Gazette

Occidental Hotel.
SAMPLE ROOM
FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS.
The Bar is supplied with only the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Wieland's Celebrated Philadelphia Lager Beer on Draught.

Nanaimo Courier.

Occidental Hotel.
First-Class—Large Rooms.
Nicely Furnished.
Special attention given to the Dining Department. Charges moderate.
JOHN DECKER & CO., Props.

Vol. 1. NANAIMO B. C., SUNDAY, JUNE 23, 1889. 90.

Great Sale
OF
DRY .·. GOODS

RETIRING - FROM - BUSINESS.

Stock Must Be Sold.
Come Before it is too Late.
Selling Off at Cost.
This is No Humbug.
Examine Prices and Quality and you will be Convinced.

ARTHUR BULLOCK'S Crescent Store

Discount on Dress Goods.

10c. on the Dollar.

SATURDAY, JUNE 22nd.

LAST DAY.

SPENCER & PERKINS

Hudson's Bay Co'y,
Importers,
Have Received Ex "Mennock" and "Stowe" Full Supplies of Liquors and Provisions and Offer the Same for Sale at Market Prices.
Wharf Street, - Victoria, B. C.
Ap 23

Nanaimo Saw Mill.
Haslem & Lees,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
Rough and Dressed Lumber, Shingles, Laths and Pickets, Doors, Windows and Blinds,
Moulding, Turning, Scroll Sawing, and all kinds of Wood Finishings.
All orders sent to their address at Nanaimo, B.C., will have the most prompt attention. Ap 23 HASLEM & LEES.

FOR SALE
TWO MILLION BRICKS.
BY THE
PIONEER STEAM BRICK YARD.
COUGHLAN & MASON Proprietors, Victoria, B. C.
P. O. Box, 110.

A. R. JOHNSTON & Co.
Importers & Commission Merchants
BASTION STREET & GORDON'S WHARF,
NANAIMO.
A FULL LINE OF
Finest Groceries and Fresh Provisions
KEPT IN STOCK.
Ships Disbursed and Supplies Furnished
FAMILIES AND SHIPPING SUPPLIED. GOODS DELIVERED TO ALL PARTS OF CITY AND VICINITY.
AGENT FOR PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP COMPANY
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Force and Energy.

As far as we know at present, the simplest forms of matter—the elements—are distinct entities and incapable of being transformed into one another. They unite among themselves to form all the innumerable substances of which the universe is made up, but in themselves are unchangeable and indestructible. A piece of iron, for instance, can never be changed into a piece of copper, or a grain of hydrogen gas into oxygen; neither can we destroy or annihilate a single atom of these elements. There is just exactly as much hydrogen, oxygen, iron, copper, etc., in the universe, as there has been in all the past ages, and exactly the same amount will continue to exist to all eternity, although their combinations with themselves and other elements may be altered an infinite number of times. Until some future investigator, in following certain clews at present but dimly perceived by us, discovers that the elements are but modifications of one primal form of matter, we must continue to believe that they are unchangeable. When, however, we turn to the different forms of force and energy by which, with matter, the universe reveals itself to our senses, we find a very different state of affairs. Heat, light, electricity, chemical action, magnetism, force or work, are all readily changed from one to the other with the greatest ease. A pound of coal or pure carbon will, when oxidized or burnt, always produce exactly so many units of heat. From this heat just so much power or work can be obtained and no more; this power will produce an invariable number of units of electricity or magnetism; and the electricity, when transformed into chemical action, will decompose a definite weight of a chemical compound. Every pound of coal, every ounce of food, represents a certain amount of energy, and by no possibility can a greater amount be obtained from it. It is the legitimate field of the inventor to endeavor to utilize all this energy in the form in which it is desired and prevent the enormous waste by its transformation into undesired forms, which at present occurs even with our best and most economical machinery. Any attempt to do more is as sure to end in failure as would an attempt to prove that two and two added together make five.—Popular Science News.

Monster Spiders.

Far up in the mountains of Ceylon and India there is a spider that spins a web like bright yellow silk, the central net of which is five feet in diameter, while the supporting lines, or guys, as they are called, measure sometimes ten or twelve feet long; and riding quickly in the early morning you may dash right into it, the stout threads twining round your face like a lace veil; while as the creature who has woven it takes up his position in the middle, he generally catches you right on the nose, and though he seldom bites or strings, the contact of his large body and long legs is anything but pleasant. If you forget yourself and try to catch him, bite he will, and, though not venomous, his jaws are as powerful as a bird's beak, and you are not likely to forget the encounter.

The bodies of these spiders are very handsomely decorated, being bright gold or scarlet underneath, while the upper part is covered with the most delicate slate colored fur. So strong are the webs that birds the size of larks are frequently caught therein and even the small but powerfully scaled lizard falls a victim. Often have I sat and watched the yellow or scarlet monster, measuring, when waiting for his prey with his legs stretched out, fully six inches, striding across the middle of the net, and noted the rapid manner in which he winds his stout threads around the unfortunate captive. He usually throws the coils about the head, till the wretched victim is first blinded and then choked. In many unfrequented dark nooks of the jungle you come across most perfect skeletons of small birds, caught in these terrible snares, the strong folds of which prevent the delicate bones from falling to the ground after the wind and weather have dispersed the flesh and feathers.—Rare Bits.

The Cobra's Revenge.

It is commonly believed among the Hindoos that no animal is more revengeful than the cobra, and that if a person attempts to kill it, or does kill its mate, it never rests until it has wreaked vengeance. An employe of the Madras Railway company, while seated on the veranda of his bungalow, observed two large cobras on the barren plain immediately in front of the house. Arming himself with a sharp cutlass, he sallied forth and succeeded in killing one of the reptiles, but the other, although wounded, made its escape. He then returned to his bungalow, and, later in the day, prepared to dress, when he was horrified to see a cobra coming in at the window. He fled in alarm, and when he returned with a gun the snake had disappeared. The next night, when returning home, he was pursued by the same snake, and had all he could do to escape. This had such an effect on his mind that he made application for a change to another division; but before the application could be granted the vengeful cobra actually attacked him one evening while at tea and bit him on the leg. The other guests killed the snake, but the man never recovered in spite of the best medical aid.—Philadelphia Times.

An Old Bait Bottle.

The stump of a large spruce tree extracted from the roadbed of the street now building, and cleft by a Portland Press correspondent for fuel, was found to contain a half pint flask completely inclosed within the stump. It had evidently been concealed at the roots, or in a fissure of the tree some day, and the tree in its growth had completely inclosed it. The flask inclosed no historical or other written legend, but strong evidences were present that it once contained the "bait" of some ancient fisherman.—Lewiston Journal.

OUR CABLE LETTER.

London, June 22.—The excitement in diplomatic political circles over Servian affairs increased considerably during the past week. Much concealed anxiety undoubtedly prevails regarding possible results of the diplomatic intercourse of Austrian Statesmen with Servia during the next few weeks respecting alleged Austrian interference in that little State; and also as to what action Austrian authorities in Bosnia and Hergegovina will take in the matter of two million serfs in those provinces celebrating the 500th anniversary of the Battle of Kassove. Servia itself is not such a military power as is generally believed. The regular army at the present moment numbers 18,000 men. Servia possesses about 100,000 new breech-loading rifles, but an equal number more are needed. Credit is at its lowest ebb and the little state is already weighed down with a debt of about 300,000,000 francs. The projected railway line to traverse, Servia diagonally from Negotin and Roumanian frontier to Rashka and Iber Valley and ultimately to find its continuation across Kassova and Albania to the Adriatic is at a standstill for want of funds and the engineers employed are clamoring for their salary. Commercially the country is bound hand and foot by an iniquitous treaty forced upon it by Austria. Hungary and the crippled finances of the State have pouched in a most prejudicial manner on the military strength of the country. In their financial policy the chief aim of the radical ministry is to liberate the country from foreign dependence. The commercial treaty with Austria has still three years to run, but it will be denounced at the earliest possible moment. In another direction the Government is endeavoring to obtain good trade results by redeeming important commercial concerns in the country from the hands of foreign corporations. Thus the Servian Railway is to be taken from Vienna. Laender Bank and Comptoir d'Escompte Salt Monopoly from the Anglo-Austrian Bank and the Tobacco Monopoly from the Laender Bank. In other respects it is the intention of the present Ministry to interpret the new Constitution in a liberal spirit, and to secure among other objects the liberty of the press and the right of public meeting. There can be no doubt that the existing Government in Servia represents the true sentiments of the vast mass of the people. There is hardly a peasant in the country who would address a Minister or even one of the Regents in any other terms than as "Brat" (Brother), and for the first time in recent history the title is deserved.

IN A RECENT INTERVIEW

M. Guico, Servian Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs, said: "Austria is alarmed at the near possibility of Servia having a strong constitutional government. The consequences of the radical triumph cannot fail to make themselves felt in foreign, as well as the home politics of the country. The despotic *regime* of the last eight years of King Milan's reign so thoroughly identified itself with Austria's policy and was to such an extent propped up by Austrian support that the abdication of King Milan was regarded as nothing less than a disaster at Vienna. Austrian influence in Servia has hopelessly compromised itself by its alliance with Milan's reactionary Government as well as by its grasping financial policy, which wrung from the weakness and political needs of Servia the existing Commercial Treaty. But above these causes there is one permanent and constant cause of estrangement, and that is the Austrian occupation of the Servian Provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina. No Servian Government which represents the true feelings of the people can ever profess sincere friendship with the Power which at the point of the bayonet prevents that nation from achieving the work of National Unity. The present radical movement has certainly not the least desire to provoke Austrian hostility. It recognizes that a little State like Servia must by the very law of its existence at least have a *modus vivendi* with its great neighbor. But at the same time the days of truckling and subserviency are gone.

SERVIA IS REALLY IN

her foreign relations to stand on the same courteous footing with Austria as with other powers, only there is a decided difference in her present policy in that she will not accord to Austria any special right of interference with either her foreign, or her internal affairs. Our present foreign policy is peace with all; separate alliances with none. Nevertheless there are contingencies easy to imagine but which it is decidedly to the interest of Austria to postpone in which the Russian Alliance would be hailed with enthusiasm. In Belgrade at least there is a genuine desire for peace, but weakened as the country has been by years of mis-government and prevailing financial distress, it is fully resolved to repulse in the most energetic manner any officious interference with its internal affairs on the part of the Viennese Government. Imposing preparations are being made for celebrating the five hundredth anniversary of the Battle of Kassova, where the last medieval Czar of Servia, Knez Lazar, fell in battle with the Turks. On Thursday, 27th inst., the young King Alexander, his Regents and Ministers and the deputations from the whole of Servia will meet at Krushevrtz where a requiem service will be held and an obelisk erected to the memory of the fallen heroes.

The events of the last few days in Bosnia hardly encourage the hope that people will be peacefully permitted to revive their historic memories. In that case the Kassova commemoration may take a very different character; in fact it is feared it will be the opening of the long dreaded war in the Balkans.

TWO IMPORTANT PEACE CONFERENCES

will be held in Paris during the next ten days, the first which is to be entitled "the Universal Peace Congress" will begin tomorrow, and is expected to last five days. To this Congress representatives of peace societies throughout the world have been invited. The Congress will be held at the Mairie of the 6th Arrondissement in Place St. Sulpice. These Conferences will be composed of representatives of various Parliaments whose special object will be to consolidate and perpetuate peace by proclaiming treaties of arbitration between America, Great Britain, France and other countries. It will meet at the same place on the 27th and 30th June.

SOME FIFTY MEMBERS

of the British House of Commons accepted invitations to this Conference and a number of favorable replies have also been received from members of Italian, Austrian, German, Swiss, Belgian and Danish Parliaments, and the American Congress. This Conference is being convened by joint committees of French and British members of Parliament, who were charged with that duty at the Parliamentary Conference which was held in Paris on 31st of last October.

SEVENTY MINERS ENTOMBED THROUGH CARELESSNESS.

Sydney, N. S. W., June 22.—Seventy miners are entombed in a pit at Newcastle, and rescue is doubtful. The disaster was caused by the carelessness of a miner who entered the shaft with an unprotected lamp and the fire damp exploded.

NEWS FROM SAMOA.

Auckland, June 22.—News from Apia is that the Nipsic and the Alert have sailed for Honolulu. Investigation is progressing with reference to the assistance given by the British Consul to Mataafa. Lieut. Thurston is conducting the investigation.

AGAINST PARLIAMENT AND FEUDALISM.

Paris, June 22.—Members of the Right in the Deputies have issued a manifesto declaring they are aggrieved at the action of the Republican majority in the Chamber, and advising electors to unite in the name of France and Liberty against Parliament and feudalism.

RACING SCANDAL.

London, June 22.—It is now denied that the *cause celebre* of Lord Durham *v.* Sir Geo. Chetwynd, anent a racing scandal, is to be compromised.

NANAIMO TELEPHONE COMPANY.

We are indebted to the courtesy of Mr. I. C. Speer, the "rustling" manager of the Nanaimo Telephone Company, for the following revised list of subscribers, in which we are pleased to notice several new names since our published list of some two weeks ago.

1—J H Pleace, Hardware Store.
2—E Quennell, Butcher.
3—E Pimbury, & Co., Druggists and Chemists.
4—Old Flag Inn, J E Jenkins.
5—Nanaimo Hospital.
6—Provincial Government Office.
7—Johnston & Co's Wharf.
8—Shamrock Livery Stables.
9—Railroad or Telegraph Office.
10—Bank of British Columbia.
11—New Vancouver Coal Co.
12—Dr. E A Praeger's Office.
13—Jas Harvey's Store.
14—Commercial Hotel, Sabiston & Wilcox.
15—Hirst Brothers' Store.
16—Johnston & Co's Store.
17—Free Press Printing Office.
18—I. X. L. Livery Stables.
19—Haslem & Lees' Saw Mill.
20—J Mitchel, Soda Water Works.
21—Tom Bell, Fruit Store.
22—City Clerk's Office.
23—J H Hilbert, Cigar Store.
24—Mrs. Grauthier.
26—Dunsmuir & Son's Office, Departure Bay.
27—J Hoskin's Store.
28—Dr. Walkem's Residence, East Wellington.
29—East Wellington Coal Co's Office, East Wellington.
30—John Hilbert, Furniture Dealer.
31—COURIER Office.
32—Walter Wilson's Store.
33—A Mayer & Co.
34—M Manson's Residence.
35—N E P Society's Store.
36—Dr. L. T. Davis' Residence.
37—J Decker, Occidental Hotel.
38—Craig's Blacksmith Shop.
39—B McMillan's Residence.
40—East Wellington Wharf.
41—R Heyland's Residence.
42—E Quennell's Slaughter House.
43—The Delmonico Hotel.
44—T Wall, Wellington Hotel.
45—Central Hotel.
49—J Mahrer's Brewery.
47—J Mahrer's new Residence.

FRENCH CREEK NEWS.

E. Despard, one of our most ambitous sports, lately shot two large bears in fairly good condition, though the skins are rather poor. He sent the heads to Nanaimo to be stuffed.

Trout are very plentiful in Englishman's River, but the settlers are too busy to do much fishing.

Mr. Graves, who lately purchased a very valuable horse from Mr. J. Hilbert, of Nanaimo, has had the misfortune to lose it in a somewhat strange manner. The animal had a habit of roaming around the settlement and kicking other horses and cattle and was not above sitting down on an inhabited hen-coop, much to the detriment of its occupants. The horse was finally caught and tied up, but mourned its liberty so much that it strangled itself.

The sexton's work was "got in" by Mr. Graves himself.

The hay crop has turned out very well, but oats need rain badly.

Several of the farmers have made extensive preparations to plant orchards, and several large orders for fruit trees have been placed by them.

There is a noticeable increase in the number of cattle in the district, and farmers think that French Creek will be a beef supplying point.

All the settlers are busily engaged clearing land, and a large number of acres will probably be cleared this year.

The prospects for duck-shooting next season are exceptionally good.

CHURCH NOTICES.

ST. PAUL'S.

First Sunday after Ascension.

11 a. m., Morning Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion; 7 p. m., Even-Song and Sermon. N. B.—Any Baptisms performed at 3 p. m.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

St. Peter's Wallace street, Rev. Father Sobry, Service, morning, every other Sunday at the hour of 9 and 11, a. m.; evening service 7 o'clock.

New flannel boating and cricket shirts and coats just received at the Box store, Victoria Crescent.

If you want a cheap stove go to J. H. Pleace, he has a fine stock at all prices.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

A Man to Cross Niagara Rapids in a Boat Eleven Feet Long.—The United States Wants Reciprocity With Japan.

Re-Constitution of the Clan-na-Gael Society.—Man Lynched in Nebraska for Murdering a

Woman.—Chess Players' Tour a Failure.—Embezzler Sentenced to Six Years.

DESTRUCTIVE CYCLONE.

Kansas City, June 22.—Details were received this morning of a destructive cyclone in Gentry County. The village of Lone Star was almost totally destroyed on Thursday last, three persons being killed and a number injured. The cyclone moved in two funnel-shaped clouds, travelling very swiftly and very low down, and in its progress destroyed everything. The cyclone passed off to the south east badly damaging all the growing crops in orchards and forests in the path.

POST-OFFICE CLERK DISCHARGED.

New York, June 22.—Superintendent Ackerman of the postoffice station at the Produce Exchange, in this city, has been discharged upon charges of returning falsified returns of the business done at that station. There is no charge of embezzlement presented. He reported 50,000 parcels more than were handled in one month, the object being the increase of the importances of the office.

THE CLAN NA GAEL WILL REPUDIATE.

Chicago, June 22.—Captain O'Meaghre Condon is here. The Clan Na Gael is to be reorganized within the next two weeks, and representatives of all the camps in Chicago, will meet for that purpose. Oaths are to be abolished and the reorganization will be on a constitutional basis. Omeaghre Condon is to make a statement for publication in which the attitude of the Clan Na Gael toward the Cronin murder will be clearly stated, and an attempt made to remove the prevailing sentiment against it in consequence of the matter.

POISONED BY EATING CORNED BEEF.

Cincinnati, June 22.—A report comes from Findlay, Ohio, that twenty persons have been poisoned by eating Chicago pressed corned beef.

SERVED HIM RIGHT.

White Plains, N. Y., June 22.—Cassidy, who attempted to burn the Catholic Protectory for revenge, when it was filled with children, to-day was sentenced to 16 years in the state prison.

TRIAL OF A WAR SHIP POSTPONED.

Washington, June 22.—The Navy Department is advised that owing to some defect in the machinery, the trial of the Petrel was postponed from yesterday for about ten days.

SHIPPING.

San Francisco, June 22.—Cleared, Str. Oregon, Portland, ship Harvester, Port Townsend; sailed, Barkentine Skallet, Puget Sound.

LYNCHED.

Omaha, June 22.—Nicholas Foley, who murdered Mrs. Pomeroy Clark, at Elgin, Neb., was this afternoon taken from the Deputy Sheriff, who had captured him and was hanged to a bridge near the scene of his crime.

EMBEZZLER SENTENCED.

Pittsburg, June 22.—Cashier Wright, who pleaded guilty to the embezzlement of $140,000 from the Defunct Farmers and Mechanics Bank, has been sentenced to six years in the penitentiary.

DISINFECTANTS DUTY FREE.

Washington, June 22.—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, Tichenor has directed the Collector of Customs, New York, to admit free of duty a consignment of Quibells, disinfectant donated by Quibell Brothers of Newark, England, for use in disinfecting the Johnstown matter. The subject was referred to Surgeon General Hamilton, who stated that the consignment could be used, and the collector was authorized to have it consigned to Lieut. Patrick, of the Engineer's Corps, at Johnstown. The Treasury Department has issued a circular defining the items that can come under the head of

ACTUAL TRAVELING EXPENSES

of army officers. The circular is based on the act of June 16th, 1874, and is very strict. No unnecessary expenses will be allowed and accounts must be sworn to. Bills and receipts are expected to be presented with the accounts. A movement has been started in the East for increasing the

TRADE WITH JAPAN

to more equal proportions. The *Post* this morning says editorially, something should be done to put our foreign trade on a better basis. The United States buys from Japan $17,000,000 worth of produce, while Japan buys less than $3,000,000 worth in return. This is not a fair measure of reciprocity, and some sort of explanation would seem to be in order.

WILL GO OVER THE WHIRLPOOL RAPIDS.

Niagara Falls, June 22.—About the last of this month, Carlisle D. Graham, the hero of several trips through the Whirlpool Rapids, will go over the Horse Shoe Falls which rush over a 200-foot precipice, with what little protection his new barrel life-boat can afford. The barrel boat is designed for a life-boat and its inventor says its entirely different except in name, from the craft in which he went through the Whirlpool and Devil's Rapids. It is eleven feet long and forty inches in diameter, looks a little like a torpedo with a turret amidships, and has side-wheels and other appliances of a small flying machine for aquatic use. The craft is a cylinder in shape and has three compartments, each of which is watertight. The center compartment is forty-three inches long and forty inches in diameter. Two persons could be squeezed into it on a pinch, but to work the side-wheels and steering apparatus satisfactorily there is hardly more than room for one person. Each of the other two compartments will easily carry two persons. The craft is strongly built of well seasoned oak and cedar staves, and is bound with twenty-four iron bands. In still water it would be as good as any ordinary boat except for the lack of deck space. It can be propelled by side-wheels from the inside, and the machinery is so arranged that it is reversible. The boat is sufficiently strong to withstand ordinary shocks of a rough voyage, but it is extremely doubtful if it can escape being dashed to pieces either on the rocks at the foot of the Falls or elsewhere in the gorge.

FAILURES.

San Francisco, June 22.—The Bradstreet Mercantile Agency reports 13 failures in Pacific Coast States and Territories for the week ending to-day, as compared with 11 for the previous week and 18 for the corresponding week of 1888.

CHESS PLAYERS TOUR A FAILURE.

New York, June 22.—The tour of the chess players to this country, it is reported, resulted in a financial disaster to them. Tabenhaus borrowed $25 and went back to France in the steerage, and Gossip, of Australia, is still here, unable to raise funds to get home.

WRESTLING MATCH—JOHNSTON V. PIERRIE.

Vancouver, June 22.—The wrestling match here to-night between E. W. Johnston, Champion all-round athlete of America, and C. E. Pierrie, Champion of the Pacific Coast, for $400 was won by Pierrie. There were three styles used, side-hold, catch-as-catch-can, and Græco-Roman. Johnston obtained a fall on the side hold and Pierrie in the other two. The match was witnessed by over 500 people. It was the best contested match ever witnessed here.

Cricket.

In the presence of a large number of fashionable spectators a match was played yesterday afternoon by the "Nanaimo Cricket Club" on their ground near Chinatown. The opposing teams consisted of married v. single players. Messrs. Hawthornwaite and Cooper were the respective captains.

Among the married players Messrs. H. Cooper, E. A. Praeger and McKinley batted well. Messrs. Hodgson & Calverley bowled in a stye which bore evidence of an intimate acquaintance with the game; whilst Mr. Miller would undoubtedly do credit to any club as a wicket-keeper. Dr. E. A. Praeger distinguished himself among the Benedicts by his smart fielding.

Among the single players Messrs. H. Watson, Lowden, Honeyman and Paul bore off the batting laurels. Mr. Johnson bowled exceedingly well and Dixons wicket keeping was a sight to warm the blood of any old cricketer.

The game which was both close and exciting, was finally won by two runs, amid the greatest enthusiasm. Below is the score.

MARRIED.

S. Harvey hit wicket	0
H. Cooper b Johnson	6
Millar c and b do	1
Hodgson b Lowden	2
Calverley b do	2
McKinley b Hawthornthwaite	6
A. Watson st b Dixon	6
L. Jones c Cotton	2
Watson run out	1
Walkem hit wicket	0
Cruickshank b Johnson	1
Praeger, E. A., b do	2
Jno. Hilbert b Lowden	0
J. H. Hilbert b do	5
Extras	5
Total	39

SINGLE.

Hawthornthwaite c Hodgson b Millar	2
Edward Praeger c Cooper b do	0
Armfelt b Calverly	0
Johnson b Hodgson	1
Cotton b do	1
Dixon b Calverly	1
Sowden b Hodgson	6
H. Watson c and b A. Watson	10
Honeyman b Hodgson	5
Potts b Calverly	0
Sykes Thomson b Calverly	0
G Brough b do	0
Paul b Hodgson	6
Extras	9
Total	41

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

EDITOR COURIER,—Sir:—The terrible mortality from diphtheria, that has prevailed in this city for the last year, prompts me to call your attention to the state of the closets of our Public Schools. The stench arising from them is at times unbearable. I have communicated with the Officer of Health and with the Secretary of the Board of Trustees on the subject, but both of these officers, though anxious to abate the nuisance, seem to be powerless. I have received from Mr. Thomson, Secretary of the Board, a tin of Chloride of Lime, which has somewhat improved matters, but in spite of all disinfectants, a large public closet used by several hundred children, cannot fail to be a menace to the health of the city. The disease seems to be particularly fatal in the case of children, and I consider that I should be negligent of my duty, were I not to draw public attention to a danger which threatens the young people under my charge. The teachers of the Public Schools, as well as myself, have been very careful in excluding suspicious cases of sickness from the schools, but such exclusion is useless, if perchance, the germs of infection lie within our precincts. I do not say that they do, but it is a matter worth investigating. I have, etc.,

EDWARD B. PAUL,
Principal, High School.

A WARNING.

The modes of death's approach are various, and statistics show conclusively that more persons die from diseases of the Throat and Lungs than any other. It is probable that everyone, without exception receives vast numbers of Tubercle Germs into the system and where these germs fall upon suitable soil they start into life and develop, at first slowly and is shown by a slight tickling sensation in the throat and if allowed to continue their ravages they extend to the lungs producing Consumption and to the head, causing Catarrh. Now all is dangerous, and if allowed to proceed will in time cause death. At the onset you must act with promptness; allowing a cold to go without attention is dangerous and may lose you your life. As soon as you feel that something is wrong with your Throat, Lungs or Nasal Passages obtain a bottle of Boschee's German Syrup It will give you immediate relief.

Have you called at the Box (T. L. Brown & Co.)? If not it will be worth your while to do so for gentlemen's and boys' goods.

Ice Cold Milk Shake at Pimbury's. *

THE :-: NANAIMO :-: COURIER

AN INDEPENDENT SPAPER

SUNDAY, JUNE 23, 1889.

Mr. James O'Neil is authorized on behalf of the Nanaimo COURIER to canvass for subscriptions, advertising, receive payments and give receipts for the same in the city of Victoria.

Mr. John Currie is authorized on behalf of the Nanaimo COURIER to canvass for subscriptions, receive payments and give receipts for the same in Wellington.

DIPHTHERIA AND COMMON-SENSE.

In our issue of to-day our readers will notice a letter which treats of a subject of the gravest importance to each member of this community. We are conscious that there is nothing easier than for a newspaper to adopt the *role* of the carping critic. What is wanted, however, is not only the ability to point out the evil, but to suggest the remedy. By the foregoing sentence we would not be understood to mean that we ourselves have an *infallible nostrum to offer in respect to* the matter of which the letter from our deservedly esteemed Principal of the High School treats. Our intention is merely to *use our best endeavor to induce* the Public to take this matter up with something *like energy, and to* shake off the apathy with which it is the custom to regard the prevalence of the hideous disease which for many months past has made such fearful blanks in the family circles of this town. That the powers with which our Health Officer is invested are at present quite inadequate and equally ill-defined, is a matter of common notoriety. What we would suggest, to come to the point, is this: let us empower a duly qualified person, accompanied by say an Alderman or even policeman, to *pay a visit to each house* which has contained a case of diphtheria during the last twelve months. Let them examine the closets, inspect and cause to be analyzed the water supply used by the occupants of such house; make enquires as to the general health of the occupants, note the drainage and whether refuse of any kind is lying exposed in the immediate neighborhood. It may be objected that this plan would mean the expenditure of more money by the Council and that more money is not picked up in the gutter. We admit the objection, but what we don't admit, and we think that we at least in this carry the sense of the entire community with us in so thinking, is that human lives are immeasurably more valuable than dollars and cents, badly as we can do without the latter. After all, even our ablest scientific men—and it is our firm conviction that the medical men in this district of Nanaimo and Wellington are more than equal in professional ability and surgical skill to many of those found in far larger cities—practically admit that they are helpless in the matter of unearthing the first cause of this fearful disease which is slowly but surely decimating the ranks of our little ones. It has long seemed to us that if we are ever going to learn how to combat this invisible enemy we must first of all learn from whence our foe strikes its victim, and in order to gain this knowledge we *must have reliable statistics upon which to work.* Having once obtained which, the duly appointed Officer of Health should have full power granted him to take such steps as should once for all have the effect of at least striking at the root of the evil. The letter from Mr. PAUL to which we have already adverted, refers to the state of the closet attached to the public schools. We are aware that it has been the opinion of many of the most intelligent persons in Nanaimo for months past that the state of the closets at present in use almost throughout the city, may not unreasonably be supposed to be at least one of the causes which help to breed the germs which when taken into the human system so frequently cause death. What we would suggest to our City Council is this—pass a bye-law—the offenders against which should be liable to a severe penalty—prohibiting the use of the old form of closet entirely. Make it compulsory to adopt the *dry earth system* now used in so many well-regulated households in England and the States. Chloride of lime is all very well we are aware for a time, but what we would urge is the vigorous and compulsory adoption of that greatest of all deodorisers and disinfectants, dry earth. Let someone be duly appointed to make enquiries as to the best patent extant, and that there are many such patents we are aware, which combine cheapness, simplicity and efficacy. Having chosen the most approved method, let it be understood that it must be adopted, and at once. As we have already said, our object in writing this article is to arouse *public interest* in the matter. It is to the Public we must ultimately look for reforms, whether political, social, or sanitary, and until it displays an intelligent interest in the matter we shall despair of anything being done. If the people of Nanaimo and Wellington would take this matter up with the settled determination to see that the statistics and information to which we have already referred were acquired, it would so strengthen the hands both of our Medical Officer of Health and our Aldermen, that we are sanguine enough to believe that the results of such enquiry would throw a flood of light on the subject the effect of which would be of lasting benefit.

BRITISH COLUMBIA AS A SANITARIUM.

SOME few weeks ago Mr. TROOP the English Consul at Yokohama, while on his way to England, paid a flying visit to Nanaimo in order to shake hands with an old colleague. He—Mr. TROOP—expressed the opinion while here, that if the advantages which British Columbia in general, and Vancouver Island in particular possesses, were to be made known among English residents in China and Japan, that we should doubtless have a considerable annual influx of visitors from these countries in search of health. Numbers of European residents in the Far East, who were unable to afford the time and expense entailed in a trip to Europe would, in Mr. TROOP's opinion, find their way here in search of the health-giving breezes with which this coast is favored, if the facts were duly advertised as to our splendid climate, good fishing, hunting, shooting, boating, and the many other *desiderata* which such visitors would deem essential. If this is the case—and we have no reason to doubt it—we should strive to the best of our ability to advertise our country in such a manner that the qualifications which enable British Columbia to pose as an antidote to systems "run down" by long residence in a semi-tropical climate must speedily become known. The class of visitors to whom we have reference is a most desirable one, and we think that it would be well worth our while to act upon Consul Troop's suggestion and advertise the advantages and pleasures to be derived from a term of residence in what would soon be recognized as a famous sanitarium, a little more widely than has hitherto been the case, at least in that particular part of the world to which he referred. An English resident in China and Japan must perforce, if he would not have a hopelessly impaired constitution, take a long leave of absence *at least* once in twelve years. Now—as Mr. Troop pointed out—if European residents there, knew how *admirably adapted this country* is for tourists wishing to recuperate their stock of health, numbers of them would doubtless take more frequent holidays than is the custom at present, and instead of waiting until they are at last *obliged to go to Europe for a few months,* they would run over here say once in 3 *or 4 years.*

MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

THE following brief description of some of the marriage customs of the Australian "black" may be interesting to our readers, more especially as this race is rapidly becoming extinct and but little reliable information can be gained about them, owing to the aboriginal, like the Emu and Kangaroo retiring towards the interior as the white-man advances. We are indebted to a writer now dead, for the following account:

The first duty of our young native man was to obtain a wife, and this end was attained without the weak sentiment of a white man's courtship. An aboriginal paid for his wife, bartering a sister or cousin in exchange. We have known a man to barter his grey-haired widowed mother for a spouse. It was considered disgraceful for a man to have a wife for whom an equivalent had not been given, or for a woman to have it said that her husband had not paid for her. First cousins could not marry, and the marriage of second cousins was considered imprudent. A man could not marry a woman of his own tribe. Matches were always arranged by a third party, and frequently a suitor would not see his intended until the eve of his marriage. This arrangement, however, did not always prevent love matches; but where such transpired the proposal always comes from the lady, as it was considered bad taste for a man to take such a liberty. The marriage ceremony always took place at night, and was of a simple nature, the most important part of the performance consisting of the bride making a fire on her future husband's hearth. A corroboree and dance usually took place; but their was nothing indecorous in the proceedings. Polygamy was admissible, but a man possessing more than one wife was generally regarded with pity on account of the discord in his domestic affairs. The Queensland blacks assert that on entering Paradise after death a man is allotted an equal number of wives to those he has obtained on earth—judging the number by the quantity of tears issuing from the eyes of the departed. A husband provided all animal food for his family and was expected to keep a good hut or "mia-mia" to shelter them. A woman had to obtain roots and vegetables, carry firewood, cook the food, and perform all menial work in connection with her duties as a wife and mother. If she pleased her lord he signified his approval by rubbing her with grease; on the contrary, she would speedily find that his club constituted a ready means of punishing any delinquencies. In case of cruelty inflicted by her husband, a woman could take refuge in the hut of her mother, with the certainty of at least temporary safety, as it was considered a most improper and unlucky proceeding for a man to go into the presence of his mother-in-law.

YESTERDAY a plant was brought to our office by a gentleman who told us he had found it growing on the Esplanade. He, like ourselves, had lived in other countries where this pest, dreaded of stock-owners, thrives apace, in spite of special laws being enacted in order to render its destruction compulsory. We refer to the famous Bathurst Burr of the Australian colonies. The specimen which is lying before us as we write, does not appear to us to be identical with the "Burr" as we have seen it in the "bush" of Queensland and New South Wales, though the resemblance is so strong as to lead us to suppose that altered climatic conditions, and difference of soil may have tended somewhat to modify its original characteristics. This "burr" ruins wool by working itself into the fibres, until the fleece must be torn to pieces in order to separate the two. The spines with which the plant is also armed, work into the flesh of the poor sheep, whilst the plant itself, if not checked, is of so rapid a growth that it will under favorable conditions, speedily over-run large tracts of country. If our City Council would instruct a man to destroy this weed, the destruction might be made complete, we believe, in an hour; but let it once gain head-way and our farmers and stock-raisers will find that like their fellow-colonists in Australia, a stock range or farm on which grows the dreaded "Bathurst Burr" makes the life of the owner anything but one which is made up of "beer and skittles."

WE confess that we were not aware that painting—we have reference to the art which decorates the *cheek*, rather than the *canvas*—was so generally practised by English girls as we find it to be; supposing that Mr. Labouchere is correct in his view of the matter. From his paper, *Truth*, we extract the following:

"I was the other afternoon in the Park, and was looking at the ladies driving in their carriages. I take the liberty to give them a little advice. A considerable number of them had endeavored to "improve" their complexions, and, what is more curious, the young ones seemed to have done so even more than the elderly ones. Now, admitting that to paint the face be desirable, it ought, at least, to be well done, particularly when the painting has to stand the test of sunlight. I never saw faces worse painted. *An American girl paints from her childhood* upwards, and by the time that she *comes over to London to be presented at* Court, and to take part at other such *functions, so dear to the young Republican,* she has acquired a mastery of her art. So, again, with French women. They know how to paint. But English girls know as little about it as savages. The white that they daub on their faces looks blue in daylight; their rouge becomes a pale magenta; the black line that they draw round their eyes gives their orbs a bead-like expressionless air; the red that they put on their lips assumes a brownish tint, and darkens their teeth; and their attempts to better their eyebrows generally end in making one differ from the other.

OUR Vancouver neighbors, as everyone knows, intend to hold high-holiday on Dominion Day. The sports to be held there, judging by the published programme, as well as by hearsay, will be of a class perhaps never before witnessed by native born British Columbians. It gives us sincere pleasure to witness the energy and "go" of those who have cast anchor in the Terminal City. No wonder that Vancouver is progressing by leaps and bounds, when we see the enterprise, forethought, and "go-aheadedness" which seem to distinguish one and all of her citizens. That the friendly hospitality of Mayor Oppenheimer and the other members of the Invitation Committee, will be amply rewarded by fine weather, crowds of visitors, and a "jolly" good time generally, is our sincere wish. We are quite sure that those of our readers who have decided to witness or take part in the festivities to be held there, will be richly recompensed; quite apart from the pleasure which they will receive in seeing the rapid growth of the baby giant—a baby which bids fair before long, to rival in point of population and business volume many a renowned city of the old world and the new.

AFTER writing our article on "Diphtheria and Common Sense," we were asked by Mr. Haslam, M. P. P., to sign a Requisition requesting the "Mayor to call a public meeting for the purpose of discussing and devising the necessary sanitary measures for the city's welfare." We hope such meeting will be attended *en masse* by our fellow townsmen; more especially as it has come to our notice that already there have been cases of parents removing themselves and their "household gods"; arguing that as "times are not so very brisk, it is hardly worth while waiting until they mend, with the very grave risk that by the time that happens, some one or more of their little ones may have been removed by death." We have heard persons argue that we should say nothing upon the subject or "we shall create a panic"—our opinion is rather that if a panic is created, it will be for the want of something being said.

MADAME PATTI made her *entree* at Buenos Ayres on the 9th of April, and was received with enormous enthusiasm. The critics aver that she looks younger and that her voice is even better than on the previous visit. The receipts were over £4,000.

☞ BEFORE BUILDING, CALL ON

T. B. NORGATE,

Architect and Mechanical Engineer.

DRAWINGS FOR PATENT OFFICE.

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R. CRAIG,

General Blacksmith & Carriage Builder.

Bastion Street Bridge, Nanaimo, B. C.

With New Premises, Modern Machinery and First Class Workmen, all Styles of Wagons, Carriages and Buggies will be built to order.

HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY. REPAIRING DONE.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWY

Steamer Isabel.

J. BENDRODT - Master.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE

The steamer Isabel will run as follows calling at way ports:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo, Wednesday at 7 a m

Leave Nanaimo for Comox, Thursday at 7 a m

Leave Comox for Nanaimo, Friday at 7 a m

Leave Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday at 7 a m

For Freight and Passage apply on board.

Mar 1—tf

WORTH THEIR WEIGHT IN GOLD.

Holloway's Pills & Ointment

THIS INCOMPARABLE MEDICINE has secured for itself an imperishable fame throughout the world for the alleviation and cure of most diseases to which humanity is heir.

THE PILLS

Purify, regulate and improve the quality o the blood. They assist the digestive organs, cleanse the STOMACH & BOWELS, increase the secretory power of the Liver, brace the nervous system, and throw into the circulation the pure elements for sustaining and repairing the frame.

Thousands of persons have testified that by their use alone they have been restored to health and strength after every other means have proved unsuccessful

THE OINTMENT

Will be found invaluable in every Household in the cure of open Sores, Hard Tumors, BAD LEGS, OLD WOUNDS, COUGHS, Colds, Sore Throats, Bronchitis, and all disorders of the Throat and Chest, as also Gout, Rheumatism, Scrofula, and every kind of Scin Diseases.

Manufactured only at Professor Holloway's Establishment, 78 New Oxford St. (late 533 Oxford St.), London, and sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d. 11s., 22., and 33s. each Box and Pot.

☞ BEWARE OF AMERICAN COUNTERFEITS. Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pot and Boxes. If the address is not 533 Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

—THE

NANAIMO COURIER!

Published every morning except

MONDAY

—AT—

Nanaimo, B.C.

This paper is a live exponent of the interest of

Nanaimo and Vicinity

And is thoroughly

INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS!

It contains all the Latest

Telegraphic Dispatches

—AND—

LOCAL NEWS

Dished up in readable style, and is distributed early each morning so that everyone can have it at the breakfast table.

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In every part of the

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The Largest and Best Hotel in the City.

R. WATKINS - - - PROP

NANAIMO, B.C.

James Harvey

IMPORTER OF

ENGLISH AND CANADIAN MERCHANDISE.

COMMERCIAL STREET, NANAIMO, B. C

NOTICE.

Assessment Act and Provincial Revenue Tax, Nanaimo District.

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with the Statutes, that Provincial Revenue Tax and all Taxes levied under the Assessment Acts are now due for the year, 1889, and payable at my office, Nanaimo; Assessed Taxes, if paid on or before June 30th, 1889, are collectable at the following rates, viz:

½ of 1 per cent. on Real Property.

7½ cents per acre on Wild Land.

One-third of one per cent. on Personal Property.

½ of 1 per cent. on Income.

If paid after June 30th, 1889:—

⅔ of 1 per cent. on Real Property.

8½ cents per acre on Wild Land.

½ of 1 per cent. on Personal Property.

¾ of 1 per cent. on Income.

M. BATE,

Assessor and Collector

J.H.PLEACE,

—DEALER IN—

HARDWARE, STOVES, PAINTS, OILS

ROPE, GLASS, RIFLES,

CARTRIDGES, PAINT BRUSHES.

Tin and Sheet Ironware,

READY MIXED PAINTS,

NAILS, BUILDERS HARDWARE AND CARPENTERS' TOOLS.

A Full Assortment at Lowest Prices.

Victoria Crescent,

NANAIMO. B. C.

R. J. W. ATWOOD,

Chemist & Druggist.

PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY AND TOILET GOODS.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

COMMERCIAL STREET, NANAIMO, B. C.

P. GABLE,

Cigar :-: Manufacturer,

Bastion St.,

NANAIMO, B. C.

Smoke the celebrated "Nanaimo Enterprise" cigar. Best in the Market.

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WANTED.

A house in the middle ward with five rooms, in good locality. Address "M. M." COURIER Office.

The Steamer

R. DUNSMUIR

Leaves Vancouver for Nanaimo on Mondays, Thursdays and Fridays at 2:15 p.m., on the arrival of the Eastern mails.

Leaves New Westminster for Nanaimo Mondays and Wednesdays at 7 a.m.

Returning,

Leaves Nanaimo for Vancouver Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays at 7 a.m.

Leaves Nanaimo for New Westminster Tuesdays and Saturdays at 7 a. m.

To the Travelling Public

TICKETS

—TO ALL POINTS ON THE—

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAIL'Y

And its connections may be had from

A. SHAW, Agent, - - Nanaimo.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED proposals will be received by the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, up to noon of Wednesday, 10th of July next, from persons experienced in well drilling who may be desirous of undertaking contracts from the Government for sinking one or more experimental Artesian Wells in Yale District, B. C., with a view to determining their value for purposes of irrigation.

Proposals must state clearly all conditions and terms, state the kind of apparatus proposed to be used, and give the name of two responsible residents of the Province who are willing to enter into a bond to secure the faithful carrying out of any contract which may be entered into.

Such information as may be in possession of the Lands and Works Department will be furnished on application to parties proposing to contract.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands & Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 10th June, 1889.

LELAND HOUSE,

PROUT & INSLEY, Proprietors.

Strictly First-Class. Accommodation for 125 Guests.

Convenient to Railway Station and Steamship Dock.

CORNER OF HASTINGS & GRANVILLE STREETS, VANCOUVER, B. C.

CITY MARKET.

Next door to Hirst's Bros.,

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W. D. DEEBLE, Prop.

Conseantly on hand a full assortment of Choice Meats and Vegetables.

Shipping supplied at short notice.

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GENERAL BLACKSMITH.

Peck's Blacksmith Shop,

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I am prepared to do all kinds of General Blacksmithing at short notice and reasonable rates. Special attention paid to tenderfooted, over-reaching and interfearing horses.

SHOEING—Give me a call and convince yourselves. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

J. PULWITT, - - - Proprietor.

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Fashionable : Tailors

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WANTED.

A waitress at once. Apply Delmonico Hotel. tf

Shaving & Bath Parlors

OPPOSITE COURIER OFFICE,

NANAIMO, B.C.

J. Lewis, - Proprietor.

City Licensing Court.

A sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners will be held at the old Court House, Nanaimo, on Wednesday the 12th instant.

10th June, 1889. S. GOUGH, City Clerk.

HENRY J. CRESSWELL,

ARCHITECT,

AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,

6 BASTION SQUARE, VICTORIA, B. C.

JOHN BOYD,

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WINE AND TEA MERCHANT,

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GOVERNMENT STREET,

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The Mutual Life Insurance CO. OF NEW YORK.

The Largest Company in the World.

Assets, $126,000,000.

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FIRST BANK

—ESTABLISHED IN—

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CAPITAL : : $2,500,000

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Agents and Correspondents:

IN CANADA—The Bank of Montreal and branches.

UNITED STATES—Agents Bank of Montreal, 59 Wall Street, New York;—Bank of Montreal, Chicago.

UNITED KINGDOM—Bank of British Columbia, 28 Cornhill, London; National Provincial Bank of England: North and South Wales Bank; British Linen Company's Bank; Bank of Ireland.

India, China, Japan, Australia, New Zealand Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank Corporation—Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, English, Scottish and Australian Chartered Bank, Bank of Australasia, Commercial Bank Co., of Sydney.

MEXICO AND SOUTH AMERICA—London Bank o Mexico and South America.

Telegraphic Transfers and Remittances to and from all points can be made through this Bank at current rates.

Collections carefully attended to and every description of banking transacted.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co.

[LIMITED

TIME TABLE No. 10.

TAKING EFFECT FEBRUARY 1st, 1889.

BURRARD INLET ROUTE.

VICTORIA TO Vancouver and Moodyville daily except Monday, at 4 o'clock.

VANCOUVER TO Victoria, daily, except Monday, at 12:15 o'clock or on the arrival of the C. P. Railway Train.

PUGET SOUND ROUTE.

S.S. PREMIER will leave as follows:—Vancouver 2 p. m., Mondays and Thursdays, returning leaves Seattle Wednesdays and Saturdays at 6 a.m., *arriving in Vancouver about 6 p.m., this to* take effect Thursday, February 9th.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leaves VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sundays and Thursdays at 7 o'clock, Tuesdays at 8 o'clock.

Leave NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria and way ports on Monday at 2 p.m., Wednesday and Friday at 7 a.m.

PLUMPER PASS, Sunday at 7 o'clock.

FRASER RIVER ROUTE.

Steamers for Hope and way ports leave New Westminster every Thursday: For Chilliwhack and way landings every Tuesday and Saturday at 7 a.m.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports once a month.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamship Sardonyx will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the First and Fifteenth of each month. Whenever sufficient inducement *offers will call at points on the West Coast and* Queen Charlotte Islands.

The company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

C. A. CARLETON, Gen. Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

Nanaimo Land Office.

HAWTHORNTHWAITE & CO.

FOR SALE.

NEWCASTLE DISTRICT—Seven acres, more or less, very good land, Millstream running through, close to Comox Road. A desirable homestead, minerals included—$1000.

NEWCASTLE TOWNSITE—Lot 68, Block 3 $225 Terms.

Lot 43, block 10, $500 cash.

Lot 8, block 13, $1800 terms. Splendid business site.

Lots 11 and 12, block 6—$1000.

Locations for residences and business sites throughout the city.

Nine blocks in the Syndicate Addition to Port Angeles. Farms in all parts of the Province. d

NOTICE.

AS THE UNDERSIGNED IS RETIRING from business he begs to notify *all persons indebted to him to settle* their accounts on or before the 30th June proximo. Accounts remaining unpaid after that date will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. All *persons to whom the undersigned is in*debted are requested to hand in their claims for payment, on or before the above mentioned dates.

JAS. HARVEY.

Nanaimo, 19th April, '89.

RED HOUSE.

ALEX. MAYER - MARCUS WOLFE.

Alex. Mayer & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Orders promptly and carefully delivered.

SHIPPING SUPPLIED AND SHIPS DISBURSED.

Commercial Street, Nanaimo, B.C.

NOTICE,

Harewood Lake, May 27th, 1889.

Strayed on to my premises one iron grey cow with a young calf. The owner is requested to come and pay charges and take away the cow.

tf LOUIS STARK.

Wm. Blackmore,

Architect, Etc.

OFFICE—422 CORDOVA STREET,

P. O. BOX 148. VANCOUVER, B. B.

C. C. McKENZIE,

Land Agent, Conveyancer, Accountant and Insurance Agent

OFFICE:—C. L. Smith's Building, Bastion Street, Nanaimo.

Town Lots and Farms for Sale. Money to Loan on Mortgage at low ratee.

Agent for the Glasgow and London Fire Insur Company.

Corporation of the City of Nanaimo, B. C.

By-Law to appoint a time and place for hearing complaints against Real Estate Assessments. Whereas by a by-law dated the 6th day of May, 1889, the 13th day of May was appointed for the return by the Assessor to the Municipal Council of the Real Estate Assessment Roll, for the year 1889, and, whereas the said roll was returned on that day, and whereas it is necessary to appoint a time and place for hearing the complaints of such person or persons as may complain of his or their assessments, appearing on the said roll.

Be it therefore enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Nanaimo as follows:

1. *That all complaints that have been* duly made, or shall be duly made, by any person or persons of his or their assessments as the same may appear on the said assessment roll for the year 1889, shall be heard at the city council chamber, Nanaimo, on Tuesday, the 18th day of June, 1889, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, or as soon thereafter as the said complaints can be heard.

2. This by-law may be cited for all purposes as the appeal by-law, 1889.

Passed by the Municipal Council this 3rd day of June, 1889, affirmed by the Municipal Council this 10th day of June, 1889.

S. GOUGH, C. M. C. M. BATE, Mayor.

E. M. YARWOOD,

Solicitor of the High Court, Ontario,

—AND—

TARY PUBLIC FOR BRITIH COLUMBIA.

Office in Smith's Building, Commercia treet, Nanaimo.

THE CHEROKEE ROSE.

Come ripple your fleetest,
O rhymes that are meetest,
In praise of the sweetest
Wild blossom that blows.
Though tripping most lightly,
And pattering brightly,
Ye ne'er can sing rightly
The Cherokee rose.

The zephyr that kisses
Its petals hath blisses
That paradise misses
And seraph ne'er knows.
So charming its face is,
I long to change places
With bee that embraces
The Cherokee rose.

In sultry midsummer,
Who would not become a
Luxurious hummer
That merrily goes
Defying the lances
That noonday advances,
To revel where dances
The Cherokee rose?

Shame on the brown thrushes
That pipe in the bushes!
My melodic gushes
Were sweeter than those—
If I could sit swinging
Were perfumes are winging
More worthy my singing
The Cherokee rose.

When shorn fields are drearful,
And bonnie birds fearful—
When autumn is tearful,
No terror it shows;
No quarter it cravest,
When Boreas ravest,
But dies like the bravest
Sweet Cherokee rose.

—Samuel Minturn Peck.

King George and Shakespeare.

A fashionable authoress of the last century was Miss Fanny Burney, whose "Evelina" delighted Dr. Johnson and Sir Joshua Reynolds. When she had become famous she was the guest of Mrs. Delaney, a venerable, cultured lady, who lived at Windsor, not far from the castle where George III and Queen Charlotte resided. The king and queen frequently called on their neighbor, and shy Miss Fanny at such times sought her own room.

But one afternoon she and Mrs. Delaney were in the drawing room, when suddenly the door opened. A large man entered, who shut the door without speaking. The star on his breast revealed to Miss Burney that she stood in the presence of the king. She retreated to the wall. The king advanced to his hostess and in a loud whisper asked if that was Miss Burney. Upon being assured that it was he drew near and entered into conversation with her.

"But what—what—how was it—how came you—how happened it—what—what—what?" he asked, in his usual odd manner. Believing he referred to "Evelina," she replied that it had been written at odd hours for amusement.

"But your publishing—your printing—how was that—what—what?" he asked; to which she answered: "I thought, sir, it would look well in print," at which he was vastly amused.

Soon she became familiar with the presence of royalty, and on one occasion had the advantage of hearing his majesty's criticisms on some famous men. Voltaire he pronounced a monster, and Shakespeare he considered little better than a fool.

"Was there ever," cried out this royal Solomon, "such stuff as great part of Shakespeare?—only one must not say so. But what think you—what—what—is there not sad stuff—what—what—what?"

Fanny Burney ventured to assert that the sad stuff was mixed with many excellencies; but he interrupted her to ejaculate:

"Oh, I know it is not to be said—but it's true—only it's Shakespeare, and nobody dares abuse him; one should be stoned for saying so."—Youth's Companion.

A Comfortable View of Crime.

It will throw some light on the inhabitants of Fernando de Noronha to know how crime is looked upon by the common people in Brazil, and I cannot better show this than by relating a bit of personal experience.

I had the misfortune at one time to wound a Brazilian laborer—in his dignity. He thereupon threatened to take my life, and was by no means careful to keep his resolution to himself. As the carrying out of such a determination on his part would have caused me much inconvenience, I called upon him in person, with the purpose, if possible, of dissuading him.

I found that he did not look upon the condition of a criminal with dread at all. He told me frankly that, if he should succeeeed in carrying out his design, he knew perfectly well what his career would be. "At present," said he, "I am obliged to work for a living; if I am sent to jail, my living will be furnished me, and I shall have nothing to do. If you are dead, there will be no one to appear against me in the courts as my accuser, and in the course of a year or less I shall be set free, well rested, and with the reputation in the community of being a man of courage."

In this case I saw to it that he had the opportunity of enjoying the coveted otium cum dignitate in jail without having to commit a crime. But in a country where wrong doing sets so lightly upon the conscience, and where it so frequently goes altogether unpunished, the criminal class is large as we should expect.—John C. Branner in Popular Science Monthly.

An Improved Oven Thermometer.

A device to be applied to the oven doors of cooking stoves, etc., to indicate the exact heat of the oven for baking purposes, and also applicable to other stoves, hot air furnaces and ranges, has been patented by Camilla Julier and James O. Robinson, of Hanging Rock, O. Upon the inside of the door is attached a hammered brass or other strip of more expansible metal than the cast iron of which the door is made, this strip being attached to the door at its ends. Secured centrally to the strip is a stem fitted to slide through an aperture in the door, and having an inclined projection or nose on its outer end. In engagement with this nose is an index pivoted to the door, the index being extended to travel over a graduated dial, and thus indicate the degrees of heat within the oven.—Scientific American.

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GOSSIP ABOUT MEN AND WOMEN.

Their Wants, Ways and Weaknesses Set Forth in Plain Language.

It isn't much wonder that young women paint, powder and bleach, when it is known that the average young man is more readily attracted by these tricks than by true womanly graces. This is probably not true of the wife hunter, but it certainly is of the young man who is merely desirous of being entertained.

The average young woman is fond of being told that she is good looking, that she is of good form and carriage. She takes it as a higher compliment to be considered attractive than to be regarded as sensible, intelligent and practical.

Men like to preach down extravagance and style and dress; but she who bangs her hair, hides a bloth or scar under a piece of court plaster, who uses pretty gloves and stockings, trim slippers, perfumes, balms, cold creams, finger curls and fancy notions to increase her charms is the woman who is admired by them all. Common sense and ugliness may be morally wholesome, but they're not alluring, and art is liable to trample over nature unadorned.

Young woman may deny it, yet the fact remains that their chief object in life is to win husbands. It is their nature, and it is right. If you ask a married lady how she captured her husband she will tell you she does not know, and probably all that he can tell is that it was her winning ways.

It is of little consequence how they were brought together so that the attraction was mutual. If the real man and the real woman were the attractive features it were well; but if beauty, dress or fortune attracted them their happiness is far from being assured.

A man's heart is ensnared by a pretty hand, nice teeth, a round, low voice, frank eyes, beautiful hair; by the way a girl walks, talks, plays, rides; by her gifts, her smiles, her amiability, good taste, generosity, or the manner in which she greets, fascinates or abuses him. She may not know how she won him, but if she doesn't know how to keep him the best thing for her to do is to find out. There are many things we know by intuition; the rest have to be learned by experience. Conscious of her abilities and inabilities as a wife, a wise woman will learn to keep a husband just as she learns how to keep house.

Men are susceptible, even more so than women.

There is this difference: The average man inquires whether he is in condition to marry. The average woman doesn't. If the man pleases her fancy she is satisfied. She may not be able to play any part in the new drama except to hang upon his neck and coax to be petted.

Such a wife is a burden to any man. She doesn't understand him, neither does she know the chief constituents of a home.

The wife who takes an interest in home, in her husband's affairs, and finds pleasure in contributing to his comfort and happiness is a treasure of greater value than a gold mine.

The wife who has no higher ambition than to be kept alive is a poor investment.

The average man has very little use for a smart woman. She is full of schemes, and is ambitious to shine. Her disposition is anything but domestic, and she is not the most genial companion for a man whose mind is taken up with business affairs. He doesn't care how intelligent she is, but he hasn't much use for her if she is smart.

Men like to be looked up at, depended on, quoted and referred to. An ugly temper is a trial that few women are able to endure. The only cure is silence. You can't kiss a furious man; it only makes him worse. The thing to do is to keep still, let him cool, and let the matter drop. He will respect your sense and come to terms of his own accord.

Men must be taken as they are, not as they should be; they improve under the refining influence of mutual love, and he is a wretched specimen of humanity who cannot be counted on to shield his wife from the buffets of the world and be an anchor when youth and beauty have proved unfaithful.

To be born a woman is to be born a martyr, but the husband that is worth wedding is worth keeping; and if a little artifice, a pleasant smile, a contented heart, forbearance, devotion and tact will hold him, by all means let him be held.—Pittsburg Commercial Gazette.

A New Canal System.

A new system of canal construction has been designed and recently patented by an Englishman. The object is to do away entirely with the necessity for steam or horse power in canal traffic, and this end is sought to be attained by the creation of a current of water strong enough to carry the boats along from point to point. Mr. Pickard has designed a double canal, at one end of which is a screw, resembling the propeller of a steamship. This screw, which is worked by steam power, forces the current in one direction and causes it to return in the parallel division of the canal, the direction of the current being reversible at will. By this arrangement all loss of water is obviated and the bed of the canal is kept clean. This current is, of course, confined to each separate level of canal, and when locks intervene another current has to be created.—New Orleans Picayune.

To Stop a Runaway Horse.

The Russian method for stopping a runaway horse is said to be very effective, and is not particularly cruel. They place a cord with a running knot around the horse's neck near the neck strap. To this slip noose attach a pair of reins, which may be thrown over the dashboard ready to be seized at once. When the horse starts take up the extra reins, and tighten the cord around the horse's throat. The most furious horse thus choked stops instantly, and will not kick or fall.—True Flag.

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AN OLD HUNTER'S STORY.

Why the Gray Bearded Stranger Hated the Sight of a Wolf Skin.

He was along in years, as I saw by his iron gray beard, and I saw upon his goods that his name was Cross. He was a tall man, and his build showed that he was a man of great muscular power. He examined the wolf skin for a moment, then threw it from him, muttering a deep curse, the meaning of which I did not understand. I privately asked my friend what it meant.

"Ah!" said he, "he has a sad story to tell."

My neighbor, who had only come as a guide, went home in the afternoon, and as Mr. Cross was somewhat fatigued by the journey from the settlement, we did not leave the camp that day. I was very anxious to hear Mr. C.'s story, and after supper we sat around the fire for some time, telling about the moose and the various things that had happened during our few days' stay at the head of Bog river, which was the name of the locality where we were stopping. After my friend and I had exhausted all our tales, not forgetting that awful night's watching at the camp door, we asked Mr. Cross to tell us something of his hunting exploits.

"I have but one story," he replied, "that will much interest you, but I do not often tell it," and I saw a tear glistening in his eye.

I told him we would be pleased to hear his story, but did not wish for him to call anything to remembrance that would cause him grief. He replied: "The wound has been healed these many years, though often now it seems to bleed afresh; but my story now I will tell.

"I was born in the northern part of Vermont. My father was a farmer, and as I was the only child, my father gave me the homestead. He died quite young and the care of the farm devolved on me. My mother soon became lame and unable to do the work, and I resolved to marry. Dear Louisa, a farmer's daughter who lived but a few miles away, was the one to whom I gave my heart and hand, and, indeed, she was worthy of the love of any man. My mother soon after died, and we laid her beside her husband in the churchyard.

"Two children were born to us, Tommy and Louisa. We watched over them in their infancy, and loved them dearly. Tommy was 7, and Louie, as we called her, was 5. School was to commence the next Monday, and as they had never been to school, we made arrangements to send them. The schoolhouse was about one-half a mile off, beyond a piece of woods. I went with them the first and second day, and met them at night, as they were afraid to go through the woods alone; but the third day Tommy said, 'Papa need not go with us any more, we can go alone.' I granted their wish, and soon saw them disappear, going toward the schoolhouse, swinging their little dinner pails.

"They had been gone but a few minutes. I had taken up my ax, and was about commencing to cut some wood. I heard little Tommy scream: 'O dear, papa! O dear, papa!' burst upon my ears; and at the same moment I heard little Lulie call mamma, mamma! It is needless to say that I rushed to their rescue, tightly grasping my ax. In one minute I saw two wolves tearing my dear children to pieces. With an unearthly yell, I rushed upon them. One left my child and sprung upon me; he lay dead the next instant. I sprang upon the other that was tearing the flesh from the cheek of my little girl; but he ran swiftly away. Poor little Lulie was dead; little Tommy raised his torn and bloody hand, and faintly said: 'O papa, I wish you come fore!' It was his last words; in a few moments he breathed his last. I took my dear ones in my arms, and carried them to my house. My wife was at the barn. I lay them on the bed; my wife soon came in. She looked upon her children, uttered a fearful wail of sorrow, and fell almost lifeless upon the floor! The shock was too much for her, and indeed, more than many mothers could have stood, and within one month she died a raving maniac. She sleeps in Vermont beside her dear babes she loved so well." When he had finished his story there was not a dry eye in the camp, and for some time not a word was spoken. But the evening was far spent, and we soon retired to our beds to dream over the events of the day.—Thomas A. Crabtree in Lewiston Journal.

The Canals of Mars.

As to the nature of the canals, it is still more difficult to suggest any satisfactory explanation. Several hypotheses have been presented, none of which appears entirely to meet the case. I have already remarked that there has not been lacking the suggestion that these curious streaks represent the lines of actual artificial water courses on Mars. The straight and undeviating course which they pursue might be regarded as lending some degree of probability to such a view; but the enormous scale on which they exist seems to compel the rejection of the hypothesis. It is true that, if we consider only the influence of the force of gravity on Mars, giants could dwell upon that planet whose mechanical achievements might vastly surpass the greatest performances of our engineers; for a body weighing a ton on the earth would weigh only seventy hundred and sixty pounds on Mars, and, on the other hand, a man on Mars possessing relatively the same activity as one of us might be fifteen feet tall and strong in proportion. But, even granting the existence of such a race of Goliaths on our neighbor world, it is not conceivable that they could have constructed a system of tremendous canals over half the surface of their planet, or that they would have done it if they could. The canals of Mars are enormously disproportioned in magnitude to the most gigantic inhabitants that a due regard for the law of gravitation would suffer us to imagine there.—Garrett P. Serviss in Popular Science Monthly.

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THE MODERN BRAKEMAN.

How He Differs from His Predecessor of a Quarter of a Century Ago.

The modern passenger brakeman is not an evolution, but a new creation. He is an object of admiration, while his predecessor of a quarter of a century since was an object of wonder and awe. The latter was, usually, a collarless, uncouth individual more or less given to plug tobacco and profanity. The badge of his authority was a red handkerchief tied loosely around his throat. Primarily, his occupation was, upon a given signal, to fling himself in fantastic gyrations around the iron brake wheel, and his contortions upon the front platform in the discharge of his duty were at once the wonder and the admiration of the station loungers of that period. He was usually distinguished by a tight fitting cap with a peaked visor. His hands were big and coarse and calloused. There were invariably grimy circles around his eyes. When he called out the name of a station to the occupants of the front car the people in the rear end of the train could hear his voice, but the nearest passenger could not tell what he said. When he assisted a lady to alight he helped her down from the high steps as though she was so much baled hay. His regard for baskets containing eggs or crockery amounted to absolute contempt. His business was to help run the train.

The passenger brakeman of the present is a symphony in blue broadcloth and brass buttons. He is at once ornamental and useful. The old iron brake wheel still looms up on the front platform, but he rarely finds it necessary to touch it. He is the object of envy and admiration to the small boy at the Queen Anne station houses. It is his duty and pleasure to cultivate a graceful carriage, and the sharp swing of the Eastlake coach around a curve, which causes farmer Wayback and the woman with a green veil on her bonnet to clutch the seat in terror, only provokes from him a sweet, sad smile of sympathetic commiseration. He is a little less than a modern Beau Brummel in his attention to the ladies and school girls temporarily intrusted to his care, while maintaining an air of condescending dignity toward the men. When he displays opposite characteristics it is an evidence that his training has been defective or he has mistaken his occupation.

Long live the passenger brakeman of today, the courteous, affable, accommodating young gentleman who is worthy the newest style in the way of a railroad uniform that the directors and their tailor can devise.—Philadelphia Press.

The Maharajah at Home.

He is a charming old gentleman, very kind, and deservedly popular in Benares, but he is keenly sensitive to his failing sight. The spacious room into which his guests are ushered has on such occasions but little furniture—little more than an Indian carpet and a few tables in the corners, besides on one side two rows of chairs to accommodate all the guests and retainers invited. In the front row, among the guests, sits the maharajah and his adopted son and grandson, all of them magnificently dressed; just behind is a whole retinue of attendants, and the proceedings are eyed with interest by the servants, who stand round at the sides. The otherwise empty center of the room is occupied by a royal pigeon dyed crimson, with a black tail, which struts about on a small table and looks very self important, and the only other disputant of the floor is a hookah lazily puffed at by the venerable host. If once the luckless bird should venture to stir off his rest, the commotion among the attendants is that of stern and helpless despair.

Presently three musicians squat down before the assembly, and play several plaintive tunes on Hindoo guitars and fiddles, together with plausible variations (for the benefit of English strangers) of "We Won't Go Home Till Morning," "John Peel" and other national melodies. When they have finished two dancing girls come in and perform many patient maneuvers. Hindoos never dance themselves unless quite carried away in the worship of their idols; they leave it all to these professionals, who gesticulate mildly, and twirl, and sing, as they hope best to please their gracious patrons. They are brilliantly dressed in purple and gold, or green and silver, with nose rings, bangles and earrings, and their songs are accompanied by a small band which stands behind them and enlivens their audience with the strains of guitars and a drum. On rising to leave the old maharajah decorates each of his guests by throwing over their shoulders a ringlet of red and gold cord, and in these splendid ornaments they are conducted to the door of the palace and expected to ride out of the grounds on the maharajah's elephants. The elephant ride is a high mark of oriental favor.—Evelyn's "Cecil's Journey Around the World."

Found in a Tomb.

Ex-President Andrew D. White, of Cornell university, sent to that institution from Egypt a papyrus of much interest found in the tomb of a priest of the Ptolemaic period. It represents certain chapters of the "Book of the Dead," is beautifully executed, perfectly preserved, and a complete document in every respect. The inscriptions are partly hieroglyphic, partly hieratic, and in the midst of them are very striking representations of a recticus sort, the most remarkable being "The Last Judgment of the Soul Before Isis and Osiris." This embraces Osiris upon the throne, the great balance before him, the weighing of the dead priest's heart in one scale against the "Image of Truth" in the other, while about the balance are grouped the weighing, the recording and the accusing gods, the four funeral genii, and the forty-two assessors.—Boston Transcript.

Teacher—You should take a lesson from your sisters, you naughty boy. Girls don't fight.

Little Johnnie—They does when they gets as old as ma.—The Epoch.

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[L.S.] HUGH NELSON.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To the Returning Officer of the Electoral District of Nanaimo:

WHEREAS a vacancy has happened in the Legislative Assembly by the death of the Honorable Robert Dunsmuir, a Member of the Electoral District of Nanaimo, we command you that, notice of the time and place of election being duly given, you do cause election to be made according to law, of one Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, for the Electoral District of Nanaimo, and that you do cause the nomination of candidates at such election to be held on the day of , and do cause the name of such Member when so elected, whether he be present or absent, to be certified to Our Supreme Court, at the City of Victoria, on or before the twenty-ninth day of June instant, the election so made, distinctly and openly under Our Seal duly endorsed upon this Our Writ.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent under the Great Seal of Our said Province of British Columbia. Witness, the Honorable HUGH NELSON, at our Government House, at Victoria, the third day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

By Command.
JAMES C. PREVOST,
Registrar of the Supreme Court.

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THIS SEASON'S CATCH.
300 Kits, Kegs and Half-Barrels
OOLACHANS.
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CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1884.
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Arrives at Nanaimo Tuesdays—Leaves Nanaimo Wednesday morning.

[Between Westminster, Comox & Nanaimo.]
STEAMER ROBERT DUNSMUIR.
Arrives in Nanaimo Wednesdays and Sundays—Leaves Nanaimo for Comox Thursdays—Leaves Nanaimo for New Westminster Saturdays and Mondays.

Trains leave Nanaimo for Victoria. 9:04 A.M.
" " " " Wellington ..... 12:29 P. M.
" arrive in " from Victoria 12:20 P. M.
" " " " " Wellington ..... 8:05 A. M.
On Saturdays an extra train leaves Nanaimo for Victoria at 1:56 P. M. A train also leaves Victoria for Nanaimo, arriving here at 6:55 P. M., and leaves for Wellington at 10:15 P. M.

POSTAL SERVICE.

Mails close daily for Victoria and way stations ..... 8 A. M.
" Arrive ..... 12:20 A. M.
" Close for Wellington ..... 11:45 A. M.
" For Comox, Alberni and way stations every Wednesday ..... 7 P. M.

G. H. BLAKEWAY & CO.
IMPORTING AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.
The Nanaimo Pharmacy
COMMERCIAL STREET.
Physician Prescriptions carefully compounded
Country orders promptly attended to.

OLD FLAG INN
COR. BASTION AND SKINNER STREETS,
NANAIMO, B. C.
J. E. JENKINS, - Proprietor.

NOTICE.

Messrs. Russell McDonald & Co., beg to notify the public that they have disposed of their branch store in this city. The store will be closed after the first of July and from now until that date we will sell our stock at cost. All debts not settled on or before June 30th, will be sued for.

RUSSELL McDONALD & CO.
Nanaimo, B. C., June 1st, 1889.
1 mo

NANAIMO :-: COURIER

SUNDAY, JUNE 23, 1889.

A FRIGHTFUL FALL.

The Little Daughter of Mons. Marbœuf, the Victim of a Serious Accident.

On Thursday evening, little Louise Marbœuf, the eight-year-old daughter of Mons. Louis Marbœuf, of the Poodle Dog, who is a pupil at St. Ann's Convent, met with an accident which was almost attended with fatal consequences. The little girl, with several companions, was playing upon the board which protected anyone from walking into the pit for the passage of a small elevator or dumb waiter, when the board broke and the little one fell to the bottom of the well, a distance of about fifty feet. Both of her arms were fractured, and her throat was badly cut by striking the ragged edge of the broken boards as she fell. By a merciful providence her life was spared, and it is not thought that her injuries, although they are very painful, will be serious in their consequences. Dr. Davie and Dr. Helmcken were in attendance upon the little sufferer within half an hour after the accident, and under their skilful care she is now doing as well as could be expected.—*Colonist.*

Dr. Lewis Hall, graduate of Philadelphia, dentist, will arrive next Wednesday at noon and will remain until the following Saturday. Any person requiring his services should call upon him at his rooms, No. 14 and the parlor of the Central Hotel. tf.

SUMMARY TRIALS ACT.

Before Hon. Justice Crease.

Regina *v.* Wah Sam—The defendant (a Chinaman) was charged with having committed robbery, with violence, upon the person of Ah Sing at the Union mines, Comox, last November. The sum claimed to have been stolen was $200. D. M. Eberts, Q. C., appeared for the prosecution, and W. T. Drake, Q.C., and A. T. D. McElmen for the defence.

E. Dawson, Foreman on the Comox Railway, testified that he witnessed the assault.

Ah Sing, sworn, testified that he had been left in charge, by his uncle, of some lumber, and that the defendant in company with another Chinaman named Mak Yeu, endeavored to take away some planks, and that when he tried to stop them they pushed him down a hill, held him on the ground by his queue and then the defendant extracted the $200 in notes from his pocket, tearing the pocket in doing so. The defendant said if you go as a witness against me I will kill you with a pistol. The defendant belongs to the order of Chee Kung Long. I saw the money in the hands of the prisoner.

At this juncture something was said about the witness fearing violence at the hands of the Chee Kung Long Society, and his Lordship directed Mr. J. E. Gardiner, the interpreter, to inform everyone in the court that in case of any of the witnesses being assaulted the guilty parties would be made to suffer for it.

Ah Suit was then called, but Mr. Drake objected to his being sworn on the same document as the last witness. Considerable discussion ensued between the lawyers for the prosecution and defence, and Mr. Drake managed to work in a yarn about a certain Clerk of the Court in Cariboo, who understood that it was necessary to break a saucer over the witnesses' head and promptly did so with beneficial effect. Ultimately he waived his objection and consented to the witness being sworn by writing his name on a piece of paper that was afterwards burned.

Ah Suit testified that Frank Little, Superintendent of the Union Mines, had given him special permission to use the lumber.

Chas. Welling, miner at Comox, testified that he saw Sing pushed down the hill.

This ended the case for the prosecution.

J. W. Frazer, sworn, said I hauled the lumber to the Union Mines, it was for the Chinamen. They generally packed the load away from the wagon. On this particular occasion I heard a row and stayed to see it. I saw two or three Chinamen scuffling at the foot of the hill. There were possibly forty or fifty Chinamen standing around. I did not see any attempt at robbery.

Mak Yen, sworn, testified, that he had a row with Sing over a plank. Sing struck me. I didn't strike him at all.

John Grant, teamster, said he had orders to deliver the lumber to the Chinamen.

After hearing the Counsel for the defence and prosecution His Lordship delivered his sentence of two years imprisonment.

J. E. Gardiner was Interpreter, and J. Sanders another Interpreter was also in Court.

Splendid Cherries.

Mr. Mark Edgar, of Oakland Farm, Gabriola Island, visited the COURIER office yesterday and presented the staff with a most magnificent branch of Whitehead cherries. The cherries were without exception, the finest we have seen in British Columbia. Mr. Edgar informs us that he has already sold about 500 pounds off the trees and that one can hardly detect that any have been picked. His principal enemies are the crows, which rise earlier in the morning than he does, and are very expert cherry pickers.

10 cents returned out of every dollar spent on dress goods to-day and to-morrow at Spencer and Perkins.

Baptist's Attention!

Rev. James Banton, Baptist Minister, will preach the Gospel of God's grace in the Good Templar's Hall next Sunday, the 23rd inst., at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Good singing. All are welcome and cordially invited to attend.

The reverend gentleman is in Nanaimo endeavoring to gather around him a congregation of Baptists, and all persons of the Baptist faith will confer a favor by attending next Sunday. 2t

Sanitary System for Nanaimo.

A. Haslem, M. P. P., is sending a requisition around town for the purpose of urging upon the Mayor the advisability of convening a public meeting to devise some sanitary measures for the city.

Undoubtedly there is every need for such steps being taken, measures which the COURIER has unceasingly advocated.

Lace curtains at cost price. Boys' suits at cost. Carpets at cost at Arthur Bullock's.

Photographs at Popular Prices.

Mr. John Uren of the Mainland Photograph Company, arrived in the city last evening and is prepared to take first-class photographs at Popular Prices. Photo's of residences, groups and scenes also taken. Mr. Uren will be in the city but a short time and parties wishing photographs will do well to call upon him immediately. Will start business Monday. *

The great sale of dry goods at cost price still continues at Arthur Bullock's.

The Steamer Idaho.

The steamer Idaho arrived yesterday morning from Portland with freight from the following consignees: A. R. Johnston & Co., A. Mayer & Co., and G. H. Blakeway & Co.

Buy a new dress either to-day or to-morrow, as these are the last two days on which you will get the special discount at Spencer and Perkins.

Wrestling Match.--Pierre v. Johnston.

The wrestling match between Johnston & Pierre took place last night at Vancouver in the presence of about 500 people. Pierre won easily. Three kinds of falls were tried.

Salmon Fishing.

The salmon run is very poor in the Fraser just now, and the fishermen consider themselves in uncommonly hard lack, so much so, that some of them are quite disheartened.

SHIPPING NEWS.

V. C. C.

The ship Rufus E. Wood is loading coal for San Francisco.

The Carrollton is waiting her turn to load coal for San Francisco.

The steamer Idaho took on a supply of coal for fuel and sailed last night for Vancouver.

The ship Ivy will also load coal for San Francisco.

WELLINGTON.

The ship Glory of the Seas is loading coal for San Francisco.

EAST WELLINGTON.

The ship Gen. Fairchild and the bark Bandaleer are en route for San Francisco.

PERSONAL.

W. C. Pindar, C. E., and A. D. Lewis were passengers to Victoria yesterday.

Mrs. Sehl and Miss Lizzie Bate went to Victoria yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bevilockway went to Victoria yesterday.

P. Gable and N. Nicholson were passengers to the Capital yesterday.

W. C. Halleck left for Victoria yesterday *en route* for San Diego.

Hon. Justice Crease, W. T. Drake, Q. C., and D. M. Eberts, Q. C., arrived by the noon train yesterday.

Mrs. J. Williams returned by the noon train yesterday.

Pilot J. Sabiston and W. Lindsay went to Victoria yesterday afternoon.

D. G. Daley and W. Beveridge were passengers per the steamer Idaho to Whatcom last night. They will go as far as Sumas for the purpose of purchasing real estate.

NEW FRUIT STORE!!

T. A Adams and R. Schilling have opened a

NEW FRUIT STORE

on Commercial Street

opposite the Co-operative Store. They will keep nothing but the best stock of Fruits, Temperance Drinks, Ice Cream, Cigars, Tobacco and Smokers' requisites, Give them a trial and be convinced.

Photographs! Photographs!!

The undersigned is prepared to take first-class Cabinet Photos for $3.00 per dozen. Views of residences and all kinds of viewing at reduced prices. And to keep money from going to other cities will take payment in trade from any business man in the city.

JOHN SAMPSON, Photo Artist.

Shaving & Bath Parlors

OPPOSITE COURIER OFFICE, NANAIMO, B.C.

J. Lewis, - Proprietor.

City Licensing Court.

A sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners will be held at the old Court House, Nanaimo, on Wednesday he 12th instant.

0th June, 1889. S. GOUGH, City Clerk

HENRY J. CRESSWELL, ARCHITECT, AND REAL ESTATE AGENT, 6 BASTION SQUARE, VICTORIA, B. C.

CALDWELL & LEWIS, —THE— Fashionable : Tailors

CALDWELL & LEWIS, Commercial Street - Nanaimo, B. C. ap13-1m

WANTED.

A waitress at once. Apply Delmonico Hotel. tf

To the Travelling Public

TICKETS —TO ALL POINTS ON THE— CANADIAN PACIFIC RAIL'Y

And its connections may be had on application to

A. SHAW, Agent, - - Nanaimo.

Garesche Green & Co. BANKERS, Victoria, B. C.

A general Banking business transacted. Telegraphic Transfers and Drafts on the Eastern Provinces, Great Britain and the United States. Collections promptly attended to. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Company.

NEW TO-DAY.

1867 -:- 1889

" City of Vancouver ! "

DOMINION DAY CELEBRATION!

OF THE 22d Anniversary of Confederation :-: IN VANCOUVER :-: ON MONDAY and TUESDAY THE 1st and 2nd of July, 1889.

Largest Prizes ever given in the Province for FIREMEN'S CONTESTS ATHLETIC SPORTS Boat Racing, Sailing and Rowing Matches, CANOE RACES, Cricket, Baseball & Lacrosse, BYCICLCE RACES, HORSE RACES

GRAND PARADE

Of all the Trades, Professions, Friendly Societies and National Associations will commence at 9 o'clock on the 1st of July, at the City Hall, in which will also participate representatives of Her Majesty's Navy and Army, viz: The Sailors and Marines of H. M. Warships, "C" Battery B. C. G. A., the Volunteers and Militia of New Westminster. In this procession will be shown the capabilities and resources of our Province.

GRAND BALL in the IMPERIAL OPERA HOUSE on the Evening of Monday, the First Day of July.

Fireworks and Torch-light Procession

In the Harbor on the evening of July the 2nd (Tuesday), in which Her Majesty's Warships, under the command of Admiral Heneage, will assist, and which will be the greatest feature of this celebration, and the most brilliant display ever witnessed on this coast.

CHEAP EXCURSIONS

Have been arranged for from Victoria, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Seattle, Tacoma, Port Townsend, Portland and other Sound ports, and from all points of the C. P.R.

☞ For further particulars see special programmes.

TOM BELL,

I Sell at the Lowest Prices in Town.

If You will Buy of Me You will get YOUR Moneys' Worth,

FRUIT, VEGETABLES, TOBACCO, CIGARS

And Other Smokers' requisites at lowest Prices in Town.

GRAND EXCURSION! —TO— VANCOUVER, B. C.

The magnificent and commodious Excursion Steamer YOSEMITE or "PRINCESS LOUISE" Will sail from Nanaimo on DOMINION DAY, JULY 1st, For VANCOUVER at 6:30 a. m.

Fare for the Round Trip $2.50, Children Half-Price.

George Cavalsky's Fruit Market ON VICTORIA CRESCENT,

Is the place to get your FRUIT always the first and best of the season, besides if you want

Fancy Articles, Jewelry, Pipes and Cigars of which he has the biggest assortment in town. as well as being agent for

McKay's - London - Cigars, For Nanaimo and Wellington.

His is the place and no other, as he imports his own goods and saves you money.

Give him a call and satisfy yourself.

Victoria Crescent.

Peck's Hotel, EAST WELLINGTON T. E. PECK, Proprietor. FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY PARTICULAR.

Great Transcontinental Route

Northern Pacific Rail'y

Via the Cascade Division now completed, making it the Shortest, Best and Quickest.

The Dining Car Line. The Direct Route. No Delays, Fastest Trains, Lowest Rates to Chicago and all Points East. Tickets sold to all Prominent points throughout the East and South-East.

THROUGH PULLMAN DRAWING-ROOM SLEEPING CARS.

Reservations can be secured in Advance.

To East-Bound Passengers,

Be careful and do not make a mistake, but be sure to take the

Northern Pacific Railway.

And see that your ticket reads via THIS LINE, St. Paul or Minneapolis, to avoid changes and serious delays occasioned by other routes.

Through Emigrant Sleeping Cars

Run on regular express trains full length of the line. Berths free. Lowest Rates. Quickest Time.

W. B. DENNISON, Freight and Passenger Agent, Nanaimo, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. 121 First St., cor. Washington, Portland, Or.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway.

TIME CARD No. 10.

TO TAKE EFFECT AT 8:20 A. M. ON SATURDAY, MARCH 30th, 1889, TRAINS RUN ON PACIFIC STANDARD TIME.

GOING SOUTH READ DOWN.	No. 1 Passenger. DAILY.	No. 3 Passenger Saturday's and Sunday's	No. 5 Passenger Saturday's only.
STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Victoria	7.00	6.56	8.00
Russell's Victoria W.	1.00	6.46	
Esquimalt	12.50	6.21	
Goldstream	12.23 p.m.	5.26	
Shawnigan Lake	11.28	5.16	
Cobble Hill	11.16	5.01	
McPherson's	10.59	4.51	
Koksilah	10.47	4.46	
Duncan's	10.42	4.36	
Somenos	10.32	4.14	
Chemainus	10.06	3.16 p.m.	
Nanaimo	Dep. 9.04		Dep. 7.45
Nanaimo	Arr. 8.55		
Wellington	Dep. 8.40 a.m.		

GOING NORTH. READ DOWN.	No. 2 Passenger. DAILY.	No. 4 Passenger Saturday's and Sunday's	No. 6 Passenger Saturday night only
STATIONS.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wellington	Dep. 8.20 a.m.	3.32 p.m.	
Nanaimo	" 8.24	3.36	
Nanaimo	" 8.34	3.46	
Chemainus	" 9.10	4.11	
Somenos	" 9.56	5.06	
Duncan's	" 10.08	5.16	
Koksilah	" 10.25	5.31	
McPherson's	" 10.37	5.41	
Cobble Hill	" 10.42	5.46	
Shawnigan Lake	" 10.52	5.56	
Goldstream	" 11.18	6.18	
Esquimalt	" 12.20 p.m.	7.16	Dep. 10.30
Russell's Victoria W.	Dep. 12.29		
Victoria	Arr. 12.44	Arr. 7.31	Arr. 10.45

ON SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS.

Return tickets will be issued between al points for a single fare good for return Monday.

Return tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days including the day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a single fare when such fare is 25 cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

R. DUNSMUIR, President;
JOS. HUNTER, General Superintendent;
H. K. PRIOR, General Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Railway! THE TRUE Transcontinental Route BETWEEN THE Pacific : and : the : Atlantic !

Its passenger equipment is the finest in the world, consisting of LUXURIOUS SLEEPING CARS having Drawing, Smoking and Bath Rooms; Comfortable and Clean Colonist Cars, with Free Sleeping Berths for holders of second-class tickets; and most modern style of day coaches.

ITS DINING CARS AND HOTELS!

provide the best quality of food in unlimited quantity at reasonable rates.

THE VARIETY AND GRANDEUR OF SCENERY along its line is unequalled, and in the details of track, train service, etc., nothing is omitted that can add to the Safety and Comfort of its patrons. All in all, it gives the best and most serviceable line of travel, whether for business or pleasure, between Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria, and all Pacific Coast Points, and Winnipeg, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, St. Louis, Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal, Boston, New York and all Eastern Cities.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued to all principal points in the United States, Canada and Europe, at the Lowest Rates.

ROBT. IRVING, Freight and Passenger Agent, Govt. St., Victoria.
A. E. PLANTA, Ticket Agent, Nanaimo.
D. E. BROWN, D. F. and Passenger Agent. Vancouver.

NANAIMO GAS CO. LD.

—(o)—

Proposals For Stock.

—(o)—

Proposals are invited up to noon of June 10th proximo by the undersigned for the purchase of the whole or part of the 160 unissued shares in the above company. The company does not bind itself to accept the highest or any proposal. By order of the Directors.

W. K. LEIGHTON, Sec't'y.

QUEEN Chop and Oyster House,

Long Bridge, Nanaimo, B. C.

OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE

Raw, Fry, Fancy Roast, Plain Roast, Oyster Loaf, New York Stew, Box Stew, Pan Roast.

FISH : GAME : AND : CHICKEN ALL KINDS OF ROASTS.

ICE : CREAM

☞ Open day and night. Meals 25 cents and upwards. Board and Lodging by the day, week or month.

W. H. PHILPOTT, Prop. ap13 tf

EDUCATION BRANCH OF THE PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'L DE'T, Victoria, May 7th, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Annual Examination of candidates for certificates of qualification to teach in the Public Schools of the Province will be held as follows, commencing on Monday, July 8th, at 10 a. m.:—

In Victoria - - - Legislative Hall.
In Kamloops - - - Public School Building.

Each applicant must forward a notice, thirty days before the Examination, stating the class and grade of certificate for which he will be a candidate, and the place at which he will attend.

S. D. POPE, Superintendent of Education. May 11—1mo

Cranberry Hotel, Nanaimo River, B.C.

This hotel is situated five miles from Nanaimo, on the Nanaimo River, which affords the finest fishing to be found on the Island. Game of all kinds can also be found near here.

A Veritable Paradise for Sportsmen.

Tourists and others will find ample accommodation, and all the necessaries and luxuries of life at the above hotel.

Louis Rowan, - Prop'r

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

Opposite E. & N. R. R. Depot. Strictly First-Class.

☞ Sample rooms for travellers.

☞ Only first-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

JOHN DECKER & CO. mch22-tf

UNION CREDIT AND PROTECTIVE Association—Headquarters, 455 Main street, Winnipeg, Man. For collection of old and worthless accounts anywhere in the world, and no charge if not collected. O. E. COLLINS, Manager and Treasurer. S. PERRY MILLS, Solicitor, Victoria, B.C.

Nanaimo Building Society.

Notice is hereby given that a drawing for an appropriation in connection with the above Society will take place on Friday, the 28th of June, 1889, at 8 p. m., at the Institute Hall. Members to insure participation are requested to pay all subscriptions due, on or before 24th June. Shares may be taken up at any time, (back dues from start of Society not payable till shares have drawn an appropriation.) Public invited to attend. By Order, JOHN H. RUDD, Sect,y. At J. Hilbert's Furniture Store.

J. L. CAWTHORNE, OF THE Lansdowne Brewery has engaged a man from San Francisco and is now with his new outfit ready to to serve the public with the very best Beer, Ale and Porter.

E. V. BODWELL Real Estate Broker,

And General Agent, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc.

City Property, Suburban Property and Farm Lands for sale on best terms.

Correspondence Solicited.

CORNER CORDOVA & CAMBIE STS. VANCOUVER, B. C.

Naas River Oolachan

THIS SEASON'S CATCH IN KITS.

50 lbs. Kegs & Barrels

Delivered to all parts of the City from

GEO. CAVALSKEY,

Bullock's Brick Block, Victoria Crescent.

May 14—1 mo

Nanaimo Machine Works,

FRASER STREET, NEAR BASTION STREET BRIDGE,

R. J. Wenborn; - Proprietor.

Repairing and refitting of all kinds of machinery promptly attended to in a thorough manner. Brass fittings of all kinds made to order.

☞ CHARGES :-: REASONABLE. Ap 2-tf

Piano Tuning.

ORDERS FOR TUNING AND REPAIRING pianos and organs, if left at this office, will be attended to promptly. A. ANGERMAN. April 18—tf

Where To Go For Shirts, Pants, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Etc., —TO— T. L. BROWNE & CO., "THE BOX," VICTORIA CRESCENT, NANAIMO.

A Large Selection of Gents' and Boys' Furnishings. New Stock.

☞ Good Value at Lowest Cash Prices.

FOSTER BROS., HOUSE, -:- SIGN —AND— ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

Paper Hanging, Kalsomining, Interior Decorations, Etc., Done at Reasonable Rates. Post Office Box 176.

Nanaimo, B. C.

DELMONICO RESTAURANT Church Street, Nanaimo, B. C.

H. DEMPSEY, Proprietor.

THIS RESTAURANT HAS BEEN RECENTLY FITTED UP IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE.

FURNISHED ROOMS, SINGLE OR IN SUITE, CAN BE HAD AT ANY TIME.

GOOD SAMPLE ROOMS IN CONNECTION.

COAL! THE Vancouver Coal Mining AND LAND CO. (LIMITED.)

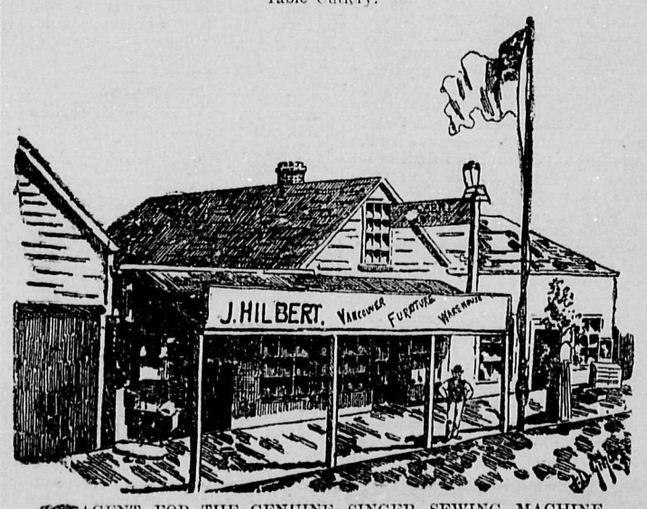
THE WELL-KNOWN NANAIMO AND SOUTHFIELD STEAM, GAS, AND HOUSE COALS ARE MINED ONLY BY THIS COMPANY, AT THEIR ESPLANADE AND SOUTH FIELD COLLERIES, NEAR THE PORT OF NANAIMO.

OCEAN STEAMERS AND THE LARGEST DEEP-SEA VESSELS LOAD AT THE COMPANY'S WHARVES AT ALL STATES OF THE TIDE AND RECEIVE PROMPT DISPATCH.

This is Hilbert's "ad" and Don't You Forget It.

VANCOUVER FURNITURE WAREHOUSE STILL AT THE FRONT.

Goods sold on the installment plan. We carry a full line of House Furnishing Goods, Linoleums, Carpets and Parlor Bedroom Suits, made to order in style, color or pattern. We keep the largest stock of Wall Paper of any House in the city. All our Upholstering done on the premises. Childrens' Carriages, Crockery, Glassware, China Electro-plated ware Table Cutlery.



☞ AGENT FOR THE GENUINE SINGER SEWING MACHINE.

Parties wishing a general outfit of Furniture will do well by examining my stock before buying elsewhere. Also the best equipped undertaking establishment this side of San Francisco, and the only embalmer in the city. Note the address and don't you forget it.

Bastion, Front and Wharf Streets, Nanaimo.

J. Hilbert, - - Proprietor.

Walter Wilson —IMPORTER OF— Stoves, Grates, Ranges, Pumps, Lead Pipes, Zinc, and General Hardware.

Manufacturer of Tin, Copper, Zinc and Sheet-iron Ware. ☞ Metal Roofing and Repairing. A full line of Hardware of all description constantly in stock at bottom prices. A call solicited.

Walter Wilson, - Commercial St. Ap 23