THE DAILY NEWS

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MAR 29 1904 VICTORIA, B. C.

THE TIMBER INDUSTRY

It Was Given Considerable Attention at the Liberal Council

Thinks the Department of Mines Should be Presided Over by a Minister of Mines

[Special to The Daily News.]

Rossland, March 24.—The Interior District Liberal Council closed its business sessions this afternoon after the disposal of several important matters affecting the party in this section. The resolutions, embodying perfectly the principal discussions, are set forth in full below. A great deal of the time was devoted to consideration of the present situation of the timber industry in the interior. The resolutions adopted deal with the facts of the case as presented, but the council realized that other circumstances connected therewith, with which they might not be fully cognizant, and to supplement the resolutions a committee was appointed to take the whole matter up directly and at once with the dominion government. The committee is composed of Smith Curtis, Simpson, Hutcheroft, Dr. King tnd John Keen. The other resolutions adopted speak for themselves:

That this council reaffirms its confidence in the administration of sir Wilfrid Laurier, and heartily approves the wise and progressive policy of the dominion government for the upbuilding of Caanda so strikingly manifested in the project now about to take definite shape for the construction of a new transcontinental line of railway.

That this council cordially endorses the course pursued by Mr. J. A. Macdonald, leader of the party in this province, in the legislature, and pledges its best endeavors to assist him in his efforts to secure reforms along the lines of economy and efficiency in the conduct of public affairs, the incidence of taxation and the disposition of public lands.

That this council records its appreciation of the practical interest manifested in the great mining industry of this section by the dominion government in the removal of the duty upon oil imported for use in the concentration of low grade ores.

This council desires to direct the attention of the dominion government to the condition of the lumber industry in the interior of British Columbia. We fully appreciate the importance, in fact the absolute necessity, of providing the settlers of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories with lumber at reasonable rates. At the same time we must impress upon the government the disadvantages under which this industry suffers today, owing, we believe, to a combination of circumstances which demand careful consideration. Excessive freight rates and a combine among the retailers are, we believe, the chief causes of complaint. We therefore recommend that the question of freight rates be at once referred to the railway commission; and that the minister of trade and commerce cause immediate enquiry to be made into the alleged existence of a combination among the retailers. The situation is grave and prompt relief is imperative. This council will be pleased to co-operate with the government in the matter.

That it is, in the opinion of this council, highly desirable that a representative be appointed by the dominion government to attend the St. Louis exposition this year, to watch the interests of British Columbia exhibitors thereat, and that this resolution be sent to W. A. Galliher, M. P., for presentation to the premier of Canada, with the request that he will endeavor to obtain compliance therewith.

Resolved that, while recognizing that some intelligence is required in the framing of laws respecting the taxation of mines this council is unable to understand the mental attitude of a government which, while admitting that the present laws "work infamously," continue them on the statute book without amendment.

Resolved, that this council believes that the advantages of British Columbia, as a ranching and fruit growing country, are very inadequartely brought to the notice of the outside world, that no systematic effort is now being made by the provincial government to secure the settlement of our agricultural lands; that two things are urgently needed in connection with this question,

Firstly—proper surveys of at least portions of our available lands and the furnishing of government agents with full plans and details thereof, and

Secondly—the re-organization of the agent-general's office in London.

Whereas, (in addition to home consumption and to partially manufactured product exported such as coke, pig iron, etc.), the exports from the mines of Canada in 1903 were $40,000,000, whereof three-fourths, or $30,000,000 were contributed by the mines of British Columbia, and Yukon territory, and,

Whereas, the vast Pacific slope of Canada, embracing some 350,000,000 acres, is admitted by the best mining authorities to be unsurpassed by any other region in the world in mineral wealth; and,

Whereas, up to the present the development of the mineral resources of that region has been delayed because of lack of attention due to want of knowledge on the part of the federal government of the special needs and requirements of the mining industry, which, although still in its infancy, is already furnishing one-fifth of the total exports of Canada; and

Whereas, the vast region lying west of Lake Superior, embracing the major portion of Canada, and especially the parts thereof requiring government supervision in its development and containg one-sixth of Canada's population, is represented in the federal cabinet by only one minister having a portfolio—the minister of the interior—whose department includes that of mines, but whose whole time practically of necessity must be devoted more and more to the colossal task of administering and settling the enormous area of public land, to the overlooking and detriment of the mining interests; and,

Whereas, there is a great and growing demand for additional representation in the cabinet for the great west and such further representation is just and an imperative necessity in the interests of that region and also in that of eastern Canada, whose future growth and prosperity are bound up in and substantially dependent upon the growth and prosperous development of the west;

Therefore be it resolved, that the Interior District Liberal Council urges upon the government of Canada the imperative need of fuurther cabinet representation (with portfolio) for western Canada; that in view of the great and rapidly growing importance of mining throughout Canada, the department of mines should be a separate one, presided over by a minister of mines, and that on account of the present and prospective paramount mining interests of the Pacific slope of Canada, such minister should be selected from the parliamentary representatives of that region.

Before adjournment it was decided to hold the next annual convention at Greenwood and a very hearty vote of thanks was tendered the Rossland Liberal association for the generous hospitality extended the visiting delegates. Following the adjournment of the convention the executive was in session for some time considering matters of party import.

The banquet tonight at the Allan hotel was largely attended by a thoroughly representative gathering of Rossland citizens

FIXED THE TAX RATES

WILL BE TWENTY-ONE MILLS.—SAME AS LAST YEAR.

A LENGTHY SESSION OF THE CITY COUNCIL.

Last night's fortnightly meeting of the city council was a lengthy one, and a great deal of important business was transacted.

The civic estimates for the year were brought down, and after a long discussion, in which all manner of questions were more or less warmly debated, the rate for the year was finally fixed at 21 mills—the same as last year—and generally the report of the finance committee was adopted, with the exception that the allowance for interest and sinking fund for the unsold power plant debentures, $12,537.30, was struck out, otherwise the rate would have been 27 mills.

Want of space in this issue prevents the publication of the finance committee's figures in full, but they will appear in due course in tomorrow's issue of The Daily News.

Briefly, the real estate taxes were fixed as follows:

For interest on '97 debentures —2½ mills, or..... ....$	2,498.68
For sinking fund—2 mills ...	1,170.27
For interest and sinking fund '98, '99, '01 debentures, 15½ mills	19,364.77
*For school rate—2 mills	2,498.68
Hospital rate—1 mill	249.34
	$ 26,808.74
Add estimated revenue	96,931.45
Total ....$	123,740.19

Alderman Smith brought in a minority report on the finances, which will appear tomorrow.

* The total amount required to be raised for the city schools by the ratepayers is $8,000.

Alderman Smith's amendment to the City License bylaw was read a first time. Roughly it proposes to raise saloon licenses from $500 to $1,000, hotels from $300 to $500 yearly, and to grant licenses to all who comply with the regulations of the new bylaw.

Several other matters of importance were dealt with, and an extended report of the proceedings will appear in tomorrow's paper.

The council adjourned at 10.50 until April 7th.

AN INQUIRING PEOPLE.

Japanese Will Look Into the Effects of Religion.

Seattle, Washington, March 24.—A party of wealthy Japanese, just arrived here, say they will visit the principal centres of the United States and will inspect rolling mills and factories of all kinds, look into the condition of the poor, examine the practical workings of the laws, and ascertain, if possible, whether religion enters to any appreciable extent into the actual daily life of the people. One of the party, a graduate of Tokio university, said that after most careful examination, absolutely unprejudiced and free from preconceptions, the Japanese had unanimously and unhesitatingly rejected the religion of the Europeans as something they did not want and did not need.

RALPH YOUNG WON.

Little Rock, Arkansas, March 24.—The Arkansas derby for three year olds at one mile was won by Ralph Young, 5 to 1, with Rainland, the 1 to 4 favorite, second, and Barkeley, 8 to 1, third. William Wright was scratched. Jockey T. Roxley rode the winner. The weather was clear and the track good.

SHORT SIXTY THOUSAND.

Wolfboro, N. H., March 24.—On a charge of embezzling from the Wolfboro Loan & Banking company, former assistant cashier Carrol D. Piper was arrested today. He pleaded not guilty and bail was fixed at $5,000. The institution closed recently because of an alleged shortage of nearly $60,000 in Piper's account.

ANOTHER RUSSIAN GROWL

SAYS JAPAN HAS CHANGED PLANS, WILL LAND NO MORE TROOPS IN KOREA, BUT WILL SEND THEM TO CHINA

St. Petersburg, March 24.—Although slow to believe that Japan deliberately contemplates a violation of her pledge to respect neutral Chinese territory, the reports received at the ministry of war are so specific that they compel consideration. The presence of disguised Japanese soldiers acting as spies along the Shan Hai Kwan road has been established, and Russian agents report that there is every indication of an intended landing on the west coast of the gulf of Liao Tung. The information conveyed by these agents seems to coincide with other information, indicating the complete change in the Japanese plan of campaign, or of its entrance into a second stage, practically involving the abandonment of further heavy landing of troops in Korea.

According to advices received by the government there are only about 70,000 Japanese troops in the Hermit kingdom at present. It is considered possible that the Japanese reckoned on a complete mobilization here much sooner, but that the difficulties met with in transporting troops from Japan and over the roads in Korea proved more serious than expected, and the Japanese found themselves unable to deliver a frontal attack in Manchuria before the Russian troops arrived in sufficient force to attack them. At any event, the latest advices indicate that the Japanese will not send many more soldiers to Korea.

They make a diversion at Possiet bay in the direction of Vladivostock, but their main objective point henceforth will be in the gulf of Liao Tung, the only two points feasible for landing armies being Wan Tao and Tien Kiau Cheng, which are connected by rail respectively with Shan Hai Kwan and Kau Kiau, on the Pekin railroad. The landing at either place would give the Japanese possession of a splendid strategic line by which to strike the Russian flank, and, if desired, to hold Pekin in subjection.

The Russians have little faith in the Chinese general Ma and Mu, who might disregard orders from Pekin and join forces with the Japanese. The Russian military authorities have felt themselves compelled to consider the foregoing possibility, and to take the necessary precautions.

The international complications which might arise out of Japanese landing on neutral Chinese territory have also received careful consideration, for, although it is specifically declared, it is not believed the Japanese would dare to violate the agreement made in response to the note of the United States secretary of state, Hay, as well as of Japan's other public professions. There is no reason to affirm that the Russian line of conduct in such a contingency has already been decided upon in principle.

The assurances obtained from Pekin require that the Chinese authorities should oppose with their army such a step on the part of Japan.

A high Russian official said to the Associated Press today: "It would have a worse consequence for other powers than Russia if Japan should enter neutral territory, for such a step would obviously be for the purpose of inveigling China into the fight. If Japan should be successful in this, there would be an uprising against foreigners, which would be ten-fold greater than the Boxer affair. The mere possibility is pregnant with all sorts of dangers, but we can hardly believe that Japan will venture to violate the neutrality of China as she did that of Korea."

It is learned that the Russian militaryl attache at Pekin is now at New Chwang watching the movements of the Chinese troops.

REPORTED TO BE CLOSED UP.

Seven Merchant Vessels Sunk at Mouth of Port Arthur.

London, March 25.—The Daily Telegraph publishes a dispatch from its Tokio correspondent, under yesterday's date, which says: "On the night of March 22nd the Japanese fleet renewed the attempt to bottle up Port Arthur. Sixteen warships escorted seven merchant steamers to the mouth of the harbor, and under cover of the bombardment, the steamers ran in and were sunk in desired positions. Three thousand Japanese officers and bluejackets volunteered for the duty. An official report is expected this evening."

London, March 25.—The Daily Telegraph's report from its Tokio correspondent that the Japanese succeeded in bottling up Port Arthur on the night of March 22nd, is not confirmed from any other quarter. The special dispatches to the other morning papers announce no developments in the situation, but throw a side light on the operations.

The Standard's Tien Tsin correspondent says that viceroy Alexieff renewed his demand for the withdrawal of all Chinese soldiers from Manchuria on the ground that otherwise it would be impossible to conduct the war properly.

The Daily Mail's correspondent gives from Japanese sources some accounts of the condition of Port Arthur which were gained during a visit of a Chinese junk there. It is asserted that a boom had been placed across the entrance to the roadstead, which was alive with mines, so defective and carelessly laid as to endanger both Russian and Japanese vessels. The damaged Russian warships, the report says, were repaired with such haste that it is dangerous for them to leave their anchorages. Eight battleships and cruisers and ten torpedo boat destroyers are now uninjured and often leave the harbor, but never go far from the forts. Japanese naval officers praise the quality of the Russian torpedo boat destroyers, which they confess have done excellent work, but they declare that the Russian shells are badly fused and failed to explode except when they strike direct upon armor, and that their charges of guncotton are insufficient to cause serious damage.

The Daily Mail's Shanghai correspondent says that the Japanese are secretly engaging Chinese to act as irregular corps.

"FRIENDLY" NEUTRALITY.

The Russian Squadron at Piraeus Can Stay There.

St. Petersburg, March 24.—Orders have been cabled to admiral Wirenius to keep his squadron at Piraeus, Greece, until further instructed. As the squadron coals from its own colliers, it is not expected that Greece will order it away, even should Japan make repreesntations to that government, but that it will give the same friendly neutrality which France displayed when the squadron stayed at Jibutil, the French port on the gulf of Aden.

AIDING THE RED CROSS.

St. Petersburg, March 24.—The devotion of the young empress to the work of the Red Cross Society has aroused the admiration of the Russian people. She has thrown herself heart and soul into this duty even personally assisting in the preparation of bandages. As an evidence of the interest and activity of the empress, she started work at 8 o'clock this morning and did not stop until 3 o'clock this afternoon, not even taking time for lunch. Her little daughters strive to emulate the example of their mother and assist in collecting and packing the materials.

ERECTING FORTIFICATIONS.

St. Petersburg, March 24.—According to information received here, strong fortifications have been erected for the defence of Harbin and Liao Tung. The construction of batteries at New Chwang continues to be pushed, and it is believed that the place will be shortly in a condition to resist even a determined assault by the Japanese.

Eighty-two field engineers have left for the front for service in connection with the erection of fortifications and other work incident to the Russian operations.

MADE MAKAROFF'S AIDE.

St. Petersburg, March 24.—Grand duke Cyril, cousin of the czar, has been appointed as aide to vice-admiral Makaroff.

A TASK FOR DUMONT.

Will Try to Drop Dynamite on Russian Ships.

New York, March 24.—Commissioned, he says, by the Japanese government, to experiment with war balloons and airships, and, if possible, to develop his plans of dropping dynamite on warships, Santos-Dumont is on the Kron Prinz Wilhelm, of the North German Lloyd line, speeding eastward on his secret mission for the mikado, says the American. Prior to leaving this city on Monday, Santos-Dumont confirmed his purpose to friends, and said he intended to proceed direct to Japan. He will take one of his airships stored in Paris.

GIVES EXCELLENT ADVICE

Sir Robert Hart Tells China to Remain Neutral.

Pekin, March 24.—The Russian and Japanese notifications regarding contraband of war, differing somewhat, the Chinese government has applied to sir Robert Hart, the inspector-general of customs in China, for advice in the matter. Sir Robert Hart has advised it to prohibit the giving of any assistance to Japan, according to the Russian notification, or to Russia, according to the Japanese notification. Pekin should also, he suggested, be placarded with notices prohibiting the natives from assisting either of the belligerents.

ALMOST DEPOPULATED.

Vladivostock People Feared Bombardment by Japanese.

Seattle, Washington, March 24—Vladivstock is all but depopulated in consequence of the war, the bulk of the population having taken flight, fearing a bombardment of the city by the Japanese naval forces. W. J. Lippy, a well-known fur trader, has arrived direct from Vladivostock, which port he left on February 20th. On a single vessel, a collier, 3,500 Japanese left Vladivostock the day prior to the first attack on Port Arthur. The Chinese residents, numbering about 15,000, sought to leave and had chartered vessels, but the military forces would not allow them to depart. Just before Mr. Lippy left the Imperial Bank of Vladivostock moved its treasure and all the banking equipment to a little town 600 miles in the interior.

DENIAL FROM PFLUG.

St. Petersburg, March 24.—Major-general Pflug telegraphs from Mukden, under today's date, as follows: "There is absolutely no truth in the report published in England to the effect that the Japanese have crossed the Tatung pass, 40 miles from Hai Cheng, or that they have had engagements with the Russians at Chong Syong, on the Yalu river, in which the Russians were reported to have lost 600 men killed or wounded."

MUST NOT BUY THAT PAPER.

Tien Tsin, March 24.—Viceroy Yusk has prohibited the Chinese from purchasing the Chinese newspaper Chippao, on the ground that it had published an untrue article referring to the bad conduct of the imperial troops on the border which tended, he claimed, to incite the people.

WILL VISIT GENERAL MA.

Pekin, March 24.—The report that the Russian military attache here has applied for a passport and permission to visit Chang Wan Tsu, where general Ma's troops are stationed, and also for a special letter of introduction to the general, is confirmed. The Chinese foreign office is not inclined to comply with the attache's request.

SERGIUS PROMOTED.

Said to Be Russia's Best Machine Gun Expert.

St. Petersburg, March 24.—The promotion of grand duke Sergius Mikhailovich to the grade of major-general has involved an important change in the supreme command of the Russian artillery, which had been for many years in control of his father, the last surviving son of Nicholas I., who is now an invalid at the Riviera. Grand duke Sergius is regarded as being the foremost machine gun specialist in the Russian army. His place is filled with Maxim, Nordenfeldt and other quick-firing guns. Grand duke Sergius will have control of the artillery being sent to the far east.

RUSSIA BUYING STEAMERS

Hamburg, March 24.—A private dispatch received here says the Hamburg-American Steamship Co. has sold the steamer Fuerste Bismarck to Russia, and that the negotiations for the sale of the German steamer Kaiser Friedrich, previously announced, are now completed.

ESCAPED BY CLEVER RUSE.

Odessa, March 24.—The volunteer fleet steamer Voroney, the first Russian ship to leave the far east after the outbreak of the war, has arrived here, having eluded the Japanese by a clever ruse. She was painted to resemble a Japanese collier which left Vladivostock just before her. The captain had resolved to take the boats and blow up the ship if hard pressed by the Japanese.

WANT TO AVOID THE FIGHTING.

New Chwang, March 24.—Foreign and native vessels are anxiously awaiting the opening of Liao river. It is their purpose to remove valuable goods and their cargoes before fighting begins.

RUSSIANS MAKE AN ADVANCE.

Washington, March 24.—The following telegram has been received at the American state department from United States minister Allen at Seoul today: The announcement has been made in Seoul that Yongampho will be opened. It is said that 1,000 Russian troops have advanced to the Anju river, but that the floating ice makes crossing extremely difficult. There has been slight skirmishing, but few casualties so far.

TRADES UNIONS AND G. T. P.

Protection is Wanted For the Men Who Will Do the Work.

Ottawa, March 24.—Messrs. J. A. Flett, of Hamilton; J. B. Mack, of Montreal, and P. M. Draper, of Ottawa, the president, vice-president and secretary-treasurer respectively of the Trades and Labor congress, met this morning to discuss the plan of campaign for this session. It has been decided that J. G. O'Donoghue, of Toronto, solicitor to the congress, will, in connection with the executive, watch legislation during the session, and a pretty brisk campaign is anticipated.

The Grand Trunk Pacific amendments are likely to play a considerable part. They provide for protection to the company by providing an extension of time in case of strikes, but it is not evident on what ground they anticipate a strike. There is no labor organization to cause one. The executive consider that in view of the horrors revealed by the Crow's Nest Pass commission, the bill ought to contain full protection for the men, and it is more than probable that they will ask parliament to fully carry out the recommendations of the commission, and that the provisions of the Public Health Act on railways be enforced in the construction of the proposed new transcontinental line.

NIAGARA SHIP CANAL.

J. J. Hill and Others Will Support the Scheme.

Washington, March 24.—At the hearing before the rivers and harbors committee tomorrow relative to the proopsed Niagara ship canal, the commerce of the great lakes will be represetned by one of the strongest delegations ever sent to Washington. The project has the support of J. J. Hill of the Great Northern, of the Lake Carriers' association, and the chambers of commerce and other trade organizations of Minneapolis, Duluth, Chicago, Cleveland, Buffalo and other cities whose interests would be benefited by the construction of the proposed ship canal around Niagara and the completion of the 1,000-ton barge canal from Buffalo to the seaboard. All of the various interests are expected to be represented at tomorrow's hearing and if the project does not receive a decided boost before the house committee it will not be because of lack of effort on the part of its advocates.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

Ymir, March 24.—Murdock Campbell, charged with the wilful murder of Alexander McDermaid here last Monday evening came up before P. J. Gleazer, J.P., for a preliminary hearing and was committed to stand his trial at the assizes in Nelson which will open on May 17th.

S. S. Taylor, K.C., appeared for the accused, who appeared to feel his position very keenly, and no plea was entered. Practically the same evidence was given before the magistrate as was offered at the inquest, and at the conclusion Mr. Gleazer committed Campbell to trial on the charge of murder as stated.

Campbell was taken up to Nelson on this evening's train, and he will be lodged in the provincial gaol until his trial comes off in May.

LITHOGRAPHERS' STRIKE

New York, March 24.—At the closing of a meeting of the executive committee of the lithographers' association, a statement was issued declaring that the employers had succeeded in making a large number of individual contracts with their employes and that as soon as a few more contracts were signed, the houses would be started up again, with the expectation that within three months all would b running to their full capacity. On the part of the local union it was denied that any appreciable number of men had returned to work.

G. E. YEWELL DEAD.

Baltimore, March 24.—George E. Yewell, one of the last survivors of the Greeley Relief expedition, is dead from consumption. Yewell was one of three seamen with lieutenant Taunt, of the exploring party that found the records at Brevort island, telling where Greeley was camped and he brought the news and documents to captain Schley. He was also one of the first to find the dying survivors at cape Sabine. The other members of the party died from consumption.

SEVEN YEARS FOR MURDER.

Elizabeth, N. J., March 24.—For the murder of Miss Angele Patrone, five years ago, Antonio Jennetti was today sentenced to seven years imprisonment. After committing the crime Jennetti fled to Italy. He returned later and for a time lived in Buffalo and then went to Chicago, where he was arrested.

DAMAGING PRAIRIE FIRE.

Norfolk, Neb., March 24.—This town was dark at noon from smoke which came from prairie fires. Many houses and barns near Atkinson were burned. A fire which threatened Newport is heading for the town of Amelia, which it is believed will be destroyed.

BUBONIC PLAGUE SPREADING

Johannesburg, March 24.—Bubonic plague is spreading. There are now 69 suspected cases among the colored population and nine among the white. Fifty-five whites and 50 natives have already died from the disease.

MAY BE A CRISIS IN FRANCE

Paris, March 24.—The situation of premier Combes cabinet continues to be a delicate one. The geenral opinion today was that the next day or two will determine whether a re-construction of the cabinet is to take place.

GILDERSLEEVE RESIGNS.

Montreal, March 24.—C. F. Gildersleeve, general manager of the Richlieu-Ontario Navigation company, has resigned. He will be succeeded by C. J. Smith, general traffic manager of the Canada Atlantic railway.

A BANK GUTTED.

Winnipeg, March 24.—The interior of D. H. Macdonald & Co.'s private bank at Fort Qu'Appelle, was gutted by fire today. All the books and papers were saved. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

WINNIPEG CLEARANCES.

Winnipeg, March 24.—The clearings for the week ending March 24, 1904, were $4,436,754; for the corresponding week in 1903, $3,617,139; and for the same week in 1902, $990,992.

TO COUNTERACT PROPAGANDA

Moscow, March 24.—In order to counteract the propaganda of the Japanese government, a firm here is sending a number of placards and pictures to China descriptive of the value of the Russian army.

FEELING EFFECT OF WAR.

Riga, Russia, March 24.—This district is feeling the effect of the war. The factories are dismissing their employes and the banks are refusing credit, which is affecting numerous minor industries and as a result there is considerable suffering.

WIND ON THE RAMPAGE

Does Considerable Damage in Chicago and in Its Suburban Towns

A Number Killed and Injured and Buildings Blown Down--An Iron Plant Seriously Damaged

Chicago, March 24.—One of the severest storms this city has known in many years passed over Chicago tonight. Great damage was done in the suburbs to the south of the city and considerable loss was sustained south of the city proper.

The town of Indiana Harbor, 20 miles southeast, was the heaviest sufferer. L. Barker, the proprietor of a drygoods store, was killed and 15 persons who were in his store when the storm struck, were injured. The store was demolished. Eighteen residences were blown down and several persons were injured in the ruins of their homes. The number of people injured at Indiana Harbor will reach 25. All three of the hotels in the place were damaged.

The storm created havoc in the town of Hammond, Indiana. A number of residences were damaged and two people were injured. The plant of the Republic Iron & Steel Co. was damaged to the extent of $25,000. A number of business houses were unroofed and the city tonight is in darkness. Many freight cars were blown over and the freight yards are piled with wreckage.

In Grand Crossing, eight miles south of the centre of the city, a number of buildings were wrecked. The freight cars about the yards and the tracks of the railroads were covered with debris.

The telegraph and telephone companies suffered greatly south of the city and the street car lines running from Chicago in the direction of Indiana Harbor were all out of business.

In the suburban town of Thornton the frame dwelling of E. Gardner was blown into a quarry and was reduced to kindling wood. Gardner was fatally hurt, and his wife seriously injured. The Lutheran church was blown down and a number of residences damaged.

The fall of rain west and north of Evanston was so heavy that the crops were badly damaged. It is believed the loss to the winter wheat in this section alone will amount to $50,000.

Milwaukee, March 24.—A severe rain and wind storm covering a large portion of Wisconsin, and doing much damage to the telegraph and telephone service, in some cases unroofing buildings, is raging.

BIG REDUCTION ASKED.

Miners in Bituminous Region Asked to Submit to a Cut.

Altoona, Pa., March 24.—The first joint convention of the miners and operators of the central Pennsylvania bituminous region was held tonight. The miners and operators presented their respective scales. The miners scale calls for 66 cents a ton pick mining, and a flat differential of seven cents between pick and machine mining, a dead work scale of eight hours a day and last year's prices for all other labor.

The operators demands caused a sensation among the miners. Their scale calls for a reduction from 66 cents a gross ton, the present rate for pick mining to 55 cents, with a corresponding reduction for all other labor paid in connection with coal mining. After a fruitless debate adjournment was taken until tomorrow.

IRISH LAND ACT.

Secretary Wyndham Says it is Operating Satisfactorily.

London, March 24.—Mr. Wyndham, chief secretary for Ireland, replying in the house of commons today to a request of Wm. Redmond, Irish nationalist, for information concerning the working of the Irish Land Act, said he believed that if all the parties concerned worked in the same spirit as last year great success would attend the operation of the act. Applications for advances amounting to $10,000,000 had been received from 4,152 tenants on 206 estates. Sixty-one evicted tenants had been restored and others were about to be restored.

A SERIES OF MISHAPS.

London, March 24.—An extraordinary series of mishaps occurred during the Stanley steeplechase at Liverpool today. Ten horses started and all fell. Glenmore, after falling twice, finished alone. Most of the jockeys sustained injuries. King Edward will attend the grand national tomorrow to see his candidate Ambush II., which is a warm favorite, run.

A YACHTSMAN DEAD.

New York, March 24.—August Canfield, the yachtsman, died of pneumonia at Aiken, S. C., today at the age of 50. For many years he was commodore of the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht club and also served as a member of the America cup committee.

JAPANESE WILL ESCORT HIM.

London, March 25.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Times says that United States consul Davidson will start for his post at Antung next week and that he has arranged with the Japanese naval authorities to assist the vessel to reach its destination.

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INCORPORATED 1670

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LONDON AGENCY:

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TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL NELSON No. 340

IMMUNITY FROM CONSUMPTION

Pulmonary tuberculosis, or consumption, is the most common and dangerous of all diseases, in fact, the public statistics show that more than one-tenth of all deaths in the United States result from this disease, while between the ages of 15 and 45 the proportion is increased to 33 per cent, which means that one death in every three between these ages results from tuberculosis, says a writer in the Scientific American. Dr. Alfred Hillier, secretary of the British National Association for the Prevention of Consumption, has for many years made a close study of this malady. In his new book, he states that "deaths from tuberculosis in England and Wales are estimated to amount yearly to 60,000, and in the rest of Europe to a million. In England one-half the deaths between the ages of 25 and 35 are caused by this disease."

It is a well-known fact that tuberculosis is due to the tubercle bacillus, a vegetable micro-organism which is motionless and helpless, but under the proper conditions can grow and reproduce itself very rapidly. It has been estimated that in some cases, two or three thousand millions of tubercle bacilli are discharged in the expectoration from a single case of consumption in the course of 24 hours. If such sputum lodges in places where it afterward dries and becomes pulverized, as on the street, floors, carpets, clothing or handkerchiefs, these germs are liable to float in the air as an invisible dust, making it an easy matter for one to inhale them into his lungs. Everyone does inhale them more or less often, but if the lungs are fully developed and in a healthy condition, the germs will not prove harmful.

The tubercle bacillus requires an unhealthy tissue and a certain amount of moisture to favor its development, and the lungs are most frequently infected because they are seldom fully developed in the human being, and especially in women. This is due to the fact that the apex or top of the lung is seldom filled with air, and consequently the tissue in that part of the lung becomes weak and unhealthy, for want of use, and makes the best kind of a place for the rapid development of this dangerous germ.

For many years the medical profession of the entire world have devoted their thoughts and energies to the discovery of some cure for tuberculosis; but all efforts to cure the disease by drugs have utterly failed, and they now admit that the only thing that can be done is to give the patient plenty of fresh air, and adopt such strict sanitary measures as will prevent the spread of the disease to others. As pulmonary tuberculosis—consumption—is the most common form of this disease, and is due to imperfect development or unhealthy condition of the lungs, why not make all children, and others, immune from the disease, by teaching them how to breathe properly, thus developing every part of their lungs, and making it impossible for the tubercle bacillus to live there?

When the disease is once established it is difficult to cure it, because the patient's vital force is so low that he does not have sufficient power of resistance to repel the disease. Small or unused lung capacity means low vital energy; but when the capacity is increased, the vital force also is increased, as well as the power of endurance, giving the person greater power to resist diseases of any kind.

The common nervous breakdown among children, as a result of overwork or too much mental strain, would seldom occur if the lungs were used as nature intended them. The matter of developing the lungs is very simple, and can be accomplished without any extra expense to the city or community. If all physicians would instruct their patients how to breathe properly, and if the boards of health and boards of education would compel all the schools to have their scholars rise in their seats and practice breathing exercises for a few minutes every morning, at the opening of the school, and at the same time tell them to practice these exercises on rising in the morning and at other times during the day, the result would be that their lungs would soon be in a healthy condition, and they would probably breathe properly during the balance of their lives.

If this rule was strictly carried out, the new cases of tuberculosis would soon be greatly reduced and, in a comparatively short time, tuberculosis would be substantially eradicated from our community. In the incipient stage of the disease, these breathing exercises will assist greatly in effecting a cure.

No elaborate breathing exercises or gymnastic movements are necessary to properly develop the lungs, in fact, one simply breathing exercise would be sufficient—the double-breath. This exercise is taken as follows: Stand erect, with the hands at the side, in line with the legs; take one long, full breath, hold it for a second, then take another quick, short breath on top of the other breath, and hold all for a second longer, then gradually exhale the air through the nose. All inhalations and exhalations should be through the nose, and not by the mouth.

Rural free delivery has been discussed quite extensively as a possibility of the near future for Canada. Here is a curious situation that the Washington government is confronted with as a result of the spread of the system: The 16,000 rural mail carriers are said to threaten the commercial prosperity of the vast section they cover. County merchants, especially, feel that their actual existence is menaced by the "side grafts" of the government agents. Congress is asked to step in and limit the enterprising rural carriers or abolish the whole system. One storekeeper in Iowa, where the rural routes are so thick that a map of them makes the state look like a huge spider's web, wrote to inform the postmaster-general that the rural carrier in his neighborhood had made him close up because he could not compete with "a general store on wheels and moving in three sections." According to his letter the carrier in question went out on his route, followed by three wagons, containing everything that would likely be needed in a farmhouse on short notice. "Sometimes he even forgets to take the mail along, he's so busy," the storekeeper complained, "and I am thinking about moving into another county and getting a route myself so as to make a living."

WELL PROTECTED.

What It Cost a Miner to Get Two Pair of Blankets Over the Line.

The American customs officials make no mistake in charging up full duty on Canadian goods entering the United States.

A miner, who had gone from the Slocan to Spokane and who wanted his blankets sent him, wrote for the articles and a friend undertook to take them down. The miners blankets, however, had been pressed into service in the Slocan so two pair of new ones were purchased to take their place. At Northport the blankets were held over and the following bill was rendered, when it is paid the goods will be sent on, but not before:

Value of blankets, $6.50; duty value $7, at 40 per cent	$2.80
Weight 12 lbs; duty theron at 33c per lb	3.96
Making papers out	1 00
Total required	$7.76

The express charge for sending on the blankets was 75c, making a total of $8.51 charges on two pair of blankets worth here, $6.00.

Who says Uncle Sam is not well protected?

SIR EDWIN ARNOLD DEAD.

Author of the "Light of Asia" Dies in London.

London, March 24.—Sir Edwin Arnold, the author, died in London this morning.

[Sir Edwin Arnold, author and journalist, was born at Gravesend, on the 10th of June, 1832. He was educated at the King's school, Rochester, King's college, London, and University college, Oxford, of which latter later he was a scholar and Newdigate prizeman in 1853. He was master of King Edward's school, Birmingham, from 1854 till 1856, was principal of the government Deccan college, Poona, Bombay, from 1856 to 1861. Since them sir Edwin has been constantly connected with editorial and literary duties on the staff of the London Daily Telegraph. Among his publications are: "Light of Asia," "The Voyage of Ithobal" and many other works in verse and prose.]

A little Sunlight Soap will clean cut glass and other articles until they shine and sparkle. Sunlight Soap will wash other things than clothes. 4B

CRESCENT WASHING MACHINES

The heavy, back-breaking washings incident to Spring Housecleaning are the greatest trial of the housewife. Cut out 90 per cent of the unpleasantness by using a Crescent Washing Machine.

STRONG, SIMPLE AND EFFECTIVE.

PRICE, $6.00.

Ashdown Hardware Co.

FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP

CORBETT AND BRITT TO HAVE A CONTEST TONIGHT.

BOTH FEATHERWEIGHTS ARE CONFIDENT OF WINNING.

San Francisco, March 24—"Young Corbett," champion featherweight pugilist of the world, and Jimmy Britt, who believes he ought to be champion, have completed their work of preparation and are ready to enter the ring at Woodward's pavilitn tomorrow night to settle the question of relative supremacy. The battle will be the most important the champion has engaged in since his last fight with Terry McGovern. Britt never worked harder for a coming fight, and both men will go into the ring in nearly perfect condition. Britt realizes the stake that is at issue, and will make a supreme effort to show his California admirers that he is at the top of his class.

There is considerable betting on the fight and interest is keen. While the champion is naturally the favorite in the betting there is plenty of Britt money in sight and bets on the Denverite at tempting odds are quickly taken up by the admirers of the Californian. Considerable money has been paid on the proposition that Britt will last the limit.

Both men took their final preparation today. Britt made a particularly busy day of it at Croll's garden. There was a big crowd on hand to see him, but only a chosen few were admitted to the gymnasium. In speaking of the coming encounter the little Californian said: "I will have to hit an awful gait to beat Corbett, but I know it's in me. I don't like to talk about these things, but I wuld just like my friends to know that I am confident, and have put up money on myself. Young Corbett is a wonderful fighter, and I will have the hardest contest of my career, but I feel sure I'll win."

The same feeling of confidence was apparent today in the Corbett camp. Despite the many stories to the contrary the champion has been training faithfully for his battle with Britt, and from all indications he will enter the ring in first-class condition. In company with his trainers he went through the usual routine of exercises today, spending an hour or so in road work and afterwards boxing several rounds.

The Hayes Valley athletic club, under whose auspices the contest will take place, reports one of the largest seat sales of any fight that has ever taken place in San Francisco. Delegations of sporting men are already arriving from out of town and the indications point to an enormous crowd in the big pavilion when the little fighters enter the ring.

GIVEN A HEARTY RECEPTION

Emperor William Was Royally Received at Naples.

Naples, March 24.—Emepror William arrived here today on board the Koenig Albert and escorted by a cruiser, and was saluted by the Italian Mediterranean fleet. The members of the German colony here met the emperor at Capri. The first message received by emperor William was a telegram from king Victor Emmanuel, bidding him welcome and signing himself, "your affectionate friend and loyal ally." An imense crowd of people witnessed the emperors arrival and cheered, while the cannons boomed. The ladies of Naples sent may beautiful floral decorations to the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, which the emperor boarded soon after his arrival here.

Emperor William telegraphed a rely to the king of Italy's message as follows: "Accept my very hearty thanks for your cordial telegram which reached me on entering the beautiful harbor of Naples. Remembering the gracious hospitality I received last year in Rome from you, the queen and the Italian people, I am glad to have seen you once more. Your friend and ally, William R."

Bremen, March 24.—General manager Wiegald of the North German Lloyd Steamship company today received word from emperor William saying that he has decorated the members of the crew of the steamer Koenig Albert.

HELD A BASKET SOCIAL.

Grand Forks, March 24.—The Ladies of the Maccabees held a successful basket social in the Oddfellows' hall Tuesday night. A large number of members and visitors were present and the bidding for the baskets as they were put up at auction was spirited and brisk, and brought all the way from $1 to $5 each. The total amount to the good over and above all expenses from the sale was $60. Cards and games were indulged in and at 12 o'clock an adjournment to the banquet hall was made, where the baskets were opened up and found to contain delicacies of all kinds, which made a tempting array when spread out on the tables. Altogether the evening was a most enjoyable one in the history of the local hive.

OFFICERS RESIGN.

Quebec, March 24.—Fourteen officers of the 14th regiment of this city have sent in resignations owing to disagreement with the commanding officer. Their resignations will not be accepted.

J. E. Annable

OLDEST FIRE INSURANCE OFFICE IN NELSON.

Representing five strong Canadian Companies. Every policy placed by me is as good as gold, should it become a claim.

I do not handle any company that belongs to the insurance combine.

I represent companies that make their own rates, based on an actual experience of 50 years.

If you think your insurance is too high ask me for my rates.

I have three houses to rent; four houses and lots to sell. I can sell you a 10-acre fruit ranch, five acres in fruit trees, balance partly cleared, for $1000, ten per cent down, balance on monthly payments. I have 20 acres of nice land one mile from Nelson on wagon road, also three 40-acre farms.

See Annable

T. G. PROCTER

Insurance Real Estate and Mining Agent

FIRE ACCIDENT AND PLATE GLASS INSURANCE

Houses and offices to rent and lots for sale in all parts of the city. Ranches and farm lands throughout Kootenay for sale.

T. G. PROCTER

BAKER STREET, NELSON.

Dry Wet-Weather Shoe

Now comes the season of the year when the ground is covered with slop and slush. Don't get wet feet—that means rheumatism and pneumonia. Get a pair of our dry serviceable $5.00 Shoes. They look well, cost little and insure dry feet.

Fred L. Irwin

WARD ST., NEAR POSTOFFICE

WHEN YOU VISIT ROSSLAND CALL AT THE

Clarendon Saloon

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

RUN BY

MESSRS. HEAVENER & McARTHUR.

Mr. Heavener was for four years a resident of Nelson and is always pleased to meet his old Nelson friends.

New Business

WANTED! WANTED!

Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware, Pipes, Surveyors' Instruments, Typewriters, etc., to repair. Reasonable charges. Best of work and guaranteed. Jewelry made to order. Work done for the trade. An agent wanted in every town in B. C. Write at once.

NICKERSON, THE JEWELER

Baker street (center) Nelson.

OXFORD CAFE

PHONE 208.

Meals at all hours. Open day and night.

BUSINESS MENS' LUNCH

from 12 to 2.30 p. m., 25c.

WARD ST., NEXT DOOR TO OFFICE SALOON.

CARPENTER AND JOINER

I am prepared to do all kinds of carpenter and cabinet work. Pianos and furniture repaired and repolished, upholstering and carpet laying. B. W. MICKEWICH, corner Stanley and Victoria streets.

COFFEE

SELECTED FROM THE BEST OF THE WORLD'S PRODUCTION.

ALL VARIETIES

IN OUR STOCK.

WE OFFER FOR A SHORT TIME,

Rio Coffee

OUR OWN ROASTING.

At 6 pounds for	$1.00
50 pound lots, per pound	16c
100 pound lots, per pound	15c

Cash with order. State if wanted whole roasted, or ground.

Kootenay Coffee Co.

BOX 182, NELSON, B. C.

FOR SALE

A hotel, furnished, containing 22 rooms, in a good mining camp in the Lardeau. A good chance for a live man. For full particulars and terms apply to

R. J. Steel

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

FOR SALE

1 Saw Carriage complete, medium weight.
1 Saw Frame and mandrel, with friction feed.
2 Hoe Tooth 52in Circular Saws, good as new.
1 pair small engines, steam feed.
1 Economist Planer.
1 Friction Stigger.

I am putting in a heavier feed and will have no use for the above after May 20th

J. B. WINLAW

WINLAW, B.C.

ARDATH THE HIGH CLASS SMOKING MIXTURE

THURMAN

TOBACCONIST.

PHONE 176.

When you figure the trouble of washing and starching and stretching your Lace Curtains, it will really pay you better to send them to us to do. We make a specialty of Laundering Curtains.

NELSON STEAM LAUNDRY

10 Per Cent DISCOUNT

ON

Overcoats and Suits for 30 Days

SOON TO ARRIVE

Hercules Cheviots, Minerva Worsteds, Wyvern untearable Serges in blue, black and grey.

JOHN T. PIERRE,

Josephine St. ARTIST TAILOR.

CLUB HOTEL

Cor. Stanley and Silica Sts., Nelson, B.C.

RATES $1.00 PER DAY.

Under new management. Good rooms, first class meals, 25 cents, six o'clock dinner. Special rates to steady boarders.

JOHN GRANT, Manager

TREMONT HOUSE

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN

MEALS 25c ROOMS FROM 50c TO $1.00

MALONE & PREGILLUS, Proprietors

Baker Street, Nelson

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL

Opposite Court House and new Postoffice. Best 25c meal in town. European and American plan. Only white labor employed. First class bar.

THOMAS & ERICKSON, PROPS.

SILVER KING MIKE.

Will pay the highest cash price for all kinds of second hand goods. Will buy or sell anything from an anchor to a needle. Furniture, Stoves, Carpets, Cooking Utensils bought in household quantities. Also cast off clothing. Call and see me or write. Address Silver King Mike, Box 204, Hall Street, Nelson.

5 and 10 Acre Blocks

of land, suitable for fruit growing, close to Nelson, fronting on lake, within 15 minutes of electric cars; can be irrigated all over. Finest location in the Kootenay. For Sale. Apply O. Newling, Box 622, Nelson, B. C.

THE NELSON HOUSE

THE ONLY EUROPEAN HOTEL IN THE CITY CENTRALLY LOCATED

ACCOMMODATION UP-TO-DATE

BRIGHT AND WELL VENTILATED ROOMS.

The meals served in the Cafe second to none.

Bar in connection with all the choicest wines, liquors and cigars.

Bus meets all trains and boats.

LAKEVIEW HOTEL

Still doing business at the old stand, corner of Hall and Vernon streets. Best one dollar day house in Nelson.

No Chinese employed.

August Thomas

PROPRIETOR.

McLeod Hotel

CORNER FIR AND SECOND AVENUE

YMIR, B. C.

Centrally located, rebuilt and refurnished throughout.
All modern improvements.
Sample rooms in connection.
The only first class hotel in Ymir.
RATES FROM $1.50 UP.
FINLAY McLEOD, Proprietor.

THE QUEEN'S HOTEL

NELSON, B. C.

E. C. CLARKE, Proprietor.

Lighted by Electricity. Heated by Hot Air.

RATES $2.00 PER DAY.

First class Dining Room. Large and Comfortable Bedrooms. Sample Rooms for Commercial Men.

Madden House Baker St. Nelson.

Do you need a comfortable home? If so try the Madden House. Well furnished rooms, lighted by electricity; first class board. In the bar you will find all the best domestic and imported liquors and cigars.

THOMAS MADDEN, Proprietor.

BARTLETT HOUSE

(Formerly Clarke House.)

The best $1.00 per day house in Nelson. None but white help employed. The bar the best.

G. W. BARTLETT - Prop.

Nelson Electric Tramway Company Limited

NELSON, B. C.

CARS FOR CURLING.

LEAVE BYERS' CORNER—
1.30 for 2 p.m. game.
3.30, 3.50 for 4 o'clock game.
7.30, 7.50 and 8.10 for 8 o'clock game

The Nelson Brewing Co.

R. RIESTERER & CO.

NELSON B. C.

Brewers and Bottlers of High Grade Lager Beer and Porter.

P. O. BOX 83 PHONE 24.

H. D. ASHCROFT

MINERS' LIVERY AND FEED STABLES

Teaming and Packing done. Saddle Horses for Hire. Hacks, buggies and Cutters on call day and night. Stables on Stanley street, between Silica and Carbonate. Telephone 67. P. O. Box 153, Nelson.

F. J. O'REILLY

CIVIL ENGINEER AND PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR

P. O. BOX 44. CRANBROOK, B.C.

JOHN McLATCHIE

DOMINION AND PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR.

STANLEY STREET. NELSON, B. C.

F. C. GREEN. F. S. CLEMENTS

GREEN & CLEMENTS

Civil Engineers and Provincial Land Surveyors.

P. O. Box 145. Phone 261.

Cor. Kootenay and Victoria Sts., Nelson.

RICH GOLDFIELDS OF THE LARDEAU

A Splendid Field for the Mine Operator, Miner, Prospector, Mechanic, Merchant and Professional Man

The free gold belt is one of the largest yet found in Canada, extending as it does from the head of Kootenay Lake to beyond the head of Arrow Lakes. In only a few places, like along Fish Creek, the Lardeau River and the Duncan River, has the ground to any extent been prospected and exploited. The results at Ferguson, Camborne and Poplar have demonstrated the great mining worth of the district.

At first silver-lead ledges were looked for and exploited. The lack of transportation, which is now provided, acted as a handicap, but still the ledges are so marvelously rich, that large profits have been made, even where it was necessary to pack the output over long distances to the point where it could be put on board boats to be sent to the smelters.

Latterly attention has been drawn to the free milling gold ledges, and a number of lodes containing this character of ore have been opened up.

There are now stamp mills in several places and others in contemplation. For instance, Camborne has three ten-stamp mills and there is a twenty-stamp mill near Ferguson. Poplar will add a couple to the list this summer and soon hundreds of stamps will be thundering away and pounding out wealth from ore from the free gold ledges.

There are still large areas to prospect. The free gold discoveries at Poplar and Gold Hill last summer are the wonder of the mining world.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

Address the Mining Department of The Daily News, Enclosing Stamps for Reply.

A RELIGIOUS PROBLEM

LABOR QUESTION IS REALLY ONE OF MORAL ETHICS.

SHOULD FOLLOW INJUNCTION TO RENDER EVERYONE HIS DUE.

The labor problem is essentialy a religious problem. It calls on every man to obey the apostolic injunction: Render to every man his due. It calls on every man to throw himself with heroic zeal into the crusade, not to wrest an empty tomb from the hands of the infidels, but to rescue a living humanity from the enthralment in which it has been engulfed by bad social adjustments. It calls on men everywhere to endeavor by every legitimate means to effect a glorious realization of the dream of the poet:

Then let us pray that come it may
As come it will for a' that,
When man to man the world o'er
Shall brother be for a' that.

The religion of the past has been marked by the most serious defects, and even at the present day certain truths are ever emphasized, while certain other truths, equally important, are passed by in silence. We are often taught to look for an ecstatic sublimation and to sing of the sweet bye and bye, and too little are we instructed how to bring the good here and now.

We want a religion that will never be satisfied till it has secured for every man an honest day's work; the full benefits of civilization to every man who bears his fair share of the burden of civilization. We want a religion which when it repeats the sublimest of all confessionals: I believe in God the Father, maker of heaven and earth, will give to that declaration its proper application in the correlative declaration: I believe in man the brother the heir to that earth. We want a religion which will repeat again and again, until it sinks into the heart and arouses the conscience of humanity, that this earth is not a manufactured article for sale and barter, but is the gift of God for equitable division among His children. We want a religion, which will look upon industry as a sacred duty, and which will also look upon industry as establishing an inalienable right to all the wealth it produces, which will look upon the horny hand and the sweat of the brow as God's certificates of the right of the toiler to the full reward of his efforts. We want a religion, which, when it prays on Sunday: Give us this day OUR daily bread, will not concoct on Monday some scheme to switch one man's crop into another man's barn. We want a religion so enswathed in goodness, so buttressed with righteousness, so based in justice, and so permeated through and through with love, that the toil necessary for sustenance, will be but an exhilirating recreation, life a song of joy and existence, a hallowed benediction.

At this point I doubt not I shall be met by the chronic objector who enquires, more in derision than for information: How are you going to realize this? He assures us, with great show of wisdom, that the problem is exceedingly complex and insuperably difficult.

In reply permit me to state that this is one of the simplest of problems. It is no more difficult than to distinguish between a mountain and a valley, between an up and a down, or between the man who toils to produce abundance, who uses the land to enrich the world, and the man who uses the face of the earth as a power for extortion.

Could we turn the page of history back for a hundred years we would find in this city about a score of houses. The small hamlet of that day has grown with every decade, until it is now the mighty metropolitan centre, soon likely to have a half million people. By what process has the score of dwellings of a century ago grown into the vast mass of buildings that we find located here today? From a score they have become well night a hundred thousand, and you all know that this has come as the result of industry. This is a process of multiplication.

When the first settlers came to this spot they found land in excessive abundance, a thousand acres available for each. Today, in some instances, you will find hundreds of people crowded on to the one acre. With every increase of population the land had to be divided and sub-divided, the amount available for each growing less and less. This is a process of division.

The score of dwellings of a century ago had a value of a few thousand dollars. The value of the multitude of buildings today cannot be much less than a hundred million dollars. This is a multiplication of wealth.

The land a hundred years ago had a very trifling value, but today its value must be very nearly the same as that of the buildings. This increased value indicates the increase of scarcity and poverty in land. This increased value is the result of communal growth.

Having now pointed out to you a distinction, which is essential to this discussion, I want to call your attention to another distinction. But at this point I feel myself somewhat embarrassed, for I am undertaking to describe to you an adjustment of such marvellous wonders that language is inadequate to convey a proper conception of its full glory. Let me, therefore, try and give you some idea of it by the use of a parable.

I have thousands upon thousands of servants, all hastening to do my bidding, and exerting themselves with their utmost skill and with their greatest alacrity to see that my various wants are supplied. By land and by sea, on the mountain or in the valley, on the plain or in the mine, they are toiling, year in and year out, that no want may go unsatisfied.

I call them to judgment as to their methods of working. Do you try to perform your services at the best season, so as to bring forth the best results? Do you sow in the spring and reap in the harvest? Can I trust you to do that of your own free will under the guidance of your common sense? Or should the legislature pass some enactment imposing penalties to compel you to work at the right time?

"Certainly, we work at the right time" they reply, "and we require no more law to compel us so to do, than we require law to compel us to handle with our hand and walk with our feet."

I put another question: "Do you all strive to work in the very best manner? Do you try to take advantage of all the forces of nature so that they will give you the greatest assistance? Or should the legislature pass a law and enact penalties to compel you so to do?"

"Work in the best manner! Certainly we do!" they reply. "Did we not adopt the steam engine as soon as invented? Have we not adopted the dynamo, the X-rays, wireless telegraphy, the steam thresher, the binder and every other improvement that ingenuity could devise as quickly as we could get them? A law to compel us to work in the best manner! Why, we go to bed at night hoping that in our dreams we will find some way of doubling our power of production before the morning."

"Well, then," I ask again, "do you always strive to seek the very best place from which to get your supplies Is there not danger that if left unrestrained by law, you will wander away from fertility to barrenness, from abundance to scarcity? Is it not absolutely necessary that laws should be passed imposing penalties to guide you always to the right place for your productions?"

"The right place!" they answer, "did you ever hear of us choosing a worse, when we could find a better? Do we abandon the fertile plains for those that are barren? Do we run away from the productive mines to those that are harder to work? From the time Adam first went int obusiness to the present hour of the clock, did you ever hear of men built on such a plan that they were afraid of the abundant and ran away to scarcity? If you impose a penalty at all, the only place you can do it to have any effect will be to keep us from abundance that we are hungering and thirsting to reach."

Now, my friends, is it not true that I have a marvellous number of willing and obedient servants? Thousands and hundreds of thousands, yea millions, striving to work for me at the best time, in the best manner and at the best place?

I ask you to notice the astonishing result, astonishing beyond any power of description. Cut me off wholly from these servants, compel me to do everything for myself, and what will be the result? Could calamity be more dire? If I could only live at all, would it not be a living of the most abject penury, the most meagre possible existence; food the poorest, clothing the crudest, habitation the most wretched, destitute, utterly destitute, of all the amenities and refinements of civilization. But let me once have access to humanity so that I may depend upon my fellow beings to produce for me, and can you imagine a contrast greater? In isolation I am in the most abject destitution. In association with my fellows I can lay under tribute the wisdom of the ages, philosophy the most profound, poesy of the greatest beauty, biography and eloquence the most thrilling. All the inventions of the ages are toiling to satisfy my wants.

In association with my fellow man I can accomplish more in a single day than in isolation and self-dependence I could accomplish in ten thousand ages. Such is the ineffable beauty of the social forces.

I have told you of the multitude of servants—permit me now to tell you more of the masters.

I pointed out to you how in the growth of the city, labor had multiplied the number of dwellings. That was the action of individual service. I pointed out to you furthermore how the increase of population had carried up the value of the land from nothing until today it cannot be less than a hundred million dollars. Suppose I had been allowed to appropriate that value as my own, what would be my power today. With an income ranging from four to five million dollars yearly, I could appropriate to myself the product of five thousand farms, I need not raise so much as a blade of grass, and yet to me there would come the product yearly of ten thousand men.

Here is the growth of mastery.

Could we witness a contrast wider than that between the impoverishment caused by the appropriation of fortunes by land owners, and the enrichment caused by the unflagging energy that industry is continually exercising to fill the land with the abundance of wealth?

The hand of industry, it is true, makes the wealth, but the hand of industry does not get the wealth.

The hand of the land owner need make no wealth, but every year he can appropriate a fortune.

With every increase in population his power to collect tribute grows and grows. We have seen what the development has been in one century. If population grows in the next one hundred years as it has in the past, and the tribute that toil has to pay for the occupation of the land keeps growing proportionately, will we not witness a development of extraordinary proportions—men with billions on the one hand, and millions of people to whom life is not worth living.

In the adjustment of our taxation what heed have our legislatures given to these forces? Alas! alas! we have been acting with a recklessness, which will soon become criminal. Instead of appropriating for public purposes those values which come through the growth of population, and which properly belong to population, we have ever been pursuing the industrious man, as if he were a nuisance to be suppressed. At the same time we have exciting the cupidity of some men to gain fortune, not by producing fortune, but by the spoliation of and extortion from their fellows.

In view of this extraordinary contrast, industry doing its best for humanity on the one hand, and speculation and extortion doing its worst on the other, can there be any hesitation as to the source from which we should draw our taxation? Is it not our religious duty, as quickly as possible, to place our taxation in such a way, that we will remove the temptation, which now leads people to seek fortune by spoliation, and place it in such a way, that we will encourage every man to do his best for his fellow men?

Does not this appeal at once to your consciences as being the method which conforms most closely to the true idea of justice? And I am not calling your attention to a fact of the first importance when I state that it is not only in the path of justice that religion can have free course and be glorified?

Comparing my own power with that of the sun is like comparison between inexpressible weakness and infinite power. It is as a gnat contending with a locomotive. My puny arm raised against his immeasurable flood of light would be an exhibition of the most monumental weakness.

But I can place my hand between that sun and my eyes, so that I cut off his rays, and thus practically blot out the sun so far as I am concerned.

In the construction of this world, I have no hesitation in proclaiming, that the Creator is just as anxious and just as willing to flood this earth with moral beauty and with moral grandeur, as He is to supply it with the light of day. But, let us raise between us and the Giver of all good the obstacle of injustice, and we cut off the supply of holy influences just as truly as the hand can cut off the rays of the sun.

Motherly Advice.

Every mother possesses information of vital value to her young daughter. That daughter is a precious legacy, and the responsibility for her future is largely in the hands of the mother. The mysterious change that develops the thoughtless girl into the thoughtful woman should find the mother on the watch day and night. As she cares for the physical well-being of her daughter, so will the woman be, and her children also.

When a young girl's thoughts become sluggish, when she experiences headaches, dizziness, faintness, and exhibits an abnormal disposition to sleep, pains in the back and lower limbs, eyes dim, desire for solitude, and a dislike for the society of other girls, when she is a mystery to herself and friends, then the mother should go to her aid promptly. At such a time aid nature a little and prepare the young system for the coming change by using

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Case of a Young Girl, of Interest to Every Mother and Daughter in the Land.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to write you these few lines thanking you for what you have done for me. I was in a terrible condition, could not eat or sleep, had no strength, felt tired all the time. I had such a bad color that my mother was very much worried about me. Also suffered with headache, backache, pains all over. Menstruation was very irregular and scanty, and had such bearing-down pains. I have taken both the **Vegetable Compound** and **Blood Purifier**, and now I am a well girl. I cannot be grateful enough for what Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies have done for me. I would advise all who suffer as I did to write to you for advice.—MISS KATIE C. CONNOR, 102 S. Franklin St., Wilmington, Del."

A medicine that has restored so many women to health and can produce proof of the fact must be regarded with respect. This is the record of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** which cannot be equalled by any other medicine the world has ever produced.

It is well to remember these facts when some druggist asks you to buy something which he says is "just as good." That is impossible, as no other medicine has such a record of cures as **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound;** so do not experiment with untried medicines, but insist upon the one you know is best.

SPECIAL ADVICE TO YOUNG WOMEN FREE.

From a vast experience in treating female ills, extending over 20 years, Mrs. Pinkham has gained a knowledge which is of untold value to every ailing young woman. Her advice never fails to help. If you need such help write her at Lynn, Mass.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letter and signature of above testimonial, which will prove its absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

What is home without a Mother,
or without Blue Ribbon Tea?
There is no satisfactory substitute for either.
Only one best tea Blue Ribbon it.

HENRY'S NURSERIES

Home Grown and Imported
Garden, Field and Flower Seeds
Thousands of Fruit and Ornamental Trees
Rhododendrons, Roses,
Greenhouse and Hardy Plants
—For Spring Planting—
Eastern Prices or Less. White Labor.

—FERTILIZERS—
Bee Supplies
CATALOGUE FREE.

M. J. HENRY,
3010 WESTMINSTER ROAD,
VANCOUVER, B. C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
RAILWAY

EASTER HOLIDAYS

APRIL 1 TO 5

Fare and One-Third
FOR THE ROUND TRIP

Tickets on sale March 30, 31, April 1, 2, at all Canadian Pacific Railway offices, Port Arthur to Vancouver, and all intermediate branch line points.

GOOD RETURNING UNTIL APRIL 5, 1904

J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson. E. J. COYLE, A.G.P.A., Vancouver.

Poplar Creek Prospectors

Can keep dry during the rainy season if they purchase.

Tents and Oil Clothing

From the Victoria Factory of

Lenz & Leiser

These Goods are the Best and Cheapest in the Market.

J C. Carruthers
Agent for Kootenay
P. O. Box 56. Nelson, B. C.

PIANO TUNING

PIANO TUNING—Mr. Jas. R. Muir, piano tuner will attend to all orders left with Morley & Co.

CLEANING AND REPAIRING

I wish to announce to the citizens of Nelson and surrounding district that I am prepared to do all kinds of cleaning and repairing on Ladies and Gentlemen's garments at reasonable prices. Your patronage solicited, James Stewart. Phone 243. Opposite Queen's hotel.

Porto Rico Lumber Co., Ltd.

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER, SHINGLES AND MOULDINGS, BAND-SAWN AND TURNED WORK. AN UP-TO-DATE DRY KILN IN CONNECTION.

MILLS AT YMIR

Porto Rico Lumber Co., Ltd.

TO-NIGHT AT 12 O'CLOCK

YOU CAN START

FISHING

Our Motto—Quality, Assortment and Lowest Prices in FISHING TACKLE. Look at our values, before buying. We can save you money.

Nelson Hardware Co.

SPORTSMEN'S H EADQUARTERS.

KOOTENAY RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED. OPERATING

K. & S. RY. CO.
I. N. & T. CO.

EFFECTIVE MONDAY, MARCH 7.

K. & S. RY.

Lv. 8.30 a.m...SANDON..Ar. 4,25 p.m.
Ar. 10.45 a.m....KASLO...Lv. 2.00 p.m.

STEAMER KASLO.

Lv. 1.30 p.m.....KASLO...Ar. 11.00 a.m.
Ar. 4.30 p.m...NELSON....Lv 8.00 a.m.

P. H. WALSH, Superintendent.

ASSAYING

GOLD, SILVER or LEAD, $1.00 each, Copper, $1.50; Gold-Silver or Silver-Lead, $1.50 each. Prices for other metals on application. E. W. Widdowson, Box N 113, Ymir, B.C. Late assayer at Nelson smelter.

UNDERTAKING—EMBALMING

W. R. BEATTY, CRANBROOK, B. C., Undertaker and Embalmer. Telegraphic orders will receive special attention. Will go anywhere at any time.

Atlantic S.S. Sailings

C. P. R. ATLANTIC S.S. LINE
(From St. John)
L. Champlain.April 2 Lake Erie....April 16

ALLAN LINE
(From St. John)
Ionian.....April 2 Bavarian.....April 9

DOMINION LINE
(From Portland)
Dominion.....April 2 Southwark.....April 9

AMERICAN LINE
New York....April 9 St. Louis.....April 2

RED STAR LINE
Finland.....April 2 Vaderland.....April 9

CUNARD LINE
Etruria.....April 2 Lucania.....April 9

WHITE STAR LINE
Arabic.....April 1 Oceanic.....April 6

FRENCH LINE
La Touraine...April 7 La Lorraine..April 14

ALLAN STATE LINE
Laurentian....Mar. 31 Numidian.....April 14

Continental Sailings of North German Lloyd, H. A. P. and Italian lines on application. Lowest rates on all lines.

J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson. W.P.F.CUMMINS, Gen. Agt., Winnipeg

FOR RENT

PIANO FOR RENT—For particulars apply J. F. P., P. O. Box 236.

SEALED TENDERS addressed t undersigned and endorsed "Tender fo dition to Nanaimo, B. C., Post O will be received at this office until Tue April 12, 1904, inclusively, for the con tion of an addition to the Post Offi Nanaimo, B. C., according to plans specifications to be seen on applic to the caretaker of the Post Offi Nanaimo; at the office of Wm. Hende Clerk of Works, Victoria, B. C., a the Department of Public Works, Ot

Tenders will not be considered made on the form supplied, and signed the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted cheque on a chartered payable to the order of the Honorabl Minister of Public Works, equal to per cent (10 p.c.), of the amount of tender, must accompany each tender. cheque will be forfeited if the party ering decline the contract or fail to plete the work contracted for, and w returned in case of non-acceptance tender.

The Department does not bind itse accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
FRED GELINAS,
Secre

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, March 17, 1904.

Newspapers inserting this advertise without authority from the Departm will not be paid for it.

NOTICE

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the powers tained in a certain mortgage which wi produced at the time of sale, there wil offered for sale by public auction, by N ling & Company, Auctioneers, at the on Kootenay street, between Baker Victoria streets, Nelson, B. C., on Th day the 31st day of March, 1904, at the h of 11 o'clock in the forenoon the follow property, namely: All and singular certain parcel or tract of land and pr ises situate, lying and being in the Cit Nelson, and being composed of Lo Block 6, Sub-division of Block 95, G One, West Kootenay District of Bri Columbia.

On the property is a frame building present used as a restuarant.

For terms and conditions of sale appl GALLIHER & WILSON, Mortgagees' Solicito

Dated 10th March, 1904.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a number of warrants execution issued out of the County C of Kootenay, holden at Nelson, and to directed against the goods and chattels The Sharpless Mining and Milling C pany, Limited, non-personal liability have seized and taken in execution, the right, title and interest of the company in one "Case" Traction Eng No. 12,791; one large Centrifugal Pump quantity of various sized Piping, Belt Hose, Bellows, Tools and Mining Im ments, now stored upon the placer gro about one-half mile north of Gold on the Lardo River.

I shall offer the above goods for sal public auction at my office, next to court house in the City of Nelson, on T day the 29th day of March, at the hou eleven o'clock in the forenoon. An inv tory of the seized goods may be at my office Nelson, and the property spected upon application to Mr. John U at Gold Hill.

Terms of sale cash.

S. P. TUCK,
Sheriff of South Kooten

Nelson, B. C., 19th March, 1904.

WALDORF HOTEL

YMIR, B. C.

G. S. COLEMAN . . . Proprie

Headquarters for Mining and Co mercial Men. Most comfortable ho in the District. Sample room in c nection. Everything first-class

LOST

LOST—American half dollar, 1852. Give change by mistake. Reward. Apply of The Daily News.

Kootenay Engineering Works

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS

MANUFACTURERS FOR THE

Crawford Double Rope Aerial Tramway System, Limited

EPAIRING AND JOBBING A SPECIALTY

Marine, Mining and Mill Machinery, Ore Cars, Buckets, Tanks, Etc. Iron and Brass Casting. A complete stock of Shafting, Supplies, Fittings, Etc., always on hand.

Estimates for all classes of work furnished upon application. Mail orders receive prompt and careful attention. Scrap Iron bought by the carload.

Office and Works: Foot of Park Street

B. C. TRAVIS, Manager, P. O. Box 493, Nelson, B. C.

Sharp & Irvine

ning Brokers **Baker Street**

e have for sale
JUNO
A. BOY
B. C. STANDARD
IMPERIAL DEVELOPMENT

500 PORTLAND CEMENT
1,000 SLOCAN STAR
Also Reliance Gold Mining & Milling Co. stock; Spyglass Mining & Development Co. stock
Also two Business Lots at Poplar.

AD MINERS' MEETING

OLUTION PASSED ON MARCH 9TH WAS ENDORSED.

EMORIAL TO BE PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNMENT.

he meeting of the Silver-Lead Miners' ociation, which was to have convened Tuesday at Sandon, did not really meet il Wednesday at midnight, owing to a w blockade preventing several mem- from Kaslo reaching Sandon. It 2.30 yesterday morning before the meet- adjourned.

mes Cronin, manager of the St. Eu- e mine, one of the members of the as- iation, arrived in this city yesterday ernoon from Sandon and was seen rtly after he registered at the Hume a representative of The Daily ws. In speaking about the action taken the meeting Mr. Cronin said:

The members took action on the reso- ion passed at the meeting of the asso- tion held in Nelson on March 10th, hich was as follows:

"That this association do hereby endorse e proposal of the low grade lead miners, hereby the government is to be requested extend the benefits of the Bounty Act a limited amount of ore to be exported d smelted abroad—provided that such tension shall not prejudice the payment the full bounty on ores smelted in anada.

"Provided further, that lead ores sold d smelted in Canada during the period such proposed extension of bounty, the aximum freight and treatment rate shall ot exceed $15 per ton as per scale now in orce; that the marketing charge shall not xceed $20 per 2,000 lbs. of lead, as at resent; and that the limit on zinc shall ot decrease from ten per cent, and the enalty on the excess shall not exceed 50 ents per unit. And that the executive ouncil be and are hereby authorized to onfer with the smelters and aid the pro- ucers of low grade ore in securing their o-operation, with full power to act for he association as a whole."

"The resolution was discussed from every standpoint and finally was unanimously adopted. The reason why the resolution was brought up again at this meeting, was because it was thought by some that the meeting held in Nelson on March 9th, was not representative, and it was desired that the resolution be considered by a full meeting and more at length. The result was the same as in the first instance, its unanimous endorsation

"In addition to the adoption of the resolution a memorial was drawn up which is intended to be presented to the dominion government, which covers very fully the situation. The memorial was unanimously endorsed by the association. The association appointed a committee of five, consisting of John L. Retallack, George Potter, James Cronin, Alfred C. Garde, president of the association, and N. Cavanaugh, the secretary, to meet the representatives of the smelters on Tuesday, March 29th, when it is expected the memorial will be signed on behalf of the smelters and the Silver-Lead Miners' Association. This will be the final action taken in the matter.

"A copy of the memorial will be furnished to the press as soon as it is signed. It is probable at the conference with the representatives of the smelters that some of the paragraphs may be amended and hence it would be impolitic at this time to give the memorial to the public. This," concluded Mr. Cronin, "in brief is what took place at our meeting."

BANK OF ENGLAND DIVIDEND.

London, March 24.—The Bank of England at its semi-annual meeting today only declared a dividend of 4 1-2 per cent for the past six months. This was the first time in seven years that the dividend has been below ten per cent per annum. The governor of the bank said the profits for the six months ending February 29th, were $3,315,205 and that after providing for the dividend, the amount of the rest on that date was $15,093,900.

BEATON NEWS NOTES.

[Special to The Daily News.]

Beaton, B. C., March 22.—M. L. Grimmett, barrister of Sandon, accompanied by his wife and family is visiting here for a few days, the guest of Mrs. Grimmett's mother, Mrs. Alec Crawford. He is making a general tour of the Lardeau and will return via Trout Lake, Poplar and Lardo.

In preparation for extensive operations of the different lumber companies, who have camps along Fish river, this place presents a scene of lively activity with its numbers of mule-skinners, coming and going. Every teamster is busy from daybreak to dark, while the sleighing still holds good, bringing freight from deep water landing to Camborne and midway camps.

The ladies of Beaton will shortly hold a dance to raise funds for the purchase of an organ for the school house.

CLOSE THE DEAL.

Silver Dollar Taken Over by a Strong Company.

J. A. Darragh, who has just returned from the east, whither he went to complete a deal for the Silver Dollar group, owned by the estate of the late Joe Best, was in town on Friday last, says the Camborne Miner. On being asked what success had attended his efforts in the east he stated that he had turned over the Silver Dollar group, situated on Monawk creek, to the Elwood Tinworkers Gold Mining Co., of Elwood, Indiana, for a good figure.

The Elwood company will put a force of men at work developing the property as soon as the snow will permit, and will continue operations all summer. This company already owns the Western Star and Copper Dollar properties here, and has done considerable work on them.

The Silver Dollar group is composed of four full claims and two fractional claims. The claims are named the Iron Dollar, Mountain Boy, Ella G., Little Johnny, Gilman Fraction and Carbonate Hill Fraction. The lead on this group is the same that traverses the Beatrice, Silver Crown, Del Rey and others. The lead has been stripped at intervals by open cuts for 3,000 feet, and has been traced for a distance of 6,000 feet, the ore contained in the lead being free milling quartz.

The Elwood company will probably instal machinery as soon as the development of the property warrants, and a road will then be required for transportation. The Beatrice trail runs near the Silver Dollar group and can probably be widened into a wagon road, but there are portions that would have to be reconstructed, on account of heavy grades.

The Elwood Tinworkers Co. has secured a promising property in the Silver Dollar group, and it remains for them to show up the immense wealth that from all indications is contained in it. The Elwood Tinworkers Co. is composed chiefly of workingmen, and we feel sure that they will do justice to the property.

Mr. Darragh nearly completed the transfer of the Del Rey, but as he was awaiting definite information he could not give out anything in regard to this matter, but said that he daily expected to hear that the deal had been closed.

GOLDFINCH EXAMINED.

Mr. Rosenberger Is Satisfied That It Is a Good Property.

The examination of the Goldfinch by A. F. Rosenberger has proven quite favorable, says the Camborne Miner. Mr. Rosenberger says that he is satisfied that the Goldfinch has the making of a mine, and a rich one at that.

It will require considerable development work to put the property in good shape to permit of continuous ore shipping to the stamp mill, and to attain this stage a force of men will be put to work on the property as soon as practicable.

There has been considerable work done on the Goldfinch in the past, but the work was executed in a manner that is of no material benefit towards the development of the property. Five gold bricks aggregating about $12,000 have been gotten from ore taken from the Goldfinch, but as the ore was produced from surface stripping of the lead, the work performed was of little or no use to the future of the property.

The work that will be conducted this summer will be development of the property. When this is accomplished the Goldfinch will be in a position to send ore continuously to the mill, and take its rightful place as a producer of bullion, with the other working mines of the Camborne camp.

WILL WORK FULL FORCE

OPERATIONS ON TWO LARDEAU MINES TO BE RESUMED.

BETWEEN 200 and 230 MEN ARE TO BE EMPLOYED.

[Special to The Daily News.]

Ferguson, B. C., March 21.—The long anticipated announcement has been made at last that work will be resumed on the Nettie L. and Silver Cup about April 1st, when a full force will be sent up to the mines. Pending this date strenuous efforts are being made by a force of 95 men to complete the installation of the machinery at Five Mile, where is situated the 20-stamp mill and reduction plant, erected in conjunction by the two companies operating these mines. It is hoped to have the plant in working order not later than May 1st. When both the mines and plant are in full operation a force of between 200 and 230 mn will be employed, making a substantial payroll for the town.

Speculation is rife regarding the possibilities of a rival townsite being established at Five Mile. The correspondent of The Daily News has it on the best authority that no such itnention is had by the management of the combined companies, owning the land at that point. Several cottages will be built for the mill and tramway employes, and possibly a wholesale store house for mine and mill supplies, but no licensed hotel will be allowed.

As soon as the trails are in shape work will again be resumed on the Black Prince mine, under lease to Tony Becker. The property is a high grade galena proposition, situated on Gainer creek. Last year a considerable amount of development work was done opening up some fine shipping ore.

It is more than likely that the opening of the reduction plant at Five Mile will witness the renewal of developmetn on several galena properties as it is understood the mill will accept other ores. If this is the case the leasing system of high grade silver-lead properties will be much in evidence.

The Bad Shot mine, situated on the summit of Gainer creek, and owned by Fred Campbell, of Trout Lake, Jack Black, of New Denver, and W. M. Johnson, of Beaton, will also be worked this season. Judge J. M. Miller, it is understood, is endeavoring to interest Minneapolis capital to purchase the property. If he is not successful it is more than likely that Tony Becker will secure the lease. There is some two carloads of carbonates and galena on the dump that could be shipped and the mine is opened by 500-feet of tunnel and a 90-foot incline.

A syndicate composed of local men, including Frank Barber, George B. Batho, Charles Foote and E. G. Hadow, will shortly start work on a group of placer claims situated immediately below the Five Mile dam on the south fork of the Lardeau river. This river has in years past been successfully exploited for the yellow metal to be found in its auriferous gravel, and the prospects of the local men making a clean-up appear bright.

When the weather permits Dr. Newcombe states that the Lardeau Miners' union will build an extension to the hospital, to provide more rooms. It is also understood that P. Burns & Co. will erect a meat market.

THE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Editor, The Daily News:—If "Civis" had asked any member of the library board about getting money from Mr. Carnegie for a building he would have been told that during the past two or three years several official letters have been written to him asking for aid, and up to the present he has taken no notice of us. It would be more to the point if "Civis" would tell us how to reach that gentleman.

ONE OF THE LIBRARY BOARD.

Nelson, March 22nd, 1904.

WILL RACE NO MORE.

New York, March 24.—"Jimmy" Michael, the bicycle rider, who has been for 13 years one of the leaders in making records, will be seen no more in the United States as a racer, after attempting in vain at Jacksonville, Florida, to train off the effects of a fall in Berlin, when his head was badly injured. He is stated to have sailed for his home in Wales with his brother.

ATTELL WHIPS RAUSCH.

Hot Spring, Arkansas, March 24.—In the sixth round of the scheduled ten-round bout before the Whittington Park athletic club, Abe Attell knocked out Morris Rausch. The contest was Attell's from the start.

MITCHELL IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 24.—Charles Mitchell, the pugilist, and his son, who were registered on the passenger list under the name of Watson, arrived from Liverpool today on the steamer Majestic.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is better than other powders, as it is both soap and disinfectant. 31

NELSON IRON WORKS

NELSON, B. C.

OLDEST AND LARGEST IN THE KOOTENAYS

Iron and Brass Castings of every description. Machine Work of all kinds. Jobbing and Repairing a specialty. We keep in stock Shafting, Pulleys, Boxes, Hangers, Flanges, Couplings, Ore Car Wheels and Axles, Logging Cars, Lumber Trucks, Cast Washers, etc. Break Down Jobs rushed through with dispatch.

A SMALL CORNER IN EGGS

LOCAL MAN BUYS 50 CASES THAT WERE SOFT BOILED.

WAS MUCH RELIEVED WHEN HE GOT THEM OFF HIS HANDS.

Fifty cases of eggs, consigned to a local house, were refused by the house. The eggs came from San Francisco, and the C. P. R. Co., which had charge of them, had to in some way get the amount due for their haulage. The agent of the company telephoned around to the grocers, wholesale and retail, in an endeavor to sell them, stating that they would be sold for considerably less than the market price.

While others telephoned to were considering the matter, a Fairview merchant who is noted for his ability to make a shrewd bargain, snapped them up and the company soon had his cheque in payment for the eggs. As soon as he had paid for the goods he began to negotiate for the disposal of the eggs at an advance on what they had cost him.

A wholesaler agreed to take the lot at the price named, pending an examination as to quality. The expert for the house went to the warehouse for the purpose of examining the eggs. It took but a minute for the expert to detect the fact that the eggs were all in that peculiar condition known to epicures as soft boiled, and, therefore, were not worth the value of the shells they were in.

The Fairview man, who had anticipated a profit, saw before him nothing but a total loss of the all he had embarked in the egg venture, and lamented his haste in making the investment.

The merchant liked soft-boiled eggs, in fact, he did not care for eating them if cooked in any other way, but as a friend suggested, he would have to live to be nearly as old as Methusalem before he could consume 50 cases. He felt that he was up against conditions that were very hard, almost hard boiled.

An appeal was made to the railway company, and after the fact that the eggs were worthless had been explained, his cheque was returned to him, whereupon he executed a war dance and exclaimed: "I'm from Missouri, and if I ever buy eggs again you may be certain that they will have to show me that they are strictly fresh and not half-cooked, like these eggs are."

Further inquiry elicited the fact that the eggs came from San Francisco on the steamer Queen, which caught fire when off the Columbia river. The eggs were in the hold, and the heat from the flames was so great that they were all partially cooked and, therefore, rendered useless for ordinary commercial purposes.

GOOD FOR BUSINESS.

Ice and Fruit Company Shareholders Like Cold Spell.—Supplying Spokane.

The present spell of wintry weather is not acceptable to most people, but the shareholders of the Yale-Kootenay Ice & Fruit Co. have no kick coming, as they are busy filling orders for Spokane.

Through an oversight probably no duty was put on ice by the Yankee tariff makers, and good British Columbia ice is being supplied Spokane, where a shortage of the article exists this spring.

The ice is shipped by the ice and fruit company from near Grand Forks to Spokane over the Great Northern railway. The company has been asked to fill a contract for 4,000 tons and it will take 150 big freight cars to carry this load to Spokane. If the cold weather hangs out a little longer the whole contract will be filled. About 400 tons are sent out every day to Spokane.

The suppply for Nelson, some 800 tons, is carefully housed here. Rossland has 700 tons in stock and the company has a reserve of about 1,000 tons at headquarters in Grand Forks at the shipping point. In all it takes about 5,000 tons to supply the Kootenay district.

ARE HAVING TROUBLE.

A Clash Between Great Northern and Union Pacific.

New York, March 24.—In spite of the official denials the statement was positively reiterated this afternoon that a difference of opinion had arisen between the Great Northern interests and the Union Pacific group of capitalists over the control of Northern Pacific.

James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern, said: "Everything is peaceful."

The officials of the Union Pacific depreciated the talk of rivalry in Northern Pacific.

E. H. H. Harriman, president of the Union Pacific said he did not care to discuss the reports. A director of the Union Pacific said: "You may be sure there will be no repetition of the contest of May 9th."

"You may say that a new Northern Securities company is being planned," said colonel Clough, vice-president and general manager of the company, today. "We are doing our best to carry out the principles of the courts decrees."

This statement was brought forth by the circulation on Wall street of a rumor that a plan had been formulated by which Northern Pacific stock would be held in block and not distributed.

FELL FIVE STORIES.

Montreal, March 24.—Elcear Gougeon, foreman of the Dominion Bridge company, while at work on the Metropolitan bank building today, fell five stories and is dead.

LECTURE ON THE ORIENT

PLANS OF RUSSIA AND JAPAN SHOWN BY SEWARD.

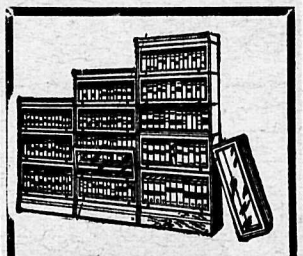
THEY WOULD SOON DIVIDE CHINA BETWEEN THEM.

New York, March 24.—George F. Seward, formerly United States minister to China, and who spent nearly 20 years of his life in the far east, addressed the Unikrian culb last night on "The Foreign Powers in China and Japan with special reference to the war." Mr. Seward said his sympathies were with Japan, who was really fighting for all of Asia against the peril of European encroachments. He scouted the "yellow peril" idea. Asia has more need to fear Europe than Europe has to fear Asia. To round out her eastern territory Russia needs Manchuria and Korea. She has now plunged into a war with Japan instead of agreeing to make no invasion of China's territory. England is not desirous of acquiring more territory and is the natural ally and friend of China and Japan. England, like America, is desirous of maintaining the integrity of China. The alliance of France and Russia is chiefly sentimental. France is not a colonizing power and so far as sustaining the integrity of China is concerned France may be said to be a negative quality. Germany is an ambitious nation, whose people are scattering over the face of the world. Her government has not been idle and she has seized a port of great value on the coast of China. This port has the greatest iron and coal deposits in the world. This is Germany's objective point and she will at no far distant day fill up this territory for a few hundred miles from the sea. With Germany in possession of these lands and Russia in possession of Manchuria, the rest of China would prove an easy victim. The division of the remaining territory would probably involve the nations of Europe in a war, the like of which this world has never knew.

A MURDERER ESCAPES

Took French Leave While His Guards Slumbered.

Sherbrooke, March 24.—Jos. Menard, the former C. P. R. trackman, who murdered his wife by chopping off her head, a few weks ago, and attempted suicide, escaped from his guards last night and has not been captured. He is likely to have been influenced by the result of Goyette's trial at L'Original, where a plea of insanity failed. He was being guarded here by two men in a house and slipped out while they slumbered.



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VERY FINE LINE OF

BUFFETS

QUARTERED OAK

$16 AND UP

See our large range of styles in Go-Carts, $6.00 and up.

Some Special Snaps in Bedroom Suites, while they last, $15 and up.

We are Sole Agents for the Marshall Sanitary Mattress, also the well-known Globe-Wernicke Sectional Book Cases.

D. McArthur & Co.

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers

Spokane Falls & Northern Railway

The only all rail route between points east, west and south to Rossland, Nelson, Grand Forks and Republic,

Buffet cars run between Spokane and Northport.

Effective June 14th, 1903.

Leave		Arrive
8.45 a.m.	Spokane	6.15 p.m.
10.40 a.m.	Rossland	4.35 p.m.
7.20 a.m.	Nelson	7.20 p.m.
10.35 a.m.	Grand Forks	4.00 p.m.
8.30 a.m.	Republic	6.15 p.m.

RIn Connection With

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

TICKETS

TO ALL POINTS.
SHORT LINE TO
ST. PAUL, DULUTH, MINNEAPOLIS, CHICAGO AND ALL POINTS EAST, SEATTLE, TACOMA, VICTORIA, PORTLAND AND ALL PACIFIC COAST POINTS
Through Palace and Tourist Sleepers, Dining and Buffet Smoking Library Cars.

2 FAST TRAINS DAILY 2

For rates, folders and full information regarding trips, call on or address an agent of the S. F. & N. Railway.

or

H. A. JACKSON, G. F. & P. A., Spokane, Wash.

H. BRANDT, C. P. & T. A., 701 W. Riverside, Ave., Spokane, Wash.

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PRODUCE.

STARKEY & CO., WHOLSESALE DEALERS in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Produce and Fruit. Houston Block, Josephine Street, Nelson, B. C.

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McLACHLAN BROS. — WHOLSESALE Hardware Merchants. Logging and Mill Supplies, Stoves, Tinware, Agateware, Iron, Pipes and Mining Supplies. Prompt attention to mailed orders.

GROCERIES.

A. MACDONALD & CO.—WHOLESALE Grocers and Provision Merchants.—Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and Warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Streets. P. O. Box 1095. Telephone 28.

CAMP AND MINERS' FURNISHINGS.

A. MACDONALD & CO.—WHOLSESALE Jobbers in Blankets, Underwear, Mitts, Gloves, Boots, Rubbers, Overalls, Jumpers, Mackinaw and Oilskin Clothing, Camp and Miners' Sundries. Office and Warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Streets. P. O. Box 1095. Telephone 28.

ASSAYERS' SUPPLIES.

THE B. C. ASSAY & CHEMICAL SUPPLY Co., Ltd., Vancouver, B. C., Direct Importers of Assayers Supplies. Sole Agents in B. C. for the celebrated Battersea Crucibles, etc. Write us before sending your orders elsewhere. Satisfaction guaranteed.

WANTED

NELSON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.
Wanted—Bushmen, Woman Cook, Nurse Girl.

SEWING MACHINES to rent $3 per month. Needles and repairs for all makes of Sewing Machines kept in stock. The Singer Mfg. Co., Baker street.

WANTED—Representative to secure subscriptions for The Burr McIntosh Monthly; also handle art productions. Sole agency to right party; liberal commissions; good opportunity. The Burr McIntosh Pub. C., 34 West 33rd Street, New York City.

WANTED—Coat makers. Apply Taylor & McQuarrie, Nelson, B.C.

MUSIC LESSONS

HAS YOUR LOVE of Music died out because you cannot play the Piano as you used to do? Six lessons in McDonald Smith's system of Touch and Technique will more than restore your powers without any hard practice at the keyboard, and this, should your age be 16 or 60. Or, is your playing going off from lack of time to practice? A few lessons in the system will improve your playing to a degree you would hardly credit, though you should touch no keyboard for weeks. Complete course, $10. F. J. Painton, Corner Hall and Silica.

H. S. BODMER, Pianist, (Geneva and London), desires pupils in Music, French and Ger[illegible] also engagements, concerts, danc[illegible] Address Postoffice, Nelson, B. C

FOR SALE

OLD CURIOSITY SHOP—If you want to buy or sell anything go to the Old Curiosity Shop. Always in stock a full line of Crockery, Furniture and Glassware.

FRUIT TRESS AND NURSERY Stock.—Anyone requiring Nursery stock or anything in the fruit tree line would do well to communicate with Wm. Stubbs, Nelson, B. C.

THE WHEELER & WILSON Sewing Machine—Three times the value of any other; one-third easier, one-third faster. Rotary motion and ball bearings. The lightest running machine in the world. Needles of all kinds. Taylor & McQuarrie, Agents, Nelson, B.C.

IF YOU WANT to buy first class dry wood ring up 148 or call on Joe D. Rochon, Room 2, Bellevue House, Hall street.

FOR SALE—Forty acres of land, one-quarter of a mile from Creston; 30 acres cleared; 150 fruit trees; good barn and stable; cabin; also seven head of cattle, one team of heavy horses. For further particulars apply to David Learmonth, Creston, B. C.

FOR SALE—Hay Ranch in Lardo Valley, close to Poplar Creek, on railroad; 160 acres meadow lands; has shipped 50 tons hay each year for five years, can treble output. Very easy terms. Write for price. E. R. Vipond, owner, Trout Lake, B. C.

FOR SALE—Five room cottage; all modern conveniences; 75 of 100 foot frontage. On car line. Also several choice building lots in excellent locations. G. K. Tackabury.

WHY USE your neighbors Sewing Machine when you can buy one from The Singer Mfg. Co. on the installment plan; payments only $3.00 per month. Old machines taken in exchange. Liberal discount for cash. The Singer Mfg. Co., Baker street.

FOR SALE—2100 Hall Mines Shares for sale, very cheap; for particulars, address, E., The Daily News.

PLUMBING

We are prepared to do all kinds of plumbing, steam and gas fitting on the shortest notice. Estimates given. E. K. Strachan & Co., Baker street, Nelson. Phone 262.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER

A CHEAP TYPEWRITER is never a real economy, as its final cost will prove. We claim that, dollar for dollar, the Remington is the best investment. Its reputation of supreme merit is founded on the test of service. Catalogue and prices on application to F. C. Winkler, Nelson, Sole Dealer for Southern Interior of B. C.

Synopsis of Regulations for Disposal of Minerals on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and the Yukon Territory.

Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at $10 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz.—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free miner's certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A free miner's certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of $7.50 per annum for an individual, and from $50 to $100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1500x1500 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing location notices, one at each end of the line of the lode or vein.

The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if located within ten miles of a mining recorder's office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction. The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1.00 an acre.

Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also copper, in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 160 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a Royalty of 2 1-2 per cent of the sales of the products of the location.

Placer Mining.—Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory.—Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee, $5, renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River claims are either bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bank, but not exceeding 1,000 feet. Where steam power is used, claims 200 feet wide may be obtained.

Dredging in the rivers of Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory.—A free miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged beds or bars of the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have, or who may receive entries for bar diggings or bench claims, except on the Saskatchewan River, where the lessee may dredge to high water mark on each alternate leasehold.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles, but where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge for each fifteen miles or fraction is sufficient. Rental $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent collected on the output after it exceeds $10,000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory.—Six leases of five miles each may be granted to a free miners for a term of twenty years, also renewable.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged beds or bars in the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles within six years from such date. Rental, $100 per mile for first year and $10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty, same as placer mining.

Placer Mining in the Yukon Territory.—Creek, gulch, river and hill claims shall not exceed 250 feet in length, measured on the base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the width being from 1,000 to 2,000 feet. All other placer claims shall be 250 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, bearing notices. Entry must be obtained within ten days, if the claim is within ten miles of a mining recorder's office. One extra day is allowed for each additional ten miles or fraction.

The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate.

The discoverer of a new mine is entitled to a claim 1,000 feet in length, and if the party consists of two, 1,500 feet altogether, on the output of which no royalty shall be charged, the rest of the party ordinary claims only.

Entry fee, $10. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent on the value of the gold shipped from the Yukon Territory to be paid to the Comptroller.

No free miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold any number of claims by purchase, and free miners may work their claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of $2. A claim may be abandoned, and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee.

Work must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least $200.

A certificate that work has been done must be obtained each year; if not, the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and open to occupation and entry by a free miner.

The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notices in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum.—All unappropriated Dominion lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and within the Yukon Territory are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the Minister may reserve for an individual or company having machinery on the land to be prospected, an area of 640 acres. Should the prospector discover oil in paying quantities, and satisfactorily establish such discovery, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well and such other land as may be determined, will be sold to the discoverer at the rate of $1.00 an acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by order-in-council.

Department of the Interior, Ottawa, February, 1904.

JAMES A. SMART,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

PRIVATE BOARD

PRIVATE Board and Rooms, electric light; also table board. Apply on Silica street, 2nd door west of Ward.

NOW READY

W. & A. K. JOHNSTON'S

Russo-Japanese War Map

This is an entirely new map, and it shows in the most distinct manner the countries that are so much before us in the present great struggle, viz., Japan, Korea, and Manchuria. The Map is carefully colored, and shows prominently all features in the present dispute. Railways are inserted up to date, and the line under construction through Korea is shown. Enlarged insets of Tokio, Seoul, Port Arthur, and Nagasaki and Sasebo are given.

MORLEY & CO.

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS

NELSON, B. C.

CALT COAL

AND WOOD OF ALL KINDS.

Terms Spot Cash.

W. P. Tierney

Telephone 268

Baker Street.

PRICE OF METALS.

New York, March 24.—Bar silver 56; electrolytic copper 12 3-4; Amalgamated copper 48 1-2; Spelter, firm.

London, March 24.—Lead £12 6s. 3d.

NELSON'S NEWS OF THE DAY

W. H. Adams, formerly of the Rambler Cariboo mine, is at the Hume.

C. H. Temple, master mechanic of the C. P. R., Revelstoke, is in the city.

John Hampson, manager of the Alice mine, near Creston, is a guest at the Hume.

C. A. Crosbie, inspector of the Royal bank, and Mrs. Crosbie are at the Strathcona.

Walter H. Aldridge, manager of the Canadian smelter at Trail, is a guest at the Strathcona.

Thomas Caven, conservative nominee at Cranbrook at the last provincial elections, is at the Hume.

School inspector David Wilson returned last night from an extended trip in the Boundary country.

J. D. McDonald, electrical engineer for the West Kootenay Power & Light Co., is here on a brief visit.

Judge J. A. Forin left last evening for the purpose of holding the weekly court at Rossland tomorrow.

R. J. Steel, real estate agent, reports having completed the sale of Mrs. Smith's property on Carbonate street, at a good figure.

Local milliners are preparing for a great display at Eastertime and their announcements are now being got ready for the press.

Today is the last day of the close fishing season and many experts with the rod are ready to start in tomorrow, provided the cold weather comes to an end.

Rev. H. R. Grant, wife and family, of Pincher Creek, were in the city last evening on their way to Rossland where the reverend gentleman will assume charge of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church.

In chambers yesterday before his honor judge Forin, James O'Shea applied for an order for substitutional service of a writ of summons in Moore vs. Whitehead, and an order was made directing service by posting up in the court house and limiting time for appearance to 14 days.

At Seattle recently Frank Dana Moore, at one time purser on the steamer Moyie and well known in the Kootenays, was married to Mrs. June Hoyt Waite, daughter of Judge and Mrs. John P. Hoyt, of Seattle. Judge Hoyt was formerly one of the justices of the Washington state supreme court.

Alderman Clements, chairman of the civic fire, water and light committee, called out the fire brigade for a test drill at 4.50 yesterday afternoon. Box 43 at the corner of Front and Hall streets was the spot selected. In a minute and a half after the box was pulled the wagon and a section of the brigade were on the spot and just under the two minute mark the water was on, and playing over the vacant lot on the corner.

A gipsy woman, accompanied by a little child, is making the rounds of the city telling the fortunes of those who cross her palm with silver. It is astonishing how many patronize her and how much she tells them whether accurate of not, of the past, present and future. The brilliant red handkerchief worn on the sybil's head, the generally bright colors of her attire and the peculiar manner in which she is dressed attracts the eager attention of the children and sometimes she has difficulty in making her way along the streets.

Alderman Fred Smith's proposed new by-law will undoubtedly attract a good deal of attention from all directly concerned from now on until the next meeting of the city council.

Politely, but with great firmness, the city council, with profound regret, turned down the Tourist Association's request for financial aid, last night. As one alderman put it, "The spirit was willing but—the funds were not in hand."

TOILET SOAPS

We have captured the trade in Toilet Soaps and have acquired a deserved reputation for their high quality.

This week we are still offering as a special three bars imported Castile Soap for $1.00, together with a shipment just received which we will sell at 25 cents per box

LA BELLE ROSE AND HEATHER BELL.

This is put up in Fancy Boxes containing three bars delicately perfumed, and which we can recommend.

T. S. McPherson

PHONE 10.

H. & M. BIRD

DISTRICT AGENTS FOR C. P. R. LANDS—Lots in Nelson; terms one-third cash. Agricultural and Timber Lands.

CANADA PERMANENT MORTGAGE CORPORATION—Loans on Real Estate, 8 per cent interest, first mortgage.

OCEAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE CORPORATION—Sickness and Accident policies.

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.—Best in the world. Ask for rates.

FIRE INSURANCE

Best Canadian, Scotch and English Companies.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE

$800—A five-roomed house and two lots in the Hume Addition. The lots are in a good position, are fenced, and have lawn and fruit trees. $500 cash, balance terms.

$525—A lot at the top of Carbonate street, two blocks above Park street, containing 200x180 feet, or the equivalent of 10 ordinary lots, well adapted for fruit trees. For sale at $525. This offer only holds good for a few days, and is a bargain.

FOR RENT

$8.00—Four roomed cottage, corner of Ward and Gore streets.

$22.00—A six-roomed house on Kootenay street between Baker and Victoria; modern improvements.

$10.00—Four roomed cottage near car barn, very handy to smelter.

MARCH 26

The fishing season opens on March 26th. We are well stocked with all the latest Rods, Lines, Hooks, Reels, Baskets, Etc., Etc.

Rods.....from $2.00 to $12.00
Lines.....from 10c to $1.50
Hooks.....from 5c a doz. Up
Reels.....from 50c to $3.00
Baskets.....from $1.50 to $3.00

McLACHLAN BROS.

IS A HIGH GRADE PROPERTY

William Fowler Will Soon Begin Work On the Defiance.

[Special to The Daily News.]

Greenwood, March 24.—Wm. Fowler, of Providence repute, who has been spending the past few months among his old friends in Scotland, has recently returned to Greenwood to prosecute development on his latest acquisition, the Defiance. Just before leaving last autumn he completed the purchase of this property and is planning to equip it with machinery this spring, and to speedily make a shipping mine of it. The grade of ore in the Defiance is very high and the location good. In the hands of the very best, and most experienced, high grade ore man in this section great hopes are entertained for the future of the Defiance.

A very satisfactory explanation of what at the time appeared a mysterious fire, that of H. W. Harris, of Sunday last, is found in the fact that a large upholstered armchair, with some light cotton clothing thereon, sat immediately in front of the stove and between it and the piano. It is supposed that a spark from the stove ignited the chair, the fire spread to the piano, whose highly inflammable material made it readily susceptible to the flames.

CANADIAN NAVAL MILITIA.

Bill To Be Introduced Next Week—A Bill By Galliher.

[Special to The Daily News.]

Ottawa, March 24.—The minister of marine's bill for the establishment of the Canadian naval militia will be presented to parliament next week. It will make provision for a force at first of a thousand men, nucleus of which is already to be found in the men employed on Canadian fisheries protection cruisers. One cruiser will be secured for the Atlantic and another for the Pacific coast, and minister Prefontaine is going over to the old country as soon as the session is over to arrange for the boats.

W. A. Galliher in the house today introduced a bill respecting the B. C. Southern railway. It is for an extension of time.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

HUME HOTEL

NELSON, B. C.

Hume—James Cronin, Moyie; D. W. Moore, Trail; A. Nelson, Montreal; A. H. Tuttle, W. C. Forrester, Ymir; C. E. Bouft, W. H. Adams, W. Manhart, Spokane; K. Jones, M. Blackburgh, J. Fleishman, Vancouver; John Hampson, Creston; Mrs. McLaughlin, Edmonton; F. J. Demson, T. Caven, Cranbrook.

THE STRATHCONA.
(FORMERLY HOTEL PHAIR.)

Strathcona—J. D. McDonald, Rossland; G. H. Winter, Kaslo; C. A. Crosbie and wife, Vancouver; David Wilson, Grand Forks; H. R. Grant and family, Pincher Creek; W. H. Aldridge, Trail; C. H. Temple, Revelstoke.

Lakeview—J. H. Fleckenstein, N. Trebilcock, Cranbrook.

Tremont—W. Page, Venus mine; G. W. Clark, Rossland; Gertie White, Fernie; C. W. Greer, Phoenix; J. A. Patten, Ymir.

Queens—J. H. Thompson, Sandon; W. Barclay, Silverton; J. B. Winlaw, Winlaw siding; Mr. and Mrs. DeWitt, Ymir; Mrs. J. Delaney, New Denver; A. Fleishmann, Vancouver; Miss Gobbett, E. Farr, L. Dobbins, wife and family, Fernie.

Bartlett—H. Wall, Rambler mine; J. Angove, Silverton; C. F. Hamilton; New Westminster; J. Strong, Rossland; J. Finn, Ymir.

Nelson—Frank Connelly, Spokane; A. A. McDougall, City.

Madden—A. McDonald, M. J. Monoghan, Spokane; H. Allison, Phoenix.

Grand Central—Jno. Hasby, Sandon; W. O. Steele, Ymir; C. McLay, J. M. Spurling and wife, Spokane; A. Mitchell, C. Lemmon, Ritzville; G. Laying, A. Gloria, Frank; B. Rice and family, A. K. Little, Ainsworth.

MEETING WAS DISORDERLY.

Proposed Exhibition in Dublin Was Not Well Received.

Dublin, March 24.—A meeting called here today for the purpose of promoting an international exhibition in Dublin during the year 1906, under king Edward's patronage, broke up in disorder, the members of the Gaelic league voting with the majority against the project. John McNeill, vice-president of the league, opposed the proposition and advocated an exclusively national exhibition. The supporters of the national movement attempted to hold a meeting, but were dispersed by the police.

DEATH OF MRS. H. A. SHEADS

[Special to The Daily News.]

Grand Forks, March 24.—Mrs. H. A. Sheads, wife of the chief of police, passed away at their family residence here at 10.45 this morning after a lingering illness, lasting over three months, from cancer of the stomach. The deceased was 50 years of age, and a prominent member of the Ladies of the Maccabees local hive, and was also connected with several other lodges in the city, under whose auspices the funeral will take place on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Deceased was born in Dubuque, Iowa, and has been a resident of this city for the past eight years and during that time has made a host of friends who mourn her untimely end. She leaves a husband to mourn her loss.

ALL BOARD RE-ELECTED.

New York, March 24.—At a meeting of the International Silver company held today in Jersey City the old board of directors was re-elected. Out of 65,000 shares represented at the meeting 42,000 shares were voted in favor of the re-election of the old board.

It's a Pleasure

To have a good Watch and to have it keeping right time. You are assured this pleasure if you use one of our Standard Watches.

We will also guarantee you satisfaction with your old watch if you allow us to do the necessary repairing on it. Watches and repair work are equally guaranteed.

PATENAUDE Bros.,

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS

SEEDS SEEDS SEEDS

Flower and Garden Seed

WHITE CLOVER AND LAWN GRASS SEED. Now is the time to start your early seeds. Let us have your orders early.

Canada Drug & Book Co.

TORONTO PRICES.

EASTER NOVELTIES

We have some of the daintest novelties for the Easter trade that were ever shown in Nelson. Souvenir Spoons, Book Marks, Hat Pins, Brooches, Silver and Gold Crosses, Bracelets, Rings, Fancy Belt Fasteners, and innumerable little things for HER. If you cannot see what you want in our windows, ask us to show it to you. We will appreciate the pleasure.

Remember our repairing department when you want anything done to your watch.

J. J. Walker The Leading Jeweler

Cut in Fish for Lent

MARSHALL'S CANNED—Fresh Herring, Herring a la Sardine, Kippered Herring, Herring in Tomatoe Sauce, Herring in Shrimp Sauce, Herring in Anchovie Sauce, Fresh Herring, Smoked Haddock, Finnan Haddies, Soft Shelled Crabs, Carabus.....

2 Tins for 25 Cts.

Salt and Pickled Fish

Salt Mackerel, ...each 35c
Labrador Herring.....per doz 50c
Salmon Bellies.....per lb 12½c
Cod—Brick.....per brick 2 lbs 20c
Cod—Steak .....per brick 2 lbs 20c
Cod—Whole .....per lb 10c

J. A. Kirkpatrick & Co., Ltd.

Wholesale and Retail GROCERIES, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

FOR RENT

EDGEWOOD AVENUE—Pleasant cottage containing parlor, dining room, kitchen and two bedrooms. Good basement. Rent $15, including water; immediate possession.

CEDAR STREET, Near Vernon—Cottage containing six rooms, modern conveniences. Rent, $15, including water. Possession 17th April.

BRYDGES, BLAKEMORE & CAMERON, Limited

D. J. Robertson & Co.

Furniture Dealers

HIGH GRADE

Don't forget those Go Carts

PRICES RIGHT

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PARLORS BAKER ST.

Graduate of Myer's College of Embalming

NELSON, B. C.

Phones. Day 292, Night 142

Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Etc.

CIRCULARS FREE

W. E. BOWINS, Business Manager.

FOR SALE

1,000 Shares Yale-Kootenay Ice ...12½c
50 Shares North West Coal $2.25
2 War Scrip $205
500 Shares Cherry Creek 17c
500 Shares B. C. Standard (Hunter V.) 95c

M'DERMID & M'HARDY

BAKER STREET, NELSON

An Ever Widening Circle

of new customers—thoroughly pleased and satisfied customers—is the best and most positive proof of our facilities for giving the promptest and most satisfactory and economical service.

We are wideawake and alive to the needs of the trade, which we endeavor to meet in a manner which pleases the most exacting.

WE ARE NEVER TOO BUSY to take care of small orders. They are never pushed aside for the large wants, but have immediate and proper attention.

EWERT BROS.

Nelson, Trail, Ross and Jewelers and Engravers

SAY!

Do You Know

We are selling Strictly Fresh Eggs THIRTY CENTS PER DOZEN. That what we say—they are fresh. Enough said. Our name is below.

Telephone 56.

Bell Trading Co

In Shoes What Do You Want?

THE OUTSIDE:— LOOKS.
THE INSIDE:— COMFORT
THROUGHOUT ALL:— WEAR
AND AFTER THAT:— PRICE

Well, if that's what you really want you can't come to our store too quickly. It's where you belong.

The Royal Shoe Store

AGENTS FOR SLATER SHOES, AND BELL SHOES.

Griffin Brand

Has established a reputation for itself and it stands for "First Quality Always."

You can make no mistake in asking for Griffin Brand Cured Meats, Lard, Butter and Eggs.

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