aspirations which perhaps lay behind.

"That great project became doubly attractive from the moment when, most unfortunately Bulgaria threw its influence on their side. There was one obstacle and only one to that project. The key of the situation lay in the eastern corner of Servia.

"We found Servia threatened by a formidable concentration of troops and I cannot help here paying tribute to the wonderful gallantry with which Servia withstood two separate invasions and its struggles against a third. It will afford one of the most glorious chapters of this great war.

Greece Asked Support.

"Under these circumstances Servia made a direct appeal to us for help. But it was not only Servia that invoked our cooperation

"Servia was bound to Greece by geographical propinquity, by common interests in this war and by treaty obligations. Moreover it was only through Grecian territory that help could possibly reach Servia and it was only by the use of a great force that a base could be provided for it. In this circumstance the good will of Greece was of first importance to us and we had at that time every reason to feel assured we had that good will.

"Veniezlos was still in power and at his instance we undertook to provide a force for the purpose of enabling Greece to fulfil its treaty obligations to Servia. It was under such circumstances that we sent such troops as were available to Saloniki. It was a small force because only a small force could be collected at the time.

With Military Sanction.

"The French government, on its side despatched a force which is now on the spot and which apparently at this moment is engaged with the Bulgarians on the eastern frontier of Servia. At the same time a larger force was prepared for service in southeastern Europe and transports were taken out for the purpose of conveying it to its destination.

"I suggest that these steps—incomplete, no doubt— were taken with great promptitude and they were the only ones which could be taken to relieve the position of Servia. They were taken after full deliberation with the naval and military advisers.

"The British force at Saloniki, 13,000 in round numbers, may be regarded as the precursor of a larger force which has been put under orders. At the same time the use to which that force will be put must depend on the situation when it arrives at the scene.

"Events moved rapidly in that part of the world. There wave been two recent developments which profoundly affect th military and political situation. The first was the deliberate decision of the Greek government that its treaty engagements did not require it to go to the rescue of Servia in the present momentous crisis and the other is the progress of the campaign in northern Servia."

Lord Lansdowne, after giving some details of the position of the Servian armies, expressed his opinion as to the outlook for Servia, as quoted in the despatch. Continuing, he said:

Allies Are of One Mind.

"The military plans must depend upon the military situation when the reinforcements arrive and upon this point the allies are of one mind. The military and naval advisers of Great Britain and France will consult and until these consultations are concluded I cannot say for what purpose the British force will be used.

"Discussions are now proceeding and Gen. Monro, who arrived in that part of the world today, has been instructed to report as soon as possible his opinion of all the espects of the case.

"Lord Loreburn need have no apprehensions in this or any other matter of the kind that the government is likely to be led into precipitate action owing to some hurried impulse or some vague sentiment to achieve its objects. At every step the government will take the best military and naval advice obtainable and that advice will have reference not only to the new enterprise, but to all subsidiary questions with regard to safeguarding communications and the supply of men and material."

To Counter Teuton Move.

Lord Lansdowne said that an endeavor would be made to use the present force at Saloniki to counter the movements of the central powers to cross Blugaria, but the precise method of countering and attack must obviously be left for further careful consideration.

The Earl of Cromer, who was for many years plenipotentiary and consul-general at Cairo added his voice to that of Earl Loreburn for some information. He suggested that the government make some statement showing at all events, what he believed to be the case—that the centre of gravity of the war had been transferred from the west to the east and give some general indication of how it intended to meet the situation.

"Lord Kitchener," said Lord Cromer, "had been surely parsimonious in utterances in the house of lords speaking candidly his statements never contained much more than had already been read in the dailies. We want something which show that there is a real grasp of situation and to be told, in general line, what is to be done about it."

The Earl of Cromer disassociated himself from those who wished change in the government, but strongly advocated a smaller cabinet.

Lord Loreburn, who expressed satisfaction with the Marquis of Lansdowne's answer, supported, as did other members, the suggestion of a smaller executive and in reply Viscount said that Premier Asquith had the matter under consideration. Lord Lansdowne said that he personally favored a change.

The Fur Season

OPENING FINDS US SUPPLIED WITH A PARTICULARLY CHOICE COLLECTION OF THE SEASON'S NEW FUR STYLES.

The demand for Furs promises to be heavy and the season's catch was small. Animal Throws will be strong favorites.

WE ARE SHOWING
Mink Sets, which are always popular,
Red and Black Fox Sets of exceptional value.
Black Wolf Throws and Muffs.
Mink Marmot Muffs and Stoles.
Black Belgian Hare, White Thibet Sets etc., etc.

You Are Invited to Inspect Our Stock Now While the Selection Is Complete

Dress Goods

The heavy sale of our New Shipment of Dress Goods indicates that the public fully realize the great scarcity of these goods and the high prices of all woollens that is upon us. Shrewd buyers will not hesitate to supply their wants now.

THE PRIESTLEY BRAND IS YOUR GUARANTEE OF QUALITY

Smillie & Weir

LADIES' WEAR SPECIALISTS

AT THE THEATRES

"Enoch Arden," the famous Masterpicture in four parts is shown at the Starland theatre today and tomorrow afternoon and evening. This beautiful picture is based on Lord Alfred Tennyson's poem, "Enoch Arden" and is considered one of the Masterpictures yet produced. Throughout the whole play the exceptional acting of the remarkable cast used in the picture holds an audience spellbound. Lillian Gish, the beautiful young actress who up to a short time ago was under the direction of D. W. Griffith, produced "The Birth of a Nation" plays one of the leading roles with Annie Lee. Alfred Paget plays Enoch Arden and Wallace Reid impersonates Philip Ray.

We Are Selling Out the Stock of the B. C. Hardware Co.--In Liquidation

THIS IS ONE OF THE LARGEST STOCKS OF HARDWARE IN WESTERN CANADA. IN ORDER TO SELL THIS ENORMOUS STOCK AT RETAIL WE HAVE HAD TO CUT THE PRICES FAR BELOW WHAT IT COST TO MANUFACTURE THE GOODS, BUT EVERY ARTICLE MUST BE SOLD, AT SOME PRICE, TO SOME ONE. IF YOU ARE GOING TO BUILD OR REMODEL YOUR HOUSE, YOU CAN PAY THE FREIGHT FROM VICTORIA AND STILL SAVE ABOUT HALF.

Inside Lock Sets, solid brass, very neat design; have always sold for $2.00, now.....**98c**

Same design, in steel, brass plated, regular $1.00; for.....**40c**

Front Door Set, with night latch attachment, solid brass (to match inside door sets) regular $4.00 sellers, for.....**$2.15**

Casement Adjusters, in the same finish, regular 40c, for.....**20c**

Loose Pin Butts, to match either copper or brass sets, regular 25c and 35c sellers, now.....**14c**

Chain Bolts, regular 75c, now..**38c**

Foot Bolts, regular 75c, now...**38c**

Cartland's Fanlight Opener, regular $1.25, now.....**67c**

Ball Tipped Steel Butts, 3 1-2 in., regular 25c pair, now.....**11c**

Square Tower Bolts, 12 in., regular 50c, now.....**28c**

Square Tower Bolts, regular 40c, now.....**23c**

Barrell Bolts, brass, regular 50c, now.....**28c**

Barrell Bolts, brass, regular 45c, now.....**25c**

Screen Door Catches, regular 25c, now.....**14c**

Sash Lifts, regular, dozen, 30c, now.....**17c**

Door Stops, regular, dozen, 30c, now.....**12c**

Cupboard Turns, reg. 15c, now **8c**

Cupboard Catches, reg. 10c now **6c**

Cellar Window Sets, regular 25c, now.....**14c**

THOUSANDS OF OTHER LINES INCLUDED IN THIS STOCK. ASK US FOR QUOTATIONS. CASH MUST ACCOMPANY THE ORDER.

OUR GUARANTEE: Anything you order and find not satisfactory, return at our expense and we will cheerfully refund your money

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News of Sport

QUINN SILENT AS TO HOCKEY WAR

President of Eastern Association Will Not Discuss Patrick Declaration Until Meeting Held

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Oct. 26.—Although official confirmation reached the National Hockey association today from the Pacific Coast Hockey association that the "peace agreement" of four years ago between the two organizations is to be disregarded this season by the coast organization, nothing could be learned tonight of the course of action to be followed by the National Hockey association in view of the threat of President Patrick to raid the eastern clubs for players.

President Quinn of the National Hockey association refuses to discuss the matter pending a meeting of the association, which will be held shortly.

TED LEWIS DEFEATS MANDOT AT BOSTON

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 26.—Ted Lewis, English lightweight, was given the decision over Joe Mandot of New Orleans by a wide margin in a 12-round bout tonight. Mandot put up a game exhibition but was knocked down for the count of nine in the first round and was floored again in the tenth and last rounds.

OFFERS CUP TO SUPPLANT MANN LACROSSE TROPHY

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Oct. 26.—Joe Lally can withdraw the Mann cup from competition if he likes and the Canadian Lacrosse association will not worry in the least. Tom Boyd, president of the A. A. U. of C., and a prominetn member of the N. L. A., has come to the scene by securing a trophy to supplant the Mann cup if necessary. D. R. Dingwall, Limited, of Winnipeg, has promised Mr. Boyd a cup to represent the amateur lacrosse championship of Canada. The cup will be a work of art and will cost $1000, making one of the finest cups now open for competition in Canada.

Mr. Boyd has sent a letter from the Dingwall company to Rev. A. E. Haydn of Saskatoon, president of the C. A. L. A. and if approved by that body it will forever set at rest the lacrosse controversy regarding the championship trophy as that body can say who and when it shall be played for and name all conditions.

RITCHIE OUTPOINTED.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Johnny Dundee of New York outpointed Willie Ritchie, lightweight champion, in a 10-round bout at Madson Square Garden here tonight.

HAMILTON MAY JOIN EASTERN HOCKEY LEAGUE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

HAMILTON, Ont., Oct. 26.—Hamilton may have a National Hockey association franchise this coming winter. Toronto magnates have discovered that Toronto cannot support two professional teams, it is said, and there is a possibility that one of the two, probably the Shamrocks, will be secured by local promoters who are investigating the prospect.

With the enlarged seating accommodation at Britannia rink it is felt that professional hockey here would pay.

FRANK PATRICK WILL RETURN CUP, IF ASKED

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 26.—Before departing for Seattle last night President Patrick of the P. C. H. A. authorized the statement that he will acquaint the Stanley cup trustees with all the facts concerning the east vs. west situation and will offer to return the trophy to the trustees or defend it on the coast as the board advises.

SPORTING NOTES

Chicago has dropped its claim on "Jack" Ward.

Mike Murphy, the eastern rugby star, injured at Toronto, is recovering nicely.

Portland will be minus Art Throop this season.

Roughhouse Burns was again beaten yesterday by Anderson. The former champion is rapidly slipping down hill.

Seattle has only signed one hockey player to date, Barney Stanley. Bobby Rowe, however, is booked for the new septet.

Herbert Gonge will once more be with the Victoria septet. This boy is in good shape this year and should prove a star.

Rixey, Eppa Jeptha Jr., the leading left hand pitcher on the Phillies, was born 24 years ago and still makes his home in Culpepper Court House, Va. He is a graduate of the University of Virginia, where he received his early baseball training. He was recommended to the Phillies by "Bill" Rigler, the umpire and was signed in 1912 while still a student at Virginia. He is 6 feet 3 inches tall and is a strong exponent of curve ball pitching and one of the best men on the staff. Moran will depend a lot on what Rixey can do.

DARK PASTS OF SERIES STALWARTS

Biographical Sketches of Famed Baseball Stars Who Played in Big Games.

Mays, Carl, the final member of what is probably the most capable pitching staff ever gotten together was born in Portland Ore. 23 years ago. He came to the Red Sox last year from the Providence club of the International league. He is a right-hander and although a youngster has convinced Carrigan and others that he is the coming sensation of the league.

Paskert George (Dode) centre fielder of the Phillies and one of the speediest fly chasers in any league was born in Cleveland, Aug. 28, 1886. He was always an outfielder although he has been used at first base occasionally during his long career. He started playing professional baseball at Dayton, O., in 1904 and crept into the major league through Cincinnati in 1907. Paskert figured largely in the big deal which Clarke Griffith pulled off while manager of the Reds which sent a flock of Reds to the Phillies. He has been with the Phillies ever since. He bats and throws right handed and is not a novice at any part of the game. He probably is the best baserunner of the Phillies.

Ruth, George (Babe) who has just arrived at the voting age, was born in Baltimore and first attracted attention as a pitcher for St. Mary's industrial school of that city when in a no hit game he struck out 18 men. He was taken under the wing of Jack Dunn, the manager of the Orioles, who obtained papers as Ruth's guardian, and played the young fellow on the club. In Ruth's first year out he pitched against and defeated the Phillies twice, the Athletics once and the Dodgers and Braves. He was sold by Dunn to the Red Sox with Shore for $30,000 and not once has Joseph L. Lannin, who paid the price, been sorry for his investment. Ruth went to the Red Sox last year but was farmed to Providence but returned this year in time to win enough games for the Red Sox to keep them in the race. Ruth also is a hitter of no mean ability. He is a left hand boxman and also has ability in his position.

Thomas, D. Chester, who warms up the pitchers, catches when Cady and Carrigan are overworked and pinch hits with a timely punch, was born in Sharon, Kan., 26 years ago. He is a right hand thrower and a left hand swatter and does both with equal excellence. His minor league experience is obscure, but he joined the Red Sox in 1914, and so impressed Carrigan with his work that he was signed for two years.

Shore, Ernest G (Long) just 24 years young and as care free as any youngster of that age is, figuratively speaking, a novice in baseball, but only figuratively; as seven clubs will attest. He learned his pitching feats at Guilford college of Fayetteville, N.C., and made Harvard, Yale and others so blue that John McGraw tried him out in 1912 but decided he was to long for the job, or something to that effect, for at any rate he was sent to Baltimore of he Inernaional league. He was purchased from that club last year when Jack Dunn decided to show Connie Mack a trick of breaking up a ball team and since then Boston has been winning.

Scott, Everett, who usurped the shortstop position from Wagner and has carried his brilliance into the realms of the spectacular for the Red Sox this year, was born in Bluffton, Ind., 22 years ago. He played semi-professional ball until attracted by Boston scouts in 1913, when he was induced to sign with the majors. He was too light for the work or thought so, and was sent to St. Paul for seasoning, being recalled last year. He has played regularly all season and is considered one of the best shortstops in the American league. He is not a great hitter but manages to place a hit into the game when most needed.

Speaker, Tristram (Tris) one of baseball's greatest as well as highest salaried outfielders and now centrefielder of the Red Sox, was born in Hubbard City, Texas, Aug. 24, 1888. His first professional engagement was with Cleburne of the North Texas league in 1906, and his first major league assignment came in Boston, Labor day, 1908. Although Speaker now throws left handed he was naturally right handed. An accident horseback riding when he was 10 years old injured his right hand and he was forced to teach his left to act. He played baseball as a boy in school and seems always to have been in the game. Except the first season with Boston Speaker has always batted about .300, his best work being in 1912 when he hit .383. He is considered the mainstay of the Red Sox defensively and offensively.

Weiser, Harry (Bud) recruit infielder outfielder and pinch hitter, besides being all around efficiency man of the Phillies, is the only Pennsylvania man on the club, having been born in Harrisburg, 23 years ago. He obtained his early training at Charlotte in the Carolina league, where he led in batting last year. He, besides Bancroft, is the only recruit kept by Moran this year and bids fair to have a regular job next season.

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If you want your Suit Thoroughly Dry Cleaned;
If you want Any Garment Dyed to suit you;
If you want any Alteration done to your satisfaction;
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JEALOUSY AFTER VICTORY CAUSED WAR IN BALKANS

In Possession of Turkey for Five Centuries, Cities Fall to Balkan Allies

(By George B. Catlin.)

In the Balkan war of 1912 Montenegro began her part of the war on Oct. 8 and her operations were chiefly in the vicinity of Scutari. The Servians took the field and assumed the offensive in a savage battle which raged all day at Kumanove. At night they took possession of the town, capturing 12 guns and a large quantity of supplies. They were surprised to hear most of the commands in the Turkish army shouted in German. In eight days the Servians followed up their success so brilliantly that they were in possession of Uskub, which they did not expect to reach for eight weeks at least. They fought with French equipment against the German equipment of the Turks.

From Uskub they drove the Turks to Kuprili and then toward Tetovo and Gostivar while their third army pressed southward toward Durazzo, which it reached after crossing mountainous country of great difficulties. Their main body of troops hastened to assist the Bulgarians before Adrianople and another division assisted the Montenegrins before Scutari.

Attack Turkish Force

The Greek army commanded by Prince Constantine, attacked a Turkish force of 30,000 men, under Hassan Taksin at Sarandoporo, Oct. 21, and scattered them in a demoralized condition. The Turks fled northward, leaving behind 2,000,000 rounds of ammunition, four siege guns, four field batteries and most of their blankets and overcoats. Another Greek force defeated the Turks at Deskati. A third battle occurred again after a fierce resistance. Their artillery fire was badly directed while that of the Greeks cut them to pieces. By this time 60,000 Turkish troops had bee disposed of by the Greeks and 37,000 were prisoners besides 106 field guns, 75,000 rifles and large quantities of ammunition and supplies. On Nov. 8 Saloniki surrendered to the Greeks, after being in possession of the Turks since 1430.

Jealousy Aroused in Balkans

But the enthusiasm of success was soon to give way to jealousies among the victorious Balkan allies. Two days after the surender of Saloniki, 16,000 Bulgarian troops arrived before the city. They were given permission to send in two battalions but they sent in a whole division. Their commander then wired Czar Ferdinand congratulating him on the Bulgarian occupation of Saloniki, and Greeks and Bulgars became involved in bickerings and offensive bragging as to their respective abilities as soldiers. At the same time the relations between the Greeks and Serbs were of the most friendly nature. Outside intrigue was busy exciting suspicion between Greek and Bulgar and trouble was in the air.

A company of 80 Greeks was sent to occupy Demir Hissar but found it in the hands of the Bulgarians. The Greeks were received in friendly fashion, but as soon as they were off their guard they were seized and sent back to Saloniki under escort that amounted to an arrest. It was reported about that the Bulgarians entered a church in Ligovani and ordered the priest to omit the name of the Greek king in his prayers and pray only for Czar Ferdinand. A Bulgarian leader named Dumboulakoff was charged with taking a number of Moslem residents of Ligovani outside the village and having them shot down despite the protests of the Greek authorities. These are but examples of the many incidents foreshadowing a rupture between the allies for it was evident that the Bulgarians had determined to claim Saloniki for themselves. In March, 1913, the Greek garrison in possession of Nigrita, 33 miles north of Saloniki, saw a Bulgarian column approaching. Admission was asked for and refused by the Greeks, whereupon the Bulgarian commander sent word that unless they were admitted the place would be bombarded in 48 hours. But instead of waiting the appointed time fire was opened on the Greeks in 24 hours and the place was surrendered.

The Struggle for Adrianople

Meanwhile the struggle for possession of Adrianople went on. The Bulgarian army before the town was reinforced by 35,000 Serbs, who took position on the northwestern sector of the besieging lines. The Bulgarian government and Czar Ferdinand were not in favor of an assault, believing that the place could be taken by mere investment, but the generals held that if they did not assault, their courage and military ability would be questioned, so the assault was ordered for March 24. All the sectors were heavily bombarded from 2 in the afternoon until 8 in the evening and the second army was directed to carry the outlying positions on the eastern sector. At 1 o'clock in the morning of March 25 the investing armies made an assault on all sides and at 3:30 those on the east charged with the bayonet and drive the Turks from the Maslak fort and entrenchments.

Although the Turks kept up a furious cannonade all the outer defenses on the east side were in the hands of the Bulgarians by daybreak. The 50th regiment penetrated the outer defenses on the south. The 20th Servian occupied the hill to the northwest of Kadinkeui and the left wing of the Servian Timok division captured Ekmektchikeui. The Serb Danube division attacked Papastepe. The losses in these assaults were frightful for there was not only the bombardment to face but huge mines of explosives almost annihilated some of the regiments. The inner forts increased their fire and the besiegers' batteries replied, but there was no hope of success except by overwhelming the defenders of the forts with shell fire. This was a slow process and the weather was terribly severe.

Heavy batteries of siege guns were hidden behind the ridge north of the city, but the ammunition supply became a serious problem. Snow lay six feet deep in the Bulgarian trenches, the railroad was out of operation and ammunition for the big guns had to be hauled by ox teams in clumsy carts. Six shells constituted a load. During the biting weather of February and March the beseigers suffered severely but they kept under cover as much as possible while ammunition accumulated and the Turkish batteries never succeeded in discovering their shelters. The principal outlying forts were Alvas Baba, Hadjioglu, Kestanlik, Kurucheshme, Yildiz, Topyolu and Kaskas.

The Taking of Alvas Baba

On the morning of March 25 troops on the eastern sector, covered by heavy artillery fire, reached a point where a thousand Turks had been spending the night within 300 yards of one of the forts and took them by surprise. The cannonade continued following night a heavy body of in-all day to cover these troops and the fantry went forward to attack Fort Alvas Baba. At four in the morning they reached the wire entanglements and began cutting them away while the Turkish batteries mowed them down. There was no time for wire cutting then so the assaulting troops covered the barbed wire with their overcoats and began to swarm over while their own batteries played on the fort a concentrated fire. After an hour of desperate fighting with fearful slaughter they carried the ramparts with a rush and the key to Adrianople was in their hands. They found Alvas Baba a fort in name only for it was a poor defense. It had kept up an appearance of great strength by rapidly shifting its limited number of guns to whatever side was attacked. Had the Bulgarians known the conditions they could have carried the place months before.

Shukri Pasha was taken prisoner by the 20th Servian regiment, which penetrated his headquarters at Yilderim in the middle of the afternoon. The Serbs are a peasant race and are supposed to be lacking in polish, but the conduct of Major Gavrilovitch as he entered the pasha's headquarters was the very essence of courtesy. Instead of curtly informing him that he was a prisoner he announced: Excellency, Milovan Gavrilovitch has the honor to inform you that you are under the protection of the Servian army."

The Fall of Adrianople

The pasha was also equal to the occasion, for while his voice trembled with excitement, he replied: "I knew before that the Servians are chivalrous, brave people. During the campaign I have learned it personally. Your soldiers of the Bulgarian and Servian army are brave men and deserve victory." So fell Adrianople, after 552 years of possesion by the Turks.

At Tchataldja the Turks made their best showing, for in spite of hard fighting, from March 25 until March 31 the Bulgarians failed to pierce their lines. On March 31 the ambassadors of the great powers at Constantinople sent a collective note to the sultan in which they communicated proposals for peace in accordance with a plan prepared by a conference in London which had already been submitted to the Balkan allies. Turkey accepted without alteration. She placed herself unreservedly in the hands of her friends for the establishment of peace. Bulgaria concluded an armistice with Turkey on April 16 and Greece and Servia did likewise and the first Balkan war was at an end.

All the world has been puzzled by the remarkable inefficiency shown by such determined fighters as the Turks in the first Balkan war and their return to their best fighting form since fighting began at the Dardanelles. Several good reasons are apparent. The army, which fought in defense of Adrianople was very poorly equipped and unable to develop its full strength on that account. In that army were many Christian subjects who had no heart in the defense of Turkey and who took advantage of every opportunity to shirk and to go to the rear or desert.

Turks Are Fatalists

The Turk is not lacking in steadfast courage, but he is a fatalist. If he has confidence in his commanders and a firm belief in his cause he is a stubborn opponent and must be hammered into helplessness before he will surrender. On the other hand, if he looks upon his cause as doomed to failure he becomes sullen and indifferent. In all their retreats before the Balkan allies the Turks scorned to show haste. They slouched away grumbling and angry, but never in a state of nervous agitation such as often possesses an army in retreat.

Their recovery of Adrianople helped to restore confidence in the minds of the Turks. Their patriotism and their religious zeal have been fired for the Dardanelles defense and their morality fully restored. Christian conscripts who would desert at the first opportunity in open country have no opportunity on the narrow Gallipoli strip. They have no choice but to fight, for once in the trenches they have no chance to escape except by being wounded and sent to the rear hospitals.

SENTIMENT BULLISH ON TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Oct. 26.—There was some activity on the local stock exchange today and sentiment was bullish. In some cases the shorts covered, causing good rallies, but prices eased off later. The total business, exclusive of mines, amounted to 4583 shares.

Brazilian and Cement constituted the greatest attractions. The former sold up to 56, closing at 55¼ and Cement made a new high record at 38¼, closing at 37¼.

Steel of Canada was also active, rising at 36 and finishing at 37⅞. Dominion Steel was quiet but firmer, closing at 48¼. Canadian Pacific was higher at 173⅝ bid, but without transactions. General Electric was strong, closing at 122, or a net gain of 3 points for the day.

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The Daily News

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TUESDAY, OCT. 26, 1915.

NO PEACE UNTIL GERMANY HAS BEEN CRUSHED

Once again come rumors that Germany is prepared to make peace—upon its own terms, of course. It is reported that an offer will soon be made through King Alphonso of Spain and President Wilson.

Peace proposals are premature, unless Germany is willing to submit to the allies' terms. While Berlin probably is able to foresee Germany's inevitable defeat at the hands of the entente powers there is no reason to suppose that the enemy is yet willing to accept terms which would ensure the safety of the world from the menace which Great Britain and its allies are determined to destroy.

The entente powers dare not, if they would, accept an inconclusive peace. An inconclusive peace would be a defeat. For that reason discussion of terms until the enemy has been crushed is waste of time. Hundreds of thousands of new recruits, hundreds of millions of dollars must yet be expended before the allies can win complete victory. The people of the Empire, of France, of Russia, of Italy and of the other ally nations understand that and are willing to pay the price.

GREAT BRITAIN'S EXCESS OF IMPORTS OVER EXPORTS

Great Britain's enormous excess of imports over exports which has brought about the depreciation in sterling exchange is shown by statistics which have been placed before the house of commons. From January to August, 1913, the excess, exclusive of gold, was £72,000,000; for the same period in 1914 it was £81,000,000 and this year it has risen to £254,000,000, more than £170,000,000 greater than in 1914.

In pre-war times the excess of imports has been liquidated by remittances of interest on foreign investments, by ocean freight earnings in excess of disbursements abroad and by services rendered, largely in connection with financial exchanges, by Great Britain to other countries. Not only have these factors offset the adverse trade balance but they have provided a surplus for investment outside the United Kingdom.

One favorable point in connection with the adverse trade balance is often overlooked. In the published figures exports are stated at f.o.b. prices and imports at delivered prices, including ocean freight. As freights both outward and inward are largely earned by British ships there is a large surplus of freight earnings which is a set-off against the excess of importations. Freight earnings since the war started have been exceptionally large on account of the enhanced charges.

WILL TEUTONS SOON RUN SHORT OF MEN?

Hilaire Belloc asserts that it is a mathematical impossibility for Germany and Austria to maintain their supply of effective fighting men for three months longer.

If that calculation is correct, about the beginning of the year the central empires will be forced to shorten their lines or to attempt to hold them with weakened forces and without effective reserves with which to replace wastage.

Either course, if this condition of shortage of men existed, would probably be prolific of disaster. If the Germans drew in their lines upon either end of their western front they will expose themselves to flank attacks. In the east the position would be even more dangerous. The Germans could shorten their front by effecting a retirement to their own borders but not without lengthening the expanse of Austrian territory open to attack by the Russians. In the Balkans the position would depend upon the events of the coming few weeks. If the Teuton plans in that arena fail the situation of the central powers, assuming Mr. Belloc's statement to be wellfounded, would next January be extremely critical.

DEMOCRACY AND DIVINE RIGHT IN GREECE

The thinking men of Greece must be asking themselves if their country is to be governed by the people or by an absolute monarchy. They have seen a cabinet, supported by a strong majority of representatives of the people, rudely thrown out of power and replaced by a cabinet which answers to the whip of a king who believes in his personal right to place his army and his country upon the auction block before which the entente and central powers are the bidders—and who reserves the right to reject any bid.

They have before them the spectacle of a king who has deliberately flouted the expressed desires of his people and who is suspected with good reason of having made a private bargain with Kaiser Wilhelm the Second, "protector of the Turk" and "friend of the Mohammedans."

Will the Greeks allow their loyalty to Constantine to overcome their loyalty to democracy and the freedom for which they have fought and bled in countless centuries past? Will they allow the assumption by their king of the divine right to do wrong to carry their country through the war as a passive ally of the Turk they hate?

A typhoon has partly wiped out the town of Tobacco, says a despatch from Havana. The Ontario W. C. T. U. should rejoice.

The announcement in the house of lords that only 13,000 British troops have been landed at Saloniki indicates that it is at some other point that the chief blow is to be struck at the Bulgarians.

The Teuton and Bulgarian forces at one point are separated by only 20 miles of Servian territory. It is unwise to be too optimistic but 20 miles through a mountainous country like Servia is a long distance for an army to travel.

Greece having failed to accept the British offer which included the cession of Cyprus, the offer has been withdrawn. Possibly Germany counter-offered the continent of Asia, or Africa, or North America for continued neutrality.

Is it the plan of Bulgaria to double-cross Germany and seize Constantinople? The suggestion is made by Hilaire Belloc. A parallel question is: Has not Germany double-crossed Turkey by promising to deliver Constantinople to Czar Ferdinand?

The position as to peace is this: Germany is willing to make peace on its own terms and the entente allies will make peace on their terms. Between these sets of terms is a great gulf which can only be bridged by the complete defeat of Germany, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria.

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING

Democracy's Crisis.

It cannot be repeated too often that democracy is fighting for its very existence in this struggle. Its most dangerous foe is not the open enemy in the field, but those besetting sins within against which democracy always needs to be on its guard—impatience, suspiciousness, and the habit of clinging to old prejudices when the whole universe is shaking and cracking around it.—London Daily Telegraph.

A Worthier Empire.

The die was cast a year ago. Neither the nation nor the Empire regrets it, as Sir Robert Borden declared in words of eloquence and significance. As a new year of war opens, we can already see on the horizon the unmistakable signs of approaching deliverance from a carefully organized conspiracy against civilization and all its represents for the human family. We also realize in the words of the Canadian prime minister, that the Empire is better worth living for and better worth dying for than it was a year ago.—London Daily Telegraph.

A Sofia Statue.

What is to become of the great equestrian statue of Alexander II. of Russia ond the public square before the parliament buildings at Sofia? This magnificent memorial to the czar-liberator is the most pretentious work of art in Bulgaria and was a recognition of the debt of gratitude that the Bulgars owed Russia for freeing them from the Turkish yoke. With Bulgaria in war partnership with her ancient oppressor and enemy it may be the irony of fate that the great bronze will be recast into bullets and used against her once "beloved liberator."—New York Sun.

The Roman Roads.

"When the Romans made a road," Macaulay wrote, "they made it for all time." Their roads still stand in Britain as elsewhere throughout the extent of the organized regions of the Roman empire.

The Roman roads are remarkable for preserving a straight line from point to point, regardless of obstacles around which the road-makers might easily have gone.

Also there was no scimped work on the Roman roads—no mortar, for example, overloaded with sand and gravel and with less cement than the specifications called for. And there was no phantom caisson construction.—Winnipeg Press Press.

French Influence in Syria.

Syria is especially, so to say, saturated with French ideas. All educated Syrians, whether they be Mussulmans or Christians, speak and think in French. The French monks and nuns in the Levant, whose teaching has always been proudly Christian and openly French, have done more than all the French ambassadors and consuls to further the interests of their country in that region. According to the last statistics the number of their pupils in the whole of the Levant was 108,112, in 1912, and in that total Syria Syria figured for 40,099. The importance of their higher educational establishments can be judged by the fact that the University of St. Joseph and the faculty of medicine at Beyrout, closed by the Turkish authorities immediately after the porte had declared war on the allies, contained about 1000 pupils.—J. E. Farman in The Contemporary.

COMMUNICATIONS

WRITE CONCERNING TRANSFER CHARGES

To the Editor of The Daily News:

Sir,—In your issue of today's date we observe that at the instance of the board of trade of Nelson the council are interesting themselves with reference to passenger and baggage rates within the city.

One of the aldermen makes the statement that three passengers were each charged 50 cents and 25 cents for their baggage from the Hume to the depot. As our firm was employed by the committee of Nelson citizens to transfer the baggage of the Spokane mining men from and to the trains and boats while they were guests of the city, we most emphatically state that we received no pay for any of this work from anyone with the exception of Mr. Sutherland, the secretary of the committee in charge.

But Mr. Horswill has evidently only been partially informed on a certain matter about which possibly we could enlighten him should he so desire.

This matter has evidently been brought up by him at random. Could Mr. Horswill give us the names of the men who were overcharged, and is he quite sure that the automobile in which they were conveyed made the trip only from the Hume to the depot: or is he aware that the car was hired at 6:40 until 7:35 and that the first call was not at the Hume hotel?

With reference to the charge mentioned by Mr. Walker in his letter to the board of trade, we accept all responsibility, as our charge for moving a trunk within the city is 50 cents and 'bus fare, including all hand baggage is 25 cents, so that we fail to see where Mr. Walker has been overcharged as he had both these services. Our baggage wagon conveyed his trunk to the depot and also our 'bus conveyed him together with his hand baggage from the Hume hotel to the station. We might mention that these charges are similar to rates in any city in Canada for this work.

It is the attention that the board of trade give to these petty matters that has made the Nelson board of trade the laughing stock of the community. If they would devote more time to really important matters they would have more influence for the district's welfare.

In conclusion we wish to state that our policy for the past 15 years that we have been in business in Nelson has been to give the best possible service at the lowest rates for which our work can be done and we defy any one to cite on authentic instance where we have knowingly made any overcharge for our work.

We trust, Mr. Editor, that you will allow space in your paper for the publication of above, and thank you in advance,

NELSON TRANSFER CO., LTD.
George Ferguson, President.
D. G. Kurtz, Secretary.
Nelson, B. C., Oct. 26.

HOTELS DO NOT FIX TRANSFER CHARGES

To the Editor of The Daily News:

Sir,—In reference to your report in today's issue of The Daily News regarding the proposed regulation by the city council of transfer charges, we notice that the two specific cases of alleged overcharge brought to their notice are referred to as being from the Hume hotel to the Canadian Pacific depot, and inasmuch as this is apt to be misleading to the traveling public and give them the erroneous impression that these charges were made by the hotel, we will esteem it a favor if you will give publicity to the fact that the hotels of this city have absolutely no control over the amount charged by the transfer companies for their services in carrying passengers and baggage, such companies acting quite independently of the hotels.

Thank you in anticipation of the insertion of this letter of explanation,

HUME HOTEL.
Nelson, B. C., Oct. 26.

WAR ELECTIONS.

All the self-governing dominions except Canada have had general elections since the war began. These contests have not affected the attitude of the states toward the war. In New Zealand the ministry came near defeat. The opposition was led by one of the strongest imperialists in the Dominion. Parties came out of the struggle about even. The previous ministry continued administration for a time and then invited opposition leaders to form a coalition, which was done. In Australia the ministry which was in a minority in one elected chamber and had a majority of one in the other, appealed to the country and was defeated. The new ministry has carried on the policy of the late administration. Premier Botha of South Africa has been handsomely sustained. In all these portions of the oversea empire it has been proved that the people are behind the governments in their participation in the war.—Vancouver News-Advertiser.

COLD STORAGE

Things to worry about: The world's coal supply is only sufficient to last another million years.

"Why are you offering such a thundering big reward for the return of that half starved looking animal?"

"Simply to please my wife."

"Goodness, but such a reward will surely bring it back and then you won't half look sick."

"But you see I know it won't. I drowned it myself."

"Did your rich father-in-law give you the house to live in?"

"No; he offered it to me, but I would not accept it."

"How was that?"

"Well, I'm living in it rent free and I shall get it when the old man dies. If I accepted it now I'd have to pay the taxes."

"One thing can be said in favor of Cupid's manenr of conducting warfare."

"What is it?"

"He never uses gas."

"No?"

"If he does he turns it way down low."

UNFAIR COMPARISON.

Australia and New Zealand have a vigorous military spirit. For five years both Dominions have had compulsory service. The system in both countries is similar, indeed the plan was to make it homogenous. The total number of senior cadets under arms in Australia during the year 1912 was 89,000, in New Zealand 24,770. One of the important developments of the establishment of compulsory service in our sister Dominions was the creation of a complete organization for raising, training and equipping troops with rapidity. Under the pressure of war the few machinery worked with great smoothness and gave occasion for Liberal newspapers in Canada to find fault with our government and our contribution to the armies of the Empire.

Let it be understood that compulsory military training in peace time makes soldiers in war time. Officers trained in organization during peace are facile organizers in war. What was our position in Canada? Those very newspapers which today cry from the housetops for more men and more equipment would fight to the last breath any proposal for national service. For many years they weakened the fibre of the nation with the false doctrine of Pacifism. They poured out scorn on the Canadian militia. They denounced the extravagance of having at Ottawa sufficient officers of high rank to constitute a staff. They sneered at the percentage of colonels in the Canadian militia. They were anti-military, anti-defense. They said that there was no emergency. Further they said that there never could be an emergency, and therefore that all military training was a waste of money.

Now they want to gather military figs from the thistles sown by them in Canada. It is not to be done—without a miracle. In view of our lack of preparation, the accomplishment at Valcartier a year ago was a miracle of efficiency. More and more clear it becomes that lacking a complete skeleton force of non-commissioned officers, even lacking the foresight to keep some of them at home for training purposes, our militia department has done splendidly. The Daily News does not suggest that it has done enough or can do enough, until the war is ended. But one may marvel at the assurance of Pacifist editors who think that fully armed men can be conjured out of a morning mist.—Toronto News.

"TO ONE WHO TAKES HIS EASE."

(From a Poem by "O. S." in Punch.)

Look in your heart! make inquisition there
Of service done in this supreme of hours—
What sacrifice for Britain's sake you bear,
To what high use or humble put your powers!

If pleading local duty's louder call
Or weight of years that checks the soaring wing,
You are excused the dearest gift of all,
What of the next best thing?

A hundred needs cry out to such as you
For willing labor—watches of the night,
Shells to be filled, a turn of work to do
That sets a good man free to go and fight;
But tasks like these entail a lack of rest;
They put a strain on people's arms and backs;
And you've enough to bear with rents depressed
And all that super-tax.

Well, if you're satisfied, then all is said;
If, sheltered close and snug, you shirk the blast,
Immune in idleness of hand and head,
False to your cause, disloyal to your caste,
When gallant men from yonder hell of flame
Come back awhile to heal the wounds of war,
And find you thus, you'll hear no word of blame,
But they will think the more.

ELIZABETH: UNHYPHENATED QUEEN

Through all the Balkan tangle runs the statement that this king or that queen will do so and so because "German blood flows in his or her veins."

We find in the Balkans as we have found in America men and women putting the tie of the country of their blood above that of the country of their adoption.

In the Balkans the betrayal is worse than it is here, because to kings and queens are intrusted not merely citizenship but control of their adopted countries.

Yet amidst all the sovereigns who are considering Hohenzollern relationships above the interests of their own countries there stands out one splendid and contrasting example—Elizabeth, queen of the Belgians.

Born of the kingly house of Bavaria, Elizabeth became queen of Belgium not in mere name, but in soul and heart. She put aside all other countries, cleaving only to that which she had made her own. When the hour of war came she lived instantly to the choice which she had already made.

When the country of her birth violated its sworn word to the country of her adoption, she was as true to the right as was that high-souled youth, her husband. Together they stood for Belgium against Germany or any other tie of foreign blood or feeling. They are standing for her today in the little strip of territory which they and their soldiers still hold against the violators of their soil.

So even as we turn in disgust from those Balkan princelings who set their foreign blood above their countries' honor, let us turn our eyes to that one German-born queen to whom duty is still duty and treaties are not scraps of paper.

Let us give a toast!

To Elizabeth of the Belgians, the Unhyphenated Queen!—Chicago Evening Post.

THE WAR ONE YEAR AGO

The German raid toward the chanenl ports, as it is called, seems to have been checked for the time being. At any rate the Germans have made little, if any, progress since they succeeded in crossing the Yzer canal on Saturday last.

The Russians are now engaged in a constant succession of hand to hand battles with the German columns falling back from the Vistula. The main strength of these now extends over a large area in the direction of Pietkow and to the south of Pawa.

The British warships off the coast of Belgium still continue to shell the German positions along the Yzer canal.

An official report states that 200,000 wounded Austrians have reached Vienna.

THE WEATHER

	Min.	Max.
Nelson	37	56
Prince Rupert	40	46
Vancouver	52	56
Calgary	36	66
Regina	18	57
Moose Jaw	22	59
Winnipeg	30	38
Parry Sound	44	60
Kingston	52	60
Montreal	42	50
Victoria	48	56
Kamloops	48	64
Edmonton	30	60
Medicine Hat	40	68
Port Arthur	34	44
Torgato	50	65
Ottawa	38	60
Quebec	36	46
Halifax	32	58

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

At New York—Caserta, Genoa.
At London—Montreal, Montreal.
At Gibraltar—Constantinos, New York.
At Leghorn—Italia, New York.

GERMANY AND THE NETHERLANDS RED CROSS

The Netherlands Red Cross has complained that the Germans have in certain cases failed to carry out their agreements with respect to the exchange of wounded. On one occasion recently a large deputation of the Netherlands Red Cross waited at Roosendaal on the Dutch frontier for a convoy of British wounded which the German authorities had promised. After a long day the German officials stated that they did not desire to exchange any more prisoners at present.

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WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that William L. Mack, whose address is Salmo, B.C., will apply for license to take and use 6 cubic second feet of water out of Lost creek, which flows westerly and drains into the south fork of the Salmon river, about one mile from the confluence with Salmon river. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about 3500 feet up stream at the N.E. corner of lot 10395 and will be used for general mining purposes upon the mill site described on plan attached by metre and bounds. This notice was posted on the ground on the 4th day of October, 1915. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within 30 days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is October 6th, 1915.

WILLIAM L. MACK,
Applicant.

John Burns & Sons General Contractors and Builders
SASH AND DOOR FACTORY. NELSON PLANING MILLS.
VERNON STREET, NELSON, B.C.
Every Description of Building Material Kept in Stock. Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P.O. BOX 134 PHONE 178

Open Season
THE OPEN SEASON FOR GAME IS NOW OPEN WE ARE PREPARED TO SUPPLY YOUR WANTS IN EVERYTHING FOR HUNTING
Single and Double Barrel Shot Guns
Stevens, Winchester and Ross Rifles
Ammunition
DUXBAK AND COOK'S CLOTHING
HUNTING PANTS, VESTS AND CAPS
CARBIDE AND ELECTRIC SEARCH LIGHTS
GAME CARRIERS
DUCK CALLS, WADERS, ETC.
See Our .44 Ladies' Shot Guns
PRICES THE LOWEST
Nelson Hardware Co.
612 BAKER STREET NELSON, B.C.

FOR ALL PEOPLE, FOR ALL TIMES AND FOR ALL PURPOSES
Daily News Display Ads

J. P. MORGAN
SECOND-HAND DEALER.
Buys for cash Stoves, Furniture, Tools, etc. We pay highest cash prices. See us before you sell.
512 Verno Street, Nelson, B.C.
(Two doors from Postoffice.)

THORPE'S DRINKS
TELEPHONE 60
THORPE'S GINGER ALE

Manufacturing Furrier
New furs made up. Old furs repaired and remodeled. Skins dressed and mounted.
G. GLASER,
416 Ward Street, Nelson, B.C.
Phone 106.

Business Directory

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, ASSAYER AND Chemist. Box A1108 Nelson, B.C. Charges: Gold, silver, copper or lead, $1 each; gold-silver, $1.50; silver lead, $1.50. Other metals on application.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO., Opera Block.

WM. CUTLER, AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18.

GROCERIES.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers and Provisions Merchants. Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Sts. P.O. Box 1095; telephones 28 and 21.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO., Civil Engineers, Dominion and B.C. Land Surveyors.
Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites, Timber Limits, etc.
Nelson, 516 Ward street, A. H. Green, Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Bldg., F. C. Green; Fort George, Hammond street, F. P. Burden.

LODGE NOTICES

KOOTENAY LODGE NO. 16, I.O.O.F.—Meets every Monday night in Oddfellows' hall at 7:30 o'clock.

QUEEN CITY REBEKAH LODGE No. 16, I.O.O.F., meets first and third Tuesdays, Oddfellow's hall at 8 o'clock.

NELSON ENCAMPMENT, NO. 7, I.O.O.F.,—Meets second and fourth Thursdays in Oddfellows' hall at 8 o'clock.

CANTON CORONA, NO. 7.—Meets every second Tuesday in Oddfellows' hall, at 8 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS MEET Tuesday nights in K. of P. hall, Eagle block.

A. O. F. COURT ELLEN—Meets first and third Wednesday in K. of P. hall at 8 o'clock.

CLAN JOHNSTONE, 212, MEETS I. O. O. F. hall first and third Mondays at 8 p. m.

S. O. E.—Meets first and third Mondays in K. of P. hall at 8 p. m.

NOTICE.

Take notice that I intend to apply at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners for the city of Nelson for the transfer of the retail liquor license now held by me in respect of the premises known as the Tremont hotel, situate on Lots 6, 7, 8, in block 6 of the City of Nelson, province of British Columbia from me the undersigned to Alexander Campbell.

ALEXANDER CAMPBELL.
F. E. RANSOME.
Dated this 23rd day of October, 1915.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories, and in a portion of the province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal subdivisions of sections and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-agent of Dominion lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Spinach
Fresh green head, local; 4 lbs. .25c
Pumpkins
Fine nice Golden Pumpkin; just the size for small families; each 3c
Sweet Potatoes
Nice size, smooth skin; 4 lbs. .25c
Parsnips
Fine are uniform size, extra choice 4 lbs. 25c
Turnips
Fine yellow Swedes; 10 lbs. .25c
Onions
Both large and small size; well flavored; 10 lbs 25c
Cabbage
Solid heads, about 6 lbs. each; per lb. 1½c
Bell Trading Co.
BAKER STREET.
The Home of Good Groceries.
PHONE 56.

FIRST BATTALION SUFFERS HEAVILY

Twenty-sixth Also Suffers Big Losses Lists Are Longest Issued in Weeks.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Oct. 27.—The largest casualty roll in many weeks came from the militia department Tuesday afternoon and last midnight, when two lists, containing in all 116 names, were issued. The two large items are reports of 47 men killed and 56 wounded.

The 1st battalion, Ontario, and the 26th, made up mostly from New Brunswick, are heavy losers. In the 1st battalion in the period around Oct. 12, 14 men were killed and six were wounded and 11 others went to hospitals suffering from shock or concussion.

The 26th in the same period lost 19 killed and 11 wounded.

Only two officers are named. Lieut. S. H. Harman, Toronto, is reported dangerously ill and not expected to recover, following an accident. He was in the 24th. Lieut. Rose, an Englishman in the 29th, is named as wounded and suffering from concussion.

The lists follow:

1st Battalion.

Killed in action—Corp. Taylor, England.
Lance-Corp. A. F. Simpson, England.
A. Taylor, Scotland.
F. H. Murr, England.
Sinclair, Scotland.
A. S. Cunningham, Scotland.
A. Crawford, Falt, Ont.
D. Bain, Galt.
Corp. G. C. Potts, Galt.
J. F. H. Manser, Woodstock, Ont.
A. Foot, Doon, Ont.
J. Kelly, Hamilton.
J. A. Briggs, Niagara Falls, N.Y.
C. Nelson, Norway.
Suffering from shock—G. H. Gilham, Brantford.
W. J. Drumoy, Belleville, Ont.
A. Gilham, Brantford.
B. Radoman, Montenegro.
A. Morrison, Scotland.
H. Cooke, England.
H. J. Eby, Southampton, Ont.
Wounded—A. Henderson, England.
A. S. Arnold, England.
T. Pollard, England.
Sergt. T. Young, Woodstock, Ont.
G. McDonald, Windsor, Ont.
Corp. A. G. Edward, Gagetown, N.B.
Suffering from concussion—Corp. A. J. Riddaway, England
J. McFarlane, Guelph.
Sergt. A. C. Joseph, Guelph, Ont.
P. Damatti Italy.

4th Battalion.

Wounded—L. Stock, Collingwood.
A. Houlding, Brantford.

8th Battalion.

Wounded—J. F. Jeffrey, no address.

10th Battalion.

Wounded—D. C. McKenzie, no address.

14th Battalion.

Wounded—H. Ryan, St. John.

19th Battalion.

Severely wounded—Sergt. H. Mellor, Toronto.
Wounded—J. C. Crawford, Toronto.
C. A. Round, Toront
A. J. Bingham, Hamilton, Ont.; now on duty.

22nd Battalion.

Wounded—Sergt. N. Dagenais, Montreal.
A. Bergevin, Montreal.
V. Roy, Quebec.
W. Dion, Montreal.

24th Battalion.

Dangerously wounded—F. Sumner, Quebec.
Dangerously ill—Lieut. S. C. Harman, Toronto; not expected to recover, result of accident.

25th Battalion.

Killed in action—J. McInnes, Glace Bay, C.B.
Severely wounded—Corp. G. C. Sinclair, New Watford, C.B.
Suffering from shock—J. McKinley, Revere, Mass.

26th Battalion.

Killed in action—R. E. Gabriel, St. John.
J. D. Thompson, Richardsville, N.B.
J. Gallant, Shives, N.B.
J. Belanger, Quebec.
D. Winchester, Dalhousie, N. B.
A. McKinnon, Golden Grove, N. B.
C. McFee, Intervale, N. B.
R. B. Konan, Faiville, N. B.
J. McLean, Charlottetown, N. B.
C. W. Ritchie, Granville, N. B.
G. A. Savident, Campbelltown, N. B.
Lance-Corp. R. J. Peacock, St. John.
Wounded, now on duty—H. V. Delaney, Long Island, N. S.
B. J. White, St. John.
R. Vissey, Charlottetown.
A. E. Ingram, St. John.
Slightly wounded—R. V. Powell, St. John.
J. A. Myers, St. John.
Sergt. J. A. McNeil, Charlottetown.
G. W. Taylor, Hoyt Station, N. B.

30th Battalion.

Died—Corp. J. Miller, Winnipeg.

29th Battalion.

Suffering from concussion—Lieut. F. A. Rose, England.

31st Battalion.

Killed in action—Carp. A. P. Fraser, England.
A. J. Graves, Dundas, Ont.
Wounded—W. A. Fleming, Lacombe, Alta.
Suffering from shock—L. D. Elmore, Magnolia, Ark.

Princess Patricias.

Unofficially reported prisoner at Giessen—E. Cooper, England.
Lance-Corp. E. Edwards, Toronto.

Lord Strathcona's Horse.

Killed in action—J. Watt, England.

Rain was falling steadily as the weary cyclist plodded on through the English mud. At last he spied a figure walking toward him through the gloom.

Gladly he sprang off his machine and asked the native:

'How far off is the village of Popleton?"

"Just 10 miles the other way, sir," was the reply.

"The other way," exclaimed the cyclist. "But the last signpost I passed said it was in this direction."

"Ah," said the native, with a knowing grin, "but, ye see, we turned that there post 'round so as to fog these 'ere zeppylings."

SEAL BRAND COFFEE

Recognized in all professions and walks of life, as the leading coffee in the best grocery stores of Canada.

In ½, 1 and 2 pound cans.
Whole—ground—pulverized—
Fine Ground for Percolators.

E & SANBORN, MONTREAL.
162

5477

Is the winning number in our weekly drawing for a pair of $5 Shoes. Holder of this ticket please call.

Ask for ticket with your purchase.

R. Andrew & Co.
LEADERS IN FOOT FASHION.

Kootenay and Boundary

FERNIE SUPREME COURT SUIT SET OVER

Damage Action Postponed—Only 25 Coal Miners to Go to Great Britain

(Special to The Daily News.)

FERNIE, B. C., Oct. 26.—The supreme court civil assize was concluded on Monday. The case of Lyons vs. Nicola Valley Coal company was an action for damages sustained by the plaintiff while in the employ of the defendant, was posponed.

Elias Rogers, president of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal company, accompanied by Mrs. Rogers, arrived in the city on Monday and will remain a few days. Mr. Rogers is on his annual official tour of inspection.

At a meeting of the Gladstone local union United Mineworkers of America on Sunday the following nominations were made for the district offices, the election for which will take place on Dec. 7: President, H. Martin; vice-president, T. Biggs; secretary, A. J. Carter; international board member, D. Rees; executive board member, W. B. Phillips.

Commissioners Baird and Richardson, who are receiving applications for practical coal miners to work in the mines of Scotland and the north of England, were in the city on Friday, but were disappointed at the number of applications made to them, as less than 25 were accepted. The commissioners also paid a visit to Michel and with like success.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Todhunter, Oct. 21, a daughter.

DIES OF APPENDICITIS

KASLO, B. C., Oct. 26.—The flag at half mast yesterday morning flying from the school building was to announce to the citizens as they went to their work that Dorothy White had died. She had been suffering from appendicitis for three weeks. On Friday she was operated on, but little hope of recovery was held out. On Sunday evening she died at 8 p.m.

Dorothy A. White was the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William White, and S. J. Reuter, proprietor of the King George hotel, is a maternal uncle. She was born in Kaslo and has lived here all her life. She would have been 16 years old yesterday.

The funeral will be held on Wednesday at 9:30 a.m. from the Catholic church.

ELKO WANTS TAX ON ENEMY ALIEN EARNINGS

ELKO, B. C., Oct. 26.—At a meeting of the Elko board of trade, Oct. 22, the following resolution was passed:

"Whereas, there are considerable aliens in this district who are paying no taxes, and getting preference of work offered, while Britishers are allowed to remain idle, this meeting strongly recomemnds that these aliens be taxed to help defray the expense of the country, and, whereas, every paper in the country is calling for recruits and different societies are asking for aid, we realize the hardships we have to face to meet these demands, and we feel that in allowing these aliens to fill every lumber camp and railroad section gang, it is an injustice to our boys at the front, and their families we are called upon to support, and we strongly demand that these working aliens should be taxed at least 10 per cent of their earnings.

"And whereas, there is at this writing some 180 aliens interned at Morissey while every camp and railroad section gang in the district employs 90 per cent of them to the very serious disadvantage of those who are asked to meet the demands of carrying on this war to a successful issue, we very strongly recommend the government either to intern them or tax them at once."

The resolution is addressed to Sir Sam Hughes.

SLOCAN RAISES $285 FOR PATRIOTIC FUND

SLOCAN CITY, B. C., Oct. 26.—The following money was collected here during the year ending Oct. 31, for the Red Cross, patriotic and tobacco funds: Oct. 31, patrotic dance, $57; March 1, collected for patriotic fund by E. Graham, $48.80; Aug. 11, tag day collection, $66.80. August collection by E. Graham for machine gun fund, $69.25; Oct. 25, Trafalgar day tag fund, $17.65; tobacco fund, $25.75; total for year, $285.25.

The Slocan City branch of the Red Cross society was officially organized last evening with Mayor McNeish in the chair. The following officers were elected: Chairman, Mrs. A. E. Olice; vice-chairmen, Miss E. G. McVicar and Mrs. Howard Parker; secretary, Miss E. J. Rae; treasurer, Mrs. T. McNeish; committee, Mrs. J. A. Anderson, Mrs. H. Pendry, Mrs. Paul Bruin, Mrs. Hagen, Mrs. D. B. O'Neil. The first meeting of the society will be held on Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock in Mayor McNeish's office.

Mrs. J. D. Reid spent the weekend at Perry's Siding.

Don't Use Dangerous Antiseptic Tablets

It is an unnecessary risk. Use the safe antiseptic and germicide, Absorbine, Jr.—it kills germs quickly and surely without any possibility of harmful results; made of pure herbs, non-poisonous, and there no danger whatever if the children get hold of the bottle. It retains its germicidal powers even when diluted one part of Absorbine, Jr., to 100 parts water—and its antiseptic powers one part Absorbine, Jr., to 200 parts water.

The germicidal properties of Absorbine, Jr., have been tested and proven both in laboratory and actual practice. Detailed laboratory reports mailed upon request.

Absorbine, Jr., $1.00 and $2.00 per bottle at druggists or postpaid.

A liberal trial bottle postpaid for 10c. in stamps. W. F. Young, P.D.F., 445 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

CHRISTINA LAKE HOTEL DESTROYED BY FIRE

(Special to The Daily News.)

CASCADE, B. C., Oct. 26.—The hotel at Christina lake, a well known pleasure resort, was gutted by fire at 12:30 o'clock today. The loss is $10,000 and insurance $5,000. The residents, Mrs. Ole Johnson, wife of the lessee, and four children, with Mrs. Ness, wife of the owner, are homeless. Messrs. Johnson and Ness were expected back last night from a hunting trip.

ELKO NEWS.

(Special to The Daily News.)

ELKO, B. C., Oct. 26.—The Elko Literary and Social league held another successful concert in the Presbyterian church.

Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson of Spokane have moved to Elko.

Mr. and Mrs. King of Waldo and C. M. Edwards of Baynes are hunting big game, and are camped on Lodge Pole creek.

Mr. ad Mrs. Klingensmith, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Agnew and son motored to Fort Steele, St. Eugene mission and Cranbrook.

Mike McCarthy's steam shovel gang is working near Elko cleaning out the big sand slide.

CHINESE ARE CALM AS INTERNAL POT BOILS OVER

Little Interest Is Shown Whether Government is Monarchy or a Republic.

HANKOW, China.—Chinese newspapers have taken the movement of the Peace Preservation society to re-establish the empire very calmly. Even here in the Yang-tse-kiang valley, which was such a storm centre in the recent revolutions, there has been little flurry caused by the report from Pekin of President Yuan Shi Kai's approval of the movement for the restoration of the monarchy.

"We don't care whether we have a republic or a monarchy if it be stable" a prominent Chinese merchant remarked. "We simply want a chance to go along without changes and upsets in business conditions. Our chief objection to the monarchial form is that it will take some time to adjust to new conditions."

This view is probably typical of that held by most of the business men of Hankow, which is called the Chicago of China, and is probably destined to be the great railway centre of the country. Hankow is situated at the head of navigation for ocean going goats on the Kang-tse-kiang. Boats of shallow draft navigate for hundreds of miles above Hankow. A railway connects Pekin and Hankow and another is building to Canton. A third railway is projected west from Hankow and American interests are endeavoring to finance this line into the rich country lying toward Tibet.

Little Interest.

The Hanyeng iron works which figured so prominently in the recent negotiations between Japan and China, are located here and employ more than 4000 men in making steel rails and other iron products. The government also has an arsenal here. As a result of its great industries and its strategic location Hankow was a storm centre in the last two revolutions and the native city was almost entirely destroyed.

Wu-chang, which lies just across the Yang-tse from Hankow, was the stronghold of General Li, the present vice-president, in the second revolution, but the sleepy, unprogressive old city manifests little interest in recent political developments. The same is true of Nanking the former capital of China, 300 miles further up the river. The railway between Pekin and Shanghai crosses the Yang-tse-kiang at Nanking. The city is an educational centre and was once a strong hold of Sun Yat Sen and the scene of the battle of Purple mountain.

Yuan Shai Kai's gunboats are scattered along the Yang-tse. His troops are centered in the large river towns. They have been moved frequently to make sure they have not fallen under rebel influence. Consequently the administration is confident that no rebel demonstration of any consequence can develop in the valley to which nearly all of central China is tributary.

Favor Delay.

Chinese papers published in foreign concessions are almost unanimous in declaring that this is an unfortunate time for the discussion of an empire. They believe the project should be abandoned until after the end of the European war because of the importance of foreign interests in China.

The Central China Post of Hankow, which is published by Englishmen and is probably the most influential daily in the upper Yang-tse-kiang valley, in a recent editorial expressed the opinion that the re-establishment of the monarchy would not give rise to a rebellion in South China as has been predicted by some leaders. The editorial says: "The great masses will be perfectly content to vote the president as man or as great titles as he may wish for, rather than risk disturbances. They will meet again to express their congratulations to Emperor Yuan, as readily as they did when he appointed himself president. As for the irreconcilables we may take it for granted they are being closely watched and will be given no opportunity to lift up their horns. As to foreigners it is not a matter in which they can interfere.

In reviewing the recent events which presage the return to a monarchy the same editorial mentions President Yuan offering sacrifices at the Temple of Heaven as the first indication of his intention to restore the old order. This was followed by the governmental approval of Confucius' teachings, which told that a state cannot exist without an emperor. Yuan next extended the presidentail term to 10 years and made it possible for him to name his own successor. All these were natural foerunners, in the opinion of the Central China Post, of the new Peace Preservation society which is advocating the definite abandonment of the republic.

Another Day of

THE REMNANT SALE

Gone---Just Four Days Left

MANY TOOK ADVANTAGE OF THE BARGAINS YESTERDAY, AND IN SPITE OF THE BAD WEATHER WE WERE BUSY ALL DAY, AND NO WONDER, WHEN WE ARE SELLING SEASONABLE GOODS AT SUCH RIDICULOUS PRICES. IF YOU WERE NOT HERE YESTERDAY, COME TODAY. YOU CAN DEPEND ON FINDING GOODS HERE JUST AS ADVERTISED. WE NEVER CLAIM MORE FOR THEM THAN THEY REALLY ARE, BUT WE DO CLAIM, AND JUSTLY SO, TO GIVE THE BEST VALUES FOR THE MONEY OF ANY STORE IN THE CITY.

Remnant Sale of Dresses
At $15.00

Made of Messaline, Taffeta and Poplin; also All-Wool Serges, in a big variety of styles; every one new and up-to-date. Sizes 16 to 40. Values up to $25.00.

Remnant Sale Price
$15.00

Remnant Sale of
Boys' Suits
and Overcoats at One-Quarter Off

Saving one-quarter of the regular price means a great deal more than it appears to. These Suits are made of Imported Tweeds and worth at the present time one-third more than marked prices. However, they go in this

Remnant Sale at One-Quarter Off

Odd Lines of Furs at Half Price

Twenty Pieces of Fur, consisting of Neck Pieces in a variety of shapes, nearly every kind of fur represented in the lot.

All at Half Regular Prices.

Neckwear at Half Price

Dozens of Fancy Collars and Sets, all new and fashionable, in Fine Lace, Muslin, etc., White and Colored.

Remnant Sale at Half Price.

Remnant Sale of Underwear--Odd Lines at 1-4 Off

All Wool or Cotton and Wool Mixed. Women's and Children's Vests, Drawers and Combinations. All qualities and all prices in the lot. Regular prices, 65c to $3.50.

Remnant Sale at One-Quarter Off.

Flannelettes at 12 1-2c

Heavy Striped Flannelettes, light and dark colors; 30 to 36 inches wide.
Remnant Sale Price 12½c

MEAGHER & CO.

THE STORE FOR STYLE THE STORE FOR QUALITY

TRIBUTE TO HEROISM OF OVERSEAS FORCES

Austin Harrison Says Great Britain Can Never Repay What She Owes Them.

After the first German gas attacks we were permitted to know something about the magnificent behavior of the Canadians, says Austin Harrison in the London Sunday Pictorial. Things trickled through the censorship. Gradually we learned here—it is the only way of learning things—how heroically the Canadians had held their ground, with what elan they had fought; how they indeed saved a peculiarly difficult and dangerous situation causal by the suddenness and novelty of the German gas. But to our surprise little was said in the press. It is only indirectly that we came to hear of one of the most splendid achievements in the war, and to tell the truth, we were not a little surprised—we who had rather resented the debonair conduct of the Canadians on our shores, we who had rather scoffed at their (shall I say?) apparent want of discipline.

Yet when the shock came these were the men, these were the heroes. Their conduct on the field was by common consent magnificent.

And what about the other colonials: the Australians and New Zealanders in Gallipoli? Almost the same secrecy has shrouded their doings, their comings and goings, and even their conduct on the field. Until quite recently when we had an official account of the terrible fighting on the peninsula we had no reason to believe that the colonials had done anything extraordinary in this war of surprise and multitudinous feats of personal heroism. But gradually we are learning a little about the Australians and New Zealanders. One is not allowed to say much, for fear the censorship may regard it as of some military value to the Germans. We can only, therefore, refer in general terms to their military acts and this we can say right away, that their conduct on the Gallipoli peninsula has been one of unexampled bravery, moral and physical tenacity

Heroes Every One.

Somewhat like the Canadians, they began by being a little bit unruly and rather offending our notions of military conduct in time of peace. In Cairo they larked a bit boisterously; perhaps one may say today that they did get a little bit out of hand. However, there were reasons for this, which, perhaps, it is desirable not to enter into here. Then came the opportunity, and off they went. They are there today, hanging on to the crests, heroes every one of them, and we are not allowed to know about it.

They are giant men; tall, spare, big-boned, broad-shouldered, gorgeous specimens of men, as the result of an open-air life and rough conditions. To look at them one would say they hate fighting, and yet, according to the testimony of all who have seen them at work, they fight as if they love it. We may say this: Gallipoli has been held by the Australians and New Zealanders, and in the great fight at Suvla bay their conduct stood out and will live in military history for all time. The difficulties were stupendous. It is hard to imagine a more desert, rugged and precipitous place for an offensive than the narrow peninsula of Gallipoli defended by a maze of machine guns of the very highest quality and manned largely by Germans.

The great enemy is want of water, all of which had to be landed in boats. When the flies came life to men out there was literally a plague, and no more trying conditions can be conceived than those of the army holding out under constant fire of the enemy—a fire which goes on night and day, searching every corner, from which no single man can be said to be free. The New Zealanders on the great occasion at Sluva Bay carried off the honors I understand, with the Indians. The impetuosity of their attack, their superb courage, their endurance and indifference to suffering and death, have certainly never been surpassed in war. I don't know why these things have not been told us in detail. I cannot imagine why some Australian has not been allowed to write about the achievements of these men, to tell us the story. But there it is. We have only the official despatches, with an absence of the personal note, which makes it very difficult for us here to realize the nature of the proceedings, far less the positively stupendous deeds performed by the colonials on that occasion.

Most Desperate Venture.

The Gallipoli expedition has, indeed, never been understood by the general public, who fail to understand that we are there engaged in the most desperate venture in absolutely devilish conditions, of which thirst plays an all-important part. Though it is a secondary campaign far from the main seat of war, it is a war in itself of magnitude such as we have never been engaged upon, and, as we know, the casualties have been enormous. The Germans have always spoken of it as an adventure. They do so because they are well aware of the enormous military difficulties, the necesstiy of frontal attack, the impossibility of maneuver, and the great military advantages in the hands of those who dominate the hills and points of observation which are still in possession of the defenders. The Gallipoli war is in its way unique. To break through will be a feat unparalleled in war. The public are greatly deceiving themselves if they think that the Turks are a second-rate army incapable of fighting. They have fought with great defensive bravery and endurance, and on the whole they have fought cleanly, far cleaner than the Germans in Europe.

"I listened to your speech with the greatest care," said the constituent to the young M.P.

"Well, I think there was food for thought in it," said the M.P.

"You bet there was. It just made me think what a fool I had been to vote for you."

Costs a little more than the "other kind" of flour, but worth it in the quantity and quality of bread you bake from—

PURITY FLOUR
"More Bread and Better Bread"

Ask for

N B C Beer
X X X Porter

Nelson Brewing Co., Ltd.
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Offers a good opportunity for the purchase of dividend paying mining and other stocks at bargain prices, either for an investment or an advance in price.

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ALLAN LINE

THE POPULAR PIONEER LINE

SAILINGS FROM MONTREAL

Date	Steamer	To
Nov. 3—	*Corinthian	London
Nov. 6—	Pretorian	Glasgow
Nov. 10—	*Sicilian	London
Nov. 17—	**Pomeranian	London
Nov. 20—	Carthaginian	Glasgow

*Calling at Havre, east and westbound.

**Carries 3rd-class passengers only.

Full information from any R.R. or S.S. Agent, or W. R. ALLAN, Gen'l Nor-West Agent, 364 Main St., Winnipeg.

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Reliable brokerage on all exchanges Eastern and local. It will pay you to wire or telephone your orders at our expense.

Irving Whitehouse Co.

INVESTMENT BANKERS

Hutton Block Spokane, Wn.

EXCHANGE AT NEW YORK.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK Oct. 26—Mercantile paper 3 at 3½. Sterling: Demand, 4.62; 60-day bills, 4.59.50; cables, 4.62.75. Francs: Demand, 5.85½; cables, 5.94½. Marks: Demand, 81¾; cables, 81⅞. Lires: Demand, 6.44; cables, 6.43. Rubles: Demand, 33½; cables, 33⅝.

Sterling exchange closed at 4.62 for demand.

METAL PRICES.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Lead prices: At St. Louis, 4.67½; at New York, 4.75; at Montreal, 5.92, unchanged but firm; at London, £24 2s 6d.

Silver: At London, 23 15-16; at New York, 48⅛.

Copper steady; electrolytic, 18; at London, spot copper, £72 2s 6d; futures, £72 10s; electrolytic, £88.

WHITE STAR LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS—NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL

S.S. CYMRIC, 13,000 tons ..... NOV. 12th
Carries Only Cabin at $50.00, and Third Class, $33.75

NEW S.S. LAPLAND, 19,000 tons ..... NOV. 24th
First Class, $95.00; Second, $50.00; Third, $36.25

S.S. BALTIC, 23,000 tons ..... DEC. 1st
First Class, $110.00; Second, $50.00; Third, $36.25

S.S. ADRIATIC, 25,000 tons ..... DEC. 8th
First Class, $120.00; Second, $50.00; Third, $37.50

To England Under Neutral Flag

AMERICAN LINE (NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL)

Large, Fast American Steamers, Under American Flag

No Contraband of War Carried

S.S.

NEW YORK ..... NOV. 6th
PHILADELPHIA ..... NOV. 13th
ST. LOUIS ..... NOV. 20th
ST. PAUL ..... NOV. 27th
and every Saturday thereafter.

First Class $95.00; Second Class, $65.00; Third Class, $40.00

Company's Office, A. E. Disney, Pass. Agent, 619 Second Ave., Seattle.
W. E. KETCHUM, Agent, G. N. Ry. D. SMEATON, Agent, C. P. Ry.
J. R. BLUMENAUER, D. T. A., C. P. Ry.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Winter Excursions TO Great Britain

First Class by Rail; Saloon, Second, Third Class on Ocean

SALES DATES NOV. 15 TO DEC. 31—LIMIT FIVE MONTHS

Tickets Via Montreal, Quebec, Halifax St. John, Boston or New York

OR GOOD VIA ONE ROUTE RETURN ANOTHER

Sailings, Berth Reservations, Tickets from any agent Cana- or write:

District Passenger Agent, Nelson, B.C.

The Consolidated Mining and Smelting Co. of Canada, Limited

Offices, Smelting and Refining Department
TRAIL, BRITISH COLUMBIA

SMELTERS AND REFINERS

Purchasers of Gold, Silver, Copper and Lead Ores.
TRAIL BRAND PIG LEAD AND BLUESTONE

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
H. V. MEREDITH, Esq., President.
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Sir Thos. Shaughnessy, K.C.V.O. — C. R. Hosmer, Esq.
A. Baumgarten, Esq. — C. B. Gordon, Esq.
H. R. Drummond, Esq. — D. Forbes Angus, Esq.
Wm. McMaster, Esq.
Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, LL.D., General Manager.

Capital Paid Up - $16,000,000.
Rest - - - 16,000,000.
Undivided Profits - 1,252,864.
Total Assets (April, 1915) 289,562,678.

BANK MONEY ORDERS

are a safe and convenient means of transmitting money to any point in Canada or the United States. Such Money Orders may be obtained at any Branch of the Bank of Montreal.

LeB. B. DeVeber, Manager, Nelson Branch.

Markets - Mining - Finance

VOLATILE STOCKS YIELD TO PRESSURE

Feverishly Active Market Is at Expense of Values—Standards, Including C.P.R. Higher.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Oct 26 — Greater breadth and a higher price level attended today's active market although some of the more volatile specialties were vulnerable to pressure and yielded in large part or wholly before the close. Dealings in the morning averaged 300,000 shares per hour but slackened later, only to become feverishly active again toward the close at the expense of values.

The early high tendency embraced a number of standard rails and some of the low-priced shares of that group, for example Wabash, Wheeling & Lake Erie, Wisconsin Central and Western issues. Transcontinentals were higher, C. P. R. gaining almost 4 points, but grangers were backward.

Specialties were intermittently weak and strong, also the coppers, but it was noticed that larger offerings of war shares occurred at recessions. Automobile issues were inclined to ease except the Maxwell issuer, all of which attained a new high record.

Bethlehem Steel was heaviest of the high priced specialties, at one time showing a loss of 20 points at 560, but making full recovery at the close. Baldwin Locomotive, Crucible Steel, General lectric and New York Air Brake were under the previous day's close.

United States Steel resumed the leadership in the afternoon, rising almost 2 points to 87¼, but losing all but ½ point on heavy offerings. Failure of the directors to act on the dividend was in line with general expectations but the corporation's earnings of $38,710,644 were slightly under popular estimates. Total sales of stocks amounted to 1,165,000.

Foreign exchange made some recovery from the weakness of the previous day, mainly as a result of light sales of bills.

Bonds were steady on a reduced volume of business. Total sales, par value were $5,150,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

CITRON IS NOW OFF THE MARKET

Onions Have Dropped Half a Cent—Lemons Are Selling at 30c Instead of 35c.

Citrons are now off the local market and tomatoes are very difficult to get. Prairie egg have taken a jump from 35 to 40 cents a dozen but lemons have decreased 5 cents, dropping to 30 cents. Red and green peppers are very scarce and next Saturday will see them off the market. Onions are now quoted at 2½ cents instead of 3 cents per pound.

Foodstuffs.

Flour	1.60@2.00

Vegetables.

Parsley, bunch	.05
Potatoes, 100 lbs.	.90@1.00
Tomatoes, basket	.25@ .30
Onions, per lb.	.02½
Cabbage, per head	.10@ .20
Squash, lb.	.02@ .03
Pumpkin, lb.	.03
Beets, lb.	.01½
Carrots, lb.	.01½
Cauliflower, per head	.15@ .30
Celery, per bunch	.10
Green peppers, lb.	.25
Red peppers, lb.	.25
Sweet potatoes, lb.	.06
Turnips, per lb.	.02
Turnips, 100 lbs.	1.75

Fruits.

Tokay grapes, 2 lbs	.35
Tokay grapes, basket	90
Concord grapes, basket	.65
Concord Grapes, basket	.75
Pears, per lb.	.06
Bananas, per dozen	**.40@ .50**
Lemons, per dozen	30
Apples, per box	1.00@2.00
Filberts, per lb.	.20
Almonds, per lb	**.25@ .30**
Brazils, per lb.	**.25@ .30**
Walnuts, per lb.	**.25@ .30**
Pecans, per lb.	**.25**
Figs, cooking, 2 lbs.	**.25**
Plums, basket	.15@ .25
Plums, per crate	.60@1.00
Prunes, crate	.75@1.00
Oranges, dozen	70

Meats.

Fresh killed beef, retail	12½@ .28
Beef, wholesale	**12½@ .16**
Pork, wholesale	.13@ .14
Pork, retail	.15@ .22
Mutton, wholesale	**.17**
Mutton, retail	.15@ .28
Veal, wholesale	.15@ .20
Veal, retail	**.15@ .30**
Hams, retail	**.20@ .25**
Bacon, retail	.25@ .35
Lard, retail	15⅛@ .20
Chickens, retail	**.20@ .25**
Sausages, retail	.15@ .25
Turkey, per lb.	**.30@ .35**
Geese per lb.	**.25@ .28**
Ducks, per lb.	**.25@ .28**

Dairy Produce.

Butter, creamery, per lb.	37½@ .40
Dairy butter, lb.	**.30@ .35**
Cheese, Canadian, lb.	.25@ .30
Curlew butter, lb.	**.40**
Prairie eggs, dozen	.40
Eggs, local, new laid, doz.	.50
Cheese, Can. Stilton, lb.	**.30**
Cheese, Imp, Stilton, lb.	**.50**
Cheese, Swiss, lb.	**.35@ .40**

Sugar

Granulated, cane, 100-lb. sack	8.25
Lump sugar, 2 lbs.	.25
Granulated, 20-lb. sack	1.65@1.70
Brown sugar, 3 lbs.	**.25**
Syrup, maple, bottle	.50
Syrup, gallon	**1.75@2.00**
Honey, comb, per lb.	**.25**
Honey, 1-lb. jars	**.25@ .35**
Honey, local clover, jar	**.40**

BEARS MAKE USE OF PEACE REPORTS

Wheat is Forced Down But Market Had That Tendency Before Rumor Was Received.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill, Oct. 26.—Reports that Germany would soon offer terms of peace had a good deal to do with a setback in the values of wheat today. Rallies failed to last and the market closed steady, ⅝ to ¾ off, with December at $1.00⅞ and May at $1.02¾.

Oats lst a shade to ⅛ at ¼ and provisions finished 10 at 32½ down. Sharpest breaks in wheat followed quickly the receipt of news indicating the possibility of a sudden end to hostilities in Europe. Bear tendencies in the market were quite evident, however, before there was an sign of a chance for peace. The unresponsive attitude of the Liverpool market in view of yesterday's sharp advance on this side of the Atlantic had formed a material handicap to the bulls. Moreover excellent weather was predicted for the northwest and there were again reports that the Canadian duty would soon be removed.

Another depressing element lay in the fact that apparent falling off in receipts at the leading spring wheat centres could be fully explained as resulting from transient measures necessary to prevent congestion of railway terminal tracks.

Reactions from the break after the peace news carried the wheat market upward for a time in lively fashion. Assertions were current that buying had set in for seaboard account, but the reports were not confirmed. On the contrary, latest advices appeared to show that the export movement had lagged to a noticeable degree, influenced more or less by the nonsupport of sterling exchange.

Oats proved weak. Shipping inquiry was not at all of an urgent character. Declines in the hog market weakened provisions. Lard led in the downward turn but the break was checked by the purchase of 10,000 tierces for export.

ORE BEING HAULED FROM BLACK PRINCE

(Special to The Daily News.)

SLOCAN CITY, B. C., Oct. 26.—J. M. Rae's teams started on Monday hauling ore from the Black Prince mine to town.

NO BILL AGAINST MINE INSPECTOR GRAHAM

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NANAIMO, B. C., Oct. 26.—At this morning's session of the Nanaimo assize court the grand jury returned no bill in connection with the charge of manslaughter against Inspector of Mines Graham and Mine Manager Tonkin. The charge arose out of the flooding of the South Wellington mine of the Pacific Coast Coal company on Feb. 9 last, resulting in the death of 19 men. The accused was discharged.

WINNIPEG GRAIN CLOSE.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Oct. 26.—Wheat: Oct, 99⅝; Nov., 96¼; D , 93¾; May, 99.

Oats: Oct., 43; Nov., 39½; Dec., 36; May, 39¼.

Flax: Oct., $1.65¼; Nov., $1.35; Dec., $1.62; May, $1.67½.

CHEESE SLOW.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Oct. 26.—Butter is quiet; cheese is slow; demand for eggs is good.

Chesee: Finest westerns, 16½ at ¾; easterns, 16 at ¼.

Eggs: Fresh, 40; selected, 32.

Pork: Heavy Canada short mess, 28½; short cut back, 27½.

CHICAGO STOCKYARDS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 26.—Hogs: Receipts, 16,000; weak at 15s lower; bulk, 6.80 at 7.40; light, 6.75 at 7.75; mixed, 6.75 at 7.90; heavy, 6.55 at 7.80; rough, 6.55 at 6.75; pigs, 4 at 7.15.

Cattle: Receipts, 9000; weak; native beef, 5.90 at 10.40; western steers, 5.25 at 8.50; cows and heifers, 2.80 at 8.25; calves, 7 at 7.50.

Sheep: Receipts, 7000; strong; wethers, 6 at 6.50; ewes, 3.75 at 5.85; lambs, 6.75 at 9.

CANADIAN PACIFIC EARNINGS SEND STOCK HIGHER

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Oct. 26.—The hesitation and irregularity displayed by local stocks on Monday gave way today to a brisk buying movement in which the war order shares were the principal features.

General Electric rallied more than 5 points to 123¾, and closed at 123, or 4⅝ up; while Cement touched a new high record for the current movement of 38¼ and finished 1 up on the day at 37½.

The Steel stocks were all higher, Scotia closing at its best price, 89 with a gain of 1, while Steel of Canada, which touched 36¼ closed with a fractional gain at 35⅝ and Iron, which touched 48, with a fractional gain at 47¾. The car stocks were the dullest in the war group and showed little change. Heaviest trading in this war order group showed little change in price, however.

The market as a whole was encouraged by the Canadian Pacific earnings made public at the close of Monday's market and by the strength in New York. Locally Canadian Pacific dealings were little more than nominal, but in the few transactions that went through a new high level for the year was reached at 174.

Montreal Power was in good demand and rose to 283¼, closing at the best, while Cedar Rapids equalled its high record of 75½. Shawinigan and Laurentide were neglected with final quotations of about ¾ in each case.

Total business 1958 shares, 1000 mines, $7000 bonds; in unlisted stocks, 491 shares and $2900 bonds.

SIR CLIFFORD SIFTON SUED ON HORSE DEAL

Tells of Purchase of Horses for French Government—Difficulties Were Encountered.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Oct. 26.—The hearing commenced today before Judge Meredith of the case of Percy Shaver vs. Sifton, arising out of the purchase of horses for the French government. The most important witness of the day was Sir Clifford Sifton, who in the course of his evidence threw some sidelights upon the difficulties encountered by the inexperienced men who undertook to fill large army contracts.

When the case was called there was an impressive array of counsel on hand.

Sir Clifford Sifton and his son, Major J. W. Sifton, the latter in khaki, were early on hand. Wallace Nesbitt, Toronto barrister, and W. F. Scott appeared for Sir Clifford. J. S. Ewart, K.C., acted on behalf of Major J. W. Sifton. The plaintiff, Percy Shaver, who is a son-in-law of Mayor Porter, was represented by T. A. Beament and G. F. Henderson, K.C.

Mr. Henderson briefly addressed the jury, stating that the plaintiff claimed a half interest in the profits of two contracts for the sale of horses to the French government. He said that 10,000 horses were bought at one time and 10,000 at another time. Mr. Henderson said that it would be shown that the plaintiff had assisted in handling these contracts and had been closely associated with the Siftons. A partnership had been formed between J. W. Sifton and Shaver, known as Sifton & Shaver, and it was claimed by the plaintiff that the horse contracts came within the scope of the partnership. In April the dispute with the Siftons arose.

When Sir Clifford Sifton was called he stated that Shaver had entered his service about five years ago. He had been the friend of his son.

"My son," he said, "was in charge of the office and got $280 per month and Shaver $125. My business consists almost entirely in looking after investments. It is news to me that I have gone out of business.

"Mr. Shaver had discussed with me a fire proposition. I turned it down, but I said that I would not object to my son and the plaintiff taking it right or anything else that came to my office.

"Most of the promotion schemes came to me went into the waste basket."

Sir Clifford said that the first he knew of any partnership was when he saw the letter paper. He had up to that time seen the signatures of the partnership.

"Up to May 15 I had no notice of any change in our relations.

"In the fall of 1914 my son told me that he had seen Col. Gilline, a French officer, and a commissioner to purchase horses for the French government. I said that if the contracts could be obtained on favorable terms they would be worth looking into. My son said that he had doubts about his business capacity to handle such a big deal. The first contract involved $3,000,000 for 10,000 horses at $300 each. I insisted on controlling the deal and deciding how the profits should be distributed.

Settle Out of Court.

OTTAWA, Oct. 26.—The Sifton-Shaver case was settled out of court tonight by the payment of a substantial sum by the Siftons to the plaintiff Shaver, pending approval by the judge. The amount was not disclosed.

Daily News Want Ads

Rates for

Classified Want Ads

Advertisements Under Any Heading:

Minimum charge	25c
One insertion, per word	1c
Six consecutive insertions, per word	4c
26 consecutive insertions (one month) per word	15c
Birth, one insertion	50c
Marriages, one insertion	50c
Deaths, one insertion	50c
Card of Thanks	50c
Each subsequent insertion	25c
Death and funeral notice	$1.00

All condensed advertisements are cash in advance, otherwise one cent per word per insertion straight.

In computing the number of words in a classified advertisement count each word, dollar mark, abbreviation, initial letter and figure as one word.

Advertisers are reminded that it is contrary to the provisions of the Postal laws to have letters addressed to initials only, therefore any advertiser desirous of concealing his or her indentity may use a box at this office without any extra charge.

The News reserves the right to pass on any copy submitted for publication.

Advertisements ordered (T.F.) till forbidden, must be cancelled or stopped in person or by written order.

SITUATIONS VACANT—MALE.

NELSON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—W. Parker, 309 Baker St., Phone 283.

WANTED — Teamsters, bushmen, chambermaid, knot sawyer, woman cook, hotel, first class; elderly man or boy of about 17 to care for a few head of stock, get wood and carry mail a short distance during winter, must be experienced setter.

SITUATION WANTED—MALE

POSITION WANTED — By married man of good executive ability and wide experience in buying and selling mining machinery and mechanical supplies. First class references. Box 1678, Daily News. (1678)

WANTED—Situation by experienced cook in mine or lumber camp. Box 1681, Daily News. (1681)

LAUNCHES AND BOATS.

FOR SALE—Launch, 18.25 h.p. Sterling engine, Harker V-bottom hull, fully equipped; 20 miles an hour; launch house 16x32 complete outfit, $600; cost owner $1700. Also two lake frontage lots 2¾ acres, 200 ft. frontage, one adjoining lot sold for $425; these two lots for $400; that is half price. R. Bourke, Nelson, Phone L-353. (1708)

POULTRY AND EGGS

FOR SALE—60 two-year old hens, White Leghorns and White Wyandottes, all in prime condition, 75c each. H. D. Curtis, Slocan, B.C. (1677)

ARTICLES FOR SALE (Say you saw it in The News.)

FOR SALE—Cordwood, cedar, tamarack and fir; fence posts, shingle bolts, telephone and telegraph poles, boathouse logs. Box 16, Nelson. (1693)

$50.00 REWARD.

Will pay $50 for evidence to connect the person or persons who stole the ore from the Crusader mineral claim in the Slocan Mining Division. Faas & Crawford, Creston, B.C. (1699)

HORSES AND CATTLE (Say you saw it in The News.)

FOR SALE—5-year old horse, well broken, single or double; harness; 1700 pounds. One covered buggy and harness, good as new. One spring wagon; one Bean Challenge spray outfit; one new 5-passenger Ford car. P.O. box 757, Nelson. (1569)

FOR SALE—Grade Holstein cow, 4 years, good milker. R. Haigh, Koch Siding. (1705)

FOR SALE—Or will exchange for heifers, a Holstein and Shorthorn bull, 18 months old. George Bourgeois, Crescent Valley. (1700)

FOR SALE or will trade for heifer, one pack pony. Apply M. Downey, Slocan Junction. (1720)

FOR SALE—Horse 1150 lbs., light delivery wagon and harness, $135. Fine breeding pen of 14 pure bred Plymouth Rocks, eighteen months old, just finishing moult, $17.50. Three Belgian hare does, eight months old, $1 each. Flemish Giant doe, 18 months, $1.50. Seven Flemish Giants, three months, $3.50. W. R. Mellard, Fruitvale. (1715)

BUSINESSES FOR SALE. (Say you saw it in The News)

FOR SALE — Blacksmith business, tools and stock. Good reasons for selling. Apply box 1676, Daily News.

FOR SALE—General store with ¾ acre land, near station; good water, fine climate, nearest store 5 miles; steady business easily increased. Sickness cause of sale; $500 handles; easy terms. Hines Bros., Columbia Gardens, B.C. (1706)

FOR SALE or exchange, country general store and temperance hotel, including fittings and fixtures in store and furniture in hotel, as a going concern; clear title to property. Price $3500. Would exchange for house property or ranch land. Want cash for stock. Ill health reason for selling. Apply Postmaster, Fruitvale, B.C. 1716)

FOR SALE—Club cafe, Rossland. Good location and doing good business. Owner leaving to take over bigger business. Apply for particulars to P.O. box 396, Rossland, B.C. (1709)

ARTICLES WANTED.

WANTED—A Remington or Underwood visible typewriter. Address box 1710, Daily News. (1710)

TAXIDERMISTS.

PRICE BROS., TAXIDERMISTS—Taxidermy work and rug and robe making a specialty. Send for price list. Price Bros., Taxidermists Rossland, B.C. (1574)

BUSINESS PERSONALS. (Say you saw it in The News.)

NELSON MESSENGER CO.—Baggage and express. Prompt and reliable Day and night. Phone 242.

E. K. STRACHAN, 120 Baker street plumbers' supplies, estimates free; work guaranteed. Phone 262.

HOME WORK.

DO YOU WANT AN EXTRA SIX or ten dollars a week? Industrious persons will be provided with constant home work on Auto-Knitting Machines. Experience unnecessary, distance immaterial, war orders urgent. Write today for rates of pay, etc., enclosing addressed stamped envelope. Auto-Knitter Hosiery Co., Dept. 171, 257 College street, Toronto.

SITUATIONS VACANT—FEMALE

WANTED — Chambermaid. Queen's hotel.

WANTED—Girl to take care of children in the afternoons. 612 Hoover street.

SITUATION WANTED—FEMALE (Say you saw it in The News)

WANTED—Situation by experienced woman cook, in mine or lumber camp. Apply to P.O. box 355, Silica St.

LADY WANTS to help at afternoon teas, suppers, etc. Apply box Daily News.

EXPERIENCED WOMAN COOK desires position in hotel, boarding house or large lumber camp. Grand Forks, B.C.

WANTED—English woman wants work, whole or part time; experienced in hotel or house. Box Daily News.

MOTHER and daughter want position as cook and waitress in camp hotel, camp preferred. Address 1212 Bridgeport Ave., Spokane.

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEMENTS in Condensed Columns, mention you saw it in The News will help you.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT (Say you saw it in The News)

FURNISHED ROOM—520 Carbonate street.; central.

FORRENT—Clean, well furnished room suite; 507 Silica St.

THREE furnished rooms for rent. Latimer street.

FOR RENT—Holsekeeping rooms per month. Over Poole Drug

FOR RENT — Suites of furnished housekeeping rooms in Anderson block. Enquire roo 32.

K. W. C. BLOCK — Housekeeping suites and rooms for rent moderate. A. Macdo ld & Co.

FURNISHED SUITES for rent. ply Kerr apartmen

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Nine room house, and two lots, on Pine avenue. Apply Mrs. W. Walmsely, Trail, B.C.

FOR SALE—At Trail, 8-room plastered house, well situated; concrete basement, electric light, bath, pantry, all conveniences. Apply box 554, Trail, B.C.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Five room cottage, Behnsen St., two good lots. J. Balding, Nelson.

FOR RENT—Seven room house, Silica street, 3 lots, chicken house. J. Balding, Nelson.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Return tubular boiler, engine, about 50 horse power in good condition. Summerland Lumber Co., Summerland, B.C.

FOR SALE or exchange for city property, 10 acres at Crescent Valley, frame house, 180 bearing fruit trees. Box 166, Nelson.

OUT-OF-TOWN ADVERTISERS

USE THIS BLANK ON WHICH TO WRITE YOUR ADVERTISEMENT FOR

THE DAILY NEWS

ONE WORD IN EACH SPACE

THE COST—One cent a word each insertion or Four Cents a word for Six. Ten Cents extra to mail replies for box numbers. No ad taken for less than 25c.

Enclose money order or check and mail direct to The Daily News, Nelson, B.C.

Today's Specials at The Star

Large White Onions 12 pounds 25c

White Burbank Potatoes 100 pounds 95c

25 BOXES

No. 1 Gravensteins Per box $1.75

Star Grocery

PHONE 10.

Union Brewery

TRAIL, B. C.

Manufacturers of Draught and Bottled Beer and Artificial Ice.

THURMAN'S

Carry a full line of all High-Grade Tobaccos and BBB Pipes. Try a tin of Thurman's Mixture.

THURMAN'S CIGAR STORE.

Private Hospital

LICENSED BY PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT.

We give particular attention to all female troubles, home-like apartments for ladies awaiting accouchment. Highest references; reasonable terms; inspection invited.

MRS. MOORE, Superintendent.

THE HOME PRIVATE HOSPITAL

Falls and Baker Sts., Nelson B.C.

P. O. Box 772.

Phone 372 for Appointment.

Our Tea Room

Is at Your Disposal After or Before Shopping.

We can supply you with a delicate, tasty cup of Tea, Coffee or Cocoa, served with Pure Cream and Appetizing Cake, etc., while you can chat.

You're Welcome.

CHOQUETTE BROS.

516 BAKER ST.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

The West Kootenay Poultry and Pet Stock association will meet in the council chamber at the city hall on Friday at 8 p.m.

In the statement of receipts issued by the treasurer of the Nelson and district patriotic fund and published yesterday, the donation of C. R. Hamilton should have read $50 instead of $40. A subscription of $25 from W. M. Cunliffe was omitted from the list. This makes the correct total of money received since the inauguration of the fund $6495.01.

Don't forget Harold Jarvis concert at Presbyterian church on Nov 3. (1722)

Pilsnie and Lethbridge beer on draught, also in bottles at Club hotel. (1697)

Nelson Brand jam is made from the best Kootenay fruits and B. C. sugar by British Columbia labor. At all grocers. (1608)

Nelson Aerie No. 22 F.O.E. meets tonight at 8 o'clock sharp. A full attendance is requested. Special business. (1723)

Tea will be given at the home of Mrs. James Will, Nelson Ave, Fairview, this afternoon from 3 to 6 under the auspices of St Paul's Ladies' Aid (1721)

There will be a meeting of the Nelson and District Women's Institute in the council chamber on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Important business. (1724)

Miss Johnstone will hold a concert and dance in aid of the Patriotic fund on Friday night at Eagle hall. The best talent procurable will be provided. Admission 50 cents. (1692)

A. D. McDonald, general contractor, writes: I have the latest in moderate priced homes. Jobbing promptly attended to; estimates given; also shopping of any description done. (1648)

NT CASE AGAINST THOMAS KELLY STAYED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NNIPEG, Oct. 26.—The crown's suit against Thomas Kelly in connection with the parliament buildings received a block today owing to application for a stay of proceedings made to the full court of appeal and Anderson, Kelly's counsel. Their lordships received judgment and granted a stay of proceedings until the judgment is delivered.

WRITES OF DIPLOMACY OF EX-MINISTER DELCASSE

Two men are mainly to be held responsible for the fact that France and Great Britain are today fighting as allies. One, Edward VII., died before the fruits of his labors were ripened; Theophile Delcasse has lived to see accomplished the great purpose of his life, a European coalition against the German peril he early recognized and long prepared for.

In two of the most dramatic crises of recent history Delcasse played a prominent part. The first was in the Fashoda crisis, when Britain and France stood face to face on the Upper Nile and Colonel Marchand, who a few weeks ago greeted Kitchener in Flanders, met "K. of K." in Africa and peace or war hung on the decision of the French government. The second crisis was provoked by the kaiser's excursion to Tangier in 1905, when Germany and France played similar parts.

In 1898 Delcasse made the great decision for his country. France, having for a quarter of a century pursued a policy of colonial expansion which provoked quarrel after quarrel with Great Britain, at last stood frankly before the dilemma which could no longer be avoided. Should she renounce her ancient European aspirations, her longing for the Rhine frontier, and fight England for colonial greatness in Africa as she had in Asia and America, or should she compose her differences with Britain and retain her European policy born in 1871?

Delcasse never hesitated. He compelled his nation to suffer the humiliation of Fashoda, to give up forever the Egyptian dream. He brought France back to Europe. But at the same time he made agreement after agreement with the British in Siam, in West Africa. Finally in 1904, by a general liquidation agreement France and Britain settled all differences and the road was clear for Edward VII. to go to Paris and France and England to make their entente.

But Berlin perceived the drift of Delcasse's policy and of Edward VII.'s diplomacy. The cardinal principle of Wilhelmstrasse policy had been that France and England should be kept forever apart and Russia bound to Germany by a "reinsurance" treaty. Russia had already escaped; France and Russia were allies; if Great Britain were now to join France, German continental supremacy, which had endured since 1871, would be shaken.

Thus in 1905, on the morrow of Russian defeat at Mukden, the kaiser landed in Tangier and Europe faced the first of the series of incidents which lie between Fashoda and Armageddon. After Tangier Delcasse was forced to retire from the Quai d'Orsay to save France, taken wholly unprepared, from a war with Germany.

But German diplomacy in scoring a brilliant superficial success lost a great battle. For at Algeciras not only Britain but Italy stood with France, and it was the Triple Alliance which was shaken. Germany had struck to convince France that she could not join with England, and Algeciras brought the two nations closer together than before.

After Tangier Delcasse temporarily disappeared. But France, then at last aware of the peril that overhung her, began the work of national regeneration which was revealed at the Marne. When the Agadier crisis came, France and Great Britain were disclosed as virtual allies, and before their combined firmness Germany recoiled. She was not ready for war and the triumph of Tangier was turned into the disaster of Agadir.

Only once in this time does Delcasse appear in a conspicuous role. Clemenceau, as premier, in one of the utterly incomprehensible domestic quarrels of French politicians, one day launched into a violent assault upon Delcasse, and his own ministry fell. After Delcasse reappears in the cabinet of "all the talents."

Nearly twenty years ago, then Theophile Delcasse gave the first decisive turn to European affairs which culminated in the present struggle. About his own personal fortunes have centered some of the most dramatic steps in world history. Ten years ago Germany recognized him as he most dangerous foe and struck him down, but his work had been done. In bringing France and Great Britain together, in removing the causes that kept alive their age-long rivalry, Delcasse created a barrier to German ambition which only war could force.

In German minds Delcasse was the author, the joint author with Edward VII., of the policy of "encirclement." He was the statesman who sought—and succeeded in his efforts—to fence Germany with an iron ring of foes. His policies and his purposes, to the German mind, made this war. History may write the verdict differently, but there can be no escape from the conclusion that when in 1898 Delcasse chose to go to London rather than Berlin he set in motion the forces that made another continental war inevitable. From Fashoda to Armageddon will undoubtedly be the fashion in which the future will describe contemporary European history.

The actual causes of Delcasse's present retirement are obscure. Possibly the failure of allied Balkan policy, possibly questions of parliamentary politics, conceivably ill health, traceable in part to the anxiety for his only son, a German prisoner—perhaps all these have contributed to this result. But his departure takes from the field the man who has, on the whole, exerted greater influence upon European affairs than any man since Bismarck. If France comes from this supreme test victorious and territorially again the France of the Third Empire, she will owe much to Delcasse. If she is defeated, his name may be accursed hereafter. But no one will underrate the greatness of the part he has played.—New York Tribune.

PARIS OF TODAY IS GRIM AND SERIOUS CITY

Frivolity and Former Gaiety Have Been Abandoned; Have Settled Down to Serious Work.

After a year of the greatest war that history has ever known, life in Paris has necessarily undergone a change. Nevertheless, considering that the enemy is in reality only some sixty miles distant from the capital, the perturbation caused by his presence is not so great as might be imagined.

The aspect of the principal streets is much the same as of yore, though not perhaps in the matter of sound. The great, lumbering, noisy autocars have disappeared. Freshly painted an unobtrusive gray, they are now employed on the front for the transport of men and material.

The tramways and the metropolitan underground railway continue as usual, also the passenger steamers on the Seine. The trains on the great lines are as rapid as ever, if not quite so frequent. There are plenty of taxicabs to be found. The throng of promenaders on the great boulevards, between the Madeline and the Place de la Republique is almost as dense as ever; the little tables that fill the "terrasse" of the cafes are nearly all occupied about 5 o'clock.

A Difference.

But there is a difference all the same. Since the war broke out the sale of absinthe has been strictly forbidden. In no glass at those little tables would you find la verte. Another difference is that there are very few foreigners; some Spaniards and a sprinkling of South Americans are all.

Many of the big hotels have been transformed into hospitals for the wounded, either entirely or in part. Most of the theatres are closed, but of cinemas there is no lack. Towards eight o'clock the crowd in the streets thins, the Parisian goes home to dine, and comes out no more. The lighting of the streets is modert more discreet even than that of London, and for the same reason. No halo of light shall betray the position of the great town or guide the zeppelins of the enemy. At ten o'clock this scanty light becomes scantier still. Dscreetly veiled by enormous shades a few lamps remain at the corner of street or boulevard. Barely sufficient, they serve to guide the rare passer-by or the lumbering market cart on its way to the Halles.

Gay, sparkling Paris is no more for the time, and in her place we have a provincial town where we sagely say, "Early to bed, early to rise, etc." Healthy we are, the death rate being less than usual, even allowing for the thinning of the population. Wealthy, how much so the recent flow of gold into the bank has proved, and wise too they may be called, much more so than Messieurs le Boches thought or imagined.

The Cost of Living.

Living has become somewhat more expensive, the price of meat has gone up considerably, but it is believed that soon a better organization of the market will relieve the strain on the housewife's purse in that respect. Potatoes are cheap, and most vegetables to be had at their usual price. Fruit is sold even below its value. Fine plums 15 cents (three-halfpence) a pound, peaches 4d. and 5d. a pound. But the inducement that this cheapness of fruit gives to the French menagere to make jam is nipped in the bud by the dearness of sugar, which is 1 fr. 25 per kilo (a little more than two pounds) and likely to remain at that price, if not more. Eggs, too, are expensive, enormous quantities being brought up for the use of the hospitals.

The question of coal and firing is very thorny. All our great coalfields in the north are in the hands of the enemy. The navies of England and of France, as also the war factories in both countries, must be largely and continuously supplied. After these comes only the need of our civil population. Should the winter be hard, the dearness or want of coal may cause severe suffering. To obviate this suffering in a measure, the consul municipal of Paris has voted a sum of 40 millions of francs (£1,600,000 to be employed in constituting a stock sufficient, it is hoped, to prevent an extreme rise in the price of coal.

More industries have suffered from the effects of war and none more than the so-called "Industrie de luxe," where want of material and want of hands have caused stagnation. Nevertheless, most of the workmen's families are provided for as much as possible. Every wife of a "mobilise" receives per day 1 fr. 25c for herfelf and 50c for each child under sixteen. Families of four and five children are not rare, and a woman that receives each day about four francs is sometimes richer than she was in the days before when her husband, though earning much more, spent too large a part of his pay in drink or gambling. Besides that, the question of paying the rent being waived for the time, she has no anxiety on that score.

It will be seen from this then that Paris has much in common with her allies in the sea-girt isle. Much, too, that will strengthen the bands of the entente cordiale in the years to come, for is there any bond so great as the bond of suffering?

FEED CHILDREN.

On Properly Selected Food—It Pays Big Dividends.

If parents will give just a little intelligent thought to the feeding of their children the difference in the health of the little folks will pay, many times over, for the small trouble.

A mother writes: "Our children are all so much better and stronger than they ever were before we made a change in the character of the food. We have quit using potatoes three times a day with coffee and so much meat.

"Now we give the little folks some fruit, either fresh, stewed or canned, some Grape-Nuts with cream, occasionally some soft boiled eggs, and some Postum for breakfast and supper. Then for dinner they have some meat and vegetables.

"It would be hard to fully describe the change in the children, they have grown so sturdy and strong and we attribute this change to the food elements that, I understand exist in Grape-Nuts and Postum.

"A short time ago my baby was teething and had a great deal of stomach and bowel trouble. Nothing seemed to agree with him until I tried Grape-Nuts softened and mixed with rich milk and he improved rapidly and got sturdy and well."

"There's a Reason."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true and full of human interest.

ESPECIALLY FOR WOMEN

"Fruit-a-tives" Now Known as Woman's Best Medicine

"FRUIT-A-TIVES," the famous fruit medicine is particularly well suited *for the use of women*, because of its mild and gentle action and its pleasant taste.

In severe cases of *Constipation, Indigestion, Bloating, Sick Headaches, Pain In The Back, Neuralgia, or a General Run-Down Constitution*, "Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine needed to correct such troubles and restore the sufferer to complete health.

As a tonic, "Fruit-a-tives" is invaluable to purify and enrich the blood and build up strength and vigor.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

POTATOES FOR EAST CANADIAN MARKET

This Year's Exportable Surplus in British Columbia Estimated at 1700 Cars

It begins to look as though there might be an opportunity for British Columbia potato growers to dispose of a large portion of the surplus yield of tubers in this province if arrangements can be made to secure low enough freight rates to ship to Ontario. Markets Commissioner R. C. Abbott laid the situation before the local railway officials, says the Vancouver Province, and experts are now figuring out the lowest possible rate which can be given to facilitate the movement of potatoes to eastern points.

Up to this year Ontario has shipped potatoes to points as far west as Calgary. Now the situation is reversed. The Ontario potato yield is far below normal, while that of British Columbia and Alberta is greatly above domestic requirements. The province of Alberta is reported to have one million bushels more than it can use, while as for British Columbia, Mr. Abbott states, the exportable surplus is about 1700 cars. That potatoes will be sent to eastern points from the two western provinces for the first time seems certain. From just how far west it will be profitable to ship them will depend on the rates secured from the railways.

The changable and wet weather throughout eastern Canada all summer played havoc with the potato crop, and rot has set in all over Ontario and New Brunswick. This means a limited crop at the very best. According to the Canadian Grocer, prices are away up. Last week $1.10 to $1.15 per sack was the price from wholesaler to retailer for Ontario stuff, while New Brunswick crop was five cents higher. These are very high prices for the beginning of the eastern season. They have rarely been exceeded, and it looks as though Ontario people would have to pay even higher prices before the winter ends.

Bumper Crops in Northwest States

While the neighboring states of Washington and Oregon have a bumper crop of spuds, it will have little effect on the British Columbia market, according to Mr. Abbott, as in the Middle West and Eastern States the yield is reported to be only 25 per cent of normal.

There have been a great many enquiries from brokers during the past few weeks as to the available tonnage in British Columbia, and there is a possibility that the evaporators now starting may use some 30,000 tons of British Columbia's surplus crop.

At the present time the prices of potatoes in Vancouver is exceptionally low. If arrangements are successfully completed to export the surplus there will undoubtedly be an increase in prices. It behooves the housewives to lay in a stock of potatoes for the winter before this occurs. The retail prices run from 60 cents to $1 per sack, the latter price being for Ashcrofts, and for specially choice varieties from other districts such as Mission.

GIRLS! THICKEN AND BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR AND STOP DANDRUFF

Try this! Your hair gets wavy, glossy and abundant at once

To be possessed of a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff is merely a matter of using a little Danderine.

It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance, freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre, and try as you will you cannot find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower, destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this.

Public Notice

To the Ladies of Nelson

THE COMPANY HAS ARRANGED FOR MRS. McMICHAEL, THE GOSSARD EXPERT, CORSET FITTER AND LECTURER, TO BE AT THE STORE FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, 29th AND 30th INST.

SHE WILL EACH AFTERNOON AT THREE O'CLOCK LECTURE AND DEMONSTRATE THE SCIENCE OF CORRECT CORSETRIE. THIS WILL BE OF VITAL INTEREST TO ALL WOMEN IN THE DISTRICT AND WONDERFULLY EDUCATIVE.

IN THE MORNING SHE WILL GIVE FITTINGS AND PERSONALLY ATTEND ALL INTERESTED IN THE ART OF CORRECT CORSET WEAR.

TEA WILL BE SERVED FREE SO YOU CAN EXPECT A MOST ENJOYABLE AND INSTRUCTIVE DISCOURSE COMBINED WITH THE COMFORTS AND PLEASURES OF A SOCIAL TEA GATHERING.

Remember the Sale of Coats--$20 for $12.95
Remember the Costume Sale--Values to $35.00 for $19.50

$8.50 Millinery On Sale $4.95

Beautiful Headwear placed on the Bargain Tables, such as Black Feather Turbans with Velvet Mounts, White Kid Turbans Trimmed Black, Blue French Felt smartly shaped and trimmed with Ostrich, a few Black and White Satin Sailors Winged Trimmed, Beaded Turbans for more elderly wear and Black Velvet Sailors with Satin Crowns.

Regular $7.50 and $8.50—For **$4.95**

Special in Men's Underwear

The famous Penman's, in fine wool but woven heavy and elastic, will not scratch the most sensitive skin. Two shades, Cream or Natural. Drawers have crotch knitted not buttoned.

Our Special—Per Suit **$2.50**

The Grocery Store of Service

SEAL OF QUALITY FLOUR— No .1—49-lb. Sack **$1.75**

SEAL OF QUALITY FOUR— No. 1—98-lb. Sack **$3.40**

ASHCROFT SMALL WHITE BEANS— New Crop—3 lbs. for **25c**

ROBIN HOOD ROLLED OATS— 20-lb. Sack **75c**

CROCKERY DEPARTMENT SPECIALS

HYACINTH GLASSES— Each **25c**

FERN POTS— 8-inch, for Bulbs **25c**

FLOWER POTS— 4-inch ..... 8c 5-inch ..... 10c 6-inch ..... 12½c 8-inch 35c

Silk Waists Went All Day Yesterday at $1.50

The busiest corner of our store was round the Waist Table. Imagine smart new Jap Silk Waists with convertible collars made in the latest styles.

Going Out At **$1.50**

Sale of Dress Tweeds

The Rich English Tweeds that today there is not a yard being made. Looms are all busy making war fabrics. Fancy Mottled Suitings, 44 inches wide, and Striped Zibilines of rich wool in four shades. The soft color effects make these cloths very attractive.

Values $1.00 and $1.25—For **75c**

The Sox for the Soldier

We are the Hose Headquarters. Our big purchasing power has stood us in good stead. The mills have filled contracts for us when others were omitted. See our numbers now against heavy price advances.

Per Pair **25c, 35c, 50c**

"MAP OF ITALY"

Vittucci Virgin Olive Oil

A NOTE OF WARNING

This will be advanced in a few weeks. No more coming through as the Italian government has stopped the export.

Pint Tins 50c
Quart Tins 95c
One Gallon Tins $3.50
Half Gallon Tins $1.85

The Hudson's Bay Company.

INCORPORATED 1670 HERBERT L. SUBIDGE, STORES COMMISSIONER

DESCRIBES USING THE TELEPHONE IN ENGLAND

In this country, says an American, who, while in England recently, had to do a lot of telephoning, if you wish to get a party on the telephone whether he is in the same apartment block as you, a mile away or a thousand miles away, you tell the operator and wait anywhere from ten seconds to a minute. If you have to wait three minutes you are highly indignant. Generally you have just about time enough between asking for the party and getting him to lay down your cigar so the smoke won't bother you while talking. But in England you:

1. Call the operator.
2. Call the operator again.
3. Call the operator a third time.
4. Wait.
5. Wait some more.
6. Call the operator again.
7. Operator says "The service is engaged."
8. Wait some more.
9. Call operator.
10. Operator says, "Are you there?" and she says it with the funniest accent imaginable.
11. You become peeved and attempt to become wacetious by saying "No I'm not 'there,' I'm 'here.'"
12. "How strange," comments the operator.
13. "I wish to speak with three-ought-nin-six, Hyde Park," you say.
14. "Are you there?" asks the operator.
15. If you are unused to English phones you lose your billie, or nanny, as may be and reply: "No, indeed, I am in Patagonio."
16. "Patagonia has no telephone," says the operator, highly indignant at wasting her time on such an ignorant person.
17. "Operator," you shout, "I want to bet three-ought-nine-six, Hyde Park."
18. "I beg your pardon," says the operator.
19. "I want to get three-ought-nine-six, Hyde Park," you say distinctly. But you would strike a babe in arms at this stage.
20. "Are you there?" asks the operator.
21. Again you bite your lips, take a deep breath, clinch your fist and ask for the number
22. "Kindly wait," says the operator.
23. "I'm the finest little waiter in three hemispheres," you shout, "but I should have walked, it would have been quicker——"
24. "Were you speaking?" asks the operator.
25. "Have you got my party?" you ask.
26. "This is not a party—it's a telephone bureau," explains operator.
27. "I don't care whether it's a bureau or a highboy or a chiffonier or a davenport or just a plain hassock. I want Hyde Park three-ought-nine-six, and I want——"
28. "Just a minute," says operator, "until I consult the rate book."
29. You wait.
30. You wait some mor
31. You wait ten minutes.
32. A friend, seeing you have convulsions at the telephone, looks at his watch and informs you that it is "half after noon and the telephone bureau is closed a half hour for lunch, you know, old chap." (And it is true they all knock off work for lunch.)
33. Half an hour later: "Is this central?"
34. "No, sir, if you please, this is the telephone bureau."
35. "I want Hyde Park, three-ought-nine-six," you say, this time beseechingly, plaintively imploringly.
36. "The service is engaged sir, if you please," the operator says.
37. "I know a dashed sight better," you shout, "it was engaged so long ago it is either married or deceased by this time."
38. "Really, sir, this is no instrument for spoofing," the operator says indignantly.
39. You repeat your request for three-ought-nine-six, Hyde Park.
40. "Hello! Hello! Hello!" you yell, putting the accent more and more on the syllable before the "o."
41. The operator replies. She says: "Are you there?"

You are not there. You have sent a messenger to your friend in Hyde Park upon the advice of an English acquaintance, who found you, an hour after still babbling incoherently.

This is not a phony, for it actually happened.—St. Louis Post-Despatch.

ANNOUNCE WINTER QUARTERS FOR SEWELL CAMP TROOPS

WINNIPEG, Oct. 26.—Winter quarters for troops now stationed at Sewell camp have been announced as follows:

Minnipeg, Minto street drill hall—1st Canadian pioneers battalion; 90th battalion draft, 79th C. H. of C. draft (garrison duty battalion).

Broadway—53rd overseas battalion.

Agricultural college—79th overseas battalion.

Exhibition grounds—45th overseas battalion.

McGregor street—61st overseas battalion.

Brandon—79th overseas battalion.

Saskatoon—65th overseas battalion.

Regina—68th overseas battalion.

Port Arthur and Fort William—52nd overseas battalion.

Winnipeg, exhibition grounds—37th and 38th batteries.

Portage la Prairie—One regiment C. M. R.

Saskatoon—One regiment C. M. R.

Backache Totally Gone!

Does your back ache? Have you a dull, sore pain, or sharp shooting pains that make life a misery and make you wonder what is going to happen next?

Thousands have suffered just like you and after dosing themselves, and rubbing themselves, and applying liniments—all without relief—they have tried

GinPills FOR THE KIDNEYS

and found untold comfort in the healing, soothing, cleansing action of Gin Pills on the Kidneys and the Bladder—that is where the trouble lies.

Read what Arnold McAskell, of Nova Scotia says:—"I decided to give Gin Pills a trial. Before I had used one box I began to feel much better, and by the time I had taken two boxes all the pain was gone. I have never had any trouble with my back since."

Don't let Kidney or Bladder trouble get its grip on you. Watch for these symptoms—and pains in the joints, swelling of hands or ankles, urinary irregularities, and check the trouble with Gin Pills.

Look for the Drug Store in your Town or City with GIN PILLS in the window.

EVERY DRUGGIST SELLS THEM

50c. a box, or 6 boxes for $2.50

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED

TORONTO - ONTARIO

Unequalled for General Use

GALT COAL — BURNS ALL NIGHT

W. P. TIERNEY, General sales agent, Nelson, B. C.
Cars supplied to all railway points.

The Money Master

Being the curious history of Jean Borbille, his labors, his love and his ladies, by Gilbert Parker.

K

By Mary Roberts Rinehart is a very interesting story of the the lives of two people who are accidentally brought together.

Be sure and read them.

Canada Drug & Book Co.

The Drug Store That Is Different

Mail Orders Filled Promptly.

Watch This Space

Car No. 10 will leave on Friday, Nov. 5th. Have fruit on wharf before 3 p. m. This will probably be our last car for prairie market this season. Get your fruit marketed before cold weather on prairies makes shipping dangerous.

Kootenay Fruit Growers' Union, Limited
E. NORMAN, Manager.
Nelson, B. C. Phone 110

Trail East
WILL BE READY IN A FEW DAYS.

As we have been having a great many inquiries about our new subdivision we are pleased to announce that our surveyors state they expect to have the work completed in a few days, and this splendid residential section of Trail will be on the market very soon.

To parties living on the property at present we are going to give the first chance of buying the lots they have built their homes on. The terms will be very liberal, $10 cash and $5 or $10 per month. And we are now prepared to accept deposits on these lots to reserve them for the parties living on them. We would advise seeing our Mr. Robley at once, as the first chance to buy will be open only for a limited time to be announced later.

There are no smaller lots than 33 feet frontage and a considerable portion of the property will be in one-half acre lots, acre lots and larger.

WATCH THIS SPACE.
We Have Other Announcements to Make.

McQuarrie & Robertson
NELSON, B. C.

Social and Personal

J. James of the Bluebell mine is at the Queens.

George R. Leask of Cranbrook is registered at the Hume.

John McTavish of Bull River is visiting the city and is staying at the Hume.

C. A. Wallace of Rossland is visiting the city and is a guest at the Strathcona.

A. C. O'Neill arrived in the city last night from Ymir. He is registered at the Madden.

Mrs. James Sime and Mrs. Anthony of Riondel visited the city yesterday and registered at the Hume.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Adams of Winnipeg arrived in the city yesterday and are staying at the Strathcona.

Ladies' Corsets
GOOD QUALITY.
Per pair $1.00

THE ARK
THE PLACE TO BUY OR SELL ANYTHING.
J. W. HOLMES, Mgr.
Phone L395. 606 Vernon St.
NELSON, B. C.

GENTLEMEN'S
Wrist Watches

We can offer you remarkably good values in Gent's Wrist Watches, as we have an unusualy large stock of fine Watches.

Waltham, Elgin and several other grades best Swiss makes; 7 and 15 jewel movements, gold filled, silver and nickel cases. Heavy figured and luminous dials, at

$8, $9, $10, $12 and $15
Special Wrist Watch at $3

J. O. Patenaude
Dealer in Fine Watches, Manufacturing Jeweler and Watchmaker, Expert Optician.

MOUSE SCARES THEM; BUT ZEPPELIN, NEVER

In a letter to the New York Tribune, a citizen of the United States writes of "The British Spirit" after an experience of a year's residence in London, as follows:

"It was painful leaving there, when everybody we knew, all the nation, is suffering untold anxieties, incredible woe, making sacrifices of blood and treasure, enduring all things in silent, magnificent patience, with unflinching courage. To come over here and be safe, to get out of the stress and strain, seemed to me to be like sneaking away from friends in distress, almost cowardly. How kind our friends all were—bidding us a cheery good-bye and a happy home-coming—and the formula so often and so earnestly repeated, 'Come to us again in happier days.'

"I would not have foregone the experience of the past year; I would not have missed the opportunity of seeing England in her time of trouble; nothing could make up to me the loss of that great privilege. I do not exaggerate when I say that the year in Great Britain was the most intensely interesting and inspiring year of my life since that year so long ago when the civil war was ended and our country remained undivided. It was wonderful to witness the ennobling of England, the splendid fashion in which that nation consecrated itself to the maintenance of all the grand and great ideals that have made her mighty and worthy of praise in her long past. And, how I envied those who were privileged to work for her—and I could do nothing but sit and hold my breath and look with streaming eyes—fists clenched—and pray for her success.

"Our last night but one in London was the night of the zeppelin raid. I wouldn't have missed having that experience. There were seven women in my cousin's house during the 25 minutes of the bomb-dropping and air-gun firing and many of the reports made the windows rattle. But none of the seven exhibited the slightest trace of fear or nervousness. I do not exaggerate. And yet they were real women and I imagine any or all of them would have climbed up onto the piano if a mouse had entered the room. And it was so all over London.

"And these are the people whose subjugation is regarded as a possible thing by the butchers of Belgium and the murderers of the Lusitania's women and children. May I suggest an explanation of the besotted fury of the Germans against the British and of their desire to turn the British islands, like Belgium, into a pit of agony and shame? It is the explanation given years ago by a wise British publicist, writing on Bismarck's hatred. Bismarck, he said, felt his inferiority to an English gentleman and it made him writhe. That is what is the matter with the Germans.

Feel Their Inferiority

"They hate the British because every time they come in contact with a member of the race they feel their inferiority in everything that spells breeding, taste, the social decencies, the point of honor. It bites like acid through their dirty vanity and they itch for revenge, the revenge of physical violence and spiritual torture. It is amusing as well as disgusting to see them trying to explain away their "scrap of paper" hypothesis, and to see the man Lissauer essaying footling regrets for his gutter-song of 'hate.' They have no regrets for wrong done. But they are beginning to realize what decent people think of them and their vanity squirms again as they once more sense, dimly their ingrained inferiority."

Hunters' Outfits
ARE YOU GOING HUNTING THIS FALL?
IF SO LET US FIT YOU OUT
WE HAVE A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
Guns, Rifles, Ammunition and "Duxbak" Hunting Clothing
TRY THE NEW CANUCK SHOT SHELLS
Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Ltd.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL NELSON, B.C.

Advertisements Are Real Business-Getters
TRY ONE WHEN THINGS ARE DULL

Nelson News of the Day

CHANGES IN BOAT AND TRAIN SERVICE

Tri-Weekly Boat on Arrow Lakes—Boundary Train Restored—Take Effect Midnight Saturday.

It has been anounced by J. S. Carter, district passenger agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway company at Nelson, that beginning at midnight on Saturday the following changes in the railway and boat service will go into effect:

A daily service excepting on Sunday will be given over the Boundary line, leaving Nelson at 7:40 o'clock in the morning and arriving at Nelson at 9:30 in the evening. Connection will be made with the Kettle Valley line at Midway westbound, on Mondays, Wednesday and Fridays, and, eastbound, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. The morning train from Rossland and Trail will make direct connection with the Slocan train at Slocan junction. The train service between Kaslo and Nakusp will run tri-weekly on Tuesdays, Thursday and Saturdays.

On the lake and river service the following changes have been made: There will be a tri-weekly service on the Arrow lakes between Arrowhead and Robson. The boat will leave Arrowhead at 9 o'clock on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings, arriving at Robson at 7:45 o'clock in the evening. It will leave Robson at 11 o'clock every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, arriving at Arrowhead at 2:45 o'clock the following afternoons.

The Kokanee will leave Nelson every afternoon, except Sundays at 4 o'clock, calling on Mondays and Thursdays at Crawford bay and on Tuesdays and Thrusdays making the trip to Lardeau. On Wednesday's and Saturday's the boat will arrive in Nelson at 9:30 in the morning and on the remaining days at 11 o'clock. Connection will be made between the Crow boat and the Kokanee daily except Sundays at Proctor on the north bound trip and on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays on the south bound trip.

On the main line, it is announced that the special through trains No. 13 No. 14, from Seattle, Wash., to St. Paul, Minn., will be withdrawn.

WET LEAVES CAUSE OF FRACTURED LEG

William Byers Injured by Fall on Baker Street Sidewalk Yesterday Afternoon.

While delivering a sack of potatoes on Baker street, just east of Hall street yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock, William Byers, an employee of the city, slipped on some wet leaves on the sidewalk and fractured his right leg several inches above the ankle. He was removed to the Kotenay Lake General hospital, where he was attended by Dr. L. E. Borden.

NO MORE RECRUITS NEEDED FOR 54TH

Capt. L. E. Borden Instructed to Cease Recruiting As Battalion Is Now Up to Strength

As the result of the recruiting activity of the past few weeks, word was received by Capt. L. E. Borden yesterday from the adjutant of the 54th battalion instructing him to take on no more recruits as the battalion is now up to strength.

During the past month orders have been coming from the authorities at Vernon asking for men and the Nelson recruiting office has been kept busily engaged in communicating with men who had sent in their names to the depot asking to be called upon when fresh recruits were needed. It is understood also that a number of men have been going forward from different parts of the district without coming to the city. In some cases Capt. Borden has secured transportation to the camp, but it is reported that many of the new recruits have paid their own expenses from whatever point they happened to be at rather than take the time to come to Nelson and so be sent forward at the government's expense.

"I saw a wrestling match last night between a sailor and a marine from the navy yard."

"Which won?"

"Figure it out for yourself. The sailor was submarine."

"Goodby, dear," said hubby as he started on a business trip. "I'll write to you every day while I'm gone."

"You'd better," replied his wife. "I found those letters you had written in advance and burned them up, so you'll have to do it all over again."

Consult Our Classified Ads for Wants of Every Description

SMALL AD BRINGS GREAT RESULTS

Burke & Lowe Augment Fruit Shipments by Means of Two Three-Inch Advertisements.

As the result of two three-inch single column advertisements, run at different times by the firm of Bourke & Lowe of Harrop in The Daily News, offering boxes of apples for private shipment to England, more than 60 replies were received from points covering a wide district.

In notifying The Daily News of the success of its advertising, the firm writes as follows: "We are pleased to report our favorable experience through advertising in the columns of The Daily News, re private box apple shipments for England. We had over 60 replies from a very wide district."

The firm reports that its first car, consisting of 694 boxes, consigned to the firm of Hudson & Son of London, left Nelson on Oct. 24. The second car to be shipped by this firm and consigned to the same address will leave Bonington tomorrow. This shipment will consist of Cox's Orange Pippins, Yellow Newtons, Spitzenbergs and Jonathans, together with some 67 private box shipments. Although facing a 100 per cent increase in ocean rates and a high war risk, the shippers look for good net returns to the growers. Messrs. Bourke & Lowe report that some exceptionally fine Coxs and Jonathans have been received from A. Mackie, manager of Earl Grey's ranch, at Boswell.

VARSITY "SLACKER" ANSWERS COUNTRY'S CALL; WOUNDED

"Nut" Who Joined Cavalry Regiment Explains How He Fell at Ypres Salient.

(G Ward Price in London Mail)

Someone had told me on the telephone that he was in this hospital—a neat row of clean, cool, green huts spread along the meadow among the trees.

Except for the fact of being a bright yellow shade all over—gas gangrene—for the cadaverousness of the face and arm above the bedclothes, and for the scrubby selvedge of moustache above his lips that is a grudging concession to military requirements, he looked the same as he did at Cambridge six years ago. Then he was what all sensible hard working people called a "slacker"; he took a pass degree, coached for some "bar exams," failed genially and good humoredly resigning the struggle for life, fell back upon a pleasant existence made up, according to season of golf, tennis, winter sports and visits to friends whom he kept amused by a sort of virile Harold Skimpolism.

It was consequently almost whimsical to find what a wonderful change this war had wrought, transmuting him whom we always thought a preordained slackster into the very pattern of a soldier, taught and tried by eight months of war and lying here wounded for the second time.

Derided Bugshooters.

In those days there were few Varsity institutions that aroused his rather facile derision more than the "Bugshooters," the old volunteer rifle corps, which in a recreative, perfunctory way used to teach the rudiments of drill and rifle practise to undergraduates so disposed. He was still up indeed, when the old "Bugshooters" were transformed into the officers' training corps, and suddenly became a very earnest affair. In his last year he certainly did join the cavalry squadron, though in doing so he was probably less attracted by the opportunity of acquiring military knowledge than by the chance of winning a jumping competition at the end of the May term—horsemanship being a forte of his—and that, again, chiefly because it was likely that the sister of a school and college friend, for whom he always expressed warm admiration would be up for May week and would no doubt attend the O.T.C. gymkhana.

Joins Cavalry Regiment.

This dilettante experience of soldiering, however, led last August to his being at once gazetted to a cavalry regiment, and in due course he appeared also in the casualty lists and so came to this hospital, where by chance I found him.

"How do you feel?"

One always seems to begin conversations with the wounded in this futile way.

"Top hole," he replied as buoyantly as ever and this surprised me, for the one thing that could ever ruffle his constant serenity was any interference with physical well being, were it only a sprained ankle. But when a young man and keen, who wants badly to live, has been through all the bitterness of death and as if by a miracle finds himself still here one can understand that even four months of the same ward and twice daily dressings and drainage tubes, cannot subdue his good spirits.

"Where are you hit?"

"Right leg, principally; piece of shell. After which I had lockjaw and other accessories. I always was a glutton for trouble."

"Very painful, I suppose?"

"The wound wasn't. The lockjaw was a bit. Quite all right now. I shall be getting up in a few days I expect."

"How did it happen?". (The monotony of their visitors' questions must drive the wounded insane.)

Here and Jolly Lucky.

"Well, it seems that I must have broken all the rules to be here at all. The brigadier expected us to lose all our officers. To me, as soon as we got going he certainly seemed likely to win his bet. I suppose the reason why the two fellows who finally picked me up at night first of all came charging down on me with their bayonets was that they didn't want me to throw down the brigadier's predictions. Anyhow here I am—and jolly lucky."

He told me the story under pressure and in reply to constant questioning. Pieced together, it ran this way: "Well, we were there in that beastly Ypres salient Awful hole; if you managed to make any advance at all it only meant that you got into a worse position than you were in before. We had had a well filled and useful three or four days in the trenches. The Boches seemed to have it specially in for us; thought our bit of front looked particularly easy, I suppose. Anyway they came on in clumps, two or three times a day. They were Bavarians, a particularly frightful lot, but first class fighting men 'Vorwearts, Kinder!' (Forward children) you could hear their officers yelling and they did come on and died in heaps ten yards away from our machine gun.

"Well, we were just beginning to think with considerable satisfaction about going back to billets—which are deadly dull when you're in them, but to get an ieda of how attractive they seem in the trenches you've got to think of the Riviera on a foggy day in London—when a brigade major came along and handed out an immense string of orders. Tremendous offensive in prospect, it seemed. Supported by the So-and-Sos and with the gallant co-operation of the fellows on our respective flanks we were to leap lightly over the parapet, charge with ringing cheers across the ugly little bit of country in between, drive the Boches to nowhere and win the war.

Hummed with Bullets.

"The show began beautifully. The men skipped out of the trench like good 'uns and we all started hell for leather towards the German ditch. My squadron commander and I were a bit ahead, side by side. The ground was chawed up with shell holes; men falling into them and dodging around them; pouring with rain, too, to make it worse and we'd about 150 yards to go.

"As soon as we got out of our trench the Boches let loose such a fearful fire on us as I never saw yet As for machine guns, well the air just hummed with bullets. My captain and I did a sprint of about 50 yards, then we jumped into a shell hole; then we got out again and did another 30. Then we had a look back and there was hardly a man to be seen on his feet, though the ground was covered with them. We were just getting out for another sprint when poor old Gregory took it fair in the chest. I knelt beside him but his eyes were glazing and two more bullets hit him while I spoke to him. Then I felt a terrific knock in the side—just like a kick from a mule and it was over with me."

INCREASED MINING ACTIVITY BRINGS PROSPECTOR TO OWN

One result of increased activities in mining in the west is the return of the prospector to his familiar haunts, the canyons and the mountains, says the Salt Lake Mining Review.

During the past year there has been a large amount of work performed in the reopening of old and neglected mines and in enlarging the output of old-time producers, but very few new discoveries have been made and for the reason that the prospector, discouraged because of lack of support and appreciation, because of his inability to get financial aid in the development, had practically left the field. Now, however, with an ever-increasing demand for good properties, and with the mining public eager and anxious to get into something good, even though it be only a prospect, he is coming into his own again, and the mountains are again invaded by this tireless and ever hopeful class of pioneers and pathfinders.

When the mining industry is in the ascendant, as it is today, there is no reason why the prospector should not receive all the aid and encouragement necessary for his successful operation. In the history of mining many cases can be cited where great mines have been found by prospectors out on a grubstake. Their number is legion, and it is doubtful if they ever would have been discovered were it not for the fact that individuals, banded together in a common cause, sent out the prospector in quest of new discoveries; and, such finds really mean a prolongation of life for the mining industry, for to them must mining men and operators look when producing and paying mines have given up their treasures and become exhausted.

The field is wider and more inviting to the prospector of today than it was a quarter of a century ago. Now he is given encouragement to investigate any rock or mineral substances that is strange and new to him, and which may prove to be some of the rarer metals now so much in demand in certain circles, but which could not be profitably handled 10 or 20 years ago; and, be it said, there is now a closer union between the prospector and would-be purchasers than has been the case since mining became so justly popular with the investing public. At the present time representatives of capital are more willing to investigate reported discoveries and it is easier to close a deal now than was the case only a few years back.

The great mines of the west have not all been discovered by any ma[illegible] They are yet to be found in remo[illegible] gions and very often will be d[illegible] ered in old and well-established c[illegible] and districts, and even in sections [illegible] near to commercial centres that su[illegible] prise will be caused that they hav[illegible] been so long overrun by the prospect[illegible] and miner without their existence be[illegible] ing even suspected. The field is [illegible] large one and opportunities are gre[illegible]

The return of the prospector to th[illegible] mountains should be hailed wi[illegible] pleasure by everyone in any way in[illegible] terested in the mining industry an[illegible] he should be assisted in every wa[illegible] possible, for what he is able to do [illegible] complish means much to the secti[illegible] in which he is laboring, to the sta[illegible] and to the nation.

Miss Tiderleigh (answering propos[illegible] —I am very sorry, Mr. Singleton, bu[illegible] I can be nothing more to you than—

Singleton (interrupting)—Oh, never mind. It's useless to say the re[illegible] I have two grandmothers already.

We Aim to Give Satisfaction
CASH PRICES

Galt Coal	$7.75
Chinook Coal	7.75
C.W.C. Stove Coal (larger than Nut)	6.50
C.W.C. Lump Coal	7.25

WOOD FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES

Kootenay Columbia Fuel Co.
CHAS. F. McHARDY, Agent.
PHONE 135 GREEN BLOCK

A. S. Horswill & Co.

Alberta Flour, 98-lb. sack... $3.10
Walnuts, Almonds, Filberts; pound 20c
Finest Potatoes, 100 pounds... 90c

Get Our Prices on All Kinds of Feed. They Are Right.

A. S. Horswill & Co.

Our Timothy Hay
IS SPECIALLY FINE QUALITY JUST NOW.
We also have both First and Second Crop Alfalfa, Wild Hay, Rush Hay, Oat Straw.

The Brackman-Ker Milling Company, Limited

USE DAILY NEWS WANT ADS TO SELL, BUY, RENT OR EXCHANGE

TOYS TOYS TOYS

We have just opened out a great, big assortment of TOYS FOR THE KIDDIES, and they're just exactly what they like and will suit your pocket to buy. HALLOWE'EN DECORATIONS, Cards, Masks, etc., now on sale. Leave your order now for your PRIVATE GREETING CARDS. We have the biggest and best assortments to choose from.

CITY DRUG CO. For DRUGS, STATIONERY, Neilson's Chocolates, Phonographs, Etc.
NELSON'S BUSY STORE PHONE 34 P. O. BOX 1083

Rings for Baby

We have a very fine showing of Rings for baby in plain gold initial, some set with pearls, turquoise and rubies, to fit any tiny finger.

You will find an assortment at prices far less than you expected to pay.

A. T. NOXON
Expert Watchmaker and Jeweler.
BAKER ST., NELSON, B. C.

Starland Theatre
WE'VE GOT THE PICTURES YOU WANT TO SEE

Extra Special Tonight
CHAPTERS SEVEN AND EIGHT OF
"The Exploits of Elaine"

Owing to the fact that so many were disappointed when the seventh chapter did not arrive last week, at added expense we have secured both chapters and are showing them tonight. We respectfully request that all our patrons make an effort to come early, as we cannot guarantee the best seats after 8 o'clock.

PATHE COMEDY—"HAPPY'S MISHAPS"

SATURDAY
"ENOCH ARDEN"—FOUR-PART MUTUAL MASTERPICTURE
Special Five Cent Matinee for School Children

A. Bernheim
TRAIL.

Dealer in new and second-hand furniture, stoves, etc. Will buy, sell, exchange to suit and give good satisfaction and bargains. Also dealer in hides, pelts and wool at full value.

Dry Cow Hides, unsalted 20c
Green Salt Hides, per pound..... 12c
Green Salt Calf Hides, per pound. 15c
Green unsalted hides 2 cents less than salt cured.
Bulls and culls of above are one-third less than sound.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

City of Nelson
GAS DEPARTMENT.

Let us heat your house with gas by the Rector system. Cost per month little more than coal. No ashes. No dirt. We keep them at the works.

For information apply
CITY HALL.

Dancing

Miss G. Attree will hold [illegible] lasses in the Eagle Hall on Saturday next. Children's classes, 2 to 5 p.m. Adults, 8 p.m.

Private lessons by arrangement. For particulars write Box 304, Nelson.

Fit-Reform Made To Measure

Certainly, we make Suits and Overcoats to individual measure.

This part of our work has made many good friends for this establishment.

The unusually large number of patterns that we are showing—and the certainty of getting perfect fitting garments—are two attractive reasons why we should make your Suits and Overcoats to order. 87

Emory & Walley