Nelson Daily Miner.

Daily Edition No. 687. NELSON, BRITISH COLUMBIA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1900. Tenth Year

Provincial Library

FINANCE

Foster Makes a Strong Reply to Minister Fielding's Report.

Declares There Is a Waste in Many Government Departments.

(SPECIALS TO THE MINER.)

Ottawa, March 27.—It was 3:30 today when Foster rose in the House to reply to Fielding's budget speech. There was a good attendance in the Chamber and the galleries were pretty well filled. Foster commenced by saying that the Finance Minister's speech was a mere collection of figures which should be done by any clerk in the public service, but it was safe to say if any member of the service had used them in such a disengenous way he would not be left long in the service.

The speech of Fielding would not give any correct idea of the history of the country. The refrain of Fielding's speech was "behold how great a people we are." Foster went on to complain that Fielding did not sufficiently explain the admission of Canadian securities to the trustee list in England, nor how extension of free trade in Trinidad would affect the business of this country. Fielding said that revenue for the current year was to exceed the fifty million mark, but he did not explain that this means fourteen millions of taxation. Mr. Foster then read extracts from a newspaper which were made by the Liberals in opposition and which he said were not fulfilled. He then proceeded to deal with the question of expenditure, and said that the average total expenditure from 1892 to 1898 was $42,530,000, while that for 1899 was over fifty-one million dollars. He estimated the cost per capita to be 9.12 per head for the latter year and in so doing admitted that he had no time to make "fancy calculations" as to the population. Dealing with Fielding's figures Foster complained that it was not fair to compare 18 years of Conservative rule with Liberals because the periods were wholly dissimilar. He said Conservatives had paid $65,000,000 on Canadian Pacific Railway, and the Liberals only $23,000; then there was an expenditure on the Inter colonial and Northwest rebellion. "Is the hon. gentleman opposed," said Foster, "to having quelled the rebellion." It was not fair, Mr. Foster went on to say, to compare the period from 1893 to 1895 with the years of expansion as existing at present, in dealing with surpluses and additions to the debt as the Finance Minister did. Foster said that Fielding did not give the Conservatives credit for remission of taxation and if he had done so it would have done away with the betterment which he had showed in connection with statistics with a surplus and public debt. Turning from the larger items, Mr. Foster took up the different departments of the Government, he said there was no economy but an increase in all of them. He gave an array of figures to show that from 1893 to 1896 there was a reduction of taxation of about $5,000,000, while from 1896 to 1899, there was only $2,435,000 of reduced taxes.

Mr. Patterson—But we compared with your reduced figures while you merely compared your reduced figures, the higher figure of your own.

Foster proceeding said that the reduction in taxation from 1896 to 1899 was ninety-two one-hundredths of one per cent. He produced this by a set a figures and by similar process he said that the averamge reducton of taxation from '96 to '99 as compared with '93 to '95 was eleven one-hundredths of one per cent. Taking up statements of Fielding in regard to prosperity, Foster said that he had heard that the country was prosperous during the past three years and he also agreed in the main with the evidence which was submitted by the Minister of Finance but the Minister of Trade did not always accept such as evidence of prosperity. He (Foster) attributed increased prosperity to the national policy and the turning tide which commenced in 1894. The increase in trade figures, he admitted, were such that any Government ought to feel proud, but he asked that some consideration should be given to trade values. The prices had increased and therefore the trade on that account had increased greatly. Having delivered $34,000,000 for increased values and taken it out of the figures of whatever did not enter into home consumption and every other conceivable item which the opposition financial critics would think of, and till he gave them, his calculations were all exhausted over $30,000,000 of an increase in Canada's trade in '99 as over '96. That he added was what any administration might feel proud of. He did not want to deduct from the prosperity of the country. Governments might come and governments might go, but unless legislation was pigheaded and bad, it would not interfere with the general trade conditions.

Foster resumed after recess with figures of trade with Great Britain. The small differential tariff in favor of Great Britain was offset by the longer distance as compared with the United States and the longer time it therefore took to fill orders. The percentage of increase of imports from Great Britain, under preferential tariff was less than that from the United States, and was almost lowest on the list. He claimed that it was the same with regard to the exports to Great Britain as compared with those of other countries. Mr. Foster then contrasted the speeches of Liberals ten years ago when advocating reciprocity with the United States and their utterances on preferential trade with Great Britain today, and read many extracts from speeches of members of the Government as he also did earlier in his speech on the questin of expenditure. If they had come into power and had carried into force their theory of reciprocity, where would Imperialism be today. Hte reaffirmed that the opposition to preferential tariff was without something in return. The effect of the 33⅓ cut would be to let articles of luxury in at a lower rate of duty than articles of every day use. He proclaimed his abiding faith to be in the policy of protection by which the Conservative party would stand. (Opposition cheers). As to preferential tariff, Foster undertook to say what course his party would take if they were returned to power. Certain facts he said when accomplished could not be repudiated but Conservatives would take care that the interests of the manufacturer were adequately protected. Foster concluded with a lengthy peroration which was enthusiastically cheered by his followers, finishing about ten o'clock.

Ottawa, March 27.—The Kettle Valley Railway bill will be up before the railway committee on Thursday next. This is the third time the bill will have been before the House. It is feared by those favorable to legislation of this kind that there in not sufficient force behind the proposition at this time to push it through. However, that remains to be seen. So far no one in favor of the bill has been seen here working for it while on the other hand the Canadian forces have been at work from the beginning of the session. The bill has many friends in Parliament and many outside, but so far no one has put in an appearance here who is identified with the measure. Bills do not generally pass in that way.

Ottawa, March 27.—The annual report of the Indian department has been reprinted and is now ready for presentation to Parliament. Friendly relations between the Indians and the Government continue to exist. The only unusual event of extended interest during the year has been the successful negotiation of a treaty with the Indians inhabitating the provisional district of Athabasca and parts of the country thereto adjacent. The following table of vital statistics will show the respective increases and decreases of population in the various Provinces to have been as follows: Ontario, 135 increase; Quebec, 13 increase; New Brunswick, 40 increase; Prince Edward Island, one increase; Manitoba, 99 increase; North West Territory, 2,393 increase; Nova Scotia, 74 decrease; British Columbia, 277 decrease, out side treaty limits, 2,442 decrease. Total increase, 2,681; total decrease, 3,793. Net decrease of 1,112.

Montreal, March 27.—Alfred Perry, for many years one of the most foremost figures in this city's life, died at 5 o'clock this afternoon, aged 80 years He was an Englishman and served in suppressing the rebellion of 1837-38. He also took a very prominent part in the events which led up to the burning of the Parliament House in Montreal, in April, 1849. He had charge of the fire engine which went to the Crystal Palace exhibition, at London, in 1851 and also took another engine to the Paris exhibition of 1855. Here he succeeded in extinguishing a fire which had threatened the destruction of the entire exhibition buildings, for which he was personally thanked by the Emperor, Napoleon III, who offered him many honors all of which he refused. The Emperor then presented him with a large oil painting of the scene of the fire. All his life Perry was identified with the working of fire brigades here and has saved many lives His interest in the care of the insane also brought him prominently to the front.

Elmira, Ont., March 27.—Rev. Dipthell, probably the oldest and best known clergyman in the county of Waterloo, died today here. He has been in the pulpit over 60 years, being at one time missionary of the Evangelican Association in Bruce Peninsula.

Ottawa, March 27.—The Canadian Patriotic Fund to date amounts to $213,907.71.

Montreal, March 27.—Police authorities have began a crusade against what is called the Canadian Artistic and Musical Academy, an alleged gambling institution, which has been operating in this city for some time. Twenty-one men who were employed in connection with the institution were arrested last evening.

Toronto, March 27.—According to returns brought down in the Ontario Legislature yesterday 4,015 immigrants settled in Ontario last year. Compared with 3,358 the previous year. The cost per head to settle these immigrants was $1.64, as compared with $2.11 in 1898.

Toronto, Ont. March 27.—The Canadian miltary institute last evening passed a strong resolution urging the Government to equip and dispatch a field hospital to South Africa as speedily as possible.

Halifax, N. S., March 27.—The entire Leinster Regiment embarked for Aldershot today on the troopship Vancouver, excepting 96 men and two officers of the regiment who were left behind, they having been detailed to go to the Barbadoes.

Otttawa, March 27.—The supreme Court adjourned this morning as there were not a sufficient number of judges able to attend to form a quorum. The adjournment is until Monday next, April 2 for the purpose of rendering judgments only in such cases as are now under consideration and then further adjournment will probably be made until April 18, which it is expected a quorum will be obtained.

Montreal, March 26.—Montreal's quota of volunteers to make up Canadian garrison regiment at Halifax, left the City today.

Winnipeg, March 27.—It is announced here that L. A. Hamilton, land commissioner of the C. P. R., has resigned and upon his resignation being accepted he will leave Manitoba to reside elsewhere. Mr. Hamilton is one of the most popular men in the Canadian west and his departure will be greatly regretted.

Captain Gardner, formerly with the Yukon R. C. O., force and a well known resident of Winnipeg and Toronto has been appointed to the command of the Winnipeg military district and "B" squadron R. C. D. He will immediately commence to recruit the squadron up to its full strength.

St. Johns, Nfld., March. 27.—It is thought here that the determination of Mr. Bond, the new Premier, to revive the Bond-Blaine reciprocity convention will not be acceptable to Canada. The negotiations will probably await the issue of the coming elections in Newfoundland. The sailing steamer Iceland, with 2,500 seals and Aurora with 3,200 arrived today, both confirm the earlier reports of excellent catches by the steamers that have not yet come in.

Peterboro, Ont., March 27.—Dr. Richard King, who has practiced here for 20 years, died today.

Montreal, March 27.—At a public meeting held at the Board of Trade today it was decided as fitting to erect a monument in Montreal to the memory of the Canadians who have fallen in battle in South Africa and organization committees were appointed.

Continued on Fourth Page.

ACTION

Canadians Wanted It and Lord Roberts Gave Way to Them.

An English Correspondent Writes of Cronje's Surrender.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

Toronto, March 27.—The Evening Telegram's London corresponent cables that The London Times correspondent, in writing of the battle of Paardeberg, which resulted in the surrender of Cronje, says General Hector MacDonald, and General Colville, who commanded the division in which the Canadians were brigaded, reminded Lord Roberts that February 27 was the anniversary of the battle of Majuba Hill, suggesting to the Commander-in-Chief a plan of attack, but Lord Roberts demurred, fearing the plan would result in the loss of too many Canadian lives, the Canadians, however, insisted, and this insistence, says the Times correspondent, broke down Lord Roberts' reluctance and the Canadians were sent to repeal the blot on the name of the Mother Country, and to avenge Majuba Hill. The correspondent continuing, says the Boers admit that the accurate fire of the Canadians compelled them to fire at random.

London, March 28.—Mr. Spencer Wilkinson, in The Morning Post says: "There is nothing to indicate the early move of the main forces in either theatre of war, when it comes, it will be unexpected for Lord Roberts is not in the habit of announcing his movements in advance. The latest telegrams give grounds for a hopeful view as to Mafeking and suggests the liklihood that Commandant Olivier's force will make good its retreat. The opinion telegraphed is that the Boers at Ladybrand were covering the retirement of their convoy toward Seneka, 60 miles north. If the convoy has escaped the commandos can scarcely be prevented from retreating. They being in small parties, it is next to impossible to stop them.

London, March 28.—A dispatch to The Daily Chronicle from Kimberley dated Monday says: "Four hundred Free Staters have taken possession of the road between Kimberley and Paardeberg. They have seized a farm near Pandam's fontein. It is rumored that their object is to raid the railway by way of Jacobsdal."

London, March 28.—The correspondent of The Daily News at Lorenzo Marquez, telegraphing Sunday, says: "The Transvaal War Office announces that the southern commandos from Colenso and Stormberg will join the main body within 48 hours. Some apprehension exists that Commandant Olivier and Commandant Grobelaar may be cut off.

Mafeking, March 14.—The Boers recommenced the bombardment of this place March 13, a six-inch gun which had been comparatively silent for a week, fired the shrapnel used against the troops in the open. The projectiles were ineffectual against cover, but were dangerous to pedestrians. One shell burst in the court house, killing several natives and wounding four persons. Several women were also slightly wounded.

Carnavon, Tuesday, March 27.—It is reported that a British column had been unable to advance from Van Wyksvlei owing to the floods which have been without precedent for decades. The roads are quite impassable. It is reported that the rebels are still gathered at Refburg, waiting for the British troops to go further north so that they may raid Carnovan.

Colonel Herchmer, of the Canadian Mounted Rifles is proceeding to Cape Town on sick leave.

London, March 27.—The Cape Town correspondent of The Daily News telegraphing today, Tuesday, says it is improbable that the advance from Bloemfontein will be made for another month. General Clements is advancing to Bloemfontein in four columns. When Lord Roberts begins the march northward General Gatacre will be left in charge of Bloemfontein.

The Colonial Government has ordered the Cape volunteers to withdraw south of the Orange River for fear of accentuating racial feeling.

London, March 27.—Reconnaissances of slight importance continue to be the only feature of the war in South Africa. Lord Roberts wires to the War Office as follows: "Bloemfontein, Monday, March 26.—Capt. Sloane-Stanley, of the Sixteenth Lancers, was slightly wounded in an affair at the outposts north of the Modder River, March 25."

This bare statement is all that comes from the Commander-in-Chief. A dispatch from Bloemfontein, dated March 26, says: "A cavalry reconnaissance was made yesterday towards Brandford. The Sixteenth Lancers, by skirmishing, drew the Boers from their position into the open, when the Ninth Lancers attempted to outflank the enemy, while they were engaged from the front by a dismounted section of the Lancers, the Sixteenth Lancers. Our casualties were reported to be few."

London, March 27.—In response to the executive committee's request that the American hospital ship Maine, be permitted to remain in South African waters, General Buller has cabled as follows. from Ladysmith: "We think the ship in going to England confers the greatest benefit upon the sick and wounded, as with her excellent medical staff, she best aids in that way the evacuation of our congested hospitals of bad cases. The Trojan and Spartan are ample for local transfers. If the Maine goes we hope she will return as soon as possible."

London, March 27.—Advices from Cape Town say: "Rains are general throughout South Africa and the rivers which have been dry for years are being flooded, and many camps are being transferred into swamps. This will still more militate against an immediate British advance. Sickness among the Boer prisoners on the transports is increasing their deaths, several deaths occurring March 26. The bodies were buried by the British with the Transvaal flag on the coffins. The leading Dutch of Simonstown attended the funeral. Typhoid fever alone claimed one hundred victims among the prisoners and the population of Simonstown fear an epidemic.

"A meeting of the bond was held at Pearl, March 26, and was attended by several members of the Cape Assembly. It passed resolutions regretting that the Cape Government was not consulted before the war, and declaring that any settlement which did not respect the independence of the Republics would be deterimental to the highest interests of the British Empire. Mr. Hargrove the chief speaker proposed to have another war in six years unless independence was granted and Assemblyman Maris characterized the war as a continuation of the Jamesan raid. General White was presented with an address by the mayor and municipal council of Cape Town today, assuring him of their sympathy for him in his enforced home going, and declaring that the records of the siege of Ladysmith were among the brightest annals of the nations history. It is announced that Lord Roberts is going to Cape Town to meet Lady Roberts."

Washington, March 27.—It is said at the State Department regarding the story that Great Britain had apologized to the United States for the action of the censor in opening letters in the mail addressed to the United States Consul at Pretoria, that the United States Government has made no demand upon Great Britain for an apology, and made no official complaint on the subject. The British Government, however, voluntarily took notice of Mr. Macrum's publishetd complaint, and finding that as an incident as to the large quantity of mail for Durban to Cape Town, which resulted in great congestion, there had been an indiscriminate opening of letters which probably had affected the consular mail, with others. Lord Pauncefote, speaking for his Government, disavowed the action of the censor and said that the censor had not been authorized in respect to Mr. Macrum's mail. The assurance was given long ago and some of the members of the House committee on foreign affairs were acquainted with it at the time. A printed fac simile letter to Macrum alleged to have been opened, was given to Lord Salisbury, by a press representative but he made no comment, nor did he direct that anything be done.

ROBERTS

Advance to Pretoria Delayed to Increase Forces and Transports.

General Olivier Believed to Have Eluded Lord Roberts.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

London, March 28.—(4. a. m.)—The Boers are having a little good luck and are showing some boldness again, as a raiding party estimated at 400 is believed by the British forces at Warrenton, to have crossed the Kimberley-Bloemfontein wagon road Monday, and to have headed for Jacobsdal with the intention of cutting the railway three miles to the west. Commandant Olivier appears to have gotten his 500 men and 25 miles of wagons into rugged country where he can make an easy rear guard defense. Mr. Charles Williams, the military expert says: "If this column gets through substantially, Commandant Olivier will have carried out the great feat of the war. Seeing that he ran every chance of being ground between the upper millstone of Lord Roberts army and the other millstone of the broken Basuto frontier.

He will have done it within 500 miles or so of Lord Roberts main strength. It certainly looked for a week as though Lord Roberts held Olivier in the hollow of his hand. If Olivier gets through to Kroonstadt with even three thousand men it will be an important addition to the Boer forces gathering there. His escape is attributed to the worn out condition of the British cavalry horses. Lord Roberts' transport appears to have been badly distorted by the loss at Riet River before Cronje's surrender of the wagon train, and in addition to this the army with which he purposes to advance toward Pretoria is nearly double that of the earlier rapid movements. Ten thousand animal transports for the cavalry and the guns are due to arrive at Cape Town any time during this and next week. It is given out at Cape Town that Lord Roberts' advance may be delayed for months. Although such statements should be received with reserve, it seems positive that he intends to go to Cape Town to meet Lady Roberts who is due to arrive there in 10 days. The War Office has issued another table of British losses showing an aggregate of 16,652 which does not include 4,004 who have been invalided home.

London, March 28.—The Morning Post has the following dated March 26, from Burghrsdorp: "Dutch disloyalty is now very strong and the Dutch are tumbling over each other in their efforts to give information to the British authorities. Real loyalty, however, will be a plant of slow growth in these districts. I have travelled with Sir Alfred Milner and I believe his policy towards the rebels favors tempering justice with mercy."

London, March 28.—A dispatch to The Daily Telegram from Bloemfontein, dated Monday says: "The Transvaalers have arrested Commandant Prinzloo, who had their pass permit, but had settled upon a farm 20 miles north of Bloemfontein, wishing to enjoy peace under British rule."

MARTIN AT VICTORIA.

He Appeals to the Working Men For Support by Ballot.

Victoria, B. C., March 27.—Premier Martin held a big meeting here tonight which went largely in his favor. He made a most demagogic appeal to the working men for their support and attacked all those who contended that the Governor was acting unconstitutionally in permitting him to hold office. He made a strong defence of his position.

Victoria, B. C. March 27.—Premier Martin announced in his speech at the meeting tonight that the elections would be held on or about June 15, and the House would meet early in July.

Nelson Daily Miner

Published Daily except Monday.

NELSON MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily per month by carrier	$ 65
per half year	3 50
per year	7 00
per year by mail	5 00
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Nelson Daily Miner

March 27, 1900.

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See announcement on another page.

MORE PROBABLY NOT.

Where The Toronto Telegram's prejudices are in the least concerned, it will not do to place the most absolute reliance on what it says. And it is a paper of many and strong prejudices, some of them unaccountable. Mr. Charles Wilson, leader elect of the Conservative movement for the adoption of Federal party lines in the political affairs of this Province, was in Toronto recently, and was interviewed by The Telegram. Mr. Martin and the elections and the delay in completing the Cabinet were the principal subjects of the interview, and among other things Mr. Wilson is reported to have said that he "*did not* see any hurry for a general election in this Province."

Now, it is more than possible that Mr. Wilson did not say this. One of the strongest of The Telegram's prejudices is that in favor of Mr. Martin, and it is not unfair to assume that in reporting Mr. Wilson it purposely gave a twist to something he said in order to let its friend down as easily as possible. If the leader of the party that is most opposed to Mr. Martin can see no reason for the earliest possible clearing of the political atmosphere in British Columbia, then it will be expected that Mr. Martin may justly be excused for the procrastination that has already proved so irritating. The Telegram would only be too glad to quote Mr. Wilson to this effect, and unfortunately it does not enjoy a reputation that puts it above the suspicion of deliberate distortion in its anxiety to make a point against a political enemy or in favor of a political friend. We are fully warranted, therefore, in entertaining a very grave doubt whether Mr. Wilson expressed the view attributed to him.

On the other hand, it is possible that he did excuse Mr. Martin in delaying the elections. That would not, however, establish the soundness of Mr. Martin's position; it would only go to emphasise the unfortunate fact that too many of the public men of the Province are willing to take their politics as they take their pleasures, with as much ease and freedom as possible and with an entire absence of a sense of responsibility. There was neither reason nor precedent for the selection of Mr. Martin as Premier; the only explanation the circumstances will admit is that he was the Governor's favorite. He had not a single follower in the House, and it could not be known that he had more than a corporal's guard of them in the country. Once chosen, however, the only possible next step towards the justification of the Governor's partiality was to insist that he should complete his Cabinet without delay and make an immediate appeal to the people. As it is, a man with no known following, and with colleagues in his Cabinet of whom it is safe to say three-fourths of the people never heard, is permitted to have absolute control of the affairs of the Province for a period of four, five, or six months, and without ground even for a reasonable supposition that the electors would tolerate him for a day. A grosser disregard of every principle of responsible government it would be impossible to conceive. The excuse of revised voters' lists is an insult to the public intelligence. Better a hundred times vote on lists a year or two years old, than to do violence to that principle of Ministerial responsibility which we hold as the very foundation of our system of Parliamentary government.

With Mr. Hume in the field as a Cotton candidate, and with the certain prospect of a Conservative nomination, poor Mr. Houston is in great distress. The respectable Liberals will not touch him with a pair of tongs, and to get a nomination at all it must be as a Martin candidate. That is not palatable, but if it is the only way, why, so be it. A candidate he is bound to be, if not in the interest of his choice, then in whatever interest it will please the Fates to leave him. He is disturbed at the notion that the Conservative nominee will be a lawyer, and for weeks past he has been holding up lawyers as examples of depravity, who have corrupted our political morality from the beginning and will continue to corrupt it to the end. If Mr. Houston were a lawyer and his probable opponent a newspaper man, he would be quite as severe, and probably with more reason, on the depravity of the press. The abuse of lawyers, however, is a favorite occupation of one class of fool, as there is rather a numerous class of other fools who drink it all in.

This is from The Sandon Mining Review: "It is said that a number of Coeur d'Aleners now in the country intend to take out their papers to become British subjects. The service of blue papers on a few of them would best serve the country's interests. It appears to us that the authorities ought, in the country's interest, to hunt up in the Coeur d'Alene country the records of all those applicants, and prevent those whose records there made them undesirable, from becoming undesirable citizens here. The attention of our Judges called to this matter would have a salutory effect. We want good, reliable settlers for citizens, whether American or European, but questionable characters of the dynamite and riotous order should be given their conge." It is understood that a number of these people are being naturalized in Nelson, primarily in the interest of Mr. Houston and incidentally in that of Mr. Martin. If there is any way to prevent the consummation of this outrage, steps should be taken to that end in the most effective manner possible.

Will Mr. Stewart Potts speak up? The Rossland Record persists in the statement that he was offered a portfolio in the Martin Government, declaring that the offer came by wire and that the dispatch was shown to several persons in Rossland. Mr. Smith-Curtis, through The Miner of that city, says that no such offer was made. It is not a matter of crying importance, but a word from Mr. Potts at the present time would be interesting.

A London cable which did not reach as far as British Columbia, says that the Queen will raise Sir Wilfrid Laurier to the peerage. It is very doubtful if Her Majesty has any such intention, and quite as doubtful whether the Federal Premier would accept the distinction if offered to him. Sir Wilfrid Laurier is too poor a man to support the dignity of a peerage, and a poor peer is a pitiable object, and most of all to himself.

An exchange seems surprised that, with the exception of the Premier himself, Mr. Martin's Cabinet is made up of men of no previous experience or standing in public life. Those who know Mr. Martin should not be surprised at this. He will himself constitute the Cabinet. He will brook no rival to his throne, hence he is careful to surround himself with nonentities.

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City of Nelson Local Board of Health

GENERAL VACCINATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all persons resident within the City of Nelson who have not been vaccinated within seven years are required within seven days from the publication of this notice to be vaccinated.

Persons requiring to be vaccinated free of charge may attend at any time during the next seven days between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock p. m., at my office on Josephine Street for the purpose of vaccination. Upon the eighth day following the day on which any person has been vaccinated, he or she shall attend the medical practioner by whom the operation was performed in order that the medical practioner may ascertain by inspection the result of the operation.

Any person failing to comply with the requirements of this notice will be liable to the penalties prescribed by the Public Health Act.

D. LABAU, M. D.,
Medical Health Officer.

Nelson, B. C., March 20th, 1900.

City of Nelson Local Board of Health

PROCLAMATION.

Notice is hereby given that the public is informed that rule No. 53 of the regulations of the Provincial Board of Health, approved by order of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, is in force in the City of Nelson, by which every person of an age to make him or her legally responsible, who has not been successfully vaccinated within seven years, or who does not hold a certificate of his or her insusceptibility at the present time to vaccination, is required to procure the vaccination of himself or herself within seven days after pulbic notification by the Medical Health Officer directing general vaccination.

D. LABAU, M. D.,
Medical Health Officer.

Nelson, B. C., March 20, 1900.

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Beaver Line "Lusitania"..... April 11

From Halifax, N. S.

Allan Line "Numidian"..... April 1
Allan Line "Parisian"..... April 8
Dominion Line "Dominion"..... April 14
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Beaver Line "Lusitania"..... April 12

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White Star Line "Oceanic"..... April 18
Cunard Line "Lucania"..... April 7
Cunard Line "Etruria"..... April 14
American Line "St. Paul"..... April 4
Red Star Line "Friesland"..... April 4
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44-inch, 25c per yd
46-inch, 27c per yd

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Frontispiece; The Legislative Assembly Building, Pietermaritzburg; St. Johns River; The Entrance to Durban Harbor; Traveling in Natal; Howick Falls (Artistic group).
The Right Honorable Joseph Chamberlain; Paul Kruger, President of the South African Republic.
The Raadzaal, or Government Building, in Pretoria; Vereeniging, First Station in the Transvaal from Cape Town; View in Burghers' Park in Pretoria, the Transvaal Capital; Market Street in South Pretoria.
The Boer Demonstration at the Paardekraal Monument; General Joubert Leaving Paardekraal; The Rush for the Wagons After the Meeting.
The Fountain, Joubert's Park, Johannesburg.
Fountain and Richksha; Royal Hotel, Durban.
Battle of Elandslaagte.
Canadian Troops Assembled at Toronto, Canada, Before Leaving for Service in South Africa; Col. W. D. Otter, First in Command; Col. Buchan, Second in Command.
Armored Train Sortie from Ladysmith.
The Gordon Highlanders.
Picturesque View of Town Hall, Durban; The Durban Railway Station.
Kruger's Waterfall, near Johannesburg; Telephone Tower at Johannesburg; Basket Trick, "Over Wego;" Light House on the Bluff at Port Natal.
Naval Brigade at the Battle of Ladysmith.
Balloons Used in Military Operations in South Africa; Taking Observations from a Military Balloon in South African War.
Zulu Police of Natal; An Enviable Zulu Physique.
Playing the Boer Game.

AN ENTICING PERSON.

THE SMOOTH TONGUED ENGLISH RECRUITING SERGEANT.

How He Obtains the Raw Material For the British Army and What His Persuasive Manner Adds to His Purse—Military Nicknames.

According to the British system of enlistment, a "queen's shilling" is paid over to every man who enters the service. The "queen's shilling" is so termed because its acceptance from a recruiting sergeant makes the receiver a "queen's man," body and soul.

The British recruiting sergeant—the man who gives the shilling—is generally tall, erect, broad of shoulders, deep of chest, supple of limb, with the bearing of a conqueror, tempered by geniality, and an ideally persuasive tongue. Always in uniform and white gloves, with cap a-tilt on his head and baton continually in evidence, he plays a most important part in the army system of his country. He generally hunts in couples, and his chosen walks are either in the vicinity of some great barracks or in the poorer quarters of the town where he is stationed. The favorite stamping grounds of the London recruiting sergeants are in the neighborhood of the Horse guards and in Trafalgar square, on the sides fronted by the National gallery and St. Martin's church.

Those who take the shilling there are initiated into the service of her majesty at the recruiting depot of St. George's barracks, just behind the National gallery. This is the largest in Great Britain, and probably one-quarter of all the British recruits are there enrolled. Other large depots are found at Woolwich, Hounslow and elsewhere. In fact, there is a recruiting depot in every town of note in all Great Britain.

The recruiting sergeants who work in the square and near the Horse guards have a far easier task to perfom generally than those who do duty elsewhere. Under the splendid stimulus furnished by the crack cavalry's appearance the recruits rarely have to be subjected to much persuasion and often offer themselves unsolicited. Recruits are easily obtained also in many places on occasions of great parades. But in ordinary circumstances securing recruits for her majesty's service is not a task to be lightly undertaken.

Fortunately crimping and the press gang are no longer necessary in order to keep the army ranks fairly well filled, but it is true that the recruiting sergeants for the militia and the ordinary foot regiments are sometimes obliged to resort to rather devious expedients. It is also true that a very large percentage of the recruits are picked up in the city slums, where a glass or two of ale and a good jollying from a splendid fellow like a recruiting sergeant are far more likely than anything else to produce the desired results. Recruits obtained in slum neighborhoods are mainly youngsters out of work, often without family ties and sometimes quite willing, if well persuaded, to get away from their present surroundings even if the prospects be fairly favorable for service against half savage native rebels in India, the still more savage blacks of Africa or the Boers, who are more dangerous because of their superior marksmanship than either Hindoos or other blacks. A guarantee of the recruit's good moral character is required ostensibly, but the regulations upon this point are not administered with great rigidity in many instances, and the contingency of rejection upon the moral record of the recruit is remote indeed.

Very many of the men recruited in the more crowded sections of the cities go into the militia, which is about as unlike the national guard here as can easily be imagined and whose members are regarded with less favor by the middle class population of Great Britain than those of any other branch of the service. It has been commonly supposed both in and out of England that the militia could not be ordered to do foreign service, but this is an error. The militia may be sent out of the country if occasion arise, and, furthermore, if its ranks be not filled by "volunteer enlistment," limited conscription may be enforced. This has not been resorted to in 30 years, but the law authorizing it is still on the statute books and would be effective any year in which the customary militia ballot suspension act was not passed by parliament.

Recruiting sergeants are paid 60 cents for every ordinary recruit. For a recruit suitable to enter the Scots guards, the cavalry, the engineers or the artillery, whose qualifications must be of a higher order than those of a recruit for most regiments of foot soldiers, the pay is $1.25. Much more is often allowed for a man fit to be a Life guardsman. The equivalent of $15 is not unprecedented, and there are some other regiments recruits for which bring fancy pay to the sergeant securing them.

The nickname "Tommy Atkins," which outside of the British empire is generally supposed to apply to all British soldiers, in reality applies only to the infantry of the line. To call an artilleryman anything but "gunner" would be to insult him. The enlisted cavalryman would not recognize any title save "trooper," and the engineer is a "sapper."

Should the raw recruit repent he may be bought off within a certain definite period, and British mothers, who hate recruiting sergeants intensely, frequently secure their sons' release in this way. The duties of a British soldier in time of peace are far more arduous than those of the American soldier, a much greater degree of attention being bestowed upon the condition of arms and accouterments, trimness of uniform, etc., than here. On the whole, the cavalryman has more work in peaceful times than the foot soldier, for the cavalryman has his horse as well as himself to keep in condition.

The normal pay is a shilling a day, or 24 cents, while the normal daily ration, varied sometimes to suit conditions, is a pound of bread and three-quarters of a pound of meat. Of course, the actual fare of the British soldier has more variety than this would indicate, but he has to pay for the additions out of his scanty stipend. His clothes cost him nothing, but he has to pay for his washing. It is claimed by the authorities that his "net" is larger than the average artisan class in England. More than one British regiment has mutinied because of poor maintenance, but complaints of insufficient and bad food have been rare of late years. The pay of soldiers serving in India and the colonies is generally supplemented, sometimes doubled.—New York Evening Sun.

THE MUSICAL ASS.

The fable which I now present
Occurred to me by accident
And, whether bad or excellent,
Is merely so by accident.

A stupid ass this morning went
Into a field by accident
And cropped his food and was content
Until he spied by accident
A flute which some obvious gent
Had left behind by accident,
When, sniffing it with eager scent,
He breathed on it by accident
And made the hollow instrument
Emit a sound by accident.
"Hurrah, hurrah!" exclaimed the brute.
"How cleverly I played the flute!"

A fool, in spite of nature's bent,
May shine for once—by accident.

—From the Spanish of Tomas Yrearte by R. Rockliff.

FEAR OF LIGHTNING STORMS.

Nervous Persons Often Victims of Needless Suffering.

The keen suffering which some undergo just in advance of or during a thunderstorm is of a dual nature. The sense of impending danger alarms and terrifies, but there is also a depression of spirits which is physical and real brought about by some as yet unknown relation between the nervous system and conditions of air pressure, humidity and purity. The suffering due to depression and partial exhaustion requires from those who are strong sympathy rather than ridicule.

The suffering due to alarm and fright, however, is unnecessary. It is largely the work of the imagination. To a nervous nature there is something appalling in the wicked, spiteful gleam of the lightning and the crash and tumult of thunder. But such a one should remember that the flash is almost always far distant and that thunder can do no more damage than the low notes of a church organ.

The question is often asked, "Do trees protect?" The answer is that the degrees of protection will vary with the character of the tree and its distance from a water course. An oak is more liable to lightning stroke than a beech. The character of the wood, the area of leafage, the extent and depth of root, will determine the liability to stroke.

Another question which is often asked is whether there is danger aboard a large steamship during a thunderstorm. On the contrary, there are few safer places. Sufficient metal with proper superficial area is interposed in the path of the lightning and its electrical energy converted into harmless heat and rapidly dissipated.

Accidents occur chiefly because the victims generally place themselves in the line of greatest strain and thus form part of the path of discharge. For this reason it is not wise to stand under trees, near flagpoles or masts, in doorways, on porches, close to fireplaces or near barns. Those who are not exposed in any of these ways may feel reasonably safe. It should be remembered in the event of accident that lightning does not always kill. It more often results in suspended animation than in somatic death. Therefore, in case of accident, try to restore animation, keep the body warm and send for a physician without delay.—Century.

The Self Reliance of Americans.

Above all the American is personal. He is responsible to himself. He is ready to declare at any time, "My deeds upon my head." Some of us go to church. We read in our service books, "From all evil and mischief, from sin, from the crafts and assaults of the devil, good Lord, deliver us." We know that this is only a form of words. We rely upon nothing intangible. We have the words and the habit of repeating them by inheritance. We trip over them while we accept nothing Dei gratia, nor do we shirk our own responsibility in affairs by pleading a special order of Providence. The child is taught that if he walks into mischief and is caught at it the excuse that he was unduly persuaded into evil doing will not save him from the retributive slipper. The school and college boy and girl pay the piper personally for all unlawful dancing. The man behind the plow, the man behind the counter and the man behind the gun know that results depend.—Self Culture.

Could See as Well Either Way.

Out at the local school where the blind children are taught the little ones become very expert in running about and avoiding danger. They play games together and display remarkable dexterity, dodging trees and persons in a most remarkable manner.

When a Plain Dealer representative was visiting the school the other day, his attention was attracted by a bright faced little colored girl, who was dancing and dashing about the yard in keen delight, despite the fact that she is entirely blind.

Pretty soon she started to running backward. The superintendent noticed her.

"Bessie," he said, "don't run backward or you'll get a fall."

"'Deed I won't, sir," was the ready response. "I kin see jest as well back'ard as for'ard!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Hurt Her Vanity.

It is the respectful belief of the young people in the advanced years of their elders which administers to the latter the severest blows to their vanity. A young woman was entertaining her niece, not such a very small girl, though she had not attained the woman's estate. To her the aunt, whom she had known always as a grown woman, seemed old, quite old. So when the aunt, showing her a beautiful box, expatiated upon its antiquity and that it had been in the family 50 years, the maiden, anxious to be appreciative, exclaimed with something like reverence in her voice:

"How well you have kept it!"—New York Times.

Grasshopper Glacier.

Among the glaciers found in the Rocky mountains is Grasshopper glacier, which derives its name from the enormous quantity of grasshopper remains that are found on and in the glacier. Periodically the grasshoppers take their flight southward and must cross the mountains. Their favorite route seems to be across the wide glacier, and in the passage scores of thousands of them succumb to the rigor of cold and wind, fall helpless upon the snow and are finally entombed in the ice.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The nerve that never relaxes, the eye that never blenches, the thought that never wanders—these are the masters of victory.

More than 500,000 sewing machines are made in this country annually, which is 90 per cent of the production of the world.

THE CENSOR.

If the sultan is going to have some warships built here, why, that's another case where Turkey is a cause of thanksgiving.—Philadelphia Times.

No army is complete without a press censor. He gains more victories and reports fewer losses than any other sort of an officer or soldier.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

After all, football appears to be an incentive to education. After a man has been so badly crippled that he can't walk he has nothing to do but study.—Philadelphia Ledger.

It will be an instructive episode to mark to what extent Passenger Agent Daniels will be able to abolish tips on dining cars of the New York Central.—Elmira Gazette.

The man who said that the only geography one really knew was learned from the places one visited forgot what could be done in this respect by a lively foreign war.—New York Evening Sun.

An attempted bullfight at Puebla resulted in the bulls turning upon the whole show and driving the spectators out of the place. The bulls seem to be "getting on" to the game. There will be no more of it at Puebla.—Boston Globe.

The Sioux warriors who did the Indian congress act at the exposition yearn for a season at Buffalo. The rations are said to be better than the reservation fare, while the opportunity to sell trinkets brings ample pin money.—Omaha Bee.

The New York clergyman who is preaching a series of sermons on matrimony pointed out to his congregation last Sunday that married men outlive bachelors. Probably this preacher never heard the Hon. George Marden's conundrum as to why married men live longer than single ones. They don't. It only seems so to them.—Boston Herald.

IMPERTINENT PERSONALS.

Dewey's engagements are always brief.—Utica (N. Y.) Observer.

We would like to know if it isn't about time to be handing a sword or a house or something to Fitz-Hugh Lee.—Minneapolis Times.

"An honorable death is the knighthood of life" is what Miss Mary E. Wilkins wrote in an autograph album once. Probably she is in no hurry to be knighted.—Boston Globe.

Rudyard Kipling has written another great war poem, which it is hoped his genius will enable him to live down. No ordinary man would ever recover from it.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

General White made a great blunder when he went after Nicholson's Nek instead of jabbing him in the slats or forcing him to the ropes with a Sharkey rush.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Sir Henry Irving's remark on his arrival that he is pleased to find that the country is prosperous and that money is plentiful again is one of those things that might better have been put in some other way.—Providence Journal.

If Hadji Miram, sultan of Sulu, cares to change his mode of conducting a harem from the job lot to the installment plan, he might get some useful pointers from the experience of Mr. De Wolf Grass Widower Hopper.—St. Louis Republic.

At last Alfred Austin, England's official poet, has successfully wooed his stereotyped muse. We recognize in "Afric's shore," "inflexible as fate," "unfaltering hands" and "fettered state" our old friends of venerable whiskers and prehistoric value. We extend to Mr. Austin our awestricken congratulations.—New York Journal.

CHURCH AND CHURCHMAN.

The average salary paid to Methodist preachers in the United States last year was $473.35.

Ira D. Sankey, the singer who used to be associated with Mr. Moody, is to become an evangelist on his own account and will conduct a series of revivals in various cities this winter.

In a church at Birmingham, England, it is the custom to disperse the choir among the congregation and to arrange as far as possible that the congregation shall be grouped together according to the parts they sing.

Father Osborne of the Episcopal Church of St. John the Evangelist, Boston, who has spent seven years among the lepers of South Africa, is raising a fund to establish an American medical station for the benefit of the sufferers from leprosy in that part of the world.

SCRAPS OF SCIENCE.

The greatest distance to which wireless messages have been sent is 43 miles.

A scientist has calculated that the eyelids of the average man open and shut no fewer than 4,000,000 times in the course of a single year of his existence.

Geographical statistics show that 52 volcanic islands have risen out of the sea since the beginning of the century. Nineteen of that number have since disappeared, and ten are now inhabited.

The icebergs of the two hemispheres are entirely different in shape. The arctic bergs are irregular in form, with lofty pinnacles and glittering domes, while the antarctic bergs are flat topped and solid looking.

UNIVERSITY NOTES.

Students govern their own dormitories at the University of Pennsylvania.

Columbia university has added two professors to its German department.

At Illinois university a Saturday course for public school teachers engaged during the week has opened.

The University of California has established a chair of Cantonese, the principal dialect of the Chinese language.

Wesleyan university, at Middletown, Conn., on account of high rates of board in the town, has opened "commons," where students can obtain meals at $2.50 a week.

THE NURSERY.

Use sea salt in the bath water of a delicate child or one whose legs are weak.

A baby should never be frightened with stories told by an ignorant or thoughtless nurse.

A child may be made gentle or rough, according to the manners and actions of those about him, for his greatest desire is to imitate.

If you should have a nursery, it should have a southern exposure. Babies, like plants, need plenty of sunshine to make them vigorous and healthy.

TAKING THE REINS.

About 1,600 trotters and pacers have entered the standard ranks this season.

David Harum, the horse that John Bratton has won so many prizes with, is a hackney.

Through Centric, 2:18¼, and Iless, 2:20, both good race horses, old Dauntless has come into notice again this year.

Kingmond, 2:09, is the fastest new trotter of the season of 1899, and Billy Andrews is the fastest new pacer. Billy's record is 2:06½.

The greatest reduction of any pacing record of the season was that for 4-year-old pacing mares. The Maid cut it from 2:07¼ to 2:05¾.

Dr. Brophy, whose farm is situated near Fox Lake, not far from the city of Chicago, recently sold a yearling colt for a cool thousand dollars.

Octavia, 2:18, record taken at the last Rigby park meeting, is by Baron Wilkes, out of old Sapphire, the dam of Nominee and Nominator, whose records are 2:17¼.

At Salt Lake City Autocrat, Jr., was recently driven for a record and on the second trial stepped the mile in 2:29½. He is owned by Dr. Hosmer, Nephi, Utah.

The 2-year-old gelding trotting record was the one that suffered most severely during the season just passed. Endow cut that from 2:18, where Fred S. Moody left it in 1895, to 2:14¾.

The pacer Sunrise, 2:21¼, was two years ago used in Kentucky under the saddle. He was bought and is now owned by H. W. Davis, Camden, N. J. Sunrise took his record at Timonium, Md., this season.

From calculations hastily made it seems that Electioneer still leads the list of great sires of standard speed with 158 performers. Nutwood is second with 156, Onward is third with 147, Red Wilkes is fourth with 145.—Horseman.

THE BEEKEEPER.

It is generally better to keep extracted honey in bulk.

Cork is said to be the best material for packing bees in winter.

Yucca brushes are very convenient for removing bees from the combs.

Dysentery among bees may originate from impure honey, from disturbance or from very long confinement.

Good sealed honey and that gathered during the first part of the season are always the best for winter feeding.

Honey dew is not gathered from blossoms, but is a sweet substance found at certain periods on the leaves of trees.

Decrease the size of the entrance to the hives as soon as the honey season is over. It will help in preventing robbing at this time.

To introduce a strange queen into a hive, put her in a queen cage and cover with sugar paste. The bees will eat the sugar and, finding the queen, will accept her at once.

All unfinished comb honey in supers should be carefully removed from the hives and placed away securely and kept clean and bright for use next season.—St. Louis Republic.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

The head of the tree should always be cut back to correspond with the roots.

Handle the fruit intended for long keeping as little as possible, taking care not to bruise it in any way.

The cleaner and neater the appearance of the package and fruit the quicker it will catch the eyes of the buyer.

Onions will keep much better if they can be spread out in a thin layer where there is good ventilation until they are well dried out.

So far as can be done, nothing should be left on the ground in the garden or orchard under which insect pests can harbor during the winter.

If there are fruit trees that are not bearing as they should, stir the soil thoroughly and apply a good dressing of well rotted manure, prune well, cutting out all the dead or diseased wood.

BRITON AND BOER.

British marksmanship seems to be quite up to the standard of Alfred Austin's poetry.—Baltimore American.

Ladysmith is still the cynosure of all eyes, as it were. She looks quite captivating to the enemy.—Boston Herald.

It appears that the Boers instituted the hemming in process before the British were ready with their basting thread.—Washington Post.

In South Africa the seat of war is not unlike that of a man who sits on a powder keg while another bores into it with redhot iron.—Philadelphia Times.

KRUGER'S PREDICTION.

England's ultimate victory is certain, predicts the secretary of state for India. But it begins to look as if there would be truth, too, in Kruger's prediction that the price would stagger civilization.—Buffalo Express.

England is just learning that Oom Paul had diagnosed the situation clearly and cleverly when he said that crushing the Dutch republic would be secured only at such terrible cost as would make humanity, "Anglo-Saxons" included, shudder.—Youngstown Vindicator.

DROPS OF WATER.

The Orinoco river is 20 miles wide at its mouth.

For over 1,200 miles the Nile does not receive a single tributary stream.

River, sea, rain and snow water all contain more or less alcohol. Only pure spring water is free from it.

The deepest lake in the world is Lake Baikal, in Siberia. In some parts it is 5,261 feet deep; its length is 397 miles, with an area of 15,000 square miles. It is the largest lake in Asia, and the sixth largest in the world.

THE OLD WORLD.

China has evidently been syndicated.—New York World.

Great Britain is the best hated country in the world. And she loses no sleep over it.—Hamilton Spectator.

France's desire to have her big exposition a success will probably keep that country out of mischief for the next year.—Ridgewood (N. J.) News.

Japan, the orient's dusky England, is busy punching the bag in preparation for her tussle with the big bear.—New York World.

Keep Off the Grass!

A neat fence of Wire Netting will prevent your neighbors' dogs and chickens making a recreation ground of your lawn or ga.den.

We have the netting in the following widths:

12, 24, 36, 48, 60 and 72 inches.

Call and get prices.

Vancouver Hardware Co., Ltd.

Mara Block, Nelson.

FISH FISH FISH FISH

Codfish, Whole and in Bricks
Salmon Bellies in Kits
Holland Herring in Kits
Mackerel in Kits
Fresh Canned Salmon
Fresh Canned Kippered Herring
Fresh Canned Kippered Herring and Tomato Sauce
Fresh Canned Kippered Herring and Shrimp Sauce
Fresh Canned Kippered Mackerel
Fresh Canned Broiled Mackerel
Fresh Canned Ocean Haddies
Fresh Canned Persed Bloaters
Fresh Canned Shrimps
Fresh Canned Crabs (Deviled)
Fresh Canned Sardines
Fresh Anchovies in Glass

KIRKPATRICK & WILSON
IMPORTERS

THE WM. HAMILTON MANUFACTURING C
LIMITED.

MINING MACHINERY

PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO.

CANADA.

WE HAVE SOLD 75% OF ALL THE

PORTLAND CEMENT,
FIRE BRICK and
FIRE CLAY

Used in the Kootenay.

—WE ALSO HANDLE—

Steel Mining Rails,
Blacksmith Coal,
Sewer Pipe, Etc.

H. J. EVANS & CO.
NELSON, B. C.

Ask your friends what they think of Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea.

TURNER BEETON & C
NELSON
VICTORIA VANCOUVER LONDON
WHOLESALE MERCHANTS.
LIQUORS, DRY GOODS, ORE BA
CAR OF PABST BEER
Just arrived from Milwaukee

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Fred Ritchie, of Rossland, spent yesterday in Nelson.

Get a "Glimpse of South Africa" for a coupon and ten cents.

Bruce White is expected home today after an absence of several weeks.

Magistrate Crease held a small debts' court yesterday afternoon and disposed of several minor cases.

Maynard H. Cowan arrived in Nelson on the Crow's Nest boat last night and will leave for Spokane this morning.

Mr. Stanley Johnson has accepted a position in the freight department of the C. P. R. and will enter into his new duties during the present week.

H. A. Van Buskirk has given notice that he claims a half interest in the Marguerite claim and a quarter interest in the Alhambra claim, both being situated on Wild Horse Creek, near Ymir.

Don't overlook the page announcement elsewhere in this copy of The Miner of the "Glimpses of South Africa." Cut out the coupon on page two and bring it with ten cents to The Miner office.

The Hudson's Bay building has been equipped by Theo. Madson with as attractive awnings as could be found any where. The canvas was put in place yesterday and adds greatly to the appearance of the stores.

Mr. R. McGuire, manager of the Molly Gibson mine, received a telegram yesterday from a brother of Patrick McCann, the man who was killed on the Molly Gibson road, saying he would be here today to take charge of the remains.

H. Brisbois has transferred a third interest in the Centre Star claim, a quarter interest in the Smuggler claim and a half interest in the Como claim, all on the south fork of Wild Horse Creek to Herman Flender for a nominal consideration.

Capt. Troup's office furniture was moved yestrday from the Stanley Street building to the quarters formerly occupied by Superintendent Beasley. The entire local C. P. R. operating department is now in the Baker Street building.

The Gas Company has already disposed of nearly all of the chandeliers recently received and Manager Burnett has ordered a new lot to supply the increasing demand. New consumers are coming in daily and the company is doing a rushing business.

Several parties were out whipping the lake yesterday and some fair catches were made. Messrs. R. S. Armit and L. P. Wolfe were out together and brought in 22 fish weighing about three to the pound. All were taken with fly but two, they being landed on a spinner.

J. V. Welch, who has a contract on the Balfour extension just above Seven Mile Point, was in town yesterday. Mr. Welch reports splendid progress and expects to be through with his portion of the work early in May, the early spring weather having made rapid work possible.

The newspaper situation at Grand Forks has taken another turn. The suspended Daily Gazette has been revived, and together with The Weekly Miner will be conducted under the management of F. H. McCarter & Son. The daily edition is an extremely creditable production, and should become a favorite with the new readers of the Grand Forks district.

Rehearsals of "My Turn Next," are well advanced. A change has been made in the cast, R. W. Day taking the place of Mr. H. A. Stewart, who has been suffering from la grippe. Other members of the cast have also been victims of the epidemic and for his reason the production of the play has been delayed. It is expected, however, that it will be put on next week.

Mr. E. G. Siggers, patent lawyer, Washington, reports several Canadians as having obtained patents for the United States during the past few days. Several are from this Province. D. Brown, Vancouver, has patented an electric light burner; J. M. K. Letson and F. W. Burpee, Vancouver, a fish-cutting machine, and A. M. Lyon, New Westminster, a gold-saving devise.

The Miner has received an invitation to attend a banquet given in honor of Mr. Simpson, editor of The Cranbrooke Herald, on the occasion of his departure for Nome. The card further intimates that it is also a celebration of the second anniversary of The Herald. The Miner regrets that it will be unable to be present, but it can wish Mr. Simpson a prosperous venture and The Herald many happy anniversaries.

Mr. E. Nelon Fell, of the Athabasca, is at the Phair, and says that matters are moving along very smoothly at the mines. The Union, however, has pickets stationed on all the trails approaching the mine, who are endeavoring to keep men from going there to work. These pickets have a large tent in which they sleep and all meet there at meal hours. In all there are about twenty men stationed at various points with headquarters at the tent above mentioned.

A party of local fishermen composed of Messrs. H. D. Hume, C. W. Riley, R. L. Armit and L. P. Wolfe, on their return form a fishing trip to the rapids yesterday, not only reported, but gave satisfactory evidence in the way of a public exhibition of a catch numbering 46 speckled beauties, averaging half a pound each, the largest slightly exceeding one pound and a half. The fishermen feel proud of their great success as the catch is the first of the season, and considering the time of year, really remarkable.

Several Nelson contractors waxed quite indignant yesterday when they read in The Miner's account of the Council meeting of Monday night that the only bid received for lumber for the City wharf was thrown out and it was decided to buy the material in the open market and have the work done by day labor. They complained that tenders had never been advertised for through the daily papers and that they were therefore not aware that the Council had decided to ask for tenders the second time. "I hear today," said one contractor, "that a notice was posted in the postoffice, but as we are not in the habit of looking there for requests for tenders it was overlooked by evidently all but the firm which put in its tender for the supply of lumber. For my part I was prepared to put in a tender for the work but did not know that it was wanted, and there were many others in the same boat."

The Ontario Powder Company's factory opposite Five Mile Point will begin operations this morning. The factory will start with about 15 men on its payroll and with the prospect of a large business. Mr. D. Smith, general manager of the Ontario Powder Co., has been in Nelson superintending the work of completing the mill, and will remain until everything is completed. The daily output of the mill will be 200 cases, sufficient to supply the demand for some time at least. Mr. H. Macpherson is the local manager of the concern and Mr. A. J. McGibbon is at the head of the mill.

The C. P. R. has decided to take the building at the corner of Stanley and Baker Streets, now occupied by The Bank of Montreal, when it is vacated by the bank. Mr. J. A. Mara the owner of the building, will raise it to the street level and the City will raise the sidewalk to the same level. Only the passenger, freight and telegraph departments will occupy the new building as Capt. Troup has rearranged the old building, formerly occupied by H. E. Beasley, in which his offices, those of Capt. Gore, T. P. Gutelis, resident engineer, and Port Steward Moe, are now located. The C. P. R. expect to be in their new quarters about the first of May.

"Its bad enough to have the women of Nelson send to eastern cities for goods that they could buy in Nelson," said a dry goods merchant to a Miner man yesterday, "but when they come in and ask you for the latest catalogue of some eastern firm it is very much like rubbing it in." Then the dry goods merchant explained. He had been approached only a few moments before by a lady who wanted "Eaton's latest catalogue." She wanted to send an order to Toronto and thought that the Nelson merchant could surely supply her with the catalogue. She was surprised when she found she could not get what she wanted and left the store.

R. MacRoberts, secretary of the Big Horn group, in the Ymir camp, was in Nelson yesterday. Mr. MacRoberts boasts of the fact that there are more men working in the Ymir camp than in any other camp in British Columbia. He believes, too, that there are to be more mines in the camp in which he is operating than in any other. The Big Horn group will start shipping in a month, the Nevada is about ready to ship, the Wilcox will begin shipping at once and the Black Cock is already shipping. The Tamarac will build its mill this spring, and now has a big body of ore blocked out. Mr. MacRoberts returns to Ymir today.

George Washington Beebe, the new Provincial Secretary, whose parents were evidently ardent admirers of "The Father of His Country," has been located. A Nelson man has come to the front with an answer to the question all British Columbia has been asking since Joseph Martin made his last move on the Provincial checker board. George Washington Beebe is a rancher and a carpenter. His ranch comprises four acres of Agassiz soil and, weather permitting, produces cabbages and the like in abundance. In the carpenter line he was, a few years ago, what is known as a "jack-knife carpenter." The gentleman who located him for The Miner, says Mr. Beebe was a failure as a carpenter, rather successful as a market gardener and will be an awful failure as a Cabinet Minister. He also handed The Miner man the following verse, which had been penned for him by a friend:

There was a deaf rancher from Agassiz,
By his friends thought a bit of a wag as he
Went to join Martin's freaks,
But in less than two weeks,
He wished he had never left Agassiz.

Sheriff Tuck has posted the following notices of sales: In re Graham vs. Stewart, he will offer for sale 250,000 shares of Noonday Curley mines stock, to recover the sum of $160 and costs at 11 a. m., April 6. In re Hunter Bros. vs. estate of Wm. Callagan, he will offer for sale the estates interest in Cody Fraction, Joker Fraction, Freddie Lee and Battle Axe claims, to satisfy a judgment of $91.17 and costs. Sale on April 3, at 11 a. m. In the case of John W. Powers vs. the Dardanelles Mining & Milling Co., to satisfy a judgment of $1,427.-457, there will be sold the entire outfit of the above company including 13 tons of silver-lead ore, compressing machinery and building, 400 cords of wood, tools of various kinds, and many other appurtenances of the business including complete hoisting apparatus. Sale to take place at 11 a. m April 2. In re P. Burns & Co., vs. the Dardanelles Mining & Milling Co., a claim for $337.08 will also be recovered by sale at the same time from the same goods. In re F. W. Graham vs. Andrew Stewart, 250,000 shares of Noonday Curley stock will be exposed for sale on April 6 at 11 a. m., to recover a claim of $75.95.

BRAVE MEN FALL

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles, as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache, and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything, and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents at Canada Drug & Book Store. Every bottle guaranteed.

PROCTER PROCTER

YES, WE DO REPAIRING

And do it right. We can put on half soles, heels, patches, or sew up rips, as as good as any man in town, and a great deal better than some, and charge no more than they do.

LILLIE BROS.
The Shoeists
Bring Your Repairing.

New Dry Goods Store!

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits--Wednesday

There is variety enough here for anyone—Suits enough for everybody. Each day brings new additions to our stock. Today we have singled out three lines for special mention:

LADIES' SUITS in Light and Dark Homespuns and Covert Cloth; Eton Jacket, Box Plait Skirt, both Appliqued; per suit, $18 00, 23 00, and 25 00.

LADIES' SUITS in Light Homespuns; Double-Breasted Jacket, Habit-Fitting Skirt, lined throughout; per suit, $15 00.

LADIES' SUITS in extra fine Ladies' Cloth, in Light and Dark, Navy and Green; Jacket lined with good Satin and Skirt with heavy Percaline; per suit, $22 00.

KERR & CO.
BAKER STREET, NELSON.

FOR SALE--A BARGAIN

OUTLET HOTEL

The New Town of Procter, Terminus and Transfer Point of the Crow's Nest Railroad.

This old established and well known Hotel is offered for sale; a Bargain. Hotel contains 15 rooms. Lawn Tennis Grounds, Summer Houses, Boats, etc. Steamboat Landing on the Grounds; including Furniture, Bar Fixtures, Bedding, Linen, Stoves, Cooking Utensils, etc.

Two hundred men are working on Construction, Townsite and Wharves at present time.

Plans of Townsite, Depot, Wharves, etc., can be shown to intending purchasers; also Photographs of Hotel.

Easy terms will be made to responsible party.

For price and full particulars, apply

T. G. PROCTER
BAKER ST., NELSON.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

$12,000 Stock of New Goods Selling at Wholesale Cost.

We have decided to sell out our Dry Goods and continue exclusively in Clothing, Boots, Shoes, and Gents' Furnishings, and now offer all our Dry Goods stock at wholesale prices. This includes all our Spring Goods now in stock and in transit from the East. It is the first time in the history of Nelson that a stock of this size has been offered to the public at such a low rate, and all wanting bargains should not fail to see our prices. To the ladies of Nelson we would say that this is a good opportunity to get your Spring and Summer Dress Goods at a bargain. Here is a sample of some of our prices:

Dress Goods that were 40c, now selling at 25c.
Dress Goods that were 65c, now selling at 40c.
Dress Goods that were $1.00, now selling at 60c.
Dress Goods that were $1.25, now selling at 75c.
Black Lustres, in plain and figured, that were 50c, now selling at 30c
Black Lustres, in plain and figured, that were 75c, now selling at 45c
Colored Dress Ginghams, regular 20c goods, now selling at 12½c
Colored Dress Ginghams, regular 15c goods, now selling at 10c
Colored Dimities, regular 15c goods, offered at 10c.

A. FERLAND & CO.
Elliot Block, Baker Street.

West Kootenay Butcher Co.

ALL KINDS OF
Fresh and Salted Meats
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Fish and Poultry in Season

E. C. TRAVES, MANAGER.
BAKER STREET, NELSON.

Orders by mail receive careful and prompt attention.

Merchants' Bank of Halifax.

Incorporated 1869.

Capital Paid-up, . . . $1,985,070.00 | Rest, ... $1,700,000.00

Board of Directors: Thomas E. Kenney, President; Thomas Ritchie, Vice-President. Michael Dwyer, Wiley Smith, H. G. Bauld, Hon. H. H. Fuller, M.L.C., Hon. David MacKeen.

Head Office, Halifax:

General Manager, Edson L. Pease, Montreal.
Superintendent of Branches, W. B. Torrance, Halifax.
Inspector, W. F. Brock, Halifax.
Secretary, D. M. Stewart, Montreal.

Branches:

Nova Scotia—Halifax Branch, Antigonish, Bridgewater, Guysboro, Londonderry, Lunenburg, Maitland (Hants Co.), Pictou, Port Hawkesbury, Sydney, Shubenacadie, Truro, Weymouth. New Brunswick—Bathurst, Dorchester, Fredericton, Kingston (Kent Co.), Moncton, Newcastle, Sackville, Woodstock. P. E. Island—Charlottetown, Summerside. Quebec—Montreal (City Office), Montreal, West End (Cor. Notre Dame and Seigneurs Streets); Westmount (Cor. Greene Avenue and St. Catharines Street. Ontario—Ottawa. Newfoundland—St. John's. Cuba, West Indies—Havana. United States—New York (16 Exchange Place) Republic, Wash.

BRANCHES IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Atlin, Bennett, Grand Forks, Nanaimo, Nelson, Rossland, Vancouver, Vancouver East End, Victoria.

Correspondents:

Canada—Merchants Bank of Canada. Boston—National Shawmut Bank. Chicago—America National Bank. San Francisco—First National Bank. London, Eng.—Bank of Scotland. Paris, France—Credit Lyonnais. Bermuda—Bank of Bermuda. China and Japan—Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

General Banking Business Transacted; Sterling Bills of Exchange Bought and Sold, Letters of Credit, Etc., Negotiated.

Accounts received on the most favorable terms. Interest allowed on special deposits and on Saving Bank accounts.

Geo. Kydd, Manager, Nelson, B.C.

PROCTER

GET A "GLIMPSE."

First Portfolios of South African Views Going Rapidly.

The first portfolio of "Glimpses of South Africa." went like hot cakes yesterday and only a few more remain. The Miner was compelled to refuse many ten cent pieces because the persons applying for part one did not bring the necessary coupon with them. This will be found at the head of the editorial column. Cut it out of this paper before you lay the paper aside and when you pass The Miner office drop in and leave it with a dime and get a "Glimpse" of the country to which he eyes of all Britishers are now turned.

AT THE HOTELS.

Phair.—James V. Welch, Seven Mile Point, J. C. Drewry, W. H. Jeffrey, J. Ritchie, Rossland; E. F. Burns, Procter; M. H. Cowse, Spokane; R. MacRoberts, Ymir; Boyer Thompson, Toronto; W. A. Turner, Ymir; E. Nelson Fell, Athabasca.

Hume.—Hank Noll, Northport; D. W. Moore, Trail; Frank Dodd, Toronto; F. W. Clemes, Hamilton; F. E. Morrison, Montreal H. M. Flinn, Phoenix.

PROCTER

J.E. Annable

Real Estate and Insurance

FOR SALE

Lot on Baker Street, east of the Queen's Hotel.

6-Roomed House and 2 Lots, with lawn, garden, trees, etc., in good location.

6 Good Building Lots, only one block from school house.

4 Lots, with Improvements, near Opera House.

8-Room House and Lot, close in, only 1650, on easy terms.

FOR RENT

3 Houses for Rent.

See Annable

Horology

Because a Watch has run for years is no indication that it does not need cleaning. Many a watch is ruined by being let run too long without it. The oil becomes dry and invariably the little machine becomes cut and worn. We have every facility for replacing any part, or making a watch throughout if necessary. First-class work only.

Patenaude Bros.
NELSON, B.C.

SMOKE
Capitol and V. C.
UNION MADE
CIGARS
Cabinet Cigar Store.

F. L. Osler & Co.,

MINING BROKER AND REAL ESTATE AGENT.

SNAPS IN REAL ESTATE.

BAKER STREET.

A. R. BARROW, A. M. I. C. E.
Provincial Land Surveyor,
Corner Victoria and Kootenay Sts.
P. O. Box 559. Telephone No. 95

F. C. GREEN F. S. CLEMENTS
GREEN & CLEMENTS
Civil Engineers and Provincial Land Surveyors.
P. O. Box 145 Nelson, B. C.

JUST SUITABLE

For that house you have erected:

GOLDEN OAK
Sideboards, Cheffoniers and Dressing Tables.

MAHOGANY
Combination Bookcases and Desks and Ladies' Toilet Tables.

D. M'ARTHUR & CO.

Have just unloaded a carload of the finest and best finished Furniture ever received in the Kootenays.
Baker and Ward Streets, Nelson, B. C.

Headquarters For
Portland Cement, Fire Bricks
Fire Clay, American Cumberland Coal (Blacksmiths').
Special Quotations Given for Carload Lots.

A. B. GRAY, P. O. Box 521, Nelson, B.C., Kootenay Agent

R. P. RITHET & CO. LTD. VICTORIA.

The Nelson Electric Tramway Co. Ltd.

LOTS FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS

Large number Choice Building Lots adjacent to the line of their Tramway. For price and terms of sale apply at the office of the Company, Macdonald Block, Corner of Josephine and Vernon Streets.

T. C. DUNCAN Secretary

FINANCE

Continued from First Page.

Lieut.-Col. Henshaw has started the ball rolling with a subscription of $500 and wants a monument to cost at least $100,000.

One of the boldest and most destructive of the recent series of burglaries in Montreal was committed during the night at the office of the Imperial Oil Company, Ltd., Cote St. Paul. The burglars, five in number, went to work in a particularly daring manner, seizing the watchman, gagging and binding him hand and foot, twice blowing up the safe and eventually making their escape, notwithstanding they had aroused the neighborhood by the noise of the dynamite explosions. The safe contained $400. The second explosion was so severe that the desks and office fittings were completely wrecked. The outer door of the safe was blown off, but the safe itself fell face downwards and when the robbers entered to secure their prize they were unable to move it. Seeing that the neighborhood had been aroused they ran off.

The operators and agents on the western division of the C. P. R., Fort William to Vancouver, and branches, have served notice upon W. Whyte, the western general manager, that they will present a new schedule of increase in salaries. The rate of pay on the Canadian Pacific while entirely satisfactory to the men on the eastern division is deemed insufficient by the western men, whose living expenses are much greater.

Montreal, March 27.—The Ogilvie flour milling interests reorganized today and Fred W. Thompson, of Winnipeg, has been appointed general manager with headquarters at Winnipeg. Montreal interests will be under the control of a local board of directors. The newly reorganized company under the name of W. W. Ogilvie Milling Co., will enter into direct competition with the American Cereal Co., whose headquarters are in Chicago, and will ship to Oriental and Occidental points.

Winnipeg, March 27.—The Winnipeg School Board tonight received a proposition from the Catholic Separate School managers to take over the Separate Schools of the city. The delegates submitted that while paying their share of taxes towards the public schools of Winnipeg for the period of 10 years they have had to assume the additional obligation of providing and maintaining schools for the education of their own children, and that despite all their efforts and sacrifices the double tax thus imposed has pressed so heavily upon them that their schools are now burdened with a heavy indebtedness. The city separate school are now provided with teachers holding certificates from the Provincial department of education. The Catholics are willing to accept the public school system of inspection. Therefore they requested the board to rent their schools, retain the teachers now employed to teach in said schools and to assume the payment of their salaries and the expense of equipping and maintaining the said schools with the understanding that Catholic children shall enjoy the right of attending thereat. The matter was discussed at some length and finally referred to a committee to report at a later meeting.

IT IS DENIED.

That There Are Any Cases of Smallpox in Greenwood.

Greenwood, March 26.—It was recently stated in The Nelson Tribune that a case of smallpox existed in this city. There is absolutely no truth in the statement. Incoming passenger trains are still met by Dr. Schon, medical health officer, as a precautionary measure only.

J. C. Griffiths, a prominent smelter expert from Salt Lake City, Utah, has arrived in Greenwood. He proposes spending some days here examining the ore deposits in the various camps in the district.

Again the time card on the Columbia & Western has been altered, at least so far as Greenwood is concerned. Hereafter the passenger train will leave here at 2:35 p. m. The difference of time will allow half an hour more on the road. The trains will cross at Eholt, owing to the condition of the road bed in all probability.

Seventeen men are employed at the War Eagle in Greenwood Camp. The main shaft is down 90 feet. The new compressor and hoist are working satisfactorily.

GRAND FORKS NEWS.

Grand Forks, B. C., March 26.—The Jewel mine in Long Lake camp recently sent an experimental shipment of one ton of ore to England for treatment. It is owned by an English Company. Drifting is now in progress a the 100-foot level on the Norfolk mine in Central Camp, owned by the London & B. C. Gold Fields. The C. P. R. freight and treatment rate from the Boundary to the Trail smelter is $7 per ton. Development work will be commenced shortly on the Red Rock and Bald Eagle claims in Greenwood camp. New offices have just been erected at the B. C. mine in Summit Camp. The new boiler and engine house is nearing completion. Sixty miners are engaged, and the working force will be doubled as soon as the plant from Montreal is installed. The 250-foot level has been reached. Work will be resumed shortly on the Winnipeg in Wellington Camp. Over two thousand feet of work has been done on the property, and the 300-foot level has been reached. Nine carloads of ore have been shipped to the Trail smelter.

WAR IMMINENT.

A Clash Between Russia and Turkey Seems Unavoidable.

London, March 28.—(5 a. m.)—The Standard gives double-leaded prominence to the following special dispatch from Odessa: "There can be no longer any doubt as to the object of the warlike preparations now being completed in South Russia. Nearly 250,000 troops have already been mobilized for active service. The Black Sea Squadron with the transports is held in instant readiness. The tension in the relations between St. Petersburg and the "Sublime Porte" becomes every day more acute. The position is looked upon with the gravest apprehension."

"If the Ottoman Government, supported by Germany, should prove stubbornly intractable with regard to Russia's concessionary demands in Asia Minor, serious complications must inevitably ensue. The Russian garrisons in the Caucasus and along the Armenian frontier, have been increased four fold and equipped for active service."

LODGE MEETINGS.

I. O. O. F. Kootenay Lodge No. 16, meets every Monday night, at their Hall, Kootenay street Sojourning Odd Fellows cordially invited.
John Scoley, N. G. John A. McRae, V. G.
D. W. Rutherford, Sec.

Nelson Encampment No. 7. Meets every 2nd and 4th Friday of each month, in Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Baker and Kootenay streets. Nelson. A. H. Clements, C. P.; D. McArthur R. S. Visiting brothers always welcome.

COURT KOOTENAY, I. O. F., No. 3132 Meetings 2nd and 4th Thursday, Fraternal hall, J. A Irving C. R. W. B. Shaw. R. S.

NELSON L.O.L. No. 1692 meets in the MacDonald block every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members cordially invited R. Robinson, W. M.; M. Crawford, R. S.

NELSON LODGE, No. 23, A. F. & A. M. meets second Wednesday in each month. Visiting brethern welcome.

NELSON LODGE No. 25, K. of P meets in K. of P. hall, Oddfellows block every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock All visiting knights cordially invited
L. SCOTT C. C.
G. JOY, K. of R. and S.

S.O.E. NELSON'S QUEEN NO. 241 SONS OF ENGLAND, meets first and third Wednesday of each month at Fraternity hall, corner of Baker and Kootenay streets. Visiting brethern cordially invited.
JOHN WATSON, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

S. SAVIOUR'S [ENGLISH] CHURCH—Corner Ward and Silica Sts. Sundays: Holy Communion 8 a. m.; and on the 1st and 3rd Sundays in the month after Matins; Mattin at 11 a.m.; Sunday School 2.30 p.m; Evensong 7.30. Daily: Mattins at 9.30 a. m. Thursdays and Saint's Days: Holy Communion 10 a. m. Fridays: Evensong 7.30 p. m., followed by choir practice. H. S. Akehurst, Rector. Fred Irvine, Geo. Johnstone, Wardens.

CATHOLIC CHURCH—Corner Ward and Mill streets Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10.00 a.m Benediction at 7.30 p.m. Mass every week day at 7.15 a.m. Rev. Father Ferland Rector.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Services at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Sunday School at 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8 p.m.; Christian Endeavor Society meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Rev. R. Frew, Pastor.

METHODIST CHURCH—Corner Silica and Josephine Streets. Services at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p. m.; Sabbath School, 2.30 p.m.; Prayer meeting on Friday evening at 8 o'clock: Epworth League C. E., Tuesday at 8 a.m. Rev. John Robson, Pastor.

BAPTIST CHURCH — Services morning and evening at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m.; Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 p.m. the B. Y. P.U. Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Strangers cordially welcomed. Rev. C. W. Rose, Pastor

SALVATION ARMY—Services every evening at 8 o'cloch in barracks on Victori street Adjudant Edgecombe in charge.

THE RICE LAKE CANOE

Oldest and Best Made in Canada.

Now's the time to order.
F. McGINN, Agent,
Merchants' Bank of Halifax, Nelson.

F. J. BRADLEY & CO.

PAINTERS and DECORATORS.

SIGN WORK A SPECIALTY.

Builders will find it to their advantage to figure with Bradley & Co. on Painting.

Kootenay Railway and Nav. Company, Ltd.

Operating
KASLO & SLOCAN RAILWAY
INTERNATIONAL NAV. & TRAD. CO.

Schedule of Time. Pacific Standard Time.
Effective February 1st, 1900
KASLO & SLOCAN RY.

Passenger train for Sandon and way stations leaves Kaslo at 8 a. m., daily. Returning, leaves Sandon at 1.15 p.m., arriving at Kaslo at 3.55 p.m.

INTERNATIONAL NAV. & TRAD. CO.
Operating on Kootenay Lake and River.

Str. "International" leaves Kaslo for Nelson at 6 a. m. daily except Sunday. Returning, leaves Nelson at 4.30 p.m., calling at Balfour, Pilot Bay, Ainsworth and all way points. Connects with S. F. & N. train to and from Spokane at Five Mile Point.

LARDO-DUNCAN DIVISION.

Str. "Alberta" leaves Kaslo for Lardo and Argenta at 8:30 p m Wednesdays

Steamers call at principal landings in both directions, and at other points when signalled

Tickets sold to all points in Canada and the United States.

To ascertain rates and full information address:
ROBERT IRVING,
Manager, Kaslo, B.C.

Interesting Specials

The excellence of quality, prices so uniformly right, and the large assortment, have been the means of making many sales during the past week in our Ladies' Tailor-Made Costume and Ready-to-Wear Department.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR THIS WEEK ONLY

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits
Specials at $10.00, 12.50, 15.00, 16.50, 18.50, 20.00, 22.00, 25.00, 28 00, 30 00, 35.00. See our Leader at 14.00. This suit is a Heather Mixed Grey Homespun, Box Plaited Skirt with Percaline lining.

Ladies' Tailor-Made Skirts
Specials at $3.00, 3 50, 4.50, 5.00, 5.50, 6 00, 7.00, 8.50, 9.00, 10.00, 12.00, 13.50. Our Leader at 3.50 is a specially good one, made of the Hard-Finished Serge, Navy or Black.

Ladies' Blouses
Specials at 50c 75c, $1.00, 1 25, 1.50, 1,75, 2,00, 2.50, 3.00. See the 1.00 Special—a White Muslin with Yoke and the new Cuffs.

Martin O'Reilly & Co.

Houston Block, Baker Street.

P. S. DRESSMAKING. Our new department. Satisfaction guaranteed.

MISCELLANEOUS

Advertisements inserted under this head at the rate of one cent a word per insertion. No advertisement taken for less than 25 cents.

WANTED—Two or three room furnished house or housekeeping rooms. Address, S. L., Miner.

LOST.—Plain gold bracelet. Reward on returning to R. M. Macdonald, solicitor.

WANTED—Furnished house to rent six to nine rooms. Must have modern improvements. Apply to M. M. C., Miner office.

WANTED.—Position as stenographer, Apply at this office.

TO LET.—Large, nicely furnished room with conveniences. Apply Northeast corner Lake and Cedar Street.

SEWING GIRLS wanted at the Hudson's Bay Stores.

WANTED.—Boys and girls to strip tobacco. Fifty cents a day, and as much more as they can earn. Kootenay Cigar Company.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the Liberals of the Nelson Riding of West Kootenay Electoral District will be held in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Nelson, on Saturday, the 31st instant, at 7:30 p. m. Business: The election of delegates to the Vancouver Liberal Convention. By order of the executive.
A. M. JOHNSON,
Acting Secretary.

ST. JOSEPH'S SCHOOL
NELSON, B. C.

A Boarding and Day School conducted by the Sisters of St. Joseph of Peace. It is situated at the corner of Mill and Josephine streets, in one of the best residential portions of Nelson, and is easily accessible from all parts of the city.

The course of study includes the fundamental and higher branches of a thorough English education. Business course—Bookkeeping, Stenography and Typewriting. Science course—Music, Vocal and Instrumental; Drawing, etc.—Plain and Art Needlework; Calisthenics, etc.

For terms and particulars apply to the Sister Superior.

E. J. SCOVIL

MINING BROKER, NOTARY PUBLIC.

Windermere Mines. Correspondence Solicited

WINDERMERE, B. C.

SILVER KING OPENED UP AGAIN.

Owing to the depression caused by the labor troubles I am prepared to buy or sell all kinds of second hand goods furniture, carpets, stoves, etc. Call and see me Apply to Silver King Mike, Hall Street, next door to Ashcroft's blacksmith shop.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.
SILVER KING MIKE.

J. A. DAVIDSON
✦ TAILOR ✦
Cleaning and Repairing Neatly Done.
Clothing Made to Order
Corner Ward and Baker.

J. H. LOVE, Ag't Baker St
CONTRACTS TAKEN FOR DIAMOND CORE DRILLING.
WANTED
Waitress. Chambermaid. Shirt Ironer. Plain Ironer. Girl for Housework.
Apply at
Nelson Employment Agency

FOR SALE.

Twenty-three Mineral Claims, from one to three miles from Sandon, in the famous Slocan, for sale cheap. Will sell for cash or bond from one to five years. Will take ore for pay. Sickness forces me to offer the above inducement.
MICHAEL McANDREWS,
Kootenay Lake Hospital. Nelson, B. C.

PROCTER

Auction Sale

To be sold, pursuant to a judgment of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, made in an action, Firman vs. Macclesfield, with the approbation of a Judge of the Supreme Court, by Mr. Charles A. Waterman, at the Auction Rooms of Charles A. Waterman & Company, next door to Bank of British Columbia, Baker Street, Nelson, British Columbia, on the

11th Day of April, A. D. 1900,

at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, in separate parcels, namely, Lot 3 in Block 5, and Lot 10 in Block 9, both in the City of Nelson, according to the Official Plan.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had of Davis, Marshall & Macneill, Solicitors, Vancouver, F. M. Chaldecott, Solicitor, Vancouver, and of Davis, Bowes & Ward, Solicitors, Nelson, and of the Auctioneer at Nelson.

Dated this 22d day of March, A. D. 1900.

A. E. BECK,
District Registrar.

P. BURNS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Meat Merchants

HEAD OFFICE NELSON, B. C.

Branch Markets in Rossland, Trail, Nelson, Kaslo Sandon, Three Forks, New Denver and Slocan City.

Orders by mail to any branch will have careful and prompt attention.

IF YOU SMOKE SMOKE OUR CIGARS

They are made in your midst, of the finest Havana Tobacco. Where good Cigars are sold they can be bought. The Royal Seal and Kootenay Belle. Union made.

Kootenay Cigar Mfg. Co.
NELSON, B. C.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THE CELEBRATED

ROLLED B & K OATS

The Best that Money can Buy. Take No Other

Manufactured by the Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd. Victoria, Vancouver, Westminster, Edmonton, Rossland, Nelson.

Mining Stocks
Bought and Sold.

Silver Star Mining Stock of Sumpter, Ore. Call for Prospectus.
5000 Big Horn Treasury. A snap
1000 Noonday 600 Richelieu
Here's a good buy:
Referendum Treasury Stock, Sold on installments 7½c., 1½c per month.
House and Lot in business portion of town, $3500.
14-Room House, cheap; terms easy; close in.
CALL ON—
H. A. PROSSER,
BROKER. WARD ST.

Don't Worry.

ARTHUR GEE,
Merchant Tailor,
Josephine Street,
CAN FIT YOU.
Suits from $25.00 Up.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.
COTTAGE ACROSS LAKE.

Six room Cottage opposite Nelson with more than an acre of land. Young fruit trees, strawberries small fruits and cultivated land for garden. Creek running through garden. Excellent spring water lead into house. Grove at back. Apply J. J. CAMPBELL, Smelter Office, Telephone 29.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
AND SOO LINE.

The direct route from
KOOTENAY COUNTRY.
to all points
EAST and WEST.

First-Class Sleepers on all trains from
REVELSTOKE & KOOTENAY LDG

TOURIST CARS pass Medicine Hat daily for St. Paul, Sundays and Wednesdays for Toronto, Fridays for Montreal and Boston.
Same cars pass Revelstoke one day earlier

CONNECTIONS
To and from Robson, Rossland.

Ex. Sun.		Ex. Sun.
8.00 Lv.	NELSON	Arr. 11.40
18.40 Lv. daily	NELSON	daily Arr. 22.10

Morning train connects for all points in BOUNDARY COUNTRY.
Evening train connects to and from Main Line and points north, and (ex. Sun.) from all points in BOUNDARY COUNTRY.

KOOTENAY RIVER ROUTE.

Daily.	Str. Moyie	Daily.
24.00 Lv.	NELSON	Arr. 17.20

Connects Kootenay Landing with Crow's Nest Branch trains both ways.

KOOTENAY LAKE-KASLO ROUTE

Ex. Sun.	Str. Kokanee.	Ex. Sun
16.00 Lv.	NELSON	Arr. 11.00

Saturday to Argenta and return leaving Kaslo at 20k.

SANDON AND SLOCAN POINTS.

Ex. Sun.		Ex. Sun
9.00 Lv.	NELSON	Ar. 14.40

4 hrs NELSON to ROSSLAND hrs 4

For rates and full information address near est local agent, or
C. E. BEASLEY City Passenger Agent
R. W. DREW, Agent, Nelson
W. F. ANDERSON, Trav. Pass. Agent Nelson
E. J. COYLE, A. G. P. Agent, Vancouver

Spokane Falls & Northern R'y.
Nelson & Fort Sheppard R'y.
Red Mountain R'y.

The only all rail route without change of cars between Nelson and Rossland and Spokane and Rossland

(DAILY.
Lv. 9.15 a.m. NELSON, Ar. 5.20 p.m.
Lv. 11.25 a.m. ROSSLAND Ar. 3.00 p.m.
Lv. 8.15 a.m. SPOKANE Ar. 6.15 p.m.

Train that leaves Nelson at 9:15 a.m makes close connections at Spokane for all Coast Points.
Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek, connect at Marcus with Stage Daily.

H. A. JACKSON, G. P. & T.A.
Spokane Wash
G. K. TACKABURY,
Agent, Nelson, B.C

BUY IT.

The Miner is on sale at the following news stores at five cents per copy:

Gilbert Stanley	Nelson
Thomson Stationery Co	Nelson
Canada Drug & Book Co.	Nelson
Hotel Hume News Stand	Nelson
Hotel Phair News Stand	Nelson
D. Campbell	Ymir
C. F. Nelson	New Denver
J. F. Delaney	Roseberry
R. A. Bradshaw	Slocan City
Slocan News Co.	Sandon
Thomson Bros.	Vanconver
Lamont & Young	Kaslo
H. A. King & Co.	Greenwood

and News Agents on boats and trains out of Nelson