THE DAILY NEWS

VOL. 2 — NELS[redacted]DNESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1903 — NO. 145

JOE AIRS HIS TRADE NOTIONS

Chamberlain Makes First Speech at Glasgow

Scheme Will Mean Cheaper Food for Britain

Glasgow, Oct. 6.—Whatever may be the opinion held regarding the great question which Mr. Chamberlain has raised or the probable issue of this campaign, it is generally admitted that he has opened it in a masterly manner. For nearly two hours tonight he had a vast and enthusiastic audience absorbed.

As though inspired by the knowledge that the practical collapse and break up of the unionist party left him in sole possession of the field, he spoke with more than his customary energy and persuasiveness. It was an inspiring scene within St. Andrew's hall, where he delivered his speech, every corner of the auditorium being packed with a crowd cheering, singing and waving handkerchiefs as Mr. Chamberlain went to the platform.

Mr. Chamberlain, after a few preliminary remarks, said: "I do not think it right to raise any exclusive party issues, but after what has occurred since the meeting at Sheffield, a word or two might be given me to say that though I am no longer a leader, I am still a loyal servant of the party, whose union and strength is essential to the welfare of the empire and which has found a leader whom every member may be proud to follow."

The speaker then paid the highest tribute to Mr. Balfour, and continued: "It seems as though in this country there have always been men who did not know the meaning of loyalty and friendship. To them I say that nothing that they may do will have the slightest influence to affect in the slightest degree the friendship and confidence existing between the premier and myself.

"I have invited discussion upon a question peculiarly within my province owing to my past life and the office I so recently held. Great Britain, in the past, has played a great part in the world's history. I desire her to continue and see the realization of the great weal of an empire, such as the world has never seen."

The late colonial secretary then alluded to the collapse of the Campanile and continued: "I do not say that I anticipate such a fate for the British empire, but I do say that I see signs of decay, cracks and crevices showing that the foundations are not broad and deep enough to sustain it. Am I wrong to warn you? Is it not strange and inconsistent that the same people who indicted the government for its unpreparedness in the South African war should now denounce me in language equally extravagant because I want to prepare you for a struggle so serious that if we are defeated the country will lose its place among the great nations, a struggle which we are invited to meet with antiquated methods and tactics?"

Mr. Chamberlain contrasted the moderate increase of 7 1-2 per cent in the export trade of Great Britain and the increase of 30 per cent. in her population since 1872, with the enormous increase of trade in the United States and Germany, and he asked how the country could expect to support its growing population with its trade practically stagnant for thirty years. He proceeded: "On the other hand, the protected countries, which I once myself believed were going rapidly to wreck and ruin, have progressed infinitely better in proportion than ourselves, and instead of our remaining the workshop of the world, we are sending less and less of our manufactures abroad, whilst the protected countries are sending more and more of their manufactures here. Thus our manufactured exports from 116,000,000 pounds in 1872, have gradually dwindled to 73,500,000 pounds in 1892, to the protected countries of Europe and the United States.

"In the same period, our exports to non-manufacturing countries like Egypt, China and South America have practically remained unchanged. This loss of trade to the protected countries has not been noticed hitherto, because during the same period our exports to the British colonies have increased in ratio to counterbalance this loss and are now more valuable than our trade with the whole of Europe and the United States together. Our colonial trade in fact is the most rapidly increasing, important and valuable of all our trade.

"Meanwhile foreign exports to the United Kingdom have risen from 63,000,000 pounds in 1872 to 149,000,000 pounds in 1902. I do not comment on that, but when I am told that we ought to hold the same opinions as our ancestors, I reply that we should if the circumstances remained the same. I have made these figures clear. It is clear that our imperial trade is essential to our prosperity. If it declines or fails to increase in proportion to our population and to the loss of our foreign trade, then we shall sink into a fifth-rate nation. We have reached our highest point, and I am not certain but that some of my opponents regard that with absolute complacency. I do not believe in the setting of the British star, but then I do not believe in the folly of the British people. I trust them and trust the working classes. I have confidence that they who are our masters electorally speaking, will have the intelligence to see that they must wake up, that they must meet the new conditions with an altogether new policy.

"Have you ever considered why Canada takes so much larger an amount per head of British manufactured goods than the United States? Australia thrice as much as Canada, and South America more than Australasia? These are all protected countries. I see that some of our labor leaders are persuading the workmen to maintain the system of free imports. I undertake to say that not one of them could visit the colonies for six months without singing a different tune. The vast majority of the workmen in the colonies are protectionists, and I am disinclined to accept the easy explanation that they are all fools. I fail to understand why a man who is intelligent here becomes an idiot when he goes to Australasia. He does, however ,get rid of a number of old world prejudices and superstitions.

"America is the strictest of the protection nations. It has a tariff which to me is an abomination. It is so immoderate, unreasonable and unnecessary, and although America has profited enormously, it has not been carried to excessive lengths, and I believe that a great number of intelligent Americans would gladly negotiate with us for its reduction. But, until very recent time even this immoderate tariff left us the great export trade amounting to millions of pounds per annum and which we might have kept if we had given some reciprocal advantages. It would not have been worth America's while to put a duty upon an article for the manufacture of which it had no special aptitude."

Mr. Chamberlain said he believed that the colonies "are prepared to meet us in return for a very moderate preference. They would reserve for us the trade we already enjoy, would arrange their tariffs in the future so as not to start in industries in competition with those already in existence in the mother country, and not only would they enable us to retain our trade with them but they would give us preference on all trade done with them by our foreign competitors. He had spoken with many colonists who believed that the present colonial relations could not be permanent. They must either be drawn closer together or they would drift apart. He believed that it was only by a commercial union and reciprocity preference that they could lay the foundations of a federation of the empire to which they all looked as a brilliant possibility. He wished to repeat explicitly that he did not wish to tax raw materials used in British manufactures. He said he proposed nothing that would add one farthing to the cost of living to any working man or to one family in the country.

With regard to his plan he would state it briefly. He proposed to put a low duty not exceeding two shillings (48 cents) a quarter of foreign corn, but none on corn from British possessions. He proposed not to tax maize, partly because it was the food of some of the very poorest among the population, and partly because it was raw material as feeding stuff. He proposed a corresponding tax on flour ,and he would give special preference to the miller with the object of re-establishing one of our ancient industries, and of preventing a rush from the country to the town, and also of producing corn and also of placing all feeding stuffs more cheaply in the possession of the farmers. A small tax of about five pence on foreign meats and dairy products would be imposed, excluding bacon, which was the food of so many of the poorest people, and lastly, he proposed to give a substantial preference to the colonies on wines and fruits. Against these increases he proposed some great remissions. He proposed to take off three-quarters of the duty on tea, half the duty on sugar, a corresponding reduction upon cocoa and coffee.

The net result of these remissions would be that the town artisans' food would according to the most elaborate calculations cost two pence, half penny (5 cents) less per week than it did at present, while that of the agricultural laborer would cost him two pence (4 cents) less, but if, as he believed, a great part of the tax on food would be paid by the foreigner, there would be a reduction in the cost of food both for the artisan and the agricultural laborer. The loss to the exchequer he estimated at $2,800,000. A moderate duty of ten per cent on manufactured goods would give to the exchequer $9,000,000 a year, and he would make use of that for remission of taxes.

Mr. Chamberlain concluded: "I warn you to urge you, to implore you, to do nothing that will tend toward the disintegration of the empire, not to refuse to sacrifice futile superstition and inapt prejudice and thereby to lose the result of centuries of noble effort and patriotic endeavor."

CHARGED WITH PERJURY.

Montreal, Oct. 6.—Judge Lafontaine this morning handed down his judgment holding Max Kert on the charge of manslaughter in connection with the mysterious death of George Greely on August 29th. Louis Bourett, principal witness for the prosecution is to be arrested for wholesale perjury.

CLERGUE'S POSITION.

Toronto, Oct, 6.—F. H. Clergue, is still in the city and today had a conference with the Ontario ministry. He expresses great confidence that seizure sale will be avoided.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

Halifax, Oct. 6.—Hulbert J. Malben, aged 27, was today killed by the accidental discharge of a gun, which tore off his left arm and part of his heart.

SLOCAN OUTLOOK IS GOOD

BUT THE WET WEATHER HAS KEPT ORE SHIPMENTS DOWN.

SIX INCHES OF SNOW FELL AT SANDON ON SUNDAY.

William Hunter, formerly of Nelson, came in yesterday from Silverton. Although Mr. Hunter was defeated in the recent election, running as the conservative candidate in the Slocan riding and being downed by William Davidson, the labor-liberal candidate, he takes it philosophically and is hard at work at his commercial and mining enterprises again.

Mr. Hunter says that the outlook in the Slocan is most promising and that there will be a much larger number of men at work in the mines there this winter than there was last. The report that the Wakefield mine had closed down, he states was only partially correct, as operations were only stopped for two days, to permit of some alterations being made in the plant. Work was resumed again when this was completed, and between the mine and the mill there are now forty men employed there. At the Bosun, which was also reported as likely to close, there is a force of twenty men. Ore is being taken out steadily, and the management state that they have no intention of closing down. On this property the prospects are better than they ever were, the leads showing every indication of permanency.

The Comstock, in which Mr. Hunter is largely interested, is working nine men, and will keep at work all winter. They have three carloads of ore at the mine ready for shipment, but are unable to get it down to the railway, owing to the bad condition of the roads. On the trails and roads all through the Slocan, the lower portions are impassable with mud and the upper parts almost as bad with soft snow. At the Comstock, like many other properties, the management are waiting for winter to get out their ore, as under the present conditions the cost of getting it down to the railway alone would be equal to the value of the ore.

At Sandon there is about half a foot of snow, and on Sunday last the snow came down half an inch deep on the railway track only a short distance from Three Forks. Between slush, snow and mud, many of the smaller properties are tied up.

Slocan lake rose eighteen inches during the past fortnight, which is something that has never happened in the fall before within the memory of any man in the country. While these unusual conditions have led to a partial cessation of shipments from many of the properties which are not close to railway or lake, Mr. Hunter says that as soon as the sleighing commences there will be a great increase in activity, and a large amount of ore will be brought out to the smelters

A carload of ore was brought down yesterday from the Lorna Doone, a property located on the Hewitt lead, on which a small force of men has been kept at work all summer by the lessees. The mine is between the Hewitt and the Vancouver properties, both of which are being worked. On the properties at the head of Lemon and Springer creeks work has been kept up steadily, despite the bad weather and the difficulty of getting in supplies, but little shipping is being done.

NEWS OF THE YMIR MINES.

Hunter V. Tramway Nearly Completed—Wilcox Mine Shipping to Nelson.

Ymir, Oct. 6.—Work is progressing rapidly on the Hunter V. tramway which is under construction by B. C. Riblet of Nelson. The right of way is newly finished through to the railroad and it is anticipated the tramway will be running before the winter sets in.

At the Gold Cup mine recent development work is reported as having resulted very satisfactorily. The machinery for the first part of the mill in on the ground although the site is not yet fully graded. The mill site is on the west side of the Salmon river about half a mile above Porto Rico siding.

At the Porto Rico mine a force of about thirteen men is at work on development and repairing the mill. A large quantity of valuable ore is also being sorted from the old dumps. It is expected the mill will be put in running order about the middle of this month.

Phil White, who recently disposed of the control in the Wilcox mine is now in town on a visit. The Wilcox is making a regular output of concentrates and crude ore to the Nelson smelter while the returns from gold saved on the plates show a continuous improvement.

THE ANCIENT AND HONORABLE.

Gotham to Entertain the Visiting London Artillerymen Today.

New York, Oct. 6.—Plans have been completed by the Old Guard of this city for its inception to the Ancient and Honorable Artillery company of Boston and the Honorable Artillery company of London with the other organizations expected as guests tomorrow. Besides the Boston and London companies the invited guests include the Minute Men of Washington, D. C., Newport Artillery company, Governor's Foot Guards of Hartford, Providence Light infantry and the Richmond Blues of Richmond, Va.

The visitors will be met by the Old Guard in full uniform and escorted to the Waldorf-Astoria, where they will be quartered during their stay in the metropolis. The programme of entertainment provides for a banquet at Sherry tomorrow evening and an automobile tour of the city on Thursday.

THE SOO TRIAL.

Prisoners are All Found Guilty and Fined—End of the Case.

Sault Ste Marie, Ont., Oct. 6.—The trial of the eleven men charged with rioting here last Thursday ended yesterday afternoon, by all the men through their solicitor pleading guilty to the charge which had been considerably modified.

The most interesting case was that against Andrew Dean, who was charged with shooting and also with having incited to riot. The former charge was dismissed but on the later charge he was fined $25.

Leonard Lavigne, Albert Robinson, Edward Gaisson, Baptiste Rozon and Fred Winer were fined $25 or two months in jail at hard labor for rioting and $10 or thirty days for assaulting the police.

AN INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION

Washington, Oct. 6.—President Roosevelt has appointed O. H. Ernst, corps of engineers at Chicago, professor G. S. Williams, of Cornell, and Geo. Clinton, of Buffalo, as the representatives of the United States on the proposed international commission to investigate the water routes from the Great Lakes to the Atlantic.

Great Britain has accepted an invitation to appoint a similar commission, but has not announced its personnel.

COMOX RETURNS.

The following are some of the further election returns in Comox. Nothing final is in yet:

Shoal Bay—Grant 9, Young 31.
Alert Bay—Grant 11, Young 2.
Roy—Grant 2, Young 3.
Bay Rum—Grant 13, Young 7.
Granite Bay—Grant 3, Young 26.

THE RE-COUNT IN FERNIE

WHY SOME OF THE BALLOTS WERE NOT COUNTED.

USED A BLACK INSTEAD OF A RED PENCIL.

E. C. Smith, liberal candidate for the Fernie riding, was in the city last night on his way to Spokane.

Mr. Smith is quite confident that a recount of the Fernie ballots will result in his being declared the member elect for Fernie.

Some twenty ballots marked for Mr. Smith but with the cross placed not in the disc, but in the white space following the candidate's name were disallowed by some of the returning officers as not being in strict compliance with the requirements of the statute.

In addition a number of Smith ballots were thrown out because they were marked with an ordinary black lead pencil and not with the red lead pencil thoughtfully provided by one of the returning officers.

"Whatever may be thought of the ballots marked outside the disc," said Mr. Smith last night," no one will contend that the use of an ordinary pencil such as the deputy returning officer should have provided in the first instance would void an otherwise properly marked ballot. In any event there is a sufficient number of spoiled ballots, so-called, to over come Mr. Ross' majority of five, allowing all the ballots counted out against him, to elect me. I have placed the matter in good hands and will fight it through, make no mistake about that. I have won Fernie fairly and squarely and mean to hold my seat."

The recount by the official returning officer for the district takes places at Fernie tomorrow, Thursday, morning, and the result will be awaited with intense interest all over the province. After the official return has been made either candidate may apply for a further recount before the county court judge—in this instance his honor judge Forin—and it is stated that the judge's ruling in the matter will be final.

Mr. Smith went on to discuss the situation in the province: "I do not think," said he, "that the McBride government will be in a position to carry on the business of the country when all the returns are in, even allowing the conservatives every possible seat. Both of the leading parties have declared for party lines and another coalation government is not to be considered.

"Any alliance with the socialists would be out of the question. I don't see how the socialists could ally themselves with either party nor would it in my opinion be consistent for either party to make such an alliance.

"The government might get a majority of one, but I do not consider one a working majority. The situation is most unfortunate and I am sorry to say I see no other way out than a new election. I don't know when this would take place but probably the house would have to meet before another appeal to the country could be made."

MILLIONS FOR RAILWAYS.

Where the British Columbia Subsidies from Ottawa Will Be Expended.

Ottawa, Oct. 6.—(Special.)—Of the two million dollar subsidies which come to British Columbia railways this year, as announced in a special dispatch a few days ago, it is understood that the following roads will secure the amounts mentioned:

For a line from Spence's Bridge to Nicola and Similkameen, 42 miles, $150,000.

For an extension of the E. & N. line from Wellington to Comox, 60 miles, $200,000.

For a line from Vernon to Midway, $600,000.

For a line from Cranbrook to Golden, $600,000.

It is understood that McLean Brothers, for the Coast-Kootenay line, will receive no aid.

WILL NOT DESERT.

W. C. Wells Settles the Question Raised by McBride.

Vancouver, Oct. 6.—(Special.)—Premier McBride yesterday declared that he would be able to carry on by inducing Mr. Wells, of Columbia, to accept the speakership, that Mr. Wells was really not antagonistic, and indeed had not been opposed to the conservatives in consequence of an understanding as to his future support.

This morning Mr. Wells bursts the bubble of the premier's hopes by this message to C. H. Gibbons, editor of the Vancouver World:

"I would under no circumstances desert my party by accepting the speakership, or any office in the McBride government."

WELLS WON'T WOBBLE.

Victoria, Oct. 6.—(Special.)—W. C. Wells says that he will not support the McBride government under any circumstances.

F. Carter-Cotton is here today, and is said to be slated for a portfolio, probably that of finance.

WHY THEY STRUCK.

Smith's Falls, Ontario, Oct. 6—Thirty-two moulders in the employ of the Frost & Wood Co. went out on strike today. The trouble arose over the refusal of one of the moulders who was promoted to the foremanship, to any longer pay his dues to the union. The firm refused to discharge him for this reason. The men considered him a non-union man, and refused to longer work with him.

THE KAMLOOPS ELECTION

TORY MAJORITY REDUCED FROM 116 TO 25.

GERRYMANDER ALONE ELECTED CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATE.

[Special to The Daily News.]

Kamloops, Oct. 6.—Final returns from all points in Kamloops electoral district indicate that Fulton, conservative, has been elected by a majority of 25 over Deane, liberal, though it is expected that the official recount will reduce this total slightly.

Kamloops liberals are jubilant over the outcome of the election. Whilst naturally they wanted to elect their candidate, they knew they were up against a hard proposition, and to have reduced a tory majority of 116 to 25, in the face of many adverse circumstances, justifies considerable elation.

Had it not been for the treachery on the part of a few sore heads, Deane would have been elected. As it was, he proved that Kamloops district is by no means a safe tory seat in spite of the gerrymander, which cut him out of some 40 to 50 liberal votes.

So close have been the results throughout the province that a fresh appeal to the country is now in order under liberal auspices, and in that case the feeling here is that the liberals will have no difficulty in carrying a majority of the seats.

The reported alliance of the McBride party with the socialists will surely discredit the tory party throughout the province, and effectually work their downfall at a nearly date. A splendid showing was made for liberalism throughout the recent contest, and if liberals stand firm there cannot long be delayed the time when British Columbia will be blessed with a strong liberal administration.

BUT NOT FROM NELSON.

Railway Freight Rates Reduced at Calgary About One-Third.

[Special to The Daily News.]

Calgary, N. W. T., Oct. 6.—There has been a wholesale reduction in freight rates by the Canadian Pacific Railway on goods going from Calgary north and south on the Calgary & Edmonton line.

The change went into effect yesterday, the rate generally being a reduction of about 33 per cent.

This will be a great boon to Calgary wholesalers and manufacturers. There is an equal reduction on all local freight on these points of about the same amount.

A trader's rate has also been established between Calgary, Lethbridge, Pincher Creek, Fernie and other points along the C. P. R.

THEY GOT OFF.

End of a Complicated Criminal Case at New Westminster Yesterday.

[Special to The Daily News.]

New Westminster ,Oct. 6.—The first case in the fall assizes tried today before Mr. Justice Drake, in which McDonald, Craige and Costello were tried for log stealing, promised to be one of the most complicated cases ever heard in the local court, but W. Bowser, Vancouver's clever lawyer, ably defended the prisoners, and in a few well chosen remarks won the sympathy of the jury and the acquittal of the prisoners.

THE OFFICIAL COUNT.

Some Changes in the Victoria Returns.—Socialist Loses His Deposit.

[Special to The Daily News.]

Victoria, Oct. 6.—The official count here today pulled Drury up nearly 100 votes and put Helmcken ahead of McPhillips.

The result of the count is as follows: Liberals—Cameron, 1863; Drury, 1844; McNiven, 1661; Hall, 1555. Conservatives—Hayward, 1407; Helmcken, 1339; McPhillips, 1307; Hunter, 1232. Socialist—Watters, 699. Watters loses his deposit.

MOVEMENT OF GRAIN.

Montreal, Oct. 6.—The movement of grain in the northwest is not so heavy this season as last. Up to the end of September the C. P. R. had only moved 3,336,000 bushels of grain, as compared with 5,082,000 bushels at the same time last year. The shortage is due to unfavorable weather. It is expected that from now on shipments will increase, and that by the end of the season the shipments will be up to last year's mark.

C. P. R. FREIGHT RATES.

[Special to The Daily News.]

Winnipeg, Oct. 6.—The Canadian Pacific announces today a reduction of from two to three cents per hundred pounds in the wheat rates from Manitoba and northwest points to lake Superior ports.

The Canadian Northern announces an advance of one cent per hundred pounds, making the rates equal on both roads.

KIPLING'S NEW BOOK.

New York, Oct. 6.—Twenty-five new poems from the pen of Rudyard Kipling are published today in a volume entitled "The Five Nations," published simultaneously in New York and London. The poet gained inspiration for the most of his new work in the South African war and several of the poems take rank with the best service songs that he sang in India in bygone days.

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE TO MEET.

Baltimore, Oct. 6.—The annual convention of the league of American municipalities will open at the Y.M.C.A. auditorium in this city tomorrow. Mayor McLane will welcome the delegates and J. Adger Smyth, mayor of Charleston, S. C., and president of the league, will respond. Mayor James M. Head, of Nashville, will speak on the advantages of municipal construction over the contract system, and other speakers will be heard on topics relating to good municipal government. The sessions will last until Saturday. About 300 mayors and other city officials are here for the convention.

WANTS PEACE.

Sultan Declares He Does Not Desire to Go to War—Turkish Forces Defeated.

Paris, Oct. 6.—A despatch from Constantinople says that the sultan does not desire anything but peace in Macedonia, and will not make war unless forced to.

Sofia, Oct. 6.—Details of the fighting at Kittkar near Kratavo, on October 1st and 2nd, show that the battle waged for 36 hours. The Turks found it impossible to dislodge the eighty insurgents and they brought up two cannon. The shots went over the insurgents and wrought havoc among the Turks on the other side of the position. The insurgents escaped. The Turkish losses are variously estimated at from sixty to two hundred and sixty men killed or wounded.

Sofia, Oct. 6.—A copy of the Austrian Russian-Hungarian note to Turkey has been presented to the premier of Bulgaria who is urged to take action as will prove that the Bulgarian government is making a loyal endeavor to assist the work of pacification. Failing this Bulgaria has been warned that she will be exposed to the most cruel disaster.

THE DAY AT THE CAPITAL

GOVERNMENT CAUCUS ON THE RAILWAY SUBSIDIES.

AULAY MORRISON WITHDRAWS THE BRIDGE BILL.

[Special to The Daily News.]

Ottawa, Oct. 6.—There was a government caucus here this forenoon.

It is understood that the railway subsidies and the Quebec bridge were up for discussion. It is also understood that bonds on the bridge, not to exceed $6,000,000, will be guaranteed, and legislation will be introduced to this effect.

The railway subsidies will likely be down tomorrow.

Mr. Justice Killam, from Manitoba, took his seat on the supreme court bench here today for the first time.

At the railway committee for the commons today, Aulay Morrison withdrew the New Westminsted bridge bill. There was no discussion.

Ottawa, Oct. 6.—A caucus of the liberal party this morning endorsed the decision of the government to guarantee the bonds of the Quebec Bridge Co., amounting to $6,000,000.

In the house this morning Borden complained of the delay in the production of the returns, and sir Wilfrid Laurier answered that an officer would be appointed to look after the matter.

Mr. Patterson read a statement from an American customs officer at Parry Sound, that traffic originating in the United States and destined for American cities, could not be carried through the lakes on British bottoms.

This was to throw the difficulty in the way of Mr. Borden's suggestion for the government taking over the Canada Atlantic fleet in the upper lakes.

The house then took up the estimates for the eastern provinces.

The autumn session of the supreme court of Canada opened this morning, chief justice Taschereau presiding. The commission was read appointing Mr. Justice Killam, of Winnipeg, to this bench, and the new judge took his seat.

A touching reference was made by the chief justice to the death of Mr. Justice Armour, in which the court shared in the universal expression of eulogies upon his judicial life.

NEW COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Said to Be an Exceedingly Able Administrator.

Montreal, Oct. 6.—Professor John Cox, of McGill university today paid the following tribute to the new colonial secretary:

"I was acquainted with Hon. Alfred Lyttleton at Trinity college, Cambridge, where, while he was not by any means undistinguished in his academic career, he was known rather by his capacity, and character, than by his intellect. His career as a man of affairs justifies the strong impression he produced on his contemporaries at Cambridge. His eminently level-headed disposition, combined with his splendid physique, athletic prowess and genial disposition make him a good leader.

"I should call him an ideal of the Rhodes' scholar. He is the very type of man that that great empire builder, Cecil Rhodes, would have trained for service in the empire, and if the present government lasts long enough to allow him to show his metal, I see no reason why he should not make a success in the colonial office."

THE BRANTFORD HORROR.

Police Afraid of the Crowd Attacking Kennedy the Man Accused.

Brantford, Ont., Oct. 6.—At the resumption of the inquest on the outrage and murder of little Irene Cole, last night, seven witnesses were heard and four of whom identified the prisoner Kennedy, they having seen him in the vicinity of Willows on the day of the murder.

Fearing trouble from the big crowd surrounding the court room after the adjournment of the inquest, the police would not remove the prisoner until the crowd dispersed.

THE QUEBEC CABINET.

[Special to The Daily News.]

Quebec, Oct. 6.—The Hon. J. C. McCorkill was sworn in today as provincial treasurer in succession to the late Hon. H. T. Duffy, in the Parent government.

W. A. Weir, the member for Argenteuil, the well known Montreal barrister was also sworn in as minister without portfolio.

COMOX GOES CONSERVATIVE.

[Special to The Daily News.]

Vancouver, Oct. 6.—Robert Grant, conservative is probably elected for Comox riding by thirty-four majority.

No definite returns have been received from Similkameen up to a late hour tonight.

ONTARIO BYE-ELECTION.

Toronto, Oct. 6.—Sheriff Farewell has been appointed returning officer for the bye-election at Sault Ste Marie.

NO CHANCE FOR McBRIDE

Cannot Hope to Secure a Workable Majority

Fernie Situation Will Soon be Settled

With Comox, Similkameen and Fernie still in doubt, the provincial political situation remains unchanged.

Conceding the McBride government all three seats, the result of the e ections would now stand:

Conservatives	22
Liberals	18
Socialists	2
Total	42

The interview with E. C. Smith, the liberal candidate in Fernie, published today in another column of this issue, pretty well settles how Fernie will eventually go, though a recount before the county judge may still be necessary before the question is settled.

The government can not afford to lose one of the doubtful seats, and it may be said that Mr. McBride will be unable to meet the house with a workable majority behind him.

The conservatives have been declaring that W. C. Wells, of Columbia, could be counted upon to support Mr. McBride, but the emphatic denial of the member for Columbia is a sufficient answer to this story.

With Fernie in the liberal column it is impossible to see why the lieutenant-governor should wait for the assembling of the house on November 26th, as the McBride government will be admittedly in the minority. Before the Fernie question can be finally settled, at least two weeks, if not longer, will have to elapse, in the meantime the liberals have called a meeting of members elect at Vancouver, when some definite action will be taken, in addition to electing a leader.

There would appear to be no other course open to the lieutenant-governor than to call for the resignation of the McBride administration and invite the accredited leader of the opposition to form a cabinet and again appeal to the electors.

This is the view taken at the coast, and later on is probably what will be done.

With a liberal returned for Fernie, and having to elect a speaker, the premier would be left with twenty followers against nineteen liberals and two socialists—an impossible situation for any government to attempt to meet and overcome in the face of the fact that the election just held was on strictly party lines.

Mr. McBride has had his chance and lost it. It is now the turn of his opponents, and in all fairness the liberals should now be given the same opportunity to obtain a workable majority in the house, as the conservatives have already had.

Says the Vancouver World: "Hon Mr. McBride is differently situated. Even should he on meeting the house present an actual majority, but not a majority sufficient to safely transact business, he could not resort to the expedient of another election with the hope of strengthening his hands. His chance in this has now been taken advantage of, and could only by merest possibility come to him again. Should the opposition duplicate the government's admitted failure of Saturday to secure a working majority from the people—then the positions would be reversed, and as the opposition leader, Mr. McBride would have a second opportunity. It is a rare contingency, as remote almost as the distant stars.

"The danger of the immediate present lies in the doctrine of 'political expediency,' and the too-evident hope of premier McBride to prove his orthodoxy therein by coquetting with the socialistic representatives of Nanaimo and Newcastle, so that should he succeed, all governmental action and policy be placed at the caprice of Messrs. Hawthornthwaite and Williams, the socialistic members in questino, the end assuredly would be worse than the beginning. Another general election is something no one desires to see precipitated—yet even it would be much preferable to the subversion of truly representative government which would necessarily be accomplished in the event of the McBride government carrying on purely and wholly by grace of the two socialists whom chance has made the arbiters of its fate.

A FABULOUS FIND.

Jacksonville, Oregon, Oct 6.—As a result of construction of a dam across Rogue river here to conserve water for power purposes a fabulously rich deposit of placer gold has been discovered in the bed of the stream. It is estimated that $250,000 is in sight.

Alexander Orme, foreman of the dam construction, was the finder of the gold bearing gravel. He panned out $100 worth in two and a half hours, but as soon as the fact that gold existed in the bar became known the power company refused to allow further mining operations. Extensive preparations are being made to work the property.

THE JAPANESE IRVING.

Victoria, Oct. 6.—Mail advices received by the steamer Shinano Maru tell of the death of Schikama Danjuro, the most prominent actor in Japan, who has been called the Japanese Irving.

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INCORPORATED 1670.
THE GREAT STORES OF THE GREAT WEST
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SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Daily, per month, by carrier	$ 65
Daily, per month, by mail	50
Daily, per year, by carrier	7 00
Daily, per year, by mail	5 00
Daily, per year, foreign	8 00

THE WEEKLY NEWS:

Weekly, per half year	$1 25
Weekly, per year	2 00
Weekly, per year, foreign	3 00

Subscriptions invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES:

Display Advertisement, $4 per inch per month; Display Advertisements, 25 cents per inch each insertion less than a month; Locals, 10 cents per line each insertion; Classified Advertisements 1 cent per word each insertion; Wholesale Cards, $2.50 per months; Society Cards, $2.50 per month.

LONDON AGENCY:

The Daily News is on file at the offices of E. & J. Hardy & Co., Advertising and Press Agents, 30 Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL NELSON NO. 226

THE LIBERAL RECORD.

Though the elections are over and done with, at least for the present, and we may take it that the general public will be glad to enjoy a period of relief from political strife and a cessation from so much political talk in the press, there is a side to the question of politics which will best bear careful study when the heat of the battle is done and the smoke has cleared away.

It is our opinion that the people of British Columbia are awakening, as never before, to the knowledge that the liberal party in Canada is the source whence the better features of federal administration come. There is no question as to the growth of public sentiment in favor of liberalism in this province, and although every election is not decided upon party questions but other factors are allowed to creep in and hide the true issues before the electorate, that degree of favor cannot but continue to increase in the future, more rapidly, and with greater strength, than it has in the past. The Toronto News discussing the record of the liberal party has this to say about it and some of those men who have prominently figured in its ranks: "The liberals have been the constitutionalists of Canada. Their splendid battles for popular rights form the best chapters in the party's history. All down the years their handiwork is conspicuous in the structure of our institutions. From Mackenzie and Bidwell, and Baldwin and Lafontaine, we had responsible government. From Mackenzie and Blake and Cartwright we had the ballot, simultaneous polling and reformed election machinery. From Brown and Mowat and Fraser we had the defence of federalism and the successful assertion of the principle of local autonomy. From all we had an unceasing battle for free speech in the press and fair play in the constituencies, and the strenuous teaching of high politics. The record has its inconsistencies and its blemishes, but these leaders still stand out in fine relief as the champions of free institutions and integrity in public affairs, and for two generations, even, many conservatives probably had the secret notion that while their leaders had the greater capacity for government, their political methods would not quite bear comparison with the methods of the leaders of liberalism.

ORGANIZED LABOR.

If organized labor is to do all for its cause that its advocates are hoping and striving for, there must be a more pronounced unanimity within its ranks. During the recent election wage earners have had ample opportunity to see and learn what has to be done, and what has to be left undone, if they are to win for the cause they espouse, their own betterment, that power without which they can accomplish little. The lessons of the past election should not be lost to them; they are so plain that they who run may read, but whether they will be profited by it is not so easy to say. It is to be hoped that they will not fail to grasp the significance of what has transpired in Vancouver for example. There was no need for the result obtained there and had there been unanimity it would have been entirely different.

With schisms within itself this unanimity may be retarded, but it will come if the voice of reason prevails. The Toronto News refers to the Trades Congress at Brockville and asserts that though an earnest attempt was made to find the short cut to success they missed it and this, the News thinks, was due to the action taken with respect to the question of the readmission of the representatives of the Knights of Labor. The News says: "The Trades Congress is a legislative body, whose only function is to watch the course of legislation as it affects labor, and try and direct it into channels that will promote the welfare of the workingmen of the dominion. That being the purpose of the organization, it should be open to delegates from every labor organization in Canada. Otherwise, it represents but a section, and cannot go to parliament and demand legislation in the name of organized labor without being met with oposition from those who are excluded. Nor is it likely that a Canadian parliament will listen with very much respect to a trades congress to which admission is secured only through connection with an organization that is four-fifths American, when there stands in opposition to it a purely Canadian national congress.

"Friends of labor who understand the movement with sympathize with the purpose of the congress in trying to strengthen the international unions, but they will deplore the ardency that led to the exclusion of some thousands of workmen, whose loyalty to trades unionism is not to be questioned, but whose education is not so complete."

A little Sunlight Soap will clean cut glass and other articles until they shine and sparkle. Sunlight Soap will wash other things than clothes. 4B

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Giving the McBride government all the remaining seats now in doubt, including Fernie, where a recount is ordered, all the conservatives can count upon in a full house is twenty-two members, and having elected a speaker they will have to carry on the affairs of the province with a majority of one. Quite apart from party politics the situation is anything but a pleasant one to contemplate. It remains to be seen what action the lieutenant-governor will now take under all the circumstances. If no action is taken the house will meet on Thursday, November 26th, and the old turmoil and caballing will begin all over again.

The Manufacturers' Association of eastern Canada, whose touring members visited this city and left on their homeward journey yesterday, have been accounted as not altogether favorable to the mining industry of the west. The association has been accused of strongly objecting to the lead bonus and of in other ways opposing western demands generally. The visit to the west of the association has admittedly dispelled some erroneous ideas of the situation out here previously held by the members and in the future the association can be confidently counted upon to support the reasonable demands of this province.

Provincial secretary Goodeve says he is going off to Victoria. He is reported as saying yesterday: "I retain my cabinet position until the government appoints my successor or I secure a seat in the legislature from some other constituency. The moment I am satisfied as to the course which events have taken in the province I will go to Victoria to meet my colleagues and go into the matter with them. It is possible arrangements will be made whereby I may permanently be a member of the cabinet." Mr. Goodeve was doubtless given the portfolio of the provincial secretaryship with the implied understanding that he should succeed in retaining Rossland in the tory ranks. The electors of the Golden City have turned Mr. Goodeve down by nearly a hundred votes and he will more than likely find the atmosphere at Victoria decidedly chilly should he now go there to "consult with my colleagues.' It is pretty reasonably certain that if the government decide to try and carry on affairs at the capital, and refill the two cabinet positions now vacant, Mr. Goodeve will not be asked to remain in the ministry, and no attempt will be made to find a seat for him. If he does not understand the situation he is apt to find out very promptly that there is a great difference between a successful and a defeated minister.

LATE AMBASSADOR'S FUNERAL

London, Oct. 6.—The body of sir Michael Herbert, late British ambassador to the United States who died in Switzerland last week, was interred this afternoon in the family burial ground at Wilton, the funeral was largely private.

King Edward and the prince of Wales sent representatives. A memorial service in Marlborough chapel was attended by the nobility, diplomats and others.

Use Lever's Dry Soap (a powder) to wash woolens and flannels,—you'll like it. 32

PILGRIMS GIVE FETE.

London, Oct. 6.—There was a brilliant gathering at Claridge's tonight when the Pilgrims' club gave a dinner in honor of the members of the Alaskan Boundary commission. Lord Roberts presided, and the speakers included ambassador Choate, secretary Root, lord Mount Stephen, Hon. Clifford Sifton and others.

CASCADE—the Beer that is Beer.

Ordinary teas are often thin and watery or sometimes bitter. Blue Ribbon is always full-flavored and fragrant and its color is rich and clear. Specially handled from plantation to store.
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IS NOT AN ENGLISH CITY

LONDON IS A COLLECTION OF NATIONALITIES

EXCEEDINGLY LARGE FOREIGN POPULATION.

We are apt to look upon London as an English city; this is a great mistake; it is a collection of nationalities. To take the Germans alone, if they were to congregate in one quarter they would comprise the population of a town as big as Heidelberg or Bonn. The German who leaves the Fatherland, impelled by that spirit of "Wanderschaft," of travelling, which for centures has sent young Teutons into all parts of the world "in search of adventure," to use the fairy-book phrase, or, in plain English to make a living, and who finds his way to London, whither all roads leads, is not lost in a foreign city, but has come from one home to another.

There are several quarters of London which are almost as German as the Freidrich Strasse in Berlin. Leman street, Whitechapel, is the High street of the East End Germans, and all around from the City Road to Finsbury Circus, one finds a crowd of German shops, hotels, lodging houses, clubs, and restaurants, which give evidence of the large Teutonic population in our midst. But this is only one district which the German invader has marked down for his own. In the West End the well-to-do Germans of London have selected the environs of Cavendish square, and those who prefer suburban life have settled in large numbers at Denmark Hill, Sydenham, Kentish town, and Dalston. In Soho the German holds his own with other foreigners, and there are scattered colonies at Green Lanes, Walthamstow, Wimbledon, and King's Cross.

The Germans are all what Dr. Johnson called "clubbable" men, and the number of "Vereinen' in London is a witness to this national characteristic. There are no fewer than seventy-four German societies in London which have an element of club life. The centre of German social life for the working middle class of the east end is the "Deutscher Gwerbe und Theater Verein" (the German handicraft and Theatrical society) in East road, off the city road. It has a membership of 1,100 men and women, is an admirable institution in the midst of a very crowded quarter, which helps to bring a great deal of light and brightness into the lives of these hard working foreigners. The subscription is only 2s 6d. yearly, and for this the members have the privilege of admittance to excellent club premises containing large dining rooms, a billiard room, reading room, and ball-room. The latter is fitted up with a little stage, and here, on Saturday and Sunday evenings, drawing room plays are performed by club members (under the direction of Herr Max Sylge, of the German theatre in Breslau, interspersed with songs and resitations, the entertainments closing with a dance.

Here also on national feast days the enthusiasm of young Germany finds a free vent, and toasts to "Das Vaterland," health to Kaiser Wilhelm, and the honor of the army are drunk in stone breakers of lager, with resounding "Hochs" that shake the rafters and flutter the German flags which always decorate the rooms.

In the West End the Germans of the higher ranks assemble at the "Deutscher" (the German society of Art and Knowledge), sometimes called the German Athenaeum, where Herr professors and distinguished men of science, art, diplomacy, and commerce sustain the reputation of the Fatherland by lectures and entertainments of an exalted and truly German character.

Among the most interesting phases of German life which have found a home in London are the "singing clubs" which do more than anything to cure that "heimweh" or homesickness, which melts the heart of the young German, in a foreign land. North, east, south and west, in the taverns and restaurants of the German quarters, there are what are called "Liedertafn," (song tables) and "Mannergesangvereinen" (choral societies), where over the friendy liager and the homely, long-stemmed pipe the old national ballads are trolled forth with a depth of patriotic emotion that only Englishmen abroad can realize.

In the German hotels of Finsbury Square and Soho there are special evenings when the "Society of the German Veterans," the "Society of German Reservists of Wilhelm II. in Great Britain," "The German Military Club of England," and "The Union of German Officers on Leave," hold gatherings of an exclusively military character, and criticise the English war office with much self-satisfaction.

Another German institution met with in London is the skittle alley. The devotees of the game belong to three skittle clubs, all situated in the Pentonville road; but several hotels and other clubs have a skittling alley attached to the premises which offers more attraction to the average German than the best appointed billiard table.

In the Pancras road, King's Cross, there is another establishment resorted to by hundreds of young Germans who take a pride in carrying on the traditions of their early training. This is the "Deutscher Turn-verein," or gymnasium, where boxing, fencing and gymnastic exercises are taught by men of high reputation and skill.

There is hardly a trade of occupation among the Germans of London which is not represented by its "society," or "club," or "union." The number of unions helps the Englishman to realize how many trades there are in which German competition is beating him in his own country.

There are many benevolent institutions in London which look after the social and moral welfare of young German people of both sexes. Of these the most important, perhaps, is the German Young Men's Christian Association, with branches at Finsbury Square and Leman street.

Cheap beds and good food are provided for all Christian young men of German nationality who care to join the society, and in the evenings, there are lectures and entertainments of an agreeable character with a certain amount of religious instruction and prayer.

In Leman street is the headquarters of another institution of an extremely interesting character. This is the German artisans' colony, established at Lidbury Hall, Munden, Hertfordshire. It was founded in September, 1900, for providing out-of-work Germans with occupations which would enable them to save enough money to return to the Fatherland, or to keep them until they could obtain permanent employment elsewhere. In the course of somewhat over two years over 700 Germans have entered the colony, of whom 205 have earned enough money by market gardening and basket making to return to their native land, and 500 others have maintained themselves by their work on the soil until getting profitable other employment through the agency of the headquarters in Leman street. This scheme, put on foot by philanthropic Germans, suggests a source of relief for our own out-of-work artisans. If Germans can make market gardening pay on English soil, why should not Englishmen succeed as well?

There are eleven Lutheran and German Evangelical churches in London, besides various halls which are used on Sunday for "Gottesdienst." The secular education of German children is also well provided for, there being seven "Deutsche-Englische Schulen," situated in the most populous German quarters of the great city.

The news of the world and especially of London and the Fatherland, is provided by two German newspapers, each of which has a considerable circulation. These are the Londoner Zeitung and the Londoner General Anzeiger. There is also a financial paper called the Die Finanz Chronik. Finally, German London has a splendid hospital at Dalston.

Even when we have explored all these outward and visible signs of German life in London, we have by no means taken account of all our Teutonic population. In spite of their fondness for club life and their inborn patriotism, many thousands of young Teutons who come to London as clerks make a point of avoiding the German hotels and the "Logir und Speisehauser," or lodging houses, preferring to board with English families, where they may get a chance of learning the language and social life of the country.

The boarding houses of Bloomsbury, and the furnished apartments of suburban London, are thronged with these emissaries of the Fatherland.—P. G. in the London Mall.

HE LEARNED A GREAT TRUTH.

It is said of John Wesley that he once said to Mistress Wesley: "Why do you tell that child the same thing over and over again?" "John Wesley, because once telling is not enough." It is for this same reason that you are told again and again that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cures colds and grip; that it counteracts any tendency of these diseases to result in pneumonia, and that it is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

CASCADE Beer in pints and quarts.

NORTHERN PACIFIC'S RECORD.

New York, Oct. 6.—The annual meeting of the Northern Pacific railroad was held at the headquarters in this city today. The pamphlet report presented to the stockholders showed an increase of $4,754,725 in the gross earnings of the company for the fiscal year ended June 30th, 1903, also an increase of $2,748,679 in operating expenses and an increase of $1,739,503 in net earnings. The surplus at the close of the last fiscal year was $1,670,946 in excess of the previous year.

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NEW STAR IN THE HORIZON

LAURIER'S CLOSING SPEECH ON RAILWAY BILL.

CANADA'S TIME TO ADVANCE HAS ARRIVED.

The motion to read the Transcontinental Railway measure a third time was met in the commons by six of the quiverful amendments which the opposition had moved in committee. Four divisions were taken in a house showing about half of its total membership. The other two amendments were declared lost "on division.

Mr. Borden's amendment called for enquiry before action, and set out in abstract terms the general principles of the alternative scheme, of which he had given the concrete details earlier in the session. To this amendment the opposition leader and prime minister spoke, each at some length, and each in his own way. Mr. Borden figured his plan some sixty millions cheaper than the government proposition, and the premier replied with a vivid picture of the future of newer and greater Canada.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier himself replied to Mr. Borden, quite unexpectedly. The premier said that Mr. Borden had given the greater part of his speech not to an attack on the government measure, but to a defence of his own policy. Mr. Borden's amendment in no way gave effect to the propositions laid down in his speech. In the three-weeks' debate on the measure in committee it had been subjected to microscopic scrutiny, hair splitting and sand weighing, but no effective amendment had been proposed. Now the opposition leader produced a simple negative.

Mr. Borden had said that the Intercolonial railway should be extended to the Georgian bay, but in his amendment he called for the continuance of the Intercolonial, for government ownership. Whatever put that in issue? the premier asked.

The Borden declaration for the delivery of Canadian traffic to Canadian ports exactly met the government's views as set out in its measure. But Mr. Borden did not dare put in his amendment the arguments he had made in his speech.

No madder scheme could be devised, the premier said, than that the government should attempt to manage the Canada Atlantic as a part of the Intercolonial. Three-fourths of the business carried over the Canada Atlantic in both directions was of American origin, either in the eastern or western states. In order to carry freight, the Canada Atlantic had to maintain a fleet on the lakes, and that fleet was composed largely of American bottoms. Unless it were carried in American bottoms, freight could not be brought from Duluth, Milwaukee and Chicago to the Canadian railway at Depot Harbor. The bonding privilege would prevent that. The government was asked by Mr. Borden to become a company of navigators of vessels flying the American flag. The premier, in fine, declared the operation of the Canada Atlantic as utterly impracticable.

It was at the base of the government policy to bring the east and the west together by direct railway communication. Wherein was the plan to purchase the Canadian Pacific from North Bay to Fort William, as proposed by Mr. Borden, superior to the government plan to build another line? It would cost more to buy the Canadian Pacific than to build a new line. If the Canadian Pacific were bought it would cost an enormous sum to bore through the granite to improve the road on an economic basis. You could not grow a turnip on the Borden route, whereas the government road would run through a fertile country, well wooded. Not an intelligent elector in the country, the premier declared, would approve the Borden policy.

The government policy was fitted at all points to carry Canadian freight to Canadian channels. The premier pictured Mr. Borden as struggling between political exigency and personal conscience as shown by his conditional acceptance of the Moncton section, the Quebec to Winnipeg section, the prairie section and the mountain section. If he agreed to all these, of what did he complain?

There were "mountains of information" as to the character of the north country, the premier would not withdraw that, but the Mahomets of the opposition would not go to the mountain, and they had such information as to the route that the government felt more justified than ever in adhering to the policy.

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Ask for the Brewery Bottling.

For sale by Hudson's Bay Company, Nelson

As to the question of water transportation, the government held it of the utmost importance. It had done more to facilitate water transportation than any previous government, and the result was that more grain was being shipped by the St. Lawrence today than in any year during the past thirty years. No one proposed that the waterways should be closed. The water and rail means of transportation would depend upon each other. While the water communication would be closed for six months of the year, the people would have the railways to depend upon instead of being compelled to wait idly until navigation opened in the spring, as in the past. More railways would make every day of the year a working day in Canada. As to whether rail or water transportation would be cheapest, that would be a question for the future to solve. This railway was not only to transport grain, as might be inferred from the remarks of the opposition, but everything that civilized man wanted in a country like Canada. The policy was imperative, and the government would be going back on its duty to the people if it did not carry it out. If Mr. Borden believed that Canada should have three or four railways in the near future, he should be found supporting the government scheme instead of throwing cold water on it.

In conclusion, sir Wilfrid said that while the United States had experienced remarkable development during the nineteenth century, a new star had arisen on the horizon. A star not in the orbit of the United States configuration, but a star standing firm and resplendent in the western sky, a star to which the emigrant leaving his native country to seek a new home now turned his head. Canada must commence at once on the march of progress, and not tomorrow, and the Canadian people expected that parliament would stand true to the destiny of the country. It would cost money, but money was no object when such a need presented itself. The treasury of the country could well cope with it, and in view of those circumstances he asked the house to stand by the government policy advocated. Sir Wilfrid resumed his seat amidst hearty and prolonged applause.

OWES HIS LIFE TO A NEIGHBOR'S KINDNESS.

Mr. D. P. Daugherty, well known throughout Mercer and Sumner counties, W. Va., most likely owes his life to the kindness of a neighbor. He was almost hopelessly afflicted with diarrhoea; was attended by two physicians who gave him little, if any, relief, when a neighbor learning of his serious condition, brought him a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhoea Remedy, which cured him in less than twenty-four hours. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

Amber colored, Glorious, CASCADE Beer

AN ADVANCE IN SILVER.

Situation is Distinctly Hopeful For the Producer of Silver.

Silver is advancing under the influence of certain causes, the price having reached 59 3-4 cents per ounce within the last few days, says the Mining Reporter. The demands of France and India for coinage purposes and the heavy purchases by the United States government of bullion for the Philippine coinage have all drawn upon the available supply to a noticeable extent. Then the conferences of representatives of various governments for the purpose of establishing commercially a ratio of exchange between gold and silver-using countries, presumably at 32 to 1, is influencing prices toward 65 cents per ounce. The dominant smelting and ore selling concern of the United States, which is also largely concerned in silver production, both in the United States and Mexico, is also influential in advancing prices. Mr. George E. Roberts, director of the mints, in an address at the recent mining congress, predicted an improvement in the silver market, and he spoke from an intimate knowledge of the supply and movements of the money metals, present and prospective, and his predictions are therefore worth considering. While the tendency of commercial nations is to adopt the gold standard, this fact always carries with it the necessity in all cases for a large volume of subsidiary money for which silver coins are used. Resources are rapidly developing in both hemispheres and with it comes greater monetary demands; and much of this new life and development in the future is destined to be in the practically silver-using countries.

With these conditions prevailing there would seem to be prosperity in store for silver as well as gold producers, and the silver miners of the west should take courage.

A REMARKABLE RECORD.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has a remarkable record. It has been in use for over thirty years, during which time many million bottles have been sold and used. It has long been the standard and main reliance in the treatment of croup in thousands of homes, yet during all this time no case has ever been reported to the manufacturers in which it failed to effect a cure. When given as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even as soon as the croupy cough appears, it will prevent the attack. It is pleasant to take, many children like it. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

CASCADE—The queen of Beers.

THAT TRAIN WRECK.

Editor, The Daily News,—Will you kindly allow me space to correct a false impression conveyed by a fairy tale appearing in your Sunday edition from Kaslo, anent an attempt to wreck the train carrying Sir C. H. Tupper to Sandon on Thursday night last. Your informant exaggerated a small dirt slide about one mile this side of Sandon into a villianous attempt to wreck sir Hibbert's private car to do him an injury. There is not a word of truth in the report and the story throws an undeserved and uncalled for slur on the Kaslo socialists. With thanks, I am, yours truly,

O A. SUTHERLAND.

Kaslo, Oct. 6th.

[The dispatch referred to by Mr. Sutherland came to The Daily News from its special correspondent in Vancouver, who reported the story as it was understood in the coast city.—Ed.]

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and certain to act, always use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

Forget your Troubles in CASCADE Beer

FESTIVITIES AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Oct. 6.—The Veiled Prophet made his twenty-eighth annual visit to St. Louis this evening, and it is estimated 100,000 visitors witnessed the great show. The novel feature of this year's parade was the employment of electricity for propelling and illuminating the floats. The familiar blanketed steeds, led by dusky grooms in red cloaks, were discarded for the trolley wire and motor. It was the first "horseless" pagent which the Veiled Phophet had deigned to honor with his august presence, and the spectacle had added interest for this reason. The program of festivities wound up with the Veiled Prophet's ball, which as usual, was the great society event of the year in St. Louis.

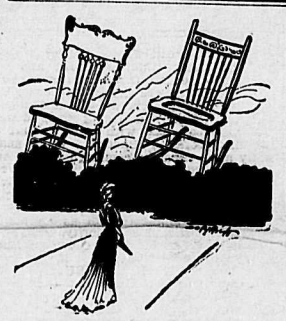
RAN A NAIL THROUGH HIS HAND.

While opening a box, J. C. Mount, of Three Mile Bay, N. Y., ran a tenpenny nail through the fleshy part of his hand. "I thought at once of all the pain and soreness this would cause me," he says, "and immediately applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm and occasionally afterwards. To my surprise it removed all pain and soreness and the injured parts were soon healed." For sale by all druggists and dealers.

Drink CASCADE Beer.

DOWNES' HOTEL, CRANBROOK. New, up-to-date sample rooms.

DOWNES' HOTEL, CRANBROOK. New, up-to-date sample rooms.



OUR FURNITURE LOOMS UP clearly and temptingly. Those of ordinary discernment can see that this is not ordinary furniture, although the price seems to be about the same.

But the value is different. This FURNITURE will be still beautiful and yet in active service when the other kind has joined the great army of "has-beens."

Much to admire in this line of WOOD ROCKERS besides the handsome design and fine finish. The prices are attractive.

D. McARTHUR & Co.
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers

A. G. GAMBLE
Turner-Boeckh Block, WARD STREET. NELSON, B.C.

H. D. ASHCROFT
MINERS' LIVERY AND FEED STABLE
Teaming and Packing done. Saddle Horses for Hire. Hacks and buggies on call day and night. Stables on Stanley street, between Silica and Carbonate. Telephone 67. P. O. Box 158, Nelson, B.C

BARTLETT HOUSE
Formerly Clarke House.
The best $1 per day house in Nelson. None but white help employed. The bar the best.
G. W. BARTLETT - Prop.

WALDORF HOTEL
YMIR, B. C.
G. S. COLEMAN . . . Proprietor.
Headquarters for Mining and Commercial Men. Most comfortable hotel in the District. Sample room in connection. Everything first-class.

Silver King Hotel
Under Old Management.
RATES $1 PER DAY AND UP

R. Reisterer & Co.
Brewers of Fine Lager, Beer and Porter.
DROP IN AND SEE US.
Latimer Street — — — Nelson B. C.

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Civil Engineers and Provincial Land Surveyors.
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JOHN McLATCHIE,
DOMINION AND PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR.
NELSON, B. C.

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PRODUCE.
STARKEY & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Produce and Fruit. Houston Block, Josephine Street, Nelson, B. C.

AERATED AND MINERAL WATERS.
NELSON SODA WATER FACTORY—M. M. Cummins, Lessee—Every known variety of soft drinks. P. O. Box 88, telephone No. 21, Hoover street, Nelson. Bottlers of the famous St. Leon Hot Springs Mineral Water.

HARDWARE.
McLACHLAN BROS. — WHOLESALE Hardware Merchants. Logging and Mill Supplies, Stoves, Tinware, Agateware, Iron, Pipes, and Mining Supplies. Prompt attention to mailed orders.

GROCERIES.
A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers and Provision Merchants.—Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and Warehouse, corner of Front and Hall streets. P. O. Box 542. Telephone 28.

CAMP AND MINERS' FURNISHINGS
A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESALE Jobbers in Blankets, Underwear, Mitts, Gloves, Boots, Rubbers, Overalls, Jumpers, Mackinaw, Oilskin Clothing, Camp and Miners' Sundries. Office and Warehouse, corner of Front and Hall streets. P. O. Box, 542. Telephone 28.

WANTED

NELSON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.—Wanted—Axemen for tramline, $3 a day

WANTED—Two pair No. 1 log makers, first class bushmen, none others wanted. Wages $3.00 per day. Board $1 per day. Extra for keeping saw. J. B. Winlaw.

WANTED—A first-class baker; must be good on pasteries. Apply Cranbrook bakery, Cranbrook, B. C.

WANTED—At Kootenay Lake General Hospital, a probationer nurse; for form of application apply to the Secretary.

WANTED—At once, two reliable boys. Apply Electric Despatch Message Office.

WANTED—Applications for position of caretaker of Success Club, fully stating terms, etc., will be accepted until 5th October. Address Secretary, Success Club.

WANTED—Immediately, nurse or mother's help. Apply evenings. Mrs. DuMoulin, Mill street.

WANTED—Young man to drive delivery rig. Estate Morrison & Caldwell.

TEACHER WANTED—For Beavermouth school, holding second or third class certificate. Male preferred. Apply to J. B. Saunders, Beavermouth, B. C.

WANTED—A reliable hardware clerk for mining town. Apply giving references to Hardware, care The Daily News.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Two Locomotive boilers on skids, 60 h.p., complete with mountings and in good working order. Manufactured by the James Cooper Manufacturing Co. Will be sold at a bargain. The Hall Mining and Smelting Company, Limited, Nelson, B. C.

OLD CURIOSITY SHOP—If you want to buy or sell anything go to the Old Curiosity Shop. Always in stock a full line of Crockery, Furniture and Glassware.

FOR SALE—Cheap one 18 h. p. double cylinder hoisting engine, (Lidgerwood Type) with rope sheave wheel. Apply Reddin-Jackson Co., Rossland, B. C.

PIANO TUNING

PIANO TUNER—A practical piano tuner, Mr. James R. Mull employed by the Mason & Risch Piano Co., will attend to all orders left at Morley & Co.'s. He is a resident of Nelson.

MUSIC LESSONS

F. J. PAINTON, piano.—Royal Conservatory of Leipsic. Method after Bruno Zwintcher, also McDonald Smith's system, "From brain to keyboard." "The most striking discovery of the present generation for practical musicians."—Musical News. Complete course $10. Corner Hall and Silica street.

NURSE

NURSE—Open to make engagements; maternity cases; do not mind light work. Communicate to A. B., News Office, Nelson, B. C.

FOR RENT

TO LET—Four furnished rooms and kitchen. Apply Elliot & Morrison, Cor Hall and Vernon streets.

FOR SALE.
Twenty-seven thousand three hundred feet of best patent improved crucible steel wire rope, one inch diameter, 6x16 Manila core Lang lay. This rope was imported under specially favorable opportunities in a car lot and as it is not now required, it will be sold at a sacrifice.
HALL MINING & SMELTING CO., LTD
Nelson, B. C., June 20th, 1903

SILVER KING MIKE
Will pay the highest cash price for all kinds of second hand goods. Will buy or sell anything from an anchor to a needle. Furniture, Stoves, Carpets, Cooking Utensils bought in household quantities. Also cast off clothing. Call and see me or write. Address Silver King Mike, Box 384 Hall Street, Nelson, B. C.

WEST KOOTENAY BUTCHER CO.
E. C. TRAVES, MANAGER
FRESH AND SALTED MEATS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Orders by mail receive careful and prompt attention
FISH AND POULTRY IN SEASON
K. W. C. BLOCK, WARD STREET, NELSON, B. C.

THE NELSON HOUSE
THE ONLY EUROPEAN HOTEL IN THE CITY — Centrally Located
ACCOMMODATION UP-TO-DATE
BRIGHT AND WELL VENTILATED ROOMS.
The meals served in the Cafe second to none.
Bar in connection with all the choicest wines, liquors and cigars.
Bus meets all trains and boats.

McLeod Hotel
CORNER FIR STREET AND SECOND AVENUE
YMIR, B. C.
Centrally located, rebuilt and refurnished throughout.
All modern improvements.
Sample rooms in connection.
The only first-class hotel in Ymir.
RATES FROM $1.50 UP.
FINLAY McLEOD, Proprietor

Madden House Baker St. Nelson
Do you need a comfortable home? If so try the Madden House. Well furnished rooms, lighted by electricity; first class board. In the bar you will find all the best domestic and imported liquors and cigars.
THOMAS MADDEN, Proprietor.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL
Opposite Court House and new Postoffice. Best 25c meal in town. European and American plan. Only white labor employed. First class bar.
THOMAS & ERICKSON, PROPS.

TREMONT HOUSE
EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN
MEALS 25c ROOMS FROM 25c TO $1.00
MALONE & TREGILLUS, Proprietors
Baker Street, Nelson.

KOOTENAY RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
OPERATING
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION AND TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.
KASLO & SLOCAN RAILWAY.
9.00 a.m. Lv..KASLO...Ar. 3.15 p.m.
1.00 p.m.Lv.SANDON.Ar. 11.25 a.m.
(DAILY)
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION AND TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.
KASLO-NELSON ROUTE.
5.00 a.m. Lv...NELSON..Ar. 7.15 p.m.
8.40 a.m. Ar...KASLO..Lv. 3.35 p.m.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays the steamer runs through from Nelson to Lardo and return.
Tickets sold to all parts of the United States and Canada via Great Northern and O. R. & N. Company's lines.
For further particulars call on or address.
ROBERT IRVING, Manager, Kaslo.
G. K. TACKABURY, Agent, Nelson

Nelson Electric Tramway Company Limited
NELSON, B. C.
N. E. T. CO. TIMETABLE.
STANLEY STREET—
6.45 7.40 8.20 a.m.
9.00 9.40 10.20
Every 40 minutes until 10.20 p.m.
BOGUSTOWN—
7.20 8.00 8.40 9.20 a.m.
10.00 10.40 11.20
Every 40 minutes until 10.40 p.m.
REAL ESTATE—Lots. Warehouses. Offices. Apply A. V. MASON, Man. Sec. The Car Barn, Phone 162B.

TICKETS TO ALL POINTS
East and West
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
VIA SHORT LINE TO
ST. PAUL, DULUTH, MINNEAPOLIS CHICAGO, AND ALL POINTS EAST
SEATTLE, TACOMA, VICTORIA PORTLAND AND ALL PACIFIC COAST POINTS
Through Palace and Tourist Sleepers, Dining and Buffet Smoking Library Cars.
2—FAST TRAINS DAILY—2
For rates, folders and full information regarding trips, call on or address any agent S. F. & N. Railway.
A. B. C. DENNISTON, G. W. P. A., Seattle, Wash.
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CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
WORLD'S SCENIC ROUTE
Direct line. Lowest rates.

East.	West.
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S. S. SERVICE FROM VACNOUVER
to
Alaska, Japan, China, Hawai, Australia.
Settlers' Rates Westbound, sold daily till November 30.
Through bookings to England and the Continent via all S.S. lines.
For time tables, rates and information, apply to local agents, or write
E. J. COYLE, Vancouver.
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Atlantic S.S. Sailings
C. P. R. ATLANTIC S.S. LINE.
(From Montreal)
Mount Temple.Oct.16 L. Champlain.Oct.22
ALLAN LINE
(From Montreal.)
Tunisian ....Oct. 10 Parisian .....Oct. 17
DOMINION LINE.
(From Montreal.)
Dominion ....Oct. 10 Kensington ..Oct. 17
(From Boston)
Mayflower ...Oct. 8 Columbus ..Oct. 14
AMERICAN LINE.
New York ...Oct. 7 Philadelphia .Oct. 14
RED STAR LINE.
Finland .....Oct. 10 Vaderland ...Oct. 17
CUNARD LINE.
Ivernia .....Oct. 6 Ultonia .....Oct. 17
ALLAN STATE LINE
Numidian ....Oct. 1 Mongolian ....Oct. 8
WHITE STAR LINE
Celtic .....Oct. 2 Oceanic .....Oct. 7
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La Touraine .Oct. 8 La Savoie ....Oct 15
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Continental Sailings of North German Lloyd, H. A. P. and Italian lines on application. Lowest rates on all lines.
J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson. W. P. F. CUMMINS, Gen. Agt., Winnipeg.

S. F. & N. Ry.
Spokane Exposition AND Jabour Carnival Co.
NELSON TO SPOKANE AND RETURN
$8.65
Tickets sold October 4-12 inclusive. Good to return until October 14th.
G. K. TACKABURY, Agent.

Nelson Steam Laundry
Work done by hand or machine. Dyeing and Cleaning done. Flannels, Blankets, Curtains, Etc., a specialty. Goods delivered on short notice.
White Labor Only. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Office Baker Street opposite Queen's Hotel. Telephone 146B.
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We have always on hand a very complete stock of

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NELSON, B. C.

GALT COAL

AND WOOD OF ALL KINDS.
Terms Spot Cash.

W. P. Tierney
Telephone 205.
Baker Street.

PRICE OF METALS.

New York, Oct. 6.—Bar silver 59 1-2; electrolytic copper 13 5-8; amalgamated copper 40 7-8.
London, Oct. 6.—Lead £11 1s 3d.

NELSON'S NEWS OF THE DAY

V. Hyde Baker, of Cranbrook, arrived in the city last evening on a short visit.

T. Hardy, ex-mayor of Greenwood, was among the arrivals at the Hume last evening.

The curfew bell is now being rung at a quarter to eight o'clock every evening, as is customary during the winter months

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Trites, of Fernie, stopped over in Nelson last evening on their way to Spokane to attend the fair now on.

The official recount of the ballots cast in the recent election at Nelson did not make any changes in the figures, the total remaining 781.

R. F. Green, minister of mines, for the province, passed through the city yesterday on his way to Victoria to attend the party caucus which will be held there this week.

S. H. Kruger, local representative of the Scranton Correspondence schools, has changed his office from the K. W. C. block to the corner of Hall and Mill streets.

George Gillies, president of the Athabasca-Venus Mining company, arrived in Nelson Monday evening and left yesterday for the mine, where he will spend a couple of days inspecting the workings. He is the guest of A. H. Gracey.

A wedding took place last evening at the Methodist parsonage, when William Scott of Rossland, was united to Miss Augusta Sands, of Nelson. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. W. Baer, with Frank Sharpe and Miss Mabel McCandlish as witnesses.

Unless delayed in transmission the civic bonds which are to be sold to pay for the installation of an electric power plant should reach England this week. It is probable that word will be received within a few days as to whether the sale has been completed or not.

The Social and Educational club will hold its postponed meeting on Friday evening at the Miners' union hall. A paper will be read by A. B. Sloan on the "Inside work of labor unions." Everybody is welcome to attend these meetings, no fee of any sort being attached.

The James Fax Concert company will appear at the Nelson opera house tomorrow evening and give one of their famous entertainments. James Fax is one of the best known comedians of the east, and for many years has delighted large audiences in Toronto, Montreal and other cities. He is accompanied by Ethel Schofield, dancer, and Bella Fax, soprano.

W. A. Galliher, M.P., left on Monday evening for Ottawa, and will remain till the end of the session. When Mr. Galliher came west it was uncertain whether the session would end about the beginning of this month or be continued for another six weeks. As it is believed now that it will last for another month, Mr. Galliher decided to return.

The exceptionally wet weather of the past few months has given the railway companies an immense lot of extra work along the lines in every direction. In the vicinity of Nelson a number of extra gangs have been placed at work ballasting and repairing all damaged places or threatened washouts, to have the whole in good condition before the frost comes.

The mining companies operating in the Lardeau, especially in the vicinity of Camborne are anxiously awaiting the building of another section of the railway now running from Gerrard to Kootenay lake. The bad condition of the wagon roads, which it is practically impossible to remedy, is costing them thousands of dollars through the delay in getting in supplies, which is holding back work at both mines and mills. Camborne itself is twenty-eight feet lower in altitude than Nelson, and between it and Comaplix on Arrow lake, there is only a drop of 150 feet. The line has been surveyed all the way through, but no move has been made this year to complete it. The officials of the C. P. R. who were through a few weeks ago were reticent on the subject, and would say nothing about it at present.

Born on Wednesday morning, October 7th, to the wife of W. B. Moss, of the gas works, a son.

J. M. Harris, of the Reco mine, Sandon, passed through the city last night on his way north from Spokane. Mr. Harris is confident that the prive of bar silver will go higher and remain at a good figure for the balance of the year.

The last issue of the Provincial Gazette contains the announcement that all placer mining claims legally held in the Revelstoke, Illecillewaet, Lardeau and Trout Lake divisions, of West Kootenay are laid over from November 1st, 1903, to May 1st, 1904.

Manager George McLaughlin, of the lacrosse club, is endeavoring to arrange for a couple of games with one or other of the coast teams this month. If he is successful in making arrangements, the Nelson team will make a week's visit to the coast, probably about the end of the month.

The Young People's society of Christian Endeavor of this city held their annual meeting in St. Paul's Presbyterian church last evening and elect ed the following officers for the year: President, Miss Lucy Walker; vice-president, Miss Anna McDonald; secretary, Ralph S. Clark; Treasurer, D. Macdonald.

The steamer Moyie took out the Canadian Manufacturers' excursion yesterday morning at 7 o'clock, having waited two hours later than usual. Unfortunately the mountains all along the arm were veiled from view behind low hanging banks of cloud, while the rain descended in a continuous downpour. After the main lake was reached the weather cleared for a time, affording a few glimpses of the mountains, topped with fresh snow.

Roses blooming in profusion in many gardens in Nelson, with snow five and six inches deep on the mountains all around makes an effective contrast these days. On Granite Mountain, across from the city, the first snow of any consequence fell on Sunday, but went away again the following day. Yesterday there was a heavy snowstorm there, leaving several inches of snow, which still remains. At Rossland, Sandon and many other points the snow is six and seven inches deep in the streets.

B. N. Evans, and C. P. Nash, of St. Paul, both directors in the Cherry Creek Gold Mining company, came in last evening from the south and will remain in Nelson for a few days. If the weather permits they will pay a visit to the company's mine about the last of the week. Mr. Evans is a leading business man of St. Paul, and is largely interested in western mines. This is his first visit to Nelson and the Kootenays and he expressed himself as much pleased with the appearance of the city .

Frank Collom, of the Arlington mine, of Slocan, is expected to arrive here this evening on his way to Slocan where the annual meeting of the Arlington Mining company is to be held tomorrow afternoon. It is thought probable that at the meeting in question a statement will be made concerning the position of the property and the general results attained at Spokane where experiments in reducing the ore of the mine have been in progress for the past eight or ten months. So far the mine management has declined to make any statment whatever for publication.

Arrivals from Trout Lake and Poplar yesterday state that the Lardo river still remains over a foot above the low water stage reached in August, with the result that no placer operations are possible. This is most unfortunate as at several points along the river the gravel washing apparatus had just been got into running order when the high water came, stopping work. At Goldhill, where a steam plant had been installed, the bars which were to have been worked are still under water, and nothing can be done until the river subsides at least six inches more.

G. H. Barnhardt, who is operating the Porto Rico mine, came in last evening on business connected with the property. Everything is running smoothly at the mine, although the heavy snowstorms of the past week have somewhat interfered with shipments. Twenty men are being worked at the mine at present, and this number will be worked all winter. Mr. Barnhardt said that on some of the smaller properties the snow had caused a cessation of work, and most of the prospectors had given up work for the winter.

At Morrissey and Michel the difficulty of obtaining fire brick in sufficient quantity is still keeping back the construction of the new cokes ovens. If the contractors had been able to secure enough brick the ovens would have been completed over a month ago, but as it is there is still quite a lot of work to do. Outside of the delay at the ovens the work of developing the capacity of the coal properties at both points is progressing rapidly. The Crow's Nest Pass Coal company are having a large amount of surveying done on their lands east of the Elk, near Coal creek. The output of the mines at each of the principal camps is steadily climbing upwards, the total shipments for September having been the largest on record.

Alfred C. Garde, superintendent of the Papne mine, accompanied by Mrs. Garde, arrived in the city yesterday. To a reporter of The Daily News he said that work at the mine was progressing most satisfactorily, and ore shipments were kept up steadily. Considerable development work is being done at the property principally at the lower levels. There is over a foot of snow at the mine ,and from the indications there it looks as if winter had set in. There has not been as much prospecting done this fall in that district, as was expected ,owing to the bad weather. Mr. Garde considers the outlook for the winter in the Slocan as good and expects to see work kept up steadily at most of the Sandon prperties.

At the Rossland Goodeve meeting on Saturday evening judge W. J. Nelson enacted the role of prophet and declared that A. S. Goodeve would be elected by a majority of at least 75, and perhaps 100, says the Miner. Mr. Nelson further said that he staked his professional reputation on this forecast and promised to walk out of town if the election did not turn out as he stated it would. It is a matter of history that the result of the election was that Mr. Macdonald instead of Mr. Goodeve received almost a hundred majority. In obedience to his vow, on Sunday Mr. Nelson walked out of town, through the snow, as far as the Sunset mine. While on his way he kept repeating Bill DeVere's poem which has the refrain of "Walk, D—n You, Walk." This is one of Mr. Nelson's favorite poems, and he loves to read it in public.

A Choice Shipment of Fresh Creamery Butter

Just to Hand

Packed in Wax-Lined Packages.

56 lb. Boxes .....25 cts.
28 lb. Boxes .....26 cts.
14 lb. Boxes .....27 cts.

The quality of this consignment is Gilt Edge, and the advice to our patrons is to buy ahead of their requirements.

T. S. McPherson
Telephone call No. 10.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

HUME HOTEL

NELSON, B. C.

Hume—T. O. Sheppard, Toronto; Miss Hews, Denver; T. G. Irving, Rossland; Mrs. C. H. Abercrombie, Silverton; A. McLellan, London; C. E. Legg and wife, Northport; A. B. Trites and wife, Fernie; V. H. Baker, Cranbrook; Thos. Hardy, Leduc; Dr. Geo. W. Lovell, Montreal; H. H. Baldwin, Spokane; B. H. Evans, C. P. Nash, St. Paul; F. W. Rolt, Rossland; R. D. Turner, Montreal; W Percy Hughes England; E. G. Hobhom, New York; N. S. Broderick, Vancouver; John B. Ola, Arrowhead; E. C. Smith, St. Eugene.

THE STRATHCONA
(FORMERLY HOTEL PHAIR.)

Strathcona—A. C. Garde and wife, Payne mine; R. F. Green, Kaslo; Wm. Hunter, Silverton; Mr. R. W. Rathborne, Silverton; Chas. E. Smitheringale, Slocan; B. L. Davidson, Spokane; Norman Carmichael, Granite; John Berand, Ohio; F. L. Hutchins, Toronto; Albert Isendell, Greenwood; H. T. Pemberton, Montreal; A. W. Haley and wife, Halifax.

Grand Central—Geo. Shell, Jno. Macdonald, Prince Albert; Geo. Clark, Encampment; J. B. Breen, R. Corrigan, Fernie; A. Hoyt, Ymir; D. Shayland, Kalso; Frank Bilh, Ferguson; D. L. Holmberg, Trout Lake; W. M. Marty, Camborne; M. McLean, Gus Anderson, New Denver; J. C. Writer, New Denver; C. E. Williams, Kamloops; G. Peterson, Trout Lake; D. Standeford, Northport; H. Magnusson, Poplar; B. Lawson, Poplar; Anna Hasen, Peter Nelson, Sandon; T. H. Graham, T. P. Sproat, C. C. Wiles, J. R. Smith, J. S. Spaulding, L. W Sproat B. R. Pepper, Encampment.

Madden—J. McPherson, Thos. Flynn, Ymir; W. Wanamaker, Spokane; H. Hanely, Five Mile camp; John Arnot, Ferguson; J. McDonald, Eholt; John Wolverton, Sandon; Fred Berner, Slocan; C. E. Caswell, Seattle; G. H. White, J. B. Breen, Fernie.

Nelson—Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan, Spokane; J. R. Rayborn, Barnes; C. A. Estey, (Fredericton; A. Begere, Calgary; Geo. May, W. E. Pincree, Rossland; Mrs. O'Neil, Nakusp.

Tremont—D. McPhail, M. Howe, J. Allan, Ferguson; Alfred Olsen, 49 creek; J. Wright, Grand Forks; D. Sinclair, C. P. Fenwick, Ferguson; Fred Armour, Ymir; W. L. McNaughton, Kaslo; John Prune, Tipperary; Peter Carron, Montreal.

THE GRAND FORKS ELECTION

Editor, The Daily News.—Owing to the large circulation of your paper I have been instructed to request space for the following corrected figures regarding the election just past in the Grand Forks electoral district.

The figures given in you issue of the 4th instant credit Fraser, (Con.) with 345 voes; Clement (Lib.) with 175, and only accord to Riordan, (Soc.) a paltry 88 votes.

The following are the true returns. Conservatives, 354, socialits, 232, and liberals 175, the latter thus losing their deposit.

It may be noted with interest that the socialist vote in Phoenix was nearly sixty more than the combined vote of both the old parties: Riordan polling 161, Fraser 73 and Clement 31, votes respectively giving to Phoenix the unique distinction of being the first incorporated city in Canada to adopt socialism as its politics by an overwhelming majority. Thanking you in advance for your courtesy, I am, sir, yours respectfully.

W. H. BAMBURY,
Sec. Socialist Campaign Committee.

P. S.—It should be noted also that in the adjoining riding of Greenwood, Brown, the liberal candidate was only elected by eleven majority over the socialist Mills; and this result was only attained by "holding over" forty votes until after the polls had closed in, and returns had arrived from, other parts of the riding, their whole weight being thrown on the side of the candidate whose vote was nearest to that of the socialist, which tends to show that the differences between the conservatives are more imaginary than real. These are the figures, as I am credibly informed: Brown (Lib.) 242, Mills (Soc.) 231; Spankie (Con.) 181.

W. H. B.

Phoenix, B. C., Oct. 6th.

A VACANT JUDGESHIP.

Hon. Mr. Justice Walkem Retires From the Bench After 21 Years Service.

The coast papers to hand contain the announcement of Mr. Justice Walkem's retirement from the supreme court bench of this province after twenty one years' service.

The Honorable George Anthony Walkem was appointed to the bench on May 23rd, 1882, and is consequently the oldest judge, in point of service, on the British Columbia supreme court bench today. Mr. Justice Drake, the next in succession, having first taken his seat on the bench in August, 1889 . The remaining members, justices Irving and Martin, and chief justice Hunter, are of comparatively recent appointment, judge Irving having first taken his seat on the bench in December, 1897, Mr. justice Martin in September, 1898, while the present chief justice only received his appointment last year.

Mr. justice Walkem arrived at his 68th year of age last month, 41 of his life having been spent in British Columbia. Prior to his appointment to the bench of the supreme court he had a distinguished public career, and served the province in several capacities. Graduating from McGill he studied law with the late sir John Rose, and was called to the bar of lower Canada in 1858, and that of Ontario in 1861. He came to British Columbia in 1862, and was elected to the house as member for Cariboo in 1864, being called to the British Columbia bar the same year. He occupied his seat in the legislative council till 1870, and was one of the most active workers for the confederation of the dominion, and when the union was consummated, entered the provincial legislature, representing Cariboo. In January 1872, he was appointed commissioner of lands and works, and in December of the same year attorney-general, which office he filled till 1876. The retirement of Hon. A. De Cosmos in 1874 resulted in Mr. Walkem being called upon to form a government, and he was premier and attorney-general of British Columbia from 1874 till January, 1876. His administration was defeated in the latter year, and till 1878 he was leader of the opposition in the house. During the latter year his government was returned to power and he again resumed the portfolio of attorney-general, which he held till his appointment to the bench in 1882.

In 1874 Mr. Walkem, then premier of the province, was delegated to go to England to present the case of British Columbia in the difference that had arisen between the province and the dominion in connection with the construction of the C. P. R. before the imperial authorities.

Thus by the retirement from public life of the Hon. Mr. Justice Walkem there steps out from beneath the light of the public gaze a figure and a personage prominently connected with the growth and progress of the westerly province of the dominion of Canada.

CHERRY CREEK MINES.

F. Williamson, discoverer and present manager of the Cherry Creek mines, leaves today for the property with two St. Paul shareholders in the company. The condition of affairs at the mines is most satisfactory according to Mr. Williamson. On the McPhail group three tunnels have been driven to distances of 225, 300 and 175 feet respectively, and the lead continues of the uniform width of two feet and of undiminished richness. On the Morgan property little beyond surface work has been done although 800 feet of the lead has been uncovered. A small stamp mill has been installed and will be ready to run in about two weeks. If the returns from the mill test then to be made are as satisfactory as is expected a large twenty stamp mill will be installed.

RETIRES FROM SERVICE.

Toronto, Oct. 6.—H. P. Dwight, after the long term of 56 years of service with the company, yesterday retired from the active management of the Great Northwestern Telegraph company, and at the annual meeting of shareholders Mr. Isaac McMichael was elected to succeed him. Mr. Dwight was re-elected president, and will continue to take an active part in the direction of the comany's affairs.

CARTER AND WALCOTT.

Boston, Oct. 6.—After a series of hitches and delays the prospects seem bright for a meeting here tomorrow night between Joe Walcott and "Kid" Carter. The two are down for a fifteen-round mill under the auspices of the Criterion Athletic club. It will be the first time in a long while that Walcott has gone against a first-lass fighter and the result is awaited with much interest. Carter will have a big advantage in weight, but the admirers of the colored boy are confident that the latter's well-known skill and hard-hitting powers will more than offset this advantage.

INSTANTLY KILLED.

Halifax, N. S., Oct. 6.—Samuel McDowell, was instantly killed and two other men and a boy seriously hurt by an explosion of a furnace in the basement of the new postoffice at Springhill, N. S., yesterday afternoon.

DOWNES' HOTEL, CRANBROOK.
New, up-to-date sample rooms.

Fresh Eastern Select Oysters at the Nelson Cafe.

Shorthand and Business School, Victoria street, opposite City Library. All branches of Business Education taught thoroughly. Custom Typewriting, best work in the City. M. L. Rattray.

Graphology is the science of reading character from handwriting. Palmistry is the science of reading from the hands and fingers the character, disposition and ailments, also the past, present and possibilities of the future. Madam Grapho, (late graphologist, Vancouver Province), at Mrs. Riley's, Ward Street. Fee $1.00.

Mustgetup
TAKE NO CHANCES

Punctuality is one of the best bsuiness characteristics.
A man who is late in the morning is less valuable than one who who is always on time. These pleasant autumn mornings ,its so very easy to oversleep. One of these persistent alarm clocks will get you up on time. You may depend on it.

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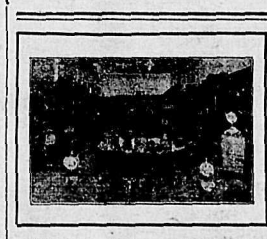

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If your local watchmaker cannot do your watch repairs to your satisfaction, owing to a lack of proper tools or the necessary skill, send them to us. We have one of the finest and most thoroughly equipped departments in Western Canada. We guarantee absolutely first-class work, and our charges are very reasonable.

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Fancy Flannelettes for Waists and Dressing Sacks.
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