THE DAILY NEWS

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VOL. 1. THE DAILY NEWS, NELSON, B. C., SUNDAY, AUGUST 10, 1902. NO. 93

TOWN OF YMIR IS IN DANGER

Nelson is Requisitioned for Hose to Fight Fire

Mining Companies Will Lose Heavily in Buildings

The forest fires which have been smouldering in different parts of the mountains in the district woke into vigorous life Friday, before a heavy wind, which blew up from the west. South of Hall Siding a very heavy fire is raging, and is doing a great deal of damage to the timbered slopes. Near Ymir further damage has also been done, in the destruction of timber, and one report states that the fire is now working up towards the headwaters of Five Mile creek, where a number of prospectors are at work. Fears are entertained for the safety of the city's flume, if the fire works further north, but so far it is not threatened.

Along Forty-Nine creek a fire that has been burning for a week past spread considerably yesterday, and has driven a number of prospectors away from their claims. On the opposite side of the river, a fire which apparently started on the Slocan slope is working along the mountains to the westward of the head of Grohman creek, and destroying much large timber.

Along the main lake two fires are in sight, and unless rain comes very soon will do a great deal of destruction.

A heavy fall of rain occurred in the vicinity of Ymir and Hall Thursday, extinguishing some small fires which are supposed to have been started by locomotives.

The sight from the city Friday was beautiful in the extreme, as the sun shining through the huge columns of smoke rising from the fires to the north of the lake was reflected red in the water.

To the south the smoke billowed up in an immense white mass, thought at first by many to be clouds, but which quickly revealed its character by the streaks of red shooting through it. The different colorings produced by the smoke, contrasting with the blue of the sky in other directions gave some of the prettiest panoramas ever seen from the city.

At a number of the mining properties in the vicinity of Ymir and other places where the fires are burning, every available man has been pressed into service to divert the course of the flames from threatened buildings and tramways.

W. A. Turner, who moved in with his family from Ymir Saturday, stated that when the train from Ymir pulled out the fire was within three hundred feet of the opposite side of the river, and others from Ymir who came in say there is a line of burning timber seven miles long extending along the Salmon. The buildings at the Black Cock and Wilcox mines have been burned, and at the former property the miners and two families who were living at the mine had to take refuge in the tunnel for a time. The Ymir buildings are safe, the fire early in the week having burned all around it, but at the cyanide plant it is reported that several cottages have been burned, also the halfway house, on the road between Ymir and the mine. Great uneasiness exists at Ymir as to how the fire may effect the town, as everything is so very dry. Meetings of the citizens have been held to discuss the best means of fighting the fire. In the mountains there have been a number of narrow escapes, the fire spreading over a large area that at some of the properties the men were almost surrounded by the fire before they got out.

The citizens of Ymir last evening sent a request to Nelson for all the fire hose that could be spared. The hose will go out on the morning train.

One of the worst fires is up towards the head of Lemon creek, working towards the divide, and passengers from Slocan yesterday reported that two fires were visible from the train, looking eastward between Slocan and the Junction.

TO MAKE LARGE SHIPMENTS

EXTENSIVE IMPROVEMENTS AT THE SNOWSHOE.

NEW POWER PLANT NOW READY FOR OPERATION.

Phoenix, Aug. 8.—This week the new air compressing engine that has been in process of installation for some time past at the Snowshoe mine was connected with the old compressor and placed in commission. In capacity the new compressor is the equivalent of 15 drills, being the first half of a 30-drill machine, provision having been made for the adding of the other 15 drills whenever they may be needed.

In the boiler room adjoining are two new 80 horse power boilers. They were specially made to the order of the Snowshoe Gold & Copper Mines, Ltd., being particularly adapted to the water peculiar to the Snowshoe mine.

Two connecting buildings have been erected at the compressor site, near the C. P. R. track, so as to be convenient for getting in fuel, to house the new plant, the compressor building being 40x60 feet, and the boiler building 26x60 feet in size, both having trussed roofs, and substantially constructed in every way.

To supply the water for running the new compressors, the headwaters of Fourth of July creek have been dammed on the Snowshoe ground, and a supply that will be ample for most seasons has thus been obtained. This is pumped up to the compressor building, a distance of 1,800 feet, in a two-inch pipe, and as soon as the large tank is completed, will be connected with that. In case the water does not hold out in the dry season, mine water will be utilized.

Only the latest improvements have been used in connection with the manufacture of the new plant, and it is intended to operate it eventually by electricity, when the power can be had from the long distance lines of the Cascade Water, Power & Light Co., which cross the property of the Snowshoe mine. This should be in the course of the next two or three months. In the meantime steam power is being used, and will always be held in reserve.

Work at the Snowshoe mine has been going forward steadily, although no ore has been shipped from the mine for some weeks, on account of the idleness of the Sunset smelter, at Boundary Falls, due to the enforced shortage of coke. But as soon as the smelter is in a position to handle the ore again, shipments will be resumed on a considerable scale. A large tonnage is now available from the mine, and matters are being shaped up so that even this can be considerably increased. Results from shipments made thus far are understood to have been most satisfactory to the management of the property.

In the meantime the development work has been prosecuted with a force of some 60 men. The main three compartment shaft is being timbered from near the 300-foot level, there remaining but about 75 feet of this work to be done.

LEYLAND LINE WANTS IT

WILL PUT ON FAST LINE OF STEAMERS TO AFRICA.

OFFICIALS HAVE STARTED AFTER THE SUBSIDY.

The first steps towards the establishment of a line of steamers between Canada and South Africa have been followed enthusiastically by a number of steamship companies anxious to obtain the proposed government subsidy. According to a cable dispatch from sir William Mulock, Canadian postmaster-general, who is now in London with sir Wilfrid Laurier and other Canadian ministers, arrangements are being made for a steamship service between Canadian ports and South Africa. What the arrangements are is not definitely stated.

The Leyland line, however, has in some measure forestalled the decision by seeking information regarding the possibility of securing freight in the event of a steamship service being established.

Last Monday the secretary of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association received a telegram from the Canadian agents of the Leyland line stating that their London principals were enquiring as to the prospects of securing freight for trausportation from Canada to South Africa, New Zealand and Australia, and the probable rates.

The information given was that freight sufficient to warrant a monthly service could readily be obtained on condition that favorable competition could be carried on with the combination line from New York ports.

Canadian exports to South Africa consist principally of flour, leather goods, machinery, lumber, hay and live stock, the last named having been carried on extensively during the war just closed. Up to quite recently three lines of steamers operated between New York and South Africa. Not long ago, however, these three lines combined and now carry North American and Canadian exports. To guarantee a paying business, in the early stages, the companies are looking for a considerable subsidy from the government. From the present indications it is evident only one company will do business between Canada and South Africa, and that will be the company favored by the subsidy.

"We are in the race," said an official of the Leyland line today, "for the government subsidy. It will be an easy matter to secure freight from Canada and even the United States, but the guarantee of a government subsidy is probably necessary to secure the establishment of the service."

"Do you think a government line of steamers is to be created?" the official was asked.

"No," he said; "we believe the government is to offer a subsidy to a steamship company already existing, and we are looking for that subsidy. Of course if the subsidy were not forthcoming it would be another matter."

TOWN WAS DESTROYED.

Several Wounded Soldiers Were Cremated in It.

Port au Prince, Hayti, Aug. 9.—About 400 volunteer Fouchardists, supported by a regular regiment, attacked Petit Goave yesterday. After a severe battle general Chicoye, the Firminist, left the town, after having set fire to it. The fire destroyed the place almost entirely, only two German halls resisting the flames. The killed and wounded during the engagement were numerous on both sides. Fifty Firministes were killed by the attacking troops, and 15 wounded men, who had taken refuge in a house, were burned to death. It is reported here that general Chicoye and his lieutenants escaped on a schooner.

NOT OF ONE MIND.

Division in the Vatican Over Apostolic Delegate to the Philippines.

Rome, Aug. 9.—The pending appointment of an apostolic delegate to the Philippines is producing some friction at the vatican. The pope, in accordance personally investigated the situation and with his promise to governor Taft, has concluded if he could not have his way to appoint an American, and Mgr. Guidi was his next choice. The pope's decision is warmly supported by several leading carlinals, especially cardinal Gotti, whose election as prefect of the propaganda adds weight to his opinions. Cardinals Agliardi and Vincent Vannutelli also side with the pope. On the other hand, cardinal Rampolla, the papal secretary of state, is known to be against Mgr. Guidi's nomination, though his opposition has not yet taken the form of open hostility. Cardinal Rampolla is supported by a number of more or less powerful candidates, for this appointment, which, in view of the recent intercourse between the vatican and the United States is considered one of particular distinction.

KING EDWARD HAS BEEN CEREMONIOUSLY CROWNED

London's Great Spectacular is Carried Through Without a Hitch

Enthusiastic Demonstration of Crowds That View the Procession

London, Aug. 9.—Edward VII., by the grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions Beyond the Sea, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, was today crowned without a hitch, and tonight London is noisily celebrating the event.

In all respects the celebration was impressive, and it was carried out with a perfection of detail and lack of accidents that has rarely characterized similar displays. That pride of empire, which marked queen Victoria's jubilee, was lacking, and in its stead there pervaded all classes the keen recollection that only six weeks ago their king lay in danger of death, and this today produced thankfulness and genuine sympathy for the man rather than adulation for the king. This feeling was verified by the archbishop of Canterbury when he inserted in one of the coronation prayers the words: "For whose recovery we now give thanks."

Yet this did not prevent the public from voicing appreciation of such military display as the short procession gave them a chance to see. Earl Roberts, commander-in-chief of the forces, was once more the hero of the hour, and next to the king himself received the heartiest welcome of the assembled crowds. "Here comes good old Bobs," was invariably the signal for all the reserve power of British lungs to be brought into play. Lord Roberts rode alone and constantly bowed and smiled acknowledgments of his greetings.

Lord Kitchener was not so easily recognized, but he was seen by most spectators as he rode with general sir Alfred Gaselee and admiral sir Edward Hobart Seymour, and was the crowd's next favorite. At various points along the route of the procession lord Kitchener received thunderous ovations, which he did not acknowledge either by look or by bow, but as English crowds are used to the treatment from lord Kitchener of Khartoum, it quite failed to suppress enthusiasm.

But it was for the king and queen themselves that the people really let themselves loose. Throughout the day, wherever and whenever their majesties were seen, the cheers were loud and long, and especially was this so on the return journey of the king and queen to Buckingham palace.

Until the booming of guns announced that the crowning of Edward and queen Alexandra had been accomplished, there lingered in London's minds a nervous apprehension that even at the last moment some untoward event might once more plunge the nation into consternation. When this was passed the unrestrained jubilation was as much a tribute to the king's popularity as it was an evidence of relief from the tension of the last few weeks, while the scenes on the streets, though robbed of many of the elements which usually accompany a great pageant will long be remembered, perhaps somewhat tenderly by those who stood in the stands at windows, and on the sidewalks, to see king Edward as if he had won his crown from the jaws of death.

In Westminster Abbey the scene was nothing less than marvellous. Nearly 7,000 members of the nobility, the clergy and the gentry had gathered with foreign princes, ambassadors, coonial rulers ,Indian potentates, and leaders from the furthest quarters of the globe where the Union Jack flies, to do honor to the king.

Two incidents in the service in the abbey will live in the memory of all who witnessed them. The first of these centred around the aged archbishop of Canterbury. From the commencement of the service the archbishop had the greatest difficulty in reading or remembering the prayers. The book from which his almost blind eyes endeavored to read, shook in his hands, and when he came to place the crown upon king Edward's head his huge frame, towering above the seated king, swayed so violently that the bishop of Winchester had to support him, while the dean of Westminster put a guarding hand under the crown. It was evident that the archbishop could not see his king's head, and after groping around he was just about to complete the most important part of the ceremony when it was discovered that he had the crown with the back to the front. Slowly he raised it, but too late to prevent the cheers from prematurely bursting out with a loud "God Save the King." Amid a tension that had grown to a pitch of painful nervousness, the archbishop finally managed to place the crown correctly upon the king's head.

A few minutes later came the climax to his feebleness; he was kneeling to do first homage of all the subjects of the king, when, suddenly, he almost fainted, and would have fallen upon the king's knees had not king Edward firmly grasped both the prelate's hands and lifted him to his feet. The bishops of London, Winchester and Dudham then clasped their arms around the archbishop. The king kissed his wrinkled hands, and the archbishop's head fell back and his feet moved slowly and mechanically, and thus he was more carried than led from the throne to king Edward's chapel, where he was revived.

The tremor which this event caused had scarcely subsided when another exquisitely human touch varied the proceedings, and the king was forgotten in the father. Instead of merely accepting the homage of the prince of Wales, king Edward put his arms around the prince and kissed him, and then recalled him and wrung his hand with a manliness of parental affection that brought tears to many eyes.

To those who were able to see clearly these two episodes, the magnificence of the bejewelled women, the splendor of the uniformed men, and even the historic grandeur of the coronation itself became almost of secondary interest.

Tonight the Associated Press learns that king Edward was greatly unnerved at the condition of the archbishop of Canterbury, and that of his majesty was in constant dread of contre temps, though outwardly calm, as could be judged from the steadiness with which he held his sceptre during the ordeal. This brave show, however, did not deceive the queen. Throughout the services, and especially as the archbishop became more and more nervous, her majesty palpably dreaded that the king would break down. With keen anxiety she constantly turned toward her husband, watching him intently throughout the ceremony. Her majesty felt continued solicitude for king Edward, which was one of the most charming features of the proceedings in the abbey. Her majesty's appearance won extravagant enconiums, and especially from the women.

The queen's own crowning was brief and simple. When the four duchesses went to hold a canopy over her majesty's head, the duchess of Marlborough and the duchess of Portland led the way. They performed their duties excellently, as th ecritical moment, for which the peeresses had long practised, namely the putting on of their coronets at the moment the queen was crowned, approached, a flutter of nervousness ran through their ranks, and coronets were pulled out and patted and pinched into shape. The faces of the women hardened with anxiety, and then all their arms suddenly bent, and coronets large and small were put in place, some crooked and some straight. For the next five minutes the peeresses disregarded what passed before them. First one and then another turned around for advice and help, and then ensued a mutual pushing of each other's coronets into place. Among the philosophical peeresses was lady Statford, who placidly allowed her coronet to remain quite sideways, neither asking nor receiving help. Among the curious features connected with the American peeresses was the wearing by lady Craven of old family robes, once worn by the queen of Bohemia, who married a former earl Craven.

Another incident relating to royalty was the presence of the duchess of Mecklenburgh, who, at the express desire of queen Alexandra, sat exactly in the same spot she occupied at the coronation of queen Victoria.

No stage effect could have equalled the climax the moment the crown was placed upon king Edward's head. The sudden illumination, by hundreds of electric lights, making the thousands of priceless jewels, including those of the crown itself, sparkle with lazzling brilliancy. The instantaneous movement of the peeresses in the placing of their coronets upon their heads, the chorus loud "God Save the King," with its unharmonious yet genuine refrain from thousands of male and female throats, constituted such an outburst of pent up thankfulness and rejoicing as even Westminster abbey, with all its historic traditions, never before witnessed.

WORK STOPPED AT PHOENIX.

Miners Laid Off Owing to the Continued Coke Famine.

Phoenix, Aug. 9.—(Special to The Daily News.)—Last night the C. P. R. took out the last ore that will be shipped from Phoenix for several days. The shipment consisted of 29 cars, or about 900 tons, of ore from the Granby mines, and was sent to the company's smelter at Grand Forks. This temporary cessation of shipments is made on account of the lack of coke at the company's reduction works. Yesterday there was only sufficient coke on hand to run for two or three days, when the furnaces will be blown out.

The force of men at the Granby mines, owing to the reduced ore shipments, has been cut down in the last week, but there are still nearly 200 men at work, and it is probable that a small force will be kept on at development for the short time that it is anticipated will elapse till the smelter blows in again and shipments can be resumed.

Porter Bros. are continuing with their stripping contract, and are arranging to put up another set of towers further up the hill on the Knob Hill claim, to commence stripping there, up above the "glory hole."

It is expected that the new ore crusher will be shipped from the makers in about two weeks. The heavy framework for the building to house this machine is now ready, and work is advanced on the sub-station of the Cascade Water, Power & Light Co. here, from which power will be furnished to run the ore crusher. The crusher itself, with a capacity of over 3,000 tons daily, is an exceedingly heavy piece of machinery, the base alone weighing some 50,000 pounds.

HILL PROMISES CHEAP COKE

WILL LAY IT DOWN FOR $5 TO BOUNDARY SMELTERS.

HE CRITICIZES MANAGEMENT OF HIS OWN COMPANY.

James J. Hill believes that the Boundary smelters are paying too much for coke.

Although a large shareholder in the Crow's Nest Pass Coal company, he was not backward in criticizing its management.

He intimated that he had coal measures south of the international boundary line which he intends developing. There is no duty on coke.

He intimated that within a year he would furnish the Boundary smelters with all the coke required at a cost not exceeding $5.00 a ton.

Mr. Hill is going to build to Greenwood and Phoenix. His road is going to help to build up the Boundary country and he intends running branches to every point where there is a chance to develop the district and do business.

Mr. Hill is going to build through to the coast. He hopes the people of British Columbia will soon get through voting bonuses as he does not want one. He builds railways to do business, not to earn bonuses. — Boundary Creek Times.

REBELLION IN SIAM.

Great Disorders in the Land of the Celebrated Twins.

Washington, Aug. 9.—United States minister King, at Bangkok, Siam, has informed the state department by cable that the Siamese uprising, recently reported, is spreading, Nakaw already having been captured. Chiengmai also is threatened. Thirty-four Americans, thought to have been in danger, are reported safe. An endeavor will be made to bring into the capital American women and children from the zone of disturbance. The Siamese government is co-operating in the attempt to protect them. Troops are expected to arrive on August 17th to restore order. Telegraphic communication has been cut for several days. A former dispatch from minister King stated that the Shans were in rebellion, and had captured the town of Praa.

IRELAND'S DISSENT.

King Edward Not the Constitutional Monarch of the Irish.

Dublin, Aug. 9.—At a meeting of the Irish nationalist parliamentary party, held in the city hall here, today, John Redmond, who occupied the chair, said the party as a party had formally withdrawn from participation in the coronation ceremony, and had assembled for the purpose of protesting against the Irish government by England. King Edward, he added, was not the constitutional monarch of Ireland. No English sovereign had been so since the union. A resolution which was adopted declared that "Ireland separates herself from the coronation rejoicing of her merciless oppressors, and stands apart in her rightful discontent."

On leaving the city hall, Dennis Billbride, a delegate, was arrested on a warrant for failing to answer a summons to appear before the magistrate of Templemore.

WINNIPEG WINS AGAIN.

Worcester, Massachusetts, Aug. 9.—In the Intermediate four-oared shells the Winnipeg rowing club won, with the Ariel rowing club, of Baltimore, second. Time, 8.40 1-2.

The results in the final heat for the championship sculls were: C. S. Titus, New York, first; B. Greer, East Boston, second. Time, 9.59 1-2 .

STRIKERS WON THIS.

New Haven, Connecticut, Aug. 9.—The trolley strike was declared off just before 6 o'clock tonight. The company acceded to the demands of the men unconditionally, and it is announced that traffic will be resumed at once.

SHAMROCKS DEFEAT INDIANS.

Buffalo, Aug. 9.—The Shamrocks, of Montreal, and the Red Jacket Indian team, of Versailles, Catarugus county, played a match game of lacrosse at Olympic park today. The Shamrocks won by a score of 5 to 2.

LORD DERBY IS DEFEATED

Great Trotter Did Not Maintain His Past Record

Ten Thousand Spectators Treated to a Surprise

New York, Aug 9.—Ten thousand persons today saw the fast trotter Lord Derby (2:06 1-2), who defeated Thos. W. Lawson's Boralma for the $40,000 stake a week ago at Hartford, in turn defeated by a mare with a much lower record. The event took place at the matinee of the New York driving club, at the Empire State track. The trotter that performed the feat was the bay mare Louise Jefferson (2:17 1-4). She belongs to C. K. G. Billings, of Chicago. He was not here to drive her, so her trainer, Scott McCerr, handled the ribbons, while Mr. Smathers drove Lord Derby. Time, 2:07 1-4.

LADY DUDLEY IS PINCHED

UNABLE TO GET ALONG ON AN INCOME OF $50,000.

FOR THIS REASON SHE SOLD HER LONDON RESIDENCE.

London, Aug. 9.—Why did Georgina, countess of Dudley, for a score of years or more considered one of the most beautiful women in England, sell her house to J. Pierpont Morgan?

Lady Dudley's unfortunate investments in Kaffir shares (Boer gold and diamond mining stocks) compelled her to sell her famous jewels not long ago, and now it seems that she is unable to keep up her splendid house in the centre of London's smart district.

Her jewels were sold by auction in London last month and brought $450,000.

The late earl of Dudley, her husband, who was insane, had a passion for beautiful jewellery, and at one time he had one of the finest collections of precious stones in the world, except, of course, the royal collections. He was immensely wealthy, his income being about $20,000,000 a year.

His son, the present earl, fell heir to this vast estate, but squandered much of it in extravagant living, racing, gambling, etc.

When a bill of $53,000 was presented to lady Dudley in May of last year for some of the decorations for the Grosvenor street residence (just bought by Mr. Morgan), she contested the claim on the ground that it was excessive. The decorators said it had taken them six years to collect a bill for repairs to lady Dudley's house.

Lady Dudley has been a leader in London society for many years, and at one time had an income of about $500,000. When her son married this was cut down to $50,000 a year—not nearly enough to maintain her in the way she was accustomed to live.

At one time it was said that she was engaged to marry Dr. Jameson, and there is no doubt that the late Cecil Rhodes once was a suitor for her hand.

AMERICAN BOY SHIPMENTS

CREW AT THE MINE HAS BEEN CONSIDERABLY INCREASED.

ORE WILL BE MOVED OVER THE NOBLE FIVE TRAM.

The American Boy mine began shipping again today to the Everett smelter, and shipments from now on will be steady. James Dunsmuir recently secured title to the Noble Five mine and the American Boy people have closed a deal with him whereby the American Boy will use the Noble Five tramway for the getting of the ore to the cars.

The force of men on the American Boy has been doubled and the company will start shipping from 10 to 15 cars per month to Everett. The shipments that have been made from the mine averaged $800 net to the car, so that the ore is known to be rich.

At the beginning the ore will be taken from the No. 3 level, but men will be put to work on the No. 4, No. 5 and No. 6 levels. There is enough ore in sight to keep up the present rate of shipments for at least three years and the opening up of the other levels will give an unlimited amount.

At the beginning of the year the American Boy property was in debt about $15,000. Arrangements were then made with the Last Chance people for the use of the Last Chance tramway and enough ore was shipped to practically pay off the entire debt. The Last Chance people then wanted the use of the three levels in the American Boy property for the further development of the Last Chance. This the American Boy refused to allow and the Last Chance people became dissatisfied with their contract.

The American Boy company then threw up the contract and began negotiations for the use of the Noble Five tram. Through the efforts of Thomas McGuigan, vice-president of the company ,the deal was closed, and the American Boy has started again.

METAL QUOTATIONS.

New York, Aug. 9.—Copper steady, 11.85 to 11.95.

Lead, quiet, $4.12 1-2.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

INCORPORATED 1670.

OFFERINGS IN Men's Furnishings

These end-of-the week sales attract wide attention. The stocks regularly offered are generous, as are the prices, but for Friday and Saturday we offer special prices on summer goods.

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All our 75 cent Ties now	50
All our 50 cent Ties now 3 for	1 00
Linen Collars, 3 for	50
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Men's Natural Silk and Merino Underwear, Special	4 00

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Daily, per month, by carrier	$ 65
Daily, per month, by mail	50
Daily per year, by carrier	7 00
Daily per year, by mail	5 00
Daily, per year, foreign	9 00

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MULOCK'S ARBITRATION BILL.

Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers is reported as having expressed himself as opposed to the principle of compulsory arbitration, and in these terms:

"I am not in favor of compulsory "arbitration. I believe, however, that "some measure of arbitration should "exist to settle difficulties when two "parties fail to agree. But labor organ-"izations must reserve the right to "strike when the necessity requires it. "If we did not have that right, our "organization would be of little value. "Mind, I am not in favor of strikes, nor "is any man in the movement at heart, "but it is useful at times to demonstrate "our strength in defence of our mem-"bers when necessary."

The promulgation of such views, emanating from the head of one of the most influential labor organizations, is not calculated to gain sympathy among the public for the cause of labor. He says in effect that no matter what happens, labor must have the privilege to indulge in strikes. This is not encouraging to those friends of labor who have been striving to find a solution of labor difficulties and who see in compulsory arbitration the promise of an adequate means to this end. So long as there is no way of obtaining a just settlement of grievances, strikes are justifiable, but with the introduction of means that will secure just treatment to both sides without favor to either, there can be no justification for either strike or lockout. Unfortunately chief Arthur gives no reason for his opinion. To say that to forego the privilege of striking is to make the labor organizations valueless is simply asserting what is not in accordance with the facts. Labor is organized for its own protection and not simply to order strikes. It will always be the duty of the organizations to decide when they are not being fairly dealt with, and, when they so decide, instead of striking they will ask for and obtain an unbiased opinion by the arbitrators as to whether their grievance is well taken or not. The same result will be obtained as would result from a strike, with this difference, that the public interests will not suffer while the matter is being adjusted. The public have rights that must be considered and respected. Compulsory arbitration apparently offers a way for the due observance of these rights as well as the rights of capital and organized labor. Mulock's bill is receiving the careful attention of labor throughout the dominion, and a full and free discussion of its provisions cannot but do much good. Chief Arthur may have good grounds for his views as expressed above, but it is a pity he did not give some more cogent reason than that quoted, which appears to be wholly insufficient. Compulsory arbitration may fall far short of what its exponents claim for it, but it possesses the merit of promising more than the present methods of settling labor disputes, and for this reason it should be thoughtfully and dispassionately examined, and when exception is taken to it, good and valid reasons, clearly expressed, should be given. Let us be precise so that others may know what is wanted. No good purpose is served by declaring that one method is not good unless a better is advanced in definite terms. Mere generalities will not do. If there is some better way out of the difficulty than compulsory arbitration affords, by all means let us have it and at once.

PRESENT DAY LITERATURE.

It is perhaps a remarkable fact that at no time within the ken of the history of literature has there been a greater dearth of poetry sung than at the present time. For what is emotional and passionate, poetry affords the natural vent, but with few exceptions, of which the Recessional may be classed as one, true examples of poetry are almost unknown as a modern production. It may be because there has not been any great event that has stirred the hearts of men to their foundations, a condition that seems necessary for the conception of those flights which, embodied in words, are called poems. It may be, that the world no longer cares for poetry and as the reed is bent as the wind blows, modern writers, who might under other conditions harbor the muse, find it is more profitable to write that which sells best rather than produce verse that might cause their names to be revered by posterity but would not find a ready market during the present generation.

It is prose, and light prose too, that the public want and to cater to the wants and not to lead the thoughts of the people is the aim of publishers even more than of writers. The successful writer is one whose book has the readiest sale. It is not so much a matter of literary excellence as of selling qualities that rules in the world of books today. The novel as produced by modern writers is not characterized by those details that constituted much of the charm of such writers as Thackeray. Vanity Fair if offered to the modern publisher would very likely be turned down, the demand is not for books of that class. There must be rapid movement, an abundance of stirring incident, an ever changing scene in today's novel in order to attract the host of readers that the publisher insists as holding up as the mark of success. Such is the effect of the strenuous life that is characteristic of this generation.

It by no means follows that all literary merit and even true genius is lacking in the prose productions that are being thrown upon the market in one never ending stream, but the conditions underlying their production are such that both these qualities are often sacrificed for expedience; the cheque that will procure comforts and necessities now is of greater value than the crust of bread and a miserable pittance, with glory and honor shown to a memory only. Not many of contemporary novels will be remembered a few years hence and the very names that are spoken by many lips today will scarce find a tongue to form them a decade from now. The short story for which there is a great demand, is possibly responsible to a certain extent for the character of the present day fiction. The more exciting incidents that can be crowded into a small space and the greater brevity with which the story can be related, the more successful the short story writer. For this class to extend the scope of their work and produce a short story on a large scale is merely the transition from one stage to another, from the author of a magazine story to the author of the modern type of novel.

Elegance of composition, the right use of words, and a good, well-worked-out plot constitute only the tools as it were of the artist. The depiction of human life and passions and character; the building up of live characters; the arousing the deepest interest in the reader by creating realities with words, are the work he does with these tools. Well done, so that his handiwork speaks and makes an abiding place in the memory for scenes and those that have peopled them, there will be a novel that may endure as The Newcomes, Ivanhoe, John Halifax, Jane Eyre, David Copperfield, etc., have endured and will always continue to do so. Not many of the books written by modern authors can rank with these, but that there are among living writers those whose ability is capable of better and nobler work than that they have done is undoubted. That they do not make books of more enduring worth is because bookmaking and money making go hand in hand, and quality is sacrificed for quantity and the publishers' interests. With the passing of time, there will be a change of feeling. Readers will seek for literature of more artistic worth, and with the growth of poetry the class of prose will more nearly approach the ideal.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Paris has had its cup of sorrow filled to overflowing. Joan of Arc will never be a saint. This is the latest decision of the college of cardinals, the body which affixes the hall mark to modern saints as their worth is demonstrated. Coupled with the refusal of the college are a number of reasons, which in themselves are sufficient to justify the action of the cardinals in refusing the beatification of the heroine; but the people of Paris are not satisfied. They say the cardinals are punishing the memory of Joan as a means of retaliation for the recent expulsion of the religious orders by the government. They dispose of the aspersions cast upon the moral character of Joan with the somewhat reasonable retort, that since Joan died the cardinals have had ample time to satisfy themselves as to her morals, and that she certainly has done nothing to offend the code since the last favorable opinion on her beatification was handed out by the college. Joan is probably the only one concerned who is not worked up over the matter.

Editor McAdams, of The Paystreak, has kept his agreement with the judges of the supreme court who sentenced him. He has published in his paper the apology which was made the price of his liberty. He has done more. He has made it very plain just why the apology was tendered, and taken with the explanation attached it is difficult to see how it can be calculated to restore the injured dignity of the court.

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CONFIDENCE

IS A POWERFUL FACTOR IN BUSINESS. IT IS THE FOUNDATION IN FACT ON WHICH BUSINESS SOLIDITY IS BUILT. WITH IT, SUCCESS IS ASSURED; WITHOUT IT, FAILURE IS CERTAIN. I HOLD THE CONFIDENCE OF THE JEWELRY BUSINESS TO A DEGREE PROBABLY UNPARALLELED. NOR IS IT MERE BLIND FAITH. THE PEOPLE BELIEVE IN ME BECAUSE THEY KNOW ME. THE BONDS THAT BIND THEM TO ME ARE RELIABLE GOODS, PROMPT SERVICE AND LIBERAL TREATMENT. THE LARGEST STOCK OF WATCHES, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY EVER BROUGHT TOGETHER IN THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY IS NOW AT THE SERVICE OF MY PATRONS. BUYING FROM ME MEANS RIGHT BUYING—SAFE SALEABLE STOCK AT BEST PRICES.

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NELSON, B. C. THE JEWELER BAKER ST.

Mail and express orders have our prompt attention.

PIANOS. SEWING MACHINES.

Lawn Supplies

Rubber and Cotton Garden Hose, Lawn Sprinklers, Garden Shears, Lawn Mowers, Lawn Rakes. See our Ball Bearing California Lawn Sprinklers.

The J. H Ashdown Hardware Co., Ltd.

Successors to Lawrence Hardware Company

NOTHING SO COOL AND REFRESHING THESE WARM DAYS AS

Teetzel's Violet Ammonia

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W. F. TEETZEL & CO.

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All kinds of

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Orders by Mail receive Careful and Prompt Attention

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E. C. TRAVES, Manager, K.-W.-C. Block, Ward Street, Nelson, B.C.

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REAL ESTATE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE—MONEY TO LOAN.

FOR SALE.

Two Bargains—A seven roomed house on Carbonate street and two good lots. The house has all modern improvements and is wired for electric light. Terms—Two hundred dollars cash; balance in monthly payments of $35.50.

A six roomed house on Robson street and two improved lots. Electric light and all conveniences. Terms—Part cash; the balance in monthly payments.

FOR RENT.

$20.00—Six roomed house on corner lots on Water street. Electric light throughout. All modern improvements. Owner pays water rate.

BARTLETT HOUSE

Formerly Clarke House.

The best $1 per day house in Nelson.

None but white help employed. The bar the best.

G. W. BARTLETT - Prop.

Parties wishing golf or any stockings knitted or footed can have them done by applying on corner of Ward and Victoria street, opposite postoffice.

D. McARTHUR & CO.

FURNITURE DEALERS AND FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

Leaders of fashion in furniture.

Styles change in these things as well as in all others, and the newest and best productions always reach this store first.

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YARDS AT NELSON AND ROSSLAND; MILL AT PORTO RICO SIDING

Rough and Dressed Lumber, Shingles, Mouldings.

A-1 White Pine Lumber Always in Stock.

We carry a complete stock of Coast flooring, Ceiling, Inside Finish, Turned Work, Sash and doors. Special order work will receive prompt attention. Mail orders solicited.

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IMPERIAL HOTEL

Under new management.

The most commodious and up-to-date bar in the City.

The Dining Room is in the hands of an efficient staff.

Lunch served daily from 12 noon to 2 p.m.

Rates from $1.00 per day upwards.

J. R. McPHERSON, Proprietor.

The Gardens in Ceylon that grow Blue Ribbon Tea are, like C. P. R. transportation facilities, taxed to their capacity - but there is no shortage yet.

AVERAGE AGE OF SUCCESS

COMES TO MOST LUCKY ONES IN MIDDLE LIFE.

STATESMEN AND SOLDIERS ARE GENERALLY OVER 60.

In the Popular Science Monthly, Prof. Edwin Grant Dexter has compiled a curious lot of statistics relating to success in life. He starts with the book known as "Who's Who in America," assuming that it contains the names of those in our country best entitled to fame, and says:

"A mention of 8,602 names in the volume means, if we assume that every inhabitant of the United States above the age of 21 was eligible to such mention, that one in each 600 was so honored. This, then, would be our ratio of success for all degrees of education—good, bad and indifferent. We find, however, that of the whole number mentioned, 3,237 had received the bachelor's degree in arts, literature, science or philosophy at some college or university. A study of the alumni lists of such institutions shows us that after the commencement season of 1899 there were 334,000 living graduates. A comparison of the number mentioned in the book (3,237) with this whole number alive shows us that one college graduate in each 106 found a place. But to carry our process of comparison one step further; taking 1-600 as the ratio of success for adult Americans, and 1-106 as that for the college graduate, we find that the probability of success is increased more than 5.6 times by a college education."

Professor Dexter is frank enough to admit, however, that this great advantage is not so much due to the direct educational effect of a college course as to its selective influence. The kind of success treated of in "Who's Who" is not the success of money. It is the success of mind of character which makes a man marked and famous among his fellows, and the apparent advantage to the college graduate would not show at all if the comparison were made on the basis of success in commerce, manufacture and finance.

Fame is something which all men strive for, and which they seek to acquire at the earliest opportunity. In the second part of his paper professor Dexter takes up the question: "How long must I wait for eminence, if ever it comes, and in what profession may I expect it earliest?" His reply is given in a set of rather remarkable tables in which the various occupations are compared with respect to the average age of those who have attained eminence in them. Those below 40 years of age he regards as "young," and those above that figure as "old." It is shown that the musician, the scientific man, the professor, the actor and the author have the best chance of all for reaching eminence while still young, the list being given in the order in which the greatest number of successful may be found. With the lawyer, the statesman, the physician, the soldier, the sailor, the financier and the clergyman the chances of getting fame under 40 years is much less than in the list first given, and under the headings of "business" and "inventors" the chance is next to nothing at all.

In the women's table it is shown that recognition comes quicker for them than it does for men in music or on the stage, but that in all other callings they are behind the men.

Of the professional men who have academic degrees outside of their special lines, the doctors take the lead, saving only the college instructors. According to professor Dexter, 7.5 of all the doctors have taken the academic degree, and we must conclude, he says, "that of the three generally recognized learned professions, the medical leads in the breadth and perfection of its educational preparation."

To our mind, the most striking feature of professor Dexter's work is the showing that success comes with age, and that there is no quick and royal road to fame or fortune, even if occasionally we do find a few youthful phenomena in all of the occupations. The average age of those who have attained eminence in business, in finance and as soldiers is above 60. The average of the statesman, the author, the educator, the physician, is above 55. One of the surprising showings is that the average age of the inventor is 60, and that the percentage of those who achieve fame below 40 is too small to mention. The average of successful clergymen and editors lies between 45 and 50. The average for actors, save women, is 45, and this also is the average for musicians and scientists—these three constituting the occupations in which eminence comes quickest of all.

We have mentioned that each of the professions has a few members who reach eminence before they reach 40. This is perhaps a bad choice of terms, for there are more than a few in some of the occupations. For example, about one-third of the actors reach eminence before they cross the line of 40. About one-fourth of the artists do the same thing. One editor in five obtains recognition before he is 40. The same percentage stands good for congressmen. One soldier and one sailor and one financier out of every 12 gets a high place before he is 40. The ratio for the lawyers is about one in 15. The ratio for the business man (not in money, but in fame) is one in 20. The highest ratio of youth is found among the scientists and the musicians.

Still, while noting that the average age of all who have attained eminence in all the occupations is far above 50, we need not forget that the work which laid the foundation and built this eminence was performed in comparative youth. The tables of professor Dexter are perhaps a better barometer of the slowness of public recognition than of the age at which our capacities reach their zenith. We may regret, too, that fame is so jealous of her gifts that when she bestows them the recipient is often past the age of full enjoyment.

Time, who changes all, had alter'd him
In soul and aspect as in age; years steal
Fire from the mind as vigor from the limb;
And life's enchanted cup but sparkles from the brim.

—Kansas City Journal.

FASHIONS AT THE RACES

THE DISPLAY AT SARATOGA IS EXCEPTIONALLY SMART.

WHAT LADIES MUST WEAR TO BE IN THE SWIM.

New York, Aug. 9.—The most beautiful gowns of the season are now to be seen at the Saratoga races. All the wealth, beauty and aristocracy of the country are assembled at the American Spa and the admiration is about equally divided between Beauty and the Beast.

Although the costumes are worn by women from all over the land, the majority are creations of New York modistes, and it has been the privilege of your correspondent to get a glimpse into many of the wardrobes prepared for society women.

Any judgment passed upon these costumes will be simply a matter of taste, for all are beautiful and costly and worn with that indescribable air of smartness without which the most elaborate gown would not be a success.

All of the materials are thin, but many are in light silk and wool weight and sufficiently sheer to be enhanced by the rich silk linings.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, jr., whose sartorial triumphs are equalled only by her social conquests has been attracting attention in a stuning gown of galathea cloth. The skirt is arranged to form a box plait running from the front to the back, the extra fulness at the hip being gauged so that the whole closely stimulates a yoke effect. At the hem there is an exquisite heading of open-work stitching,and this being in black contrasts effectively with the rose-pink tint of the dress material.

The jacket takes the form of a rounded bolero and has a box-plait at each side of the back, and two plaits at each side of the front. The latter are trimmed with tiny black silk buttons and the bolero is edged all around with a narrow band of blue and cream-yellow embroidery on a white ground. Bishop sleeves, slightly guaged at the upper part, over tucked interior cuffs lend an air of chic to the bodice and a collar band and cuffs of embroidery, complete the trimmings.

The hat accompanying this costume is a very wide affair, dipping decidedly at the back and front. It is of finest white satin straw and the entire trimming is confined to the three immense white silk roses, slightly tinted, two of which are placed at the front of the crown and the third under the brim.

A parasol of white silk covered with point lace completes the costume.

Despite its elegance, however, there is no reason why such a gown should not be duplicated with splendid results by the home artist. Highly finished silk cashmir could be used instead of the expensive cloth, and the embroidery could be placed with an inexpensive applique, so that if the frock were made at home, the matter of expense could be reduced to a very few dollars.

Among the other choice accessories for the races are dainty little Paquin collets made variously of peau de soie, creped satin, taffeta, moire, or matelasse silk in cavalier or Henri II. shape—fluffy and elaborate about the shoulders, and finished with a Raleigh or Robespierre collar covered with lace appliques in point Arabe designs. The capes are lined with the most delicate of choffons, and finished with scarf ends bordered with embroidered hems.

A prominent Western beauty whose name is a synonym for millions wears a delicious frock composed of sage-green pongee; the habit-back skirt has a graceful flouce embroidered in a darker shade of green and the trimming extends almost the entire depth of the flounce. Around the hips the skirts fits faultlessly, the fulness at the back, being caught in tiny box plaits stitched closely down on either side, the length of the skirt.

The bodice is a slightly bloused affair with plaited basque. The front lapels form epaulettes over each shoulder and a square collar at the back, while they are piped with white taffeta and trimmed with lace to open over a small chemisette of fulled white chiffon. Cords held with crochet buttons cross the front and the small sleeves, with plaited frills, are held with a buttoned strap, which, like the girdle, is piped with white taffeta.

Pongee was never worn to better advantage than this year and the ways of trimming it are varied and effective. Handmade twine netting is one of the favored garnitures, and folds of white silk sometimes accompany the netting. These racing gowns, however, are not all developed in silk and wool goods, even if they are light of weight. There are Swiss muslins and batistes galore, to say nothing of organdies and India mulls. One of the sweetest novelties imaginable is a Quaker grey batiste. But shades of our forefathers! A Quaker grey at the races! It is enough to make the heart stand still; yet such is the case, and the father of the sect himself could not but admire a design worn by a Texas beauty a day or two ago. The gown showed a foundation slip of pink taffeta, very pale pink, and the skirt had a flounce trimmed with borders of black lace, en applique.

The tucked round waist showed a mixture of lace insertion and black velvet ribbon. The vest was of pink chiffon. A black Neapolitan picture hat, decorated with a black lace scarf and a cluster of pink roses completed the costume.

For a general mix up in the way of trimming, though an old-fashioned barege commends itself. In the first place it has a series of shirred flounces, and these are appliqued with embroidery in different shades of the same color, which, by the way, is green. Then there is a silk bolero to match the barege in tone, and this has insertions of lace in string color. Oriental embroidery supplies the waistcoat and chiffon and Irish point lace the chemisette. Furthermore, there is a girdle of velvet finished with odd silver buckles. Thus is combined in one costume barege velvet, silk, two sorts of lace, two kinds of embroidery, chiffon and ornamental buckles.

There are so many shades of pretty fireen this year that one does not wonder at the popularity of the shade. The latest tint is a dull blue-green seen in medallions of silk braid upon gowns of fawn color crepe de Chine. Of course the color corresponds with other tints, but its most effective blend is with the shades in the category of natural colors. A delightful design has the skirt plaited and trimmed about the hips with these medallions of dull blue-green silk. The plaited blouse opens over a tucked vest of chiffon with lace cravat. The sleeves are of the bishop pattern, with plaited cuffs, and the belt is of velvet the tint of the medallions.

In organdie an elegant costume veined with laced strips is trimmed with myriad bands of lace. The scalloped tunic of the skirt is draped over scalloped pieces of lace-trimmed organdie, over a circular flounce. The effect is confusion, but that is the fashion, and furthermore, the fact that one is unable to tell "which is which," as it were, adds to the charm of the frock.

The blouse waist with draped collar, is held with shoulder pieces and caught with velvet ribbon rosettes, opening over a yoke of plain organdie crossed with velvet ribbons. The elbow sleeves with three laced-edged frills over small interior sleeves enhance the beauty oof the bodice.

No matter how luxurious the model, there is no fashion this season which can not be reproduced at a nominal sum, and why need we crave for the extravagant confections when it is possible to borrow their effect without the great expense they entail?

MAUDE GRIFFIN.

THE BANTAM CHAMPIONSHIP.

Forbes and Reagan to Meet in Their Second Encounter.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 8.—Harry Forbes of Chicago, and Johnny Reagan of Brooklyn, are in excellent condition for their twenty-round bout, which is slated to be pulled off before the West End Athletic club tomorrow. The fight is to determine the bantam weight championship, the title of which is now held by the Chicago fighter. Both boxers finished their training yesterday, and will rest until they are called upon to enter the ring to begin their battle. The contest has been widely discussed during the last few weeks, and a big crowd will be on hand to see the fight. It will be the second time the two have come together in the ring of the West End club. Their last encounter resulted in a draw after twenty rounds of as fast fighting as was ever seen in this city.

CAPITAL TOO HEAVY.

Canadian Woolen Mills Company Will Be Re-organized.

Montreal ,Aug. 8.—Application has been made to the supreme court for a winding-up order for the Canadian Woolen Mills company. The company has a capitalization of two millions, of which $1,100,000 is common stock, $400,000 preferred stock, and $650,000 first mortgage bond. The John Manville company, of New York, control the bond issue, and are large shareholders of the common and preferred stock. It is explained that the company's capitalization has been found to be too great, and the present method is being used to reduce it. The operations of the mill will be continued, and trade creditors will not be affected.

LARGE APPLE CROP.

Rochester, Aug. 8.—The national apple shippers' convention completed its business for the year in executive session today and adjourned to meet in Niagara Falls in 1903. A report was made public at the close of today's session says the present conditions would indicate the largest yield in recent years.

Atlantic S.S. Sailings

From Montreal:
Beaver Line, Lake Simcoe.....August 14
Beaver Line, Lake Manitoba.....August 21
Allan Line, Ionian.....August 9
Allan Line, Parisian.....August 16
Dominion Line, Dominion.....August 2

From Portland:
Dominion Line, Colonian.....August 2

From Boston:
Dominion Line, Commonwealth..August 13

From New York:
White Star, Celtic.....August 6
White Star, Germanic.....August 13
Cunard, Etruria.....August 9
Cunard, Campania.....August 16
American, Philadelphia.....August 6
American, St. Paul.....August 13

Continental sailings of French, North German Lloyd, H. A. P., and Italian Lines on application.

RATES—Saloon fares, $55.00 and upwards. Second, $35.00 and upwards according to steamer and location of berth. Steerage quoted on application. Prepaid passages from England and the continent at lowest rates.

H. L. BROWN, City Agt., Nelson. W. P. F. CUMMINGS, Gen. Agt., Winnipeg.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Carpenter Creek Bridge, at New Denver, B. C.,

SEALED TENDERS, properly indorsed, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of the 6th September next, for the erection and completion of a bridge across Carpenter creek, on the line of the present structure, at New Denver, West Kootenay District, B. C.

The drawing, specifications and conditions of tendering and contract may be seen at the Public Works Engineer's office, Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., or at the office of the Mining Recorder, New Denver, B.C., and at the office of the Government Agent, Kaslo, B. C., on and after the 11th of August, instant.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque or certificate of deposit, made payable to the undersigned, for the sum of three hundred ($300) dollars, as security for the due fulfilment of the contract, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. The cheques of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the execution of the contract.

Tenders will not be considered unless made out on the forms supplied, and signed with the actual signature of the tenderers.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., 5th August, 1902.

NOTICE.

"Canadian Contingent Exemption Act, 1902."

All South African Volunteers entitled to avail themselves of the privileges of the above act are requested to communicate with the undersigned without delay, as also the next of kin of those deceased, or of those who have not yet returned to British Columbia, or any other persons interested in mining properties held by such volunteers.

The latest date for receiving applications for exemption under the above act is the 21st day of September, 1902.

EDWD. GAWLER PRIOR,
Minister of Mines.
Department of Mines, Victoria, B. C., 4th of August, 1902.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in two certain indentures of mortgage, which will be produced at the time of the sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction, by S. P. Tuck, auctioneer, in front of the office of the said S. P. Tuck, in the city of Nelson, British Columbia, on Wednesday, the twenty-seventh day of August, A. D. 1902, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, the following property:

That certain lot or parcel of land in the city of Sandon known as lot 4, in block 5, map 609 "A."

On the said property is situated the frame building known as the "Balmoral," containing a saloon and barber shop.

For terms and conditions of sale and any further information, apply to the undersigned.

FRANK L. CHRISTIE,
Solicitor for Mortgagee.
Atherton Block, Main Street, Sandon, B. C.
Dated this 26th July, 1902.

J. C. GWILLIM, B., Sc.,
MINING ENGINEER.
Late of Geological Survey of Canada. Six years experience in B. C mining districts.
BAKER STREET, NELSON.

PATENTS, TRADE MARKS and COPYRIGHTS obtained in all countries
ROWLAND BRITTAIN.
Registered Patent attorney, Mechanical Engineer and Draughtsman. Bank of B. N. A. building, Hastings St., Vancouver, B. C. Write for full particulars.

F. C. GREEN F. S. CLEMENTS
GREEN & CLEMENTS
Civil Engineers and Provincial Land Surveyors.
Cor. Kootenay and Victoria Sts., Nelson
P. O. Box 145 - - Telephone 361

JOHN McLATCHIE
Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyor.
NELSON B C.

WILLIAM A. BAUER
Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyor.
Surveys of mines, mineral claims, crown lands, crown grants obtained and assessments managed for absentees.
CAMBORNE AND VANCOUVER.

West Transfer Co.
TELEPHONE 33.
All kinds of Teaming.
Good Dry Wood, all lengths

For the Best Bread
TRY THE STAR BAKERY.
Choquette Bros., Props.
Telephone 210, Josephine Street.
We keep in stock all kinds of confectionery and fresh candies.

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PARLEZ-VOUS FRANCAIS — Learn Parisian French with the aid of a phonograph furnished in your home. Grammar and composition part of our thorough course. Write for free circular.

WHOLESALE HOUSES.

NELSON, B. C.

AERATED AND MINERAL WATERS.

NELSON SODA WATER FACTORY—M. M. Cummins, Lessee—Every known variety of soft drinks. P. O. Box 88, telephone No. 31, Hoover steet, Nelson. Bottlers of the famous St. Leon Hot Springs Mineral Water.

GROCERIES.

A. MACDONALD & CO—CORNER FRONT and Hall Streets—Wholesale Grocers and Jobbers in blankets, gloves, mitts, boots, rubbers, mackinaws and miners' sundries.

FRESH AND SALT MEATS.

P. BURNS & CO.—BAKER STREET, Nelson — Wholesale dealers in fresh and cured meats. Cold storage.

WEST KOOTENAY BUTCHER CO.—Ward Street, Nelson.—Wholesale dealers in fresh and cured meats.

HARDWARE AND MINING SUPPLIES.

THE J. H. ASHDOWN HARDWARE CO. Ltd.—Baker Street, Nelson.—Wholesale dealers in hardware, miners' supplies, sporting goods, etc.

H. BYERS & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS in Hardware, Miners Supplies and Sporting Goods. Branches at Nelson, Kaslo and Sandon.

M'LACHLAN BROS.—BAKER STREET, Nelson. — Dealers in hardware, mining supplies, glass paints, Portland Cement, fire clay, and Scotch fire brick. Agents for Wilkins & Co. celebrated steel wire rope.

NELSON HARDWARE CO. — BAKER STREET—Wholesale paints, oils, and glass; mechanics tools, fishing tackle and sporting goods a specialty.

LIQUORS AND DRY GOODS.

HUDSON'S BAY CO. — WHOLESALE groceries and liquors, etc., Baker Street Nelson.

LUMBER.

NELSON SAW & PLANING MILL—Office, corner Hall and front streets, Nelson. — Lumber, ceiling, flooring, and everything in wood for building purposes. Get our prices. Correspondence solicited.

UNION MEETINGS.

NELSON MINERS' UNION, NO. 96, W. F. M.—Meets every Saturday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Samuel L. Peacock, President; James Wilks, Secretary. Visiting brethern cordially invited.

LODGE MEETINGS.

NELSON LODGE, NO. 25, K. OF P.—Meets in K. of P. Hall, Odd Fellows' block, every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock All visiting Knights cordially invited.
WM. LYNCH, C. C.
R. G. JOY, K. of R. & S.

FOR RENT

Advertisements inserted under this head at the rate of one cent a word per insertion. No advertisement taken for less than 25 cents.

FOR RENT—First class furnished house, 10 rooms, electric light and all modern conveniences. D. M., News office.

FOR RENT—Five roomed house, bath, water, all conveniences, large wood shed, two corner lots fenced, $15 a month; this is cheap. Brydges, Blakemore & Cameron, Ltd., Houston block.

ROOMS — Furnished or unfurnished, by day, week or month, rates from $5 to $10 per month. Apply to Mrs. Scott, Room 41, K. W. C. Block.

PIANOS and sewing machines for rent or sale at The Old Curiosity Shop.

FOR RENT — Four up to date houses, close in, cheap. See Annable.

FIRST-CLASS board and room, $5.50 per week, Silica st., second door west of Ward.

WANTED

J. H. LOVE.
Nelson Employment Agency.
P. O. Box 465. Phone 278.

HELP of all kinds wanted and furnished. Western Canadian Employment Agency. Large warehouse for storage; call at Prosser's Second Hand store, Baker street, west.

MINE MANAGERS—When you want mining blanks, pay sheets, vouchers or anything in the way of book-binding, ruling, or stationery, write to The Daily News' Book-binding and Job Printing department, Nelson, B. C.

WANTED—A second hand safe; small. Apply, G. M., News office.

DURKEE ELECTRIC DRILLS
B. C. RIBLET, Engineer.
(Manufacturer and Agent for Canada.)
NELSON, B. C.

Patent Automatic Aerial Tramway
(Riblet System.)
Manufactured by
BYRON C. RIBLET, Engineer.
NELSON, B. C.

Most economic system for the transportation of ores and other material.

SILVER KING MIKE
Will pay the highest cash price for all kinds of second hand goods. Will buy or sell anything from an anchor to a needle. Furniture, stoves, carpets, cooking utensils bought in household quantities. Also cast off clothing. Call and see me or write. Address Silver King Mike, Box 200, Hall Street, Nelson, B. C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
RAILWAY
WORLD'S SCENIC ROUTE
DIRECT LINE

EAST	WEST
WINNIPEG	WESTMINSTER
TORONTO	VANCOUVER
OTTAWA	VICTORIA
MONTREAL	SKAGWAY
ST. JOHN	DAWSON
HALIFAX	SEATTLE
BOSTON	PORTLAND
NEW YORK	SAN FRANCISCO

LAKE ROUTE
From Fort William, the favorite summer route, to all eastern points.

VIA SOO LINE
For St. Paul, Duluth, Sault Ste. Marie, Chicago, etc.
THROUGH TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.

EAST
Leaves Dunmore Junction daily for St. Paul; Kootenay Landing Tuesday and Saturday for Toronto, Montreal and all eastern points.

WEST
Leaves Revelstoke daily for Seattle and Vancouver.
Through bookings to Europe via all Atlantic lines.
Prepaid tickets at lowest rates issued from all European countries.
For rates and full particulars apply to local agents, or
CITY TICKET OFFICE.
E. J. COYLE, A.G.P.A., Vancouver.
J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
NONE BETTER.
SOLID VESTIBULED TRAINS
PALACE DINING AND OBSERVATION CARS.—MEALS a la CARTE.
Close connection East and Westbound at Spokane with trains of the Spokane Falls & Northern Railway.
Direct connection at St. Paul without change of depots, with all trains for Chicago, Toronto, Montreal, New York and all points East and South.
Leaves Spokane daily for East at 9.40 a. m.
Leaves Spokane daily for West at 7.30 a. m.
Leaves Spokane daily for West at 8.00 p. m.
Westbound trains make direct connection for Victoria and Vancouver, Portland, San Francisco, and all points on the Sound.
During the season of navigation, eastbound trains connect at Duluth with the magnificent steamships North-West and North-Land of the Northern Steamship Company's line, operated in connection with the Great Northern Railway.
For further information, maps, folders, etc., apply to any agent of the Spokane Falls & Northern Railway, Kaslo & Slocan Railway, Kootenai Railway & Navigation Company, or to
H. BRANDT,
City Passenger and Ticket Agent, W 701 W, Riverside avenue, Spokane, Wash.
G. K. TACKABURY, Local Agent, Nelson, B. C.

KOOTENAY RAILWAY & NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
OPERATING
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION & TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.
KASLO & SLOCAN RAILWAY.
8:30 a. m. Lv....KASLO..... Ar. 4:00 p. m.
10:55 p. m. Ar....SANDON....Lv. 1:45 p. m.
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION & TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.
KASLO-NELSON ROUTE.
6:10 p. m. Lv.....NELSON.....Ar. 7:00 a. m.
9:10 p. m. Ar.....KASLO.....Lv. 7:00 a. m.
Connecting at Troup Junction with Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway both to and from Rossland, Spokane, etc.
Tickets sold to all parts of United States and Canada via Great Northern and O. R. & N. Company's lines.
For further particulars call on address,
ROBERT IRVING, Manager, Kaslo.
G. K. TACKABURY, Agent, Nelson.

SPOKANE FALLS & NORTHERN RAILWAY
Nelson to Vancouver.....26 hours
Nelson to Seattle.....21 hours
Nelson to Victoria.....26 hours

Leave	DAY TRAIN	Arrive
9:20 a. m.	Spokane	7:15 p. m.
12:25 p. m.	Rossland	4:30 p. m.
10:30 a. m.	Mountain	5:59 p. m.
9:40 a. m.	Nelson	6:45 p. m.

H. A. JACKSON,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Spokane, Washington.
G. K. TACKABURY,
Agent, Nelson, B. C.

TENDERS.

Tenders are invited by the undersigned company for the driving of 400 feet or more of tunneling at their mine at McGuigan, Slocan district.

Specifications may be seen at the office of the company, Kaslo, B. C., or at the mine.

Bids will be received either at the mine or the office up to Friday the 15th instant.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WASHINGTON MINE, LIMITED.,
Per John L. Retallack, Managing Director.
Kaslo, B. C., August 5th, 1902.

Its Too Hot

To Write Ads

but come to us when you want

BOOKS,
MAGAZINES,
PHOTO SUPPLIES,
STATIONERY,

anything, in fact.

Morley & Co.

Booksellers and Stationers, Nelson, B. C.
Show Rooms for Mason & Risch Pianos.

Born, in Nelson, on Saturlay, August 9th, the wife of James D. Wightman, of Ainsworth, a daughter.

Owing to the heat, the school conducted by the sisters of St. Joseph will not be re-opened until Monday, the 18th inst.

The flight of wooden steps leading from the west end of Silica street down into Cottonwood creek flat are becoming dangerous through decay, and should be either closed up or repaired as there is considerable traffic of foot passengers over them.

Word has been received from the party of three prospectors who left last spring to do exploring and prospecting in the lower mountains of the Malayan peninsula. James Stewart, who went from Ymir, had been sick for some time with tropical fever, but was then recovering, the rest of them being well.

C. K. Loring, who was fishing with ordinary grasshopper bait in the neighborhood of the park yesterday, took a handsome rainbow trout weighing three and a half pounds, besides several smaller fish. R. W. Day brought in a basket of handsome trout, and many other fishermen reported a good day's sport.

All the teachers of the public and high schools, except Miss Rath, have now returned to the city, not having known that their holidays were extended for another week. Principal Sullivan, of the public school, arrived in Nelson Friday, and Miss A. McLeod got in last evening. Miss Rath will remain in Winnipeg for the next two months.

The steamer International yesterday brought in three cars of Ruth ore for the Hall Mines smelter.

The bonfire in celebration of the coronation of the king yesterday was carried through successfully by the Sons of England lodge. A raft of logs was piled high with slabs from the Nelson Saw & Planing Mills, the whole then being saturated with tar. A little after 9 o'clock at night a torch was applied to the wood, the raft having first been towed out into the middle of the lake. A number of rockets were sent up, and charges of giant powder exploded.

The coronation of king Edward had a disastrous effect upon the efficiency of the Canadian Pacific edition of the Associated Press. As news features last evening it served out the information that president Roosevelt, while out camping on Friday night, slept on the bare ground; and that a new worm has commenced to eat the potato vine in New York state. It is evident that if president Roosevelt had gone camping with a feather bed, and the usually industrious potato bug had got away with the vine before the worm had a chance to commence operations upon it, the Associated Press would have been put out of business for the night.

At the tennis grounds yesterday afternoon the Nelson players suffered defeat in every event. The Rosslanders in the doubles, singles and mixed doubles scored every time. The score was as follows: Doubles—Dewdney and Walker beat Pinkham and Ward by 6-0, 6-1; Ward and Phipps beat Macrae and Pollok by 6-0, 7-5; Ward and Phipps beat Pinkham and Ward by 6-3, 6-1; Walker and Dewdney beat Macrae and Pollok by 6-3, 6-2. Singles—Dewdney beat Ward, 6-1, 6-2; Walker beat Macrae, 6-2, 6-3; Ward beat Pollok, 6-1, 6-2. Mixed Doubles—Mrs. Scott and Walker beat Mr. and Mrs .Pollok, 7-5, 6-3; Mrs. Scott and Dewdney beat Macrae and Miss Hedley, 6-3, 6-2.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. J. A. Forin has returned to Nelson after an enjoyable trip to the coast.

Mrs. J. K. Strachan, of this city, is spending a few days with friends in Tacoma.

NELSON WINS FROM TRAIL

JUNIORS TURN THE TABLES ON THEIR VISITORS.

SMALLEST BOYS ON THE TEAMS PLAY BEST BALL.

There was a very fair attendance at the ball grounds yesterday afternoon to see the game between the Nelson and Trail juniors, which resulted in a victory for the local team. The visitors were much smaller boys than those who played on the Nelson team, but they did not suffer much by reason of this as their little fellows played the best ball of the lot, Merrick, their giant right fielder, coming in for some very flattering comments from the grand stand.

Steele, who was pitching for the visitors, was very effective, but his support was poor, it being possible for Nelson batters to fan and then reach their base safely.

There were not many hits made off Stead, who started the game for Nelson but this was altogether due to the circumstance that Stead refused to pitch a ball over the plate. Throughout he was as wild as a hawk and gave no less than 15 bases during the time he was in the box. Nelson's infield was good, and a catch made by Wallace in left was also deserving of notice.

An unpleasant feature of the game was the rough work of Johns. In the last game with Trail on the local grounds he needlessly knocked down the Trail catcher in scoring a run, but no notice was taken of it. Yesterday he knocked out the Trail first baseman. He was at the base ahead of the ball, but umpire Blackwood promptly called him out for interference with the baseman. The decision of the umpire was received with applause and should go a long way to stamp out roughness. The score of the game follows:

Trail.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Cunningham. 1b.	3	2	1	7	0	2
Shields, lf, c. ..	4	0	0	9	0	0
Kelly, ss	3	0	1	2	1	1
White, 3b	5	0	1	1	1	2
Lewis, c, lf	5	0	0	0	0	0
Langford, 2b ...	2	1	0	2	0	2
Cunningham, cf.	2	1	0	0	0	0
Merrick, rf	4	1	1	0	0	0
Steele, p	4	2	1	1	2	0
Totals	32	7	5	*22	4	7

*Johns out twice, first, being hit by batted ball; second, interference.

Nelson.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Whittet, c and p	5	2	1	8	3	1
Davidson, cf	3	3	0	0	2	0
Johns, 3b	5	1	0	4	0	1
Malette, ss	3	1	0	4	1	1
Lapointe, 2b	4	0	0	4	1	0
Sharpe, rf, p	4	1	1	0	0	0
McArthur, 1b ..	4	2	2	5	0	0
Wallace, lf, c ..	3	1	1	1	0	0
Stead, p, lf	4	0	0	1	1	2
Totals	35	11	5	27	8	5

By Innings:

Trail	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	0	1—7
Nelson	2	0	2	0	1	4	2	0	*—11

WELSHMEN DESTITUTE.

Members of the Patagonian Settlements Suffer Losses by Floods.

Ottawa, Aug. 9.—W. L. Griffin, Canadian government agent in Wales, has just returned from a visit to the Welsh Patagonian settlement at Saltcoats, N. W. T. When he arrived here he found a letter waiting for him from the Argentine republic, showing a sad state of affairs existing in the Welsh colony in Patagonia. The Cubet valley is again flooded. The melting snows in the Andes together with an unusually heavy rainfall have created an overflow in the river, which has caused the capital of the colony, Rawson, to be flooded and the towns of Trelew and Gaiman are under water, and the poor people are flying to the hills for shelter and safety. There is a scarcity of the first necessaries of life, and altogether the condition of the people is deplorable.

The disposition of those remaining in the colony will no doubt be to follow their friends to Canada, but it is feared they will be, on account of the floods, in a more or less destitute condition, and will require assistance. If Canada cannot assist, no doubt South Africa will get these people.

CABLE WILL NOT BE CUT.

Commander McCrea Ordered to Protect the Haytien-New York Line.

Washington, Aug. 9.—The United States and Haytien Telegraph & Cable companies have appealed to the state and navy departments here to prevent the cutting of their cables at Cape Haytien. According to information received by the cable company in New York, the Haytien gunboat Crete-A-Pierrot, which is under command of admiral Killicy, who has allied himself with the revolutionary government of general Firmin, and who has been appointed secretary of war and navy under the revolutionary government, intends to sever the company's cable between Cape Haytien and New York. The company appealed to the authorities here to instruct commander McCrea of the gunboat Machias to protect the cable from violence.

Acting secretary of state Adee and acting secretary of the navy Darling held a conference over the matter and decided that it was proper for this government, in the protection of the international interests involved, to issue the instructions, and accordingly a cablegram was sent to commander McCrea directing him to prevent the cutting of the cable.

BURIED IN THE CELLAR.

She Might Have Been a Material Witness in the Case.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Shortly afters o'clock tonight the body of Mrs. Annie Batholin, mother of the young man who is suspected for the murder of Minnie Mitchell, was found buried in the cellar of the house in which the Bartholins had lived on Calumet avenue. While no official examination has yet been made to determine the immediate cause of death, there is a sufficient number of bruises upon the corpse to prove that she had received, prior to her death, a beating severe enough to have killed her. She evidently had been pounded very seriously with a heavy club.

BRYAN'S ORATORICAL POWERS.

Democratic managers in the east are making the common mistake of attributing great political significance to the immense crowds that turn out to hear Mr. Bryan's speeches. Experience has shown that Mr. Bryan always draws large crowds but the crowds do not necessarily mean a heavy Democratic vote. Mr. Bryan will be greeted by large audiences as long as he remains in politics, because he is easily the most graceful and fascinating political speaker in the United States.

NEW SWIMMING RECORD.

London, Aug. 9.—A race today for the amateur half-mile swimming championship of England, contested at Norwood park, was won by Caville, an Australian. His time was 11 minutes, 50 2-5 seconds, creating a new record for the distance.

CANADIAN DEFENDER WINS .

Montreal, Aug. 9.—Trident won todays' race by five minutes, fifteen seconds. This means that the Seawanhaka cup will remain in Canada.

AT THE HOTELS.

Phair—Mrs. Scott, Miss K. Fraser, Miss Boultbee, Miss K. Boultbee, Miss Vivan, G. M. Carmichael, Rossland; E. E. L. Dewdney, C. C. Walker, W. A. Ward, Chicago; W. H. G. Phipps, Winnipeg; A. J. Bates, Vancouver; G. M. Doull, Montreal; F. B. Farmer, St. Paul; T. W. Don, Montreal; Mrs. J. F. Burns, Mrs. A. E. Whitney, Miss E. C. Williams, Ymir; C. B. Keller, Chicago; C. J. Whyte, Toronto; Miss L. F. Pary, Miss Pary, Miss M. T. Pary, Miss S. C. Davis, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Lockhart, West St. John, N. B.; R. G. Bagnall, Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Tyler, Rossland; E. O. Quinn and wife, F. Quinn, W. E. Quinn, St. Paul.

Hume—H. Roy, Rossland; G. Dunn, Montreal; Miss E. P. Johnson, Brantford; J. B. McKay, Vancouver; J. F. Cance and wife, Galesville, Wis; J. W. Robinson, Cranbrook; F. B. Gibbs, D. G. Kurtz, Kokanee; D. R. Stevens, Medicine Hat; L. Guenther, F. J. Hartman, Chicago; O. H. Bancroft, E. Hollingsworth, Spokane; J. M. Urquhart, Ymir; W. J. Arnot, Winnipeg; P. Church, Spokane; R. Moscrop and wife, Robson.

Queens—G. W. Armstrong, C. E. Armstrong, Markdale, Ont.; F. A. Roberts and wife, H. M. Roberts, Chatham, Ont.; Mrs. R. C. Keine, Ymir; D. J. McDonald, F. M. Stout, New Denver; Al. Hoerly, Rossland; W. Livingstone, Slocan City.

Grand Central—Miss M. Starr, Miss McKinnon, Miss McMillan, Winnipeg; J. Gustofson, J. Williams, Rossland.

Bartlett—W. Collins, Poorman; J. Cameron, Slocan; S. Moss, J. Brotherton, Greenwood.

Imperial—J. D. McLeod, New York; J. McAskill, New Denver; H. Clifton, Ymir.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Drink Marata Tea.

We want you to try Marata Tea at 35 cents and 45 cents per pound. The People's Cash Grocery, corner Hall and Baker streets.

Madden House Baker St. Nelson.

Do you need a comfortable home? If so try the Madden House. Well furnished rooms, lighted by electricity; first-class board. In the bar you will find all the best domestic and imported liquors and cigars.

THOMAS MADDEN, Proprietor.

REISTERER & CO

Brewers of Fine Lager,
Beer and Porter.

DROP IN AND SEE US.
Latimer Street - - - Nelson, B. C.

Auction Sale

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Acting under instructions we will offer for sale, by public auction, on the premises, near the corner of Stanley and Latimer streets, on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 12th,
2 O'CLOCK SHARP

the whole of the Household Furniture and effects of J. Millward, including a chiffonier, brass and iron bedsteads, sideboard, sewing machine, etc.

Goods can be seen on morning of the sale.

TERMS CASH

C. A. Waterman & Co.
AUCTIONEERS.

MAKES YOUR BACK LAME

to get out these days and dig around in the garden, doesn't it?

It's good for you though. Good for the garden too, probably; your appetite grows doubtless, and as for the lameness, one of our strengthening plasters

MAKES YOUR BACK WELL

in a day and a night.

It costs you only 25c and you feel like another man. You will want to weed gardens all the while.

Canada Drug & Book Co., Ltd.

OUTLET HOTEL
PROCTER, B. C.

Terms - - - - - $2.00 Per Day

Charming summer resort, twenty miles from Nelson, on Kootenay lake. Steamboats connecting twice daily with all points. Telegraph station and Postoffice.

The best trolling and fly fishing in the Kootenays. Big game hunting.

Boats and Naphtha launches, with attendants, at reasonable prices.

Completely furnished house boat in connection, accommodation for six or more people; terms $5.00 per day.

For further information apply to

W. TELFORD,
Manager Outlet Hotel, Procter, B. C., or
T. G. PROCTER, Nelson.

HIGH GRADE COFFEE

Kootenay Coffee Co.
Roasters of Choice Coffees.

Quantities to suit at wholesale prices

Our Java and Mocha at 40c. and Our Choice Blend at 25c.

is the best value for the money. We guarantee satisfaction if you buy or order direct from us.

Pure Choice Teas
All varieties and grade.

KOOTENAY COFFEE CO.
West Baker St. Tel 177. P.O Box 182

CALL ON THE

NELSON WINE CO.

and try a bottle, a dozen, or a barrel of CALGARY BEER, as it is the best and cheapest on the market. Also try our WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.

FRANK A. TAMBLYN, Manager.
Telephone 93 - - Baker St., Nelson.

Fred Irvine & Co.

Bargains in Men's Furnishings

We are offering special reductions in Men's White and Colored Regatta Shirts, Balbrigan Underwear, Natural Wool Sox, Shirts and Drawers, Ties, Scarfs, Collars and Cuffs.

For Summer Wear see our Gents' Stock.

FRED IRVINE & Co.

B&K B&K B&K B&K B&K B&K B&K B&K B&K B&K

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

SHIPPERS OF

Grain, Hay and Cereals in Car-Lots to all Kootenay and Boundary Points.

Elevators on Calgary & Edmonton Railroad. Mills at Victoria, Westminster and Strathcona, Alta. WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS PROMPT SHIPMENT

VICTORIA VANCOUVER WESTMINSTER ROSSLAND STRATHCONA, Alta. NELSON, B C.

B&K B&K B&K B&K B&K B&K B&K B&K B&K B&K

H. BYERS & CO.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Screen Doors Window Screens
Poultry Netting Lawn Supplies

AGENTS

TRUAX ORE CARS — MINING, MILL and
GIANT POWDER — HEAVY HARDWARE

Nelson Kaslo Sandon

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT DISTILLER TO HIS MAJESTY KING EDWARD VII

SOLE AGENTS FOR B.C.

E. FERGUSON & CO., NELSON, B.C.

JOHN BEGG'S
ROYAL
LOCHNAGAR
SCOTCH WHISKY

Exclusively Supplied to all the Royal Palaces
Since 1848
THE FINEST WHISKY ON THE MARKET

FOR FIFTY YEARS DISTILLER
TO HER LATE MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA

DO YOU WANT A GOOD SHOT GUN OR RIFLE?

Greener, Parker, L. C. Smith, Remington, Lefever, Clabrough, and Westley Richards shot guns.

Savage, Winchester, Marlin, Mauser, Mannlicher, Lee-Enfield, Lee Straight Pull, and Remington Lee high power rifles.

WE CARRY THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF FIREARMS IN CANADA

CHARLES E. TISDALL
VANCOUVER

BARGAINS — BARGAINS — BARGAINS

Having decided to close our Nelson Branch, we will put on the market on and after

Monday, August 11th

Our entire stock of Groceries, Crockery and Glassware at prices never before heard of in the Kootenays. For the every day family purchase we offer for spot cash, 10 per cent off the regular retail price of Groceries, and 30 per cent off the market price of Crockery and Glassware. In quantities we have prices to suit everybody. Our jobbing list for hotels never had an equal in the city.

Our stock must go. Don't miss this opportunity of getting goods at your own price.

Wm. Hunter & Co.