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TO DEVELOP SWEDE MINE

Ore From Latest Strike Assays $131,134.60 to the Ton

New Company Formed From Great Northern to Take Over Property--Arrangements for Mill and Tramway

Ore carrying $131,134.60 to the ton in gold values is rich even for British Columbia. That is the result of one assay from ore from the new discovery on the Swede group. The assay was made by A. L. McKillop from samples recently brought down from the mine by E. M. Morgan.

The Swede and Lucky Jack mines have passed from the control of the Great Northern Mines Company to a new company to be called the International. Development work will be begun at once. American capital is said to be available to any amount necessary. The new company will build a mill and tramway on Swede ground and treat its own ore.

The Great Northern, the parent company, remains in control of nearly 30 properties still, many of which are believed to be, and a few of which have already been proved to be, of great value. It is expected that gradually other subsidiary companies will be formed to develop and operate other properties.

Everything points to the inauguration of a period of activity and prosperity in Poplar and other Lardeau districts which will more than compensate those interested for the several years of depression they have passed through.

A meeting of directors of the Great Northern Mines Company was held yesterday in the company's Nelson office. There were present W. B. Pool, president, W. F. Cochrane, managing director, R. Hodge, solicitor and secretary, B. E. Crilly and E. M. Morgan, of Poplar, and J. A. Lade of Camborne.

A resolution was passed transferring all the company's holdings in the Swede and Lucky Jack mines to a new company to be called the International Mining and Development Company. The new company will be composed of members of the Great Northern company, and several new members. Its provisional trustees are W. F. Cochrane, B. E. Crilly, E. M. Morgan, W. B. Pool, and J. A. Lade. R. Hodge will probably continue to act as secretary.

W. B. Pool, the promoter of the new, as of the old company, said last evening in answer to a request for a forecast of the new company's plans:

"The company will be capitalized at $1,500,000. The first step to be taken will be the erection of a mill and the installing of 20 stamps. A tramway will be built from the mine to the mill. We will secure our own water power and put in an electric lighting plant. Arrangements for those have already been completed. I have American capitalists interested in the mine. I have been working on this for many months."

Mr. Pool then showed the report of an assay on the ore, signed by A. L. McKillop, showing 6556.73 oz. in gold, representing $131,134.60 to the ton. He continued.

"The lead from which that sample came has been uncovered for 50 feet. If it is continuous on the surface, as there is no reason to doubt, it extends, perhaps not at the same value, all the way to Rapid creek, on which are situated the Chisholm, Broken Hill ,and Smith and Rogers properties, the last being two miles distant from the Swede. Rich finds have lately been made on all those properties and they are probably on the same lead.

"It is well known and has been stated by many geologists of repute, that the whole of the big quartz zone that crosses the Lardeau district is mineralized heavily. The trouble in the past has been that the ore carrying high values has been found in fragments.

"Well, now we have found a continuous lead of richer ore than any ever found before in North America.

"No, it has not been proved at depth yet. The deepest we have sunk any place is 150 feet. At that depth it is as good as it is on the surface. I don't imagine that all the ore, or even the average, will be as high as this assay I have shown you. But we have had a good many assays taken, all by Mr. McKillop. The lowest so far is the one I showed you a couple of days ago, of over $5000.

"We are going to treat the ore ourselves in our own mill as soon as it can be built and equipped. We have enough, and more than enough ore in sight now, to pay for all expenses of developing. We are not going to make any effort to sell stock. We don't need to do that.

"Yes, it is true that Poplar, and, in fact, most of Lardeau, has had several dull years. That was due partly to the disappointment of people who mistook pockets for mines and gave up when the first discovery was exhausted, and even more to the litigation that tied up the Lucky Jack and the company that owned it.

"The litigation is all over now, and everybody is ready to go to work. I don't think that we have the only rich mine in the Lardeau. I believe there are several others that will turn out to be just as rich. I hope they will. I have always contended that Lardeau would be the richest gold field on the continent. I still maintain that, and I am confident that it will not take many months now to prove that I am right."

WITTE'S APPOINTMENT

ASSURANCE THAT EMPEROR IS ANXIOUS FOR PEACE.

CREDIT DUE TO FOREIGN MINISTER LAMSDORFF.

St. Petersburg, July 14.—M. Witte's appointment as chief Russian peace plenipotentiary was announced today in the Official Messenger in the following words:

"Owing to the serious illness which overtook M. Muravieff on his arrival in St. Petersburg, which made it impossible for him to familiarize himself at such short notice with the considerable material connected with the negotiations, his majesty, the emperor, has been pleased to appoint president of the committee of ministers, M. Witte, to the post of chief plenipotentiary."

Spontaneously all parties are recognizing that M. Witte's selection makes for a successful termination of peace negotiations. Another fact, that the emperorat last yielded to the pressure for Witte's appointment, is accepted as being a complete assurance that his majesty is sincerely determined to end the conflict and make peace if a possible basis is obtainable. Every influence which championed M. Witte was for peace, while on the contrary in every instance those who opposed him were for a prolongation of the struggle. France, through ambassador Nelidoff, strongly urged him for the post, but the main credit for M. Witte's selection belongs to foreign minister Lamsdorff, who never ceased to press for his selection. Count Lamsdorff and M. Witte are now in close alliance, and when M. Bouligan retires from the ministry of the interior all the minister will at least be in harmony, especially should prince Sviatpolk-Mirsky, as rumor today intimates, return to the head of the ministry of the interior.

The papers here generally were not aware last night that M. Witte's appointment was an accepted fact, but with one voice, those in the secret, hail his selection with intense satisfaction. Even the Novoe Vremya, which has not believed that an honorable peace is possible, seems willing to trust the issue in M. Witte's hands.

The St. Petersburg Gazette dwells especially upon the confidence with which his appointment will inspire the Tokio government, where M. Witte's opposition to the whole policy of commercial and military adventure in Manchuria and Korea is well known. The paper reviews his struggle against the influences which precipitated the war and more over points out that M. Witte's selection insures harmony among the Russian plenipotentiaries and delegates, as baron Rosen shares M. Witte's views, and M. Pokotiloff and M. Shipoff were, trained under him while he was minister of finance, and belong distinctively to the Witte school. In conclusion the St. Petersburg Gazette says: "There is nothing so important during the negotiations as complete unity of opinions."

M. Muravieff has already departed for Rome to resume his post as ambassador.

M. Witte is shouldering the task of conducting the peace negotiations on behalf of his country in a patriotic spirit, but with a full realization of the difficulties before him and the knowledge in advance that even if he succeeds he cannot secure terms which the Russian revolutionists can call otherwise than humiliating. He is aware of the intrigues against him at court but he is big enough to believe that the events of history will justify the wisdom of making peace on the best terms possible, as he considers that all the energies of the government should be directed to the solution of the internal problems of the empire. The greatest element in the strength of M. Witte's position when negotiations shall have to be begun, is the fact that he is in thorough accord with count Lamsdorff, the foreign minister, who can be depended upon to support his recommendations before the emperor against all contrary influences. A prominent Russian statesman, who is qualified to speak on the matter, said to the Associated Press: "The emperor now sincerely desires peace. In spite of somewhat strained personal relations in the past between the emperor and M. Witte, due to the fact that the latter was never a fawning courtier but always insisted on bluntly telling his imperial master what he believed, the emperor has always recognized his great ability and devotion to the best interests of Russia."

ANOTHER RUSSIAN MUTINY.

Russian Sapper Regiment Rises and Murders Its Officers.

Tiflis, Caucasia, July 14.—A regiment of Russian sappers stationed at a small village in the mountains near here has murdered all its officers and it is rumored has joined the revolutionists.

REINFORCING LINEVITCH.

St. Petersburg, July 14.—Plans for the reinforcing of general Linevitch's army are keeping pace with the preparation for peace negotiations. The nineteenth army corps has received marching orders and the mobilization of six regiments of Cossacks has been successfully accomplished.

GERMANY IS ALOOF

Officially Knows Nothing of Alliance With Sweden

But Is Unable to Explain Reason of Meeting of Crowned Heads at Gefle Yesterday--Russia as Heir to Norway

Berlin, July 14.—The substance of the statement made at Stockholm yesterday to the effect that a German-Swedish alliance was seriously contemplated, was submitted to the foreign office here today and the statement was made that a question of an alliance between Germany and Sweden had never come before the foreign office nor had it been discussed to the slighest extent.

Of course, the foreign office could not deny that emperor William and king Oscar had not spoken of an alliance during their interview at Gefle yesterday, because the subjects of their conversations are not known here. No indication of the result of the meeting between the emperor and king Oscar at Gefle, Sweden, yesterday has reached Berlin nor is any report of their conversation likely to be made public, as it is explained here that this was a strictly private visit of one sovereign to another.

The initiative probably will come from this side, as the emperor desired to have firsthand knowledge of the Norwegian-Swedish situation. The German government's policy, as the Associated Press is informed, is one of complete aloofness, almost of indifference. It is expected here that as a result of the meeting yesterday emperor William and Germany will be described in some countries as taking undue interest in Scandinavian affairs and in seeking for a way to influence a settlement. Such an idea is disavowed in advance.

Professor Konrad Bornhak, an authority on international law, discussing the question whether king Oscar is still king of Norway or not, says a definite reply cannot be given. He is still king of Norway, according to the constitution of Sweden, but according to the constitution of Norway he has ceased to be king of Norway, but there is no doubt as to the propriety of king Oscar styling himself king of Sweden and Norway.

James II, after he had been deposed king of England, and while a guest of Louis XI of France, continued to call himself king of France as well as king of England, although France had been lost to the British crown since the time of Henry VI. Emperor Francis Joseph today, as the Austrian coinage shows, calls himself king of Lombardy and Venice (although he is a friend of king Victor Emmanuel), and king of Jerusalem, without the sultan having objected. The Russian emperor names himself duke of Schleswig-Holstein, and duke of Oldenburg, without offending Germany.

The Russian emperor also calls himself the heir of the king of Norway.

DENMARK IS FAVORABLE

Prince Charles May Become the King of Norway.

Copenhagen, July 14.—At today's cabinet meeting it developed that the ministers were in full agreement that prince Charles of Denmark should accept the crown of Norway, if king Oscar and the other courts most nearly concerned expressed their approval.

King Christian and the other members of the Denmark royal family are also favorable to prince Charles becoming king of Norway.

ANOTHER LEAKY DEPARTMENT

Washington Government Officials are Being Discredited

Washington, July 14—Through the receipt of numerous communications from the south and statements appearing in the press at various times, that the statistics of the department of agriculture on tobacco were being manipulated in the interests of the so-called Tobacco Trust, secretary Wilson has begun an inquiry into the subject. Pending the investigation the publication of the tobacco statement will be held up.

RUSSIAN CENSORSHIP

Under Regime of Trepoff the Old System Again Flourishes

St. Petersburg, July 14—The government censorship, now under the direction of M. Trepoff, assistant minister of the interior, has been revived with all its pristine vigor.

A blanket order has been issued positively prohibiting the publication of any news relating to strikes, disorders or revolutionary action.

GOSSIP OF GRAND FORKS

(Special to The Daily News)

Grand Forks, July 12—The water and light department of the city has issued an order which does away with the restricted hours for lawn sprinkling, heretofore existing here. Now the citizens can sprinkle lawns at any hour of the day. This new order is welcomed by every taxpayer.

The contract for sprinkling the streets has been awarded to Max Kuntz, the local drayman. The work has heretofore been done by J. L. Manly, who recently threw up the contract.

Harold E. Woodland, druggist of this city, is the first citizen to instal a septic tank system of sewerage. Mr. Woodland is just completing an exceptionally fine residence in the west end of the city and is putting in a septic tank exactly similar to those used in Vancouver. George Chappel, the local plumber, is making the tank. As the present sewerage system of Grand Forks is anything but satisfactory, many of the citizens will likely install these tanks this summer and before long it is more than likely that this will be the only sewerage system in use here.

Through the careless lighting of a cigarette by an unknown traveller, a most damaging fire occurred early yesterday morning near the Johnson ranch, some three miles from this city. Before the fire could be extinguished it had consumed over ten tons of hay and a quantity of grain. All the ranchers in the vicinity were out fighting the fire. The heaviest loser was a rancher named de Wilde, who is vowing vengeance on the many who threw the fatal match on the dry hay. The damage done by the fire is said to exceed $500.

WINS KOLAPORE CUP

Bisley, July 14.—Canada won the Kolapore cup today with a score of 758. The Transvaal was second with 756, and the Mother Country third with 752.

BOUNDARY ORE TONNAGE

MAY EXCEED MILLION MARK BY END OF DECEMBER

FOR FIRST HALF OF YEAR CLOSE TO 500,000 TONS

(Special to The Daily News)

Phoenix, July 14—From returns made of the ore shipments for the first half of 1905 it now seems certain that the prediction made at the beginning of the year, that the tonnage of the Boundary mines for this year would exceed the million ton mark, will be verified by the end of December. The total up to the end of June has shown more than 450,000 tons, and during June and part of May one of the large shippers—the Brooklyn group in this camp—has been temporarily idle. The reorganization plans of the company owning this property provide for extensive work, and this will begin almost any day now, according to those best informed. Added to this is the fact that the Granby company, the largest shipping company in British Columbia, will have its two new furnaces in operation shortly after the first of August, which will give an additional output of these mines alone of some 20,000 tons monthly, or say 100,000 tons for the remaining five months o the year. All this is in addition to the average Granby output of about 50,000 tons monthly. Under ordinary circumstances, this assures a Boundary tonnage of more than a million tons of copper gold ore for 1905.

The output for the several months of the year thus far, has ben figured out as follows:

January	68,074
February	72,671
March	90,047
April	80,102
May	80,044
June	67,255
Six months	458,193

Without having actual returns at hand for reference, estimated on the basis of $5 per ton in value, the value of the output of the Boundary for the first six months of the year 1905 is $2,290,965, with every prospect of the second half of the year showing as good or even a better valuation.

The month of June for the reason mentioned, shows slightly the smallest tonnage output of any month thus far this year, the figures from the individual mines being approximately as follows:

Granby Mines	50,987
Mother Lode	14,010
Mountain Rose	853
Oro Denoro	698
Emma	698
Providence	50
Skylark	60
Last Chance	60
Miscellaneous	75
June total	67,255

PARTY OF WOLFE TONE

SIGNIFICANT NOTE SOUNDED BY ULSTER ORANGEMEN.

PLEA FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF PARTY OF UNITED IRISHMEN

Belfast, July 14.—An independent section of Ulster Orangemen, headed by commoner Sloan, has issued a striking manifesto to the country appealing for the burial of sectarianism, which now is dividing Protestants and Roman Catholics, invoking the co-operation of all secular forces in the promotion of the national welfare. The manifesto expresses distrust of English parties, which, it says, will continue in the future, as in the past, to play off Roman Catholics and Protestants against each other to the prejudice of the other's claims. The country, too, has been neglected in the strife of party and creed, the manifesto continues, and there now is room for a patriotic party having the policy to rid Ireland of the domination of impracticable creeds and organized tyrannies and to secure the desired redress.

TREPOFF'S CENSORSHIP.

St. Petersburg, July 14.—The Nashishisn, the leading anti-government organ, which attained an immense circulation during the suspension of the Russ, today ceased publication.

SIGNIFICANT APPOINTMENT

Kiel, July 14.—Emperor William has appointed King Oscar a grand admiral in the German navy.

ROOSEVELT RECEIVES

Peace and Panama Canal Affairs Occupy His Attention

Reception of the Plenipotentiaries Will Probably Take Place About August 1st Stevens Given a Free Hand

Oyster Bay, July 14.—Important details concerning the forthcoming peace conference between plenipotentiaries representing Russia and Japan, and matters relating to the construction of the Panama canal were under consideration today by president Roosevent. He and Mrs. Roosevelt had as guests at luncheon at their Sagamore Hill home minister Takahira, of Japan, Theodore Shontz, chairman, and John F. Stevens, chief engineer of the Isthmian canal commission and Thomas W. Hynes, auditor of Porto Rico.

Several day ago Mr. Takahira made an engagement to see the president today concerning the arrangements for the reception of the peace envoys at Sagamore Hill, and about some other details of the peace conference to be held at Portsmouth, N. H.

The Japanese minister arrived here at 1.20 o'clock from New York. He was met at the station by one of the president's confidential messengers who escorted him to Sagamore Hill. Assurance was given that the minister's visit was not of notable significance. He bore no special advices to president Roosevent from the Japanese government. He discussed with Mr. Roosevelt some points about the approaching conference, but it is announced that no date has been agreed upon for the reception of the Russian and Japanese plenipotentiaries.

Mr. Takahira could not say exactly when baron Kamuro, the Japanese plenipotentiary, would arrived in this country. It is believed that if M. Witte, the chief plenipotentiary of Russia, shall have arrived by that time the reception to the envoys by the president will probably take place at Sagamore Hill on August 1. The precise date will be determined by the state department at a conference between the recently appointed secretary of state, Elihu Root, and the plenipotentiaries.

It is the expectation that the envoys will come from New York to Oyster Bay on the cruiser Mayflower and the despatch boat Dolphin. They will be accompanied by secretary Root and perhaps by other officials of the state department. They will go directly by the same vessel from Oyster Bay to Portsmouth.

Mr. Takahira expressed his personal gratification at the designation of M. Witte as the leading plenipotentiary of Russia. He said that M. Wittee was one of Russia's most eminent statesmen and his appointment would lend confidence and weight to the conclusions of the conference. He said that arrangements far the conference were moving along smoothly, and expressed the hope that a satisfactory agreement would be reached.

Minister Takahira, after taking luncheon with the president, left Oyster Bay for New York on the 2.18 train.

Chairman Shontz and chief engineer Stevens remained with the president some time after the departure of minister Takahira. This was the first opportunity the president had to discuss canal matters with Mr. Stevens and they went over the subject pretty thoroughly. As both Mr. Shontz and Mr. Stevens expect to sail for Panama on the 20th, the president desired to consult with them before their departure.

It is not likely that Mr. Stevens will be made a member of the executive committee of the commission, a position occupied by his predecessor, Mr. Wallace. It can be said, however, that Mr. Stevens has been given practically a free hand to do the construction work. He has his own ideas about the methods to be pursued and will not be interfered with in the work of his district. His desire is to dig the canal and to that great undertaking he will devote all his energies and ability, leaving the executive and administrative details to be worked out by chairman Shontz, the governor, and the commission.

After the conference with the president, chairman Shontz talked frankly about the work of the commission and canal conditions.

"Our talk with the president today," said he, "was of a general character about canal matters.. The president desired to see Mr. Stevens before we left for the Isthmus and to discuss with both of use the progress of the work. Just now we have about 12,000 men at work on the canal. This is about as many as we could employ under the existing conditions. We have our executive staff thoroughly organized now, but the organization has not been completed on the Isthmus. That is a part of the work Mr. Stevens will do. His engineering staff much be organized and its work mapped out. We must make arrangements for the housing, feeding and general care of our employees, in itself a great task, and we must complete the sanitary arrangements in the American zone. All this will require time and energy and hard work, but it will be accomplished successfully. I have about concluded arrangements with a man who is to go to the Isthmus to arrange for the recreation of the canal employees. We will have reading rooms, a museum, halls and all that sort of thing, by means of which the men will pass the idle hours pleasantly and profitably."

"No," continued Mr. Shontz, in response to an enquiry, "the sanitary conditions on the Isthmus are not so bad as they have been reported. A lot of people have become frightened by the yellow fever, but it is not so bad as might be expected. In fact, the reports from the Isthmus regarding health conditions have been grossly exaggerated. Out of 20 cases of yellow fever in May we lost only two and in June out of more than twice that number we lost only four. The sanitary conditions are being bettered all the time, and as soon as we complete the arrangements for a more adequate supply of pure water we shall have little or no difficulty. My belief is that the actual digging of the canal will have to be done by laborers inured to the tropical climate. That labor we shall be able to get without any serious trouble."

"We have been devoting a good deal of time recently to the Panama railroad. It is now in excellent condition. While it is only 47 miles long, the road including the necessary sidings and spurs, has nearly 500 miles of track. The traffic over it is very heavy. Such business is purely commercial and business is handled just the same as it would be by any other road."

Chairman Shontz was asked whether he could say anything about the proposed transference of the canal and its affairs from the war to the state department.

"I think," he replied, "you would better get that information from the president. I can say, however, that no definite conclusion has yet been reached, and, so far as I am personally concerned, it would make no difference whether the canal affairs were directed by secretary Taft or by secretary Root. Both are equipped admirably for the work. The transfer is a matter with which I have nothing to do."

Mr. Shontz did not know how long he might remain on the Isthmus.

C.P.R FIREMAN KILLED

ENGINE RAN AWAY BETWEEN SANDON AND THREE FORKS

WILLIAM COCHRANE DEAD—JOHN HADDEN INJURED.

Word was brought to the city yesterday of another railway accident in British Columbia by which one man lost his life and another sustained serious injuries. Both were members of the train crew, the fireman and the engineer.

The accident occurred late Thursday night on the Nakusp and Sandon line between Sandon and Three Forks. Engine 406 was running down the hill from Sandon to Three Forks in charge of engineer John Hadden, and fireman William Cochrane. The grade is steep, and the rails "greasy" owing to recent heavy rains and the brakes refused to act, the locomotive getting beyond control and finally dashing up the safety switch and overturning. Both men were injured, William Cochrane so seriously that he subsequently died. Hadden's injuries were not so severe and he will recover all right.

William Cochrane was formerly fireman in the service of the Great Northern railway company, and was on the run between Spokane and Nelson. He was on the engine which ran away on the mountain track near Nelson a little over a year ago. On that occasion he saved himself by jumping. It is not known yet how he was killed, whether by the shock of the fall, or trying to escape from the cab. He was found partly in the cab with his skull fractured. His body has been taken to Sandon. Haddon has suffered severe bruises and strains, and may be injured internally.

WITTE MAY WITHDRAW.

Rumon Current That He Has Had Falling Out With Czar.

St. Petersburg, July 15.—A sensational report was current early this morning that M. Witte might not go to Washington at all. According to the story, his audience with the emperor was anything but smooth, his majesty rather resenting M. Witte's plain speech and indicating that under the circumstances he would prefer that baron Rosen should act as chief plenipotentiary. The emperor is even said to have intimated that count Lamsdorff has exceeded his authority in announcing to the Washington government that M. Witte would occupy the first position. M. Witte is said to have left the emperor in an ugly frame of mind and to have frankly informed count Uamsdorff that it would be impossible for him to under take the mission. It was only by the greatest effort, the story says, that the foreign minister has succeeded in persuading him not to flatly refuse and the question as to whether he will go to Washington is said to be still open. Although the Associated Press has heard this story from a high personage its informant was not prepared to vouch for it, and there is no confirmation of it from other quarters up to this hour.

MINISTER OF MILITIA COMING

Victoria, July 14—Sir Frederick Borden, minister of militia for Canada, will inspect the defences of Esquimalt lately taken over form the imperial government by Canada, at the end of August.

NEW YORK RACE RIOT

San Juan Hill District the Scene of Desperate Struggle

Street Fighting of a Most Furious and Deadly Character--Upwards of 250 Policemen Called to Quell Riot

New York, July 14—"San Juan Hill," the district bounded by Amsterdam and West End avenues, and Sixty-First and Sixty-Third streets, so called because of its notoriety as a battle ground, was the scene tonight of a furious race riot, which required 250 policemen to quell, after several shots had been fired and many persons had been seriously injured.

The trouble began shortly after 9 o'clock when a policeman arrested Edward Connelly for attacking Henry Williams, colored, and was pursued to the station house by a mob of Connelly's friends, hurling showers of stones and other missiles. When the station house reserves turned out the whole neighborhood was in an uproar and whites and blacks engaged in a terrible struggle. Torrents of missiles were hurled from roofs and windows. Within ten minutes not less than 1000 men, boys and women were engaged in a furious fight. The small party of policemen were powerless and reinforcements were summoned. On their arrival a cordon was drawn around the whole district and strong patrols made repeated charges down in the streets in vain efforts to restore order. They succeeded in making a few prisoners and were forced to retreat, fighting every inch of the way, and pursued to the station house by a howling mob.

The worst fighting was in 62nd street, where from every window and roof rained missiles, while hundreds of shots were fired. Roundsman Patrick Walsh was knocked down by Jesse Smith, a negro, who leaped upon him, and after attempting to shoot him, struck him repeatedly with the butt of his revolver. Walsh was finally rescued by his comrades. Inspector McLaughlin arrived shortly after 9 o'clock and realizing how widespread was the fight, sent hurry up calls for reserves from as far north as 127th street and as far south as Leonard street from the East side and from the West side, in all there were more than 250 men under the command of the inspector in less than 20 minutes.

A squad of men were sent along the roofs of houses in 62nd street where the fighting was the heaviest. They walked from West End avenue to Amsterdam, clearing the rooms, and finding many chimneys torn down to furnish ammunition. More arrests were made and several whites and negroes were rescued from gangs of assailants, but desultory combats continued.

Inspector McLaughlin and captain Gallagher, while passing through the mob rescued Michael Jacobs, a white man, who was being beaten by two negroes. The fighting spread to 57th and 68th streets, although the hardest battles were fought between 61st and 63rd streets.

For more than half an hour cars on the Amsterdam avenue line were blocked. Colored men who were being pursued by whites took refuge in the cars as they passed and were followed by showers of stones as they fled. Every window in many cars were broken and passengers took refuge in neighboring houses.

Commissioner McAdoo arrived about 11 o'clock and made a tour of the battlefield, the fighting by that time having ceased. He said the riot could not have taken place had not the rougher element been permitted to carry arms. They appeared to have a regular arsenal of weapons, 44 in all.

Seven whites and two negroes had their injuries attended to but scores of others, less seriously hurt, were taken to their homes by friends. Five whites and six negroes, among them women, were arrested.

A picked body of 30 policemen were detailed to occupy the disturbed region during the night.

RUSSIA ISSUES PAPER MONEY

Securities Are Rising Since Appointment of M. Witte

St, Petersburg, July 14—Prices rose on the Bourse upon the improvement in Russian securities abroad due to M. Witte's appointment as chief peace plenipotentiary.

According to information received here Japan intends to claim the island of Sakhalin by right of conquest and its formal cession will be one of her unalterable demands.

The government has issued another 35,000,000 in paper roubles, the whole outstanding paper obligations being $495,000,000 as against $547,000,000 in gold. The Bourse Gazette regards the latest issue as a forced issue to protect the gold reserve.

BRITISH COLUMBIA COAL

May Displace Pennsylvania Article on the C.P.R. Prairie Division

G. G. S. Lindsey, K.C., vice-president and general manager of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal company, has been here for the past two days, says the Winnipeg Free Press James McEvoy, the company's geologist, has been conducting a series of tests with the Michel coal on the Canadian Pacific railway trains between here and Brandon. These tests, on the result of which will depend the question of displacing Pennsylvania coal on the line between Moose Jaw and Winnipeg by British Columbia coal, are not concluded, but Mr. Lindsey, in an interview with a Free Press representative, said that they had demonstrated an efficiency for his coal greater than the best bituminous coal hitherto known on this continent.

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THE DAILY NEWS

Published at Nelson every morning Except Monday, by F. J. DEANE

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL NELSON, No. 348

KOOTENAY FRUIT EXHIBITS

The arrangements made by the provincial government for exhibits of British Columbia fruits at the principal annual agricultural fairs in Manitoba and the Northwest should commend themselves to both the fruit growers and the men with land for sale suitable for fruit growing. It is to be hoped full advantage will be taken of the opportunities thus provided for making known in the right quarters the possibilities of the fruit industry in the Kootenay district.

It is to Manitoba and the North west that Kootenay fruit growers must look for their principal market, and it is from the same sources that the chief influx of settlers into this province may be expected.

These annual agricultural fairs afford the best means of informing the people of the Northwest and Manitoba where to look for fruit and where to locate if they desire to engage in the fruit growing industry.

At today's sessions of the B. C. Fruit Growers' Association further particulars will be given regarding the arrangements. Let all those who purpose exhibiting should make a point of attending in order that the very best results may be obtained. A great deal of publicity has been given lately in the press to the excellence of the fruit grown in the Kootenay district. Now opportunity is afforded to show to those who have been reading these articles the real thing.

LOS ANGELES SALOON SYSTEM

Experiments in the regulation of the liquor traffic have been numerous and, on the whole, accompanied by little permanent success. The latest move in that direction is to be made in the home of the California wine district. Los Angeles prohibitionists are aggressive; although their efforts have heretofore proved directly unavailing, it would appear that their pertinacity has not been altogether fruitless. According to the San Francisco Call, the licensed victuallers of Los Angeles now propose to inaugurate an entirely new saloon system. A combination of capitalists has been formed which proposes to take over all of the saloons and saloon property in the city, to reduce the number from 200 to 75, and to remove saloons entirely from residence districts. In the mill and manufacturing districts drinking places are to be rigidly restricted to the sale of beer and wine only. This saloon trust proposes to pay the city as a license the sume of $180,000 per annum, and also to expend all profits in excess of $200,000 in public improvements.

Commenting upon this project the Call says: "The whole plan is legally and financially feasible. The city council can limit the number of licensed saloons to seventy-five, and can make the yearly license $2400 and put the local restrictions upon the kind of liquors sold. It can also restrict the licenses in their first issue to the members of the combination and there will be no other applicants. The plan is novel. It introduces entire financial responsibility into the business. The capitalists who propose it are not connected with the liquor business. They simply see an opening for an investment and one that can be made to pay while operated in accord with the public interest and with law and order. It is to be hoped that the experiment will be tried. It will have the effect of taking the saloon out of politics and of putting the retail liquor business in exactly the same position as any other mercantile pursuit. If the license has a proper forfeiture clause, it will minimize the use of adulterated liquors and protect the drinkers who abuse their appetities. It will lift a shadow off the residence districts and reduce temptation to its lowest point. With all of these results in sight it may well be that what may come to be known as the Los Angeles system will be the means of solving the saloon problem in the United States."

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half so convincing as the evidence of your eyes.

That is why I want you to see

My stock of High Class Clothing for men and Boys to be sold at cost.

250 Suits Must Go At Once

You owe it to yourself and pocketbook to inspect my prices.

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POCKET KNIVES.

We have in stock the finest assortment of Pocket Knives ever shown in Nelson, including a choice selection in the two most popular grades.

Geo. Wostenholm & Son, "IXL" Brand
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also a complete line of general cutlery, Carvers, "Royal Oak" Scissors, etc.

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By Henry Drummond, author of "The Habitant," cloth, beautifully illustrated, $1.35

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PHONE 34.

MARKET IS UNLIMITED

BRITISH COLUMBIA SUPPLIES ONLY FRACTION OF DEMAND

W. J. BRANDRITH'S VIEWS ON THE FRUIT INDUSTRY.

The extent and value of the Manitoba and Territorial market for British Columbia fruit should be sufficient incentive to lead to the cultivation of every acre in British Columbia on which fruit can be grown.

W. J. Brandrith, of Ladner, who has charge of the shipments of fruit for the provincial department of agriculture, spent yesterday visiting the north shore ranches. He will be here today to attend the quarterly meeting of the B. C. Fruit Growers' Association, to be held in the board of trade rooms this afternoon at 2.30 and this evening at 7.30 o'clock.

In conversation with a reporter of The Daily News last evening Mr. Brandrith said:

"The market in Manitoba at present is practically unlimited. We can dispose there at good prices of all the fruit we can grow of all kinds. Last year the city of Winnipeg took four car-loads a day of Hood river strawberries. We have displaced a part of that. But Winnipeg is growing fast, it has now 80,000 inhabitants. Rural Manitoba is growing almost equally fast. Our fruit crops are not growing in proportion, and it is our own fault. There is no occupation that can be followed in this province that offers as great profits as fruit growing at present. And it is bound to become even more profitable in a few years to came as the Northwest provinces fill up.

"As far as competition is concerned nothing can prevent us from gaining a monopoly of that market. If we do not it will be because we fail to supply the demand.

"Yes, there is serious danger of that. Even now we are not getting nearly as much benefit as we should from that market. If all the land in British Columbia, which is known at present to be capable of producing fruit, were under cultivation, the whole product could easily be disposed of at a good profit.

"That is very far from being the case. We require more men to clear and cultivate fruit lands. If they are experienced fruit growers so much the better. If not they can learn in a short while. A man who is willing to work and learn will do better than one who has been successful elsewhere, but will not change his methods to suit different conditions of soil and climate.

"All fruit sections of British Columbia are not equally well suited for all kinds of fruit. At Greenwood, for instance, the soil is good and moisture sufficient, but there is danger of frost every month of the year. That, of course, is fatal to a fruit country. Then again, down at the Delta, the soil is very rich, the rainfall abundant, and the climate excellent. But the soil is so heavy that the life of fruit trees is so short that their culture is unprofitable. This district is one of the few that seem to be suitable for all varieties.

"No, I don't think we have knowledge of all the districts that are, or may be made, suitable for fruit growing. Probably not half, or quarter, of them, have been tried. But large areas that are known to be capable of producing excellent fruit, are still untouched.

"We are still engaged in overcoming general apathy. Fruit is going to be one of the greatest assets of the province. If it is developed early enough we can get control easily of one of the best markets in the world, just east of the Rocky mountains. Do you know that there are large and growing towns in the territories whose residents have never seen a box of British Columbia fruit?

"It is our fault. They will take all we can grow of all kinds for years to come. This year, I think British Columbia will supply about 30 per cent of the demand of Winnipeg and its immediate neighborhood. The rest of Manitoba and the whole of the new provinces still have to get their fruit from other sources, generally inferior to what we could give them. We have already won a reputation on the prairies for our strawberries, and for some varieties of apples. There is no reason at all why our other fruits should not be equally successful. Our raspberries and cherries are of at least equal merit with any that can be obtained elsewhere.

"We have to keep on working, urging present growers to raise and ship more, and urging others to begin growing. There is room on the present proved fruit areas for thousands more.

"When those areas are all taken up, others will probably be found, or created by irrigation."

FRENCH NATIONAL HOLIDAY

Anniversary of Fall of the Bastile Gayly Commemorated

Paris, July 14—Today was the one hundred and sixteenth anniversary of the fall of the Bastile, which is to France what the Fourth of July is to the great sister republic across the Atlantic, and was celebrated in the usual manner. Business was suspended, the Bourse closed, and the boulevards filled with noisy throngs. It has unquestionably been one of the gayest fourteenths of July seen for years. The Stars and Stripes and British flags were exceptionally numerous in the decorations.

The main feature of the day was the review of the garrison of Paris. The troops assembled at Longchamps at an early hour. Shortly after 9 o'clock an artillery salute announced the arival of president Loubet, who was accompanied by the members of the cabinet, the presidents of the senate and chamber of deputies, the military governor of Paris and their staffs. Mme. Loubet and a party of distinguished ladies soon followed and the review commenced, ending with the usual distribution of decorations. About 20,000 troops participated in the review. In the city the day was celebrated quietly, but as the evening wore on tre city presented an animated appearance, open air dancing pyrotechnic displays, and a general illumination being the principal features. The operas and theatres gave free performances in accordance with a long standing custom. Long after midnight the squares and open spaces were crowded with waltzers and merrymakers, who gave no indication of an intention to give up their sport till dawn.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY—THE BEST IN EXISTENCE

T. M. Wood, manager of the White county News, Beebe, Ark., is a representative southern business man, who does not hesitate in expressing his good opinion of a well known remedy. He says: "It gives me pleasure to recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, having used it myself and in my family with the best results. In fact I believe it to be the best remedy of the kind in existence." Sold by all druggists and dealers.

Monkey Brand Soap removes all stains, rust, dirt or tarnish — but won't wash

Going for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Don't put yourself in this man's place, but keep a bottle of this remedy in your home. There is nothing so good for Colic, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery and Diarrhoea. It is equally valuable for Summer Complaint and Cholera Infantum and has saved the lives of more children than any other medicine in use. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take.

You, or some one of your family, are sure to need this remedy sooner or later and when that time comes you will need it badly; you will need it quickly. Why not buy it now and be prepared for such an emergency? Price, 35 cents.

Men's Trousers, worth $4 and $4.50, special for today, $3.50. Brown and Co.

ONE DOLLAR SAVED REPRESENTS TEN DOLLARS EARNED

The average man does not save to exceed ten per cent of his earnings. He must spend nine dollars in living expenses for every dollar saved. This being the case he cannot be too careful about the unnecessary epxense. Very often a few cents properly expended, like buying seeds for the garden, will save several dollars outlay later on. It is the same in buying Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It costs but a fe wcents but a bottle of it in the house often savés a doctor's bill of several dollars. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

TERRORISTS ARE CAPTURED

St. Petersburg, July 14—A band of terrorists fully equipped to manufacture bombs and forge pasports, were captured in a house near the Fontaka canal last night. Several of the police were wounded.

BUY IT NOW

Now is the time to buy Chamberlain's Colic, Diarrohea and Cholera Remedy. It is certain to be needed sooner or later and when that time comes you will need it quickly. Buy it now it may save life. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

The latest New York Neckwear for your selection today. Kerr and Company.

Men's Neglige Shirts, just the thing for summer wear, 75c. and $1. Brown and Co.

New Belts and Neckwear on sale today. Kerr and Company.

Men's Fanck Sox, 25c. Brown and Co.

Mechanics, Farmers, Sportsmen;

To heal and soften the skin and remove grease, oil and rust stains, paint and earth, etc. use The "Master Mechanic's" Tar Soap. Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs.

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Arrow Lake, B.C.

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The most complete health resort on the continent of North America Accommodation for 100 guests Good fishing, boating and hunting.

Terms $12.00 to $18.00 per week, according to residence in hotel or villas A doctor in attendance.

Round trip tickets, good from Friday to Monday, $5.80; good for 30 days, $7.50.

For further particulars apply to

Harry McIntosh

PROPRIETOR.

HALCYON HOT SPRINGS.

TO BUILD VIA MIDWAY

Spokane Contractors Believe That Will be Route of the V., V. and E.

Spokane, July 14—The impression is strong among the Spokane railroad contractors that the V., V. and E. will be constructed via Midway, although it can safely be said thta no decision to the effect is officially known here. Contractors who make their headquarters here have not been advised as to the letting of the contracts on the new work on the Hill extension in the Boundary and Similkameen. P. Welch left yesterday for Boundary, B.C., and it is believed that announcements along this line will be forthcoming soon.

Inquiry at the general offices of the Great Northern elicited no further information yesterday. A. H. Kennedy, assistant general superintendent, stated that the matter was wholly in the province of the engineering department and that he had not been advised of any developments regarding the lines to be followed or the date of starting work. Mr. Kennedy added: "The line from Midway is 17 miles shorter than from Republic, but the grade from Midway is heavier."

Men's Trousers, worth $4 and $4.50, special for today, $3.50. Brown and Co.

COMPETENT JUDGES.

Beauty Doctors Endorse Herpicide.

Women who make a business of beautifying other women come pretty near knowing what will bring about the best results. Here are letters from two, concerning Herpicide:

"I can recommend Newbro's "Herpicide," as it stopped my hair from falling out; and, as a dressing it has no superior.

"(Signed.) Bertha A. Trullinger, "Complexion Specialist, "293½ Morrison St., Portland, Ore."

"After using one bottle of "Herpicide" my hair has stopped falling out, and my scalp is entirely free from dandruff.

"(Signed.) Grace Dodge, "Beauty Doctor, "196 Sixth St., Portland, Ore."

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

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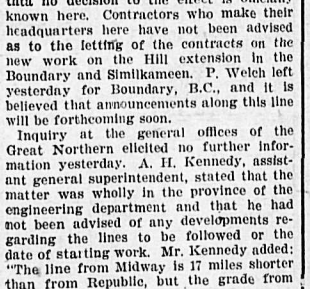

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MRS E. C. CLARKE, Proprietress,

RATES $2 PER DAY.

Large and comfortable bedrooms and first class dining room. Sample room for commercial men.

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We Want at Once

And will pay the highest market price.

10000 Rambler Cariboo
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2000 Yale-Kootenay Ice
2000 International Coal
100 Northwest Coal
500 Hunter V.
10000 American Boy
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is here to stay, and if you have not given us a trial ring up

Phone 165

There can be no mistake, as *every loaf is stamped*

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Stanley Street.

Phone 165.

CANCER

R. D. Evans, discoverer of the famous Cancer Cure, requests anyone suffering with cancer to write him. Two days' treatment will cure any cancer, external or internal. No charge until cured.

R. D. EVANS, Brandon, Man.

WHOLESALE HOUSES

PRODUCE

STARKEY & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Produce and Fruit. Houston Block, Josephine Street, Nelson B.C.

GROCERIES

A. MACDONALD & CO.—WHOLESALE Grocers and Provision Merchants.—Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and Warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Streets. P.O. Box 1095. Telephone 28

CAMP AND MINERS' FURNISHINGS

A. MACDONALD & CO.—WHOLESALE Jobbers in Blankets, Underwear, Mitts, Gloves, Boots, Rubbers, Overalls, Jumpers, Mackinaws and Oilskin Clothing. Camp and Miners' Sundries. Office and Warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Streets. P.O. Box 1095. Telephone 28.

ASSAYERS' SUPPLIES

THE B.C. ASSAY & CHEMICAL SUPPLY Co., Ltd., Vancouver, B. C.—Importers and Dealers in Assayers' Supplies. Sole agents in British Columbia for the celebrated Battersea Crucibles, Scorifiers and Muffles and Wm. Ainsworth & Co.'s fine Balances, Chemical and Physical Apparatus, C. P. Acids and Chemicals, Platinum, Sodium and Potassium Cyanide, Quicksilver, Carbonate and Bicarbonate of Soda, Borax, Borax Glass, Silver Free Lead and Litharge.

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WASHINGTON MACHINERY & SUPPLY CO.—Dealers in Engines, Band and Circular Sawmills, Atkins' Saws, Wood and Iron Pulleys, Leyner Compressors and Drills, Pumps and Hoists. Prompt attention. Reasonable prices. Courteous treatment. Spokane, Wash.

ASSAYERS

E. W. WIDDOWSON, CHEMIST AND ASsayer, Nelson, B. C.—Gold, silver or lead, $1 each; Copper, $1.50; Gold-Silver, $1.50; Zinc, $2.50; Gold-Silver-Copper, $3.50. Samples arriving by mail or express will receive prompt attention. P.O. drawer 1108; Phone A 67.

CLEANING AND PRESSING

GENTLEMEN'S suits repaired, cleaned, and pressed. Goods called for and delivered. Agent for Crown Tailoring company, suits from $15 up. A. J. Driscoll, opposite Queen's Hotel.

DAIRY

FOR FRESH MILK AND CREAM TELEphone No. 217, Nelson Dairy.

HOTEL

UNION HOTEL, ARROWHEAD—W. J. Lightburne, Manager. First class and up to date in every respect. Finest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

FOR SALE

OLD CURIOSITY SHOP— If you want to buy or sell anything go to the Old Curiosity Shop. Always in stock a full line of Crockery, Furniture and Glassware.

WHY go to your neighbors to do your sewing when you can rent a first class machine with all modern attachments from the Singer Sewing Machint Co. for $3 per month. Oil, 15 cents per bottle; needles, 25 cents per dozen. Singer Sewing Machine Co., Baker street.

FOR SALE—Gasoline launch, 16 feet long, 2 1-2 horse power engine and boat house. Apply box 184, Nelson, B. C.

FOR SALE—House, cheap, six rooms, modern, $800. S. M. Brydges.

FOR SALE—Ninety acres of fruit land, crown granted, seven miles below Nelson on Kootenay river, five acres cleared, crop, cabin, tools, incubator, fruit trees boat, good fishing. Further particulars, box 276, Nelson.

FOR SALE—A long lease of one of the best mines in this district, a going concern. Address X., Daily News office.

WANTED

NELSON Employment Agency.

WANTED—Engineer for sawmill, bushmen sawmill men, railroad laborers, woman for hotel work, cant hook man.

WANTED—Firt class circular saw filer and fitter in mill where steam shot gun feed is used. None but A1 men need apply. When applying state experience and wages expected. Address North Star Lumber Company, Cranbrook, B. C.

NURSE—Maternity nurse open for engagements; do not mind light housework. Communicate Mrs. J. F. Delaney, New Denver, B. C.

FOR RENT—Success club furnished bedrooms, newly renovated. Terms very moderate, apply Mrs. Aitkman, caretaker. house opposite Success club.

WANTED—About eight gentlemen for a private mess. Apply Mrs. Blood, back of Hudson's Bay store.

WANTED—Position by young lady stenographer, first class references, 14 months' experience. Apply to Box 62, Cranbrook.

WANTED—Position by experienced lady stenographer. Address R.B., this office.

WANTED—Man for dairy, one acquainted with the town preferred. Apply Nelson Dairy.

WANTED—Teacher for Kaslo school, to take charge of fourth and fifth classes. Salary $75 per month. Apply C. R. Garland, secretary school board, Kaslo, B.C.

WANTED—A horse of not less than 1300 pounds weight. Apply to A.L. Daily News office.

WANTED—By English lady, help or companion. Apply giving particulars to X.Y.Z., Daily News office.

PLUMBING

We are prepared to do all kinds of plumbing, steam and gas fitting, on the shortest notice. Estimates given. D. K. Strachan & Co., Baker Street. Nelson. Phone 262.

FOR RENT

ROOMS and offices K.W.C. block for rent. S. M. Brydges.

FURNISHED room to let, bath, for lady or gentleman in private family. Close in. X.Y.Z., Daily News.

Best copy

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"Royal Household" Flour

Gives Stomach Less Work and Body More Strength.

No flour in the world is so nourishing, so vitalizing, so rich in all the elements of body, bone and brain building as pure, well-balanced, white flour.

Bran in bread is just so much wood fibre—so much extra work for the stomach—there is no nourishment in it for man. Cattle digest it and get nourishment from it because nature has given them a fermenting plant and double chewing facilities.

But man masticates once and digests once. For that reason he gets nothing whatever out of anything but the gluten portion of wheat—the inside of the grain—the part which yields "protein." And he gets more out of Royal Household Flour because more of the branny and waste portions are removed in making it than from any other flour.

The Royal Household Mills eliminate more bran and snorts than any other mill—therefore Royal Household Flour is the most nourishing flour in the world.

Royal Household Recipes free for the asking.

Ogilvie's "Royal Household" Flour.

NTRAST IN CONDITIONS

ECT OF THE WAR UPON THE COMBATANTS.

S WELL IN JAPAN—RUSSIA IN STATE OF COLLAPSE.

London Daily Times, June 28.)

e contrast between the present con- n of Japan and the condition of ia is an impressive illustration of results of good and bad govern- . From Japan we hear of no single nsequence of the war. Experience tion and an unbroken series of vic- s have brought army and navy to highest pitch of perfection. The and the guns, with which our al- have won their glorious triumphs, proved, under the rude test of war- that the British shipbuilder and- nufacturers who designed and built are still masters of their crafts.

The economic strain upon Japan proved to be much lighter than was ipated Foreign and domestic loans been raised with ease as required, ommerce continues to flourish. All es and all parties are absolutely of nind in their devotion to the na- l cause. Recruits flock cheerfully e standard at the first summons, ar taxes are readily paid, and wo- as well as men gladly see their st and dearest risk their lives at all of duty. The claim of the coun- nd of the sovereign who represents untry is supreme. . . . In Rus- n the other hand, the whole frame- not merely of the state, but of so- appears to be shaken. The sov- n is practically a prisoner in his es, and only extreme vigilance ren- his very palaces safe. His fleet has st disappeared. But a single sea- y battleship remains to defend Baltic, and it is even rumored that utions are contemplated against a ese attack in that quarter— a story h, at all events, snows the state of ian nerves. Russia's armies have confronting the Japanese for six- months and . . . army and navy have been invariably outgeneral- nd outfought. . . Her govern- cannot raise another penny for maintenance of (her) vast armies y capital in the world. They cannot money enough at home to keep armies indefinitely in the field. the masses of the real Russians war is intensely unpopular; by de- ent peoples ,whom it has been Rus- boast that she has 'Russified,' it is ted. Numbers even of the educated patriotic Russians look forward apprehension to the possibility of ussian success in battle. They feel it would be a success, not for the on, but for the government. . . . In Caucasus the feuds of race and re- on, which have broken out, have al- most assumed the proportions of a civil war. In Poland insurrection is kept under only by the systematic resort to wholesale massacres. More than 560 bodies we are told, had been buried in Lodz by Sunday, the wounded exceeded 700, and the prisons are full. Thirty-four battalions have been massed in Warsaw, where the chief of police and several other persons were wounded by a bomb on Sunday night. Socialism and anarchism have made way amongst the artizans of the towns as well as amongst the students of the universities and the whole intellectual proletariat, while the Jacqueries which have broken out again and again in various country districts show how profoundly the minds of the peasants are disturbed. These are amongst the evils which afflict Russia, and it is these and such like evils that the bureaucracy hopes to combat by statements which whittle away the promises of the czar, and by the gag.

WARM PRAISE OF NELSON

RESOURCES AND ATTRACTIONS ARE JUDGED UNEQUALLED

IMPRESSIONS OF REPRESENTATIVE OF " THE COAST"

If the appetite of Nelson people for flattering opinions of the city and district is not already sated, it will be pleased by the expressions of R. H. Wilhelm, travelling representative of the "The Coast," a monthly publication of Seattle. "The Coast" is devoted to the northwest, its resources, attractions and progress. For the magazine's purposes the northwest includes Washington, Oregon and British Columbia. Mr. Wilhelm tries to cover the teritory twice a year recording the evidences of growth in each locality. "The Coast" has a very wide circulation, and many people throughout the western states take their information from it. Consequently Mr. Wilhelm's impressions will be the only report on the Nelson district that will be read by a large number.

In conversation with a representative of The Daily News yesterday Mr. Wilhelm said: "This district has more varied resources and attractions than any other that I include in my regular trips. To most other places I go merely for the purpose of recording the evidences of growth and incidentally, advancing the interests of "The Coast." But I come to Nelson always in anticipation of rest and recreation in the beauty spot of the northwest. I have often been here before and have always enjoyed the visit. This year, for the first time, I came down the Arrow lakes. I have never seen grander or lovelier scenery. It is a source of constant surprise to me that Nelson is not overrun with tourists. No inland town on the continent can compare with it for climate and scenery.

"The same is true as regards scenery at least of the whole of southeastern British Columbia. I have been through East Kootenay, over the Crow's Nest line and over the main line to Field, Glacier and Golden. If this country were known to the outside world, the Alps would sink to second place.

"I don't mean to suggest, in talking of Nelson's natural attractions, that they are the only admirable feature. Nelson is one of the most substantial and most progressive cities, considering its age and the brief period of development of the surrounding district, that I have seen.

"I can see evidences of growth and of increased prosperity even since my last visit here last fall. The merchants are not only willing but they are eager to advertise the attractions and resources of their city and district. That is always a healthy sign. A city whose citizens appreciate its advantages and do not hesitate to make them known, has its future assured.

"The most striking, I think, of the new features I have noticed this year, is the very rapid development of the fruit growing industry in the immediate neighborhood of Nelson. I learn that the ranchers here are shipping fruit to Winnipeg and the Canadian Northwest, and have already practically driven the Hoo driver strawberries out of those markets. Now, that is an achievement of very great importance. The Hood river strawberries have won a continental reputation. If the Nelson district can beat them so decisively, there is no line of fruit in which it cannot excel.

"I know, of course, of the other fruit districts of British Columbia, Okanagan, the mainland coast and Vancouver island. There are many others, too, that only require irrigation to make them veritable gardens. There is nothing to prevent British Columbia becoming the greatest and richest fruit district in North America. No other part combines in anything like the same degree, the advantages of tropical and temperate climates.

"The importance of the fruit growing capacity of the country seems to me to be hardly appreciated. I know that the mineral and timber resources are very great, and that either alone should make this a wealthy country. But no mine and no timber limit will last for ever. There is a time limit on both. An orchard or a farm grows in value every year with intelligent cultivation. It is fortunate for British Columbia that some of its people have been wise enough to turn to the soil without waiting for the mines to be exhausted.

"No, I don't suppose your mines are within a century of being exhausted. On the contrary, your mineral resources are hardly touched, not even fully explored. But every article of food produced in your own province means not only a fresh asset; it means a saving of wealth produced from other sources that would otherwise have to be exchanged abroad for provisions.

"This city is assured of permanent prosperity, its location making it inevitably the shipping and distributing point for the whole of the interior of British Columbia, which is, I believe, the richest district of its size in North America.

"It only requires steady development and persistent advertising of the country's resources to treble the rate of growth.

"Across the line, in the state of Washington, many places have doubled in population and wealth within the last few years, which have not one-tenth of the advantages of Nelson. They have done it by persistent and united effort, spent in developing what they have, and in heralding it, perhaps even exaggerating it, to the rest of the world.

"There is nothing to attract wealth so potent as wealth itself. If the people of this town and district would make the most of all their advantages in mining, lumbering, fruit growing and trading the prosperity of the city would attract people from all directions. The people generally were a little slow to appreciate the resources of the land around. Let them make up now for lost time by raising all they can, and of the very best. Every box of fruit exported to a distance is a means of advertising.

"Every visitor to Nelson, for however brief a period, becomes whether he intends it or not, an advertising agent to attract tourists. No man with any sense of the beautiful in nature can fail to be deeply impressed with the grandeur of the river, lake and mountain scenery, which, I am afraid, many of the people of Nelson take as a matter of course."

CANADIAN PACIFIC
RAILWAY

$23.75
Portland and Return
30 Day Limit
Choice of Routes
All Rail via Sumas or S. S.
Princess Victoria
Vancouver to Seattle
via Victoria

Corresponding rates from all Kootenay points.

Through Sleeper
ARROWHEAD TO VANCOUVER
Wednesday, Friday, Sunday.

For full particulars first class or tourist sleeper reservations apply to local agents or write.

J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson
E. J. COYLE, A.G.P.A., Vancouver

LAND NOTICES

TAKE NOTICE—Sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria for permission to purchase the following described land, begining at a post near the north bank of the Kootenay river, West Kootenay District, marked W. Clayton's southeast corner, thence west 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east forty chains, thence south 40 chains to point of commencement, containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less.

W. CLAYTON.

Thrums Siding, May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria, to purchase 160 acres of land in West Kootenay District, and described as follows: Commencing at a post placed about half a mile north of the 3rd mile board south of Castlegar and marked J.A.C. S.E. corner, thence west 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east to Columbia and Western railway, thence south along said railway to place of commencement.

May 24th, 1905.

J. A. CRYDERMAN.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria, to purchase 160 acres of land in West Kootenay District, and described as follows: Commencing at a post placed on the west side of the Columbia and Western railway, about 200 feet south of the fourth mile post south of Castlegar and marked J.H.R.C. N.E. corner, thence west 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east to the Columbia and Western railway, thence north along said railway to place of beginning.

May 24th, 1905.

J. H. R. CHRISTIE.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria, to purchase 160 acres of land in West Kootenay District, and described as follows: Commencing at a post placed on the west side of the Columbia and Western railway, about 200 feet south of the third mile board south of Castlegar, and marked P.W. N.E. corner, thence west 40 chains, thense south 40 chains, thence east to said railway, thence north along said railway to place of beginning.

May 24th, 1905.

PETER WARREN.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria, to purchase 160 acres of land in West Kootenay District, and described as follows: Commencing at a post placed on the west side of the Columbia and Western railway, about 200 feet south of the third mile board south of Castlegar and marked H.F.A. S.E. corner, thence west 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east to the Columbia and Western railway, thence south along the said railway to place of beginning.

May 24th, 1905.

H. F. ANNABLE.

NOTICE is hereby given that we, the Yale-Columbia Lumber Company, Limited, of Nakusp, B. C., intend sixty days from date, to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the undermentioned tract of land: Commencing at a post on the South Limited of Columbia & Western Railway, about one half mile east of Westley Station, marked Yale-Columbia Co.'s northeast corner, running thence south 20 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 20 chains, more or less, to the south Limit of the Columbia & Western Railway, thence westerly along the said railway 80 chains to place of commencement.

THE YALE-COLUMBIA LUMBER CO., Limited.

J. G. BILLINGS, Secretary.

May 25th, 1905.

TIMBER NOTICES

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked S.E. corner C. Hairsine, running west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, to point of commencement.

C. HAIRSINE.
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked N.E. corner M. Provost, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

M. PROVOST.
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situate on Lemon creek, West Kootenay, District, B.C., commencing at a post planted about seven miles from the mouth and marked Paul Martin S.E. corner, running west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, to point of commencement.

PAUL MARTIN.
F. PROVOST Agent.
Located May 27th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situate on Lemon creek, West Kootenay, District, B.C., commencing at a post planted one mile west of Oro and marked Callex Bray N.W. corner, running east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

CALLEX BRAY.
F. PROVOST Agent.
Located May 29th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situate on Lemon creek, West Kootenay, District, B.C., commencing at a post planted on the south line of Oro, marked Zotique Le Blanc S.E. corner, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

ZOTIQUE LE BLANC.
F. PROVOST Agent.
Located May 28th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described land in the Slocan district: Commencing at a post marked T. Mulvey's northwest corner post and planted on the north side of Robson creek, about three miles from Slocan City, thence southeast 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north to point of commencement.

T. MULVEY.
Located, May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described land in the Slocan district: Commencing at a post marked J. W. Crow's southeast corner post, planted on the north side of Robson creek, about five miles from Slocan City, thence west 80 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence to point of commencement.

J. W. CROW.
T. MULVEY, Agent.
Located, May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described land in the Slocan district: Commencing at a post marked D. J. Graham's southeast corner post, and planted on the north side of Robson creek, about four miles from Slocan City, thence west 80 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 40 chains to the place of commencement.

D. J. GRAHAM.
T. MULVEY, Agent.
Located, May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special licence to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay district, commencing at a post planted at the south end of Hall's ranch and marked Alphonce Provost N.E. corner, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

Located July 3rd, 1905.

ALPHONCE PROVOST
F. PROVOST, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special licence to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situate in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay district, commencing at a post planted one half mile north of the 8-mile post of the east line of block 8, and marked Melei Provost S. W. corner, running north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

Located July 3rd, 1905.

MELEI PROVOST.
F. PROVOST, Agent.

SOCIETY CARDS

ABERDEEN HIVE, No. 12, L. O. T. M.—Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesday, 7:30 p.m. of each month in K. of P. Hall, Vernon Street, next to post office. Visiting members cordially invited.

MARY MATTHEW, L.C.
MINNIE RITCHIE, Record Keeper

NELSON LODGE, NO. 59, INDEPENDent Order of Good Templars, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Fraternity hall. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

W. H. CALDER, C.T.
G. KING, Secretary.

TIMBER NOTICES

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to make application to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for one special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated on the east side of the Little Slocan Lake, in the West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted on the east bank of the aforesaid lake, about 120 chains from the head, running north 80 chains , thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to point of commencement.

GEORGE SOUSEY.

Slocan, B. C., May 24, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked N.E. corner Clair Mabee, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

CLAIR MABEE.
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked A. D. Hardie, running west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, to point of commencement.

A. D. HARDIE.
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situate on Lemon creek, West Kootenay, District, B.C., commencing at a post planted one mile east of Oro and marked W. Leduc S.E. corner, running west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chais, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement,

W. LEDUC.
F. PROVOST Agent.
Located May 28th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked N.E. corner E. R. Mabee, running south 160 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 160 chains, thence east 40 chains to point of commencement.

E. R. MABEE.
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked N.E. corner Eli Provost, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

ELI PROVOST
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked N.E. corner Fred Cooper, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

FRED COOPER.
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked S.E. corner William Currie, running west 40 chains, thence north 160 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 160 chains, to point of commencement.

WILLIAM CURRIE.
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked S.W. corner Joseph Saulter, running north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to point of commencement.

JOSEPH SAULTER.
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located, May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situate on Lemon creek, West Kootenay, District, B.C., commencing at a post planted about one mile east of the first falls on Lemon creek, and marked Alexander Martin N.E. corner, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement,

Located May 27th, 1905.

ALEXANDER MARTIN.
F. PROVOST Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situate on Lemon creek, West Kootenay, District, B.C., commencing at a post planted two miles east of Oro and marked Peter Leduc N.E. corner, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement,

PETER LEDUC.
F. PROVOST Agent.
Located May 28th, 1905.

TIMBER NOTICES

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked N.E. corner Raul Provost, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

RAUL PROVOST.
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to make application to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for one special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated on the east side of the Little Slocan Lake, in the West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted on the east bank of the aforesaid lake, about 120 chains from the head, running south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to point of commencement.

JAMES M. FARRELL.

Slocan, B. C., May 24, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to make application to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for one special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated on the east side of the Little Slocan Lake, in the West Kootenay District, commencing at a stake planted 90 chains from the foot of Little Slocan Lake, running north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to place of commencement.

J. M. FARRELL.

Slocan, B. C., May 24, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked, N. E. corner Joseph Lalonde, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to the point of commencement.

JOSEPH LALONDE
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked N. E. corner Frank French, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

FRANK FRENCH.
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked N.E. corner Charles Provost, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

CHARLES PROVOST
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked N.E. corner Narcise Legrod, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to the point of commencement.

NARCISE LEGROD
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked S.W. corner H. A. McMillan, running north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to point of commencement.

H. A. McMILLAN.
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked N.W. corner Percy Millman, running east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

PERCY MILLMAN
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked N.E. corner Joseph Martin, running south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

JOSEPH MARTIN.
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Little Slocan, West Kootenay District, commencing at a post planted and marked N.E. corner Peter Lablanc, runing south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

PETER LABLANC.
F. PROVOST, Agent.
Located May 24th, 1905.

British Columbia Fruit Growers Association

Quarterly Meeting will be held in the Board of Trade Rooms Nelson at 2:30 p.m. Saturday, 15th July

In Addition to Usual Routine the Following Programme will be Offered.

Chairman, President James Johnstone.

Address by His Worship, The Mayor.

Address by the President, T. W. Stirling.

Address by J. R. Anderson, Dept. Minister of Agriculture. "Home Grown Fruit Trees."

Address by Thomas Cunningham, Fruit Pest inspector. "Spraying."

EVENING SESSION 7:30 O'CLOCK.

Address by Maxwell Smith, Dominion Fruit Inspector. "The Fruit Industry in British Columbia."

Address by R. M. Palmer. Freight Rates Commissioner. "Transportation and Market."

Address by T. W. Stirling, President of the B. C. F. G. Assn. "Varieties to Plant."

Address by W. J. Brandrith, Secretary of the B. C. F. G. Assn. "How to Plant a Tree."

A Musical Programme will be Arranged. God Save the King.

Procter's Bargains

For Sale—
For Sale—Three improved ranches on West Arm of Kootenay lake.
That well known summer resort known as the Outlet Hotel.

For Sale—
Marconi Wireless Stock in blocks large or small to suit purchaser.

REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE BROKER **T. G. Procter,** Official Broker

The Jenckes Machine Co., Limited
BUILDERS
THE JENCKES-CORLISS ENGINE
Medium and Heavy Duty Patterns; Simple, Cross and Tandem Compound Styles; Condensing and Non-Condensing. Correspondence invited.
British Columbia Offices:— ROSSLAND AND VANCOUVER
Works and Head Office:— SHERBROOKE, QUE

Electric Generators of All Sizes
We have just completed four direct current engine driven generators for the light and power requirements of the C. P. R. hotel at Winnipeg. Special attention given to the installation of isolated plants. References and estimates furnished on request. Nelson sales office: Houston Building.
Allis-Chalmers-Bullock
LIMITED.

ROUGH **LUMBER** DRESSED
Doors, Windows, Mouldings, Shingles, Turned Work and Brackets.
A complete and up-to-date stock always on hand. Mail orders promptly attended to
A. C. LAMBERT & CO.

ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVES

SPEED OF NINETY MILES AN HOUR EASILY ATTAINABLE

RETURN TO OLD LONGITUDINAL SLEEPER ADVOCATED

In view of the probable early resort to electric motive power by the C.P.R. on the Rossland and Boundary branches, considerable interest attaches to the experiments being made by other railroads with electric locomotives and other means of increasing speed and reducing cost of operation.

The case with which the time between New York and Chicago has been cut from 20 to 18 hours on two different roads has been a matter of general remark. There is talk of another decrease to 17 or even 16 hours in the near future, and the public, as usual, is ready for anything. Electricity (New York) thinks that the electric locomotive will make still further progress even easy. It says editorially:

"From New York to Chicago was once considered a serious journey. In provincial days dangers best the traveller on every side. Days were consumed in covering the distance. Now it is but a question of hours. Shall it be called the ultimate triumph of steam? Or shall we enquire as to what this ultimate triumph must be?

"The distance is roughly 1000 miles between New York and Chicago. About 20 hours, cut down to 24, was the customary limit of time in covering it. A speed of 40 miles an hour averaged up along the route. This, during the Columbian exposition was considered splendid railroading. Since then the locomotive has undergone great changes. The well fortified roadbed connecting that city and ours invited a higher speed. A 50-mile an hour rate then presented the average. The latest reports show a capacity on the part of the New York Central and Pennsylvania to regularly operate an 18-hour service. Now comes the question again: Is this the ultimate triumph? We think not. The locomotive can spin along much faster than this. Speed must be made subservient to the conditions of the road—whether it is clear or not, whether it can stand the rapid pounding of this great engine, or whether it is safe to hurry forward so impetuously.

"The suggestion is presented here that electric traction has set a new standard. The New York Central will use electric locomotives of 2200 hated horse power. A A speed of 90 miles an hour is easily obtainable with a train of cars. Divide 1000 by 90 and what is the result? A little over 11 hours. These are not merely figures, they are facts. The electric locomotives have been tested and tried. The system works like a charm. It would take a great deal of audacity to say when Chicago and New York will be the termini of an electric express system, but it is impossible to be blind to the truth. Ten hours from Chicago to New York is not so far off after all. Perhaps none have realized this fact more readily than those from whom these results are to be obtained—the steam railroad companies themselves."

That we shall not reach the speed limit with our present roadbeds—a fact emphasized by the famous Berlin-Zossen speed trials—is asersted by many authorities Engineering News advocates a return to the old longitudinal sleeper, to be made of solid concrete. It says:

"There are very strong reasons for believing that when the time comes that the present makeshift track construction which we miscall 'permanent way' is displaced by something really permanent, it will be a longitudinal system rather than a cross tie system.

"In view of the present practically universal use of wooden cross ties in railway track, it may seem extravagant to predict so radical a change; but to engineers who are aware how widely and successfully the longitudinal system of rail supports has been used, the proposal will not appear by any means revolutionary.

"For a great many years the longitudinal system was the standard track construction of tre Great Western railway of England; and it is still in place on a good many sidings in England. In Germany for a long time the longitudinal system was in nearly as extensive use as the cross-tie system."

The substitution of cross-ties for the "sleeper" was due, the writer asserts, first to the difficulty of draining the space between the rails; secondly, the necessity of iron tie-bars to keep the rails from spreading; and thirdly to the difficulty of replacing worn out sleepers without interrupting traffic. With the substitution of concrete for wood these objections easily disappear, and there is attained a continuous solidity of structure that is impossible with the present system of support at a series of independent points. The cost would be great, but the results would be worth it. The writer concludes:

"An engineer would never design an important building and support it on wooden blocks bedded a few inches in the ground; and he would not consider the case much better if stone or concrete blocks were substituted for wooden. To make a permanent support for a railway track we must carry our foundation course down deeper, just as we would a building foundation. But it is practically imposible with the cross tie system to make the foundation much deeper than the thickness of the present wooden ties, for the trackmen could not reach under the ties to tamp them, if the ties were, say 12 or 16 inches in depth. There is not room enough between the ties to permit it; and it is, of course, out of the question to space the ties further apart. All this points directly to the displacement of cross ties with longitudinals whenever a really permanent system of track foundations replaces the present 'mud-sill' system."

TO LOCATE BEST ROUTE

Specialist in Mountain Engineering Making Reconnaisance of Hope Range

A. E. Baldwin, Great Northern engineer, has gone west from Princeton, via the Tulameen river, into the Hope mountains, says the Similkameen Star.

The Star says further: "He was here three years ago and made a reconnaisance of the Similkameen route to the Hope summit, following chief engineer Kennedy and Mr. Lupfer in their explorations for a pass for the V., V. and E. The data then secured was not as definite and comprehensive as desired, which will now be amplified by examination of other passes and continuation of previous preliminary work.

"Mr. Baldwin is one of the most eminent men in his profession and is employed by railway companies in various parts of the world ni selecting routes. He was recently in Guatemala making choice of routes for a railway across the Andes. His special knowledge of mountain engineering will find full scope in the Hope mountains, which have been a stickler for some engineers and the subject of considerable controversy. In any case the best obtainable pass alone will suffice the needs of the Great Northern people and Mr. Baldwin is the man to find it.

"Engineer Tracey with his party will follow Mr. Baldwin up the Tulameen with a preliminary line, having moved his outfit from Ashnola and abandoned the Similkameen line for the present at least. The line will run up the west fork of the Otter, crossing the divide into the Coldwater and westerly into the valley of the Coquihalla which ends at Hope on the Fraser river. Snow avalanches are common in the Hope range, to obviate which will be of much concern to engineers. Less than the average grade of mountain railroads in B.C. is expected to be found in the Hope mountains; although it is a matter upon which expert opinion is divided.'

KOOTENAY FRUIT EXHIBITS

Where and How to Ship—Pointers For Intending Exhibitors.

The provincial government has arranged to make exhibits of British Columbia fruits at Winnipeg, Brandon, Regina and Indian Head, during the time of the annual agricultural shows, held at these places. The exhibits will consist of preserved fruits in bottles, and fresh fruits in season, shipped via the Dominion Express Company.

The Winnipeg Fair opens on the 20th instant, and runs to the 28th inst. Fresh fruit shipments for this fair should leave points of shipment on the following dates, July 17 to 24, inclusive.

The Brandon Fair opens on the 1st of August, and fresh fruit shipments for Brandon should leave B. C. points, July 28 to 31.

Indian Head Fair opens on the 8th of August, and fresh fruit shipments for Indian Head should leave B. C. points August 3 and 4.

Regina Fair opens on the 9th of August, and fresh fruit shipments for Regina should leave B. C. points August 4 to 7.

All exhibits should be shipped by Dominion Express Company, addressed to R. M. Palmer, who will be in charge of the British Columbia exhibits at the fairs mentioned.

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New Crop of Home Grown and Imported
Garden, Field and Flower Seeds
Wholesale and Retail
Thousands of Fruit and Ornamental Trees
Rhododendrons, Roses, Greenhouse and hardy plants for Spring Planting, Cut Flowers, Floral work, Fertilizers—Bee Hives and Supplies.
Eastern prices or less. Catalogue free. No agents.
M. J. HENRY
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A RESIDENTIAL AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS
Upper and lower school. Boys prepared for Matriculation and Royal Military College. Separate junior residence. Handsome new buildings, opened in September; thoroughly modern; attractive in appearance; 24 acres of playfield. Situated in North Rosedale, Toronto's healthiest district. Church street car line.
Autumn terms commences Sept. 12, 1905.
Write for information.
REV. D. BRUCE MACDONALD, M. A. Principal

KOOTENAY RAILWAY & NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED
Kaslo and Slocan Railway Company
International Navigation and Trading Company
TIME CARD
of local trains and steamers effective March 7th, 1904
KASLO-SANDON

Daily		Daily
1:30 p.m.	Lv.....Sandon.....Ar	10:25 a.m.
2:12 p.m.	Lv....Whitewater....Ar	9:40 a.m.
3:45 p.m.	Ar.....Kaslo.....Lv.	8:00 a.m.

KASLO-NELSON

Daily Ex. Sunday		Ex. Sunday
6:00 a.m.	Lv.....Kaslo.....Ar.	9:15 a.m.
7:30 a.m.	Lv.....Ainsworth....Ar.	8:15 p.m.
10:00 a.m.	Ar.....Nelson.....Lv	5:45 p.m.

Calling at all way landings on signal.
NELSON-SANDON

5:45 p.m.	Lv.....Nelson.....Ar	10:00 a.m.
10:25 a.m.	Ar.....Sandon.....Lv.	1:39 p.m.

Through daily freight and passenger service between Nelson and Sandon.
For further information and full particulars call on or address
ROBERT IRVING,
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Kaslo, B. C.
R. E. BLACKBURY, Local Agent, Nelson.

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SOLE AGENT FOR THE PORTO RICO LUMBER CO., Ltd., Retail Yards
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MANUFACTURERS OF THE CRAWFORD AERIAL TRAMWAY.
Repairing and Jobbing a Specialty
Sheetmetal work, castings, builders material and mining and mill machinery
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Branch Markets in Rossland, Trail, Nelson, Kaslo, Sandon, Three Forks New Denver and Slocan City.
Orders by Mail to any Branch will have Prompt and Careful Attention.

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Repairing and Job Work a Specialty. Brass Castings Made to Order.
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Repairing Jewelry

Isn't always as easy as it looks. Like Watch Repairing, it is an art by itself which must be mastered, and that only with the aid of considerable experience. We have had the experience and have we think mastered the art. Let us do your repairing for you.

EWERT BROS.
JEWELERS AND ENGRAVERS
NELSON ROSSLAND TRAIL

SOME ROCK WILL FLOAT

SECOND TRIAL DAY OF POWER COMPANY'S CASE.

CITY'S SIDE OF ISSUE TO BE REACHED TODAY.

There were no particularly exciting developments yesterday in the trial of the West Kootenay Power & Light Company's case against the city now in progress before Mr. Justice Irving.

All the plaintiff's witnesses but one have told their story, and it is expected that this morning the plaintiff's case will be concluded.

Spectators in court yesterday, and there was quite a number, learned from the experts put in the witness box that rock does sometimes float, that is "is carried in suspension" down stream. That gravel weighed 170 pounds to the cubic foot on land and about 100 pounds or a little better submerged in water, and that while rocks don't, so far as is known, get out of the river bed and walk up stream, their more or less constant course, some quickly, some slowly, is down stream, dependent on the size and make up of the rock, force of current, formation of river bottom and a few other trifling details. Expert witnesses and opposing counsel agreed to differ pretty widely about some matters. The course usually followed by Paddy Miles and his ferry came into the day's story and the suggestion to call a certain famous island shown on the plans "MacNeill's Island," for obvious reasons, caused a ripple of laughter. Of the witnesses examined during the day, H. B. Smith of Rossland, probably enjoyed his tilt with opposing counsel the most. He gave his evidence in chief and under cross-examination with a zest and spirit that strikingly suggested the irristible rush of a mountain stream at the high water stage. One onlooker, a particularly tall man, found the theory of moving rocks in stream, such a dreary proceeding that he fell sound asleep, leaning up against the railing near the dock, and snored openly and profanely for a little while until a friendly nudge woke him up to the stern realities of court life.

The court will meet this morning as usual at 10 o'clock and the learned judge has not intimated whether the final adjournment for the day will take place at 1 o'clock or whether the sittings will go on for the balance of the afternoon.

Mr. Bodwell continued his cross examination of general manager L. A. Campbell when the court opened yesterday morning. Mr. Campbell said that the recent grant of 112,000 inches in the Kootenay river to his company, was subject to the rights of the City of Nelson and to the restrictions mentioned in the special act. The first contract with the Trail smelter was made in May, 1898 The average power taken was about 400 h.p. In 1899 this increased to about 500 h.p. and in 1900-01 it remained at the last figure. The smelter could call for 1000 h.p. at any time. The witness could not say what the maximum power actually used was at any one period. The contract with the smelter now was to supply all the power required, there was no limitation. The Rossland Water and Light Co.'s contract called for an average of from 550 to 650 h.p.

High and low water in the Kootenay river during the last four years, was the subject of an animated but not very interesting discussion for some time, followed by a protracted debate between the witness and counsel on the depth of the power canal.

Asked for some original documents, the witness replied: "Oh, sir Charles Ross took them away, he took everything bodily."

"Yes," replied Mr. Bodwell sarcastically, "he apparently took everything in sight, except the falls."

Was the canal cut out of solid rock? What did it look like during construction? What measurements were taken, and innumerable questions of the sort, were fired at the witness in endless variety. Counsel and witness would, in the language of the prize ring, "Mix it up" then "Break away" to begin all over again, but the details were only of passing interest. Asked as to proportion of large rocks in the material taken out of the canal at different times, Mr. Campbell backed away, and stood on "a quantity of rock, sand and pebbles all mixed up." Counsel was very anxious to know just exactly what became of the 2200 yards of material that was taken out of the canal and another long and uninteresting dialogue ensued.

Mr. Campbell—We have business in sight which will justify us in going to any expense to build the dam I referred to, across the stream above the lower falls, so as to give us the needed power."

Just now the City of Nelson is paying the company about $700 a month for power. "We help the city out all we can," added the witness, after denying that the city was now paying the company at the rate of $12,000 a year.

Mr. Bodwell—I think we know how very philanthropic your company is. As a fact have you not done everything in your power to prevent the city from getting a site for its power plant, and from getting a power plant of its own?

No, we have not, replied the witness.

Then in turn, Mr. Bodwell asked with fine sarcasm, about the company's effort to get hold of the site now held by the city. First for an alleged mill site which was turned own and then the location of the "Iron Age" mineral claim with a tunnel just where it was planned to put the city's plant. It was a strange coincidence, remarked the learned counsel, that this mill proposition should suddenly have taken shape and when it was laughed out of court by the authorities that resort was had to a mineral claim, both centering on the only available site for a power plant, the company owning all the land on the banks between the two falls except that held by the city.

Mr. Campbell, with some warmth, denied that the company was trying or had tried to block the city getting a power site for its plant. There were other sites above the falls still available. They did not think the city people were good neighbors, and the fact that they were now in litigation with the city proved they were right. They had opposed the city's application for 50,000 inches.

The court—I think the company and the city wanted to divide the river between them.

Mr. Bodwell—We do not admit that.

The court—Well, I know his business methods, they are plain enough.

To Mr. MacNeill, the witness said the present action was not brought to hamper the city. Interference, a stoppage, however slight, with their power supply was a very serious matter. That was the thing they most desired to prevent. They had spent $900,000 on their original plant and the new plant would cost as much more. They expected to have the new additional plant in running order by February of next year. The cost of clearing the intake, canal and forebay had been: In 1900, $833.84; in 1902-03, $12,731.81 and in 1904-05, $8,053.30. Their proposed dam across the river above the lower falls would benefit and not injure the city's plant. It would give the city's plant an increased head of 10 feet by hooking onto the dam if it were built.

Fred Elwell said he was superintendent of the generation station at Bonnington for the company. Had been in the employ of the company since 1902. In March the water begins to rise. High water was about June 20th, low water some time in February. During the last low water in February he had walked across to within 30 feet of the island opposite the intake. The current near the intake varied in direction at hight and low water. He had noticed a big cake of ice floating round and round in one place for about a week last winter. The water "swings" all the time, that is rises and falls from side to side of the stream, 2 or 3 feet. Rocks had got into the water wheels and caused breakages 5 or 6 times. In the opinion of the witness a portion of the rock thrown in the river at the city's site would reach the company's intake and canal sooner or later.

F. W. Guernsey told Mr. MacNeill that he was a civil engineer, graduating in 1895. In January last under instructions from the company, he had measured the velocity and volume of the river at the railway cut about three-quarters of a mile above the upper falls. The river's volume was 5.822 cubic feet per second. The velocity varied considerably at the north side at the point in question. The greatest was 3.125 feet per second the lowest less than a foot. On July 11 he had again measured the velocity at the same spot and with high water it went up to between 8 and 9 feet per second roughly. He considered the force of the current would carry rock from the cut to the company's canal. Large pieces would be lodged in the rapids, smaller pieces would be carried further down. The granite weighed 170 lbs. to the cubic foot, in water it would weigh something over 100 lbs. The city could store the rock in place of dumping it into the river but it would require an incline way and a hoisting plant to do this.

Mr. Bodwell was first mildly inquisitive as to the witness' experience as a practical civil engineer and then went off into details as to what force was required to move big rocks down stream. "You never saw rocks float?" asked he. "Oh, yes, they do," quickly responded the witness. "It is true that rock is carried down in suspension. That will not be denied." Then the conversation got extremely technical for a while. Merriman and other text books were produced and a lot of valuable information passed into history through the stenographer's notes as to how rocks in a stream move, when they have to. The smoothness of the river bed cut some figure but the dip or fall did not, or very little. The witness said that "the diameter of rock moved increases with the square of the velocity" or words to that effect. He stumbled over "thread" of the current but said he supposed that meant its general direction.

H. B. Smith, M.I.C.E., admitted that he was a civil engineer and in active practice. He agreed with previous witnesses that rock from the city's site would find its way down to the company's canal in the course of time. The surface velocity would not be the greatest velocity. The greatest would be about half way between the surface and the bottom.

To Mr. Bodwell the witness said he would not accept book authority on some points. He had had a great deal of practical experience with mountain streams in the west and he had learned things as he went along and could speak with certainty. Pressed on some points the witness replied: "I am not an encyclopedia on the Fraser river, but I know the general course of rocks coming down stream." They were not always in motion. Some moved quickly, others slowly. A big freshet coming down would create new conditions all along a stream. Rocks moved most irregularly, depending upon conditions that were constantly changing.

G. E. Revell, C. E., construction engineer of the company's new plant at Bonnington, was the last witness for the day. He agreed with former witnesses as to moving rocks, adding that the pot holes below the upper falls were swept clean of all rock. He explained that the company was storing all the rock that was being blasted out now high up above high water mark on shore so that it would not get into the intake and canal. Some of the rock was blown into the river. They had not used such strong charges as to blow some of the rock across the river to the blacksmith's shop at the city's site, so far as he knew.

Shortly after 4 o'clock the court adjourned until 10 this morning.

CHASED BY SMALL DOGS

LARGE BLACK BEAR ENCOUNTERED ON RAILWAY TRACK

J. RODWAY HAS NARROW ESCAPE ONE MILE FROM CITY

A huge black bear is on the war path in unpleasant proximity to the city limits. He has been seen by several in the dusk of evenings, but no one reported it until John Rodway and his companion had a very naraw escape Wednesday afternoon

Mr. Rodway and a lady were walking along the Nelson and Fort Sheppard railway track above the Mountain station early Wednesday afternoon. They were accompanied by two small dogs belonging to Mr. Rodway. They heard no noise and had no suspicion of the presence of any animal when a large black bear leaped from the brush to the track just in front of them.

Mr. Rodway was unarmed and had no means of defending his companion or himself. Fortunately the bear was taken by surprise and was not in fighting humor. The two little dogs gallantly encountered their first bear, and began to snap at his legs. The attack was not formidable, but it was enough to determine an enemy already wavering. The bear returned to the brush and Mr. Rodway was relieved to hear him crashing through the brush in the opposite direction.

It was not the first bear Mr. Rodway has seen, but he says that it was much larger than any he has seen before of the same species.

An opportunity is presented for some of the local hunters of big game to earn distinction and perform a public service at the same time.

JOINT SCHOOL PICNIC

Accident in Michel Mine—A Fisherman's Proverbial Luck

(Special to The Daily News)

Michel, July 14—The Protestant Sunday schools of Fernie, Michel, Coal Creek, Morrissey, Carbonato and Elko held a union picnic at Elko on July 12. Elko is a beautiful place for a picnic, nestling, as it does, on the bank of the Elk river in the midst of lofty mountain peaks and with a picturesque waterfall nearby. The regular express was crowded with jolly basket carriers, while a special had to be chartered to convey the picnic makers from Fernie.

About 800 people sat down under the lofty pines and were waited upon by the young ladies while, humorously enough, the young men were set to wash the dishes. There was plenty of ice cream and the usual accessories of a picnic and the day was spent in various sports and in enjoying the magnificent scenery.

A Michel fisherman recently made an attempt to cross the Elk by means of a raft. Once in mid-river the swift current swept him rapidly down stream for some miles, finally tossing him and tre raft on top of a log jam in mid-stream. From the island the fisherman was luckily able to make his escape to the nearest bank through comparatively smooth water.

Thirty cars of coal got away down a grade yesterday in the No. 8 tunnel of Michel mine, killing a horse and blocking traffic for some time.

The United Mine Workers of Michel have turned over the gift of $25 made to them by L. P. Eckstein of Fernie, to the benefit of the local gymnasium.

CHOLERA INFANTUM

Child Not Expected to Live from Hour to Hour, Cured by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Ruth, the little daughter of E. N. Dewey of Agnewville, Va., was seriously ill of cholera infantum last summer. "We gave her up and did not expect her to live from one hour to another," he says. "I happened to think of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and got a bottle of it from the store. We kept on giving it and before she had taken half of one small bottle she was well." This remedy is for sale by all druggists and dealers.

Saturday Specials—Men's two piece suits for $7.75, worth $12.50. Brown and Co.'s.

James Band, proprietor of the Grove hotel, Fairview, has had that favorite summer resort nicely fitted up. It is conveniently located within half a block of the street car line and good meals and the best of liquors and cigars make it a popular house of call. Drop in any time when passing and sample some of those choice thirst quenchers always on tap.

Summer Underwear, 50 cents per suit. Brown and Co.

It will pay you to keep Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in your house. It only costs a quarter. Sold by all druggists and dealers.

Straw Hats, big reductions. One hundred Men's Felt Hats, worth up to $3, for $1. Brown and Co.

In new fashionable Neckwear, call and make your selection. Kerr and Company.

Clothing, Shoes, Shirts, Collars, Ties and Hats, values the best at Brown and Co.'s.

"IT SAVED MY LIFE"

PRAISE FOR A FAMOUS MEDICINE

Mrs. Willadsen Tells How She Tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Just in Time.

Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning, Iowa, writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I can truly say that you have saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude to you in words.

"Before I wrote to you, telling you how I felt, I had doctored for over two years steady and spent lots of money on medicines besides, but it all failed to help me. My monthly periods had ceased and I suffered much pain, with fainting spells, headache, backache and bearing-down pains, and I was so weak I could hardly keep around. As a last resort I decided to write you and try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am so thankful that I did, for after following your instructions, which you sent me free of all charge, my monthly periods started; I am regular and in perfect health. Had it not been for you I would be in my grave to-day.

"I sincerely trust that this letter may lead every suffering woman in the country to write you for help as I did."

When women are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. Refuse all substitutes.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

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one of the finest IMPROVED RANCHES in the Boundary Country

640 ACRES

well fenced, good buildings, fertile soil, and plenty of water.

Five acres bearing orchard, 100 acres in crop, will make an ideal home and an excellent investment.

Apply to

Frederic W. McLaine,
GREENWOOD, B. C.

Nelson Opera House

ONE WEEK
Commencing July 10th

WM. B. SHERMAN PRESENTS

Sherman & Platt Stock Company

Supporting the Young Romantic Actor
Hayden Stevenson

Tonight, Saturday Night and Saturday Matinee

"WHEN WE WERE TWENTY-ONE"

Nat Godwin and Maxine Elliott's Great Success.

VAUDEVILLE FEATURES BETWEEN ACTS.

Popular Prices—25c, 35c, 50c.
Matinee Prices—25c and 15c.
Seats on sale at Opera House.

LAKEVIEW HOTEL

Corner Hall and Vernon Streets
Two blocks from City Wharf. The best dollar a day house in Nelson.

NO CHINESE EMPLOYED

August Thomas
PROPRIETOR.

Sunnyside Hotel

NELSON, B. C.

RATES $1 PER DAY

The Sunnyside has nicely furnished bedrooms, lighted with electricity and the table is the best in Nelson for the price The hotel is on Baker street, one block from the C.P.R. and G.N.R. union depot Mr. Munro sold on the premises

TREMONT HOUSE

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN
MEALS 25c. ROOMS FROM 25c TO $1.25

MALONE & TREGILLUS, Proprietors
Baker Street, Nelson.

McLeod Hotel

CORNER
FIRST AND SECOND AVENUE
YMIR, B. C.

Centrally located, rebuilt and refurnished throughout. All modern improvements Sample Rooms in connection. The only first class hotel in Ymir.

RATES FROM $1.50 UP
WINAY McLEOD, Proprietor

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL

Opposite Courthouse and new Postoffice Best 25c meal in town. European and American plan. Only white labor employed. First class bar.

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British Columbia People

Will find a home in Spokane at the Grand Hotel. Recently remodelled and refurnished.

Under the management of E. E. Phair, late of Hotel Phair, Nelson, B. C.

All British Columbia papers on file. European plan. Rates 75 cents to $2.00 per day. Free bus meets all trains.

ROYAL HOTEL

TELEPHONE 52
MRS. WM. ROBERTS, Proprietress

The best meals that can be provided in this market, cooked under the supervision of the proprietress, who is a famous caterer.

Nice airy rooms, newly furnished; bath for guests.

The best wines, liquors and cigars can be obtained at the bar.

TERMS: $1 AND $1.50 PER DAY

COR. STANLEY AND SILICA STREETS, Cars pass the door

BARTLETT HOUSE

(Formerly Clarke House)
The best $1.00 per day house in Nelson None but white help employed. The bar is the best

G. W. BARTLETT - Prop

Madden House

Baker Street Nelson, B.C.

Do you need a comfortable home? If so try the Madden House. Well furnished rooms lighted by electricity; first class board. In the bar you will find all the best domestic and imported liquors and cigars.

THOMAS MADDEN, Proprietor.

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NEXT DOOR TO OFFICE SALOON,
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Merchants Dinner from 12 noon to 2:30 p.m., 25 cents.

Short order meals at all hours, Open day and night.

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Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyor
P. O. Box 145. Phone 261 B
Cor. Kootenay and Victoria Sts., Nelson.

This store will close Thursday afternoons during June, July and August.

West Kootenay Butcher Co.

RANCH FOR SALE

consisting of 135 acres, a good house, and 7 acres cleared.

This is one of the most pleasantly situated ranches on the west arm.

Price for ranch including launch and boat house, $2500.

This offer good for one week only.

R. J. Steel

FOR SALE

30 foot lot and building, south side of Baker street, rented constantly, easy terms, price on application.

In Hume Addition, four roomed house and lot, $600 on monthly payment plan.

8 acre ranch one mile from Nelson, 80 fruit trees, 150 small fruit, furnished cabin, $350.

In Hume Addition, corner lot, fruit trees and small fruits, with 4 room cottage, about $700, good terms.

Chadbourn & McLaren
K.W.C. BLOCK

TEAS

JUST RECEIVED.
Fresh and Fragrant
NEW CROP
Black or Green

AS ALWAYS
THE BEST

Prices moderate by the pound or original package.

Kootenay Coffee Co.
Phone 177. P. O. Box 182.

THE MAN WHO SMOKES

Our special Mixture smokes a pure and fragrant tobacco, as choice a thing as ever tempted you.

THURMAN
TOBACCONIST

Nelson Steam Laundry

P. O. Box 46 Telephone 146.

All kinds and all colors of Ladies' and Gents' Clothing

CLEANED AND DYED

Flannels, Blankets, Curtains, Silks, Etc. a specialty.
Gloves renovated to look like new.

Steam Carpet Cleaning

Your patronage solicited.
PAUL NIPOU, Prop.

FRUIT LANDS FOR SALE

In 10 acre blocks, in 20 acre blocks; several improved ranches.

J. E. ANNABLE, Nelson, B. C.

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CIVIL ENGINEER
DOMINION AND PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR

Agent for obtaining Crown Grants, mine surveying, etc.

Room 16, K.W.C. Block
P. O. Box 1 Nelson, B.C.

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BLACKSMITHS

Ashcroft and Marks, experienced blacksmiths, wheelwrights, and expert horseshoers, are doing business on Hall street, in the premises previously occupied by Grant McLean. First class work in every particular guaranteed.

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PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR.
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MILL WOOD

FOR SALE—Green 4 foot slabs in lots of five cords or more at $2.25 and up according to place of delivery. Ten cord lots or up at $2.15; green short slabs, 16 inch, in lots of five cords or more, $2.50 Large quantity of dry short and 4 foot slabs always on hand. Prompt delivery. Terms cash. Kootenay River Lumber company.

Synopsis of Regulations for Disposal of Mineral on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and the Yukon Territory.

Coal—Coal lands may be purchased at $1 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free miner's certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A free miner's certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of $7.50 per annum for an individual, and from $50 to $100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1500x1500 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing location notices, one at each end on the line of the lode or vein.

The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if located within ten miles of a mining recorder's office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction. The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1.00 per acre.

Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also copper in the Yukon territory, of an area not exceeding 160 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a Royalty of 2 1-2 per cent of the sales of the products of the location.

Placer Mining—Manitoba and the N. W. T. excepting the Yukon Territory—Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee, $5; renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River claims are either bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes all diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bank, but not exceeding 1000 feet. Where steam power is used claims 200 feet wide may be obtained.

Dredging in the rivers of Manitoba and the N.W.T., excepting the Yukon Territory—A free miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged beds or bars of the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have, or may receive entries for bar diggings or bench claims except on the Saskatchewan River where the lessee may dredge to high water mark on each alternate leasehold.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles, but where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge for each fifteen miles or fraction is sufficient. Rental $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent collected on the output after it exceeds $10,000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory—Six leases of five miles each may be granted to a free miner, for a term of twenty years, also renewable.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars in the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the first day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles within six years from such date. Rental $100 per mile for the first year and $10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty same as placer mining.

Placer Mining in the Yukon Territory—Creek, gulch, river and hill claims shall not exceed 250 feet in length, measured on the base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the width being from 100 to 1000 feet. All other placer claims shall be 250 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, bearing notices. Entry must be obtained within ten days, if the claim is within ten miles of a Mining Recorder's office. One extra day is allowed for each additional ten miles or fraction.

The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate.

The discoverer of a new mine is entitled to a claim 1000 feet in length, and if one party consists of two, 1500 feet altogether on the output of which no royalty shall be charged, the rest of the party ordinary claims only.

Entry fee $10. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent on the value of the gold shipped from the Yukon Territory to be paid to the Comptroller.

No free miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold any number of claims by purchase, and free miners may work their claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of $2. A claim may be abandoned and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee.

Work must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least $200.

A certificate that work has been done must be obtained each year if not the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and open to occupation and entry by a free miner.

The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notices in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum—All unappropriated Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and within the Yukon Territory are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the Minister may reserve for an individual or company having machinery on the land to be prospected, an area of 1920 acres for such period as he may decide, the terms of which shall not exceed three times the breadth. Should the prospector discover oil in paying quantities, and satisfactorily establish such discovery, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well, will be sold to the prospector at the rate of $1 an acre, and the remainder of the tract reserved, namely 1280 acres, will be sold at the rate of $2 per acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by Order in Council.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
Dept. Interior, June 20, 1904.

Atlantic S.S. Sailings

C. P. R. ATLANTIC S. S. LINE
(From Montreal)
Lake Erie ....Aug. 3 L. Manitoba..Aug 10
(To London Direct)

ALLAN LINE
(From Montreal)
Tunisian .....July 28 Victorian ....Aug. 4

DOMINION LINE
Kensington ..July 29 Canada .....Aug. 5

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE
Minneapolis ..Aug. 5 Minnehaha ..Aug. 12

AMERICAN LINE
St. Paul ....Aug. 5 New York....Aug 12

RED STAR LINE
Zeeland .....July 29 Finland .....Aug 5

CUNARD LINE
Campania ...July 29 Caronia .....Aug. 8

WHITE STAR LINE
Baltic .....July 26 Teutonic ....Aug. 2
Celtic .....Aug. 4 Oceanic .....Aug. 9

FRENCH LINE
La Lorraine..July 27 La Touraine..Aug. 3

HAMBURG AMERICAN
Bleucher .....Aug. 3 Moltke .....Aug 17
(Mediterranean Service)
Prinz Oscar ....Aug. 15

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
Kronprinz Wilhelm ....Aug. 1
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse .....Aug. 8
(Mediterranean Service)
Konigin Luise ....Aug. 5
Prinzess Irene ....Aug 19

All continental rates and sailings on application. If you are contemplating taking an ocean voyage drop us a line and we will be pleased to furnish you with full information promptly.

J. S. CARTER, W. P. F. CUMMING,
G.P.A., Nelson. Gen. Agt., Winnipeg

Dr. Price's
CREAM
Baking Powder
SOLD ON ITS MERITS ONLY
Contains full value in baking powder; the purest, most economical made.
Price Baking Powder Co.
CHICAGO, U. S. A.

TO RENT OFFICES AND LIVING ROOMS

Apply to Office Nelson Electric Tramway Co.
Clements Block, Cor. Baker and Josephine Streets

GALT COAL AND WOOD OF ALL KINDS
Terms Spot Cash
W. P. Tierney
Telephone 265
Baker Street, Nelson

Everyone needs glasses whose eyes are not perfectly focussed for seeing distant objects, or easily adjustable for near work. We can give you perfect sight. Our Sta-Zon Eyeglasses please the particular.

J. J. WALKER

There are many brands of
Jelly Powder
offering, but there is always one that leads in quality and flavor, that one is
McLAREN'S
We have just received a shipment of this now famous product, and are selling it at
12 1-2 per pkg or
$1.25 per doz
This is the kind of weather when these goods are in demand easily and quickly prepared, cool and refreshing.

T. S. McPherson
PHONE NO. 10.

FOR SALE

50-foot lot on Baker St., west, with three office buildings, price $4,500; cash $1000, balance at 6 per cent.

10-roomed house on Victoria St., central position, price $1100; cash $600, balance easy terms

For Rent Furnished

Mrs. Eskrigge's house on corner of Josephine and Robson streets. Fully furnished piano included; $35 per month.

H. & M. Bird

TROUT FLIES

Fishing is now at its best. The angler with an outfit of the best flies will make the best catch. Exactly the same proposition as 2 and 2 equals 4. We have the best flies procurable.
Enright 's, hand tied at $1.25 per doz
Hall's hand tied at 75 cents per doz.
Hall's "Special" at 50 cents per dozen.
Call or write. Others at 40 and 25 cents per dozen.

J. H. Ashdown Hardware Co., Limited
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

NOTICE

Having purchased the interest of the late D. P. Patenaude, our business will henceforth be conducted under the name of J. O. Patenaude. As a consequence we are starting a cheap sale in order to reduce the stock, and are giving special values in every line without exception. You would be wise to see our stock before making any purchases in Jewelry or Silverware.

J. O. PATENAUDE
MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS, OPTICIANS
PHONE 293

STOCK TAKING SALE

July is our stock taking month, and below we enumerate some of the lines we wish to reduce, and will sell at the specially low prices stated. Mail orders receive careful and prompt attention.

Sale Terms at Prices Quoted Are Strictly Cash

WALL PAPERS
All the regular lines from 7c per roll to 60c; reduced 1-4.

CHINAWARE
Glassware and Crockery. In this department we show the finest range of goods in B. C.. Discounts range from 1-5 to 1-3 off the regular price.

PICTURES
Framed and unframed, and Photo Frames—25 per cent off.

SOUVENIRS
600 Nelson Souvenir Tablets with views of Nelson on each sheet, regular 50c, 35c, and 25c. Sale price 25c, 20c, and 15c.

STATIONERY
204 Boxes of Stationery, containing 24 envelopes, 24 sheets of ruled notepaper, pen and penholder at 15c each.

NOVELS
2000 Paper Novels, regular 25c line at 12 1-2 cts. each.

BOUND BOOKS
3000 Miscellaneous Bound Books at discounts ranging from 15 per cent to 50 per cent off the regular prices.

SEWING MACHINES
3 Sewing Machines, new. Price $65, at $25 each.

PIANOS
1 only Williams' Piano, new. Price $450. at $310.
1 only slightly used Heintzman & Co. Piano. Price new, $550; as good as new at $325.

LEAD PENCILS
324 Dozen Dixon's Lead Pencils, No. 270, regular 5c line at 15c per dozen.

Drug and Sundry Department

SUMMER TONICS
the $1.00 kinds such as Peruvian Tonic, Quinine Wine and Iron, Beef Iron and Wine, at 75c per bottle.

TOILET SOAPS
Odd lots of various well known makes, regular 25c and 35c per per box at 15c per box.

SACHET POWDERS
Regular 50c per oz, at 30c per oz.
Regular 75c per oz., at 50c per oz.

PERFUMES
Colgate's Well Known Perfumes in fancy bottles; the $1 kind at 75c per bottle; the 75c kind at 50c per bottle.

COLGATE'S SHAVING SOAP
Cakes. To introduce this unrivalled shaving soap we will sell during July two gross at 10c per cake,(the regular price is and will be 15c).

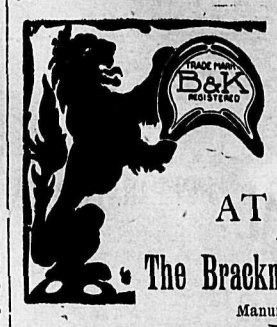
HAND MIRRORS,
Hair Brushes and many other lines of sundries at 25 per cent off.

TOILET WATERS
(Pivers, France) $1.75 per bottle at $1.25.

LOOFAHS
An excellent substitute for a sponge, a real bathroom luxury, special sale price, 5c each.

This Sale is genuine. We always do as we advertise. TERMS CASH.

Canada Drug & Book Co., Ld.



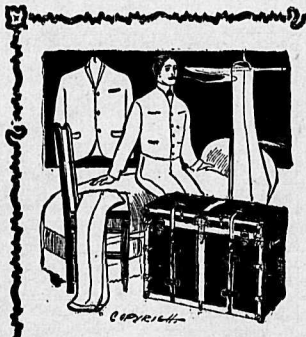
"B&K" Wheat Flakes
The Summer Cereal—superior to the Imported Article. FRESH STOCK just to hand from our VICTORIA MILLS. INSIST on getting the "B. & K." BRAND.
AT ALL GROCERS
The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Limited
Manufacturers of High-grade Cereals.

Sugar For Preserving
Extra Fine Cane Granulated Sugar, Put up in 20-Pound Cotton Sacks $1.40
Bell Trading Company
Store closes every Thursday at 12 noon.

IT PAYS TO DEAL WITH RUTHERFORD
Prescriptions Quality the highest. Prices the lowest.
Our Stock of Sundries and Toilet Goods Is Complete.
Wm. Rutherford
Store closes at 8 p. m. DRUGGIST Nelson, B.C.

First of the Season
Watermelons, Cantelopes, Peaches, Plums, Apricots, Cucumbers, Bing Cherries and Tomatoes. Fresh Stock
J. A. McDonald,
Wholesale Fruits

Peanut Butter
A choice preparation for sandwiches
Put up in glass bottles. Price . . 35c
TOYE & BENEDICT
Josephine St. GROCERS Phone No. 7

WE SELL FIT REFORM CLOTHING

Vacation Time
The man who has not had his will soon be taking it. A light suit, cool underwear and outing shirts are usually the most prominent apparel items in a man's mind when it comes time to pack up.
Whether you go or whether you stay we'll dress you well, if you say so. A suit of Cheviot, Light Worsted or Homespun, made correctly and made to fit in regular Fit Reform Style.
THE HUB FURNISHING HOUSE **EMORY & WALLEY**

When You Want
STYLISH, FIRST-CLASS SHOES
Go to Gallagher's
We have them in all Styles and Sizes.
J. W. GALLAGHER
Box No. 248 BAKER ST. Telephone 190

PRICE OF METALS.

New York, July 14—Bar silver, 59 1-4; casting copper, 14 3-8; electrolytic copper, 15; lead, $4.50.

London, July 14—Silver, 27 3-16; lead, £13 12s. 6d.

NELSON'S NEWS OF THE DAY

Mrs. H. B. Graves and family have left on a visit to Seattle and Vancouver.

The Kaslo Kootenaian says that there is some probability of the Kaslo sawmill starting up again. W. McNeill, representing the B.C. Mills, Timber and Trading company, has been overlooking the plant.

The steamer Kootenay on the Columbia river route which has been laid up for some time, owing to a break in its machinery, takes its place today in the service, all the necessary repairs having been completed.

The quarterly meeting of the B. C. Fruit Growers' association opens at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon in the board of trade rooms. The program for the afternoon and evening sessions will be found in the advertising columns.

A farmer in Okanagan has recently sold the produce of two and a half acres of peach orchard for $750, the purchaser undertaking all the work of harvesting and shipping. There hundred dollars to the acre is a good return even for Okanagan fruit lands.

John Elliot returned from the coast last evening where he has been attending a meeting of the benchers of the law society.

Just two certificates of work were issued at the mining recorder's office Friday, one to L. J. Winslow, for the recorded owners of the Mountain Chief, and one to Eric Harkness on the Annie.

James Gill, the defaulting Cranbrook clerk, is still held at Fernie, V. Hyde Baker, his former employer being away from home. Gill's preliminary hearing was opened in Fernie yesterday and was adjourned pending the arrival of Mr. Baker. The exact nature of Gill's defalcation has not been made public, but he is said to have confessed to a shortage of $1500.

M. T. McConnell of Duluth, representing four lumber companies of Wisconsin an Minnesota, spent yesterday in Nelson on his way to the Portland exposition. Mr. O'Connell is favorably impressed with what he has seen and heard of the timber resources of Kootenay, and on his return to Duluth will endeavor to interest his companies in them.

D. Macdonald of Winnipeg, western manager of the Confederation Life Assurance company, was in the city yesterday. He noted a more substantial appearance and a greater general improvement since his last visit to Nelson, two years ago. He leaves for the east this morning. W. McPhee, district agent, accompanies him as far as Cranbrook.

Hon. Joseph Martin, K.C., arrived in the city from Vancouver last evening, coming by way of Spokane. Mr. Martin is here in connection with the Providence mine shareholders' dispute, which has been set down for hearing before Mr. justice Irving here on Monday next, but which is not likely to be reached until later in the week. Mr. Martin will appear for the local faction. He stated last evening that E. P. Davis, K.C., would appear in the case and would probably reach the city on Sunday evening.

The regular weekly shoot of the Nelson gun club will be held at the Stanley street traps this afternoon.

The Cork mine on the south fork of Kaslo river, has joined the shipping list and this week shipped 19 1-2 tons to the Hall Mines smelter.

All the hotels were crowded last evening and at the Strathcona some of the late coming guests had to find accommodation elsewhere.

The meeting of the general Dominion Day celebration committee, which was called for last evening at 8:30 at the city hall, was postponed by general consent or forgetfulness.

E. C. McDonald of Spokane, assistant attorney general of Washington, spent yesterday in Nelson, after a business trip to Kaslo and Sandon. He returns to Spokane this morning.

The sessions of the B. C. Fruit Growers' association will be held in the board of trade rooms this afternoon and evening at 2:30 and 7:30. The general public is cordially invited to attend.

Judge William Reed of the county court of Multnomah, Oregon, has been in the city for several days, and has made a large circle of friends. Judge Reed is an authority on the divorce laws of Oregon.

The funeral of the late John Meyers will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late residence, Silica street, to the church of Mary Immaculate. The funeral services will be conducted by Rev. Father Althoff.

Yesterday N. S. Munro, rancher at 6-Mile point across the lake, sold his holding of 26 acres, together with the dwelling and outhouses to Mr. Ennis, an Englishman and a late arrival here. The ranch is fairly well cultivated and has a good young orchard.

Dr. E. C. Arthur, coroner, arrived from Grand Forks last night in response to a telegram from chief of police Bullock-Webster. After a conference with the chief, the doctor decided that an inquest on the death of John Meyers was unnecessary, and gave a certificate of death. Dr. Arthur remains in Nelson.

Thomas H. Long, chief of police of Rossland, came over last evening with a prisoner for warden Lemon, an Italian, Eugene Pallio, sentenced by police magistrate Nelson to one year in the provincial gaol for obtaining goods and money on false pretenses. Chief Young returns to Rossland this morning.

Kaslo people are greatly interested in the garden party and fair to be given next Tuesday afternoon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Alexander in aid of the local hospital. The arangements are in the hands of the ladies' aid and they have in preparation a program that will certainly attract a large attendance. The proceeds will be devoted towards defraying the expenses of furnishing an extra ward.

HUME—R. Schappeet, Vernon; P. J. Gallagher, Eholt; T. R. French, Danville; B. A. Shatford and wife, Miss Bull, Slocan City; Maxwell Smith, Joseph Martin, H. Pim, F. J. Marshall, C. M. Spalden, N. F. Thomas, Vancouver; H Benjamin, Blairmore; E Anderson, Portage la Prairie; W. W. Fisher, Winipeg; Miss Payne, Calgary; John Hutchinson, Cranbrook; A. R. Shewan, Montreal; L. M. Procter, Fernie; G. H. Wheeler, New York; B. N. Ouimette, Rossland.

GRAND CENTRAL—F. B. Clark, Hillyard; J. C. Thornton, Wardner; B. Campbell, Ymir; A. Grieg, Phoenix; G. A. Cunliffe, Lacombe; T. McLean, Vancouver; N. Smith, F. Collins, Rossland; W. J. McAllan, Nanaimo.

ROYAL—R. Bedingfield, Victoria; W. J. Apin, Grand Forks; M. Loesen and wife, Greenwood.

MADDEN — James, Bates, Nakusp; J. P. McGuire, Red Fox mine.

BARTLETT—G. Bain, Salmo; J. Weber, Erie.

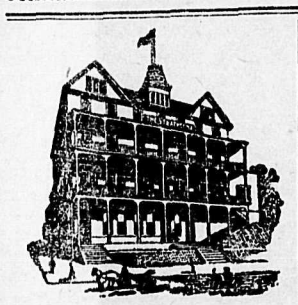
QUEENS—F. Sardou, Vancouver; A. Pamment, Montreal; S. A. Wye, Spokane; P. Mari, Kaslo; A. G. Street, Lewiston; A. Jaschke, Enderby, Mrs. A. M. Symons and family, St Leon.

TREMONT—J. J. Bighorn, Kaslo; H. Renwick, Greenwood.

LAKEVIEW—C. McDonald, Creston; C. Gaunce, Bonnington.

All members of Nelson Aerie No. 22, F.O.E., are requested to assemble at the lodge room today at 1.30 p.m. to attend the funeral of the late brother John Meyers.

Bathing Suits, Brown and Co.



STRATHCONA—E. C. Macdonald and wife, G. A. Carlson, J. R. Sinclair, Spokane; J. W. Cockle, Kaslo; D. R. Fyfe, Winnipeg; C. H. Metcalfe, Detroit; H. W. Windle, Vancouver; Wm. Pearce, Calgary; W. Cowan, Revelstoke;

C. C. Clarke returned to Nelson last night after several months' absence on the Arrow lakes.

OXFORDS
Of the Lullaby kind
Because they are soft and low and just the thing for hot days
We have just received a consignment of Ladies' Oxfords. Two lines in the popular chocolate shade. Also some in Patent Kid and Vecl Kid. The demand for Oxfords this season has been larger than we had anticipated, and we have had to stock up the second time.
We are certainly doing a "Russian" business in Oxfords.
Royal Shoe Store
Phone 248 R. ANDREW & CO.
Agents for Slater and Nettleton Shoes.

Mason & Risch Pianos
for sale by
Standard Furniture Co.
See our stock of second-hand organs.

For Sale
116 acres near city power plant
Excellent soil
Especially adapted for fruit
McDermid & McHardy

HAM AND BACON
We have just placed in stock a supply of fresh Hams and Bacon which we will sell at rock bottom prices.
J. Y. GRIFFIN & CO.
WHOLESALE ONLY