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Nelson Daily Miner.

Daily Edition No. 509. NELSON, BRITISH COLUMBIA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1899. Tenth Year

BEHIND CLOSED DOORS

The Details of Previous Day's Evidence Now to Hand.

A RESUME OF THE DREYFUS CASE

Miner's History of the Drama Brought to a Conclusion—An Indelible Stain Upon the Fair Name of France.

Rennes, Aug. 31.—At the opening of the Dreyfus trial today M. Paul Meyer, a member of the institute and director of the school of ancient manuscripts, was the first witness called. He deposed in favor of Dreyfus. After Moliniere and Giry and M Picot, members of the institute, testified in favor of Dreyfus, General De Loye testified against the prisoner on the artillery references in the bordereau.

The evidene of Meyer, Moliniere and Giry, who are handwriting experts of the first rank, was a strong point for Dreyfus They were most emphatic in declaring the bordereau was written by Esterhazy and created a better impression than Bertillon.

General Mercier asked to be allowed to reply to Moliniere and then confirming the professors' statement that Esterhazy had changed his writing since 1894, puzzled the audience. That Esterhazy should have deemed it advisable to change his handwriting since the date of the bordereau which appears at first sight to indicate that he wrote it, and that Mercier should support Moliniere, aroused discussion as to its import.

There are some people who see in Mercier's unsolicited testimony yesterday in support of the honorable nature of Mathieu Dreyfus' visit to Colonel Sandherr in 1894, in behalf of his brother, and the general's move today, an indication of some change of attitude, perhaps a prelude to a candid avowal of his mistakes of 1894. On the other hand many persons think Mercier, fearing that Saturday's exposure will discredit him altogeher with the judges, has conceived the idea of giving away on certain points, which, moreover, are almost incontestible, and thus to some extent reinstate himself by an affectation of impartiality.

M. Picot related an interesting conversation which he had with the Austro-Hungarian attache, Colonel Schneider, mention of whose name evoked prompt protest from Major Cariere in the name of the Government. Schneider, according to this witness, admitted that Esterhazy acted as a spy and wrote the bordereau.

General Roget with his usual shrewdness seized upon Picot's statement that Schneider expressed astonishment that French officers should have the bad taste to question the word of foreign officers to mount the platform and make a short speech in defense of the attitude of French officers, concluding with the remark:

"I intervened because when French officers are attacked they have the right to defend themselves."

These words will be published all over France and will tend to make Roget more popular with the army.

General De Loye repeated his testimony before the court of cassation relating to the 120 short cannon hydropneumatic brake and the "robin" shell. Dreyfus in reply, made a really clear statement, explaining that he saw hydropneumatic brake once at Bourges, once at the school of war, and that he never saw it used because while on the general staff he was never present at firing practice.

Major Carriere then made application to have the court sit behind closed doors tomorrow, explaining that he desired to submit to the court certain documents prepared by the gunnery bureau, containing information whion it was not desirable to discuss in public. The court, after deliberation, granted the application and also acceded to the request of the defense that their witness, Major Hartmann of the artillery, be allowed to be present, as he would give important testimony showing that Dreyfus could not have written the paragraphs in the bordereau concerning the artillery.

CONTINUATION OF NARRATIVE.

Continuing the chain of the Dreyfus narrative, which appeared in yesterday's Miner, it will be remembered that public interest in the case had been revived by publication of the text of the bordereau. Following upon this M. Castelin, a member of the Chamber of Deputies, gave notice of an interpellation of the Government to be made on November 1, 1896. It now became necessary for War Minister Billot to make up his mind how to act, as it would rest with him to deal with the interpellator in the Chamber. And now one of the most sordid and disgraceful actions in the annals of modern histroy was done in order to strengthen the mind of the vacillating war minister. Henry forged a note purporting to come from Panizzardi, the Italian, to Schwarzkoppen, the German attache. Here it is:

This was shown to Billot by Gonse and De Boisdeffre, and fortified by this further conviction of the guilt of Dreyfus, Billot went to the Chamber and stated that the Dreyfus Court martial had been "regularly composed" and that "reasons of state" made it unwise to make public the facts of the case. Both the German and Italian Governments protested against the authenticity of the document but nothing was then heard of protests. Picquart, when told of it by Billot, at once denied its genuineness and was consequently got rid of by being ordered to the Tunisian frontier, being succeeded at the Intelligence Department by Henry.

In May, 1897, Picquart wrote to Henry and complained of the mystery which was being made of his whereabouts by the War office; Henry replied that this was the result of attempting to suborn officers to speak of a "certain writing being that of a certain person," and made other allusions which so alarmed Picquart that he came to Paris on leave and placed Henry's letter and the correspondence he had had with General Gonse is the hands of his legal adviser and then returned to his duty in Tunis.

In the meantime Madame Dreyfus and the prisoner's brother, Matthieu Dreyfus had obtained another warm ally, namely M. Scheurer-Kestner, Vice-President of the Senate, and (like Dreyfus) an Alsatian. He advised Mathieu Dreyfus to write to the secretary of war, accusing Esterhazy as the author of the bordereau, and demanding justice for his brother. This was accordingly done. Scheurer Kestner had believed in the guilt of Dreyfus, but hearing some tales about the prisoner which proved to be false, had gone into the case fully with Picquart's lawyer and had become convinced of the unhappy man's innocence. The Figaro now called boldly for a revision of the whole case and a party to support this demand headed by Scheurer-Kestner began slowly, but surely, to fight for that object. Esterhazy now came forward and demanded a court martial in order to establish his innocence and this was (in January, 1898) accordingly held. He admitted that the handwriting of the bordereau was his own, but said that it was a tracing made by Dreyfus upon his writing and then put together. He declared that the petit bleu had been forged by Piquart. His evidence was accepted and he was acquitted. Picquart was then tried on the charge of "showing and divulging documents" i. e. giving to his lawyer the correspondence with Gonse. He was found guilty, dismissed from the army and sent back to prison.

Emile Zola now appears on the scene. In January of 1898 he published a letter he had written to the president of the Republic, containing a series of accusations against the court martials that had tried Drefyus and Esterhazy. He hoped that by so doing he would be prosecuted and that thereby, light would be thrown on the whole case in open court. However, his object was only partly attained as the Minister of War, in order to prevent a re-opening of the Dreyfus case, confined the prosecution to one accusation only. The presiding judge ruled that no evidence should be called on the points raised by the prosecution, and on the charges made by Zola in the letter to the President of the Republic which was, as aforesaid, published in the Aurore. Zola demanded the same treatment as "theives and murderers" received, but (incredible as it may appear to English lawyers) the court decided that no question foreign to the indictment would be allowed. In spite of the opposition of the court, Maitre Labori (Zola's counsel) succeeded in eliciting from the witnesses three important facts, namely, the illegality of Drefyus' condemnation, the error as to the bordereau, and the identity of its real author.

The trial was remarkable for the replies of some of the witnesses. Ex-Premier Casimir Perier when asked to take the oath refused. "Pardon me," he said to the judge, "I cannot swear to tell the truth since that is just what I may not tell. My duty is not to tell the truth."

General Pellieux, when in the witness box hinted darkly that "a day of butchery" was coming upon the sons of the jurymen if the chiefs of the army were discredited in the eyes of the soldiers General De Boisdeffre threatened the wholesale resignation of the chiefs of the army, should Zola be acquitted. The jury found Zola guilty—the only verdict they dared find—and he was sentenced to a fine of £120 and one year's imprisonment. What a miserable travesty of justice it all was! Zola appealed and a new trial was ordered, but this time he refused to appear and was duly sentenced again. He therefore left France.

In June, 1898 came another change of ministry and M. Cavaignac became minister of war in place of Billot. Cavaignac determined to put an end to the Dreyfus imbroglio and gave an immense amount of personal study to the case. He made a great speech in the Chamber purporting to be an explanation and history of the facts upon which Drefyus was condemned. His guilt was unquestionable, said Cavaignac, for he had confessed it. This alleged confession consisted of a remark that Dreyfus was said to have made to one Capt. Anthoine, to the effect that he, Dreyfus, if he had been let alone, would have handed over more confidences than the bordereau contained.

A further "confession" was a remark with Capt. Lebrun Renault (who commanded the gendarmes who took Dreyfus to prison) was said to have copied down in a note book he had since destroyed. Cavaignac, however, said he had made a copy of it before its destruction.

But Cavaignac did not stop at speeches. Under his direction, Esterhazy was arraigned before a court of military enquiry, before which certain scandalous conduct on his part was brought to light and he was cashiered. Du Paty de Clam was also removed from the active list.

Then came the greatest blow to the enemies of Dreyfus. Henry confessed to having forged the very documents (i. e. the petit bleu and those contained in the secret dossier) upon which Cavaignac had based his great speech, and then ended his miserable existence by cutting his throat with a razor. Cavaignac and De Boisdeffre immediately resigned. General Zurlinden was appointed War Minister, but after studying the Dreyfus papers resigned within a week and was succeeded by General Chanoine. The discovery of Henry's forgery and Cavaignac's zeal are mysteries which have not yet been cleared up. It is suggested, and with good reason, that the German and Italian Governments, who had all along repudiated the authenticity of the petit bleu, had brought some strong influence to bear on the case.

The new Minister of Justice M. Sarrien—an honest and fearless man—aided by Picquart, now continued the work of procuring a revision of the court martial. General Zurlinden opposed them tooth and nail and renewed the accusations made by Mercier, Du Paty de Clam and others against Picquart. Chanoine seeing that revision was inevitable resigned and was succeeded as Minister of War by Freycinet.

Finally on October 27, 1898, the criminal chamber of the Court of Cassation—the court of appeal in France—met and proceeded to take evidence. This court is divided into three chambers, the criminal chamber, the civil chamber and the chambre des requetes. Owing to the silly attacks made by Beaurepaire, the President of the civil chamber, on his colleagues in the criminal chamber, the case was transferred to the united chambers of the three courts. The Figaro then published the whole of the evidence which the criminal chamber had heard (how, it is not known, as it had been kept rigidly secret) Felix Faure, the President of the Republic (a secret opponent to revision) died suddenly, and Ballot-Beaupre the president of the civil chamber of the court of appeal, presented his report to the judges of the third chamber, which was to the effect that the bordereau was not written by Dreyfus but Esterhazy. To follow the maze of intricacies, plots, counter plots, veiled ladies, forgeries, etc., which were disclosed in the evidence put before the Court of Cassation is impossible in so short a narrative as this. Suffice that revision was decided on and Dreyfus was ordered to be brought back to France and undergo another trial by court martial, but this time not with closed doors.

The extraordinary secrecy which was preserved in his return voyage on the Sfax, the tale of the horrible brutalities endured during his five years' imprisonment on Devil's Island, his mysterious landing in France and journey to Rennes, and finally the constitution of the new court-martial at Rennes un-

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

IS GREAT BRITAIN SUPPORTING RHODES?

Rumours of the Dismissal of Schreiner's Ministry.

BOER AMAZONS ARMING

Daily Chronicle Doubts That Kruger Will Meet Milner in Cape Town—No Prospects of Peace.

Capetown, Aug. 31.—A dispatch from Bulawayo says that Petrus Vilgoen, the Dutchman, who was charged a week ago with inciting the natives of Bechuanaland to rebel against the British authorities was today bound over in heavy securities to keep the peace, but was immediately re-arrested on a charge of having stolen a wagon belonging to Chief Khama.

London, Sept. 1.—The Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: President Kruger is not likely to agree to a conference with Sir Alfred Milner at Capetown, but he might go to Colesburgh, just within the borders of Cape Colony.

Johannesburg Aug. 31.—The Standard Diggers News of Johannesburg describes the Boer women as very warlike. They are forming rifle clubs in many districts, and petitioning the Transvaal Government against granting the franchise to the Uitlanders on the basis of a five year residence.

Bloomfontein, Aug. 31.—It is asserted by a local newspaper that orders have been given for the immediate supply of an equipment of cartridges to the Orange Free State artillery.

London, Aug. 31.—The Daily Chronicle publishes the foregoing despatch from Capteown: It is rumored here that Sir Alfred Milner, Governor of Cape Colony, contemplates dismissing the Schreiner ministry under his special powers. If he does it is feared that a rebellion will break out, as the Dutch would believe that Great Britain is again forcing Cecil Rhodes to the front.

Capetown, Aug. 31.—The rumors that the Schreiner cabinet would be dismissed caused an unusual episode in the House of Assembly. Mr. Cecil Rhodes asked for a speedy passage of the estimates, in order to enable him to go to Rhodesia. The other leaders of the Opposition supported the demand but the Ministerialists, fearing that the completion of the estimates would be the signal for their downfall, declined to be forced and after the passage of a few votes the house proceeded to other business.

FIRE IN YOKOHAMA.

Biggest Blaze in the History of the Japanese City.

Yokohama, Aug. 18.—Via Victoria—Yokohama saw on the night of August 12 the greatest fire in her history. A densely populated square mile of the town was burned with a loss of 16 lives and from $5,000,000 to $6,000,000 in property.

The disaster falls heavily upon homeless people. Some of them strongly imbued with western notions of lynch law, formed a mob and proceeded to attack the owner of the house in which the fire originated. The man has died of his wounds. Apart from the demonstrations, the calamity has been taken with the utmost cheerfulness. Large relief subscriptions have flowed in. Rebuilding was actively progressing amid the embers the day following the fire and in a week or two little or no trace of the disaster will be seen.

BIG BICYCLE COMBINE.

New York, Aug. 31.—The American Bicycle Company has completed its permanent organization by the election of officers. Albert G. Spaulding was chosen as president. For the purchase of the various plants, which include the oldest and most prominent bicycle concerns in the United States there will be issued $40,000,000 in stock.

ACCIDENT TO THE PARISIAN.

Montreal, Aug. 31.—The Alan steamer Parisian, Capt. Brown, from Montreal for Liverpool, touched the side of the dredged channel through St. Mary's current, when outward bound this morning, owing to her steering gear getting out of order. The steamer proceeded, but later it was discovered that she was making water, The ship came to anchor at Contrecour, and tugs and lighters were sent down to lighten her cargo. The Parisian will proceed to Quebec in the morning when it is expected a days detention will enable repairs to be made.

PROV. GAZETTE APPOINTMENTS.

As Announced at Victoria This Week.

Victoria, Aug. 31.—The official Gazette of this week contains notice of the following Provincial appointments: Donald J. McDonald, of Kamloops to be Justice of the Peace; James W. Cross, M. D, of Revelstoke, to be a coroner for the Province: Chas. Husband, of Halcyon Hot Springs, and John D. Boyd, of Boyd Landing, Big Bend, to be Justices of the Peace; Frederick A. Meyer, of Vernon, to be a Justice of the Peace; Sydney A. Roberts, A. S. Going and J. H. McGregor, to be members of the Board of Examiners, under the provisions of the Provincial Land Surveyors' Act; Joseph W. Burr, of Ashcroft, Government Agent, to be Assistant Commissioner of Lands and Works for the Yale Land Recording Division; Lewis Thompson, of Moyie, to be a Notary Public; Henry Seton Tower Henderson, of Victoria, to be a clerk in the Provincial Secretary's Department, vice E. A. Carew Gibson, resigned.

The Lieut.-Governor has accepted the resignation of Thomas F. Pirie, of Galena, as Justice of Peace.

Courts of Assize, Nizi Prius, Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, will be held as follows:

Clinton, 21st September; Richfield, 26th September; Nanaimo, 27th Sept.; Victoria, 4th Oct.; Vancouver, 10th Oct.; New Westminster, 17th Oct.; Kamloops, 17th Oct; Nelson, 17th Oct; Vernon, 24th Oct; Donald, 31st. Oct.

A special sitting of the Supreme Court will be held at Nelson on October 24. After the disposition of such cases a sitting at Rossland shall be fixed at such time as shall be fixed by the judge holding assizes at Nelson, upon application made to him.

The Montana Gold Mining Company, of Spokane, is registered as an Extra-Provincial company; capital, $1,000,000 local office at Trail; E. S. Topping, attorrney.

The following companies are incorporated:

Th British Columbia Printing and Engraving Corporation, of Vancouver. Capital, $100,000.

Iron Colt Mines, of Rossland; capital, $1,000,000.

Wynkoop-Stephens Trading Company, of Phoenix; capital, $20,000.

Monday Mine (Re-incorporated) of Rossland, ; capital, $1,250.000.

Courts of Revision of the registry of voters are announced to be held as follows:

For Nanaimo City, North Nanaimo and South Nanaimo, electoral districts, at Nanaimo, on November 6.

For New Westminster City electoral district and Dewdney, Richmond and Delta Ridings of Westminster district, at New Westminster, on November 6.

For Chilliwack Riding, at Chilliwack, on November 6.

For Victoria City and Esquimalt districts, at Victoria, on November 6.

CRAWFORD ARRESTED.

The Sergeant Who Liberated the Miners is in Custody.

Wardner, Idaho, Aug. 31.—Sergeant Crawford, he who liberated the prisoners from the Wardner bullpen, was brought over from Missoula by Sheriff Sutherland yesterday to Wallace. This morning he was brought down from that point in a Government wagon, shackled and under guard of mounted cavalry. The prisoner presented a dejected and cast down appearance and seemed to realize the full import of the shameful act which he had committed. He was immediately placed in an iron cell specially prepared for this occasion, to await the court martial, which will probably be ordered in a few days by General Merriam.

In an unofficial examination by Captain Edwards, Crawford stated that he had only received $250 for the job, which had been paid him by Pat Addudell, one of the escaped prisoners. This story is given some credence by the authorities from the fact that Crawford was headed toward Butte, where he is said to have expected to receive another payment from the Western Federation of Labor. He knew nothing whatever of the direction taken by the prisoners after leaving the pen.

Although posses are continually scouring the country positively no clew in regard to the fugitives has been obtained. The Inman Colfax story is given no credence here. The deputy returning from there states that the description of the man given disproves the theory that it might have been Inman.

BELGIAN AFFAIRS.

Brussels, Aug. 31.—The Belgian chamber of deputies today rejected a motion to revise the constitution, the vote standing 95 against 31. The motion was intended to pave the way for a universal suffrage bill.

EXIT MR. BURGLAR FROM CITY CELLS

Prisoner Escaped About Ten O'Clock Last Night.

BARS EASILY LOOSENED

They Were Fastened In Very Insecurely and Very Little Trouble Was Experienced in Taking Out One.

Kennedy, the young man who has been a prisoner in the police cells on the charge of vagrancy but who the police thought was mixed up with the recent burglaries, escaped from his cell last night, presumably about ten o'clock, and at the time of going to press was still at large. With him went the best opportunity the police have had for clearing up the burglary mysteries. He effected his escape by wrenching out a bar of his cell window, and squeezing himself through the space thus provided. There is every probability that Kennedy had confederates as it would have been very difficult for him to loosen the bars himself. The police were quite positive that he was one of the burglars but no conclusive evidence against him could be secured. If he was concerned in them he must have had friends on the outside who would be anxious to have him free before any damaging admissions were made by him, and they would certainly do all they could to assist him to regain liberty. That he had some assistance is evident. As soon as the escape was discovered Chief Jarvis wired to all outside points and sent men to Ymir to intercept the fugitive if he was going that direction. Special men were put to work searching the City, but with poor electric lights and a rain storm it was a dark proposition.

The fact that the man escaped is sufficient evidence that the cells are not in proper condition. The police cannot watch the prisoners all the time as there is patrol work to be done that must be attended to. If the police arrest men the City should put the cells into sufficiently good condition to hold them.

Since writing the above, and at an early hour this morning, a Miner representative visited the City goal and examined the window through which the prisoner escaped. The bars are fastened into the windows in a very weak manner, the two ends sinking into mortar only about half an inch. They can easily be worked loose and when bent only a little one end can be sprung out. It is strange that more prisoners have not escaped. It is impossible for the police to do their work properly with such miserable accommodation and it is not fair to expect them to do so.

Patrolman Hardy was sent to Ymir on foot. In thunder, lightning and rain the trip will not be a pleasant one.

VENEZUELA ARBITARTION.

Paris, Aug. 31.—At today's session of the Anglo-Venezuelan boundary arbitration commission, Sir Robert Reid, Q. C., former Attorney General continued his argument in behalf of the case for Great Britain. He contended that, even were it true that the Dutch abandoned Amakaru Fort in 1648, there was ample evidence to show that they had without dispute, the Orinoco almost to its source and the whole of the Essequibo.

CRICKET IN ENGLAND.

Scarborough, Eng., Aug. 31.—In a cricket match here today between the Australians and Mr. C. I. Thornton's eleven the former in their first innings were all out for a total of 232 runs. At the close of play Mr. Thornton's team had scored 54 runs for three wickets down.

BASEBALL GAMES.

Syracuse, 8; Worcester, 5.
Toronto, 6; Springfield, 0.
Montreal, 5; Hartford, 2.
Pittsburg 8; New York, 7.
Cleveland, 3; Brooklyn, 9.
Chicago, 5; Boston, 2.
St. Louis, 5; Baltimore, 3.
Cincinnati, 2; Philadelphia, 9.
Louisivlle, 6; Washington, 7.
Rochester, 4; Providence, 1.

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WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

It rejoices The Columbian to think that the Government is in no great danger. We do not know what its conception of danger is, although in this case we understand it to mean that the life of the Government is not in jeopardy. If it has been duly commissioned as an organ, it should have some knowledge of the plans and views entertained by Ministers. Assuming that it is inspired, we infer from its remark that the Government will not expose itself to the assaults of the enemy. It is securely entrenched, and declines to come out into the open. There are six months yet to run before the Legislature need meet, and during that period the Government is beyond the reach of those who are waiting to rend it. All that is necessary is to abide quietly as it is, and the Government is safe beyond peradventure until the requirements of the constitution compel the assembling of the Legislature. In saying, therefore, that the Government is in no danger it doubtless means that it has retired into its hole and intends to remain there.

That would be all very well and very simple if the personal wishes or expectations of the Ministers were alone to be considered. In this case, however, there is something else, and that is the fact, patent beyond the possibility of misconception, that the Government no longer enjoys the confidence of the Legislature. That is a condition which introduces other considerations. It is conceivable that members of a discredited Government might desire to remain in office indefinitely. But something more than their wishes have to be regarded. A Government that has lost the confidence of the Legislature is presumed to have also lost the confidence of the country, and in that case it is expected to take itself off or to be driven off. And it is the duty of the Lieutenant-Governor to see this done. Among the supporters of the Semlin Government in the Legislature there have been sufficient open defections to leave it in a minority. The matter is not one for speculation; it has been made patent by the declaration of members themselves. It is so patent that the Lieutenant-Governor cannot refuse to take action in respect to it, without virtually proclaiming himself a partisan.

We cannot but suppose that the full meaning of the situation is within the comprehension of The Columbian, and we are, therefore, face to face with the rather startling suggestion that Ministers are counting on the sympathy of the Lieutenant-Governor and will remain in office until the last bell rings. The last bell in this case will be the extreme limit of the Legislative recess. They are in no danger, because the Lieutenant-Governor is with them. That is a fair inference to be drawn from The Columbian's remark. If a misrepresentation of its position, it can easily disavow it. But as it stands we take it to mean that the Lieutenant-Governor will ignore the very patent evidence that the Government has lost its majority, and will not insist on an early session of the Legislature in order that a summary period may be put to a situation of grave political unrest.

It is said that the Eight-Hour law should be given a fair trial. It would be more to the point if it were said that the law should have been given fair, open consideration before it was passed. There is nothing now to try; there was much that was open to doubt and discussion while the matter was still in abeyance. But a thin House and scheming Ministers preferred a surreptitious course, and a law of which nothing had been heard was sprung upon the country. It needs no trial, for the good reason that all know exactly what it is and what it was meant to accomplish. It robs the mine owners of twenty per cent. of their production, without adding anything to the gains of the mine workers. If the latter were made richer by the mine owners' loss something could be said for the law, if only from the standpoint of the highwayman; but all that is accomplished by it is to reduce production and give the mine workers two extra hours of idleness

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Referring to Mr. Macpherson and the recent interview had with him, The Victoria Times says: "We know that he is not the only supporter of the Government who is prepared to stick by his principles even at the risk of a severance of party relations." This has particular reference to the statement that the Government was expected to introduce legislation at the next session which Mr. Macpherson would not support. The Times would appear to have some knowledge of the intention, and of the dissatisfaction felt with it by other supporters of the Government. There is the "risk of a severance of party relations" in more than one quarter. Truly the Ministerialists are a happy family. Was there ever such a jumble, such a hopelessly mixed up political situation, since the world began? And through it all His Honor sits placidly twirling his thumbs, or is he endeavoring to figure out what there is in it for himself?

THE MONTH'S CUSTOMS.

The following is a summary statement showing the imports and exports and revenue collected at the port of Nelson, B.C., during the month of August, 1899:

	Imports
Dutiable goods	$56,470 00
Free goods	14,414 00
Total imports	$70,884 00
Duty collected	$15.865 65
Other revenues	80 00
Total revenue	$15.945 65
The Mine—	Exports
53 tons ore	$ 4,154 60
182 tons matte	51,565 60
Gold bullion	19,595 00
Total—The Mine	$75.314 00
The Forest	34 00
Animals and their produce	12 00
Agricultural products	23 00
Manufactures	990 00
Total	$76,373 00

RESOLUTION OF SYMPATHY.

At the last meeting of the Canadian Order of Foresters the following resolution which explains itself, was passed:

To Bro. Alex. Carrie:

Dear Brother,—On behalf of the members of Court Kootenay Belle, No. 723, Canadian Order of Foresters, we extend to you and your wife our heartfelt sympathy in the loss which you have sustained by the death of your only child.

We trust you may be enabled to look to our Heavenly Father who doeth all things well, for comfort and consolation in this your sad bereavement, remembering that we all hope to be reunited in the Heavenly Courts above, where there is no parting, sorrow or pain. Signed on behalf of the Court,

T. J. SIMS, C. R.,
T. J. M'CAMMON, R. S.

Nelson, Aug. 31, 1899.

Best value ever offered in Women's and children's hosiery at Martin O'Reilly & Co. *

New Dress Goods

In our buying for this season we have made every effort to present to the buying public a first-class stock of . . .

DRESS GOODS

How far we have succeeded may be judged by a glance through our stock, which includes a complete range of Soliels, Repps, Poplins, Coverts, Arrazons, Biarritz, Tweeds, Cheviots, Box-Cloth Suitings, Silk and Wool Creponnes. The price—low, of course.

MARTIN O'REILLY & CO.
—o—
Terms Cash.

MISCELLANEOUS

Advertisements inserted under this head at the rate of one cent a word per insertion. No advertisement taken for less than 25 cents.

NOTICE—I hereby give notice that I will no longer pay bills of my wife's contracting.
PETER McDONALD.
Toad Mountain, B.C., Aug. 29, 1899.

FOR SALE—Two lots (with improvements) corner Josephine and Latimer streets. Apply R. G. Joy, Star Bakery. tf

FOR SALE—At a bargain, house and furniture. Enquire J. H. Murr, near Nelson Foundry, 1 mile point.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

DR. R. J. HAWKEY

Has removed his office to rooms 2 and 3, Aberdeen Block.

DRESSMAKING

EVENING AND TAILOR-MADE DRESSES ON SHORT NOTICE

MRS. E. McLAUGHLIN,
JOSEPHINE STREET.

E. J. SCOVIL

MINING BROKER. NOTARY PUBLIC.
Windermere Mines. Correspondence Sol'cited
WINDERMERE, B. C.

TOILET SOAPS

PERFUMED PUMICE,
WILD LOCUST,
HELIOTROPE, English,
ASSORTED, English

3 FOR 25 CENTS.

French Soaps.
Regular 3 for 50, Now 6 for 75.

MECHANIC'S TAR
6 FOR 50c.

CANADA DRUG & BOOK CO.

THE
Bank of British Columbia,
NELSON.

Is now prepared to issue Drafts and Letters of Credit on Skaguay, U.S., Atlin, B. C., and Dawson City, Yukon District.

Bon Ton Restaurant.

NEW MANAGEMENT.

Merchants' Lunch, 12 to 2. 25 cents.
Dinner, 5 to 8.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
MEAL TICKETS, $5.50 FOR $5.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
FRITZ HONOLD, PROPRIETOR.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

All Contractors figuring on buildings tha will quire

PLATE GLASS

Can now get figures from
R. H. WILLIAMS, NELSON, Agent for
J. W. MELLOR,
VICTORIA, B.C.
Who carries the largest stock of Plate Glass in the Province.

C. D. J. CHRISTIE

GENERAL BROKER.

Fire, Life, Accident and Sickness INSURANCE.
Real Estate and Loans.
TO LET.—Several Houses of Different Sizes.
FOR SALE.—RealEstate in all parts of the City.

C.W.WEST & CO.

General Teamsters.
Agents Imperial Oil Co
Dealers in Wood and Lime.
OFFICE COR. BAKER & HALL STS
TELEPHONE 33.

Nelson Employment Agency

WANTED.

Waiters, waitresses, laborers, hammersmen, girls for housework, cook
CONTRACTS TAKEN FOR DIAMOND CORE DRILLING.

J. H. LOVE, Ag't Baker St

House Cleaning Time

We can assist you in the annual overhauling by Painting, Paper-Hanging, Kalsomining and Interior Decorating Estimates cheerfully given.

F. J. BRADLEY & CO.
Josephine St. Opp. Clarke Hotel

WE ARE MOVING
..TODAY..
From the Old Camp Grounds.

You will find us **a little mussed up,** but **doing business** in **both places** and **along the street** as we go:

Will have no time to write any more ads this week, but if you visit us Saturday in our new temporary premises, the Farley & Simpson Building, two doors east, we will tell you all about . . . . . .

....THE BIG....

REMOVAL SALE

And show you the BEST VALUES of a lifetime

THE
Wallace-Miller Co.
LIMITED.

West Kootenay Butcher Co.

E. C. TRAVES, MANAGER.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Frerh and Salt Meats.

Mail Orders receive prompt and careful attention.

Markets at Nelson and Ymir.

W. P. DICKSON E. H. H. APPLEWHAITE J. McPHEE

Kootenay Electric Supply and Construction Co.

ELECTRIC SUPPLIES

Complete Electric Equipments for Electric Power Transmission and lighting for mines, towns, etc. Electric Fixtures, LampsBells, Telephones, Annunciators, etc.

Josephine St NELSON, B. C.

LETHBRIDGE COAL

$6.75 PER TON, DELIVERED.

All orders must be accompanied by cash and should be forwarded either personally or by mail to the office of

FRANK FLETCHER, P. L. S.,
W. P TIERNEY, General Agent
LAND & COAL AGENT,
Cor Kootenay & Baker Sts

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

INCORPORATED 1670

What is the difference between TETLEY'S Teas and other brands?

Just the same as between the Athabasca mine and any one of the hundreds of wildcats that have been exploited in the past years. Experience has proved the value of the one; the others MIGHT be good, but—— Is it worth your while experimenting when you can get sure returns by investing in the guaranteed article?

TETLEY'S is the only package tea sold by

Hudson's Bay Stores.
West Baker St., Nelson.
Telephone 13.

LUMBER.

Delivered to an any point on Kootenay Lake.

I have a complete stock on hand of

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER,
SHINGLES,
MOULDINGS, SASH DOORS,
INSIDE FINISH.
COAST FLOORING
and
FINISHED LUMBER.

Mill at PILOT BAY.
Yards, NELSON and LARDO.
HEAD OFFICE
NELSON.
J. A. SAYWARD.

BOARD AND ROOM

First-Class Board aud Room, Todd's old stand, in rear of English Church. Table Board, $4.00. Room and Board, $5.00 and $5.50.
J. V.. O'LAUGHLIN.

Tenders Wanted.

Tenders are wanted for the construction of a school house in the Hume Addition to Nelson. Plans and specifications may be seen at the residence of the undersigned. All tenders must be in by 12 o'clock, noon, September 5th, 1899.

F. K. HURRY, Sec'y
Nelson, B.C., August 28, 1899. 8t

Skating Rink, Sept. 9th.

Only Appearance of the Garter King of Bandmasters,

Lieutenant Dan Godfrey

For Forty Years Bandmaster of Her Majesty's Grenadier Guards and

England's Greatest Military Band.

Who performed before 4,167,683people during the Industrial London Exhibit.
230,000 people in Canada heard them last summer.
65,000 people attended their Boston Jubilee Concert in '72.
10,000 people heard this band in New York Seventh Armory, March 25.
7,500 people filled Chicago Auditorim, May 11.
18,000 people crowded Kansas City Convention Hall, May 30th.
15,000 people were present at Elitches Garden, Denver, June 10th.
17,000 attended their concerts at Salt Lake City.

THE BRITISH GUARDS PLAY

Six weeks at the Greater American Exposition, Omaha July 1st to August 14th; two weeks at the Western Pennsylvania Exhibit, Pittsburg, September 20 to 30; four weeks at the Boston Food Fair Exhibition, October 2 to 28.

Under the Sole Direction of Mr. Chas. A. E. Harriss.

HAS HAD ENOUGH

JOHN A. TURNER IS TIRED OF THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT.

He Has Political Ambitions and Resigns His Position as Gold Commissioner and Government Agent.

Considerable comment was caused in the City yesterday by the resignation of Mr. John A. Turner from the office of Gold Commissioner and Government Agent. It was only Mr. Turner's close friends who had any idea that he was contemplating such a step and the news consequently comes in the nature of a surprise. The reasons for the resignation were the subjects of much speculation on the streets yesterday and a host of interesting rumors were rife. The true reasons that led to the action were the extremely unbusiness-like manner in which the Government transacts its affairs, and the ambition of Mr. Turner to go himself to Victoria and set things right, or, at least, to assist in doing so. All those who have done business with Mr. Turner in the Government office have found him to be most capable and obliging. None are more ready to acknowledge this than Mr. Turner's political enemies. Mr. Turner likes to do business on business principals but he found it impossible to do so with the departments at Victoria, ardent Government supporter though he is. He found that he would get the credit for himself of conducting the country's business in an incapable manner, if he did not get out before the state of affairs became too apparent. So he gets out and practically tells the Government that they can run their own band wagon in their own peculiar way.

Then there is the political side to the story. Mr. Turner is ambitious and would like to go to Victoria. He knows that Hon. J. Fred Hume will not run again for Nelson. He steps out of office before he has any quarrel with the powers that be at Victoria and leaves his skirts clear to be classed as a Government supporter. He knows how the business of his department should be conducted and does not know anyone who would make a better Minister of Mines than himself. He is sick of doing business with such a Government, but is willing to become a member of it. Everyone expects a Provincial election soon—in fact both political parties are preparing for it now—and Mr. Turner will lay his pipes accordingly. At least, so rumor has it.

And rumor goes further Mr. John Houston is the obstacle to the achievement of Mr. Turner's political ambition. There is no doubt in the world but that the editor of the Daily Dynamiter has his "eagle eye" on the seat of Hon. J. Fred Hume, if not the portfolio, and he has now sufficient promises of support to encourage him to come out. Mr. Houston and Mr Turner had a warm fight for first term in the mayoralty chair Since then they have been political bed fellows, but Mr. Turner would like to have just one more go at the ambitious ex-autocrat. The members of the Government party in the City will, of course, take a hand. The majority of them are much opposed to putting up Mr. Houston to meet certain defeat, and resent his efforts to toist himself on the party. This wing would much rather have Mr. Turner, but some irresponsible individuals among the rest will hold out for Mr. Houston and so there will be some great old wirepulling before the nomination is finally made. The public, however, will not likely take any interest in the fight as neither Mr. Turner nor Mr. Houston, would stand the ghost of a show of election.

The subject of Mr. Turner'ss uccessor is also a fruitful subject of discussion on the street. The name of Mr W. A. Jowett at once suggested itself to everyone, and it is considered that that gentleman will make a strong bid for the vacant office. Mr. Jowett lost a friend at court when Mr. Joseph Martin concluded his feat of committing political suicide. The name of Luther Lennox is also mentioned in connection with the vacancy. His friends think that as he did not get the registrarship he has something coming from the Government.

But the one man that has the refusal of the position is Mr. John Ayton Gibson, of the Phair Hotel.

Mr. Gibson always has been a staunch supporter and valuable friend of the present Government. He enjoys the confidence of the people at Victoria and the respect and esteem of the people of Nelson. He has a qualification that is not always taken into consideration when political appointments are being made and that is that he is thoroughly competent to fill the position. He now has the offer under consideration, and it will not be surprising if he is the next Gold Commissioner and Government Agent.

Mr. Hume and Mr. Carter-Cotton are expected to arrive in Nelson today and they will probably settle the matter. Mr Hume's committee is practically unanimous for Mr. Gibson.

BURNS WILL STAY AWAY.

Provincial Government Not Wealthy Enough to Extradite Him.

The Government have decided not to take any proceedings to extradite Burns who, it will be remembered, escaped from the Provincial goal at Nelson, and was captured at Northport. Yesterday Mr. Bullock-Webster, received a telegram from the Attorney-General's office to that effect.

Mr. Bullock-Webster says that no reason is given for this step by the Government. The last prisoner the Provincial Government endeavored to extradite cost the Province about $1,000. Possibly this may be the reason which has caused the present decision to be arrived at.

In connection with the Burns case the Rossland Miner says:

Thomas Burns, who received a sentence of 18 months at Nelson, for robbing two bartenders at the circus canteen on the 8th of August, was evidently not favorably impressd with the surroundings of his new place of residence and seized the first oppurtunity to escape. The jail authorities at Nelson evidently kept the matter quiet, as nothing was heard in Rossland about the escape until today, when Constable Devitt, of Trail, was ordered to go to Northport, where Burns was under arrest. The constable returned in the afternoon empty handed, as the prisoner, having had one taste of Canadian justice, was in no way inclined to return for another dose, and declared he would fight extradition. The police anticipate no difficulty in securing the transfer of the fugitive to this side of the line, though there may be some delay.

The prisoner, in telling his experiences to the constable yesterday said: "The Rossland police are pretty slick, all right, but those Nelson fellows are easy." From which it may be inferred that Mr. Burns has not been unacquainted with police methods in the past.

REPORTED "HOLD UP."

Considerable Excitement Caused on the Streets Last Night.

There has been a feeling in the City that the gang of burglars operating in the City would use the fourteen revolvers and ammunition stolen from the Nelson Hardware Company for the purpose of holding people up. Color seemed to be lent to this theory last night about midnight when piercing shrieks of a woman attracted the attention of the few people on the streets.

Chief Jarvis happened to be in hearing and made his way quickly to the spot from whence the sounds came and found a woman lying in the ditch. It was quite close to the City Hall. She claimed to have been struck and robbed of her purse containing, $17, but after being taken into the lockup and assured by the chief that there was no danger she cooled off and seemed to forget that she had lost any money. She did not look like a woman who would have a purse containing $17. However, a man who was passing saw some one approach the woman and disappear just after the shouting commenced. It was an extremely dark night and it would have been no trouble for anyone to escape had he really robbed the woman.

The probabilities are, however, that there was no hold up. No one would be liable to select the close vicinity of the goal to commit such a deed.

TELEGRAMS INTERRUPTED.

Owing to an accident to the wires the Associated Press Telegrams were reduced to a minimum last night. The only information to be gleaned from the telegraph office at 1 a. m., was that the "wires were down East" and that the operator had "done his best." This is one of those unforeseen though inevitable accidents which a newspaper has to suffer for, andwhich the indulgent public must put up with. Possibly the violent electric storm has had something to do with the interruption in the telegraphic communication.

Something good for little money in towels and towlings at Martin O'Reilly & Co. *

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Rossland is having even a more exciting time with burglars than Nelson is. The affairs there happen regularly every night.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies Hospital Aid will be held in St. Paul's church on Monday, September 4, at 3:30 p. m.

Mr. James Buxton, a mining broker of Vancouver, and a brother-in-law of Mr. E. Applewhaite, of this city, died suddenly at Sicamous, on Wednesday last

The Sons of England desire to remind members of the reception to be given to Mr. Fred Cook, at the Fraternity Societies building, at 8 p. m. tonight.

The City have found a new dumping ground for old boots, old straw hats, unread editions of the Tribune, etc., on Stanley street, opposite Mr. H. Selous' red house.

The arrangments for perfecting the sale of a building site to the gas company by the Hall Mines, Limited are now virtually completed. The gas company's solicitor expects a cablegram today which will complete the deal.

The barbers of the City are not going to wait for Ald. Beer's Sunday Closing Law to go into effect. They have agreed among themselves to do no more shaving on Sundays so the whiskered portion of the community can govern itself accordingly.

No special meeting of the City Council was called for yesterday as was expected. One will be held shortly, however, the delay being caused by the fact that a report which the City Engineer is preparing on the water works pipe line, is not yet ready for presentation.

It is said that the odor arising from the stagnant water collected at the corner of Stanley and Baker streets is making the hair of the manager of the Bank of B. C. stand on end. This will probably account in some measure for the said bank's shyness on overdrafts.

The history of the Dreyfus case, written specially for The Miner, is concluded in today's issue. In answer to several enquiries it may be stated that numbers of yesterday's paper containing the first part of the history of the case can be obtained at The Miner office.

Lieut.-Col. Fitzstubbs leaves this morning for England. Should hostilities break out in the Transvaal the Colonel may be reqnisitioned for active service there as he is a Deputy Assistant Adjutant General of the Army Service Corps. Col. Fitzstubbs entertained a number of his friends at dinner at the Phair Hotel last night.

See our fall dress goods, Martin O'Reilly & Co. *

MORE METROPOLITAN AIRS.

Nelson to Have a Thoroughly Up-to-Date Merchants Club.

The Exchange Club Company, Limited, has recently been organized at Victoria, with a capital stock of $25,000, with 25,000 shares of $1 each. The officers of the company are, A. L. McEwen, president; H. R. Bellamy, vice president; A. N. Johnson, manager; R. H. Williams secretary treasurer; A. L. McEwen, H. R. Bellamy, R. E. Smith, C. Morrison, Capt. G. F. Hayward, provisional directors.

The prospectus sets forth that: "The Exchange Club Co. Limited, has been organized for the purpose of establishing and operating a Joint Stock Club, first in the City of Nelson and afterwards in any town or city in which the stockholders of the said company may deem it advisable to operate. A charter has been obtained which gives the company good free scope in the extending and carrying out of such future ventures as the company may see fit. The site and place of business has been chosen by the provisional directors, viz, the premises at present occupied and known as the Bodega; the present owners having agreed to take half the value of the business in stock and the balance in cash. Plans and specifications have been made, giving the nature and estimated cost of improvements to be made on the building. The rear of the present building will be raised, and in the upper story there will be a large front room for use as general reading, sitting and committee-rooms, several private dining and card rooms, kitchen, etc. The back of the present building will be fitted up as a large and elegant dining room. The restaurant will be conducted in thorough first-class style and special attention given to merchants' luncheons in the middle of the day; to private luncheon or dinner parties, and after-theatre suppers."

The opening of this club will fill a "long felt want" in Nelson. Most of the leading business men of the City have subscribed for stock and sufficient money has already been raised to fit the premises up in luxuriant and metropolitan manner. The rooms will be furnished with every regard to the comfort of the patrons and of course, the restaurant will be thoroughly up-to-date. Only the private rooms up stairs will be reserved for stockholders and their friends and the restaurant and bar will be open to the general public. This will make the undertaking a financial success as the returns will not depend entirely upon the patronage of the stockholders. The aim of the directors is to make the Exchange the best place of its kind in the Province and the carrying out of the present plans will assure this. As the City grows so will the Exchange and the time is not likely far off when a gymnasium and baths will be added to put it on an equal basis with some of the best clubs in the East. That such a club has been needed in Nelson, all will agree and the establishment of it will place Nelson still one more step above all other interior towns as a desirable residential center.

A meeting of the stockholders was called for last night, but owing to the absence of the president, who is out of the City, and the illness of the vice president it was postponed for a few days.

TO PROTECT THEMSELVES.

Spokane, Aug. 31.—An employers' association, representing from $7,000,000 to $9,000,000 of local capital, has been organized in Spokane to resist any unjust demand of organized labor in the city which its members may regard as unjust.

The association embraces practically all the large property owners in the city who employ workingmen in any numbers. The lumber mills, breweries, flour mills, street car company, electric light company, gas company, water power company, factories, contractors, merchants and moneyed men are all named as represented in the association which is said to number over 60 of the most prominent companies and business men in Spokane.

AT THE HOTELS.

Phair—T. Aitken, Columbia; H. B. Patterson, Sandon; J. Ponpore, Nakusp; Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy, Miss and Mr. Allan Kennedy, Miss Wood, Miss Dovell, McLeod; H. Allenberg, Spokane; J. Fauweather, Spokane; T. Bennett, H. Billings, Salmo; F. Micheals, W. Luccis, Spokane; T. Jameson, Greenwood, J. McDonell, Greenwood; F. Watson, Campbell Robertson, City; F. Vans Agnew, Miss Marion Fell, Miss Olvia Fell, Athabasca; A. Gracey, Oro; C. Bennett, H. Needham, Vancouver; C. B Murray, Toronto; C. Dundee, Rossland.

Eyeache and Headache.

Eyestrain causes both. Drugs relieve only temporarily. Properly adjusted glasses remove the cause and effect a permanent cure. Satisfaction guaranteed. Consultation free.

Patenaude Bros.,
OPTICIANS,
Nelson, B. C.

EASILY LEAD and MISLEAD

The people that run after every fly-by-night bargain sale, where something is offered for nothing, are the kind of people that are never satisfied; and no wonder, for they nevet get anything worth wearing.

The well satisfied people are those who buy their FOOTWEAR of reliable dealers; knowing from past experiences that they get their moneys' worth.

What we have done for others we Can do for you.

LILLIE BROS. THE LEADING SHOEMEN. Aberdeen Block.

Disston's Saws.
DIRECT FROM FACTORY.
NELSON HARDWARE CO.

It Doesn't Matter

Whether you are a cook or not. All you require is a pint of water, a package of Jelly Powder and a little common sense. The results are, a pint of delicious jelly, any flavor you may desire, made in five minutes.

M. DES BRISAY & CO.

P. BURNS & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Meat Merchants
HEAD OFFICE NELSON, B. C.
Branch Markets in Rossland, Trail, Nelson, Kaslo, Sandon, Three Forks, New Denver and Slocan City
Orders by mail to any branch will have careful and prompt attention.

H. BYERS & CO.
MINERS' SUPPLIES.
Powder, Caps, Fuse, Shovels, Picks,
BAR IRON AND STEEL,
ORE CARS,
IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS.
A large consignment of all kinds of Heavy Hardware just arrived.
NELSON KASLO SANDON

The Nelson Electric Tramway Co. Ltd.

LOTS FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.

Large number Choice Building Lots adjacent to the line of their Tramway. For price and terms of sale apply at the office of the Company, Macdonald Block, Corner of Josephine and Vernon Streets.

T. C. DUNCAN, Secretary

Ask your friends what they think of Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea.

PARSONS PRODUCE COMPANY.

WHOLESALE
Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Cured Meats, Green Fruits and Vegetables.

SHIPPERS OF THE EARLY BREAKFAST BRAND OF EGGS.

Full Stocks carried at Nelson and Rossland. Mail Orders Solicited.

Nelson Cleaningand Dyeing Establishment.
S. D. PIERRE Prop.
Ladies' and Gents' Clothing cleaned dyed, altered and repaired.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED
Rear of Clarke Hotel. NELSON

Spokane Falls & Northern R'y.
Nelson & Fort Sheppard R'y.
Red Mountain R'y.
The only all rail route without change of cars between Nelson and Rossland and Spokane and Rossland.
(DAILY.)
Lv. 9.10 a.m. NELSON, Ar. 5.50 p.m.
Lv. 11 25 a.m. ROSSLAND Ar 3 30 p m.
Lv. 8 50 a.m. SPOKANE, Ar. 6 00 p.m.
Train that leaves Nelson at 9:10 a.m makes close connections at Spokane for all Pacific Coast Points.
Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek, connect at Marcus with Stage Daily.
H. A. JACKSON, G. P. & T.A. Spokane Wash
G. K. TACKABURY, Agent, Nelson, B. C.

Every Man
likes to dress in Fashionable and Nice Fitting Garments if he can do so at a reasonable price. My Fall and Winter Samples are now complete in Suitings, Overcoatings and Fancy Vestings. Give me a call and I will quote you prices that will astonish you.
Stevens The Tailor
Rooms 1 and 11
Clements-Hillyer Block

Boots and Shoes
The Stock of A. Maslonka will be offered for sale at greatly reduced prices.
MOST FAVORABLE BARGAINS in town in Boots and Shoes.
REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
GEORGE D. MILLER,
Maslonka's Old Stand.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
AND SOO LINE.
IMPERIAL LIMITED
New Fast Daily Service.
EAST and WEST.
Optional Routes East from
KOOTENAY COUNTRY.
First-Class Sleepers on all trains from ARROWHEAD & KOOTENAY LDG.
TOURIST CARS pass Revelstoke daily for St. Paul, Thursdays for Montreal and Boston, Tuesdays and Saturdays for Toronto.
NELSON
To TORONTO, 85 hours; MONTREAL, 89 hrs.; NEW YORK, 101 hrs.; WINNIPEG, 45 hrs.; VANCOUVER 30 hrs.; VICTORIA, 35 hrs.
2—DAILY TRAINS—2
To and from Robson, Rossland.
7.00k Lv. NELSON Arr. 10.50k
15.45k Lv. NELSON Arr. 19.25k.
Morning train daily for north and main line via Robson, and except Sunday for Sandon, Slocan points and main line via Slocan City.
KOOTENAY LAKE-KASLO ROUTE.
Ex. Sun. Str. Kokanee Ex. Sun
16.00k Lv. NELSON Arr. 11.00k
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, to Argenta and return, leaving Kaslo at 20.00k.
KOOTENAY RIVER ROUTE.
Daily. Strs, Movie and Nelson. Daily.
22.30k Lv. NELSON Arr. 2.30k.
Connects Kootenay Landing with Crow's Nest Line trains.
4 hrs—NELSON to ROSSLAND—hrs 4
For rates and full information address nearest local agent, or
C. E. BEASLEY, City Passenger Agent.
R. W. DREW, Agent, Nelso
W. F. ANDERSON, Trav. Pass. Agent, Nelson
E. J. COYLE, A. G. P. Agent, Vancouver

MINES OF KOOTENAY

Ymir, Aug. 30.—Recent developments in the Wilcox mine, owned by the Broken Hill Mining & Development company, have served to show up a fine body of ore. The shaft on the Fourth of July claim adjoining the Wilcox and owned by the same company is on the same vein as No. 2 tunnel on the Wilcox. This tunnel has now been driven 255 feet and it is the intention of the company to drive it another 700 feet, when it will reach the ore chute on which the Fourth of July shaft is sunk. This shaft is down 60 feet and has opened up a fine chute of ore, consisting of galena and oxides mixed. Two average samples taken across four feet in this shaft gave respectively $85 and $90 in gold and silver per ton. When the Wilcox No. 2. tunnel has reached below this shaft a large body of high grade ore will have been developed. Tunnel No. 1 is now in 340 feet and a raise has been made to the surface, a distance of 110 feet, from a point 300 feet from the mouth of the tunnel. A shaft has also been sunk to a depth of 60 feet below this raise, making a total depth from the surface of 170. feet. Another tunnel will be driven below this to connect with this winze, when another large body of ore will have been developed. No. 3 tunnel has been driven a distance of 75 feet making a total of 890 feet of work accomplished on the property, all of which is on ledge matter. A valuable discovery was made a few days ago when a new vein was uncovered 20 feet from No. 3 tunnel and running parallel with it. This new vein carries ore exactly similar to the parallel vein in No. 2.

It will be seen from the above, that a large block of ore has been developed between No. 1 tunnel and the surface and that two other blocks are partially developed below No. 1 tunnel and on the Fourth of July. As by far the larger proportions of this ore is free milling it has been decided to install a 10-stamp mill at the earliest possible date A mill site has already been secured and surveyed and water rights have been acquired over Wild Horse and Avalanche creeks. The road from Ymir to the mine will be completed in the course of about three weeks.

The new machinery to replace that recently broke at the Ymir stamp mill arrived here yesterday. It appears that hitherto the power has been transmitted by means of a cable which has been found not to work satisfactorily and is now being replaced by a belting arrangement. The mill will start up again as soon as this machinery is in position.

* * *

A few days ago the Revelstoke Herald announced a new and important strike of over three feet of clean ore on the Nettie L, near Ferguson. The importance and richness of the ore in this body was demonstrated by Assayer Holdich, when he made an assay from samples brought to town by the manager, W. B. Pool. The assays gave the astonishing result as follows: 717 ounces of silver, 19 in gold, 70 per cent, lead and 10 per cent copper Mr. Pool was as much surprised as anyone when the result of the assay was made known to him, although he was satisfied that the strike was a rich one, yet he did not figure that it would reach the figures that it did. Taking the figures of the assay and putting it in at dollars and cents, with silver say at 60 cents, the present market price, copper at 18 cents per pound and lead at $4.65 per cwt., would bring the price of the Nettie L. ore up to about $540.30 per ton, which is an astonishing evidence of the richness of the Lardeau. It is the intention of the manager to start stoping ore for shipment immediately, and already ore sheds are being erected on the grounds, and by December 1, Mr. Pool expects to have 200 tons ready for shipment to the smelter at Trail. By that date the Nettie L. will be within four miles of steamboat and railway transportation, as it is expected that two railways will be built and in running operations to the south end of Trout Lake, and steamer connection between the end of the track and Trout Lake City.

* * *

METAL QUOTATIONS.

Latest prices for metals in New York, August 31, are: Bar silver, 58 15-16; Mexican dollars, 47 ½; silver certificates, 56¾ to 6.

Copper steady; Brokers, $18.50; exchange, $18.50.

Lead, quiet; brokers', $4.35; exchange, $4.57½ to $4.62.

Tin, firmer,; Straits, $31.50 to $31.75. Plates, steady.

Spelter, quiet; domestic, $5.30 to $5.40.

BIG BANKING BUSINESS.

American Money Will Invade the Financial Centre of the World.

A splendid compliment has just been paid to Canadian bankers and Canadian banking institutions, and at the same time a big piece of news has come to light, says the Montreal Gazette of Monday. It appears that a number of New York capitalists some time since decided to establish a powerful banking institution in London, the great market of the world, believing of course that the thousands of Americans constantly in Great Britain and the continent would contribute to a great extent to the success of the financial scheme, that is so soon to be launched in the great business and financial centre of the Old World. The amount of capital to be invested is said to be enormous, and although the widest figures are afloat this part of the story cannot be confirmed or contradicted. Some say twenty millions, some say fifty, but one thing is certain, all the money required to give this new Yankee notion a fair start will be forthcoming, and it remains to be seen if the New Yorkers can give Londoners pointers in banking and finance. It is said that John W. Mackay, the silver king of the United States, is one of the promoters of the big American bank that is so soon to settle down in London, and here the part of the story so interesting to Montreal comes in. The first important thing to be accomplished was to secure a wide awake gentleman thoroughly conversant with the ins and outs of both English and American banking, and these millionaires were on the look out for such a man. Mr. Charles Hosmer, the general manager of the Canadian Pacific Telegraph Company, happened to be in London, and being consulted on this most important matter, he naturally thought of his friend, Mr. E. L. Pease, joint general manager of the Merchants' Bank of Halifax, in this city. This was no sooner said than a cable was flashed under the Atlantic, and the clever Montreal banker was invited to come to London.

Mr. Pease stood not upon the order of his going, but went. Although this does not signify that he has accepted the magnificent offer that has been made him, viz: to name his own salary, and become the head of one of the most important financial institutions in the world. In fact the statement has been made that Mr. Pease has declined the tempting offer, and will remain with the Merchants' Bank of Halifax, while others affirm that the question is not yet definitely settled, and that Mr Pease, who is about leaving for Canada, in company with Mr. Hosmer, has asked till September to decide.

BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

(Continued From First Page.)

der the presidency of Colonel Jouast, are stories which are still fresh in our memory. The sitting of that court-martial is still pending. What the close of it will be it would be unwise to foretell.

A complete and perfect resume of all the events up to the present time is well nigh impossible with the imperfect material to be obtained in Nelson and the limited space afforded by The Miner. But the impartial critic on reading this short history cannot fail to be struck with the fact that Dreyfus, guilty or not guilty, has not received that treatment which is so dear to Englishmen all the world over, namely fair play. And, moreover, the details of the case form a blot on the escutcheon of the land of the fleur de lys that only the healing hand of time can erase.

LODGE MEETINGS.

NELSON LODGE, No. 23. A. F. & A. M. meets second Wednesday in each month. Visiting brethren invited.
G. L. LENNOX, Secretary.

I. O. O. F. Kootenay Lodge No. 16, meets every Monday night, at their Hall, Kootenay street Sojourning Odd Fellows cordially invited.
E C Arthur, N. G John Vanstone, V. G.
Fred J Squires, Secy

COURT KOOTENAY, No. 3138. Meetings 2nd and 4th Thursday, Fraternal hall. J. A. Irving,. C. R.; W. B. Shaw, R. S.

NELSON L.O.L. No. 1692 meets in the MacDonald block every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members cordially invited. John Tove, W. M.; F. J. Bradley, R. S.

NELSON AERIE No. 22, F. O. E., meets every second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. Visiting members cordially invited. J. R. Wray, Secretary.

NELSON LODGE No. 25, K. of P. meets in I.O.O.F. hall, McDonald block every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock All visiting knights cordially invited
CHAS FRENCH, C. C.
(820) GEO. ROSS K. of R. and S.

S.O.E. NELSON'S QUEEN NO. 241 SONS OF ENGLAND, meets first and third Wednesday of each month at Fraternity hall, corner of Baker and Kootenay streets. Visiting brethern cordially nvited.
JOHN WATSON, Secretary.

NELSON LODGE, NO. 10 A.O.U.W., meet every Thursday in the I.O.O.F. hall. G C Williams, M.W.; W S Smith, Rec.-Sec.; J. J. Driscoll, Financier; F. J Squire. Receiver, and P. M. W.

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White Star Tine "Germanic".....Sept. 13
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