103

THE DAILY NEWS

VOL. 4 NELSON, B. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1905 NO. 94

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AUG 15 1905
VICTORIA, B. C.

PROCESS IS SUCCESSFUL

Dr. Hendryx's Equipment is Installed on Reliance Property

Big Gold Mine Now on Solid Basis With Perfect Equipment--All Interested in Mines Delighted With Outlook

The success of the new Hendryx cyanide process has been demonstrated in British Columbia within ten miles of Nelson. Ore of a comparatively low grade is being profitably treated in the mill of the Reliance Gold Mining company, the percentage of values saved being over 95. Before he would risk the reputation of his process and machinery, Dr. W. A. Hendryx had the mine examined by an expert in his interest to satisfy himself of the quantity and quality of the available ore, and of the equipment and management of the property.

Having been satisfied on all these points Dr. Hendryx forwarded the machinery, and has been in Nelson or at the mine for the last three weeks superintending the installation of the plant and putting it in running order, with all the latest improvements he has added.

On Thursday a large party of directors and officials of the company paid a visit to the mine and mill. The party included A. H. Kelly, president and manager, T. A. Noble, John Bissell and David S. Bissell, of Pittsburg; D. C. Johnson, of Spokane; W. P. Tierney and R. S. Lennie of Nelson, directors; H. S. Lydick, of Pittsburg, a stockholder, and W. J. Elmendorf, of Spokane, consulting engineer and a representative of The Daily News.

A start was made from the Strathcona at 7 a.m. The mill was reached at 9.15, where Dr. Hendryx and D. Lay, mill superintendent, joined the party and conducted them through the mill.

The equipment and arrangements of the mill are ideal. The force of gravity is employed from the first operation to the last, and efficiency and economy together, are the result.

The ore is received in a bin at the lower terminal of the aerial tram, 1700 feet in length. The coarse ore passes over a slanting grizzly, then to a Blake crusher, and then, with the ore that was already fine, passes between rolls, 36x14. From the rolls, the crushed ore falls to the feed bin, from which, still by gravity, it is passed into the Chilian mill. There it is reduced to pulp and mixed with a cyanide solution. The liquid then passes over amalgration plates on which nearly 60 per cent of the gold is saved.

The liquid solution then passes through a series of ten storage settlers and thence conveyed by lauders to the Hendryx agitator. After from six to eight hours in the agitator the remaining gold values are on the plates that are contained in it. In the agitator the solution is continually exposed to the air by the revolution of the propellor, which hastens the separating process.

The solution and the tailings pass from the agitator to a decanter, from the bottom of which the tailings are drawn away to the creek. The then clear solution of cyanide passes to a sump tank, from which by centrifugal pumps, it is returned to the storage settlers, and from there to the original storage tank, so that the same solution is available for use again.

In the evening the agitator was stopped and two plates from it were shown to the visitors by superintendent Lay. On each was a rich deposit of gold.

The amount of cyanide required for the process is never more than a pound to a ton of ore and averages two-fifths of a pound. As the same solution may be used repeatedly, with small additions, and as the cost of cyanide is 23 cents a pound, it may readily be seen that the process is a decided success, economically as well as mechanically.

Mr. Lay has increased the sensitiveness of the plates in the agitator by using galvanized plates for the purpose. Dr. Hendryx is making a further improvement by enclosing the plates in a vacuum, covered with a filtering envelope. The vacuum will then draw only the clear solution to the plates and precipitate the gold.

Speaking of the process, Dr. Hendryx said:

"I have kept it in the record office for nearly four years before taking out patents. During that time I have been gradually perfecting it. I am satisfied now. The American patent was issued last March. Since then it has been patented in Australia, South Africa, Egypt and Russia. The Canadian patent is not issued yet owing to arrears of work in the office. It has been applied for, and will be issued soon now. In every case the patent covers the machinery as well as the process.

"I couldn't afford to let the first test in Canada result in a failure on account of lack of ore, or lack of values, or bad management. Here I am perfectly satisfied. The ore is here in unlimited quantities, the values are here, and the management is efficient. Therefore, I consider the perfect and continued success of the process is assured."

After president Kelly had entertained his visitors to a regal luncheon, a start was made for the mine. The whole party traversed the tunnels under the guidance of Mr. Kelly and W. J. Elmendorf. Several of the party carried hammers and the ore was examined at every point.

The development consists of about half a mile of underground work and a deep open cut, exposing a parallel vein of equal, if not greater width and values. At no point in the workings is the ore lost. Extensive crosscutting has been done to prove the width of the ore body. Neither tunnel reaches the end of the ore. The vertical distance between the tunnels is 112 feet, and the greatest depth attained is about 250 feet

The ore is pyrite and oxidized iron, absolutely free from copper, zinc or arsenic. The average value, on Mr. Elmendorf's very conservative estimate, is between $4 and $5 to the ton. In many places the values run very much higher.

The extent of the ore body is still unknown. The property includes six crown granted claims. The main workings are on the claims, May and Jennie.

The visiting shareholders and directors were delighted with the result of their inspection and congratulated each other on their possession and its prospects.

The lion's share of the credit for the company's success is due to A. H. Kelly, who has stuck to the property through good and bad luck, for about seven years. His own faith in it has never wavered, and his success is well earned. With him in the company, R. S. Lennie has been associated from the beginning. The company was first organized in Nelson of local men, but it was soon seen that for efficient development a large amount of capital would be needed, and outside assistance was sought.

D. C. Johnson's assistance was secured. Mr. Johnson took a trip and succeeded in interesting T. A. Noble, who, in turn, interested John and David S. Bissell, large capitalists of Pittsburg. Mr. Noble's success with the Ottawa mine gave him confidence in British Columbia ,and he has no reason to regret either investment.

The company is now on a thoroughly sound basis, with admirable equipment and arrangement, by which nothing is allowed to go to waste. The buildings, besides the mill and the Hendryx building include bunk houses, boarding house, offices, assaying laboratory, electric light plant, and a saw mill. All the lumber used, except for doors and sashes, has been cut on the ground at less than half the cost of hauling it from Nelson.

A mountain creek that never falls, supplies three times as much water as the company needs for all purposes, including the sawmill and the electric lighting plant.

D. Lay, superintendent on the ground, and metallurgist, is not the least asset of the company. As well as being a diligent and efficient superintendent, he is an experimenter and inventor. His device of using galvanized plates has already been mentioned. He has also designed and made an electric cut off signal which gives him instant notice at anytime of day or night of any accident to a plate, or any defect in the machinery of the mill.

Already the sum expended in developing the mine exceeds $30,000 and a considerably greater sum has been spent on the plant in erecting the mill and tramway, and making other improvements. A further expenditure is now contemplated. The present capacity of the mill is between 50 and 60 tons a day. The plant has been so arranged that the capacity may be increased at a comparatively smil proportionate expense. W. J. Elmendorf, the company's consulting engineer, who planned the mill, recently strongly recommended in his annual report that such an increase should be made at once. It is likely that in the very early future the capacity of the mill will be gradually increased to 300 tons a day. The amount of ore already blocked out justifies a mill capacity of 500 tons a day, whenever it is considered expedient.

After another banquet as guests of Mr. Kelly, the party started for Nelson at 7.15 p.m. The adventures of the return journey were told in yesterday morning's edition.

Although the Reliance mines are low grade, experts who have no financial interest in their success, freely express the opinion that the mines are, and will soon be admitted to be, among the most valuable mineral properties in the province.

At a meeting of the directors held last evening in president A. H. Kelly's office, the board authorized the management to proceed to further develop the property by having a No. 3 tunnel driven at a depth of 225 feet below the present workings, and extended through the present vein to the north vein, a distance of about 300 feet; this development is to be provided for out of the profits.

The directors approved of the manner in which the new mill has been constructed, and complimented A. H. Kelly, the managing director, and W. J. Elmendorf, the consulting engineer, on their careful and economical operation.

FORTY BUSHELS TO ACRE

Brandon, Aug. 11—The first wheat cut here is now in the stack. It is an excellent sample and will yield 40 bushels to the acre.

SPOKANE TELEPHONES

(Special to The Daily News)

Spokane, Aug. 11.—At a special election held today Spokane decided to grant to the Home Telephone Co., a new corporation, a franchise for a system of telephones in Spokane. Vote in favor was 2545; against 390.

PARLIAMENT PROROGUED

Address of King Edward to His Faithful House of Commons

Praises Canada for the Undertaking of the Responsibilities of Defence of Harbors of Esquimalt and Halifax

London, Aug. 11.—Parliament was prorogued this morning after a chequered session which will be long remembered for the unprecedented number of votes of censure and motions for adjournment moved with a view to the embarrasment of the government.

The session produced two measures of sociological interest: the Aliens Act, and the Unemployed Workmen's Act, the latter creating facilities for the providing of work and wages for all ablebodied applicants. The conflict between the two Scottish churches was also settled. Apart from these measures the work of the session was mostly of a routine character.

Not more than fifty members assembled at the closing scene of today and when Black Red summoned the commons to the bar of the house of lords there were only two peers present beside the three royal commissioners, acting for the king.

Lord high chancellor, the earl of Halsbury read the king's address, the most interesting clause of which, from an international point of view, were the references to the peace negotiations and to the crisis in Norway.

Regarding the latter the speech says: "Negotiations, due to the initiative of the president of the United States, are now being entered upon between the Russian and Japanese governments for the purpose of terminating the deplorable conflict now proceeding in the far east. It is my earnest hope that these negotiations may lead to a lasting and mutually honorable peace."

Referring to the Scandinavian crisis the address read: "A dissolution between Norway and Sweden apparently is imminent. I am confident that by the exercise of wise moderation on each side that a setlement will be arrived at which will be acceptable to both countries and that it will be of such a nature as to enable my government to maintain with the people of the Scandinavian peninsula the same friendly relations which have prevailed in the past."

The speech went on, after referring to sundry matters, to praise the patriotic efforts of Canada to assume responsibility for the defence of Halifax and Esquimalt, which efforts had been cordially accepted.

MARYSVILLE LOOKS BRIGHT.

Hard Story of Bad Luck During Previous Season.

(Special to The Daily News)

Marysville, Aug. 11.—Among Marysville's distinguished vistors of the week are senator Turner and Mrs. Turner of Spokane, accompanied by Messrs. Layton and Clendenning. They will look over the smelter, and then visit the Sullivan mine above Kimberley.

The prospects of Marysville never looked brighter than at the present time with a good outlook for the coming winter. Extensive logging will be carried on above St. Mary's lake, 12 miles from Marysville, and some $20,000 is to be expended this winter by Breckinridge & Lund of Wardner ,B. C. This district contains vast areas of first class cedar, and when this is used by the mills, all articles that are manufactured of this wood will be made here instead of having to ship them in from the coast as is now the case. The lumbering industry will last for a long time to come as there are any quantities of timber, composed chiefly of tamarac and pine, extending from here through to Pilot Bay. It will be remembered that the sawmill owned by the Laurie Lumber Co., of this place was burned to the ground on the 19th of October, 1904, the day previous to the day on which the employes were to be paid part of their pay. The mill property, consisting of lumber, horses, wagons, and scrap iron, was sold at auction, and after the lapse of nearly a year of anxious waiting by the employes the bushmen were paid 60 per cent of what was due them, and the millmen at only three cents on the dollar. One man with a family had $150 due, and received the large sum of $4.50, being all there was coming to him as a millman.

ROBBERY AND MURDER

Foul Deed Committed by Miscreants at Red Deer, Alberta.

Winnipeg, Aug. 11.—Peter Hansen, a well known and respected citizen of Red Deer, Alta., was found murdered this morning, lying with his throat cut, four miles from Red Deer. Robbery was evidently the motive of the crime as the pockets of the deceased which were known to have contained $80 earlier in the day, were rifled.

A Swede named Brekrock, has been arrested as having complicity with the crime, being the last man who was seen with the deceased.

REGATTA COMING HERE

CHOPPY WATER AT VICTORIA HURTS THE RACES.

PLUCKY FIGHT PUT UP BY THE NELSON CREW.

(Special to The Daily News)

Victoria, Aug. 11.—The regatta opened this afternoon under rather disappointing auspices, there being a strong wind blowing into Esquimalt harbor which seriously interfered with the work of the shells. Both ends of the course were in excellent shape but in the centre, opposite to what is known as the White Rocks, it was too rough for satisfactory racing. In fact it was so bad that in the single scull race Finlaison, of Victoria, was thrown into the water by it and had to be picked up by the judge's launch, the race going to Luders of Portland. The junior doubles was accordingly postponed, but the junior fours were rowed.

In this only Vancouver, Nelson and Victoria competed and all got away nicely together. Victoria finally got slightly in the lead followed by Vancouver, and the latter then diverged from the proper course and swung a long distance out. Nelson cut across and was following the Bays well when they too worked off the proper course. Before they could recover themselves Vancouver had taken new bearings and were sweeping down in the wake of the Bays. It was too late for Nelson to overhaul them, although they finished only about a length behind. A lot of sympathy was felt for the Nelson crew who are good sports and popular, and who by their work generally, really won the right to second place. A meeting of the association is being held tonight at the Driard.

The Nelson boys in speaking of the race, say they are absolutely unaccustomed to choppy water, never going out excepting when the water is smooth.

At the annual meeting of the N. P. A. A. O. it was decided to hold the next regatta at Nelson between July 15 and August 1. The question of adopting a permanent course somewhere on the coast was laid over until next year.

A. Whealler, Nelson, was elected president of the association, and C. Wragge, and J. W. Banfield, delegates from the Nelson Rowing club.

DIVIDEND ON ARLINGTON

ERIE MINE HAS MADE $15,000 FOR SHAREHOLDERS.

IS IN EXCELLENT CONDITION TO KEEP UP RECORD.

A dividend on the Arlington mine at Erie is announced to be paid at once. The profits out of which the dividend will be paid amount to $15,000, which permits the payment of a shilling a share on all the stock that has been sold.

The mine has not paid a dividend for several years. Much of the work on the property has been devoted to development. The mine is now in a satisfactory position from every point of view.

As plenty of ore is in sight for shipment, and development work is well ahead, there is no reason to doubt that the Arlington will remain on the shipping and divlend paying list for a long time to come.

ZINC EXPERT ARRIVING

RAILWAY COMMISSION GOING TO CONVENE IN WINNIPEG

BOUNTY ON STRUCTURAL STEEL NOT TO APPLY O STEEL RAILS

Ottawa, Aug. 11—The government will send an expert to British Columbia to study the zinc deposits there in order to find out their extent and to advise as to whether they can be profitably operated.

The militia department has given instructions to the department of justice to purchase the property on the opposite side of the Fraser river from New Westminster to be used as a rifle range for the local militia, and a competitors' building is to be erected upon the Lulu island range.

Captain J. J. Sharpless of the Royal Canadian Infantry, the nephew of Hon. Supt. Sharpless, legislative councillor of Quebec, is appointed quartermaster royal of the Canadian artillery.

The national transcontinental railway commission is going to Winnipeg next week to look into the question of terminals at that point.

The government has passed an order in council making it clear that the bounty on structural steel is not intended to apply to steel rails. A rail mill at the Soo has put in a claim of $60,000 for bounty on steel rails they made last year. An examination of the law as it stood showed the claim as valid. Hereafter it will be understood, nevertheless, that the rail men have no right to the bounty.

DOUKHABORS ON WAR PATH

Yorkton, Aug. 11—A party of Doukhabors are again on the pilgrimage. They burned their clothing near here and were coming in naked, when the police arrested them. They had nothing but raw potatoes to eat. Another contingent is en route here from the colony and will be arrested on their arrival.

QUESTION OF LEASES

Victoria, Aug. 11—Mr. Justice Duff today, on the renewed application for an injunction in connection with the salmon traps at Sooke, gave a decided opinion that it was ultra vires of the province to grant leases of the bed or the foreshore waters.

A session of the legislature will have to settle the question.

WITTE WILL NOT YIELD

Returning Non Possumus to the Demands of the Japs

Russia Stated to be Feeling Bellicose--France Meditates Mediation--London and Berlin Think End is Near

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 11.—Russia's reply to the Japanese terms of peace wil be delivered by M. Witte to baron Komura at 9.30 o'clock tomorrow morning. The reply is written, there being two texts, one in French, the other in English. On the two crucial points, indemnity and the cession of Sakhalin, the reply is absolute non-possumus. Oother points are accepted as a basis for discussion, while still others are accepted conditionally. The reply is rather long, because in enumerating the conditions upon which discussion is admitted and those upon which consideration is declined, reasons and arguments are given. The Japanese plenipotentiaries are expected to ask for an immediate adjournment to examine and prepare their reply. M. Witte will probably intimate that the Russian plenipotentiaries expect the Japanese to display as much expedition as they (the Russians) have shown in the preparation of their response. Monday, therefore, is expected to be the day on which the real discussion will begin. Neither side wants to indulge in diplomatic sparring. The time for fencing is over and less than a week must decide whether a basis of peace is possible.

The tactics of the Japanese are inscrutable. They have shown throughout the war their ability to guard their secrets military, naval and diplomatic, and now not the remotest clue comes from behind their closed doors as to whether they are prepared to make substantial concessions. Silence and secrecy are their watchwords. But if the conditions as submitted constitute their last word, hope of peace may be regarded as having disappeared, if the feeling reflected in Russian circles is a true criterion, and that no substantial concessions on the main issues will be made is the belief in both Russian and Japanese circles.

Tonight in the inner camps of both plenipotentiaries the deepest pessimism reigns. M. Witte, it is positively known, believes the prospects of an agreement are so remote as to be practicall nil. He has no desire to prolong the agony and instead of fencing when the plenipotentiaries come together after the Japanese have had the opportunity to examine the reply, there is strong reason to believe he will not only welcome but will insist upon an immediate discussion of all the proposed bases.

That the Japanese terms in so far as they touch the main points will not be withdrawn or materially modified is he opinion of the most competent authorities on the ground who will talk for publication, namely J. K. Matsumato, a member of the Japanese parliament, who is here as financial emissary of Japan. "The conditions in their broad outlines," said he tonight, " have been substantially understood to us in Japan, and the Russians will be much mistaken if they imagine the Japanese will not insist upon the chief points, the indemnity and the concession of Sakhalin. To surrender either is impossible. If baron Komura should yield on these points, public feeling in Japan would be so strong that he would be murdered on his return to Japan. We must be reimbursed for the cost of the war, and we have national claims to Sakhalin which we have never forgotten.

"Japan has no desire to humiliate Russia more than is necessary, and even now is seeking to avoid wounding Russia's susceptibilities, but public opinion in Japan is absolutely so firm on the main issues that no Japanese statesman could possibly dare to withdraw the terms which have been proposed as a basis of peace."

London, Aug. 11—"Reasonable and legitimate," is the generall verdict of the London newspapers on the Japanese peace terms, which are discussed entirely from the text furnished by the Associated Press regarding Japan's conditions. The press, in a chorus, urge Russia to accept the terms and avoid further bloodshed and ensure a lasting peace. All the newspapers urge entirely from a Japanese standpoint, but it is generally conceded that the fact that the negotiations are now almost certain to continue is in itself a long step towards peace. The more conservative papers believe that the terms afford a chance for bargaining and suggest that it is not improbable that the Japanese will finally yield on the questions of fishing rights, interned ships and other minor matters. On the main questions of reimbursements and the cession of Sakhalin, however, there is no division of opinion.

The Daily Telegraph says: "There is both an ancient and a modern precedent on the side of Japan. Our allies mean what they say and they meant what they said prior to the war. Is there going to be a repetition of the blunder of thinking that Japan's irreducible minimum is reducible?"

Berlin, Aug 12—The Lokal Anzeiger's correspondent at Portsmouth cabled that he asked M. Witte if the Japanese terms presented a basis for continuing the negotiations and that M. Witte answered "Certainly."

The newspapers this morning seem disinclined as a whole to express their opinions of the Japanese peace terms. Russian utterances at St. Petersburg and Portsmouth, pronouncing the terms unacceptable, are treated here as signifying nothing. It is pointed out that the French talked the same way in 1871.

Paris, Aug. 11—The Japanese peace conditions produced a rather depressing feeling in official circles, the terms being considered somewhat hard. It is, however, the prevailing view that Japan's last word has not been spoken. It is pointed out that she has hitherto displayed a fervent desire for the cessation of this undesirable war and will likely relax some of her conditions laid down, and thus pave the way for the Russian acceptance of them.

Should the difficulties become acute, the Associated Press learns mediatory influence will be exerted with a view of bringing the negotiations to a successful issue.

St. Petersburg, Aug 12—Japan's demands, as predicted, have served to aray the Russian government and people under the same banner for the first time since the beginning of the war, and it is evident that M. Witte will find almost solid support at his back which ever answer he may make to baron Komura.

With scarcely an exception every voice is raised urging government to hold out against Japan's principal demands.

The Russ tday declares: "If these are Japan's conditions, all hope for peace has vanished."

Tokio Aug. 11—The Japanese people are following the proceedings at Portsmouth keenly but calmly. They are hopeful of peace, but are insistent upon satisfactory conditions, and are prepared to continue the struggle if the negotiations fail.

GREAT RUSH TO MIDWAY

ONLY TENT ACCOMMODATION FOR NEWCOMERS.

BIG BUILDING BOOM IS NOW IN PROGRESS.

(Special to The Daily News)

Midway, Aug. 11.—The rush to Midway still continues until there is not a vacant building in the town and the river bank is dotted with tents which are affording homes to numerous people until such times as they can obtain lumber and put up buildings. Each day sees the foundation stated for one or more buildings, thus taxing the lumber yards and furnishing employment to a large number of carpenters. The increased traffic on the C. P. R. to this place requires a special freight train each day while the passenger train, which up to a short time ago, only carried a few passengers, is now generally crowded, most of whom remain in Midway, some few going on to the Similkameen.

The town of Ferry across the line from Midway attracts a few newcomers and a few buildings are going up there, among them being an hotel for McDonald & Dempsey. This has been completed and was opened for business a week ago. It is called the "Big Dan" after the name of Mr. McDonald, one of the proprietors. It is very popular and meets with a large trade.

T. Hardy, of Greenwood, has purchased a lot on Fifth street and is building a hardware store.

Messrs. Weir & McArthur, who were formerly engaged in business in Nelson, are about to start in some line here. They are pleased with the prospects of Midway and have faith in its permanency.

Messrs. Hilbort & Melville have improved their barber shop, putting in two additional chairs and will shortly add baths.

J. Desrosiers, of Greenwood, contemplates building an extensive lodging house in the near future.

Yesterday the Midway-Vernon leased the building formerly occupied by Dr. Jakes as a residence, for offices.

The Eholt Trading company have completed the building of a commodious store house to give room to their increased stock.

The restaurant which is being run in connection with the Dallas hotel, was opened yesterday and is feeding a large number already.

The funeral of A. Fourney took place on Monday to the Midway cemetery. The deceased was a blacksmith on the V., V. & E., and while out fishing it is thought he was overcome by the heat of the sun and fell into the river. He was drowned in about three feet of water. Nothing is known as to where his relatives reside other than that he came somewhere from the southern states.

Dr. W. E. Newcome, who will have charge of the Great Northern work at this point, arrived a few days ago from Ferguson, B.C., where he has practiced for the past few years. He is a graduate of McGill and comes highly recommended. He will also have a private practice here, which will supply a much needed convenience, as formerly it was necessary to send to Greenwood for a doctor, a distance of nine miles.

The Eastern Townships bank have all their fixtures put in place and are now prepared to conduct a large business.

P. Heilscher has completed a large residence on Ninth street and will move into it in a few days.

During the excitement of building one individual, expecting to get into business cheaply commenced the erection of a building on a government street, this was speedily put a stop to by the provincial authorities.

WINNIPEG REAL ESTATE.

Winnipeg, Aug. 11.—Although July is regarded as the quietest month in real estate, 1200 transfers were recorded here aggregating in value $3,000,000.

FALL BACK ON TREATY

Boycotted Americans Rely Upon the Old Pact of Tientsin

An Article Declares That No Interference is Permissible With Importation and Export of American Goods

Shanghai, Aug. 11.—Alarm regarding the impending financial crisis in consequence of the Chinese boycott of American goods is increasing. It is stated that president Rosevelt has instructed United States minister Rockhill to warn the Chinese government that the United States government will insist on the full observance of article 15 of the Tientsin treaty of 1858.

This provides that "at each of the ports open to commerce citizens of the United States shall be permitted to import from abroad and sell, purchase and export, all merchandise of which the importation or exportation is not prohibited by the laws of the empire."

The president some days ago directed the attention of minister Rockhill to this particular article in view of the published reports that it was the intention of those managing the boycott against the American goods to interfere with the landing of American goods from the vessels in Chinese ports.

It is the opinion of the state department that any such act will be in violation of article 15, and minister Rockhill was instructed to call the attention of the Chinese government to these reports and to the treaty with a view of preventing any interference in the landing of American goods in China.

INTERNATIONAL REGATTA.

Toronto Makes it Interesting For American Boating Men.

Baltimore, Aug. 11.—Just enough wind to make a delightful day for the spectators was suffcient to make the water a bit too choppy for the oarsmen on the opening day of the 33rd annual regatta of the national association of amateur oarsmen, the events of which were witnessed by from 15,000 to 20,000 persons.

The prettiest race of the day was the intermediate eight oared shells, between the Ariel Rowing club of this city and the Argonauts of Toronto. It is claimed the Canadians cut the course, taking the lead and winning by a scant length, time 8:46. The Ariels protested the placing of their opponents first.

In the senior four oared, the Argonauts of Toronto, were beaten by the Seawanhakas' time 9:38.

HIGH VALUES IN FERMOY

G. W. Bartlett's Properties on Slocan Lake Promising Well

George W. Bartlett has received the returns from the assay of a sample of ore from his mine, the Fermoy, on Ten Mile creek. It was assayed by E. W. Widdowson, who reports values of $4 in gold and $65.40 in silver. The ore is basic rocks with galena. The specimen was picked up at random by Mr. Bartlett during his visit to the mine last week.

The vein from which it was taken, Mr. Bartlett explained, is 10 inches wide. Some 100 feet of underground work has been done at a depth of 80 feet. There is no surface showing.

Mr. Bartlett has another property, the Dunlee, near the Fermoy. Very little work has been done as yet on the Dunlee, but the ore found is of the same character as that of the Fermoy. Mr. Bartlett has faith in his properties and intends to develop them without delay.

RUPERTSLAND SYNOD.

Want Religious Instruction in Schools of New Provinces.

Calgary, N. W. T., Aug. 11.—The Anglican synod of Rupertsland in session here have appointed a committee to interview the representative body in the new provinces seeking to secure a syllabus of religious institution, or of Christian ethics in public schools. It also passed a resolution endorsing a national hymnal for the church in Canada.

MOROCCAN CONFERENCE

Madrid, Aug. 12.—The Heraldo says, that the international conference called by the sultan to discuss the reforms in Morocco will ake place in December, probably at Cadiz and that senor Moreland Pratendergast, former Spanish minister of the interior will preside.

CONDUCTOR THOMPSON KILLED

Moose Jaw, N.W.T., Aug. 11.—C.P.R. conductor W. E. Thompson was killed in the discharge of his duties at Oshella's gravel pit today He fell from the top of a car and several other cars passed over his body.

YELLOW FEVER.

New Orleans, Aug. 11.—The official report on the yellow fever situation to 6 p.m., is as follows: New cases today, 61; total cases to date, 608; deaths today, 9; total deaths to date, 163; new sub-foci 12; total sub-foci to date 163.

We are just unpacking a shipment of

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We are showing all the latest designs and offer

Splendid Values

In Dinner Sets, Tea Sets and Odd Pieces

Combining the useful with the ornamental, we have a complete assortment of Jelly Glasses, in pints and half pints, Bean Jars, in half gallons and gallons, Butter Crocks with lids, from 1 to 5 gallons, Flower Pots, 4, 5, 6 and 7 in., Jem Jars, pints $1 per dozen, quarts $1.25 per dozen, half gallons $1.50 per dozen.

Hudson's Bay Co.

Imperial Bank of Canada

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO

CAPITAL PAID UP .....$3,000,000 REST $3,000,000

T. R. MERRITT, President. D. R. WILKIE, Vice-Pres. and Gen. Man.

Branches in British Columbia

ARROWHEAD, CRANBROOK, GOLDEN, NELSON, REVELSTOKE, TROUT LAKE, VANCOUVER, VICTORIA.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Deposits received and interest allowed at current rates from date of opening account and credited half-yearly.

Nelson Branch J. M. Lay, Manager

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Paid-up Capital, $8,700,000 Reserve Fund, $3,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

B. E. WALKER, General Manager ALEX. LAIRD, Asst. Gen'l Manager

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THE DAILY NEWS

Published at Nelson every morning Except Monday, by F. J. DEANE

TELEGRAPH TROUBLES

While the wires are busy announcing that the telegraphers' strike has failed and that the business of the companies interested is practically not affected, the real facts appear very differently. Commenting on the situation on Thursday last, the Seattle Times remarks editorially: "Ever since the strike came on the transmission of the Associated Press service has not averaged above 50 per cent of the whole—and that, too, in spite of the fact that the Associated Press operates on leased wires and hires its own operators. It was 12 o'clock yesterday before 500 words had been transmitted to the Times over the leased wire that comes by way of San Francisco. When inquiries were made at the Western Union office touching the cause of the trouble it was learned that while the wire was direct it could be tampered with at the small stations along the line, and was being tampered with, and hence the delay in the transmission of the news service. "And," adds the Times, "if the telegraphic strikers expect to gain sympathy from the Associated Press publishers, of whom there are 800 in the United States, this certainly is not the way to obtain it. Make your fight as hard as you please—but let the telegraphic lines and instruments which you have forsaken alone!"

It has been with difficulty that any details of the progress or of the contentions of the men or the companies, have been obtained here. Queries sent to Associated Press headquarters are usually replied to with the statement that there is no change in the situation, and it has only been possible to get at the facts by a special service. The statement has been frequently sent out that the strike is over but the facts ascertained later have not borne out the assertion. Now that the American government is enquiring into the matter an authentic statement may be expected before very long.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The agreement reached before the executive at Victoria between the representatives of the city and the West Kootenay Power & Light company, is satisfactory, as far as it goes, and the city's interests appear to have been well protected in the deal finally concluded. That is surely a better ending of the matter than starting more litigation and entering upon a long and costly legal battle, the result of which, like all lawsuits, would always be in doubt up to the last moment. The present is not a judicious moment, to discuss a possible compromise with the power company over Mr. justice Irving's decision, and it is to be hoped that the city council at its next meeting, will decide to appeal the judgment to the Full Court, promptly. After that has been done, should an opening arise, pointing to an amicable settlement, it should be taken advantage of. Even with their recent victory in hand, the company has nothing to gain by a protracted legal fight, and might well agree to some sensible compromise. Possibly the judicious arrangement come to at the coast on Thursday, may pave the way to a settlement of all outstanding difficulties.

The local county court judge has held that the legislature has not granted the power to the municipality to compel connection with the city water system. If his honor is right, then such power should be asked for when the house next assembles. If the city solicitor is of the opinion that there is a good chance of reversing judge Forin's judgment on appeal, there should be no hesitancy in going to a higher court. Most people will agree that the city authorities were morally right in the stand they took on the Chinese laundry case in question.

A coroner's jury investigated the cause of death of the Italian who died as the result of his injuries received at the Grand View Hotel fire on Thursday morning last. After hearing the evidence adduced the jury find that no one is to blame in the matter, but draws the attention of the civic authorities to the urgent necessity of enforcing the provisions of the Fire Escapes Act. The council, now that their special attention has been draw nto the matter, should act promptly. It should not require a second fatality to enforce the law. While they are about it the council might see that better provision is made for drilling the brigade in ladder practice, and in providing jumping nets and instructing the firemen in the use of them.

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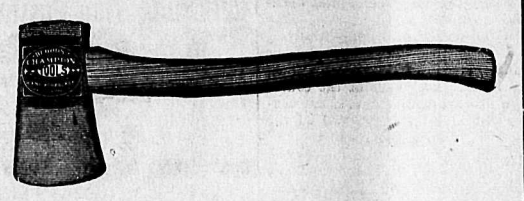

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is fast becoming the favorite style of razor with those who shave themselves.

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W. G. THOMSON, Bookseller and Stationer

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CANADIAN CELEBRITIES

DR. ALFRED THOMPSON, M. P., FOR YUKON TERRITORY.

A YOUNG NOVA SCOTIAN FULL OF VIGOR AND ACTION

Out of the Yukon there came to the present parliament of Canada the "northernmost" representative of the people of the dominion and the empire, in the person of Dr. Alfred Thompson. This representative of the gold territory is the successful candidate of the independent Yukon party, in which liberals and conservatives were combined for a common cause in the late election.

The fact that the Yukon is thousands of miles from the chief supply centres of Canada makes this far northern child of the dominion like a distant possession seeking to acquaint itself with the affairs of the home land, and endeavoring to get the older relation to learn more exactly what the new land wants and how it should be suplied. To this end Dr. Thompson will have largely to bend his energies. The issues that are fought out on party lines with such deadly earnestness to a great extent in and among the older provinces will be less a matter of vital concern to the far northern member and his constituency.

Coming from the richest placer district on the continent, if not in the world, Dr. Thompson represents a people who produce millions in virgin gold annually to enrich the dominion. The Yukon territory has produced since 1896 over 120 millions in gold, which, reduced to Avoirdupois, is 242 tons. This gold is scattered with free hand through the avenues and channels of Canadian trade each year. Since 1896 it has averaged from ten to twenty million dollars a year. In the beginning much of this vast output was represented in trade going to the United States side," but Canada has made rapid strides toward gathering in what is her own from the Yukon. Dr. Thompson comes eager and ready to demonstrate how Canada may gather more of this trade to herself. While producing millions in gold annually, the Yukon cannot do so without buying millions of dollars worth of foods, clothing and machinery, and the major part of this comes from the older provinces of the land of the maple leaf. In this the Yukon and the older provinces find their common bond, and Dr. Thompson's mission will be largely educative as well as representative. He will endeavor to educate the commercial centres of Canada as to the needs of the Yukon.

Before Dr. Thompson left Dawson for Ottawa he had a convention called to get the opinions of the miners on a proposed mining code for the Yukon, and gathered opinions direct from the Yukon importers and traders as to what to lay before the manufacturers and before parliament relative to strengthening Canadian trade in the north.

The heaviest work Dr. Thompson has in hand, perhaps, for the present, is the attempt to crystalize the present unstable mining regulations of the Yukon into a permanent set of mining laws passed by parliament and unchangeable except in parliament. The present regulations may be changed at any time by an order in council. Another heavy project which may be dealt with by him is the great problem of getting water into the Klondike placers in quantities sufficient for hydraulic mining. A giant government system has been proposed for furnishing hydraulic properties. Fuel is becoming far too scarce and costly and the cream of the gold is fast disappearing, so that the water question becomes rapidly a great problem involving the life of the camp. Water at low cost will enable the operators to work low grade properties profitably, and this must be done to maintain the camp.

Dr. Alfred Thompson is a man thirty-six years of age, and full of vigor and action. He came to the Yukon in 1900 from Hants county, Nova Scotia, and after practising medicine and saving $1800 the first few months, he made a lucky mining investment in a claim on an old moose pasture on Dominion creek. "It was pure bull luck," says the doctor, "that the claim turned out well, and I was given a start."

The doctor now is a heavy Dawson real estate and property owner, and vitally interested in his constituency.

While he has practised medicine ever since coming here, he always was active in politics in a manner that won him the respect of the Klondike. He ran once for mayor of Dawson, and was unsuccessful in bucking a whiskey ring, but soon afterwards was elected a member of the Yukon council, the legislature of the territory. He resigned from the council to run for parliament, and after a hard-fought battle of six weeks' campaigning on the famous Yukon creeks, often riding twenty miles a night to and from meetings with the temperature 15 to 30 degrees below zero, he was elected by a splendid majority as candidate of the Independent Yukon party. He sits in parliament as an absolute independent, although in principle a protectionist and conservative. He was opposed by Fred T. Congdon, former governor of Yukon territory.

Dr. Thompson was born in Hants county, Nova Scotia, in 1869. He was educated in the common schools of the county, meanwhile working hard much of the time to give himself his own education. After serving as a clerk in a store with his uncle, and gaining a little pecuniary footing, young Thompson pluckily undertook to become a professional man, and succeeded. He studied medicine in Dalhousie university, Halifax, and in 1889 received the degree of doctor of medicine and master of surgery. For a time he was house surgeon in the Victoria General hospital, then practised in his native county, and in 1899 joined the great rush to the Klondike. In the Klondike he always has been an active man, and is highly esteemed in every walk in life. The doctor is past master of the Yukon lodge, No. 79, of the Masonic order. On the whole the Yukon has a young, vigorous and able representative, and a man from whom the dominion may expect to hear something while in parliament.—Charles Reed Settlemier, in the Canadian Magazine.

IMPROVE JUNO PLANT.

Expect to Materially Reduce Cost of Handling Ore.

The work done on the Juno mine in the last three months has satisfied the owners of the value of the property. Negotiations are in progress for permanent arrangements which will lead to many improvements and extended operations.

Most of the miners engaged at the Juno came down the hill yesterday afternoon. For a while the report was current that the mine was closed down. When seen on the subject, manager M. S. Logan explained:

"The Athabasca mill has been operated on a three months' lease, which will expire on August 20th. There is now as much ore in the chutes as can be milled between now and the 20th.

"The company's first purpose has already been attained. The value of the ore has been demonstrated by a three months' test. It is the company's intention now to negotiate for permanent arrangements for the use of the Athabasca mill. When these are completed, it is intended to make some permanent improvements, including a subsidiary tram from the Juno workings to the present terminal of the Athabasca-Venus aerial tramway. By this means the cost of handling ore will be materially reduced. Another needed improvement, which will be made, is the addition of a slims plant to the Athabasca mill. These improvements will not be costly, nor will their installation take long.

"Of the success of the negotiations there is practicaly no doubt."

THE MOSQUITO FLEET.

Great Preparation For Tuesday's Expedition to Fort Busk.

The demonstration in force to be made by the launch club fleet to Fort Busk on Tuesday next will be the acquatic event of the season.

Everyone who was fortunate enough to be present at last year's demonstration will readily recall what a pleasant outing it proved. This year the club is arranging a still more extensive program, and the launch commanders are now busily engaged in preparing for the day's work.

The turn out is expected to be very much larger than last year and the sail home in the evening in column formation headed by the commodore, and winding up with a display of fireworks is to be made a very spectacular affair.

A good deal of "splicing the main brace" is going on at the dock yard, and up town, over the details of the day and the Associated Press has only so far been able to obtain a meagre account of what the fleet will try to accomplish. At least one doctor will accompany the expedition, and some trained nurses will be on hand to mitigate the suffering of the injured. The commissariat, easily the most important department, has been well looked after and there is no apprehension that those taking part in the demonstration will suffer for want of food. The hour of starting will be officially announced in tomorrow's paper.

E. O. Windsor, piano tuner, is in the city. Leave orders for him with the Canada Drug and Book company.

THE PEOPLE ALL

In Chorus Cried, Give Us Newbro's Herpicide.

This word of late has been in everyone's mouth, and many are wondering what the word signifies, though no one has yet been found, who will deny that NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE does the work. Well, for the information of thousands of people who like to know all about a good thing, we would say that HERPICIDE means, a destroyer or killer of "Herpes," Now "Herpes" is the family name of a disease caused by various vegetable parasites. A similar microbe causes dandruff, itching scalp, and falling hair; this is the microbe that NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE promptly destroys; after which the hair grows. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

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11,000 Yale- Kootenay Ice.
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If you want to rent your house, either furnished or unfurnished, list it with us at once.

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R. D. EVANS, Brandon, Man.

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E. W. WIDDOWSON, CHEMIST AND ASSAYER, Nelson, B. C.—Gold, silver or lead, $1 each; Copper, $1.50; Gold-Silver, $1.50; Zinc, $2.50; Gold-Silver-Copper, $2.50. Samples arriving by mail or express will receive prompt attention. P.O. drawer 1106; Phone A 67.

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GENTLEMEN'S suits repaired, cleaned, and pressed. Goods called for and delivered. Agent for Crown Tailoring company, suits from $15 up. A. J. Driscoll, opposite Queen's Hotel.

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FOR SALE—Gasoline launch, 16 feet long, 2 1-2 horse power engine and boat house. Apply box 184, Nelson, B. C.

FOR SALE—A bargain; 300 acre ranch, crown granted, 12 acres cleared and fenced, good barn and outbuildings, 200 acres very easily cleared, second growth, $2000; terms. S M. Brydges.

FOR RENT or sale, store and stock, real good stand, a bargain. Apply at this office under M.B.

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FOR SALE—Residential site, 142x52 feet, on Park street, 50 yards south of Vernon street, fine view of lake, cabin on property. P. O. Box, 813, Nelson, B.C.

FOR SALE—Several ten acre ranches for sale, charming location, easy terms. S. M. Brydges.

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NEISON Employment Agency.

WANTED—Blacksmith, laborers, sawyers, sawmill men, teamsters, bushmen, swampers.

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WANTED—A teacher for the Fort Steele public school, duties to commece the 14th August. Apply to R. L. T. Galbraith, secretary.

WANTED—Situation as chambermaid, cook or waitress, apply H., this office.

WANTED—A girl to assist with very light house work, and go to school, apply box 1102, Nelson, B.C.

TEACHER WANTED—Must furnish good references. Apply J. A. Anderson, secretary of school board, Jaffray, B. C.

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ROOMS furnished for house keeping, apply Room 1, over Daily News.

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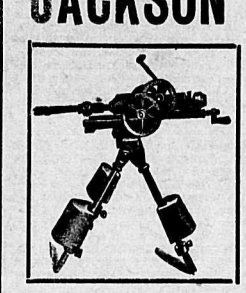

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PEN PICTURE OF MUKDEN

JAPANESE OFFICER'S STORY OF THE FIERCEST FIGHT.

MEN PLEADED TO BE ALLOWED TO FACE CERTAIN DEATH.

The London Times publishes the translation of a private letter from a Japanese officer, who was at the battle of Mukden, addressed to his brother, now in England. The letter is very long and gives a most realistic account of the 10 days' fighting that transpired before the Japanese were in possession of Mukden. Whilst space will not permit of the reproduction of this letter in full, below is given the officer's account of the sixth of the Mukden battles.

"The sixth, the hottest and worst, bloodiest and most savage, of the whole series of the Mukden battles. The Russians held a line from Sansenho to Neagyoho, while we ranged ourselves in and about Gyorimho, which is about four miles west of Mukden station. The doggedness of that Russian defence! Heavy guns and light guns, handy mountain guns, and little dynamite guns, all joined in the bombardment of their positions, while the heroic Russian gunners replied shot for shot and shell for shell. Attacks and counter-attacks succeeded each other like the figures on a fairy lantern. We fought with rifles, we fought with bayonets, then with grenades, and with shovels and picks, and even with fists. Why, it's no more nor less than a gigantic street brawl. One of the battalion commanders was killed and the colonel wounded severely, and one after another the company officers went down. Once when I whistled to the buglers and the charge was sounded, just barely 40 out of a battalion of skirmishers leaped to their feet, and the rest remained still—no cowards, but dead men—dead at their posts. Those who responded to the call had no right to do so; they ought to have been in the ambulances. That day's doings could never be told vividly enough with my pen, and, perhaps, no words could ever do justice to the bravery of the men, Russian and Japanese, and the hardships they endured. The Russians, five or six times our number, charged time after time so resolutely, up to our positions that some of them actually passed through the first line—but they never returned. These are the fresh troops from the reserves—determined, because of the knowledge that on their action hangs the fate of Kuropatkin and his army. So that day success remained with the Russians, in spite of all our efforts. Well, they deserved it. At the suggestion of an officer of the staff corps we volunteered to rush the works the same night. Men came to their officers and begged to let them go and fill up the trenches with their corpses so that others following them might walk over their bodies into the defences. At the men's earnest request a deputation of officers and men was sent to the divisional commander, who gave them the requested permission, not without some hesitation. All the unwounded of our company offered themselves to a man, and formed up—in fact they all offered themselves; but we were compelled to take only the unwounded. The men of the 'Kessital' formed up in a square, each man with a tumbler full of water to drink to the long parting—a parting after which they might never meet again. General Tachimi uncorked some wine, and himself poured just a drop into each man's glass, shaking hands with each. Holding his glass aloft, he said: "Gentlemen, I have not much to say to you tonight. You know well the desperate character of your undertaking in which success is not certain. You know also the chances against your returning alive to tell the tale. I can only wish you, gentlemen, God-speed. Go, gentlemen, do your best. I do not command it of you, comrades, but only cherish the hope that your resolution and your determination may bear the fruit of success. Farewell, farewell, long live the emperor! Long live the emperor! Long live the emperor!"

Men we were to leave behind came and pitifully implored me to take them, but, on my refusal, begged me to do their share of the work. Oh! our glorious army of citizen soldiers, men pursuing some peaceful avocation in some obscure corner of Japan, living and dying unknown, never doing harm to a living creature, content and happy to be a simple peasant or an artizan in the piping times of peace, and yet they are heroes all, ever one of them! It is an overwhelming honor, and a responsibility almost too great, to lead men such as these to dangers and destruction, men to whom in age I am but a younger brother, and in point of experience a mere child. "I have got sen yen in my bag, Honda, take it out when I am gone, and send it up to the war fund office, will you?" "Now these are my last verses, keep them for my sake, Oka!" "Good-bye, Tori, meet you at Shokonsha," (the shrine of those fallen for the nation and country).

These are bits of sentences I catch as I pace to and fro in the front waiting for the signal to advance. It made me think. I have seen almost all the important actions since the war began, yet I am here still and about to lead my trusted and tried heroes to almost certain annihilation. Perhaps this time tomorrow I shall be no more. I wanted to do so much. Has the time come to pay the blood-tax? Well, there will be many more worthy sons of the country, so I shall face it without regrets, happy in the thought of dying for the nation and for the country, and for our imperial master.

At midnight men threw off the great winter coats, and white distinguishing bands were put on the left sleeves in readiness to move. With drawn swords the officers lead, with fixed bayonets the men follow them in our usual formation. First grenade-men in a line at certain intervals then the main body in column of sixes with a grenademan at every few paces in the ranks. And with a tremendous yell we stormed into the earthwork. What followed I cannot bear to recite. How many of us returned? A few a very few. And the works? Intact still? As we receded came the enemy's counter-attack—the officer in command of this section knows his business well. But there is nothing so ridiculously easy as to repel a Russian counter-attack."

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KASLO-SANDON

Daily		Daily
1:30 p.m.	Lv.....Sandon.....Ar	10:25 a.m.
2:12 p.m.	Lv....Whitewater.....Ar	9:40 a.m.
3:45 p.m.	Ar.....Kaslo.....Lv	8:00 a.m.

KASLO-NELSON

Daily Ex. Sunday		Daily Ex. Sunday
6:00 a.m.	Lv.....Kaslo.....Ar	9:15 a.m.
7:30 a.m.	Lv.....Ainsworth....Ar	8:15 p.m.
10:00 a.m.	Ar.....Nelson.....Lv	5:45 p.m.

Calling at all way landings on signal.

NELSON-SANDON

5:45 p.m.	Lv.....Nelson.....Ar	10:00 a.m.
10:25 a.m.	Ar.....Sandon.....Lv	1:30 p.m.

Through daily freight and passenger service between Nelson and Sandon.

For further information and full particulars call on or address

ROBERT IRVING,
Mgr. K. R. and N. Co, Ltd.
Kaslo, B. C.

G. K. TACKABURY, Local Agent.

NELSON FAIR 1905

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

The Nelson Agricultural AND Industrial Association Of British Columbia

TO BE HELD AT

NELSON, B.C.

SEPTEMBER

20, 21 AND 22, 1905

Entries close Saturday, September 16th, 1905. For further particulars address

J. E. ANNABLE,
Secretary, Nelson, B.C.

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"Royal Household" is in a class by itself.

Flour that gives half nourishment and double work to digest is not good flour.

Cheap and inferior flour gives the digestive organs double work and half pay—inferior flours contain indigestible waste—

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Indigestibles destroy the nutriment of flour, therefore poor flour gives more work and less nutriment to the system.

Royal Household Flour is in a class by itself—it is the only really pure flour—and it is pure because it is purified and sterilized by electricity. —it is the most easily digested and most nourishing because it is absolutely pure.

The moment a woman puts her hands into "Royal Household" she knows it is a finer flour than she ever used before.

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LIBERALS OF ALBERTA

ORGANIZE FOR APPROACHING PROVINCIAL CONTEST.

PARTY PLATFORM IS ENDORSED UNANIMOUSLY.

The liberal convention, held in Calgary at the close of last week was a highly successful and representative gathering, delegates being in attendance from every section of Alberta. The proceedings were marked by the entire absence of any discord, the delegates being enthusiastically unanimous in drawing up their platform for the approaching provincial election.

The liberal platform is made up of 15 clauses, dealing with the most important questions of the day, and includes an emphatic party deliverance on provincial rights. The full text of the platform adopted is as follows:

1. Resolved that this convention of the liberals of the new province of Alberta, having been called for the purpose of organizing a provincial liberal association and consisting of representatives from all parts of the province, hereby expresses its adherence to those political principles which have ever characterized the liberal or reform party in Canada and elsewhere, and which consist in the conviction (1) that the intelligent opinion of the people is the true and just source of all political power; 2) that the administrators of public affairs should be under continued responsibility to the electorate; (3) that the true end of government is the promotion of the welfare of the masses of the people by the creation and preservation, so far as it is possible by the action of the state, of equal opportunities in life for every individual, by the vigorous repression of all encroachment on the rights of the people on the part of monopolistic corporations, by amelioration of the conditions of life and the redress of injustice, by a steady orderly and progressive administration of affairs, and by watchful and continued attention to the wants of those new settlers, whose courage, industry and thrift are creating the prosperity of the west.

2. Resolved that this convention adheres to the principle of provincial rights, and is determined to maintain intact and unimpaired the full legislative and executive authority of the province of Alberta under the constitution of Canada.

3. Resolved that this convention hereby declares its belief that the government of the new province should maintain an efficient system of common schools in order to meet the wants of the settler, and to extend to the children of all classes of the population an equal opportunity to obtain a good primary education that this system should receive liberal financial assistance from the public revenues, and that all schools receiving such assistance and supported by taxation should be subject in every particular to the direct and continued supervision, regulation, and control of the provincial department of education.

4. Resolved that in all provincial legislation and administration the desirability of retaining or acquiring control of all provincial franchises should be kept steadily in view, and that while business enterprise should be recognized and promoted in every legitimate way nevertheless no laws should be passed or acts done which would shackle the freedom of the people in respect thereto.

5. Resolved that, inasmuch as the progress and prosperity of the province will depend almost entirely upon the development of its agricultural and ranching industries, the provincial government should assist these industries in every possible way and particularly by the establishment of a system of dairy instruction, by encouraging cheese factories, creameries, forestry, and fruit growing, by assisting the farmers and farmers' associations to improve breed of live stock of all kinds, by assisting agricultural fairs, by encouraging the full preparation of all such products for the market in the most condensed and remunerative form, by the collection and dissemination among the farmers and ranchers of the latest and fullest information as to the best available markets and by extending to them every legitimate assistance in reaching those markets with the least possible loss of profit through excessive freight rates or the intervention of middlemen.

6. Resolved that this convention is in favor of a strong economical and business administration of public affairs with prompt attention without unnecessary routine to the wants of the people in all parts of the province.

7. Resolved that inasmuch as the true development of the province and the prosperity of its citizens depends in a very large measure upon the enjoyment of proper facilities in all parts of the country for easy access to markets, and inasmuch as the rapid influx of population and the establishment of new settlements render it impossible and also unwise that the new local improvement districts with their limited powers should be called upon to provide such facilities without material assistance from the provincial revenues, therefore, this convention declares its belief that the government should adopt without delay a vigorous and practical policy of bridging the more important streams and of maintaining a first class system of main thoroughfares to all market towns, the cost of which should be largely met out of the public funds of the province.

8. Resolved that inasmuch as the provinces westward of the Great Lakes are peculiarly interested in the establishment of a new route to the seaboard alternative to that afforded by railways to the Atlantic coast, and inasmuch as the creation of two new provinces out of the Northwest Territories gives the first opportunity for co-operation with this end in view, therefore this convention is of the opinion that the earliest possible steps should be taken to secure joint action by the governments of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, in order to ascertain definitely and finally the feasibility of the Hudson Bay route as an outlet for our commodities, and to decide upon the best method of constructing a railway by that route to tide-water, whereby the long land haul may be diminished by one half, and the ocean voyage to European ports also materially decreased.

9. Resolved that this convention recognizes the great importance of the mining industry in the commercial life of the provinces, and believes that the provincial government should foster and encourage this industry in every way.

10. Resolved that this convention regrets the necessity which existed for the introduction into the Alberta Act of a clause continuing the exemption of railway lands from taxation, and is in favor of the government urging upon the federal authorities the advisability of removing the restriction at as early a date as possible.

11. Resolved that this convention believes that the new provincial government should take the earliest possible steps to induce the federal government to set aside a sufficient part of the public domain as a permanent endowment for a provincial university, and an agricultural college in connection therewith.

12. Resolved that inasmuch as the revenues provided for the province under the Alberta Act are sufficient to meet all the present requirements of the province and are subject to large increases from time to time in proportion to the growth of our population, this convention declares its belief that there should be no necessity to incur any provincial public debt, or to pledge, alienate, or hypothecate the assets of the province to meet any real public need.

13. Resolved that in all the municipal legislation of the new province the government should be careful to give full opportunity to municipalities to retain or acquire control of all public utilities whenever they desire to do so, and to protect them in every possible way against the encroachments of private corporations.

14. Resolved that this convention hereby expresses its belief that in the establishment of all public institutions and the erection of all public buildings, due attention should be paid to the requirements of all parts of the province, and that in selecting locations for the same the government should consider the public convenience and the quick despatch of business.

15. Resolved that this convention believes in the vigorous administration of justice by a firm enforcement of the criminal law, and a simple method of protecting civil rights.

The officers elected were:

A. C. Rutherford, Strathcona, president; vice-presidents, C. W. Cross, A. R. Dixon, W. H. Cushing, A. B. McDonald; secretary-treasurer, Charles Stuart.

MAIL'S EMPIRE LESSONS

HOME POLITICS VIEWED FROM IMPERIAL STANDPOINT.

BRITAIN IN THE SEA WITH THE BRITAINS BEYOND.

The London Daily Mail's twenty-fifth "Empire Lesson" is devoted to a review of the present political situation in Britain, and is entitled, "Thoughts on the recent crisis" referring to Mr. Balfour's defeat in the house of commons on a question connected with the administration of Ireland.

The article is as follows:

The political crisis of last week-end happened very opportunely. Following hard upon the trail of a series of by-elections that for three years have consistently either gone against the government or seriously reduced the majorities of its candidates, and coming so quickly after Mr. Balfour's appeal to Unionist members of parliament for their regular and untiring support, the defeat of the ministry after an eight-hour's debate on an important question of Irish administration, and in a comparatively full house, was universally regarded as an event that called for exceptional treatment. Few political occurrences of recent years have given rise to more excitement or speculation; and it fortunately fell at such a moment as to give patriotic and thinking Britons ample time to think the situation out carefully before any definite pronouncement as to the intention of the government was made.

The thoughts and desires of average Britishers—and under that head are included the vast majority of the adherents of both political parties—trend all in the same direction. That there is a number who are influenced solely by the party label we know; but after all they are the minority, and may for our present purposes be ignored. The rest are Britons first and liberals or tories after; their first desire is for a policy—no matter from which party it emanates—which shall unite Britons and exalt the British empire.

There are now before this country definite proposals, formulated by an imperial statesman of no mean ability, that Great Britain shall respond to the unanimous appeal of British states oversea and join them in a great imperial customs union. The answer of the liberal party to this, is that there has been no appeal made from oversea, and that even if there had been, to respond to it would tend to irretrievable disintegration rather than to closer and more sympathetic union. They go so far as to back their arguments by pointing out to the British working man that a tax of two shillings a quarter on corn would drive him to starvation, and to the British farmer—what there is left of him after sixty years of "Free Trade"— that the price of corn would be so reduced by the increased production of and importation from Canada and India that he would be ruined. That appears to us to be a two-edged sword that cuts the wielder's throat both ways.

British world supremacy, which has been ours for the best part of three hundred years, and which is ours to retain for three hundred more, will in these days of great and growing empires only be maintained if the permanent unity of the British people is assured. Great Britain alone, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, or South Africa, alone, could never hope to retain unassailable the supremacy that the United Kingdom won in days when empires, as they now exist, were unknown; and for that reason the closer binding of the British people is a condition essential to the maintenance of the empire's supremacy, and one which, when it is achieved, will greatly simplify the conduct of our relations with foreign powers.

At the present moment these relations give every sign of complicated cordiality. The British government is authoritatively reported to be at this moment negotiating an extension of the treaty with Japan. At the same time we are on most excellent terms of friendship—for which we paid heavily enough—with France, who is the ally of Japan's enemy. Germany and France are, it seems, fated to be everlasting enemies—covert enemies, perhaps, but enemies nevertheless; while one of the probabilities of the future is an alliance between Germany and Russia. Then again, M. Witte, the peace plenipotentiary whom the czar is sending to Portsmouth (New Hampshire) to negotiate with the Japanese representatives, is stated to be empowered to conclude a treaty with the nation with whom at present his country is at war. Simultaneously we have proposals for an Anglo-United States amalgamation, or something equally stupid, while a prominent United States administrator has been writing of the possibilities and blessings of a monstrosity which he calls an "Anglo-American Navy." That would be a delightfully cheap navy for the United States.

If these facts prove the general desire of the nations of the world for alliances they also demonstrate fairly clearly what the real value of alliances is. A very little thought will give an idea of the absurdity of the situation. Imagine Russia allied with Germany, France and Japan, while Germany is at loggerheads with France and Japan; and Great Britain at the same time allied to Japan, while Germany is ostentatiously preparing a fleet to contest with us the supremacy of the seas. The whole situation is ludicrous, and abounds with incongruities.

At the best an alliance with a foreign power is but the registration of the whims and fancies, combined with a thought for the necessities, of the moment. Allied with a foreign power a nation loses a certain large proportion of its individuality and independence of action, because it must perforce shape its policy, not according to its own needs alone, but with a view always to the position and circumstances of its ally. Mere friendship, even, may lead a nation into a peculiar position. We are friendly with Japan, and so have withdrawn our fleet from the western Pacific. We are friendly with the United States, so we have denuded the eastern Pacific and the western Atlantic of fighting ships. We enjoy an entente cordiale with France, and so reduce our strength in the Mediterranean. This is a great advantage, our legislators tell us, because it enables us to concentrate our fleet in home waters and to keep a watchful eye on Germany and a strong arm ready to strike; but it makes us wonder what would happen should the kaiser suddenly become imbued with a diplomatic friendly feeling towards us. There would then be no place left to which we could withdraw our ships.

Friendship with foreigners is a very desirable thing; to trust in it implicitly is another matter, for a superficial acquaintance with history will show that there is but one nation that abides honorably by its treaty obligation. In any case the state of flux in which the world now is provides ample warning against too great or too simple a confidence.

Great Britain wants nothing so much as alliances, but not with foreign powers, with whom, after all, there can be little community of interest and still less of kindred sympathies. British blood marks Britain's allies, and infinitely the best policy for the empire is one that will strengthen and cement the bonds that bind in one firm, immutable whole Britain in the sea with the Britains beyond. That is the policy for which patriotic Britains hunger. They know it is not knidly regarded by the leader of the liberal party; they cannot ascertain with certainty whether the conservative leader is sympathetic or not. He claims to be, but there his sympathy appears to end. Of one man, however, there is no doubt. Every day fresh adherents are flocking to the imperial standard of Mr. Chamberlain, and even now the great majority of the conservative party actively support him. The brake on the wheels of progress is a party leader to whom party is above true patriotism; but the spirit of the age is irresistible. Either it will carry him along or it will trample him underfoot. It will not always, nor for long, be his tool.

COLIC AND DIARRHOEA—A REMEDY THAT IS PROMPT AND PLEASANT

The prompt results produced by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrohea Remedy together with its pleasant taste have won for it a place in many households. Mr. W. T. Taylor, a merchant of Winslow, Ala., writes: "I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrohea Remedy myelf and also with men on my place, for diarrohea and colic and it always gives relief promptly and pleasantly." For sale by all druggists and dealers.

It will pay you to keep Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in your house. It only costs a quarter. Sold by all druggists and dealers

A little forethought may save you no end of trouble. Anyone who makes it a rule to keep Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera, and Diarrohea Remedy at hand knows this to be a fact. For sale by all drugists and dealers.

For Sale Cash or Easy terms

one of the finest IMPROVED RANCHES in the Boundary Country

640 ACRES

well fenced, good buildings, fertile soil, and plenty of water.

Five acres bearing orchard, 100 acres in crop, will make an ideal home and an excellent investment.

Apply to

Frederic W. McLaine,
GREENWOOD, B. C.

TIMBER NOTICES

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special licence to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay district, commencing at a post planted at the south end of Hall's ranch and marked Alphonce Provost N.E. corner, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

Located July 3rd, 1905.

ALPHONCE PROVOST
F. PROVOST, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special licence to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situate in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay district, commencing at a post planted one half mile north of the 8-mile post of the east line of block 8, and marked Melei Provost S. W. corner, running north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

Located July 3rd, 1905.

MELEI PROVOST.
F. PROVOST, Agent.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that we, the Yale-Columbia Lumber Co., Ltd., of Nakusp, B. C., intend sixty days after date to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the undermentioned tract of land: Commencing at a post on the south limit of the Columbia and Western railway about half a mile east of Westley station and marked "Yale-Columbia Lumber Co.'s north west corner," running thence south 20 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 20 chains more or less to the south limit of the Columbia and Western railway, thence westerly along said railway to the point of commencement.

YALE-COLUMBIA LUMBER CO., Ltd.
W. R. ROBERTSON, Secretary

July 14th, 1905.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

$23.75 Portland and Return

30 Day Limit
Choice of Routes
All Rail via Sumas
or
S. S. Princess Victoria
Vancouver to Seattle
via Victoria

Corresponding rates from all Kootenay points.

Through Sleeper
ARROWHEAD TO VANCOUVER
Wednesday, Friday, Sunday.

For full particulars first class or tourist sleeper reservations apply to local agents or write.

J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson
E. J. COYLE, A.G.P.A., Vancouver

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TIME OF TRAINS
Between Nelson, Boundary, Republic and Spokane

Buffet Cars Between NELSON AND SPOKANE

Leave		Arrive	
9:10 a.m.	Nelson	6:35	p.m.
9:46 a.m.	Mountain	6:03	p.m.
11:05 a.m.	Rossland	4:55	p.m.
7:00 a.m.	Republic	6:30	p.m.
10:00 a.m.	Phoenix	5:30	p.m.
11:30 a.m.	Grand Forks	3:50	p.m.
9:45 a.m.	Spokane	6:20	p.m.

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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

The comfortable way to Seattle and all Pacific coast points. To St. Paul and all points east.

Two Through Trains Daily East and West

Completely and comfortably equipped.

For rates folders and full information egarding trips call on or address an agent of the S. F. & N. Railway or
H. A. JACKSON, G. F. & P. A., Spokane, Wash.
G. K. TACKBURY, General Agt. Nelson.

Synopsis of Regulations for Disposal of Mineral on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and the Yukon Territory.

Coal—Coal lands may be purchased at $1 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quarts—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free miner's certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A free miner's certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of $7.50 per annum for an individual, and from $50 to $100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1500x1500 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing location notices, one at each end on the line of the lode or vein.

The claim shall be recorded within sixteen days if located within ten miles of a mining recorder's office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction. The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1.00 per acre.

Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also copper in the Yukon territory, of an area not exceeding 160 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a Royalty of 2 1-2 per cent of the sales of the products of the location.

Placer Mining—Manitoba and the N.W.T., excepting the Yukon Territory—Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee, $5; renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River claims are either bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bank, but not exceeding 1000 feet. Where steam power is used claims 200 feet wide may be obtained.

Dredging in the rivers of Manitoba and the N.W.T., excepting the Yukon Territory—A free miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged beds or bars of the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have, or may receive entries for bar diggings or bench claims except on the Saskatchewan River where the lessee may dredge to high water mark on each alternate leasehold.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles, but where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge for each fifteen miles or fraction is sufficient. Rental $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent collected on the output after it exceeds $10,000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory—Six leases of five miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of twenty years, also renewable.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars in the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the first day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles within six years from such date. Rental $100 per mile for the first year and $10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty same as placer mining.

Placer Mining in the Yukon Territory—Creek, gulch, river and hill claims shall not exceed 250 feet in length, measured on the base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the width being from 1000 to 2000 feet. All other placer claims shall be 250 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, bearing notices. Entry must be obtained within ten days, if the claim is within ten miles of a Mining Recorder's office. One extra day is allowed for each additional ten miles or fraction.

The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate.

The discoverer of a new mine is entitled to a claim 1000 feet in length, and if a party consists of two, 1500 feet altogether on the output of which no royalty shall be charged, the rest of the party ordinary claims only.

Entry fee $10. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent on the value of the gold shipped from the Yukon Territory to be paid to the Comptroller.

No free miner shall receive a grant for more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold any number of claims by purchase, and free miners may work their claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of $2. A claim may be abandoned and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee.

Work must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least $200.

A certificate that work has been done must be obtained each year; if not, the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and open to occupation and entry by a free miner.

The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notices in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum—All unappropriated Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and within the Yukon Territory are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the Minister may reserve for an individual or company having machinery on the land to be prospected, an area of 1920 acres for such period as he may decide, the length of which shall not exceed three times the breadth. Should the prospector discover oil in paying quantities, and satisfactorily establish such discovery, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well, will be sold to the prospector at the rate of $1 an acre, and the remainder of the tract reserved, namely 1280 acres, will be sold at the rate of $2 per acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by Order in Council.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
Dept. Interior, June 30, 1904

Atlantic S.S. Sailings

C. P. R. ATLANTIC S. S. LINE
(From Montreal)
Lake Erie ....Aug. 3L Manitoba..Aug 10
(To London Direct)
ALLAN LINE
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Kensington ..July 29 Canada .....Aug. 5
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St. Paul ....Aug. 5 New York....Aug 12
RED STAR LINE
Zeeland .....July 29 Finland .....Aug. 5
CUNARD LINE
Campania ..July 29 Caronia .....Aug. 5
WHITE STAR LINE
Baltic .....July 26 Teutonic ....Aug. 2
Celtic .....Aug. 4 Oceanic .....Aug. 9
FRENCH LINE
La Lorraine..July 27 La Touraine..Aug. 3
HAMBURG AMERICAN
Bleucher .....Aug. 3 Moltke .....Aug. 17
(Mediterranean Service)
Prins Oscar ....Aug. 15
NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
Kronprins Wilhelm ....Aug. 1
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse .....Aug. 8
(Mediterranean Service)
Konigin Luise ....Aug. 5
Prinzess Irene ....Aug. 19

All continental rates and sailings on application. If you are contemplating taking an ocean voyage drop us a line and we will be pleased to furnish you with full information promptly.

J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson. W. P. F. CUMMINS, Gen. Agt., Winnipeg

Post Nuptial Thoughts

Perhaps the wedding day has come and gone and you have forgotten about a present. It's not too late, however, for Post Nuptial Presents are quite permissible. Come and tell your troubles to us, and see us fix you up

EWERT BROS.
JEWELERS AND ENGRAVERS
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I have three of the best dividend paying ranches on the Outlet, between Procter and Nelson, for sale Prices from $1,500 to $4,500.

These are the oldest and best improved places on the river.

For further information apply

T. G. Procter Mining and Real Estate Broker **NELSON**

NO ONE CAN BE BLAMED

VERDICT OF JURY IN THE INQUEST OF CIPARRO

FIRE DEPARTMENT THANKED FOR ITS EFFICIENCY

The inquest yesterday as to the causes why Manlio Ciparro, who lost his life in consequence of the fire at the Grandview hotel, came to his death, presided over by Dr. J. C. Elliot of Ymir, coroner, resulted in an all day session at the city hall and finally, after a nearly exhaustive hearing of the evidence, the jury rendered a verdict which declared that Ciparro came to his death through an unavoidable accident; that the police department was to be congratulated in the person of sergeant Arthur Pitchford and that the fire department was to be thanked for its efficiency in keeping the fire to the place of its outburst.

The jury empanelled was W. A. Jowett, foreman, J. O. Patenaude, J. A. Kelly, R. Weir, A. J. Kerr, and P. Lamont.

After viewing the remains at the morgue the jury was taken round to the Grandview hotel and shown over the scene of the fire, including the rooms which were occupied by the men that escaped through the windows and the spots outside where they were alleged to have fallen.

After convening at the city hall the first witness called was John O'Loughlin, who deposed that he was the owner of the hotel and lived upon the premises. About 2:30 on the morning of August 9th he discovered the fire by an alarm being given by Mrs. Plummer, who roomed behind him on the street floor. The fire was burning at the back of the building. When he got outside the fire was all over the back to the roof and coming up the side. Witness could not see where the fire originated. The fire was worst at the back. The kitchen was in the north corner of the building, on the floor immediately below the street level; the dining room was also on that floor. Witness said that coal was used in the kitchen range and sometimes in the morning it would still be alight. Witness saw the range last at 10 o'clock at night. The fire was still alight as usual.

Deceased occupied room 14 on the top floor, the fourth room from the front of the building on the east side. The window was about 25 feet from the ground. There was no fire escape to the building except the series of verandas and steps connecting at the back of the building. The door of room 14 is about 14 feet from the front stairway; 30 feet from the back stairway.

Witness found deceased lying at the northwest corner of the building about a foot back from the corner, along the west side. He was lying head down. He looked as if he had jumped from the end window on that side or from the back veranda. Had he jumped from his own window he certainly must have been seen. There was plenty of people around. Witness picked up the deceased and took him across the alley and got some water. Deceased sat up and spoke. Witness found deceased about 20 minutes after he got up. A hack was called and deceased was sent to the hospital.

By the foreman—When Mrs. Plummer woke witness there was no fire visible, only smoke. The front stairway was ablaze. Witness could not get up to warn his boarders. There were nine people upstairs including his brothers, five of these got out by the front rooms. Gas, oil and electric light were used in the house. In the kitchen and all through the house excepting the bedroom, electric light was used. In the bedrooms, excepting two lamps were used. The brother of witness occupied one of those rooms, fronting the street. Chief Lillie inspected the building several times and seemed satisfied. Nobody since; that would be a year or more ago. Witness had never been notified that an act was in existence providing for fire escapes in each room. The Grandview had been used as a boarding house since its building, five years ago.

Sergeant Pitchford of the police force, stated that he was on duty on Lake street. His first glimpse of the fire was from the rear. The whole of the rear of the building was on fire. He saw two men hanging from the second window from the front on the east side. Neither was the deceased. Witness got the ladder from the combination truck. One fellow dropped before the ladder was up, he broke his leg. The second slipped down the ladder and his fall was broken by witness. Witness was of the opinion that the men on the top floor could have come down the front. The reason they did not was probably because they lost their heads. The ladder was short but the man who slipped down it could have been reached had he waited another second.

Leone Ciparro stated that he was the younger brother of Manlio Ciparro, the deceased. His brother, while going to the hospital told witness that he had been alarmed by the fire; that he had opened the door and the flames were in front of him. He went to the window and could not see below because of the flames which burned his face and hair. He jumped out and crawled away to the bushes. The doctor prevented his brother from talking any more. Deceased told him to go back for his coat which contained $100. He could not find it; it was probably burned up. His brother had occupied room 14. Witness and his brother had been away from Italy for about a year. They had spent ten months in Winnipeg and two weeks and a half here and were going to Rossland the next day. There was another man in the room with the deceased. He slept with him. That man must have got out on the other side of the building. He was in the room when the deceased jumped out.

Oscar McMillan testified that about 10 or 15 minutes after the fire started he saw a man at the first window of the top floor from the back on the west side. A cloud of smoke hid him and the next witness saw, a few minutes afterwards, was a man being dragged away from the foot of the building below the window. Witness did not see the fall; he heard some one cry out, "There, he jumped!" The back of the building was all ablaze.

The inquest then adjourned until 2 p.m. At the afternoon session the first witness called was Dr Rose who attended Capairro on the night of the accident. He described the condition of the deceased at the time. He had a compound fracture of the thigh and other injuries. He was hardly in a condition to talk intelligibly of what had happened. He did not seem to know exactly what had occurred. He died of the shock of his injuries nearly 24 hours after the accident. His room mate is now in the hospital suffering severely from burns. He is the man who sat in the window. Witness was told this by the injured man in the hospital. The deceased was not in a condition to crawl any distance after he fell, nothing like even 20 feet; certainly not from the other side of the building.

Robert Schoppert, who was a boarder at the Grandview hotel, rooming in the last room back on the east side, next to that of deceased, was awoke by the fire. He opened his door and flames were in the passage. He closed it, smashed open the window, jumped out on the porch, which he found afire below, stood on the rail of the porch and jumped for a tree behind the building, caught a branch and descended. The fire was coming up the back way.

Thomas Sargent, chief of the fire brigade, stated that the fire hall was warned by telephone of the fire; that he went down to the scene and laid one line of hose from the corner of Josephine and Vernon streets. The wagon taken down was the combination—hose and chemical. There was an extension ladder, extending 18 feet, which was used to save the two men on the east side by sergeant Arthur Pitchford and a member of the brigade. When the wagon left the hall the Grandview was on fire in the basement, on the north end, along the roof and was bursting through the roof. On arriving at the scene witness took charge on the east side, while the assistant chief had another line of hose on the west side. The men on the east side had dropped before the witness had returned from the hydrant; had they held on for even 20 seconds there would have been no broken leg; as it was the ladder broke the fall of the second man. The room whence the man was taken—the man who speaks seven languages—was a room on the west side, opposite to No. 14. It would seem that the occupants of No. 14 got out of the building on the west side. Witness knew nothing of the man who died. He heard of him during the fire and searched for him afterwards. He had no hope of saving the building and thought he would be doing well if he prevented the spread of the fire. The fire probably started in the kitchen where the greatest damage was done. The fire went to the north end, up to the back and then into the building through the rear doors. It was possible at any time to use the front stairway, though full of smoke. The rear stairway was impassible and would have been impassible even if of iron. A rope in each bedroom would have been a help, if the occupant kept his head. Had the occupants, however, kept their heads, they would have escaped down the front stairway instead of using the windows.

By the foreman—Additional ladders were sent for. Witness believed that the deceased was out of the building before the fire department got to the scene.

F. D. Morrison, assistant chief, said that the deceased had not come out of the west side of the building after witness had gone there. Deceased must have jumped before the hose wagon got there. One man was rescued from the top window by the witness. He was the man who speaks the languages. The man was sitting in the window before the ladders were put up. Those ladders came on the second wagon. The window below was occupied by Roy Sharpe, who said it was as hot as he could stand. The window below that was pretty well a solid sheet of fire. It was that which scorched the man who got down the ladder. The hose could not be played into that window for it might have knocked down the ladder.

This concluded the evidence presented by chief Jarvis and as the jury thought that they had sufficient before them, they retired to consider their verdict, which after three-quarters of an hour's deliberation, was thus given:

"We find that the deceased, Manlio Ciparro, died from injuries resulting from burns and from a fall from the burning building known as the Grandview hotel, Vernon street, Nelson, for which accident no person is to blame and

"This jury strongly recommends that the proper authorities forthwith enforce the provisions of the act known as the Fire Escapes act, and particularly clause No. 4, which demands that ropes shall be placed in each sleeping apartment and

"This jury highly commends the conduct of sergeant Pitchford for the prompt assistance at the fire in question and also the efficient work of the fire department in confining the fire to the building in which it originated."

Dr. Price's
CREAM
Baking Powder
CONTAINS NO ALUM, LIME OR AMMONIA

Made of pure cream of tartar, it safeguards the health of the family.

Price Baking Powder Co.
CHICAGO, U. S. A.

CHINESE ON TOP.

Police Magistrate's Decision on Laundries Reversed With Costs.

His honor judge Forin yesterday handed out his judgment in the Hip Chong appeal. The learned judge reverses the decision of the police magistrate with costs against the city.

In the course of a lengthy written judgment the court says:

"This is an appeal from a conviction of the police magistrate of the city of Nelson under which the appellant was fined $25 for operating a laundry without having the same connected with the water works system of the said city contrary to the provisions of By-law No. 120, being the "Laundry Regulation By-law, 1902."

"The material part of the by-law in question is the first provision contained in paragraph 3, which reads as follows: 'That all laundries or wash houses operated within the city of Nelson shall be properly connected with the water works system.'

"The facts are: That certain Chinese laundrymen have wells dug on their premises and are using this water for laundry purposes. The effect of this conviction is to deprive them of the use of their wells, and compel them to use city water.

"It was agreed by the counsel for the respondents that it makes no difference as to the quality of the water, as the provision compelling connection with the city water works system is a reasonable way of ensuring public health as to laundries and is a reasonable condition precedent to carrying on laundries.

"If the municipality had the power granted by the legislature to compel conection with the city water system then it might be a reasonable thing to compel laundries to connect, but in the absence of this power the appellant can not be compelled to connect with the city water system."

MORE GERMAN CAPITAL.

Lessees of Molly Hughes Take Bond on California Group.

The California mines, near New Denver, have been bonded for 16 months to a syndicate of German capitalists represented in British Columbia by William Brenner. The owners of the property are P. Burns, W. J. Wilson, F. M. Black and several other local stockholders.

The negotiations have been in progress for nearly a month, W. J. Wilson representing the vendors and Sharp & Irvine the purchasers. The purchase price originally agreed upon has been increased in consideration of a larger interest and more gradual payment. The sum is a very satisfactory one for a mine only partially developed.

W. Brenner will manage the California group, operating it in conjunction with the neighboring group, the Mollie Huhes, which he secured several weeks ago. The principals in each case are the same, a group of German capitalists who have confidence in British Columbia mines.

Mr. Brenner returned to New Denver yesterday. He will put a force of 12 men to work on the California at once, and will probably increase the forces at both mines in the near future.

WARNING TO MOTHERS

Too much care cannot be used with small children during the hot weather of the sumer months to guard against bowel troubles. As a rule it is only necessary to give the child a dose of castor oil to correct any disorder of the bowels. Do do not give any substitute, but give the old fashioned castor oil, and see that it is fresh, as rancid oil nausates and has a tendency to gripe. If this does not check the bowels give Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrohea Remedy and then a dose of castor oil, and the disease may be checked in its incipiency and all danger avoided. The castor oil and this remedy should be procured at once and kept for an emergency, as soon as the first indication of any bowel trouble appears This is the most succesful remedy known and may be relied upon with implicit confidence even in cases of cholera infantum. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

We want you to get acquainted with the Quaka Brand Canned Fruits. They cannot be excelled, no matter what price you pay. Always fresh, always appetizing, always the same. Ask your grocer for them and accept none other.

Mechanics, Farmers, Sportsmen:
To heal and soften the skin and remove grease, oil and rust stains, paint and earth, etc. use The "Master Mechanic's" Tar Soap. Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs.

A WOMAN'S ORDEAL

DREADS DOCTOR'S QUESTIONS

Thousands Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and Receive Valuable Advice Absolutely Confidential and Free

There can be no more terrible ordeal to a delicate, sensitive, refined woman than to be obliged to answer certain questions in regard to her private ills, even when those questions are asked by her family physician, and many

continue to suffer rather than submit to examinations which so many physicians propose in order to intelligently treat the disease; and this is the reason why so many physicians fail to cure female disease.

This is also the reason why thousands upon thousands of women are corresponding with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. To her they can confide every detail of their illness, and from her great knowledge, obtained from years of experience in treating female ills, Mrs. Pinkham can advise women more wisely than the local physician.

Delle Emerentienne Montreuil, of 114 Latourelle St., Quebec, Que., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I suffered for eight months with what the doctors called prolapsus, which caused great weakness all over my system, with faint dizzy spells. I kept growing weaker and weaker. I tried several medicines which they claimed would cure my trouble, but nothing was of the least benefit until I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and this helped me so rapidly that I could hardly believe my good fortune. I would gladly have paid $25.00 for that first bottle, for it started me on the road to health, and five bottles cured me.

"I am most grateful for my splendid, robust health, and shall certainly recommend the Vegetable Compound in glowing terms to all my friends and acquaintances, for it is deserving of all the praise I can give it."

Mountains of proof establish the fact that no medicine in the world equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

ANOTHER SCENIC ROUTE

KOOTENAY CENTRAL OPENS UP A GRAND DISTRICT

OFFERS GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO THE HOMESEEKER

(Special to The Daily News)

Fort Steele, Aug. 11—As work on the Kootenay Central railway is now an actual progress under the auspices of the C.P.R., the time seems opportune for a few wods regarding its chartered route and the natural resources of the magnificent valley through which the railway will run.

The charter for the road was first obtained in 1901; and considering all the circumstances a delay of only four years before the commencement of operations, is not particularly discreditable to the promoters. As the inception of the project took place in Fort Steele, the route, naturally enough, is described in two sections in the charter:

First—From Fort Steele to Elko or some other convenient point on the Crow's Nest railway between Elko and Wardner; thence on either the east or west side of Wigwam river, or by the most convenient route to the international boundary line.

Second—From Fort Steele to Windermere by either the east or west side of the Kootenay river; thence to the town of Golden on the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway.

As for present convenience work has been started at the northern end of the line, it may be well to begin our description of the valley from that point also.

Golden is prettily situated at the confluence of the Kicking Horse with the Columbia—the latter being navigable to its source in the Windermere or Columbia lakes—and having many long settled ranches at various points in its course. Golden is at present an important business centre, but its importance and its population will be largely increased on the completion of the K.C.R. The Windermere country is a specially favored region, alike as to climate, soil and scenery. Here general ranching and fruit growing have been successfully carried out for many years. Here also, notwithstanding many disadvantages, mining has been prosecuted with profit and success. A success that the future will necessarily greatly enhance. Here also are the celebrated Fairmont hot springs—the site doubtless in the not distant future of the favorite sanitarium of the eastern interior.

At Canal Flats, the valley of the Kootenay is entered, and here should be an excellent site for a large sawmill, drawing its supplies from the upper Kootenay and its tributaries. The valley of the Kootenay south is well known, at least to its present residents, as a country of great future possibilities, as regards timber, agriculture, fruit growing and cattle grazing. The intending settler need not expect to grow peaches or pineapples—there is but one "banana belt," though, that being in the special keeping of the Cranbrook Herald, its existence may be regarded as figurative only—but by a judicious selection of location he may hope to "live and thrive" by the cultivation of most of the hardier fruits, grains, vegetables and grasses. When irrigation can be had it is desirable, on the bottom lands crops grow without; and even on the benches grain and vegetables have been grown without other aid than the showers of June and July. This year E. C. Smith has just cut an excellent field of fall wheat and Col. Hendeson is this week cutting an exceptionally good crop of beardless barley.

Where the K.C.R. will cross Bull river a most important enterprise has been inaugurated by shrewd American capitalists, whose plans include the generation of light and power for supply to adjacent mines and towns, the extraction of gold from the bed of the river and the building of a busy manufacturing town. But this work deserves a fuller description than can be given now. The iron deposits being uncovered at this point must prove a very important factor in contributing to the growth of the town and the business of the new railway.

The survey for the K.C.R. strikes the Crow's Nest somewhat east of Jaffray. Should Elko be found to be the particular point of junction, here will be found an exceptionally desirable spot for the growth of another great manufacturing town. With its wonderful natural falls and railway connection east and west, north and south, what better site for a great commercial and manufacturing centre could be desired.

I shall close this despatch by a brief but apt quotation from a letter by a gentleman who "biked" the valley from the boundary to Golden and back:

"Nowhere in Canada can be found a more picturesque valley, and it is doubtful if there is any that holds out better inducements to the homeseeker who wishes to make his living at agricultural pursuits. The valley is one immense park, on the average about eight or ten miles wide between the picturesque and magnificent Selkirks and the towering snow capped Rockies. The valley is not a monotonous plain, however. Besides the Columbia and Kootenay rivers which drain the valley there are innumerable smaller rivers and streams winding in and out through the foot hills from their sources in placid, mirror lakes, or glacier fed torrents. Everywhere these lakes abound and around some of them are scenes of enhancing though lonely beauty. In places the foothills are heavily timbered and in others bare except for the luxuriant and every present bunch grass. For cattle raising that portion of the valley for about 50 miles south and 20 miles north of the Windermere lakes is best adapted for cattle ranching, owing to the extremely light snowfall."

MINING RECORDS

At the mining recorder' office on Friday certificates of work were issued to S. L. Myers, W. H. Sterrett and C. E. Legg on the Cooper and Early Morning, and to John Holm on the Gold Central fraction, Vega, Baloon fraction, Josephine and Beaver.

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. J. H. Nolan and Seneca H. Nolan, the widow and brother respectively of the late John H. Nolan, desire to convey their sincere thanks to their many friends for assistance and sympathy extended to them in their late bereavement.

Nelson, Aug. 11, 1905.

NOTHING ON THE MARKET EQUAL TO CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARROHEA REMEDY

This fact is well known to druggists everywhere and nine out of ten will give their customers this preparation when the best is asked for. Mr. Obe Witmer, a prominent druggist of Joplin, Mo., in a circular to his customers, says: "There is nothing on the market in the way of patent medicine which equals Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrohea Remedy for bowel complaints We sell and recommed this preparation." For sale by all druggists and dealers.

DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD

For the Form and Complexion
Has been successfully used by leading actresses, singers and women of fashion for more than 25 years.
Wherever applied it is instantly absorbed through the pores of the skin and its wonderful nutrition feeds the wasting tissues.

REMOVING WRINKLES
as if by magic, one application often showing a remarkable improvement.
Dr. Charles Flesh Food is positively the only preparation known to medical science that will round out hollows in the neck and produce firm, healthy flesh on thin cheeks, arms and hands.

For Developing the Bust
or breasts, shrunken from nursing; it has the highest indorsement of physicians. Two boxes are often sufficient to make the bust firm, large and beautiful.
SOLD BY DEPARTMENT STORES AND DRUGGISTS.
Regular price, $1.00 a box, but to all who take advantage of this SPECIAL OFFER and send us one dollar, we will send two (2) boxes, in plain wrapper.
FREE A sample box and our book, "Art of Massage," fully illustrated, will be sent free to any lady sending 10 cents to pay for cost of mailing. Address,
DR. CHARLES CO. 108 FULTON ST. NEW YORK.

TENDERS WANTED

Tenders are called for repairs to the Nelson Public School building. Specifications may be seen at the office of Mr. Alex Carrie, architect. Tenders may be for the whole or any portion of the work, and must be in the hands of Mr. Steel, secretary of the school board not later than 9 a.m., Monday, August 14th. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
Nelson Board of School Trustees

Sunnyside Hotel
NELSON, B. C.
RATES $1 PER DAY
The Sunnyside has nicely furnished bedrooms, lighted with electricity and the table is the best in Nelson for the price. The hotel is on Baker street, one block from the C.P.R. and G.N.R. union depot No liquors sold on the premises

Madden House Baker Street Nelson, B.C.
Do you need a comfortable home? If so try the Madden House. Well furnished rooms lighted by electricity; first class board. In the bar you will find all the best domestic and imported liquors and cigars.
THOMAS MADDEN, Proprietor.

A. R. HEYLAND
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR.
POPLAR AND KASLO
ADDRESS P.O. BOX 107, KASLO, B. C

FRANK C. GREEN
CIVIL ENGINEER
Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyor.
P. O. Box 145. Phone 261 B
Cor. Kootenay and Victoria Sts., Nelson.

Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium Arrow Lake, B.C.
UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT
HARRY McINTOSH
Of the Hoffman House, Rossland, PROPRIETOR.
The most complete health resort on the continent of North America Accommodation for 100 guests Good fishing, boating and hunting.
Terms $12.00 to $18.00 per week, according to residence in hotel or villas A doctor in attendance.
Round trip tickets, good from Friday to Monday, $5.80; good for 30 days, $7.50.
For further particulars apply to
Harry McIntosh
PROPRIETOR.
HALCYON HOT SPRINGS.

GRAND HOTEL
Cor. Howard and Main Sts.,
SPOKANE
British Columbia People
Will find a home in Spokane at the Grand Hotel. Recently remodelled and refurnished.
Under the management of E. E. Phair, late of Hotel Phair, Nelson, B. C.
All British Columbia papers on file. European plan. Rates 75 cents to $2.00 per day. Free bus meets all trains.

McLeod Hotel
CORNER FIRST AND SECOND AVENUE
YMIR, B. C.
Centrally located. rebuilt and refurnished throughout. All modern improvements Sample Rooms in connection. The only first class hotel in Ymir.
RATES FROM $1.50 UP
FINLAY McLEOD, Proprietor

LAKEVIEW HOTEL
Corner Hall and Vernon Streets
Two blocks from City Wharf. The best dollar a day house in Nelson.
NO CHINESE EMPLOYED
August Thomas
PROPRIETOR.

ROYAL HOTEL
TELEPHONE 52
MRS. WM. ROBERTS, Proprietress
The best meals that can be provided in this market, cooked under the supervision of the proprietress, who is a famous caterer.
Nice airy rooms, newly furnished; bath for guests.
The best wines, liquors and cigars can be obtained at the bar.
TERMS: $1 AND $1.50 PER DAY
COR. STANLEY AND SILICA STREETS, Cars pass the door

BARTLETT HOUSE
(Formerly Clarke House)
The best $1.00 per day house in Nelson None but white help employed. The bar is the best
G. W. BARTLETT - Prop.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL
Opposite Courthouse and new Postoffice Best 25c meal in town. European and American plan. Only white labor employed. First class bar.
THOMAS & ERICKSON, Proprietors

THE QUEEN'S HOTEL
BAKER STREET
MRS E. C. CLARKE, Proprietress.
RATES $2 PER DAY.
Large and comfortable bedrooms and first class dining room. Sample room for commercial men.

TREMONT HOUSE
EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN
MEALS 25c. ROOMS FROM 25c TO $1.00
MALONE & TREGILLUS, Proprietors
Baker Street, Nelson.

TEAS
JUST RECEIVED.
Fresh and Fragrant
NEW CROP
Black or Green
AS ALWAYS THE BEST
Prices moderate by the pound or original package.
Kootenay Coffee Co.
Phone 177. P. O. Box 182

WHY PAY RENT
I have houses and cottages for sale on easy terms in all parts of the city No trouble to show property
R. J. Steel

FOR SALE
In Hume Addition, two lots, fenced, fruit trees and small fruits; four-roomed house and chicken house 40 feet in length, free water; $150 in cash, balance on easy terms. Will consider any reasonable offer.
A ranch on Slocan River containing 160 acres, 8 acres cleared, about 200 fruit trees and a lot of small fruits. A good frame house with cellar, a good stable, a chicken house, an ice house, 50 acres quite level, the balance bench land. All can be cleared and cultivated. Abundance of spring water for all purposes. School, postoffice and railway station less than a mile distant. $3,500.
Geo. G. McLaren
K.W.C. BLOCK

MILL WOOD FOR SALE
Green 4-foot slabs in lots of five cords or more at
$2.25
and up according to place of delivery. Ten cord lots or up at
$2.15
Green short slabs, 16-inch, in lots of five cords or more
$2.50
Large quantity of dry short and 4-foot slabs always on hand.
Prompt delivery.
Terms cash.
Kootenay River Lumber Co.

C. M. BRYANT & CO.
Cecil M Bryant, A.R.S.M.,
Provincial Assayer
The Vancouver Assay Office
Established 1890
Umpire and Control Assays
Complete Analyses Etc.
Agents for Cassel's Cyanide Process
Contracts made for Assays
Write for Prices, etc.
VANCOUVER, B.C.

FRUIT LANDS FOR SALE
In 10 acre blocks, in 20 acre blocks, several improved ranches.
J. E. ANNABLE, Nelson, B. C.

Frederic S. Clements
CIVIL ENGINEER
DOMINION AND PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR
Agent for obtaining Crown Grants, mine surveying, etc.
Room 16, K.W.C. Block
P. O. Box 1 Nelson, B.C.

This store will close Thursday afternoons during June, July and August.
West Kootenay Butcher Co.

SOCIETY CARDS

ABERDEEN HIVE, No. 12, L. O. T. M.—Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesday, 7:30 p.m. of each month in K. of P. Hall, Vernon Street, next to post office. Visiting members cordially invited.
MINNIE A. RITCHIE, D.S.C.
MARY C. MATTHEW, L.C.
MARGARET SQUIRE, R.K.

NELSON LODGE, NO. 59, INDEPENdent Order of Good Templars, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Fraternity hall. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. LACKIE, C.T.
C. DANGERFIELD, Secretary.

TO RENT OFFICES AND LIVING ROOMS

Apply to Office Nelson Electric Tramway Co.

Clements Block, Cor. Baker and Josephine Streets

GALT COAL AND WOOD OF ALL KINDS

Terms Spot Cash

W. P. Tierney

Telephone 95

Baker Street, Nelson

Boys' Suits

We have 96 Boys' Suits that we will clear At Cost

J. A. Gilker

Pure Malt, White Wine and Cider Vinegar for pickling purposes

We will guarantee that it will give satisfactory results

75c per gallon

Let us have your order

T. S. McPherson

PHONE NO. 10.

Residences for Sale

A six roomed house, centrally located, containing three bedrooms and bath room, dining room, parlor, kitchen, pantry and basement, full plumbing, gas and electric light. Price only $1275. Terms $700 cash, balance monthly payments.

Two houses and three lots in good residential position, price $3000, or will be sold separately. House and two lots with fruit trees in full bearing and a number of small fruits, $2000. House and one lot, $1000. Terms cash deposit and monthly payments.

H. & M. Bird

DO YOU APPRECIATE WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU?

We can repair any kind of a watch and make it give good satisfaction.

We can do the best jewelry repairing and engraving.

We can give you perfect fitting glasses. We grind our own lenses.

We can sell Watches, Jewelry, Silverware and Cut Glass at lower prices than anywhere in the country.

Experts employed in each department.

J. O. PATENAUDE

Manufacturing Jeweller, Watchmaker and Optician

PHONE 293.

New Hay! New Hay!

First car of new season's Crop just arrived. Quality is prime. Get our prices before placing your order; you will find them interesting.

We have a few tons of OLD HAY at reduced prices.

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co.

(LIMITED)

Hay, Grain, Flour and Feed

DIRECT FROM WANATCHEE

Cantelopes 10c to 20c; Watermelons 50c to 75c; Tomatoes 20c per lb.; Green Peppers 25c; Green Corn 25c doz.; Cucumbers from 5c up

Opening up today some very fine peaches from Peachland Okanagan.

Bell Trading Company

WINCHESTER ARMS AND AMMUNITION

To all users of arms and ammunition, the word Winchester stands for perfection. We have just been appointed special distributing agents for Winchester goods in the Kootenays. We carry a most complete stock and can fill your orders, no matter how large. On account of our vicinity to you, these goods will cost you less from us, than from any other point. Illustrated catalogues and prices will be sent on application.

J. H. Ashdown Hardware Co., Limited

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BROWN & CO's

August Sale of Boys' Clothing Clearance Values Smashed

Determination to clear stock in boys' department gives you the best clothing at far less than the regular value:

$5.50 suits for $3.90 | $4.00 suits for $2.85

$3.50 suits for $2.75

Boys' Cotton Suits 75c and $1

Reductions in all lines of Boys' Clothing

Boys' Shirts for 25c and 50c

Men's Sateen Shirts 75c

Men's Heavy Oxford Shirts, worth $1, for 50c

Bargains in Men's Clothing—Prices reduced to clear many lines:

Men's Felt Hats, worth up to $3, for $1

Straw Hats at 25c and 50c

It will pay you to attend our August Sale

Brown & Co.

Next Door to Royal Bank

To Arrive July 24th

Car of Wenatchee Peaches, Plums, Apricots, Apples, Cucumbers, Tomatoes, Watermelons and Bartlett Pears. We are the largest receivers of fruit and produce in this city, and have a fresh supply of goods constantly on hand. Your orders will receive our prompt attention.

YOURS TRULY,

J. A. McDonald,

Wholesale Fruits

IT PAYS TO DEAL WITH RUTHERFORD

LIME JUICE—The best drink for health and strength in hot weather

Large quart bottles, 50c, Pints, 25c

Wm. Rutherford

Store closes at 6 p. m. DRUGGIST Nelson, B.C.

TOYE & BENEDICT'S T AND B BLEND OF TEA

Will please you we feel sure. It is a mixture of some of the finest Ceylon and Indian Teas that is possible to procure.

Price, 50 cents per pound or 5 pounds for $2.25.

Ask for sample.

TOYE & BENEDICT

Josephine St. GROCERS Phone No. 7

WE SELL FIT REFORM CLOTHING

Special Orders The new fall and winter special order samples for Fit Reform Suits, Overcoats, Raincoats, etc., have just been received.... We take your measure and guarantee satisfactory garments.

Let us have your order now and get your fall clothing here early. We will be pleased to show you the samples anyway.

THE HUB FURNISHING HOUSE **EMORY & WALLEY**

NELSON'S NEWS OF THE DAY

E. D. Orde of Rossland, has acquired real estate in Bogustown.

G. B. Matthew has purchased through S. M. Brydges, lots 21 and 22, block 58, on Edgewood avenue.

George Ferguson has purchased lots 13 and 14, block 69, on Vernon street, opposite the soda water works.

S. M. Brydges reports the sale of 200 acres of ranch lands on Arrow lakes and also several local properties.

G. O. Tierney has been confined to his room by illness for several days. He will probably be able to return to his duties today.

T. A. Noble of Pittsburg, who has spent about three weeks visiting the Ottawa and Reliance mines, leaves for home this morning by way of Spokane.

In the police court yesterday magistrate Crease imposed a fine of $5 on expressman Charles Woolls for allowing his horse to run at large within the city limits.

Mike Scully and D. Maglio have been around collecting for the burial of Manlio Ciparro, who lost his life at the recent fire and have raised within a few dollars of the needed sum, $80.

T. Earl of Lytton, president of the horticultural board, and T. Cunningham of Vancouver, provincial fruit pest inspector, arrived in the city last night and are at Hume.

Wm. Irvine left yesterday morning for Denver to attend the Grand Aerie of Eagles. Before returning he will visit Salt Lake, Los Angeles, San Francisco and Portland.

Another Sunday excursion on Kootenay lake on the palace steamer Kokanee, is announced for tomorrow afternoon. As has been mentioned once before "It's cool on the lake."

The financial statement of the Nelson choral society has been issued to the members. The society has a balance of $33.36 from the proceeds of the two productions of the Rose Maiden cantata.

A meeting of the university club will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in the parlor of the Success club building. The bishop of Kootenay will give an address on the teachings of Tennyson.

Rev. Father Althoff has headed with $10 a subscription list for the benefit of the Italians who lost their all in the Grandview hotel fire. He will gladly receive additional subscriptions.

A. H. Gracey and Mrs. Gracey arrived from Camborne last night and are at the Strathcona. Mr. Gracey is here as manager of the Oyster-Criterion group, to confer with the directors of the Great Northern Mines company.

Rev. J. T. Ferguson and Mrs. Ferguson left Wednesday afternoon for the Innes ranch at Six-Mile point. Mr. Feguson is

PRICE OF METALS.

New York, Aug. 11—Bar silver, 59 3-8; casting copper, 14 5-8; electrolytic copper, 15 1-2 to 15 3-4; lead, $4.60.

London, Aug. 11—Silver, 27 3-8; lead, £13 17s. 6d.

H. S. Lydick and Mrs. Lydick of Pittsburg, and R. J. McPhee, manager of the Ottawa mine, left for Spokane yesterday morning. At Spokane they will be joined by Mrs. McPhee, and will travel together to the Portland fair.

T. G. Procter has returned from a trip to the Alice mine at Creston and through East Kootenay. He reports that the Alice is still closed down for want of water. Throughout the district there is the keenest anxiety about the forest fires, which threaten to devastate the whole country.

slowly recovering his health, but will probably remain across the lake for a fortnight. The services at St. Paul's church will be taken tomorrow by Rev. James Johnstone, and on Sunday, Aug. 20, by Rev. Dr. Boyce, principal of the Manitoba college.

John Bissell, David S. Bissell and A. H. Kelly who had to return to the Reliance mine Thursday evening because the road to the city was impassible, arrived last evening about 8 o'clock. They had to walk and lead their horses, around the burned bridges. All the timber on both sides of the road for many miles has already been destroyed.

TEXAN AUTO DA FE

Another Negro is Burned at the Stake By Lynchers.

Sulphur Springs, Texas, Aug. 11.—A negro charged with assaulting the daughter of a widow near this place, was caught and burned at the stake in the court house square here today, the assault was committed by the negro early this morning.

When the town was alarmed about an hour later, a posse of armed horsemen started in pursuit of the assailant. The country was scoured in all directions and the negro was finally captured. He was taken to the court house square, chained to a stake and burned before an immense crowd of excited citizens.

The name of the negro was Tom Williams. Little resistance was made by the officers.

HAS NOW EIGHT FURNACES

Granby Smelter Makes Large Addition To its Reduction Plant.

(Special to The Daily News)

Grand Forks, Aug. 11.—The Granby smelter which is at present closed down will blow in eight furnaces instead of the usual six on August 17. Owing to new electrical devices there will be no more labor required for the eight furnaces than there were for the previous six.

The city council has drafted a new liquor license by-law for the purpose of meeting the demands of the agitation on the subject.

About a dozen men are now employed on the grading of the extension of the Kettle Valley railroad up the north fork.

SEEMS SIGNIFICANT.

Odessa, Aug. 11.—The government is inquiring of local steamship companies the number of steamers available in the far east to transport troops and war material to Russia is case peace should be declared.

HUME—A. J. Bates, T. Cunningham, Vancouver; E. Sterling, Greenwood; T. G. Earl, Lytton; W. H. Whyte and wife, Montreal; C. H. Kathan, Rosk Island; Miss Emma Donnan, Miss Ida Donnan, Grand Forks; R. Church, Seattle; N. N. Preulx, wife and family, Moyle; C. H. Goodwin, Kaslo; E. Furniss, Spokane; D. Campbell, Ymir.

STRATHCONA—A. C. Jardine, Kaslo; H Burns and wife, Taylor; A. H. Gracey and wife, Camborne; J. S. Sinclair, London; W. G. North, Bedford; L. M. Richardson, Victoria.

ROYAL—J. Cowling, Juno mine.

BARTLETT—C. Tams, G. Ager, Slocan; H. E. Scott, Sandon; F. F. Leibscher, Silverton; D. McBeath, Miles' Ferry; J. Serson, Eganville.

NELSON—Miss Anderson, Cranbrook; J. Conway, Wardner.

MADDEN—H. W. Shaw, H. Harper, R. Wilson, W. Hair, Juno mine; V. Ingram, T. Kennedy, Slocan; H. Allen, A. W. Brand, Winnipeg.

LAKEVIEW—W. J. Wilton, M. Tonietto, T. Goldsworthy, Juno mine; J. E. Werner, Homestake.

QUEENS — A. McPherson, Boundary Falls; J. A. Bedard, Greenwood; Mrs. W. Simpson, Howser; P. Samon, J. Skelton, Winnipeg; Mr. and Mrs Cartwright, Moyle; Miss K. F. Martin, Miss M. A. Martin, Lennoxville; Mrs. H. Reed, Phoenix; T. Falconer, Moose Jaw.

TREMONT—F. Walters, F. Roy, Juno mine; G. Matthews, Salmo; R. F. Jeffery, Fort Steele Junction.

GRAND CENTRAL—M. L. Sinclair, Miss A. Sinclair, J. A. Smith, Calgary; H. G. Cole, F. E. Collins, Salmo; J. N. Nelson, Poplar; F Wilson, A. A. McNeill, Juno mine; E. Mills, Greenwood; J. Lajoie, Rossland.

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Complete House Furnishers and Undertakers

For Rent

Five roomed cottage on Hall street north of Mill street. All conveniences—$15.

Five roomed cottage, corner Josephine and Mill streets—$13.

Seven roomed, two story house, on Mill street near Josephine—$16.

Six roomed house in Fairview all conveniences —$14

We want two furnished houses

McDermid & McHardy

Hammocks

We have a few Hammocks left over; they are new and great bargains. Also a few Seat Hammocks (are wood). Were $2, will clear them at 75c each

Canada Drug & Book Co., Ld.