Vol. 12.—No 144 REVELSTOKE, B. C. JANUARY 12, 1907 $2.50 Per Year

Mail Order Dept. **C.B. Hume & Co.** Write For Samples
LIMITED.
DEPARTMENT STORE.

ON SALE MONDAY

Children's Golfers and Jersey Waists—$2.50 kind for $1.50.

Children's Coats worth $4.50 and up. These are all marked for quick selling at $2.95.

Several Ladier' Suits that were $20.00 and $25, now selling at $13.50.

Huntley & Palmer's Choice Biscuits

A shipment of these Famous Biscuits just arrived; here are a few specials :—Philippines, Brazil, Rich Tea, Casino Rural, Madiera, Smyrna, Fruit, Kindergarten, Charivari. Plantation, Household, Nursery, Alaska Wafers, Ice Cream, Chocolate and Cocoanut Creams, also other varieties, which we would be pleas d to show.

Preserves and Fresh Pickles

Something New in Preserves and Pickles :—
Heinze's Preserved Strawberries.
Heinze's Preserved Pineapple.
Heinze's Preserved Cherries.
Heinze's Apple Butter.
Heinze's Sweet Onions, Sweet Gherkins, Mandalay Sauce and Tomato Catsup.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY—SECOND FLOOR.

C. B. Hume & Co., Ltd

Stores at Arrowhead and Revelstoke.

E. J. BOURNE,
Boots and Shoes, Men's Furnishings, Ready-made Clothing
FIRST STREET, REVELSTOKE.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
FUEL and FEED

GALT COAL—The only Satisfactory Domestic Coal, for Cook Stove, Heater or Grate, clean and free from clinkers.

Dry Fir and Birch Wood, any Length.

Hay, Oats, Wheat and Chopfeed.

Express and Draying to any part of the city.

Furniture Stored at Resonable Rates.

J. C. HUTCHISON
Office, McKenzie Ave.
Next Burns' New Block
TELEPHONE - - 73.

There Are 3 Reasons
why you should use
Nairn's Emulsion
of Cod Liver Oil

1.—It is guaranteed to be absolutely fresh.

2.—It contains 50 per cent. of Pure Norway Cod Liver Oil, which is claimed by no preparatory emulsion of Cod Liver Oil on the market.

3.—It is put up in full pint bottles for $1, while in ordinary kinds the $1 bottle contain three-quarters of a pint.

These are the reasons which any user of Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, can readily see is a is a decided advantage.

D. Nairn
Red Cross Drug Store

WE OFFER SPECIAL
PAST HOLIDAY & STOCK-TAKING
BARGAINS
See Our Prices on China, Etc., Etc.
LAWRENCE HARDWARE CO., Ltd.
Dealers in Hardware, Stoves and Tinware, Miners', Lumbermen's and Sawmill Supplies, etc., Plumbing and Tinsmithing.

POLITICAL MEETING

Premier McBride, W. J. Bowser, Thos. Taylor and W. W. Lefeaux Address a Large Throng on Politics

A large gathering of citizens of all political factions filled the Opera House on Thursday night to hear the Premier and others in speeches on the political situation. During the preliminary pauses at the beginning of the meeting, Messrs. Doyle and Veith rendered musical selections. The Premier and Mr. Bowser were heartily cheered as they appeared on the platform and were accompanied by Thos. Taylor, M. P. P., and W. W. Lefeaux Chas. Holten took the chair and opened the proceedings.

Thomas Taylor on being called upon to speak, said that he was much gratified in being once more allowed to represent the riding in the forthcoming elections and thanked the electors for the honor given to him. He had had seven years responsibility in parliamentary work and had confidence of a unanimous election. He reviewed the past work of the McBride government in the province in bringing it up to a far higher standpoint financially than ever attained before and the government felt it in duty bound to make it the banner province of the Dominion and the best colony of the British Empire. He said that some people had denounced the McBride party and he asked the audience to give close attention te the Premier and they would plainly see how the province had prospered in spite the opposition of the Liberals. He discussed the energy of the Premier in visiting the province throughout and reviewed its assets in minerals, timber and fruit growing soils, also the necessity of more adequate transportation. He said that the Lardeau needed close attention as well as the Revelstoke district, and now that the province was in a fair way to prosperity, the public works department would be liberal in its dealings and also that capital was getting more and more settled in the province. He discussed the river bank question and said that the chief engineer reported that the protection works will be begun at once. He said that some people thought that the prosperity of B. C. was due to the Liberal government at Ottawa, but this was quite wrong, it being entirely due to the McBride administration that all the industries were in such a stable condition. He discussed the mining laws and said that the American government had copied the B. C. Mining Act in framing their laws of mines. He thanked the audience for nominating him and said he was a staunch supporter of the McBride government, which had redeemed British Columbia from the drifting process.

W. W. Lefeaux, who on rising had a hearty reception, said that socialism was an international question and contained revolutionary matter that was in direct opposition to the course adopted by either government. He said that he did not wish to criticize Mr. Taylor, but what the workingmen supposed were facts, were not so at all. He said that God made the earth but had given the deeds to no one and the earth belongs to all, he referred to the commodities of life and said that profits on such should not be taken by those who have'nt worked for them; if they want luxuries then let men work for them themselves. He referred to the difference between rich and poor and said that if a man creates nothing he should have nothing and that it was only right that a man should receive the full value of his labor. He questioned whether the governments had done anything to remedy the evil, and also why armies and men should be made to fight and suffer simply because a few men had differences over matters that would make no material difference either way to the individual fighters themselves. He did'nt expect to bring in millennium, but said that the present system of government does'nt meet the case. Dividends were the result of labor, but the laborers got nothing out of them. He declared that the government must pack their blankets if they could not give what was just. In conclusion he said that he felt no anxiety for the future of socialism.

W. J. Bowser commenced his speech by complaining of the cold weather while travelling in the Kootenays. In reviewing the present situation he said it was his duty to justify Mr. McBride's actions and the duty of a public man to discuss public affairs and ask fair criticism if he expects to stand or fall in the campaign. He appealed as an honest man to the Liberals, but they had declined to meet the Premier and himself on the public platform. He referred to the socialists, but did not agree with them. He referred to the increase in the finances of the province and said that even if taxes were raised it was done for beneficial causes. The government would'nt continue to raise the taxes, but since the country needed money to develop it, it was to the interests of the people to undergo the taxation. Revelstoke would receive her share of what was just and fair according to the state of the finances. He said that the government was not tied up to corporations and had even taxed the C.P.R. 50 per cent. higher. He discussed the Columbia Railroad from Trail to Penticton, saying that the railroad had done as the government demanded and had paid dues a section in advance, and that the government had given them time to extend the line to Christina Lake, and how could the country say that government was bound by the C.P.R. The Kaien Island deal was then fully explained and he said that it was a business deal and had even been approved of by many liberals and the liberal press. The Liberal party had accused the McBride government for dealing with adventurers although there was no evidence to show it. He said that the Kain Island report was true and that the government had forced the G. T. P. railway to construct early the line from the west coast. The province as a whole were partners in the bargain and the boom when it comes.

He regretted that no Liberals were present to criticize him and referred to the remarks and comments in the grit papers, as saying that the deal was better than had been expected. He referred to the manifesto by the McDonald party who had promised to establish a bureau of labor and information. He defied the Liberals to say that the Socialists had influenced the government and said also that McInnes would do anything to carry favor. He asked why had McInnes given up $12,000 a year for $800, that is if he was elected. and why Judge Henderson had resigned the bench.

He reviewed the Labor and Natal Act, saying that the Liberals objected to the exclusion from voting of Japs and black naturalized British subjects. He touched upon the request of the G. T. P. railway for taxation exemption and concluded his speech by an appeal to the electors of the riding to support the government.

Premier McBride, who was received with much cheering on rising, said he felt assured that the riding would return Mr. Taylor to parliament and reviewed the work of the government during their past term. He said that the issue of the campaign should not be considered as only a partizan affair but as what was best for the province and he showed what the present government had done for the lumber industry, mines and soil in B. C. He knew the wants of different communities and their high mindedness in saying that commerce was good and never better, and the people were not slow to note that the government were responsible for it and he appealed to all to use impartial judgment. It was patriotism that called men to parliament and he felt that his supporters were loyal patriots. He reviewed the province before his government came into power and said that capital was shy, but that now in 1907 this would be the banner year.

In touching on better terms, he said he had not intended to make it a party issue, but he must follow his course and justify his stand. The convention of premiers at Ottawa was called only after Dunsmuir and Prior had appealed to Ottawa for better terms, and at that convention the Quebec Resolution was used which meant that subsidies to provinces should be increased respectively. Still B. C. demanded a special treatment owing to her permanent physical conditions. The special treatment proposed by the convention, only meant that B. C. would get just a trifle more than the general provincial subsidies and taking Prince Edwards Island, which is 165 times smaller than B. C, it meant that B. C. would only get $30,000 more than Prince Edward Island. Since he could'nt get his rights he had no further need of discussion and retired. He had behind him many friends and had done his best for British Columbia. B. C. pays into the Dominion treasury

Continued on Page Two

THE LATEST TELEGRAMS

Lynching in Iowa—Many Hangmen Apply—C. N. R. Fined—Reign of Terror—J. F. Hume Liberal Candidate for Ymir.

CHARLES CITY, Ia., Jan. 12.—James Cullen, who murdered his wife and 15-year-old stepson yesterday, was taken from the Floyd County jail here last night by a mob and hanged to the Cedar Bridge.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 12.—Sheriff Inkster has received thirteen applications from persons who are willing to act in the capacity of hangman on January 15, the date on which Salvatore Macri, the Italian murderer, has been sentenced to expiate his crime.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 12.—For neglect to take out a mail-car from Edmonton on Tuesday morning's train, the Canadian Northern, it is rumored, will be asked by the Dominion Post-Office Department to pay a fine of $500.

NELSON, Jan. 12.—Fred Hume has been nominated as Liberal candidate in the election campaign, representing Ymir.

FIRE IN THE CITY

The Caley House Suffers from Overheated Flues.

An alarm was turned in to No. 2 Fire Hall from Box No. 9 about half-past three on Thursday afternoon and the brigade promptly responded to the call and hurried to the scene of the outbreak. Smoke was seen pouring from the windows and curling up round the crevices and joints of the lower walls of R. Caley's City Hotel annex on First street. Entrance was effected through the upper windows and the contents of all the rooms were collected and thrown outside. The fire was discovered in the cellar near the furnace which had just been replenished by a Chinaman, and the flues getting red hot ignited the woodwork and joists and had got a good hold when the brigade arrived. A good supply of water well directed through several apertures extinguished the flames, the damage being confined to the cellar only. The close proximity of several other residences had a wind been blowing rendered the possibility of a serious conflagration.

CITY COUNCIL.

The regular meeting of the city council was held last night, it being the final session of the present civic board for the municipal year. Mayor McLeod and Ald. Abrahamson, Howson, Trimble and Palmer were present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted. Very little business came up before the council there being no communications of any importance. A letter from A. Hutchison, Ontario, was received stating his acceptance of the position as night operator at the power house at a salary of $80 per month.

The question of city lighting was discussed and the best methods of having the whole city lit simultaneously instead of in sections. A resolution was passed requesting G. Lembke to report on the best methods of making satisfactory light currents throughout the city.

Touching on the sewerage question the total cost including three septic tanks and the necessary piping and labor would be approximately $81,000. On bringing the meeting to a close the mayor thanked the aldermen for their kindness and able assistance. He said that as a council they had always been fair minded; the attendance had been good and keen interest in all civic matters had been evinced and he hoped that the next council would have a successful year. He thanked H. Floyd for his able assistance as city clerk and referred to him as a man who has always the city's interests at heart. He announced his intention of running again for mayor but knew that his friend H. A. Brown would give him a contest this year. In concluding he complimented the council on their harmonious and, at the same time, individually strong action over the important subjects of the city's administration and exhorted them to attend the meeting on Saturday night and give an account of their stewardship. The aldermen each made a suitable reply, stating also their intention of contesting again, all following in the strain that the council had worked well and with harmony and forbearance. The meeting then terminated.

BOURNE BROS.
DEALERS IN
High Class Groceries. Fruit, Flour, Feed, Stoves, Furnaces, Hardware, Harness, Crockery, Glassware, Etc.
BOURNE BROS.

DRY CEDAR WOOD
Two Ricks, stove size.....$3 75
Three Ricks, stove size.....$5 50

BANFF HARD COAL
Furnace and Stove Coal.....$9 00
Nut Size, suitable for Self Feeders, Base Burners and Ranges.....8 50

Revelstoke Fuel and Supply Co.
LIMITED.
Molsons Bank Building.

THE RICHEST MEN ON EARTH

Have made most of their wealth investing in Real Estate, and it would not be unwise for the man having money at low rate of interest to follow their lead by investing in the best buy on the market which we have selected as our Special Snap for the coming week.

LISTEN! Brand new seven room dwelling on Fourth Street, two lots, hot and cold water, electric light, bathroom, cellar, lawn, large woodshed suitable for stable and in fact everything that goes to make a modern, up-to-date dwelling.

Price $2,350. Terms $600 Down, Balance on Time.

REVELSTOKE INSURANCE AGENCY, LIMITED.
MOLSONS BANK BUILDING.

Imperial Bank of Canada
Head Office—Toronto, Ontario.
Branches in the Provinces of Manitoba, Alberta, Saskatchewan, British Columbia, Ontario, Quebec.

Capital Subscribed	$5,000,000.00
Capital Paid Up	$4,280,000.00
Reserve Fund	$4,280,000.00

D. R. WILKIE, President; HON. R. JAFFRAY, Vice-President.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT—Deposits received and Interest allowed at current rate from date of opening account, and compounded half-yearly.

Drafts sold available in all parts of Canada, United States and Europe. Special attention given to Collections.

Revelstoke Branch, B. C.—A. E. Phipps, Manager.

Good City Lots on Easy Terms

A few good City lots still on the market at present prices. Terms reasonable. Apply soon

G. M. SPROAT, Real Estate Office, Cowan Block.

KNOX CHURCH

Annual Congregational Meeting

The second annual meeting of Knox Church congregation was held in the church on Wednesday night, when reports were presented from the different departments of the church, namely, the Session, Sunday School, Ladies' Auxiliary, Young People's Guild and Board of Managers. The reports all showed the church to be in a healtny and progressive condition, the work during the past year of the Ladies' Auxiliary being especially gratifying and calling forth the hearty thanks of the congregation. The report from the Session showed that the congregation had increased to about double what it was a year ago. In presenting this report on behalf of the Session the pastor, Rev. J. R. Robertson, gave a very encouraging and helpful address reviewing the work of the church during the past year, incidentally thanking the managing board for the promptness with which the pastor's salary had been paid, and thanking the members of the congregation for the many kindnesses shown during the year to himself and family. The managers' report was good, showing a substantial balance on hand after meeting all liabilities.

It was decided to increase the number of managers from six to ten, and the following were elected to fill the vacancies on the board: J. P. McLennan, R. H. Urquhart, B. A. Lawson, J. Murker, D. Nairn, D. M. Rae; the other members of the board being, W. M. Lawrence, G. M. Clark, T. A. Lewis and J. T. Telfer. B. A. Lawson was appointed superintendent of the Sunday School.

Fighting the Lions.

A very interesting man is visiting our city from Bristol, England. He is making an extended tour of Canada and will give Revelstoke a write-up in English papers.

Sunday afternoon at 3:30 he will give an address to men in the Y. M. C. A. on the above title. Every man should hear this. The male quartette will sing.

The Mail-Herald.

PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AT

REVELSTOKE, B.C.,

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Including postage to England, United States and Canada.

By the year [through postoffice]..... $2.50
Half " " " 1.50
Quarter " " " 1.00

JOB PRINTING promptly executed at reasonable rates.

TERMS—Cash. Subscriptions payable in advance.

CORRESPONDENCE invited on matters of public interest. Communications to Editor must be accompanied by name of writer, not necessarily fo publication, but as evidence of good faith. Correspondence should be brief.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Legal notices 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each subsequent insertion. Measurement: Nonpariel [12 lines make one inch]. Store and general business announcements $2.50 per inch per month. Preferred positions, 25 per cent. additional. Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50c. *each insertion.* Timber notices $5.00 Land notices $7.50. All advertisements subject to the approval of the management. Wanted and Condensed Advertisements: Agents Wanted, Help Wanted, Situations wanted, Situations Vacant, Teachers Wanted, Mechanics Wanted, 10 words or less 25c., each additional line 10 cents. Changes in standing advertisements must be in by 9 a. m. Tuesday and Friday of each week to secure good display.

MURPHY & FISHER

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC

OTTAWA

Parliamentary, Departmental and Patent Office Agents Practice before Railway Commission.

CHAS. MURPHY. HAROLD FISHER

GILLAN & ELLIOTT.

Barristers, Solicitors, Etc.

REVELSTOKE AND TROUT LAKE, B. C.

C. E. GILLAN. F. C. ELLIOTT.

HARVEY, McCARTER AND PINKHAM,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

OFFICES: IMPERIAL BANK BLOCK, REVELSTOKE, B. C.

Money to loan.
Offices: Revelstoke, B. C.; Fort Steele, B. C.

GEO. S. McCARTER, Revelstoke, B. C.
A. M. PINKHAM, Revelstoke, B. C.
J. A. HARVEY, Fort Steele, B. C.

J. M. Scott LL.D W. I. Briggs.

SCOTT AND BRIGGS

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

MONEY TO LOAN

SOLICITORS FOR MOLSONS BANK

First Street. Revelstoke, B.C.

ROBERT SMITH

Provincial Land Surveyor, Mine Surveying Engineering

McKENZIE AVENUE.

BOX 106, REVELSTOKE.

The Mail-Herald

"I would . . . earnestly advise them to their good to order this paper to be punctually served up, and to be looked upon as a part of the tea equipage."—ADDISON

SATURDAY, JAN. 12, 1907

FREEDOM OF THE PRESS.

The freedom of the press does not mean that any man has a right to publish in any newspaper he may select anything that he may choose to write. The editor and the proprietor have *something to say about it.* They have freedom to say what they shall and what they shall not publish and when it shall be published. The newspaper is not a hoarding upon which any man can post up what he chooses, but a business enterprise which those controlling it endeavor to employ to the best advantage to themselves and to the public. Every day many excellent things are offered for publication; every day editorial articles are written and destroyed; every day hard work is done and discarded and every now and then a general sweep must be made of the editorial desk of excellent clippings that have been preserved in the hope that they can be published. Yet there are people who think that the whole routine of a newspaper must be asserted in order to permit them to say something of no importance to anyone but themselves or to save themselves the expense of a two cent stamp, and to send what they have to say to some particular individual.

MUNICIPAL CAMPAIGN.

The first act in the civic election drama will commence on Monday, when the nominations for mayor and aldermen will take place, and the uncertainty as to the number and personnel of the candidates will be cleared away. Even up till now civic affairs in connection with the fight for the aldermanic chairs have been somewhat slow in unfolding themselves. Although few citizens have really stated publicly their intentions of coming forward as candidates for aldermanic honors, it is improbable that there will be any shortage of office seekers. It would be not out of the way to state that the interest in municipal affairs has taken second place to that of provincial elections and when it is remembered how important has the issue of the annual civic contest become in Revelstoke and what depends on the judgment and business ability of the men who are elected on the municipal board, it will immediately be seen why the interest in city government, which acts directly on ourselves and our homes and the welfare of the Revelstoke community as a whole, should be taken up before anything else in spite of the needs and calls of the representatives of the respective parties in the provincial elections now so close at hand.

Two citizens have been mentioned as likely candidates this year and have signified their intention of running for aldermen. One is G. Knapp, a popular member of the fire brigade and R. H. Sawyer, who has been responsible for the close organization of *the Independent* Band. The former will run for Ward one and the latter for Ward two. F. Lewis has decided to offer himtelf again, and having had much experience in aldermanic work in past years, will no doubt receive a popular vote. Ward three has been slow in bringing out a man and the contest in that direction will be between J. Abrahamson and W. D. Law. R. Howson and E. Trimble have given it to be understood that they will again seek election.

Regarding the contest for the mayoralty, H. A. Brown and the present mayor, J. McLeod, are the only candidates who have publicly signified their intention of offering themselves. No doubt at the public meeting tonight we shall hear from others who desire to head the municipal board. Communities get the kind of government they deserve, if we deliberately put our civic business which touches our lives, homes and prosperity at many points, into hands that have not the strength to administer it however willing they may be we ourselves will induce misgovernment and are entirely responsible for it when it comes. There are some perhaps, but their number is few, who prefer amicable mediocrity to aggressive efficiency as a qualication for position as mayor. The plain citizen who is really interested in civic affairs and keeps his mind open, knows well that the municipal election this coming week is an opportunity to serve the community by voting for the best man. The ratepayers know that they need the best *ability and businesslike mind* that can be obtained at the city hall in the present state of affairs in Revelstoke, which as a city is growing so fast. The plain citizen's name is legion and he is found in every district in this city and in every walk in life. After he has spoken tonight, those who dreamed of building up a civic machine will recognise, after all, the real power is in the hands of the man who cast the ballot.

POLITICAL MEETING.

[Continued from Page One]

$20,000,000, more than she takes out. He said that better terms must be agitated not as a party affair but as wholly provincial. He reviewed the Kaien Island bargain, fully explaining with maps the extent of the land which he had gained for the province and saying that the government had acted in a businesslike way and refused to accept the G. T. P. railway's terms, thereby preventing them from owning all the north country. There had been no intermediate work done but the money had been paid first hand and the province was richer by several thousands of acres and its dues. In referring to the Columbian Western deal, he did'nt encourage paper railways, but the C. W. railroad had done a lot for the province. Regarding the Midway Vernon railroad, he produced letters from J. J. Hill and from Mr. Arthur to J. J. Hill re the negotiations for railroads and B. C. grants. He said that Hill refused to have any dealings with them. How can the grits say that he (Premier) was a C. P. R. man even if he had refused to help out the Midway & Vernon. He pointed out that the G. T. P. are taking an active part in the campaign and wanted to put out the present government for their own ends. In touching on the Columbian Western railroad he repeated what Mr. Bowser had said and concluded his speech exhorting the Revelstoke electors to remember British Columbia's splendid progress and not bring it to a stand still. On being questioned on the civil service he said that the government intends to put it on a better and sounder footing but that economy was necessary.

The meeting closed with the National Anthem. The Premier and Mr. Bowser left for Arrownead and Nelson the same night.

THE MONEY SAVING WORK-SAVING SOAP

That's Royal Crown kind—made in Vancouver—Largest Soap Factory west of Winnipeg. House cleaning and washing are easy with its help. And the money saving is the

Premium System

Booklet tells what we give for Royal Crown Wrappers. Send for it—Free—Also try the Soap.

Royal Soap Co., Ltd.

Vancouver, B. C.

Corporation of the City of Revelstoke.

Financial Statement for the Year 1906

Receipts

Real Property Taxes, 1899 to 1905		$ 1,967 33
Real Property Taxes, 1906		12,845 69
Loan on taxes from Molsons Bank		7,000 00
Interest on taxes		118 79
Trade Licenses		772 50
Liquor "		1,900 00
Weighing Fees		111 35
Road Tax		1,118 00
Pound		29 50
Sale of old Typewriter		10 00
Refunds, money paid by City		64 20
Government Grant to School		4,886 66
Police Court Fines		2,189 40
Accrued Interest, Debenture "I"		77 10
Dog Tax		126 00
Cemetery Lots		289 00
Int. on Sinking Funds		293 40
		$33,801 83
Water and Light Rates, Meter Rents, Installations, and Tapping Mains		30,079 34
		$63,881 17
Balance		13,620 18
		$77,504 35

Expenditure

Balance Jan. 1, 1906		$ 849 41
Streets and Sidewalks, new work		6,982 59
Repairs to Streets		153 70
Fire Brigade Equipment		1,359 92
No. 1 Fire Hall		109 00
Fuel		375 73
Insurance, buildings		507 50
" Firemen		150 00
Election expenses		166 10
Sick and Destitute		245 47
Refunds, Road Tax		78 00
Snow Service		448 15
Pound		285 84
Office Furniture		91 55
Typewriting and filing by-laws		26 70
Refunds, money paid to city		28 52
Scales, inspection fee		3 10
Commission col. Road Tax		105 66
Premiums, Clerks' bonds		25 00
Telephone Rental		83 52
Repayment on Tax Loan		6,077 35
Interest on Tax loans		1,342 10
Civic Salaries		2,475 00
Police Salaries		2,865 00
Police General Expenses		704 10
Repairs and maintenance of buildings		470 00
Health Department		354 95
Repairs to tools and implements		75 70
Inquests		35 00
Dumping ground		83 20
Surveys		542 65
Tools and snow plow		228 56
Cemetery		19 15
Payments to Firemen		626 50
Printing and Stationery		464 65
Postage and Telegrams		164 06
Prisoners' Keep		214 50
Fire Alarm repairs		7 50
Donations		800 00
Debenture Interest "A"		750 00
" " "B"		100 00
" " "C"		225 00
" " "E"		150 00
" " "F"		350 00
" " "G"		400 00
" " "H"		3,112 50
" " "I"		1,000 00
Sinking Fund, Deben. "A"		477 42
" " "B"		65 85
" " "C"		145 43
" " "D"		93 29
" " "E"		214 01
" " "G"		241 44
" " "H"		1,848 78
" " "I"		559 56
SCHOOLS.—		
PUBLIC SCHOOL—		
Teachers	$6,850 00	
Janitor	510 00	
Secretary	60 00	
Incid'nt'l	138 28	
Repairs	244 86	
Fuel	651 14	
Supplies	731 33	
Furniture	185 95	
Grounds	670 45	
	10,061 01	
HIGH SCHOOL—		
Teachers	1,885 00	
Janitor	55 00	
Furnit're	251 49	
Alter't'ns	520 95	
Library	201 65	
Incid'nt'l	19 38	
Supplies	3 95	
	2,737 42	
	$12,798 43	
(A. McRAE, Chairman.) (H. FLOYD, Secretary.)		$51,789 62
WATER & LIGHT DEPT.—		
Light plant	$1,402 54	
Water "	1,189 92	
Installation materials	1,462 86	
Tools	146 33	
Printing and Stationery	73 90	
Telephone rental	72 00	
Water repairs & mainten.	392 24	
Electric " "	1,255 69	
General expense	295 17	
Slush Ice	333 50	
Fuel	389 35	
Salaries	6,603 00	
Surveys	5 00	
Insurance	306 00	
Water rental	58 60	
Dynamo and Meters	3,961 70	
Repairs and new work on Dam	7,439 03	
Govt. Inspec. of Meters	418 50	
	25,714 73	
	$77,504 35	$ 77,504 35

BALANCE—Current Revenue and Expenditure Account.

Dr.

To Molsons Bank—	
Loan on Tax arrears 1899-1905	$ 6,945 57
" Loan on 1906 Taxes	7,000 00
Balance expenditure over receipts	13,620 18
One unpaid Debenture Coupon	12 50
	$27,578 25

Cr.

By Tax Arrears, 1899-1902	$ 595 57
" " 1903	423 11
" " 1904	961 44
" " 1905	2,356 36
" " 1905	2,843 11
" " 1906	4,262 64
Accrued Interest on unpaid taxes	659 54
Water and Light accounts due to City	6,874 90
	$18,913 65
Deficit for year	8,664 60
	$27,578 25

Liabilities

Debentures Series A	$ 15,000 00
Debentures Series B	2,000 00
Debentures Series C	4,500 00
Debentures Series E	3,000 00
Debentures Series F	7,000 00
Debentures Series G	8,000 00
Debentures Series H	62,500 00
Debentures Series I	20,000 00
Due on No. 1 Fire Hall	300 00
Unpaid Debenture Coupon	12 50
Deficit 1906	8,664 60
	$130,977 10
Balance, Assets over Liabilities	64,559 98
	$195,537 08

Assets

Streets and Sidewalks		$ 40,750
City Scales		350 00
Sinking Funds—		
A	$3,158 48	
B	429 61	
C	806 71	
E	437 59	
F	907 31	
G	919 72	
H	7,147 99	
I	503 56	
		14,292 10
Water and Light Plant		96,693 57
School Buildings and Grounds		23,906 66
Fire Halls		4,200 00
Fire Brigade Equipment		3,035 32
Fire Alarm System		910 02
Recreation Ground		1,022 50
City Hall		4,731 11
Lots 8 and 9, Block 23		1,300 00
Office Furniture		1,439 75
Villa Lot 39		250 00
Dumping Ground		533 20
Tools and Implements		699 63
Balance due on Cemetery Lots		399 00
		$195,537 08

Profit and Loss Account.

To Discounts	$ 1,548 23	By Water Rates	$ 9,669 70
" Printing and Stationery	73 90	" Light "	19,065 25
" Telephone Rental	72 00	" Tapping Mains	39 45
" Water Repairs and Maintenance	392 24	" Installation and Fixtures	911 90
" General Expense	295 17	" Meter Rents	825 58
" Slush Ice	333 50		
" Fuel	389 35		
" Electric Repairs and Maintenance	1,255 69		
" Salaries	6,603 00		
" Surveys	5 00		
" Insurance	306 00		
" Water Rental	58 60		
" Repairs to Dam	7,439 03		
" Inspection of Meters	418 50		
	$18,894 64		
Balance (profit)	11,591 14		
	$30,485 78		$30,485 78

Certified Correct—B. A. LAWSON, City Auditor.
January 12th 1907.

H. FLOYD, City Treasurer.

BIG "CLEAN UP" SALE OF PIANOS AND ORGANS

Exceptionally busy Summer and Fall selling has placed on our hands a large number of second-hand pianos and organs, taken in exchange on new styles of MASON & RISCH and PIANOLA PIANOS. Our "Upper Country" warehouses—in Nelson and Revelstoke—are now comfortably crowded—we've winter shipments on way from factory, too. These used goods must be sold, we wish them to move rapidly. You'll appreciate these unusal offerings.

Small Upright "Luff & Sons" piano, English make, 6 octaves, walnut case	$ 20	"Mason & Risch" Piano, large Upright Grand, beautiful mahogany case, 4 ft. 9 in high, case slightly marred otherwise fine condition, splendid tone. Was sold for $550, take it for	$375
"Charles Davis" Upright Piano 7 octaves, 4 ft. 5 in. in height, French walnut case, scroll front	$ 40		
"Bell" Organ, 5 ft. high, walnut case, 5 octaves, 2½ sets of reeds 8 stops, in good tune	$ 40	"Mason & Risch" Piano, Upright Grand in Art finished burl walnut case, practically new, prime condition, perfect tone. Was $550, extraordinary value at	$400
"Avill & Smart" Upright Piano 7 octaves, 4 ft. 5 in. high, full iron frame, excellent value at $100—yours for	$ 65	"Dominion" Organ, walnut case, 5 ft. high, 5 octaves, 2½ sets of reeds, 7 stops, Vox Humana, Great, and Grand organ swells	$ 30
"Nugent" Piano, New York, 7 octaves, ebonized case, a good buy at	$125	"Bell" Organ, massive walnut case, scroll front, 3 sets of reeds, 10 stops, both swells. You'll not lose on this at	$ 50
"Bell" Piano, Guelph, 7½ octaves, imitation French walnut case, veneer partially off one end suitable for hall or lodge	$150	"Doherty" Organ, black walnut case with bevelled French plate mirror, 5 octaves, 3 sets of reeds, 10 stops, bass and treble couplers and knee swells, splendid value at this figure	$ 50
"Mason & Risch" Piano, 7½ octaves, 4 ft. 5 in. high, finished in San Domingo mahogany, slightly used but good as new, was $500 but now selling at	$350		

EASY TERMS

We've also a number of others. Full list sent upon request. You may turn in any one of these instruments at full value, as partial payment on a new MASON & RISCH PIANO, within two years after purchase.

MASON & RISCH PIANO Co., Ltd.

HUDSON BAY BLOCK NELSON, B. C. P. O. BOX 615

Kootenay Lodge No. 15 A.F. & A.M.

The regular meetings are held in the Masonic Temple, Odd Fellows Hall, on the third Monday in each month at 8 p.m. Visiting brethren cordially welcome

C. A. PROCUNIER, SECRETARY.

SELKIRK LODGE, NO 12, I. O. O. F.

Meets every Thursday evening in Selkirk Hall at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend

R. J. TAGGART, N.G. J. MATHIE, Sec

Gold Range Lodge, K. of P., No. 26, Revelstoke, B. C.

MEETS EVERY WEDNESDAY, except Third Wednesday of each month, in the Oddfellows' Hall at 8 o'clock. Visiting Knights are cordially invited.

A. J. HOWE, C.C.
G. H. BROCK, K. of R. & S.
H. A. BROWN, M. of F

C. W. O. W.

Mountain View Camp, No. 229.

Meets Second and Fourth Wednesdays in each month, in Selkirk Hall. Visiting Woodmen cordially invited to attend.

W. D. ARMSTRONG, Con. Com.
H. W. EDWARDS, Clerk.

Headquarters for . . . **Furniture!**

CARPETS, LINOLEUMS.

John E. Wood's Furniture Store

Election Notice!

To the Ratepayers of the City of Revelstoke:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—At the request of a large number of citizens, I have decided to offer myself as a candidate for Mayor at the election.

I have to thank you for the many expressions of appreciation of my efforts on your behalf, when I had the honor of representing you before in this office, and assure you, if you should again honor me, I will give the same care and attention to your interests.

There are several matters of vital importance to the city's welfare now pending, which I hope to have the opportunity of discussing with you in public before the election.

Respectfully yours,
H. A. BROWN.

Election Notice

To the Municipal Electors of No. One Ward, City of Revelstoke.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

Having been solicited by a large number of electors of Ward No. 1, to offer myself for election as alderman of that ward. I have consented to accept and respectfully request your vote and influence. If elected I shall at all times consider it my duty to give my careful attention to all matters pertaining to the advancement and welfare of the city.

Yours obediently,
GEO. KNAPP.

Election Notice!

To the Municipal Electors of No. 2 Ward, City of Revelstoke.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—I have to intimate that, at the request of numerous ratepayers, I am in the field as candidate for alderman for No 2 Ward, and beg to request the favor of your support on my behalf at the poll on Thursday, Jan. 17th. If returned I can assure you it will be my endeavor to advance the best interests of the city.

Your obedient servant,
R. H. SAWYER.

To the Municipal Electors OF THE CITY OF REVELSTOKE

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I have the honor of again offering myself as a candidate for the important office of Mayor for this city.

During my term of office now expiring the growth of our city has necessitated considerable expenditure to provide street and sidewalk accommodation for those parts of the city which are being built up and settled in. Considerable expense was also entailed in repairing and strengthening the dam on the Illecillewaet river. This work was carried out according to specifications by Col. Tracey and was completed at about the original estimate of cost for it, although during the progress of the work it was discovered that more repairs were necessary than were at first contemplated.

These expensive works have been a severe tax on the annual current revenue of the city; in fact they are more than should have been financed in that manner, but the work was urgent and had to be carried out under any circumstances.

During the past year the rate for electric light has been so reduced as to be but very little more than is now charged in the city of Vancouver. Notwithstanding this, the growth of the city has been such that the revenue from the water and light department has been 30 per cen more than last year. t

Recognising the importance of a sewerage system for the city, the council has during the past year had preliminary surveys made, and this matter is now in such a shape that the incoming council can proceed with the whole or any part of it without delay.

Additional reservoirs are needed for water storage; and if re-elected I will give this matter my serious attention.

The question of the supply of electric power to the C. P. R. has been before the retiring council for some time. I am of opinion that the city council should endeavor to enter into an arrangement of mutual benefit to both parties. The advantage to a city of having the good will of large corporations is evidenced by the manner in which bonuses and tax exemptions are granted, and it is my opinion a satisfactory arrangement between the C. P. R. and the Council on this question will mean much for the future prosperity of the City.

The necessity of an auxiliary plant at the power house has been forcibly brought home to the citizens during the last two weeks. I think the city has now reached such a stage that such a plant is absolutely necessary.

Should you do me the honor of re-electing me as Mayor I will appreciate your confidence by giving the same care and attention to the various important civic matters that must arise, as I have done hitherto.

Your Obedient Servant,
J. W. McLEOD.

Jan. 11, 1907.

CERTIFICATE OF THE REGISTRATION OF AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"COMPANIES' ACT, 1897."

I hereby certify that the "Hood Lumber Co." has this day been registered as an Extra-Provincial Company under the "Companies' Act, 1897," to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate at the City of Spokane, Spokane County in the State of Washington.

The amount of the capital of the Company is Three Hundred Thousand Dollars, divided into three hundred thousand shares of one dollar each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at Imperial Bank Block, Revelstoke, and George Smith McCarter, barrister-at-law, *whose address is the same, is the attorney for the* Company, not empowered to issue and transfer stock.

The time of the existence of the Company is fifty years from the 22nd day of October, 1906.

Given under my hand and Seal of Office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and six.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

[L.S.]

The objects for which the Company has been established and registered are:—

To manufacture, export, import, buy, sell and generally deal in goods, wares, merchandise and property of every class and description within the State of Washington, the United States of America, the Province of British Columbia and elsewhere as may from time to time be found necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Company; to carry on and conduct a general wholesale and retail milling, manufacturing and lumbering business within said territory; to own, operate, buy, sell, lease, erect or otherwise acquire saw-mills and any other kinds of mills or factories for the manufacture of lumber, either in the rough or finished state, and for manufacturing or finishing all articles of trade made therefrom, and to own, buy, sell, lease or otherwise acquire all machinery and appliances of every kind and description that may be necessary or usually had or used in connection therewith; to purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire or hold and sell lands, estates, buildings, rights-of-way, light or water or any other rights or privileges, machinery, businesses, good wills, plants, stocks in trade, or other real or personal property of any nature or kind whatsoever as may be deemed necessary to carry out any of the objects or purposes of this Company; to maintain, improve, manage, work, control and superintend any trails, roads, ways, tramways railways, bridges, reservoirs, water courses, sawmills, shingle mills, factories, hydraulic works, electrical works or other works or conveniences which may seem conducive to any of the objects or purposes of the Company, and to buy, sell and deal in the same to use steam, water, electrical or any other power as a motive power, or otherwise, and to buy, sell and deal in the same; to purchase, acquire, sell, hold, erect, and operate electric light and other power plants for milling and manufacturing purposes, and for the purpose of furnishing lights and creating power for any and all other purposes; to bond, buy, sell, lease, locate and hold ditches, flumes and water rights; to construct, lease, buy, sell, build or operate railroads, ferries, tramways or other means of transportation for transporting logs, lumber or other material or passengers. To own land, buy, sell, lease and locate or otherwise acquire timber and timber claims; to buy, acquire, hold, improve, lease and sell timber, farming, grazing, mineral and other lands, and the products thereof; to acquire, purchase, lay out, plat and sell town and city lots, and to plat and put upon the market town sites and erect buildings and improvements of every kind and sell lots, or otherwise dispose of the same, or any part or portion thereof, and generally to do a real estate, rental, buying, selling, improvement and investment business; to carry on a general merchandise and commission business; to acquire, sell and conduct stores, hotels or boarding houses; to subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire, sell, and hold with the same rights of ownership therein as may be permitted to natural persons, the shares, bonds and obligations of any other corporation wherever organized; to procure the Company to be registered, incorporated or recognized in any other state, or country, or province and to do all and everything necessary suitable, convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes, or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated or incidental to the powers herein named, or which shall at any time appear conducive or expedient for the protection or benefit of the corporation, and finally to do everything consistent, proper and requisite for the carrying out of the objects and purposes aforesaid in their fullest and broadest sense within said territory.

wed dec 12 w-1m

LAND NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in the West Kootenay District:

Commencing at a post planted 20 chains east from the south-west corner of Lot 2453 and marked "E. C. Trafford's north-east corner post," thence south 40 chains, thence west 20 chains more or less to Lake shore, thence north along shore to south-west corner of Lot 2453, thence east 20 chains to point of commencement.

Dated November 13th, 1906.
dec 5 wed E. C. TRAFFORD.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that we the undersigned intend, 30 days from date, to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about one-quarter of a mile east of Fish River and one mile from Camborne, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement. Signed,

G. R. NORTHEY.
D. A. McINTOSH.

Dated January 12th, 1907.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands:

1. Situate in the West Kootenay district about 16 miles from Burton City. Commencing at a post planted on the east side of Cariboo Creek, thence south 160 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 160 chains, thence west 40 chains to point of commencement.

2. Situate in the West Kootenay district about 14 miles from Burton City. Commencing at a post planted on the west side of Cariboo Creek, thence south 160 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 160 chains, thence west 40 chains to point of commencement.

3. Commencing at a post planted on the west side of Cariboo Creek, about 13 miles from Burton City, thence south 160 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 160 chains, thence west 40 chains to point of commencement.

4. Commencing at a post planted on the south side of Cariboo Creek, about 12 miles from Burton City, thence east 160 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 160 chains, thence south 40 chains to point of commencement.

5. Commencing at a post planted on the south side of Cariboo Creek, about 7 miles from Burton City, thence south 160 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 160 chains, thence east 40 chains to point of commencement.

6. Commencing at a post planted on the east bank of Cariboo Creek, about 5 miles from Burton City, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated 14th day of September, 1906.
wed dec 12 S. J. HARLOW.

WANTED

A Couple of young ladies willing to share same room, can procure board and comfortable lodging with small family on McKenzie Avenue. Apply MAIL-HERALD Office.

FOUND—A lady's parasol on First Street. Owner may have same by paying for this advertisement and proving property.—R. A. UPPER.

FOR SALE—Magic Lantern and Slides, at a sacrifice, fine plant.—W. M. Ritchie, Blanchard Street, Victoria, B. C.

TO RENT—Large commodious house on First Street, good house for roomers. Opposite the school. Apply to W. M. Lawrence.

WANTD—Girl for general house work for family of three; good wages—Mrs. Theo. T. Ludgate, Arrowhead, B. C. tf

WANTED—Waitress, duties very light. Wages $30 per month. Apply to Chief Young, Queen's Hotel, Comaplix, B. C.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Good wages paid to right party. Apply to Mrs. F. B. LEWIS, Mackenzie Avenue.

WANTED—Young man wants room or room and board in city, cheap. Apply MAIL-HERALD office.

THE MAIL-HERALD

SUPPLEMENT

Pulled Bread and Beaten Biscuit

The crust is cut away.

ONCE upon a time there was an appendicitis patient who refused to eat, even though the after-operation periods of strict dieting were well past.

"Can't eat," she said.

"Won't!" sternly said the doctor.

So the battle raged, with coaxing and tempting delicacies on the part of a distracted nurse and wearily reiterated refusals from the patient, till one evening, *as happens with invalids, a sudden* craving struck her.

"I believe I could eat a beaten biscuit and a piece of very nice ham."

"Craziness!" said the nurse. "You'd die."

"But I'll die if I don't eat, and I can't eat anything but that, so why not die happy?"

As in the famous sauerkraut case, the doctor said: "Let her try it;" and try it she did, with immediate resumption of the food habit.

"Folly," say you? That only goes to show you have never tasted of the real thing or you, too, would know that combination could make you decide not to die and forego it.

For there are beaten biscuit and beaten biscuit, and some of them have a striking similarity to well-seasoned plaster-of-paris, but those you may be sure never came out of a Maryland or Virginia oven, nor felt the sounding mallet of a befo' de wah dusky cook.

As for the ham, if Moses had ever had one of the rich, deep garnet, Virginia cured and boiled and baked articles melt in his mouth there would have been a different version of the Mosaic regulations.

Which is, after all, but an aside, as this is a story of the beaten biscuit, not the much maligned pig.

Do you want to know how the genuine darky cook makes her traditional biscuit, which, like the baked bean of Boston, is endeared to every son and daughter of the South: solely and entirely with her good right arm. Her muscles are brawny and she uses them to their limit to get dough so light and flaky that no rival kitchen could touch it.

For, after all, it is not in the mixing *that the real merit lies. The dough is* not intricate either in material or manufacture—just a quart of flour, a tablespoonful of lard, a cup of ice water and a little salt.

Put your salt in your flour, then mix in well the shortening and add the ice water by degrees, as a wet dough will be blistered instead of flakey. Work this dough until *perfectly smooth*, and then get down to the real work.

A wooden mallet is a labor-saving device

If you are to the manner born, you will have a fine old hardwood block, on which the beaten biscuits of the family have been pounded for generations—but if you are merely an appreciative outsider, you may do quite as well with an ordinary hardwood board about two *inches thick, or even an old marble-*topped table.

For a pounder you must own a heavily loaded mallet, weighing six or seven pounds, but a well-scoured iron brought down again and again on the sharp edge, or even a rolling-pin, will answer quite as well.

There is much skill in this beating *process; so much that it is impossible to* give a definite length of time; for where one cook will have her dough light and flaky after ten minutes work, another will take over half an hour. The best test is to stop when the dough cracks. This will usually be in about twenty or twenty-five minutes.

Then roll the dough into sheets half *an inch thick, cut with a rather small* biscuit cutter, prick the centre of the top with a fork and bake in a very quick oven.

Beaten biscuit may be eaten hot or cold. They keep well for several weeks, and can then be made crisp by reheating in a slow oven.

If the beating proves too onerous, the dough may be made light by pulling apart and working together again until it blisters when rolled out.

Some Southerners use milk instead of water *in these biscuits. An excellent* recipe is one quart of flour, one large teaspoonful of butter, a tablespoonful of lard, one teaspoonful of salt, and add by degrees nearly a half pint of milk. Beat till the dough cracks.

Maryland biscuit are excellent for children and dyspeptics, as they contain nothing to overwork the digestion. They *are less known however, on dietetic lists* than pulled breads and zwieback.

Pulled bread, which is gaining in favor each year, is very easy to make. Take a well-baked loaf of bread, home-made preferable, remove the crusts with a sharp knife, cut into strips and then take a fork and lift it in a number of places to make it rough and porous. Put in a pan and brown in a rather quick oven.

The simplest zwieback is prepared by cutting a day-old loaf of bread into pieces and baking again till an even golden brown.

For bread sticks, use a well-risen yeast dough that has been made with milk. Shape into small balls, then roll into sticks ten or twelve inches long. Put them into a pan, without touching, to rise till very light. Then bake till crisp.

Less digestible, though very good, are fried bread sticks. Well raised dough should be shaped in small pipe-stem sticks. Allow them to rise again till very light and fry in boiling lard till a golden brown.

After the final baking.

The Housemothers' Exchange

WITH regard to a recent inquiry as to neighbor's yeast, a Kentucky correspondent writes:

Whenever I boil potatoes (peeled) I save the water in which they were cooked, adding salt and sugar in proportion, and while lukewarm, add to the yeast. In this way one always has a supply. If the yeast becomes flat, add sugar.

The bread is made in the same manner as with compressed yeast. Use a quart of neighbor's yeast for four loaves, or less *yeast and add water or milk.*

I hope this will explain what "Inquirer" (Pleasant Plains, Ills.), wants to know.

Mrs. G. S. (Shirley, Ky.)

I copy the recipe faithfully. Yet it seems "a monstrous deal" of yeast, no matter how mild, for four loaves. Unless, as I surmise, the neighborly compound takes the place of potato sponge in home-made bread. And, by the way, have we improved upon the potato sponge bread dear to our childhood *days? It was deliciously soft, tooth-*some and wholesome. If neighbor's yeast restores it to favor, we are doubly indebted to those who have brought it into notice.

Gasoline for Washing

One of our big family, "Mrs. J." would like to learn from me how I use gasoline in washing. I am writing this letter to her, in particular. If others would like to be informed on the same subject, you may print it, *pro bono publico.*

I sort my clothes and put the finer by themselves. I soak all over night in warm water, with a tablespoonful of gasoline stirred into the water before they go in. Next *morning they are* wrung out, and the real work of washday begins.

I get up very early Monday morning and boil all the clothes (except, of course, colored things), rub out the first boilerful *on the board*, then throw them into clean water, and take up the second boilerful. I have but two. Then leave the second in the suds. At least, that is my "way." You may, if you like, wash all in one day. I prefer to leave No. 2 until Tuesday morning, rising early again to rub out the last lot on the board, rinsing all together in two clear, hot waters. Next I blue them, and they are all on the line before 7 o'clock. I have had no hard, hot work, and my house isn't "mussed" up all day, and myself clean worn out by night.

This is why I take two mornings—one for the boilings, while the day is cool. Then the things are put into the tubs, the lids shut close; *the clothes are better for the* additional bath, and I have a day in which to recover from the stress and sweat. My clothes are beautifully white, and with little severe labor.

If they are badly soiled, soap the soiled places well, and you will have no backache. I rub them to make sure they are clean, and that the streaks are out, but that is not hard work, because the dirt *stays in the boiler.*

This method has been such a great help to me that I hope I have succeeded in making it plain to "Mrs. J.," and to others who make a bugbear of washday, or, maybe, I ought to say they find it ready made. I boil my clothes because I think they are purer than when just washed out.

I wash the colored things in the suds, and anything that will not fade I dip into cold water and drop into the boiler. Then they are clean.

If there is anything I have not made plain, or which you would like to know, write and ask me. I shall always be glad to help a sister woman.

Mrs. A. L. (Chicago).

Chicago, or any other city, may well be proud to own you as a resident, and the Exchange is glad and proud that you are in and of it. A woman who can write a letter like that, and who takes as much pains to tell how she *manages the family washing* without undue fatigue to herself and discomfort to her household, as a scientific expert would take to exploit a new discovery *in his line of work, has a* wonderfully well-balanced head and a heart to match it.

Your division of washday's labor into two sections is novel and reasonable. If we women had a juster sense of proportion and took longer, cooler views of life and the relative value of duties, there would be fewer second wives and fewer stepmothers.

Squab and Chicken Raising

I read, not long ago, a communication in the Exchange from "F. M. B." about a squab farm. Will you kindly let me have his address? I am thinking seriously of taking up the squab and chicken-raising business. I should also like the address *of some successful chicken farmer.* I want to ask one where is the best place to buy ground for that purpose. Some people seem to think there is no place like New Jersey for raising chickens and squabs. *Others advocate Norristown and* Montgomery county, I know of three successful squab raisers in New Jersey, but I know of more who have failed in the business. If I were to buy a few acres, and were to lose on squabs, couldn't I fall back on my chickens? My health won't stand city life and I must make a change.

M. E. (Philadelphia).

Before I had seen, for myself, such egregious failures in each of the enterprises of which you speak, I should have said that you would be a wise woman to go into one or the other—perhaps both. My belief in the ability of any man or woman, who has common sense, to raise poultry and pigeons for profit has suffered severe shocks within a few months. My counsel now is to look well before you leap, or even take one step. The address of "F. M. B." has gone to you by mail. I hope to *send the names of those who can* advise you more intelligently than I can hope to do, after your letter is published.

The Hay Stove Again

The woman who wrote to us enthusi*astically some time ago of the improve*ment her husband has made upon the primitive "hay stove" sends in, after a longer trial of the treasure, sundry reasons why we should all follow her example in discarding the coal and gas range, as in common use, and do our cooking in a pretty chest on the kitchen or sitting room table.

1. It will save you 65 to 75 per cent. of the fuel used in cooking, be it coal, gas, oil or wood.
2. It is a time and labor saver, and does away with all odors of cooking.
3. It will cook your food better than can be done by the old method, as there is no evaporation; all the natural juices and flavor of meats and vegetables are retained.
4. *If the cook wants an afternoon out,* you can still have a hot dinner. All she has to do is to spend a few minutes preparing the food before she goes, place in the cooker, and when dinner time comes it will be *found* hot, savory and *ready* to serve.
5. It does away with a hot and uncomfortable kitchen in the summer time.
6. Cereals of all kinds can be started the night before and in the morning will be found deliciously cooked.
7. It will boil, roast, steam or stew better than can be done on any stove.
8. Food cannot be burned nor overdone, and the poorest of cooks must succeed.
9. By no means the least of its merits, and one which will appeal to all housewives, is that it can be used in preserving pears, quinces and all such fruits which require long and slow cooking.

E. A. W. (Berlin, N. J.).

Will the fortunate possessor of the "hay stove" answer the query of another correspondent?

You extoll the virtues of the fireless stove. Will it can fruit, turning it out, *after so many hours of cooking, hot enough* to insure it against fermentation, if it be canned without further cooking?

R. E. M. (Minnesota).

Dry-cleaning Silk

Will Marion Harland please tell me how to dry-clean a mantel scarf of white India *silk*, bordered with colored appliqué?

I think it would be well for each of us to name the State in which she lives. It would prevent confusion among ourselves.

When does Marion Harland take her *much-needed rest? Or has she helpers so* well trained that she goes, and we do not miss her?

A. B. C. (Chicago, Ill.).

Were the mantel scarf mine, I should *clean it with gasoline, with due and* prudent regard to the danger of fire.

You may dry-clean it by the following method: Brush out all the dust. Spread the scarf on a table covered with a clean cloth and rub into it all the boracic talcum it will hold. Do this with a soft brush, avoiding the colored border, un*less this, too, be very dirty. Treat both* sides of the silk in this way, shake out the loose powder and give the scarf another coating of the talcum. Leave this last on for two days, covering to exclude dust. Brush and shake in the open air.

When do I take a vacation? I ask myself the question sometimes. Recogniz*ing recreation as a sacred duty, I break* away from business bounds now and then for a flight to the mountains in summer, to the Southlands in winter. But the mail follows me always, and I keep my finger upon the pulse of the constituency I have served so long and so lovingly that I should miss them sorely were communication broken off. *I am never out of touch with those who* honor me with their confidence and by seeking advice and sympathy in the time of need. I thank you for asking a question that betrays affectionate solicitude for my welfare.

Bread for Dyspeptics

In your "Chats Around the Council Table" a correspondent signing himself (or herself) "H. M." asks concerning bread for dyspeptics.

Soda biscuits made with butter instead of lard are easier to digest than yeast bread. Soda biscuits made with sour cream are still better. Bake the biscuits well; when cold, slice and rebake. Do not eat till cold.

For acute indigestion bran cakes are excellent. Beat a yolk of egg and add to it same quantity of water. Sift the bran through a coarse sieve; add a level teaspoonful of salt. Use enough of the bran to make a *stiff batter. Shape into small* flat cakes; bake hard on buttered tins in moderate oven. Eat cold, with plenty of butter.

Delicious ice cream, frappe, mousse and *cold and hot custards can be made by using* condensed milk instead of sugar. Do not use cornstarch in these dishes.

I could not well take more space to give other recipes, but if "H. M." would give me an address, I would gladly and freely give recipes and other suggestions, which I feel sure would be beneficial.

F. E. W. (Oklahoma).

One who has suffered for forty years from chronic dyspepsia gives, as his deliberate conviction, the assertion that a confirmed dyspeptic is not sane. An eminent Judge once told me that he would recommend to mercy—and strongly—any murderer of whom it was proved that he was a hopeless dyspeptic. He *"did not consider such a one morally* responsible for his actions."

Any advice that promises to assuage the torments of the afflicted, to whom the stomach is a foe and not a friend, is a benefaction. A word from one whose knowledge of the disease is wholly impersonal, and yet the result of long and close observation, may not be amiss.

No stringency of diet will avail anything in the way of relief unless other hygienic rules be also obeyed. Plenty of sleep, gained by early retiring, regular exercise in the open air, and punctilious regard for the normal functions of the body, slow and thorough mastication, avoidance of fatigue and exciting subjects at or near mealtime are essentials to painless digestion. Thousands court dyspepsia by eating fast, and as many by eating when so tired and "empty" that the stomach loathes the offered food.

Keep on good terms with this impor*tant organ if you would be at peace with* yourself and the rest of the world.

Puzzling Problems Solved by Contributors

Various Recipes—Edited by Marion Harland

Mock Mince Pie, Without Brandy.

(Contributed.)

ONE cup of water, about three ounces of butter, one-half cup of vinegar, one cup of whole *raisins, one and one-half cups* of sugar, one-half teaspoonful of ground cloves, three soda crackers, rolled; two eggs, one teaspoonful of *cinnamon.*

Beat butter and sugar to a cream, first mixing the spices with the dry sugar; beat all together, except the *beaten eggs, which stir in last. This* will make three covered pies.

Some Ways of Cooking Potatoes.

FRIED POTATOES.

Pare, wash and slice raw potatoes as thin as wafers. This can be done with a sharp knife, although there is a little instrument *for the purpose, to be had at the house-*furnishing stores, which flutes prettily, as well as slices evenly. Lay in ice water for half an hour, wipe dry in two cloths, spreading them upon one, and pressing the *other upon them. Have ready in the frying* pan some boiling fat, fry the potatoes to a light brown, sprinkle with salt and serve in a napkin laid in a deep dish and folded over them. To rid them of the fat, take *from the frying pan as soon as they are* brown, with a perforated skimmer, put into a colander and shake for an instant.

POTATO SHAVINGS.

Pare and lay in ice water for an hour. Choose the largest and soundest potatoes you can get for this dish. At the end of the hour, pare with a small knife, round *and round in one continuous curling strip.* There is also an instrument for this purpose, which costs but a trifle, and will do the work deftly and expeditiously. Handle with care, frying a few at a time, for fear of *entanglement—in clarified fat, drain and ar-*range neatly upon a hot platter.

POTATOES IN CASES.

Take *large, fair* potatoes, bake until soft and cut a round piece off the top of each; scrape out the inside carefully, so as not to break the skin, and set aside the empty cases with the covers. Mash the inside very smoothly, working into it while hot butter and cream—about half a teaspoonful of each for every potato. Season with salt and pepper, work it soft with milk and put *into a saucepan to heat, stirring to prevent* burning. When scalding hot, stir in one well-beaten egg for six large potatoes. Boil up once, fill the skins with the mixture, replacing the caps, return them to the oven for three minutes; arrange upon a napkin in a deep dish, the caps uppermost; cover with a fold of the napkin and eat hot.

Italian Ravioli.

(Contributed by Request.)

Mash a beet and boil until done, then throw into cold water *a few minutes, drain,* chop and add to it four eggs, one ounce of grated Parmesan cheese and one ounce of grated Cheddar, two and a half ounces of boiled cream or milk, a pinch of nutmeg and a little salt. Mix all well together into a smooth, firm paste; roll into balls about the size of a walnut, flour them well, let them dry for half an hour, then drop carefully, one by one, into boiling stock. When they float take out with a perforated ladle, put into a deep dish, dust with Parmesan cheese and pour a good gravy over them.

Napoleon Cake.

Beat sixteen ounces of sugar with sixteen yolks of eggs until creamy; add sixteen *ounces of finely chopped almonds*, one ounce each of citron and orange peel, a little cinnamon, cloves and vanilla and four ounces of fine breadcrumbs. At the last fold in the whipped whites of six eggs. Bake in greased cake forms.

Fruit Cake, Without Eggs.

Take one and a half cups of brown sugar, one-half cup of New Orleans molasses, one and one-half cups of butter, two teaspoonfuls of cinnamon, one of cloves, one-half of nutmeg, one-half of allspice, two heaping teaspoonfuls of chocolate, two cups of sour milk, one pound of raisins, one pound of currants, *one-fourth pound of citron*, one teaspoonful of soda, two teaspoonfuls of brandy; flour, not too stiff.

Mrs. C. A. H. (Dundee, Ill.).

Broiled Mushrooms.

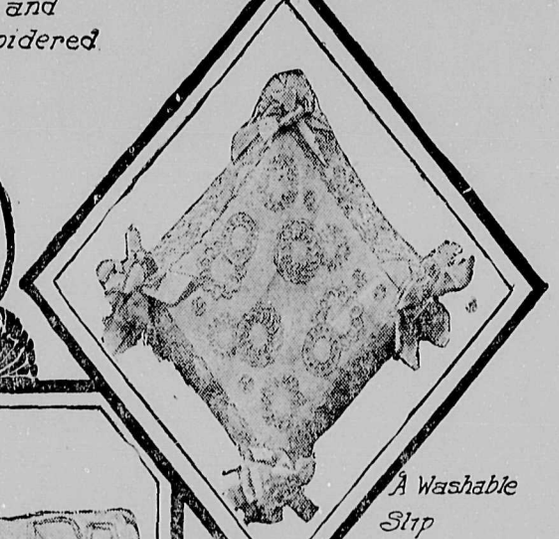
Peel the finest and freshest you can get; score the underside and cut the stems close. Put into a deep dish and anoint well, once and again, with melted butter. Salt and pepper, and let them lie in the butter an hour and a half. Then broil over a clear, hot fire, using an oyster gridiron, and turning it over as one side browns. Serve hot, well buttered, pepper and salt, and *squeeze a few drops of* lemon juice upon each.

Plain Boiled Spinach.

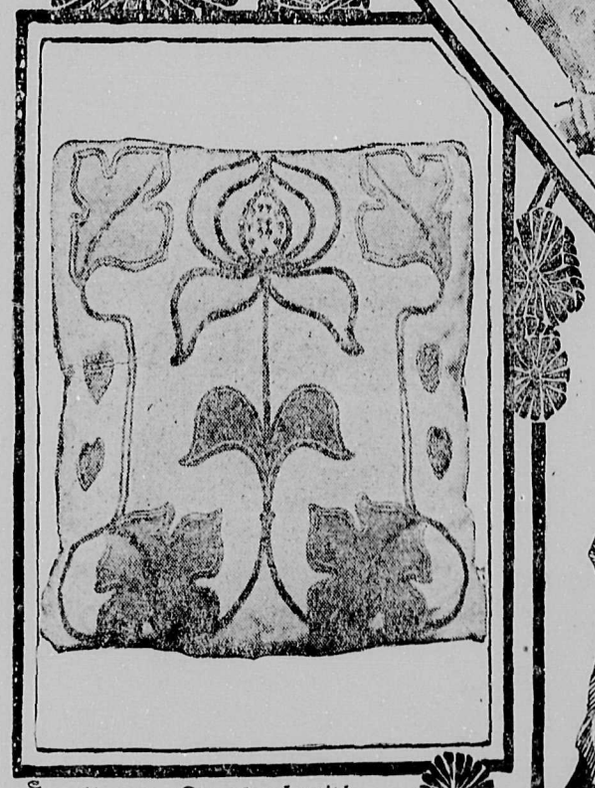
Pick over the spinach, rejecting all yellow or dried leaves. Wash in four waters, letting it soak in the last cold bath for three-quarters of an hour. Put into a large pot over the fire, with barely enough cold water to cover it. Cook for twenty minutes, or until tender. Drain in a colander, then turn into a wooden chopping bowl and chop very, very fine. Return the spinach to the saucepan, stir into it a great spoonful of butter and salt and pepper to taste. Mound the spinach on a hot platter and garnish with slices of hard-boiled eggs.

CUSHION EMBROIDERY

Printed and Embroidered



A Washable Slip



Appliques Couched with Rope-silk

NOT very many of us, in these days when fascinating lingerie and blouses are so popular a part of fancywork, indulge in the elaborate needle-pointing of sofa-pillow tops. And when you consider the hard wear and tear ninety-nine out of a hundred of those same pillow-tops get, such elaborate affairs are rather stupid things to have around. And they're a mighty long way from being works of art, and meriting a place on account of their beauty.

Arts and crafts ideas have done much to emphasize the charm of setting that crash and linen homespun and a host of other crude, interesting stuffs possess. A couple of poppies printed in red, or of red crash appliqued onto the foundation, are far more effective—far more artistic—than the same red poppies most elaborately executed upon a white or black satin (save the mark!) surface.

Perhaps the most artistic of all are the pillows of crash (or of an art-stuff that looks exactly like it to the non-artistic eye) of one of the dull neutral shades, with "art nouveau" figures cut out of deep Indian red crash (or that same double of crash), or of green or blue, and couched on with silk thread.

Such pillow-slips, if you buy them—though extremely hard to find, by the way—are pretty expensive, and they're neither hard to make nor exacting in their requirements of material or time.

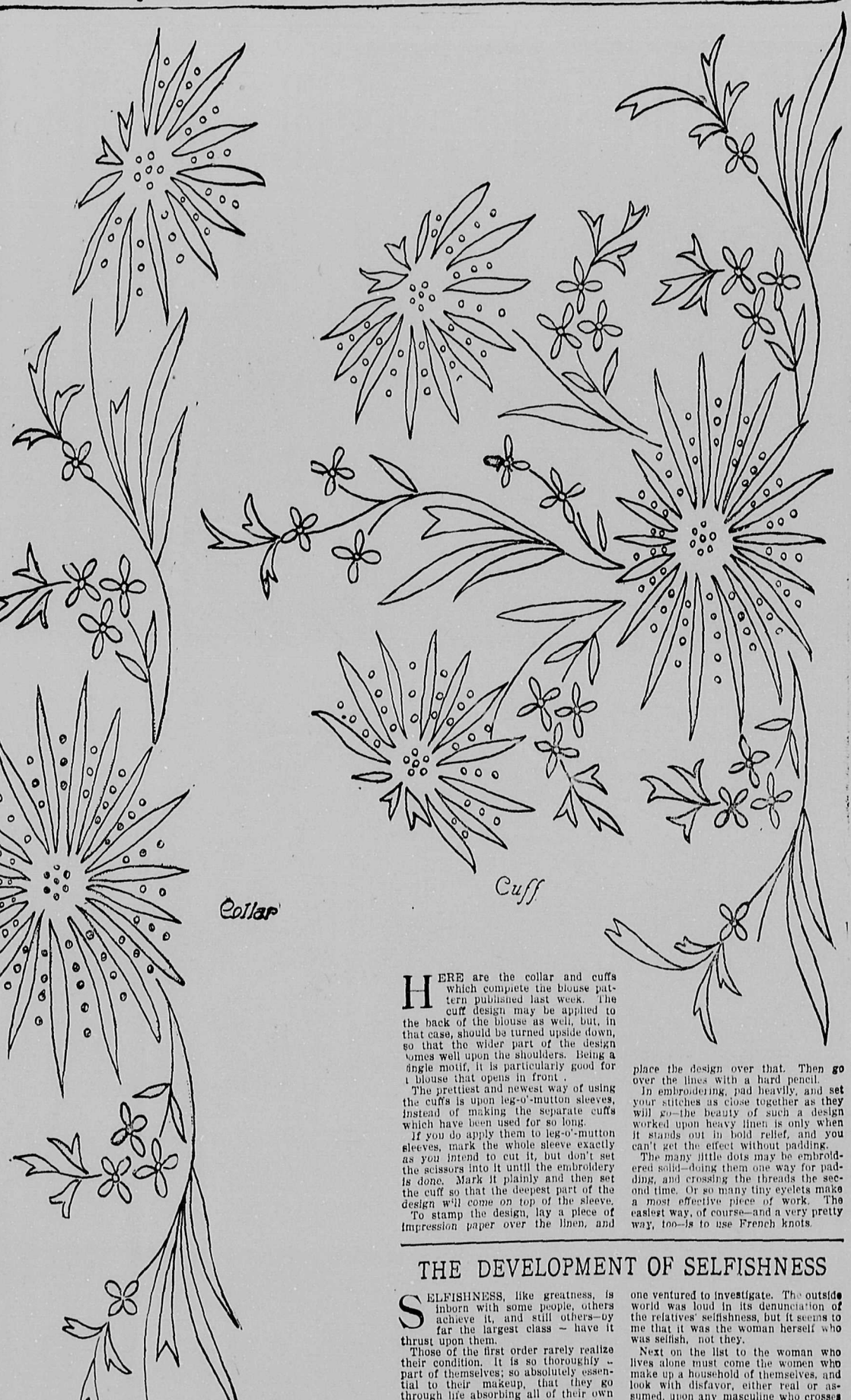
Some of them—not the real "art" ones, though—come with designs printed in color upon the same art backgrounds, which are intended to be heavily outlined in fairly coarse silk. The idea is simply to finish and emphasize the design, not to fill it out with embroidery.

The new thing about them is the fact that the comic designs are going out of favor with a bang, and only the pretty ones, or those that, at least, have some point to their attempted wit are being used.

For dens the popularity of slips which can be removed and washed is on the increase. It's such a comfort to feel that every pillow can be made clean without having to make new covers for all of them—that the prettiest of the new den-cushions are made with an eye to their being laundered frequently.

An occasional pillow is even togged out in a white case, made with motifs of embroidery set on in imitation of the way the figures in Oriental coverings lap and balance.

The Collars and Cuffs of Last Week's Pattern



Cuff

Collar

HERE are the collar and cuffs which complete the blouse pattern published last week. The cuff design may be applied to the back of the blouse as well, but, in that case, should be turned upside down, so that the wider part of the design comes well upon the shoulders. Being a single motif, it is particularly good for a blouse that opens in front.

The prettiest and newest way of using the cuffs is upon leg-o'-mutton sleeves, instead of making the separate cuffs which have been used for so long.

If you do apply them to leg-o'-mutton sleeves, mark the whole sleeve exactly as you intend to cut it, but don't set the scissors into it until the embroidery is done. Mark it plainly and then set the cuff so that the deepest part of the design will come on top of the sleeve.

To stamp the design, lay a piece of impression paper over the linen, and place the design over that. Then go over the lines with a hard pencil.

In embroidering, pad heavily, and set your stitches as close together as they will go—the beauty of such a design worked upon heavy linen is only when it stands out in bold relief, and you can't get the effect without padding.

The many little dots may be embroidered solid—doing them one way for padding, and crossing the threads the second time. Or so many tiny eyelets make a most effective piece of work. The easiest way, of course—and a very pretty way, too—is to use French knots.

THE DEVELOPMENT OF SELFISHNESS

SELFISHNESS, like greatness, is inborn with some people, others achieve it, and still others—by far the largest class — have it thrust upon them.

Those of the first order rarely realize their condition. It is so thoroughly a part of themselves; so absolutely essential to their makeup, that they go through life absorbing all of their own and most of the other fellows' rights, with an air of such delicious sang froid that they baffle, and sometimes disarm, criticism.

Persons who achieve selfishness usually carry chips on their shoulders. They are imbued with the notion that they've got to "do" others if they don't want to be "done." They rejoice openly in every advantage that comes their way, and there is little help for them, since they don't want to be helped.

For those of the third class are reserved the heartaches and the fights. They don't mean to be selfish. In nine cases out of ten it has come from suffering or misfortune, for which they were not in the least to blame, and which, while it served to purify and strengthen their characters, has left this tiny canker behind.

The woman who was frail as a child is apt to be physically selfish. She will give the best of her heart and mind in time to others, but she is apt to accept the most comfortable chair, the most luxurious cushion, the choicest dainty, not as a privilege, but as her right.

Only children are proverbially selfish, and it can scarcely be called the fault of the child. A young mother who was lamenting this fact, said:

"I know my little girl is getting selfish, but what can I do? It would be foolish to forbid many things in her case that I would have to prohibit if I had a big family. Dorothy is not only an only child, but an only grandchild. All the favors that might be distributed among many come her way, and she has been sick so much that she has very few playmates. I hate to think of her growing up self-centred, but I see no help for it."

That mother has a pretty serious problem, for she has to contend with two great sources of selfishness—a superabundance of good things and loneliness.

People who live alone are bound to be selfish. How can it be helped, when there is no one else who must be considered?

In a quiet little New England village there was a few years ago an old woman who lived entirely alone. In her youth she had won fame as a singer. She had saved enough from her triumphs to yield her a fair income; she had relatives who would gladly have taken her to live with them, who were constant in their proffers of companionship, but she steadily refused them all. "I like to do my way," she said. "If I went to your houses, or you came to mine, I would have to change my mode of living."

When death came it came at night and found the woman alone. She had discouraged any attempts toward intimacy on the part of her neighbors, and it was only after several days of a smokeless chimney and barred shutters that anyone ventured to investigate. The outside world was loud in its denunciation of the relatives' selfishness, but it seems to me that it was the woman herself who was selfish, not they.

Next on the list to the woman who lives alone must come the women who make up a household of themselves, and look with disfavor, either real or assumed, upon any masculine who crosses their threshold.

From the beginning of time it has been conceded that men are selfish. Adam began it when he tried to blame the apple-eating episode on Eve, and certain it is that when you see a family composed of an even division of the sexes you may rest assured that that establishment is run principally from the man's viewpoint.

Who ever heard of having dinner at half past 6, when the man of the family said that it suited him to have it at seven? Who ever saw a housekeeper, with men to cater to, serving the delicacies at luncheon, and the scraps at dinner? Whose particular brand of coffee or type of newspaper finds sale in that house—the man's favorite or the woman's? Why, the man's every time, and not because he is tyrannical, or even disagreeable, but simply because it's a habit to let him have his way in small things.

Women who live alone get narrow, for they are not brought into constant touch with the outside world. Women who live alone get careless. It is so easy not to dress when there is no man to criticise, and the other women are only too glad to have encouragement for a kimona parade. Women, who live alone, sometimes get grouchy. Not that they mean to, but it is so easy to let down barriers and drop masks and pretenses when there isn't anybody that it is necessary to keep in a good humor with a smiling face; and narrowness and carelessness, and grouchiness all play their part in the development of selfishness.

PINEAPPLE FOR FALL LUNCHEON

IN THESE days of refrigerator cars to bring us California and Florida fruits, the regular seasons are so overlapped as to be almost a thing of the past. Not so many years ago pineapples were only to be had during June and early July; now there is scarcely a month in the year when they cannot be bought in any city with even ordinarily fair markets. Nor, strange to say, is this out-of-season fruit such an impossible luxury in the matter of cost as might be expected.

While no one would think of preserving or jarring pineapples in the fall or winter, or even of using them lavishly on the family menu, they are much in demand for a first course at a luncheon or dinner.

A pleasant change from the usual shredded pieces, served either plain or mixed with Maraschino cherries and white grapes in sherbet glasses, is to prepare the fruit in the way all Cubans eat it.

Remove the outside of a ripe but not soft pineapple. Then with a very sharp knife cut the slices about an eighth of an inch thick across until it is entirely cut up. Set these slices in the refrigerator until ready to be served.

On the centre of a dessert plate have a good-sized mound of powdered sugar, and around it place as many slices as you wish to serve of the fruit. Eat as you would a raw tomato, cutting the slices with a fork and dipping each piece in the sugar.

It is better to use a medium-sized pineapple, as otherwise the slices are unwieldly. Where the fruit is very large the rounds may be cut thicker, say an inch or an inch and a half, and a single slice served with the core removed. In its place may be piled the sugar, or sugar and Maraschino cherries. The latter make a very pretty dish.

If one likes, these thick rounds of pineapple, slightly powdered with sugar, may have their centres filled with French vanilla ice cream and be served as a dessert.

Marketing For Two

PROBABLY one of the most embarrassing times in a woman's housekeeping career is the first week's ordering of meals, and the consequent exposing of how great an amateur she is at it. She is as great—and as old—a joke among humorists as any they tell over and over again!

An occasional woman prepares herself for just such marketing; but, usually, even then, she does it by assuming the family marketing, which is so radically different that she is as much at sea as ever when it comes down to marketing for two.

One bright little woman put her pride into her pocket, hunted out the best butcher and grocery shops, and bravely confessed her ignorance of amounts and cuts. "If you stand by me," she said to the men she dealt with, "I shall continue to deal with you. But now I need to be told what to buy and how much."

She presented the case so simply that they saw the force of it, and helped her out, telling her which were the most economical cuts, how much was enough, and advising her upon the serious question of waste.

That was seven years ago, and she is still dealing with both men. They taught her to buy closely, but they gave her confidence in them and in the things they sold, and their investment of honesty paid.

Probably, if she had pretended to know all about it, neither man could have resisted the temptation to "do" her a little.

Getting Ready With the Christmas Spirit

MOST people who have any of the real Christmas spirit in their hearts want to do something for those who are less fortunate than themselves at that happy time, and yet often fail, simply because the "doing" is crowded out.

Christmas is such a busy season; there are so many last things to buy; so many packages to tie up; so many people to be remembered, that we are apt to say: "I did mean to carry those pictures to the hospital, and take old Mrs. Brown that jelly, but I have been so busy, and now it is too late. I will have to wait until next year."

The remedy lies in beginning a little sooner with your Christmas spirit. There are spare minutes these fall days that might be utilized in dressing the doll for the little girl who won't have one otherwise. It doesn't add much to your trouble or expense to make an extra glass of jelly or bottle of home-made wine for the invalid to whom they would come as a rare Christmas treat. The books and magazines that can be collected during the coming weeks will make a delightful surprise for some "Shut In" on Christmas morning.

There are people whose purses are slim and whose lists of friends are long, who make a habit of doing their Christmas shopping all during the year. They haunt sales of books, of pictures, of china or bric-a-brac; they take advantage of every jaunt into a new place to pick up some trifle to add to their growing hoard, and long before the 25th of December rolls round, they are able to say serenely, "I am all ready."

The idea is not a bad one at any time, but it seems peculiarly adapted to the benefit of those whose needs are greatest, and who are most apt to be forgotten.

Patterns From Spreads

THE inspiration for the embroidery pattern worked upon an unusually pretty shirtwaist came from an old-fashioned bedspread. The girl who made it happened to see a quaint, conventionalized flower spray which was part of the rather complicated design of the spread, and straightway the idea seized upon her to transfer it.

A pencil and a bit of prepared paper made the tracing easy, and the clever little design adapter laughed in her sleeve over the many compliments she received upon its originality.

Some wonderfully interesting designs can be traced from table damask as well—just parts of the pattern traced instead of the whole, usually elaborate, scheme of design.

Pretty sets of doilies are made of bits of the damask, the woven design picked out with wash twist silk, or with mercerized cotton.

A Kitchen Pin Cushion

A TEA-STRAINER formed the foundation for it—just one of the plain, ordinary ones of finely woven wires, but polished and shining as though made of some much finer metal.

It was lined with the softest of silk and stuffed with a tiny bag of bran, which, in its turn, was neatly tucked away under a coverlet of silk.

A bit of ribbon made a small bow on the handle, and at the same time furnished a loop to hang it up by. Then the wire part was thickly seeded with pins and the novel cushion put in place.

Ungreasy Frying

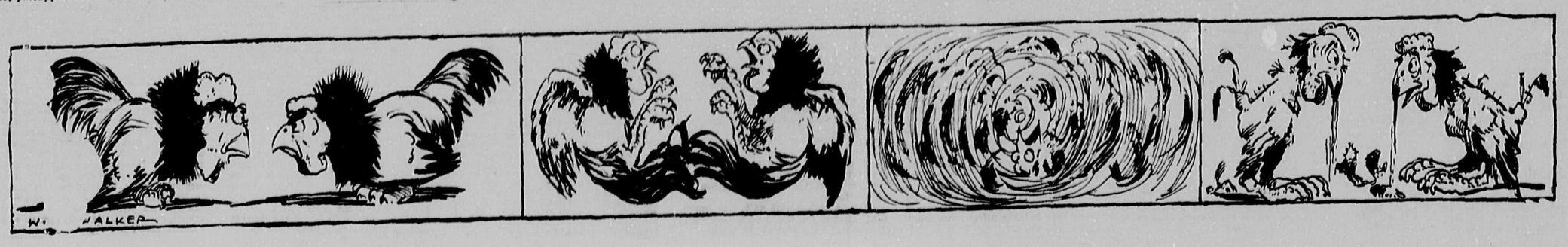
GREASY fried potatoes or croquettes are an abomination even to the woman who has not forsworn all fried things on general health principles.

Personally, I would never serve potatoes, much as I like them, that must be fried in lard. No matter how carefully they are done, they are bound to taste. The only exception to this is the French fried potato, which, being done in boiling lard, does not absorb grease, as is done by the slower process.

All food fried in deep lard is much nicer if a piece of bread is dropped into the boiling fat to absorb the first grease. This is also a good test of whether the lard is hot enough. If the bread at once turns a clear golden brown, the proper temperature is assured.

The use of brown paper under all fried articles before serving does much to prevent them being greasy.

A frying basket is more than a convenience; it frequently prevents bad burns for the cook, consequent to hasty lifting from boiling fat with a shallow spoon.



FIT-REFORM

THIS TRADE MARK IN COAT POCKET OF EVERY FIT-REFORM GARMENT

FOUNDERS IN CANADA OF
Hand Tailored Garments, Completely Finished.

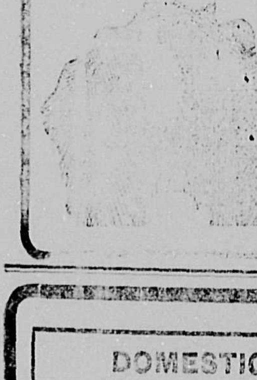
The 3/4 Box Overcoat

There are deft touches of elegance—little differences in style—that make these Fit-Reform Overcoats noticeably exclusive.

In rich Black Melton and Beaver.

10

McKinnon & Sutherland - Revelstoke



KNIT-TO-FIT WESCUT has one feature that can not be duplicated—the combination of sweater and coat—the collar may be fastened close to the throat or rolled back as desired.

Knit-to-fit
REGISTERED & PATENTED

Wescut and Sweaters

come in all sizes, weights and colors—with club emblems or college colors knitted to order. **Beware of imitations** see our trademark on each garment.

Write for catalogue if your dealer cannot supply you.

THE KNIT-TO-FIT MANUFACTURING CO.
P. O. BOX 2339, MONTREAL.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE AND
MOFFET'S BEST FLOUR
GO HAND AND HAND

The first is impossible without the second. "BEST" bread flour is milled in B. C., from specially selected washed hard wheat, and will produce more loaves of light, appetizing bread to the sack than any other flour on the market.

Don't accept our statements without proving them. Order a trial sack from your Grocer today.

Columbia Flouring Mills Co., Ltd.
ENDERBY, B. C.

HOTEL VICTORIA

Under New Management)
ROBT. LAUGHTON, Prop., REVELSTOKE, B. C.

First-clas accommodation for travellers. Best brands of Wines, Spirits, and Cigars.

RATES $1 AND $1.50 PER DAY
FREE BUS MEETS ALL TRAINS

Central Hotel

REVELSTOKE, B. C.
ABRAHAMSON BROS., PROPRIETORS.

Newly built. First-class in every respect. All modern conveniences. Large Sample Rooms.

Rates $1.50 per Day. Special Weekly Rates.

Queen's Hotel, Trout Lake, under same management

ORIENTAL HOTEL

suitably furnished with the choicest the market affords. Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Rates $1 a day. Monthly rate.

J. ALBERT STONE PROP.

Queen's Hotel

COMAPLIX

Best brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Travellers to Fish Creek will find excellent accommodation at this Hotel.

CHIEF YOUNG, - - Proprietor

ROMANTIC WEDDING

Sweetheart about to Marry, He Hurries East and Regains Her Affections.

A special despatch to the Toronto Globe from Woodstock, N. B., dated Dec. 31, says: A romantic wedding took place this afternoon at the home of the bride, when Miss Lena Burtt, daughter of Mr. Wilmot Burtt of Jacksonville, was married to Mr. Norval Brittain, and the couple left this evening for their future home in Revelstoke, B. C. Before the departure of Mr. Brittain for the West some years ago, he was engaged to marry Miss Burtt. Their correspondence continued until recently. In the meantime Miss Burtt became engaged to a prominent young business man of Woodstock, and the wedding was arranged for tomorrow. An announcement card was sent to Mr. Brittain in Revelstoke. He promptly sent along some presents to the bride-elect, but just as promptly followed arriving here a few days ago. He arranged another date, one day prior to the proposed wedding with the Woodstock man, and carried off his lady love to his western home.

PERSIAN SHAH DEAD

Passing Away of Muzaffar Unlikely to Cause International Difficulty.

TEHERAN, Jan. 9.—Official announcement of the death of the Shah at 11 o'clock last night was made this morning. At 5 o'clock last evening the heirapparent and the ministers were summoned. The women of the palace also began preparations for mourning. Soon after sunset the doors of the harem were closed and at 11 p.m. the Shah passed away. The news of the death of the Shah was received quietly by the people.

A proclamation announcing the accession to the throne of Mohammed Al Mietza is expected in the course of the day, after which the high clergy, ministers and public functionaries will immediately repair to the palace and recognize the new ruler. The coronation of the new Shah will probably take place shortly after the funeral.

Preliminary funeral ceremonies probably will be held at the royal palace where Muzaffar died. The body will lie in state for eight or ten days in the splendid hall where the miracle plays are annually performed.

OUR MARITIME POLICY

For Development of Canadian Mercantile Marine.

The following is a copy of a resolution adopted by the executive committee of the Navy league, Toronto branch, on December 11th, 1906:

"That it is not consistent with the true interests of Canada, either from a political or from an economic point of view, that we should continue to neglect all preparations to take our part in the naval defense of the British Empire and that it is a duty we owe to ourselves, to our floating commerce and to the Empire that we should lay the foundations of a broad national maritime policy, in which naval preparation will go hand in hand with the development of a Canadian Mercantile Marine, with the encouragement of the Canadian shipbuilding industry and with securing for Canada her fair share of the world's maritime transportation.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS'

Caution Should be Observed When Voting by Mail.

The Commercial Travellers' association is urging a proposal which will permit commercial travellers to vote by mail in parliamentary and municipal elections, says the Montreal Star. Anything which will ensure the casting of a larger percentage of the commercial traveller vote than we now get, is a project to be regarded with the most sympathetic favor; for there is no class in the community in a better position to cast an intelligent ballot. That this is not mere "hot air" but the obvious truth, will be seen the moment we remind ourselves that it is the daily business of the commercial traveller to chat with all sorts and conditions of merchants in every corner of the country. Now, no one is better informed upon local interests and opinions than the average merchant, who does his chatting over the counter; so that the "courier of commerce" gets more side-lights thrown upon the issues of the day in a week than most voters receive in a year.

This very itinerant life, however, makes it difficult for the commercial traveller to vote. His business may call him five hundred miles away from the polling-booth on election day; and he must either sacrifice his business or his franchise. If it be possible to relieve him from the necessity of so hard a choice, that relief should certainly be given; and the country would be quite as much the gainer from such a step as the gentlemen in the "where is my wandering boy" business.

Any arrangement for the reception of mailed votes from commercial travellers must be safeguarded with the greatest care. We suffer enough from ballot frauds when we compel every man to present himself at the polling booth to be seen and examined and sworn, if necessary. The traveller away from home who votes by mail ought to be required to deposit his ballot in the place where he is before some legal officer who would then take charge of it and forward it to the returning officer of his "home" constituency. Great caution in his identification should also be exercised; and this will inflict no hardship upon a class of men who are known intimately throughout the area they cover. Special pains must also be taken to guard these sealed ballots in the mails and to make sure that they reach their destination. In fact, whatever plan be tried, it must be regarded as an experiment until it has been proven to be reasonably safe from fraud or manipulation.

PALLISER.

From our own correspondent.

On the eve of Christmas a very pleasing event took place here in the form of a Christmas tree and entertainment. It was the first thing of the kind that has ever taken place here. The little church was nicely decorated for the occasion. The programme was not long but it was excellent. The children did their part very nicely. The readings by Mrs. Finn and the songs by Mr. Ryan were especially enjoyed. Mr. McAlpine rendered a number of choice selections on the gramaphone. The success of the affair is due almost entirely to the efforts of Mrs. McAlpin and Mrs. Finn. Santa Claus was very jovial on this his first public appearance at Palliser. The children were doubtful about him at first but he soon won their confidence.

Roy Hubly has gone to his home in Marionett, Wis. He will also visit Kansas City and Mexico before his return. Fred Balzer has also gone on a visit to his home at Marionett.

The Bestwick family have come down from camp where Mr. Bestwick has been cooking. He will have charge of the boarding house here. Mr. Ingram has gone up to take his place in camp.

Mr. Frank Estay, foreman in the lumber camp reports that the work is going on well. The cutting is finished. The remainder of the winter will be spent putting the logs in the stream.

NOTCH HILL

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Preparatory to moving into his new store Mr. Smith gave a dance on Friday night which was much enjoyed by his guests, who had gathered from all parts of the district to wish prosperity to the new venture. The building was brilliantly lit up, the music was good, the new well waxed floor was ideal for dancing, the ladies of the Lake settlement were present and we could not imagine an entertainment being crowned with anything but success where such conditions were presided over by Mr. and Mrs Smith.

A skunk, which evidently has aspirations after a higher life, has been roaming around the Lake settlement lately. It wandered into Mr. Goth's house at dinner time the other day and prepared to make itself comfortable behind the wood box. Mr. Goth had, fortunately, the presence of mind not to throw the slop basin at it, but treated it as a royal guest and put the house at its disposal by going to live with a neighbor till the lodger thought fit to vacate. The skunk stayed all night in the house starting off in the afternoon of the second day in the Montreal direction and repaying Mr. Goth for his hospitality in a kind of negative way, by refraining from indulging in the Roger & Gallett business while under his roof. Mr. Goth in his turn felt so grateful for the thing it had left undone that he abstained from speeding the parting guest with an ounce of lead. This is the second time within the last two months that presumably the same skunk has gone into a house and stayed all night.

THE VACANT JUDGESHIP

Who Will Succeed Judge Henderson.

It is expected that the appointment of a successor to Judge Henderson will be made in a few days. The vacation just ended, has served as a sort of judicial dam and there is something of a flood of legal business pressing for immediate attention. Four names are heard above all others for this appointment, these are A. E. Beck, G. F. Cane, D. Grant and W. C. Brown.

Beauty Unfolded Eye Delighting

has residence in our show rooms, will have residence in your home if you need a floor covering. Appreciate the elegance of the designs spread out before you, and have a thought of your pocket book. Many real carpet bargains are here ready for your choice. Avail yourself of them.

R. Howson & Co.

SOUVENIR GOODS

If you are looking for something nice in **SPOONS AND PINS, BELT BUCKLES, WATCHES, "BUNN SPECIAL"** for Souvenirs, we have them here.

J. GUY BARBER, -
C. P. R. WATCH INSPECTOR.

THE REVELSTOKE WINE & SPIRIT CO.
LIMITED.

Import direct from Country of origin.
WHOLESALE DEALERS ONLY.

REVELSTOKE, B. C.

Look Well! Feel Well!

Do you enjoy that well dressed feeling? We all know what it feels like to be hot, to be cold, or to be tired, and it is just as true that we all know what it feels like to be well dressed. It feels good, and it's good to feel good. You can never be well dressed if your clothes are not made by the right maker.

Get to know we handle the SEMI-READY GARMENTS and you will find what a pleasure and satisfaction it is to be well dressed.

Suits and Overcoats—$15, $18, and $20.
Blue and Black Suits, the best made, $20, & $25
Right Overcoats, up-to-date—Prices: $18 and $20
Special Trousers $5 and $6.

Tailoring is our business. We make a man look well and he knows it.

..Cressman and Morrison..

Pure 'JAEGER' Wool

TRADE MARK

DR. JAEGER'S SANITARY WOOLLEN SYSTEM CO'S SOLE CONCESSIONARIES
PURE WOOL WARRANTED

CAUTION

To check n... of he name of "JAEGER," look for the label on each article, and insist that the goods be invoiced as "JAEGER"

ON
JAEGER UNDERWEAR
DR. JAEGER COMPANY LTD., - 301 JAMES ST., MONTREAL

SELLING AGENTS IN REVELSTOKE
C. B. Hume & Co., Ltd.

THE MOLSONS BANK

Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855.

HEAD OFFICE, - - MONTREAL.
WM. MOLSON MACPHERSON, Pres. S. H. EWING, Vice-Pres.
JAMES ELLIOT, General Manager.

Capital paid up, $3,000,000
Reserve, $3,000,000

Everything in way of banking business transacted without unnecessary delay.

Interest credited twice a year at current rates on Savings Bank deposits.

W. H. PRATT, Manager, - REVELSTOKE, B. C.

THE PAGET SUPPLY COMPANY

Comox and New Wellington Coal
Hemlock Wood Hay, Grain, Feed

THE PAGET SUPPLY COMPANY

PLACE YOUR ORDERS WITH
S. McMAHON, - FIRST STREET

For Agricultural Implements, Carriages, Wagons Etc., John Deere Ploughs, Moline Wagons, Canada Carriage Company's Buggies, Planet jr., Garden Seeders and Cultivators, Wheelwright and Blacksmith Work attended to. *Horse Shoeing a Specialty.*

P. BURNS & COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: CALGARY, ALBERTA.

Wholesale and Retail Meat Merchants

Pork Packers and Dealers in Live Stock. Markets in all the principal Cities and Towns of Alberta, British Columbia and the Yukon. Packers of the Celebrated Brand "Imperator" Hams and Bacon, and Shamrock Brand, Leaf Lard.

APPLES FOR SALE

Good, sound, No. 3 Apples at 85c. per box, f. o. b. Vernon.

J L. WEBSTER, VERNON, B. C.

Vegetables

In small or large Lots, from 100 lbs. to a Carload. For price write

L. E. GRIFFITHS, - Malakwa

WAH CHUNG

Has a good stock of Groceries and a fine assortment of Japanese China.

Agent for Revelstoke Farming Company, growers of all kinds of Farm Produce, Hay and Wood.

Front Street, Revelstoke

TELEPHONE 26.

To Trappers

Raw Furs Bought
Cash Prices Paid

F. B. WELLS,
Exporter of Furs.

CEMENT BLOCKS

Manufactured for all classes of buildings

CEMENT AND LIME FOR SALE

All kinds of building and plastering undertaken.

A. PRADOLINI, - REVELSTOKE

Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium.

Under the new management of HARRY McINTOSH, Hoffman House Rossland.

THE MEDICAL WATERS of Halcyon are the most curative in the world. A perfect, natural remedy for all Nervous and Muscular diseases, Liver, Kidney and Stomach ailments and Metallic Poisoning. A sure cure for "That Tired Feeling." Special rates on all boats and trains. Two mails arrive and depart every day. Telegraph communication with all parts of the world.

TERMS—$12 to $18 per week. For further particulars apply to

HARRY McINTOSH

Halcyon Hot Springs
Arrow Lake, B. C

Henry's Nurseries
VANCOUVER, B. C.

Headquarters for Pacific Coast grown and imported **Garden, Field and Flower Seeds.**

TESTED STOCK

Thousands of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Rhododendrons, Roses and hardy plants now growing on our own grounds for future planting.

No expense, loss or delay of fumigation, inspection nor customs duties to pay.

Visitors are always welcome to inspect our stock.

Greenhouse Plants,

Cut Flowers and Floral Designs, Fertilizers Bee Hives and Supplies, Spray Pumps and Spraying material.

No agents—therefore you have no commission to pay. Our catalogue tells you about it. Let me price your list before placing your order.

We do business on our own grounds—no rent to pay, and are prepared to meet all competition. Eastern prices or less. White labor. Catalogues Free.

M. J. HENRY

P. O. Address and Greenhouses:—3010 Westminster Road. Branch Nurseries:—South Vancouver.

Evans & Woodrow
MEAT MARKET

Dealers in Beef, Pork, Mutton, Poultry, Fish and Game in Season. Orders promptly attended to.

First St. Revelstoke

DIEU ET MON DROIT

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF REVELSTOKE

Municipal Elections

PUBLIC MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Pre-Election Public Meeting will be held in the

OPERA HOUSE
SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1907
Commencing at 8 p. m. Sharp

This meeting has to be held on Saturday to obtain the use of the Opera House, and in order to accommodate the Business Men of the City the meeting will begin sharp on time.

JOHN McLEOD,
Mayor.

GOD SAVE THE KING

E. W. B. Paget

Forwarding and Distributing Agent.
Express and Baggage Delivery.
Moving of Pianos, Safes and Furniture.
General Draying.

Office: McKenzie Ave. Next Lawrence Hardware Blk.
Office Phone No. 71. House Phone No. 7.

Youngsters Who Must Sleep in Cold Rooms

PERHAPS it's due to an excess in civilization (or "divilization," as one well-known scholar contemptuously puts it), at any rate, the melancholy fact remains that every year sees more and more children who are compelled, because of ill-health, to sleep in cold rooms—out of doors, if possible; if not, in rooms made fresh by having every window open to its utmost.

Usually, at first, when such treatment was resorted to, it was for inherited tendency to consumption, or to asthma—some lung or throat weakness. But, lately, the great value of fresh air—no matter how bitter cold it may be—as *medicine for almost any sort of illness*, has come to be a recognized factor in the medical world. As a consequence, children who are run down and nervous, who have grown too fast for their slender strength, or who show signs of breaking down from school work, are often made to sleep in the coldest sort of rooms.

When they do sleep under such conditions, it is of the utmost importance that the beds be made so that there is no danger of draughts working through, and the covers should be fastened securely—the risk of catching cold when a restless sleeper kicks the covers off is too great to run.

First of all, look to the sleeping togs. For very little children, sleeping bags (very like those that Arctic travelers use) made of flannel are most satisfactory. They should be made like very long flannel nightgowns, which button clear up to the throat, and at the feet either button over or draw up by means of a strong tape. Be sure to get them long enough, though, to allow the little limbs full freedom of movement.

For larger children, night drawers cut with feet to them are best. They may be made of flannel, of canton flannel or of the heavier grades of flannelette. White flannelette comes in a quality that is, perhaps, nicest of all.

A screen placed at the angle where the draught seems to strike does away with the dangers which lurk in draughts.

The covers may be held in place by means of a great safety pin, deftly stuck through undersheet and all.

For midwinter, blankets should be spread under, as well as over, the child. Two, and even three, thicknesses are not too much when the weather is very cold. Spread the blankets over the mattress, and make up the bed in the usual way.

What may be indulged in during a particularly severe spell is a hot-water bottle, slipped into its elderdown bag and used as a foot warmer. But don't let the child grow dependent upon it.

Like a woman's postscript, the most important piece of advice comes at the very end: Start in now, if you expect the child to stand a cold room this winter. Put it off, and a series of severe colds, if not pneumonia, or even graver ills, will result.

When the snow or rain comes, put something on the floor (under the open windows) to absorb the moisture, and set the screen so that the bedclothes can't, by any possibility, get damp. But, beyond that, let the air come in as freely as upon other times and seasons.

The Right Kind of Sleeping Togs

Pinning in a Restless Tot

Several Thicknesses of Blankets Over the Mattress

ADVICE BY MRS. SYMES

Job's Tears

WILL YOU kindly inform me at the earliest possible moment where I will be able to obtain Job's Tears? I remember some time ago seeing in your space in the paper that they were beneficial to *teething children*. D. C.

"Job's Tears" may be obtained from any large drug establishment, and often from the smaller ones. Also, you may be able to get them at a jeweler's. These people make the "tears" into necklaces.

I could not assure you of any special value of Job's Tears other than making something hard and smooth for baby to rub his sore gums on.

Fat Across Shoulders

Please publish rules for reducing shoulders and back. I am very fat across the shoulders and up around my neck. I tried several rules you had in one of the papers, but they don't take any effect. I am very large around the waist, though not in the hips; but I don't care to be any larger. Please let me know if there is any kind of medicine I could take that would not be injurious to the system. I am very anxious to get thin. I dislike to be told I am so fat. AGNES.

I advise you to try bathing your neck and shoulders with clear alcohol or warm vinegar. Do this every day. Also, use this pomade:

Pomade to Reduce Fat.

Iodide of potassium, 3 grams.
Vaseline, 50 grams.
Tincture of benzoin, 20 drops.
Make into a pomade and rub over the fat parts twice a day.

Deep breathing will help to reduce the waist measure and enlarge the bust. The stretching exercises, too, are splendid as waist depleters. Raise the arms high above the head, then, holding knees straight, try to touch the floor with the finger tips. Stand erect, place hands on hips, bend from waist as far as possible to the right, then to the left.

To Enlarge the Legs

Will you please tell me what is good for fattening the legs? I wear my dresses kind of short, and my legs are very thin. Thank you for your advice. M. D.

Rising on your tiptoes about twenty-five times daily will develop the calves of the legs and keep the ankles slight, which is most desirable. Rubbing in cocoa butter or a good skin food will aid development.

Probably Due to Strain

I have been troubled with my eyes a great deal lately, so ask you for a little advice.

On awakening in the morning my eyes run as if they were sore, and whenever I read they become watery and hurt. My *eyes have been in this condition for* about two years. I have consulted an oculist. He said I needed glasses, but they do not do me any good, for I can see as well as the average person. Now if there is anything you can do for me it will be appreciated. A. F. W.

I wonder if you have been doing anything to abuse your eyes? Knowing so little of the conditions under which the trouble has arisen, I cannot be of much help to you. However, I would suggest that you bathe the eyes, using an eye-cup, twice a day with this eye lotion:

Eye Wash.

One teaspoonful of boric acid, 15 drops of camphor, 2-3 of a cup of boiling water. Cool, strain through muslin and apply with an eye cup.

Disordered Digestion

I have used the sulphur and milk for clearing the complexion, but it doesn't seem to have done any good. Would you kindly tell me about something that will surely clear it? Also what fruits are best for the complexion and blood? A. L.

I am sure that the difficulties with your complexion are due to a disordered digestion and impure blood. All fruits are beneficial, if there is no tendency to diarrhoea. Try this blood purifier.

Blood Purifier.

Sodium sulphovinate, 1 av. ounce; compound syrup of sarsaparilla, 4 fluid ounces; fluid extract of dandelion, 2 fluid ounces; syrup of orange, 1½ fluid ounces; water, enough to make 16 fluid ounces.
Mix and filter.

Consult a Specialist

If there is a remedy for lengthening the legs will you please publish an article in your column in the near future? A READER.

I am sorry that I can suggest no method by which you can lengthen your *legs. But I have heard that such* things have been done by specialists. I would advise you to consult one of these people.

Try Massage

E. S.—Try *massage* with orange-flower cream, frequently published in these columns.

POINTS OF VALUE ON THE CARE OF THE HAIR

To Bleach a Switch

HOW would peroxide of hydrogen do to whiten a hair switch that has a light yellow tinge? Please give directions for using. The switch is made of combings from my own hair, and I find it has a yellow tinge. My hair is silvery white. BEVERLY.

Peroxide of hydrogen is an excellent bleaching agent, and I advise you to try it on the switch. Apply the pure peroxide, undiluted, by means of a fine brush—a toothbrush is good. Give the switch these bleaching baths every day until the yellow tinge has disappeared.

A Hair Tonic

SMOOTH FACE.—I suggest that you try this formula, though I cannot guarantee that it will be efficacious under these circumstances:

Hair Grower.

Bay rum, 7 ounces; distilled witch hazel, 9 ounces; common salt, 1 dram; hydrochloric acid (5 per cent.), 1 drop; magnesia, sufficient.

Mix the bay rum and distilled extract of witch hazel and shake with a little magnesia. Filter, and in the filtrate dissolve the salt and add one drop of hydrochloric acid.

The magnesia will cause the preparation to turn quite yellow, but the yellow will disappear when the hydrochloric acid is added.

Apply at night to the roots, with friction.

Gray Hair

I would like to have you give me the prescription for restoring gray hair. I have looked over the paper carefully, but could not find the prescription. G. J.

To Restore the Natural Color of the Hair.

(A physician's prescription.)

Sugar of lead, ¼ ounce; lac sulphur, ½ ounce; essence of bergamot, ½ ounce; alcohol, ½ gill; glycerine, 1 ounce; tincture of cantharides, ½ ounce; ammonia, ½ ounce.

Mix all in one pint of soft water. Apply to the roots of the hair, which must be clean.

The dye should never be applied if there is any irritation or abrasion of the scalp.

Apply to the roots of the hair with a small brush, then spread it evenly downward through the tresses with an ordinary hairbrush.

Asks for Recipe

Please publish the doctor's recipe for restoring gray hair to its natural color. M. S.

You will find your query answered under head of "G. J."

Harmless Hair Stain.

The hair tonic I wrote you about some time ago I wanted for the coloring part. You said henna was a harmless dye, being purely vegetable. My hair is a rather light shade of brown, and I do not wish to darken it. There is a light streak on the temples, and I wanted to try your formula, provided it was not injurious. A SUBSCRIBER.

The henna stain that you speak of gives the hair a reddish tinge, and darkens it somewhat. It depends upon the exact shade of your hair whether or not this is suitable. The walnut stain frequently published in these columns gives a brown color.

I give you the henna formula to use if you think best

Henna Hair Stain.

Take one ounce of henna leaves, steep in *a pint of boiling water for twenty minutes.* Let stand until it gets cold. Strain the liquid. Apply to the hair by the aid of a small sponge. The henna will sometimes stain the scalp, but the stain can easily be eradicated.

Oily Hair.

Will you kindly print a formula for keeping the hair in curl? My hair is very oily. It troubles me greatly in not retaining the curl after it has been done up over night.

I am troubled also by a scar on my neck. It is the result of an abscess that was lanced last December. It is a small scar, but still remains very red. Can you suggest treatment which would restore that place to its natural color? H. C. B.

Try this lotion for oily hair, and if the trouble is thus corrected I think your hair will curl more easily:

Lotion for Oily, Damp Hair.

For greasy, moist hair the following is an excellent dry lotion. If used daily it tends to produce a crispy condition and an auburn shade:

Powdered bicarbonate of soda, borate of soda (also powdered), ¼ ounce of each; eau de cologne, 1 fluid ounce; alcohol, 2 fluid ounces; tincture of cochineal, ¼ fluid ounce; distilled water, 16 ounces.

Mix and agitate until solution is complete for general usage.

Very often scars may be removed by gentle massage with cold cream. But if such should not prove effective, try this formula:

To Remove Scars.

Lanolin, 2 drams; ointment of biniodide of mercury, 1 dram. Rub in well once a day.

Hair Growing Thin

Kindly give me a good remedy for thin, falling hair. It seems to have *stopped* growing. Also advise me if I should consult a masseur. F. B.

It is not necessary to consult a specialist. Try to correct the trouble yourself by applying this tonic with gentle and regular massage of the scalp:

For Falling Hair.

Cologne, 8 ounces; tincture of cantharides, 1 ounce; oil of English lavender, oil of rosemary, ½ dram each.

Apply to the roots of the hair once or *twice a day. It is positively necessary* that the scalp should be kept clean. Shampoo at least once a week.

Dandruff After Fever

Last April I was very *sick with the* measles. I had a very high fever (106 7-10), and now I am having a bad time with my head, caused by the fever. I expected to lose some of my hair, but was not prepared for the dandruff. My scalp seems to be dried and caked with a white scale. I never experienced anything like it *before, and am afraid it* will prevent the young hair from growing in again.

I have been in town for treatment, but find it expensive, as they want me to buy this thing and that; so I copied one of your formulas for stubborn dandruff, and am using that at the present time. I *have had it only three days. Do you* think that is all right, or have you something better? My hair comes out in big handfuls at each combing. Mrs. S. C.

Continue the dandruff cure, but alternate it with this tonic. The latter is especially good for a dry scalp.

Tonic for Falling Hair.

Phenic acid, 2 grams; tincture of nux vomica, 7½ grams; tincture of red cinchona, 30 grams; tincture of cantharides, 2 grams; cologne, 120 grams; sweet almond oil, 60 grams.

Apply to the roots of the hair with a soft sponge once or twice a day.

Gentle massage at least twice a day is very invigorating to the scalp.

Before Curling

Will you kindly publish at as early a date as possible your formula for preparation to keep hair in curl, the one containing sugar, gum, etc.?

I have used it and found it good. K. M.

Solution to Keep Hair Curled.

Take gum arabic, 1 ounce; good moist sugar, ½ ounce; pure hot water, ¾ pint. Dissolve. When this solution is cold add alcohol, 2 fluid ounces; bichlorate of mercury and salammoniac, 6 grains each. The last two should be dissolved in the alcohol before admixture. Lastly, add enough water to make the whole measure one pint. Perfume with cologne or lavender water. Moisten the hair with the fluid before putting in papers or pins.

Tea Hair Tonic

I would like to know the recipe that was published some time ago. It consists of boracic acid, rose water and alcohol; but I don't remember the amount of each. J. R.

The recipe you mention is as follows:

Blackheads of the Skin.

Boracic acid, 2 drams; alcohol, 2 ounces; rosewater, 4 ounces.

Use with friction twice a day on the skin affected.

Superfluous Hair

I have the most miserable growth of superfluous hair on my arms and hands. Have tried the pumice stone, peroxide of hydrogen and aqua ammonia. Now will you tell me something that will take it off beside the electric needle? I cannot afford that, and if persistence is all that is necessary, *I do want to know. Will you please* tell me just what to do? A. C.

I should next try this depilatory:

Old Depilatory.

One of the oldest depilatories manufactured, and which has a very large sale, is as follows:

Sulphate of soda, 100 grains; chalk, 300 grains.

Mix thoroughly and keep dry in well-corked bottles until wanted for use. Take enough to make a paste and add warm water to it until the proper consistency is secured. Spread over the hairy surface and *allow to remain for from one to five minutes*, according to the nature of the growth and the susceptibility of the skin, then scrape off with a blunt blade—a paper knife, for example. It should be removed, as in every case with a depilatory, when the burning sensation is produced. Too long contact with the skin should be avoided, *as I immediately after the hair has been* removed the denuded surface should be gently washed with warm water and a cold cream or a bland oil applied to prevent irritation.

Not Harmful in Any Way

My hair is turning gray prematurely. Kindly give me through the page the walnut hair stain formula. Will it burn or cause the hair to fall out? L. O.

This hair stain is not harmful in any way:

Walnut Stain for the Hair.

Four ounces of walnut skins beaten to a pulp, to which is added pure alcohol, 16 ounces. Let stand eight days and strain.

Before using any dye the hair should be freed from grease by a thorough shampoo. The dye should be applied to the hair by *means of a toothbrush and occasional* combing with a new comb; contact with the scalp should be avoided.

TO BEAUTIFY THE FACE

Cure the Blackheads First

I AM greatly troubled with blackheads and large pores, also pimples. I have never tried anything for them, but would like to know what to use to get rid of them. I have a good many hairs on my arms and a few on my upper lip. Would you kindly advise me what treatment to use?

Would you please tell me what is the cause of my face turning red? It turns red at anything especially when any one speaks to me. I am very healthy. A FAITHFUL READER.

Cure the blackheads first, then consider the enlarged pores. If you treat the latter before the blackheads are eradicated troublesome complications will result.

Green Soap Treatment for Blackheads.

Tincture of green soap, 2 ounces; distilled witch hazel, 2 ounces; let this mixture stay on only a few moments, then wash off with hot water.

If the green soap irritates the skin, as it sometimes will, use it every other day. Apply a cold cream.

Green soap may be purchased at any drug store. It is not a regular "cake soap," but it is about the consistency of custard.

Try this method of removing the superfluous hair on your arms and lips:

Pumice Treatment for Superfluous Hair.

Get an ordinary 5-cent cake of pumice stone. This is not pumice soap, but the regular old-fashioned pumice stone. To remove the hair, rub the skin afflicted with the superfluous growth, and the pumice stone will wear the hair off. Be careful not to be too heroic and irritate the skin. In case the arms are made red by this treatment, use a little cold cream. The pumice stone is best used at night before retiring.

I regret that I cannot suggest something to correct this unpleasant tendency to blush, as I should call it. The usual redness of face that troubles people can be cured, but I fear this is a peculiar nervous disorder for which I cannot prescribe.

Formula Repeated

Will you kindly give me the formula for your orange flower skin food? A READER.

Orange Flower Skin Food.

Oil of sweet almonds, 4 ounces; white wax, 6 drams; spermaceti, 6 drams; borax, 2 drams; glycerine, 1½ ounces; orange-flower water, 2 ounces; oil of neroli, 15 drops; oil of bigarade (orange skin), 15 drops; oil of petit grain, 15 drops. Melt the first three ingredients, add the glycerine to the orange-flower water and dissolve the borax in the mixture, then pour it slowly into the blended fats, stirring continuously.

Mislaid Recipe Repeated

I have mislaid the recipe for "orange-flower cream." Will you kindly repeat it? K. L. B.

Orange Flower Cream.

White wax, 1 ounce; spermaceti, 1 ounce; lanolin, 2 ounces; cocoanut oil, 2 ounces; orange flower water, 2 ounces; oil of sweet almonds, 4 ounces; tincture of benzoin, 30 drops.

Melt the first five ingredients together. Take off the fire and beat until nearly cold, adding little by little the benzoin, and, lastly, orange flower water.

Explicit Directions

Will you please tell me how to use ammonia for removing hair from the face? Do you let the solution dry on the face? Will it injure the skin? How long before it has any effect, and is it permanent? Also, can you use it in connection with the peroxide of hydrogen? L. H.

Make a solution of ammonia of about one tablespoonful to a glass of water. Bathe the parts with it once a day. It is destructive to the growth of hair, though is not permanent, since, in the course of time, new hair will grow. However, it is easy to keep this in subjection. The length of time required depends upon your individual case. A few weeks should show results. Peroxide of hydrogen is excellent to use with it, though the peroxide should be used more frequently.

This Cream is Better

Have been using the Vaucaire system, and am now on my third bottle, and am also drinking the malt, but as yet have found no results.

If you think I should use the orange-flower cream, please give the recipe, or do you think by perseverance I will get good results? Miss A.

The quantity of the Vaucaire remedy depends upon the individual using it. I would advise you to continue the treatment faithfully for a while longer.

Have you followed the directions carefully (two soupspoonfuls with water before each meal)? Dr. Vaucaire also advises the drinking of malt extract during meals.

The orange-flower cream is not so beneficial in this instance as—

Massage Cream for the Bust.

Lanolin, 5 ounces; spermaceti, ½ ounce; mutton tallow (freshly tried), 5 ounces; cocoanut oil, 4 ounces; oil of sweet almonds, 4 ounces; tincture of benzoin, 1 dram; extract of Portugal, 4 ounces; oil of neroli, 20 drops.

Mix as you would any cream of the sort. Rub on gently at night.

Almond Meal

Some few weeks ago you advised me to use almond meal instead of soap. I write to ask you how I can use it in connection with the complexion brush, as I use that every night and do not like to discontinue doing so. Will I sprinkle some on the brush? H. B.

The almond meal need not interfere in any way with the use of the brush. Apply the former as you would a soap powder.

A Liquid Complexion Beautifier

Will you please publish the recipe for a liquid complexion beautifier that does not contain chalk, zinc or lead? I once used a beautifier that had the appearance of clear water, and it was excellent for beautifying the skin. I applied it to the face, and it left my skin soft and velvety. It also gave it a whitish appearance, as though I had used powder. I have lost the recipe, and don't know where to get it. L. B. B.

The nearest that I can come to granting your request is to give you the formula for "old fashioned skin lotion." It is perfectly harmless, and makes the skin soft and white.

Old-Fashioned Skin Lotion.

Spermaceti, 13 grains; white soap, in powder, ¾ dram; white wax (pulverized), ¾ dram; almond oil (sweet), ¾ dram; Jordan almonds, 3 ounces; pure alcohol, 2 ounces; distilled water, 8 ounces; attar of roses, 3 drops; oil of neroli, 5 drops; essence of jasmine, ½ dram; essence of white rose, ½ dram.

Blanch the almonds and beat them into a smooth paste, adding some water gradually to form a thin cream. Melt the wax, spermaceti and almond oil together, and to this add the soap, previously rubbed down with one-half ounce of water. To this add, in small quantities, the remainder of the water, assiduously stirring. Then add the strained almond cream and finally the alcohol and the perfumes.

A little of this milk may be rubbed into the skin several times during the day. The effect is permanently beneficial.

Roughened Skin

For some time past I have been troubled with pimples, which after they went away would leave large holes in my skin. I tried the lotion for enlarged pores recommended by you, but it did not seem to do any good. You will also oblige me by telling me what to do for rough, red skin. Do you think the orange-flower cream would tend to *soften it?* ANXIOUS.

Did you tamper with the pimples in any way? The holes you describe may be small scars, caused by the pimples having been improperly opened. If that were the case I would suggest a remedy for them, but cannot unless I am sure that that is the trouble.

The orange-flower cream is an excellent skin food; but before beginning its use try this lotion:

Lotion for Inflamed Skin.

Boracic acid, 1 dram; distilled witch hazel, 2 ounces; rosewater, 2 ounces.
Use as a wash two or three times a day.

Muddy Skin

Would you kindly give me advice as to how to have a better complexion? My skin is very yellow and *muddy-looking, and my* neck is very brown, with the sun, I guess. I also have a good many pimples. There isn't a bit of color in my face.

I would be very much obliged to you if you could help me. J. H.

Very evidently your bad complexion is due to some internal disturbance, probably a disordered liver. Consult a physician, and when these troubles are remedied your skin without doubt will be in much better shape. There is little use for me to prescribe external remedies until this is accomplished.

Face Paste

I would thank you very much if you would give me a formula for paste—something to use on the face instead of a powder or liquid whitener. Kindly tell me how to *make it pink or flesh color.* Can a paste of this kind be made without white lead? M. K.

I think the following is what you want. As you see, there is no white lead in it. All the ingredients are harmless. Carmine is the coloring matter.

Sultana Cream Make-Up.

Sweet almond oil, 4 ounces; white wax, melted, 320 grains; spermaceti, 320 grains; benzoin (finely powdered), 160 grains; tincture of ambergris, 60 grains; rice powder, 320 grains; pure carmine, 15 grains.

Blend the fats in the inside receptacle of a custard boiler; add benzoin while they are heating, the rice powder and carmine while cooling, and tincture last of all. Spread it on the face and throat, gently and carefully rubbing it into the skin, and avoid its getting into the eyebrows or close to the eyes. Powder with any flesh-colored powder or velouting, applying freely with a puff, and after a little while wipe off with a bit of chamois. This masks as effectually as a plaster of pastes and paints all slight imperfections of the skin without having the repulsively artificial look which they give. By artificial light it is imperceptible.

Stop Using the Flesh Brush

Can you tell me how I could get my face in a good condition? My cheeks, chin and forehead are covered with what looks like white lumps, or a kind of a blackhead without the head. Some fester, while others seem to multiply. Is there not a salve that could be used to make them all come to the surface? Then don't you think if they were removed and a lotion used to dry them up they could be got rid of? Do you approve of the electric needle?

Have dieted until I am starved. Use the flesh brush and take all kinds of long walks. It is most embarrassing to have my complexion this way. If you give me any advice I will follow it all. M. L.

Try this simple treatment for the skin trouble:

Whiteheads (Acne Molluscum).

Open each seed acne with the point of a fine cauotic needle. The hardened mass may be pressed or picked out. The empty sac of the gland should then be bathed with a little toilet vinegar and water, or with a very weak solution of carbolic acid and water. Sterilize the needle before using it by dipping into boiling water.

The electric needle is good for some purposes, but not this. Discontinue using the flesh brush, for with your skin in such a condition it only aggravates matters. Continue your dieting and long walks, though take plenty of nourishing food. There is *no occasion to* starve yourself.

THE ADVENTURES OF PECK'S BAD BOY.

PICTURED BY WALT. McDOUGALL.

THE COMIC SECTION

Copyright, 1906, by Joseph B. Bowles
Copyright in Great Britain All rights reserved.

JAMES ARMSTRONG, LATE OF REVELSTOKE, BRITISH COLUMBIA, DECEASED, INTESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of November, 1906, an Order was granted appointing George Smith McCarter, Official Administrator for the Revelstoke Electoral District of the County of Kootenay, to be Administrator of all and singular the estate of the said intestate.

Notice is hereby further given that all creditors and others having claims against the Estate of the said deceased are required on or before the 11th day of January, 1907, to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims duly verified, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the Administrator will proceed to distribute the Assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice and that the said Administrator will not be liable for the said asset, or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by him at the date of such distribution.

Dated at Vancouver, British Columbia, this 3rd day of December, A.D., 1906.

TUPPER & GRIFFIN,
Solicitors for George Smith McCarter,
dec 5 wed 1m Administrator.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on Wednesday the 16th day of January, 1907, at 2:30 p.m. at the registered office of the Revelstoke & McCullough Creek Hydraulic Mining Co., Limited, Revelstoke, B. C., I will offer for sale by Public Auction to the highest bidder for Cash, 3000 shares, certificates numbered:

Certificate No.	Shares	in arrears
61	500	$207
56	1000	200
49	100	10
114	100	10
115	100	10
116	100	10
93	250	25
94	250	50
153	100	20
112	200	40
123	100	20
	2800	$602

and comprising the shares issued by the said Company in the above numbered certificates, and that such sale is advertised by order of the Board of Directors, by reason of said shares being in default on account of non-payment of Calls or Assessments thereon, amounting to the sums placed opposite each certificate numbered in this notice duly made and demanded and now unpaid.

Dated at Revelstoke, December 17th, 1906.

JOHN D. SIBBALD,
wed dec 19 Secy.-Treas.

OTTAWA, ONT.

Architectural Competition for Departmental and Justice Buildings.

COMPETITIVE drawings are invited for Departmental and Justice Buildings to be erected for the Dominion Government at at Ottawa, Ont.

The author of the best design will be awarded a premium of $5,000, the second best $4,000, the third best $2,000 and the fourth best $1,000.

Drawings will be received not later than April 15th, 1907, and are to be addressed to the Secretary of the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

This competition is open to Canadian Architects who have been resident in Canada for one year or more.

Conditions of competition stating requirements of buildings and maps showing site, &c, may be had on application to the undersigned.

By order,
FRED. GELINAS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, December 12, 1906.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from this Department.

Revelstoke Licencing District.

Notice is hereby given that I have received application for a retail liquor licence from Frank Julian for the Europe Hotel, situated near the city of Revelstoke.

And further take notice that a special meeting of the Board of Licence Commissioners of the Revelstoke Licencing District will be held in the Provincial Police Office, Revelstoke, on Tuesday, Jan. 15th next, 1907.

By order,
R. A. UPPER,
Chief Inspector.
Revelstoke, B.C., Dec. 21, 1906.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at the N. E. corner of T. L. No. 7046, on the shore of Blind Bay, Upper Arrow Lakes, thence south 40 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north about 80 chains, thence westerly following the southern shore of Blind Bay to point of commencement, containing four hundred and eighty acres more or less.

Dated this 15th day of December, 1906.
sat dec 22 J. D. KENNEDY.

LAND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in Cariboo district:

Commencing at a post marked "W. H. Olive's south-east corner post," planted on trail leading from North Thompson River to Yellowhead Pass and about 5 miles in a northerly direction from Cranberry Lake, running north 80 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 40 chains to point of commencement.

Dated 11th day of November, 1906.
nov 21 W. H. OLIVE, Locator.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. The Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a Special License to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in West Kootenay District:

Commencing at a post marked "T. Kilpatrick's north-east corner post," planted on north east arm of Upper Arrow Lake, about 2 chains west of the north-west corner of Lot No. 505, thence south 80 chains, west 80 chains, north 80 chains, east 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated Nov. 1st, 1906.
nov 21 T. KILPATRICK.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated in the West Kootenay district on the west side of Upper Arrow Lake in the Fosthall Valley:

Commencing at a post marked "T. S. McPherson's south-west corner post," planted at the north-west corner of Lot 862; thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Located 23rd day of November, 1906.
nov 28 wed T. S. McPHERSON.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands on Michel Creek, tributary to Adams Lake, Lillooet District, B. C., on east side:

1. Commencing at a post planted on the west bank of east fork Michel Creek about eight miles from Adams Lake, marked "A. McConnell's south-west corner Michel Creek, Limit No. 1," running 80 chains east, 80 chains north, 80 chains west, 80 chains south to point of commencement.

2. Commencing at a post planted on the west bank of the east fork Michel creek about eight miles from Adams Lake, marked "A. McConnell's north-west corner Michel creek, Limit No. 2," running 80 chains east, 80 chains south, 80 chains west, 80 chains north to point of commencement.

3. Commencing at a post planted on the east bank of Michel creek about six miles from Adams Lake, marked "A. McConnell's south-west corner Michel creek, Limit No. 3," running 80 chains east, 80 chains north, 80 chains west, 80 chains south to place of commencement.

4. Commencing at a post planted on the east bank of Michel creek about six miles from Adams Lake marked "A. McConnell's north-west corner Michel creek, Limit No. 4," running 80 chains east, 80 chains south, 80 chains west, 80 chains north to place of commencement.

5. Commencing at a post planted on the west bank of Michel creek about seven miles from Adams Lake, marked "A. McConnell's south-east corner Michel creek, Limit No. 5," running 160 chains north, 40 chains west, 160 chains south, 40 chains east to place of commencement.

Dated Dec. 17th, 1906.
jan 2 wed A. McCONNELL.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF REVELSTOKE

Municipal Elections 1907.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the Electors of the Municipality of Revelstoke, that I require the presence of the said Electors at the City Clerk's Office, City Hall, McKenzie Avenue, Revelstoke, B.C., on Monday the Fourteenth day of January, 1907, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing persons to represent them in the Municipal Council as Mayor and Aldermen, and also for the election of Three persons to represent them on the Board of Trustees of the Revelstoke Public School.

The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows;—

The candidates shall be nominated in writing; the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p.m. of the day of the nomination, and in the event of a poll being necessary, such poll will be opened on Thursday the Seventeenth day of January, 1907, (from 9 o'clock a.m. to 7 o'clock p.m.) at the City Clerk's office, City Hall, McKenzie Avenue, Revelstoke, B. C., of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

The persons qualified to be nominated for and elected as Mayor shall be such persons as are male British subjects of the full age of twenty-one years, and are not disqualified under any law, and have been for the six months next preceding the day of nomination the registered owner in the Land Registry Office, of land or real property in the city of the assessed value, on the last municipal assessment roll, of one thousand dollars or more over and above any registered judgment or charge.

The persons qualified to be nominated for and elected as Aldermen shall be such persons as are male British subjects of the full age of twenty-one years, and are not disqualified under any law, and have been for the six months next preceding the day of nomination the registered owner, in the Land Registry Office, of land or real property in the city of the assessed value, on the last municipal assessment roll, of five hundred dollars or more, over and above any registered judgment or charge, and who are otherwise qualified as municipal voters.

The persons qualified to be nominated for and elected as School Trustees shall be any person being a householder in the City School District, and being a British subject of the full age of twenty-one years, and otherwise qualified to vote at an election of School Trustees in the said School District.

Given under my hand at Revelstoke, B. C., the fifth day of January, 1907.

CHAS. J. AMAN,
5jan 3t Returning Officer.

LAND NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in the West Kootenay district:

Commencing at a post planted on the west side of north-east arm of Arrowhead Lake, ¼ of a mile from Rock Bluff, marked "R. E. McK.'s south-east corner post," thence 20 chains north, thence 80 chains west, thence 20 chains south, thence 80 chains east along lake shore to point of commencement.

Dated Nov. 10th, 1906.
nov 14 MRS. R. McKITRICK.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works for permission to purchase the following described land situate in Cariboo district, B.C.:

Commencing at a post marked "J. M. Kellie's south-west corner post," planted on the south bank of Fraser River near Tete Jaune Cache, running north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated this 10th day of November, 1906.
nov 17 J. M. KELLIE, Locator.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated on Rock Creek tributary to Adams Lake in Lillooet District:

1. Commencing at a post planted on south-west corner marked "A. McConnell's south-west corner Rock Creek, Limit No. 1," situated about seven miles from the mouth of Rock Creek, running 80 chains north, 80 chains east, 80 chains south, 80 chains west to place of commencement.

2. Commencing at a post planted on south-east corner marked "A. McConnell's south-east corner Rock Creek, Limit No. 2," situated about seven miles from mouth of Rock Creek, running 80 chains north, 80 chains west, 80 chains south, 80 chains east to place of commencement.

3. Commencing at a post planted on north-west corner marked "A. McConnell's north-west corner Rock Creek, Limit No. 3," situated about seven miles from mouth of Rock Creek, running 80 chains south, 80 chains east, 80 chains north, 80 chains west to place of commencement.

4. Commencing at a post planted on north-east corner marked "A. McConnell's north-east corner Rock Creek, Limit No. 4," situated about seven miles from mouth of Rock Creek, running 80 chains south, 80 chains west, 80 chains north, 80 chains east to place of commencement.

5. Commencing at a post planted on south-west corner marked "A. McConnell's south-west corner Rock Creek, Limit No. 5," situated about five miles from mouth of Rock Creek, running 80 chains north, 80 chains east, 80 chains south, 80 chains west to place of commencement.

6. Commencing at a post on south-east corner marked "A. McConnell's south-east corner Rock Creek, Limit No. 6," situated about five miles from mouth of Rock Creek, Limit No 6," situated about five miles from mouth of Rock Creek, running 80 chains north, 80 chains west, 80 chains south, 80 chains east to place of commencement.

7. Commencing at a post planted on north-west corner marked "A. McConnell's north-west corner Rock Creek, Limit No. 7," situated about five miles from mouth of Rock Creek, running 80 chains south, 80 chains east, 80 chains north, 80 chains west to place of commencement.

8. Commencing at a post planted on north-east corner marked "A. McConnell's north-east corner Rock Creek, Limit No. 8," situated about five miles from mouth of Rock Creek, running 80 chains south, 80 chains west, 80 chains north, 80 chains east to place of commencement.

9. Commencing at a post planted on north-west corner marked "A. McConnell's north-west corner Rock Creek, Limit No 9," situated on north bank of Rock Creek about one-half mile from creek and about four miles east of Adams Lake, running 80 chains south, 80 chains east, 80 chains north, 80 chains west to place of commencement.

Dated December 10th, 1906.
wed jan 2 A. McCONNELL.

AUCTIONS AND VALUATIONS

Of Furniture, Real Estate, Live Stock and General Effects.

E. JOHN GODDARD, Box 214 REVELSTOKE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in West Kootenay district:

H. Commencing at a post marked "Gus. Lund's north east corner," about 9 miles below north fork of Goldstream, thence south 80 chains, west 80 chains, north 80 chains, east 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated June 12th, 1906.
dec 5 wed GUS LUND.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that from and after this date and until further notice, all accounts due me in connection with my hotel business at Comaplix, are to be paid to L. H. Congrave, whom I have appointed manager during my absence, and all accounts owing by me will be paid by him.

Dated December 29th, 1906.
J. H. YOUNG.
Proprietor Queen's Hotel.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in Osoyoos division of Yale District:

1 Commencing at a post planted about 100 feet from north-east end of Keiffer Lake, marked "W. H. Hollingsworth's S. W. corner," thence north 40 chains, east 40 chains, south 20 chains, east 120 chains, south 40 chains, west 120 chains, north 20 chains, west 40 chains to place of commencement.

2 Commencing at a post marked "W. H. Hollingsworth's south-east corner," thence west 20 chains, north 20 chains, west 140 chains, north 40 chains, east 140 chains, south 20 chains, east 20 chains south 40 chains to place of commencement.

3 Commencing at a post planted about 75 yards south from the west end of Keiffer Land, marked "W. H. Hollingsworth's north-west corner," thence east 80 chains, south 80 chains, west 80 chains, north 80 chains to place of commencement.

Dated Oct. 24, 1906.

4 Commencing at a post planted about ½ a mile north of the mouth of Pooler Creek where it runs into Barnes Creek, and marked "W. H Hollingsworth's north-east corner," thence south 40 chains, west 160 chains, north 40 chains, east 160 chains to point of commencement.

5. Commencing at a post planted about ½ a mile north from the mouth of Pooler Creek where it runs into Barnes Creek, and marked "W. H. Hollingsworth's south-east corner," thence north 40 chains, west 160 chains, south 40 chains, east 160 chains to place of commencement.

Dated Oct. 26th, 1906.

6 Commencing at a post planted about ¼ of a mile south-east of east end of Marsh Lake, marked "W. H. Hollingsworth's north-east corner," thence south 40 chains, west 160 chains, north 40 chains, east 160 chains to place of commencement.

7 Commencing at a post planted about ¼ of a mile east of west end and near south side of Marsh Lake, marked "W. H. Hollingsworth's north-east corner," thence south 40 chains, west 160 chains, north 40 chains, east 160 chains to place of commencement.

Dated Oct. 27th, 1906.

8 Commencing at a post planted about 200 yards from the south side and about half-way of Keiffer Lake, marked "W. H. Hollingsworth's north-west corner," thence south 110 chains, east 60 chains, north 60 chains, east 20 chains, north 20 chains, west 60 chains, north 60 chains, west 20 chains to point of commencement.

9 Commencing at a post planted about 200 yards south and about half-way of Keiffer lake and marked "W. H. Hollingsworth's north-east corner," thence south 160 chains, west 40 chains, north 160 chains, east 40 chains to place of commencement.

10 Commencing at a post planted on the beach about ½ mile east of west end of Keiffer Lake, marked "W. H. Hollingsworth's north-east corner," thence south 160 chains, west 40 chains, north 160 chains, thence east 40 chains to point of commencement.

11 Commencing at a post planted about ¼ mile south of Kettle River, about 2 miles west of Keiffer Lake, marked "W. H Hollingsworth's north-west corner," thence east 40 chains, south 20 chains, east 40 chains, south 80 chains, west 40 chains, north 20 chains, west 40 chains, north 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated Oct. 29th, 1906.

12 Commencing at a post planted about ½ mile east of Kettle River, about ¾ of a mile south of Porcupine Creek, marked "W. H. Hollingsworth's north-east corner," thence west 160 chains, south 40 chains, east 160 chains, north 40 chains to point of commencement.

13 Commencing at a post planted about 1½ miles east of Kettle River on Trap Creek, and marked "W. H. Hollingsworth's S E corner," thence north 80 chains, west 80 chains, south 80 chains, east 80 chains to point of commencement.

14 Commencing at a post planted about 50 yards above the forks on the north fork of Trap Creek, about ½ mile east of Kettle River, marked "W H. Hollingsworth's S.W. corner," thence north 80 chains, west 80 chains, south 80 chains, east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

Dated October 29th, 1906.

15 Commencing at a post planted about ½ mile south of the forks of Trap Creek and about 300 yards west of the creek, marked "W. H. Hollingsworth's north-west corner," thence south 80 chains, east 80 chains, north 80 chains, west 80 chains to point of commencement.

16 Commencing at a post planted about 100 yards to the south of East Creek about ½ mile east of Kettle River, marked "W H Hollingsworth's north-west corner," thence south 40 chains, east 160 chains, north 40 chains, west 160 chains to point of commencement.

Dated Oct 31st, 1906.

17 Commencing at a post planted about 50 yards west of Kettle River about ½ mile below Porcupine Creek, marked "W H. Hollingsworth's south-west corner," thence north 40 chains, east 80 chains, south 160 chains, west 40 chains, north 80 chains, south 40 chains to place of commencement.

18 Commencing at a post planted on the south bank of Hepseydam Creek about ½ mile up from Kettle River, marked "W. H Hollingsworth's south-west corner," thence east 160 chains, north 40 chains, west 160 chains, south 40 chains to place of commencement.

19 Commencing at a post planted on south bank of Hepseydam Creek, about ½ mile from Kettle River, marked "W. H. Hollingsworth's south-east corner," thence north 80 chains, west 80 chains, south 80 chains, east 80 chains to point of commencement.

20 Commencing at a post planted on the south bank of Hepseydam Creek about ½ mile from Kettle River, marked "W H. Hollingsworth's north-west corner," thence east 80 chains, south 80 chains, west 80 chains, north 80 chains to place of commencement.

21 Commencing at a post planted on the south bank of Hepseydam Creek about ½ mile from Kettle River, marked "W. H Hollingsworth's south-east corner," thence west 40 chains, north 20 chains, west 40 chains, north 20 chains, west 80 chains, north 40 chains east 80 chains, south 20 chains, east 40 chains, south 20 chains, east 40 chains to point of commencement.

Dated Nov. 1st, 1906.
wed dec 19 W. H. HOLLINGSWORTH

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works for permission to purchase six hundred and forty acres of land lying in the Fosthall Valley on the west side of Upper Arrow Lake, described as follows:

Commencing at a post marked "Frederick Washburne's south-east corner post," planted 80 chains west of the north-west corner of Lot 862, Group 1, Kootenay; thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to the place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Dated this 23rd day of November, 1906.
F. WASHBURNE,
nov 28 wed Per T. S. McPherson.

In the matter of the Estate of Joseph Dunn, late of Revelstoke, British Columbia, deceased intestate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 3rd day of January, 1907, an Order was granted appointing George S. McCarter, Official Administrator for the Revelstoke electoral district of the County of Kootenay, to be Administrator of all and singular the estate of the said intestate.

NOTICE is hereby further given that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said deceased are required on or before the 15th day of February, 1907 to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims duly verified, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that after such last mentioned date the Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that the said Administrator will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by him at the date of such distribution.

Dated at Revelstoke, British Columbia, this 4th day of January, A.D. 1907.

GEO. S. McCARTER,
jan 9 2t Official Administrator.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in Lillooet district:

1. Commencing at a post marked "British Columbia Timbers Ltd., north-east corner post, No. 1 Limit," planted at the south-west corner of Timber Limit No. 5612, thence west 8 chains, thence south 20 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 20 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 40 chains to point of commencement.

2. Commencing at a post marked "British Columbia Timbers Ltd., north-west corner post, No. 2 Limit," planted on south boundary of No. 1 Limit about 1 mile from east end, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated 21st December, 1906.

3. Commencing at a post marked 'British Columbia Timbers Ltd., north-west corner post, No. 3 Limit, planted at the south-west corner of No. 2 Limit, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated Dec. 24th, 1906.

4. Commencing at a post marked "British Columbia Timbers Ltd., north-east corner post, No. 4 Limit," planted at the south west corner of Timber Limit No. 5416, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

5. Commencing at a post marked "British Columbia Timbers Ltd., north-west corner post, No. 5 Limit," planted at the south-west corner of Timber Limit No. 5416, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated Dec 26th, 1906
s j5 BRITISH COLUMBIA TIMBERS, LTD.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in West Kootenay district:

1 Commencing at a post planted about 1 mile north from the north-west corner of the K. & S. Block 860, and marked "Big Bend Lumber Company's south-east corner post," thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

2 Commencing at a post planted about 1 mile north from the north-west corner of K. & S. Block 860, and marked 'Big Bend Lumber Company's north-east corner post," thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

3 Commencing at a post planted about 2 miles west from Bannock Point, on Upper Arrow Lake, and marked "B.B.L.Co.'s south-east corner post," thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

4. Commencing at a post planted about 3 miles west from Bannock Point, on Upper Arrow Lake, and marked "B.B.L.Co.'s south-east corner post," thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated December 18th, 1906.
sat jan 5 BIG BEND LUMBER CO., LTD.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situate in West Kootenay:

1. Commencing at a post planted 1¼ miles north of Timber Limit 7534 and 2 miles west of Upper Arrow Lake, and marked "A. M. Symons' north-east corner," thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement.

2. Commencing at a post planted 20 chains south of the north-west corner of No. 1 and marked "A. M. Symons' north-east corner," thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement.

3. Commencing at a post planted at the north-east corner of No. 2 and marked "A. M. Symons' south-east corner," thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to place of commencement.

Dated November 20th, 1906.

4. Commencing at a post planted 1 mile north of the south-west corner of Lot 860 and marked "A. M. Symons' south east corner," thence west 40 chains, thence north 160 chains, thence east 40 chains to the north-west corner of Lot 860, thence south 160 chains to place of commencement.

Dated November 23rd, 1906.
dec 15 sat A. M. SYMONS

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in West Kootenay district:

Commencing at a post planted 40 chains west of the south-west corner of Timber Limit 6696 and marked "C. Skinner's north-east corner," thence 160 chains south thence 40 chains east, thence 160 chains north, thence 40 chains west to place of commencement.

Located December 1st, 1906.
C. SKINNER,
dec 12 sat A. M. Symons, Agent.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase six hundred and forty acres of land lying in the Fosthall Valley on the west side of Upper Arrow Lake, described as follows:

Commencing at a post marked "William Harlow's north-east corner post," planted 140 chains west of Lot 4576, Group 1, Kootenay: thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to the place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less,

Dated this 24th day of November, 1906.
W. HARLOW,
nov 28 wed Per T. S. McPherson.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special licence to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands:

1. Commencing at a post planted on the north bank of Snow Creek about eight miles east of Burton City, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

2. Commencing at a post planted three chains north of No. 1 post, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

3. Commencing at a post planted 80 chains east of No. 2 post, thence east 160 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 160 chains, thence north 40 chains to point of commencement.

Dated December 20th, 1906.
wed jan 2 J. R. JAMIESON, Locator.

NOTICE

The undersigned leaves for China shortly for several months' holiday.

My premises on First Street I have rented to Qwong Kee for three years and he alone will be responsible for all debts he may incur in the business now carried on by him (Qwong Kee).

My Lots 17, 18, 19, Block 17, Revelstoke, are for sale. Intending purchasers may apply to Harvey, McCarter & Pinkham, who can carry out all negotiations for sale of same.

Dated Dec. 31st, 1906.
jan 9 2t MIKE PAT (Wing Woh).

It is my intention to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for the district of Revelstoke, for a transfer of my liquor license for the Hotel Lardeau at Comaplix, to Russell M. Evans.

Comaplix, B.C., Dec 12th, 1906.
sat dec 15 30d WILLIAM HAMILTON.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special licence to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the north-west corner of the south west quarter of Section 24, Township 57, marked "W.H.Hollingsworth's south west corner post," thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to place of commencement.

The above location is the north half of Section 23 and the south half of Section 26, Township 57.

Dated November 22nd, 1906.
sat dec 15 W. H HOLLINGSWORTH.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situate in the Yale District:

1. Commencing at a post planted at the north-east corner of Timber Limit 6393 and marked "A. M. Symons' south-west corner," thence north 40 chains, thence east 160 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 160 chains to place of commencement.

2. Commencing at a post planted at the north east corner of "J. Barry's No. 3 and at the mouth of the south fork of the east branch of the Shuswap River and marked "A. M. Symons' south-west corner," thence north 40 chains, thence east 160 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 160 chains to place of commencement.

3. Commencing at a post planted about 2½ miles south of the north-west corner of Lot 2818 and marked "A. M. Symons north-east corner," thence west 100 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 60 chains, thence east 60 chains more or less to boundary of Lot 2818, thence northerly along said boundary 110 chains more or less to place of commencement.

Dated November 30th 1906
A. M. SYMONS, Locator,
sat dec 11 P. Gibbeau, Agent.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in West Kootenay district:

Commencing at a post planted ½ mile north of the south east corner of Lot 7947 and marked "L. W.L. Co.'s N. W. corner," thence 160 chains east, thence 40 chains south, thence 160 chains west, thence 40 chains north to place of commencement.

Dated December 31st, 1906.
sat jan 5 LAMB-WATSON LUMBER CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in district of West Kootenay:

Commencing at a post planted ¼ mile west from north-east corner of Lot No. 6140 and marked "L. W. L. Co.'s S. W. corner post," thence north 160 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 160 chains, thence west 40 chains to place of commencement.

Dated December 29th, 1906.
sat jan 5 LAMB-WATSON LUMBER CO., LTD

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works for permission to purchase three hundred and twenty acres of land lying in the Fosthall Valley on the west side of Upper Arrow Lake, described as follows:

Commencing at a post marked "Robert Abbie's north-east corner post," planted at the north-west corner of Lot 862, Group 1, Kootenay; thence 80 chains west, thence 40 chains south, thence 80 chains east, thence 40 chains north to the point of commencement, containing 320 acres, more or less.

Dated the 23rd day of November, 1906.
R. ABBIE,
nov 28 wed Per T. S. McPerson.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works for permission to purchase six hundred and forty acres of land lying in the Fosthall Valley on the west side of Upper Arrow Lake, described as follows:

Commencing at a post marked "H. Harlow's north-east corner post," planted 140 chains west of Lot 4576, Group 1, Kootenay: thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to the place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Dated this 24th day of November, 1906.
H. HARLOW,
nov 28 wed Per T. S. McPherson.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situate in West Kootenay District:

1. Commencing at a post planted at the north-west corner of Timber Limit 7534 and marked "A. M. Symons' north-east corner," thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to place of commencement.

2. Commencing at a post planted at the south-west corner of Timber Limit 7534, and marked "A. M. Symons' north-west corner," thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to place of commencement.

3. Commencing at a post planted at the north-east corner of Timber Limit 9635 and marked "A. M. Symons' south-east corner," thence west 160 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 160 chains, thence south 40 chains to place of commencement.

Dec. 14th, 1906.

4. Commencing at a post planted on the lake shore, three miles north of Nakusp, on the west side of Upper Arrow Lake and marked "A. M. Symons' north-east corner," thence west 40 chains, thence south 160 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 160 chains to place of commencement.

5. Commencing at a post planted on the west side of Upper Arrow Lake and one mile north of the north-east corner of No. 4 and marked "A. M. Symons' north-east corner," thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement.

Dec. 15th, 1906.
wed jan 2 A. M. SYMONS.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase six hundred and forty acres of land lying in the Fosthall Valley on the west side of Upper Arrow Lake, described as follows:

Commencing at a post marked "Russell Nichol's south-east corner post,' planted at the north-west corner of Lot 862, Group 1, Kootenay, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to the place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Dated this 23rd day of November, 1906.
R. NICHOL,
nov 28 wed Per T. S. McPherson.

Tenders Wanted.

To Miners—Sealed Tenders will be received up to January 10th, 1907, by the undersigned, for driving a tunnel 300 feet long in the coal seams of the Enderby Coal Mines. Specifications of the work and all particulars will be funished on application.

GRAHAM ROSOMAN,
SECRETARY-TREASURER,
ENDERBY, B. C.

LICENCE TO AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"COMPANIES' ACT, 1897."

CANADA:
PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
No. 369.

THIS is to certify that the "British Columbia Timbers, Limited," is authorised and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia, and to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

The amount of the capital of the Company is one hundred thousand dollars, divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate on First Street, Revelstoke, and William Irving Briggs, Barrister-at-Law, whose address is the same, is the attorney for the Company.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 17th day of December, one thousand nine hundred and six.

[L.S.] S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The objects for which the Company has been established and licensed are:

1. To carry on throughout Canada and elsewhere the business of lumberers, timber merchants and manufacturers of timber and and lumber in all its branches, and all other business incidental thereto or connected therewith, including the manufacture of all products of the forest or lumber industry,

2. To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to own, utilise, and operate timber limits, timber lands, and timber berths, and rights in such timber lands, timber limits and timber berths, licences or rights to cut timber, lumber yards, mill and factory sites, water lots, docks, wharves, piers, dams, slides, aqueducts, viaducts, steamboats, and other vessels, saw mills, pulp mills, water and steam powers, hydraulic powers, plants, improvements in lakes, rivers and creeks, and other waterways for lumbering or transporting logs, timber and all other rights and interests of every kind appertaining to any of the above enumerated property so acquired, as may be necessary for the development and purposes of the Company, and the said property above specified or any of it, to improve and develop, sell, mortgage, exchange, lease or dispose of for cash, or upon rentals, or for any other consideration as may be in the interests of the Company:

3. To construct, operate, charter and employ vessels of all kinds for the purposes and business of the Company, and for the purpose of transporting products of the mills and works or other materials or manufacturers for any place within Canada or elsewhere, and to do a transportation business in Canada or elsewhere, to lease or acquire all accessories necessary for the proper working of the said vessels, and to lease, sell, or otherwise dispose of said vessels, or accessories, or moveable effects in relation thereto as it may be advisable in the interests of the Company:

4. To construct, or aid, or subscribe towards the construction, maintenance and improvements of roads, docks, piers, dams, slides, aqueducts, viaducts or other works and buildings, including flumes, bridges, ditches, water, steam or other hydraulic rights or powers, and any other works necessary for the purposes of the Company or for the carrying out of the Company's powers:

5. To establish shops or stores on the property of the Company, and to sell merchandise thereon, in so far as it may be necessary for the Company to carry on its said business:

6. To acquire, own, sell, lease and dispose of shares, debentures and securities in any other company similar to this Company, and to acquire or amalgamate with any company having objects similar to the Company hereby incorporated, on such terms and for such considerations as the directors may decide, and to pay for the acquisition of any such company in shares of the Company fully paid up and made non-assessable for calls:

7. To make, allot and use in payment or exchange in whole or in part for any real or personal property, rights, licences and privileges which may be purchased, taken on lease, or otherwise acquired by the Company, shares of the unsubscribed capital stock of the Campany as paid up and made non-assessable for calls in accordance with the terms of an agreement executed by and between the Company and any such vendor, lessor or other grantor on or before the issue of such paid-up shares, and which shares shall thereupon be deemed and taken to have been fully paid up, and shall not thereafter be liable for calls or future assessments:

8. To make, allot and issue as paid up stock, shares of the unscribed capital stock of the Company for services rendered to the Company or to the promoters thereof, provided a by-law of the directors is passed specifying that the value given to the Company is equivalent to the value of the shares so madepaid up and issued and alloted for such services, and said by-law has been passed and sanctioned by a vote of not less than two-thirds of the shareholders of the said Company present in person or by proxy at a special general meeting of the Company duly called for the approval of said by-law:

9. To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the Company for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures and securities of any company having objects similar, or in part similar to those of this Company, provided a by-law is passed by the directors specifying the consideration which the Company will receive for the said sale, and the said by-law shall have been passed and sanctioned by a vote of not less than two-thirds of the shareholders of the Company, passed at a special general meeting of the Company called for the purposes of considering and approving of said by-law. wed jan 2

after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land situated in West Kootenay district:

Commencing at a post planted on the north side of Downie Creek about ¼ of a mile south of the 2½ mile post on the Downie Creek Trail and marked "E. McBean's south-west corner," thence north 48 chains, thence east 60 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 60 chains to point of commencement, containing 240 acres more or less.

Dated December 19th, 1886.
wed jan 2 E. McBEAN.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described land situated in the West Kootenay District.

Commencing at a post planted ¼ of a mile east of Boulder Creek and about three-quarters of a mile north of Downie Creek and marked E. McBean's south-east corner, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to the point of commencement.

Dated the 18th day of December, 1906
wj2. E. McBEAN.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 60 days from date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria, B.C., for purchase of following described lands in Lillooet district:

Commencing at a post planted about two and a half miles from head of Adams Lake on west side of river, marked "J. A. Knox's south-west corner," running 80 chains east, 40 chains north, 80 chains west, 40 chains south, containing about 320 acres.

Dated Nov. 12th, 1906.
nov 14 J. A. KNOX.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 60 days from date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria, B. C., for purchase of following described lands in Lillooet district:

Commencing at a post planted near south side of Otter Creek, 3 miles north of Adams Lake marked "W. S. Burton's south-west corner," running 80 chains east, 40 chains north, 80 chains west, 40 chains south, containing about 320 acres.

Dated Nov. 12th, 1906.
nov 14 W. S. BURTON.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 60 days from date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria, B.C., for purchase of following described lands in Lillooet district:

Commencing at a post planted near south side of Otter Creek, 3 miles north of Adams Lake, marked "A. McConnell's north-west corner," running 40 chains south, 80 chains east, 40 chains north, 80 chains west containing, about 320 acres.

Dated Nov. 12th, 1906.
nov 14 A. McCONNELL.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 60 days from date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria, B.C., for purchase of following described lands in Lillooet district:

Commencing at a post marked "T. Kilpatrick's north-west corner," situated about 1 mile from west bank of Upper Adams river and two and a half miles from head of Adams lake, running 40 chains south, 80 chains east, 40 chains north, 80 chains west, containing 320 acres more or less.

Dated Nov. 12th, 1906.
nov 14 T. KILPATRICK.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 60 days from date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria, B.C., for purchase of following described lands in Lillooet district:

Commencing at a post marked "J. P. Shaw's north-west corner," planted on west side of Upper Adams river, about 2 miles from head of Adams lake, running 80 chains south, 80 chains east, 80 chains north, 80 chains west, containing about 640 acres.

Dated Nov. 12th, 1906.
nov 14 J. P. SHAW.

LAND NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby gi[illegible] that, 60 days after date, I intend t[illegible] to the Chief Commissioner of Land[illegible] Works for permission to purchase t[illegible]wing described lands situated in [illegible] district, B. C.:

Commen[illegible] a post marked "Alexander McLaren's [illegible]th-east corner post," planted about 20 chains west of trail running through Starvation Flats in a southerly direction from Tete Jaune Cache, running north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated this 9th day of November, 1906.
nov 17 ALEXANDER McLAREN,
Locator.

LAND NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situate in Cariboo district, B. C.:

Commencing at a post marked "George H. Bissett's north-east corner post," planted about 20 chains west of trail running through Starvation Flats in a southerly direction from Tete Jaune Cache, running west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated 9th day of November, 1906.
nov 17 GEORGE H. BISSETT, Locator.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE

River Eden Mineral Claim, situate in the Illecillewaet Mining Division of Kootenay district.

Where located:—Fish Creek.

Take notice that I, John Albert Kirk of the town of Revelstoke, B.C., acting as agent for J. S. C. Fraser, Esq., Free Miner's Certificate No. B75740 and Margaret A. Elson, Free Miner's Certificate No. B88598, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 24th day of September, A.D., 1906.
nov 21 J. A. KIRK.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in Cariboo district, B.C.:

Commencing at a post marked "William Kellie's north-west corner post," planted about 20 chains west of trail running through Starvation Flats in a southerly direction from Tete Jaune Cache, running east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated 9th day of November, 1906.
nov 17 WILLIAM KELLIE, Locator.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase the following described lands situated in Cariboo district, B.C.:

Commencing at a post marked "G. A. Forbes' south-west corner post," planted about 20 chains west of trail running through Starvation Flats in a southerly direction from Tete Jaune Cache, running north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated 9th day of November, 1906.
nov 17 G. A. FORBES, Locator.

OUR BARGAIN SALE

We are clearing up our odds and ends regardless of Cost.
All Furs at less than manufacturing prices.
Men's Overcoats at your own price.
Boys' Reefers and Overcoats at less than Wholesale Prices.
Ladies' Jackets selling at just half price.
Children's Jackets--Prices ranging from $3 to $7 each. Any Child's Jacket Now for $1.50 Each.
OUR BARGAIN SALE IS THE SALE OF THE SEASON.
Trimmed Millinery at Half Price.

REID & YOUNG

Canada Drug and Book Co., Ltd.

We take this opportunity of wishing
our many friends and patrons
THE COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON

Canada Drug & Book Co., Ld., Revelstoke, B.C.

IF YOU WANT

To Buy a House.
To Rent a House.
To Buy Nice Building Lots close in.
To Buy Splendid Fruit Lands.

COME AND SEE
Kincaid & Anderson

WE HAVE SOME BARGAINS IN COAST PROPERTIES
MONEY TO LOAN

Kincaid and Anderson
Real Estate and Insurance Agts.

BORN.

McLENNAN—At their residence, First St., Revelstoke, B. C., on December 22nd. To Conductor and Mrs. J. D. McLennan, a daughter.

MARRIED.

BROWN-BOYD — On Thursday, Jan. 10th, at the Knox church manse, by the Rev. Mr. Robertson, F. Gardiner Brown, of Revelstoke, B. C., to Miss Betty Jane Boyd, of Fort William, Ontario.

WEATHER FORECAST

Saturday, Jan. 12th, for 24 hours. Strong westerly winds with continuance of cold spell, fine and clear. Monday, Jan. 14th, there will be an eclipse of the sun, invisible in North America. Temp.—Max. 10 degress, Min. 5 degrees below zero.

Local and General.

A Basket Social will be held in the Selkirk Hall on Tuesday, Feb. 19th, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of St. Andrew's Church.

A masquerade ball was held in the Selkirk Hall on Wednesday night under the auspices of the Forget-Me-Not Club and proved a very successful event.

The water tank at the depot burst the other day and the waters gushed out, but froze almost as rapidly. The tank had certainly an Arctic appearance that day.

A third daily paper will be established in Calgary on the 20th. The plant will cost $25,000 and Dan McGillicuddy of the department of the interior will be the moving spirit. The paper will be independent in politics.

The holding of the time-honored line-up of civic candidates at the public meeting prior to municipal elections will be observed to-night. All who have declared themselves for the respective posts will doubtless be on hand and from the talk on the streets there will be something lively doing when some of them get talking and to-night's addresses are likely to be remarkably pointed.

The news value of a newspaper is not decreased as erroneously stated by some by a large volume of advertisements any more than its circulation is decreased by it. In fact, both are increased to a great extent. The rule is that big circulations and big advertising patronage usually go together.

Mr. Aylmer, the government engineer, was expected up this week to look over the wing dam construction works and the new channel. His presence is looked for to dispel the rumor that is about town just now that the works may close down shortly.

Peter Ball, Canadian government commercial agent at Birmingham, Eng., has had so many letters from Canada, the writers of which wish to get married to English girls, that he is thinking of opening a matrimonial agency. Mr. Ball says he has many orders, but cannot deliver the goods.

A very quiet wedding took place on Thuredsy afternoon at the residence of Rev. J. R. Robertson, B.D., on Second Street, Frank G. Brown and Miss Betty Jane Boyd being the contracting parties. Only the relatives and intimate friends of both were present. The happy couple will spend their honeymoon in town.

Mr. R. Morphett, of Bristol, Eng., is spending a few days in Revelstoke and will be delighted to meet with any folks from the Old Country if they will call and see him at the Y.M.C.A. building, especially Saturday evening after 8 o'clock. Mr. Morphett gives an address to men at 3.30 p. m. Sunday.

Fresh Coughs

The time to stop a Cough is when it starts—before it can gather headway. Bews' Senega is a remedy that nips a Cough in the bud. Start to take it when the first sneeze or sign of chilliness gives the alarm. It is best for old coughs. Don't experiment—get

BEWS' SENEGA COUGH SYRUP

for all kinds of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, etc. Price, 25c. and 50c.

W. BEWS, Phm. B.
Druggist and Stationer.

Mail orders promptly attended to.

FRESH DAINTIES

Never before has our stock been so complete in Fancy Groceries, including New Nuts, London Layer Raisins, Figs, Dates, Oranges, Bananas, Cranberries, Lettuce, Xmas Stockings, Smith's Crackers, Mistletoe and Holly.

HOBSON & BELL,
GROCERS, BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS

Social and Personal

Miss M. Turcott, who is home from school at Kamloops, gave an "at home" at her residence at Three Valley last on Tuesday night.

A. S. Goodeve, of Rossland, will stump the interior on behalf of the Conservatives, speaking at Nelson, Kaslo, Revelstoke and Kamloops.

A new arrival has come to the home of W. G. Girrard, of Comaplix, in the form of a bouncing nine pound baby boy. Bother mother and child are doing well and father and mother are correspondingly happy.

Don't suffer with your hands, lips or face. The Canada Drug Store have some elegant preparations for curing and healing. Come in and see them.

Business Locals

Nothing better than Our "Special" Cream Rolls today at Hobson & Bell's.

Nairn's Cream of Violets heals any irritated skin. Splendid for chaps.

Get your Carpets and Linoleum at Howson's Furniture Store.

Big Chamois skins for making vests, etc. Sold at the Canada Drug Store.

Patronize Home Industry. Smoke Revelstoke Cigars.

Don't forget we keep Limoges china, Royal Crown Derby China, cut glass, etc. C. B. Hume & Co. have it.

Monsoon Tea is a great favorite, none other if any as good.—Hobson & Bell.

A nice line of parlor chairs and couches at R. Howson's Furniture Store.

Pocket and office diaries, full assortment at the Canada Drug Store.

Advertise your home City. Send your friend a box of Revelstoke Cigars for a Xmas Present.

Huntley & Palmer's Biscuits, Faley, Lock & Larson's, McCormick's, Christies, in large varieties at C. B. Hume & Co.

Nairn's drug store has the agency for Huyler's Chocolates, the highest grade chocolates in the world.

Miss Margaret Creighton will be at home for students from 2 to 3.30 p. m. every afternoon at the Studio, Lawrence Block. Visits made if requested.

When looking for something good to eat, call and examine our cakes and pastry.—Hobson & Bell.

Get one of our mailing post books, only 15c.; 2 for 25c. It has 12 pictures of Revelstoke in it and the whole is very clear. Canada Drug Store.

Call and see our special line of snow shoes made expressly for British Columbia. They are the best.—Lawrence Hardware Co.

Home-made Sauerkraut in any quantity, at Hobson & Bell's.

An Ostermoor mattress is just the comfortable article for these cold nights. R. Howson & Co. have a stock on hand.

Razor strops, razors, shaving brushes, shaving soaps, shaving cream, anything a shaver needs—Nairn's Drug Store.

When wanting honey remember we have a large stock—1 qt. sealers, 75c.; 1 Bottle, 30c.; three-quarter bottle, 20c. C. B. Hume & Co.

Johnson's fluid beef, $1 per bottle; Bovril, 4 oz. bottle, 65c.; Bovril, 2 oz. bottle, 35c. Nothing better to keep out frost and wind. C. B. Hume & Co.

Now is the time to start your subscriptions to magazines, illustrated papers, etc. The Canada Drug Store will supply you with anything printed at the regular price. Call and leave your wants.

CHURCHES.

CATHOLIC.—Rev. Father R Pecoul O.M.I., pastor. Services every Sunday at the following hours: 8 a.m. Communion Mass; 10.30 a.m. High Mass and Sermon; 2 p.m. Baptisms; 2.30 p.m. Sunday School; 7.30 p.m. Rosary, Instruction and Benediction.

KNOX PRESBYTERIAN.—J. R Robertson, B. D., minister. Sunday morning service at 11 o'clock, subject, "Man in Likeness to God." Evening service at 7.30, and in view of the coming municipal and provincial elections the pastor will preach on "Life in Relation to the State." Sunday School at 2.30 p.m. The Young People's Guild on Monday night at 8 o'clock. Prayer meeting on Wednesday night and Choir practice on Friday night.

ST. ANDREW'S (Presbyterian)—Rev. W. C. Calder, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m Sunday School and Pastor's Bible Class at 2.30 p.m. Bible Reading, Wednesday at 8 p.m. Choir practice and Teachers' meeting, Friday at 7.30 and 8 p.m. The annual meeting of the congregation will be held in the church on Wednesday the 16th inst., at 8 p.m.

METHODIST.—Services, Sunday, Jan. 13th, morning and evening, to be conducted by Mr. R Morphett, of Bristol England. Special music in the evening. Anthem—"Jesu' Word of God Incarnate," by Gounod. Mixed Quartette—"Lead Kindly Light," by P.A. Schnecker, Mesdames Dent, Bews and Messrs. Allum and Maguire.

GRIP AND PASSWORD

K. OF P.

Gold Range Lodge No. 26 held their installation of officers on Wednesday night, for the ensuing term. The convention was well attended, much regret being felt that owing to the steamer being aground in the Arrow lakes the Arrowhead contingent were unable to attend. The regular business of the lodge was first disposed of and the installation ceremonies, which are impressive and at the same time impressive, were commenced. Deputy Grand Chancellor J. B. Scott, assisted by Stewart McDonald, acting Grand Master at Arms, officiated as installing officer. The following officers were installed:

J. A. Leslie, C. C.; T. W. Bradshaw, V. C.; A. J. Howe, Prel.; P. C. Ainsli M. of W.; H. A. Brown, M. of F.; E. G. Burridge, M. of Ex; G. H. Brock, K. of R. & S.; H. Cunningham Morris, M. at A.; T. P. Smith, I.G.; J. Mathie, O. G.

After the ceremonies were concluded the lodge sat down to a banquet, during which many toasts were honored and speeches delivered, and a most sociable and enjoyable evening was spent.

HOW TO BUY YOUR OWN HOME WITH THE RENT.

"X" pays $20 a month rent and saves $10 a month. At the end of 7½ years he has paid his landlord $1800 as rent and has saved $900 in the bank.

"Y" pays $20 as rent and takes two contracts with The Pacific Loan Company thus saving $10 a month. In 26 months his contracts mature and he buys or builds a home. He then ceases to pay rent but repays the Company $30 per month of which $28 applies directly to the repayment of the $2000 borrowed.

In five years and four months he owns his own home, clear from any mortgage or other encumbrance, and is now able to save the whole of his $30 per month, having no rent to pay.

"X" in 7½ years paid $1800 rent and saved, at $10 per month, $900 in the bank, making his landlord a present of $1800 and is only $900 ahead and owns nothing.

"Y" in 7½ years owns his own $2000 home and for the rest of his days lives rent free, and the whole cost of his loan expense to him during the whole 7½ years in which his contract was running before and after maturity, has been just $95.

Moral—Which one is wise, and which foolish?

For further information apply to W. B. Robertson, local agent Pacific Loan Company, Revelstoke.

CANADIAN TRADE

Outlook Very Bright—A Steady Increase Throughout Dominion.

The situation is one of quiet confidence, says Bradstreet in the weekly report, in Canadian trade. Stock taking returns have been favorable, large orders ahead are on the books of the wholesalers and the opening of the regular spring season is awaited with sanguine hope. Montreal reports some manufacturer's books full for the entire season's output. The collections are good and the country trade is quiet. Toronto reports unseasonable weather affecting country trade, Retail trade is slow, although the interior cities of British Columbia report doing well. Preparations are making for an unusually heavy spring trade. Industry is very active all over the west. Less complaint of land speculation is heard and collections are good. The bank clearings in the Dominion compare very favorably with the corresponding period of last year and the Dominion is taking a steady rise which augurs well for the future.

BARGAINS

Are every day occurrences in this Store, but during our Stock-Taking Sale you can find some great money-savers. We have sold a lot of them during the past week, but every day brings out something new. You should not fail to look into our offerings:

Flannelette Underwear Gowns, Skirts and Drawers for Women and Children in Pink, White, Blue, Grey and Striped. You never were offered a better quality and we are selling it at 20 per cent. discount.

Waist Lengths of warm woolen material that sold at $3.50 and $4. There are only a few left and we are offering them at $1.50 each.

Fancy Flannelette in many pretty designs, for Kimonas, Wrappers, etc. They are good washing materials and we are selling them now at 12½c per yard.

Grey Flannelette Sheeting Just the thing for the cold weather. Only 35c. per yard.

Comforters Cotton filled, full size, covered with Pretty Sateens, at 20 per cent. off. If you want them you had better buy now and take advantage of the discount.

Infants' Wool Vests Health Brand,—nothing better made, but we have a lot of small ones left to go at 25c.

Black Wool Hose Splendid Wearing Stockings for the children in sizes 5 to 5½. —Only 35c. per pair.

Colored Table Damask Red and White and Red and Green. It sold out at 65c. per yard, but it goes now at 45c.

Roller Twilling Good Quality, at 12 1-2 and 10c. per yard. This is genuine good material.

Our Remnant Table has a lot of Big Bargains on it. All remnants must be got rid of at once and we mark them at about half price.

We invite you to look into these offerings. Bring in your bargains from the East and compare them and you will find you will save money by buying at home.

McLennan & Company

WHAT IS
Socialism

One of the best exponents of Socialism on this Continent,

Walter Thos. Mills

will give address on above in the

OPERA HOUSE
Thursday, Jan. 24th
8:30 Sharp

ALL WHO WORK INVITED

Crow's Nest
Coal

Soft Screened Coal
Sacked if Required

$9 per ton delivered

E. A. HAGGEN,
'Phone 65 McKenzie Ave.

Miss Margaret Creighton
Teacher of Piano, Vocal and Theory.
STUDIO:—LAWRENCE BLOCK.
Pupils prepared for University and Conservatory Exams.

ELECTION NOTICE!

To the Municipal Electors of No. 2 Ward, City of Revelstoke.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

I have to intimate that, at the request of numerous ratepayers I am in the field as candidate for Alderman for No. 2 Ward, and beg to request the favor of your support on my behalf at the poll on Thursday, Jan. 17th. If returned I can assure you it will be my endeavor to advance the best interests of the city.

Your obedient servant,
H. J. McSORLEY.

IF YOU CAN'T SEE CLEARLY

better consult us. You may need a pair of glasses or spectacles. We know. If you don't need any we will tell you so. But do not neglect your eyes—they may neglect you later on. A reminder "an ounce of prevention" and what follows. Everything optical here; but spectacles to order a specialty.

HASTINGS, DOYLE AND ALLUM

J. A. DAVIDSON, MERCHANT TAILOR

Carries the best Line of Goods to be had from GLESCA, HAWICK, GALASHIELS, JEDBURGH, MANCHESTER, HUDDERSFIELD, STROUDE AND LONDON.

MACKENZIE AVE., · REVELSTOKE B. C

McKinnon & Sutherland

DEALERS IN
Gent's Furnishings
Boots and Shoes, Etc.
AGENT FOR
Fit-Reform Wardrobe

First St. Op. Union Hotel

GOOD BUYS

Dwelling and Lot, Second Street	$2,000
Dwelling and Lot, Second Street	1,700
Dwelling and Lots, Third Street	4,200
Dwelling and Lots, (corner) Fifth Street	3,200
Double Corner, Second Street, near Y.M.C.A.	600
Lots on Second St., east of McKenzie Ave., each	250
Lots on Third St., east of McKenzie Ave., each	200
Lots on Fourth St., east of McKenzie Ave., each	175
Lots on Fifth St., east of McKenzie Ave., each	150

SIBBALD AND FIELD
INSURANCE NOTARIES PUBLIC LOANS

WATCH OUR SMOKE!!

Having just received a large shipment of Pipes, Imported Cigars, confectionery, stationery and Tobacco, we are now prepared to fill your orders with the highest grade goods at the lowest prices in the City.

THE REVELSTOKE CIGAR STORE
OPPOSISE CLIMAX HOTEL

Subscribe for Mail-Herald