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COUNSEL FOR THE MINERS

L. P. Eckstein Restates Strikers' Side of the Case

Explains Meaning of the "Check Off" Complaint—Says Men Want to Live up to Their Contract

Fernie, B. C., Sept. 28.—No new developments have been made public in connection with the strike both sides apparently mark ing time. After Sunday, Sept. 30, Fernie will be in darkness, the C. N. P. Electric Light & Power company having circulated a notice that, owing to the strike at Coal Creek, they will not be able to furnish light to the city of Fernie after that date.

The coke ovens shut down today owing to shortness of stock, the bins being empty.

L. P. Eckstein, of Fernie, general counsel for the United Mine Workers of America, is in the city to attend the assizes. Discussing the strike situation at Fernie, he yesterday gave the following statement of the union's side of the case:

"The strike is a culmination of many grievances which the miners claim to have, but more particularly and directly responsible for the situation is the employment of non-union men. The number of non-union miners and mine laborers has been steadily increasing, while secessions from the ranks of the union had become somewhat numerous. It is claimed by the miners that the company is largely responsible for this situation. In order to appreciate the facts it is necessary to understand the meaning of what is locally known as the check-off system. Under the agreement of May 29, 1905, it is provided by Article 5 as follows:

"'The company will give to the United Mine Workers of America full recognition and concede the check-off system; that is to say, upon the individual request in writing of any of the company's employes, the company shall deduct such monies from their wages each month as is designated, for dues, assessments, fines, and initiation fees; in other words, the company will retain from the wages due employees, any sum they may have given orders upon the company for, in writing, payable to such officers of the United Mine Workers of America as may be designated in such orders.'

"For the purpose of effectuating the intent of this article the whole agreement was annexed to a blank or minute book in which was written a memorandum in the following words:

"'We, the undersigned employees of your company, hereby each for himself executes the foregoing annexed contract and authorizes The Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company, Limited, to deduct from his wages each month, such sum or sums for dues, assessments, fines and initiation fees as may be designated to the company in writing from time to time by the lawfully authorized officers of the United Mine Workers of America, and to pay over such sum or sums to the secretary of the local union of the United Mine Workers of America, for and on behalf of the United Mine Workers of America, in accordance with a certain agreement entered into on the 23rd day of May, 1905, between the company and the men.'

"Almost every man employed in and about the mines signed the book referred to and up to a recent period the company made the deductions authorized to be done in that way. It seems that word was passed among the men who had thus signed the book that such of them as wished to do so might revoke the authority thereby given by him, and it is charged that the company, to enable the men thus to cancel what they had done, provided another book or document for that purpose. Quite a number of men belonging to the union availed themselves of what, itis said, they were advised by the company they might do, to cancel the right of the union to collect the monthly dues. In this way union men practically ceased to be such and, of course, became non-union employes. The free employment of non-union men and the encouragement which it is said the company held out to union men to leave the union, made it possible that non-union men would outnumber the organized force, or, in other words, the union would have to go out of existence.

"It is fair to the company to say that it denies very emphatically that it had anything to do with men withdrawing from the union, but still it is hard to make union men believe that it is entirely innocent in the matter.

"On the 5th of the present month international board member Joseph Sharp and president Sherman of district No. 18, met Mr. Lindsey and warned him that trouble would result if he sanctioned the course that was seemingly being upheld by his company in allowing men to withdraw from the understood obligation which they were under by having signed the memorandum above quoted. Mr. Lindsey, so it is said, told the miners' representatives, said that he would appeal to president Mitchell. The delegates agreed that he might do this. Failing a settlement of this trouble and after giving one week's notice that they would not work with non-union men, *the union men walked out.*

"Besides this grievance the miners claim that they have several others. They charge the company with acting mala fide in respect to the agreement which was entered into on the 23rd May 1905. Article 2 of that agreement provides the procedure whereby in any case where it may appear that a member of the United Mine Workers of America has not been fairly treated,' his grievance may be adjusted.

"There has been, so it is claimed by the miners, no chance given to a man claiming to be aggrieved to have his case heard under the terms of this article, but he has been fired without any compunction on the part of the company. It is claimed by the company that this article is as well applicable to the general body of men or to an individual and that any grievance arising on their part as an aggregation, should come under such article, but the language seems clear that it has no application to a general grievance, but is confined to isolated and individual cases, e.g., that where the company pays men off as it did some time ago at less than schedule wages, it could invoke the procedure of article 2.

"Another grievance which the miners have is the attempted circumvention by the company of a judicial decision in favor of the working men. Where a man working by the day was discharged or quit, the company refused to pay him his regular wages until the regular pay day of the company. *In this way* a man might have to loaf around for a month or more waiting for his wages. The miners took one of these cases into court and won. The company then had printed forms of agreement which it required *all men entering its employ to sign*, binding them by individual contract to abide the arbitrary rule of the company not to pay before its pay day. This agreement was drawn up and enforced without any reference to representative labor. *It was because of the trouble which men* had in collecting their wages when they quit or were discharged that the agitation in British Columbia for a fortnightly pay day arose, the miners of Fernie initiating what was done in that respect.

"The miners also object to the innovation of paying them by cheque instead of coin. Some protest was made against this innovation, which took place about three months ago, but it was not sufficiently important a matter to raise any substantial trouble about.

"At the present time instead of paying the men by coin, the procedure adopted is to have the clerical force of the Canadian Bank of Commerce go to the mines at Michel and Coal Creek respectively and cash the cheques. At one wicket the paymaster of the company distributes the cheques, while at the other the paying teller of the bank pays them. This innovation requires a draft to be made every month upon the clerical force at Cranbrook. It is also claimed by the men that the wage schedule has not been adhered to."

Fernie, Sept. 28.—Unless the strike at Coal Creek is settled this week, the Michel miners will go *out on strike to support* the Coal Creek men.

FROM HONG KONG TO LIVERPOOL

C. P. R. Delivers Mail Within Contract Time of Twenty-Nine and a Half Days

Montreal, Sept. 28.—The first overseas mail from the Orient to Great Britain have been delivered in Liverpool by the C. P. R. within the contract time of 29½ days. The Empress of Britain, which carried them from Quebec arrived in Liverpool at 1 p.m. today. They were brought across the Pacific by the Empress of India, which left Hong Kong August 30th at 4 p.m. and arrived at Vancouver at 6 p.m. September 17, were carried across Canada to Quebec in 88 hours on the C. P. R. overseas mail train, and sent home by the Empress of Britain, which left Quebec at 3.15 p.m. on September 21. The time therefore occupied in the trip from Hong Kong to *Liverpool* was only 29 days, 4 hours, 35 minutes, or 7 hours and 25 minutes within the contract time. The C. P. R. has more than fulfilled its agreement with the postal authorities on both the east and west bound half circuits of the globe.

CANADIAN LABOR SITUATION

Ramsay McDonald's Report is Pessimistic in Tone.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—A London cable says there is some evidence of disappointment in political labor circles at the cautious but almost pessimistic tone of Ramsay McDonld's report on the labor movement in Canada, just published.

McDonald's view clearly is that the labor movement in Canada must first go through a nationalizing fire. Labor leaders must decide once and for all what part they will take in the silent but sullen conflict going on far below the *surface of* Canadian life between British and United States tones of life. Whether in fact Canadian labor shall remain in the backwater of class conflict and the revolutionary methods of American socialism where it is in the United States today.

LONDON ELECTION FRAUDS

Toronto, Sept. 28.—John O'Gorman, formerly of London, now of Toronto, was arrested this morning on the premises of the Munroe Produce company, in which he is a partner. He is charged with crooked practices in connection with the dominion election in London ye-election in the constituency in June, 1905. It is alleged O'Gorman promised to pay money to voters and that he conspired to obtain information from the polling booth as to how certain voters cast their ballots. The case was adjourned until Monday, O'Gorman being allowed *out on bail.*

A CHALLENGE.

(Kaslo Kootenaian)

Kaslo sports, who are fruit growers, challenge the fruit growers along the Outlet to a contest for points in an exhibition of fruits, at the Kaslo Fruit Fair, 1907, Mr. Martin Burrell, of Grand Forks, to be judge. The conditions are: That a Kaslo representative shall accompany the representative of the Nelson district when the fruit is picked, and he shall mark all exhibits; Nelson shall have the same privilege with regard to Kaslo fruit; Kaslo district to be defined as that now covered by the Kaslo District Horticultural & Fruit Growers' association, namely, the Kaslo electoral division; the contest to be governed by a set of rules to be mutually agreed upon; the contest to be for the sum of $1000 in cash; each side to place the amount in the hands of a responsible party in Kaslo on or before the first day of June, 1907.

TAFT WILL TAKE CHARGE

TO BE DECLARED PROVISIONAL GOVERNOR OF CUBA TODAY.

COURSE UNAVOIDABLE IN VIEW OF LATEST EVENTS.

Havana, Sept. 28.—American intervention in Cuba will shortly be an *accomplished fact. President Roosevelt's* peace commissioners, although clothed with full authority to take such action whenever it be necessary, thus securing peace, have patiently withheld their hands from thus setting aside Cuban *sovereignty until* the last hope had disappeared. This stage of hopelessness was reached at a late hour tonight when the great majority of all three of the political parties refused to attend the session of congress, called to act upon the resignations of all the members of the government, and declared definitely that they would have nothing more to do with the government of Cuba. As was expected there has been considerable rabid denunciation of the course pursued by the American commissioners, who, it has been alleged, have acted unfairly towards the government party, but the great mass of the residents of Cuba, Cubans and Spaniards, American and all other foreigners welcome intervention.

Preparations for American intervention were begun tonight. A telephone wire has been laid from the American legation to the battleship Louisiana and when the order was received from secretary Taft thirty marines were landed and proceeded to the treasury *building* where they went on guard. In the meantime captain Schroeder, of the battleship Virginia, brigadier general Funston and major Ladd planned with Messrs. Taft and Bacon for the guarding of the city tonight and *occupation* tomorrow. The proclamation will be issued tomorrow. It will be signed by secretary Taft, by virtue of the authority vested in him by president Roosevelt. It will appoint secretary Taft provisional *military governor of* Cuba. He will assume control of the government, until he deems the country to be ready for civil government, whereupon he will call Leonman Winthrop, governor of Porto Rico, to act as civil governor here.

Two more American battleships are due here tomorrow and several cruisers with several hundred marines. It is expected that Palma will go to the United States as soon as the reins of government are turned over to the Americans.

ONTARIO MARKSMAN IN TROUBLE

Toronto, Sept. 28—J. C. Cockburn, one of Ontario's best shots was charged before the police magistrate today with the theft of a gun. Captain Tymon swore he had lent Cockburn a gun last May which he desired to use in a match. The gun was worth $18, but had only cost him $10. He asked Cockburn to return it but got no satisfaction. Detective Kennedy found the weapon in a pawn shop and the proprietor of the latter testified that Cockburn had pawned the gun with him *last May for* $30. Cockburn was committed for trial.

PLOT WITHIN PALACE GROUNDS

St. Petersburg, Sept. 28—A well laid plot against the life of the emperor was uncovered today by the arrest of two *armed* terrorists, a man and a woman, in the quarters of one of the palace servants within the enclosure of Alexandra palace at Peterhoff. Emperor Nicholas has been expected to return to Peterhoff this week and *it is presumed* that the terrorists intended to seize a favorable opportunity to shoot him while he was promenading or playing with the children in the palace grounds.

ROBBED TELEGRAPHERS' UNION

Montreal, Sept. 28—In the court of king's bench today Philip D. Hamel was charged with having, during two years ending Nov. 2, 1905, stolen $8000, the property of eastern division No. 7 of the order of railroad telegraphers. The case has been pending since last March, and the hearing will extend over two or three days.

MILLIONS ARE LOST

Tremendous Damage Done by Hurricanee in Florida

Pensacola and Mobile Practically Destroyed—Veisse s Founder and Many Lives are Lost

Pensacola, Fla., via Flomaton, Ala., Sept. 28.—The worst hurricane to visit this city in its history raged here furiously last night and this morning and today, with a gale still blowing, the city presents a wrecked appearance. The damage is estimated at five million dollars. The loss of life will be very heavy among the mariners, but so far only one body has been recovered, a man named George Morgan, a fisherman. Other bodies are reported along the shore, but have not been recovered.

Last night the wind increased to 65 miles. From that time until 5 o'clock this morning it remained about 60 miles an hour. The tide from the bay backed into the city for blocks, destroying homes and making rivers out of the streets. When the gale was at its highest, early this morning, with women and children running frantically about the street in darkness, an alarm of fire was sounded. The fire started in the Pitt *mill near the business district and the* horses of the department refused to go out in the weather. With the tin roofs flying about them the firemen took the wagons by hand and rushed down the streets to the scene and after hours of *work controlled the fire. This after*noon the water rose. Business districts present an almost indescribable scene. Of the 50 or 60 big steamers and vessels lying in the harbor before the storm, only five of six are there now. They have been washed ashore and all along the beach is a mass of wreckage of all descriptions. Thirty fishing vessels in port have ben destroyed or damaged and three big fish houses with their wharves have been destroyed. Great ships of two or three thousand tons have been driven through houses a block from the water front. Every house along the water front for a distance of ten miles has been destroyed and the wonder is that the loss of life is not greater. The tracks of the Terminal road to the navy yard and the Barancas have all been destroyed as also the trestles and bridges. No communication can be had with the navy yard. Every business house from the wharf on Palfox street to the union depot has been unroofed. There are no electric lights, electric cars, telegraph or even telephone services.

Acting mayor Maura ordered every saloon closed and fifty extra policemen have been sworn in. The homeless families are housed in all portions of the city. But many will walk the streets without food or a place to sleep until succor comes. Five sailors from a British steamer were clinging to a roof that was washed ashore today and three others from the same vessel had been *drowned.*

Mobile, Ala., Sept. 28, via Meridian, Miss.—The loss of life here is variously estimated at from five to 50 persons. Many others are injured. Five thousand houses are damaged; *the business quarter* is devastated, and the property loss is fully $3,000,000. This is the effect of the tropical hurricane of the last 48 hours in this city.

The storm struck Mobile Wednesday *at midnight and raged for many hours,* the wind reaching a velocity of 90 miles an hour. Water from Mobile bay was blown into the city by the gale and for a time the sea stood seven feet deep in the wholesale quarter from Royal street to the Alabama river. The loss of life is believed mainly to be among negroes. Shipping suffered severely. Among the steamers sunk were the J. P. Schuh, the Mary Staples, the Mary S. Bleescama, Overton, Hattie B. Moore, City of Camden, the United States revenue cutter Albert, and many other smaller craft. It is feared that the crews of these boats were lost, but nothing of a confirmatory nature can be given at this time. Mobile has been placed under the control of the militia. Nobody is permitted on the streets except newspaper men and persons wearing badges. The suffering in Mobile is severe. The annihilation of transportation facilities has shut off all supplies and unless help reached Mobile from the outside world soon, great distress will result.

All wharves from Frascati street, the extreme end of the city, as far up the river as Three-Mile creek are wrecks. Numerous sawmills in the swampy localities have been washed away or torn to splinters. *The lumber and timbers* are to be seen scattered over the city and floating down the slowly falling river. Wholesale houses lost many thousands of dollars from the flood and willingly paid as high as $1.50 an hour for *common* labor, earnestly begging men to accept such pay, so frantic were they to save their goods. Even at this figure few men would accept work.

Between 6 o'clock Thursday and Friday noon, trees were fell and roofs were crushed by hundreds. Through the streets, carried by the terrific wind, were hurled thousands of pices of slate, strips of tin roofing, cornices, shingles, and in fact all kinds of debris. Blinds were torn from their fastenings and windows smashed as though made of tissue paper. Many persons were seriously injured and cut by flying slate, tin and glass. The railroads have started wreckers to clean up and to repair tracks but the task is difficult. The office of the *Western Union Telegraph company* was six feet under water. Its batteries were flooded and it will be some time before business can be resumed.

There is no way at present to arrive at a correct estimate of the losses, owing to the disorder. All is confusion. The city was astir early this morning, however. The water had receded somewhat and everybody armed with buckets and brooms, worked hard for a restoration to normal conditions. Hundreds of bales of cotton floated through the main streets and were carried out to sea. The lowest barometer reading was 28.83 at 5.30 o'clock Thursday morning. The 1893 record was 29.16. The barometer rose steadily from 5.30 o'clock and at 4 p.m. read 29.41. The rainfall for two days was 6.47 inches. The average velocity of the wind, as officially announced by the weather bureau, was 55 miles an hour. The official record in 1893 was 73 miles an hour. Even with this marked difference in velocity, this year's storm did far greater damage to Mobile because the wind of Thursday was of longer duration, and more like a tornado, twisting everything in its path. All along the line of the Mobile and Ohio, huge trees are lying flat, with branches torn off and trunks twisted. *Fruit trees* all over southern Alabama are ruined. So also are the cotton and cane crops. One planter said he would take $75 for his cotton crop and felt that he had got a fair deal.

*The roof of the Mobile Medical Col*lege was blown off. The college had a valuable museum, which was damaged. The girls' asylum and Creole school on Conti street are greatly damaged. The florists of Mobile lost heavily, hot *houses, plants and flowers* being strewn along the streets for blocks.

The Mobile courthouse presents a wrecked appearance. The clock in the town was blown out by the wind. The water came up so rapidly that the railroad employees were unable to remove the baggage checked for transportation. Many trunks were seen floating down the bay.

FOREST PRESERVATION

HON. R. F. GREEN'S ADDRESS TO CONVENTION.

LAYS SPECIAL STRESS ON DANGER FROM FIRE

In a speech delivered before the Forestry convention in Vancouver yesterday, Hon. R. F. Green, chief commissioner of lands and works, carefully reviewed the history of timber legislation in British Columbia. He first pointed out the great value of her vast timber wealth to the province, and indicated its remarkable extent by comparative figures. According to statistics, the lumber cut from 1886 to 1904, inclusive, (17 years) aggregated 2,596,786,262 feet—a mere nothing compared with the grand total; and taking the average yearly cut for the 17 years, we find if that average were maintained for the next two hundred years, our forests would still be far from exhausted. This is a hopeful outlook for the people of British Columbia, and the new provinces lying east of the mountains, whose inhabitants must look to us for their supplies of lumber, but even with what seems at first blush an embarrassment of riches, we must not assume that this forestry treasure is inexhaustible. Prudently managed, it will last to the end of time, but if wasteful *lumbering methods (so general in the* past) are persisted in, and fires allowed to run unchecked, our magnificent forest heritage might be dissipated in a generation or two.

It was not until 1874 that the govern*ment of British Columbia took steps to* preserve the forests. In that year what is known as the Bush Fire Act was passed. It provided that any person convicted of igniting fires in the woods during the months of June, July, August or September, and failing to thoroughly extinguish the same, should, in the case of damage resulting, be liable to a fine of $100, or three months' imprisonment. The same punishment was provided for persons allowing fires to spread from their own property to that of their neighbors, or to adjacent public lands. This act was inoperative, however, except in districts of which two-thirds of the residents petitioned the lieutenant governor-in-council for its enforcement. In 1887 the Bush Fire Act was made general throughout the province and in 1896 the lieutenant governor-in-council was given power to define any portion of the province as a fire district, and it was made unlawful to set out or start fires between the first of May and the first of October, except for the purpose of clearing land, cooking, obtaining warmth, or for industrial purposes.

Provisions were made in this act, and subsequent amendments passed, providing for safeguards against the spread of fires, and *the penalties were increased to* a maximum fine of $200, and not less than $50 in every case of conviction; half the fine going to the prosecutor. Convictions under the act do not bar individuals whose property has been injured or destroyed from suing for damages. Railway companies are made liable for damage done through the medium of their locomotives, and it is laid down that all engines shall be equipped with approved appliances to prevent the escape of sparks and cinders. Neglect to provide such appliances constitutes an offence punishable by a fine of $200 in each case, as well as liability arising out of a civil action. Under the Act of 1897, every government agent, gold commissioner, timber inspector, forest ranger, mining recorder, provincial police officers or constable is constituted a fire guardian, and each of them is enjoined to prosecute every case which may come to his knowledge. Every preemptor of crown lands is furnished with a copy of the act at the time of his application. Enforcement of the law is difficult in a territory like British Columbia, and in a majority of cases evidence is difficult or impossible to obtain.

After reviewing previous legislation regarding the cutting of timber, Mr. Green went on to say:

When the present government assumed office there were thus three methods by which a person could obtain the right to *cut timber from crown lands*, namely, under lease, under special license, and under a hand loggers' license. It was deemed advisable to simplify this state of affairs and in 1905 the provisions of the Land Act, authorizing the granting of timber leases were repealed, so that now the right to cut and carry away timber can only be granted by way of a license. The lumbermen, however, complained that they were handicapped in their business, and the industry retarded by reason that special licenses were not transferrable and only renewable at the discretion of the chief commissioner and not as a matter of right; and that such a license gave no stability of title, and that capital could not be secured under these conditions.

The government considered their *complaints to be well founded and by the act* of 1905 it was provided that licenses then existing should be transferable, and the holders thereof could elect to have their licenses made renewable for 16 successive years at the same fees per annum as were then paid therefor, namely $140 or $115, as the licenses covered lands west or east of the Cascade mountains. The royalty payable on timber cut under such licenses was increased to 60 cents per thousand feet. The same act provided that all special timber licenses thereafter issued should be transferrable and renewal for 21 successive years. This legislation has completely removed all complaints about the lack of stability of title under the license system. Millmen can now enter into large contracts and carry on their business with greater security, knowing that they can have their licenses renewed from year to year. Capital can now be secured and the result of this legislation has altogether proved most beneficial both to the lumberman and the lumber industry, and therefore to the people as a whole.

In the fiscal year 1879-80 which was the first year any revenue was received from timber, the amount received was $1,363.41. In 1889-90 it amounted to $24,670.57. In 1899-90 to $136,330.00, and in 1904-5, the last fiscal year from which reports have been issued, the revenue received amounted to $486,516.46, being a sixth, or nearly 17 per cent of the total revenue of the province. It will thus be readily seen how important it is from a government standpoint that everything possible be done to encourage and foster an industry from which so large a proportion of the provincial revenue is derived.

CONFERENCE IS CLOSED

QUESTION OF PRECEDENCE AT STATE FUNCTIONS CONSIDERED

PROHIBITION OF GAMBLING AND CIGARETTE SMOKING

Montreal, Sept. 28.—The Methodist general confrence concluded its session here last night to meet in Victoria, B. C., next if satisfactory railway rates are obtainable.

At the final session a report of the committee on memorials declaring against the re-marriage of divorced persons was unanimously adopted. Conference adopted the report of the civil rights committee to the effect that conference favors the abolition of the table of ecclesiastical precedence at state functions, but if impracticable, that the order of precedence for all dominion functions be based upon the numerical strength of the different denominations, as ascertained by the recent census, and that each body should furnish the government from time to time with a list of its representatives. The report of the sociological committee was also adopted. *The report regretted that the present so*cial order was far from being an ideal expression of Christian brotherhood and that the spirit of much of our commercial life was alien to that of the gospel. The report concluded with a recommen*dation for the establishment in churches* of clubs or societies for the discussion of Christian citizenship and study of sociological questions. The report of the committee on temperance, prohibition and moral reform was also adopted. It deplored the prevailing custom of ladies spending much time in playing games of chance, adding unhealthy excitement to the loss of money and other valuables, and the serious neglect of home life.

Parliament is called upon to legislate against gambling and cigarette smoking in the dominion.

TO PROTECT FISHERIES

Ottawa, Sept. 28—R. G. Macpherson interviewed the Hon. Mr. Brodeur yesterday and brought his attention to the poachers from Seattle and the south who were catching halibut and other fish in Canadian waters and destroying fish life. Mr. Macpherson said he had looked into the matter personally and showed how necessary it was for prompt action by the department.

Hon. Mr. Brodeur promised him to have a cruiser built on the Pacific coast and put into commission as soon as possible to put a stop to the illegal fishing and depredations referred to. He added that the B. C. cruiser would be equal to any on the Atlantic coast, and probably he would put two into commission.

TENDERS TO BE INVITED

Railway Commission to Let Contract for 500 Miles

Steady Progress on New Transcontinental —Big Prizes Offered Canadian Architects

(Special to The Daily News)

Ottawa, Sept. 28.—It is understood that *the transcontinental* railway commission is arranging to call for tenders for about 500 miles of the new G. T. P. road. There are now 400 under construction. *Tenders will be called for the 500* miles in November or early in December. By that time the surveys will be completed. The sections for which tenders will be called are as follows: (1) Superior Junction, eastward; (2) La Tuque, westward; (3) Quebec, east; (4) *200* miles east of lake Abittibi, which will make 500 in all.

Two additional puisne judges have been appointed to the supreme court of the northwest territories. They are C. A. Stuart, Calgary, and T. C. Johnstone, Regina. The appointments were put through at yesterday's meeting of the cabinet. The present court comprises a chief justice and five puisne judges. Henceforth it will be a chief justice and seven puisne judges.

Hon. Charles Hyman says he is to give four prizes for the architects who will supply the best designs for the new government departmental buildings on Sussex street, Ottawa. The first prize will be $8000, second $4000, third $2000 and fourth $1000. The design must be sketched in ink and show approaches, etc., with a foot bridge connecting Parliament hill with Major hill. The building will be five stories. There will be 225,000 superficial feet of floor room. One building will contain the department of justice, supreme court, exchequer court, railway department and a library common to all. The other buildings will contain departmental offices. Designs must be in the hands of the department by February 15. *Only Canadian architects can com*pete.

The trade and commerce department has received a report which indicates the extent of the wheat yield in Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan. It is placed *at 85,000,000 bushels, from 4,500,000 acres.* It is said that the yield would have been considerably larger but for the hot wave in August, which was very severe. About 6,000,000 bushels of the new crop have been inspected. Of this 25 per cent is No. 1 hard; 40 per cent No. 1 northern; 15 per cent No. 2 northern. Eighty per cent of the yield is high grade. The fine weather is facilitating threshing. Some damage from frost is reported from the Regina country.

ASSOCIATION ORGANIZED

New Anti-Tuberculosis Society Elects its Officers

At the organization meeting of the Anti-Tuberculosis society held last evening in the city hall there was but a poor attendance on the part of the general public, but the medical faculty was present in force. Dr. Arthur, in the absence of the mayor, took the chair ,appointing D. C. McMorris acting secretary of the meeting. Drs. Hall, Hawkey and Rose expressed a fear that the attendance was so poor as to, perhaps, prevent organization.

W. Ebbs thought the object commendable and professed himself willing to help.

Mrs. Squires expressed herself disappointed in the attendance, as the subject ought to be of general interest.

Mrs. Matthew, representing the Ladies of the Maccabees, declared that the society had placed itself on record as willing to help.

Mrs. McCulloch said she was there for the Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian church and for the Women's Council.

Mrs. Arthur said she represented the Women's Council, which had professed itself willing to lend its aid.

Rev. R. N. Powell said that, personally, he was ready to do all he could.

Dr. Arthur explained that the principal object of the proposed branch society was the collection of funds, but another object, almost as important as the first, was to eduucate the general public on the subject *of tuberculosis. This could be done by a* course of lectures in the public schools. The climate of this province is everywhere recognized as favorable for the treatment of tuberculosis. Consequently consumptives were steadily coming into this province in larger and larger numbers. Something had to be done in self protection, to segregate these patients. Hence the idea of a hospital.

It being the feeling of the meeting that it should organize at once, the election of officers proceeded, with the result that Dr. Arthur was appointed president, Dr. Hall, evice-president; Mrs. Arthur, secretary, and W. Gillett, treasurer. It was decided that each society should, at its convenience, where not already done, appoint a member to represent it on the executive.

A committee was appointed to draft a constitution and bylaws and outline a plan of operations. This committee included captain McMorris, Rev. R. N. Powell, Dr. Hawkey, Mrs. McCulloch and Mrs. Matthew, to report in two weeks at a general meeting in the city hall The meeting of the committee will take place at 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 9.

Hudson's Bay Stores

Cool nights are now in order. They will invite pleasant dreams of

Hudson's Bay Blankets

We have plenty of them in red and blue.

3 1-2 Points, weighing 10 pounds, $7.50 per pair
4 Points, weighing 12 pounds - - 8.50 per pair

These blankets are justly celebrated for their excellence. We alone carry them in this city.

Also complete lines of white and gray all wool and union blankets, different sizes and weights from

$2.75 to $7.00 per pair

Headquarters for Campers, Miners, Prospectors and Lumbermen.—Pillows, Comforters, Gloves and Mits, Socks, Shirts and Underclothing, Oil Clothing, Sweaters, Miners' and Prospectors' Boots and Shoes and Rubbers. Groceries and Provisions. Everything of the best quality and prices surprisingly low.

Hudson's Bay Stores

Imperial Bank of Canada

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO.

CAPITAL AUTHORIZED $5,000,000
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THE SCARCITY OF LABOR.

The action of the Kootenay Fruit Growers' association, at the meeting yesterday afternoon, in rescinding the resolution of August 1, asking for the unrestricted immigration of Chinese for agricultural purposes, will be generally approved. At a time when we are advertising to the world the productiveness of our fruit lands and the excellence of the products, it was most unwise to announce that these lands could not be profitably operated without the assistance of cheap Chinese labor.

As a mater of fact the passage of the resolution of August 1 was not the outcome of a well-reasoned discussion of the situation, but a hasty, ill-considered move to remedy a condition of affairs that had taken many fruit growers unawares and that in the nature of things could not well have been avoided, although some provision on the part of those entrusted with the administration of provincial affairs might have mitigated the inconvenience undoubtedly occasioned by the shortage of labor.

In the Okanagan district, where the fruit growing industry has assumed very large proportions, there is also keen anxiety as to labor, but careful enquiry failed to elicit any sentiment in favor of Chinese. It appeared to be the universal opinion that the importation of Chinese, whilst it might temporarily relieve the stipulation, would in the long run prove disastrous to the industry, permanently excluding white men and inevitably leading to the absorption of the industry into the hands of Chinese. Some of the biggest fruit growers and shippers in the Okanagan district expressed the opinion that if the provincial authorities would take practical steps to relieve the situation the present scarcity could soon be overcome and the whole province benefitted by the introduction of a good class of white labor.

The suggestion thrown out at yesterday's meeting by some of the speakers, to the effect that a representative of the British Columbia fruit growers' should be stationed in Winnipeg with a view to inducing incoming settlers to locate in this province, was very much to the point.

It should be possible during the next few months to form a very fair estimate of the number of men required in the fruit growing districts of the interior for the coming season. Armed with this information, together with rates of wages, probable length of employment, etc., etc., as well as data concerning available lands for settlement, terms of purchase, etc., there is no doubt that capable immigration officials, stationed at the ports of entry, or points of distribution, would be able to direct here a large number of really desirable settlers, men anxious to take up land and prepared to work for wages for several seasons, until such time as their own locations demanded all their attention. Cut up into small acreage, the fruit growing lands of the interior would afford homes and competencies for a very large population, from whom in the busy seasons, the additional labor could be secured, for picking, packing and, perhaps, canning.

Fruit growing is carried on in eastern Canada and in parts of the United States on a very big scale without the use of Chinese labor, but wherever Chinese labor has been introduced it has ousted white labor and ultimately the Chinese have secured control of the industry, owning as well as operating the fruit farms. This is the case in parts of California, and might easily become the case in this province if a policy of unrestricted Chinese immigration for farm purposes were tolerated.

It is doubtful if the clause in the Master and Servants' Act, which the Fruit Growers' association now asks to have repealed, has placed any obstacle in the way of securing labor for agricultural purposes. The object of the clause was to prevent the importation into this province, in times of industrial strife, of contract laborers from other provinces. We do not believe that any fruit grower has experienced any trouble because of the existence of this provision in the act, but as it may be a source of real or imaginary trouble, we should welcome an amendment to the Act that would relieve employing fruit growers of any possible inabilities on this score, without throwing open the doors to the importation of contract laborers for strike breaking purposes.

We publish elsewhere in this issue an extended account of the interview had with Hon. Frank Oliver, minister of the interior, by the Toronto Globe, on that gentleman's return from England. Telegraphic summaries have told briefly of the minister's proposed changes in emigration work and our readers will be interested to learn his plans more in detail. The Canadian emigration policy will be modified along these lines: Efforts will be redoubled to attract agriculturists from the British Isles. In France, Belgium, Holland, and Scandinavia there will be no relaxation of energy, but in Germany and Austro-Hungary, where handicaps to emigration exist, either through direct governmental prohibition or the opposition of the North Atlantic Steamship conference, the propaganda will be practically abandoned for the present. In other words, there will be a concentration of effort in fields which promise the best results for the money expended, without a constant struggle to overcome obstacles placed in the way by the national government or jealous rivals.

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DIFFICULT ENGINEERING

V., V. & E. Encounters Serious Obstacles to Construction

Midway, Sept. 28—The building of the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern railway, one of James J. Hill's enterprises, is, without doubt, the most difficult piece of railroad building in the Canadian west. This town has an elevation of 2100 feet above sea level. Molson, at the summit, is 3703 feet above the sea level, and nine miles further on is Oroville, with an elevation of only 900 feet. To connect Midway and Oroville with a feasible line of railway, was the difficult task the engineers had to perform. They have succeeded, but not without sharp curves, heavy grades and a few switch backs. The line begins to rise here and continues along the up grade along the Kettle river valley until Myer's creek is reached. The railway continues to ascend (touching the international boundary at McMinn's ranch. A sufficient elevation is reached there to allow the line to turn northward to Rock creek. The slope of this turbulint stream is followed until Baker creek is reached. The road then follows Baker creek to McBride's, 24 miles from here. The summit, with an elevation of 4100 feet is reached at Sibley. To get down from there requires a maximum grade of 2 1-2 per cent, and a heavy curvature. To get down from the summit on Canadian soil would be an engineering impossibility, therefore legislation was secured to enable the company to cross the boundary. It takes 27 miles of railroad to reach Oroville from Molson, a distance of only nine miles as the crow flies, and the hillside is covered with zigzag lines. From Molson, through the Similkumen the engineering difficulties are not so great, but even there the work of the engineers was not as easy as it might have been.

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Glamis, Ont. R. W. HARRISON.

ATTENDANCE AT SCHOOL

FIGURES FOR FIRST MONTH OF THE FALL TERM

DIVISION VII. HAS THE HIGHEST PERCENTAGE

The attendance at the public schools in the first month after the long recess of the summer was very good, especially in view of the fair and other attractions. There are no longer three divisions in the high school as the work has been cut down. Previously there were two sets of examinations to be prepared, one the departmental, the other the university matriculation. Just now the examination for the one, if passed, is taken as a qualification for the other.

As the general report stands, division VII of the public school is first, in general attendance, with divisions I., V., and IX. closely behind

High School	Roll	Att.	P.C.
Division I	18	15.16	84.22
Division II	25	21.45	85.80
Public School	Roll	Att.	P.C.
Division I	31	29.00	93.55
Division II	33	29.62	89.76
Division III	34	28.11	82.68
Division IV	40	36.47	91.17
Division V	45	42.05	93.44
Division VI	51	44.64	87.92
Division VII	44	41.26	93.77
Division VIII	48	44.	91.67
Division IX	52	48.47	93.21

The following are the names of pupils who attended regularly.

Division 1, A. Sullivan, teacher—Agnes Allan, Bertha Barker, Naomi Butchart, Wilbur Fish, Lilian Hinde, Percy Howard, Dora Jordan, Lorne McCutcheon, Jim Nicoll, Leonard Pitts, Edward Scoley, Maud Simons, Grace Smith, Mabel Steele, Charles Steele, Beulah Wade.

Division 2, Miss K. Scanlan, teacher—Willie Gunn, Clara Crawford, Gertrude Hyslop, Lottie Annable, Mary Donaldson, Margaret McPhee, Albert Poupore, Anna Palmquist, Mabel Astley, Marjorie Cummins, Clyde Emory, Julius Friedman.

Division 3, Miss E. S. DeBou, teacher—Roy Brown, George Corry, Herbert Donaldson, Francis Garde, Edna Garde, Lottie Nagorsen, Ross Taylor.

Division 4, Miss Louise Thomas, teacher—Gertrude Annable, Berenice Cummins, Geo. Elliott, Elizabeth Ingram, Jack Laughton, Ruth Manhart, Alfred Manson, Arthur Marks, Helen McArthur, Ida McColm, Essie McDonald, Gladys Norris, Winifred Ritchie, Clifford Sleeper, Mary Taylor, Violet Watson.

Division 5, Miss L. Wade, teacher—Esther Bard, Henning Bergman, Hazel Boyd, Leila Buggin, David Friedman, Gordon Gibson, Ida Gunn, Edna Hyslop, Earl Marks, May Manson, Vernon Montgomery, Willie McVicar, Wilson Newitt, George Nicoll, Hilda Palmquist, Edith Ross, Frederica Starkey, Charlie Traves, Edmund Traves.

Division 6, Miss M. L. Moffatt, teacher—Gladys Austin, Fay Brown, Marjorie Black, Eddie Boyes, Marguerite Buggins, Roderick Cameron, John Craig, Robert Dinwoodie, Joe Greyerbiehl, Emma Gebert, Norman Hall, Kathleen Irving, Alex. Lidgate, Esther Levine, Rebecca McDonald, Clarence McKeown, Muriel Marks, Archie Nicoll, Violet Ross, Isabel Thomson, Bertie Whitehead, Mary Waldie, Helen Boyd.

Division 7, Miss A. O. Barber, teacher—Willie Cameron, Arthur Corry, Jean Forin, Isabel Forin, Fred Grant, Clifton Hodge, Irene Laughton, John Lawson, Victor Mastberg, Eileen McKenzie, Ledona McDonald, Gladys McKeown, Fanny Mechin, Hamilton Neelands, Myrtle Palmquist, Hubert Parry, Willie Reid, Bernice Robertson, Lizzie Swedburg, Lottie Taylor, Beatrice Turner, Frank Wallace.

Division 8, Miss E. S. Shrapnel, teacher—Margaret Arthur, Alexander Ballan, John Ballan, Helen Baillie, Alfrida Bergman, Joy Cummins, Catherine Demain, Earl Donaldson, Irene Donaldson, Gladys Dinwoodie, Rose Garde, Harold Hodge, Marjorie Ingram, Henry Lindblad, Ernest Machin, Jessie Morrison, Ruth Taylor, Clayton Walley, Catherine Wallach, Violet Williams, Frances Whitehead.

Division 9, Miss E. Thom, teacher—Gunnar Bergman, Isabel Blackwood, Violet Boyes, Thomas Craig, Edith Cavanaugh, David Douglas, Carlton Duck, Thelma DeWitt, Jessie Donaldson, Jessie Davidson, Tony DeFero, Leon Dover, Conrad Gurney, Emmett Hamilton, Victoria Hodge, Earl Hall, Herbert Jordan, Robert Laughton, Edith Levine, Lillian McDonald, Hazel Nash, Myra Renwick, Alex Swannell, Jessie Scoley, Bruce Taylor, Gregg Thomson, Grace Wilkinson.

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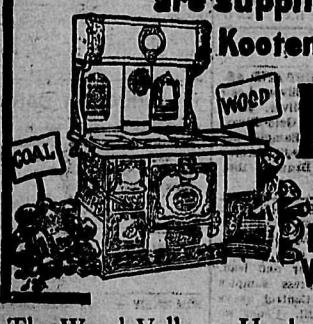

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RESOLUTION RESCINDED

FRUIT GROWERS SETTLE CHINESE LABOR QUESTION.

DECIDE THAT THE ORIENTAL IS NOT WANTED.

The deferred meeting of the Fruit Growers' association, called for the purpose of considering the pro-Chinese resolution of August 1 last, held yesterday afternoon at the board of trade rooms at 2 o'clock, attracted a large number of ranchers, there being no fewer than 40 present. Of these, however, only 37 voted, one or two having left the hall during the debate.

The meeting was somewhat prolonged and, on several occasions, threatened to descend into personalities. Although the feeling of the members was somewhat excited their general good sense prevented any outbreak against good taste. In a way the result of the meeting was a drawn battle; the anti-Chinese men carrying their point with a good majority, even being able to carry the anti-Chinese resolution though it stated that the resolution of August 1 last was not representative. But in spite of this the other side carried a resolution, asking for the amendment of the provincial Master & Servants' Act, by a majority of two.

The meeting was called to order at 2.20 p. m. by James Johnstone. After the adoption of the minutes the chairman said that there had been a month for the cooling of the hotter spirits and hoped the question might be discussed without personalities.

J. J. Campbell asked that his motion with reference to the Master and Servants' Act of 1899 be first considered, as it was non-contentious.

Secretary Annable then read the following resolution:

"Resolved, That in order to assist the promotion of the immigration of agricultural labors to British Columbia from the other provinces of Canada and from Great Britain and other British Colonies, the government of British Columbia be asked to repeal Section 3 of the amendment to the Master and Servants' Act of 1899, which reads as follows:

"Section 3.—Any agreement, or bargain, verbal or written, express or implied, which may be made between any person and any other person not a resident of British Columbia, for the performance of labor or service, or having reference to the performance of labor or service by such other person in the province of British Columbia, and made as aforesaid, previous to the migration or coming into British Columbia of such other person whose labor or service is contracted for, shall be void, and of no effect as against the person only so migrating or coming.

"(a) Nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prevent any person from engaging under contract or agreement skilled workmen, not resident in British Columbia, to perform labor in British Columbia, in or upon any industry not at present established in British Columbia, or any industry at present established, if skilled labor for the purpose of the industry cannot be otherwise obtained, nor shall the provisions of this section apply to teachers, professional actors, lecturers or singers."

J. J. Campbell, in support of this motion, said that his desire was to get here people from the old country and colonies, including people in the east, as desirable settlers. Just now no business arrangement could be entered into. Money could not be advanced to such a settler, no home can be built for him, as a contract, giving quid pro quo, would be disallowed. Such a contract was legal with Vancouver and that being so why should it be illegal if made with a resident of Alberta? No such a law prevails in any other province. C. G. Broadwood seconded the motion.

F. Ruchs objected, pointing out that if the section were repealed it would be possible to get in men at $50 or $75 a month for a certain term of years and if the contracting party ran away he could be imprisoned for breach of contract. Again the law referred to could only be enforced by private individuals on their own initiative and was therefore a dead letter.

G. Zimmer strenuously objected, declaring the change was in favor of the "classes" but anyway was a political matter, and therefore had nothing to do with the association.

C. G. Broadwood wanted no politics and after some hot passages J. W. Ford declared that in his opinion the matter had nothing to do with the association. No rancher wanted a man who was not satisfied with his wage; he could not be watched. Treat him well and there would be no necessity for contracts. Mr. Campbell's amendment rather affected the mining industry than the fruit.

S. S. Fraser said he had seen something of contract labor and it was an evil. As an employer Mr. Campbell naturally saw his side of the question. He did not see the other. He had seen men brought into the province, into Fort Steele, under contract. Some had died, and they had been thrown into a hole in the ground, with never a tombstone, nor a word to their friends.

J. J. Campbell said that his resolution was prompted merely by the deficiency in labor. The class of men now coming in, with means or expectations, would only stay long enough to learn to run a ranch themselves. He wanted a class who would work for wages. He did not contemplate rolling such a man in a blanket and putting him in a hole in the ground. He did think that a man who signed a contract would abide by that contract. If that contract were bad the law would protect the worker who signed it. Mr. Campbell said he felt that if his resolution were carried it would make it easier to bring in a colonial or an old countryman instead of a Chinaman. He was of the opinion that much of the work here was heavy and was deservedly highly paid. But there was a class of work which was light and should not be paid as high. But there is a sentiment, Mr. Campbell said, which tends toward a uniformity of wage, and in such a case it barred out from the employer all physically weak men, whether from age or size, as he would naturally employ the stronger men.

In reply to a query from J. E. Annable, Mr. Campbell explained that the Alien Labor Act was a Dominion Act which applied to such countries only, as had alien acts against Canada. On the other hand the Master and Servants' Act applied merely provincially.

C. G. Broadwood pointed out that if he imported a man from the old country that man could break his contract at any point and the employer had no remedy. He considered the question as more important than that of Chinese labor to which he was personally opposed, unless no other labor could be obtained.

J. Johnson said it was a question of cheap labor, Chinese or other. How could a rancher bring out a laborer from the old country, or elsewhere, paying his passage, when the man on arrival could repudiate his contract?

F. Ruchs said the whole agitation was raised by gentlemen farmers; the real farmer went to work. Mr. Ruchs went further and made remarks as to Chinese employees which are wholly unprintable.

J. W. Shannon said he would rather see the Chinese head tax increased than diminished, but the Master and Servants' Act semed to him to be an endeavor to keep British Columbia to itself, to hog the whole thing. This province, apparently, is on a different footing from every other and as a Britisher from the toes up and an imperialist, he objected to such a difference. He still thought, however, that the Fruit Growers' association was not the place for such a resolution being considered.

S. S. Fraser said the act was a protection to Canadians not a debarment. Canadians in the past could easily find their way west without the help of a contract.

On the vote being taken by show of hands, it was declared carried by 17 to 15.

J. W. Ford asked that, in the interest of harmony, the resolution just passed be withdrawn.

J. J. Campbell and C. G. Broadwood objected.

A motion was then carried on the initiative of H. E. Croasdaile that any amendment of the association's constitution should be prefaced by ten days' notice.

The question of the day was then taken up by J. W. Ford, who presented the following resolution:

"Whereas, a resolution was passed on August 1st last in the name of the Kootenay Fruit Growers' association, advocating the admission of Chinese as agricultural laborers into this province free of head tax, and

"Whereas, this resolution was introduced, spoken to and voted upon without notice of motion and with notice to the press, be it

"Resolved, That we, a genuine representative meeting of the Kootenay Fruit Growers association, do hereby entirely rescind the above named resolution adopted in our name on August 1 last, and, admitting the claim of the scarcity of labor, and substituting therefor an urgent appeal to the heads of government of the dominion of Canada and the province of British Columbia for a persistent and aggressive policy of immigration effort throughout Great Britain and Ireland, to the end that we may obtain a class of settlers in this country whose sentiments and ambitions are in harmony with the aims and policy of our great empire; and be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded at once to premier Laurier, premier McBride, the representatives of the district in both dominion and provincial parliaments, to six of the leading newspapers of the dominion and to all other points of importance where the rescinded resolution was sent."

Mr. Ford said that in view of the mass of unemployed labor in the old country it was inconceivable to him why Chinese should be imported. He had seen recent immigrants during the past month; he had corresponded, and he had come to the conclusion that while the prairie provinces are well enough known in England, British Columbia is known not at all. There are starving immigrants in Winnipeg but there are no laborers here. It is the fault of the province that such is the case. Britishers should help Britishers and not Chinese.

J. W. Shannon seconded the resolution.

H. E. Croasdaile said that when he introduced his resolution on August 1, he did so, as he thought, in the interests of the association. The question was necessarily a matter of politics, if anything were done. All agreed there was a scarcity of labor. That scarcity was not acute as yet. But it would come in after years with tremendous loss to the members of the association. There were hundreds of thousands of unemployed in the old country, but the fruit growers could not wait till those men should come. If Mr. Ford would advance some tangible scheme of importation, he would support him. In the interim, the speaker advocated the Chinese as temporary laborers. They were good laborers. Moreover they gave employment, through their presence, to many other white men. Why should the province keep a preserve for Chinamen, permitting them to charge more dearly for their labor

S. S. Fraser pointed out that the immigrants coming out to Winnipeg were apportioned by a government agent to wherever they were wanted. Why should not the province, the city of Nelson, the fruit growers' association, have their agent at Winnipeg to look after their needs, or at least to send a requisition for labor required? In the early spring the immigrants at Winnipeg had difficulty in getting work. If there were a commissioner in Winnipeg there would be no difficulty in getting men to clear the land, enough to flood it.

C. G. Broadwood thought that the majority of England's unemployed were "wasteful brutes." He wanted men who wanted work, white men of any sort; he would rather have a Chinaman than the class he referred to.

The chairman then read a statement as he did not wish to be misunderstood by the press or anyone else.

He declared that his apples were asked for in London at $3 per box. He would supply that demand but he could not supply the demand if on the lands yet undeveloped he could not get labor cheaper than he could get from any white man. But he was radical enough to say that Chinamen should be debarred from either buying or leasing land, or from being employed in mines, smelters, mills or on public works. Chinamen were selling apples in the local market at $1.25 per box and he had to meet that price. But his cheap labor would only be temporary.

J. Ruchs said he objected to any rancher having 300 or 400 acres on the lake. He could not employ the year round but if he could import men who could get an acre of land or so, that man would be glad to get wages at the busy seasons.

O. Appleton said that Chinamen would not remain on the land as laborers. They would get land forthemselves and then they were the white men's serious competitors.

J. Johnstone explained that he was not in favor of reducing the head tax unless the Chinamen were debarred from owning or leasing land. That, however, was not in Mr. Croasdaile's resolution.

Captain Paddon said that such a law was effective in South Africa.

J. W. Ford, in reply, said he thought an immigration officer would be of use in Winnipeg. He thought that if the effort applied to get Chinese labor were applied to get English labor it could be got. As to cheap labor no rancher could stand $3.50 a day. But if there were a supply of labor wages would adjust themselves. Men wishing to learn the business would be willing to work for $1 a day and board. He had quite recently met three men in Nelson who were willing to work for such wages.

C. G. Broadwood interrupted to say that these men were inexperienced and were not worth that wage.

F. J. Sammons jumped up and declared that the last speaker preferred to pay Chinamen and, further, he had understood that the chairman had said he had learned his business from a Chinaman.

J. Johnstone—"I? Oh, no! I won't allow them to even prune twigs."

The chairman then reminded Mr. Ford that his time was nearing its full. Mr. Ford concluded shortly and F. J. Sammons and H. E. Croasdaile were appointed scrutineers.

H. E. Croasdaile then moved in amendment to the effect that Mr. Ford's resolution should not reflect upon the meeting of August 1 by saying it was not "genuinely" representative. He urged that the word "genuinely" be struck out.

J. B. Shannon said the idea was to vote on the main question and he did not care whether the first meeting was representative or not.

J. W. Ford said that the first meeting did not know its object but this did. Therefore the first meeting was not representative but this was.

A standing vote was then taken, the following men voting aye: Messrs. Ruchs, Sammons, Tarry, Haig-Smellie, Oliver, Shannon, McGuire, Rutherford, Appleton, Ford, Black, Gallup, McKay, Doyle, Fraser, Heddle, Zimmer, Annable, Greenwood, McDonald, Cameron and Williams—22.

Voting nay were: Paddon, Laing-Stocks, Broadwood, Dashwood, Wood-Taylor, Morley, Smith, Sturgiss, Sewell, Mawdsley, Applewhaite, Campbell, Hallett, Croasdaile and Johnstone—15.

The meeting then adjourned.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

For Family Colds

A reliable cough and cold cure should be always in the house ready for use the moment the first symptoms appear.

It is always easier, cheaper and better to check a cold in the very beginning.

It is safer, too.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, has been tested for thirty-three years, and tens of thousands of homes in Canada and the United States to-day are never without it.

A dealer writes: "Shiloh's Consumption Cure is without doubt the best remedy for Coughs and Colds on the market. Once used, my customers will buy no other.—L. Elsley, Nassagaweya, Ont."

If it were anything but the best would this be so? Try it in your own family. If it does not cure, you get back all it cost you. We take all the chances. Neither you nor your dealer can lose. Isn't that fair? 25c. is the price. All dealers in medicine sell 503

SHILOH

PURE WOOL
HEWSON,
AMHERST.
TWEEDS.

Practically all makers of good clothes in Canada use HEWSON TWEEDS. Look for the tag that guarantees PURE WOOL. 76

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIPS
OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE
FINEST AND FASTEST
"EMPRESSES"

Montreal, Quebec and Liverpool

Sept. 7th, Friday ....Empress of Ireland
Sept. 15th, Saturday ...Lake Champlain
Sept. 21st, Friday ..Empress of Britain
Sept. 29th, Saturday .....Lake Erie

S. S. LAKE CHAMPLAIN and LAKE Erie carry only one class of cabin passengers (second class) to whom is given the accommodation situated in the best part of the steamer at $42.50 and $45.

EMPRESSES—1st, $80, to $500; 2nd $45 and $47.50; 3rd $28.75.

J. S. CARTER, D. P. A., Nelson.

$800.00

CASH will buy a furnished hotel in a good mining camp. THIS IS A SNAP. The stock of liquors and cigars on hand can be bought at cost price. Full particulars can be obtained from

R. J. STEEL

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

C.M BRYANT & CO.
Cecil M. Bryant, A.R.S.M.,
Provincial Assayer.
The Vancouver Assay Office
Established 1890
Umpire and Control Assays
Complete Analysis Etc.
Agents for Cassel's Cyanide Process
Contracts made for Assays
Write for Prices, etc.
VANCOUVER, B.C.

F. M. CHADBOURN
MINING OPERATOR
Mines examined and reported on.
Thorough Knowledge of Kootenay Mines.
Ore Sampling Witnessed
NELSON, B. C.

W. J. H. HOLMES
CIVIL ENGINEER & MINE SURVEYOR
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR
Ten years experience in the Kootenays. Honor graduate, 1891, Royal Military College of Canada, Kingston, Ont.
KASLO, B. C.

JOSEPH RYAN
RANCH AND FRUT LANDS, IRON ORE, COAL LANDS
900 Million Feet Standing Timber
Box 963 Cranbrook, B.C.

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MINING ENGINEER
NELSON, B.C.

FREDERIC S. CLEMENTS
CIVIL ENGINEER
DOMINION AND PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR
Agent for obtaining Crown Grants, mine surveying, etc.
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DREWRY & TWIGG
MINING ENGINEERS
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NEW DENVER, B. C.
T. G. Procter, Agent, Nelson, B.C.

FRANK C, GREEN
CIVIL ENGINEER
Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyor
P.O. Box 145. Phone 361B
Cor. Kootenay and Victoria Sts., Nelson.

CLAUDET & WYNNE
ASSAYERS, METALLURGISTS and MINING ENGINEERS.
H. H. CLAUDET, Assoc. Inst. M.M. Mem. Am. Inst. M.E. Rossland, B. C.
L. C. WYNNE, Assoc. Inst. M.M. Princeton, B. C

C. S. BAKER
PROVINCIAL ASSAYER
and Ore Shippers' Agent—Samples by mail receive prompt attention. Correspondence solicited. P. O. Box 43; telephone 53; Grand Forks, B.C.

MORTGAGE SALE

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in certain Indentures of Mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1906
at 12 o'clock noon

by Charles A. Waterman and Company, auctioneers, at the Strathcona hotel, in the city of Nelson, in the province of British Columbia, the following Lands and Premises, namely:

Lots 4, 20, 21, 22, and 23 in Block 2, Addition "A," in the Subdivision of District Lot 150 Group 1, West Division of the Kootenay district, according to a map or plan of the said Subdivision deposited in the Land Registry office, and numbered 340.

Lot 4 is vacant. On Lots 20-23 there is said to be a two-storey Framed Dwelling and a Frame cottage.

Terms and conditions of sale will be made known at the time of sale. For further particulars apply to

MESSRS. WILLIAMS, SHAW & WALSH,
Vendor's Solicitors, Hastings Street,
Vancouver, B.C.

Dated this 15th day of September, 1906.

FLOUR AND FEED

We have opened a Flour and Feed store next door to the Kootenay Coffee Co., Baker st. Our leader will be the famous Wybourn Flour made from No. 1 Hard Wheat.

LAURIE & SON
Phone 244.

ONE OF THE NICEST WAYS TO BUY

BUTTER

is by the tub, and more people are finding it out every day.

Get a good tub of butter and you are sure of good butter till it is gone.

Joy's Dairy Butter comes in 20, 30 and 40 lb. Tubs, at 24c per pound.

PHONE NO. 19.

Joy's Cash Grocery
Cor. Mill and Josephine Sts.

Queen Studio
Photographers and Picture Framers
NELSON - - - B. C

McKAY & RAHL
(Successors to D. A. Munro)
Horse shoeing, Carriage Work and General Blacksmithing.
P.O. Box 193. Phone A194
Ward Street Nelson, B.C.
Oct. 1-Pd.

Pure salt is just as important as pure water or pure milk.
WINDSOR TABLE SALT
is absolutely pure and never cakes.

NOTICE

Do you need prairie hay or oats. If so address

A. CARRUTHERS
CAYLEY, ALTA. 120-tf

TO WORKINGMEN

NOTICE

Whereas, at the Last Chance and Surprise mines, Chinese kitchen help is at present empoyled, to the exclusion of White labor.

Therefore, be it resolved that this organization, Sandon Miners' union No. 81 of the W. F. of M. reaffirming its opposition to the employment of Orientals within its jurisdiction, strongly condemns the position taken by the management of the properties in question, and counsels workingmen everywhere and those favorably disposed toward organized labor to be governed by this action.

SANDON MINERS' UNION
A. SHILLAND, Secretary.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, as lessee of the Columbia and Western Railway Company, have this day filed in the District Land Registry Office at Nelson, a plan, profile and book of reference showing the proposed location of a branch line to the China Creek Lumber Company's timber limits near Castlegar, and that four weeks after this date the said Canadian Pacific Railway company intend to apply to the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, under section 175 of the Railway Act, for authority to construct the said branch.

Dated this 18th day of August, 1906.

R. MARPOLE,
General Superintendent.

Synopsis of Canadian Homestead Regulations

ANY available Dominion Lands within the Railway belt in British Columbia, may be homesteaded by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section of 160 acres, more or less.

Entry must be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land is situate.

The homesteader is required to perform the conditions connected therewith under one of the following plans:

(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year for three years.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased), of the homesteader resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for, the requirements as to residence may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirements as to residence may be satisfied by residence upon the said land.

Six months' notice in writing should be given to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa of intention to apply for patent.

Coal lands may be purchased at $10 an acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of 10 cents per ton of 2000 pounds shall be collected on the gross out-

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

put. W. W. CORY.

Shape-Retaining Business Suits

The "Plastic Form" fit and cut, which strikes a man the minute he notices a "Plastic Form" Suit, is as enduring as it is exclusive.

The snug fit of the collar and shoulders is built right into the coat—it's there to stay, no matter how strenuous the day's work.

The sleeves and knees don't get baggy—the coat-skirts have always the straight, clean cut—and the pockets adhere to the original horizontal.

No matter how particular a man may be, he is certain to find the material, the cut, fit and workmanship that will suit him, in the "Plastic Form" Parlors.

Suppose you drop in to see some of our Autumn models. 12

M. Newitt & Co., Sole Agents, Nelson

E. Ferguson & Co.

NELSON, B. C.

Wholesale Liquors and Cigars

A full line of Canadian whiskies, case and bulk; Scotch Whiskies, Irish Whiskies, Geneva and Tom Gins, French Brandies, Ports, Sherries, Bass' Ale, Guinnes' Stout, Clarets, etc.

AGENTS FOR PABST BEER

Our retail department is on Vernon street next the postoffice, where you can buy a bottle or a dozen bottles at right prices. Goods delivered to any part of the city.

Telephone 260. P. O. box 1020

Complete Mining Plants

Works at Montreal

"Allis-Chalmers" Mining machinery. "Lidgerwood" hoisting engines. "Ingersoll" rock drills, air compressors, and coal cutters. "Bullock" motors and generators.

Branch Office Nelson

ALLIS-CHALMERS-BULLOCK, LTD.

Kootenay Engineering Works

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS

MANUFACTURERS OF THE CRAWFORD AERIAL TRAMWAY.

Repairing and Jobbing a Specialty

Sheetmetal work, castings, builders material and mining and mill machinery.

Office and Works Foot of Park Street.

B. C. TRAVIS

PHONE 204 MANAGER NELSON, B. C

MINING AND ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT CO.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS 408-409 Fernwall, Block Spokane, Wash.

Correct and concise reports of examinations made upon the Physical, Technical and Financial status of mining properties and upon Agricultural, Mineral and Lumber Lands.

We have customers for properties that will "stand up" under our examinations. Bank references.

W. G. GILLETT

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

SOLE AGENT FOR THE PORTO RICO LUMBER CO., Ltd., Retail Yards

Rough and dressed lumber, turned work and brackets, Coast lath and shingles, sash and doors. Cement, brick and lime for sale. Automatic grinder. Yard and Factory Vernon street, east of Hall.

P. O. Box 232. Telephone, 178. Nelson, B. C.

TELEGRAMS OF THE DAY

COMMISSIONERS' DECISION RE ENGLISH RAILROAD WRECK

ACCIDENT WAS CAUSED BY EXCESSIVE SPEED

San Francisco, Sept. 28—Eight persons were injured, four seriously, in a street car accident on Oak street last night caused, it is claimed, by a defective brake. As the Mission street car was descending the Oak street hill, the brakes suddenly gave way and the car shot down the incline at a terrific speed. The car was so crowded that several persons were riding on the roof. At Scott street the car struck a band wagon. The wagon was thrown clear of the track and Harry Esserman, its driver, sustained a fracture of the skull and internal injuries.

London, Sept. 28—That excessive speed caused the engine to overturn is the decision of the board of trade inspectors, who investigated the Salisbury railroad disaster of July 1. The report issued today says that all the evidence points to the fact that the speed was at least twice as great as authorized by the company and possibly it was as much as 70 miles an hour. Harrison, the guard of the train, is censured for not applying the continuous brake when he knew the speed was dangerous, which would have greatly reduced the speed of the train. The board found no evidence to support the alleged charge that Americans or any one else were in the habit of tipping the engineers of the steamboat express in order to get them to increase the speed.

Montreal, Sept. 28—Betting on the races was the cause of the downfall of J. S. Cather, the bank of British North America clerk who disappeared on Monday with about $25,000 of the bank's money. The direct cause of his detection was a bet he made of $3000 on a New York race, which he lost. Hitherto his bets have been more modest, but this was apparently a desperate effort to regain what he had lost and square his books.

The loss came to the ears of the city detective and he informed the bank authorities. The latter immediately took Cather out of the teller's box and placed him at other work pending an investigation for the purpose of ascertaining if there was anything wrong. It was while in this work that Cather learned that the city detective had him under surveillance. He skipped, going at once, it is said, to New York.

New York, Sept. 28—The World today says: Ivan Ivanovitch Norodny, chief executive commissioner of the Russian military revolutionary party, is here to establish headquarters in America for the revolution. He comes to solicit one million signatures to a petition to the czar praying for liberty, justice and amnesty. He comes upon a mission of education to disavow the bloody acts of terrorists. A mild mannered man is Norodny, about 40 years old, whose face tells the story of his suffering. Twenty years ago a happy husband, owner of several estates and a man of consequence in Fniand, the land of his birth, today he weeps for his wife, confined in an asylum, the victim of the brutality of the Cossacks, and prays for the repose of the soul of his eldest born, slain by the same Cossacks. Four years in a Russian prison have left him a physical wreck. Most of his fortune has been confiscated by the Russian government.

"I came to solicit names," he said last night, while seated in his rooms in the New Hotel Albert. "I shall present my petition first to the five Americans best known in Russia. They are president Roosevelt, Mark Twain, William J. Bryan, Thomas A. Edison and Miss Jane Adams of Hull House, Chicago. I have here prepared a propaganda. In part it says: On behalf of 150,000,000 people I cry out for help. We require nothing but active and sympathetic moral support. Oceans of blood were spent to free the black slave. Millions upon millions of my country are suffering a worse slavery. We despise anarchy and every form of violence. I wish to declare on the czar, not a war of blood, but a war of education, a war of moral suasion. The Rusian peasant hungers for education, for books, for teachers, for Christian missionaries. This is the war I would wage on the czar. This is not the time for fire and sword."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY ACTS ON NATURE'S PLAN

The most successful medicines are those that aid nature. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts on this plan. Take it when you have a cold and it will allay the cough, relieve the lungs, aid expectoration, open the secretions and aid nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Thousands have testified to its superior excellence. It counteracts any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. Price, 25 cents. Large size 50 cents. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

INSPECTED HUNTER V.

(Special to The Daily News)

Ymir, Sept. 28—Yesterday Messrs. Campbell, Johnson, Fowler, DeVeber and Monk, all of Nelson, and interested in the Hunter V. property, paid a visit to the mine. The new cable is expected here inside of two weeks and immediatly it comes to hand it will be installed and the tramway started, bringing ore to the siding for shipment.

Archie Patterson, customs officer at Patterson, has resigned from the service, and has been appointed by manager McMillan of the Northport smelter, time keeper and store keeper.

Maurice Costello, agent at this town since 1897, has taken a month's holidays and will visit Seattle, Vancouver and Victoria. His place is occupied by E. R. Cottle of Clayton, Wash.

A large number of Ymirites are visiting the Spokane fair. Included in the party are Miss Etta McLeod, Mrs. O. A. Lovell, John Breau, Andrew Christ, L. R. Van de Bogart and Malcolm McCauley.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

PAIN FROM BURN PROMPTLY RELIEVED BY CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM

A little child of Michael Strauss of Vernon Conn. was recently in great pain from a burn on the hand and as cold applications only increased the inflammation, Mr. Strauss came to Mr. James N. Nichols, a local merchant, for something to stop the pain. Mr. Nichols says: "I advised him to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm and the first application drew out the inflammation and gave immediate relief. I have used this liniment myself and recommended it very ofte nfor cuts, burns, strains and lame back, and have never known it to disappoint." For sale by all druggists and dealers.

Gin Pills Help You As Nothing Else Will

ONTARIO PROOF

GIN PILLS cure all Kidney ills from simple backache to diabetes pain in the small of the back and through the hips—swollen feet and hands—burning urine—constant desire to urinate—dizziness—headaches—spots before the eyes—with loss of appetite, sleeplessness and nervousness—disappear under the healing, soothing powers of GIN PILLS.

Men and women who have any kidney or bladder trouble are throwing away their one chance of health and happiness by not writing for a free sample.

OWEN SOUND, ONT., March 10th, 1905.

Having used a sample box of Gin Pills, and finding them give me great relief, I sent my father-in-law, A. McDermid, of Keady, a box; he having for years been used up with kidney and bladder trouble, and unable to get relief from the urinary remedies used. The Gin Pills gave him relief before half the box was used. He is now entirely cured, and I believe Gin Pills a great cure.

JAMES LODGE.

Do as Mr. Lodge did. Simply write us for a free sample box of GIN PILLS and try them at our expense. If you feel better in every way, and know that GIN PILLS are doing you good, surely you will continue using them until cured. That is why we will send you a free sample box if you write and tell us in what paper you saw this offer.

GIN PILLS are sold by druggists everywhere, 50c a box, or 6 for $2.50.

THE BOLE DRUG CO. - WINNIPEG MAN.

SEWING MACHINES

At Bargain Prices

One Drop Head New Williams, all attachments, new machine.

Price $25.00

One Cabinet Singer Sewing Machine with all attachments

For $25.00

TAYLOR & McQUARRIE

HIGH CLASS TAILORS

NELSON CAFE

(Under New Management.)

First-Class Lunch.......

From 12 noon to 2 p. m. 25 cents

SPECIAL

Sunday Dinner from 5 to 8 p.m.

BOARD and ROOMS from $1.00 per day up. The rooms have been thoroughly renovated and refurnished.

A. AUDET, Prop.

ROYAL HOTEL

TELEPHONE 52

MRS. WM. ROBERTS, Proprietoress

The best meals that can be provided in this market, cooked under the supervision of the proprietoress, who is a ftvorite carterer.

Nice airy rooms, newly furnished; bath for guests.

The best wines, liquors and cigars can be obtained at the bar.

TERMS: $1 AND $1.50 PER DAY

COR. STANLEY AND SILICA STREETS

Cars Pass the Door

CLUB HOTEL

The Big Schooner of Beer or Half and Half

10c

The only glass of good beer in Nelson. Hotel accommodation second to none in CORNER STANLEY & SILICA STREETS British Columbia. Rates $1 per day. Special rates to monthly boarders.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the Eva Gold Mines, Limited, will be held in the office of the company, K.W.C. Block, Nelson, B.C., on Tuesday, Oct. 2, 1906, at 3 o'clock p.m. By Order,

W. C. BAYLY, Secretary.

COAL TAR

Pitch, Paints and Creosote

We are the only producers of coal tar in the Kootenays. Write us for prices.

Nelson Coke and Gas Co'y

HOTEL DIRECTORY

PHOENIX.

HOTEL BALMORAL, PHOENIX, B. C.—The leading hotel of Boundary's leading mining camp. Strictly first class, centrally located. John A. McMaster, Proprietor.

HOTEL BROOKLYN, PHOENIX—THE only up to date hotel in Phoenix. New from cellar to roof. Best sample rooms in the Boundary. Bath rooms in connection. Opposite Great Northern depot James Marshall, Proprietor.

YMIR.

WALDORF HOTEL, YMIR, B. C.—HEADquaters for Mining and Commercial men. Most comfortable hotel in the District. Sample rooms in connection.

GEORGE COLEMAN, Proprietor.

GRAND FORKS.

HOTEL PROVINCE, GRAND FORKS—The headquarters for tourists. Satisfaction guaranteed. Emil Larsen (late of Nelson) Proprietor.

HOTEL WINNIPEG, WINNIPEG AVE., Grand Forks—Thoroughly renovated and newly furnished throughout. Large bedrooms, baths, etc. First class dining room. Best brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the bar. Everything first-class. McBean & Johnson, Props.

ARROWHEAD.

THE UNION HOTEL ARROWHEAD—Special attention given to commercia men and tourists. First class sample rooms. Finest scenery in British Columbia, overlooking upper Arrow Lake. W. J. Lightburne, Proprietor.

TORONTO, ONT.

WALKER HOUSE, TORONTO, ONT.—Cuisine unexcelled. Two hundred well ventilated, steam-heated bedrooms, a number with baths. British Columbia Saskatchewan, Alberta patronage specially sollitedc. Strict attention to ladies and children. Rates $2 to $3 per day.

GEO. WRIGHT & CO., Prop.

Late of Brandon and Winnipeg.

T. M. BAYNE, Manager.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL

Opposite Courthouse and new Postoffice. Best 25c meal in town. European and American plan. Only white labor employed. First class bar.

G. ERICKSON, Proprietor.

LAKE VIEW HOTEL

Corner Hall and Vernon Streets

Two blocks from City Wharf The best dollar a day house in Nelson.

NO CHINESE EMPLOYED.

George Harrison

PROPRIETOR

KOOTENAY HOTEL

Vernon Street, Nelson

Centrally located, three doors from postoffice. Newly renovated. Bar well stocked with all latest brands of wines, liquors and cigars. Rates one dollar per day.

MRS. M. MALLETTE, Proprietress

A drink of good liquor
Is a very good thing
It will hoist up your spirits
And cause you to sing;
And the best place in town
To sample your gin
Is at Archie Reid's quarters

"The No Place Inn"

THE QUEEN'S HOTEL

BAKER STREET

MRS. E. C. CLARKE, Proprietress

RATES $2 PER DAY

Large and comfortable bedrooms, and first class dining room, Sample rooms for commercial men.

BARTLETT HOUSE

(Formerly Clarke House)

The best $1.00 per day house in Nelson None but white help employed. The best is the best.

G. W. BARTLETT - Prop.

MADDEN HOUSE

BAKER STREET, NELSON, B. C.

Do you need a comfortable home? If so try the Madden House. Well furnished rooms lighted with electricity; with baths; first class board. In the bar you will find all the best domestic and imported liquors and cigars.

THOMAS MADDEN, Prop.

SHERBROOKE HOUSE

NELSON, B. C.

One minute's walk from C.P.R. station. Cuisine unexcelled; 31 rooms, well heated and ventilated. Baths in connection.

RATES—$1 per day.

J. BOYER

PROPRIETOR

THE DAILY NEWS CLASSIFIED AD

The best and cheapest means of reaching the people of the Kootenays. A sm advertisement in these columns will bring big results.

RATES—One cent per word per issue; six insertions for the price of four if p in advance.

Classified ads. will be received for insertion until 9 o'clock on the evening p vious to publication. Phone 144.

FOR SALE

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—Six room cottage corner Stanley and Observatory streets; modern—two lots and fruit. Easy terms. A snap. Apply at house.

FOR SALE—Cottage and one lot on Gore street, near Ward, beautiful location; cottage well built. Five rooms, price $1000. This property is especially well located for a smelterman. Apply McDermid and McHardy. 99-26

FOR SALE—Cheap, if taken at once, a boarding house outfit with location in mining camp with $65,000 payroll. For particulars address O.R.O., Box 147, Phoenix, B.C. 106-20

FOR SALE—Complete furnishings for 26 room hotel, with privilege of renting the hotel, good business. Furniture consists of 18 bedroom suites, dining room, kitchen utensils, carpets, bedding, sideboards, and lounges. Apply Sunnyside hotel, Baker street. 121-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

OLD CURIOSITY SHOP—If you want to buy or sell anything go to the Old Curiosity Shop. Always in stock, a full line of Crockery, Furniture and Glassware.

FOR SALE—In order to make room for our winter building we will sel lall our boats and canoes—which are positively the best lot in the province—at 1-3 off spring prices. Also gasoline launches at bargains. Boats of all kinds built to order. Apply Lindsay's boat livery, foot of Josephine street. 127-25

WANTED—Men and women to learn the barber trade; situations guaranteed to graduates. The Moler Barber College will open in Vancouver immediately. First 20 students offered special rates; write 206 Carroll St. 129-tf

FOR SALE—Two service bulls of dairy type, one and two years old respectively. Also spring pigs, six months old. Apply at Ideal ranch, or address John Graham, Slolan, B.C. 130-12

FOR SALE—A good bargain, Stemwinder Hotel, for sale on easy terms. Situated in the very center of business in the city of Phoenix, B.C. Write for particulars to A. S. Hood, Phoenix, B.C. 130-26

FOR SALE—Some heavy horses, apply W. Tennant, Ymir, B.C. 137-26

FARM LOANS

I have Trust funds for loan in large or small sums to farmers to enable them to acquire land, purchase stock, undertake clearing and cultivation, erect buildings and make other improvements.

Loans made on homesteads where recommendation for patent has been made although title not issued.

Approved applications promptly completed.

Pedigree, farm, dairy stock, logging and freighting horses insured against loss from any cause.

Write me your requirements.

E. A. HAGGEN,

Real Estate, Insurance, Financial Broker, Revelstoke, B.C.

REPAIRING

WATCHES cleaned, $1.50; main spring, $1.50. O. Strathearn, Kaslo, B.C. 126-tf

ASSAYER

E. W. WIDDOWSON, CHEMIST AND ASsayer, Nelson, B.C.—Gold, Silver, Lead or Copper, $1 each; Gold-Silver, $1.50; Silver-Lead, $1.50; Zinc, $2; Gold-Silver, with Lead or Copper, $2.50. Samples arriving by express or mail will receive prompt attention. P.O. Drawer, 1108; Phone A67.

A. HARRY HOOK, CHEMIST AND PROvincial Assayer, Greenwood, B.C.—Gold-silver, $1.50; silver-lead, $1.50; gold-silver, with copper or lead, $2.50; zinc, $2; gold and silver, $1 each; copper and lead, $1.25 each; mail and express samples given prompt attention. Control assays a specialty. P. O. box 251. Phone 98.

C. S. RASHDALL, FOR 12 YEARS A resident of West Kootenay, will attend at the Hall Mines Smelter on behalf of shippers and see to weighing and sampling of ores consigned to the smelter. Address P.O. Box 624, Nelson, B.C.

NOTICE OF TRANSFER OF LICENSE

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply to the license commissioners for the city of Nelson at the next meeting held after 30 days from the date hereof, for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by me for the Club Hotel, situate on Lots 21, 22, 23, and 24, Block 14, Nelson, B.C., to Joseph Sturgeon.

Dated at Nelson B.C., 5th day Sept., 1906.

MARY E. CURRAN

117-26-Pd.

NELSON 20,000 CLUB

Tenders are invited up to noon of Monday, Oct. 1st, for the printing and binding complete of 10,000 or 20,000 copies of folder; half tones and letter press. Stock must be enamelled book paper, 80 lbs. to the ream, and enamelled covers of suitable weight. Workmanship must be first-class and contract finished within six weeks from delivery of copy and engravings to the contractor. Engravings will be furnished by the club. Dummy and further particulars may be obtained at the office of the secretary of Nelson 20,000 club.

F. M. CHADBOURNE, Secretary

Nelson, Sept. 26th, 1906.

FOR SALE

320 Acres on Kootenay lake; good land, easily cleared; plenty of water; $5.00 per acre; half cash.

GEO. G. McLAREN

BAKER ST., WEST

HELP WANTED

IF your Want Ad. is here it will n long until "Things are coming your

NELSON Employment Agency

WANTED—Machinists, machine and jack miners, sawmill men, sawyers, sters, swampers, hotel porter, men t telegraph poles chambermaid, wa waiters, girls for housework.

WANTED—Men and women to learn ber trade in eight weeks. Graduate $15 to $25 per week. Cat. free Moler tem of colleges, 408, Front enue, kane, Wash.

WANTED—A local representative fo Western Hospital association. Apply W. Odium, The Daily News.

WANTED—Dining room girl. Ap Sherbrooke hotel.

WANTED—A first class edgerman, $3.25 per day. Porto Rico Lumber pany, Ymir, B.C.

WANTED—Pant maker; also coat m Apply to Taylor and McQuarrie, N high class tailors.

WANTED—Girls for ironers, Nelson Laundry.

WANTED—A clerk for grocery store salary for the right man. Apply Gill and Co., Trail, B.C.

WANTED—One licensed stationary neer; also two pair log makers woods' teamsters. Only good wo need apply. J. B. Winlaw.

WANTED—A bright, strong boy, 14 or 15 years old to learn grocery ness. Apply at once to C. A. Be Grocer.

WANTED—Edgerman, experienced. ton sawmill.

WANTED—A good office clerk, accu to typewriting, knowledge of steno not necessary. Apply Ashdown Ha Co.

WANTED—At once, a good woman experienced in hotel cooking, wa a month. Apply Criterion hotel, borne, B.C.

WANTED — MISCELLANE

WANTED—Position by first class co sor engineer. Water or electrical preferred. A1 references. H. W., News.

WANTED—Three furnished rooms fo housekeeping, near the smelter pre K.J., Box 324.

WANTED—A suite of rooms fur with use of bath. Apply K., The News.

FOR RENT

SEWING Machines to rent, $2 per Singer Sewing Machine Co.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with bath. Apply "Room," Daily News.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, every venience, three blocks from pos Apply M.E., Daily News.

FOR RENT—Large front room, fur no children, three minutes walk postoffice. Apply M.X., Daily News.

LOST

LOST—Fox Terrier pup, about four old; black spot in middle of back turn to C. T. Partington, Hudson' Co.

SOCIETY CARDS

ABERDEEN HIVE, No. 12, L. O. T. Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesday, of each month in K. of P. Hall, V Street, next to postoffice. Visiti bers cordially invited.

MARGARET SQUIRES, R.

MRS. ELIZA INGRAM, L.C

WHOLESALE HOUSES

PRODUCE

STARKEY & CO., WHOLESALE ers in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Produ Fruit. Houston Block, Josephine Nelson, B.C.

GROCERIES.

A. MACDONALD & CO.,—WHOLE Grocers and provision Merchant porters of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Fruits, Staple and Fancy Groceri bacceo, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Chees Packing House products. Office Warehouse, corner of Front and Streets. P.O. Box 1095. Telephone

CAMP AND MINERS' FURNI

A. MACDONALD & CO.—WHOLE Jobbers in Blankets, Underwear, Gloves, Boots, Rubbers, Overalls, ers, Mackinaws and Oilskin Clo Camp and Miners' Sundries. Office Warehouse, corner of Front and Streets. P.O. Box 1095. Telephone

ASSAYERS' SUPPLIES

THE B.C. ASSAY & CHEMICAL SU Co., Ltd., Vancouver, B. C.—Impo and Dealers in Assayer's Supplies. agents in British Columbia for the brated Battersea Crucibles, Scorifier Muffles and Wm Ainsworth & Co. Balances Chemical and Physical paratus, C. P. Acids and Chemicals, Baum, Sodium and Potassium Cya Quicksilver, Carbonate and Bicarb of Soda, Borax, Borax Glass, Silver, Lead and Litharge.

MININNG AND MILL MACHINE

WASHINGTON MACHINERY & SUP Co.—Dealers in Engines, Band and cular Sawmills, Atkins' Saws, Wood Iron Pulleys, Leyner Compressors Drills, Pumps and Hoists. Promp tention. Reasonable prices. Cour treatment. Spokane, Wash.

CLEANING AND PRESSING

GENTLEMEN'S SUITS REPAIR cleaned and pressed. Goods called and delivered promptly. A. J. Dri opposite Queen's Hotel, Baker street

The Totally Different Cereal Food.

Orange Meat looks different, tastes different, IS different. from all other cereals.

It is a dainty dish that you will enjoy the first time you taste it, and like it better and better with every breakfast and supper. Of course, you will never know just how good Orange Meat is until you try it.

To get you to use Orange Meat, we are offering many valuable premiums.

Every 15c package contains a coupon, good for these premiums.

Write for premium list to "Orange Meat, Kingston."

OrangeMeat

CANADA'S CHOICEST CEREAL — THE WHOLE WHEAT

is sold by grocers everywhere in 15c and 25c packages.

25c package contains 2⅓ times as much as 15c size. 30

I. X. L. KNIVES

Manufactured by Geo. Wostenholme & Sons

Pruning Knives — Budding Knives
Pen Knives — Pocket Knives
Cattle Knives — Shoeing Knives

We are direct Wholesale Shippers of these celebrated Knives and sell them to Retailers at

☞EASTERN JOBBING PRICES

On every order placed with us, Retailers SAVE cost of Freight and other charges.

E. G. PRIOR & CO., LTD.

(THE BIRMINGHAM OF B. C.)

123 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

AND AT

Pender Street, VANCOUVER — Main Street, KAMLOOPS — and VERNON

P.R.1487

Porto Rico Lumber Co., Ltd.

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER, SHINGLES AND MOULDINGS, HAND-SAWN AND TURNED WORK. AN UP-TO-DATE DRY KILN IN CONNECTION.

HEAD OFFICE: NELSON, B.C.
Mills at Ymir and Moyie, B. C.
Sash and Door Factory and Yard at Moose Jaw, Sascketchewan.

Porto Rico Lumber Co. Ltd

IMMIGRATION PROBLEM

HON. FRANK OLIVER OUTLINES HIS NEW POLICY.

WILL DEVOTE ATTENTION TO RACES EASILY ASSIMILATED.

Ottawa, Sept. 28.—Hon. Frank Oliver who, during his visit toEngland and Ireland, gave careful study to the immigration question, and whose attention since his return has been directed by Messrs. Macpherson and Galliher to the Hindu problem of British Columbia, has formed very clear cut views as to what should be the future policy of the federal immigration department.

"Do you think there is any reason for lessening our efforts to induce immigration from Great Britain?" Mr. Oliver was asked.

"Certainly I do not," was the reply. "In my opinion, with the outlook as favorable as at present, it would be more desirable to enlarge rather than curtail our efforts. If I might use the expression 'things are coming our way now,' and the proper policy is to keep them coming. What impressed me on the other side was the place which Canada occupies in the British mind. The sentiment there is one of great partiality for this country, and among intending emigrants Canada has the preference over every colony. This sentiment not only attracts people to our shores, but helps us commercially."

"Did you find in Britain much of that ignorance with respect to Canada of which we hear occasionally?"

"I did not discover that lack of interest or lack of knowledge which some of our people seem to encounter when they go to Britain. The general interest and general knowledge which prevailed were a matter of surprise to me. There seems to be no doubt but that we are going to attract to this country a larger number than ever of a selected class. What I mean by that is agriculturists, who have been a force in the making of Britain, and who will play their part in the building up of Canada. Those who have been of no account in Britain are hardly likely to be of any use in this country, and are not wanted. We have in Canada an immense area of fertile land, which at present is unproductive for lack of people with the energy and skill to bring it under cultivation. The making of our waste lands productive means an addition to the wealth of the country, and is in the interest of all our people. In bringing about this desirable result we are justified in expending the taxes of the people, but it would not be proper to devote any portion of that expenditure towards inducing skilled labor to enter into competition with our own mechanics and so restrict their own field of effort. It would be just as improper to permit the entrance of undesirable persons likely to become in any way a charge upon the community, or who would prejudicially affect its physical mental or moral condition. Our immigration policy is directed to the encouragement of an agricultural class who will aid in the development of the country and become good, industrious citizens."

"What about immigration from Europe?"

"The French are a stay at home people, and I do not look for any great immigration movement from France. We have had some splendid emigrants from that country, where the agriculturists are of the most desirable class, and we hope to get more of them. Belgium is a densely peopled country and before long must find an outlet for its surplus population. Canada is looked upon as a desirable country to emigrate to. The Canadian exhibit at the Liege exposition strengthened this impression. The Belgian government does not encourage emigration, nor on the other hand, does it restrict it. We ought to meet with success in Belgium and Holland both.

In Germany we are not allowed to carry on an emigration propaganda, and in Austro-Hungary the laws are restrictive. In the latter empire there is a good deal of unrest, and the people are seeking homes elsewhere in some considerable number. They emigrate from the North Sea ports of Hamburg, Ratterdam and Antwerp. The lines sailing from these ports are formed into a conference, whereby each line gets a certain percentage, of ther third class passenger traffic whether it actually carries the passengers or not. The interest of these companies lies in diverting emigration to Brazil and the Argentine republic, where Germans are settled in large numbers. They carry third class passengers at a rate much lower than that to Canada. Under the circumstances the movement of population from Austro-Hungary is quite out of our control. The emigrants from Scandinavia come by the way of Liverpool and I think we shall continue to provide homes for a good many of these hardy peoples."

"What have you to say as to the future?

"To my mind, the question is whether we should continue to spend money in countries where the prevailing conditions are entirely adverse to emigration to Canada. Do not the British Isles, where the field is entirely open to us and public sentiment is in our favor, present the most tempting prospects? Should we not redouble our efforts there, rather than spend time and money seeking to overcome unfavorable conditions in some other countries?" The minister will remain in Ottawa for a short time but will pay a visit to the west before parliament opens.

LUMBER COMPANY WINS

Judgment Handed Down in Nelson and Fort Sheppard vs. Porto Rico

Mr. justice Duff, who has just been elevated to the supreme court of Canada, has handed down judgment in the case of Nelson and Fort Sheppard railway company vs. the Porto Rico Lumber company. Last February the railway company commenced suit against the lumber company for damages for the manner in which the latter handled the timber limits belonging to the railroad of which it was the lessee. The judgment, which favors the defendants on all points, recites:

"I have come to the conclusion that the supervision to be exercised by the person appointed under clause 1 of the agreement of May 28, 1902, applies only to the manner of cutting and measurement; it does not, I think, put the defendant company under the control of that person with respect to the timber to be removed, or the time when it shall be removed. It follows that Hilligoss exceeded his powers in giving the directions contained in the notices of June 9 and 27, respectively.

"I also think that the stipulation contained in that clause requiring the defendant company not to leave uncut timber which the supervisor shall think fit for cutting applies to the termination of the lease only, and consequently that no breach of that stipulation has occurred.

"I find that in sending the notices referred to, Hilligoss did not act on the exercise of an independent judgment, but upon what he conceived to be the view of Scott as to the interests of the plaintiff company; that he was appointed with the expectation that he would act in the interests of the plaintiff company, and that Scott communicated his views to Hilligoss in the expectation that he would act on them. I may add, that having regard to the relations of Hilligoss and his family to the plaintiff company, and to the indications of personal character afforded by the appearance and conduct in the witness box of Hilligoss and Scott respectively, I cannot bring myself to suppose that in the circumstances existing here Hilligoss would exercise an independent judgment.—Lyman P. Duff, J."

HUME—F. Burnett, H. A. Hess, J. B. Wilson, Toronto; W. Haigh-Smellie, Procter; A. W. Davis, Moyie; W. J. Turner, and wife, Ymir; F. C. Adams, Duluth; P. H. Burnham, Grand Forks; F. Davidson, W. G. Ross, Vancouver; F. L. Clark, Spokane; W. A. Lawson, Victoria; R. Scott and wife, Winnipeg; R. V. Clement, Three Forks; C. B. Kirk, Arrowhead; C. W. Whittier, Phoenix.

STRATHCONA—W. E. Dalgilsh, Slocan; L. A. Thurston, Carman; R. B. Lue, E. H. Paden, Spokane; G. Herring, England; W. H. McMullan, Winnipeg; A. H. MacNeill, Rossland; Hon. Adam and Mrs. Beck, London; Mrs. Redpath, E. C. Clouston, Montreal; J. R. Kent, Trenton; A. A. Sunderman, Montreal.

QUEENS—C. V. Tamis, A. A. Gillis, Slocan; J. Rowan, Calgary; B. B. Appleton, 7-Mile; W. E. Bent, Ottawa; J. Neon, Moyie; W. Whyte, Peterboro.

BARTLETT—M. Smith; B. Pollen, Forty-Nine creek; J. Tredgold, B. K. Mavor, Northport.

CLUB—A. Bradley, J. Rose, Moyie; J. H. Gordon, Vancouver.

GRAND CENTRAL—J. P. Drummond, Salmo; H. Crown, Greenwood; J. Skinner, New York; J. Morrison, V. H. McCauley, Moyie; N. McDonell, Grand Forks; K. Walker, Ymir; H. Jackson, Ohio; N. Tait, Pass creek; Miss F. Bradley, Kamloops; Miss H. Israleson, Golden; Mrs. T. Halstrom, Spokane.

KOOTENAY—C. Armitage, Regina.

LAKEVIEW—N. H. Boddington, Silverton; R. Shields, Slocan; A E. Hall, Fernie.

MADDEN—J. Williams and wife, Procter; J. Tarry, N. J. Hopkins, Riverview; Mrs. S. A. Wright, Grand Forks; J. Brown, Vancouver; F. Stout, Spokane; W. H. Berry, Field; W. H. Webster, Arrowhead; J. K. Kelly, Buffalo; T. B. Watt, Castlegar.

NELSON—G. C. Chapman, McLeod; S. V. Bantam, Ontario; P. E. Kennedy, Slocan

SHERBROOKE—J. McMullan, J. McKenzie, Rossland.

WAS A VERY SICK BOY

But Cured by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

"When my boy was two years old he had a very severe attack of bowel complaint but by the use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy we brought him out all right," says Maggie Hickox of Midland, Mich. This remedy can be depended upon in the most severe cases. Even cholera infantum is cured by it. Follow the plain printed directions and a cure is certain. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

BRADSTREET'S REPORT

Montreal, Sept. 28—In its weekly trade review Bradstret says: Warm weather is still a drag on eastern Canada trade, more particularly on the heavy dry goods, but building and export trade are active. The movement of grain in the Northwest is unusually large and values of staples are very steady. Hardware is active at Montreal and cheese exports are very heavy. Toronto reports building material active as a result of the boom in this line and dry goods of high quality sell relatively best. Winnipeg reports grain receipts and shipments unusually heavy and the shipments before the close of navigation will break all records. In British Columbia there is a steady increasing trade with the far east and a new line of steamers is being projected to Mexico.. Failures for the week numbered 27, as against 26 last week and 28 in this week a year ago.

The following are the weekly bank clearings as compiled by Bradstreet's for the week ending Sept. 27, showing the percentages of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year:

		Inc.	Dec.
Montreal	$27,433,659	9.4	....
Toronto	21,073,717	2.3	....
Winnipeg	10,549,364	40.9	....
Vancouver	2,739,119	41.1	....
Ottawa	2,368,733	....	1.9
Halifax	1,527,335	....	8.4
Quebec	1,761,613	5.0	....
Hamilton	1,439,899	8.5	....
St. John	1,278,150	19.3	....
London	1,022,326	10.1	....
Victoria	775,481	1.4	....

FRUIT COMING IN.

J. A. McDonald says that he is shipping in weekly two or three cars of fruit but that these shipments by no means interfere with local producers, who are sufficiently protected by the duty and freight. The foreign fruit is either of fruit that is not grown locally or which ripens to the south long before the local product is n season. As soon as that season arrives Mr. McDonald says that the foreign fruit is cut off, not being able to compete.

THE DIFFERENCE IN COST

Semi-ready suits are not all $20 and $15. The $15 Semi-ready suits are tailored in just the same superior way. The difference in price is the difference in the cost of the good British cloth in the garments.

J. A. Gilker, Agent, Nelson.

"Just the thing"

For a "bite at bed-time," what could be better than a glass of milk and

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

Canada's finest crackers, from Canada's finest bakery. Crisp, inviting, delicious. In the air-tight boxes, that keep them in faultless condition.

JAEGER

Pure Wool

Winter Underwear

is a better protection against cold than furs.

It has warmth without weight, and is as comfortable as underwear can be.

It is the best possible protection against chills and influenza.

Sold at the same moderate prices in Nelson as elsewhere.

Selling Agents in Nelson:

J. H. WALLACE

"Jaeger Head Office for Canada;—301 St. James Street, Montreal.

TRADE MARK

ON JAEGER UNDERWEAR

Sprott-Shaw Business Institute Limited.

336 Hastings St. W., Vancouver.

TEACHERS' SUMMER COURSE

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy and Engineering Courses by Mail.

R. J. SPROTT, B. A., Principal

IF YOU WANT A CAR OF

OATS, HAY OR POTATOES

Be Sure and Write Us for Quotations

HILL & HORN,

Red Deer — Alberta

GEO. M. GUNN

WARD STREET NEAR POSTOFFICE

Manufacturer of and dealer in Men's Fine Footwear. Repairing promptly dane.

MOTTO—Live and let live.

TOBACCO

All brands to suit all smokers. A full line of smoker's sup plies.

THURMAN'S

THE TOBACCONIST

$25.00

A month will buy a five roomed plastered house in thorough repair and one lot in the Hume Addition to Nelson. City water.

R. J. STEEL

Nelson Steam Laundry

P. O. Box 43. Telephone 146.

All kinds and all colors of Ladies' and Gents' Clothing

CLEANED AND DYED

Flannels, Blankets, Curtains, Silks, Etc., a speciality.

Gloves renovated to look like new.

Steam Carpet Cleaning

Your; patronage solicited.

PAUL NIPOU, Prop.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

"Kurtz's Own"
"Kurtz's Pioneer"
"Spanish Blossoms"

Union Made Cigars

KURTZ'S PIONEER CIGAR FACTORY,

148 Cordova St., W. — Vancouver, B. C.

Boarding and Day School

For Girls

Conducted by the Misses Beattie at

Kamloops, B. C.

Pupils prepared for High School and Matriculation. Splendid climate, home comforts and individual attention.

School reopens for fall term on Sept. 4

For particulars apply to

MISS BEATTIE, KAMLOOPS, B.C.

The Kootenay Development French and Canadian Association.

Reports on quartz mines, counsellors on exploitation, sales of properties and stocks, organisation of companies, real estate and lands. Correspondents of French financial papers.

OFFICES—Paris, France, P. J. Maris, Director; Nelson, B.C., P. Nipou; V. P. Maris, mining engineer, assayer and analytical chemist. (From High School, Paris.)

P. O. Box 78. — Nelson, B .C.

Phone 115.

For **A Good Roast** or **Tender Steak**

Ring up Phone **No. 5**

West Kootenay Butcher Co.

FRUIT TREES

Apple, 3 year, 250 lots, $35 per hundred.
Apple, 3 year, 500 lots, $30 per hundred.
Apple, 2 year, 250 lots, $25 per hundred.
Apple, 1 year, 250 lots, $12 per hundred.
Apple, 1 year, 500 lots, $10 per hundred.

Arrangements are made whereby above stock don't go to Vancouver for fumigation.

Stone and Wellington Nurseries, H. H. Avery, Agent, Nelson, B.C.

SHERMAN'S OPERA HOUSE — ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, OCTOBER 1st. . . .

SUTTON'S BIG SHOW

30-PEOPLE-30

MONDAY—"The Church Across the Way"

Band and Orchestra

Prices 25c, 50c and 75c. Seats on Sale Saturday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

BRITISH COLUMBIA PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION NEW WESTMINSTER

Excursion Rates, Vancouver or Westminster

$16.55 RETURN

ON SALE SEPT. 28 to OCT. 3. RETURN OCT. 11.

DAILY THROUGH SLEEPER Arrowhead to Vancouver

Full particulars and berth reservations apply to local agent or write

E. J. COYLE, A.G.P.A., Vancouver. — J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

Spokane Interstate Fair

SEPT. 24th TO OCT. 6th, 1906

Going Sept. 24th, One Day Only, Return Fare Will be $7.10

Going Sept. 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and Oct. 1, 2, 3, fare will be $9.30. All tickets limited to Oct. 7. Each ticket has one admission coupon to the fair.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION NEW WESTMINSTER $16.55

Oct. 2 to 6. On sale Sept. 28 to Oct. 2, limited Oct. 11. Only one night on the road.

C. G. YERKES, A.G.P.A., Seattle. — H. E. DOUGLAS, City P.A.

Atlantic S. S. Sailings

St. Lawrence Sailings

C.P.R. ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS
Emp. Ireland..Oct 5Emp. Britain..Oct. 19
L. Manitoba..Oct. 13L. Champlain..Oct. 27

ALLAN LINE
Tunisian.....Oct. 5Ionian .....Oct. 19
Victorian.....Oct. 12Virginian ....Oct. 26

DOMINION LINE
Canada .....Oct. 6Ottawa .....Oct. 20
Kensington....Oct. 13Dominion.....Oct. 27

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE
Mesaba .....Oct. 6Minneapolis....Oct. 13

AMERICAN LINE
Philadelphia..Oct. 6St. Paul.....Oct. 13

RED STAR LINE
Zeeland .....Oct. 6Kroonland....Oct. 13

CUNARD LINE
Umbria .....Oct. 6Campania ....Oct. 13
Caronia .....Oct. 9Etruria.. ....Oct. 20

WHITE STAR LINE
Celtic .....Oct. 5Teutonic .....Oct. 17
Oceanic .....Oct. 10Cedric .....Oct. 19

FRENCH LINE
La Provence...Oct. 4La Lorraine..Oct. 11

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
Pennsylvania ....Oct. 6
K. Auguste Victoria ....Oct. 11

NORTH GERMAN-LLOYD
Main ....Oct. 4
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse .....Oct. 9

All continental rates and sailings on application. If you are contemplating taking an ocean voyage drop us a line and we will be pleased to furnish you with full information promptly.

J. S. CARTER, W. P. F. CUMMINGS,
D.P.A. Nelson — Gen. Agt, Winnipeg

MORTGAGE SALE

UNDER and by virtue of the powers of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction on Saturday, the 20th day of October, 1906, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, at the Hotel Hume, corner of Ward and Vernon streets, Nelson, B.C., by Messrs. Charles A. Waterman and company, the following described property, viz:

Lots numbers fifteen (15) and Sixteen (16) both in Block number ten (10), being part of the subdivision of Lot number 96, Group one in the District of Kootenay, British Columbia, and known as the Hume addition to Nelson, B.C., according to a map or plan deposited in the Land Registry Office and numbered 284B.

Upon the said lands is erected a large and commodious dwelling house in first class order, with city water. This property is not far from the business portion of the city.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale or in the meantime upon application to

EDWARD A. CREASE,
Mortgagee's Solicitor.

Dated at Nelson, the 17th day of September, 1906.

NOTICE

In the matter of an application for the issue of a duplicate of the Certificate of Title for Sub-Division 2 of Lot 331, Group 1, in the district of Kootenay, (Map 725.)

NOTICE is hereby given that it is my intention to issue at the expiration of one month after the first publication hereof, a duplicate of the Certificate of Title to the above mentioned lands, in the name of Henry W. Farrall, which Certificate is dated the 23rd day of Oct. 1902, and numbered 1264A.

H. F. MACLEOD, District Registrar.

Land Registry Office, Nelson, B. C. Aug. 6, 1906.

TASTY MEALS

Easily prepared with Clark's pure canned meats in the house. Get Clark's if you want the best.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

FOR SALE

Eight roomed house, including bath, stone basement and cellar; furnace in first class shape. Desirable location. Apply H. E. Croasdaile & Co.

H. E. Croasdaile & Co.

Office Next door Can. Bank of Commerce. Phone 247 Nelson, B.C. P.O. box [illegible]

Galt Coal

And Wood of all Kinds
Terms: SPOT CASH
W. P. Tierney
Telephone 265
Baker Street, NELSON

MEN'S NIGHTROBES

You spend one-third of your time in bed, sir, so look well to your sleeping garments.

Choose those that are full and generous—no tight bands at neck or waist.

Nightrobes 75c to $3
Pajamas $2.25 to $3 suit

Emory & Walley
FIT-REFORM WARDROBE

THE STORE OF QUALITY

The Preserving Season

will soon be over. Don't delay getting what fruit you want as a few days more will see Peaches and Plums off the market.

Our list includes:—

Italian Prunes, per box, 20 lb.	75c
Green Gage Plums, per box, 20 lb.	75c
Egg Plums, per box, 20 lb.	90c
Hungarian Prunes, per box, 20 lb.	$1.25
Bartlett Pears, per box, 40 lb.	$2.75
Flemish Beauty Pears, box, 40 lb.	$2.75
Hyslop Crabs, per box, 40 lb.	$1.75
Ripe Tomatoes, per box, 20 lb.	$1.25
Green Tomatoes, per lb	3c
Green Peppers, per lb.	35c
Red Peppers, per lb.	35c
Yellow Tomatoes, per lb	10c
Citrons, per lb	5c

Robt. M. Hood & Co.

GROCERIES and PROVISIONS.
K. W. C. BLOCK NELSON, B. C.
PHONE 10.

For Immediate Sale

A house and two corner lots—well cultivated.

Price $700

Terms—$425 cash, balance on mortage.

70 acres of good fruit land—12 acre cleared—2 good streams—fronting on Kootenay lake.

Price $20 Per Acre

H. & M. BIRD
NELSON, B.C.

HAND PAINTED CHINA

See our window display of specially selected pieces. The famous Pickard China needs no introduction. We have carried it for two years, and it is well known to all China lovers. The prices are the same as charged at the factory. Those in our stock range from $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.30, $2.50 up to $18.00. It will pay you to see it at once.

J. O. PATENAUDE
Watchmaker, Manufacturing Jeweler, Optician
Phone 293

You can shorten
THE MOULTING SEASON
by using
MYERS' POULTRY SPICE

Helps the fowls to regain their vitality, and the sooner they recover the sooner they'll lay again, and eggs mean money. We have a full line of poultry foods.

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd

DAVIE'S PORK AND BEANS

3-lbs. Plain	15c
2-lbs. with Tomato Sauce	15c
1-lb. with Tomato Sauce, 3 for	25c

These are fine Canadian pack. Wholesome food and always ready to serve.

The Bell Trading Co.

We Invite You

To come and visit our store and will be pleased to show you our large and well assorted stock of

STOVES AND RANGES

Whether you buy or not it is a pleasure for us to show what a COMPLETE STOCK of these goods really means. Also

Guns, Rifles and Ammunition

The J. H. Ashdown Hardware Co., Ltd.
NELSON BRANCH

NELSON TRANSFER

Saddle Horses and Livery. Baggage Moved Day or Night.

Phone 35 -:- Nelson, B. C.

AS FRAGRANT AS THE FLOWERS

but more lasting and far less expensive. It's wonderful what exquisite odors can be extracted from nature.

A DAINTY BOTTLE OF PERFUME

is always necessary in the boudoir. We sell perfumes of standard make. A delicate perfume of lasting odor is worth a dozen others that are inferior. You're safe when you buy of us.

WM. RUTHERFORD
Druggist Nelson, B. C.

PRICE OF METALS.

New York, Sept. 28—Silver, 67 7-8; casting copper, 18 5-8; lead, $5.75.

London, Sept. 28—Lead, £18 12s. 6d.; silver, 31 1-2; spelter, no quotations.

NELSON'S NEWS OF THE DAY

The cricketers are getting up a flannel dance.

Judge Forin holds chambers this morning at 11 o'clock.

Miss Katie McPhee left last evening with her father for the coast.

A former manager of the local gas company, Fred Burnett, is visiting in the city.

B. E. Walker, general manager of the Canadian bank of Commerce, is expected here today on a visit.

Messrs. Sturgeon and Grant are repainting and refurnishing the Club hotel in view of the increasing trade of late.

Hon. Adam Beck of London, Ont., a member of the Ontario cabinet without portfolio, is a visitor to Nelson.

Today being the festival of St. Michael and All Angels there will be a celebration of holy communion this morning at 10:30.

Assays on the Mammoth ore brought down from Camborne by E. Baillie were completed yesterday by E. W. Widdowson and went beyond expectation.

The Kokanee takes the place of the Moyie on Monday next on the Kaslo run starting at 8 a.m. The Kokanee will in future make the Crawford bay call instead of the Kuskanook, which starts at 7 a.m. instead of 6:30 a.m.

Dr George Bryce, historian and principal of the Manitoba university, Winnipeg, is in the city. He is returning to the prairies after having completed a canvassing tour of British Columbia in the interests of the institution of which he is the head.

A referendum vote is being taken of the Socialists all over the province as to the place of the coming convention of Socialists. Sufficient votes have now come in to make it almost certain that the convention will be held in Nelson. Messrs. Hawthornthwaite and Williams will be here for the occasion. The convention will likely be held on Oct. 5, Friday next.

The provincal council of education is investigating the merits of a new history of England, adapted from the work of Symes by Prof. George Wrong of Toronto university. A copy has been sent to principal A. Sullivan of the local public school, and, presumably, to other principals throughout the province inviting them to express their opinions concerning its merits or demerits.

A car of Second Relief concentrates reached the Hall Mines smelter yesterday morning and took fire from spontaneous combustion. A hole was burned in the side of the car but otherwise little damage was done.

The appearance on the street yesterday evening of several boys in the simple but smart uniform of the Boy's Brigade betokens an early return to activity of the 1st Nelson company. New recruits will report their names to corporal J. Nicoll.

Mr. C. S. Fisher, of the Fisher-Hamilton real estate company of Winnipeg, accompanied by his wife, is a guest at the Strathcona. Mr. Fisher represents a syndicate of capitalists who are contemplating making extensive purchases of Kootenay fruit lands.

A. McDonald is down from the Lardeau with some specimens of soapstone. The New York quotations are from $15 to $25 per ton and the prospector declares he has a big dyke to be worked. This is a new thing in Kootenay mining annals.

Sir Abner Fraser, supreme clericus, O.O.H.P., has wired the officers of the local sanctorum that he will meet with the tribesmen in Kootenay's chief oasis on Wednesday, Oct. 3. Committees are now arranging to welcome their sheikh with true oriental perfection. Swamis from all Canadian oases will also be present.

The Chicago Philharmonic concert company which appears in Nelson on October 12, under the auspices of the 20,000 club, should not be confounded with the University Philharmonic association of the same city. The visiting artists are all persons of eminence in the professional musical world.

The suggestion contained in the evening paper that local printing establishments have attempted to hold up the 20,000 club in the matter of printing its new folder, is absolutely unfounded. So far the question of the cost of the work has not been discussed by local printers, for the simple reason that no definite particulars of the work are as yet obtainable. Tenders have been invited but owing to the sickness of the secretary the specifications could not be seen up to a late hour last evening. There has never been any combination among local printers for the purpose of regulating prices and certainly no effort has been made by any of the master printers of this city to fix a price on the 20,000 club's work. The only action taken by any of the local printers has been in the direction of urging upon the club the propriety of giving local printers a chance to bid on the work.

There are still a large number of prize winners at the fair who have not yet applied for their prize money. The office opposite the Queen's hotel on Baker street, will be open all through today and this evening, and as the directors are desirous of clearing things up, persons entitled to prizes will confer a favor by applying for same today or this evening.

E. W. Widdowson wishes to state in reply to numerous enquiries that, in the first place, the amounts assayed on the 20,000 club's ore guessing contest at the fair were $5.60 in gold and 27 cents in silver, making a total of $5.87; in the second place, that he delivered his assay certificate to the proper officials on Tuesday last.

FERNIE NOTES
(Special to The Daily News)

Fernie, Sept. 28—A fire was discovered last Saturday in the gob of a worked out pillar in No. 2 level of No. 8 mine, Michel, but it is now under control. The fire is attributed to spontaneous combustion.

Byron E. Walker, general manager of the Canadian bank of Commerce, and party arrived in town yesterday afternoon in their special train. They will be in Nelson tomorrow.

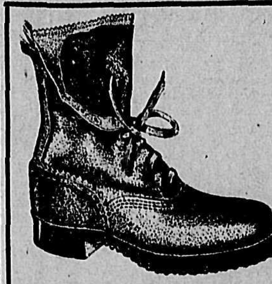
Barlow Cumberland, lately of Toronto, but now of London, England, is in town, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. G. S. Lindsey.

STRIKE SALT IN OIL WELL

Athabasca Landing, Sept. 28—Oil work at McMurray is proceeding rapidly. Four hundred feet have been bored. Mr. Bento, manager, states that while borng they struck one strip of 90 feet of first class salt. Afterwards they went through 12 feet of hard rock and then struck 60 feet of salt.

HYLAND GETS DECISION

San Francisco, Sept. 28—Dick Hyland got the decision over Eddie Hanlon at the end of the 13th round tonight.



MORE LECKIE BOOTS

We have just received another shipment of Leckie Boots. These boots are made of French Kid throughout. Every pair we sell has our guarantee. They are without doubt the best miners' boot on the market.

Price $7 00

THE ROYAL
A. ANDREW & CO.
Agents for Nettleton's, Slater's, Bell's.

McDONALD'S CANDY

We find these goods as fine as any put up, and in future will carry a full line of them. We have arranged to buy the full exhibit that has been on display during the Fair. These goods speak for themselves.

LONGHURST'S
Phone 25 Baker St.
Next P. Burns & Co.

PEACHES - - PEARS - - PEACHES

We are receiving daily shipments of CRAWFORD PEACHES, BARTLETT PEARS, CRAB APPLES, TOMATOES, CANTELOUPES, PLUMS, ITALIAN PRUNES and APPLES.

J. A. McDONALD
WHOLESALE FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY

PEACHES - - PEARS - - PEACHES

IMPORTED CIGARS

A Big Shipment from Isle de Luzon Just Arrived.

SPECIAL PRICES TO THE TRADE.

Cabinet Cigar Store
C. B. MATTHEW, Prop., Baker St.

TIMBER LAND

Any size blocks from 2,000 acres to 100,000 acres.

FRUIT LAND

First class farms from 10 to 500 acres. Lowest prices.

A. N. WOLVERTON

Baked Goods

Our baked goods have set a high standard of excellence and are maintaining that standard. Nothing better made. We deliver anywhere in the city. Leave your order.

The Star Bakery **CHOQUETTE BROS.**
PHONE 258 BAKER STREET

HARRIS' TWEEDS

Harris Tweeds arrived, ready for your inspection. They are, as usual, choice goods.

...Underwear...

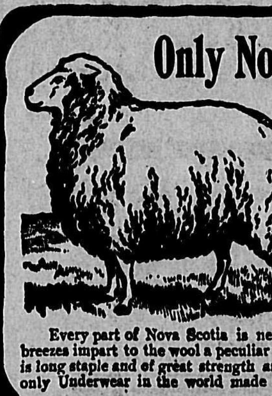
NOW is the time for good Underwear. We have what you want in ladies and children's; excellent values at close prices.

...Hosiery...

Our stock of Cashmere Hose for ladies and children is the very best, and the prices will suit you.

NEW MANTLES, NEW WATERPROOFS, NEW UNDERSKIRTS, NEW READY TO WEAR SKIRTS.

Kerr & Co.
Baker and Ward St., Nelson.
NEW CASH STORE
STANDARD PATTERNS.



Only Nova Scotia Wool IN Stanfield's Unshrinkable Underwear

Every part of Nova Scotia is near salt water and the gentle sea breezes impart to the wool a peculiar texture and softness. This wool is long staple and of great strength and elasticity. "Stanfield's" is the only Underwear in the world made from Nova Scotia combed wool.

J. A. GILKER, Agent.

BULK PICKLES

Giant Queen Olives . . 40c pint
Sweet Girkins . . . . . 50c quart
German Dill Pickles . . 25c quart

Also have Fresh Smoked Halibut, Fresh Smoked Kippers.

C. A. BENEDICT
Corner Josephine and Silica Streets. 'Phone 7

Ten Acre Tracts of Fruit Land.

We are selling choice land at Slocan Junction, and bordering on railroad and Kootenay river, in 10 acre lots, for $550. Easy terms. Free railway fare for intending purchasers. See plan in our office.

TOYE & CO.
Fruit Lands and Real Estate Nelson, B. C.

-FUSE-
"Maple Leaf Brand"
Manufactured by the originators of Safety Fuse. Established 1836.

Our Fall Stock

Of Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Drapes and Blankets is now in. It will pay you to make an early selection.

The STANDARD FURNITURE Co.
Agents Mason and Risch Pianos, Ostermoor Mattresses, Globe-Wernick Book Cases, Complete House Furnishers and Undertakers.

A SNAP

Four roomed house and lot on Silica street near Hall street.

Price $825--Terms Easy

This is a snap and will not last long. Speak quick if you want it.

McDermid & McHardy

BULBS
FOR FALL AND WINTER PLANTING

If you want beautiful flowers in your house this winter, or in your garden next spring, THE BULBS MUST BE PLANTED THIS FALL. We have just received a shipment of very fine Bulbs comprising.

HYACINTHS (11 Varieties)
TULIPS
NARCISSUS (or Daffodils)

Order Now While the Assortment is Complete

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