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SIMPLY VETO

Government Will Not Try Reform

SO NEWSPAPERS STATE

RADICALS WILL OFFER HOSTILE MOTION—ASQUITH MAY HAVE TO DEPEND ON THE UNIONISTS — BALFOUR DOMINATES COMMONS

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The political storm is again threatening the existence of the cabinet, and the feeling among the Liberal politicians is most pessimistic, as a result of the conviction that the Irish mean business, as foreshadowed in the Freeman's Journal of Dublin this morning. Thsi conviction was strengthened this afternoon by the decision which the United Irish League reached at a meeting not to support the new junior lord of the treasury, William Wedgewood Benn, in the bye-election in the St. George division of Tower Hamlets, made necessary by his appointment to the ministry. The league holds that until assured that the government intends to seek guarantees from the crown enabling it to pass the veto bill into law this year, and before the introduction of the budget and other legislation, the Irish cannot be expected to support any government candidate.

Rumors were afloat again today to the effect that Premier Asquith contemplated resigning unless his restive team quickly settled down.

Monday, it is expected will be an especially critical day. The premier will then make a statement of the government's plans regarding the house of lords, and Sir Henry Dalziel, one of the leaders of the revolting Radicals, will offer a hostile motion, asking the house of commons to limit the cabinet's action to the abolition of the lords veto and to disapprove all suggestions for the reform of the upper house. Should this be pressed to a division, the Nationalists if they remain in their present frame of mind, are likely to give the motion their support, and the only salvation of the ministry will be from such help as the Unionists may be inclined to give.

The cabinet held two long councils today.

The address in reply to the King's speech was adopted, without division, in the house of commons today.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The continuation of the debate on Mr. Austen Chamberlain's amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne, was vigorous and exciting. A hush fell when the question was put and ayes and nays came with equal volume from either side of the house. Members rapidly streamed back from the lobbies to hear the figures, which were received with loud cheers and counter cheers.

Mr. Balfour spoke finally. As he arose there was a roar from the Unionist benches. His speech had a note of triumph in it, and he gripped the house, Unionists and Liberals alike, with his first few sentences. His tall, thin, and silvered figure carried confidence and a fascination that seemed irresistible. He took the question of the unemployment as his text.

It was impossible, he said to survey all aspects of the question in one speech. The colonial aspect alone might occupy the house for hours, but he said that if the preference on wheat, which brought more colonial land under plow, resulted in increased railway accommodation in Canada, it might well be that the supply of wheat would be undiminished, yet a rise in price, which the growing demands of the world might otherwise produce would be prevented from that moment.

When Mr. Lloyd-George stood up, the temper of the house began to rise as the crisis was approaching. The members filled their seats rapidly in order to be present for the final dramatic scene. The chancellor of the exchequer attacked Austen Chamberlain warmly. He scoffed at his arguments, and flung taunts at the tariff reform members in general. He rapidly lashed the Liberals and Labor members into excited applause. Mr. Asquith, who was seated at his side, was flushed, and was smiling happily at the sound of those united cheers, which have been sadly lacking for days past.

Bonar Law, who concluded the debate thought that the fiscal history of Canada was far more interesting for Great Britain than any other. After having surveyed it, he asked after 30 years what had happened? Americans were pouring across the border to enjoy the benefit of the greater natural resources, which protection had developed in the Dominion.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The Daily Telegraph asserts that the cabinet has abandoned all idea of reforming the house of lords, and will now direct its whole energy to limiting the veto power of the lords. In this, the Telegraph says, the government will proceed by bill, not by resolution first and bill afterwards as originally intended. This concession to the Radicals will not satisfy the Redmonites the paper thinks, because the ministers have not yet decided to put the veto question before the budget.

The Chronicle, Radical, partly confirms the foregoing by stating that the government resolutions will deal with the veto, leaving the question of the reform of the lords for future consideration.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—In the commons yesterday afternoon, the under secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Joe Martin's speech in respect to the speech delivered by Earl Grey last year in regard to the British navy, said: "I persume Mr. Martin's question referred to the speech delivered by Earl Grey in Calgary last September. The secretary of state has been informed that the criticisms made of that speech were based upon incorrect reports, which were due to the fact that no shorthand writers were present. The secretary consequently sees no reason why he should take any action."

LONDON, Feb. 25.—It is learned that Joseph Martin had some trouble in regard to his question respecting Earl Grey. The clerk of the house at first refused to put the question on the list, remarking: "We have nothing to do with the governor general. You must see the speaker of the house."

Mr. Martin replied: "Why should I see the speaker. I have brought the question to your notice in the usual way."

The clerk in a sharp tone replied: "Oh, very well, I will see the speaker."

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The Times, in its financial supplement, thinks the result of Canada's new agreement with Germany will be to regain for Germany all lost trade of Canada, if not more, within two years. The agreement, it adds, will affect the United States mare than Great Britain.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—In the commons, Sydney Buxton, president of the board of trade, said it was not anticipated that the German-Canadian arrangement would affect the trade of the United Kingdom with Canada.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—At a meeting of the English Association of American bond and shareholders, A. W. Smithers, American, chairman, said he believed in the imminence of a long series of big enterprises in Canada, for which adequate capital would be forthcoming if Canada maintained her present proud position respecting credit. Mr. Smithers is also chairman of the Grand Trunk railway.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Miss Hays, daughter of Charles M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk railway, will perform the ceremony at the launching of the Grand Trunk Pacific's steamer Prince George. This steamer is for the British Columbia coast service.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Before the judicial committee of the privy council today, judgment was reserved in the case of Jones and others vs. the North Vancouver Land Improvement company.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The first batch of the Salvation army's immigrants left Liverpool today for Canada. They numbered 200 and are the advance guard of 10,000 which the Army expects to send this season.

GIRLS HOLD OPPONENTS

LOSE MATCH AT GRAND FORKS BY ONE GOAL

GAME IS CLEAN, FAST AND EXCITING

(Special Correspondence.)

GRAND FORKS, Feb. 25—The ladies hockey team of Nelson went down to defeat when they crossed sticks with the Grand Forks team on the local ice tonight, by a score of 1-0. The game was fact and clean throughout, no penalties being handed out to either team. The play started off at a fast pace, the puck being kept in the vicinity of the Nelson goal nearly all of the first half although no goal was scored until nearly half time, when Grand Forks located the net. In the second half both sides worked hard, the puck being kept on the go from one end of the rink to the other. Several good shots were stopped by the Nelson goal keeper. The rink was crowded to the doors to witness the match. After the game the visitors were tendered a banquet and dance by the local club.

The line up was as follows:

Grand Forks		Nelson
	Goal	
Miss Stendal		Winnifred Foote
	Point	
Miss Traunweiser		Belle Goodwin
	Cover	
Miss Livesley		Ola Cavanaugh
	Rover	
Miss Haverty		Winnifred Ellis
	Centre	
Miss Sloan		Hazel Gore
	Left Wing	
Miss Demuth		Jean McLaughlin
	Right Wing	
Miss Anderson		Dora Patrick

Archie Bishop of Grand Forks refereed the game and Lang of Grand Forks was judge of play.

Renfrew Shut Out

RENFREW Ont., Feb. 25—The Wanderers narrow the fight for the National Hockey association championship and the Stanley cup down to a content between themselves and Ottawa by administering an overwhelming defeat to the Renfrew seven on their own ice here this evening. The Wanderers were masters of the situation at every stage, leading at half time 3-0, and winning by 5-0. The easy victory of the Montreal seven came as a complete surprise, no more to Renfrew than to the Wanderers themselves, who felt that if they could defeat Renfrew they could beat Ottawa in Ottawa next week and bring the championship and the cup to Montreal.

Registrar Dead

KINGSTON, Feb. 25—J. D. Thompson registrar of Frontenac, died this morning, aged 63 years. He had been in the forwarding trade here for many years before being appointed registrar. He was born in Montreal.

BRITISH COLUMBIA'S BUDGET

Expenditure of Seven and Three Quarter Millions Contemplated—Largest in History of Province—Over Four Millions for Roads—Education Receives Large Grant—Largely Increased Revenue Estimated—Brilliant Expose of Finances by Hon. Mr. Bowser

(Special to The Daily News.)

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 25.—Hon. W. J. Bowser delivered the budget speech today before a crowded house and galleries. The speech was a marvellous presentation of the financial affairs of the province, a review of its progress in all fields of industry, and an analysis of the ways in which its future development can be intelligently fostered.

Of the estimated expenditures, totalling $7,738,000, some $4,256 000, considerably more than half, is allotted to the building of permanent highways. Education calls for $745,742. The regrading of the civil service, and the necessary expansion of both the inside and outside service, results in some increases in the departmental appropriations, and there is a general normal increase in the cost of administration following the marvellous development of the province. A number of important commissions are provided for, to investigate questions vital to the well being of the province. The agricultural grant is largely increased.

Mr. Bowser estimates a largely increased revenue, stating, however, that in all respects the estimate is conservative. There are good chances that it may exceed the $7,000,000 odd at which it is placed. As it stands, however the government expects to spend some $70,000 more than it expects to take in, justifying its course on the theory that works of development are necessary now, and that these works themselves will lead to the expansion of the population and the extension of industry that may be relied upon to produce a corresponding increase in the revenue at an early date.

The net funded debt is $9,208,595, with which should go bond guarantees of $647,072. Placing against the aggregate of these sums the $6,000,000 surplus in the treasury, and various other assets, such as railway mortgages, the net debt of the province stands at somthing over $1,000,000.

The securities of the province enjoy a gratifying vogue in the financial world, British Columbia standing at the head of the provinces in that regard.

A total foreign trade per head, of $160 and a total production per head, of $315, are among the evidences of a great prosperity in Canada's Pacific province.

Before Mr. Bowser began the annual exposition of the budget, his honor, Lieutenant-Governor Dunsmuir, gave assent to a large number of bills.

Mr. Bowser spoke as follows:

Mr. Speaker—In rising to make the financial statement which by long parliament usage is designated the Budget Speech, I appeal to you, sir, and to the hon. members for that consideration due to one to whom for the first time and without previous experience has been allotted a task the most onerous and responsible that can be undertaken by a minister of the crown in any legislative assembly. I need not refer to the circumstances under which I took office. They are so recent as to be familiar to all within the sound of my voice and to the people of the province generally. No one regrets more than myself that these circumstances account for the absence from the house of a gentleman who acted in a similar capacity for the six years previous to this and who during that period had the entire confidence of the country. I cannot be expected, during the short period in which I have succeeded him to have absorbed the intimate knowledge of the financial affairs of British Columbia, or to have acquired the same firm grasp of details which he possessed. Nevertheless, I shall endeavor, following as nearly as possible the lines laid down by my predecessor on similar occasions, to submit for your consideration a straight-forward businesslike presentation of provincial finances.

Before, however, entering upon the budget proper, I wish to say a few words about the present remarkable political situation, not, I may add, for the purpose of importing purely partizan considerations into the discussion to follow my remarks, but because to some extent they are part of the subject itself. The premier a short time ago during the debate on the address described this situation as unique in the political history of British Columbia. His language so admirably fits the case that I accept it in lieu of any attempt of my own to do justice to it. The circumstances which account for the overwhelming majority of government supporters on the floor of this house are not analogous to circumstances accounting for abnormal support received by party governments in other provinces of Canada. In Alberta a constitution and government were, de novo, brought into existence under conditions highly favorable to success and at a time when the organization of an opposition became in the very nature of things futile. In the province of Quebec what Conservative opposition there was was merely nominal and traditional and went to pieces before an election took place. In convention assembled it voluntarily went out of existence, and Mr. Flynn, the leader, formally abdicated. Nothing like this occurred in British Columbia. From a strong and vigorous opposition in 1903, backed up by the prestige and support of the Liberal government at Ottawa, and by a federal sentiment in the province itself which was powerful enough in the following year to return a solid contingent of Liberal representatives to the house of commons, it has gradually been reduced in successive elections until the treasury benches are faced with the spectacle, as described by the Victoria Times of the member for Alberni "plowing his lonely furrow" That, sir, is I contend a remarkable state of affairs, and can only be accounted for by the legitimate growth of confidence in the government and in its leader, the Hon. Richard McBride.

In 1903 when he went to the country as leader and premier, in a newly constituted and the first Conservative administration, he was returned by a bare majority, and his tenure of office during the first three years was at all times uncertain and on one or two occasions somewhat critical. In the meantime the government had made good. It had restored confidence in business circles, had reorganized the finances of the province on a sound basis, and for the first time in its history converted a long line of annual deficits into surpluses. On the next occasion when the premier went to the country he was returned with a good working majority, and was enabled to carry on the administration of affairs much more efficiently on the lines the government laid down and to begin to undertake those large measures of development and public policy which owing to the state of finances were not possible to undertake at the outset. A well filled treasury was necessary to inaugurate comprehensive and important undertaking and the government to do the things it had in view and which the country naturally looked for in a Conseravtive administration had to go slow and lay the foundation on a strong and enduring basis of public credit and finanical resources. We have been told and to some extent the impression has gone abroad that the sweeping success of the government at the polls was due to its railway policy and that the people were hypnotized by the prospects of railway construction. Now sir, it is quite true that owing to the prominence given to the railway policy by the opposition and by some of our misguided political friends it became the issue into which all other issues were submerged, but I have no hesitation in stating in stating that had there been no railway policy the results would not have been much different. The people endorsed the railway policy because they endorsed and had confidence in the government itself. It was the government that carried the railway policy and not the railway policy that carried the government into power. If that were not so the people would never have entrusted it with so gigantic a responsibility as is involved in the undertaking. There were a dozen constituencies not affected by the construction of the proposed railway lines, some of them not even remotely. Had they been actuated by selfish motives they might naturally have been expected to oppose such a policy. As a matter of fact, four of these, Cranbrook, Nelson, Rossland and Skeena returned Conservatives where they formerly returned Liberals. On the other hand, two constituencies vitally interested in the construction of the Canadian Northern, Esquimalt and Alberni, returned members opposed to the government. Here is proof positive that at least 14 our of 45 constituencies were not influenced by the material aspects of the railway policy and we might with equal confidence assert that the remaining 30 were not to a greater degree affected by it.

I have, Mr. Speaker, referred to these matters, as I have said before, not for the purpose of introducing election topics in into the budget speech, nor for the purpose of glorifying a great Conservative victory, or of glorying over the defeat of opponents. It is because they directly affect and enter into the subject I have in hand. I am now dealing with questions of finance, and it is upon its financial policy, not alone in a department but in every department, that the government has made the record which has been so satisfactory to the people. To the details of every department the government the government has brought into operation and applied business principles.

I desire here to review briefly the period of six years during which the McBride government has been in power, and make some comparisons with a period of similar length preceding it. Apart from business success from the point of view of provincial finances, the province during that period has enjoyed a prosperity unequalled by any six of the best years since or before Confederation. I do not wish to say that the government is solely responsible for that condition of affairs. I would not presume to go as far for Premier McBride in this province as our Liberal friends do on behalf of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, for instance, when they claim that he discovered and made Canada. We do go as far, however, as to say that the administrative policy of the Hon. Richard McBride has contributed very largely to bringing the new state of affairs about, and in materially augmenting the stream of progress by inoculating new life into provincial affairs.

I shall not repeat what is now a matter of history and show how this financial change for the better was brought about, but I shall proceed to give the absolute proofs that there was neither accident nor good luck that produced the happy results, nor the beneficial influence of a government at Ottawa.

Unfortunately I cannot for the purposes of comparison take the last fiscal year which contains only nine months. It is unfortunate because the year 1908-09 was our best year and therefore to the disadvantage of the government. For the sake of brevity I shall take the five years from 1897-8 to 1902-3 inclusive and contrast them with the years 1903-4 to 1907-8 inclusive, asking you to bear in mind always that the latter was the first year of our government and therefore the least favorable for my purpose.

The expenditure exceeded the net revenue in the first priod by $3,670,000. The net revenue exceeded the expenditure in the second period in round figures by $5,000,000.

The net revenue of the province increased from 1898-9 to 1903-4 only $413,000. From the latter year to 1907-08 it increased $3,341,000. On the other hand the net expenditure increased for the first period $1,238,000, and for the last only $824,000.

One test of a finance minister is that he shall not over etsimate his revenue. Another test is that the estimated expenditures shall not be seriously exceeded. There are exceptions to such rules, of course, but year in and year out they are the criterion by which to judge sound financial ability. In the first of our periods the actual shortage in receipts is over half a million dollars, while the actual expenditure is over a million in excess of the estimated outlay. On the other hand, during the McBride administration actual receipts exceed the estimate by $6,000,000, while the actual expenditure is several hundred thousand dollars less than the estimated expenditure.

I am not going to tire the house with a statement of the financial condition of the province in 1903. It is well known. I just wish to say by way of comparison of methods and results that the increase in gross liabilities in the five years preceding the advent to power of the McBride government was $4,300,000. The decrease in the five years following that was $1,600,000.

The increase in liabilities over assets, that is the net debt, in the pre-McBride period was $4,300,000. The decrease in the second period was over $4,500,000, that is remember, to June 30, 1908.

The respective increases in the assets shown in the public accounts were $1,240,000 and $3,733,000.

As a proof that the success of the McBride administration has had a direct influence upon all the activities of the province and that its lease of power has become coincident with an unusual degree of prosperity, we may take the receipts from the various miscellaneous resources, outside of what may be regarded as "direct taxation" and all of which are subject to yearly fluctuations including all revenues arising out of land, timber, mining, Chinese restriction tax and succession duties. Two of these items may, of course, be regarded as accidental. For the first period of five years these amount in the aggregate to $3,721,732, and in the second to $11,247,210, an increase of $7,500,000. You will find in examining the figures in the first period they present a remarkable uniformity from year to year, and in some cases a decrease, while in the second there is a steady and a rapid rise from year to year.

Now, Sir, the most remarkable fact about the financial situation is this, that while there has been such a marked increase in the revenue of the province and such a substantial reduction in the public debt, and I want to emphasize this for the benefit of our friends who are complaining about the grinding burden of taxation, the actual rate of taxation per head during the McBride regime has been actually less than during the preceding five years. The census population of the province in 1901 was 187,600. Making allowance for a reasonable percentage of increase each year we may assume that the average population for the five years previous to 1903 was 175,000. We may also assume, making a very conservative estimate, that the average population for the period ending June 30, 1908, was 225,000. Taking then the taxes under the heads of real and personal property, income and revenue, these being particularly of the nature of "direct taxation," we have this result: The aggregate for the first period was $1,873,563 and for the second $3,557,051. We find, therefore, that the rate of taxation per head for the period 1899-03 was $1.70 and for the period 1904-08 was $1.58 and this notwithstanding the fact that, as Capt. Tatlow pointed out in his last budget speech, during the latter term, 14 municipalities had been incorporated, thus segregating from the provincial assessment rolls a very large amount of revenue that formerly belonged to it.

(Continued on Page Two.)

MAY DROP NAVY BILL

WESTERN LIBERALS ADVISE THAT COURSE

BARNARD UPHOLDS POLICY OF BORDEN

OTTAWA, Feb. 25—In the naval debate yesterday a thoughtful, well delivered and able speech by C. J. Doherty of St. Annes was made. Mr. Doherty came out in support of Mr. Borden's resolution of an emergency contribution, favored an appeal to the people and expressed strong disapproval of the Laurier proposals, in that while they inaugurated participation in imperial defense, they did not safeguard the participation of Canada in British foreign relations, which might precipitate was in which the local fleet would be called upon to take part. The speech, which lasted for over two hours, was a judicial weighing of evidence and the verdict of the member for St. Annes he declared, was only given after very careful study of the fact.

No one seems to know when this talk will end. Progress is exceedingly slow. The premier was in the house for the first time since his illness but he did not remain long. There are still a large number of speakers on the lists of the whips. A persistent rumor as to the dropping of the bill for this session is still abroad and a round robin is being signed by the Liberal members, chiefly of the west asking the government to postpone further consideration of the measure, in order that prorogation may take place before Easter.

With the naval bill out of the way, however, it is difficult to see how any such result can be reached. The real work of the session has hardly been touched, although parliament has been sitting since early in November. The Combine bill, the Bank act revision, the major part of the estimates, and many important government bills have yet to be dealt with.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has given notice that from Wednesday next the rule of adjournment at 6 o'clock on that day of the week will be suspended and the house will still continue to sit during the evenings. This will be the first time that this has been done since the rule was brought into being several sessions ago.

G. H. Barnard of Victoria, advocated a navy that would be of service to the empire in time of need, but he was sure the present proposals of the government would not fill the bill.

Blackhanders Threaten Judge

NEW YORK, Feb. 25—Black Handers have threatened United States Judge Day of New York it was learned today. Judge Day last week sentenced to long terms in the federal penitentiary Lupo, "The Wolf" and seven other notorious counterfieters and all round "bad men," following their conviction after a long trial. Since then it has developed that Judge Day received a threatening letter from the Black Hand. United States District Attorney General Wise, who has the letter, said that it had been mailed in this city at one of the postoffice substations. It was written in Italian. Literally translated, it reads: "If the counterfieters are not liberated, you will die like a dog. We have killed better men than you, or Smith or Flynn." In the left hand corner of the letter was roughly drawn a heart with a dagger sticking through it. There were also two revolvers roughly drawn pointin gtoward the heart. The letter was signed "Black Hand."

Thanks to Earl Grey

OTTAWA, Feb. 25.—The afternoon's session of the Canadian Artillery association moved a vote of thanks to the governor-general for his interest in the association, and expressed regret at the his departure from Canada soon. Earl Grey told the members King Edward was well aware of the spirit of patriotism in all parts of the Dominion, as well as in the Artillery association. If it rested with him personally, he would be glad to remain in Canada. Sir Frederick Borden replied to a vote of thanks saying he could not understand why a nation such as Canada should hesitate for one moment to do its duty in the matter of defense. He attributed the awakening of the people in this respect to the work of earl Grey. As to the removal of duties on officers uniforms, they must conform with the law of the land. He did not relish paying a duty of $150 on his state uniform, but he had to do it. It was decided not to send a team to England this year.

Vancouver Man Appointed

WINNIPEG, Man. Feb. 25.—Hon. Robert Rogers announced in the house last night that the government had appointed Alexander McGillivray, good roads commissioner for the province of Manitoba. Mr. McGillivray is at present a resident of Vancouver.

Waddell Nominated

MINNEDOSA, Man. Feb. 25—The Conservative convention held here yesterday nominated the sitting member, W. R. Waddell, for the provincial legislature.

DEPOSE LAMA

Chinese Government Issues Decree

WAS FOMENTING REVOLT

PROVINCIAL LIBRARY

JAPANESE DOMESTIC LOAN IS POPULAR — FRENCH FLOOD LOSSES REACH STUDENDOUS FIGURE—GAUDELOUPE IN UPROAR

PEKIN, Feb. 25—The Chinese government has deposed the Dalai Lama as head of the Thibetan government, and in an official statement today explains its action on the ground that the ruler has deserted the capital during an attempt by him to organize a general revole. The official statement follows:

"The Dalai Lama, upon his arrivat at Lhassa from Pekin circulated, with the object of organizing a general revolt, these rumors: First, that China intended to exterminate lamaism, and second, that British trade in effect was injuring Thibet. The Dalai Lama then took measures to thwart this trade, whereupon the government became alarmed and ordered 3000 troops to go to Lhassa with the object of preserving the peace and affording protection.

"When the Dalai Lama learned of the above the Pekin government ordered the Chinese residents to reason with the Dalai Lama who refused to listen and on the 12th secretly left Lhassa with his followers. The residents searched ineffectually whereupon China deposed the Dalai Lama ordered the Thibetans to elect his successor, and issued a decree ordering the protection of Lamaism and the strict observance of the existing treaties with foreign powers concerning Thibet, with the purpose of preserving the status."

TOKIO, Feb. 25—The domestic bond conversion closed tonight, having been about twice over-subscribed. The government contemplates the conversion of $10,000,000 of foreign bonds.

PARIS, Feb. 25—The official reports of the flood damage in 18 out of 86 departments shows a monetary loss of $14,600,000. This includes $10,000,000 damage done in Paris, but here, as elsewhere, no account is made of the indirect losses which are incalculable.

POINTE-A-PITRE, Gaudeloupe, Feb. 25—Forces of police have gone to St. Francisco to protect the natives there, several of whom have been killed during the disturbances arising from the strike of sugar cane cutters. The strikers have gathered in considerable numbers about St. Francisco and are pillaging the surrounding cities. They are killing the domestic animals for food. The foreign consulates are now guarded by the police. Several grinding factories have been burned.

Governor Gaulet today announced the arrival of reinforcements of troops from Martinique and that the French cruiser Hugo was on the way to help in the quieting of the strikers.

RHEIMS, France Feb. 25—Cardinal Ludobig Lucon, archbishop of Rheims, was condemned today by the civil tribunal to pay $100 damages to the Public School Teachers' association for signing the episcopal letter forbidding the use of certain text books in the public schools. The association sued for $1000.

TOKIO Feb. 25—The steamer Cleveland with 700 American tourists on board arrived at Yokohama today. The party was given a splendid welcome by officials of Tokio and Yokohama.

Against Tobacco Combine

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 25—In reversing the judgment of the Christian county circuit court in the case of the commonwealth against Thomas Hodge and R. C. West, the court of appeals today confirmed the constitutionality of the amendment to the Cresselius Pooling law, which prohibits the purchasing of a pool in the tobacco combine and prescribes a penalty therefor. Hodge and West were indicted for violation of the law but the lower court sustained their demurrer to the indictment. Today's decision will be of far reaching effect in Kentucky, where numerous prosecutions has been brought under authority of this law.

Ask Peary for Proofs

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25—Commander Peary may be asked to submit his proofs that he reached the north pole, to a board composed of Rear Admiral Melville, Rear Admiral Schley and Gen. Greeley, all retired. The proposal to reward Peary was fully discussed by a house sub-committee today but no definite action was taken. Rear Admiral Holliday denied that Peary was responsible for certain unpaid bills in connection with the construction of the ship Roosevelt. He said the Peary Arctic club paid the contract price for the ship, but had declined to pay an additional charge of the ship building firm, which built the ship at a loss.

When You Think

Of the pain which many women experience with every month it makes the gentleness and kindness always associated with womanhood seem to be almost a miracle. While in general no woman rebels against what she regards as a natural necessity there is no woman who would not gladly be free from this recurring period of pain.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well, and gives them freedom from pain. It establishes regularity, subdues inflammation, heals ulceration and cures female weakness.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, *free*. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Write without fear and without fee to World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

If you want a book that tells all about woman's diseases, and how to cure them at home, send 31 one-cent stamps to Dr. Pierce to pay cost of mailing *only*, and he will send you a *free* copy of his great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser—revised, up-to-date edition, in paper covers. In handsome cloth-binding, 50 stamps.

B. C. BUDGET

(Continued From First Page.)

It will be interesting to know that prior to the advent of this government there had been in the whole history of the province only two surpluses which added together did not exceed $50,000 and that during that long period the aggregate of annual deficits amounted to $6,500,000. For six years the nin months the surpluses piled up by the McBride government have been in round figures $4,600,,000, a sum which would have been largely increased if we had been able to include the whole year. It is in the month of June that nearly all the taxes for the year are collected.

But, sir, it is not only in the revenue of the province itself and in the satisfactory conditions of finance generally so far as provincial affairs are concerned that the beneficial effects of good government are apparent, but we see them reflected in the increase of population, trade, assessment values, postoffice revenues, clearing house returns and in these we are able to give comparisons in six year periods, beginning with 1898. To be absolutely fair I have not only obtained the figures for the beginning and end of each period but the totals for each period. I am not going to give you the particulars for each year because that would take too long, but the fact to be noted is that while the figures for the first period of six years show but slight increase from year to year, in other words, are fairly level, for the second period they mount up rapidly.

The population in 1898 may be estimated at 150,000. It is now estimated at from 260,000 to 280,000.

The total export and import trade for 1898 was $25,609,980 and in 1903 was $26,745,964, the aggregate for the first six years being $166,766,761. The total for 1904 was $28,745,964 and for 1909 was $43 139,080, and the aggregate $216,758,537, the figures for 1907 being only for nine months. Per head British Columbia for 1906—no subsequent returns being available for comparison—has $160, the highest in the world. The next in order is the United Kingdom, $114 per head.

The total provincial assessment for 1900 was $41,012,845, for 1903 it was $47,987,845, while in 1909 it had increased to $104,916,356. The total municipal assessment for the cities of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nelson and Nanaimo in 1898 was $41,-796,261. In 1909 it was $88,044 279.

The postoffice revenues, which constitute the most accurate barometrical indications of the state of business, were for 1898, $247,283, and for 1903 $274,930, with an aggregate for the six years of $1.511,189. In 1904 the postoffice returns for the province were $313,109, and in 1909, $596,000, the aggregate for the last period being $2,-516,702.

The clearing house returns, regarded by bankers as the supreme test of the state of business activities, are the last I shall trouble you with in this connection. For 1898 estimates on the basis of three months were $57,385,292. In 1903 they were $97,034,193, the aggregate being $422,402,695. During the last period they rose from $107,099,902 in 1904 to $358,335,823 in 1909, the aggregate for the six years being $1,254,-412,087. You see, therefore, by figures which every member can verify for himself that everything they stand for has been doubling and trebling during the incumbency of the present governmen.

I come now to the budget speech proper. The public accounts which were laid before the house at the opening of the session cannot afford us the usual basis of comparsion with those of the previous year. As I have intimated, on account of the change in the end of the fiscal year from June 30 to March 31 they refer only to nine months. The nearest approach to accuracy we can come is by adding from one-quarter to one-third of the amounts under each head to the totals, but the percentage is variable. This, with the exception of the revenue derived from direct taxation, would give us an approximate idea of the increases and decreases, but at the best is unsatisfactory. Taxes on real and personal property, income and wild lands are for the most part paid in the month of June, so that the items under these heads are insignificant and not comparable. The main returns will appear in next year's accounts. As will be seen by the statement, the excess of net receipts over net expnditures amounts to as nearly as possible $920,-000. If we add one third to that in order to institute a comparison with the previous year the surplus in 12 months would have been approximately $1,230,000. The public debt was reduced during the nine months in question $932,310 and on the 31st of March, 1909, the liabilities of the province over assets were only $3,294,577, as compared with $8,764,442, thus showing a decrease of $4,469,865 in the period of four years and nine months. The cash at the disposal of the government at the present moment, including balances due, is about $5,900,000.

The position of the province in respect to bonded indebtedness on March 31, 1909, was as follows:

4½ per cent debenture stock Loan act, 1877	$ 381,210
3 per cent inscribed stock loans, Loan acts 1891,3-5-9 and 1902	9,921,936
3½ per cent dyking debentures, Acts 1897,8-9	571,000
5 per cent treasury debentures, Loan act 1903	20,000
Total funded debt.....	$10.894,146
Against this amount there was an accumulated sinking fund of	1.685,551
Leaving a balance of.....	$ 9,208,595
To which is to be added guarantee of the Nakusp & Slocan Railway bonds..	647,072
	$ 9,855,667

This exhibit shows the funded debt of the province to have been at that date $9,855,667, but taking the available asset of over $4,000,000 surplus cash then in the bank and other outstanding assets, such as the amounts due by the various dyking districts, mortgages on the Shuswap & Okanagan and Nakusp & Slocan railways and other minor sources detailed in the balance sheet of the province, the balance of liab...ties over assets on March 31 last was $3.294.577, which at this present date is further reduced by having in the bank a surplus of a sum bordering closely on the $6,000,000 mark, which reduces the debt to $2,-000.000.

Since March 31 last $71,000 of the dyking debentures have been purchased by the province and $4000 of the $20.000 balance on the loan of 1903 will be paid off on March 31 next. Probably, therefore at the present moment the net liabilities of the province are about $1,050,000.

Referring again, however to the public accounts of 1908-09 there appears to have been substantial increases in the items of land sales and land revenues, mining receipts, general, trade and liquor licenses, fines and fees of courts, registry fees, revenue tax, royalty and tax on coal, hospital for the insane, Chinese restriction tax, tolls on the New Westminster bridge and miscellaneous receipts. The most important increases are apparently in the revenue arising out of land, royalty and tax on coal and revenue tax. The large item of expenditure in which there is a proportionate big increase are hospitals and charities, public works and miscellaneous, particularly the last named. What might be termed normal increases have taken place in respect to civil government salaries, administration of justice, public institutions, maintenance, education, but in none of these cases has the increase been large. I have not given figures, because, as I have stated, they could only be approximately correct at the best. I only refer to what appears to be or would have been the case if the year had been of the usual length. Basing our conclusions on an estimate of receipts and expenditures they are in every sense satisfactory, to the government at least, and I am sure they will be to the country at large, and what might reasonably have been expected from the conditions of the country as we know them.

You will see by reference to the public accounts for 1908-09 and to the estimates of the same year that the revenues exceeded the estimate by $1,521,-224. This is accounted for in the unexpected increases in land sales and land revenues, in the greater influx of Chinese under the Chinese Restriction act, larger by receipts from timber leases licenses and royalties, in the royalty on coal, in registry fees, succession duties, revenue tax, and interest returns. In all the other items the estimate was fairly maintained. Expenditure exceeded estimates by $742,-869 largely on account of public works and surveys, generally the amounts were exceeded by sums which were *provided for on the supplementary estimates* of this year. This excess was due to unexpected and unforeseen requirements of the public service. Development in almost every district is so rapid that it is difficult to anticipate in the whole year. Fortunately this applies to revenues as well as expenditures and we are able to keep the balance on the right side of the ledger.

One of the best indications of the credit of the country is, of course, the price at which its securities are quoted. In 1903 all government stocks ranged much higher than they do today owing to conditions which have uniformly affected the money market. Financial authorities claim that they were higher then than was warranted, especially referring to the price of consols. British Columbia shared in this appreciation although its credit in 1902 was injured somewhat by the size of the public debt and the state of its finances. Since that time the market for our securities has shown considerable fluctuation. In June transfers were made at 89 and in Decmeber at 87, though subsequently the inscribed stock was sold as low as 85. The present price is 86 3-4, and by comparison our securities are the best maintained in the London market and is the highest among the provinces of Canada. Two and a half per cent consols which in 1903 were quoted at 92 2-3 are quoted at 82 3-8, a drop of 10 points. Canadian 3 per cents reached their highest point in 1903 at 103 7-8; today they are quoted at 91 3-4, or a drop of 12 1-8 points.

British Columbia leads all the other provinces in the credit of her securities, as shown by current quotations. Placed on a similar basis as to rate of interest the following is the comparison: British Columbia 3 per cents, 86 3-4; Quebec 3 per cents, 83 1-2; Nova Scotia 3 per cents, 83 3-4; Ontario, 3 1-2 per cents, 94 3-4, equivalent to 81 1-4 at 3 per cent; Manitoba 4 per cents, 102 1-2, equivalent to 77 at 3 per cent.

While British Columbia has declined 1-4 of a point since December, 1903, Consols have dropped 10 points; Canadian 3 per cents 12 points; Cape of Good Hope, 4 3-8; Ceylon, 4 1-2; Natal, 6 3-16; New South Wales, 5 3-8; New Zealand, 7 5-8; S. Australia, 3 1-8; Queensland, 3; Tasmania, 4 1-2; Victoria, 4 7-8.

Before leaving the subject of our finances I wish to refer to a statement made on several occasions on the floor of this house and not infrequently on the platform and in the press during the recent election campaign that the prosperity of the province, its improved credit and its bank balance has effectually killed the demand for Better terms. Those who take such a position either do not understand the merits of the question or wilfully ignore them. I may say that the question stands where it did when Premier McBride left England after accomplishing his mission there. The same condition exists now as existed then affecting *the claims of the province*. At Ottawa the interprovincial conference of premiers acknowledged the justness of British Columbia's claims to special recognition, on one ground at least, that of its physical characteristics which greatly increased the cost of government. Instead of, however, making the remedy apply as perpetually as the cause, it recommended a moiety of $100,000 a year for ten years as though that sum obliterated the mountain ranges of the province. Logically, if the allowance should be made for ten years on account of conditions that are permanent, the allowance itself should continue for all time to come. But the physical conditions of the province, though the basis of the allowance, is not all our case. Relatively in confederation, among the other provinces the same inequalities of treatment exist; relatively our contributions to the federal treasury are as great as ever; relatively the cost and problem of administration and development of the province are even greater than ever; *relatively all the conditions* which enter into our relation the federal pact are on as unequal a footing as ever, and react as unfavorably upon our people financially. We must remember that it is to a large extent on our capital and natural resources that we have to draw upon to place us in a position we are today to undertake large measures of development; we must remember that the $1,000,000 we are authorizing this session for the opening up and improvement of the country in the way of public works is only enabling us to enter, so to speak, upon an immense domain that will require many millions more to develop on a parity with the older provinces. We must remember that this is the only province that has resort to direct taxation, without the revenues of which in the past it could not have existed, on the top of all other sources of income. This is the only province that has had to bonus the Dominion government to do what it has done for all the other provinces as part of Confederation, an obligation on account of which British Columbia pays three times the average of the rest of Canada—that is, to build railways for us. Over 16,000,000 acres of land were handed over to the dominion with all their valuents of land, timber, baser metals and water in order that we might obtain the C.P.R. and the E. & N. railway. For the latter we gave 2,000,000 acres of land in addition the value of which would be hard to compute. It would be a mistake to suppose that we propose to compromise our claims for a million dollars paid on instalments without interest.

I do not propose to anticipate the premier in regard to railways when he introduces the legislation to which the house and country are looking forward so anxiously; but I venture to remark that we are on the eve of a great development in that regard which in a decade will double the 2000 odd miles we already possess, about 500 miles of which have been built since 1903. It was for the purpose of referring to taxation of railways particularly that I wished to mention the subject. To encourage the construction of certain lines the government took the power to exempt them for 10 years, under certain conditions from taxation. We expect to see considerable mileage undertaken as a result in addition to work now in progress. We have, however, gone into the subject of taxation of certain railway lands held by the C.P.R. and other corporations and these are now being assessed. Another matter in connection with railways has had my consideration. As you are aware the Shuswap & Okanagan bonds were guaranteed on the condition of the province receiving the subsidy granted by the Dominion, of its being secured by a first mortgage on the line and of obtaining 40 per cent of the gross proceeds from traffic. This was considered a fair bargain at the time, but as the returns have been computed on the basis of the long haul, the share of the province has not at all been what was anticipated. I propose to undertake an audit of the books of the Shuswap & Okanagan for the purpose of determining to what extent we are entitled if any, to a larger share of the traffic receipts since the opening of the line.

Estimates

Coming to the estimates that have been submitted to the house, it will be seen that the estimated expenditure is in excess of the estimated revenue and receipts by a little over $700,000, the estimated expenditure being $7,702,-769.11, and the estimated receipts $7 000,226.66. Lest any hon. member should think that we are going to expend it because we have it, going to expend it because we have I may say that we propose spending so much more money during the coming fiscal year than in the year ending March 31, 1910, because the requirements of the province, now so rapidly expanding, demand it, and you will observe, too, that it is after a general election and not before it. There are several large sums put down for public improvements such as a bridge over the Second narrows, Burrard inlet, which we placed there conditionally. We trust that our revenues as they have done for some years past will sufficiently exceed the estimate to meet the deficiency, but in any event the government deem it wise, in view of prospective development, to fully meet the increased requirements now, and be in a position to reap the revenues that will flow as a consequence from such expenditure, later on. Land sales are put down at $1,500 000 double of the amount of the present year, and we are fairly justified in assuming that they will even exceed that figure. Incidental land revenues arising out of coal prospecting licenses, pre-emptions, etc., we set down at $150 000, an increase of $15,000. There is every indication at the present moment that that will be considerably exceeded by the actual receipts under that head. Tere are small increases anticipated in timber licenses and royalties. The lumber trade is again prosperous and a considerable increase is expected in the lumber cut this year over last.

As explained in introducing the amendments to the Assessment act this session, the proposed reductions will not affect the taxation for the incoming fiscal year so far as revenues arising from real property, personal and income are concerned and, therefore, a considerable increase is anticipated, but there will be a rebate of 5 per cent for prompt payment, which will serve the same purpose. However the increase of land values is going on steadily and with increased areas liable to taxation and increased population. The revenues from these sources would not be less than formerly in any event. There is an increase of $35,000 shown for land taxes from wild lands coal and timbered lands. This is a conservative estimate and liable to be considerably exceeded. We anticipate an increase of revenue of $20,000 from the printing bureau, the number of advertisements appearing in the Gazette *justifying that expectation. There is* a $10,000 increase in the receipts from royalty on coal. Were it not that the vicissitudes of coal mining are greater, through accidents and strikes, than in most industries, we might anticipate, from the present outlook a much larger increase than that.

The government has decided to abolish the New Westminster bridge tolls on foot and vehicular traffic after March 31, prox. This goverment feels that in its present financial position it can afford to dispense with the revenue from that source, as an impost on the farming and trading community now practically obsolete in Canada. As a matter of fact, we do not anticipate any loss of revenue, as will be seen by reference to this year's estimates, the difference being proposed to be made up by tolls in the British Columbia Electric Railway company's line to Chilliwack. The increase in the item of "interest miscellaneuos" from $80,000 to $200,000 is made up mainly by interest on the close to $6,000,000 in the bank and also of interest on taxes.

Under "expenditures" one of the larges increases is under the head of "civil government salaries," being $86,666 in excess of this year, or $456,-106. This increase is accounted for in two ways; one being the result of the regrading of civil servants by the commission appointed for that purpose under authority of last year's act; and the other being the creation of some new offices and the increase of the clerical staff necessitated by expansion of public business everywhere throughout the province With three exceptions the increase in the other items—administration of justice (salaries), public institutions (maintenance); administration of justice (other than salaries); transport and revenue services, is normal, owing to increase of work and public service requirements. The three exceptions are hospitals and charities, education and public works. The grants to hospitals is increased to $200,-000 from $133,000, which means practically raising the minimum or unit upon which the grants are based, legislation to authorize which will be introduced by the honorable, the provincial secretary, who has found that the cost of conducting a public hospital has so increased as to render this necessary. The assistance towards building hospitals has also been increased from $25,-000 to $80,000. The vote for education is augumented by $131,182, being raised from $614,560 to $745,742. This is occasioned largely by the increase of equipment of the normal schools and the establishment of night schools and the increase of salaries to teachers in certain rural districts, and other requirements in line with the policy foreshadowed by the honorable the minister of education in moving the second reading of the amendments to the School act from which we expect corresponding benefits in the educational interests of the province.

By far the greatest increase provided for is under the head of public works, a sum of $4,236,805 being pro*vided for as against $2,831,100 this* year. The latter sum, of course, has been increased by $807,200 in the supplementary estimates which makes the real increase $598,505. Among the most important items in this very large appropriation is a new insane asylum at Coquitlan, for which $150,000 is provided; $200,000 for the wing to the new court house, Vancouver; $100,000 for the protection of river banks, rendered necessary by the erosion of the water and consequent destruction of property; $150,000 for the further construction of the Vancouver island trunk road; $150 000 for roads; Point Grey; which is a partial return for the very large sums received for government porperty sold there; $250,-000 to assist in the construction of a bridge across the Second narows, Burrard inlet, conditional upon a sum being voted by the Dominion government for a similar purpose; $300,000 for surveys of lands in consonance with the policy the government has adopted, now that it has the money at its command, to definitely delimit the acreage of agricultural lands available for settlement; $20,000 for the purchase of a site for a court house at Grand Forks the present building there being old and inadequate; and $20,000 for government offices at Kaslo. New subsidies are proposed for ferries at Shuswap, Hope, Ruby creek, Bear river (Portland Canal), and High bar on the Fraser river. There are, however, general increases in the appropriation for the districts and the government has endeavored to deal out evenhanded justice to all parts of the province independent of the political complexion of the constituencies and with a view to actual requirements. The large amount of expenditure considered necessary as compared with former years, is the best indication of the rapid and substantial development of the province. During the passage of the estimates through committee I shall have occasion to refer to some of the votes more in detail. In my present purpose I do not deem it necessary to do more than refer briefly to the more important items.

You will observe in going through the items under the head of "civil government salaries," that we have created some new offices, and increased the staff of some of the departments rendered necessary, as I have already intimated, by the great increase inside of departmental and outside office work. We have added to the lands department the office of chief water commissioner, at a salary of $3,000 and provided for a staff at $1,966. This office, as you know, is created under the provisions of the Water Clauses act, and is one with very important duties attached to it. The newly appointed incumbent, Mr. W. S. Drewry, is a gentleman of excellent professional qualifications, and has already entered upon his work. Owing to the increase of work in connection with the public works department a first assistant engineer has been provided or at a salary of $2,100, and also a supervising architect at a salary of $1,900. In my own department the office or inspector of legal offices has been created with a salary of $2,400 attached to it. The duties of this new official will be to inspect and generally supervise the work of all legal offices, a post that has been rendered highly advisable by the increase of responsible duties in carrying out the provisions of the various acts and the number of officials employed. An assistant auditor is also provided for.

In the timber inspector's office we are making provision for an accountant, new scalers, two new boats two stenographers and a clerk. Owing to the growing importance of the timber industry and the amount of revenues collected the work and responsibility devolving upon the various officials the appointment of an accountant will greatly relieve the inspector of a lot of detail and enable him to pay greater attention to his particular duties. Three new inspectors of mines are added to the list of the department of mines. Two new inspectors were provided to assist the chief inspector of steam boilers. So many new steam plants are being installed throughout *the country that the present efficient* staff is unable to cope with the increasing work imposed under the act. Generally speaking, the work of the civil servants is growing, and increases in the staff here and there are being made. Some of the increases provided mean that temporary clerks have been placed on the permanent list. Especially in the northern part of the province, owing to its rapid development, the administrative force is being augmented from time to time, and we may expect a greater continued increase as compared with other parts of the province. In fact it is difficult to anticipate the requirements twelve months ahead, and in many cases it is necessary to draw upon the temporary assistance fund to keep pace with them.

I intend to refer later on to the department of agriculture, the scope of which has been largely widened and the total appropriation, which has also been considerably increased. The regular staff has been added to by a poultry expert, an assistant horticulturist, an inspector, two clerks, and another inspector of animals (three in all.) The vote for administrative staff at Victoria this year is $48,580 to which under the head of "miscellaneous" are added various sums for general and specific purposes $117,250. This is a very large sum, compared with previous appropriations, but, the growing importance of agriculture justifies the greatest efforts and encouragement possible in the power of the government. The sum of $50,000 for agricultural exhibitions will be apportioned among the various associations of the department on an equitable basis. A new departure is made in the establishment of demonstration orchards,' which will become in time demonstration farms and by this means, we hope, to do a work of great service to the farming community. In this connection I cannot but refer to the long connection of Mr. R. M. Palmer, who has recently retired to accept a private position, with the agricultural department as horticulturist, freight rate and exhibition commissioner, head of the bureau of information, and latterly deputy minister, and to the value of his services in every capacity. His sound judgment and his practtical as well as expert knowledge of farming enabled him to well advise the minister of agriculture and in his successor, Mr. W. E. Scott, also a thoroughly practical man, I have the fullest confidence. Closely allied with the department of agriculture is the bureau of information and immigration, the new secretary of which, Mr. F. I. Clark, who has practically been in charge for some time, is doing such excellent service. The bulletins issued from that office have been admired everywhere they have gone, not only for the character of the letter press but on account of the mechanical execution displayed, the credit for which, of course, belongs to the printing bureau. A great variety of information about the province is daily sent out from that office, in the form of printed literature, maps and letters in answer to enquiries. In this connection I wish to refer to a vote of $35,000 for immigration, which includes $20,000 to be devoted to work in connection with the Salvation Army to assist them in securing for this province a supply of domestic labor. We hope to partially, at least, solve a problem that is a specially difficult one for the women, the heads of households in this country, and we look upon the Salvation Army, whose experience in this work, as best qualified to advise in solving it. Superannuation has increased $7,600.

Other important items in the "miscellaneous" vote refer to forest protection $75,000 the revision of the statutes $10,000 the forestry commission $10,000, board of investigation Water act $30,000, insurance commission $3,000 university commission $2,000, *civil service commission* under the Public Service act $2 000, inspection under the Electrical Power Inspection act $3,500, inspeciton under the Electric Power Inspection act $3,500, inspection tramways $2,500, and a contribution towards the cost of a sea wall at Victoria, conditional upon that city passing a certain bylaw and contributing a like amount. With one or two exceptions all these are new votes and provide for very important services. Increased protection against forest fires, for instance cannot be over-estimated considered in relation to the value of our forests as an asset of the province. The insurance commission is intended to investigate the

(Continued on Page Three)

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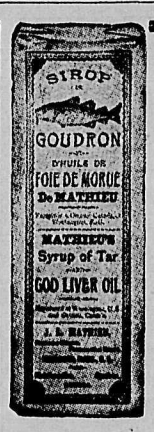

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B. C. BUDGET

(Continued from Page Two.)

matters which have from time to time been pressed upon the attention of the government by the Underwriters association and by others, and upon which there is a considerable divergence of opinion. The vote of $10,000 to the forestry commission is to enable the members to continue their investigations and thoroughly inform themselves upon all the conditions affecting the all-important subject they have in hand. The conditional grant to the city of Victoria to assist in erecting a sea wall to protect the Dallas road, now in danger of being washed away, is in all fours with the vote for protecting the banks of rivers, and equally justifiable, except that both matters really belong to the Dominion government to undertake more especially the sea wall. However, in the absence of federal assistance this government has decided to intervene. The large vote for the administration of the Water act will be required to set in operation the provisions of the law and to investigate and determine the rights of applicants for water and to acquire the immense amount of data required in connection with the whole subject. I need scarcely refer to the inspection under the Electric Power Inspection and the Tramway Inspection acts, new and modern conditions of motive power and transportation.

The house will be asked to vote supplementary estimates to the amount of $1,260,802, the sums required to complete th eservices for the present fiscal year, further explanation of which, when the hous egoes into committee o. supply, I shall be pleased to afford wherever necessary.

Mining

In mining the province has had a successful year, not only from the point of view of actual output, but in respect to new fields and increased development. The year 1907 was the banner year in value of output, the aggregate being nearly $26,000,000; copper however, in that year averaged over 20 cents a pound, while it has since been ranging in the vicinity of 13 cents. As you all know, copper makes up the principal part of the actual output of ore, and when I tell you that the tonnage of 1909 is estimated to have been 20 per cent greater than in 1907, the estimated value of which is $24 000,000, you will see that last year was really ahead of any previous year.

Mining is a very important industry indeed, and in various branches employs about 12,000 persons, whose wages during the year would represent from $15,000,000 to $18,000,000. In this connection I wish to draw attention to and confirm remarks made by the member for Grand Forks in moving the address in reply to the speech from the throne. In drawing a comparison between the industrial aspects and mining in such rich districts as are found in northern Ontario and the state of Nevada and in British Columbia with its immense bodies of lower grade ores, he pointed out that whereas in the former places in which but ten mines are worked the "spectacular" profits went into the pockets of the operators.

In British Columbia the greater proportion of the value of the output represented wages. Using a concrete example, 2,000 tons of Cobalt ore would realize the same profit as 1,000,000 tons of ore mined by the Granby Consolidated, or a ratio of benefit of 500 to 1 in favor of this country. The conclusion to draw, of course is that the tonnage and not the value of the output represents the true importance of mining to the country in which it is carried on. We have to guage it, too, not only by the actual numbers of persons engaged in and about the mines, but by the numbers of employed in its transportation and in treatment of ores, and in the erection and operation of mining and smelting plants, in the building of railways and tram lines and in various other direct and indirect results which flow towards all classes of the community.

It is only reasonable to conclude that as the metal market improves British Columbia will again be recording banner years *for its mining industry.*

And need I say that the opening of the central and northern interiors of the province by railways will give access to new fields which will soon after development bring the annual production up to the 100,000 000 mark.

The estimated output for 1909 follows:

Gold	$ 5,610,000
Silver	1,470,000
Copper	5,300,000
Lead	1 700,000
Coal	6,790,000
Coke	1,670,000
Miscellaneous, building stone etc	1,500,000
Total	$24,040 000

The outlook for the mining industry was never brighter, and although we have had the promising new fields of Portland Canal, Queen Charlotte and Skeena river undergoing development, it is pleasing to note that the older camps are annually producing an increased tonnage, so that without relying on such fancy prices as prevailed in 1907, we can with the aid of the development being carried on in new coal mines, reasonably expect a mineral production annually increasing in both tonnage and money value.

Timber

There are now in the province 207 sawmills, large and small, with an annual daily capacity of 4,500 000 feet; or an average capacity of approximately 21,500 feet. There are in addition, 49 shingle mills, with an aggregate daily capacity of 3,395,000 shingles. This represents a very important increase during the past ten years and more particularly during the past five or six years. Prior to and during a portion of the year 1907 there had been for several years a very active demand for lumber and shingles, with the result I have named. To satisfy the requirements of the lumber industry the government decided to issue what is known as special licenses, the demand for which rapidly increased until owing to the boom in timber and the activity in the industry and the high prices for lumber and logs, some 11,000,000 acres were so staked. The big rush for these claims occured during the latter part of 1906 and 1907, and so extensive and speculative in character did the staking become that it was decided to reserve all timber from further alienation, as it was evident that the alienation was in excess of legitimate requirements. Two things mainly accounted for the great depression in the lumber trade which took place in the latter part of 1907, and continued more or less during 1908 and the earlier part of 1909. One was overproduction which recurs periodically in times of prosperity; another was the partial failure in crops on the prairies in 1907 which seriously restricted a market already well supplied. Another contributing cause was the competition of the spruce mills northern Saskatchewan, which for that first time began to be a factor in that market. During 1908, however, the market, owing to abounding crops on the prairies, began to improve again, and may now be described as being in a normally healthy condition with prospects of further improvement, dependent, of course, upon the crop returns in the middle west. The lumber industry is peculiarly subject to ups and downs on account of variable conditions already hinted at, but in the main, for obvious reasons, the lumber output must continue to expand and when the Panama canal is completed we may look for such an impetus as will make it easily the most profitable o four staple industries, and the government, I may say, will see to it that as profits to the lumbermen increase the country will share proportionately in the revenues that should flow to the treasury from the splendid natural asset of our forests.

Reverting to the question of special licenses, as to the wisdom of which a variety of opinions is held, and on account of which the government's policy was severely criticized, I may say that, we have no apologies to make. The experience as to financial results has been most gratifying and the great bulk of the evidence given before the forestry commission goes to show that the policy is a wise one, the best, in the circumstances, that could be adopted. It is true, that under the temporary excitement of speculation, the system, until restricted by reserve of timber, was overdone; but it cannot be shown even at that that the country has been the loser rather has it been very considerably the gainer. It is a mistaken idea that because timber has been alienated by license it is lost to the province, and this is where our opponents have been weak in their criticisms. In the ordinary way, the timber is not cut until it. is required for legitimate commercial purposes. In the meantime the treasury is receiving a splendid revenue from licenses fees, which otherwise it would not get at all. When the timber is cut the government receives a substantial return from royalties which it has the power to increase, and which will increase as the profits to the lumbermen increase. Even in regard to the excessive alienation complained of, in the excitement of timber prospectors to get claims, a good deal of land was staked some of which may have been worthless and a good deal is of a character that would not have been staked by bona fide cruisers, and the government reaped and is still reaping large revenues from such lands. I do not say that it is in the best interests of the country that such land should be staked merely to sell, and that is one of the reasons why we stopped it, but I refer to it to point out that financially the country lost none of its assets as a consequence, but on the other hand made money by it. I am not going to refer at length to the general timber policy of the government. That matter is in the hands of the forestry commission and we shall have, I hope, a complete and luminous report presented to us before the next session of the legislature upon which to base a permanent and comprehensive code governing every phase of the forestry question. In the meantime, the chief commissioner of lands, acting upon an interim report of the forestry commission, decided to recommend to the government the making of the tenure of the special licenses perpetual or for as long a period as there is timber to cut. The evidence given before the commission, by independent as well as by interested parties, was practically unanimous on that point as in the interests of the conservation of the timber, and we now look forward to that co-operation between the holders of timber and the government as shall tend to the objects we have in view, the best possible results to be obtained from a scientific husbanding of an asset that we hope to make perpetual. The fact that the holders of licenses will be entitled to renew from time to time until the timber has been taken off the land will offer no inducement to the licensee to slash or slaughter the trees in order to make the most of it during a restricted term of 21 years. The longer he holds it and pays license fees the greater will be his desire to protect the timber and to co-opreate with the government in all measures for the conservation and reproduction of trees on forest areas. By the amendment to the Land act brought down by the chief *commissioner the perpetuity of title in* these special licenses is subject to terms and conditions, that may from time to time be imposed by order-in-council, particularly with reference to rentals and royalties and the right has been taken by the government to take back all areas suitable for agricultural purposes and fit for settlement. It will be seen, therefore, that the interests of the public have been protected in every way possible, and that so long as there timber licenses are held the public will reap a revenue proportionate to the profits reaped by the lumbermen. I cannot at present anticipate the report of the Forestry commission, but we hope as the result of its recommendations that the whole subject will be so dealt with that a very complete and comprehensive code of forest regulations will be put into effect and that we shall have a forestry bureau established that in its scope and general character will, in conformity with the policy of the government in regard to all its departments, be thoroughly modern and progressive in methods.

The industry last year, a I have already stated, was prosperous. The output of lumber for the whole of the province was, for the coast 450,000,000 feet and for the mountain mills 325,000,000 feet or a total of 755,000,000 feet, valued at $12,000,000, approximating the figures of 1907, the banner year for British Columbia, viz., $46,000,000 feet, and 100,000,000 in excess of 1908. At the present time the outlook is so favorable as to anticipate that the production of lumber for 1910 will exceed that of any previous year in the history of British Columbia.

Fisheries

The fisheries for British Columbia for the year ending March 31, 1909, show a total value of the fishery products of $6,465,000, of which the salmon fisheries produced $4,287,000, a somewhat satisfactory showing as compared with former years, so far as the canneries were concerned. The value of the halibut catch was $80,000, the value of the whale fisheries $357,500, and of the herring $944,900, the last three being exceedingly satisfactory. For that year the total capital invested in the fisheries amounted to $4,500,000, and the number of persons employed was 5,012. During the past season, however, there was a noticeable improvement in the industry. Although complete returns have not been received as yet they are sufficient to show a decided increase over the previous year. 1909 was one of the big years for a run in the Fraser, according to the law of periodicity that seems to prevail on that river, and in consequence the pack was greater than in any year since 1905, with a value of $6,000,000. While our catch of salmon in the Fraser did not equal that of four years ago, the number of salmon which reached the spawning beds was greater than in any year since 1901, and the prospect of their being a big run to the Fraser in 1913 is excellent. Had the salmon heading for the Fraser river, however, not been intercepted by American fishermen, who with more favorable facilities for catching, and also a less rigorous observance of the regulations alleged to be in force in American waters, the catch on our side would undoubtedly have been the largest in the history of the province. That is shown by the fact that the pack in the Sound, drawn exclusively from Fraser river fish during the past season, was over 1,000,000 cases. The whaling industry, though in a satisfactory condition, was not as good as the previous year, the record of which was almost phenomenal. The catch was equal to that in the previous year, but the earnings were less on account of decreased prices. The catch of halibut was in excess of the previous year by 500,000 pounds, and there has been a gain in the output of oysters, and the interest displayed in their culture was very encouraging. It is estimated that the total value of the product of fisheries in 1909-10 will exceed that of 1908-9 by $2,000,000.

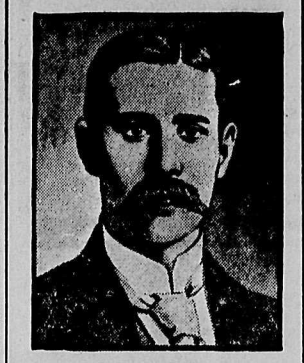
With regard to the fisheries of the Fraser river, to which I have previously referred as being seriously affected by the fishermen on Puget Sound, operating under the jurisdiction of the state of Washington, and unlawfully taking salmon, as you know there was an international fisheries commission appointed for the purpose of investigating and recommending a system of uniform and common international regulations for the protection and preservation of the food fishes in international boundary waters of the United States and Canada. The report of that commission was submitted on the 2nd of February, a copy of which has been received, to the house of representatives at Washington. It contains a letter from Dr. *Jordan*, the United States commissioner, which is of special interest, and so confirms the position taken by the fisheries department of this province, of which I have the honor to be the executive head, that I am going to take the liberty of reading it to the house:

"In article 3 of the treaty of April 11, 1908, 'the two governments engage to put into operation and to enforce by legislation' these fishery regulations.

"I do not see how it can be done without a national system of patrol along the boundary waters in addition to that maintained by the several states for the enforcement of their own statutes. Such a nuelonal system is now in operation in Canada. Besdes a complete staff of 'guardians' and 'overseers,' Canada has a patrol steamer in Passamaquoddy Bay, one in Lake Ontario, one in Lake Erie and three in Puget Sound. On the United

(Continued on Page Five.)

Recommended As An Ideal Remedy

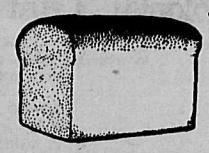


W. S. BOND, Esq.

Lloydtown, Ont., March 19th, 1909. "For some years I have been greatly troubled with headaches and indigestion, brought on by stomach disorders, constipation and biliousness. I had tried many remedies with only indifferent success, until "Fruit-a-tives" came to my notice. Being a general storekeeper, I was selling a good many "Fruit-a-tives" to my customers and, remarking how pleased they were with the results obtained from using "Fruit-a-tives," I decided to try them and, I might say, the effects were almost magical. Headaches and biliousness disappeared and to-day I recommend "Fruit-a-tives" to my customers as 'An ideal remedy.'

"I might also add that about three years ago I was laid up with LUMBAGO AND SCIATICA—couldn't get out of bed or lift one foot over the other. A good treatment of "Fruit-a-tives" cured me of these pains and banished the Sciatica and Lumbago so that to-day I am as well as ever and can lift anything necessary."

(Signed) W. S. BOND.



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You can buy as little as a 7 pound cotton bag or in 14, 24, 49, and 98 pound sacks. Also in barrels and half-barrels

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Purity may cost a little more than some flours but you'll find its more than worth the difference. To be genuine, must bear the Purity trade mark.

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OGILVIE'S ROYAL HOUSEHOLD

FOR SUCCESS ON BAKING DAY

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OGILVIE'S ROYAL HOUSEHOLD FLOUR

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THE OGILVIE FLOUR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED

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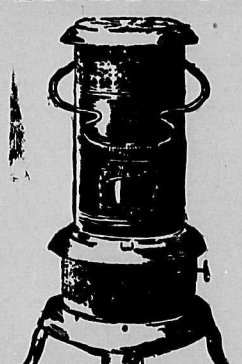
P2

From Arctic to Tropics in Ten Minutes



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LAND NOTIOES

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that E. H. Litchfield, of Erie, B.C., occupation clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the N.E. corner of Lot 9757, thence west 20 chains, thence north 20 chains, thence east 20 chains, thence south 20 chains to point of commencement, containing 40 acres more or less.

E. H. LITCHFIELD,
L. W. SPRAGUE, Agent.

Feb. 16, 1910.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that the Canadian Pacific Railway company, of Vancouver, B.C., occupation as per charter, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about 20 chains southeasterly from the railway trestle bridge over Porcupine creek, Mile 29 from Castlegar, West Kootenay, and marked S.E. corner, thence due north 20 chains, thence west 20 chains, more or less, to the right of way of the Columbia and Western railway, thence following said boundary south 20 chains, thence east 20 chains, more or less, to the point of commencement, containing about 40 acres.

KENNETH C. C. TAYLOR,
Agent for the Canadian Pacific Railway.

25th January, 1910. 2-1-10-30d.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Joseph Dyson, of Salmo, B.C., occupation rancher, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the N.W. corner of Lot 5240, thence south 28½ chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 28½ chains, thence east 40 chains to point of commencement, containing 120 acres, more or less.

JOSEPH DYSON.

Jan. 17, 1910. 23-1-10-8w.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Lloyd Affleck, of Nelson, B.C., occupation survey assistant, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at post planted about 10 chains south of the N.E. corner of Lot 9785 G.I., East Kootenay, thence south 40 thence west 12 chains, more or less, to to the west boundary of Lot 9786 G.I., West Kootenay, thence north 40 chains, thence west 12 chains, more or less, to the point of commencement, containing 47 acres, more or less.

LLOYD AFFLECK.
JOHN FEENEY, Agent.

Jan. 19, 1910. 3-2-10-8w.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, F. E. Talbot, of Salmo, B.C., occupation, farmer, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about 20 chains west of the southwest corner of L9902, running 20 chains south, thence 20 chains east, thence 20 chains north, thence 20 chains west to starting point, containing 40 acres, more or less.

FRANCIS E. TALBOT.

Jan. 15, 1910. 28-1-10-8w.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Daniel McKiernan, of Nelson, B.C., occupation miner, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of Lot 5921, thence north 20 chains, thence west 19 chains to the line of Lot 113, thence south 20 chains to William Brown's pre-emption, thence east 11 chains, thence south 3 chains to C.P.R. line, thence northeast 9 chains, thence west 4 chains to point of commencement, containing 40 acres more or less.

DANIEL McKIERNAN.

Dec. 22, 1909. 12-1-09-8

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, W. Collingridge Bing, of Castlegar, B. C., occupation rancher, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the northwest corner of lot L.8070, thence 20 chains north, thence 20 chains east, thence 20 chains south, thence 20 chains west, comprising 40 acres mores or less.

W COLLINGRIDGE BING,
HARRY GIBSON, Agent.

Feb. 4, 1910. 11-2-10-8w.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that Campbell C. Snowdon, of Calgary, Alta., occupation merchant, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the N.E. corner of Lot 7448, and marked C. C. Snowdon's N.W. corner post, thence 20 chains east, thence 40 chains south, thence 20 chains west, thence 40 chains north to point of commencement, containing 80 acres, more or less.

Dated this 29th day of November, 1909.

CAMPBELL C. SNOWDON,
7-2-11-8w WILLIAM WASHBURN, Agent.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Clyde and Belt Mineral Claims, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of Kootenay district.

Where located: On the north side of Sheep creek, about 11 miles from Salmo.

TAKE NOTICE that I, F. C. Green, acting as agent for W. H. Willson, Free Miner's *Certificate No. B. 15,984, and* G. R. Devlin, Free Miner's Certificate No. 32,579 B., intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 16th day of Sept., A. D. 1909.

F. C. GREEN,
127-60d. Nelson, B. C.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

Alexandra, Edward VII., and Placer Fraction Mineral Claims, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay district.

Where located: On Wolf Creek, near Queen mine.

TAKE NOTICE that I, F. C. Green, acting as agent for Charles Lewiston, Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 10686, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 9th day of December, A.D. 1909.

F. C. GREEN,
9-12-09-8w. Nelson, B.C.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the powers of sale contained in certain indentures of of Mortagage, which will be produced at *time of sale, there will be offered for sale* on Wednesday, March 9th, 1910, by Chas. A. A. Waterman & Co., Auctioneers, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of Messrs. H. & M. Bird, 565½ Baker St., in the city of Nelson, in the Province of British Columbia, the following lands and premises, namely: Lots 20 and 21, in Block 79, in the Subdivision of District Lot 95, Group 1, Kootenay district, according to a map or plan of the said subdivision deposited in the Land Registry Office, at the said City of Nelson. On the property there is said to be a frame dwelling.

Terms and conditions of sale will be made known at the time of sale.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Williams, Shaw & Walsh, Vendor's Solicitors, Hastings St., Vancouver, B. C.

Dated this 3rd day of February, 1910.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

More Harbingers of Spring

Another direct shipment from England has arrived, consisting of

GALATEAS

in different patterns and shades. Fast Colors, suitable for good strong, sensible house dresses and blouses, for nurses' uniforms and for boys' and girls' suits.

Price per Yard only 20c.

We have also received the first instalment of

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS

comprising the most fashionable and very latest styles and patterns with Marguerite Sleeves.

Our prices will please the most careful buyer and we invite the closest inspection.

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The new Travellers' Cheques recently issued by this Bank are a most convenient way in which to carry money when travelling. They are issued in denominations of $10, $20, $50, $100 and $200 and the exact amount payable in Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain, Holland, Italy, Norway, Russia, Sweden and Switzerland is stated on the face of each cheque, while in other countries they are payable at current rates.

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NELSON BRANCH L. B. DEVEBER, Manager.

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Nelson Branch A. B. NETHERBY, Manager

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NELSON, B. C.

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A Half Price Introduction Sale of Sheet Music 50c & 60c Sheets at 25c a Sheet

For some months past we have handled sheet music in a small way.

We have decided to go into the line more fully and make it a regular department of our business.

Within the last two weeks we have added considerably to our stock in both popular and standard music.

To introduce this new department of our business we have inaugurated this half price sale for 10 DAYS ONLY.

PLEASE NOTE—This sale will be discontinued after March. 5

THOMSON'S FOR MUSIC—Anything we haven't got we will get for you in 12 days' time.

W. G. THOMSON Phone 34 Nelson, B.C.

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TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL NELSON, B.C.

SATURDAY, FEB. 26, 1910

A GRATIFYING STATEMENT

The masterly review of conditions prevailing in British Columbia contained in the speech with which Hon. W. J. Bowser introduced the budget in the legislature yesterday is of surpassing interest, and the circumstances disclosed are not less creditable to the government than gratifying to the province at large. It was the first occasion on which Mr. Bowser has been called upon to deliver the budget speech and he acquitted himself of a difficult task in a manner that left nothing to be desired. He has presented an array of facts and figures that are an admirable exposition of the development and progress of the province and of the government's achievements and intentions, and has done so with a lucidity and skilfulness that make his speech particularly valuable and interesting.

Mr. Bowser was in the fortunate position of having a highly satisfactory statement to make particularly so far as the government's administration of the province's finances is concerned. Every feature of the fiscal condition of the province is a tribute to the able administration of the government and to the success that has rewarded its careful stewardship of the province's resources. The government came into power after a long series of deficits, and of additions to the public debt, and at a time when the finances of the province had reached a highly critical and depressing condition. Its accession to power was the turning point in the province's history. Deficits ceased and surpluses became the rule. In the five years preceding the government's accession to power the gross liabilities of the province had increased by nearly four and a half millions. In the first five years during which the government held office the liabilities of the province were not only not increased, but were decreased by more than one and a half millions, and the net debt was decreased by four and a half millions. And while the debt has been so substantially reduced, the revenues of the province have materially increased and large expenditures have been made on necessary undertakings, although the taxation per head of the population under the McBride government is less than before it came into office. The splendid financial condition that the province now enjoys may be seen from the fact that British Columbia securities are preferred to those of any other province of the Dominion.

During the nine months from June 30, 1908 to March 31, 1909 the public debt has been reduced by $932,310. The surplus of net receipts over expenditures during the same period has been $920,000, equivalent to a surplus for the year of approximately $1,230,000. The estimates provide for a large increase in expenditure on public works made necessary by the development of the province, and in other directions the government is making provision for the continued increase in the requirements of the province. In his review of the industrial situation and of the resources of the province Mr. Bowser has a most satisfactory report to make and the budget speech gives to the country solid grounds for satisfaction not only so far as the past is concerned but also in respect to the bright prospects that it holds out for the future.

AT THE THEATRES

Commencing Monday night for one week's engagement the splendid Eskhardt Theatrical company, including the brilliant artist, Miss Josephine Deffry, will be seen in an excellent selection of high class plays. The first nights bill will be "A Grass Widow," otherwise known as "The Marriage of Kitty." It is one of the distinguished and immediate successes which swept into favor. It will be the first time this brilliant comedy has been seen in this city. There is a succession of psychological surprises, an intense undercurrent that keeps one quite apart from the delight in the scorching satire, the double-edged humor in the sparkling lines. Judging from conventional dramatic standards, as it is written in the recognized key of pure comedy, is one of the best of modern times. The play will be beautifully staged and most magnificently acted by Mr. Eckhardt's splendid company. The gown worn by Miss Josephine Deffry and Miss Georgia Nichols are the handsomest and richest ever seen on the stage and are said to be wonderful creations.

A most pleasing as well as an interesting and instructive program was given at the Empire theatre last evening. Two feature films were shown, one being "The Aviation Contests at Rheims, France," in which all the foremost aeronauts of the world took part. The winners of the different events are seen, and one of the most interesting features of the pictures is that one sees the different styles of flying machines. There is also in the picture a splendid photo of the French president, who is seen visiting the contests. The other feature film is entitled "The Birth and Adventures of a Fountain Pen," showing the methods in manufacturing fountain pens from start to finish. The picture is complete in every detail, starting from crude rubber and finishing up with the completed article. This is taken at the factory of Waterman & Co. Other pictures on the program are "Book Taught Hypnotism," a most amusing picture; "A Dog Pickpocket," in which a very clever dog is seen, and "Charity Rewarded." This program will be repeated today at the matinee and evening performance.

Fox and Durkin pleased another audience at the Gem theatre last night with their funny burlesque on East Lynne. George W. Leslie was also heartily applauded for his songs, parodies and stories, which he handles in an inimitable manner. The pictures shown were good. "Hardworking Elephants" is the title of a very interesting scenic picture; "From Angler to Cyclist" is a funny French comedy, and "Little Sherlock Holmes" is an exciting dramatic picture chuck full of thrilling scenes. There will be a matinee at 2.30 this afternoon, when this entire program will be put on.

Two pictures shown at the Arcade last night and which will be repeated at today's matinee and evening performances, are as good an allround set as one can wish to see. They commence with "The Adventures of a Key," a very good comic, followed by "Chinatown Slavery." Strange as it may seem to the average citizen of these enlightened times, slavery still exists and a traffic in human beings in carried on today in defiance of law. Next comes "Snanghaied," a story true to life. This intensely thrilling dramatic subject is filled with heart interest from the opening to the final scene. The diversity of scenery adds greatly to the charm of this film. "An Irish Hero" shows a story of a Fenian prisoner and is beautifully written. The program finishes with a very laughable subject entitled "Lost in a Folding Bed." E. Lupton will sing at the evening performance.

Hudson's Bay Manager Fined

SUDBURY, Ont., Feb. 25.—George T. S. Train, manager of the Bisco branch of the Hudson's Bay company, on the main line of the C. P. R., was fined by Magistrate Fournier at Sudbury yesterday a total of $6 150, and costs, or 20 years and 6 months in the penitentiary. This is a fine of $50 and costs for each of 123 beaver pelts seized, or two months imprisonment on each charge, terms to run consecutively. The counsel for defense pleaded for leiency, as this was Train's first offence, but the magistrate took the view that the real offender was the Hudson's Bay company, which accepted the furs, and this was not their first offence hence the fine. The whole cost will be $8,000, and the Hudson's Bay company will have to pay it.

YOU ARE NOT SAFE

Those stablike pains in the back may cost you your life if you do not attend to your kidneys at once. They are the cause of your trouble. There is one reliable medicine for kidney and liver diseases and that remedy is DR. ROOT'S KIDNEY AND LIVER PILLS. They act like magic, are worth a dollar a box, and are good for young and old. If you value your life stop your kidney trouble by taking this remedy at once. All druggists and stores sell them in tin boxes at 25c, or postpaid for price from DR. ROOT CO., Spadina Ave., Toronto. 6 boxes for $1.25. Send for free sample to-day. Mention this advertisement.

DR ROOTS 25¢ BOX KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS ALL DRUGGISTS AND STORES

I. & M. LEECE

CONFECTIONERS

Rich Almond and Bury Simnels for Mid-Lent

All kinds of pastry and cakes made to order. Meat Pies a specialty.

Address: 411 Ward St. Phone 423

The publisher of the best farmers' paper in the Maritime provinces in writing to us states

"I would say that I do not know of a medicine that has stood the test of time like MINARD'S LINIMENT. It has been an unfailing remedy in our house ever since I can remember, and has outlived dozens of would-be competitors and imitators."

Southern Roads Refuse

CLEVELAND, Feb. 25—The replies of the southern railroads to the wage demands of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Order of Railroad Conductors, were opened here today. The refusal of the roads to meet the men's terms were unanimous.

Distemper, Not Rabies

TORONTO, Feb. 25.—F. Morphy, of the Toronto Dog and Cat hospital and other local authorities who have made a life study of dogs and their diseases, say the trouble at present affecting the dogs of Ontario is not rabies, but distemper. All of these authorities declare there is no need to muzzle dogs.

Cut This Out and Mail to

The Daily News Classified Advertising Department

Date ..... 1910..

Please insert the following advertisement in The Daily News for ..... consecutive insertions, for which I enclose the sum of .....cents.

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Rates—One cent per word, per insertion. Six insertions for four cents per word. Cash must accompany order.

By Special Appointment Purveyors to H.E. the Governor General.

There's a Reason

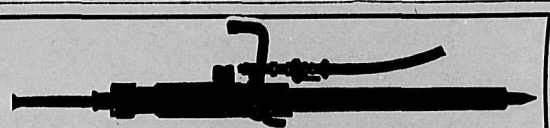
You fail to enjoy your Breakfast. There's a remedy.

Eat "Kootenay Brand" Lemon and Orange MARMALADE

The Marmalade of Exclusive Flavor, and be happy. Manufactured only by

Kootenay Jam Co., Ltd. Nelson, B.C.

NOTE—Should you have difficulty in obtaining any of the Kootenay Brand goods just Phone us, (B148) and we will see that you are supplied.



Canadian Cleveland Stope Drill

Fool proof, cheapest to operate, low maintenance, no column, no set up.

SIMPSON & CONSTANS Agents for British Columbia NELSON, B.C.

SIGNET RINGS

We have them in all Styles and Sizes, for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children, ranging in

Prices from $1 to $15

We will Engrave a Monogram on any one you choose to buy without any extra charge

Call and Inspect them We are pleased to show goods

We make a specialty of

Fine Watch Repairing

Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

Most cases of headache, nervousness and insomnia are due directly or indirectly to eyestrain. Drugs afford only temporary relief, our scientifically-adjusted glasses will positively remove eyestrain with all its attending afflictions.

J. J. Walker 403 Baker St.

Graduate Optician and Jeweler

HOTEL ARRIVALS OF A DAY

The Hume

HUME—M. Sullivan, Mrs. A. Fraser, L. P. Gay, J. H. McQuarrie, Vancouver; T. C. Cummins, George Cowan, J. S. Conroy, John Cooks, Midway; Fred Goewster, F. Miron, Calgary; A. W. McArthur, Toronto; W. Armstrong, M. A. Ferris, Portage La Prairie; H. B. Alkins, Drasbury; J. H. Lyons, Alberta; O. C. Kellough, Winnipeg; J. A. Kinney, Rossland.

STRATHCONA—Mrs. and Mrs. John McClure, 13-Mile; H. R. and Mrs. Patten, E. James, Harrop; F. W. Guernsey, Trail; S. S. Fowler, Riondel; J. L. McMinnis and wife, John C. Jameson, Frank Jameson, Arthur Jameson, Boston; R. H. Jameson, Victoria; Clair Hunt, Colville; M. J. McCaul, Calgary; J. C. Macdonald, Winnipeg.

Queen's Hotel

Baker Street

A. LAPOINTE, Proprietor

Rates: $1.50 to $2.00 per day.
Meal tickets $7.00 per week.
Business men's lunch, 35c.

QUEENS—R. W. Conway, Winnipeg; Mrs. J. A. Muir, John A. Muir, Fruitvale; O. D. St. Amand and wife, city.

The Royal Hotel

Mrs. L. V. Roberts, Proprietress
Cor. Stanley and Silica Sts.
Electric Piano

Free carriage or bus from all boats and trains.
Rates. $1 and $1.50 per day
Remember our 25 cent Turkey dinner every Sunday.

ROYAL—O. McMartin, Peter Labitor, Proctor; William Stewart, Arrowhead; J. Anderson, Lethbridge; Sam Goodman, Sandon.

Madden House

Thos. Madden, Prop. Baker St.

Well furnished rooms with bath
Best Board in the City

A Comfortable Home

MADDEN—C. Fenwick, Slocan Junction; R. Wright, Cranbrook; P. Wilson, Salmo.

Grand Central Hotel

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

American and European Plans

J. A. ERICKSON

GRAND CENTRAL—W. J. Reid, Fernie; George Stoll, Frank Phillips, city.

The Klondyke Hotel

Vernon Street

Headquarters for miners, smeltermen, loggers, railroad men.

Rates: $1.00 per day up.

NELSON & JOHNSON, Props.

KLONDYKE—P. Anderson, L. Haners, S. Swanson, Granite mine; O. P. Good, Proctor.

Tremont House

Baker St., Nelson
Malone & Tregillus, Props.

European Plan, 50c. up
American Plan, $1.25 and $1.50
Meals, 35c.
SPECIAL RATES PER MONTH

TREMONT—J. A. McDonald, Salmo; Mr. and Mrs. J. McNabb, Revelstoke; W. G. Martin, Eureka; C. W. Jones, Vancouver; John McLeod, Winlaw.

CLUB—A. McDonald, Arthur Bunce, Slocan; P. Woods, Trail; Sam McMillan, Cranbrook; Peter Johnson, McGuigan.

SHERBROOKE—O. Peters, S. Martin, Perry's Siding; V. McMurrow, D. Snyder, Salmo; Pat McGuire, Lethbridge.

BARTLETT—S. Bonno, Slocan; James Goudie, New Denver; Martin Williamson, Nakusp; D. E. Gagner, Creston.

KOOTENAY—Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, Trail Angello Sonelli, Proctor.

NELSON—John Hafner, Charles Peterson Northport; George Burgeois, Crescent Valley; D. F. Wilson, Philadelphia; R. C. Gage, E. E. Smith, A. H. Vanderwenter, Moon Shine Fernie; N. Yanker, Spokane.

SILVER KING—Robert Lake, John Morrison, W. Reid, Aberdeen; M. Ritchie Scotland.

Heard Her Death Sentence

To obtain temporary relief when suffering is a great boon, but to be permanently cured and restored to health after being assured that one has not a year to live, is an experience that cannot fail to bring joy to any heart. Yet this is what Mrs. A. E. Ternan, of Norwich, Ont., says PSYCHINE accomplished in her case.

Writing on August 11th, 1908, she says: "It is ten years since I took PSYCHINE, and I have not taken ten dollars' worth of medicine since. I should not have lived out the year had it not been for PSYCHINE. I am now in excellent health." Can any testimony be stronger than this?

If you are feeling worn out and run down, try PSYCHINE. You will be surprised at the result. PSYCHINE thoroughly builds up the system, and imparts new life and vigor.

The greatest of tonics, PSYCHINE, restores the throat, lungs, heart, stomach, digestive and blood-making organs to perform their proper functions. The only specific known that will cure chronic weakness, catarrh and decline. Sold at all druggists and stores. 50c. and $1. Send for a free sample to Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Spadina Ave., Toronto.

Lakeview Hotel

Cor. Hall and Vernon Street
B. L. GRIFFITH, Prop.
Two blocks from city wharf.
The best dollar a day house in Nelson.
All White Help.

LAKEVIEW—Edward Morgan, Frank, Alta.; W. Owns, S. Simkin, Kaslo; W. Adams, Koch Siding; Minto Cavido, Sandon.

An attack of the grip is often followed by a persistent cough, which to many proves a great annoyance. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been extensively used and with good success for the relief and cure of this cough. Many cases have been cured after all remedies had failed. Sold by all druggists and dealers.

B. C. BUDGET

(Continued From Page Three.)

States side, Pennsylvania and Ohio have each a patrol steamer in Lake Erie, much smaller than the Canadian vessel. The other states, so far as known to me, have only an occasional gasoline launch. With upwards of 2,500 square miles of fishing territory, the state of Washington has no patrol vessels, and, so far as I know, but a single gasoline launch. The present statutes are fairly well enforced in most of the eastern boundary states, notably so in Ohio and Pennsylvania. In Washington they are not adequately enforced. It is claimed that in the current season the fishermen of Washington caught by encroachment on the close season salmon to the value of upwards of $600,000, to which they are not entitled. Part of these should have been in British Columbia waters. The others should have escaped up the Fraser river to the spawning grounds. In Canada, throughout the boundary waters, the statutes now in effect are rigidly enforced. It does not even occur to anyone to violate them. The real need of the boundary situation is less that of stringent legislation than of equal enforcement of law on either side. I see no way to accomplish this except by a federal patrol, corresponding to the Dominion patrol of Canada."

The international regulations, provided for by this report, appear to be on the whole satisfactory, but the difficulty is that the state of Washington disputes the right of the federal government at Washington to interfere in any way with the operation of state laws, and while the state and federal governments are contesting their respective rights in regard to control, the regulations themselves are very apt to become a dead letter. In the meantime, our fishermen, who are disappointed at the prospect, will be obliged to obey the regulations which will be enforced after July, 1911. The regulations themselves, as I have said, appear to meet the requirements of the situation, if properly enforced on both sides of the line, and, as is admitted by Dr. Jordan, there is a tendency on the other side of the line to laxity of enforcement of regulations however good.

Industrial Outlook

In a review of the province's progress generally we cannot overlook what is becoming a most important factor of our wealth production, outside of the raw material afforded by mining, timber, agriculture and fisheries. I refer to manufacturing industries. There are no exact statistics in regard to the value of our manufactures, but a careful estimate, based on fairly reliable data places it at a value of $30,000,000 for the year 1909. It is probably over that mark, but as the decennial census will be taken in 1911, it is better to wait for the results of that census to be over confident. The manufacturing industries of the province are rapidly expanding, and during the past year experienced a very gratifying degree of prosperity, unmarred by any serious industrial disputes, showing that labor conditions, as well, are stable and extremely satisfactory, a fact upon which we as British Columbians are sincerely to be congratulated.

Several new important industries have sprung into existence, the principal of which is the manufacture of pulp and paper, and so far with encouraging results, though, in a small way as compared with what we expect to see developed as markets are exploited and trade is firmly established. When the Panama canal is completed we may confidently anticipate that this industry will take a leading place among the manufactures of the coast, with markets on the Atlantic and Great Britain as well as in the Orient, South America and Australia. It seems to me that in a comparatively short time, under present conditions, the United States will be forced to open its ports free to our pulp, affording an opportunity to expand its production enormously.

I have not time to refer at any length to the various directions in which, with increases of population in this province and with the contiguous provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, our present industrices may develop or to deal with new industries, such as the manufacture of woollen goods, tanneries, preserved fruits and fishes, pickling establishments, and so on, which our natural products and favorable conditions render possible and highly probable in the near future. But, I wish in particular to dwell for a moment upon two which give great promise of a development on a scale of magnitude and natural importance, for which in raw materials, the water power and the geographical situation, we are particularly and most favorably endowed. We have already shipyards of respectable proportions in Victoria and Vancouver, the growth of which from year to year is most encouraging, and, with the increasing importance of our marine commerce, as shown in the growth of our shipping, ocean bound and coastwise, and with adequate recognition and encouragement from the federal authorities, we should eventually have a status in shipbuilding comparable with that of Great Britain itself. In fact, we have natural advantages that greatly surpass those of the mother country, and as the trend of world commerce is ever westward we may yet become its centre and not its outpost. For a long time we have looked forward to our iron deposits with sanguine expectations as the basis of an ultimate great industrial fabric, the evolution of iron and steel furnaces and rolling mills extensive enough to create not one but several Pittsburgs on our coast. Up to the present the various enterprises looking to the utilization of our iron ores, of which we have seen announcements in the press from time to time, have not yet been materialized, but we have, nevertheless, unmistakable indications that both British and American capitalists are interested in a very marked way in the possibilities of investment in this province, looking toward the mining of our iron ores and the establishment of industries for its manufacture in an extensive way. I expect that move in our direction to be made very soon, and when it does come I can assure this house that so far as the government is concerned, if it is still in power—and I have very little doubt on that score, notwithstanding the ambitions of my friend the leader of the Socialists to take the place of the Hon. R. McBride on this side of the house—the aim will be to reap the fullest benefits of the industry in the interests of the people of British Columbia.

Summarizing the production of the year, the total shown to the credit of the province is most gratifying. It is not possible to obtain accurate figures under each head, but approximately, as the result of a very careful and conservative estimate based upon data obtained from a number of reliable sources, the aggregate may be set down as follows for products under the following heads:

Manufactures	$30,000,000
Mining	24,000,000
Lumber	12,000,000
Agriculture	8,500,000
Fisheries	8,000,000
Total	$82,500,000

Or in round numbers, $315 per head.

A showing which, I am quite satisfied will compare with the productive capacity of any country in the world.

Game

I cannot conclude my reference to our resources without taking into consideration a very important asset we have in our game. Owing to the wide area of the province, the physical character of a great portion of it and the extensive water systems and seacoast it possesses, it is peculiarly adapted to the habitat of big game, fur and feathered animals and fish, and not only do we possess these now in abundance, but the conditions are favorable, with proper regulations, for their being perpetuated practically for al time With this in view, the government in 1906 established a department of game protection, and placed it in charge of a gentleman who, as provincial game warden, has proved his thorough qualifications for the position, and who by his energy and enthusiasm has achieved results greater even than the government had hopes of achieving. Big game in certain portions of the province that bade fair to become extinct, owing to raids of Indians and the indiscriminate slaughter by head-hunters, is again largely on the increase. The caribou, moose, the big horn, the wapiti, the deer and the grizzly, so attractive to sportsmen, are now becoming so numerous as to afford a legitimate supply from year to year, and there is no reason why it should not continue for a very long time to come. Our old friend, the beaver, the emblem of industry and of our country, in the southern portions of the province had almost departed. He is now flourishing. I could give you particulars from a statement made to me by the provincial game warden, with details as to particular districts, showing increases and the conditions which affect the stock of game, but that would take too long. These, for the main part, are contained in the annual report already submitted to the house. I shall content myself with remarking that everything possible is being done to protect, to increase and diversify the stock of game animals, and at the same time to attract to this province a class of tourists who spend their money freely in our midst, who frequently invest it in properties, and who invariably advertise us when they go abroad again. It is estimated that $100,000 per annum is spent in our British Columbia by the visiting sportsmen, and in a number of cases they have invested largely in timber, mines, farm lands and real estate. Sometimes they come for pleasure and stay for profit, and the tendency in this direction is becoming greater every year. As instances, Baron von Bergen invested heavily in Vancouver, and the Gallations of New York are developing a big ranch in Lillooet. Incidentally, our game resources form a rare inducement to an important class of settlers, and the sport itself, confined within legitimate limits, is healthful in the extreme and calculated to develop in our sons psysique and stamina worthy of good British stock.

When I tell you that in five years revenue derived from licenses, fines, etc., have only been about $6000 less than the total cost of administration of the game protection department, or $1200 per annum, or the salary of one official, you will agree with me that the benefits derived have a great many times overpaid the province for the paltry outlay involved. The splendid results of five years have determined the government in giving still greater attention to this subject. Two game reserves have already been established, and efforts are being made to stock Queen Charlotte Islands with deer and to introduce more pheasants and prairie chicken, partridges, etc., in various parts of the province. In view of this wider policy, it is the intention next session to thoroughly revise the Game act.

It is rumored unofficially that the members of the forestry commission will make a recommendation as to the creation of forest reserves for the purpose of protecting the sources of our water supply. It occurs to me to suggest that these timber reserves, if created, could also be used as game preserves, and that one set of officials would be able, so far as these are concerned, to perform a double and a most useful service to the province.

In conclusion, Mr. Speaker, permit me to observe with all these factors, to which I have alluded, in our favor—industrial prosperity, commercial progress, financial success and political stability—we may reasonably expect for the coming fiscal year and for some time to come a period of provincial expansion such as British Columbia has hitherto never enjoyed, and in which, I have no hesitancy in saying, success the older generation in this country had not dreamed of enjoying in their own lifetime. There are vistas of future greatness opening up now which 15 years ago were to the most of us obscured. The Toronto Globe used to refer to the general prosperity of the Dominion as the "growing time of Canada." It is now the growing time of British Columbia, and while we may not reap the complete fruition of awakened hopes and activities in our time, the majority of us will live to see an industrial and commercial transformation so great that we shall look back to the year 1903-4 as but the beginning of things in this province—the year of one in the new era.

But we must not attempt to disparage the efforts of our pioneers in the years preceding, who, under many difficulties, rendered possible what we are achieving today under more favorable conditions, a remark that applies as far back as 1858, when the first rush of population took place. We are apt to think of the progress of this province as having in the past been slow, and so it was to those who were impatient to realize the dreams they had in coming to the west. There were good reasons for this backwardness of the years from 1858 to 1885. For lack of railway transportation British Columbia could not move faster than its pack trains went; but if we call to mind now that 25 years ago there was not a mile of railway in operation, and that now we have over 2000 miles in operation; that the city of Vancouver, for instance, with a population of over 100,000, did not then exist; that the population of the province itself was quintupled in that period; that our provincial revenues have increased about 15 times; that activities in trade, industry, shipping, etc., have multiplied in similar proportions, we can realise that instead of our progress having been slow it has been of a most remarkable character. We can only measure distances we travel by mile posts, and it is because we have lived with the events that move so rapidly that we have not observed the rate at which they travelled in a quarter of a century. Within the next five or six years we shall have spent twenty-five or thirty million dollars in provincial funds in opening up the country; we shall probably have added 250,000 to the population; we shall have on our coast termini of four transcontinental railways, three of which are of purely Canadian origin; we shall have added at least 1500 more miles of our railway mileage, involving an expenditure of not less than $75,000,000. We shall have set out on an entirely new industrial career, with shipbuilding, iron and steel furnaces and rolling mills, paper and pulp mills operating on a large scale, and we shall see as a consequence of all this immense development new towns springing up over a vast area until recently without habitants or lines of communication.

We are, I am convinced, on the verge of great possibilities, and I know that you, Mr. Speaker, and all the honorable members feel deeply the responsibilities cast upon this government and this legislature in respect to the whole of the people of British Columbia, in order that they may share to the fullest extent of the bountiful measure of prosperity in sight. I have, therefore, the greatest of satisfactoin and pleasure in moving that supply be granted to his majesty.

After La Grippe

"I had suffered several weeks with LaGrippe. Had pains in my head and eyes. It felt as though there was a heavy weight on the top of my head, until it seemed that my brain would burst. I was so nervous that I could not rest or sleep. When I dozed off I would awake with a sudden jerking of my whole body. Dr. Miles' Nervine, Heart Remedy and Nerve and Liver Pills cured me. A number of friends have since realized the same benefits."

MRS. ALVIN H. LOCKS,
Seabrook, N. H.

The after effects of LaGrippe are often more serious than the disease, as it leaves the system in a weakened condition that invites more serious troubles, such as pneumonia, etc.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine

should be taken for some time to thoroughly restore nerve strength.

Price $1.00 at your druggist. He should supply you. If he does not, send price to us, we forward prepaid.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto.

FRUIT GROWERS

do you want other fruit growers to tell you how

NICO SOAP

—AND—

VERMOID

helped them to turn insect destructio n into profitable production?

Nico Soap is an absolutely sure death to sucking insects

Vermoid is a preparation for the destruction of Wire Cut and Eel Worms and all other soil pests.

Information will be sent you if you write.

A. S. HATFIELD

Kaladen, B. C.

THE DAVENPORT CAFE

Sid Woods, Proprietor, Josephine St.

Sunday, Feb. 27.
Served from 5 to 8.
OYSTERS
Blue Point
SOUPS
Consommee a la Royale
SALADS
Fruit Salad Celery
Shrimp Mayonnaise
FISH
Baked Halibut a la Spanish
BOILED
Sugar Cured Ham, Champagne Sauce
ENTREES
Fricassee of Chicken a la Champignon
Kidney Saute on Toast
Braized Breast of Lamb Petit Pois
Banana Fritters and Claret Wine Sauce
ROASTS
Young Turkey, Cranberry Sauce
Prime Ribs of Beef Yorkshire Pudding
Leg of Mutton and Jelly
VEGETABLES
Boiled and Mashed Potatoes
Green Peas Asparagus Tips on Toast
DESSERT
Deep Apple Pie with Cream
Lemon Pie Hot Mince Pie
English Plum Pudding, Hard or Brandy Sauce
Strawberry Jelly
Stilton and MacLaren's Cheese
Fruit in Season Nuts and Raisins
Tea Coffee Milk

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Alexander MacNeish, of Montreal, P. Q., occupation solicitor, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about 60 chains east of the N. W. corner of T. L. No. 30062, thence north 40 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 320 acres more or less.

August 31, 1909.

ANGUS MACNEISH,
4-10-09-8w. P. H. SIEMENS, Agent.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Charles Maseralls, of Salmo, B. C., occupation sawyer, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the S. W. corner of P-R. No. 905, thence south 20 chains, thence east 20 chains, thence north 20 chains, thence west 20 chains to point of commencement, containing 40 acres more or less.

November 30, 1909.

9-12-09-8w CHARLES MASERALLS.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Sarah McInnes, of Montreal, P.Q., occupation married woman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the folowing described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about 20 chains east of the N. E. corner of Lot 8318, thence east 60 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 60 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 240 acres more or less.

August 30, 1909.

SARAH McINNES,
4-10-09-8w. P. H. SIEMENS, Agent.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that George Ernest Revell, of Nelson, B.C., occupation mining engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described ands:

Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of Lot 9764, thence south 10 chains, more or less, to the northerly boundary of Lot 9763, thence west 40 chains, thence north 10 chains, more or less, to the southwest corner of Lot 9764, thence east 40 chains, more or less, to the point of commencement, containing 40 acres, more or less.

GEORGE ERNEST REVELL,
E. H. BURDEN, Agent.
February 2, 1910. 10-2-09-8w.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, M. A. McKillican, of Montreal, P.Q., occupation married woman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the folowing described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about 20 chains east of the N.W. corner of Lot 8318, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

August 30, 1909.

M. A. McKILLICAN,
4-10-09-8w. P. H. SIEMENS, Agent.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

Bilton and Hideaway Mineral Claims, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay district.

Where located: On Wolf Creek, near

TAKE NOTICE that I, F. C. Green, acting as agent for William Waldie, Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 22520, intend 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 9th day of December, A.D. 1909.

F. C. GREEN,
9-12-09-8w. Nelson, B.C.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Skylark and Ranger Mineral Claims, situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of West Kootenay district.

Where located: On First North Fork of Lemon Creek.

acting as agent for N. F. McNaught, Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 17226; Jas. McNaught, Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 17225, and R. W. Hannington, Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 34947, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 14th day of June, A. D. 1909.

F. C. GREEN,
9-9-09-8w. Nelson, B. C.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

Clarendon and Clarendon Fraction Mineral

TAKE NOTICE that I, F. C. Green, Claims situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay district.

Where located: On Whiskey creek, about two miles north of Erie, B. C.

TAKE NOTICE that I, John Drummond Anderson, surveyor, of Trail, B.C., acting as agent for C. C. Ladd, Free Miner's Certificate No. B 15957, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 14th day of September, A.D. 1909.

JOHN DRUMMOND ANDERSON.
25-9-09-8w.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF WEST KOOTENAY HOLDEN AT NELSON.

IN THE MATTER of the "Plans Cancellation Act, 1906,"

—and—

IN THE MATTER of Sub-Division of Lot 7357, Group One (1), Kootenay District, B.C., According to a Map Deposited in the Land Registry Office at Nelson, B.C., Numbered 797.

TAKE NOTICE that an application will be made to His Honor, Judge Forin, at his chambers in the city of Nelson on Monday, the 14th day of February, 1910, at the hour of 10.30 o'clock in the forenoon, for an order to cancel Map 797 and to substitute therefor a plan showing the new government road across such Subdivision in lieu of the road as originally laid out.

E. C. WRAGGE,
Solicitor for J. J. Campbell, Petitioner.

WATER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a licence in the Sheep Creek division of Ymir, B.C., district.

The name, address and occupation of the applicatnt, A. H. Tuttle, Ymir, B.C., mining.

Free Miner's Certificate No. B15958.

The name of the lake, stream or source is Sheep Creek.

The point of diversion is about 3000 feet above the Tuttle millsite.

The quantity of water applied for is six cubic feet per second.

The character of the proposed work is wood flume and steel pipe.

The premises on which the water is to be used, the Tuttle millsite.

The purpose for which the water is to be used, milling ore.

The water is to be returned to Sheep Creek, and the difference in altitude between point of diversion and point of return is about 100 feet.

This notice was posted on the 18th day of January, 1910, and the application will be made to the commissioner on the 20th day of February, 1910.

The names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed work, either above or below the outlet, are Sno-Sio, Malmas, and Kootenay Bell mining claims.

A. H. TUTTLE,
19-1-10-2w. Ymir, B. C.

Ladies' and Misses' Suits

NEW SPRING STYLES

We have just unpacked our first consignment of the new spring suits from Messrs. Northway & Sons. These suits have always given such satisfaction that we have no hesitation in recommending them to ladies wishing a really good suit for a moderate price. They come mostly in Serges in such colors as navy green grey, fawn wistaria, old rose and black.

They embody all the newest ideas as will be fashionable this spring, the coats being shorter, the lapels wider and the skirts pleated. We invite your inspection of these very natty suits which we can offer at.

$18.00 and $20.00

Ladies' One-Piece Dresses

We are now showing the spring fashions in ladies' one piece dresses. We have them in Panamas and Venetians, also poplins, mulls in various colors.

Prices $7.50 to $25.00

MEAGHER & CO

Sharp & Irvine Company
BROKERS

514 to 517 Paulsen Building Spokane, Wash.

We Will Buy		We Will Sell	
2000 Rambler Cariboo	Offer	50 Canadian Marconi	$ 1.65
1000 International Coal	$ .70	2000 Alberta Coal	.04¼
100 B. C. Copper	0.50	1000 Royal Collieries	.21
5000 Nabob (Idaho)	.01	16 Consolidated Smelters	$2.00
5000 Missoula Copper (Idaho)	.09	500 McGillivray Coal	Market
2000 North Star (B.C.)	.09	1000 Nicole Coal	.03
3000 McGillvray Coal	Offer	500 Snowstorm	1.50

We advise the purhase of Rambler-Cariboo, McGillivray Coal, and Snowstorm at the market.

Snowstorm Mining company has paid over $1,000,000 in dividends to its shareholders. It is now paying regular monthly dividends of 1½ cents. For further information write us at once.

ASHCROFT THE GATEWAY

To Fort George and Northern British Columbia

Ashcroft to Fort George 3 Days

FORT GEORGE the coming City on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway. ASHCROFT on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, the only practical route to the Interior of Northern British Columbia.

Write for particulars to the

Ashcroft-Fort George Business League
J. A. SUTHERLAND, Secretary

The Real Thing for Lent

We have made arrangements for a regular supply of Fresh Salmon, Halibut, Black Cod, Herring and Smelts during the above season.

The West Kootenay Butcher Company

PHONE 5 G. G. PETERS, Manager.

ROUGH and DRESSED **LUMBER**

Doors, Windows, Mouldings, Shingles, Turned Works and Brackets. Complete and up to date stock always on hand. Mail orders promptly attended to.

A. G. LAMBERT & CO.

New Westminster News

NEW WESTMINSTER, February 19—Tremendous activity is now reported by local realty dealers for property in New Westminster and vicinity. The land registry returns for the past eight days show property to the value of $600,000 to have changed hands. On February 1st $1,000,000 worth of property was transferred on that day alone. A flurry in Sapperton property has been noticed lately. A block of land on Columbia street and adjacent to the Sapperton school was sold this morning for $16,000, H. C. Major being one of the sellers. Workmen at present are engaged at Sapperton in erecting a $30,000 meat packing plant for the Prince Rupert Meat company, and also a gang are preparing a site for the factory of the Western Canada Bag, Envelope & Boxboard company. The announcement has been made that a paper factory will be erected soon near the Fraser River Mills by Messrs D. Smith, Davidson and Wright, and the new Royal Columbia Hospital to cost $100,000 will be built this year in Sapperton.—Province, Feb. 20.

For two years we have been steadily urging our Clients to buy property in Burnaby, close to Westminster, between the B. C. Electric and the Great Northern Railway between the Cities

We started in with 33 foot lots at $100 each, they advanced to $150, then to $200, then to $250, and on the first day of May every lot we have left in our Burnaby Additions will be advanced to $300. They are still the greatest snap between the two cities at that price and before next fall there will not be a lot in this neighborhood at less than $500, and probably $1000.

There is more actual development going on right in this district than in any other place outside the two cities and the prices of the lots are the lowest. Before two months we believe everything will have doubled. The municipality is spending $50,000.00 in streets through and around our subdivisions. The Canadian Northern will soon be building. The new B. C. Electric car line is being rushed, manufacturing sites are being secured almost daily, they will employ several thousand men.

There is no other city in Canada with the population of Westminster where property is as low considering her wonderful natural resources and immediate prospects. If you do not buy now you will have to pay more, every day you delay you are just losing money. Send in your deposit and let us send you a blue print, so that you can make your selection if you cannot come to the office.

The Wright Investment Co.

Baker Street - - - - - - - - Nelson, B. C.

Quality the True Test of Cheapness

This home will stand the most rigid inspection. Close in, situated on the north side of Victoria street between Josephine and Hendryx, commanding a magnificent view of the lake from front porch.

The house is a 1 1-2 storey cottage, double boarded with tar paper between, well painted, nicely finished inside. First floor has hall, parlor and dining room connected by folding doors, kitchen and serving pantry, stairway leading from kitchen to large frost-proof cellar.

Second floor has two large bedrooms, with clothes closets, bath room. First class plumbing throughout, hot and cold water, electric light, one lot with fine lawn in front, alley at back of lot, with wood and coal chute running into cellar. Very warm house. This delightful home perfect in every detail is yours for $800 cash, with balance arranged to suit you. It is well worth the money. You can't beat it or build it today less than $2500. Close in no hill to climb.

Two Lots Given Away.

Level, cleared, fenced, alley in rear, situated on Nelson avenue, the widest street in Fairview.

These lots are actually being given away for on them is erected a delightful, neat, cosey cottage of five rooms. Built of the very best materials, plastered with fibre plaster, nicely painted, large spacious veranda, city water, electric light, good woodshed.. Now this house can be bought if you act quickly for the ridiculously low price of $1200. It cost more and the lots are given you. Fortunate will be the one who secures this snap of snaps.

FOR RENT—A modern two storey frame, and three lots, some furniture on Observatory street; $20 per month clear.

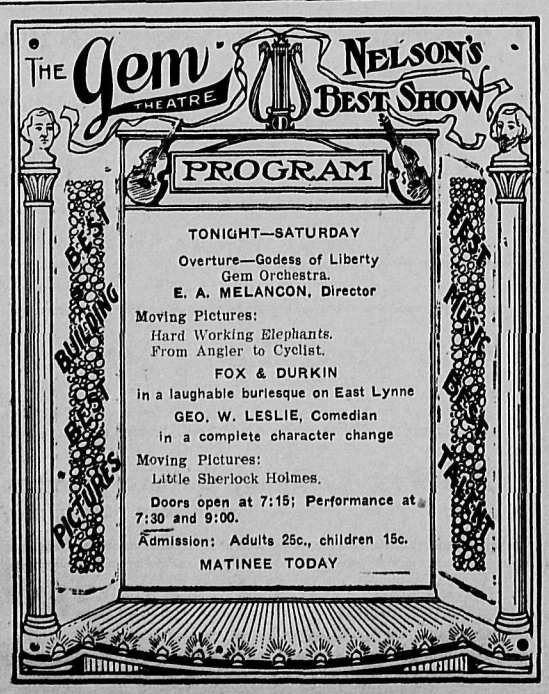
The Western Canada Investment Co.

PHONE 255 NELSON, B. C. BOX 1042

VANCOUCER OFFICE
Flack Block, 613 Hastings Street.

For information re coast investments write us.

List your property with us for quick sale.



TONIGHT—SATURDAY

Overture—Godess of Liberty
Gem Orchestra.
E. A. MELANCON, Director

Moving Pictures:
Hard Working Elephants.
From Angler to Cyclist.

FOX & DURKIN
in a laughable burlesque on East Lynne

GEO. W. LESLIE, Comedian
in a complete character change

Moving Pictures:
Little Sherlock Holmes.

Doors open at 7:15; Performance at 7:30 and 9:00.

Admission: Adults 25c., children 15c.

MATINEE TODAY

Big Ship Building Plant

OTTAWA, Feb. 25.—Definite announcement that a big ship building plant will be established at either Halifax, St. John, or Mantreal, is expected to be made shortly by the government. The Government will also bring down a bill increasing subsidy for the building of the drydock. The terms will be 25 years instead of 20 years. The Pacific coast will also benefit by the plans of the government, and a ship building plant will likely be built at Vancouver or Victoria on a large scale.

Sold To Railway Man

KINGSTON, Ont., Feb. 25.—For selling liquor to Railway Engineer M. McGlade while on duty, L. Blair, hotel keeper of Sharbot Lake, was fined today $50 and costs. Blair's defence was that McGlade said he was not on duty.

Administration Bill Reported

WASHINGTON, D.C., Feb. 25.—The administration railroad bill was ordered favorably reported to the senate by the committee on interstate commerce, immediately after consideration of the measure had been completed.

Mrs. Mabee Dead

TORONTO, Feb. 25.—Mrs. Mabee, wife of Mr. Justice Mabee, chairman of the railway commission, died today after a protracted illness.

Ladies desiring high class dressmaking, also stamping, apply Miss Horn, room 6, Carney block. 264-4

FREE DISPENSARY METHODS

Sufferers From Kidney Trouble, Bladder Trouble or Rheumatism Can Have Free Treatment.

WRITE TO THE ADDRESS BELOW

DR. T. FRANK LYNOTT

It is important for the afflicted to know that if any among them are victims of rheumatism or suffer from inflammation of the bladder, kidney trouble, etc., a free treatment can be had by writing Dr. Lynott of Chicago, who uses free medical dispensary methods, as he gives medicine for these ailments free of charge. It is never too late to be cured, and in your own home, too. Others may fail, but Dr. Lynott is known to succeed even when others fail. Some of the symptoms are:

1. Pain the back.
2. Too frequent desire to urinate.
3. Burning or obstruction of urine.
4. Pain or soreness in the bladder.
5. Prostatic trouble.
6. Gas or pain in the stomach.
7. General debility, weakness, dizziness.
8. Constipation or liver troubles.
9. Pain or soreness under right ribs.
10. Swelling in any part of the body.
11. Palpitation or pain around the heart.
12. Pain in the hip joints
13. Pain in the neck or head.
14. Pain or soreness in the kidneys.
15. Pain or swelling of the joints.
16. Pain and swelling of the muscles.
17. Pain and soreness in nerves.
18. Acute or chronic rheumatism.

Fill out the coupon below, giving the numbers of your symptoms, or write a letter describing your case, sign your name and address plainly and send it to Dr. T. Frank Lynott, K-61. Occidental Building, Chicago, Ill., and you will receive a free treatment, letter of medical advice and a large illustrated medical book, all free.

FREE TREATMENT COUPON

DR. T. FRANK LYNOTT,
K-61. Occidental Bldg., Chicago.

Kindly send me a free treatment. My symptoms are numbers.....

.....

The treatment is for the use of the following person, whose age is.....

Name.....

Street.....

City.....

State.....

RHEUMATISM

I want every chronic rheumatic to throw away all medicines, all liniments, all plasters, and give MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM REMEDY a trial. No matter what your doctor may say, no matter what your friends may say, no matter how prejudiced you may be against all advertised remedies, go at once to your druggist and get a bottle of the RHEUMATISM REMEDY. If it fails to give satisfaction, I will refund your money.—Munyon

Remember this remedy contains no salicylic acid, no opium cocaine, morphine or other harmful drugs. It is put up under the guarantee of the Pure Food and Drug Act.

For sale by all druggists. Price, 25c.

FREE KIDNEY CURE

Free to all the sick—Write for it

Any reader of this paper who suffers from any form of kidney trouble, bladder trouble or rheumatism can get free treatment by writing to the celebrated specialist Dr. Lynott of Chicago. Neither the rich nor the poor will be charged. He has sent thousands free treatment, and though cured in their own home they were asked for no money. All he wants is that you tell your friends about it. If you or any member of your family, or any friend, suffers from a kidney complaint like too frequent desire to urinate, prostatic trouble, pain in the back, inflammation of the bladder, bed-wetting, or any of the different kinds of rheumatism, write the doctor a letter describing how you suffer and he will send you a free treatment at his expense; also a letter of medical advice and a big illustrated medical book describing these diseases. Write today. DR. T. FRANK LYNOTT, A-61. Occidental Bldg., Chicago.

WHOLESALE HOUSES

PRODUCE

STARKEY & CO., WHOLESALE DEALers in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Produce and Fruit. Houston Block, Josephine street, Nelson, B. C.

GROCERIES

A. MACDONALD & CO.—WHOLESALE Grocers and Provision Merchants—Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Streets. P. O. Box 1095. Telephone 28.

LIQUORS

E. FERGUSON & CO.—WHOLESALE and Commission Merchants—Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Kootenay agents for Pabst Milwaukee Beer. Agents for the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., Billiards and Pool Tables and Supplies, Bar Fixtures, Cigar Counters, Bowling Alleys, etc. Prices and specifications on application. Office and retail department, Vernon St., Nelson, two doors east of post office. Telephone 260. P. O. Box 1020.

MINERS' FURNISHINGS

A. MACDONALD & CO.—WHOLESALE Jobbers in Blankets, Underwear, Mitts, Gloves, Boots, Rubbers, Overalls, Jumpers, Mackinaws and Oilskin Clothing, Camp and Miners' Sundries. Office and Warehouse, corner of Front and Hall streets. P. O. Box 1095. Telephone 28.

MINING MACHINERY

WASHINGTON MACHINERY & SUPPLY Co.—Dealers in Engines, Band and Circular sawmills, Atkins' Saws, Wood and Iron Pulleys, Leyner Compressors and Drills, Pumps and Hoists. Prompt attention. Reasonable prices. Courteous treatment. Spokane, Wash.

LOST

LOST—Tuesday evening, Feb. 1, a small black wallet, containing two $10 bills, one $5 bill, one $2 bill and one $1 bill. Finder please notify Mighton & Cavanaugh, brokers, Vancouver, B.C., suite 505, Dominion Trust building. 252-tf.

LOST—On Ward or Gore street, on Sunday last, a four keyed flute, in two sections. Finder please return to E. Lupton, tailor. 262-tf.

HOTEL DIRECTORY

THE OFFICE Ward St., Nelson B. C.

We have just taken out of bond a consignment of the celebrated PERFECTION SCOTCH WHISKEY. We import this Scotch whiskey direct from Edinborough, Scotland. Guaranteed 20 years old. We serve nothing but the best wines, liquors and cigars.

YOUNG & BOYD, Proprietors

Silver King Hotel

Baker Street, Nelson, B.C.
Regular Boarders, $6.00 per week
Rates: $1.25 per day
Best 25 Cent Meal in the City
WM. NEUENDORF, Prop.

Nelson Hotel Bar

Baker Street, Nelson, B.C.
INK & WARD, Props.
Try a "GIN RICKEY"
Made from California Limes, specially imported
For a cool, satisfying smoke
Try a Savannah Cigar

Bartlett House

G. W. Bartlett, Prop
The best $1.00 a day house in town.
A Miner's Home

Kootenay Hotel

MRS. MALLETTE, Proprietress
A home for everybody. Every convenience given to the travelling public. Electric piano. Cuisine unexcelled. Rates $1 per day.

Sherbrooke House

Nelson, B.C.
One minute's walk from C.P.R. station. Cuisine unexcelled; well heated and ventilated.
BOYER BROS., Proprietors

Empire Hotel

(Late Sunnyside.)
Baker Street, Nelson, B.C.
The house is thoroughly remodelled throughout. Clean rooms.
Weekly boarders, $6.00.
Rates $1.00 per day up.
Temberance house! home comforts; best cook in the city.
MRS. J. E. HARRIS, Proprietress.

Athabasca Saloon

Cor. Baker and Kootenay Sts.
Noted house for Big Beer. Best brands of Wines and Liquors and Union Cigars in stock.
IVENS & PHILBERT, Props.

CLUB HOTEL

Cor. Stanley and Silica Sts.
Newly furnished, renovated throughout. The best dollar a day house west of Winnipeg. Big schooner beer or half and half 10 cents. Steady boarders $6 per week or $25 per month. All white help.
JOHN GRANT, Prop.

Hotel Castlegar

CASTLFGAR JUNCTION
All modern. Well heated. Best accommodation for travelers.
W. H. Gage, Prop.
(Formerly C. P. R. Agent.)

NELSON CAFE

Large, Commodious Dining Room.
Prompt and Courteous Service.
Meals Served at all Hours.
Elegantly furnished rooms in connection.
A. AUDET, Proprietor.
Phone 275.

ROSSLAND

THE HOFFMAN ANNEX, ROSSLAND, B. C.—Green & Smith, Props. Centrally located. European and American plan. Commercial travellers will find light, comfortable sample rooms, a special dining room and excellent accommodations at the Hoffman. Baths, bowling alley, steam laundry.

PHOENIX

HOTEL BROOKLYN, PHOENIX, B. C.—The only up-to-date hotel in Phoenix. New from cellar to roof. Best sample rooms in the Boundary. Bath room in connection. Steam heat. Opposite Great Northern repot. James Marshall, Prop.

ARROWHEAD

THE UNION HOTEL, ARROWHEAD—Special attention given to commercial men and tourists. First class sample rooms. Finest scenery in British Columbia, overlooking Upper Arrow lake. W. J. Lightburne, proprietor.

GRAND FORKS, B.C.

PROVINCE HOTEL, GRAND FORKS, B. C.—Is the newest and best appointed hotel in the interior of British Columbia, and offers to the travelling public the best accommodation obtainable. The building is all newly furnished throughout and is the only fire proof hotel in the city. E. Larsen, proprietor.

COMAPLIX

QUEEN'S HOTEL, COMAPLIX, B. C.—Chief Young, Prop. Best of wines, liquors and cigars. Travellers to Fish Creek will find excellent accommodation at this hotel. Sample room for commercial travellers is 16 x 55, one of the largest in the Kootenays.

YMIR

YMIR HOTEL, YMIR, B.C.—Most modern and up-to-date hotel in Ymir—located directly opposite depot—Best accommodation possible—Dining room in connection. J. E. Bremner, Proprietor.

Do you know that croup can be prevented? Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even after the croupy cough appears and it will prevent the attack. It is also a certain cure for croup and has never been known to fail. Sold by all druggists and dealers.

Tips

—On Getting a Day Laborer, or a Job as Laborer.

The masses read this paper. That is why you can get just the man you want when you want him by using a Want Ad in this paper. These little men hunters are no respecters of persons. They bring results to all—at the same cost of but a few pennies. Employer—get the pick from the best this way. Employe—get the best job this way. No need to stand around with your hands in your pockets.

Read and Answer

Today's Want Ads.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

AUCTIONEERS

CHAS. A. WATERMAN & CO.—P.O. Box 225.

PUBLISHERS AND PRINTERS

NEWS PUBLISHNG COMPANY, LTD.—Publishers of The Daily News; subscription $6.00 per year by carrier; $5.00 per year by mail. Commercial Job Printing of all kinds neatly and promptly executed. 216 Baker street, Nelson, B. C., Phone 144.

HAIRDRESSING AND MANICURING

MME. KATHLEEN NOAH, HAIRDRESSing and manicuring parlors. Room 38, K. W. C. block.

COLLECTION AGENCIES.

W. CUTLER—COLLECTIONS OF ALL kinds. Returns promptly made. References given. Office 313 Baker street, Nelson, B. C.

BOOKBINDING AND RULING

NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LTD.—All kinds of office forms ruled and punched for loose leaf binders. The most complete book binding equipment in the interior of British Columbia. 216 Baker St., Nelson, B.C., P. O. drawer 1119, Phone 144.

ASSAYERS

E. W. WIDDOWSON, ASSAYER (PROvincial) Metallugical Chemist. Charges, Gold, Silver, Copper or Lead, $1 each; Gold-Silver, $1.50; Silver-Lead, $1.50; Zinc, $3; Silver-Lead-Zinc, $3; Gold, Silver-Copper or Lead, $2.50. Accurate assays; careful sampling, and prompt attention. P.O. Box A1108, Nelson, B. C.

ASSAYERS' SUPPLIES

THE B. C. ASSAY AND CHEMICAL SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED, Vancouver, B. C., Assayers' Supplies, Chemical and Physical Apparatus, Balances and Weights of precision, etc., Sole Agents in British Columbia for the Morgan Crucible Company, London, England; F. W. Braun, Los Angeles; the Braun-Knecht-Heimann Company, San Francisco; the J. T. Baker Chemical company's Analyzed C.P. Acids and Chemicals; Way's Pocket Smelters; write for pamphlet describing these smelters. Complete assay outfits furnished at short notice.

PRIVATE MATERNITY HOME

NICE LOCALITY AND HOME COMforts. For terms and particulars write P. O. Box 763, Nelson, B. C.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Men and women to learn barber trade in eight weeks; tools free; secured over 10,000 positions for graduates last year; unable to supply the demand; graduates earn $15 to $25 weekly; Catalogue free. Moler System Colleges, 403 Front Ave., Spokane, Wash.

WANTED—Probationers for the Kootenay Lake General hospital; vacancies to be filled at once. Address applications to the Matron, Box 112, Nelson.

WANTED—Ladies to do plain and light sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance; charge paid; send stamp for full particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal. 521-24

WANTED—A first class engineer, capable of taking charge of a 225 horse power steam plant, and logging engine and loader. Married man preferred. Apply to Crow's Nest Pass Lumber company, Hanbury, B. C. 255-tf.

WANTED—Anyone requiring first class carpenters, communicate with secretary A.S. of C. and J., P.O. Box 1006. 259-52

WANTED—Sewing ladies' waists and children's garments made up, also millinery work done, ladies' hats made over. Charges moderate, at the Misses Thompson, care W. Johnston, Greenhouse, Phone 342. 261-6

WANTED—About 15th March, planerman, to take charge of three planers and one sticker. State wages expected. Apply Porto Rico Lumber Company, Moyie, B.C. 266-6

WANTED—An experienced nurse for three children. Apply Mrs. F. C. Green, 306 Silica street. 267-tf.

PRUNING AND GRAFTING.

Work wanted by practical gardeners, by day or contract. W. Thorp, Chatham St., Fairview, Nelson. 251-26

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS.

HARTMAN & BENNETT, house and sign painters, paper hangers and decorators. Shop, Stanley St., next door to B. C. Telephone office, Nelson, B. C.

OBSTETRICS.

MRS. KENNY will be pleased to receive maternity patients at her home. Excellent testimonials. 224 Observatory street. P. O. Box 173, telephone A54.

MISCELLANEOUS

MOTOR BOAT SUPPLIES—E. D. Messenger Co. P. O. Box 173, Nelson. B. C.

While it is often impossible to prevent an accident, it is never impossible to be prepared—it is not beyond any one's purse. Invest 25 cents in a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and you are prepared for sprains, bruises and like injuries. Sold by all druggists and dealers.

HELP WANTED

NELSON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY
C. F. Hutton, Manager

WANTED—Millwright, lumber grader, trimmerman, edgerman, engineer, canthook men, sawyers, swampers, bolt and post cutters.

Help of all Kinds Promptly Furnished

THE WORKINGMEN'S EMPLOYMENT AND REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

WANTED—Piling, poles, post and shingle-bolt makers, bridgemen, girls for family places.

TO LET—Furnished rooms, with or without board. Also rooms for housekeeping. If you have property of any kind for sale or rent, list it with me at once. W. Parker, 312 Baker Street, Phone 283.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Small cottage. Apply Wm. Gosnell, Nelson brewry. 158-tf.

FOR RENT—Nice large warm front room in private family, all modern conveniences, centrally located. No children. $8 per month. Apply P. O. box 465. 165-tf.

FOR RENT—Offices, ground floor, on Baker St. Apply at W. G. Thomson's bookstore. 258-tf.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, with every convenience; table board if required. Very central. 614 Victoria St. 263-6

TO RENT—Small 3-roomed cottage. Apply 622 Victoria St. 264-tf.

FOR RENT — Furnished housekeeping rooms, close in. Address, Rooms, P.O. Box 141. 264-6

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—New Magoon and Givons late strawberry plants. Apply Boswell Ranch, Boswell, B.C. 200-tf.

FOR SALE—A sub-division of excellent fruit land in the famous Kaslo district. In 5 or 10 acre blocks. Abundance of water, close to railroad and steamboat landing, navigation the entire year. Fine hunting, fishing and wonderful scenery. Direct from locator to purchaser. See or write H. L. Lindsey, Lindsey Boat House, Nelson, B. C. 206-tf.

BARGAIN SALE—Ten acres of choice fruit land at Clovervale, near Nelson. To be sold cheap for cash; clear title. For further particulars apply to Bishop W. Hinds, Prince Rupert, B.C. 249-tf.

FOR SALE—Shetland pony, cart and Harness. J. S. Annable. 256-tf.

FOR SALE—Good dairy cow, due to calve on the 22nd of this month. Apply to H. Atkinson, Kokanee. 253-tf.

FOR SALE—Red Cocker pups, four months old. Pedigree and particulars on application to John J. Devine, Revelstoke, B.C. 261-8

FOR SALE—Cheap, two stoves, airtight heater, hot-air blast. Apply 201 Silica St. 262-tf.

FOR SALE—Sixteen-foot, double oared Peterboro rowboat, carpet and cushion. Also half interest in boat house. Apply Box 693, city. 263-tf.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Buff Leghorn Cockerels. Satisfaction guaranteed. For prices address P. O. Box 315, Phoenix, B.C. 265-8

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

In the Matter of the "Judgments Act 1899," and Amending Acts,
—and—
In the Matter of an Action Between R. J. Deachman, Plaintiff, and Robert W. Hulbert, Defendant.

By virtue of an order herein by His Honor, Judge Grant, on the 8th day of February, 1910, I shall sell by public auction to the highest bidder, all the estate, right, title and interest of the abovenamed defendant, Robert W. Hulbert, in the following lands and premises, viz.: Easterly half of Lot 11, and Lot 12, in Block 51, in the plan of the town of Nelson, to realize the amount payable under the judgment recovered in this action.

When to be sold: The sale of the above mentioned lands and premises will take place at my office in the court house, in the city of Nelson, B.C., on Wednesday, the 9th day of March, 1910, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon.

Dated at Nelson, B.C., 25th day of February, 1910.

S. P. TUCK,
Sheriff of South Kootenay.

Land Registry Office, Kootenay District, 21st day of February, 1910, at 5 minutes past 3 p.m. o'clock.

I hereby certify that the following is the state of the title to Lot 12 and east ½ of Lot 11, Block 51, town of Nelson, registered at A.T.B. Vol. 24, Fol. 435, No. 7476A.

Registered owner: Robert W. Hulbert.

Registered charges: Mortgage dated the 10th of June, 1907, from Charles F. McHardy to Robert C. Waterson to secure payment of the sum of $1,500.00 with interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, registered in charge book, Vol. 16, Fol. 432, No. 2892D.

Application for registration: None.

Creditors' trust deeds: From Robert W. Hulbert, none.

Judgments: No. 2551, date of Reg., 10-9-09; judgment debtor or defendant, Robert W. Hulbert; judgment creditor or plaintiff, R. J. Deachman.

Mechanics' liens: None.

SAMUEL R. ROE,
District Registrar.

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the Kootenay Jam Company, Limited, called for Monday next at the company's office, Front street, in the city of Nelson, B.C., will be held instead at the office of Messrs. Hall & Thomson, Burns block, Baker street, in the said city of Nelson, on the same day, at the hour of 11 o'clock a.m.

By Order.

208

Try a Package

of Puritan Pancake Flour and a quart of Maple Syrup for the sum of

75c.

For sale at

Joy's Cash Grocery

Corner of Josephine and Mill Streets.
P. O. Box 637 Telephone 19

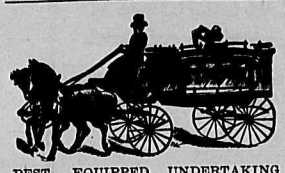
We can attend to your

PLUMBING

promptly and well

B. C. Plumbing & Heating Co.

Victoria street, near Opera house.
Telephone 181



BEST EQUIPPED UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING PARLORS IN THE KOOTENAY.
R. S. BRERETON, UNDERTAKER.
Night Phone 252. Day Phone 85

Standard Furniture Co.

NELSON, B.C.

An Exceptional Offer In City Property

A 7-roomed house and one lot on Cedar street, close to Baker street. No hills to climb. Modern and thoroughly renovated inside this fall. Price only $2,000. Terms can be arranged. Full particulars of

R. J. STEEL

Hudson's Bay Block

Kootenay Lake General Hospital

Maternity Branch

Patients are now received at the following rates:
Private ward patients, week $20.00
Semi-private ward patients, week $15.00
Address application to matron at hospital.

Orchestra Orchestra

Mr. Irvin Johnson of the Arcade, is prepared to supply an orchestra to any number of pieces for dances, socials or parties. The best of compositions played. Reasonable terms. Apply box 348, or 615 Victoria street.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

W. J. H. HOLMES

CIVIL ENGINEER AND MINE SURVEYOR, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, KASLO, B. C.
Ten years' experience in the Kootenays. Honor graduate 1891, Royal Military College of Canada, Kingston.

Public Stenographer

809 Baker St., Nelson. B C. Phone 278

F. C. Green. F. P. Burden. A. H. Green

Green Brothers & Burden

CIVIL ENGINEERS
Dominion and British Columbia Land Surveyors
P. O. Box 145 Phone B261
Cor. Victoria and Kootenay Sts.
NELSON. B. C.

R. T. GEORGE

TEACHER OF MUSIC
Thorough instruction given on violin and cornet. Phone 217.

William Kilbey & Son

Piano and Organ Tuners, Repairers and Regulators, late of Mason & Risch Ca., Ltd., Gerhard, Heintzman, R. S. Williams & Sons, and Gourley, Winter & Leeming, Toronto.
The only authorized tuners for the Mason & Risch Co., Ltd., for the Kootenay and Okanagan districts. Address 806 Stanley street or Mason & Risch agents, the Standard Furniture Co.

H. O. BLACK

B. C. LAND SURVEYOR
Office: Over Royal Bank
P. O. Box 147 Nelson, B. C.

A. L. McCULLOCH

HYDRAULIC ENGINEER
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR
P. O. Box 41.
Office Phone B86; Residence Phone B74
Office: Over McDermid & McHardy
Baker Street Nelson, B. C.

FREE. .·. .·. TODAY

A FULL SIZED BOX OF

BOOTH'S KIDNEY PILLS

CITY CUSTOMERS

This offer lasts but one day. Take advantage of it.

OUT-OF-TOWN CUSTOMERS

To give you the same privilege as our city customers, we hold this offer good till such time as a letter can reach us, and on receipt of postage will be pleased to forward you a box of above pills FREE.

WATCH OUR ADS.
WATCH OUR WINDOWS

We Save You Money.
Your Worry Ceases.

We Always Lead. We Never Sleep.

Poole Drug Co. Ltd.

Nelson's Leading Druggists

Baker Street :·: Phone 25 Day and Night

WESTERN CANADA'S GREATEST SCHOOL

Sprott-Shaw Business Institute

Vancouver, B.C.
R. J. SPROTT, B.A., Mgr.
Send for catalogue

Best equipped school west of Toronto. New Year's term opens Jan. 3.

"Imperator" Hams and Bacon
"Shamrock" Pure Leaf Lard
Davies' Hams, Bacon and Lard

at all first class stores and

P. BURNS & CO., Ltd.

Ask for them. PHONE 32

CARS RUN AT NIGHT

MANY MEN APPLY AS CONDUCTORS AND MOTERMEN

ORDER IS NEARLY RESTORED IN PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 25—Surface cars were operated on the principal streets of the city until midnight tonight for the first time since the beginning of the trouble. After the strike began last Saturady all cars were withdrawn nightly from service at dusk, but tonight guarded by members of the state police, continued to run, even through the turbulent mill districts of Kensington and Frankfort. Although the Transit company's cars were stoned today, everything was quiet tonight. All outbursts were quieted by the police.

During the day, according to the company figures, 744 cars were in operation, and 66 of these continued to run till midnight. Active service is promised by the company which announced that they found new men, many of whom were formerly in the employ of the company. These men will take out cars tomorrow. President Krueger and other officials of the company refused to comment today on the request of the company, of representatives of the churchmen, that the grievances of the strikers be submitted to a board of arbitration. The board's next regular meeting will be held a week from next Monday, and the company officials say that the question of calling a special meeting has not been discussed. This proposal for arbitration, which was made by representatives of 26 distinct religious denominations, including the leading clergymen in this city, has been approved by the strikers, who suggested, however, that one of the seven members on the proposed board of arbitration be a representative of organized labor.

Only one-third as many arrests were made by the police today, as were made yesterday, when 78 persons were taken into custody. Among those arrested was the son of a constable in the office of the committing magistrate. He is 20 years old, and confessed that he was one of a band of youths who manufactured a quantity of explosive caps and then drew lots to see who should place them on the track.

The Transit company posted a notice in each of its 19 barns today, that all employees who have remained loyal to the company, and who may become unfit for work by injuries in the strike disorders, will be cared for during the rest of their lives. There was a long line of unemployed men at the general offices of the company nearly all day long seeking positions as conductors and motormen. The company is advertising for 2,000 men. It is offering 22 cents an hour, and a guarantee of an early increase.

Many of the boy rioters who had been arrested during the last few days were taken to the juvenile court today. Fines varying from $5 to $200 were inflicted. Some of the boys were sentenced to 30 days in the house of detention, and others were sent to the same place until the strike is over.

There has been no interference with the transportation of the mails over the lines of the Transit company. So far as reported there have been only two instances of the blocking of cars which were carrying the mail between sub-stations in the city.

METALS

NEW YORK, Feb. 25—Silver, 50¾; standard copper, 12⅞ A 13¼; dull.
LONDON, Feb. 24.—Silver, 23 7-16; lead, £13 5s.

FERNIE BONSPIEL STARTS

Play in the Grand Challenge and in Fernie Club Competitions

(Special to The Daily News.)

FERNIE, Feb. 25.—The bonspiel so well started Tuesday is growing in interest, and the number of rinks on the ice at one time is greater today than yesterday. The weather is ideal for the sport, but snow fell all night and today, and is now interfering fith railway traffic. Trains are behind and the yard here is full of delayed freight.

The roaring game opened this morning at 9 o'clock, with eight rinks contesting in the Grand Challenge. Fred Johnson of Fernie defeated Dan Johnson of Cranbrook in a close game 12 to 11. Cameron of Cranbrook won from Dutchie, 10 to 5. Wilson of Cranbrook defeated Liphardt, 10 to 9. Dill beat Grant, 9 to 8.

The Fernie club contest was opened today with 12 rinks on the start. Wilson won from Duthie 13 to 9, Oelson from Herchmer 12 to 6, Dan Johnson of Cranbrook from Roberts of Cranbrook, 12 to 9; Dill from Herchmer 11 to 8, Brown from H. J. Johnson 14 to 9, Roberts from Henderson 20 to 5, and Grant from James Johnson 11 to 7.

Tonight four more rinks played in the Grand Challenge, James Johnson winning from Oelson, 14 to 13, and Fred Johnson from Herchmer, 10 to 8.

FOR SALE
AT
A BARGAIN

One One Horsepower Motor
One Half Horsepower Motor

Can be inspected at any time.

Apply
THE DAILY NEWS
Nelson, B.C.

A DANCE WITHOUT PROGRAMS IS NOT COMPLETE

They not only serve a useful purpose at the time but also constitute a delightful momento of the occasion.

The Daily News will be only too pleased to submit samples and quote prices.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS

I have propogated for sale, under favorable conditions, for the first time, R. M. Kellog Co.'s 1909 strain of thoroughbred pedigree strawberry plants, Senator Dunlops, $1 per thousand f.o.b. Wynndel, B.C.

Clyde, Warefield, Pearson's Beauty, Beidler, Bederwood, Clark Seedling, Pride of Michigan, Thompson No. 1, Lady Thompson, Steven's Late Champion, Cardinal, Virginia and Longfellow.

I advise experimenting with a few of these plants in your garden.

O. J. WIGEN, Creston, B.C.

Trade **Asaya-Neurall** Mark
THE NEW REMEDY FOR
Nervous Exhaustion

Heredity is one of the main causes of nervous exhaustion. Children whose minds give way in school, girls lacking in nerve stamina, and young men exhausted by ordinary business cares, prove this. Occasional treatment with "ASAYA-NEURALL" is their salvation. It feeds the nerves, induces sleep, improves the appetite and digestion, and restores full nerve power. $1.50 a bottle. Local agent.

POOLE DRUG CO., LTD.
WM. RUTHERFORD.

AT THE THEATRES

Judging from the press notices given the Eckhardt Theatrical company, along the Crow's Nest, they should receive good patronage during their engagement in Nelson, which commences next Monday evening at the Nelson opera house, when they will present for the first time in Nelson "A Grass Widow" or "The Marriage of Kitty," a rattling good comedy abounding in wit, and a play that will be sure to please all tastes. During their engagement of one week here, they will present a change of bill nightly, playing at popular prices. Seats for Monday night are now on sale at the Poole Drug company's.

E. O. Windsor, piano tuner, is in town. He is well known in Nelson and Kootenay for nearly eight years, has long experience in United States and Canada, and is well accredited. Leave orders at Canada Drug and Book Company, or Poole's Drug Store 233-tf.

SPRING SUITS

Our First Shipment of Spring Suits is Ready for Your Inspection. It does not matter whether you are Ready to Buy or not. We like callers to come a d get acquainted with "What's New." We'll not urge you to buy for this is not a store that annoys

A man's suit speaks of him as plainly as his card.

His card simply tells his name—while his suit proclaims his personality to everyone he meets.

Everyone understands the clothes language.

Our suits always speak favorably of the wearer.

We take the greatest pleasure in showing the new style features and fabrics to men who are interested in and who appreciate good clothes

There's INDIVIDUALITY in OUR SUITS

Suits for Men of All Ages and Suitable for Every Man's Calling
$18.00, $20.00, $25.00 up to $35.00

Fit-Reform
EMORY & WALLEY
Nelson. B. C.

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF AN APPLICATION for the Issue of a Duplicate Certificate of Title to Lots 23 and 24, Block 38, McGillivray's Addition, Town of New Denver.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to issue, at the expiration of one month after the first publication hereof, a duplicate of the Certificate of Title to the above mentioned lots in the name of John Hughes, which Certificate is dated the 19th of February, 1897, and numbered 3163C.

T. M. BOWMAN,
Deputy District Registrar.
Land Registry Office,
Nelson, B.C., Jan. 31, 1910. 2-2-10-4

LAME BACK BAD SIGN

MAKES YOUR OUT-OF-ORDER KIDNEYS ACT FINE

FEW DOSES MAKE BLADDER AND URINARY MISERY VANISH

Usually sufferers from backache, bladder trouble or out-of-order kidneys feel relieved after several doses of Pape's Diuretic.

Misery in the back, sides, or loins, sick headache, inflamed or swollen eyelids, nervousness, rheumatism and darting pains, listless, wornout feeling, and other symptoms of inactive, sluggish kidneys simply vanish.

Uncontrollable urination (especially at night) smarting, discolored water and all bladder misery ends.

Feeling miserable and worried is needless because this unusual preparation goes at once to the out-of-order kidneys and bladder, distributing its cleansing, healing and vitalizing influence directly upon the organs and glands affected, and completes the cure before you realize it. The moment you suspect any kidney or urinary derangement, or feel rheumatic pains, begin taking this harmless medicine, with the knowledge that there is no other remedy, at any price, made anywhere else in the world, which will effect so thorough and prompt a cure as a fifty-cent treatment of Pape's Diuretic, which any druggist can supply.

Your physician, pharmacist, banker or any mercantile agency will tell you that Pape, Thompson & Pape, of Cincinnati, is a large and responsible medicine concern, thoroughly worthy of your confidence.

Only curative results can come from taking Pape's Diuretic, and a few days' treatment will make one feel fine.

Accept only Pape's Diuretic—fifty-cent treatment—from any drug store—anywhere in the world.

NOTICE.

Kootenay Lake General Hospital Society

Notice of Annual Meeting

In accordance with the bylaws of the society, the annual general meeting will be held in the board of trade room, on Tuesday, 8th March, at 3 p.m. Membership conditions—all annual subscriptions of the sum of $10 are members of the society eligible to take part in the election of directors for the ensuing year and in case of illness are entitled to free treatment at the hospital.

GEO. JOHNSTONE,
265-11 Secretary.

2 Per Cent Per Month Interest.

For sale or trade for farming land or other property, $10,000 worth of residence and business property in good location and town. Well rented. Will sell or trade any part of it.

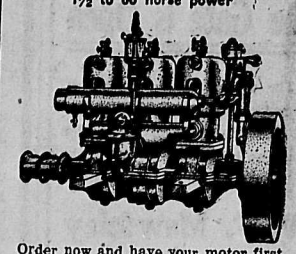
Inquire of J.E., Postoffice box 575, Rossland, B.C. 251-26

A few minutes' delay in treating some cases of croup, even the length of time it takes to go for a doctor often proves dangerous. The safest way is to keep Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house, and at the first indication of croup give the child a dose. Pleasant to take and always cures. Sold by all druggists and dealers.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

"Roberts" Motors

1½ to 60 horse power



Order now and have your motor first of season.

Catalouge and prices on request. Testimonials from local users.

All kinds of boats built and repaired.

GEO. W. HALE

P. O. Box 605 Nelson, B.C.

YOUNG MEN

and husbands, if you haven't the motor boat fever, don't read this, but if you have, we will cure you or prescribe you a medicine that will enable you to cure yourself at home without interfering with your business. We strongly recommend to those who this disease has already taken hold of not to carry it any longer, as it then will necessitate a longer and more expensive cure. Take action before it is too late. Those infected we most urgently request to consult a specialist. All inquiries handled with the deepest confidence. Our home preparation consists of a complete knockdown frame, planking, decking, seating, hardware, paint, etc. After this is thoroughly mixed some additional chemicals of which the inventions of Thomas Edison and John Rockefeller are the most important ingredients, are added and the compound is ready for use.

The prices for these preparations range according to size wanted. Please remember the three years' guarantee that follows with each outfit. Instructions free.

K. HENRY
MOTOR BOAT
Specialist
Member of the Association for Destruction of the Motor Boat Germ

Carpet Cleaning

Beating carpets by hand spoils the texture and does not remove the dirt.
Our up-to-date Steam Cleaning Process removes all the impurities and restores the goods to original colors.
10c PER SQUARE YARD.
Work called for and delivered promptly.
Clothes of all kinds cleaned, renovated, dyed and repaired.
Gents' Suits cleaned and pressed, 75c to $3.00; dyed, $3.00.
Ladies' Skirts cleaned, $1.00; dyed, $2.00.
Gloves cleaned, 25c to 50c.
Special Rates for Hotels, Restaurants and Steamers.

Nelson Steam Laundry

601-603 VERNON STREET.
Telephone 146. P. NIPOU, Prop.

PLUMBING & HEATING

Copp's Stoves and Ranges. Tile and Soil Pipe always on hand.

E. K. STRACHAN

PLUMBER, Etc
313 BAKER ST., NELSON, B.C.

The Toronto's Favorite Hotel **Walker House**

Adjoins Union Station. Cars to all parts pass doors. Spacious rooms, remodelled and handsomely furnished. The Cuisine is unsurpassed. American and European plans.

George Wright and Mack Carroll late of Winnipeg, Proprietors

CLEANING AND PRESSING
Suits called for and delivered
A. J. DRISCOLL
Phone 355—Baker street, opposite the Queen's Hotel

A Cure for Rheumatism

No need to go to the hot springs. I can cure you here in Nelson.

I have a system whereby I can exterminate rehumatism, cure colds, la grippe and lumbago, by special baths, vapor, etc., vegetable oils and message treatment.

Should you be very ill, I will send out to a special attendant to massage the body with my treatment. No charge till cured. C. R. Walker, proprietor Turkish Bath House, Vernon street, over pool hall. 263-6

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Special SALE of

FRUIT LANDS

$5.45 to $31.50 per acre

For maps, surveyor's reports, etc. call or write

E. B. McDERMID Chartered Accountant and Financial Agent **Nelson, B. C.**

We Will Buy

500	Kootenay Jam	$ .90
200	Marconi	1.60
1	S. A. Warrant	700.00
2000	Rambler	.12¼
10	Great West Permanent	112.00

We Will Sell

1000	Eureka Copper	$ .05
500	McGillivray Coal	.28½
2000	Yukon Basin	.04½
1000	Portland Canal	.27

The Gate is Open

The opportunity is yours now to make your dollars work for you at Lakeside. Get in before the tramline is completed. $25 cash, balance $10 monthly; no interets.

W. F. Mawdsley
H. E. Croasdaile & Co.

Comfortable Cottage

Three rooms, verandah, woodshed. Two level lots, fenced. Block from proposed car line, near high school. $1000 on easy terms; $150 cash and monthly payments. Discount for cash.

F. B. LYS
Real Estate Agent

"Unequalled for General Use"

GALT COAL

W. P. TIERNEY, General Sales Agent.
Nelson, B.C.
Cars shipped to all railway points.

These are the days of Specialties

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE:

Fine cakes to order or in stock for ordinary use.
Confectionery of all qualities and quantities.
Maple Sugar and Maple Syrup, the best produced in eastern Canada.
We are also offering at present some splendid eating and cooking apples. You should come in and see them.
Remember our tea parlors when shopping.

Choquette Bros.
Star Bakers and Tea and Coffee Parlor.
Baker Street. Phone 258

THE EMPIRE

TONIGHT
Charity Rewarded.
Aviation Contests at Rheims.
Dog Pickpocket.
The Birth and Adventures of a Fountain Pen.
Book Taught Hypnotism.
Admission 10c. and 15c.

OPERA HOUSE

ONE WEEK COM. MONDAY FEBRUARY 28

The Splendid
ECKHARDT COMPANY
Including the brilliant Actress
MISS JOSEPHINE DEFFRY
and an exceptionally strong cast.
Monday night, the laughable Comedy
A GRASS WIDOW
or more commonly known as
THE MARRIAGE OF KITTY
Change of Plays each night.
PRICES: 25c. 35c., and 50c.
Reserved seats on sale Thursday at Poole Drug Co.
This attraction is guaranteed or money most cheerfully refunded.

$5.00 REWARD

The Daily News will pay $5.00 to any person giving information which will lead to the conviction of any party or parties guilty of stealing copies of the paper from customers' doors.
The News Publishing Co., Ltd.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

The regular weekly dance will be held in Lindsay's pavilion tonight.

William Cutler leaves this morning by the Great Northern railway on a business trip and will return on Tuesday.

The bugle band will parade to St. Saviour's church on Sunday morning. All members of the band are requested to be at the armory at 9.30 a.m.

A lecture on "Indian Missions," illustrated by a fine set of lantern slides, will be given by Rev. James Smith in St. Paul's Presbyterian church on Monday evening next.

William Lawson came in from Butte last evening and leaves this morning for Silverton. Mr. Lawson has been in Butte for the past five months. He is well known in Nelson and the Slocan country.

George Battelle, who played for the Moyie fast ball team last year, came to the city last evening from Spokane, where he has been for the past two months. Mr. Battell is spending a few days in the city.

A church parade of the members of the South African Veterans' association, and their veteran friends, will be held at St. Saviour's church on Sunday, Feb. 27. Veterans are especially requested to be at the armory at 10.15 a.m. The bugle band of the 102nd regiment will act as escort. Dress, civilian. Decorations to be worn on breast of coat.

On Friday afternoon the debating club of Division II of the public school held another very successful debate. The subject of debate was: Resolved, "That fire has done more damage than water." The debaters on both sides offered strong arguments, but the decision was in favor of the affirmative, upheld by Wilfred Parker, Alice Manson and William McVicar.

Thomas H. Avison of Pomono, Cal., while attending the apple show in Spokane last November, became very much interested in the display of the West Kootenay district. As a result of careful comparisons with other districts the Kootenays appealed to him as the best for fruit growing, and he has purchased 98 acres at Edgewood, B.C., and intends setting his land by May 1, and will set out between 5 and 10 acres this year. The sale was arranged by the Western Canada Investment company.

A very pleasant meeting of the Pythian Sisters was held on Thursday evening. Two candidates were initiated, and an interesting literary contest was engaged in under the supervision of Mrs. Strachan, who kindly donated prizes for the same. The ladies' prize was won by Mrs. H. Ritchie, while D. Bruce carried off the honors among the gentlemen. Refreshments were served which reflect great credit on the committee in charge, and to which ample justice was done. An informal game of cards closed a very enjoyable evening.

A brief meeting of the school board was held last night. Trustee Joy presented to the high school three framed pictures, a portrait of Nelson, the Battle of the Nile, and the Battle of Trafalgar. The monthly accounts were passed. The details of the coming oratorical contest of the high school, togther with the main business of the month, were left over for a special meeting, when William Irvine, chairman of the board, shall have returned from the coast. Those present were Dr. E. C. Arthur, R. J. Steel, A. D. Emory and R. G. Jov.

At a meeting of the ladies of the congregation of St. Saviour's church, held yesterday afternoon in the parish hall, a new organization was formed, having for its object work for the prosperity and fabric of the church. The title of the organization is the Association of Church Helpers, and the following were elected its first officers: President, Mrs. Starkey; 1st vice-president, Mrs. E. A. Crease; 2nd vice-president, Mrs. D. A. McFarland; secretary, Mrs. W. A. Ward; treasurer, Mrs. R. M. Bird. The association will meet in the parish hall at 3 p.m. the first Wednesday of each month.

The funeral of the late Joseph Sturgeon took place yesterday morning at 9.45 from the family residence to the Church of Mary Immaculate, where Requiem High Mass was sung by Rev. Father Althoit. From there the cortege proceeded to the Nelson cemetery, where interment took place. There were a large number of sympathizing friends present to pay their last respect to one who was liked by all who knew him. The floral tributes were many and beautiful, showing the high esteem in which deceased was held among his many friends. Besides a sorrowing wife, Mr. Sturgeon leaves one daughter, Annie, and one son, Willie, for whom much sympathy is felt in their sad bereavement. The pall-bearers were all intimate friends of the deceased, and were as follows: John Grant, J. E. Taylor, J. Philbert, H. Goodeve, A. Poole and Mr. Robitaille.

The first meeting of the shareholders of the proposed co-operative store was held last evening in Miners' Union hall. There was a good attendance. J. A. Austin presided and Frank Phillips acted as secretary. The meeting decided to incorporate, and bylaws were drawn up and adopted. With the exception of some minor amendments the bylaws are the same as those adopted by the Co-Operative Store company in Rossland. The following officers were elected: President, A. W. McPhee; vice-president, J. W. Holmes; secretary, Frank Phillips; treasurer, W. B. Shaw; trustees, W. E. Johnson, J. Lamont, Mrs. Lammedee, Robert Peebles, Martin Anderson and John Kelly; auditors, John Clark and A. Manson. Shares are sold at 25 cents each, with a limit of $250.

Lenten Suggestions

Salt Mackerel, each .....25c.
Salt Sea Trout, 2 for .....35c.
Herring, Tomato Sause, can..25c.
Herring, Tomato Sauce dom...15c.
Kippered Herring, tin .....25c.
Fresh smoked Kippers, lb....15c.
Finnan Haddie, lb. .....15c.
Sardines, 2 for 25c., 15c., 2 for 35c., 20c., and 25c.
Lobster, per can ....25c. and 50c.
Salmon, best grades, 3 for ..50c.

C. A. Benedict
Grocer
Cor. Josephine and Silica. Phone 7
NELSON, B. C.

$500 Cash

and the balance in monthly payments will purchase a first class modern cottage and lot 30x120, situated close to Stanley street, in a desirable residential neighborhood.

The cottage contains two bedrooms, dining room, parlor, kitchen, pantry, bath room and electric light. This property rents for $20 per month.

Price $1700

H. & M. BIRD
Nelson, B. C.

PENDRAY'S Lime and Sulphur Solution

EVERY DROP AN INSECT KILLER

We have secured the agency for this famous tree spray and are prepared to fill your order for any quantity you may require.

REMEMBER

This is the spray endorsed by thomas Cunningham, Esq., provincial inspector of fruit pests.

The J. H. Ashdown Hardware Co., Ltd.
Nelson Branch .·. Nelson, B. C.
WHOLESALE RETAIL

AUCTION SALE

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

TUESDAY, MARCH 1, at 2 P.M.
1024 Stanley St. Cor. Hoover

A. L. McKillop, Esq., has instructed us to sell all of his household furniture on the above date. Special mention of a very fine Caribou head, a large bear skin, etc.

Goods on view morning of sale.
TERMS: CASH.

CHARLES WATERMAN & Co.
Auctioneers

Gold and Silver Mine

We have a first class shipping mine in this district for sale.

The ore has averaged $55 per ton smelter returns on the last two years' shipments.

Half a Million

of ore in sight and blocked out.

Railway crosses property. No hauling. Contract price for freight and smelter charges only $9 per ton.

Price $75,000.

THIS IS A REAL MINE

For further particulars see
McQuarrie & Robertson
419 Ward St., Nelson, B.C.

Dear Sir and Madam:—

Mr. J. O. Patenaude is expected home this week from a business trip to New York and Montreal.

His object was to collect new designs in Jewelry as well as gathering new ideas.

It will be a pleasure for Mr. Patenaude to give you the benefit of his experience.

An invitation is extended to you to call and let him explain and show you HOW and WHY we always have SOMETHING NEW.

Thanking you in anticipation.

THE MANAGEMENT.

Nelson, B.C., Feb. 23rd, 1910.

J. O. PATENAUDE

MANUFACTURING JEWELER, WATCHMAKER AND OPTICIAN.

DO WE REPAIR YOUR WATCH? WE WOULD LIKE TO

Why Not Save A Few Dollars

and take advantage of the cut prices we are now offering:

$8.00	Florsheim $5.60
$7.00	Florsheim Shoes.. $4.95
$6.00	Florsheim Shoes... 3.95
$6.00	Barrys for 3.85
$7.50	Ks 5.25
$7.00	Ks 4.95
$6.00	Dr. Special 4.55
$5.00	shoes 3.65
$4.00	shoes 2.80
$7.00	Leckies 5.25
$5.00	Leckie 3.50
$5.50	shoes $3.90
$3.50	Slippers 1.95

The ROYAL Shoe Store
R. ANDREWS, Prop.
Strict attention to mail orders.

At present there are over 200 shareholders and the actual cash on hand is so satisfactory that the officers are convinced that they can start business as soon as the company is incorporated.

Clothes cleaned, pressed and repaired; Awnings and launch covers a specialty. J. Smallwood, over Wallace's store, Nelson, B.C. 255-tf.

Don't miss the Davenport cafe menu for Sunday, in today's issue. Dinner 50 cents, served from 5 to 8. 267-2

Hockey Match Tonight

At 8.30 this evening the Rovers will meet the Intermediates in a game of hockey that is expected to be the fastest Nelson has seen this season. The Rovers won gold medals in the contest with the Juniors on Monday night. They are determined to conquor in tonight's battle and it is up to the Intermediates to hold the fort tonight. They line up as follows:

Intermediates		Rovers
Flukie	Goal	T. Boyes
J. Miller	Point	C. Grizzelle
J. Bell	Coverpoint	H. Svoboda
E. Bishop	Centre	J. Grant
S. Newitt	Left Wing	W. Ferguson
R. W. Riley	Right Wing	J. Ferguson
S. Nagle	Rover	E. Matthew

We Have Some

very nice Atlantic Coast Whole Codfish, also Herring and Mackerel.

Acadia Codfish.
Bluenose Codfish.
PHONE 223.

Stewart & Co.
If it's from Stewart's it's good.

Just Arrived

A carload of Alfalfa Hay. This is first class quality. Try some when you are ordering again.

We have a full stock of other feeds.

S. P. Pond & Co.
Front St. Nelson, B.C.

BARGAINS

In China and Semi-Porcelains

Our entire stock to choose from at big reductions in price. We are just giving you a few items here to give you an idea of the advantage of our sale to you.

China Cups and Saucers from 15c.
Dinner sets were $25, now $21.00.
Dinner Sets, were $20, now $17.00.
Dinner Sets were $15.50 now $13.25.
Heavy bottom Cut Tumblers, were $3, now $2 dozen.
Come and see for yourself.

Old Curiosity Shop
513, 515, 517 Josephine St.

OXO

"Just perfect" this weather.

Official Count

QUEBEC, Feb. 25.—The official majority J. L. Perron, Liberal candidate, elected in Gaspe county last week, is 731.

Bryan and Cook

ANDES, Chile, Feb. 25—William J. Bryan, Mrs. Bryan and their party, arrived here today from San Liafo, and crossed the mountains on their way to Buenos Ayres. Dr. Frederick A. Cook and his wife arrrived here today from San Liafo. They will remain until Saturday when they will proceed to Buenos Ayres.

Battler and Cyclone

RENO, Nev., Feb. 25—Battling Nelson said today that he would meet "Cyclone" Johnny Thompson in a 45 round fight in San Francisco the last week in April or the first week in May. He said that the fight would be held in a new building, which will be constructed for that purpose. Louis B. Blot will promote the fight.

Wheat and Corn

We have just unloaded a car of No. 1 White Soft Wheat.
Our delayed car of Corn has also arrived and orders have been filled.
Also have good stock of Alfalfa Hay, Barley, Groats, Shorts, Crushed Bone, Clam Shell, Beef Scraps, Poultry Spice, etc.

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

Saturday Specials

Maggi Soup Tablets, sufficient for two persons, 5c. package.
Herrings in Tomato, 2 for 25 cents.
Maple Iceing Sugar, 3 lbs. for 25c.
Clark's Pork and Beans, plain or tomato, 2 lb. cans, 2 for 25c.; 1 lb. cans, 3 for 25c.

BELL TRADING CO.
The Up-to-Date Grocers NELSON, B. C.

Sweeping Reductions

In order to make room for our Spring Goods which are arriving daily we must close out all our winter goods and we offer you the following snaps:

Hockey Sticks, reg. 25c., now	$ .15
Hockey Sticks, reg. 35c., now	.25
Hockey Sticks, reg. 75c., now	.50
Hockey Sticks, reg. $1, now	.75
Skates, reg., $1.75 and $1.50, now	1.00

Moccasins, Creepers, Pucks, Shin Pads, 25 per cent off.

BUY NOW AND SAVE MONEY. TERMS: CASH

Box 631 **Nelson Hardware Co.** Baker St

HAMILTON — WINNIPEG

We invite Ranchers and Fruit Growers to call and examine the

Eureka Fountain Compressed Air Sprayer

It is so easy to operate and has no complicated parts to get out of order, and does not require constant pumping like other sprayers.
We are also agents for Pendray's Lime and Sulphur Solution, endorsed by the provincial inspector of fruit pests.

Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Limited
NELSON, B. C.
Wholesale .·. Retail

TORONTO — VANCOUVER

The Store of Quality

Offers Seasonable Goods at Close Prices

Holland Herrings, keg	$1.10	Navel Oranges finest, doz.	50c.
Acadia Cod, per box	.35	Navel Oranges, dozen	40c., 25c.
Seely's Codfish, 2 lbs.	.25	Very fine Lemons, dozen	35c.
Choice Mackerel, each	.25	Bananas, nuts, Honey, Ham, Bacon, new laid Eggs.	
Atlantic Trout			

SEE OUR WINDOW

P. O. Box 54 **A. S. Horswill** Phone 10

The Store of Satisfaction

Seymour Charlton

Question—Who was Seymour Charlton?
Answer—The younger son of the Earl of Brentwood, who eventually succeeded to the title.
Q.—Is this a love story?
A.—Yes; it tells of the love and marriage of Seymour Charlton to Gladys Copland, the daughter of a London shopkeeper.
Q.—Is it a happy marriage?
A.—At first, yes; later on trouble comes; finally happiness triumphs.
Q.—Who is the author of this interesting book and is it a full length novel?
A.—W. B. Maxwell (son of M. E. Braddon) who has written some other popular books such as "Vivian," "The Guarded Flame," etc. This book is 533 pages, and has eight illustrations.
Q.—Where may "Seymour Charlton" be obtained?

AT THE

Canada Drug & Book Co., Ltd. Box 502

Nelson's Up-to-Date Stationery