Nelson Daily Miner.

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Provincial Library Victoria

MINING INSTITUTE MEETS

A Large Audience Attended the Session Held Last Evening.

THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW CONDEMNED

Papers Read By Messrs. Fowler, Howard West and Hardman—What the Institute Does For the Mines of the Province.

The members of the Canadian Mining Institute spent a quiet day yesterday. In the morning they made a trip to the Hall Mines smelter where they were shown around by the officials there. All the workings of the big institution were shown to them and all expressed themselves as very pleased with what they saw. After luncheon a trip to the Athabasca mine was on the programme but the transportation facilities of the City proved very inadequate to take the visitors up the hill. However one vehicle was procured and a small party was driven up to the mill which was running full blast. The workings of the machinery were explained to the visitors who were not already familiar with such an industry. It was on the cards for some of the mining men to visit the mine via the tramway but this part of the programme was not carried out. It is unfortunate that there are not facilities supplied by the local livery men for visits to the neighboring mines as Nelson people generally would have liked to have had the members of the Institute visit such a representative mine as the Athabasca.

The large majority of the visitors could not go into the hills so did not. Most of them, however, were taken charge of by Nelson friends and the water proved to be the Mecca. Capt. Troup entertained a party in his handsome steam yacht and a very pleasant time was spent along the water front the charming weather adding greatly to the enjoyment. Mr. J. Keith Reid took charge of another party in his yacht Myth while a third party went fishing. Among the latter party were gentlemen whose veracity has heretofore been above reproach, but when they said they caught seven fish and left them at the boat house the other members of the Institute made unkind remarks, which indicated that they were not quite persuaded that they had ever been seven fish in the Lake. Another party will be organized to go fishing before the gentlemen leave the City so there is yet an opportunity for them to redeem their lost characters. In the evening all the members attended the meeting of the Institute held in the Fraternal Hall.

This morning the members of the Institute will become the guests of the Hall Mines, and will pack into wagons and visit the Silver King mine, where luncheon will be served and an inspection made of Nelson's premier mine. That is as far as the programme extends and the members will be entertained by friends on their return. They leave tomorrow morning for the Slocan country, and will return to Nelson on Saturday morning, remaining here until Sunday night when they leave for home via the Crow's Nest line.

The meeting held by the Mining Institute in the Friendly Societies Hall was to some extent a revelation to the large audience who attended of the excellent work the Institute is doing in Canada. The Society which has a membership of over 300, consisting of the leading representative men in Canada who are interested more or less in mining, exercises a wide influence over its extensive sphere of work equally in all the Provinces of the Dominion.

The discussions that followed the readings of the papers last night, the various speeches that were made by the members, and the thoroughly capable and masterly manner in which facts, vital facts as regards mining interests, were dealt with by the members in general, considerably impressed the large audience. So long as men of such intelligence and culture as our visitors possess can be found to travel some 3,000 miles in order to diligently investigate the mineral wealth of this Province, and at the same time listen with interest to those here who are in a position to speak on mining matters as experts, there can be every hope that the welfare of British Columbia and her unlimited and rich mineral resources will be duly recognized by the most enlightened men in Canada.

There were over 80 present at the meeting last night, the audience consisting of the members of the Institute now visiting Nelson and the leading mining men in this district. The chairman made a short opening speech and thanked those of the citizens who were present for their attendance. The minutes of the last meeting were read and passed and then an election of members took place, a number of those who were enrolled being prominent local men. The Secretary, Mr. Bell, briefly explained the objects of the Institute and mentioned that the Dominion Government had made arrangements for the entry of dredging appliances into the Dominion free of duty.

Mr. Fowler, the consulting engineer for the London and B. C. Gold Fields, was then requested by the president to read his paper on the Ymir mine.

Mr. Fowler began by describing the position of the Ymir mine. The area of the Salmon river country covered about 900 square miles in the midst of a rough rectangular mountainous district of about 1,450 square miles. This district was, until 1896, when opened out by the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway, almost inaccessible. Some 35 years ago there were some placer mines worked at the mouth of the Salmon river. In 1885, two years before the discovery of the Silver King mine, the Halls located some claims on the head of Wild Horse Creek. In 1896, with the advent of the railway, a number of locations were made. At the present day there are many valuable mines in the district as for example, the Fern, Porto Rico, Yellowstone, Second Relief and Arlington.

The rock of that district is not physically complicated in structure. Glaciers have been important factors in its typography. The rock is of igneous origin with a mixture of sedimentary formations such as slate. In some parts are found quartzites and crystalline limestones. The Ymir mine is situated on the west side of the valley of a north fork of Wild Horse creek. It was taken over by the present owners in 1896 and since that date some 5,000 feet of development work has been done showing up an ore body 500 feet in length. A depth of 500 feet has been attained but as yet no water to interfere with mining operations has been encoutered. The maximum width of the ore body is 30 feet. A few slips and narrow fissures have been met 300 feet of the ore body consists of white quartz but the western 200 feet consist of a dark, smoky-blue quartz running higher in gold values. The walls are usually very free. Subsequent to the deposition of the ore, dykes and fractures were intruded followed by movements more or less in the direction of the plane of the vein, with the result that other fissures were formed extending diagonally to the strike of the vein. These latter fissures caused an oxidising process producing a band of carbonate and an increase in gold value. As yet not sufficient stoping has been done to ascertain thoroughly the structural nature of the vein, consequently mistakes are apt to arise. For instance, in one level a four foot dyke comes squarely up to the footwall where it turns at right angles to the left along the wall and continues coming gradually to the right for 20 feet where it crosses the drift squarely. On going through the dyke slate was found, and, crosscutting the outerside, it was found it suddenly turned again. It is impossible to ascertain how or where the dyke proceeds into the hanging wall as yet. Failure to examine closely the footwall rock led the managers astray. So far no special system of work has been adopted though probably a combined system of crib work will be followed. There are two classes of ore in the mine namely mill stuff and crude ore. The former is sent direct to the mill, the latter, which is partly crude galena, partly oxidised ore or carbonate (of limited amount), is shipped direct to the Hall Mines smelter. There is a 40-stamp mill of 850 pounds at the mine. The battery is in four sets of 10-stamps each. It is driven by water power from a Pelton wheel and can crush over 100 tons per diem. In operating the mill one inside plate accumulates four per cent. of gold. The upper part of the outside plate gathers 80 per cent of recovered free gold, which passes through the screens. The lower part is very valuable and passes an extemely small amount of free gold. The small sizeof the galena particles, together with their gravity causes them to catch in the minute depression of the amalgam, therefor the plates are dressed every six hours which results in their always being in excellent condition. The bullion produced averages 580-1000 gold, 400-1000 silver, and 20-1000 base. This shows no amalgamation of lead, but a large amount of free silver. Other prospects in the vicinity are not yet sufficiently developed to show whether it is exceptional in its character. It is highly probable however, that the success in store for it will bring the Salmon River country into greater prominence.

At the conclusion of the paper there was considerable applause and then followed a short discussion after which the president called upon Mr. Howard West to read his paper on "Small Economies in Mining."

This subject, said Mr. West, was an all important one as all the world's mineral produce depended on the strictest economy being observed. Of late years great strides had been made in this direction—notably in the Transvaal, where the cyanide process has raised the standard of efficiency hither to attained there. In British Columbia isolated examples of economical mine management compared favorably with some of the best undertakings elsewhere. Certainly there were disadvantages in this country to contend with, still there was ample room for a more general system of economy. For instance in the Slocan, where he (Mr. Howard West) had resided for five years, economic principles were most elementary. Owing to the richness of the ores there, the element of chance played a considerable part. On the other hand in the Rossland camp where the ore was as a rule low grade, quantity more than quality brought matters down to a more mathematical basis. In the Slocan only ores of fairly high grade will pay to ship. According to the report of the Minister of Mines for the past two years the average value of the ore shipped in the Slocan was 103 ounces in silver and 46 per cent. of lead to the ton. The allurement of a quick return often tempted a mine manager to extract only the rich ores of a mine, neglecting those which, if properly worked, would pay a small percentage. By so doing many low grade properties suffered. However, the steady influx of capital meant that more attention would be paid to the quantity of tonnage. If low grade ores were worked the production of the Slocan would be trebled and the accumulation which was now a burden would then become capital. In Ontario and Quebec ores running as low as six ounces in silver and 10 per cent in lead to the ton could be worked at a profit. One great evil in mine management was the employment of unqualified engineers as managers or superintendents. This was a frequent cause of waste and extravagance. Again the high cost of transportation and treatment and also the duty on lead were serious considerations. As to treatment, owners should guarantee to send their whole year'ly output to one smelter and make the best terms they could. They should also eliminate as far as possible all injurious material from their ore. A strict economical system of accounts should also be observed, but this branch of mining economy would be dealt with by Mr. Hardman.

Mr. Howard West concluded with saying that in mining the highest professional skill was the cheapest in the long run.

The paper was well received and after a short discussion, Mr. Hardman stated that he had written a long paper dealing with an elaborate s stem of mining book-keeping. He, however, only read a synopsis of his paper the which he stated would shortly be printed with figures and comparative tables.

Mr. H. E. Croasdaile then addressed the meeting. He referred to the action of the legislation in passing hurriedly the Eight-Hour law and stated that the measure was both unexpected and uncalled for. The greatest caution was needed in dealing with laws that restricted in anyway the freedom of contract and he gave instances of this in New Zealand. The act was unfair for it only aimed at metaliferous mines, whereas laborers on railway tunnels did not come under the act. He begged to move the following resolution:

"Be it resolved that this Institute feels the necessity of recording its strong disapproval of recent legislation in this Province, legislation that was unasked for by the miners and which interferes with the freedom of contract by restricting the hours of labor underground the which has lead to the closing down of many active mines in this Province and has caused a disturbance of the cordial relations which had hitherto existed between capital and labor; also that the committee be authorised to take such action as it may think fit and forward a copy of this resolution to the Hon. the Minister of Mines."

Mr. Bell (the Secretary) asked what steps had been taken by the mine owners to have the obnoxious act repealed? The members from the East had only heard of the act by reading the local newspapers. They now understood the gravity of the situation.

Mr. Roderick Robertson said that the commercial men had raised a protest in the shape of a resolution from the joint Boards of Trade of Kootenay.

Mr. Heddle pointed out that coal miners were not affected by the act.

Mr. Mann created much laughter by stating that in his opinion the day of 24 hours should be divided into equal thirds, viz., eight hours for work, eight hours for amusement and eight hours for rest.

Mr. Roderick Robertson explained the extraordinary methods which were adopted in passing the act and which are too well known now to recapitulate.

A member wanted to know if an eight-hour day was not the most economical for both employer and employee?

Mr. Croasdaile explained that in actual practice the hours of labor in the mines (working two shifts) were reduced from 19 to 16 hours in the 24 hours.

Mr. Dick thought it a mistake for a body representing the whole Dominion to take any part in local politics.

The president pointed out that the resolution did not call for any action, but only an expression of opinion.

Mr. Bell said that the Institute would help all Provinces equally. It had aided Nova Scotia in repealing certain harmful amendments to the mining laws there and it was determined to fight against any attempts of the legislatures to injury the mining interests of the Dominion.

The resolution was then put and carried unanimously, the result being greeted with applause.

Mr. Feodore Boas then in an admirable speech thanked Mr. Fowler for his exceedingly able paper and also Messrs. Howard West and Hardman for their contributions. He referred in eulogistic terms to the brilliant future of British Columiba and said that the Institute would use every effort to make known the great mineral wealth that only needed capital to develop. He concluded with a warning against bogus companies and wildcat schemes.

Mr. A. Stevenson seconded Mr. Boas' resolution and said that the sooner the mine owners got together and did some missionary work with the Provincial legislators the better it would be for the mines.

A formal vote of thanks was then passed and after a short discussion on the form in which the Institute's report was to be published the meeting adjourned

M'GOVERN WINS.

New York, Sept. 12.—Jerry McGovern of Brooklyn, defeated "Pedlar" Palmer, of London, in the arena of the Westchester Club, near Tuckahoe, N. Y., today and earned the title of bantam champion of the world, although both contestants were actually in the featherweight class. The Englishman although forcing the pace at the outset was really never in it. McGovern, batted his opponent into partial insensibility. The Brooklyn lad's arms worked like piston rods and the punishment which he meted out to Palmer was swift and terrible. The victory was clean cut and decisive. By mutual agreement the men met at catch weights.

FRANCO-AMERICAN TREATY AFFECTED

Sentiment Against French In the Senate.

INDIVIDUAL OPINIONS.

Verdict Will Not Affect Exposition in the U. S., as an Appropriation Has Already Been Made.

Washington, Sept. 12.—It is believed that when congress assembles there will be considerable agitation of a proposition for this Government to abandon its participation in the Paris exposition. It is known that expressions hostile to the exposition quoted from Senator Stewart are widely sympathized in and it is thought that if the conviction of Dreyfus is permitted to stand there will be little friendly feeling for France among the members of either the House or Senate. Such a move, however, would be a grave one. It is pointed out that to withdraw from participation in the exposition would be regarded as an official insult to France.

No further legislation on the part of congress is needed to carry out the plans of this country for the exposition. About $1,200,000 has been appropriated for the expense of the commission and the Government exhibit. The commission has been appointed and the space desired for exhibit has been secured. There are only two ways in which congress could interfere. One would be to revoke such part of the appropriation as has not been already expended in the expenses of the commission and the other would be to pass a resolution declaring that on account of the unsettled conditions the valuable Government exhibits should not be sent to Paris. To do either of these things would be sufficient, it is believed, to break off all friendly relations between the two countries. Congress and the State Department may look at the matter from different points of view. The president and the state department having responsiblity for maintaining our relations with foreign governments can not be expected to find in this affair a reason for involving the country in an international complication and it is likely that the executive branch of the Government will use what influence it can to prevent hasty action.

Unless congress expressly forbids it this Government will proceed with the preparations for the exposition and will send to Paris such government exhibits as are decided on, but this will be done with a realization of the probability that much of the peace secured with such difficulty for private American exhibits will be left vacant. Little doubt is felt that the latitude allowed the private citizens will be quite extensively availed of to withdraw from participation in the exposition.

Another difficulty in the way of an effort to prevent participation in the exposition, however, will be found in the fact that before congress has been assembled much of the Government exhibit probably will be packed and on its way to Paris, if not actually there. The exposition opens in April, and the work of transporting and preparing the exhibit will have to begin some months before that time. Up to this time it is said the preparation of the Government exhibit has not begun, but the work will proceed as soon as the Government officials are ready.

Representative Hepburn of Iowa said today, that he had ceased to marvel at the methods of French army justice after observing how the trial of Dreyfus was conducted. No such trial or verdict was possible in the United States. He did not think it would in any way affect diplomatic relations between this country and France nor did he think it would interfere with United States exhibitors at the coming exposition.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The Dreyfus verdict is attracting much attention throughout official quarters, but naturally those in responsible positions, whose opinion would be valuable, are reluctant to express adverse comment because of the national aspect of the case. The feeling is generally, however, in favor of Dreyfus and a strong sentiment has developed against the injustice, which, according to prevailing belief, he has been subjected to. Some of the officials express the fear that this sentiment will have a serious effect on the Franco-American treaty when it comes before the Senate, as that instrument has not proved very popular and the present feeling may turn the tide against it.

Paris Sept. 12.—Under the head of "Pacification," The Temps this evening urges the Government to take advantage of the present conditions and pardon Dreyfus, which it adds, would put the finishing touch to the Rennes verdict and would permit France to occupy herself with the affairs of the country and the exhibition.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 12.—W. Longley, Attorney-General of Nova Scotia, will issue a letter tomorrow, in which he vigorously denounces the second condemnation of Dreyfus and urges the nations of the world to join in a general boycott of the Paris exposition. Mr. Longley says:

"It is not surprising that the world should stand aghast at the spectacle of a human being condemned absolutely without evidence, with a public trial, in the face of the whole world, conducted indeed, in the face of the fact that the evidence pointed almost conclusively to his innocence. In all events it established beyond question that his former conviction was the result of forgery, falsehood and conspiracy. The public opinion of the world has a right to make itself heard and felt in this and every matter which outrages the sense of justice. It seems to me that the means are at hand to make France instantly and keenly sensible to the moral consequences of this prostitution of justice. A great world's fair is to be held at Paris in the year 1900. All the nations of the world have been invited to praticipate in this great exposition, and most of the great nations of the world have engaged to be there, Great Britain, the United States and Canada among the number. My proposition is that, in view of this infamous moral turpitude of the French people sanctioned by the Government and upheld by the mob, the nations of the world should, one by one, refuse to participate in this centennial show. They could very well allege that they were afraid to trust their representatives in a country where an innocent man can be condemned without a shadow of evidence and without any manly protest from the nations at large."

COLONIES CONFEDERATE.

London, Sept. 12.—The confederation scheme of Australian Colonies, which has been attracting much attention, provides that addresses to the Queen from three Colonies, asking power to form a confederation shall be sufficient for its formation. As three Colonies, New South Wales, South Australia and Victoria have voted addresses on the subject, Imperial Parliament upon resumption of its sessions, will, it is presumed, take the matter up, whether or not it will result in the other Colonies being favorable to joining the movement.

Queensland, West Australia, and Tasmania have not yet settled the question. Queensland's final vote is not yet known and no address has been passed. Tasmania's vote carried federation, but its Parliament has not yet voted an address. West Australia has not yet voted. New Zealand has nothing to do with confederation question. If Queensland, Tasmania and West Australia eventually decide for it, they will be taken in. It is presumed they will favor it. Their decision will probably be known before re-assembling of Imperial Parliament, but as already pointed out confederation is already assured by action of three other Colonies.

DISCUSSING GOVERNMENT.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The Cabinet meeting today was practically devoted to the discussion of a form of local government for Porto Rico. A general plan has been worked out which was gone over in detail, but no final action was taken.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND MEN.

London, Sept. 12.—It is said that Sir George Stewart White, V. C., former Quartermaster-General, has been selected to command British forces in Natal. Sir George leaves for Natal next Saturday. His division it is expected will number 15,000 men.

NEW VENEZUELAN CABINET.

Caracas, Venezuela, Sept 12.—A new cabinet has been formed with Senor Calcano as foreign minister. President Andrade has left here to take command of the troops operating against General Castro, the revolutionary leader.

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IN A BAD WAY.

It is a matter of very grave doubt whether affairs in this Province are not going from bad to worse. When the Legislature met last session it was supposed to be very largely under the influence of Mr. Martin. Its temper made the passing of certain mischievous legislation possible, and that gentleman hastened to take advantage of it. It is not known that Mr. Cotton sympathised entirely with the course taken by his colleague, but he allowed himself to drift with the others and accepted, if he did not approve, all that was done. Now, that Mr. Martin is out, and only too evidently engaged in the endeavor to organise a following in support of his socialistic views, it would appear that there is rivalry between him and Mr. Cotton in bidding for the socialist vote. We quote from The Victoria Colonist:

"Mr. Cotton claims that the Government is fighting an organized oligarchy. This is false and he knows it, but it suits his present purpose to say so. He has been most anxious to make friends with what he calls 'the organized oligarchy.' When he sought to get Mr. Helmcken to enter the Government he did so in the hope that he would thereby secure the support of the gentlemen whom he wishes the public to understand constitute this oligarchy. When all the truth is told of the schemes to which this dangerous man resorted in order to save his political bacon, the workingmen of British Columbia will know how much of a friend he is of theirs, and how little sincere he is in his pretensions to be the champion of their interests. He has been engaged in his old game of running with the hare and hunting with the hounds. While he has been posing as the friend of organized labor and declaring that he intended to frame the policy of the Government solely in this interest, he has been secretly intriguing with great financial concerns for their support, ready at any moment to sell out the workingmen, if the other people would take him up. This is well known to every one who understands the inner history of the political events of the last few months. Now, however, that he understands that the business community is sick of him and the Government of which he is a member, he is prepared to throw himself body and soul into the ranks of the agitators, and hastens to assure the public that the violent demonstration at Nanaimo was only in the direction which the Government is already pursuing."

The legislation we already have is bad enough and has done harm enough. It has checked the development of our mining industry to an extent that has created very grave alarm in quarters to which we look for aid and encouragement. The situation will speedily grow worse once it is understood that the Government is competing with those master demagogues, Mr. Martin and Mr. McInnes, in a reckless agitation threatening more and graver mischief, the end of which no man can tell. Something must happen soon to check the growing apprehension of calamity and to restore confidence in our industrial stability, otherwise the business of the Province will go quite to the dogs. Certainly we cannot expect capital for the development of our great mineral resources in the face of socialist demonstrations with which the Government is in declared sympathy.

SOME OF THE FRUITS OF IT

In a recent issue of The Province newspaper, of Vancouver, appeared the following impudent paragraph:

"Some statements made by The Nelson Miner as to the depressing effects of the Eight-Hour law are reproduced by The Monetary Times, accompanied by comments of its own which may have given its readers an exaggerated idea of the said effects. A journal like The Monetary Times should be more careful in regard to its sources of information If it made an independent inquiry it would find the general commercial situation in Kootenay much less gloomy than is indicated by the remarks it has been led to offer. There has been more or less stoppage of trade at local points, but the effect on the aggregate trade of the district is not serious."

We have characterised this paragraph as impudent, and for a reason that will readily occur to most readers. The Province does not know, nor has it opportunities of knowing, anything more of the general commercial situation in Kootenay than it does of that in Ontario. The Miner is published in the heart of Kootenay, and is in close touch with all the conditions affecting its prosperity. As a source of information respecting those conditions it enjoys advantages which the Vancouver paper cannot pretend to possess. Yet the latter impudently suggests to The Monetary Times that it should take its information from Vancouver rather than from Nelson.

The information referred to is in relation to a paragraph which appeared in these columns a short time ago, to the effect that business in Ymir had suffered severely in consequence of the Eight-Hour law. It was not given on the authority of The Miner, but on that of a well known business man of Nelson, who had just returned from a visit to the place. Reports of commercial travellers were mentioned in corroboration. It required an unusual amount of impudence to thrust aside such evidence as this. Unfortunately The Miner has no need to insist that its information was correct. Nelson is but a few miles from Ymir, and it is generally known here that the Eight-Hour law has hit it somewhat severely.

For the special information of the Vancouver paper it may be stated further that the same law has almost entirely paralysed trade throughout the Slocan country. A gentleman doing business in its principal town reports that his gross receipts for the month of August were exactly ten per cent. of his monthly expenses. That is given as an example in illustration, and is the direct result of the Eight-Hour law.

It is pleasant to read of the cordial reception given to the Governor-General's Foot Guards by the citizens of Albany, the capital of New York State, on the occasion of their visit to participate in the celebration of Labor Day. Somehow, by reason of the contrast, no doubt, it recalls a visit made some years ago by Sir Oliver Mowat, then Premier of Ontario. The State Legislature was in session, and some friendly member desired to invite Sir Oliver to a seat on the floor of the House. But the suggestion was met with a storm of opposition, and the Ontario Premier was obliged to retreat under a torrent of epithets that were not regarded as either very courteous or very neighborly. The plucky little gentleman took it out of them, however. It was during the same visit he addressed a large meeting in Syracuse, in the course of which he took occasion to tell his audience that he would rather be Premier of Ontario than Governor of the State of New York; he would rather be Premier of Canada than President of the United States.

VERY EXPLICIT.

A Pretoria Press correspondent wonders at Mr. Chamberlain's inability to understand the Boer franchise law, and thus aptly describes it:

"Look here, if a man comes into the country before the law is passed, he can get a franchise nine years after he has been seven years in the country, five years after the law was passed, or within five years after he has been here two years, provided he has been here seven years after he came here nine years ago, provided he can prove to the satisfaction of the Field Cornet, the Commandant, the State Secretary, the State Attorney, and the Under Secretary of the Green Tape and Sealing Wax Office, that he has always been a man of good character, and has never played less than penny nap. He must then give six months notice that he intends to apply five years after he has been here nine years, or two years after he has been here seven years, and the Field Cornet shall then take his name and address and forward the same to the Commandant, who shall forward it to the State Attorney, who shall forward it to the Landfrost, who shall forward it to the State Secretary, who shall call a special meeting of the Executive Council at once. The thing's as clear as mud. I can't see what all this fuss is about."

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Meteorological Report.

(Observations taken by H. Harris.)

DATE	DAY	HIGHEST	LOWEST	RAIN FALL	BAROMETER
Sept 5	Tuesday	58.0	.044	0.00	27.90
Sept 6	Wednesday	62.0	47.0	0.01	28.04
Sept 7	Thursday	67 0	42.5	0.00	28.05
Sept 8	Friday	65.0	39.0	0.00	27.98
Sept 9	Saturday	79.0	50.0	0.00	28.00
Sept 10	Sunday	84 0	48.0	0.00	28.14
Sept 11	Monday	79.5	51 0	0.00	27.96

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— Blackcock Mining Company.....20c

ALEX. STEWART,

Mining and Real Estate Broker
Turner-Boeckh Block, Nelson.

C.W.WEST & CO.

General Teamsters.

Agents Imperial Oil Co

Dealers in Wood and Lime.

OFFICE COR. BAKER & HALL STS
TELEPHONE 33.

GOOD INVESTMENT.

International Registry Company does not only look after you while away from home, but pays you $15.00 per week while laid up through Scarlet, Typhoid or Typhus Fever or Smallpox.

Only $3.00 per year. Call before too late.

GAMBLE & O'REILLY,
Agents, Nelson, B.C.

BOARD AND ROOM

First-Class Board and Room, Todd's old stand, in rear of English Church. Table Board, $4.00. Room and Board, $5.00 and $5.50.

J. V.. O'LAUGHLIN.

Atlantic S. S. Lines

From Montreal

Dominion Line "Cambroman"	Sept. 23
Dominion Line "Scotsman"	Sept. 30
Beaver Line "Lake Superior"	Sept. 20
Beaver Line "Arawa"	Sept. 27
Allan Line "Tainue"	Sept. 21
Allan Line "Parisian"	Sept. 28

From New York

White Star Line "Oceanic"	Sept. 20
White Star Line "Majestic"	Sept. 27
Cunard Line "Lucania"	Sept. 23
Cunard Line "Etruria"	Sept. 30
Anchor Line "Furnessia"	Sept. 23
Allan State Line "Mongolian"	Sept. 23
American Line "St. Louis"	Sept. 20

From Boston

Dominion Line "New England"	Sept. 27
Dominion Line "Canada"	Oct. 11

Passages arranged to and from all European points. For rates, tickets and full information apply to C. P. R, depot agent or C. E. Beasley, City Passenger Agent, Nelson, B. C.

W. P. F. CUMMINGS,
General Agent, C P. R. Offices Winnipeg.

PARSONS PRODUCE COMPANY.

WHOLESALE

Butter, Eggs, Cheese Cured Meats, Green Fruits and Vegetables.

SHIPPERS OF THE EARLY BREAKFAST BRAND OF EGGS.

Full Stocks carried at Nelson and Rossland. Mail Orders Solicited.

C. D. J. CHRISTIE

GENERAL BROKER.

Fire, Life, Accident and Sickness INSURANCE.

Real Estate and Loans.

TO LET.—Several Houses of Different Sizes.

FOR SALE.—RealEstate in all parts of the City.

Nelson Cleaning and Dyeing Establishment.

S. D. PIERRE Prop.

Ladies' and Gents' Clothing cleaned dyed, altered and repaired.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

Rear of Clarke Hotel. NELSON

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

INCORPORATED 1670

What is the difference between TETLEY'S Teas and other brands?

Just the same as between the Athabasca mine and any one of the hundreds of wild cats that have been exploited in the past years. Experience has proved the value of the one; the others MIGHT be good, but—— Is it worth your while experimenting when you can get sure returns by investing in the guaranteed article?

TETLEY'S is the only package tea sold by

Hudson's Bay Stores.

West Baker St., Nelson.

Telephone 13.

BRING YOUR

JOB

WORK

To the NELSON DAILY MINER OFFICE

WE have the most completely equipped Job Office in the Kootenays, and are therefore prepared to turn out the Best Work, and we do it at rock bottom prices,

QUICKLY, NEATLY, AND CHEAPLY.

W. J. G. DICKSON

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Choice residential lots and good business lots for sale.

Over two hundred lots in Addition A are on the market.

Hume Addition and city property for sale.

Business property a specialty.

LADIES' SUITS

NEW, STYLISH, AND CHEAP.

MARTIN O'REILLY & CO.

TERMS CASH.

MISCELLANEOUS

Advertisements inserted under this head at the rate of one cent a word per insertion. No advertisement taken for less than 25 cents.

WANTED—A grubstake, by two miners, to continue tunnel on valuable gold-copper property. In 25 feet on lode. Expect to strike shipping ore in 75 feet. Will give a third interest for grubsthke, or will sell a third interest for same purpose. For particulars write J. A. Sullivan, Kichener, B.C.

HOUSEKEEPER OR HELP—Lady wishes re-engagement as above; experienced; highest references. Address Mrs. L. Strafford, Post-Office, Calgary.

WANTED—By trustworthy person, house-work in small family. Address D. T. U., Enderby, B C.

FOR SALE—Two lots (with improvements) corner Josephine and Latimer streets, Apply R. G. Joy, Star Bakery. tf

THE PRESBYTERY

A VERY LARGE CONGREGATION IN ATTENDANCE.

An Eloquent Address Delivered by Rev. Dr. Hammil—Presbytery in Session at 10 O'Clock Today.

The opening meeting of the Presbytery of Kootenay was held last evening in St. Paul's Presbyterian church with a full representation of members of Presbytery. The announcement that the Rev. Prof. Hammill, of Belfast, Ireland, was to speak brought out a large congregation to hear the distinguished divine from the Emerald Isle. After devotional exercises conducted by the moderator, the Rev. R Frew, the Presbytery was constituted, but on motion of Rev. Mr. Menzies the ordinary routine of business was postponed till a later hour in order that Prof. Hammill might have an opportunity of addressing the meeting. Upon being introduced the speaker of the evening expressed his pleasure at being present at a Presbytery meeting in Canada, and particularly at the second meeting of the youngest Presbytery within the bounds of the General Assembly. He had been struck with the frankness with which the Canadians had put the question to him. : How do you like us? How do you like our country? Naturally the question was somewhat of an embarrassing one. Much as if it were put by a charming young lady in the full bloom of her youth and beauty, and one could hardly help giving but one answer but he said, in the present case the question is one which I can answer without embarrassment, for candidly I like Canada and like the Canadian people. From the time when I landed at Montreal, and as I journeyed westward to Toronto, up the lakes to Winnipeg, where I spent ten days, then across the grain lands and rolling praries to Calgary and Banff, through magnificent mountains of British Columbia to Vancouver and Victoria, the immensity of your country has grown upon me and delighted me beyond measure. But what has pleased me most is the future which is before you. On every hand are vast resources as yet practically undeveloped which are capable of sustaining a large population. The new towns of Rossland and Nelson have been revelations and betoken the great material wealth in store for you Your country must become great and rich. But great as these material resources are and bright as the future is in this respect I believe that there is a greater future even than this in store for this young nation of the West. What I mean is that part Canada is to play in the higher life of mankind. The Anglo-Saxon race has proved itself to be the race which purposely or unconsciously is making for the dissemination of justice and righteousness among the nations and I believe that in this work the Canadian people are to have a large share. More and more the influence of the younger nations will be felt in perhaps a larger degree than that of the old land. And what makes me hopeful for Canada is the evidence I have seen of the existence of this spirit among your people. It was my good fortune to come in contact with many of the students of Manitoba College during my stay in Winnipeg and I found the majority of them were moved with an earnest desire to serve their country and their God. Prof Hammill went on to pay a high tribute to the valuable work Manitoba College is rendering to home missions in Western Canada in overturning the world-wide custom of winter sessions by its summer session and by their means of making available a large number of men for service during the winter months. He closed his address by expressing the sympathy which the Irish church had for Canadian Home Missions. A work which belonged both to the churches in Britain and that in Canada. He had been struck by the intense loyalty of Canadians to the Empire and he thought that this was probably fostered by the Home Rule enjoyed by Canadians and although he never had been and never would be in favor of Home Rule in Ireland he thought perhaps the Irish people might be more loyal to the Imperial Government if they had a local government to abuse as Canadians had. He was glad to see a united Empire but what he longed to see most of all was a united church of God working and striving for the spread of justice, of truth and righteousness among the nations.

At the close of the address many of those present were introduced to Prof. Hammill before he left the church to go to the steamer by which he went east last night to Chicago, Pittsburg and Washington, where he will attend the meeting of the Pan-Presbyterian council.

After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting Presbytery adjourned to convene this morning at 10 o'clock.

ACCIDENT TO MR. R. HEDLEY.

Mr. R. Hedley, the superintndent of the Hall Mines Smelter, met with a nasty accident on Monday. He was making some notes and while doing so rested one of his feet on a pile of lead pigs. One of the pigs became dislodged, rolled down and fell on the other foot, severely crushing it. Dr. La Bau, who attended him, found that though no bones were broken the limb was badly contused, and it may be some time before Mr. Hedley will be able to use it again. Much sympathy is felt for Mr Hedley by his numerous friends The accident happened at an unfortunate time, as Mr. Hedley had been specially requested to read a paper at the meeting of the Mining Institute last night.

The Miner joins in the universal wish or a speedy recovery to the popular supetrintendent.

THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW.

An English Journalist Tells of Its Effect on the Old Worrld Market.

W. Lefroy the managing director of the British Columbia Review, which is the only weekly journal published in London devoted entirely to Canadian mining and financial affairs, is stopping for a few days at the Hotel Phair and was seen by a representative of The Miner. He congratulated our representative on the firm stand which The Mine has taken on the question of the Eight-Hour law which he said, has done more harm in London financial circles than any previous blunder made by the Government. "Nothing," he said "is so inimical to the investment of British capital as labor troubles. I knew of several deals," he continued, "which were indefinitely postponed when Mr. Martin's law came in force and a more gratuitous piece of idocy is hard to imagine. The position is this. The Transvaal is closed to British investor for the time being. The Westralian goldfields, in spite of the intermittent professional booms are not seriously regarded by the provincial investor—the backbone of the stock Exchange, and British Columbia which has hitherto had no black marks against its name was the first favorite for the ever accumulating millions of English merchants and traders just at the critical moment when a large influx of capital was gradually assured Joe Martin brings in this quite uncalled for eight-hour law and the inflow is checked—absolutely. It is difficult to conceive how your representatives in Victoria could have permitted this professional agitator to ruin your prospects in the way he has done. There is still an opportunity—now before the Transvaal question is settled—if you immediately suspend this law, of attracting British capital. You have everything to offer. You past record is excellent, you have every mineral except tin, an excellent climate, good mining laws, the finest water and railway accommodations of any mining country in the world and are under the British flag I would most strongly urge upon you to remember this—There is a surplus of money seeking investment in the old country today which may be attracted towards your mines, but if this opportunity is missed and the Transvaal is again pacified you may have to wait many long years before you can win the attention of the British investor and they are the people who alone have sufficient money to develop this grand country as it deserves."

In regard to a query of our representative Mr. Lefroy said that he had come out here on purpose to put the present position of affairs straightforwardly before the people of this Province and also to obtain support for his publication. "It is not right" he said, "that a publication such as the British Columbia Review which has been published every week in London for the last two and a half years should be entirely dependent on private enteprise. Everyone in the Province who desires to see the Province take its proper place in the market of the world should support this journal by being subscribers and thus enabling the publishers to publish every week illustrations showing the progress of the mining industry and also weekly cablegrams giving accurate informaiton regarding the mining output."

Concerning the last matter Mr. Lefroy said, "the chief cablegrams published in the old country seem to emanate from Tacoma and are the most misleading and false statements appearing in the English press—not excepting the subsidized reports from the Boer Government. I will guarantee," said Mr. Lefroy, "if all your leading merchants, brokers and mining men will support this journal to porduce in London every week as large and well illustrated paper as those issued by the African and Australian goldfields, which, as you know, are lare ly supported by the several Governments.

CAMERON GETS THREE MONTHS

Thomas Cameron was brought before Judge Forin yesterday for a Speedy Trial on the charge of stealing a cheque of $15.05 from John Leech. The prosecutor gave evidence to prove the offence. A. Lee, a hotel porter at the Grand Central proved the taking of the cheque from Leech.

R. Wilson, a bar-tender at the Silver King Hotel deposed that the prisoner asked him to cash the cheque. He was told that it had been stolen so refused to comply with Cameron's request. The prisoner, who elected to give evidence swore that he only took the cheque from Leech in order to protect him from losing it or having it stolen. The judge refused to believe the prisoner's story and sentenced him to three months' imprisonment with hard labor.

MINISTER COTTON HERE.

He Says the Government Will Continue to Do Business.

Hon. F. L. Carter-Cotton, Finance Minister of the Province, arrived in the city yesterday on Government business, and will remain until Wednesday, when he leaves for Nelson. Today, accompanied by Hon. James M. Martin, he will inspect the proposed wagon road to Sophie mountain in order to determine when work should be started upon it. He will also examine the court house site and plans, and attend to other Government matters. Yesterday Mr. Cotton was kept very busy listening to the representations made by leading citizens in regard to matters over which the Government has supervision and he had very little time for newspaper interviews. In reply to some questions put to him by a representative of The Miner, however, he said that there was no doubt of the continued existence of the Government. They had a clear majority over all, and would continue business at the old stand and enact good legislation for the Province without regard to carping criticism from any quarter whatsoever. The House, he said, would reassemble on January 4th, and it would then become manifest that the ministry were still sustained by a majority of the legislators and still retained the confidence of the people. Mr. Cotton is a guest at the Allan House, and may expect to be beseiged today, as he was yesterday, by visitors of all classes and shades of opinion.—Rossland Miner.

NELSON LAWN TENNIS CLUB.

Bright weather favored the annual tournament of the Nelson Lawn Tennis Club, which commenced last Saturday. The following are the results so far:

Open Singles—1st round, Dickson beat Wilson; Macrae beat Crickmay; Pollock beat Morris; Haines a bye.

Second round, Dickson beat Haines; Macrae beat Pollok.

Final—Macrae beat Dickson.

Open Doubles—Dickson and Morris beat Haines and Macrae.

Mixed Doubles—Miss F. Crickmay and Mr. Crickmay beat Miss Campbell and Mr. Dickson.

FOR THE KOOENAYS.

Mr. B T. A. Bell, who is with the Mining Institute, is taking a number of photographs for the Canadian Mining Review, which will, in October, issue a special illnstratd edition devoted to the Kootenay country.

AT THE HOTELS.

Phair—J. B. Hill, Vancouver; W. A. Griffiths, Toronto; R. D. Seymour, Chicago; H. Needham, Poorman mine; James D. Sword, Rossland; G. S. Clapp, and wife, Spokane; J. S. Leckie, Greenwood; Du Paty De Clam, Paris; A. J. McMillan, Rossland; T. G. Holt, Vancouver; G. W. Hughes, Alamo; Alex Dick, Rossland; B. Simpson, A. M. McDougall, Toronto; Robert Anderson, Winnipeg; John Pringle, A. Moore, Vancouver.

Hume—R. Northcote, Toronto; Geo. C. Rowan, South Omaha; D.P. Hatch, Los Anglees; J. L. Parker, Rossland; J. R. Ferguson, J. T. Wilkinson, Vancouver; H. W. Gerhardt, Winnipeg; L. H. Allison, Athabasca; E. A. Baker, Vancouver; R. H. Bradshaw, Peterboro; W. F. Robertson, Victoria; W. F. Bennett, Camborne, Eng; Rowland Machin, Rossland; A. A. Boak, Mrs. H. Bunting, Robt. Wood, Vancouver; A. L. Clements, Ashcroft; J. Cruse, Trail.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. Rowan general agent for Messrs. Swift & Co.'s ham and bacon, is in Nelson.

Mr. Randolph Bruce, who is working the Sitting Bull group on Boulder creek in the Windermere district, is in Nelson for a few days.

Mr. Tye has appointed a freight agent at Grand Forks and after the 18th instant freight can be shipped and charges collected there.

The first passenger train on the C. & W. will leave Robson on Monday morning next, the 18th inst, at 9 a. m., connecting with the 7 a. m. train from Nelson.

Mr. John Elliott, who is suffering with typhoid fever, is getting along as well as could be expected and there are now excellent prospects of his speedy recovery.

Three more drunks yesterday added another $15 to the City's coffers. The "tin horns" who were sumomned to appear before Magistrate Crease decamped during the night.

Mrs. R. S. Lennie leaves tomorrow to spend a few months visiting her parents at New Westminster. Miss Douglas, her sister, who has spent the summer in Nelson returns home with Mrs Lennie.

Mr. J. Percy Taylor, who is visiting Nelson with the Canadian Mining Institute party, is one of the best golf players in Canada and will return East in time to compete for the Canadian championship.

Mr. W. F. Robertson, Provincial Mineralogist, arrived from the Coast last evening and is at the Hume. He is finishing up the business here in connection with the mineral exhibit for the Paris Exposition.

Rev. Henry Evans, Baptist Missionary, for the East Kootenay district arrived in the City last night on his way to Cranbrook. He will be the guest of Mr. Rose till Friday, and will address the prayer meetings Wednesday and Thursday evenings, in the church.

The Nelson Electric Tramway Company intend constructing at once a brick power house near the smelter siding and a corrugated iron car barn on Mines Road. A contract for the erection of the poles for the wires has been let to Mr. Joe Clubb, who commenced his work yesterday.

Miss Elizabeth Johnson was married to Mr. Wesley Calbrick yesterday at the residence of Mr. Gus Thomas by the Rev. C. W. Rose. A large number of friends and relations were present at the ceremony. The bride and bridegroom left for Rossland in the evening on their honeymoon. They will shortly return to reside in Nelson.

One thing that strikes a visitor to Western Canada is the excellence of its newspapers. Not only have the large cities like Vancouver, Victoria and Winnipeg up-to-date papers, but every town is supplied with dailies or weeklies that are a credit to them. The Nelson Miner is a first class daily, and its special edition is very handsome.—Recorder, Brockville.

The waywardness of three individuals netted the City $26.55 yesterday. One man was fined ten dollars and costs for using profane language on the streets and another was fined five dollars and costs for commiting the same offence in a minor degree. The usual drunk was mulcted the usual amount of five dollars with the usual costs and as usual promised that he would reform.

Eyeache and Headache.

Eyestrain causes both. Drugs relieve only temporarily. Properly adjusted glasses remove the cause and effect a permanent cure. Satisfaction guaranteed. Consultation free.

Patenaude Bros.,
OPTICIANS,
Nelson, B. C.

LODGE MEETINGS.

NELSON LODGE, No. 23. A. F. & A. M. meets second Wednesday in each month. Visiting brethren invited.
G. L. LENNOX, Secretary.

I. O. O. F. Kootenay Lodge No. 16, meets every Monday night, at their Hall, Kootenay street Sojourning Odd Fellows cordially invited.
A G Shaw, N.G. John Scoley, V. G.
Fred J Squires, Secy.

NELSON LODGE No. 25, K. of P. meets in I.O.O.F. hall, McDonald block every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock All visiting knights cordially invited
CHAS FRENCH, C. C.
(820) GEO. ROSS K. of R. and S.

S.O.E. NELSON'S QUEEN NO. 241 SONS OF ENGLAND, meets first and third Wednesday of each month at Fraternity hall, corner of Baker and Kootenay streets. Visiting brethern cordially nvited.
JOHN WATSON, Secretary.

COURT KOOTENAY, No. 3138. Meetings 2nd and 4th Thursday, Fraternal hall. J. A. Irving,, C. R.; W. B. Shaw, R. S.

NELSON L.O.L. No. 1692 meets in the MacDonald block every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members cordially invited. John Tove, W. M.; F. J. Bradley, R. S.

NELSON AERIE No. 122, F. O. E., meets every second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. Visiting members cordially invited J. R. Wray, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

S. SAVIOUR'S (ENGLISH) CHURCH—Corner Ward and Silica Sts. Sundays: Holy Communion 8 a. m.; and on the 1st and 3rd Sundays in the month after Mattins; Mattins at 11 a.m.; Sunday School 2.30 p.m.; Evensong 7.30. Daily: Mattins at 9.30 a. m. Thursdays and Saint's Days: Holy Communion 10 a. m. Fridays: Evensong 7.30 p. m., followed by choir practice. H. S. Akehurst, Rector. Fred Irvine, Geo. Johnstone, Wardens.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Services at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Sunday School at 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8 p.m.; Christian Endeavor Society meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Rev. R. Frew, Pastor.

METHODIST CHURCH—Corner Silica and Josephine Streets. Services at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p. m.; Sabbath School, 2.30 p.m.; Prayer meeting on Friday evening at 8 o'clock: Epworth League C. E., Tuesday at 8 a.m. Rev. John Robson, Pastor.

CATHOLIC CHURCH—Mass at Nelson, first and third Sunday at 8 and 10.00 a.m.; Benediction at 7.30 to 8 p.m. Rev. Father Ferland Priest.

BAPTIST CHURCH — Services morning and evening at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m.; Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 p.m. the B. Y P. U. Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Strangers cordially welcomed. Rev. C. W. Rose, Pastor

SALVATION ARMY—Services every evening at 8 o'clock in barracks on Victoria street Adiutant Edgecombe in charge.

GEORGE GURD,
With F. L. OSLER,
MARA BLOCK, BAKER ST.

Real Estate, Mines, Stocks, Etc.

Well developed Mining Properties wanted.

Central Baker Street Property for sale, paying 17% net.

Houses and lots in all parts of the city.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS
FOR THE LITTLE FOLK.

We have just opened a large consignment of

Children's Boots and Slippers

Which we will sell at moderately low prices.
Come and get your size. We have it.

LILLIE BROS. THE SHOEISTS
ABERDEEN BLOCK.

TRAINS AND STEAMERS ARRIVING AND DEPARTING FROM NELSON.

2:30 a.m.—S.S. Moyie or S. S. Nelson arrives from Crow's Nest Brh. connection, Kootenay L'd'g and way points daily.

7:00 a.m.—Train leaves C. P. R. station for Sandon, the main line and intermediate points via Slocan City except Sunday.

7:00 a.m.—Train leaves C. P. R. station for Rossland, the main line and intermediate points via Robson daily.

9:10 a.m.—Train leaves N. & F. S. station for Rossland, Spokane and way points daily.

10:05 a.m.—S. S. International arrives from Kaslo and way points daily except Sunday.

10:50 a.m.—Train arrives from Rossland, Trail and Robson and intermediate points daily.

11:00 a.m.—S. S. Kokanee arrives from Kaslo and way points daily except Sunday.

3:45 p.m.—Train leaves C.P.R. station for Robson, Trail and Rossland and intermediats pts. daily.

4:00 p.m.—S. S. Kokanee leaves for Kaslo and way points, daily, except Sunday.

4:30 p.m.—S. S. International leaves for Kaslo and way points, daily except Sunday.

5:50 p.m.—Train arrives N. & F. S. station, from Spokane, Rossland and way points. daily.

7:25 p.m.—Train arrives C. P. R. station, from Rossland, the main line and intermediate points via Robson daily.

7.25 p. m.—Train arrives C. P. R. station from Sandon, the main line and intermediate points via Slocan City, except Sunday.

10:30 p.m.—SS. Moyie or S.S. Nelson leaves for Kootenay L'd'g, way points and Crow's Nest Branch and points East daily.

Transportation Companies are requested to give notice to the Miner of any alterations in the time of arrival and departure from Nelson.

Steam tugs Ymir, Kaslo, Angerona, Red Star, Hercules, Surprise and others ply on Kootenay lake to and from Nelson, but have no regular times of arrival and departure

Kootenay Railway and Nav. Company.

Operating
KASLO & SLOCAN RAILWAY
INTERNATIONAL NAV. & TRAD. CO.
Schedule of Time. Pacific Standard Time.
Effective June 19, 1899.
KASLO & SLOCAN RY.

Passenger train for Sandon and way stations leaves Kaslo at 8 a. m., daily. Returning, leaves Sandon at 1.15 p.m., arriving at Kaslo at 3.55 p.m.

INTERNATIONAL NAV. & TRAD. CO,
Operating on Kootenay Lake and River.

Str. "International" leaves Kaslo for Nelson at 6 a. m, daily except Sunday. Returning, leaves Nelson at 4.30 p.m., calling at Balfour, Pilot Bay, Ainsworth and all way points. Connects with Str. "Alberta" to and from Bonner's Ferry, Idaho, also with S. F. & N. to and from Spokane at Five Mile Point.

Str. "Alberta" Leaves Nelson for Bonner's Ferry, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 a.m., meeting Steamer "International" from Kaslo at Pilot Bay. Returning, leaves Bonner's Ferry at 8 a.m. Wednesdays, Fridays and Sundays, connecting with Str. "International" for Kaslo, Lardo and Argenta. Direct connections made at Bonner's Ferry with Great Northern Railway for all points, east and west.

LARDO-DUNCAN DIVISION.

Str. "International" leaves Kaslo for Lardo and Argenta at 8.45 p.m. Wednesdays and Fridays. Str. "Alberta" leaves Kaslo for Lardo and Argenta at 8 00 p.m. Sundays.

Steamers call at principal landings in both directions, and at other points when signalled.

Tickets sold to all points in Canada and the United States.

To ascertain rates and full information, address:

ROBERT IRVING,
Manager, Kaslo, B. C

THE
Bank of British Columbia,
NELSON.

Is now prepared to issue Drafts and Letters of Credit on Skaguay, U.S., Atlin, B. C., and Dawson City, Yukon District.

Bon Ton Restaurant.
NEW MANAGEMENT,

Merchants Lunch, 12 to 2. 25 cents.

Dinner, 5 to 8.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

MEAL TICKETS, $5.50 FOR $5.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

FRITZ HONOLD. · PROPRIETOR.

House Cleaning Time

We can assist you in the annual overhauling by Painting, Paper-Hanging, Kalsomining and Interior Decorating Estimates cheerfully given.

F. J. BRADLEY & CO.
Josephine St. Opp. Clarke Hotel

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

All Contractors figuring on buildings tha will quire

PLATE GLASS
Can now get figures from
R. H. WILLIAMS, NELSON, Agent for
J. W. MELLOR,
VICTORIA, B.C.
Who carries the largest stock of Plate Glass in the Province.

Spokane Falls & Northern R'y.
Nelson & Fort Sheppard R'y.
Red Mountain R'y.

The only all rail route without change of cars between Nelson and Rossland, Spokane and Rossland.
(DAILY.)
Lv. NELSON, Ar. 5.50 p.m.
Lv. 11.25 a.m. ROSSLAND Ar. 3.30 p.m.
Lv. 8.50 a.m. SPOKANE Ar. 6.00 p.m.

Train that leaves Nelson at 9:10 a.m. makes close connections at Spokane for all Pacific Coast Points.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek, connect at Marcus with Stage Daily.

H. A. JACKSON, G. P. & T.A.
Spokane Wash
G. K. TACKABURY,
Agent, Nelson, B. C

Every Man

likes to dress in Fashionable and Nice Fitting Garments if he can do so at a reasonable price. My Fall and Winter Samples are now complete in Suitings, Overcoatings and Fancy Vestings, Give me a call and I will quote you prices that will astonish you.

Stevens The Tailor
Rooms 1 and 11
Clements-Hillyer Block

Nelson Employment Agency
WANTED.
Laborers, swampers, log sawyers, men for road work: waitress, nurse girl, girl for housework.
CONTRACTS TAKEN FOR DIAMOND CORE DRILLING.
J. H. LOVE, Ag't **Baker St**

DRESSMAKING and LADIES' TAILORING.

MRS. MCLAUGHLIN has secured the services of MISS EACSCH, of Spokane, who comes highly recommended, to take charge of the Dressmaking department, and satisfaction is thereby assured.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY
AND SOO LINE.
IMPERIAL LIMITED
New Fast Daily Service
EAST and WEST.
Optional Routes East from
KOOTENAY COUNTRY.

First-Class Sleepers on all trains from ARROWHEAD & KOOTENAY LDG.
TOURIST CARS pass Revelstoke daily for St. Paul, Thursdays for Montreal and Boston, Tuesdays and Saturdays for Toronto.

NELSON
To TORONTO, 85 hours; MONTREAL, 89 hrs.; NEW YORK, 101 hrs.; WINNIPEG, 45 hrs.; VANCOUVER 30 hrs.; VICTORIA, 35 hrs.

2—DAILY TRAINS—2

To and from Robson, Rossland.
7.00k Lv. NELSON Arr. 10.50k
15.45k Lv. NELSON Arr. 19.25k
Morning train daily for north and main line via Robson, and except Sunday for Sandon, Slocan points and main line via Slocan City.
KOOTENAY LAKE-KASLO ROUTE.
Ex. Sun. Str. Kokanee. Ex. Sun
16.00k Lv. NELSON Arr. 11.00k
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, to Argenta and return, leaving Kaslo at 20.00k.
KOOTENAY RIVER ROUTE.
Daily. Strs, Moyie and Nelson. Daily.
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LONDON MARKET BY LONDON MAN

The Kaffir Market Has Relapsed Again.

OOM PAUL'S DEMAND

Canadian and British Columbia Offerings of Mining Shares Steady—The Copper Market Is Firm.

London, Aug. 26.—(Special Correspondence)—At the commencement of the week it really looked as if we were about to enter upon a period of very active business, in spite of the holidays, and prices generally improved, American Rails more particularly attracting attention at a further rise. The Home Railway department too has been more active and in several cases moderate advances are shown. Had it not been for fresh rumors unfavorable to a prompt settlement of the Transvaal question the better tone would doubtless have continued, especially as the bank return disclosed a strong position and rates of discount have fallen very materially, three months bank bills begin taken up 3¼ per cent. As it is, the Kaffir market, which at one time was firm has relapsed again, chiefly on the rumors which are, however, so far well substantiated—that President Kruger asks for the suzerainty to be relinquished in exchange for his giving five years franchise. This proposal, of course, will not be excepted by the British Government, and it is this fear that has caused a relapse

The West Australian market has experienced another shake out which makes the position more healthy, and it is anticipated that a further rise in these shares will take place after the next account. Copper shares have been firm and there is the probability of further improvement in prices, both in the metal and of the shares. Foreigners have been flat on the riots in Paris, but matters have now calmed down and both Spanish and Portuguese have recovered. South American s are also above the lowest points touched and the Industrial market is beginning to assume a much more active appearance.

The principal feature in the mining market has been the active buying of London and Globe shares in connection with the impending issue of the Caledonia Nickel Company, and on excellent dividend prospects. British Columbia mining market has been very steady with the exception of a fall in Le Roi shares. Indian mines have been a strong market with fair amount of business been done in New Zealands the market report is flat and stale. In the Canadian Railway market Canadian Pacifics are quoted 99¾. Grand Trunks are 86½. Anglo-American stocks have been in the dumps notwithstanding the activity of the American Railway market. Some of the principal dealings in the Industrial market has been English sewing cotton which are quoted £2, Coats have been dull and are quoted £760 ordinary shares. Lyons the celebrated restaurant who have the catering for the Crystal Palace are a little lower at 6½ for the £1 shares, this at the latest dividend gives an investor a return of something less than Consols would, while Salmon & Glickstein's (the tobacconists) are quite our of favor, oil share s little or no business has been done in them. Bryant and Mays have improved slightly to £17. Lipton are rather easier, while Kodaks are better and a fair enquiry have been made for Bovrils.

Electric and gas lighting shares in consequence of the approach of the lighting season renewed activity is taking place. Theatre and music hall shares have been in fair request with Drury Lane chiefly prominent. There has been only one company issued within the last few days, Secco Films, Ltd., the capital is fixed at £100,000 in shares of £1 each out of which 20,000 shares to provide working capital I have not heard how the market takes to this issue. The London omnibus shares are weaker on the active competition between the different companies, the public will benefit by the struggle for bussiness but the share holders are hardly likely to relish it.

Tenders for £1,588,000 treasury bills were opened yesterday at the Bank of England. The total amount applied for was £8,994,000. The whole amount was allotted in bills at 12 months the average rate realized was £2. 16s. 8d.

The Continental Bourses have been irregular during the past few days the French Bourse being particularly so as the news from the Transvaal not being relished and little inclination to operate among speculators. Besides, the appearance of the plague in Europe causes some uneasiness on the Berlin Bourse in International stocks and Transvaal Railway shares displayed weakness on the unfavorable news from London regarding the situation.

* * *

At the Spokane Industrial Exposition this year the mineral exhibits will be given the place of honor. They will not be put off in a far-away corner as at previous fruit fairs, but this year the management is making the mineral department one of the strongest attractions at the big show. Visitors who enter the tent on opening day, the 3rd of October, will first be greeted by the mining exhibit of all the mining camps of the northwest The entrance to the building will be on Main avenue at the postoffice corner, on the same location as heretofore. On both sides of the entrance boulevard, where last year were many of the most attractive fruit and agricultural exhibits, will this year be found the mining exhibits. On the right will be Washington ores divided into their many camps. Near the mining exhibits will be machinery hall with all the mining machinery in motion, showing the processes of working and milling ore.

* * *

From statements that have been made there is an impression abroad that the Queen Bess is paying the Union scale, $3.50 for short day. This is not so,. The Queen Bess has contracted for a considerable amount of tunnelling, at a rate per foot. If the contractor is paying the scale that is his affair, and if he can square it with his profits, he will doubtless be satisfied and no one else will have cause to complain.

* * *

H. Stevenson, acting on behalf of a syndicate of Walla Walla men, has purchased Frank A. Teap's interest in the Braden's bond on the Tariff mine at Ainsworth. Mr. Stevenson made a small payment upon the bond, the balance of wh ch becomes due in October. Mr. Stevenson, who spent several years in the Ainsworth camp, will take charge of the development of the Tariff. The men who are financing the venture are Messrs. O'Donnell, Wilson and Thomas, who are wealthy farmers near Walla Walla.

* * *

METAL QUOTATIONS.

New York, Sept. 12.—The Commercial Advertiser's London cable says: "The markets here did a small business today. In view of settlement tomorrow, the tone was very irregular, closing easier. Americans were flat throughout dear money but New York, finally gave some support. Tintos 46 3-8, and Anacondas, 11. The bank bought 73,000 pounds of gold in bars.

London, Sept. 12.—Copper closed, spot, £76. 16s. 3d.; futures, £77. 1s. 3d.; market quiet.

MEETING OF PRESBYTERY.

This evening at 8 o'clock, there will be an open meeting of the Presbytery of Kootenay in the Presbyterian church when addresses will be given on the "Relation of the Church to Social Questions" and the "Century Fund," by Rev. Messrs. Gandier, McEvoy, Menzies, Ferguson, Judge Forin and others. The public are cordially invited.

TWO MINERS INJURED.

Two accidents within half an hour of each other happened at Rossland, in the Le Roi mine on Monday last. The first was a man named William Stapleton, on whom a drill fell with such force as to break his shoulder bone. Dr. Kenning was sent for and the man has been removed to the Sisters' hospital, but will be around again in a few days.

The second accident occurred about half an hour later when W. Sandahan fell through a floor and broke one of his ribs. Dr. Coulthard was summoned and has attended to him and says he will suffer no permanent injury.

THE TRIAL RACE.

Sandy Hook, Sept. 12.—The Shamrock did not leave her mooring, but swung half the day with her sails set in the breeze. Towards night the sails were taken in and everything made snug. Tomorrow the Shamrock will have her first trial under racing conditions, and if the present wind proves strong her admirers are looking for fast sailing.

BASEBALL GAMES.

New York, 5; Chicago, 12. Second game, six innings, New York, 6; Chicago, 5.

Baltimore,—12 innings, Baltimore, 3; Louisville, 5.

Brooklyn, 11; Pittsburg, 8.

Philadelphia, 13, Cleveland, 0 Second game, Philadelphia, 8; Cleveland, 4.

Washington, 7 Cincinnati, 7. Second game Washington, 5; Cincinnati, 4.

See Martin O'Reilly & Co., for new ladies capes and jackets. *

FOREMEN WANTED.

Wanted, immediately, six Rock or Car Foremen. Wages $60 to $75 per month. Two years' work. Wire Hugh Mann, care McKenzie, Mann & Co., Savanne, Ont.

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T. C. DUNCAN, Secretary

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