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JOHN MITCHELL IS ELOQUENT

His Final Address Before the Strike Commission

Men Anxious for Harmony In the Coal Fields

Philadelphia, Jan. 17.—President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers, before leaving for Indianapolis to attend the national convention of his organization, and subsequently the national wage convention of the soft coal operators and mine workers, delivered today what he believed was his farewell address to the coal strike commission.

The Scranton Coal company, which also operates the collieries of the Elk Hill Coal & Iron Co., closed its case during the session today and was followed by the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railway company. It was while the latter company was examining witnesses that the hour for adjournment for the week arrived, and Mr. Mitchell arose and asked to be permitted to make a few remarks.

All the attorneys representing the different interests before the commission crowded around the leader of the miners as he prefaced his remarks by stating that it would likely be the last session of the investigation he would be able to attend. He explained why he is called west, and said:

"I wish to take this occasion to express my satisfaction, and that of the miners whom I represent, for the manner in which the investigation has been conducted. I feel confident that by the thoroughness of the inquiry it will result in much good.

"There has been a large part of the time of the commission taken up by the presentation of evidence to show lawlessness in the coal fields, or that lawlessness existed to a large extent during the latter part of the strike. Personally I bear no ill-will to those who came here. I bear no personal malice to those who worked, and in stating what I am saying, I am trying to separate myself as far as possible from the special interests I represent.

"The non-union man who was brought here was brought here for the same purpose he was put in the mines. He was put in the mines for the purpose of destroying the efforts of the man who went on strike. He was brought here under the pretext of getting an advance in wages; he was decoyed by a plea made before the commission that an effort would be made by those who had his case in charge to secure for him an increase of wages. He came here paid by the companies, his hotel bills were paid by them, and our men who went around to see them say money was furnished to them to enjoy themselves while they were here. He came here and in not one single instance did those who represent him attempt to show that it was intended he should get an increase in his earnings. The non-union man was used, betrayed, by those who proposed to take care of his interests before the commission.

"I want to say, too, as to the matter of lawlessness that, before being president of a union, before being a member of a union, I am an American over and above everything else. There is no man connected with the organization, there is no man associated with this investigation who would condemn lawlessness stronger than I would. If I did not do it because I was opposed to lawlessness I would do it because it militates against the success of a strike and against the success and advancement of the organization. I do not believe lawlessness ever won a strike. I do not believe lawlessness to a very large degree deters men from working. I believe lawlessness under all circumstances will militate against the men who go on strike. As I have said many times, I have an abiding faith in the American people. I believe that when they understand a cause to be right they will support it and without the support of the people no great movement can succeed. That is true of a strike, if the people of the country are not in sympathy with it, it must fail, and I know that the sympathy of the people will never be with those who violate the law.

"There is one other question that I feel it is my duty to speak of. As the commission is no doubt aware, several days ago I addressed a communication to all anthracite mine workers urging them to co-operate with the management of the mines, in increasing the output of the mines for the purpose of relieving the terrible suffering due to the coal famine. Since my communication was received by them I have heard from a large number of our local unions and in nearly every instance the miners tell me the production of coal cannot be increased through any effort of theirs. That in most cases the companies are failing to furnish them with as many cars as they could load. In other words, the regular turn of cars will not amount to as much as the men are accustomed and willing to load, so that they cannot increase the output of the mines."

Major Everett Warren, of Scranton, who represents several coal companies before the commission, interrupted Mr. Mitchell, and requested him to bring proof warranting the assertions just made. The companies, he said, had information to the contrary, and they would show that the men do not and are not willing to load as many cars as they can be furnished with.

In reply to this Mr. Mitchell said: "I am not attempting of course to testify as a witness in the matter. I am giving my sources of information in each case. I do not say this for the purpose of placing responsibility on anybody else. The fact of the matter is, my information would indicate that it is impossible to move more coal. The miners tell me the tracks are congested with loaded cars of coal at the mines. I want to say this in connection with it, we have 3,000 men who were on strike who have so far been refused the right to work. They are ready to mine coal. There is a shortage of coal in the country and I believe both miners and operators are doing what they can to get it out of the mines, but they at least can increase it to the extent of putting our 3,000 men to work, whom they agreed to start at work when they submitted to this commission. We have waited patiently since the date of resumption for our men to be placed back in the mines. We believe they ought to be given work. We do not want to and will not cause trouble at the mines, but will do all we can to prevent it. But I want the commission to understand that the men who have been idle all this time are getting impatient. They are writing every day asking if something cannot be done to secure them work in the mines. They are charged, of course, with being criminals. It is alleged they left their jobs, and all that, but if they are going to have a term of peace for some years in the anthracite fields, it seems to me they ought to stop fighting and that any desire to punish men by the company ought to cease. We are willing and anxious to get along in harmony with those in the coal fields, and will do all we can to establish good relationships there, and we hope the operators will met us half way in doing that."

LUMBER INDUSTRY BOOMING

ALONG THE MOYIE, KOOTENAY AND ELK RIVER VALLEYS

NEW MILLS UNDER CONSTRUCTION AT SEVERAL POINTS.

Cranbrook, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Daily News.)—Southeast Kootenay is enjoying the benefits to be reaped from the vast amount of work being done throughout the district by the various lumber companies. From Tochty on the west to Crow's Nest on the east, hundreds of men are engaged in cutting thousands upon thousands of feet of logs and drawing them into the mill ready for next season's cut. The heavy fall of snow six weeks ago, and the continued cold weather has given the lumber industry the opportunity needed. Logging camps have been established along the Moyie, Kootenay and Elk valleys, and a vast amount of money is being paid out in labor. Coming as it does, when mining is quiet, business continues good in nearly all the towns, and the prospects for a prosperous season next summer were never so bright in the district.

The new lumber and the mill being erected by the East Kootenay Lumber company at Meadow creek, just west of Moyie, is well under way, and the machinery is expected some time next month. This is the mill that will fill the contract for 750,000 ties for the C. P. R., probably the largest tie contract ever given to one firm in Canada.

The new mill at Wardner, that is being erected by the Crow's Nest Pass Lumber company, has a large force of men at work, and the building will be framed within a few weeks. The machinery has been ordered, and will be placed in March. This mill will be one of the largest sawmills in the interior, and the company has several camps along the upper Kootenay and tributaries cutting logs for driving next summer.

Many of the smaller streams throughout the district, that have been clogged with driftwood and brush from time unknown, are being cleared this winter and placed in condition for driving logs next summer.

The total output next summer from the several mills of the district will require one or two special lumber trains a day to carry the product to the markets east. In fact, already it is plain to be seen that it is no longer a question of a market, but a question of the ability of the mill men to meet the demand.

The lumber interests alone presage a prosperous year for this district, and in addition to that is the increased development throughout the coal areas, and an increased activity in placer and to some degree quartz mining.

SERIOUS CHARGE.

Preferred Against Official of Deaf and Dumb Institute.

Fredericton, New Brunswick, Jan. 17. —The grand jury have returned a true bill against superintendent Woodbridge, his son Norman, and assistant superintendent Powers, charged with having illicit relations with the female patients of the deaf and dumb institution here. The accused have all left the country.

HAM IS WANTED.

He Is Supposed to Have Stolen Jewelry from a Farmer.

Winnipeg, Jan. 17.—The city police are on the lookout for a young Englishman named George Ham, about 21 years old, who is described as having a blinking affection of the eyes; five feet seven inches tall, and who walks as if his feet were sore. Ham is wanted in connection with a robbery which was committed yesterday at the home of Donald Munro, a farmer living at Springfield, eight miles northeast of Winnipeg. Jewelry to the value of $250 is missing from the house. Ham was formerly employed by Munro, and it is suspected that he got away with the jewelry.

PEACE IN IRELAND.

Redmond Anticipates a Measure That Will Prove Effective.

London, Jan. 17.—John Redmond, M. P., the Irish leader, responding to a nationalist address presented to him at Edinburgh tonight, said he believed that friends of Ireland would soon see a measure become law which would heal the wounds of centuries, and which would give the Irish people a change of living in peace and prosperity on their own soil. If the chance of settling the Irish land question was lost by the rejection of the measure, concluded Mr. Redmond, there would be an overwhelming justification for such a strong menacing and dangerous public movement in Ireland as he would be sorry to see.

Mr. Redmond added that he hoped that the spirit of conciliation shown at the Dublin land conference would be reproduced in the house of commons, and if so, all of the political parties might commence the work of appeasement and justice in Ireland. Hitherto the Irish nationalists had been fighting landlordism and not the landlords, who they wished would remain to take a part in the government of the country.

Laying aside the questions of what was due to the landlord and of the debt due to Ireland, it would be a profitable investment to settle the land question, which had baffled the best English statesmen, had been a source of poverty, misery and bloodshed and had caused the emigration of millions of Irishmen who took into America and cherished there an undying hatred for the Union Jack. The speaker did not believe that the settlement of the land question would end the home rule question, but he did not hesitate to say that it would be the removal of the last obstacle.

BOILER EXPLOSION.

Kills Two Men and Injures Twelve More or Less Seriously.

Greenville, Michigan, Jan. 17.—Two boilers in the Ranney refrigerator factory exploded today. Two men were killed and a dozen injured, two seriously. Loss, $25,000.

The boiler room was located in a structure adjoining the main building, and the side of the factory next to the boiler room fell and buried the engine room, where the victims were at work.

END OF ROYAL SCANDAL.

Formal Separation of Crown Prince and Princess of Saxony Announced.

Berlin, Jan. 17.—The legal representatives of the crown prince and crown princess of Saxony have arranged the terms of separation. The princess abandons all titles, rights and dignities appertaining to her through marriage and resumes her maiden name. The prince is willing to pay her $7,500 yearly.

C. P. R. OFFICIALS.

Entering the Employ of the New Canadian Northern Railway Company.

Winnipeg, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Daily News.)—J. Shields, locomotive foreman of the Canadian Pacific, has been appointed master mechanic of the Canadian Northern.

E. Warner, city freight agent of the C. P. R., has also resigned, to go with the Canadian Northern.

FOUGHT TO KILL.

Fatal Result of a Duel in Germany Between Military Men.

Berlin, Jan. 17.—In a duel yesterday, in Grunewald forest, between first lieutenant Werner von Grawert and Dr. Aye, the latter was shot through the neck and died instantly. The duel was the result of a finding by a military court of honor.

HAD TO HAVE IT.

A Toledo Mob Seizes Five Carloads of Soft Coal.

Toledo, Ohio, Jan. 17.—A mob including over 200 men, women and children today seized five carloads of soft coal which had just arrived. Neither the police, nor the officials of the railway company attempted to stop them.

SHAMROCK III.

Nearing Completion — Arrangements Under Way for Launching.

Dumbarton, Scotland, Jan. 17.—The Shamrock III is now completely framed and more than half plated. Sir Thomas arrived this morning to complete arrangements for launching her.

GENEROUS ALABAMANS.

Sent Fifty Carloads of Coal to Relieve Famine in New York and Chicago.

Birmingham, Alabama, Jan. 17.—Citizens of Birmingham have contributed 50 carloads of coal to relieve the distress of New York and Chicago by reason of the fuel famine.

ROSSLAND ORE SHIPMENTS.

Rossland, Jan. 17.—The shipments from the Rossland camp for the past eight days were: Le Roi 3,465 tons; Centre Star 2,560, War Eagle 1,470, Giant 80, Velvet 100, Kootenay 170, Le Roi No. 2 150, Homstake 60. Total for the week, 8,036; total for the year to date, 14,057 tons.

CHAMBERLAIN IN JOHANNESBURG

Plans for the Financing of the New Colonies

Over $300,000,000 to Be Advanced

Johannesburg, South Africa, Jan. 17.—Colonial secretary Chamberlain, at a banquet given him this evening, delivered a speech in which he gave for the first time the details which have been arranged for the financing of the colonies. He described the arrangement as "an unique and unprecedented action on the part of the imperial government," and one which was satisfactory to the representative associations which met here today. The proposal, he said ,was first that the government undertakes to submit to the imperial parliament a bill to guarantee a loan of $175,000,000 on the security of the assets of the Transvaal and of the Orange Free State, which were being united for this purpose. The loan would be raised as soon as the imperial parliament should give its consent, the money being devoted to paying the existing debts of the Transvaal, buying the existing railroads, providing for the construction of new lines, allowing the necessary expenditure for public works and also providing for the land settlement. This part of the plan will place the Orange Free State and the Transvaal in funds to carry out the development of the country. The second part of the agreement provides that as soon as possible after placing the first, another loan of $150,000,000 shall be raised to be called up in annual installments of $50,000,000. This second loan will be treated as a war debt and will be secured on the assets of the Transvaal. A number of South African financiers had undertaken to subscribe the first $50,000,000, without receiving preferential security. Up to a few hours previous to the banquet he had not received the authority of the home government to deal finally with the matter of war contribution, and he declared that the reports hitherto published which purporting to give details of the financial arrangement were premature, and unauthorized, and for the most part incorrect.

Mr. Chamberlain said he hoped that his hearers would agree to these arrangements, which would be a happy augury for the unification of the two colonies. He then referred to the labor problem at the mines, and suggested that the imperial government should appoint a commission to inquire into the matter in all its details.

A BANK FOR SLOCAN CITY

BRANCH OF THE CROWN BANK OF CANADA TO OPEN THERE.

ARLINGTON-SPECULATOR ARE TO TREAT THEIR OWN ORES.

Slocan, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Daily News.)—The Crown Bank of Canada, a newly incorporated chartered institution, with headquarters in Toronto, and whose financial backing is particularly strong, will open branches shortly throughout British Columbia. Slocan is to be one of the favored points. A request has just been received, asking for all the information possible relative to business and mining operations in the city and vicinity, and this will be prepared and forwarded to headquarters at once. Some years ago the Bank of B. N. A. had a branch here, but it was removed later on when the boom subsided. Since then business has got down to a more legitimate basis, particularly with the mines, and there is sufficient inducement now offering to warrant a bank being established. The payroll of the Ontario-Slocan Lumber Co., whose headquarters are here, will amount to close on to $7,000 monthly, which is a big factor for the bank to reach after. At present most of the business of the camp is handled through the Royal bank at Nelson.

On Tuesday evening next a special meeting of the board of trade will be held at the city hall, to take action on the resolutions recently passed by the silver-lead mine owners at Sandon. Judging from the expressions heard from those interested, the resolutions will be unanimously endorsed. This camp does not feel the full weight of the hardships borne by the galena properties, as the ores of the division are of the dry character, the Enterprise being about the only mine to have silver-lead mineral in quantity. But the smelting of lead ores naturally induces a demand for dry ores, and the increase of the one is followed by the expansion of the other. The price of silver, though, is heavily felt in the camp, and mine owners agree that treatment on the ground is the only hope for the dry ore belt. Fortunately the Arlington-Speculator people are embarking on a scheme to treat their own ores, with every hope of success, and are thus paving the way to greater prosperity.

The Ontario-Slocan Lumber Co. are actively pushing the details looking to the construction here of the biggest milling plant in the interior of the province. They have their shingle mill about completed and, yesterday their first carload of machinery arrived. The company expect to have their shingle department in operation by April. Next summer there will be built a huge sawmill having a capacity of 100,000 feet per day; a planing mill, lath mill, and other adjuncts, the whole to be equipped with an electric light plant. The C. P. R. will also build over a mile of new switches into the mill yard. At present the mill people have about 40 men in the bush, getting out 6,000,000 feet of logs. Next year the cut will be raised to 10,000,000.

by leaky boilers.

A POWERFUL GUN.

New Coast Defense Rifle Tested at New York Yesterday.

New York, Jan. 17.—The most powerful gun ever built in America, a huge 16-inch coast-defense rifle, was successfully tested at the government proving ground at Sandy Hook today. The gun was fired three times in the course of the afternoon in the presence of several hundred army officers, including general Chaffee, and a few civilians. The three tests were marked by the wonderful accuracy with which they fulfilled the mathematical calculations of the army experts who have had charge of the gun's construction. The three shots proved that the special smokeless powder made for 16-inch guns had been accurately prepared.

The first shot was a "warming up" one. The charge was 550 pounds of smokeless powder, and the velocity of the 2,400-pound projectile when it left the muzzle was 2,003 feet a second. The pressure of the great charge in exploding was 25,000 pounds to the square inch. For the second shot the full charge of 640 pounds of powder was used and the velocity was 2,306 or six feet more than calculated. The pressure was 38,000 pounds to the square inch. The elevation of the gun's muzzle for the first and second shots was 1 1-2 degrees and the ranges were 3,000 and 3,500 yards. For the final shot the muzzle was elevated to 4 1-2 degrees, increasing the range to 7,000 yards. The velocity of this shot was not taken. The charge was 640 pounds of smokeless powder and the pressure was 38,500 pounds to the square inch.

General Crozier, chief of ordnance, said the tests showed the gun was an absolute success.

It will be mounted at Sandy Hook. The gun cost $100,000. While it's range at the highest elevation is about twenty miles, it can be used to hit objects only at a distance of four or five miles.

THE BLUE JAY BONDED.

One of the Best Known Properties in the Skylark Camp.

Phoenix, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Daily News.)—A deal has recently been made here by the owners of the Blue Jay property, in Skylark camp, for a working bond and lease on the claim, the cash consideration being $10,000 for the interest, distributed over 15 months' time.

The Blue Jay is one of the best known claims in Skylark camp, having been located in May, 1895, by Michael Kane, a resident of Phoenix, who still has an interest in the property. It is located about a mile and a half from the city, on the same ridge with the Old Ironsides and Knob Hill mines. The present owners of the Blue Jay are M. Kane, Evan Perry, J. A. Porter, and J. E. Edwards, the latter owning a three-sixteenths interest. Mr. Edwards has made the lease and bond from his partners for the remaining thirteen-sixteenths and has already started work on the claim with a force of men. According to the terms of the lease work on the Blue Jay must be continuous.

The Blue Jay now has a shaft 115 feet in depth which was sunk on the ledge, and another shaft some 40 feet in depth. Mr. Edwards has started a tunnel to tap the main shaft at a depth of 75 feet, and this tunnel is now driven in the mountain some 60 feet, the ledge being expected to be reached in some 40 feet more of work.

Assays taken as an average from ore from the Blue Jay have given $25 in gold and silver, and picked specimens have resulted much higher. This is now the only claim being worked in Skylark camp, and Mr. Edwards expects to be able to have a splendid showing on the Blue Jay before spring.

COMMERCE AND LABOR.

New Department Created by United States Congress.

Washington, Jan. 17.—At the end of a struggle, which prolonged the day's session until after 6 o'clock, the house passed the substitute for the senate bill to establish a department of commerce and labor. The substitute as passed by the house differs from the senate bill in important particulars. It leaves the life saving service, the marine hospital service, the steamboat inspection service, the bureau of navigation and the shipping commissioner under the control of the treasury department, but authorizes the president in his discretion to transfer other bureaus for the collection of statistics and the interstate commerce commission to the new department. It places under the control of the new department the national bureau of statistics, the census bureau, the bureau of foreign commerce, the bureau of immigration, including jurisdiction over Chinese immigration, and also creates the bureau of manufactures and corporations. The transfer of the old bureau to the new department will take effect July 1st, 1903.

NEW TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMER.

Victoria, Jan. 17.—Cable advices have been received here that the new steamer Aiko Maru, built for the Nippon Yusen Kaisha line at Nagasaki, will be placed on the Hong Kong-Victoria and Seattle route instead of the Kinshiu Maru, leaving Hong Kong on her maiden voyage on March 10th.

ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY.

London, Jan. 17.—The members of the ancient chapter of Canterbury met on Friday to take the first step in the formal election of a new archbishop of Canterbury, in succession to the late Dr. Temple. The chapter clerk read a letter recommendatorily signed by king Edward, the quaint phrasology of which followed the style set hundreds of years ago. The letter recommends the selection of Randall Thomas Davidson, doctor in divinity, now bishop of Winchester. The election is fixed for January 27th.

SILVER-LEAD DELEGATION.

Have Satisfactory Interview with Several of the Ministers.

Ottawa, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Daily News.)—The British Columbia lead delegation waited on ministers Cartwright, Blair and Patterson today, and pressed strongly for higher duties on lead and lead products.

The delegates say that they were well pleased with their reception. They presented the case fully and were well received.

This completes their mission, although some of the mining men will wait a few days to talk matters over with the ministers individually.

EAST KOOTENAY HOCKEY.

Fernie, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Daily News.)—The Medicine Hat hockey team completed their tour this evening here by defeating the home team in a hot match by a score of 7 to 3. On their tour the Medicine Hat team defeated Pincher Creek by 3 to 2, Frank by 9 to 1 and won from McLeod by default. Their final win tonight practically secures to them the Lavasseur cup, held by Fernie last year, and presented to the Crow's Nest hockey district by the late Mr. Lavasseur.

THE TOTAL PROHIBITION VOTE.

Toronto, Jan. 17.—The referendum vote in Ontario was taken on December 4th, but the final and complete returns were delayed, owing to part of East Nipissing being cut off by the freezing of the water, and the ice not being hard enough to make it safe for travel. The total vote for the act is 199,692; against it, 103,482; majority, 96,210.

GONZALES IS RECOVERING

VICTIM OF GOVERNOR TILLMAN OUT OF DANGER.

HIS ASSAILANT MAKES A SIGNED STATEMENT.

Columbia, South Carolina, Jan. 17.—After a day of anxiety to the friends of editor G. N. Gonzales, of the State, who was shot Thursday afternoon by lieutenant-governor Tillman, reports tonight from the hospital are encouraging, though not fully assuring recovery. In the early afternoon there was very grave apprehension for the life of the wounded man, and at one time practically all hope had been abandoned, but there is now some indication of a favorable outcome of the case.

Atlanta, Georgia, Jan. 17.—In a signed statement given to the Atlanta Journal, lieutenant-governor Tillman says: "I would like to see the base reports of this affair, but when the public recalls that these reports were sent out either by the State, of which Mr. Gonzales is editor, or by his personal friends, they can readily see that I could scarcely hope for or expect a fair account.

"When the true facts are proved my friends and the people of this country will know how grossly I have been misrepresented. Such will be shown by witnesses of the highest character. I am ready for trial by a jury of my countrymen. (Signed), J. H. Tillman."

GOSSIP OF GREENWOOD.

Greenwood, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Daily News.)—The last car of ore from the Providence mine, sent to the Trail smelter last week, gave a net return to the shippers of $2,405.41, after payment of the freight and treatment rate of $15.00 per ton. The gross weight of the ore was 42,160 pounds. The gold contents was much lower than usual, having run only 0.61 ounces per ton, but the silver was more satisfactory, the yield of this metal having been 253.9 per ton.

The fancy dress carnival held last night at the skating rink, under the auspices of the Citizens' band, was the most successful entertainment ever held on the ice in Greenwood. There were between 300 and 400 in attendance and the costumes attracted much attention.

At the curling rink last night, a match in which some 30 curlers took part, was played for a valuable safety razor, presented for competition by J. H. Ashdown, of Winnipeg. C. A. S. Atwood, of the Hunter-Kendrick Co., Ltd., was the winner, with a score of 29 points.

It has already been arranged that one rink of curlers shall go over to Rossland on Monday's train to play at the bonspiel in that city on the 20th inst., and F. F. Ketchum has been chosen as skip.

A sale of lands for non-payment of provincial taxes has been announced to take place at Greenwood on Friday, 23rd inst. The lands to be offered consist of lots in Trail, Cascade, Columbia, and Grand Forks, Carson, Eholt Phoenix and Midway, with several crown granted pre-emptions and other properties.

LABELLE WILL HANG.

Courts Won't Interfere and Reprieve is Improbable.

Ottawa, Jan. 17.—The supreme court refused an application for leave to appeal in the Labelle Yukon murder case. The court stood equally divided. Unless a reprieve is granted, which is not likely, Labelle and Fournier will be hanged on Tuesday next.

TORONTO THE GOOD.

Toronto, Jan. 17.—The new Poster by-law has been in force for two weeks and seems to be working well. Besides prohibiting representations of scantilly-attired women, sensational pictures of bloody deeds and persons in the throes of death will be banished.

A SPLENDID SHOWING MADE

Le Roi Annual Meeting Held In London

Eight Months' Net Profits Nearly $600,000

Rossland, Jan. 17.—The Rossland Miner is in receipt of a cable message outlining the proceedings of the annual general meeting of the Le Roi Mining company at Salisbury house, London, today. The meeting was largely attended, and the announcement that the company had earned profits of $578,000 in the last eight months of 1902 elicited hearty applause, and was made the subject of enthusiastic comment by various shareholders.

Sir Henry Tyler was re-elected chairman of the company. Anthony J. McMillan was re-elected to the board and appointed managing director. He is also chairman of the Snowshoe gold and copper mines of Phoenix camp. George S. Waterlow, chairman of the Snowshoe company, was elected a director in place of C. P. Dickenson, who retired.

The annual report of the mine and smelter, by John H. MacKenzie, the general manager, evoked lengthy discussion, and sincere regret was expressed that Mr. MacKenzie's services could not be retained for a further period.

SHOT HIS SWEETHEART.

Buffalo, Jan. 17.—Ernest Stanton, of Hamilton, Ontario, the 18 year old negro who shot Edna Conrad, his 19 year old sweetheart in a Broadway saloon, was tonight convicted of murder in the second degree. The verdict carries with it a sentence of life imprisonment. Stanton's defence was that the shooting was accidental. He told his story of the affair in a straightforward manner, without hesitation or self-contradiction, but the jury refused to believe him and convicted him of intentional homicide.

THE COAL FAMINE.

Shamokin, Pennsylvania, Jan. 17.—Owing to loaded coal trains being robbed of fuel, and to guard against such trains being held up by people rendered desperate by the coal famine existing in nearby places in the agricultural belt, policemen were ordered by the Reading and Pennsylvania railroad companies today to guard loaded trains while in transit to market through districts where the famine is the worst.

SMUGGLING IN CHINESE.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Commissioner-general Sargent, of the immigration bureau, has filed charges against Ralph Isard, Chinese inspector stationed at Brooklyn, New York. Among other things, Isard is charged with being in league with persons interested in in smuggling Chinese into this country. It is said the business of smuggling Chinese for a consideration has covered a long period.

UNDER LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Ottawa, Jan. 17.—Canada's trade returns for the past six months are in the aggregate eighteen million more than for the same time last year. They are also eleven million greater than they were for the whole of year of 1896.

GIRON AND THE PRINCESS.

Brussels, Jan. 17.—A despatch from Geneva to the Petit Bleu, says the crown princess of Saxony and M. Giron left Switzerland secretly this evening. They travelled towards the south under assumed names.

WRIT ISSUED FOR BANFF.

Regina, Assiniboia, Jan. 17.—The writ for the election of a candidate to represent Banff in the territorial legislature has been issued. Nominations take place on Monday, January 26th, and polling on Wednesday, February 4th.

ORE FROM REPUBLIC MINES.

Grand Forks, Jan. 17.—Ore shipments from the mines of Republic, Washington, to the Granby smelter, during the past week were 602 tons, as follows: Lone Pine-Surprise 110 tons, Quilp 492 tons.

FATAL GUN EXPLOSION.

Washington, Jan. 17—Admiral Higginson cables from Puerto Rico, that by an explosion of a gun in the after turret of the battleship Massachusetts, while engaged in practice, five men were killed and four injured.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Chicago, Illinois, Jan. 17.—J. Conley last night, in a fit of jealousy, shot and killed Miss Jessie Dwyer, and painfully wounded her escort, and then killed himself.

MEETING OF PARLIAMENT.

Ottawa, Jan. 19.—(Special to The Daily News.)—The meeting of parliament is now said to be fixed for March 12th.

THE ST. LOUIS IN PORT.

New York, Jan. 17.—The steamer St. Louis arrived in port today, almost a week overdue. The delay was caused

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

INCORPORATED 1670.

Bargains in Toilet Sets

A Large Variety of these necessary Articles in all Colors and Designs

PRICES FROM $3 TO $25

The Canadian Bank of Commerce

With which is Amalgamated
The Bank of British Columbia.

HEAD OFFICE--TORONTO.

Paid up Capital, $8,000,000; Reserve Fund, $2,500,000.
Aggregate resources over $65,000,000.

B. E. WALKER, General Manager. HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

Saving's Bank Department Deposits Received and Interest Allowed. Present Rate 3 per cent.
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Skates! Skates!

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INDUSTRIAL PEACE.

It is a relief after hearing so much about labor troubles, strikes with all the injury and misery resulting therefrom, and the like, to read of instances where there exists a thorough understanding between employers and employees, where both work together in harmony, actuated by a desire to achieve a common good, each considerate of the needs and rights of the other. An instance of this was given by Mr. James Kilbourne, president and general manager of the manufacturing firm of Kilbourne & Jacobs company, of Columbus, Ohio, in an address before the first national convention of employers and employees at Minneapolis. That firm employs between 500 and 600 men, and during an existence of 30 years there has been no disagreement between the firm and their men. The explanation is not hard to seek and is summed up in the one statement that they have always given their employees fair treatment. They have not been slow to learn that the workman has his rights and they have cheerfully accorded them and in return they have received the warmest support of the employees. There is a definite understanding with the men, an agreement, that in case of any disagreements that cannot be satisfactorily settled between them, the question at issue shall be referred to an arbitration committee consisting of one member to be selected by the men from their own number, one member to be selected by the firm, the third member to be the governor of the state. But no differences have ever arisen requiring arbitration, a condition of affairs that reflects credit alike upon management and workmen. Mr. Kilbourne is a strong advocate of the eight-hour day so as to afford wage-earners greater opportunity for recreation, which is their just due, and which, he says, they have a perfect right to demand from society. Shorter hours would lead to the shortening of the list of unemployed, and assist in securing better wages. The attainment of the eight-hour day is possible with labor well organized under conservative leaders whose aim should be a united and harmonious demand supplemented by legislation. With such views held by the leading spirit in a large manufacturing concern, it is not to be wondered at that cordial relations exist between the firm and employed. It is a result that has been achieved simply through a due recognition of the rights of others as well as their own. So long as there is a selfish disregard of the welfare of others, just so long will there be difficulty, estrangement, and disputes. The cause of nine-tenths of all industrial troubles has been the utter indifference of the employers to the rights of those whose labor they employ; the moral tone of employers is warped by the greed for gain, and they see but the one side, their keen desire to add to their profits without regard to the claims that others may have for consideration. There is too great a disposition to look upon labor as a commodity which, because it is paid for, may be treated in a strictly impersonal way. This is a mistake but few are the employers who have realized the truth of this, and until they do realize it and treat those whom they employ in a broader spirit of fair treatment, there will be a continuance of the strike, labor dispute, and lockout with the whole train of attendant evils. Given a little more of the leaven that Mr. Kilbourne evinced in his address and the days of the struggles such as were witnessed last year, involving a loss of millions of dollars in cash and untold misery to many thousands, would be nigh at an end. Fair treatment is the keynote that will obviate discord and make for harmony and mutual respect and good feeling and industrial peace.

THE C. P. R. PENSION SCHEME.

The pension scheme proposed by the C. P. R. possesses many good features and in a general way it will meet with the approval of both the railway employees and the public, though it is no concern of the latter. But after all, it is doubtful whether it will be of any real service. It is considered by some of the men as nothing more nor less than an attempt to discourage the work of the brotherhoods. One of the conditions of eligibility for a pension is that the employee must not have declined to work when his services were required by the company. As such a thing as a strike would bring every man involved in it under this ineligible clause, the employee will either have to lose all chance of a pension should a strike be called, or sacrifice his union in order to qualify. It may be that the C. P. R. officials had no such thought in mind when the scheme was evolved, but the effect of the scheme is practically to discourage strenuous efforts for securing their rights by appealing to the baser part of man's nature, cupidity and selfishness. Of course there may be nothing in this supposition, but if there is not, then it would be as well for the wording of the clause to be changed. As it now stands a man who obeys his union and goes on strike forfeits all chance of ever receiving a pension; of that there is not a shadow of a doubt, and if it is not meant to so apply, there is an easy and sure remedy—word the clause in unequivocal and not ambiguous language. Perhaps the opinion held by some railway men, that the whole scheme is but a shot at the unions and strikes, is correct, and that it may be, will not cause any surprise. It is putting a premium on the real scab, the genuine article, the union man who goes back on his fellows when the time for action comes along. As already said, the C. P. R. officials may not have had any but the best and cleanest motives in mind when they drew up the terms and conditions under which a pension may be gained, but unless something more definite is said as to the position in which a man, who in obedience to a call from his order walks out, will be placed, the scheme is open to the interpretation that has been, and not without some reason, put upon it.

WAKING UP.

Recent press dispatches from England indicate that the people of the old land are beginning to appreciate the crime done to British Columbia by the continued immigration of Mongolian laborers. The London newspapers in commenting upon the proposed importation of Chinese coolie labor into South Africa for employment in the mines, point to British Columbia's experience as strong proof of the folly of such a course.

We hope our London contemporaries will keep hammering away at this subject until they impress the colonial office with the fact that to strengthen the bonds of empire every effort should be made to secure a homogeneous population throughout its component parts.

The proposal to import Chinese labor to operate the mines of South Africa strikes us as being simply ridiculous. Is that the end for which the best blood of the empire was freely given? How the British Columbia volunteers will enjoy the idea that they fought and bled to enlarge the sphere of the Chinaman's field of labor!

If Chinese labor is permitted to flock into South Africa for the benefit of the mine owners, some appearance of truth will be given to the pro-Boer assertion that the chief cause of the war was the greed of that element.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The appeal to the public in behalf of the family of the late Moses Jackson has not been made in vain. The Daily News has received some cash contributions already, acknowledged elsewhere in this issue, and is able to announce that a strong committee, composed of local business men, members of the miners' union, and of all the local trades organizations, have arrangements in hand for a benefit concert to be given in the opera house on Monday evening. The services of professor Szigety have been secured for the occasion, his concert having been postponed, and the entire proceeds will go to the bereaved family. A number of local favorites have consented to assist in the entertainment, and a first-class programme will be provided. Tickets will be on sale tomorrow at 50 cents each, or 75 cents for reserved seats. It is expected that a substantial sum will be raised in this way. Outside people who would like to contribute something to the fund for the relief of the Jackson family can send in their offerings to The Daily News. There must be many men all over the Kootenay district who would delight to aid in a cause of this kind. Any contributions will be promptly acknowledged.

Our regular telegraphic service is now being supplemented by a special eastern Canadian news service, which, we think, will be appreciated by all our readers. The Daily News is striving to give a service that is up-to-date, and which may fairly be said to be representative of the dominion. We experience some difficulty in securing promptly the news of many of the important sections of Kootenay. This is something that the localities not adequately served should interest themselves in. We are willing to pay for reliable reports of the happenings of every section of Kootenay. The Daily News is in a position to advertise the Kootenays more thoroughly than any other publication in Canada. Our circulation is increasing rapidly, not only locally but throughout the dominion. This paper is reaching every day just the class of people it is important to keep thoroughly posted upon the progress and growth of the Kootenays. We want to publish the news of the Kootenays when it is news, and we invite the co-operation of every one of our readers who appreciates the value of printers' ink. Every portion of Kootenay can have daily publicity if those interested will be at the pains to supply this paper with accurate information. We pay for reliable news supplied when it is news, by mail or wire.

HAVE RAISED $20,000,000.

Result of Four Years' Work of Methodist Church in United States.

Four years ago a plan was broached in the Trinity Methodist church, Springfield, Massachusetts, to raise a Methodist "thank offering fund" of $20,000,000, in celebration of the opening of the twentieth century. At a watch-night service held in the same church on December 31st last, the Rev. Dr. Edmund M. Mills, corresponding secretary for the fund, announced from the pulpit that the last dollar of this great total had been raised. His achievement, observes the Philadelphia Press, is "unprecedented in church history." And the Chicago Northwestern Christian Advocate (Methodist Episcopal), says: "The thank offering movement will make the closing years of the nineteenth century and the opening years of the twentieth century an epoch in the history of American Methodism."

The Springfield Republican gives the following account of the work undertaken by Dr. Mills:

"The task of raising this immense fund was of stupendous magnitude. The minister upon whom the committee at first pitched, a Philadelphia man, declined with haste. Dr. Mills was then selected. He was a presiding elder in the Elmira district, and at the conclusion of his great task has made arrangements to step back into his district as quietly as he emerged from it. He has visited every conference in the United States from Maine to Oregon, and has written and received hundreds of thousands of letters.

"'It was romantic work,' he said; 'almost like gambling,' I should imagine, for I never felt sure just where the next dollar was coming from to make some desired fund complete. One feature of the work which has struck me with peculiar force is the wonderful part played by the sons of Methodist clergymen. We have found them, these boys of the parsonage—east, west, north and south—now grown into men of wealth, ready and eager to give to the cause. The father of one man who gave us $400,000 was a poor Methodist clergyman whose largest salary was $400 a year. The son is worth $20,000,000 today, and with one stroke of his pen has given to the church what his father would have earned in one thousand years. Another interesting thing is the fact that, averaged up, the fund has not been increased by any great gift or series of gifts. It has come from the rank and file of the church. For instance, the Norwegian conference in Minnesota, made up of poor men, leads the list with an average gift of $22 a member, while the German conference of Oregon comes in second with an average of $20 a member.' . . .

"Of the fund, Rev. Dr. Mills says that $7,850,758 has been raised for educational purposes, and of the total, more than $500,000 has come in within a month and a half. More than 86 universities and schools will be its beneficiaries. Syracuse university leads, with gifts amounting to $1,176,800, and Ohio Wesleyan is next, with $1,092,806. 'There are several of our college presidents,' said Dr. Mills, 'who have not been doing their duty in the matter, and now, when they begin to realize what has been accomplished, are moving heaven and earth to keep from losing their positions next year.'

"For the purpose of paying off church indebtedness $8,000,000 will be devoted, and it is the expectation of the directors of the fund that not a Methodist church in the United States will be in debt when the payments are complete. The plans for the charitable side of the movement are not less remarkable. Since the fund was started three years ago ten new hospitals have been founded. Two of them have been founded outright by wealthy laymen, one being located in Mason City, Iowa, and the other in Mattoon, Illinois. Within the last month Mrs. Clement Studebaker, of Indianapolis, widow of the well-known wagon maker, has paid off the rest of the $60,000 debt on the Epworth hospital in that city, in which another one is soon to be erected at a cost of $100,000. Of this sum $70,000 has been subscribed by Dr. Halsted. 'Thirty years ago,' said Dr. Mills, 'the Methodist church had not one hospital in the world; now we have twenty.'

The Baltimore American points out that the distribution of so great a fund will mean "an advance movement for Methodism all along the line." The Chicago Daily News comments:

"Measured simply by its tangible benefits, a movement which has resulted in more than doubling all the capital which the church hitherto has had invested in philanthropy and charity must be accounted remarkable; but the Methodists will not overlook its finer significance as a revelation of the abiding vitality and vigor of human faith. In the light of this exhibition of earnest zeal and religious conviction who shall say that the twentieth century finds the forces of doubt or selfish materialism in the ascendancy?"

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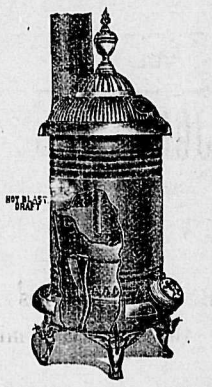

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A REGENT INTERVIEW WITH COUNT TOLSTOY

In a paper of almost forty pages in the Revue des Deux Mondes Th. Bentzon (Madame Blanc) describes a visit with Tolstoy last autumn. The article has been translated and condensed from the French by Carolyn Shipman for the New York Critic, and we quote some extracts. The figure of the author of "Resurrection," ill, persecuted, excommunicated, and raising his head to the storm with the passive strength of a large oak braving the thunder-bolt, will (Madame Blanc tells us) "always remain in my memory inseparable from the frame with which the marvellous landscape of the Crimea surrounded it. The contrast was pathetic between its smiling beauty and the tragedy of this destiny upon which the eyes of all the empire, indeed of all Europe, were turned, awaiting the death of the transgressor—a quickly approaching end unaccompanied by benediction or prayer. The visit was to have been at Yasnaya, Polyana, but grave reasons necessitated Tolstoy's removal to a warmer climate in the south of Russia, to twenty-four hours by railway train and twelve or thirteen by carriage to the villa at Graspa, placed at his disposal by the Countess Panine, were necessary to see a man who on some days had not strength to speak at all.

"I had certain prejudices against the man. I doubted his simplicity and mistrusted his paradoxes. Too many photographs had shown him following the plough, splitting wood, reaping in the fields of Yasnaya Polyana, or else seated before his bench, or writing in the dress of a mujik in a room perfectly bare except for a scythe, a sickle, and a shovel. These sensational portraits, including the last one, a masterpiece by Repine, where he is represented with bare feet, had caused me some perplexity. They appeared to me an unpleasant attempt at effect. I could not understand how a man could be so much peasant and at the same time live in a chateau, so detached from the material benefits of the world, allowing his family to profit by his large returns as an author, while denying them to himself. . . . I thought of his weekly reception at Moscow in an absolutely rustic dwelling where his disciples in blouses surrounded him, contrasted with the salons when the countess Tolstoy received her guests in evening clothes and silk gowns, and I was only half convinced.

"My heart beat with hope and fear as I entered the delightful gardens wreathed with vines surrounding the villa, which, at first glance, one would take for an aristocratic residence in the suburbs of London. 'Convalescent' is a strange word to apply to the grand old man, straight and muscular, who advanced to meet me, much finer-looking than his portraits, for those give only the leonine appearance of his face, the bizarre power of his flowing beard, the boldly outlined features under the magnificent forehead of an imaginative thinker, and the bushy eyebrows only half concealing the fire of his glance. But the changing expression, the sensitiveness of this rugged face, escapes the painter. How much kindliness in his smile, and how well does the peasant preserve in his blouse the dignified mien of the grand seigneur!

"By the side of this blouse, the elegant toilet of Madame Tolstoy is somewhat surprising. I recognised at once the woman of the world, affable, well-poised, opposed to all exaggeration. She is twenty-five years younger than her husband, still youthful, and with a grace which in her permits freedom of speech. Perfectly capable of discussing and of contradicting Tolstoy's ideas, she has, nevertheless, stood by him firmly in his hours of peril. In her natural characteristics are moderation and good sense. One thing that she said paints her marvellously well:

"When I married count Tolstoy, I had the oddest idea—that is, I was willing to be second; he made me advance to first place, twice then he has desired to make me third. Eh bien, non! I shall hold to second.' . . . I was received in a large, beautiful drawing-room, much too magnificent for Tolstoy's taste, and from which he had had many of the most precious objects removed. But his ascetic tastes did not been allowed full sweep except in his own room, furnished merely with a large divan which he used as a bed. With that was a writing-table, as long as a banquet-table, strewn with manuscripts, newspapers, scattered pages over which in that delicate, rapid spontaneous handwriting, pages overcharged with erasures which did not prevent his correcting his proofs still further. . . . During dinner the conversation turned to literature; first to Rousseau, for whom he evidently feels a remarkable affinity in spite of his own superiority of character, then to English writers. His prime favorite in fiction is Dickens, and it is easy to understand why. Like himself Dickens loves the insignificant, the poor, the humble side of life; like himself, too, he denounces injustice, oppression and cruelty. He likes the socialism of George Eliot. Apropos of his superior woman I asked him what to think of his own anti-feminine theories, and he replied with the courtesy of a perfectly well bred man, that he desires the free expansion of every one's characteristics, man or woman, provided that what we call culture does not efface the essential virtues or create pride. The whole anger of his nature was directed towards Kipling; not only does he detest the 'bellicose imperialism' of this English writer but he refuses to grant him any talent, which is going rather too far. . . . Non-resistance is one of the prime virtues that he practices. . . . I have seen him at table eat and drink all that his wife put before him with the docility of a child, although prior to his illness he was a strict vegetarian. He excuses himself by saying: 'It is the doctors' orders; for the moment, I am at your mercy.'

"His resignation under his physicial sufferings is pathetic. He never complains, although he is afflicted with two or three incurable diseases. According to his belief, serenity and silent acceptance of whatever comes are signs of faith. 'I realize in having taught myself not to be sad,' he says in one of his letters. 'The man who believes in God ought to rejoice over everything. To be discontented or sad about any thing is not to believe in God.' His feebleness, then, is heroic feebleness. It matters not, he confesses it humbly. He signed himself 'Your feeble brother,' in his beautiful letter to the Doukhobors of the Causacus, those sectarians who call themselves 'wrestlers in the spirit,' and who, persecuted to act contrary to their conscience in carrying arms, emigrated to Canada. Tolstoy consecrated to them the author's rights of 'Resurrection.' He intends some day to finish Madeline's story in 'Resurrection,' but, he said, 'I have so much to write before,' and then, with a smile, 'enough to fill forty years. He is preparing his 'Journal,' which is on the liberty of conscience. I dared not tell him that he would do better to devote his time at once to a beautiful romance, nor how much I wish that he had given only the form of a romance to the thoughts which he has embodied as oracles!

"Are not these great plans of work pathetic in an old man whose death has been so many times announced as imminent? He works without any relaxation, invariably setting aside the entire morning for writing. He consented to his Crimean exile only on that condition. The youthful and charming faculty of enjoyment of everything remains with him, in spite of his age and illness. He drew us out on the terrace after dinner to look at the full moonlight. The perfume of flowers was wafted to us in the silence. Suddenly he exclaimed: 'These nights in the Crimea— are they not glorious?' Often his conduct is at variance with his theories. One of his women friends, an excellent pianist, went to see him at Yasnaya Polyana, and he begged her to play to him for an entire evening, forgetting that he had condemned all the musicians from Wagner to Beethoven. Dare I say that these inconsistencies, which reveal his naturalness and freedom from all partisanship and pedantry, appear to me very attractive? Tolstoy has no 'system.' Poets have no such need, and this reformer is only a great poet, an idealist even when he touches the most brutal realities of life.

"To any one who suggests that his life and teachings are not always in accord, he invariably replies: 'That does not prove that my principles are bad, but that I am weak.' And this weakness, with which he has often been reproached, we give after an hour of conversation the fitting word, kindliness—a kindliness which fears to inflict on others even the smallest pain. We spoke of Repine's portrait of him. It was bought by the state for the museum of Alexander III., but now that the clergy have forbidden the faithful to look upon the pernicious representation of an excommunicated being, it is not probable that the picture will be exhibited in a public gallery for many a day. I remarked on the fidelity with which the painter has caught his habitual attitude, his manner of thrusting his hands somewhat deformed by rough work, flat through his leather belt. When the subject of bare feet was introduced, Tolstoy interrupted me to explain: 'I was going to my bath when Repine, who was then living with me, said, "Stay just as you are." ' And I thought, with true repentance, that many people among them myself, believed they saw, in this fancy of the artist, a voluntary pose of the model, an attempt to have it believed that he is a mujik to this degree.

"I left him with the belief that he is the incarnation of pity supported by the imperious need of justice. He has the desire of reforming a social condition which is not in accordance with Christ's wish, and he translates this desire into acts. We need not fear that he will have many imitators. When I remember him, I see him on a beautiful night, with the blue sky full of stars, standing on the terrace that overlooks the sea, the full moon riding high above in the heavens; pensive, his two hands thrust into his belt, his rugged, powerful head—the face indicating better than words the triumph of God over the beast—inclined towards his breast. With sublime inconsistency, he demands for the oppressed, the humble, the ignorant—the only ones, according to his belief, to whom the Father of all intelligence reveals himself—Liberty and Light, the possession of which, under the conditions of this world, would quickly carry them from his ideal by making them in all ways like other men, full of pride."

THE COMIC IN ADVERTISING

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SOME SAMPLES FROM LEADING BRITISH ADVERTISERS.

The average American will shrug his shoulders, French fashion, at his enthusiastic English cousin while the latter expatiates on the latest social hit by a Du Maurier or Phil May in the pages of the standard of English comic papers—Punch. He fails to see what carries John Bull into wild delight and points in his turn to Puck and Judge if he wishes to see the genuinely comic. Life is approaching nearer to Punch than any other American publication, and many of its social hits would be quite at home in the pages of its Fleet street contemporary.

It is all a question of conception, one man will go into a fit of laughter over what may appear to another very commonplace, and again others cannot see a joke if you throw it at them. Different manners and customs are accountable for this. In this land we are surrounded by a struggling mass of humanity bent on financial and social supremacy. Accumulation is the cry, and there is little time for aught else. It is not surprising therefore that in lands where this fever is not raging as with us, that the comical side of life should receive more attention, for be it said that while Europeans make money to live well, the Americans seek more to acquire money on the other hand, and having come to regard this problem as a serious one, have not so far admitted humor very much into their business dealings.

The English have done far more comical advertising than advertisers on this side, and it would be idle to ignore the fact that they have done it with remarkable success. Among the large advertisers the Pears' soap people easily take the lead. They began their campaign along these lines some 20 years ago with the famous terra cotta group which was exhibited in the Paris exhibition of 1878, entitled "You dirty boy." It represented an old woman washing her grandson, a boy of 10, who smothered in lather, is struggling to get away from her trained grip. The Pears' people bought this for a big sum of money and made a huge advertising campaign out of it, so much so, that there is hardly a person who lived in England at that time who does not remember how intimately Pears' soap was associated with the picture "You dirty boy."

After this came sir John Millais "Bubbles," a boy somewhat fancily dressed blowing soap bubbles. Some have said that this picture was painted expressly for Pears. It did good work, however, although it hardly can be called comical. Following this came the Lillie Langtry testimonial to the effect that two years she had used Pears' soap since when she had used no other. Then a splendid hit on this in the shape of a coal heaver grimed with dirt, writing "Two years ago I used Pears' soap, since when I have used no other."

This was a decided success, and even to this day one will hear reference to it in conversations on advertising.

Following this, and of comparative recent years we had the picture of a child in a bath reaching out for a cake of "Pears'." "He won't be happy till he gets it," the sequel to which was another picture of the child with the bath overturned, the child underneath with the cake in his hand. "He's happy now, he's got it." For the past few years Pears' do not appear to have hit upon anything very strikingly witty, albeit they are spending as much as ever in publicity.

The Ogden tobacco people have taken up the comic in advertising to a remarkable extent. Probably one of the best ads. ever issued by these people was a page in the Illustrated News representing a boy and his mother in church. The collection is being taken and the youngster is digging down in his pocket for the coin he was given for that purpose, and below is written: "Not lost, but gone before—on Ogden's Guinea Gold Cigarettes." Another very good one of this firm represents a dude with an unlighted cigarette in his mouth hunting for a match which he is unable to find; below is "Matchless—Like Ogden's Guinea Gold Cigarettes."

Bird's Custard Powder has a standard ad. illustrating a kitchen with a cook having fallen with a basket of eggs while his rival is roaring with laughter and holding up a package of Bird's powder.

Probably the most extensive advertiser in England is Beecham the pill man. Many comical ads. have emanated from the advertising department of this firm, one of the best probably was the scene from Dombey & Son where Paul asks "What are the wild waves saying" and the answer comes "Try Beecham's pills."

But these people have banked more on their clever catch phrase "Worth a guinea a box."

If we came down to date, one of the best latest ads in the comical way is that issued by Keeting the insect powder man. He reprints a supposed letter from a Tommy Atkins at the front testifying to the efficacy of the powder against fleas, the whole thing being intensely comical on the bare idea that a soldier enduring a campaign on the veldt should consider so trivial a discomfort as a flea.

In closing this short list of comic ads. that have appeared from time to time, Punch quite recently had a splendid pen picture which must have been inserted with a view to sale by some enterprising soap firm. It represented a well dressed lady on the street speaking to a beggar.

Lady—Well, but judging by your face, I should say you were hardly a person one should give alms to.

Beggar—'Scuse me, lady, you're laborin' hunder a delusion, whot you're noticin is due to those 'ere cheap soaps we pore people is obliged to use."

Needless to say that the lady is judging the whiskey bloom on his face.

One may scan the advertising pages of American publications in vain for anything approaching the above illustrations taken at random from the comic side of advertising in England. It is difficult to square this with the extraordinary effects that are now being put forward by all the great departmental stores to attract and amuse their clientele. After all there is nothing like getting prospective buyers into good humor if you want them to loosen their purse strings freely. The art of selling consisting as it does in impressing the inquirer with the absolute value to him of an article, is reduced to a far more effective plane when the appeal is made largely to his sense of mirth. The salesman who approaches a buyer in this manner has unquestionably far greater chances of a sale than the one who approaches the matter from the too "strictly business" point of view.

One may profitably look abroad for ideas in this direction. Take the French as an illustration, of whom very much can be learned by our business people. The business sense of humor of these foreigners is delightful, and whether it be one of the market women at the great city mart in Paris trying to capture a customer for her wares or a shopwoman of the boulevards, the manner in both cases will be one of delightful affability flavored with a bandinage which must be realized to be appreciated.

The French people are not brilliant in newspaper advertising, even if they were to start a campaign on lines similar to our great dailies, it is problematical whether the army of readers would be in the slightest degree influenced. The average Frenchman is indaily, beyond the political news of the day and the immortal feouilleton. On the other hand they are great people on posters and Paris is plastered with some of the finest ever evolved. As they are mostly drawn by clever artists, one sees in a great many cases real works of art in that line, which become eventually identified with whatever article they are intended to make public.

The ultra business aspect of the generality of ads. on this side and the remarkable absence of anything calculated to raise a smile, is a matter that can be profitably looked into by all interested. It is all very well to prate about the necessity of regaling the public with the precise details of the articles for sale; it may be safely wagered, however, that as between the preciseness of a soap ad. like that of Ivory, and the rollicking advertisements of Pears', the latter will carry the day and become impressed on the minds of the masses for many a day. It is no uncommon thing in England to hear someone wish you "Good morning" and tack on "Have you used Pears' soap?"

The world likes to see smiles, delights in a grin, revels in comedy as against tragedy, as witness the wealth which the former invariably brings in its wake. Admitting this, it will hardly be denied that greater effort should be put forth to embody genuine mirth in ad. construction of the day. All of course, cannot be appealed to in the same manner; what tickles an Englishman to roars of laughter, falls flat on a Frenchman, while on the other hand a Parisian bon mot appeals as much to an American as if he were listening to a discourse on the nebular hypothesis.

If the natural evolution of advertising on this continent, the humorous aspect will before long find a place and some firm, more venturesome than others, will branch out in that line and emerge therefrom full of success. The question is one deserving the attention of those interested and full worthy of an expression of opinion from those competent to judge.—F. W. Pettit, Nelson, B. C.

Offered AT COST. $15,000

Worth of Drugs and Patent Medicines Still Remain on Hand, and are Offered to you at a Saving of From 20 to 50 Per Cent.

Pinkham's Vegetable Compound	80c	Pure Vaseline, per pound	25c
Paines' Celery Compound	75c	Capillaris	50c
Scott's Emulsion Cod Oil, large	80c	M. and L. Florida Water, large	55c
" " " " small	40c	" " " small	20c
Beef, Iron and Wine	75c	Williams' Shaving Sticks	20c
Castoria	25c	" Pink Pills	40c
Cuticura Soap	25c	Dodd's Kidney Pills	40c
" Salve	55c	Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets	40c
Thomas' Electric Oil	15c	Fluid Magnesia	15c
Stearn's Headache Wafers	20c	Steedman's Soothing Powders	35c
Bromo-Quinine Tablets	15c	Stedman's Teething "	30c
Honey Almond Cream	40c	Abbey's Salts, large	50c
Carnation Cream	15c	" " small	20c
Witch Hazel and Almond Cream	15c	Nestles Milk Food	40c
Bochee's German Syrup	55c	Coke Dandruff Cure	85c
Seidlitz Powders	15c	Porous Plasters	15c
Pain Killer	20c	Fellows' Syrup	$1.25
Household Ammonia, quart bottle	25c	Castile Soap, (French), large bars	35c
" " pint bottle	15c	Syrup Figs, Genuine	40c
Wood Alcohol, pint bottle	25c	Swamp Root, large	$1.20
White Pine and Tar, large	35c	" " small	60c
" " " " small	15c	Wizard Oil, small	40c
Syrup Wild Cherry, Spruce and Tar	15c	" " large	80c
" Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne	15c	Ayers' Sarsaparilla	80c
" Red Spruce Gum	20c	Hoods Sarsaparilla	80c
Pure Vaseline, small bottle	5c	Carter's Little Liver Pills	20c
Pure Vaseline, large bottle	15c		

Hot Water Bottles, Fountain and other Syringes, Chest protectors and Chamois Vests, Feeding Bottles, Brushes of all kinds, Toilet Articles, Sponges, Drugs and Chemicals of every kind, Toilet Soaps at every price, Pills of many kinds. Everything we have is Pure, Fresh and Up-to-Date and must be sold, and are offered to you at cost.

Mail Orders Will Receive Our Prompt Attention

BUT MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY THE CASH.

W. F. TEETZEL & CO. Druggists.

Cor. Baker & Josephine Sts. NELSON.

THE REAL AMERICAN DANGER

According to a German Professor Exists in Intellectual Supremacy.

Berlin, Jan. 17.—German scholars are beginning to give unusual attention to American intellectual progress. Professor Wetz, of Friburg university, comparing the scientific development of Germany and the United States, says the real American danger exists in intellectual rather than economic things. The foremost American universities, he points out, are now better equipped than the German universities for comprehensive training, as the magnificent gifts from private individuals, of libraries, laboratories, and professorships supply the American professors with facilities for instruction superior to those of their American colleagues; therefore Germany is in danger of being surpassed by the United States in intellectual development. Contrasting the methods of teaching modern languages and literature in German and American universities, professor Wetz shows that German work is limited chiefly to philosophies and individual literature whereas the American universities have a number of special professors for comparative literature.

WEDS BRITISH NAVAL OFFICER.

New York, Jan. 17.—Another was added to the list of international matrimonial alliances today by the wedding of Miss Augusta Jay Robinson, daughter of the late E. Randolph Robinson, and commander Louis Parkington Chetwynd, of the British admiralty. The ceremony was performed in St. Thomas church in the presence of a brilliant assemblage of society folk. The Rev. Dr. Morgan J. Dix, rector of Old Trinity, officiated. The bride's attendants included Misses Lina Evans, Katherine Beresford, daughter of lord Charles Beresford, and Beryl Rhodes, of London, and Pauline Robinson, Eleanor Jay and Katherine Dix.

SUBMARINE BOATS IMPROVED.

Winstead, Connecticut, Jan. 17.—Clarence B. Gillett, aged 22, has been granted a patent for improvements in submarine boats.

EDITOR'S SUDDEN DEATH.

London, Jan. 17.—Quinton Hogg, editor of the Polytechnic Magazine, died suddenly today, from heart disease.

An Investment In a Coal Mine Is all Right

Alberta Coal and Coke Company, Limited

CAPITAL STOCK $1,000,000

In 100,000 Shares of $10 each, Par Value, Fully Paid-Up and Non-Assessable.

The Company invites subscriptions for 10,000 shares of the above stock

AT $2.50 PER SHARE

The Alberta Coal & Coke Co.'s property is situated 14 miles east of Blairmore, Alberta, on the Crow's Nest railway, and is known as the Holwey mine.

This property has been a shipper for 15 years.

The company has under control 6,400 acres of coal lands, upon which seven seams are exposed, ranging in width from 15 feet to 25 feet, as far as explored.

A sidetrack to the mine is about completed.

The 10,000 shares now being offered to the public is positively the only block of stock put on the market at that price.

Applications will be received at the Company's office, on Baker street, one door west of the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Brydges, Blakemore & Cameron, Ltd., are official brokers for the Company.

Alberta Coal and Coke Co., LIMITED, NELSON, B.C.

D. J. ROBERTSON & CO.

Furniture Dealers and Funeral Directors

PARLOR SETS our specialty this week. A 5-piece Walnut Frame, No. 1 Valours, all odd colors; no two pieces alike; trimmed in silk plush with silk cords, good gimps and first class springs.

PARLOR SET, $19.00 PER SUITE.

Our Undertaking department is under the direction of Mr. Clark.

Day Phone No. 292.
Night Phone No. 142. BAKER STREET.

D. J. ROBERTSON & CO.

The Gardens in Ceylon that grow Blue Ribbon Tea are, like C. P. R. transportation facilities, taxed to their capacity - but there is no shortage yet.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work"

NEW YORK FASHION LETTER

New York, Jan. 17.—The fashionable girl of spring will be a composite creature. She will be severe, but feminine; simple, but elegant; her gowns will reveal the most delightful color schemes, but at all times will they be harmonius. Her individual tastes will find expression in her gowns and everything that she wears will emphasize her originality.

The spring novelties which now occupy the places of honor in the shops, having relegated winter fabrics to the bargain counters, are not necessarily expensive, though there are instances in which one might run the limit of extravagance. Happily, dress which for many years raised a sharply accentuated dividing line between the rich and the poor has today levelled all class lines, and some of the most beautiful materials are so cheap that they are easily within the reach of the woman with a limited dress allowance.

For instance, among the smartest fabrics in which the newest shirt waists appear are mercerized cotton, Madras, chambray, batiste, linen, mull, lawn and Nainsook rayee which, by the way, is no more or less than a linen-finished cotton fabric with a high sounding name.

The spring shirt waist while it sags over the belt at the front, shows a square, rather than the rounded outline of previous years. This is a French idea which will no doubt become very popular in America, especially with slender, graceful women.

The shirt waist suit which appeals principally to women whose mornings are devoted to shopping is diversified this season by a few touches of color. An especially chic design is carried out in gobelin blue foulard embroidered in old rose and nile green silk. The blouse waists closes with an inverted box-plait and has two narrow plaits at the shoulders which intermingle gracefully with the folds of the blouse effect at the end of the stitching. The sleeves are in bishop patern and have an inverted box-plait to the elbow.

A novel idea is expressed in the hip-yoke which is made in one piece with the narrow front breadth of the skirt and supports three wide flounces which are unlined, but given support by a drop skirt of cobelin blue taffeta.

Still another shirt waist frock is made of putty colored pongee and has the skirt shirred around the top in simulation of a hip-yoke. The waist is a distinctive affair, being embroidered down the front with the Japanese alphabet in bright colored silks.

The new color schemes are to recommended for their daintiness and general becomingness. Grey with shades of sage green is a favorite combination, although it is often compelled to share honors with burnt orange mingled with white cloth and ecru lace. Indeed, there are but few combinations which do not include the lace, for, like the touch of black, it lends character to a gown when other trimmings fail.

Brown and white, one of the most sought schemes of winter, will be a heritage of spring fashions. A very smart street gown is of brown and white mixed goods with pipings of brown silk. The jacket has bishop sleeves and a loose plaited front, with a double collar and a stole which are piped with silk.

The skirt has a habit back and is ornamented with wide straps of the material piped with silk. Dark brown crocheted ornaments form an effective finish on both jacket and skirt.

For something that is really smart and inexpensive nothing could be more satisfying than a gown in dark green velvet flecked with French gray. The gown is on the shirt-waist-and-skirt order, but made very simply and gracefully.

Accompanying such a toilette is a smart toque of green velvet. Its only trimming consists of a large blue and green bird, which covers the left side and droops over the back of the toque. Desiring a touch of grey in the hat a bird with wing feathers of this shade might be selected, but the blue and green is quite the most chic novelty of the day.

There are a thousands ways of employing tucks on suits and bodices and each is distinctive and pretty. Royal blue zibeline is selected for a dressy street suit for spring wear. The gown is decorated with narrow corded tucks and pipings of blue satin and was resigned especially for the automobile show which is attracting considerable social attention.

The coat is made with a peplim and bell sleeves. It has a rolling collar and revers of blue satin appliqued with white lace. The finishing touches are gained through an imposing silk cord and ornaments matching the suit in color.

Beaver hats will be worn very late and becoming inapropos by the coming of spring weather will be supplanted by chiffon designs carrying out the same ideas in shape and trimming. One of the daintest confections of the season is a hat of grey beaver trimmed with grey and white panne which extends across the front and over the upturned brim on the left side, with a long grey and white plume.

A novelty that promises to be more than a passing fancy is shown in the new gloves. They are made of suede and widening with something of a circular flare above the last button are cuffs of the suede embroidered in silk in raised designs. This necessitates the wearing of the sleeve wrist-band beneath the glove, but as the embroideries shown on the gloves are in the season's popular shades it is an easy matter to select tints that will harmonize with the gown.

Table linen has been impressed into service to produce a vagary of fashion, just as towelling was employed last season. A fetching waist is designed of heavy satin damask, with a yoke back and front and a large box plait down the front, with immense pearl buttons.

There is a plethora of novelties in the shops, though the majority are of the variety classed transient. The vari-colored silk buttons finished with cords and tassels will remain, because there is something of grace in the tassels as they swing to and fro with each motion of the body, and grace is an element toward which all energies are concentrated.

A collarette really girlish in its attractiveness is of white satin and accordion plaited chiffon trimmed with narrow black velvet ribbon. Flounces of the chiffon form a short cape below the stole of satin. Accompanying the collarette is a hat of white chiffon, finely shirred, with a cluster of velvet roses beneath the brim and close to the hair in front.

MAUDE GRIFFIN.

HOCKEY AT THE RINK.

Wholesalers Get Away With the Bankers After a Spirited Contest.

The hockey season was opened at the rink last night by a good game between the wholesalers and a team of bankers.

The puck was faced off at 8 o'clock, the teams lining up as follows:

Wholesalers.		Bankers.
Nunn	goal	Bamfield
Archibald	point	Wallace
Benedict	cover point	Dumoulin
Fraser	forward	Hedley
Sharpe	"	McFarland
Wright	"	Eden
Hipperson	"	Pinkham

The wholesalers had the best of the game and won by a score of five to two.

The first game was won by the bankers, in the first three or four minutes play, Wallace lifting the puck almost from goal to goal and sending it straight home.

The wholesalers won four straight games during the remaider of the first half and the score stood at 4 to 1 when half time was called.

In the second half each team won a goal making the final score 5 to 2 in favor of the wholesalers.

About 200 spectators witnessed the match. The ice was in good condition with the exception of a few holes which caused some bad falls. In the second half Hedley of the bankers, hurt his knee and retired, the wholesalers dropping out Benedict to even up. The play was a little slow at first but both teams woke up in the second half and a fast 30 minutes play ensued.

For the winners Perry Wright and Hipperson did some good work and on the bankers side Pinkham distinguished himself.

Robert Carley referred the game. Messrs. Mighton and Winters were good umpires and Messrs, D. Blackwood and Becker acted as time keepers.

The wholesalers have challenged the Rocky Mountain Rangers and a match will come off this week.

The bankers say they will challenge the wholesalers again when Barney Archibald goes out of town—but not before.

The Nelson team have won the challenge championship cup for the Kootenays two years in succession and if they can win it once more the cup will stay here permanently. The championship games will come off at the Rossland winter carnival which commences on February 11th.

The Sandon hockey team have arranged a match with Nelson for next Thursday evening and are arranging matches with Rossland, Grand Forks, Phoenix and Greenwood, to be played at the places named.

The Paystreak says of the Sandon players:

"The team goes out this year a trifle weak in the forward line, but otherwise O. K. Some hard practice recently has put the boys into good training and it will be a fast team that will take anything away from them. McIntyre is playing a star game as point man and will be the only new man to catch a place. The line-up will be: Hoggan, goal; McIntyre, point; W. Crawford, cover point; Grierson, Hood, Cliffe, and E. Crawford, forwards, with Jack Crawford spareman."

THE BUNYAN CUP.

Won by J. Laing Stocks' Rink Yesterday—Other Games Played.

The final curling match in the Bunyan series was played yesterday at the rink, resulting in a close game, with an exceedingly exciting finish, the twelfth end resulting in a tie, an additional end was necessary, and in this, the rink skipped by J. Laing Stocks won by a point, thus securing the trophy for the year. Last year Mr. Stocks' rink was in the final for the cup, and lost it by a point, this year they have had their revenge.

The score in the final for the Bunyan cup was as follows:

McDermid	McPherson
O'Shea	McIntyre
H. Bird	Weir, J. F.
Stocks, skip, 12.	Walley, skip, 11.

In the Burns competition three schedule games came off yesterday, resulting as follows:

Gillett	J. M. Hedley
Jones	Gamble
Hall	R. M. Bird
Wallace, skip, 14.	Hedley, R., skip, 6.
Fowler	Procter
Dumoulin	Wright
Annable	Buchanan
Fletcher, skip, 15.	Choldítch, skip, 10.
Stoddart	Keller
Houston	McLeod
Smyth	Porter
Forin, skip, 13.	Hodge, skip, 3.

This leaves ten schedule games yet to be disposed of in the Burns series. On Monday the games will be as follows: McLaughlin vs. Lamont, Macdonald vs. Taylor, Wilson vs. Wallace, Tamblyn vs. Pinkham.

OPPOSED TO SUBSIDIES.

St. John, N. B., Jan. 17.—At a special meeting of the St. John board of trade, the Grand Trunk transcontinental and trans-Canada schemes were discussed, several members presented their views very strongly against the granting of land and money subsidies to any company for the building of a through railway.

James F. Robertson submitted a resolution to the effect that a subsidy of cash and land grants to the corporation may result in land passing into foreign control and that it is best for the government of Canada to retain the land for settlers at a fair valuation.

The board favored the extension of the Intercolonial railway from Montreal across the continent through Canadian territory and the improvement of harbor facilities, particularly in the Gulf or St. Lawrence, and the coast of the maritime provinces. The resolution unanimously carried.

BENEFIT CONCERT

NELSON OPERA HOUSE
MONDAY, JANUARY 19TH

Proceeds to be donated to the Family of the late **MOSES JOHNSON**

PAUL SZIGETY

The Great Violinist, will give one of his Famous Concerts, (using his $25,000 Violin, a "Joseph Guarnerius," made in 1742,) assisted by local talent, including

MRS. WM. DAVIS, MISS CROSBY, MISS IDA JOHNSON, MISS LILLIE, MR. JOHN LOCHORE

General Admission 50 cents. Reserved Seats 75 cents

Plan open at J. A. McDonald's store 10 a.m. Monday.

Curse of DRINK

CURED BY

COLONIAL REMEDY

No taste. No odor. Can be given in a glass of water, tea, or coffee, without patient's knowledge.

Colonial Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for alcoholic stimulants, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, "tippler," social drinker or drunkard. Impossible for anyone to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using Colonial Remedy.

INDORSED BY MEMBERS OF W.C.T.U.

Mrs. Moore, Superintendent of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, Ventura, California, writes: "I have tested Colonial Remedy on very obstinate drunkards, and the cures have been many. In many cases the Remedy was given secretly. I cheerfully recommend and indorse Colonial Remedy. Members of our Union are delighted to find a practical and economical treatment to aid us in our temperance work."

Sold by druggists everywhere, and by mail.

Price $1. Trial package free by writing or calling on Mrs. M. A. Cowan (for years member of the Women's Christian Temperance Union), 204 St. Catherine St., Montreal.

Sold in Nelson, B. C., by J. H. Vanstone, Baker Street.

Miners' Special Accident POLICIES

We insure MINERS against ACCIDENTS and SICKNESS at the following rates:

ACCIDENTS

For $10 a year we pay..... $10 a week for 10 weeks
For 15 a year we pay..... 15 a week for 10 weeks
For 25 a year we pay..... 25 a week for 10 weeks
with a FUNERAL BENEFIT, in fatal cases, of $25

SICKNESS

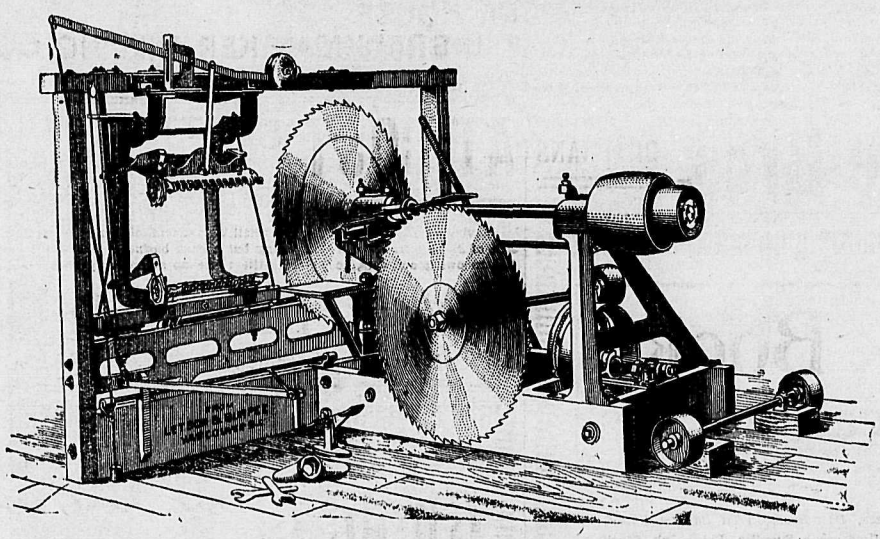
For $10 a year we pay..... $25 a week for 10 weeks

Call or write and get further particulars.

BRYDGES, BLAKEMORE & CAMERON, Limited

Houston Block, Nelson, B.C.

THE PRACTICAL MILL MEN



Who have examined this machine acknowledge its advantages in points of construction.

It is not the HIGHEST nor yet the LOWEST priced machine in the market, but we invite comparison with other machines in the matter of both RESULTS and PRICES.

Further orders from people using these machines are some proof of the claims we make for SUPERIORITY in construction.

LETSON & BURPEE, VANCOUVER, B. C.

"YOU CANNOT GATHER FIGS FROM THISTLES."

It costs as much to make a $2.50 Goodyear process shoe, as a $3.50, or a $5.00 grade.

It costs as much to sell it to the Wearer!

It costs more to finish it, so that it will resemble some inferior $3.50 shoes!

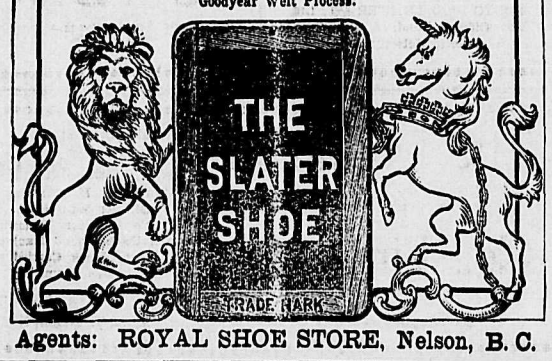
The dollar difference thus comes out of the leather—out of the very life of the shoe.

No shoe which sells for less than $3.50 can posses wear enough to justify the cost of fine finish, and no finish can justify the absence of wear.

No shoe,—but "The Slater Shoe" for men and women, is sold to Consumers at a price fixed by the Makers to protect Wearers against over charge.

$3.50 and $5.00 women's, $4.00 and $5.50 men's.

Goodyear Welt Process.



Agents: ROYAL SHOE STORE, Nelson, B. C.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work"

MINING IN THE LARDEAU

RICH ORE BODY ENCOUNTERED ON THE SPYGLASS.

GOOD STRIKE ON THE LUCKY BOY —THE PEDRO.

The Spyglass property owned by J. Winquist and partners, on Poplar creek is beyond doubt the richest silver-gold proposition that has ever been struck in the camp. There is not one of the Lardeau producers that does not carry gold in quantity from a couple of dollars up to eight ounces. The Cup carries gold and some of its shipments have been remarkably rich in this metal, carrying as high as eight ounces. Winquist's property is remarkable for the amount of gold it carries in addition to the enormous silver returns. The assay which has astonished even Lardeauites was 3,740 ounces silver and $120 in gold, or a total value of $1,915 with silver at its present price. This is one of the strikes of last fall and is the result of a great deal of patient work. The property is located about 11 miles from the line of the Lardeau railway and for five of this distance a good pack-trail has been constructed. The other six miles has been brushed out but is unfit for a pack-horse to go over. However, Winquist and his partners have been able to drive amout 23 feet of tunnel on the vein, which ranges from two to three feet in width. The streak carrying the above astonishing values is about ten inches in thickness and it is along this that the tunnel is being driven. The vein is a strong one and has been traced for a distance of upwards of 600 feet and in places shows a good grade of ore. Work will be commenced early in the spring and the development of this bonanza pushed with the greatest vigor.

A few days ago the crosscut tunnel which was being driven on the Lucky Boy broke into the vein and a chute of over a foot of carbonates and galena. The solid ore, which occupies a considerable portion of the lead as opened up, is pretty much all gray copper, so it goes without saying that it is very high grade. The men have now turned and are driving along the vein, taking out the ore as they go. The point where the vein was broken into is at no great depth from the surface, and for some distance depth will be made slowly, after that the hill rises abruptly making stoping ground rapidly. The Lucky Boy as it looks now, has all the earmarks of a very valuable property, and its convenience to Trout Lake—about three miles—will make its development very economical. The ore can be rawhided into town at very moderate figures.

Some very good work has been done on the Mohican, a property on Gainer creek, which places it in the position of being one of the most promising in the camp. Open cuts have exposed the vein at intervals over a distance of 1,200 feet, and everywhere uncovered the lead has been found to be very strong and the character of the ore exposed fairly high in quality. In the tunnel which is now in 280 feet, a crosscut exposed three feet of mineral, which promises, when further drifted on, to open up into a chute first-class both as to grade and quality. Work, which has been suspended for the winter, will be resumed in March and the ore body encountered, when forced to close down, opened up and thoroughly exploited.

Things are looking very nicely at the Pedro property, owned by the Marie-Marilla Mining company. In the middle tunnel some very fine ore has been struck. On this ore, which is another vein to that which is the ultimate object of the crosscut tunnel now being driven, a day shift has been set drifting, while the contractors are hard at work driving the crosscut. They are making excellent headway and the indications point very strongly to the fact that the lead will be struck within the next few feet. When this chute of ore has been tapped the Pedro will be one of the richest and most productive mining propositions in the camp.

SOUTHEAST KOOTENAY.

Prospects of a Busy Season—Several Important Deals Made.

The several mining deals which have been made in Fort Steele recently, together with the extensive preparations for placer mining which are now going on at Wild Horse creek; the rapid development of mining property in the vicinity of Perry creek, are evidences that the coming summer will witness a busy season in southeast Kootenay.

In addition to the mining industry the recent contracts which have been let along the Kootenay and St. Mary's rivers to cut logs for the big mill which is now under construction at Wardner is now being felt in a marked degree by the merchants of Fort Steele and other towns of the district.

According to the Prospector, the future never looked so bright as at the present time, and with the construction of the Kootenay Central the chances are very much in favor of a substantial growth next summer. With all the great natural resources which are tributary to Fort Steele this is the only logical outcome of the situation.

James Nelson, Frank Williams and Enoch Johnson are making extensive preparations for working the Rob Roy group of mines, which are situated in Isadore canyon. The property consists of the Rob Roy and Copper Belt Fraction, the quartz carries copper and gold.

CANADIAN COMPETITION

In the Markets of Great Britain Affects United States.

James Boyle, American consul at Liverpool, in his report on the trade of Great Britain and the share of the United States, says:

In connection with the importation of farm and dairy products, the British blue book for 1901 demonstrates that the United States has more than held its own against the much-talked-of Canadian competition. It should be remembered that Canada is the greatest competitor the United States has in supplying the British market with the products of the forest and farm. The reports from this consulate have several times drawn attention to the extraordinary enterprise and energy of the Canadian government with a view of capturing the British market, or at least (for the present) capturing a much bigger slice of it than Canada has had, with possibilities for the future that have no limit in Canadian ambition. In view of the efforts put forth, it is surprising to learn that the imports of Canadian products actually fell off last year. In 1901 their value was the smallest in four years. The total was $99,272,925, a decrease of $9,947,180 as compared with 1900. The value of the British exports to Canada in 1901 was $46,252,630, being an increase of $958,685 over 1900. This was probably the greatest value of exports to Canada the United Kingdom has ever reached, and yet the gain does not seem very substantial, considering the preferential tariff this country enjoys in Canada. Let there be no mistake. Canada is very much in earnest in the competitive struggle going on, and it would be very unwise to dismiss the matter of Canadian competition as a bugaboo. During the past year greater efforts than ever, both in Canada and in Great Britain, have been made to make this competition stronger. The latest scheme is to sell Canadian products to the British consumer without the intervention of "middlemen." Leaving governmental and political considerations altogether out of the question, and looking exclusively at the commercial phase of the recent manifestations of "imperialism" Canada has never been so much in evidence in this country as during the current year. The participation of the colonies in the South African war and the demonstrations in connection with the coronation of king Edward developed a wave of what has become known as "imperial sentiment." While it is likely that the lapse of time may chill this popular enthusiasm, yet there undoubtedly has been left a residuum which is being earnestly worked upon by those who belong to the pan-Britannic school. The presence of the colonial premiers has given an impetus to this sentiment, and Canada more than any other colony has been to the front in the "boom" in which all the colonies have more or less participated. For months the Canadian arch in London proclaimed that Canada was the "granary of the empire," and leading men of Canada have traveled all over the British islands prophesying that in course of time Great Britain would get its food products principally from Canada and the other colonies, instead of from the United States.

THE UNITED MINE WORKERS

THIRTY-FIRST ANNUAL CONVENTION TO BE HELD IN INDIANAPOLIS

PRESIDENT MITCHELL WILL PROBABLY BE RE-ELECTED.

Indianapolis, Jan. 17.—Delegates are arriving for the thirty-first annual convention of the United Mine Workers of America, which will begin Monday in Tomlinson hall. It is expected that fully 1,200 delegates will attend, and there is some apprehension that the body will prove unwieldly, as this is the largest labor convention ever held.

The convention will be not only the largest, but the most important in the history of the organization. The great strike in Pennsylvania anthracite region and the many smaller strikes of last year will be reported by the officers and an explanation made of their prosecution. The report of president Mitchell will deal with the anthracite strike and will be long. The report of secretary-treasurer Wilson will include the reports of the auditing and executive committees on their work during the year. The latter reports, covering the disbursements for relief during the anthracite strike, will contain the largest figures ever known in a labor organization financial report.

It is understood that the miners will ask for an increase of from 10 to 20 per cent in wages, but this will be stubbornly resisted by the operators at the joint wage conference which is to follow the miners' convention. Considerable interest attaches to the part the anthracite men will take in the conference. The foundation for their strike was laid here last January, but as the decision of the arbitration commission may cover a period of three years, they may not be vitally concerned in the proceedings.

President Mitchell will preside over the proceedings and it is expected a number of prominent labor leaders in other fields will occupy places on the platform as interested auditors.

President Mitchell and secretary-treasurer Wilson stand for reelection without opposition, and it is also probable that vice-president Lewis will be renamed by acclamation, though some talk is heard of opposition candidates for his office. Members of the executive committee will also be elected and delegates chosen to represent the organization at the next annual meeting of the American Federation of Labor.

Among the delegates already in the field there is much talk in favor of the proposal that has been made to increase the salaries paid to president Mitchell and secretary Wilson. The salary of president Mitchell is $1,800 a year. Secretary Wilson receives $1,500. During the anthracite strike the two officers contributed 25 per cent of their earnings to the defense fund, besides paying their regular assessments. It is suggested that president Mitchell's salary should be increased to at least $3,000 and that of secretary Wilson raised in proportion.

President Mitchell is not expected in the city before Monday as he is busy attending the sessions of the anthracite strike commission. He is to be greeted on his arrival with a demonstration such as has never been tendered to a labor leader before. Business men have co-operated with the labor unions in preparing for the event and Mr. Mitchell will be escorted from the station to the convention headquarters by an imposing procession headed by bands of music. In the evening he will be the guest at a big public reception in his honor.

THE SLOCAN MINES.

The ore shipments for the past week were better than for some time back. The Rambler shipped 60 tons, American Boy 60, Payne 50, and Reco 20 tons of lead ore. The Payne and Ivanhoe shipper 60 tons each of zinc to Iola.

There is a deal pending for a lease on the Lucky Jim, which, if it goes through, will add a big shipper to the list of the camp's producers. The Lucky Jim is the biggest zinc proposition in British Columbia. It is developed 400 feet deep and has ore reserves from which 50 tons a day could easily be extracted for a long time to come. Braden brothers of Helena, Montana, own the property, which has been closed down for five years, owing to the fact that zinc predominated. The Lanyon Zinc company are the parties negotiating for the lease, and the property could not fall into better hands.

The American Boy is the first mine in the Slocan to make a contract with the American Smelting & Refining company. Two cars of ore were shipped to the East Helena smelter this week. Hereafter the American Boy's ore will be divided between the trust smelter at East Helena and the Everett smelter.

DYNAMITE EXPLOSION.

Fatally Injures Eight Men in a Boarding House.

Johnstown, Pa., Jan. 16.—An explosion of dynamite in a boarding house at Windber this evening mangled eight men so badly that they will all die.

MURDER TRIAL OPENS.

Winnipeg, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Daily News.—The trial of John Potein, charged with the murder of John Prothero, of Snake island, lake Winnipeg, on December 22nd last, was begun at Selkirk today.

A DISASTROUS EARTHQUAKE.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 16.—Official figures show that 4,714 persons were killed and 33,112 houses destroyed in recent carthquakes at Andijan.

IF YOUR PHYSICIAN prescribes a milk diet, for its easy digestibility it will be well to use Borden's Peerless Brand Evaporated Cream to get a rich, deliciously flavored milk food, perfectly sterilized, according to latest sanitary methods. For general household uses. Prepared by Borden's Condensed Milk Co. 6

PABST BEER

Call and get a bottle of the purest and best beer made. Also try our Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

NELSON WINE CO.
FRANK A. TAMBYLN, Manager.
Telephone 93. — — Baker Street, Nelson.

KOOTENAY MONUMENTAL WORKS
Manufacturers of and Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC GRANITE AND MARBLE CEMETERY WORK
P. O. BOX 95A NELSON, B.C.

A Fresh Consignment of Blue Point Oysters in the shell just received. Special rates to the family trade at The Athabasca.
Phone 182. BROWN & CO.
Baker St., Nelson.

Coal is King

Invest a few dollars in Alberta Coal and Coke Company's stock; Shares $2.50. Brydges, Blakemore & Cameron, Ltd., are the official brokers.
ALBERTA COAL & COKE CO., LTD.
Next to Bank of Commerce.

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE, KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

Notice is hereby given that the reserve which was established in pursuance of the "Columbia & Western Railway Subsidy Act, 1896," notice whereof was published in the British Columbia Gazette and dated 7th May, 1896, is cancelled in so far as, but no further than, it relates to a parcel of land in Kootenay District lying within the following boundaries, viz.:

To the west of Lots 230 and 4598; to the north of the northern boundary of Townships 8A and 9A, and to the south of the southern limit of the right of way of the Columbia & Western Railway.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands and Works Department.
Victoria, B. C., 30th October, 1902.

SILVER KING MIKE

Will pay the highest cash price for all kinds of second hand goods. Will buy or sell anything from an anchor to a needle. Furniture, stoves, carpets, cooking utensils bought in household quantities. Also cast off clothing. Call and see me or write. Address Silver King Mike, Box 200, Hall Street, Nelson, B. C.

MUSIC LESSONS

F. J. PAINTER, piano, Royal Conservatory of Leipsic. Method after Bruno Zwintcher, also McDonald Smith's system. "From brain to keyboard." "The most striking discovery of the present generation for practical musicians."—Musical News. Complete course $10. Corner Hall and Silica street.

Atlantic S.S. Sailings

St. John and Halifax (Winter Service)
ALLAN LINE
Steamer sails two days later from Halifax
Pretorian ..Jan. 24 Numidian ..Jan. 31
Parisian ....Feb. 7 Sicilian .....Feb. 14
Corinthian ..Feb. 21
BEAVER LINE.
L. Champlain.Jan.25 Lake Ontario.Feb. 7
Lake Erie ..Feb. 14 L. Megantic..Feb. 21
DOMINION LINE.
From Portland.
Colonian ...Jan. 31 Californian ..Feb. 7
From Boston.
Cambronian .Jan 31 Commonwealth F.14
International Mercantile Marine Co.
AMERICAN LINE.
Friesland ..Jan. 28 St. Paul ....Feb. 4
Philadelphia .Feb 18
RED STAR LINE.
Vaderland....Jan. 24 Kroonland .Jan. 31
Zealand .....Feb. 7
CUNARD LINE.
From New York
Lucania ....Jan. 24 Etruria ....Jan. 31
Saxonia ....Feb. 7
WHITE STAR LINE.
Celtic .....Jan. 28 Teutonic ...Feb. 4
ALLAN STATE—LINE
New York and Glasgow.
(Calling at Londonderry)
Laurentian ..Jan. 24 Mongolian ..Feb. 7
Sardinian ..Feb. 21
Continental Sailings of French, North German Lloyd, H. A. P, and Italian lines on application.
Lowest Rates on all Lines.
J. S. CARTER, W. P. F. CUMMINGS,
D.P.A.,Nelson. Gen. Agent Winnipeg.

Nelson Success Club

Rooms open to members at all times.

Jan. 19th.—Meeting of Mock Parliament. Open to members only. Also important business meeting.

Jan. 26th.—Mock Parliament, open to the public. An interesting evening is promised.

WHOLESALE HOUSES.

PRODUCE.

STARKEY & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Produce and Fruit. Houston Block, Josephine Street, Nelson, B. C.

AERATED AND MINERAL WATERS.

NELSON SODA WATER FACTORY—M. M. Cummins, Lessee—Every known variety of soft drinks. P. O. Box 83, telephone No. 31, Hoover street, Nelson. Bottlers of the famous St. Leon Hot Springs Mineral Water.

HARDWARE.

McLACHLAN BROS. — WHOLESALE Hardware Merchants. Logging and Mill Supplies, Stoves, Tinware, Agateware, Iron, Pipes, and Mining Supplies. Prompt attention to mailed orders.

GROCERIES.

A. MACDONALD & CO—CORNER FRONT and Hall streets—Wholesale Grocers and Jobbers in blankets, gloves, mitts, boots, rubbers, mackinaws and miners' sundries.

HARDWARE AND MINING SUPPLIES.

NELSON HARDWARE CO. — BAKER Street—Wholesale paints, oils, and glass; mechanics tools, fishing tackle and sporting goods a specialty.

LUMBER.

NELSON SAW & PLANING MILL—Office, corner Hall and Front streets, Nelson—Lumber, ceiling, flooring, and everything in wood for building purposes. Get our prices. Correspondence solicited.

SHINGLES.

KOOTENAY SHINGLE CO.—SHINGLES and Cedar Fence Posts in car lots.

WANTED

NELSON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY. — Help of all kinds furnished.

HELP of all kinds wanted and furnished. Western Canadian Employment Agency. Large warehouse for storage; call at Prosser's Second Hand Store, Baker Street, west.

GRAND FORKS GAZETTE publishes all the latest news of the Boundary; on sale at Morley & Co., Canada Drug & Book Co., Nelson News Depot, (G. Stanley).

WANTED—A piano to rent by the month. Apply P. O. Box 240.

PIANO TUNING

PIANO TUNER—A practical piano tuner, Mr. James R. Muir, employed by the Mason & Risch Piano Co., will attend to all orders left at Morley & Co.'s. He will be here permanently.

PIANO TUNING—E. O. Windsor, piano tuner, formerly of Toronto and Detroit, will be in town for the next few days. Orders for piano tuning should be left at the Canada Drug & Book Co.'s store.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Dairy business for sale in town of Moyie, B.C. Only dairy in town and doing a good business. Good chance for party with small capital for particulars apply to Mrs. A. Dill, Moyie, B.C.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished house, Silica st., Chadbourn & McLaren, Madden Block.

TO RENT—Roomy, heated, furnished rooms by the day, week or month. Apply Room 1, McDonald Block, corner Vernon and Josephine streets.

PIANOS and sewing machines for rent or sale at The Old Curiosity Shop.

CHANGES of advertisements, and legal notices to be inserted in the current issue of THE WEEKLY NEWS, should reach this office not later than 6 p. m. Thursdays.

F. C. GREEN. F. C. CLEMENTS.
GREEN & CLEMENTS,
Civil Engineers and Provincial Land Surveyors.
P. O. Box 145. 'Phone 261.
Cor. Kootenay and Victoria Sts. Nelson.

JOHN McLATCHIE,
DOMINION AND PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR.
NELSON, B. C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

BEST ROUTE.

East: Winnipeg, St. Paul, Toronto, Montreal
West: Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, San Francisco

Improved Dining Cars on Main Line.

PARLOR CAFE CAR TO BOUNDARY DISTRICT.

Tourist Sleepers to Toronto, Montreal, Boston.

Low settlers rates westbound.

For time tables rates and information, apply to local agents.

E. J. COYLE, A.G.P.A., Vancr. J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson.

SPOKANE FALLS & NORTHERN RY.
NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY. CO.
RED MOUNTAIN RAILWAY CO.
WASHINGTON & G. N. RY.
VAN. VIC. & E. RY. & N. CO.

The only all rail route between points east, west and south to Rossland, Nelson, Grand Forks and Republic. Connects at Spokane with the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and O. R. & N. Co. for points east, west and south; connects at Rossland and Nelson with the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Connects at Nelson with the K. R. & N. Co. for Kaslo and K. & S. points.

Connects at Curlew with stage for Greenwood and Midway, B. C.

Buffet cars run on trains between Spokane and Rossland.

Effective Nov. 22nd, 1902.

Leave			Arrive
9.25 a. m.	Spokane	5.45	p. m.
10.15 a. m.	Rossland	5.10	p. m.
7.00 a. m.	Nelson	8.00	p. m.
11.00 a. m.	Grand Forks	4.00	p. m.
9.15 a. m.	Republic	5.40	p. m.

H. A. JACKSON,
General Passenger Agent, Spokane, Wash.

KOOTENAY RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
OPERATING
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION & TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.
KASLO & SLOCAN RAILWAY.
9.00 a.m. Lv. KASLO ... Ar. 3.15 p.m.
11.25 a.m. Ar. SANDON. Lv. 1.00 p.m.
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION & TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.
KASLO-NELSON ROUTE
5.00 a.m. Lv. NELSON. Ar. 7.15 p.m.
8.40 a.m. Ar. KASLO .... Lv. 3.35 p.m.

Tickets sold to all parts of United States and Canada via Great Northern and O. R. & N. Company's lines.

For further particulars call on or address
ROBERT IRVING, Manager, Kaslo.
G. K. TACKABURY, Agent, Nelson.

N. E. T. CO. TIME TABLE.

STANLEY STREET—	7.00	7.40	8.20
	9.00	9.40	10.20

Every forty minutes until 10.20 p.m.

BOGUSTOWN—			7.20
	8.00	8.40	9.20
	10.00	10.40	11.20

Every forty minutes until 10.40 p. m.

SPECIAL RINK CARS—The 3.40 p.m., and 7.40 p.m. cars from Stanley will only run to Byers' corner, returning to rink at 3.50 and 4.10 p.m., in afternoons and 7.50 and 8.10 p.m. at night.

Good Offices, two rooms, for rent. Lots for sale.

All enquires of A. V. Mason, Barn, Mines Road. Phone 162a.

TIMBER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease for a term of twenty-one years to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situate on Cariboo Lake in West Kootenay District, British Columbia, commencing at a post planted on the east bank and about one mile south of the north end of Cariboo Lake, and marked J. Fred Ritchie's south west corner; thence east 80 chains; thence north 320 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 160 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to the place of beginning and containing 3,840 acres.

Dated at Rossland, B. C., this 27th day of December, 1902.

J. FRED RITCHIE.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between S. D. Pierre and John T. Pierre, doing business on Josephine street, under the style and name of Pierre Bros., Ladies' and Gents' Tailors, Cleaners, etc., has been dissolved by mutual consent, the business will in future be carried on by John T. Pierre who will collect all accounts due the said firm and pay all debts.

(Signed) S. D. PIERRE,
JNO. T. PIERRE.
Nelson, January 13, 1903.

If you are interested in the Boundary you should read the Phoenix Pioneer, published in the centre of the greatest mining operations in Canada. Send for sample copy.

No time like the Present
to refit your office.

We can supply you with
OFFICE SUPPLIES
of every description.

OUR STOCK
is complete. The largest selection of Blank Books in the interior of British Columbia.

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NELSON, B. C.
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS

GALT COAL
AND WOOD OF ALL KINDS.
Terms Spot Cash.
W P. Tierney
Telephone 265.
Baker Street.

PRICE OF METALS.

New York, Jan. 17.—Bar silver, 47¼. Amalgamated copper, 64.
(No London lead quotation was received here last night.)

NELSON'S NEWS OF THE DAY

Mayor Rose has called the initial meeting of the new council for Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

Four out of Nelson's six aldermen were duly sworn in at the city offices yesterday morning. The absentees were Messrs. Selous and Hamilton.

Letson & Burpee, the shingle machinery manufacturers, have sold $2,000 worth of shingle machinery to the Ontario-Slocan Lumber company, at Slocan City, and are putting in a shingle plant at Gutelius for another outfit.

J. M. Batton, one of the oldest and most popular messengers in the Dominion Express company's service, for many years on the main line east and west of Winnipeg, arrived in the city yesterday, to take the run between Nelson and Medicine Hat.

Work on the Cromwell group of claims operated by the Myee Exploration Co., Ltd., is progressing satisfactorily. The tunnel is in over 100 feet and it is expected the vein, which carries such high values in gold, will be struck by March 10th, when a distance of 300 feet will have been reached. The work now being undertaken will prove the vein at a vertical depth of 800 feet.

The provincial police have advised recorder Christie of Slocan City to make an investigation of the recent theft of tools and supplies at the Exchange mine referred to in The Daily News of yesterday. The authorities complain that cases of the kind when they are discovered are not reported promptly, rendering it almost impossible for them to trace the stolen articles or apprehend the offenders.

Some complaints have been made lately about letters intended for London going first to Sandon. Questioned about the matter postmaster Gibson explained that not infrequently the initial letter of the designation was so indefinite that it could be read either way, and that in some instances the "B. C.," or "Eng." was either omitted or written so faintly that in the hurry of making up the mail it was very easy to make a mistake. He instanced a case yesterday where a registered letter under his personal guidance very nearly went astray under the circumstances above referred to. Additional care should be exercised in addressing letters or papers to the two places mentioned.

Shortly before 5 o'clock last evening an alarm of fire was rung in by the electric dispatch system from a lodging house near the corner of Baker and Hall streets. The brigade turned out smartly, but on arriving at the spot designated, no trace of fire could be discovered, nor could anyone be found to explain about the alarm. A subsequent investigation however, showed that only a messenger had been wanted and that the fire alarm was simply a mistake. This is the second false alarm of the same nature which has been turned in lately, and the firemen think people should be more careful in using the dispatch system.

Asked about the pending convention of mining men at Victoria, and the general association it is proposed to form, Robert Hedley, of the Hall Mines smelter, said yesterday that as far as he knew the mining men of the interior of the province had so far not been consulted in the matter, and no invitation had been extended to them to join the proposed association. The present convention, added Mr. Hedley, after making preliminary arrangements, would probably be adjourned to some date in the near future and in the meantime all those connected with the industry would be invited to join the organization and attend the adjourned meeting.

The meeting of the concert committee of the Success club to arrange for a smoker, was adjourned last evening until next Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

His honor judge Forin held chambers yesterday morning at the court house and disposed of a number of routine cases. No matters of importance came up.

W. K. Esling leaves Trail on Monday for Tacoma, where he will reside. He still retains the Trail Creek News, which will be run under the management of J. D. Anderson.

The business meeting of the Success club and the session of the mock parliament, to have been held on Monday evening, have been postponed so as not to interfere with the benefit concert in the opera house.

J. G. Wilson, now representing the Lake of the Woods Milling company, and formerly of Nelson, is stopping at the Hume. He was entertained by his old curling friends yesterday and joined in a friendly game with them.

At the meeting of the cricket section of the Success club held last evening, W. Reade and J. A. T. Richards were appointed a committee to look after the affairs of the club and to report progress at a general meeting to be held in February.

C. A. Barcley, of Manitoba, who is the guest of Frank Tamblyn, was taken seriously ill yesterday afternoon and Drs. Rose and Hall were called in in consultation. Mr. Barcley was reported as being slightly better at a late hour last night.

The Empire Entertainment company is giving a good moving picture show at the store on Baker street next door to the Nelson Hardware company every evening from 7 to 10 o'clock and on Thursday and Saturday afternoons at 3.30.

At the ping-pong tournament of the Success club last evening the following matches were played: Hansford vs. Reade, 6-4, 2-6, 6-0. Jones vs. Dawson, 3-6, 6-4, 6-3. Coppen vs. Porteus, 6-2, 6-3. Wilks vs. Blaney, 6-0, 6-1. Cornwall vs. Wallace, 6-3, 6-5. Fowler vs. Bard, Fowler, by default. Fraser vs. Harbor, Fraser, by default.

Among the newspaper men who arrived in town last night to attend the meeting of the Interior Press Association, called for 11 o'clock this morning in the board of trade rooms, were W. B. Willcox, of Phoenix; W. McAdams, of Sandon; E. Simpson, of Cranbrook; E. Smitheringale, of Slocan City; and T. McNaught, of Halcyon Hot Springs.

There were no cases before the police magistrate yesterday, but during the afternoon the police took a man named Duffy in charge and locked him up for safety. Duffy is a quiet, decent looking man about 30 years of age, unmarried, and without any particular home. He has been employed on the railroads and was in the hospital for about six weeks lately for general ill-health, but with no particular ailment. Since his release from the hospital he has been acting rather strangely and appeared to be laboring under several delusions, chiefly that some one was trying to poison him. He will be examined by a doctor tomorrow, who will report to the magistrate on the man's sanity.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Kootenay Curling Association has been called at Rossland for Tuesday next, immediately preceding the bonspiel which commences on that day. An effort will be made on Tuesday to change the method of selecting the place at which the annual bonspiel is to be held and arranging that the choice shall be made during the current bonspiel each year, in place of leaving the selection to a special meeting of the executive, usually called in the late fall of the year, when practically only a few clubs are represented in person. At this year's bonspiel therefore with a full representation present, a selection for next year's place of meeting will probably be made.

Superintendent Downie, of the C. P. R., Kootenay division, is back from a visit to Trout Lake city and Ferguson. Mr. Downie said that the mines were all in good shape and practically all the winter supplies had been shipped in. Trout lake was still open and ore was being brought down and out steadily. Navigation, however, might close at any moment now. The steamer on the lake had broken up the ice once this winter but the first really cold snap was likely to put the boat out of business for a couple of months anyway. The ore would, however, be teamed down to the landing and stacked there until the ice broke up in the early spring. Mr. Downie added that he was surprised at the amount of work in progress in the district and the very large quantity of supplies of all kinds that had been taken in by the railway in the latter part of the year. Asked about the rumored changes in local C. P. R. circles, Mr. Downie said he had heard nothing of them officially.

E. B. McDERMID
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT
Auditor for the City of Nelson.

Regular and Special Audits
Special reports on Partnership, Company or Municipal Accounts.
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NELSON, B. C.

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LIMITED.

Begin in Gladness

Good advice from Wordsworth and which we apply to those who are looking for the most satisfactory grades in family groceries.

You can thus begin the New Year with our famous

Special Blend Tea
AND
Excelsior Coffee

J. A. Kirkpatrick & Co.
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FOR THE JACKSON FAMILY

Concert to Be Given in the Opera House Monday Evening.

The response to the appeal made for assistance to the widow and five children of the late Moses Jackson, who was killed in the Venus mine, has been prompt and generous.

In another column is given the list of cash donations received by The Daily News for this purpose.

A citizen's committee, including leading business men, representatives of the miners' union, and all the local trades organizations took the matter up actively yesterday. Arrangements were made for the postponement of professor Szigety's concert, advertised for tomorrow evening, and his services secured for a benefit entertainment to be given instead, the proceeds to be devoted to the Jackson family fund. Professor Szigety will be assisted by Mrs. Wm. Davis, Miss E. Crosby, a recent addition to Nelson's musical circles, and a graduate of the Toronto Conservatory of Music, Miss Ida Johnson, Miss Lillie, and Mr. John Lochore. Miss Crosby will also act as accompanist for professor Szigety.

A thoroughly enjoyable programme is being prepared, so that in addition to helping along a good cause, all who attend the entertainment in the opera house can rely upon a pleasant evening.

The charge for general admission will be 50 cents, and reserved seats can be secured at J. A. McDonald's for 75 cents each. It is hoped that there will be a large attendance.

THE JACKSON FUND.

Contributions Received in Response to The Daily News Appeal.

J. G. Whiteside	$10 00
Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Day	2 00
E. A. Crease	5 00
A. B. Buckworth (Ymir)	5 00
Anon	50

In forwarding his contribution from Ymir, Mr. Buckworth writes that he hopes the sum required to lift the mortgage from the home of the late Moses Jackson will be raised. The indications are that the necessary amount will be raised.

CHESS TOURNAMENT

The final result of the chess tournament at the Success club is as follows—seven games a side having been played:

	Won.	Lost.
Hansford	7	0
Harbour	5	2
Jones	4	3
Marians	3½	3½
Clarke	3	4
Reade	2½	4½
Lovat	2	5
Coppen	1	6

THE SITUATION IN MOROCCO.

Tangier, Jan. 17.—Definite information has reached here that the sultan's troops came into contact with the forces of the pretender January 13th. It was, however, only an outpost affair and there were few casualties in either side. The sultan did not meet with a general disaster as has been rumored. A serious engagement, however, may follow any moment.

The foreign minister sent a circular to the foreign representatives today, warning them to instruct their countrymen to withdraw from certain districts where the sultan contemplates pursuing punitive expeditions and advising them that the Moroccan government will not hold itself responsible for the safety of foreigners in those regions.

A NOTORIOUS NEGRO.

Siluria, Ala., Jan. 17.—Tom Benton, a notorious negro, is at large in Selby county. He broke jail three days ago and rewards have been offered by the sheriff and county officers for his capture. He is now barricaded in a deserted shanty a few miles beyond Hardyville, and is said to be keeping forty men at bay. He has killed one negro and wounded a number of white men. The inhabitants are terror stricken.

DR. BANCROFT DEAD.

San Diego, California, Jan. 17.—Dr. Frederic J. Bancroft, of Denver, widely known through his writings on the effects of climate upon certain diseases, is dead here from heart failure.

Don't Stumble Through Life

You can not enjoy living if you do not see how you live. The blind man is unfortunate and is to be commiserated, while you are simply a foolish man, suffering by your folly.

WE MAKE YOUR SIGHT MORE NEARLY PERFECT. WE'LL RELIEVE YOUR EYES.

Patenaude Bros. OPTICIANS

Blank Books and Office Supplies

Cash Books, Journals, Ledgers, Day Books, Trial Balance Books, Invoice Books, Typewriter and Mimeograph Supplies, Fyles, Ink, Mucilage, Can you think of anything else that you need? Come here for it. We have a fine line, and a large trade—but it deserves to be larger. Let us add your name to our list of customers.

We have a few high art calendars left that we are offering at half price.

Canada Drug and Book Company, Ltd.

The Myee Exploration Company, Limited
(BRITISH COLUMBIA.)

CAPITAL - - $150,000
Divided into 150,000 Shares of $1.00 each

$100,000 being set apart for working capital, for which 20,000 $1 shares will now be issued at par, payable 50 cents per share on application and 50 cents per share on allotment; the balance of 80,000 shares will be issued as and when required and at such premium as the Directors may arrange. The Vendors receive 50,000 $1 shares, which, it is agreed, will not be issued until September, 1903.

DIRECTORS

J. FRED HUME, (late Minister of Mines, B. C. Government), Nelson, B. C.

JOHN A. TURNER, (late Gold Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner of Lands and Works, B. C. Government), Nelson, B. C.

WILLIAM DAVIS, (Managing Director Transvaal-Zambesi Gold Mining Co., Ltd.), Nelson, B. C.

BANKERS: Bank of Montreal, Nelson, B.C.
SOLICITORS: MacNeill & Deacon, Rossland, B. C.
SECRETARY AND OFFICES: W. A. JOWETT, Baker Street, Nelson, B. C.
BROKERS: Brydges, Blakemore & Cameron, Ltd., Nelson, B. C.

PROSPECTUS

This Company has been formed for the purpose of acquiring the famous "Cromwell" mineral claim, together with the following claims adjoining, viz.: "Annex," "Cromwell No. 2," "Cromwell Fraction," "Edison," "T.L.," "Mazama No. 2," and "Calcutta" fraction.

THE PROPERTY—These claims are situated on the South Fork of Lardeau Creek, in the Trout Lake Mining Division of British Columbia. In close proximity and on the same belt are the noted "Silver Cup," "Triune," "I. X. L." and "Nettie L." mines. All these gold mines are at present in operation and shipping very high grade ore. The "Silver Cup" has shipped considerably over 1,000 tons, which has netted over $150 per ton. The "Triune" has made large shipments which netted over $240 per ton, and the "Nettie L" has made very large shipments which have run considerably over $71 per ton. The "I. X. L." shipments have averaged $80 and $120 of gold per ton. From the Cromwell mine of this company two large test shipments have been made to the Trail smelter which netted $128 and $123 per ton in gold values.

It having been found advisable to commence active operations at once on the "Cromwell" claim, the Directors have built a substantial cabin, with blacksmith shop, powder magazine cellars, etc., and forwarded to the property nine tons of supplies sufficient for the working of a force of men during the winter months. A contract has been let to W. A. Turner, late foreman at the Ymir mine, for the driving of a tunnel and drifting 400 feet, which will strike and open up the vein at a depth of 800 feet. In the early spring a systematic plan of development on a large scale will be put into effect.

Prospectuses can be obtained at the office of the company or at the office of the official brokers.

Applications for shares should be made and sent together with the sum of 40 cents per share upon the number of shares applied for, (the balance of 50 cents to be paid on allotment of stock) to the official brokers, Messrs, Brydges, Blakemore & Cameron, Ltd,. or to the Bank of Montreal, Nelson B. C.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work"

CHURCH SERVICES

Presbyterian—St. Paul's, corner of Victoria and Kootenay streets. Morning service at 11; evening, 7.30; Sunday school, 2.30 p.m. Rev. Dr. Wright, pastor.

Roman Catholic—Church of St. Mary Immaculate, corner of Mill and Ward streets. Low mass at 8 a.m., high mass at 10.30 a.m., benediction at 7.30 p.m. Rev. Father Althoff, priest.

Baptist—Stanley street, near Mill. Morning service at 11, evening, 7.30; Sunday school at 2.30 p.m. Rev. C. R. G. Poole, pastor.

Church of England—St. Saviour's, corner of Ward and Silica streets. Rev. F. H. Graham, rector. 11 a.m., morning prayer; 2.30 p.m., Sunday school; 7.30 p.m., evensong.

Methodist—Corner of Josephine and Silica streets. Morning service at 11; evening, 7.30; Sunday school at 2.30 p.m. Rev. J. H. White, pastor. The pastor will preach at both services.

First Congregational—Corner of Stanley and Silica streets. Rev. John Reid, Jr., pastor. Morning service at 11; evening, 7.30; Sunday school immediately after the morning service. The pastor will preach in the morning on "The great good man," and in the evening on "The gospel of gold and the golden gospel."

AT THE HOTELS.

Hume—F. C. Douglas, R. Gunn, John G. Wilson, A. E. Macdonald, Winnipeg; Lorne Munro, A. T. Chambers, Toronto; T. C. Gray, H. A. Small, J. N. Hayden, Vancouver; F. E. Simpson, Cranbrook; C. S. Rashdall, New Denver; W. H. S. Peard, Medicine Hat; A. C. Kannis, Pincher creek.

Grand Central—F. W. Whitaker, Vancouver; B. T. Hogan, Spokane; D. Cameron, Maxville, Ont.; D. Kemp, Duluth.

Madden—A. Camerno, Sandon; P. Hayes, Tacoma; Robert Gray, San Francisco.

Phair—L. Marks, Victoria; G. B. Atkinson, Enterprise mine; James Thian, Everett.

FOOD-VALUE Should be the First Consideration. IS IT WITH YOU?

State of Maine Government Experiment Station after exhaustive analysis of Cereal Foods make this Statement in Government Bulletin, No. 84
"Oats contain 1-3 more PROTEIN (muscle forming elements) and nearly 4 times as much Fat as WHEAT."
Draw your own conclusions.
No OATS better than the QUALITY IS EXTRA CREAM.
B & K BRAND and it is a home product.
THE BRACKMAN-KER MILLING CO. LTD

AT COST SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL
Small Size 40 cts. Large Size 80 cts

Having decided to give up the retail department of our drug trade, from the 30th of November, we will do nothing but a cash business. We would ask our customers owing accounts, to kindly settle these up at an early date.

W. F. TEETZEL & Co.,
Corner Baker and Josephine Sts. NELSON, B.C.

Choice Apples

50 BOXES
FANCY EATING APPLES have just been placed in stock, besides 200 boxes assorted varieties, including Greenings, Whitney and Red Cheek Pippin, Meinklers and Winesaps. These are all fancy stock.

Bell Trading Co.

MINING STOCKS

We offer the following stocks:

Calumet and B. C. Gold Mines, Limited	$1.00
Imperial Development Syndicate, Limited	
Northwestern Development Syndicate, Limited	
American Boy	
2,000 Juno	.05
1,250 Venus	.10
American Eagle Gold Mines (Ymir)	.20
Eldorado Mines, Limited (Ymir)	.10
Lardeau Mines, Limited	.05
Referendum	.05
Cascade	.06
4,000 Maple Leaf	

List your properties and stocks with us; will cost you nothing if no business results.
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Porto Rico Lumber Co., Ltd.
YARDS AT NELSON AND YMIR. MILLS AT YMIR.
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AN UP-TO-DATE DRY KILN IN CONNECTION.
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Best Steel Wire Rope
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Local Stock Carried
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AGENT, NELSON

NELSON SAW AND PLANING MILLS, Ltd.
Lumber, Lath, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Etc.
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Kiln-dried Lumber for the Northwest Territory Trade a Specialty.
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Fresh and Salted Meats
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