

Nelson Daily Miner.

Daily Edition No. 529.

NELSON, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1899.

Tenth Year

ARRESTED UPON A SERIOUS CHARGE

H. F. Parker of Nelson is
Now in the City Jail.

WAS TAKEN LAST NIGHT

Chief of Police Jarvis Served the Warrant
Upon Him Last Night at
Hotel Waverly.

H. F. Parker, a young man of this city, was arrested last night at 10 o'clock by Chief of Police Jarvis at the Hotel Waverly, charged with the crime of embezzlement in the sum of \$56, on a warrant issued at the instance of the management of the Parsons Produce Company.

Parker is a young Englishman of good family, and hails from Winnipeg, where he has been employed in the offices of the main branch of the Parsons Produce Company. Some four months ago Parker was sent to Nelson by the firm to occupy the position of bookkeeper and accountant in their house at this place, and has held the position until yesterday morning, when he was discharged by the firm.

It is said that for some time past Parker has been spending money quite freely and visiting questionable resorts, where he managed to be relieved of considerable sums of money; far more than a young man occupying his position could afford.

For the past two or three days Parker has been shadowed, so that any attempt on his part to leave the City could promptly be stopped. The warrant was served last night, as stated above, for fear that when morning came he would have left the City. While the information charging him with the felony places the sum at only \$56 it is said that his shortages will aggregate nearly \$2,000.

Early this morning Parker was visited in his cell at the City jail, where Chief Jarvis had made him as comfortable as possible by a representative of The Miner. He would say but very little and was not at all inclined to be talkative. When questioned about the matter he said: "When P. J. Russell, manager of the company, returns tonight I will be able to clear myself, and until his return I have nothing more to say. When asked by The Miner representative if he could do anything for him or if he wanted anything, he replied: "Nothing but sleep."

He will be arraigned before the Justice of the Peace for his preliminary examination on Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

Parker has a wide circle of acquaintances here, and many of his friends were around last night making anxious inquiries respecting his trouble.

A QUEER CONFESSION.

Editor of The Miner:

I have been reading The Miner, Tribune and the papers of the Slokan district in the attempt to arrive at a better understanding of the merits and demerits of the "Eight-Hour Law," the provisions of which are responsible for the paralyzed conditions that prevail in business circles in West Kootenay, and the only argument so far presented by friends of the law seems to me to be the one so generally presented and so persistently urged by The Tribune, that the miner will "do as much work in eight hours as he did in ten hours," provided he is paid an extra price to exert himself.

It seems to me that a cause is weak, that resorts to argument of that nature. It is nothing more nor less than an admission on the part of the great body of mine workers, that under the ten hour conditions, they did an honest eight hours' work and killed time during the remaining two hours, thus robbing their employers of one-fifth of the amount of wages drawn, which in the aggregate would certainly amount to a great sum of money; and now, ashamed of longer keeping up the deception, they have appealed to the Legislature to enact a law that will compel them to be honest with the mine owners, and at the same time draw as much wages as they did before the new law was enacted.

That is an argument that is possibly worthy of The Tribune, but that is most certainly not worthy of the honest laboring man, and I do not believe the argument originated outside The

Tribune. If it was the argument of a repentant mine-worker, and the wage for miners was reduced accordingly, then might I believe in the repentance apparently confessed in the argument. If eight hours' application will produce the result that ten hours has heretofore produced, a reduction of the wage paid would enable the repentant "soldier" to even up the one-sided score that he has been so long piling up between the mine owner and himself, and in that event it would be no hard matter, after the practical demonstration of this shaky theory to prevail upon the mine owner to pay the same price he has been paying for the same amount of work that has been done.

It's a queer argument, and one that would seem to me to be a losing one. The protestations of such an arrant sinner would most certainly be taken with a grain of suspicion. Only by long-continued effort could he hope to prove his honesty of purpose.

Amine owner lately told me that there is not a tree in the vicinity of his property but that the miners working on his property have played cards under it during working hours. If the argument mentioned above originated with the miners, it must have started with the workers at that mine.

Demagogic as ever in principle, The Tribune continues to pull the wool over the eyes of its whilom friends, the laboring men, and to endeavor to convince them that it is only a question of a few days when the mine owners will concede the demand of the miners. The editor of The Tribune knows well—no one better—that the opposite is the case. The editor of The Tribune argues that the mine owners have lost no money through the closing of their mines, as the mineral yet remains therein. That is his own peculiar, brilliant argument. Yet he has not attempted to show that the miner has lost nothing by his enforced idleness, as his (the miner's) unexpended energy remains stored up within his (the miner's) brawny frame—and the latter argument is as weighty as the former or greatest thought of the editor of The Tribune. Therefore, if the miner who allows The Tribune to do his thinking will but do some thoughtful work for himself, it seems to me that he will be able to convince himself by the arguments of The Tribune, The Tribune that the outlook is dismal for the winner. With the mine owner, with money in the bank, and by not working his mine, losing nothing for the reason that the "ore is still in the ground," and with the miner fast spending his modest savings in board bills, or forced to flee to the honest fields of the United States and work fourteen hours a day for wages less than he asks for eight hours work in this country, in order to obtain funds to continue the fight for what his demagogic leaders have stated to be "principle," it seems to me that for his hard-earned "principle" the miner is patronizing a shop where they turn out as poor an article of principle as they do of argument.

The fight of the mine owners is not nearly finished. It has only begun. It will be continued until the obnoxious law is repealed and prosperity once more reigns in every mining camp in British Columbia. This is a reasonable fact.

JUSTICE

Nelson, B. C., Sept. 22, 1899.

A GOOD WHEEL CHEAP.

London, Sept. 22.—Cyclists here are much worked up over the rumored manufacturers' combine, which is expected to produce a high grade wheel for \$42. The St. James Gazette says: "The combine will be welcomed by those having at least the best interests of the British commerce, for it is an undoubted fact that the cheaper cycles of American concerns and Germans are fast driving British bicycle makers out of all foreign markets."

Today, commenting on the same combine, says: "Once the combine is effected there will arise from the ashes of Hooley-ized bicycle trade prosperous industries."

EARTHQUAKE'S QUEER FREAKS.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 23.—Climie D. Hill has arrived here from Yakutat Bay, the section most violently disturbed by the earthquakes of Sunday, Sept. 3rd and 10th. Of the terrible vision and what he experienced during it young Hill said:

"We were all asleep in the Mission when a shock came that made the one of the week before pale into insignificance. It was shorter than the former one, and from the same direction, but we only noted the difference by watching the swaying of the swinging lamp. A tremor would start almost due north and south, and was working its way around until the lamp was swinging almost due west to east."

"The bay itself was full of whirlpools that were whirling trees, timber and driftwood around and around so swift that the eye could hardly follow them. Just across from Yakutat bay is the island of Kokanak. On the shore of this island was situated an old Indian graveyard. It was out on a point, and we suddenly noticed that the point, graveyard and all, had disappeared, sunk out of sight."

METAL QUOTATIONS.

New York, Sept. 23.—Bar silver, 59 5-8; silver certificates, 59½; Mexican dollars, 47½.

FORCES ARE INCREASED

No Retreat, No Provocation, More Men are
Going to the Front.

TWENTY THOUSAND MORE TROOPS.

Military Experts Say Ministers Have Been too Optimistic,
and Kruger Can Reach Natal Before the British Garrison is Ready to Defend.

London, Sept. 23.—Never at any stage of the Transvaal crisis, has the peace or war rested so entirely in the hands of President Kruger. The longer he delays his decision, the better are the chances for peace. He knows to what extent he can rely on sections of South Africa to uphold him. He realizes that the British will, if possible, avoid a conflict until the last transport lands her men, and he is too wily a leader not to know the military advantages that comes to the aggressor. His appeals to the foreign powers to intervene have, apparently, been hopeless, but his efforts to drag the Orange Free State, however, have been successful, and if he intends to defy Great Britain he will never have a better opportunity than at present. It is such reason which is uppermost in the minds of the thinking British, prompt them to fear that before the next week's Cabinet meeting, the Boers will have passed over Natal border. If they have not there will be much ground for believing President Kruger intends an ultimate backdown, though when he is strong enough to carry his people with him in such a course, is open to grave doubts.

The Cabinet Council merely verified the logical supposition that Great Britain will issue no hostile ultimatum until she is in a position to back it up. The recent negotiations upon the part of the Colonial Secretary have not tended to appease the peace party in England. The Speaker declares "To fight over a question of etymology is, naturally, impossible," by which the paper refers to sovereignty being the whole base of the dispute.

Sir Edward Clarke, Q. C. the former Solicitor General, writes to the Times that he sees no cause behind and hopes parliament will be summoned that the whole affair may be explained to him and other Conservatives.

W. T. Stead, Mr. Chamberlain's bitter opponent, is bringing out a pamphlet entitled, "Shall I Slay My Brother Boer—An Appeal to the Conscience of Great Britain," in which he reiterates his accusation of Mr. Chamberlain's complicity in the Rhodesian conspiracy of 1895, and declares that "war would be a stain on Great Britain's escutcheon, as foul as that by which the Dreyfus affair had sullied the fair name of France."

The Transvaal negotiations are so long drawn out that though the papers devote great space to them, popular interest seems flagging. The Government organs, while regretting the attitude of the Orange Free State, point out that its open hostility will eventually prove advantageous in ridding Great Britain of the annoyance of having a presumably neutral, but really hostile, power so close to the scene of action, and enabling Great Britain to add the Free State without encountering foreign protests or accusations of inhuman aggression.

London, Sept. 23.—The Statist, commenting on the position brought about by the Transvaal crisis and the New York stringency, says:

"The competition for gold during the next week promises to be great. No gold is available in Australia for export, and we may have to send gold to the Cape instead of receiving it, and also meet the demand for Egypt, to pay for cotton, as well as South America. The usual autumnal decrease will further advance the official minimum. It appears nearly probable that our Government will require to raise a considerable loan, probably by the issue of treasury bills. Such a loan would, of course, give the Bank of England control of the market, enabling it to keep its rate effective, whatever it might be."

Berlin, Sept. 23.—An outbreak of

war in the Transvaal is regarded here as a question of a few days, or at most of weeks. The whole press devotes considerable space to the matter. Neither the attitude of the people or press has changed materially. Without any exception they disapprove of a war, and they blame Great Britain for badgering the Transvaal beyond endurance. The Liberal press also blame the Transvaal for its illogical stand in first sanctioning Great Britain's attempts at interference in its internal affairs, and then in rejecting such attempts and making thereof a casus belli. The National Zeitung doubts whether it is still possible to adjust things in South Africa except by force of arms. A foreign official said to a correspondent of the Associated Press:

"Of course it is not to our interests to have England and the Transvaal go to war. That little Boer nation will finally succumb, and probably will be wiped out of existence. It is only too likely that this will diminish our prestige in South Africa, and injure our trade with the Boer states is increasing, and is only next to that of England. Still, there is no occasion and no political or material right for us to interfere. So long as our undoubted rights are respected by the belligerents, we shall not interfere."

The informant of the correspondent refused to say whether it was a distinct formal or informal understanding with Great Britain or agreement of a year ago that Germany remain neutral in the event of war with the Transvaal.

New York, Sept. 23.—The London correspondent of the Tribune cables the following regarding Friday's Cabinet meeting:

"No retreat, no provocation, but more troops to the front."

That is a brief summary of today's Cabinet meeting. The continuance of negotiations with the Transvaal on former lines is not considered desirable, and a fresh start will be made as soon as the Ministers have leisure for a deliberate review of the whole situation. Meanwhile the military force in South Africa will be increased by 10,000 or 20,000 men. The Transvaal Government will be courteously informed by the Ministers that it is time for reconsidering the subject of England's relations with the Dutch republic, and the door will not be closed against diplomacy, if President Kruger wishes to make fresh overtures. The ministers are determined not to provoke a declaration of war, and especially when they are not in readiness for hostilities, but they will not modify the terms of the last communication sent out by Mr. Chamberlain. The great stir of military preparations prevailing at army headquarters today betokens the despatch of large reinforcements to the Cape and Natal. The drift of affairs this week has been strongly in the direction of war, although no one in authority is yet willing to admit that the last word has been said in favor of peace. Military experts complain that the Ministers have been too optimistic, and that Kruger now has a chance of striking Natal before the British garrison is prepared to defend the frontier adequately.

REQUIRES DISCRETION.

Mr. Chas. H. Mackintosh, in an interview in Ottawa, Sept. 22, says, in answer to a question about the political outlook in B. C.:

"I take no interest in politics out there, but the general impression is that the existing Government will require to exercise discretion if it expects to retain power. A large number of Liberals and Conservatives appear to

prefer a strong coalition Government to settle various issues that it will be very difficult for a party Government to undertake. I have personally kept aloof from party politics, all my time being occupied in looking after the interests of those connected with me in mining enterprises."

DISCOVERED WILLIAM PENN.

London, Sept. 23.—The discovery under the nave of an old church at Penn, Buckinghamshire, of a coffin bearing the name William Penn, caused the circulation of a report that it contained the body of the founder of Pennsylvania, buried there, according to several English papers, in 1638, or eighty years prior to his decease. It is probably one of the Penn ancestors.

QUEEN OF THE KOOTENAYS.

Nelson Is So Described by Eastern Canadian Press.

The Cornwall Freeholder, whose representative, Mr. C. W. Young, was of the party of The Canadian Press Association who visited British Columbia during last month, in speaking of Nelson in its issue of Sept. 8th, says:

"It was dark when we pulled into Nelson and found the pleasantest reception, as it was also the last, of the trip, awaiting us. When the stain of travel had been removed, we made our way to the pretty little opera house, where we enjoyed a banquet, not the least pleasurable feature of which was the presentation to every member of the party of a small cabinet containing samples of ore from the leading mines—Silver King, Starlight, Dandy, Molle Gibson, Granite, Poorman, Athabasca and Exchequer. These samples fairly represent the different ores mined in the vicinity, and are a valuable souvenir. To the ladies was also given a souvenir spoon each, with a Nelson scene on the bowl."

Not content with showering such kind words upon the City, the Freeholder of the 15th inst., again speaks of Nelson:

"During this trip we ran across several places where local feeling ran high. Not to speak of Toronto and Hamilton, our first experience was at Port Arthur, where we found the citizens of that enterprising town and those of its next door neighbor, Port William, not disposed to play in the same yard or slide down the same cellar door to any extent; though for the nonce, in welcoming their guests they let down the bars for a short spell. At Rat Portage we were conscious of a somewhat similar undercurrent, as regards Keewatin; citizens of Brandon and Rat Portage passed each other as strangers, and again at Vancouver and Victoria jealous mutterings were heard. Rossland looks down on Nelson and Nelson returns the compliment with interest. The city in the clouds prides itself on its recent emergence from the woods and the enormous strides it has made in a couple of years—taking credit, as it has good cause to do, for chiseling smooth streets out of the solid rock, and similar almost superhuman feats. Nelson, on the contrary, assumes a superior position—it is no child of yesterday, but owns up to a green old age of ten years. No mere giddy, wide-open mining camp and congeries of shacks is it like its wild and wildly neighbor, but a place where gentleness has found its certainty, where people have come with the intention of remaining and have built into themselves handsome dwellings and surrounded them with green lawns and beautiful gardens. The Kootenay river, which flows by Nelson streets, is clear and bright, even after the weeks of heavy rain, and lovers of sport can find anything they like in that line within a very short distance. Nelson is the Queen of the Kootenays, and knows it."

DREYFUS OUT OF PUBLIC MIND.

Emperor Deeply Stirred by Revelations Made at Rennes.

London, Sept. 23.—Dreyfus and Guérin have practically passed out of the public mind here, but echoes of the case, congratulations and otherwise of the French Government, appear with English weeklies. Excepting these topics and the Transvaal, there is a dearth of interesting letters.

Berlin, Sept. 23.—An interesting outcome of the Dreyfus case is the fact that the Emperor, who has been deeply stirred by the revelations made at Rennes of the espionage system between France and Germany, of the extent and elaborateness of which he has heretofore been ignorant, has instructed General Van Habske, Chief of his private Military Cabinet, to thoroughly investigate and to what extent the system can be abolished or reduced to a minimum. The correspondent of the Associated Press learns reliably that His Majesty, above all, was startled by the fact that the military attaches of both countries, while personally men of the nicest sense of honor, have been so deeply involved in the scandal, that he has instructed the General to ascertain if it was possible for Germany to take the initiative for abolishing extra territoriality for attaches and other members of the embassy, thus abolishing the most heinous and dangerous form of espionage. The correspondent of the Associated Press understands that General Von Habske has reported that it is impossible for one state, especially a military one, to do this alone. He gave many potent reasons for this view.

W. H. PONTON FREE

VERDICT NOT GUILTY

But One Hour in Coming to
the Conclusion.

HIS MOTHER OVERJOYED

He Receives an Ovation at His Hotel.—
The Cheering Continues For
Several Minutes.

Coburg, Ont., Sept. 23.—Wm. Hamilton Ponton was declared innocent of complicity in the robbery of the Dominion Bank at Nanaimo by the jury this morning. Twelve men occupied but one hour in coming to the verdict, and when they filed into court shortly before 1 o'clock and rendered their verdict of not guilty, a great shout went up, and the cheering was continued for several minutes, while a general rush was made for the dock. The sheriff shouted for order, but scarcely anyone paid any attention to him. Ponton's mother, who sat in front of the dock, jumped to her feet and he caught her in his arms and kissed her repeatedly. Then Mr. Gus Porter, his counsel, walked around the table and shook hands with both. When Ponton reached the street, he was again cheered, and he received an ovation at his hotel, the Dunham House.

B. P. Osler's address upon behalf of the Crown was a masterly effort, but was very brief. His argument was that a convincing case had been made outside of the evidence of the accomplices, Roach and Holden.

His Lordship's charge was also brief, and, if anything, was slightly against the prisoner. Pare was sentenced to three years and Holden to four years. Roach was then arraigned. He pleaded guilty, and was allowed to go on suspended sentence. Osler said had Roach been tried he could not have been convicted.

LARDO DIVISION.

Breezy and Newsy Letter From The
Miner's Special Correspondent.

Lardo Division, West Kootenay, Sept. 22.—The weather, which has been terribly bad this summer, has at last cleared up, and the last ten days have been delightful.

Mr. H. O. McClymont, of Rossland, is expected in tomorrow to increase the force already working on the Lardo King, on Lexington Creek, which he has recently stocked. One of the miners working there was in today, and reports a splendid showing, with a foot of galena ore in the face of the tunnel.

James Tweedie has the Eva sufficiently opened up to assure him that he not over estimated his chances of owning the biggest free gold proposition in B. C. This sounds like a big order, but I have only recently returned from viewing it, and must be excused if I am still dazzled by the wonderful showing which is to be seen.

The Lucky Jack, lately discovered by Messrs. Rowland, Butler and Desrochers, is one of the most conveniently located claims in the district. It is within an hour's walk of the end of the wagon road, and has about as good a showing of ore as any of them. The lead bears a very striking resemblance to the Beatrice, and the ore shows very nearly the same characteristics and is, if anything, more plentiful.

Just across Pool Creek, Ellis and Hartley have located another excellent prospect, if report can be credited, I did not actually see it myself, as I preferred to cross a very slippery looking log spanning the creek, by deputy.

Two new-comers, whose names I failed to gather, made a strike on Table Creek last week, of which great reports are circulating.

The horse ferry at Camborne is now in operation, and will be very much more convenient than the old route.

All we now need to ensure prosperity for next year is the railway and some capital. If we get one we ought to find the other. It is generally considered that more actual value has been staked this year than all previous seasons together. B. B. G.

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NELSON, B. C.

TELEPHONE NO. 144.

LET IT LIE.

This is taken from The Victoria Colonist:

"The Vancouver World refers to a matter in connection with the Minister of Finance, which is alleged to have occurred at Fort Collins, Colorado, some time ago. The matter is a very serious one, and we think The World, in justice to itself and the public as well as to Mr. Cotton, ought to publish all it knows about it. It is The World's allegation, Mr. Cotton was mixed up in a transaction at Fort Collins which will not bear the light of day, the people of this Province ought to know it. If the transaction, whatever it was, is one that will stand investigation without reflecting in any way upon Mr. Cotton's reputation, it is fair to the Province, whose funds are in Mr. Cotton's custody, and also to Mr. Cotton himself, that this fact should be made known. It is said that the whole matter has been fully written up in a Denver newspaper. Will The News-Advertiser tell the public if this is the case? Until this has been cleared up, and until Mr. Martin's charge of deliberate falsification of the records of the Executive Council has either been disproved or satisfactorily explained, there will naturally be a great deal of uneasiness that Mr. Cotton should remain in the position he now occupies. There is not the least room for doubt that very serious matters have been publicly stated to Mr. Cotton's discredit. They certainly call for explanation."

The reference in this paragraph is no doubt to the old scandal about which dark hints have been thrown out from time to time for several months past, and the particulars of which it was alleged Mr. Martin had gone to Colorado to gather up and bring home for use in his attack on Mr. Cotton, which is understood to be booked for an early day next session. It is not always easy to decide what is best to do with old scandals. A good deal depends, of course, on the nature of them, and without some knowledge of this one it is impossible to judge whether it is serious enough to require ventilation at this late day. Some scandals are so bad that the stigma of them properly attaches through life. Others are bad enough when fresh to visit on the offender the severest pains and penalties, but with time they shrivel up and die a natural death.

Mr. Cotton has lived in British Columbia a good many years. During that time he has been a member of the

Ministry of Finance, and has been a member of the Executive Council, which belongs to the Government of the Province. He is an able man, and has done the Province some service. It is

perhaps it will be better to let it go. We do not know that there is any occasion to go back to the old records in Colorado, assuming that they contain anything to reflect upon his character of those days. Let us confine our estimate of him to such reputation as he has made for himself as a citizen of British Columbia. That is of sufficiently long standing to be accepted as the measure of his present character. What Mr. Martin charges against him is another matter. If as a Minister he has falsified the records of the Executive Council, he has exposed himself to very grave censure, and we are entitled to take the matter up for the reason that it affects his reputation of today. But unless of an extremely heinous character, it will be better all around if that old Colorado affair be allowed to slumber in peace. It should not be necessary to dig in the grave of dead scandals to find a weapon with which to belabor the life out of a Government that is already on the point of yielding up the ghost.

Replying to the statement that the coal miners of Vancouver Island do not claim that they ought to be given ten hours' pay for eight hours' work, a Government paper says: "Neither do the metal miners of the Interior." The reply is not a truthful one. Through their leaders and Unions the metal miners of the Interior are claiming that they ought to be given ten hours' pay for eight hours' work. This is their demand, and because it is resisted by the mine owners and managers the Unions call on their men and operations are suspended. For years the men had worked ten hours a day for a certain wage. It was never pretended that that wage was inadequate; on the contrary, it was accepted as satisfactory, and operations progressed with the most perfect harmony between employer and employee. There has been no alteration in the conditions to require that wages ought to be increased. Such alteration as has occurred has been favorable to the men, as the tendency has been and is towards a reduction in the cost of living. If the men were well paid two years ago, when working ten hours for \$3.50, they would be, if anything, better paid today at the same wage. The mine owners and managers are willing to continue that wage. The Legislature has meddled, however, by cutting the day down to eight hours, and the men say they ought to have the old pay, notwithstanding the tendency is toward cheaper living, and the conditions in every other respect precisely as they used to be. If this is not claiming that they ought to be given ten hours' pay for eight hours' work, there is no definite meaning to language.

A favorite diversion with some of the Eight-Hour advocates is to lacerate the feelings of the Slovan managers by telling them that the mines elsewhere are in full blast, and then mildly insinuating what fools they are to remain out in the cold. While their mines are closed, it is said, thousands of miners are given all the work they can do in the Boundary country. By one authority the number employed is 3,200, who earn in monthly wages \$315,000. This is supposed to harrow up the souls of the Slovan managers and drive them to the verge of suicide. But the managers know better. So does The Midway Advance, whose attention has been drawn to the figures, 3,200 men and a pay roll of \$315,000. It is in a position to know something of the situation, and it says: "It is, in our opinion, doubtful if there are more than one-fourth of the number of miners employed in the mines of the Boundary country." Between 825 and 3,200 is quite a gap, but a Ministerial apologist has no difficulty in spanning it.

The Unions will not permit a miner to work on a contract in the Slovan, although receiving their own scale, \$3.50 per day of eight hours. That is tyranny, and the miner who submits to it estimates his own personal liberty rather cheaply. The wisest thing the miners can do is to cut loose from the Unions and hold themselves free to do as they please. Among Anglo-Saxons that is thought to be better than voluntary slavery.

These who pray for peace have no need to abandon hope that Mr. Chamberlain and the Poor leaders may come to terms. The latest dispatches would indicate that this is within the possibilities. What gives strength to the hope is the fact that President Kruger and his chief war officer, Jonbert, are allowing the days to pass in further negotiations, something they would hardly do if they suspected the London Government of a design to spar for time only.

The country has got at last to the end of the Ponton case, much to its relief, no doubt, for it was beginning to pall on the public appetite for exciting entertainment. He has been brought in innocent of complicity in the robbery of the bank on Pon.

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Ladies' Llama Wrappers at 1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 2.50 and up to \$4.00 each.
Fancy Wrapperettes at 12, 15, 18, 20, and 25 cents per yard.
Ladies Shawls in Light and Dark Colors at 1.00, 1.50 and \$2.00 each.
Ladies' Vests, Special Value, at 35c. each or 3 for \$1.
Ladies Union Vests at 50c., 75c., and \$1.00 each.
Ladies' All Wool Vests regular \$1.50, sale price \$1.25.
Ladies' Extra Fine All Wool Vests, regular \$1.75 going at \$1.50 each.
Ladies' Silk Vests at \$2.00 each.
Children's Vests from 25c. to 50c. each, all sizes.
Children's Drawers, in all sizes at 45c. and 50c. each.

We cannot enumerate price of everything but call and see for yourself. Be one of the busy throng which daily crowd our store and partake of the plums which fall to the lot of shrewd buyers.

Martin O'Reilly & Co.
TERMS CASH.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.



INCORPORATED 1670

What is the difference between TETLEY'S Teas and other brands?

Just the same as between the Athabasca mine and any one of the hundreds of wild cats that have been exploited in the past years. Experience has proved the value of the one; the others MIGHT be good, but— Is it worth your while experimenting when you can get sure returns by investing in the guaranteed article?

TETLEY'S is the only pack age tea sold by

Hudson's Bay Stores.

West Baker St., Nelson.

Telephone 13.

F. J. BRADLEY & CO.

PAINTERS and DECORATORS.

SIGN WORK A SPECIALTY.

Builders will find it to their advantage to figure with Bradley & Co. on Painting.

HEALTH IS GOOD

DOCTORS TALK OF THE CITY'S SANITARY CONDITION.

Fewer Cases of Typhoid Than Last Year
Owing to Improved Sewerage System.

The City, on the whole, is very healthy. This was gathered yesterday by a Miner reporter, who made it his special business to find out whether it was or not. In the Kootenay Lake General Hospital there are at present fourteen patients. Half of them are typhoid and the other half miscellaneous cases. It is only by the number of typhoid cases that the city's health can be judged, as the other diseases might befall the natives any time, under any conditions and in any kind of weather. Of the seven typhoid patients at the general hospital, two are from the outside having been sent in from construction gangs, and it may be taken for granted that their illness is due to the fact that they drank surface water, such as its found in some streams and in so-called springs. The other five cases are from the City.

The Misses Crickmay have three typhoid patients, all local cases, and have had but six during the fall. When seen by The Miner representative yesterday, they stated that this summer was incomparably ahead of the last from a health standpoint. The hospital was filled up last fall, but principally by cases sent in from the Crow's Nest Pass and other lines under construction. But there were more local cases last year than this.

Several doctors were interviewed by The Miner yesterday, and while some of them were more optimistic than others, the consensus of opinion was that the health of the City was much better than it has ever been before.

Dr. La Bau stated that there is less sickness in the City this summer than ever before. There is not much typhoid considering the population. The local cases could be traced to the practice of some people of drinking from streams and springs. Dr. La Bau is the City's medical health officer and his advice to the public is to drink only City water. The surface water is full of bacteria, and he said that some of his cases were directly attributable to the water in streams and springs. He had made several examinations of the City water, and had never found any living bacteria in it. The City water, he found, was purer than that supplied by any city in British Columbia. It is drawn from a source above where there has been habitation to pollute it. He strongly advised all householders to connect with the City mains and use only the City water. As the sanitary arrangements of the City improved, the sickness would become less and less each year, and would show a decreasing number of typhoid cases.

Dr. Forin said that there was no reason why Nelson should not some day be a great health resort. It is a remarkably healthy town, and it is going to improve. The citizens must assist the City in carrying out the system of sanitation. This year showed a great improvement over last. Most of the cases of typhoid were sent in from the outside.

Dr. Stenosis also stated that typhoid was not as prevalent as it has been in previous seasons, and that there is of it is of a very mild type. He did not know of a death due to typhoid. He thought that a stop should be made to householders throwing slops in the alley ways. The City, according to him, is fairly healthy. There has been an epidemic among children this summer, but that was always liable.

Dr. Hall said that the cases of typhoid were traceable to the water and is consumed by the patients. Ice, he considered, was as important as water, for it was often liable to give one fever, and great care should be exercised in using it. The city was fairly healthy, according to him. In the coast cities and all over there had been general sickness among children, and Nelson had suffered no more in this particular than any other place.

It was Saturday afternoon, and doctors, as other ordinary people, must have some recreation, so The Miner man could run no more to earth to find out what they thought of the healthy state of the City of Nelson.

The sign you need can be most attractively painted by Bradley & Co.

PROMINENT SPOKANE PEOPLE.

In the City En Route to the Fort Steele Mining District.

Charles Theis, E. J. Dyer, W. J. C. Wakefield and S. Rosenbaum compose a party of prominent mining and business men of Spokane who arrived in the City last night on their way to the Fort Steele district. The gentlemen are at the head of the Chickamontone Mining Company, owning a

group of promising copper claims on Bull River. The trip is made for the purpose of inspecting the property, as well as other interests these gentlemen own in that section. Accompanying the party will be Percy F. Godenrath, who arrived on last night's train from Grand Forks.

It will be remembered that Mann & Mackenzie, the big railroad contractors, recently acquired a large interest in the Chickamontone. It was learned last night from reliable sources that their holdings in the company amount to 100,000 shares.

Charles Theis was at one time known throughout the United States as the "Czar Road Boyer." He has now turned his attention to mining, and is building up a big fortune. He is president of the Deer Trail No. 2 Mining Company and the Bonanza Mining Company, both dividend payers. He is also at the head of the Fort Steele Mercantile Company, who have stores in Fort Steele, Cranbrook and Wardner.

W. J. C. Wakefield is a member of the firm of Forster & Wakefield, the firm that became millionaires out of the famous Le Roi deal. He was also a director of that company.

Ed J. Dyer is largely known in banking circles, and is the president of the Exchange National Bank, one of the most progressive and richest financial institutions of Spokane.

Simon Rosenbaum is the senior member of the company owning the Chicago Clothing store, one of Spokane's big mercantile palaces. He is also largely interested in mining.

Percy F. Godenrath is the well known traveling correspondent of the Spokesman-Review, and was largely instrumental in the success attained by the recent publication of the "Million Dollar Cheque," to which he contributed many of the leading articles.

F. J. Bradley & Co. are now making a specialty of signs and ornamental painting.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. E. G. Beer has returned from two months' visit to his old home in Prince Edward Island.

The weather report as returned by Mr. H. Harris for Sept. 22: Maximum, 78.0; minimum, 44.0; rainfall, 0.00; barometer, 27.92.

Mr. John Fraser, of the London & B. C. Goldfields office, has returned to the City with his bride, and is for the present at the Phair.

The excavation for the block to be erected on Baker street by Dr. Hall was commenced yesterday, and the work will be pushed diligently.

On the first of October the Nelson telephone office will inaugurate an all night system, and thereafter it will be possible to use the telephone at any hour.

There will be a flower service in St. Paul's Presbyterian church at 11 o'clock this morning, and in the evening Rev. Mr. Frew will preach from the text, "Angry Men."

Mr. E. J. Curran, proprietor of the Club Hotel, who had his arm amputated at the Kootenay Lake General Hospital some time ago, left the hospital yesterday and is rapidly recovering.

The bills for the "Breezy Time" company, which opens the season at the Opera House next Saturday night, were posted yesterday, and judging by them there will be a very breezy time indeed.

Mrs. Arthur Mowat, wife of a son of Sir Oliver Mowat, arrived in Nelson yesterday on her way to join her husband at Greenwood. She will remain a few days in Nelson as the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Forin.

The Kootenay Lake General Hospital will soon be able to hold all of the patients that can be sent to them. The work on the new wing is progressing rapidly and will be in a position to receive patients in a few days.

A large force of men are now pushing work on the street car line on Baker street. With the car line running and all the magnificent buildings now in course of erection on Baker street finished, Nelson will assume quite a metropolitan appearance.

Dr. and Mrs. Keller, of Ymir, came into Nelson yesterday on a melancholy mission. They brought with them the body of their child, which will be buried here today. The sympathy of a large number of friends goes out to the parents in their bereavement.

The Board of Works meets at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning, and the Council holds its regular meeting in the evening. The Sunday closing and other by-laws will come up for hearing and as Aid. Beer is at the Coast, those opposing them will insist that they be finally considered.

Hon. N. Clark Wallace, who was in the City on Friday and passed through to Kaslo, will return tomorrow and address the Orangemen in the Opera House Monday evening, September 25th, at 7:30 p. m. The public are cordially invited. Reserved seats for ladies.

Mrs. A. E. Godenrath, accompanied by her son Percy, arrived in the City last night from Grand Forks. Mrs. Godenrath will remain in Nelson until the opening of the Spokane Industrial Exposition, when she will return home with her son, who has gone on to Fort Steele.

The new firm of Miller & Marshall, corner of Baker and Hall streets, whose advertisement appears in this issue of The Miner, is prepared to do all kinds of boot and shoe work in first class shape. The firm have a large and well selected stock ordered, and will soon be prepared to cater to the most fastidious in their line.

The Royal Agricultural and Industrial Society of British Columbia, whose exhibition for 1899 will be held

at New Westminster, Oct. 3, 4, 5 and 6, have made arrangements with the Toronto Lacrosse team to play there on Tuesday and Thursday, October 3rd and 5th. This will be the first visit of an Eastern lacrosse team to British Columbia, and will be sure to draw a large crowd, especially as transportation rates from all points are exceedingly low.

Bishop Perrin yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock administered the rite of confirmation in St. Saviour's church to about twenty candidates, from Nelson, Balfour and Pilot Bay. This morning at 11 o'clock the Rev. C. A. Procmier will be advanced to the priesthood. The Rev. H. Irwin, of Rossland, will present the candidate. The anthem will be, "How Lovely are the Messengers," from the Oratorio of St. Paul, Mendelssohn.

AT THE HOTELS.

Phair—Chas. Theis, Spokane; E. J. Dyer, Spokane; W. J. C. Wakefield, Spokane; L. Rosenbaum, Spokane; Dr. and Mrs. Keller, Ymir; John F. Burne, Ymir; W. L. Griffiths, Cardiff; W. Llewellyn Williams, London; W. F. Rees, Swansea; James Harris, Rossland; Miss Gallop, Balfour; Miss A. Gallop, Balfour; James D. Sward, Rossland; Dr. J. B. Couche, Fernie; Geo. B. McChum, Colorado.

Hume—E. C. Davies, Toronto; A. G. McKenney, Toronto; Geo. W. McIntyre, Vancouver; Henry Roy, Rossland; L. McGuire, Mollie Gibson, Rev. C. W. Rose, City; Melville Parry, Winnipeg; Joseph Petre, Ymir; William Manning, Ymir; J. C. Conlin, Victoria; R. J. Hannan, Toronto; J. H. Caswell, Toronto.

Phair—Chas. Theis, Spokane; E. J. Dyer, Spokane; W. J. C. Wakefield, Spokane; L. Rosenbaum, Spokane; Dr. and Mrs. Keller, Ymir; John F. Burne, Ymir; W. L. Griffiths, Cardiff; W. Llewellyn Williams, London; W. F. Rees, Swansea; James Harris, Rossland; Miss Gallop, Balfour; Miss A. Gallop, Balfour; James D. Sward, Rossland; Dr. J. B. Couche, Fernie; Geo. B. McChum, Colorado.

The Eyes Feed the Brain.

Parents who neglect their children's eyes are more cruel than the Chinese, who encase the feet of their little ones. One dwells the feet—the other stunts the mind. When we adjust glasses study becomes a pleasure.

Patenaude Bros., OPTICIANS, Nelson, B. C.

Waverly Hotel NELSON, B. C.

BOARD AND ROOMS AT REASONABLE PRICES.

Waverly Hotel NELSON, B. C.

Waverly Hotel NELSON, B. C.

Waverly Hotel NELSON, B. C.

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Waverly Hotel NELSON, B. C.

THE TIME IS HERE

for supplying your needs on

FALL FOOTWEAR

and we are here to meet the demand in the most agreeable manner to all comers. Our stock was never so complete as at present and we are confident we can supply your needs if you give us a call.

LILLIE BROS. THE SHOEISTS
ABERDEEN BLOCK.

P. BURNS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Meat Merchants

HEAD OFFICE NELSON, B. C.

Branch Markets in Rossland, Trail, Nelson, Kaslo

Sandon, Three Forks, New Denver and Slocan City

Orders by mail to any branch will have careful and prompt attention.

THE QUEEN...

At the World's International Council of Women which met in London a few weeks ago said—when the women drove up in hundreds to Windsor Castle—now I cannot allow these women to go away without having a cup of tea. "But your Majesty," said her private secretary "they are here in hundreds." I do not care" said the Queen "if they are here in thousands they must all have a cup of tea." The one thing that touched them more than anything they had heard or seen in London was that simple cup of tea.

MORAL—When your friends call to see you treat them to a cup of Des Brisay's Celebrated Tea and they will never forget the call.

M. DES BRISAY & CO.

KIRKPATRICK & WILSON,
Groceries,
BAKER STREET.

Telephone Call, No. 10.

Post Office Box, K and W.

SMOKE

WILLS'S



TAKE NO OTHER.

West Kootenay Butcher Co.

E. C. TRAVES, MANAGER.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Fresh and Salt Meats.

Mail Orders receive prompt and careful attention.

Markets at Nelson and Ymir.

Atlantic S. S. Lines

From Montreal	
Dominion Line "Vancouver"	Oct. 7
Dominion Line "Scotian"	Sept. 27
Rever Line "Lake Superior"	Oct. 4
Rever Line "Lake Huron"	Oct. 11
Allan Line "Bavarian"	Oct. 5
Allan Line "Parisian"	Sept. 28
From New York	
White Star Line "Tonic"	Oct. 4
White Star Line "Majestic"	Sept. 27
Cunard Line "Compania"	Oct. 7
Cunard Line "Etruria"	Sept. 30
Anchor Line "Ethiopia"	Sept. 30
Allan Line "Numidian"	Oct. 7
American Line "St. Paul"	Sept. 27
From Boston	
Dominion Line "New England"	Sept. 27
Dominion Line "Canada"	Oct. 11

Passages arranged to and from all European ports. For rates, tickets and full information apply to C. P. R. depot agent or G. E. Beasley, City Passenger Agent, Nelson, B. C.

W. P. F. CUMMINGS, General Agent, C. P. R. Offices, Winnipeg.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

All Contractors figuring on buildings that will require

PLATE GLASS

Can now get figures from

R. H. WILLIAMS, NELSON, Agent for

J. W. MELLOR,
VICTORIA, B. C.

Who carries the largest stock of Plate Glass in the Province.

Every Man

likes to dress in Fashionable and Nice Fitting Garments if he can do so at a reasonable price. My Fall and Winter Samples are now complete in Suits, Overcoats, and Fancy Vestings. Give me a call and I will quote you prices that will astonish you.

Stevens The Tailor

Rooms 1 and 11
Clements-Hillyer Block

LUMBER.

Delivered to any point on Kootenay Lake.

I have a complete stock on hand of

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER, SHINGLES, MOULDINGS, SASH DOORS, INSIDE FINISH, COAST FLOORING and FINISHED LUMBER.

Mill at PILOT BAY.

Yards, NELSON and LARDO.

HEAD OFFICE

NELSON.

J. A. SAYWARD.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

AND SOO LINE.

IMPERIAL LIMITED

New Fast Daily Service EAST and WEST.

Optional Routes East from

KOOTENAY COUNTRY.

First-Class Sleepers on all trains to ARROWHEAD & KOOTENAY LG. TOURIST CARS pass Revelstoke daily for St. Paul, Thursdays for Montreal and Boston, Tuesdays and Saturdays for Toronto.

NELSON

To TORONTO, 55 hours; MONTREAL, 59 hrs.; NEW YORK, 101 hrs.; WINNIPEG, 45 hrs.; VANCOUVER 90 hrs.; VICTORIA, 35 hrs.

2-DAILY TRAINS-2

To and from Robson, Rossland.

7:00k Lv. NELSON Arr. 10:15k

15:45k Lv. NELSON Arr. 19:25k

Morning train daily for north and main line via Robson, and except Sunday for Sandon, Slocan points and main line via Slocan City.

KOOTENAY LAKE-KASLO ROUTE.

Ex. Sun. Str. Kootenay. Ex. S. 1.

15:00k Lv. NELSON Arr. 11:00k

Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, to Ar-

genta and return, leaving Kaslo at 2:00k.

KOOTENAY RIVER ROUTE.

Daily. Strs. Moyle and Nelson. Daily.

22:30k Lv. NELSON Arr. 2:30k.

Connects Kootenay Landing with

Crow's Nest Line trains.

4 hrs—NELSON to ROSSLAND—hrs 4

For rates and full information address nearest local agent, or

C. E. BEASLEY City Passenger Agent.

R. W. DREW, Agent, Nelson

W. F. ANDERSON, E. J. COYLE,

Trav. Pass. Agent, A. G. P. Agent,

Nelson Vancouver

A few years ago Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea was unknown - Today it is a household word. Why?

MINING NEWS.

A new and important strike has been made on the Bornite Bank property, situated four and one-half miles south of Nelson on Morning Mountain. Mr. J. R. Cranston, who at present is managing the property for a Toronto and a Rossland syndicate, was in the City last evening. In speaking of the property to a representative of The Miner, said:

"There is considerable development done at the Bornite Bank, and it all shows up good ore, but in the past few days I have uncovered what I think to be the best body of ore that has yet been discovered on the Bornite Bank group. I started four men to work on a new place on the ledge and at a depth of ten feet, where we are now, have encountered a solid body of high grade shipping ore five feet thick. A sample of this ore has been sent to the Spokane Exposition and another sample of it can be seen in the show window of the Nelson Hardware Company's store. All of the veins on this group carry good values. In my opinion, on Morning Mountain is a good place to own property. I think there is no better place, anywhere in the Province." Mr. Cranston is a well informed, practical mining man, and his judgment is certainly of great value.

It can be positively stated that Mr. O. F. Riebel and his associates have bonded the Wisconsin and Lucky Strike claims, belonging to the Hennessy Bros., and located at Sixteen Mile Creek. Though Mr. Riebel does not desire the amount of the bond known at present, it can be stated that the consideration is a valuable one. The bond is for one year. Mr. Riebel has already a force of fourteen men working on the trail to the mine, over which he will take the machinery and supplies for the winter's work on this property. It is within the possibilities The Miner will, in the near future, be enabled to announce the installment of a compressor on this property.

It is understood the Mackintosh syndicate did not make the second payment of the famous Red Line Group. It appears that Pete Larson, who owns a one-fifth interest in the group, refused to sign the original bond last winter, in favor of Collett, Starbird and Robinson for \$50,000. Last spring Collett, Starbird and Robinson rebonded the property to the Mackintosh Syndicate for \$100,000. Larson also refused to sign this bond, therefore they could only give a title to a four-fifths interest in the property. So this is probably the reason that Mr. Mackintosh did not take up the property. It appears that Messrs. Collett, Starbird and Robinson restaked a fraction situated between the Red Line and White Elephant groups, called the Red Line Fraction owned by F. N. Taylor, C. E., on the grounds that he, Taylor, used monuments instead of posts, it being above timber line, and that who ever took over the Red Line group would need this fraction, and that they asked an unusually large figure for the ground. So, taking everything into consideration, the Mackintosh Syndicate have good grounds for not taking up the bond under the existing conditions.

Joe Leonard and partners have located a group of claims situated on Number 2 Creek. On one claim they have a showing of 4 feet of solid galena, and on another they have a showing of 10 feet of copper. Leonard was accompanied by two Indians.

Arrangements are now being made for putting in a winter camp at the Dividend group, Law Creek, by the Fraser & Chalmers syndicate.

Messrs. Whittier and Miller, of the Trail smelter, arrived on the 18th instant and left for the morning for Law Creek.

The Delos mine, copper, on Boulder Creek, will be worked throughout the winter under the probable foremanship of N. Montzombert.

Copper City has been renamed Canterbury. The townsite is situated on the extreme northwest end of Lake Windermere, and commands a good situation, and is situated on the line of the proposed railroad from the Crow's Nest through Toby Creek valley to connect with the Arrowhead branch of the C. P. R. via Lardo Duncan and Trout Lake. The townsite was purchased by Fred Mulholland, formerly of Rossland, B. C., from E. T. Johnston.

Fred West is developing the Silver Star group, on Horse Thief Creek. The original owners of the famous Red Line group are Pete Larson, Wellington Kinnee, William Taynton, C. A. Watt, Ben Abel and Geo. Scott.

J. R. McLeod has uncovered an immense showing of galena on the Equitable group, Boulder Creek.

The Black Prince copper claim, recently bonded by the Hall Mines for \$11,000, could not be bonded today for four times the amount. The property is situated on Boulder Creek. The deal was put through by Mr. F. M. Chadbourne, of Nelson, B. C., representing the smelter.

The summer season has just practically set in and the old-timers look for a good six weeks of prospecting yet this fall.

R. S. Gallop, who is developing the South Side mineral claim, situated on Goat Creek, a tributary of the Jumbo Fork of Toby, uncovered an immense showing of gray copper and argentiferous galena on the 18th inst. This property has a well defined ledge averaging 30 feet in width and traceable for over 1200 feet. The new strike was made on a part of the ledge which was covered by over six feet of surface rock. The development work up to the present time has uncovered over 15 feet of ore. This property was located during the season of 1898 by Richard S. Gallop. This property is one of a group of nine claims owned by Mr. Gallop. A force of men have been working throughout the season. All the other eight claims have exceptionally fine showings of ore. Development work done so far shows a decided improvement. Mr. Gallop is one of the pioneers of the Kootenay country, and has been one of the main factors in bringing the Windermere Mining camp to the notice of the mining world.

A \$5,000 hotel will be located at Canterbury immediately.

It is understood that a large amount of money will be expended on the

Canterbury townsite this fall.

The latest strike made on No. 2 Creek by Joe Leonard et al. is considered one of the greatest ever made in the Kootenay country.

E. C. Burton has uncovered a nice showing of high grade ore on his property situated on McDonald Creek.

Delphine mine, regular shipments will be made in the very near future. A trial shipment will probably be made this fall from the White Cat group on Boulder Creek, owned by J. R. McLeod et al.

Canterbury lots will now be in great demand.

GEO. D. MILLER SAMUEL MARSHALL

Boots and Shoes.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Miler's Shoes made to order. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Miller & Marshall,

COR. BAKER & HALL STS.

C. D. J. CHRISTIE
GENERAL BROKER.

Fire, Life, Accident and Sickness INSURANCE.

Real Estate and Loans.

FOR SALE.

7-Room House.....\$2,250
50-Foot Corner..... 300
106-Foot Corner..... 600

PARSONS PRODUCE
COMPANY.

WHOLESALE

Butter, Eggs, Cheese.
Cured Meats, Green
Fruits and Vegetables.

SHIPPERS OF THE EARLY
BREAKFAST BRAND OF EGGS.

Full Stocks carried at Nelson
and Rossland. Mail
Orders Solicited.

Do You Want a House or
Lot?

A large list to select from in all parts of the city. Now is the time to secure a home at a right price. Promising mineral claims and well developed mining properties for sale.

GEORGE GURD,

With F. L. OSLER,

MARA BLOCK, BAKER ST.

Real Estate & Mines,

Big Schooner
Beer or
Half-and-Half.
10c.

ALWAYS FRESH
ALWAYS COOL

The Best Glass of Beer in
Nelson is at the

CLUB HOTEL,

Cor. Silica & Stanley Sts.

E. J. CURRAN, PROP.

W. J. G. DICKSON
REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Choice residential lots and good
business lots for sale.

Over two hundred lots in Addition A are on the market.

Hume Addition and city property
for sale.

Business property a specialty.

JOHN HIRSCH,
Provincial Land Surveyor.

OFFICE:

NELSON B. C.

ANNABLE'S COLUMN.

List of Property
FOR SALE.

A snap—3 lots a corner property, opposite Buchanan's residence

on the market for a few days only. Price \$1,000

Business Block on Baker Street..... 5,500

10-Roomed House and Lot on Silica Street. 3,000

6-Roomed House and Lot on Carbonate St. 1,560

4-Roomed House and Lot on Robson St.. 700

7-Roomed House on Josephine Street.... 2,000

(On easy terms.)

4-Roomed House and Lot on Hoover St.. 875

6-Roomed House and 2 Lots near Opera House for sale on time. Small payment down. Price.. 1,650

FOR RENT.

Store beside the Post-Office.
Store Rooms on Vernon St.

I have \$11,000 of Eastern Money to Loan on improved city property.

If you want to build, I can loan you money.

If you want to buy a house, I can loan you money.

If you want to sell your property, I have some buyers.

SEE ANNABLE
Opera House Block.

CROWNED AGAIN!
(KING OF BEERS.)

ANHEUSER-BUSCH

Gold Medal and Diploma of Honor
Vienna International Exposition, 1898,
awarded as tribute that their Beers are

THE BEST BEERS IN THE WORLD.

On sale by the trade in Nelson. Ask for it!

The Nelson Electric Tramway Co. Ltd.

LOTS FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS

Large number Choice Building Lots adjacent to the line of their Tramway. For price and terms of sale apply at the office of the Company, Macdonald Block, Corner of Josephine and Vernon Streets.

T. C. DUNCAN, Secretary

H. BYERS & CO.

MINERS' SUPPLIES.

Powder, Caps, Fuse, Shovels, Picks,

BAR IRON AND STEEL,

ORE CARS,

IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS.

A large consignment of all kinds of Heavy Hardware just arrived.

NELSON KASLO SANDON

W. F. DICKSON E. H. H. APPLEWHITE J. McPHEE

Kootenay Electric Supply and Construction Co.

ELECTRIC SUPPLIES

Complete Electric Equipments for Electric Power Transmission and lighting for mines, towns, etc. Electric Fixtures, Lamps, Bells, Telephones, Annunciators, etc.

Josephine St.

NELSON, B. C.

Nelson Greenhouse.
D. McCreath, Prop.

Finest Assortment of Flowers Ever Shown in West Kootenay.

Orders filled on short notice. Inspection invited.

Greenhouse on Front Street, one block east of Government wharf.

Our Goods on Exhibition and For Sale at Vanstone's Drug Store. Leave orders there.

Bon Ton Restaurant.
NEW MANAGEMENT.

Merchants Lunch, 12 to 2.
25 cents.

Dinner, 5 to 8.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

MEAL TICKETS, \$5.50 FOR \$5.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

FRITZ HONOLD, PROPRIETOR.

COAL! COAL!
Great Reduction!

HARD COAL (ANTHRACITE) \$9.50 per Ton DELIVERED.

Special rates for carload lots and for outside points.

C.W. WEST & CO.

TELEPHONE 33.

LOTS FOR SALE.

\$375 will purchase 2 Lots on Carbonate St.
\$100 will purchase three lots in Davis' Addition, including corner.

\$300 will purchase two lots in Addition A.

MINING SHARES FOR SALE.

5,000 shares Utica (pooled).....14c
10,000 "Fairmont".....14c

Blackcock Mining Company.....20c

ALEX. STEWART,

Mining and Real Estate Broker

Turner-Boeckh Block, Nelson.

BOARD AND ROOM

First-Class Board and Room, Todd's old stand, in rear of English Church. Table Board, \$1.00. Room and Board, \$5.00 and \$5.50.

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Some Unusually Good Bargains Offered By Our Enterprising Merchants. Changes Daily.

LACE CURTAINS.
90c. to \$7.50.

Large Size. Pretty Patterns.

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SMOKE "ROYAL SEAL" CIGARS.

25 Per Cent Off

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For Preserving, From
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SMOKE "ROYAL SEAL" CIGARS.

10 DINING SUITES

In Natural and Gold Oak received yesterday.

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SMOKE "ROYAL SEAL" CIGARS.



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HARNESS,

EXPRESS HARNESS,
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Capital Paid Up, \$1,500,000, Reserve, \$1,250,000.

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