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THE DAILY NEWS

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TREATMENT RATES CUT

Custom Smelters Reduce Charges for Handling Lead Ores

Former Cost of $15 a Ton Lowered to $12 --Managers Admit Fact but Decline to Discuss the Causes

A change, of the greatest importance to the lead miners of the Kootenays, has been officially announced, that of the reduction, by at least one smelting company, of the rates for freight and treatment on silver-lead ores, from the old charge of $15 per ton which has been in force since 1900, to $12 per ton.

The Hall Mining & Smelting company officially announces the reduction and it is understood that the new rate will be adopted at the Trail smelter, the Canadian Metal company's works at Pilot Bay, and at the Marysville smelter in East Kootenay. At present, however, The Daily News is only in a position to speak in positive terms of the matter so far as the Hall Mining & Smelting company is concerned.

The reduction means a great deal for the entire community and should prove a decided benefit to all silver-lead miners.

Circulars containing the announcement are being sent to mine owners and managers from the local smelter office.

A telephone inquiry to the Hall Mining & Smelting offices was answered by the smelter manager, R. R. Hedley, who said:

"We are sending circulars to our customers announcing that the rate for freight and treatment of silver-lead ores is reduced from $15 to $12 a ton."

In reply to a further question as to the reason for such a reduction, Mr. Hedley's answer was, "Well, we want the ore."

C. Fernau, manager of the Canada Metal company, seen in his office yesterday, declined to offer any explanation of the reduction or to admit that he could do so, if he wished. He intimated that the Pilot Bay smelter, operated by his company, was now open to receive lead ores for custom treatment, and that the rate for freight and treatment would probably be about the same as that charged at other custom smelters.

In reply to further questions, Mr. Fernau said that he had decided to install Smith-Wilfley tables, and two lead-zinc separators, manufactured by the same firm.

These, with the Blanchard furnaces already in operation, will make the equipment of the restored Pilot Bay smelter thoroughly modern, efficient and economic. It is not inconceivable that the conditions created at that smelter have had some influence on the managements of other smelters in leading them to consider a reduction of rates, although, naturally, a statement to that effect cannot be secured from any one officially.

Several reasons may be adduced for the change and it is likely that it is a combination of all that has led to the reduction at the present time.

Frequent reference has been made to the gradual but steady adoption at the Hall Mining & Smelting works of labor saving devices, all parts of a well-planned scheme of economy in handling and treating ore. Those processes have now been developed to an extent that make a reduction in the charges possible without materially reducing the profit to the smelter. Similar improvements have been developed simultaneously at other Canadian smelters.

The general adoption by British Columbia smelters of the Huntingdon-Heberlein, or similar roasting processes, has also had an important effect in reducing the cost of treatment.

Added to the two enabling causes already mentioned has been another of probably at least equal force. During 1904 and the first half of 1905 a large proportion of the output of the St. Eugene mine went to European smelters, which were able to offer lower treatment rates in consideration of a guarantee of a steady supply of ore of a certain grade.

In the present conditions, with the price of lead high and considered likely to remain high, German smelter managers are said to be keen for supplies of ore from British Columbia mines. The only condition now attached is that the ore shall contain at least 60 per cent lead. Representatives of German smelters are now in the country working quietly and unostentatiously, but persistently, to secure a guarantee of supplies.

The reduction of the rate by the home smelters will probably have the beneficial effect of preventing the exportation of British Columbia ores for treatment, and consequently of permitting the continued employment of an increasing number of smeltermen.

But much more important is the effect, which the reduction is certain to have, upon the mining industry. In the Slocan district alone are a great number of mines with large deposits of comparatively low-grade lead ore. During the years of low prices for lead and high rates for treatment, the majority of these mines have not been worked to their full capacity or have lain idle, the margin of profit attainable being too small to permit of continued operation.

To such properties, a reduction of 20 per cent in the cost of treatment means a substitution of handsome profits for either a mere balance or a distinct loss.

It is safe to predict that the immediate effect will be to greatly stimulate the silver-lead mining industry.

The beneficial results to Nelson of increased activity in the Slocan requires no comment.

The present year has started out well for the mining industry hereabouts, in the high prices for silver and lead, and the reduced rates should and no doubt will result in a marked return of prosperity in silver mining circles.

TO LIMIT THE SCOPE

NEW TURN IN KAIEN ISLAND LAND GRANT ENQUIRY

SMELTER MANAGERS WATCHING LABOR LEGISLATION

(Special to The Daily News)

Press Gallery, Legislative Assembly, Victoria, Feb. 12.—Owing to the absence of premier McBride and several members at the funeral of the premier's brother, the late W. L. McBride, at New Westminster, all controversial business at the legislature was passed over this afternoon, and during a brief session only some unimportant bills were considered in committee, and a number of private bills given a second reading.

At the opening of the house, J. A. Macdonald, the leader of the opposition, in a few appropriate words expressed the sympathy of his side of the house with the premier's sad bereavement, and stated that until such time as the premier was able to resume his place in the legislature the opposition would consent to waive consideration of all controversial business.

Minister of finance Tatlow replied, expressing appreciation of the sympathetic words of the leader of the opposition.

A new turn was given the Kaien island land grant investigation this morning by the application of E. V. Bodwell to have the committee define the powers and scope of its investigation.

Macdonald pointed out that as Bodwell was only a witness and not counsel, it was rather strange to have him coming forward to dictate or advise as to the proper course to be pursued by the committee. Macdonald said that if Bodwell wished in any way to amend or supplement his evidence he would be pleased to give him an opportunity to do so, but could not consider for one moment his right to discuss in any way the scope of the inquiry.

After some discussion it was decided to adjourn the inquiry until Tuesday evening, when it is expected the government members of the committee will be ready to give effect to a plan regulating the scope of the inquiry to suit the views of Bodwell.

It is generally understood that Bodwell's idea is to limit the scope so as to prevent Anderson giving evidence contradictory to his, Bodwell's, statement. Anderson and his friends are closely identified with the Kaien island land grant deal, and they alleged that they have not benefitted to the extent anticipated, owing to the failure of Bodwell, or of the members of the government, to carry out their part of the agreement. Consequently they are disgruntled, and perhaps ready to testify to details of the deal which might prove injurious to the government. Therefore, it is very important that steps should be taken immediately to limit the scope of the enquiry.

The smelter managers of the province are gathering here to watch the progress of Davidson's bill to regulate the hours of labor in smelters. Among those in attendance from up country smelters are: F. W. Guernsey, Trail; J. McAllister, Greenwood; A .W. B. Hodges, Grand Forks; and J. J. Campbell, Nelson. Their attitude is not one of active opposition to the bill, but to suggest that in view of the amicable agreement recently arrived at between the management and the men as to the hours of labor in smelters, the introduction of the bill at this time is uncalled for. They express a desire to test the present mutual arrangement for a further period before special legislation is enacted.

C. W. Munro, M. P. P., left for Chilliwack tonight, having received a telegram that his mother was dying. His departure will probably necessitate a reorganization of the Kaien island land grant committee of enquiry.

DEATH OF E. B. EDDY

Hull, Feb. 12.—E. B. Eddy, the well known paper manufacturer, died at his residence in Hull yesterday morning, after a weeks' illness. He contracted a severe cold about a year and a half ago, while on a visit to the Pacific coast, and never fully recovered from the effects. A week ago he was compelled to take to his bed and sank gradually until this morning, when it was recognized that there was no hope.

ATLANTIC GALES

Halifax, Feb. 12—Eleven ocean liners came into Halifax between Saturday afternoon and Sunday evening. Among them was the Furness liner Ulundo, from Liverpool which encountered severe weather. During the gale Charles Meyers, a quartermaster, was washed overboard. In mid-ocean the Ulunda passed a number of cattle which had been swept overboard from some cattle steamer.

A FAILURE TO AGREE

French Delegates Make No Further Concessions to Germany

Algeciras Conference Breaks Up on Question of the Policing of Morocco--Germany Satisfied With Result

Rome, Feb. 12—Most pessimistic official news has been received from Algeciras causing considerable apprehension. It is said that France is determined to consider a Franco-Spanish organization of the Moroccan police as her ultimate concession. To this Germany refuses to agree, thus breaking up the conference.

London, Feb. 12—While the British government has not relaxed its efforts to bring about an agreement between France and Germany on the question of the Moroccan police, it has given up hope of an amicable settlement. It is expected in official circles that the Algeciras conference will break up possibly during the present week, leaving the Moroccan situation where it was before the conference was called.

Germany is given the credit for the failure. In fact it is believed here that the emperor, realizing that there is no hope of Germany's demands being endorsed by the powers, is now anxious that the conference shall fail. Great Britain maintains her position supporting the French demands in regard to the policy and cannot see any reason for a compromise. Should the conference break up, it is expected that France will continue her policy of policing the Algerian frontier and Algeria, and should serious trouble break out with in the sultan's domains, France will undertake to suppress it, defying the powers, on the grounds that she cannot afford to allow the disorder to continue if it threatens the peace of her colony. Germany then will be in a position, it is pointed out, of having either to concede the right of France to police Morocco or issue an ultimatum to the effect that France must not interfere in the affairs of the country.

FATAL GRADE CROSSING

LOCAL TRAIN COLLIDES WITH CHICAGO STRET CAR

THREE PASSENGERS ARE KILLED AND MANY INJURED

Chicago, Feb. 12—A train on the Pennsylvania railroad, running at the rate of 20 miles an hour, crashed into a street car in South Chicago last night, instantly killing three persons and injuring 12. The killed and injured were all occupants of the street car. The engine and the first coach of the passenger train left the rails and were overturned.

The passenger train was a local, leaving Chicago at 11:30 p.m. It was well filled with passengers who were thrown into a panic by the collision. The street car was hurled into the air, overturned and ground to splinters before the locomotive. The crash came almost without warning and but few of the occupants of the street car had an opportunity to leap from the car before it was struck. The passengers of the railway train hurried to the assistance of those imprisoned in the debris and began the work of rescue. The engineer of the passenger train and the crew of the street car were placed under arrest.

SUNDAY OBSERVANCE

Alliance Applying to Ontario and Dominion Parliaments

Toronto, Feb. 12—The legislative committee of the Ontario Lord's Day alliance representing the entire province, sent a deputation to wait upon premier Whitney and the cabinet today to call attention to the necessity of some amendments to the laws affecting Sunday operation of electric railways. The bill prepared by the alliance proposes to restrict employment upon electric railways to six days.

The premier promised to consider the matter but gave no positive understanding as to what the government would do pending the action of the dominion government, who have promised to introduce a bill at the coming session of parliament.

Ottawa, Feb. 12—A bill to provide for the better observance of Sunday is on the government's program for the coming session of parliament. It will be on the lines of the measure submitted to the government by the Sabbath Observance association of Canada, with varying needs of the respective provinces. It is in framing of a law applicable to the country as a whole that the lawmakers find the greatest difficulty. We cannot have a special act for each province, and yet in no two are conditions exactly alike, or the views on Sabbath observance entirely in harmony. In the extreme west people have very broad views with respect to how the Sabbath should be spent, whereas sentiment favors greater restraint the further east you go.

Ontario has very decided views that Sunday should be observed as a day of rest, and this feeling is even stronger in the provinces by the sea. On the other hand, in Quebec the opinion is numerously entertained that their religious duties having been discharged in the forenoon of Sunday, people are free to enjoy recreation in a rational way. Moreover, the custom has grown up of doing on Sunday after mass some things which are innocent in themselves, and yet conflict with the idea of Sabbath observance. However, on this question the Roman Catholic hierarchy are in accord with their brethren of the Protestant faith, and it will be surprising indeed if in response to their united demand some law is not placed on the statute book which will prove satisfactory to the great body of people who desire to provide against the introduction in Canada of anything savoring of the Sunday that is seen on the continent of Europe.

ELECTION PETITIONS

London, Feb. 12—Sir Francis Henry Evans, liberal, recently defeated at the Maidstone, Kent, election, has petitioned against the return of the marquis of Londonderry's son and heir, viscount Castlereagh, unionist, alleging bribery and other illegalities against the Castlereagh agents. Sir Francis was defeated by the narrow majority of 123. About half a dozen other petitions have ben lodged against other elections on similar grounds.

JOLY'S SUCCESSOR

Quebec, Feb. 12.—A report, said to emanate from a high authority, is circulating here this afternoon that senator Choquette is to succeed Sir Henry Joly as lieutenant governor of British Columbia.

TROUBLE IS IMMINENT

RECRUDESCENCE OF BOXER OUTBREAK IS FEARED

CABLE MESSAGES SENT TO THE FAR EAST

Chicago, Feb. 12—A despatch to the Inter-Ocean from Cincinnati says: "Wong Fong, former secretary of the Six companies in San Francisco, who is visiting in this city, says he thinks the Boxer trouble in China is about to culminate in the greatest massacre of modern times. He issued the following to several American friends last night, telegraphing it to Seattle, Los Angeles and San Francisco: 'The blow is about to fall. Cable warnings to friends and leave China at once. Tell them to seek the protection of Germany temporarily and to get out of the country before Feb. 24.'"

Fong is visiting Ha Loo Wai, a local wealthy Chinaman, who explained the message as follows: "I received word yesterday that the order had ben sent out to subordinate circles of the Chinese Reform association, to throw off all foreign elements in our country starting Feb. 24. The association is ostensibly patriotic."

SITTING IN OPPOSITION

LABORITES DECLARE THEIR POLITICAL INDEPENDENCE

WILL MAKE COMMON CAUSE ONLY WITH TRADE UNIONISTS

London, Feb .12—The new labor party members of parliament, to the number of 30, who were nominated under the auspices of the labor representation committee, held their first meeting in a committee room of the house of commons this afternoon and elected J. Keir Hardie chairman for the coming session.

The members who attended the meeting also decided that they would sit on the opposition side of the house. This group is distinguished from the rest of the labor party by the fact that it is pledged not to enter into an alliance with the radical party. The meeting also decided to co-operate with the trades unionist members on labor bills without formally allying themselves with that party .

CHARGES REDUCED

Rossland Switching Rates Cut Down—New Lifeboats for the Coast

(Special to The Daily News)

Ottawa, Feb. 21.—The railway commission has issued an order directing the Spokane Falls & Northern railway, a branch of the Great Northern line, to reduce their switching charges with the C. P. R. from $5 per car to $3.50 per car. The C. P. R. did not run to the shipping point of the Le Roi mine and had to use the Great Northern spur for this purpose at Rossland.

The minister of inland revenue, Hon. William Templeman, now no longer senator, has secured from the marine department one of the lifeboats stationed on the lakes, but which is not kept in commission during the winter months for immediate transference and use on the west coast of Vancouver island. The department has given orders for several new lifeboats, at least one of which will be sent to British Columbia as soon as built. These boats will be shipped via the C. P. R. to the agent of the department, captain Gaudin, who will place them wherever it may be deemed best, or as he may be instructed subsequently.

Colonel Anderson, who has given much thought to the whole question of the dangers to navigation on the west coast of Vancouver island, is of the opinion that one of these lifeboats should be carried on wrecking steamers, which should also be equipped with a line-throwing gun and other life-saving apparatus. The second boat could be placed at Bamfield creek. These boats are of the most approved design and are safe in any sea. The difficulty, as colonel Anderson sees it, is not in securing boats but in finding places along the coast where they can be launched in a gale. For this reason the Salvor will be required to carry one of them at all times.

Mr. Templeman also says that the telegraphic or telephonic service along the coast will be made as perfect as it can be made ,and to this end it is desirable that the roads or trails that are to be built by the provincial government should be completed at once. The line of wire should follow the road so that it can be easily reached at any point. These are matters that can be done now, other improvements, such as more powerful lights or more powerful sirens, or additional lighthouses, can follow as quickly as possible.

The remains of the late E. B. Eddy, of Hull, who died on Sunday morning, were forwarded from here today to Bristol, Vt., for interment. A large crowd followed the remains to the depot. Rev. Dr. Herridge conducted the funeral service at the family residence.

WOMEN AGE EARNERS

Washington, Feb. 12—Secretary of the treasury Shaw submitted to congress today a recommendation of secretary Metcalfe of the department of commerce and labor, that $200,000 be included in the estimates of the bureau of laber to investigate the condition of women wage earners in the United States.

BALFOUR IS ENIGMATIC

Makes Some Concessions to the Demands of Chamberlain

Declares Himself Guardedly in Favor of a Protectionist Policy--Will Now Probably be Continued as Leader

London, Feb. 12.—Arthur J. Balfour's dialetical skill has again served him well and probably reinstated him in the leadership of his diminished party. He has still to run the gauntlet of the party meeting which has been arranged to be held on Thursday. But after the speech which was delivered in the city tonight at a banquet given to Sir Edward Clarke, former solicitor general, and Alban G. Gibbs, who has relinquished the seat in parliament to which he was recently elected in order that Mr. Balfour may have another opening to obtain a place in the house of commons, it is fairly safe to say that little further will be heard of any alternative leadership. While his speech was fully as ambiguous as any of his previous utterances, the former premier declined to accept the country's verdict in the recent elections as final. He declared himself still for a policy of fiscal reform in terms only a trifle more definite than he formerly employed, but which is accepted by the Chamberlain organs as by far the clearest and most unmistakeable utterance Mr. Balfour has yet given his countrymen.

The Standard, which headed the movement to displace Mr. Balfour from the Unionist leadership, will in tomorrow's issue complain of his indefiniteness, but will say: "We are glad to think his speech makes it possible for tariff reformers to accept him as the leader of the Unionist party and paves the way to unanimity at Thursday's meeting of the party."

Mr. Balfour had a flattering reception. He looked rather tired and worn but spoke with great energy, and managed to please all sections of the party, the gist of his speech being that the policy he was advocating could not be called protection, and that as the present government is in for a long term there is no immediate necessity to elaborate methods to attain the end they all desired.

Mr. Balfour confined himself mainly to fiscal questions. He maintained that the results of the general election could not be accepted as a final verdict against fiscal reform. He declined to argue the question of protection versus free trade, but maintained that the policy he had hitherto advocated was altogether apart from the controversy. His policy was designed so far as might be to diminish the burden on British industries. This policy was hostile to the tariffs which other industrial countries have imposed. In countries where hostile tariffs did not exist it was the intention to preserve neutral markets and at the same time preserve the interests of the British colonies on an equal footing. It was a policy intended to maintain an increased foreign market for British manufactures. Protection was an attempt to keep the home market against equal competition from foreign countries. The sentiment favoring his policy was not diminishing, but increasing, and unless it were carried out as he believed, as the world became more and more industrialized, and as civilized nations brought more and more the weaker nations under control, the question of markets for Great Britain would assume proportions which could not be ignored.

He viewed the industrial conditions in the United Kingdom with the greatest alarm. Possibly nations which built up industries behind tariff walls were acting foolishly, but nevertheless they did it and the result undoubtedly was injurious to the United Kingdom.

Mr. Balfour asked was it possible to carry out retaliation unless a general tariff formed a part of the system. He declined to commit himself on that point but he said what the country had to make up its mind to was: "Is the end at which we are aiming worth making a sacrifice for?" The cause of tariff reform, Mr. Balfour said, must be delayed some years ,but in the meanwhile it was the duty of the opposition to the present government to point out the mistakes of the latter and direct the country along the best lines looking to the future of the empire. He was ready to concede the present government even a longer life than five years. In conclusion he welcomed the workingmen in parliament, but added that he doubted if the present labor representation was destined to introduce legislation beneficial to the country, or which the Unionists could support.

A MUSICAL TREAT

Classic Concert Last Night by Stanley Adams, Madame Langley and Miss Meggy

A rare musical treat was offered to the Nelson public last night in St. Paul's Presbyterian church when Madame Beatrice Langley, the eminent violinist, along with Stanley Adams, baritone, and Miss Myrtle Meggy, pianist, performed to an audience which filled the church and which accorded to the distinguished artists an enthusiastic reception.

In her opening selection from Schutt's Sonata, op. 44, for violin and piano, Madame Langley's breadth of style, and fulness and richness of tone, were finely displayed in the Allegro Risoluto, and in the Rondo a la Russe immediately following, the brightness of the quaint rhythms, was aptly displayed. Saint Saen's le Deluge Prelude, a minuet of Mozart and a piece by Wenlawski were rendered in succession with such completeness of technique as more than justified the recall, to which Madame Langley responded by playing Dvorak's Humoreske, in a fashion so lovely that the audience could not but regret that its close had come. Later Madame Langley proved herself a mistress of the noble instrument in Hubay's Hungarian Dances. Recalled after this, she responded with variations on the familiar air Way Down Upon the Swanee Ribber, treated in a manner delightful both to the popular air and to those capable of appreciating the finest execution.

Miss Meggy is a young pianist who gives promise of a distinguished career. The contrast between the pathetic power of Rakhmaninoff's Prelude and Liszt's Gnomenreigen, with its merry brilliance, was brought out in such a way as to convince the audience that Miss Meggy has advanced far in the mastery of the pianoforte, and her rendering under recall of Lesdietizky's Intermezzo in octaves, further demonstrated the width of her accomplishments. Subsequently her refined and sympathetic touch and delicacy of execution were displayed in In Sylvanis and a Valse by Uraninade. Her accompaniments also left nothing to be desired.

Stanley Adams possesses a rich and powerful baritone voice and gives abundant proof of careful tuition and conscientious study. His style is direct, simple and manly, his enunciation is excellent and his control and management of his voice is delightful. He made a good impression with his opening song, Tosti's My Dreams, which was sustained by his rendering of Nevin's, Oh That We Two Were Maying, and Von Fielitz's Ermingard, both rendered with fine feling and expression. As an encore he gave the familiar Low Backed Car, with rich Hibernian humor. The same humor appeared in Lohr's You'd Better Ask Me, and the fun of childhood in To My First Love. In response to another encore Mr. Adams gave Dora Bright's setting of Kipling's You Mustn't Swim Till You're Six Weeks Old. The variety of his power of interpretation was finely shown in his grand rendering of Faure's Les Rameaux, to which Madame Langley contributed the violin obligato with splendid effect. At the close the three artists were again recalled with enthusiasm by the audience who evidently felt that a memorable event in their hearing of music had passed over only too quickly. A word of praise is due to the skilful arrangement of the program and its interesting annotations.

GERMANY IN DILEMMA

FEARS EFFECT OF NEW TARIFF ON UNITED STATES

DOES NOT WISH TO BENEFIT ENGLAND OR FRANCE

Berlin, Feb. 12.—The annual convention of the Agrarian association, including in its membership 27,000 proprietors of estates, large and small, and forming one of the most powerful political bodies in the empire, opened here today. About 8,000 owners of estates were present. Dr. Von Floecker, a large land owner of Hanover, and until recently secretary of legation at the City of Mexico, made a statement on the trade relations with the United States.

Dr. Von Floecker said: "These relations have now become acute because up to the present we have not been able to conclude a new commercial agreement with the United States. You all know that we have taken twice as much from America as we send there. But unfortunately the principle of closed home markets has the upper hand in the senate. President Roosevelt, in spite of his admiration for Germany, cannot alter the intention of the senate. We might argue that with the exception of cotton, maize and lard, we could get anything else we buy from the United States from other countries, but firm as we must be in our negotiations, it would be fatal if we do not do all we could to make an agreement possible. The English and French would be the chief gainers were we to engage in a commercial war with the United States. Such a war, therefore, could only have one result on our side, and that would be to weaken us. But that must never be the aim of our policy. On the contrary, we have every reason in the present complicated world situation to strengthen our ties with America, which is the only world power that can remain passive towards Great Britain and at the same time form a closer friendship with us."

Dr. Von Floecker concluded by saying: "Don't think too little of American friendship, but do all you can to impress upon all classes the political importance of this friendship."

CURLING NOTES

Blackwood Wins the All Comers' Trophy—Other Games

The final game in the All Comers' contest, which ended at the bonspiel with Fox and Blackwood ahead, was played off at the Nelson rink last night. The final was watched by many Nelson curlers and several visitors from Sandon. The game was full of exciting incident and varying success. Blackwood won out in the 13th end by 12-11.

The following games in the local Consolation series will be played today: Taylor vs. McIntyre, Stocks vs. Macdonald, Goodeve vs. Gillett, DeVeber vs. Starkey, Hedley vs. Bunyan, Fox vs Hodge, Hawkey vs. Turner.

FERNIE BEATS NELSON

Result of Hockey Match Played in Local Rink Last Night

The hockey game at the Nelson rink last night between Fernie and Nelson teams was a fair exhibition of the national winter game, but was no test of the relative merits of the Fernie and Nelson hockey teams. Nelson was represented by three seniors and four juniors, Fernie by its full senior team. The game was open and the scoring heavy, ending 10 to 5 in favor of Fernie.

FATAL PORTLAND FIRE

Portland, Ore., Feb. 12—At least four persons lost their lives in a fire that swept a busy commercial district at the east end of Morrison bridge today. Ten or more persons were seriously injured.

WILL NOT BE DRAWN

Mitchell Non-committal on the Action Taken by Patrick Dolan

Coal Operators Gathering in New York for the Conference on Coal Strike Which Will be Held on Thursday

New York, Feb. 12.—President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America, who arrived here on Sunday night to prepare for the conference on Thursday between the mine workers of the anthracite region and their employers, spent today in arranging his program for the meeting.

Mr. Mitchell declined to discuss the anthracite coal situation so far as it related to the miners' union in advance of the meeting with the operators. Neither would he talk of the conditions in the west. Mr. Mitchell was in conference tonight with the presidents of the three anthracite districts, who will take up most of his time between now and Thursday in the work of perfecting the propositions to be laid before the mine operators. The outline of these demands was drafted by three executive boards of the hard coal fields at a series of meetings held last week at Wilkesbarre. These demands have not been made public.

Mr. Mitchell was much interested today in the statement given out by district president Patrick Dolan of Pittsburg, but said that he did not care to discuss the statement that he was going to New York "to ask the anthracite operators for a contract which he has not the power to enter into, as the national convention had tied him hand and foot," or the attack on his conduct of coal strikes in the past, and the declaration that every strike in the soft coal regions under his leadership had ended in failure.

President Mitchell afterwards made the following statement: "I do not propose to be drawn into a newspaper controversy with Mr. Dolan or anyone else. At the proper time and in the proper way I shall make answer. At present I am too busily engaged solidifying the ranks of the miners and protecting their interests to say anything that would assist in his apparent efforts to destroy their hopes and to divide their strength."

SMALLPOX AT SEA

Virulent Disease Breaks Out as in Ante-Jenner Days

New York, Feb. 12.—One month on the Atlantic ocean with the inner ship converted into a smallpox hospital and one-quarter of the crew ill with this disease, was the experience of the whalign brig Sullivan, of New London, Conn. The story of the smallpox outbreak of the whaler was told today by Mrs. M. Hagerty, wife of the master of the ship, who arrived here from Rio de Janeiro on the steamer Italian Prince. The whaling vessel put into Rio de Janeiro after ten of its crew had died of smallpox and with several others ill with the disease ,and with the remaining members of the crew frantic to get ashore off the vessel, which they declared had been cursed.

The cruise began last October from the island of Fayal in the Azores. After the brig had been out some time a sailor fell ill of smallpox and the disease spread until nine sailors were ill. Days followed when, owing to the fear which spread among the members of the crew, the brig drifted along almost like a deserted ship.

BASE INGRATITUDE!

Toronto, Feb. 12.—There was a merry meeting of Third ward Conservatives on Saturday night, seld for the purpose of selecting a candidate for North Toronto, in place of Dr .Beattie Nesbitt, who has been appointed registrar. W. B. Newsome, a candidate for nomination, charged the Third ward Conservatives with being ungrateful to Nesbitt, saying that Nesbitt had spent thousands of dollars on behalf of the Conservative party. "He has given you a moonlight excursion. He has fed you and given you banquets. He has gorged you with beer and pigs 'feet, and now, with base ingratitude, you pelt him with the bones of the pigs' feet."

HOCKEY CHAMPIONSHIP

Montreal, Feb. 12.—The Ottawa hockey club defeated the Victorias of this city Saturday night by 10 to 4, while at Quebec the Shamrocks of Montreal were beaten by a Quebec team, score 14 to 8. The result of the first game is to make the fight for the championship between Ottawa and the Wanderers of Montreal. They are now tied.

KING CHRISTIAN'S FUNERAL

Copenhagen, Feb. 12—All the members of the royal family and the court attended the final service over the body of king Christian at the Gartenhaal in Amelianborg tonight. The coffin of the dead king will be removed tomorrow to the Christianborg church, where the body will lie in state for two days.

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Carnefac Poultry Food

At 25c to 50c per package.

Poultry raisers all over the country are enthusiastic over it and find that the use of it increases the laying capacity enormously. Try a package.

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5,000	Denoro Mine	.07½	1,000	War Eagle	.21
25,000	Pathfinder	.03	2,000	International Coal	30
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Call and see me on these lines.

The Very Best Evidence of the many points of advantage that the

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has over others is the quantity we are selling and the universal and entire satisfaction they are giving.

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Require the Most Careful Attention as Well as Good Soil.

Did you ever see a rosebush which—despite the most beneficent environment of soil—of sunshine—and of atmosphere,—seemed never to achieve a healthy growth.

A ton of manure will not help a plant that has a canker eating out its heart.

You must destroy the cause before you can remove the effect.

You cannot cure Dandruff and Baldness by rubbing on hair lotions, and rubbing in vaseline, etc.

You must look to the cause of the trouble—it's a germ at the roots of your hair which causes it to fall out.

Newbro's Herpicide destroys the germ, and healthy hair is the sure result.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit Mich.

CANADA DRUG & BOOK COMPANY, Special Agents, K.W.C. Block

Auction Sale!

The Auction Sale will be continued at 2:30 this afternoon and every afternoon this week. At 7:30 this evening we shall also have an auction sale of Men's Furnishings and Ladies' Goods.

This store will be open from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., when everything can be purchased at less than cost.

This morning we are making a specialty of Men's Hats at $1 each worth $2 to $4; Men's Colored Shirts at 50c each worth $1.50.

Dressmakers supplies for less than cost.

Fred Irvine Co., Limited.

ILL-CONCEIVED LEGISLATION

Bill No. 13, entitled, "An Act respecting the use and manufacture, within British Columbia, of timber cut on lands of the Crown," introduced by Hon. R. F. Green, chief commissioner of lands and works, and forced through the house by the combined socialist-conservative vote, is a measure calculated to prove injurious to the lumber industry, even in its amended state, but as originally introduced it would have worked extreme hardship upon the mill men of the interior, in particular, cutting them off entirely from a market for a large proportion of their output.

Happily, Dr. King, the member for Cranbrook, is thoroughly conversant with the interior lumber situation, and his vigorous protests against the chief commissioner's avowed determination to push the bill through unamended aroused the house to its dangerous nature, and in order to save it from being summarily thrown out, the chief commissioner was compelled to make such modifications as will at least exempt the interior lumber men from its exactions.

The bill never should have been introduced. Had it been found necessary to amend existing legislation, regulating the exportation of lumber cut and manufactured in the province, amendments to the Land Act could have been carefully devised for that purpose.

The fact of the matter is that this pernicious bill was introduced solely on personal grounds. No secret was made of this fact in the debates on second reading and in committee. Chief commissioner Green had been worsted in several conflicts with the well known coast logging man, Emerson, and it was to get even with him that the crude measure in question was introduced.

Emerson first came in conflict with the chief commissioner in connection with the flotation of the West Coast Pulp & Paper company, a scheme involving the acquisition by the promoters of a vast area of provincial timber lands as pulp wood lands. Emerson made known to the world that these lands were not what they were declared to be, that the flotation, as a pulp and paper enterprise, was worthless. As a result of these representations the promoters were unable to unload in London, and a scheme that would have enriched a number of people in this province at the expense of the public assets fell to the ground.

Following upon this successful blocking of a bogus promotion by Emerson came persistent vexatious interference with his logging operations by the department over which the chief commissioner presides. In every conceivable manner Emerson was made to feel that the whole machinery of provincial government was to be used for his undoing. The story of the attempts of the chief commissioner to cripple Emerson's undertakings has already been told in the court proceedings arising therefrom. In all these court proceedings Emerson has been held to be in the right, the chief commissioner has been unable to justify in any particular the annoyances to which Emerson has been subjected. The courts have found that Emerson was acting within his rights and that in interfering with his operations the department of the chief commissioner of lands and works displayed ignorance of the law of the land. Beaten in the courts, and outwitted at every move and turn by Emerson, we find the chief commissioner making his last play by the introduction of this precious bill respecting the use and manufacture, within British Columbia, of timber cut on lands of the crown. To make good obvious defects in the law, to have Emerson absolutely at his mercy, this new legislation was proposed. Drawn up with the single object of crushing Emerson it not unnaturally developed that the measure, if enacted, would work injury to the industry as a whole and to the interior lumber men in particular. The bill has been vigorously attacked, several of its worst features have been either eliminated or modified, and as it stands today the chief injury it will occasion will be to the coast loggers, whose market for a grade of timber unsaleable in this province is completely cut off. It is an almost ludicrous commentary to have to add that since his last fight with the chief commissioner, Emerson has gone out of the export logging business and is now operating mills at Nanaimo and Port Moody. Consequently, the enactment of this measure will not affect him to any greater extent than it will affect the mill men generally of the coast.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Attention is drawn to the opinion published today of an expert in publicity, W. T .Robson, head of the C. P. R. advertising department. In advising municipal publicity, Mr. Robson draws special attention to the good work done by local newspapers, which, as he truly says, "day after day devote valuable space gratis for the benefit of the community in which they are located. . . . . The men who have charge of this publicity work should have their printing done by local printers."

Eastern papers are having lots of fun over the political retirement of Dr. Beattie Nesbitt, who has accepted the well paid position of registrar of deeds for West Toronto. The Montreal Star suggests that Dr. Nesbitt was probably affected by the recent Torrey Alexander missionary meetings, where so many Toronto people were made to see the error of their ways, and the Toronto News says in part: "It is declared that ill health is the cause of Dr. Nesbitt's retirement, which is most regrettable, although the malady is apparently not serious or one to interfere with the efficient discharge of the duties of the office. Possibly also the health of the Conservative party was considered in the matter, and it was decided that a period of rest would do both patients good. The people of North Toronto were deprived of their representative somewhat hastily, but unless they set up a great outcry and demand to have him back we imagine that municipal and party politics will simply adjust themselves to the situation and leave Dr. Nesbitt to the registration and contemplation of other deeds than his own."

A Washington despatch states that following the advice of the department of justice, an order has been issued by the secretary of the treasury classifying ores chiefly valuable for the zinc which they contain as metallic mineral substances in a crude state, under paragraph 183 of the tariff act, which pay a duty of 20 per cent ad valorem. Silicate of zinc is free of duty under section 514 of the tariff act. Sulphides and carbonates will pay a duty of 20 per cent ad valorem. This ruling is the outcome of an extended contest between the zinc producers of Missouri and the ore importers. It is understood, the despatch adds, that the importers will appeal.

BETTER PRESS SERVICE

EFFORTS BEING MADE TO GET GOVERNMENT AID

EASTERN PAPERS ARE IN FAVOR OF SCHEME

As has been stated, a decided effort is being made in the east to obtain a thoroughly good all-Canadian Associated Press service. Mr. Porter, editor of the Calgary Herald, who took a leading part in the movement at Toronto during the recent annual meeting of the Canadian Press association, has this to say in the Herald of Saturday: "The first formal steps toward the organization of an all-Canadian Associated Press service have been taken. Everything promises a very successful conclusion of the effort inaugurated by the newspaper makers of Canada at Toronto last week. With the capable officials of the Associated Press cable service as the nucleus, there is no reason why the idea of a domestic news service should not develop in a very practical manner.

"That the time has come when all news distributing and collecting should be administered wholly by the publishers in the Dominion does not seem to be questioned by the editors and pretors of large and small papers throughout the country. The inadequacy of the news service supplied by the foreign machinery of the American Associated Press for Canadian consumption has been recognized by Canadian newspaper men for a long time. The psychological moment, however, does not appear to have arrived until the meeting of the Canadian Editorial association in the east last week. When confronted with the fact that the C. P. R., the C. N. R. and the G. T. railroad systems each have their separate news distributing agencies and that the G. T. P. was making elaborate arrangements for a similar service, the delegates concluded something should be done at once.

Therefore, some able committees are engineering a program which the editors of the country have reason to believe will result in a first class Canadian exchange press service modeled along the lines of the Associated Press. That it is imperatively required is not questioned. The railroad companies will continue to derive a revenue from the transmission of this service and to that extent will perform the function in this connection originally contemplated by the charters. The idea ought to be gratefully received by every newspaper publisher in the Dominion."

The Toronto News approves of the plan and says editorially: "That an improved news service between eastern and western Canada has a national bearing will not be questioned. With a new population pouring into our western regions, much of it coming from abroad, it is essential that the two sections of our Dominion should know each other well. On the broad issue of politics it is well that the east and the west should draw their conclusions from the same set of facts. Ignorant of one another's interests, the provinces in a federal system like ours easily fall a prey to sectionalism, misunderstandings and a divided allegiance. With full knowledge come unity and progress. It is claimed that the press should do this work for itself. Modern political economists, like John Stuart Mill, realize that you may push abstract theory too far. In a new country the state has to assist individual effort, although this aid should be kept to the minimum point. Private capital could not have built the Canadian Pacific railway, and a railway in the west was necessary to the development of the Dominion.

Style and Grace in Rubber Footwear

Maple Leaf City Rubbers are made over foot-form lasts that follow exactly the new shoe models.

They are the acme of perfection in stylish Rubber Footwear.

Ladies ask your dealer to show you the new "Calve" and "Melba" designs with Cuban Heels, or the new "Lily" and "Rose" models for French Heels.

They are just a bit more graceful and chic than anything you have seen before.

J. LECKIE CO., LIMITED,
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Sawmill Machinery

Single and Double Cutting Band Mills. See Bulletin 1700.
Sawmill Carriages and accessories. See Catalogue 123.
Circular Sawmills. See Bulletin 1701
Pacific Coast Heavy Timber Edger. See Leaflet 2014.
Reliance Gang Edger Leaflet 2022.
Allis Vertical Steam Feed Valve. Leaflet 2012.

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LIMITED.
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COMMON COLDS ARE THE CAUSE OF MANY SERIOUS DISEASES

Physicians who have gained a notional reputation as analysts of the cause of various diseases, claim that if catching cold could be avoided a long list of dangerous ailments would never be heard of. Every one knows that pneumonia and consumption originate from a cold, and chronic catarrah, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles are aggravated and rendered more serious by each fresh attack. Do not risk your life or take chances when you have a cold. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will cure it before these diseases develop. This remedy contains no opium, morphine or other harmful drug and has 30 years of reputation behind it, gained by its cures under every condition. For sale by Druggists everywhere.

Galiteas, Champrays, Wool Delains, Choice Wool Blousings, Dress Goods, Muslins, a good assortment of New Spring Goods now on sale at close prices. Kerr & Co.

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P. O. Box 48. Telephone 149.

All kinds and all colors of Ladies' and Gents' Clothing

CLEANED AND DYED

Flannels, Blankets, Curtains, Silks, Etc a specialty.
Gloves renovated to look like new.

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Your patronage solicited.

PAUL NIPOU, Prop.

Business Chance

General store for sale, the best in the Slocan country. A splendid chance for the right man. Poor health reason for selling. Apply

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Especially in cold weather. Ready in a minute and always acceptable.

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It's stimulating and nourishing, too, and should be in every home.

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NO PROTEST IS ENTERED

NELSON UNIVERSITY CLUB DISCUSS PROPOSAL OF McGILL

AGREE THAT RIGHTS OF OTHERS MUST BE PROTECTED

The university club of Nelson at its regular monthly meeting, held in the club parlor Saturday night, Feb. 10, discussed the proposed university bills now before the provincial legislature, but decided not to take any action by memorial or otherwise, pending the issue in committee of the protest entered by the Toronto university alumni association of Victoria.

Dr. Arthur, president, was in the chair and there were present Mrs. Pearcy, Miss Moody, Rev. J. T. Ferguson, Rev. F. H. Graham, J. Fraser, C. M. Fraser, W. J. Baird, F. C. Green and R. J. Clark.

The program of the evening consisted of a paper on Euthanasia by Dr. Arthur, dealing with a belief that is gaining ground among many leading members of the medical profession in the United States. In the discussion that followed, participated in by Rev. J. T. Ferguson, Rev. F. H. Graham, J. Fraser, C. M. Fraser and R. J. Clark, developed nearly as many opinions as speakers. The opinion of the majority was that any change in the law governing the rights and duties of physicians, however desirable it might appear in special cases, would be decidedly dangerous.

F. C. Green was requested to read a paper at the March meeting.

The question of the university bills was then taken up. Dr. Arthur, who is also president of the Toronto Alumni association of Nelson, stated that that association had already forwarded a memorial to *the government anticipating the protest* of the similar organization in Victoria, that the proposed collegiate establishment should not bear the name University College of British Columbia, while it was under the control of the faculty of McGill university.

R. J. Clark, in reply to questions of Rev. J. T. Ferguson, outlined the provision of the bills authorizing McGill university to establish and maintain a college in British Columbia. He agreed that the name and style of a provincial university should not be given to the institution while it was in the position of a ward to an eastern university, but otherwise defended the scheme as a genuine benefit to British Columbia students, obtained without any burden to the provincial treasury. He thought the rights of other universities were not infringed by the acceptance of the gift offered jointly by McGill university and sir William McDonald, and that the temporary control by McGill was unlikely to retard the establishment of a genuine provincial university.

Rev. J. T. Ferguson saw no objection to the proposal, provided that the rights of other universities were safe guarded, and that no permanent right of control or influence over a future provincial university should be given to the authorities of McGill university.

Rev. F. H. Graham, speaking on behalf *of McGill, said* that the offer had been made after persistent requests of McGill graduates resident in the coast cities. He was sure that the authorities of the university had no intention and no desire to assume permanent control of a provincial university.

It was decided to take no action at present and the club adjourned to the call of the chair.

NUMBER OF CASES REDUCED

Supreme Court Sittings open this Morning —Nine Actions to be Tried

The February sittings of tht supreme court will be opened by Mr. justice Duff this morning at 11:30. Justice Duff has recovered from an illness which developed after his arrival in Nelson last Wednesday.

Registrar Bowman's office was a very busy place yesterday. In the case of Fletcher vs. Chipman, official administrator, entered in the county court at Kaslo, F. Fletcher and E. E. Chipman were both examined for discovery.

In the supreme rourt case of Turner vs. Jones, the defendant, Thomas Jones, was examined by S. S. Taylor, K.C., counsel for the plaintiff.

In the last chamber session before the sittings, juries were applied for and granted in the cases of Newswander vs. Giegerich and Hill vs. Granby. The latter is an action for damages to an employee, which has already ben on the lists for several sittings.

It was announced unofficially by solicitors that the case of Sturgeon vs. Smith has ben settled, and the cases of Cline vs. the White Bear company and Burr vs. the Arrowhead Lumber company, have ben postponed by consent.

There are therefore only nine cases remaining on the list.

POTLATCH CREEK MINE

English Capitalists Purchase Valuable Silver Property

English capitalists have, within the last few days acquired the Potlatch creek mine on Howe Sound, six miles south of the Britannia mine, and coast mining will now have added to its copper-gold propositions a galena mine, that rivals anything that the Slocan can show, says the Vancouver World. The deal was put through on behalf of the old country people by J. H. Scott, M.E., who is their agent in this city.

As published some time ago, a magnificent discovery of galena was made on Howe Sound by a prospector, who was associated with Vancouver men. The ore then assayed very high in silver and lead, *with some gold.* At that time this was the only galena discovery known on the coast, though since then some steps have been to develop a similar proposition in the interior of Texada island. The Potlatch creek mine is situated within half a mile of deep salt water. Two ledges show plainly on the face of a bluff flanking the creek. One of these five and a half feet wide, has a tunnel in 100 feet on ore, which is still being driven. The other ledge is five feet wide and besides these the bluff is highly mineralized with silver-lead ore at several points. For the present the owners of the Potlatch creek mine are devoting themselves to development work, but the new silver-lead proposition will be on the shipping list before long, which cannot fail to stimulate coast mining.

DOMINION'S BEST YEAR

LABOR WAS WELL EMPLOYED, BUT LIVING COST MORE

FIGURES PUBLISHED BY LABOR GAZETTE

Ottawa, Feb. 12.—The last issue of the Labor Gazette in its review of industrial labor conditions during 1906 declares that "the condition of industry during 1905 was on the whole more prosperous and the employment of labor more active than in any previous year in the history of the Dominion. Compared with the previous year there was a marked increase in production and in the amount of employment, and the exceptional activity that characterized the season of 1903 was also suppassed." It notes the heavy agricultural yields, the large immigration, the prosperity of British Columbia fisheries, the improvement in lumbering and the progress in mining. "Manufacturing establishments had the busiest year on record as a result, largely, of the expansion of the home market, following upon the development of Western Canada and the heavy grain yield." It also notes that industrial activity was most marked during the latter half of the year, partly on account of the general increase in confidence. Railway construction has become very active, and the amount of building in progress was the largest recorded in any one year in Canada."

It is stated that "wages during 1905 were on a higher level than in. 1904, and, though the upward tendency was much less marked than in 1903, rates were in all branches well maintained. The most important increases reported during the year, from the standpoint of numbers affected and aggregate amount of additional earnings involved, were in the agricultural and fishing industries, in the building trades and among unskilled labor." Farm labor in Ontario, The Labor Gazette states, throughout the year received higher wages than in any previous year. In Western Canada during the harvest fully 50,000 men had their wages increased 25 cents per day. In the building trades nearly 4,000 men received increases aggregating $8,000 weekly. Among the British Columbia fishermen twice as many men earned twice as much per man as in 1904.

"The general tendency of cost of living in Canada during 1905 was upward. Real estate valuations increased and rents in the more important centers were higher. A scarcity of houses suitable for occupation by working men prevailed in several of the cities and constituted a serious problem in connection with general industrial development, especially at Toronto and in the southwestern peninsula of Ontario." Building materials, leather, boots and shoes and farm produce increased in price.

There were only 87 trade disputes reported in the year, as compared with 103 in 1904. The number of work people involved, however, was larger. There were no great disasters. The number of immigrants arriving in Canada exceeded that of any previous year.

In reviewing the individual industries it is declared that in agriculture, mining, the building trades, and some branches of manufacturing and general transport 1905 was the best year in the history of the Dominion, while 1906 promises to be the busiest year on record in railway construction.

EIGHT HOURS IN SMELTERS

Gladstone Local Union of Fernie, U. M. W. of A., Send Resolution

The secretary of the Fernie Gladstone local union, No. 2314, of the United Mine Workers of America, has sent The Daily News the appended resolution re hours of labor in British Columbia smelters, with a request to publish same.

The resolution reads as follows:

Whereas, This local has given due consideration to the conditions, including the hours of labor, of workmen employed in and about smelters; and

Whereas, Having considered the nature of such work, it is, in the opinion of this local, unquestionably the right of such workmen to have labor hours, and not to exceed 8.

Be it therefore resolved, by Gladstone local No. 2314, United Mine Workers of America, that the application of smelter workmen for legislation, limiting the hours of work in smelters *to 8 hours is a just and proper one;* and in so far as this local may and can assist the workmen in smelters to obtain an 8-hour day at a proper day's wages, that we do support said application.

Be it further resolved, That we respectfully invite the co-operation and support in the legislature of the honorable, the premier, the leader of the opposition, Parker Williams, M. P. P., J. H. Hawthornthwaite, M. P. P., and all other the members of the legislature; and that copies of this resolution be sent to the press.

NELSON-BRITT FIGHT

Moving Pictures at Opera House Next Friday and Saturday Night

On Friday and Saturday nights at the opera house will be given the moving pictures of the Nelson-Britt prize fight of last September. It is claimed for this exhibition that of all the moving pictures taken of boxing contests there is none that can compare with the pictures now being shown throughout the United States and Great Britain of the Britt-Nelson contest at Colma on Sept. 9, 1905. There are 82,000 different exposures, each one distinct and true to life. At all times during the exhibition both contestants can be readily recognized. The work of Graney, the referee, is wonderful. Only once during the entire contest does he place his hands upon either of the husky youths. They obey his every word as can be plainly seen by these pictures. Fiercely these well trained athletes fight for 18 rounds without sustaining an injury worse than a black eye. It is a wonderful feat in photography never before thought to be attained

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GOLD PRIZES
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EDUCATIONAL CONTEST

We offer $200.00 in gold to those sending in the largest lists of correct words made from the twelve different letters used in spelling the four words

Armour's Extract of Beef

$100.00 in gold will be given as the first prize.
$25.00 in gold will be given as the second prize.
$10.00 in gold will be given as the third prize.
$5.00 in gold will be given to each of the next five.
$2.00 will be given to each of the next twenty.

CONDITIONS

Use only the following 12 letters:—A-R-M-O-U-R E-X-T-O F-B. No letter to appear in the same word twice.

Only such words may be used as are found in Webster's International Dictionary.

No proper names, foreign words or names of persons, towns or places are to be used.

Words spelled the same, but having different meanings, may be used but once.

All contestants must attach to their lists a metal cap taken from a jar of "Armour's Extract of Beef." Failure to do this puts the list out of competition.

The names of the winners of these prizes will be determined by judges whom we shall appoint.

No list will be accepted that reaches our office later than 5 o'clock, April 30th, 1906.

Write only on one side of the paper. After making out your list, state the number of words it contains, with your full name and address at the top of each piece of paper and mark on the outside of the envelope "Educational Contest Department," and mail to our address as below.

Armour's Extract of Beef is sold by all druggists and grocers. If yours cannot or will not supply you, a small jar will be mailed you, post paid, on receipt of 25 cents in cash or stamps.

Armour Limited
JARVIS STREET, TORONTO, CANADA

THE EXTENDED POPULARITY OF

Diamond Dyes

INDUCES SPECULATORS TO INTRODUCE WEAK AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS

DIAMOND DYES, true home helpers and money savers for mothers and wives, are dear to every woman's heart.

Recently speculators have gone into the package dye trade with the view of gaining a share of the immense and ever increasing trade held by the manufacturers of the DIAMOND DYES, but all such efforts will, as in the past, result in failure.

The crude and worthless dyes brought out in opposition to the DIAMOND DYES, can never become popular, for the simple reason that they have not one good quality to boast of. The merchants of Canada who are induced to buy these adulterated package dyes now find them dead and worthless stock.

The progressive and busy druggists and dealers of Canada sell only the DIAMOND DYES, which have an established reputation of over 25 years. The modern merchant has not the time or inclination to encourage the sale of worthless and deceptive goods.

If our Canadian women desire full, brilliant and fast colors, they should at all times ask for the DIAMOND DYES, the only guaranteed package dyes in the world. When buying package dyes see that the words DIAMOND PACKAGE DYES are on each package handed out by your dealer. Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal, P.Q., will send free to any address their New Dye Book, Card of Dyed Samples and the new book in verse entitled "Longjohn's Trip to the Klondike." This little book is interesting thousands.

Atlantic S.S. Sailings

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DOMINION LINE
Dominion, from Portland .....Feb 17
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE
Mesaba .....Feb 10 Minneapolis .Feb 10
AMERICAN LINE
New York ....Feb 3 St. Louis .....Feb 10
CUNARD LINE
Campania ....Feb 3 Carmania ....Feb 10
WHITE STAR LINE
Teutonic .....Feb 7 Baltic .....Feb 14
FRENCH LINE
La Gascogne ..Feb 3 La Savole ....Feb 15
HAMBURG AMERICAN
Bleucher ....Feb. 17
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Deutschland .Feb 6 Hamburg ....Feb 17
NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse .....Feb 6
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All continental rates and sailings on application. If you are contemplating taking an ocean voyage drop us a line and we will be pleased to furnish you with full information promptly.

J. S. CARTER, W. P. F. CUMMINS,
L. P. A., Nelson. Gen. Agt. Winnipeg.

Queen Victoria group, which have been the subject of speculation among local mining men for some years past, since R. C. Campbell-Johnston, M.E., M.I., expressed a favorable opinion as to their extent and value.

COMPENSATION ACT

Peculiar Case at Fernie Coming Up for Decision

(Special to The Daily News)

Fernie, Feb. 12.—About a year ago D. Paton had his leg badly broken in the Coal Creek colliery. The injuries were so severe as to necessitate amputation at the knee. This was an accident, pure and simple, for which no blame could be attached to either the coal company or the unfortunate man. Under the Compensation Act, the colliery company first offered Paton $1,000, which, on advice, he refused. Subsequently, however, the compensation was fixed by the company at $750, and this time, acting on his own initiative, Paton accepted the less amount, giving the coal company a receipt therefor. The miners, recognizing that Paton was, from the nature of his injuries, seriously handicapped in obtaining a living at his old occupation of a miner, sympathetically elected him one of the check weighmen, placing him by a handsome majority at the head of the poll. The remuneration in connection with this position, which is paid by a monthly assessment of all those who are willing to recognize his services, is $3.50 per day, although the weighman, an employe of the company, receives $2.50 per day. Whether this wage is looked upon by the company as an evidence that his injuries were not so prejudicial to his earning a good living or what their reasons may be, the company have given Paton notice that they will endeavor to reopen the case for a readjustment of the compensation. This is considered an important matter in connection with the working of the Compensation Act. the question arising as to whether a claim which has been closed can at some future time be reopened on the ground of excessive compensation. The result of this move of the company will be watched with much interest by workmen generally.

For first class dressmaking go to Miss Anderson, over Queen Studio.

A plate of Quaker Brand canned fruits makes a delicious ending to the sumptuous meal, and a pleasing dessert, without any trouble. Can be had at all grocers at a very low price.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Yale-Kootenay Ice Co. Phone 148. For first class dry cordwood, ring up the

MORE NEW POSTOFFICES

Later information as to postoffices in the Kootenay district has been furnished by postmaster J. A. Gibson from the January supplement to the dominion postoffice guide.

The offices at Rosebery and McGuigan are not new, but old offices reopened.

Synopsis of Regulations Governing the Disposal of Dominion Lands Within the Railway Belt in the Province of British Columbia.

A license to cut timber can be acquired only at public competition. A rental of $5 per square mile is charged for all timber berths, excepting those situated west of Yale, for which the rental is at the rate of 5 cents per acre per annum.

In addition to the rental, dues at the following rates are charged:

Sawn lumber, 50 cents per thousand feet B. M.

Railway ties, 8 and 9 feet long, 1 1-2 and 1 3-4 cents each.

Shingle bolts, 25 cents a cord.

All other products, 5 per cent. on the sales.

A license is issued so soon as a berth is granted, but in unsurveyed territory no timber can be cut on a berth until the licensee has made a survey thereof.

Permits to cut timber are also granted at public competition, except in the case of actual settlers, who require the timber for their own use.

Settlers and others may also obtain permits to cut up 100 cords of wood for sale without competition.

The dues payable under a permit are $1.50 per thousand feet B.M., for square timber and sawlogs of any wood except oak; from 1-2 to 1 1-2 cents per lineal foot for building logs; from 12 1-2 to 25 cents per cord for wood; 1 cent for fence posts; 3 cents for railway ties, and 50 cents per cord on shingle bolts.

Leases for grazing purposes are issued for a term of 21 years at a rental of 2 cents per acre per annum.

Coal lands may be purchased at $10 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres may be acquired by one individual or company.

Royalty at the rate of 10 cents per ton of 2,000 pounds is collected on the gross output.

Entries for land for homestead purposes may be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land to be taken is situated, or if the homesteader desires, he may, on application to the minister of the interior at Ottawa, the commissioner of immigration at Winnipeg, or the local agent for the district within which the land is situated, receive authority for some one to make entry for him.

A fee of $10 is charged for a homestead entry.

A settler who has received an entry for a homestead is required to perform the conditions connected therewith under one of the following plans:

(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year during the term of three years.

It is the practice of the department to require a settler to bring 15 acres under cultivation, but if he prefers he may substitute stock; and 20 head of cattle, to be actually his own property, with buildings for their accommodation, will be accepted instead of the cultivation.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of any person who is eligible to make a homestead entry under the provisions of th Act, resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for by such person as a homestead, the requirements of the Act as to residence prior to obtaining patent may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirements of the Act as to residence may be satisfied by residence upon the said land.

Application for a patent should be made at the end of three years before the local agent, sub-agent or a homestead inspector.

Before making an application for a patent, the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa, of his intention to do so.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
Ottawa, February 14th, 1905.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND
NATURE'S MEDICINE FOR THE WEAK AND SUFFERING.
IT MAKES SICK PEOPLE WELL.
RECOMMENDED BY THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS.

The new offices are those at Procter, Williams' Siding and Koch's Siding. Williams' Siding is the railway station serving an agricultural settlement which is already large, and is rapidly growing. Koch's Siding is the center of W. E. Koch's lumber operations on which a large number of men are employed

IN NORTH ENGLAND.

News in The Daily News travels far. T. M. Sturgess, fruit rancher has just received from a friend in the north of England, a copy of the Newcastle Daily Journal, of recent date, which contains an article on fruit growing in the Kootenays, duly credited to The Daily News, in referring to "the active and prominent part taken in the business life of the land of his adoption by our former townsman, T. M. Sturgess."

COMMISSIONERS GAZETTED

The current issue of the Provincial Gazette contains the following appointments: To be police commissioners: Revelstoke—Ald. Robert Howson, W. J. Armstrong. Cranbrook—Ald. D. E. Murphy, Walter Edwards.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of lands and works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in West Kootenay district, commencing at a post on the west boundary of Lot 301A, where the said boundary intersects the south shore of the Columbia river, thence south along the west boundary of Lot 301A for a distance of 18.14 chains to a point 40 chains north of the southwest corner of Lot 301A, thence west 60 chains, thence north 16 chains more or less to the southern boundary of Lot 7373, thence east along the southern boundary of said lot for a distance of 32 chains more or less to the southeast corner of Lot 7373, thence north 1.88 chains to the C. P. R. right of way, thence east 6.50 chains more or less to the southeast corner of Lot 4599, thence north along the east boundary of Lot 4599 to the south shore of the Columbia river, thence east along the south shore of the Columbia river for a distance of 21.50 chains more or less to the point of commencement, containing 100 acres more or less.

J. J. TANGEN.
K. K. BJERKNESS, Agent.
Dated Feb. 2nd, 1906.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

The Deleware, Virginia and Ohio Mineral Claims, situated in the Goat River Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Delaware mountain, between Duck and Arrow Creeks.

TAKE NOTICE that I, O. B. N. Wilkie, acting as agent for W. N. Rolfe, F.M.C. No. B 83177 and C. P. Hill, F.M.C. B 73876, intend, sixty days from the date hereot, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 7th day of December, A.D., 1905. O. B. N. WILKIE, P.L.S.,
Trout Lake, B. C

Dear Mother

Your little ones are a constant care in Fall and Winter weather. They will catch cold. Do you know about Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, and what it has done for so many? It is said to be the only reliable remedy for all diseases of the air passages in children. It is absolutely harmless and pleasant to take. It is guaranteed to cure or your money is returned. The price is 25c. per bottle, and all dealers in medicine sell 314

SHILOH

This remedy should be in every household.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of lands and works for permission to purchase the following described lands in West Kootenay District: Commencing at a post planted on the south bank of the Columbia river at Louis Bourgat's N.E. corner and marked "Joseph Genelle's N.W. corner," thence south 20 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 20 chains more or less to said south bank of Columbia river, thence westerly following bank of Columbia river 80 chains more *or less to point of commencement,* containing 160 acres.

Dated this 14th day of December, 1905.
For JOSEPH GENELLE
His agent, K. L. Burnett.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date we intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in the West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post planted and marked "Y.C.L. Co.'s southeast corner post," on the west bank of the Columbia river, about nine miles south of Nakusp, and at the north boundary of Lester's pre-emption claim, thence north 160 chains, thence due east 80 chains, more or less to the bank of the Columbia river, thence southwesterly 160 chains more or less to place of beginning, containing 640 acres more or less.

Dated this 14th day of December, A.D., 1905.
The YALE-COLUMBIA LUMBER CO, Ld.
Per J. G. BILLINGS, Secretary.

To be license commissioners: Cranbrook license district—A. Doyle, Walter Edwards and E. Hill, all of Cranbrook.

City of Cranbrook—Ald. J. Greer, James Caslake.

Revelstoke—Ald. E. Tremble, F. B. Wells.

WHY DON'T YOU PUT IT IN
THE DAILY NEWS

WANT ADS in The Daily News bring prompt returns, because The Daily News is read by nearly everybody in the Kootenay and Boundary Districts six days a week.

Let Your Newspaper Do things for You.

When this newspaper has given to you the last word about the events of the day—when it has acted as a sort of Central Office in "connecting" you with "all of Creation"—it has done much for you, of course.
But it can do more than that.
It can help you run your store, your office, your factory or your house.
It can carry your "little worries" for you—and never turn a hair.
You do not fully use your newspaper if you simply read it.
You don't really KNOW your newspaper until you have used its want advertising columns.
It can dispose of things for you—it can secure things for you.
It can find lost things for you, find any kind of help you need. find buyers for your house, your lot, your horse, you furniture your shop or store, leasehold or interest or equity.
In short, any day, every day, this newspaper stands ready and able to
DO THINGS FOR YOU!

How would you like to Have 100 new Customers?

Is your store in such shape that ONE HUNDRED NEW CUSTOMERS would "turn the tide" for you?
Are things with you only just "so-so?" Bills maturing too fast—sales a little too slow—too many people going past your doors—lack of "snap" and "go" and "hustle" around your counters?
Are Fixed Expenses coming to be a burden—while they should be merely an incident—in your business?
If you feel these symptoms—no matter whether you are a big merchant or a little one—YOU NEED A TONIC!
PUBLICITY, in just as large doses as yo ucan stand, repeated EVERY DAY, will change the whole situation for you.
It is idle to suppose that you cannot secure the ONE HUNDRED NEW CUSTOMERS—regular customers—who would "turn the tide" for you.
YOU CAN GET THEM IN A WEEK—but not by wishing for them. It's not so easy as that. Nor by distributing hand-bills, or putting up posters, or buying space in programmes—it's not so easy as that.
You must spend some money—more than you have ever spent—for ADEQUATE ADVERTISING SPACE IN YOUR DAILY NEWSPAPER.

THE DAILY NEWS

NOTICE TO THE PEOPLE OF NELSON

HUGH McCAUSLAND'S

Entire $15.000 stock of BOOTS and SHOES to be sold by the NEW YORK BROKERAGE CO, commencing on THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 15th, at 8 a. m., and continuing for nine days only.

The New York Brokerage Co. is known all over the United States and Canada as the only reliable brokers in this country. Mr. H. McCausland is Nelson's oldest and most reliable Boot and Shoe man, holding an enviable reputation for his fair dealings and straight forwardness in the business. No doubt he could reduce his stock by a long drawn out sale but prefered turning it over to a reliable firm who would do the business the same as he would do himself. Therefore he has turned it over to us and we must turn it into cash

WE MUST ACT QUICK. PRICES DON'T COUNT WITH US

READ THE PRICES AND THINK FOR YOURSELF

Men's working boots worth $3.75 and $4.00 at $2.45
Middleton's hand made shoes $4.50 and $5 at $3.45
Men's fine American made shoes $5 and $6 at $3 55
Men's fine American made shoes $6.50 and $7 at $4.65

Youths' Ames Holden and Leckie,s worth $2.00 and $2.50 for $1.45
Ladies' Patent Leather worth $4 and 4.50 now $2.45
Ladies' Patent Leather, French heel, worth $4, $4.50 and $5 now $2.55

Boy's Leckie H. M., worth $2.50 and $3, now $1.95
Boy's H. B. Co., English make, $2.50 and $3 now $1.90
Boy's Chas. A. Ahern's H. & N. $2.50 and $3 now $3.55
Boy's School Boots, worth $2 and $2.25, now $1.15

Ladies' Oxford's' worth $2.00 and $2.50, now $1.15
Misses' Patent Leather, $2.50 and $3.00, now $1.25
BABY SHOES CUT IN TWO
Rubbers and Overshoes almost given away.

Remember The Date **February 15th, 8 a. m.** **The NEW YORK BROKERAGE CO.**

Not selling but getting rid of H. McCausland's stock. Open evenings 10 p. m.

We have 100 Men's Suits form $12 to $20 to be sold for Less than Half Price.

W. A. O'HARA, Manager

Read This! Scotch Tweeds, English Fancy Worsteds' Blue and Black Serges of the best quality.

Suits from $25 up. Fit and Finish Guaranteed.

M. WEINSTEN, Merchant Tailor.

AMBITIOUS NEIGHBORS

AMERICAN COMMENT ON TRADE CONDITIONS IN CANADA

MANUFACTURING FACILITIES ARE GREATLY INCREASING

The New York Financier, in common with many other American papers, has been greatly interested in the published returns of trade of the dominion. In a lengthy article appended, the Financier reviews the dominion trade position as exemplified by the returns up to Dec. 1. Since that time later returns have been published in these columns which accentuate the Financier's favorable comment.

The article in question, under the head of "Our Ambitious Neighbors," says: Canadian trade returns for the five months ending Nov. 30, now to hand, show a volume of $208,261,335, representing an increase of $26,211,116, or 12.6 per cent over the corresponding period of 1904. Of the entire trade the total is divided almost equally between imports and exports, although the latter item has gained $18,833,343, as compared with 1904, while the imports have gained only $7,377,733. Of the export gain the month of November accounts for more than eleven million dollars, due probably, to the outward movement of grain and agricultural products. It is interesting to note that of the entire volume of exports for five months, the great bulk is to be classified as domestic products—that is minerals, fisheries, forestry, agricultural and like products, manufacturers' exports contributing the insignificant sum of $922,702. In other words Canada is developing her natural resources and so rich are these, and so diversified that the dominion will for many years furnish a labor market that will absorb a considerable portion of the surplus energy of contiguous and non-contiguous territory. At the same time it is not to be expected that Canada will continue to export in the rough the bulk of the natural riches which she is taking from the soil. It is only logical to assume that as production increases, manufacturing will increase in due proportion. The ridiculously low percentage of manufactured exports to domestic shipments reported in current trade returns does not mean that Canada's manufacturing enterprises are at a standstill. On the contrary, statistics show that Canada's manufacturing enterprises are growing by leaps and bounds, but so great is the absorptive capacity of her people that an instant market is found for every article turned out—this is in face of superior competition of the United States and Great Britain. Not for several years, perhaps, will Canada figure among the several large national purveyors of made articles, but the day is bound to come when Canadian competition will count for something in the commerce of the world. In the interim, the dominion will continue to supply a gradually increasing percentage of her own needs, just as the United States, until within a comparatively recent period, figured almost as a nonentity as an exporter of manufactures. Given a country with a superabundance of cheap food products, a fertility of natural resources and a civilization and government which stands for the best, and we have a condition which cannot help but make for growth. Canada possesses all these, and her future is, therefore, along the lines which have made the United States such a power in the modern world. Her destiny, as sir Wilfrid Laurier has so well stated, is of the twentieth century.

The average reader may be misled by a simple comparison of trade totals as between the United States and Canada. Our $800 million dollars international trade movement makes Canada's possible 400 million look small in contrast, but on a per capita basis the United States' total is probably $34 or $35 as compared with Canada's $50 or over. To put the matter in another way, the domestic products exports of the United States do not average much over $10 per capita, as against probably $30 for Canada. The United States is a larger consumer of its own products by reason of its greater manufacturing population. Canada's greatest need—that of railroads—is being met in a manner that is little less than astonishing. These completed, her resources, both agricultural and otherwise, will expand indefinitely. In the meantime, as the largest seller of goods to the dominion, the United States has a direct interest in her future, and any legislation that wil bind the two sections together in a trade sense ought to be encouraged.

CONSOLATION SERIES

Drawing for Last Event of Season of Nelson Curling Club

The drawings for the Consolation series of the Nelson curling club have been made, and the games will begin at once. All but two of the rinks are eligible, those of Judge Forin, winners of the Burns series, and of A. T. Walley, winners of the Bunyan series.

The rinks entering number 20. To reduce that number to 16, the nearest power of two, only four need play in the first round.

The games of the first round will be: Goodeve vs. Gibson, Hedley vs. Bunyan, Beer vs. Blackwood, DeVeber vs. Starkey. The winners of the first two will play the winners of the next two in the second round.

Other games in the second round are: Taylor vs. McIntyre, Stocks vs. Macdonald, Hawkey vs. Turner, Fox vs. Hodge, Bird vs. McInnes, Wallace vs. Gillett.

As the duration of the curling season is problematical, it has been decided by the executive committee that no postponements will be permitted. Each rink must play when ordered or default. The series will, it is expected be completed by the end of the week.

AMERICAN METHODS

How the Philippines are Being Brought up to the Mark

Washington, Feb. 12—The bid of Soloman and company, Cornelius Vanderbilt, J. C. White and Charles M. Swift, Detroit, with whom are associated the International Banking corporation, H. R. Wilson and Heidelbach and company, has been accepted by the Philippine government for the concessionary contracts or grants, for the construction, maintenance and operation of railroads in the islands of Negros, Panay and Cebu. Their bids for the full government guarantee, authorized by congress, on four per cent bonds for a period of 35 years on 95 per cent of the cost of construction. There were no other bids for the grants on these islands. The lines on Negros and Panay will aggregate 100 miles each and on Cebu 95 miles.

CAMPAIGN OF PUBLICITY

VALUABLE OPINION OF C. P. R. ADVERTISING EXPERT

HAS A HIGH REGARD FOR LOCAL NEWSPAPER WORK

The question of municipal advertising was recently submitted W. T. Robson, the head of the advertising department of the Canadian Pacific railway, and naturally an authority on the subject.

The first question asked was, "Should municipalities advertise?"

Mr. Robson replied, "Certainly, they should; that is if they are alive to the benefit of advertising."

"Suppose you owned a municipality; would you advertise?"

"Most assuredly I would; just as I should advertise my own business."

"But a municipality is not a business."

"No, unfortunately, judging by the usual way their business is conducted."

"Now, will you please say briefly just how a municipality should advertise?"

"Well, in the first place, let me say—I have a very high regard for the local newspaper. Too often its good work for the municipality is overlooked—as day after day it devotes valuable space gratis for the benefit of the community in which it is located, and like many other blessings, its value, by the unthinking, is not recognized. The trouble with municipalities is divided effort; there is not united action in any one direction. If the place has some exceptional advantages, such as location for manufacturing, scenery, water power, fishing, hunting, or as a holiday resort, local jealousy may easily interfere with the development, because the people do not see that if the merchants, hotel keepers, or any other class is helped, the benefit must circulate among the community. Then good streets, neat dwellings and stores, all add attractiveness, and are good advertising; but frequently you will notice the worst roads and buildings right around the station, where they can be easily seen by every one passing through by train, which is something no business firm will tolerate, if they were looking for customers. Make your place attractive, otherwise you cannot reasonably expect to draw business. Unfortunately, in most places the work of exploiting the village or town is left to a very few public-spirited men, who carry the load, while others profit by their labors. I think every municipality should hoist the work over to their merchants, and call it a board of trade, or tourists' association, or any other name. The whole municipality receives the benefit, then why not put the burden where it rightly belongs, upon all the municipality. The men who have charge of this work should have their printing done by local printers, and avoid the traveling fakirs, who come along with special editions of write-ups in foreign papers. If you have an attractive town or village, send photos and descriptive matter to your local railroad and steamboat companies. They are always interested in their territory, and it is to their interest to unite their efforts with yours to make your advantages known to the world. It is these simple things which cost little that are the most important; united effort by public-spirited officials; a reasonable sum of money for expenditure; some special advantages, to advertise, which if you have not—well, my advice is to always make the best of what you have and never run down your own village or town as long as you are a resident of it, but talk its good points and endeavor to mend its bad fortunes. I notice Toronto had the opinion of three New York advertising men as to the best methods to adopt to advertise the attractions of the city. One of them, Mr. S. Keith Evans, spoke of the good work done in this direction by Dallas, Texas, a city of 75,000 population, where only about seven months ago there was a conference of business men, the council, the board of trade, and other associations, the outcome of which was the formation of a "150,000" club, the idea being to increase the population to that figure within five years. The organization planned the expenditure of $50,000 a year for five years, and adopted the "follow up" system of advertising. As a result of their first advertising, in four applications they got 1,730 enquiries, and have already secured five branches of manufacturing industries."

E. O. Windsor, expert piano tuner of many years' experience, is in town. Leave orders with the Canada Drug & Book Co.

A first-class entertainment, the musical evening at the Baptist church, Feb. 19.

ST. EUGENE PAY DAY

Largest in History of Mine—Machinery Arriving—Personals

(Special to The Daily News)

Moyie, Feb. 12.—Saturday was pay day at the St. Eugene mine and the amount distributed totalled $32,000, the largest sum paid out on any pay day in the mine's history. The men employed number 320 and the average paid to each man was $100 for the month.

The machinery for the Black-MacKay Mining company has been ordered for the mine under Moyie lake. Portions of it are coming from Nelson, Rossland and Vancouver. The machinery consists of a seven-drill compressor, boilers of 100 horsepower capacity, two pumps, a hoist and two drilling machines.

Ore shipping has commenced from the Aurora mine, on the west side of Moyie lake. About three carloads of ore will go to either the Nelson or Trail smelters.

Miss Brunton, formerly school teacher here, won, with a single ticket presented to her at Nanaimo, a valuable piano at a coast drawing.

Dr. Harvey and wife have returned from a prolonged wedding trip.

The Moyie Lumber company has a number of men at work clearing up Lamb creek for the spring's operations.

Nelson Opera House

TWO NIGHTS

Friday and Saturday

Feb'y 15-16-17

J. W. COFFROTH

Presents the Original (Copyrighted) Motion Pictures of the Great

Britt-Nelson Fight

At Colma, Cal., Sept. 9, 1905.

Every incident and blow during the entire eighteen rounds of fighting distinctly shown.

New York Globe, Oct. 9, 1905.—"Fight pictures a success, looking at those of Britt-Nelson go. Like watching it from the ringside."

Baltimore Sun ,Oct. 4 ,1905.—"Best pictures ever shown."

Buffalo Express, Oct. 4, 1905.—"Coffroth's fight pictures are wonderful."

Seats on sale at Rutherfords' ,Thursday Morning. Prices, 50c, 75c.

Coming, Feb. 19th, Juvenile Bostonians

MAKE your own beer, 5 cents per gallon. Recipe 50 cents of John Francis, Nelson.

See our new Waterproof Coats, stylish goods, no two alike. Kerr & Co.

A fine musical treat, Baptist church, February 19.

GRANBY PAY ROLL

Grand Forks Rejoicing Over Money in Circulation—Personals

(Special to The Daily News)

Grand Forks, Feb. 12.—Saturday was pay day at the Granby smelter and some $40,000 was distributed among the 300 employes of this big reduction works.

General superintendent A. B. W. Hodges, of the Granby mines and smelter, is making a tour of Nevada and will inspect some of the smelters of that state before returning home.

The engineering corps of the North Fork survey, under chief engineer H. W. Worrington, have pushed their locating survey through the canyon and are at present camped at Franklin City.

James McArdle, proprietor of the Black Hawk livery barn here is applying for an hotel license in Franklin City.

It is also stated that a prominent capitalist from East Kootenay is negotiating for a mill site at Franklin City. It is also learned that two lots in this young city on Third street and Franklin avenue have just been purchased for the purpose of erecting a laundry thereon.

A good judge of cigars always appreciates

Kurtz's Own
Kurtz's Pioneers
Spanish Blossoms

They are ideal union made smokes. For sale by all good dealers.

Manufactured by

Kurtz's Pioneer Cigar Factory

148 Cordova St., W.,

VANCOUVER, ... B. C.

Baptist musical evening, Monday, 19th instant.

We have marked off, ready for your inspection, $2000 worth of New Spring Goods. Kerr & Co.

SCARED THE MINERS

No. 2 Mine of Coal Creek Colliery Settled—Sawmills Active

(Special to The Daily News)

Fernie, Feb. 12.—The output of the Coal Creek colliery has been somewhat curtailed for the past week by the breaking down of the haulage engine of No. 2 mine, which prevents more than one division of that mine from being worked.

Last night No. 2 settled, and this settling was accompanied by phenomena which led the men on shift at the time to cease work and go home. There was no danger, however, to be apprehended and the mine, with the exception of that affected by the haulage engine, is now working as usual.

Word received from the Fernie hockey team now at the Rossland carnival, is to the effect that they consider that they have not been fairly treated in being compelled to lay off Sherman, one of their best players.

All of the sawmills in this vicinity are making preparations for a large spring and summer trade.

Registered Trade Mark.

"Buck Brand" Overalls

come in every wanted style and material. All are carefully cut and perfectly sized. For appearance, ease and durability they have no equal. We also carry a wonderfully fine line of workingmen's Gloves, Socks and Shirts.

Wm. J. McMaster & Sons, Ltd.

MANUFACTURERS

VANCOUVER, B. C.

Tel. B 302, 300. P. O. Box 365

MRS. E. G. DYER'S BUSINESS COLLEGE

Day and Evening Classes.

SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING AND BOOKKEEPING TAUGHT.

Graduates Assisted to Positions.

TERMS MODERATE.

Room 5, Turner-Boeckh Block, NELSON, B. C.

LOST—Song book, belonging to the Kootenay Lake minstrels. Was taken from Silver Grill Cafe between 5 o'clock Sunday evening and 9 o'clock Monday morning. Party having same is requested to return it at once to E. J. Marks or Edgar Mason.

COAL AND WOOD

The undersigned beg to notify the public that on and after the 15th January, 1906, orders for Coal and Wood will only be executed when accompanied by cash.

H. E. CROASDAILE
NELSON FREIGHT & TRANSFER, COMPANY.

W. P. TIERNEY,
WEST TRANSFER COMPANY.

Nelson, B. C., Jan. 6th, 1906.

Charles Morrison & Co.

BROKERS *British Columbia, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and Nevada Stocks Puts and Calls Bought and Sold*

Hudson's Bay Block NELSON, B.C.

TO THOSE WHO FIGURE ON BUYING A

ROWBOAT OR LAUNCH

See me before you place your order. I can do better for you than any other man in the business. W. G. ADAMS, P. O. Box 508, Lake Front.

WANT TARIFF REVISION

MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION PRESENT THEIR CASE

DETAILED STATEMENT MADE BY PRESIDENT BALLANTYNE

A telegraphic despatch from Ottawa published last week gave a brief account of the applications made to the tariff commission for a revision of the tariff. The most important statement made was that of the Canadian manufacturers' association, presented by the president C. C. Ballantyne whose remarks are appended in full.

In presenting the case for the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, Mr. Ballantyne said that the association had a membership of over two thousand, representing an invested capital of over $400,000,000. While the Canadian manufacturing industries are suffering from the unequal competition of foreign manufacturers others were not making the headway they should and a number of others were depressed because of competition with British firms under the preferential tariff. Within the last few years the people of Canada became awakened to the great possibilities which lay before them and there have been general prosperity. The merchandise imported had grown from $106,000,000 in 1895 to $256,000,000 in 1905. Our exports of merchandise have grown in the same period from $106,000,000 to $201,000,000. Although Canada has five and one-half millions of people the imports from the United States for the past ten years had reached $1,138,997,000, while they with their great market of 80 000,000 of people had imported from Canada $660,000,000; in other words Canadians spent per capita with them in the last ten years $207 while they spent in Canada per capita, only $8.

"We wish," said Mr. Ballantyne, "to bze on friendly terms with the United States but to unfairness of these figures of a one sided trade they object, not only on behalf of the manufacturers but on behalf of the farmers, working men and every other class of producers. If the Canadian workmen were no longer protected they would be obliged in most cases to abandon Canadian industry and seek employment elsewhere. Business men throughout the country were looking to the government for a policy which would defend us from foreign competition and at the same time encourage the growth and expansion of industries within our borders."

Taking up the case of the farmers, M. Ballantyne said that the success of Canada depended on the co-operation of all her citizens. If the free trade farmers had the same opportunities of studying the various interests of the country as the commissioners they would change their mind. A visit to the lumbering and mining camps and factories of the dominion would do that. The home market was of immense value and those farmers who asked for higher protection were speaking more in the interests of the farming community as a whole than those who asked for the abolition or reduction of the duties of bith farm products and manufactured goods.

A deputation of farmers told the commissions at Winnipeg when asking for tariff reductions, that the farmers of Manitoba did not make more than $14 per year profit on an average. The Winnipeg newspapers which gave a report of that said that an Englishman who arrived a few years ago with two shillings in his pocket is now worth $30,000 in farming. Such a statement as the first was some manifestly inaccurate as not to interfere with immigration. If Winnipeg had believed it the value of property in that city would have fallen 50 per cent. The cost of labor has increased during the past 20 years 50 per cent, and there has also been a substantial increase in the price of raw materials as well as in the quality and finish of the Canadian goods. And notwithstanding this the price of many lines of goods have been materially reduced. Within the past few years more than one hundred leading United States firms have established branches in Canada. 'We hope," said Mr. Ballantyne, 'that our friends in Great Britain will not allow themselves to be outdone in this respect and that they also will erect among us branch factories to supply the Canadian trade." The Canadian manufacturers desired reasonable competition with the industries of Great Britain and the other portions of the empire—in other words a tariff which would enable them to compete on equal terms with the manufacturers of Great Britain, consideration for the higher wages, capital and machinery required.

"We favor," continued Mr. Ballantyre, "the offer of a substantial preference to the other portions of the empire, but we are strongly opposed to any policy which will prevent the limit of development of our resources."

In addition Mr. Ballantyne stated that the question brought forward particularly by the Nova Scotia members of the manufacurer's association that the preferential tariff should apply only to goods that come into Canada by Canadian ports was worthy of considerable attention and was now considered by the association.

Hon. Mr. Fielding: "I thought your association had already put itself on record as favoring that."

Mr. Ballantyne replied that as a whole the association had not taken definite action in that matter.

Hon. Mr. Fielding said that while it was desirable to see manufactures flourish in Canada there should be some understanding as to what class of goods should be made in Canada and which class left unmade.

W. K. George, ex-president of the manufacturers' association, who also spoke for the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, pointed out how much higher is the average wage rate in Canada than it is in England. It was not desirable to reduce wages here and the idea is erroneous that importation will be shut off if we have sufficient protection. He said Canadian protectionists were not at loggerheads with Chamberlain. They understood each other all right. While Canadian manufacturers wanted fair protection the Chamberlain party did not complain.

ELECTRICAL LOCOMOTIVES

Used Very Effectively in Coal Mining in the States.

For the rapid and economical production of coal probably nothing has been of greater service than the introduction of the electrical mine locomotives. The Jeffrey Manufacturing company of Columbus, Ohio, which is a pioneer in the manufacture of coal mining and coal handling machinery, early conceived of the desirability of using electric locomotives for coal haulage in mines. Since its first locomotive was put into service in 1889 (and it is interesting to note that this locomotive is still in active operation) that company has been continually developing improvements and different types to meet various conditions of mine service.

The feature of Jeffrey electric gathering locomotives lies in their ability to operate in mine rooms and on side tracks at a distance from the trolley wires. When so operating, the locomotive is arranged to take current through flexible insulated conductors. This flexible cable is wound on a drum carried by the locomotive. When it is desired to leave the main tracks the end of the cable is connected to the trolly wire, the trolley pole is lowered and the locomotive is operated by current through the cable. As the locomotive runs away from the trolley wire the cable is automatically paid out and as the locomotive returns again toward the trolley wire the cable is automatically wound up with uniform tension and in even layers. This type of locomotive is proving very successful and is rapidly replacing mules and horses in mines, and many of the largest operating companies in the United States today are adopting electric gathering and haulage locomotives to the entire exclusion of animal haulage.—The Mining World.

POWER AT REVELSTOKE.

City Urged to Put in Civi cPlant and Supply Local Demand.

Referring to the electric power situation at Revelstoke, The Mail-Herald says: The request of the C. P. R. to be provided with electric power should have the best consideration the city council can give it. One of the greatest factors in the industrial development of a city is cheap and reliable power, and if the council could see their way to get sufficient revenue to pay the actual present cost of operation it should be undertaken ,as this power, once established, would be a great inducement to other industries to locate and operate in the city, and would lay the foundation of industries and manufactures which would do more than anything else to build up the city and ensure for it steady growth and prosperity. The Illecilliwaet river will provide for the greater part of the year all the power that would be required in Revelstoke for some years to come, and during the winter months an auxiliary steam plant could be added to overcome the difficulties that have existed from ice or from temporary shortage of water. Another point worth consideration is that if the city does not put in an electric power plant, the C. P. R. and others who want power will operate their own plants and do their own lighting as well, thus causing a big loss in revenue. It is up to the citizens to look ahead in this matter and to support the council in a progressive policy provided such can be carried out without adding to the taxation of the city.

STATE INSURANCE

How New Zealand Institutions Are Managed.

W. P. Reeves, high commissioner of New Zealand, in England, writing in the North American Review, explains that state insurance in New Zealand simply means that the government has set up three offices dealing, respectively, with the business of life insurance accident insurance, and fire insurance. The fire insurance office, which is the youngest of the three, has no connection with the other two. In no case does the government seek to establish any monopoly. The life insurance was started in 1870 on the initiative of sir Julius Vogel.

The government life insurance office is a department of the public service, managed by an officer called the commissioner, who is a civil servant. This gentleman's staff and the methods by which the business of his office is conducted are virtually those of an ordinary private insurance association. The commissioner is not a mere departmental secretary, with a minister over him; he performs statutory duties and rules his office. And, inasmuch as the government makes no direct profit out of the life insurance business, the institution is, for taxing purposes, treated as though it were a private corporation. It pays land tax and income tax, and in this way contributes £9,000 a year to the revenue.

Independent as the commissioner is in the management of ordinary insurance business there is a branch of his department's affairs in which he is subject to control. This relates to the investment of the very considerable funds now in his hands. These have accumulated until, at the end of 1904, the assets of his department amounted to £3,761,000. There is an impression abroad that nearly the whole of this sum has been borrowed by the New Zealand treasury. That is not the case. Nearly two millions of it are invested in mortgages on freehold property. Loans to policy-holders represented last year £66,000 and substantial sums had been lent on the debentures of the local bodies. The loans to the New Zealand treasury amounted to less than 18 per cent of the whole sum invested. New Zealand like all young countries in course of settlement, stands in need of capital, and has to borrow outside as well as inside her frontiers. Any institution, therefore, which helps to keep the savings of her people at home and available for loan purposes there does a financial service to the colony, in addition to fulfilling the special purpose for which it was founded.

It is in the reinvestment of the funds above mentioned that the life insurance commissioner is subject to control. The reinvesting is managed by a board of six persons of whom he is one and the colonial treasurer is another. Every plan has to be agreed to by this board unanimously. No loan must exceed £10,000; mortgage loans must not be more than three fifths of the value of the freehold on which they are advanced. Lending appears to have been prudently conducted, for last year the value of properties on which the department had had to foreclose, and which were lying unsold on its hands, was only about £1,000. This furnishes an edifying contrast to the position of certain great colonial corporations which have lent money on landed estates in Australia and New Zealand.

LAME BACK

This ailment is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles and may be cured by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm two or three times a day and rubbing the parts vigorously at each application. If this does not afford relief, bind on a piece of flannel slightly dampened with Pain Balm and quick relief is almost sure to follow. For sale by druggists everywhere.

Up to date dressmaking at Miss Anderson's, over Queen Studio. Terms reasonable.

Navy Blue Wash Prints, English goods choice patterns at 15c. pard. Kerr & Co.

BRUSHES

The Beckh factories have been making better and better brushes for fifty years. Every detail is in the hands of experts, and best materials are used. Each brush is carefully inspected and none but perfect goods are shipped. The most reliable stores in Canada recommend

Beckh's

Corporation of the City of Nelson

Electrical Engineer Wanted

Applications for the position of Electrical Engineer of the City of Nelson will be received up to Feb. 28th, duties to commence March 1st.

Candidates must be thoroughly qualified and will be required to take charge of the Electric Lighting department of the City.

Salary $150.00 a month.

Applications stating experience and enclosing copies of testimonials to be addressed to the undersigned.

W. E. WASSON, City Clerk.
Nelson, Feb. 10, 1906.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

is better than other Soaps but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Follow directions.

SUNLIGHT WAY OF WASHING

FIRST.—Dip the article to be washed in a tub of *lukewarm water*, draw it out on a washboard and rub the soap **lightly** over it. Be particular not to miss soaping all over. THEN roll it in a tight roll, lay in the tub under the water, and go on the same way *until all the pieces have the* soap rubbed on, and are rolled up.

Then go away for *thirty minutes to one hour* and let the "Sunlight" Soap do its work.

NEXT.—After soaking *the full time* rub the clothes lightly out on a wash board, **and the dirt will drop out**; turn the garment inside out to get at the seams, **but don't use any more soap**; don't scald or boil a single piece, and don't wash through two suds. If the water gets too dirty, pour a little out and add fresh. **If a streak is hard to wash, rub some more soap on it, and throw the piece back into the suds for a few minutes.**

LASTLY COMES THE RINSING, which is to be done in lukewarm water, taking special care to get all the dirty suds away, then wring out and hang up to dry.

For Woolens and Flannels proceed as follows:—Shake the articles free from dust. Cut a tablet of **SUNLIGHT SOAP** into shavings, pour into a gallon of **boiling water** and whisk into a lather. When just lukewarm, work articles in the lather **without rubbing.** Squeeze out dirty water **without twisting** and rinse thoroughly in two relays of lukewarm water. Squeeze out water **without twisting** and hang in the open air.

The most delicate colors may be safely washed in the "Sunlight" way.

SUNLIGHT

SAVE THIS WRAPPER. IT SHALL BE A PREMIUM COUPON FOR SUNLIGHT SOAP PREMIUMS

$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

Your Money Refunded by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO

151

$5.00

Mackinaw Jackets for $3.00 just to close out.

$5.50

mole, blanket lined, coats, to close out at $3.50.

A few more large Manitobas and lumbermen's Rubbers at two-thirds their value.

Taylor & Sons' Bootpax.
Palmer & Sons' Bootpax.

MINER'S

Indestructible Rubbers.

The Workingman's Store
W. PARKER

Baker Street. P. O. Box 623

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands: Starting at a post marked "Peter Genelle's Northwest Corner Post," planted on the east side of the Columbia river, between Upper and Lower Arrow Lakes, about one mile north of T. Mackinson's pre-emption, thence east 40 chains, south 80 chains, west 40 chains, north 80 chains following bank of river to point of commencement. Covering land in Lot No. 4229.

PETER GENELLE.
Dated at Nakusp, B.C., Jan. 15th, 1906.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the Municipality of the City of Slocan for the hearing of all complaints against the assessment, as made by the assessor of the said Municipality, will be held in the City Hall, Slocan, on Monday, the 26th day of February, next, at 10 o'clock a.m. All complainants must give notice in writing to the City Clerk of the subjects and grounds of complaints, at least ten days before the said date.

Dated, Slocan, B. C., Jan. 22nd, 1906.
N. MORRISON, C.M.C.

SOCIETY CARDS

ABERDEEN HIVE, No. 12, L. O. T. M.—Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesday, 7:30 p.m. of each month in K. of P. Hall, Vernon Street, next to postoffice. Visiting members cordially invited.
MINNIE E. RITCHIE, D.S.C
MARGARET SQUIRE, R.C.
MARY C. MATTHEW, L.C.

FREDERIC S. CLEMENTS

CIVIL ENGINEER
DOMINION AND PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR
Agent for obtaining Crown Grants, mine surveying, etc.
Room 16, K.W.C. Block
P. O. Box 1. Nelson, B.C.

DAILY NEWS WANT ADS.

Use The Daily News Want Ad Columns, the best and cheapest means of making your wants known to all the people in the Kootenays. Rates, 1 cent a word, each insertion.

WANTED

IF your Want Ad is here it will not be long until "Things are coming your way."

NELSON Employment Agency. WANTED—Man to take over ranch on shares.

COOK (experienced) wants job; also cookee. Address E. H., Daily News office.

WANTED — Good bushmen. Apply at Yale-Columbia Lumber Co.'s logging camp on Kettle river, near Westbridge, or at sawmill, Cascade. Wages, $2.50 up. Board, 75 cents per day.

WANTED—Horse, about 1500 lbs. Strong, sound. Send particulars to Box 255, Nelson.

WANTED—Men and women to learn Barber trade in eight weeks. Graduates earn $15 to $25 per week. Cat. free. Moler System of colleges, 403, Front avenue, Spokane, Wash.

YOUNG lady stenographer, experienced, desires position. Address A., Daily News.

WANTED—At once, teacher for Granite public school. Apply T. H. Mansfield, secretary, Granite Siding.

WANTED—At once, reliable boy. Apply Electric Messenger Office.

FOR SALE

OLD CURIOSITY SHOP—If you want to buy or sell anything go to the Old Curiosity Shop. Always in stock, a full line of Crockery, Furniture and Glassware.

GOOD business opening at a lively railroad terminal; postoffice in connection; favorable terms. Apply A. B., this office.

FOR SALE—Two cows, 2 incubators, 50 chickens, four wheel market rig. Marsden, Granite Station.

FOR SALE—Pure bred Buff Orpington eggs, $1.50 for setting of 13. Apply P.O. box 567.

FOR SALE—Bay team, used to express and delivery work, gentle and true. Would make nice team on a ranch. Price for team with good set double harness, $300. Apply P. McGregor, Kaslo, B.C.

FOR SALE—ONE safe. Enquire at The Cabinet Cigar store.

FOR SALE— Cheap, 5 drop head Singer Sewing Machines, slightly damaged in shipping. Also second hand machines from $5 up. Singer Sewing Machine Co.

PETERBORO CANOES — I am ordering several crates of canoes right away. Shall be pleased to get your order. Prices on application to W. J. Astley, Box 188, Telephone 66C, City Boathouse.

FOR RENT

ROOMS furnished for house keeping, apply Room 1, over Daily News.

FOR RENT—Comfortable, wel furnished large rooms. Apply corner Hall and Baker streets.

FOR RENT—Two well furnished rooms, all modern conveniences. Apply corner Josephine and Victoria streets.

FOR RENT—The Lancashire hotel, Midway, B.C. Party renting can purchase the furniture at a low figure. Liquor license goes with hotel. For particulars apply C. M. Crouse, Midway, B.C.

FOR RENT—A large furnished room, all modern conveniences. Close to car line. Apply D., Daily News.

FOR RENT—Comfortably furnished rooms at $6, $7 and $8 per month. Apply opposite telephone office, Stanley street.

MUSIC LESSONS

MANDOLIN INSTRUCTION—For terms, etc., apply at W. G. Thomson's Book Store.

PLUMBING

STRACHAN & HEBDEN, plumbers, gasfitters and heaters. All kinds of sanitary supplies kept in stock. Gasoline and gas mantles. Phone 262; P.O. Box 567.

WHOLESALE HOUSES

PRODUCE

STARKEY & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Produce and Fruit. Houston Block, Josephine Street Nelson B.C.

GROCERIES

A. MACDONALD & CO.—WHOLESALE Grocers and Provision Merchants.—Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and Warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Streets. P.O. Box 1095. Telephone 23.

CAMP AND MINERS' FURNISHINGS

A. MACDONALD & CO.—WHOLESALE Jobbers in Blankets, Underwear, Mitts Gloves, Boots, Rubbers, Overalls, Jumpers, Mackinaws and Oilskin Clothing Camp and Miners' Sundries. Office and Warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Streets. P.O. Box 1095. Telephone 23.

ASSAYERS' SUPPLIES

THE B.C. ASSAY & CHEMICAL SUPPLY Co., Ltd., Vancouver, B. C.—Importers and Dealers in Assayer's Supplies. Sole agents in British Columbia for the celebrated Battersea Crucibles, Scorifiers and Muffles and Wm .Ainsworth & Co.'s fine Balances Chemical and Physical Apparatus, C. P. Acids and Chemicals, Platinum, Sodium and Potassium Cyanide, Quicksilver, Carbonate and Bicarbonate of Soda, Borax, Borax Glass, Silver, Free Lead and Litharge.

WASHINGTON MACHINERY & SUPPLY

MININGTON AND MILL MACHINERY Co.—Dealers in Engines, Band and Circular Sawmills, Atkins' Saws, Wood and Iron Pulleys, Leyner Compressors and Drills, Pumps and Hoists. Prompt attention. Reasonable prices. Courteous treatment. Spokane, Wash.

ASSAYERS

E. W. WIDDOWSON, CHEMIST AND Assayer, Nelson, B. C.—Gold, silver or lead $1 each; Copper, $1.50; Gold-Silver, $1.50; Zinc, $3.50; Gold-Silver-Copper, $2.50 Samples arriving by mail or express will receive prompt attention. P.O. drawer 1108; Phone A 67.

CLEANING AND PRESSING

GENTLEMEN'S suits repaired, cleaned and pressed. Goods called for and delivered. Agent for Crown Tailoring company suits from $15 up. A. J. Driscoll, opposite Queen's Hotel.

HOTELS

DOMINION HOTEL, PHOENIX, B. C.—Mrs. P. L. McKelvey, proprietress. The newest and most modern first class hotel in the city; lately furnished and with all conveniences. The bar, under the management of Mr. J. Wright, is supplied with the finest brands of wines, liquors and cigars.

HOTEL BALMORAL, PHOENIX, B. C.—The leading hotel of Boundary's leading mining camp. Strictly first class, centrally located. John A. McMaster, Proprietor.

FILBERT HOTEL, SANDON, B. C.—Travellers will find the largest sample rooms in the Silver City. Theatrical companies especially catered for. The best table d'hote in the Slocan.

HOTEL BROOKLYN, PHOENIX—THE only up to date hotel in Phoenix. New from cellar to roof. Best sample rooms in the Boundary. Bath rooms in connection. Opposite Great Northern depot. James Marshall, Proprietor.

FOR SALE

$1050 Will Buy

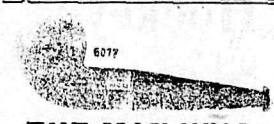
A 6-roomed house on Mill street, and one lot; all modern conveniences; in good repair. $150.00 down, balance monthly.

$1500.00 will buy a 6-roomed house and one lot on Silica street, everything complete. Terms part cash, balance monthly.

$1100.00 for 4 lots and small cottage, with stone foundation and connected with sewer. Lots cleared and fruit trees planted. Easy terms.

$850.00 will buy a 5-roomed cottage and lot not far from smelter. Easy terms.

R. J. Steel



THE MAN WHO SMOKES

our special Mixture smokes a pure and fragrant tobacco, as choice a thing as ever tempted you.

THURMAN

TOBACCONIST

The Canadian Metal Co. Ld

Frank, Alberta, Can.

Purchasers of

ZINC
SILVER-LEAD
AND
MIXED
ORES

Address correspondence to Company's Office, Tramway Block, Nelson.

ROYAL HOTEL

TELEPHONE 53
MRS. WM. ROBERTS, Proprietress

The best meals that can be provided in this market, cooked under the supervision of the proprietress, who is a famous caterer.

Nice airy rooms, newly furnished; bath for guests.

The best wines, liquors and cigars can be obtained at the bar.

TERMS: $1 AND $1.25 PER DAY

COR. STANLEY AND SILICA STREETS
Cars pass the door.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL

Opposite Courthouse and new Postoffice. Best 25c meal in town. European and American plan. Only white labor employed. First class bar.
J. A. ERICKSON, Proprietor.

WHEN IN
GRAND FORKS
PUT UP AT
HOTEL PROVENCE

The headquarters for tourists. Satisfaction guaranteed.
EMIL LARSEN (late of Nelson) proprietor

FRUIT LANDS FOR SALE

In 10 acre blocks, in 20 acre blocks; several improved ranches.
J. E. ANNABLE, Nelson, B. C.

SAMUEL A. WYE

HEATING ENGINEER
and
PLUMBING

First class heating plants and modern sanitary appliances. Twenty years' experience.
Phone 181, Opera House Blk., P.O. Box 401

For **A Good Roast** or **Tender Steak**
Ring up Phone **No. 5**

West Kootenay Butcher Co.

FRANK C. GREEN

CIVIL ENGINEER
Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyor
P.O. Box 154. Phone 261B
Cor. Kootenay and Victoria Sts., Nelson.

LAKEVIEW HOTEL

Corner Hall and Vernon Streets
Two blocks from City Wharf. The best dollar a day house in Nelson.

NO CHINESE EMPLOYED

August Thomas
PROPRIETOR

GROVE HOTEL
FAIRVIEW

This hotel is entirely under new management and will be run as a strictly first class hotel. Good accommodations for steady boarders. The bar supplied with the best of liquors, cigars, etc.

J. W. CROW, Prop.
Late of the Arlington Hotel, Slocan City.

CLUB HOTEL

The Big Schooner of Beer or Half and Half

10c

The only glass of good beer in Nelson. Hotel accommodation second to none in British Columbia. Rates $1 per day. Special rates to monthly boarders.

CORNER STANLEY & SILICA STREETS

SHERBROOKE HOUSE

NELSON, B. C.

One minute's walk from C.P.R. station. Cuisine unexcelled; 31 rooms, well heated and ventilated. Baths in connection.
RATES—$1 per day.

J. BOYER
PROPRIETOR

McLeod Hotel

CORNER
FIRST AND SECOND AVENUE
YMIR, B. C.

Centrally located. Rebuilt and refurnished throughout. All modern improvements. Sample Rooms in connection. The only first class hotel in Ymir.
RATES FROM $2.50 UP
FINLAY McLEOD, Proprietor.

THE QUEEN'S HOTEL

BAKER STREET
MRS E. C. CLARKE, Proprietress.
RATES $2 PER DAY.

Large and comfortable bedrooms and first class dining room. Sample room for commercial men.

TREMONT HOUSE

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN
MEALS 25c. ROOMS FROM 25c TO $1.00

MALONE & TREGHLLUS, Proprietors
Baker Street, Nelson

Madden House

Baker Street
Nelson, B.C.

Do you need a comfortable home? If so, try the Madden House. Well furnished, rooms lighted by electricity; first class board. In the bar you will find all the best domestic and imported liquors and cigars.

THOMAS MADDEN, Proprietor

WALKER HOUSE

TORONTO, ONT.

Cuisine unexcelled. Two hundred well-ventilated, steam-heated bedrooms, a number with baths. British Columbia, Saskatchewan, Alberta patronage specially solicited. Strict attention to ladies and children. Rates $2 to $3 per day.
GEO. WRIGHT & CO., Prop.
Late of Brandon and Winnipeg.
T. M BAYNE, Manager.

BARTLETT HOUSE

(Formerly Clarke House)
The best $1.00 per day house in Nelson. None but white help employed. The bar is the best.

G. W. BARTLETT - Prop.

Send Your Friends A Photo

of Nelson for Xmas it will please them and advertise the town you live in. You can get any view you want at the

QUEEN STUDIO

FOR SALE

170 acres fruit land on Kootenay river, 50 acres cleared. The soil is first class easy loam, abundance of spring water for all purposes; 50 fruit trees, 150 small fruits; a small log house, good stable and chicken house; a god cow and a number of chickens; some implements and tools. This is one of the best ranches in Kootenay. If you are looking for land it is to your interest to investigate. For particulars apply to
GEO. G. McLAREN, K. W. C. Block

DRESSMAKING

Miss Anderson has opened Dressmaking Parlors in the rooms above the Queen Studio on Baker Street,

FRUIT LANDS FOR SALE

Special Offer for Cash
207 Acres
With Long Lake
Frontage $800

H. E. CROASDAILE

Office Next Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Phone 247 Nelson, B.C. P.O. box 628

GALT COAL

AND WOOD OF ALL KINDS
Terms Spot Cash

W. P. Tierney
Telephone 285
Baker Street, Nelson

Semi-Ready Clothing

We have secured the sole agency for this clothing, and in order to make room for it, we will sell all clothing now in stock at greatly reduced prices.

J. A. Gilker

PRICE OF METALS.

No quotations were received yesterday, the American offices suspending business in honor of the anniversary of the birthday of Abraham Lincoln.

NELSON'S NEWS OF THE DAY

William Clayton of Victroia is on a visit here to his son, Dr. W. B. Clayton.

The Nelson rink will be open for skating tonight with the band in attendance.

"Always do what you are afraid to do," is "high counsel" for a timid advertiser.

Letters for advertisers "X.X.," and "Y.Z.," are waiting for owners in The Daily News office.

The teamsters' hockey team issue a challenge to the Diamond A. hockey team and ask for a date of meeting.

The Nelson hive L.O.T.M. will hold a private installation ceremony in the K. of P. hall tomorrow evening, Wednesday, Feb. 14.

The Ladies' Aid of the Roman Catholic church will give another whist party at the Queen's hotel next Thursday evening, Feb. 15.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Imperial development syndicate will be held in the board of trade rooms this afternoon at 2:30.

A party is to be given next week by the Churchmen's club to the ladies of St. Saviour's congregation. Progressive whist and music will be the features of the evening.

"Pinched for money" a man will sometimes offer to sell something at an amazing sacrifice. Those who watch the classified ads reap the benefits in such cases.

Something saved on six purchases out of ten—that is possible to the ad reading householder; enough saved perhaps to purchase the "something else" so much wanted.

Judge Spinks of Vernon, who has been a patient for some months in a Montreal hospital, is a good deal better, but is still under the doctor's care. He expects to leave for the west about March 1st.

Yesterday was the anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln, president of the United States, 1860-1866. As it is a national holiday, no sessions of the American metal markets or stock exchanges were held yesterday.

The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon of the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Hardie, aged four years and seven months. The funeral services were conducted at the family residence by Rv. J. T. Ferguson of St. Paul's church.

A meeting will be held this evening at the Churchmen's club rooms on Silica street, next to St. Saviour's church, for the purpose of electing officers for the year to the Nelson cricket club. All members and also those wishing to join are asked to attend.

Charles W. Slipp, formerly of the office staff of the Nelson branch of the Brackman- Ker Milling company, and later manager of the Rossland branch of the same company, is one of the heroes of a romantic double wedding in San Jose. On Jan. 26 he married Mrs. Mae Eliza Peters. Charlie was very well known in Nelson and throughout Kootenay.

The final game for the championship hockey trophy of Kootenay will be played at the Rossland rink Wednesday evening between Nelson and Rossland. A special train will leave Nelson at 5 p.m. Wednesday, and leave Rossland for the return trip at 11 p.m.

The Presbytery of Kootenay will meet at 10 a.m. today in the hall of St. Paul's church. The business of the forenoon will be of a formal character. The evening meeting commencing at 7:30 will be devoted to the interest of the young people's societies and Sabbath schools and will be followed by a reception given by the Ladies' Aid of St. Paul's church. The meeting will be open to the public.

THE STORE OF QUALITY

A Large Importation of

Cheese

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

A complete assortment that will please the most fastidious.

Breakfast Cheese, each	10c
Canadian Full Cream, per lb	20c
Imported Swiss, per lb	40c
Imported Limburger, per brick	60c
Imported Roquefort, per lb	60c
Imported Gruyere, per lb	40c
Swiss Bricks, per brick	$1.50
McLaren's Cream Cheese, large size jars each	$1.00
McLaren's Cream Cheese, medium size jars, each	60c
McLaren's Cream Cheese, small size jars, each	30c

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Groceries and Provisions
K. W. C. BLOCK NELSON. B. C.
PHONE 10

FOR SALE

6 roomed house and lot, handy for the C. P. R. and the smelter. Price $1675, half cash balance monthly payments.

A Modern Six Roomed House in good repair, and three lots, price $1800. Terms: Small cash deposit, balance monthly payments.

A House and Two Lots in a central position, close to Baker Street, $1650.

FOR RENT

Well furnished house on two corner lots. Five rooms and bath room, good situation, all modern conveniences, piano Rent $30 per month including water.

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Hockey Skates

A Cut in Skates

MIC-MAC	$2.90	LADIES' BEAVER	$1.50
CHEBUCTO	$2.25	BOYS' BEAVER	.95
STAR	$1.50	BOYS	.60

J. H. Ashdown Hardware Co., Limited
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

TIMELY INFORMATION

No matter what your taste may be in the line of CLOCKS we can suit you.
Our Cathedral Chime Clock, in weathered oak case, is a beauty, price...$30.00
We can give you a Grandfather Clock, oak case, at the exceedingly low figure of ... $75.00
Large Bronze Statue Clock ... $45.00
Plain Mantel Clocks ... $7.50
Fancy Boudoir Clocks, in gilt or bronze...$3.00, $4.00, $5.50, $8.00, $9.00, 10.00
Mission Clocks ... $2.90
Tarvelling Clocks, in leatherette case ... $8.00, $12.00
Sunrise Alarms ... $1.50
Must-Get-Up Spasmodic Alarms ... $2.50
Small Wasp Alarms ... $2.50

EVERY TIMEPIECE GUARANTEED.

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For Christmastide and New Year will be found at the Nelson Store of

P. BURNS & CO.
LIMITED.

And at Kaslo, Sandon, Rossland, Trail and the Boundary Branches.

ROUGH LUMBER DRESSED

Doors, Windows, Mouldings, Shingles, Turned Work and Brackets. Complete and up to date stock always on hand. Mail orders promptly attended to.

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In Stock at Rossland

4 5x5 in. Jenckes Hoisting Engines.
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GOOD ASSORTMENT OF STEEL HOISTING ROPE

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All that we ask is that you try a sample package of our New Breakfast Food.

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We know you will say it is the best of its kind on the market. Made from the choicest white wheat. Cooked, ready to eat. At all grocers, 2 lb. package, 25c

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Choice Stock at a Special Price
25c Per Lb.

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Hot Roast Beef and Brown Potatoes

Nothing equals delicious

Premier Breakfast Bacon

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Overalls and Working Clothes

Railroad Men's working clothes are a specialty with us.

We sell the best union made overalls a workingman ever put a foot into—Peter's.

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Come in and let us show you the newest goods and latest syles. new goods for Spring. We have the

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Just received a fine line. New designs Prices from $3.00 up.

Odds and Ends in Carpets, less than cost while they last. Toilet Sets from $2.00 up, all new designs.

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STRATHCONA — D. C. McRae, Greenwood; H. S. Wallace, Rossland; J. R. Grant, New Westminster; L. G. McPhillips, Vancouver; A. D. McPhee, Grand Forks; F. R. Whitnell, New York; L. Pratt, M. L. Grimmett, H. W. Sharp, Sandon; W. E. Davidson, Toronto; F. F. Begg, London.

QUEENS—F. R. Forbes, Slocan; A. H. Cameron, Midway; J. Fernie, Cascade; D. K. Allen, Nakusp; W. H. Kreyscher, L. A. Cassidy, Seattle; H. H. Bluemenauer, New Denver; C. L. Copp, Miss N. Murphy, Moyie; E. M. Pink, Pincher Creek; S. Lundie, Phoenix; C. L. Hilligoss, Ymir; J. C. Carruthers, Trail.

MADDEN—J. Miller, Boston; R. Hilligoss, Everett; L. Oxley, J. Kelly, Ymir; T. Wagner, Sault Ste Marie; J. P. O'Neil, Rossland; A. Fletcher, J. D. Moore, R. Heddle, Kaslo; T. Brandon and wife, Greenwood; Mrs. R. M. Halpenny, Eholt; G. B. Oulton, Bonnington; W. J. Hilligoss, Parent; E. McGillivray, Vancouver; T. Matthews, Midway.

BARTLETT—K. McLean, E. Winslow, J B. Windsor, Trout Lake; H. W. Shaw, Eureka; J. P. Bell, A. Stack, Salmo.

LAKEVIEW—Mr and Mrs. Collins and children, Spokane; W. J. Collins, Thrums; C. A. Campbell, Rossland; J. Lewis, M. Mawdsley, Pilot Bay; C. B. Fair, E. C. Hyatt, Bonnington; G. VonNethen, Hanover.

TREMONT — J. T. Hill, W. Williams, Rossland; A. J. McDonald, Greenwood; L. E. Walters, D. Dale, J. Sutherland, Phoenix; E. Morton, Bonnington; C. A. Winchell, J. Paul, R. Murphy, Arrowhead; T. Pootz, Revelstoke.

ROYAL—F. Orange, Fernie.

SHERBROOKE—N. Glenn, Eholt; J. R. Brown; J. Bonnietty, Miss Boulleco, Spokane; H. Thomas, Bonnington; T. Beaton, Ymir.

GRAND CENTRAL — N. S. Tattersall, Slocan; T. Collins, P. Dolan, Rossland; T. A. Ives, Arrowhead; S. B. Seion, J. Redding, Spokane; J. H. Graham, Moyie; A. McArthur, Salmo; J. O'Koski, J. Evans, Sandon.

MARCH OF UNEMPLOYED

London Demonstrations Said to be Losing Significance

London, Feb. 12 — There was another march of the unemployed in the streets of London this afternoon with the object of impressing the new government and legislators, but the demonstration was a failure. The procession was hardly half the length of the previous demonstrations and the attitude of the public towards the subscription collectors showed that interest in the "poverty parade" has been decidedly waning since they took on a distinctly political character. The men marched along the Victoria embankment to Hyde Park where they listened to speeches delivered by the labor party members of parliament and adopted the usual resolutions that the government come to their aid.

STABLE BURNED DOWN

Winnipeg, Feb. 12—The stables of J. & B. Gladsen, contractors, were burned this afternoon and 18 horses, together with all other contents, were consumed. No one saw the fire until it was too late to attempt even to save the animals.

A PIONEER OF WINNIPEG

Winnipeg, Man. Feb. 12—Lientenant governor McMillan of Manitoba, was bereaved by the death of his mother today. The old lady was 83 years of age and had resided here since early in the eighties.

Don't fail to hear Madame Beatrice Langley, Stanley Adams and Miss Meggy on Monday evening.

We Will Sell

5000	Sullivan	.06
1000	Western Oil	.18
1000	Diamond Vale	.29
2000	Rambler	.35
5000	North Star	.05¼
500	St. Eugene	.67
500	International Coal	.33

We Will Buy

10,000	Lardeau Mines (quote)	
1,000	St. Eugene	.65
2,000	International Coal	.28
5,000	Pathfinder (quote)	

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Our $4.00 Special

The cleanest and neatest looking shoe we have ever had the pleasure of showing to our patrons for this price. Men's Box Calf, Blucher Pattern, Goodyear Welt. On the very newest toes.

It's not a $6 for $4 but the best $4 shoe in the city. You would not go to a bank with $4 and expect to get $5 in gold (unless it's a gold brick.) Why should you expect to get a $5 shoe for $4? Have you ever thought of it? Look at your past experience.

Royal Shoe Store
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Agents for Nettleton's, Slater's, Bell's

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Canadian Almanac, 1906

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Have a at our Bargain Tables, It will Pay You

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