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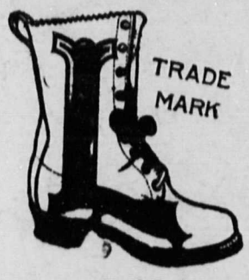
VOL. 2 TROUT LAKE CITY, B.C., Aug. 16, 1906 No. 42.



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Box 75. - Nelson, B.C.

Notice is hereby given that within two months from the first publication hereof in the British Columbia Gazette, I intend to apply to the hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for special licenses to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in West Kootenay:

No. 1. Commencing at a post planted on the north bank of South Fork of Lardeau creek, and about ¼ of a mile above Five Mile mill, marked O. W. Abrahamson's N.E. corner post, thence south 80 chains thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to the point of commencement.

Located June 26th, 1906.

O. W. Abrahamson, locator.

No. 2 Commencing at a post planted on the north bank of South Fork of Lardeau creek and about 100 yards from 8 mile bridge marked O. W. Abrahamson's north east corner post, thence south 40 chains, thence west 160 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 160 chains, to the point of commencement.

Located June 26th, 1906.

O. W. Abrahamson, locator.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situated at Trout Lake, West Kootenay District, and commencing at a post marked E. L. Masterson's N.W. corner, thence south 20 chains, thence east 20 chains, more or less to shore of Trout Lake thence northerly along lake shore to south-east corner post of Lot 190, thence west along line of Lot 190 to post of commencement, containing 40 acres more or less.

Dated 2nd Aug., 1906.

E. L. Masterson.

Notice is hereby given that within two months from the first publication hereof in the British Columbia Gazette, I intend to apply to the hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for special licenses to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in West Kootenay:

No. 1. Commencing at a post planted on the north side of the Lardeau river, about one mile from Gerrard, marked C. L. Copp's north west corner post, thence east 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 40 chains to point of commencement.

Located July 16th, 1906.

C. L. Copp, Locator

Sixty days after date I intend to apply to the hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situate in Galena Bay, Upper Arrow Lake, W. Kootenay district. Commencing at a post marked T. Watson's N.E. corner post, thence north 20 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south twenty chains, thence east forty chains to point of commencement and containing eighty acres more or less.

Frank L. Paddon.

July 18th, 1906.

Let us figure On Your JOB PRINTING

Notice is hereby given that sixty days from the first publication hereof in the British Columbia Gazette, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in West Kootenay:

No. 1. Commencing at a post planted on the east side of Haley creek emptying into the Lardo river, about two miles from its mouth. marked C. L. Copp's southeast corner post," thence 80 chains west, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, to the point of commencement.

Located Juue 11th, 1906.

C. L. Copp, locator.

No. 2. Commencing at a post planted on the east side of Haley creek, about 4½ miles from its mouth, marked C. L. Copps' north-east corner post," thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, 80 chains to the point of commencement.

Located June 9th, 1906.

C. L. Copp, locator.

No. 3. Commencing at a post planted on the east side of Haley creek, marked C L Copp's north east corner post," thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains back to the point of commencement.

Located Jnne 9, 1906.

C. L. Copp, locator

No. 4. Commencing at a post planted on the west side of Haley creek, about 6½ miles from its mouth marked C L Copp's north-east corner post," thence thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south, thence east 80 chains, thence 80 chains back to the point of commencement.

Located June 9, 1906.

C. L. Copp, locator.

No. 5. Commencing at a post planted on the east side of Haley creek, about 7½ miles from its mouth, marked C L Copp's north-east corner post, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south, thence east 80 chains, thence 80 chains to the point of commencement.

Located June 9, 1906.

C. L. Copp, locator.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days from the first publication hereof in the British Columbia Gazette, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in West Kootenay:

No. 1. Commencing at a post planted on the east side of Tenderfoot creek, about 2½ miles from its mouth, emptying in the Lardo river, marked C L Copp's south-west corner post," thence east 80 chains, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains to the point of commencement.

Located June 20, 1906.

C. L. Copp, locator.

No. 2. Commencing at a post planted on the east side of Tenderfoot creek, about 3½ miles from its mouth, marked C L Copp's south-west corner post, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains north, thence west 80 chains, thence 80 chains to the point of commencement.

Located June 20, 1906

C. L. Copp, locator.

No. 3. Commencing at a post planted on the east side of Tenderfoot creek, about 3¾ miles from its mouth, marked C L Copp's north-east corner post. thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains. thence 80 chains to point of commencement.

Located June 20, 1906.

C. L. Copp, locator.

No. 4. Commencing at a post planted on the west side of Tenderfoot creek, about 4½ miles from its mouth, marked C L Copp's south-west corner post, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains north, thence west 80 chains, thence 80 chains to point of commencement.

Located June 20th, 1906.

C. L. Copp, locator.

No. 5. Commencing at a post planted on the east side of Tenderfoot creek, about 5½ miles from its mouth, marked C L Copp's southwest corner post, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains to point of commencement.

Located June 20, 1906.

C. L. Copp, locator.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days from the first publication hereof in the British Columbia Gazette, I intend to apply to the Hon Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in West Kootenay;

Commencing at a post planted on the south side of the Lardo river, abont half a mile from the river and 1½ miles irom Gerrard marked C. L. Copp's northeast corner post. thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south. thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains to the point of commencement.

Located June 21st, 1906.

L. C. Copp, locator.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situate in W. Kootenay District: Commencing at an initial post planted at the foot of the mountain on the north side of Lardeau river, about one half mile west of the bridge across said river at Poplar and marked "Rhoda Hodge's north-west corner post," thence south 20 chains, thence east 100 chains, thence north 20 chains, thence west 100 chains to the point of commencement, containing 200 acres more or less.

Dated 28th June, 1906.

July 5-06. RHODA HODGE.

E. A. Haggen.

Revelstoke, B. C.

Stock, Share and Financial Broker

Real Estate and Insurance.

TIMBER AND MINES

Fire, Life, Accident, Health, Guarantee and Employers Liability Insurance.

Sole representative for Non-Combine Insurance Companies in Trout Lake, Ferguson, Beaton and Camborne.

Correspondence promptly attended to.

ARROWHEAD MILL SOLD

PURCHASED BY EASTERN CAPITALISTS THIS WEEK

PRICE PAID NEARLY THREE-QUARTERS OF A MILLION

It was reported here yesterday that the Aorowhead Lumber Co. operating the mill at Arrowhead, the largert concern of the kind in the interior, has disposed of its pro property, including the mill and timber limits, to an American syndicate headed by C R. Lamb,. of Minneapolis, who with John Pilsbury and a party of tourists was at the Strathcona on Wednesday last.

It is added that when Mr Avery was attending the meeting of the Mountain Lumbermen's association here on Wednesday he stated that the Lamb Syndicate had had cruisers out estimating the value of the limits for some time, that a price had been quoted but the deal had not been closed.

According to information received here last night the deal has since been closed and while no definite figure was named it is understood the property changed hands at about three-quarters of a million.—Nelson News.

Jake Schmitt is doing assessment work on the Fidelity group. Pastor Scott accompanied him to help him hold the drill.

Mrs. J. A. Griffith who has been seriousy ill for the past two weeks is, we are pleased to say, making good headway towards recovery.

Johnny Hickman came in on Wednesday from Camborne.

NOTICE.

Sealed tenders, marked "Tender for Timber Limits, Woodberry Creek," will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Saturday the 11th day of August, 1906, from any person desiring to obtain special timber licenses to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situate on the North Fork of Woodberry creek, in the Ainsworth Mining Division of West Kootenay District:—

Lot 1.—Commencing at a stake planted on the North Fork of Woodberry creek, about five miles from Kootenay Lake; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to the point of commencement.

Lot 2.—Commencing at a stake planted on the North Fork of Woodberry creek, about six milesfrem Kootenay Lake; thence south 80 chains; thenee west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to the point of commencement.

Lot 3.—Commencing at a stake planted on the North Fork of Woodberry creek. about seven miles from Kootenay Lake; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to the point of commencement.

Lot 4.—Commencing at a stake planted on the North Fork of Woodberry creek, about eight miles from Kootenay Lake; thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to the point of commencement,

The person offering the highest cash bonus will be entitled to special licenses covering the limits, renewable for twenty-one successive years.

Each tender must be accompanied by a certified cheque, made payable at par in Victoria to the undersigned, for the amount, $400.00, of the first year's fees for such special licences, and the amount of the bonus tendered, and also a certified cheque for $30.00 for cost of advertising said limits.

NEIL F. MACKAY,

Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works.

Lands and Works Department,

Victoria, B.C., July 19th 1906.

A decision of great interest to employers and employees has been given by the full court at Victoria in the appeal of the Canadian Timber Co. from a decision of Mr. Justice Morrison.

In 1904 John B Henderson, of Nelson, B.C., was employed by the Canadian Timber Company to manage one of their mills, at a salary of $125 a month, and if his services proved sanisfactory on the completion of the mill he was to receive an increase in salary. The mill was completed in July, 1904, and on August 4, Henderson was dismissed without notice, notwithstanding the fact that Henderson had been given to understand that his services had been satisfactory. Henderson sued the company for damages and Mr Justice Morrison decided that he was entitled to three months notice and gave judgment awarding Henderson $375. The Canadian Timber Co. appealed to the full court and their appeal was dismissed.

Mr. Justice Irving, in his judgment finds that Henderson was entitled to notice and says: "It seems such an extraordinary thing that there should be any difficulty in an everyday case of this kind, but the multitude and diversity of decistons makes it an embarrassing one to deal with."

The earlier cases proceeded on the assumption that if a master hired a servant without mentioning the time, that was a general hiring and therefore a hiring for a year; but the modern method is to determine each case as a question of facts upon its own circumstances, Mr E P. Davies appeared for the Canadian Timber Co. and Henderson was represented by S. S. Taylor of Nelson.

Man Drowned at Arrowhead

Arrowhead, Aug. 11.—Aboui 3 o'clock this afternoon when the C. P. R. river steamer Rossland was half a mile from the dock here a man named Harry Lake of Sandon, jumped, or fell, overboard and was drowned. Boats were immediately lowered from the steamer and a specially close search was made but no trace of the unfortunate man could be found'

Sandon, Aug 11.—Harry Lake who was drowned off the steamer Rossland to-day near Arrowhead dock, left here yesterday for Seattle. He stayed at Nakusp all yesterday, He was born in Oregon and belonged to the Miners union.

Lake did not take up work here but dressed well and appeared to have plenty of ready money; he however seemed to be bothered about some matters and it was noted here, and at Nakusp as well, that the man appeared to be despondent.

The proprietor of the Grand hotel at Nakusp missed Lake last night after 7 o'clock and noted that Lake did not take his breakfast or dinner to-day.

The Miners' union here are trying to locate Lake's friends.

HIGHLY PLEASED

EXPERT EMMENS GOES AWAY WELL SATISFIED

BOTH SILVER DOLLAR AND BROADVIEW STOOD THE TEST

Newton W, Emmens, M. E. left this morning for his home in Pittsburg, Pa', Mr Emmens has completed his exhaustive examination of the Silver Dollar and feels more than ever convinced that this property is destined to be a large producer. The values average well all across the face of the big lead in the drift and from the surface of other veins very encouraging results were obtained. He has laid out an extensive plan of development for the future which will be commenced as soon as the air drills are in shape to operate. The compressor is ready but the air-pipe to complete the pipe line has not yet arrived otherwise it is it is likely the drills would now be in commission, The aerial tram is progressing as fast as possible and everything else is advancing proportionately. Mr Emmens speaks very highly of the Silver Dollar and feels that it will amply repay its owners for the large expenditure they are put to in bringing it it the producing state.

Asked as to the Broadview situated in the Trout Lake district, which Mr. Emmens and associates bonded last week, he stated that he would be back from Pittsburg in about a month and would give that property his personal attention. It being his intention to take up his residence in Trout Lake. He thinks well of the Broadyiew, and expects to prove it to be one of the best properties in this section.

Rambler ore body Located

The welcome news was received here last night that what is believed to be the looked for ore body in the famous Rambler tunnel has been definitely located. The tunnel in question is over a mile long and was commenced nearly three years ago. When it was completed early this year it was announced that the expected ore body had not been reached and a natural slump in the stock followed. The dispatch appended states that a vein eight feet wide highly mineralized and carrying high grade ore has been reached in an upraise from the tunnel but that more work will have to be done before the value of the discovery can be properly estimated. The news has caused a sensation and further developments are eagerly awaited.

LOCAL MINING.

NOTES OF INTEREST TO THOSE WATCHING TROUT LAKE MINING DIVISION.

The developments of the past two weeks is indicative of the coming prosperity of the Trout Lake mining division, During the early part of the season matters seemed to drag along and many were prone to get disheartened. Much has been said and written concerning our progress, some blaming the company promoter, others the claim owner others the lack of transportation &c., but all seemed to be agreed on the fact that we have the ore and it was only a matter of getting it out and turning it into current coin of the realm. The resumption of work by the Reward Co, has given an impetus to the faint-hearted in the northern part of the division, and with the Silver Cup shipping steadily 100 tons of high grade ore per month the outlook is very favorable. It is also a certainty that the Triune will reopen with a full force. The bonding of the Broadview is looked on by many as one of the best deals ever made, as far as the development of the country is concerned. It is a well known fact that the Great Northern hill, on which the last named property is located, has immense bodies of low grade ore and that it will take money to put in the necessary plant and do sufficient dead work to work economically and profitably. Mr. Emmons who will have charge of the operations and who as a Mining Engineer has a full idea of the responsibilities of the work, informed a representative of the "Review" that he would spend at least $200,000.00 before attempting to pay profits. This means the employment of a large number of men as well as the erection of a concentration plant, tramway &c It might be stated here that the large free milling quartz dike has been tested by Mr. Emmons and found to contain values which will pay good profits. This is outside of the deposits of galena and copper. At Trout Lake the Lucky Boy is being operated along development lines by a good force of men. The management of this property are only shiping what ore is being met with in the development.

Eva clean up

The monthly clean up at the Eva mill took place on the first of the month and as a result bullion to the value of $4,000 was obtained and concentrates yielded of an estimated value of $400

Mammoth looks good.

The vein of ore that was discovered on the Mammoth group a few weeks ago by S R. Verschoyle is proving to be much more extensive and valuable than surface showings indicated. The ore has been gone down on for several feet, the ore body increasing in size with depth, and it is now about two feet in width. The ore is silver-lead galena carrying a large percentage of grey copper. The values contained are not known, but from appearance it is apparent that the yield per ton will be very large. Three hundred sacks of ore are now at the property ready for shipment, and the pack train brings down a full load at every trip.

W. Baty returned Wednesday from his claims at five mile on the Lake, where he has been doing assessment work. Bill says the property is looking fine and expects to make a turn on it before the season is out.

Geo. N. Alexander of the Ferguson Mines came up Wednesday night.

THE MAKERS OF

"A Leckie Boot"

Are "Old Timers" of the West.

They know to a nicety, the climatic and geographical conditions that call for a special class of footwear to meet these conditions.

Eastern shoe men cannot know these things from mere hearsay

They must live "out west" —get "the local color" as it were—become steeped in western experience and knowledge obtainable only by living the life of a Westerner, before they can hope to make satisfactory footwear for the strenuous life of the toiler in western forests, fields and mines.

"THE LECKIE BOOT" is a western product for western people.

Look for the trade mark upon the sole.

MANUFACTURED BY

J. Leckie Co.

Ltd.

VANCOUVER, B. C.

Local and General.

John Croft who in partnership with H. I. Mcdonald has been logging for the Bowman Lumber Co at Beaton, met with a severe accident a few days ago. While putting the last log into the boom it got away from him and catching him, broke his leg in two places. The unfortunate man was hurried to the Arrowhead hospital where his injnries were attended to. He is now doing as well as could be expected.

Doctor and Mrs. Robinson left Wednesday morning for Toronto. While away the Doctor will attend the Medical convsntion.

J. J. Atherton left on Friday morning ror a trip to Sandon. We understand Joe is going to resuscitate the Sandon Standard. We wish him all kinds of success and can congratulate the citizens of that burg in getting a good live man at the editorial helm.

Noah Abrahamson has been laid up tnis week with bad hip trouble.

Ed Vipond left Monday morning for Spokane on a business trip

Miss Julia Edwards went to Revelstoke on Tuesday morning to visit her relatives there.

The two Alecs, McLean and Underwood, are putting in some work on the Badshot group, up Gainer creek.

The ladies of the Anglican church gave a very enjoyable concert last Saturday evening. The program while short was excellently rendered and well received. After the concert an hour or so of dancing was indulged in, every person enjoying themselves thoroughly. A large number came up from Gerrard to participate. The following is the program:

Pianoforte Duet. Miss Marjorie Fraser and Miss Alice Murray.

Song. The Irish Emigrant. Miss Hoe.

Song. Down The Vale. F. E. Groffman.

Song In the Shadows of the Rockies she is sleeping. Miss L. Bedell.

Pianoforte Solo, Miss L. Griffith.

Song. When the Children are Asleep. Mrs. Murray

Song. Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep. G. A. Cheesman.

Accompanist. Mrs. Wilkie.

R. S. Wright, C. P. R. Auditor is around on his usual trip of inspection.

The Hon. R. F. Green is expected in a day or two.

Labor Day Sports

In TROUT LAKE CITY

Log Rolling Horse Racing

Drilling Contest

Caledonia Sports Caledonia Sports

For further particulars see future announcements.

The Passing Of Romance

By W. Crawford Sherlock

Copyright, 1906, by Beatrix Reade

"John, I think it is just dreadful."

"What is that, Mary?" Mr. Atkins laid down his paper with an ill suppressed sigh and turned to his wife, who was busily sewing on the opposite side of the table.

"There you are again, John," returned Mrs. Atkins impatiently. "Frowning like a thunder cloud just because I dared to interrupt your reading that evening paper. It's always the same thing. You have become as settled in your ways as if you were sixty. Now, I think it is dreadful to let ourselves get that way when we've only been married fifteen years."

"What would you suggest, dear?" asked her husband, feeling that the only possible hope he had of resuming his paper lay in mild methods. "I have been under the impression that we were rather a model couple."

"Why, we've lost all the romance of life," retorted his wife. "When we first met, and even after we were married, we used to take nice long walks and drives or go to the theater often. Now we don't do anything but sit around in the evenings, you reading your paper and I sewing until bedtime. It is not right."

Mr. Atkins did not reply, neither did he resume his paper. His wife's remarks had awakened memories of pleasant days of long ago, yet, pleasant as those days had been, the present life suited him better. He loved his home. To him it was the oasis where he could come after a strenuous day in the desert of business life. The quiet smoke and the evening paper after supper, when the children were snug in bed, were sources of keen enjoyment. Being a just man, however, he began to consider the other side of the question. His wife had strenuous days, too, in the home, yet evenings brought no change to her, as it did to him. No wonder she yearned for the romance of former days. She must have some relief from the dull monotony of home life, and he resolved to see to it.

Accordingly the next morning Mr. Atkins purchased tickets for the night performance at the theater. Mrs. Atkins just bubbled over with joy at the

SHE CLUNG TO HER HUSBAND'S ARM AS THEY WALKED DOWN THE STREET.

prospect and became quite girlish as she prepared for the unusual occasion. She clung to her husband's arm as they walked down the street and nestled close to him in the car. The fifteen years of married life were forgotten. The four little Atkinses, slumbering peacefully at home, faded away for the first time in their short lives from their mother's thoughts. Once again was was a blushing girl seated by her lover's side.

The first act of the play was finished, and Mrs. Atkins still dreamed. Then a horrible thought forced itself upon her. In her hurry to dress she had forgotten to give Tommy his medicine. The boy had been sick, and the doctor had told her on no account to fail to give the usual dose at night. This was enough. A crowd of thoughts of household cares surged upon her mind. Was little Mary covered up or had she thrown her covers off and the careless nurse failed to replace them? Had she placed the dough in a warm spot so that it would be light enough in the morning to bake? Had the butcher brought the meat for breakfast and the grocer sent the coffee? She could not remember anything pertaining to her home; she had been so flurried in preparing for the theater.

Romance fled for the time being at least. Mrs. Atkins became once more the mother and the housewife. Upon the plea of a headache she whispered her wish to return home, and her husband, weary of the play and hungry for his cigar and a glance at the evening paper, willingly accompanied her.

The following afternoon, in pursuance of his plan, Mr. Atkins hired a horse and buggy to take his wife out for a drive. Mrs. Atkins, having been previously advised of the arrangement, had so provided for her household duties and the care of the children that no perturbation of mind could possibly arise on those scores. With a buoyant heart she got into the buggy and they drove to the park. Mrs. Atkins felt that nothing could possibly mar the enjoyment of this occasion, but she again reckoned without her host. Time, those fifteen years, had changed her from a slender girl to a rather stout woman, and John had likewise developed into a very corpulent person.

The seat of the buggy was too small for the full enjoyment of the trip. Indeed, it soon became simply torture to Mrs. Atkins as they jolted over some rough places.

"John, I can't stand this any longer," she groaned as the buggy went over a bowlder lying in the road on her husband's side, and his weight pressed her against the side bar of the vehicle so forcibly that she felt sure her hip was dislocated.

"It's pretty rough," assented Mr. Atkins, who was equally as uncomfortable. "Let me slip back, and you sit on the edge of the seat. That'll give us more room."

This arrangement did fairly well for a time until Mrs. Atkins, sitting bolt upright, without any support for her back, began to feel the effects of her strained position. Her husband, thinking only of the days of long ago, placed his disengaged arm around her waist to support her, but his wife decidedly objected.

"It is broad daylight, John," she demurred. "What would people think if they saw us driving in the park in such a way? You forget we are old married people."

"That's what I thought you wanted to forget, Mary," observed her husband, rather relishing the turn affairs had taken.

"So I do," returned Mrs. Atkins severely, "but you know I never allowed you to put your arm around me when any one was present. I think we had better go home."

As they turned into the road that led homeward they noticed a mass of dark clouds that had gathered in the west. Mr. Atkins applied the whip freely, but the liveryman had selected a horse suitable for the use of a middle aged couple, and all the efforts at fast driving were in vain. The big drops began to fall, and then the storm broke in all its fury. They were a mile away from shelter, and Mrs. Atkins would not let her husband drive beneath the overhanging branches of a tree for fear of lightning. The rubber laprobe and the side and back curtains had been forgotten by the man who harnessed up the team. The result was unpleasant. A limp, disconsolate couple alighted at the Atkins home just as the storm broke and the sun streamed forth again.

"Mary," said Mr. Atkins the next morning at the breakfast table, "we've tried the theater and the driving, but they didn't seem to bring as keen enjoyment as they did in years past. This evening we'll take a nice, long walk and see how that works."

"Indeed we won't," declared his wife stifling a groan as a twinge of rheumatism made its presence known. "I've had enough, thank you, and, in future, intend to conduct myself as a woman of forty should do. No more playing I'm young and giddy again for me."

"Thank God," returned Mr. Atkins, fervently and piously.

"I'm pretty stiff myself from that ducking I got last night, but I was determined to get romantic again if I could."

A True Ghost Story.

A lady I met in Ireland related the following facts to me just as they occurred. She was staying at a house near Bardon, County Cork. One evening she was walking up the long carriage drive to the house—it was bright moonlight and nearly as light as day—when she saw a tall figure coming down the narrow footpath beside the "drive" toward her. On coming closer she saw it-was a man dressed all in black, wearing a tall silk hat, and she wondered who it could be. His head was bent forward so that the face was in shadow, but as they came close to each other he raised his head and looked at her and showed the most horrible face imaginable. With a gasp of terror, she stepped off the path, and at the same moment he did the same and, putting out a clawlike hand, touched her arm, and as she shrieked out in fear he completely vanished. She did not see him go, but he dissolved like mist. His face was not like that of a human being, and the horror of it was quite indescribable. Her arm that the specter touched was paralyzed and remained so for two weeks after. This apparition had been seen by other people, but only at a distance, and but few believed the stories current about the place being "haunted."—Occult Review.

The Greek Die.

The gold or silver blank, carefully weighed and roughly forged, was heated to redness and laid by tongs on the die. The top was then adjusted and the impression made by mighty blows with a smith's hammer. As no collar was used and all register neglected, the shape, but not the weight, of each coin varied. Parts of the device were often lost. Sometimes the edge of the metal cracked, and very frequently the impression doubled. Later on a hinged adjustment of the dies was used. Greek dies were not made of steel, but of hardened bronze. They soon wore and needed continual restoration and deepening. The die sculptors were therefore constantly at work on them. Careful examinations shows that the dies were mostly cut with a wheel, like gems, not with graving tools. This retouching of the matrices explains the numerous minute variations in duplicates of the same coins. Very few are found exactly alike. On the other hand, it must not be supposed that these exquisite works of art are always much defaced. The hoarding instinct has concealed many that had just left the mint and that preserve all their pristine exquisite sharpness. One of the loveliest of the Syracusan coins was found under some lava in Sicily as perfect as on the day it was struck.

Fame.

Stranger (in Vienna)—Then this is the hotel which Beethoven used to frequent! I say, waiter, can you not show me the table at which Beethoven used to sit? Waiter—Beethoven? Stranger—Why, he very often came here! Waiter (bethinking himself)—Ah, yes! The gentleman is out of town.

Japanese Oysters.

Oysters are so plentiful in the inland sea of Japan that they are sold in the restaurants of that country for 5 cents per dozen.

An Oddity In Toes and Digits.

There is one curious fact respecting the animal creation with which you will never become acquainted if you depend on your text books for information. It is this: No living representative of the animal kingdom has more than five toes, digits or claws to each foot, hand or limb. The horse is the type of one toed creation; the camel of the two toed; the rhinoceros of the three toed and the hippopotamus of four toed animal life. The elephant and hundreds of other animals belonging to different orders belong to the great five toed tribe.

VICTORIA FALLS.

Called "the Most Beautiful Gem of the Earth's Scenery."

The Zambezi river, carrying a huge volume of water two miles in width, as it reaches the western borders of Rhodesia precipitates itself into a cavernous gorge and thus traverses the northern plains of the country.

This great drop in the river has produced "the most beautiful gem of the earth's scenery," the Victoria falls. Almost twice as broad as Niagara and two and a half times as high, an immense mass of water rolls over its edge to precipitate itself in magnificent splendor 400 sheer feet into the narrow canyon below.

Undeterred, the Rhodesian engineers, without detracting from the natural beauty of the surroundings, threw across the canyon a splendid 650 foot cantalever bridge and thus opened the way to Tanganyika, to Uganda, to Cairo.

This bridge, the greatest railway engineering triumph of Africa, deserves more than passing notice. It consists of a central span weighing approximately 1,000 tons, 500 feet in length and 30 feet wide. The steel work is of rolled steel weighing 490 pounds to the cubic foot. The end posts of the bridge are over 100 feet long. The pull on the anchorage apparatus is about 400 tons.

The contract for the construction was obtained by an English firm of bridge builders—the contract time fifty-five weeks. The work of erection was carried on from both banks, the material being taken across the river by means of an aerial electric railway. The electrical conveyor of this cable way was capable of dealing with a ten ton load at a lifting speed of twenty feet per minute and a traversing speed of 300 feet a minute.

An initial difficulty in the construction of the bridge was the securing of a firm foundation, and owing to the crumbling nature of the bank a much greater quantity of concrete was necessary than estimated.

The construction was happily unattended by accidents of a serious nature, though a few slight accidents to body work and the replacing from England of one piece of steel work were recorded. In spite of these delays the bridge was linked up at 7 a. m. on April 1, 1905, or exactly forty-eight hours earlier than had been estimated a year before.—Lieutenant Colonel Sir Percy Girouard in Scribner's.

Cured Him.

"I wish my husband would not stay out at night," said the little woman.

"Cure him," said her companion, "as a woman I know cured her husband, who used to stay out every night. One night he came in very late, or, rather, very early, about 3 o'clock in the morning. He came home very quietly. In fact, he took off his shoes on the front doorstep. Then he unlocked the door and went cautiously and slowly upstairs on tiptoe, holding his breath. But light was streaming through the keyhole of the door of the bedroom. With a sigh, he paused. Then he opened the door and entered. His wife stood by the bureau fully dressed.

"'I didn't expect you'd be sitting up for me, my dear,' he said.

"'I haven't been," she said. 'I just came in myself.'"

Presence of Mind.

Mme. Rachel, the great actress, was resting alone in her dressing room one night preparatory to going on the stage when a man suddenly entered and, drawing a dagger, said he was going to kill her if she did not at once consent to marry him. The actress saw at a glance that the man was mad and meant what he said. So with the utmost coolness she replied: "Certainly I will marry you. I wish nothing better. Come with me to the priest at once. I have had him come here for the purpose." She took his arm, and they went out together—to where there was assistance, of course, and the man was immediately put under arrest.

Deduction by Analogy.

"Mamma, I's got a stomach ache," said Nellie Bly, six years old.

"That's because you've been without lunch. It's because your stomach is empty. You would feel better if you had something in it."

That afternoon the pastor called and in the course of conversation remarked that he had been suffering all day with a very severe headache.

"That's because it is empty," said Nellie. "You'd feel much better if you had something in it."

Time For Weaning.

"I trust your honor will excuse me this time," said a habitual drunkard at the police court. "It is my misfortune—I am a child of genius."

"And what is your age?" questioned the magistrate.

"Forty-two years."

"Then it is time you were weaned. You'll have to do ten days away from the bottle."

Such a Temper.

His Wife—But I don't think, George, that you ought to object to mamma. Why, just think, if it hadn't been for her you would never have had me! Her Husband—Huh! Don't try to excuse her by saying that. You make me hate her worse than ever.

Doing Their Best.

"Didn't I understand you to say they keep a servant girl?"

"Certainly not. I said they try to. As soon as one goes they get another."

Speech is too often not, as the Frenchman defined it, the art of concealing thought, but of quite stifling and suspending thought, so that there is none to conceal.—Carlyle.

Misunderstood.

Farmer—Where have you been all this time? And where's the old chestnut mare? Didn't you have her shod, as I told you? Jarge—Shod! Law, ne, master! I bin a-buryin' she. Didn't I think thee said "shot?"—London Globe.

Energy of will is the soul of every great character. Where it is there is resolute character; where it is not there is faintness, with effeminacy, despondency, neglect of duty and failure. "The strong man and the waterfall," says a proverb, "channel their own path."

A JOCULAR MONARCH.

Ivan the Terrible Had Cold Blooded Notions About Jesting.

Ivan the Terrible forgot neither his devotions nor his diversions. His palace alternately resounded with praying and carousing. For his pastime bears were brought from Novgorod. When from his window he perceived a group of citizens collected he let slip two or three of these ferocious animals, and his delight on beholding the flight of the terrified creatures, and especially on hearing the cries of the victims, was unbounded. His bursts of laughter were loud and long continued. To console those who were maimed for life he would sometimes send each of them a small piece of gold.

Another of his chief amusements was in the company of jesters, whose duty it was to divert him, especially before and after any executions, but they often paid dearly for an unseasonable joke.

Among these none was more distinguished than Prince Gvosdef, who held a high rank at court.

The czar, being one day dissatisfied with a jest, poured over the prince's head the boiling contents of a soup basin. The agonized wretch prepared to retreat from the table, but the tyrant struck him with a knife, and he fell senseless to the floor. Dr. Arnolph was instantly called.

"Save my good servant!" cried the czar. "I have jested with him a little too hard."

"So hard," replied the other, "that only God and your majesty can restore him to life. He no longer breathes."

Ivan expressed his contempt, called the deceased favorite a dog and continued his amusements.

Another day, while he sat at table, the waywode of Staritza, Boris Titof, appeared, bowed to the ground and saluted him after the customary manner.

"God save thee, my dear waywode. Thou deservest a proof of my favor."

He seized a knife and cut off an ear. Titof thanked the czar for his gracious favor and wished him a happy reign.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF LOVE.

Love is kindly and deceitless.—Yeats.

Love can sun the realms of night.—Schiller.

They do not love that do not show their love.—Shakespeare.

Love's a thing that's never out of season.—Barry Cornwall.

He that shuts out love in turn shall be shut out by love.—Tennyson.

The greatest miracle of love is the cure of coquetry.—La Rochefoucauld.

Love is master of the wisest; it is only fools that defy him.—Thackeray.

Love never dies of starvation, but often of indigestion.—Ninon de l'Enclos.

The magic of first love is the ignorance that it can ever end.—Beaconsfield.

Man's love is of man's life a thing apart; 'tis woman's whole existence.—Byron.

It is impossible to love a second time when we have once really ceased to love.—La Rochefoucauld.

Bulow's Wonderful Memory.

Bulow had a wonderful memory, as was evidenced by his astonishing feat of memorizing Kiel's concerto, which the man who wrote it could not accompany without notes. His accuracy was almost infallible. He was once rehearsing a composition of Liszt's for orchestra in that composer's presence without notes. Liszt interrupted to say that a certain note should have been played piano. "No," replied Bulow, "it is sforzando." "Look and see," persisted the composer. The score was produced. Bulow was right. How everybody did applaud! In the excitement one of the brass wind players lost his place. "Look for a b flat in your part," said Bulow, still without his notes. "Five measures farther on I wish to begin."

The Word "Asphalt."

Of deceitful ancestry is the word "asphalt." Apparently it means "not slippery." The Greeks themselves were tempted to derive "asphaltos" from "a," not, and "sphallo," make to fall or slip. However, the word is really of unknown barbarian origin—Phoenician, some say. Asphalt was in use very early in history. It is said to have been the slime with which the infant Moses' ark of bulrushes was daubed and which the builders of the tower of Babel used instead of mortar.

Butchery In War.

In one of the Du Guesclin's victories so many English were taken captive that even the humblest soldier among the French had one or more prisoners. The victors, however, fell to quarreling, and, ill feeling becoming rife in the French army in consequence of these quarrels over the prisoners, Du Guesclin ordered all the captives to be butchered, and the brutal order was carried out.

CULTIVATING THE CHILD.

How Any Trait May Be Fixed In a Normal Human Being.

There is not a single desirable attribute which, lacking in a plant, may not be bred into it. Choose what improvement you wish in a flower, a fruit or a tree, and by crossing, selection, cultivation and persistence you can fix this desirable trait irrevocably. Pick out any trait you want in your child, granted that he is a normal child, be it honesty, fairness, purity, lovableness, industry, thrift, what not. By surrounding this child with sunshine from the sky and your own heart, by giving the closest communion with nature, by feeding him well balanced, nutritious food, by giving him all that is implied in healthful environmental influences and by doing all in love you can thus cultivate in this child and fix there for all his life all of these traits—naturally not always to the full in all cases at the beginning of the work, for heredity will make itself felt first, and, as in the plant under improvement, there will be certain strong tendencies to reversion to former ancestral traits, but in the main with the normal child you can give him all these traits by patiently, persistently guiding him in these early formative years.

And, on the other side, give him foul air to breathe, keep him in a dusty factory or an unwholesome schoolroom or a crowded tenement up under the hot roof; keep him away from the sunshine, take away from him music and laughter and happy faces, cram his little brains with so called knowledge, all the more deceptive and dangerous because made so apparently adaptable to his young mind; let him have associates in his hours out of school, and at the age of ten you have fixed in him the opposite traits. He is on his way to the gallows. You have perhaps seen a prairie fire sweep through the tall grass across a plain. Nothing can stand before it; it must burn itself out. That is what happens when you let the weeds grow up in a child's life and then set fire to them by wrong environment.—Luther Burbank in Century.

THE GOLDFINCH.

Changes In Plumage That Are Puzzling to the Novice.

Most every one in America is acquainted with the goldfinch, but many people know the bird by the name of lettuce bird on account of its bright yellow color. Goldfinch is a very appropriate name, as the bright yellow of the male when in breeding plumage is like burnished gold. The female goldfinch is more modestly dressed than her mate. The changes in plumage of the male are very interesting and to the novice somewhat puzzling. Until the student becomes acquainted with the bird he may wonder why he sees no males during the winter. The truth is at this season the flocks of supposed female goldfinches are really of both sexes, the male bird having assumed in the previous fall, usually by the end of October, a plumage closely resembling that of the female and young bird of the year. The male retains this inconspicuous dress until late in February, when one can notice a gradual change taking place in some of the birds. This renewal of feathers is actively continued through March and April, and by the first of May our resplendent bird is with us again. The song period with the male goldfinch continues as long as he wears his gold and black livery, for it commences as early as the middle of March and ends late in August. Goldfinches are very cleanly in their habits and bathe frequently. Their nests are exquisite pieces of bird architecture, the inside being lined with the softest plant down. The mother bird is the builder, her handsome consort during the nest building time devoting most of his efforts to singing to cheer his industrious mate.

Grant's Presence of Mind.

An instance of great presence of mind was narrated by John Russell Young, says a writer in the Grand Magazine. Once during the civil war, when Grant was in subordinate command, he was reconnoitering alone near the enemy's lines. Suddenly he found himself confronted by one of the Confederates' pickets, who was for arresting him. "Sho! Sho!" said Grant, with the utmost coolness. "Can't you see I am reconnoitering in the enemy's uniform? Don't make a noise. I shall be back directly." And he walked away quietly until out of the picket's sight, then ran as nimbly as he could.

A Cautious Lover.

A correspondent of the London Globe tells of a gilded youth who left instructions at a jeweler's shop for the inscription of an engagement ring he had just bought. He wanted it inscribed, "From Bertie to Maud." As he left he turned back and added as an after thought, "I shouldn't—eh—cut 'Maud' too deep, don't you know."

Active Liver, Good Digestion

And There is no More Prompt and Certain Means of Keeping The Liver Right Than

DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

In calling your attention to Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills it is only necessary to point to their success in the past, for they are known in nearly every home.

By means of their direct and specific action on the liver—causing a healthful flow of bile—they regulate and enliven the action of the bowels and ensure good digestion in the intestines. At the same time they stimulate the kidneys in their work of filtering poisons from the blood.

This cleansing process set in action by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills means a thorough cure for biliousness, intestinal indigestion, torpid liver, kidney derangements and constipation.

It means a restoration of health, strength and comfort where there has been pain, weakness and suffering. It means a removal of the conditions which lead to backache, rheumatism, lumbago, Bright's Disease, appendicitis and diabetes.

Miss Julie Langlois, Manor, Sask., writes: "For a long time I suffered from liver complaint and could find nothing to help me until I used Dr Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I have recommended these pills to many of my friends and they have been well satisfied with results. You can use this letter for the benefit of women who are suffering as I did."

Mr. Duncan McPherson, Content, Alta., writes: "I was for many years troubled with indigestion and headache and derived no benefit from the many remedies I used. A friend advised the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and after taking four boxes the result is that I am once more in the full enjoyment of the blessings of good health."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

CONTROL OF ENERGY.

Is It Possible For the Human Race to Avert Extinction?

The only conceivable way in which the human intelligence can ever succeed in averting the "procession of the great year" is not by postponing the issue, but by reversing the process. The question is this: While energy is being dissipated in accordance with the natural law, can we so manipulate things as to accumulate energy, making the unavailable available—notwithstanding the fact that cosmic processes seem to be essentially irreversible? Now there is assuredly no inherent reason why we should not accomplish this. It is true that hitherto all the atomic evolution that has been observed is atomic disintegration. We may speak now, indeed, of the analysis of the elements. But so it was, we may remember, that the older chemistry began, and yet analytic chemistry was the precursor of synthetic chemistry. We began by breaking up compounds, but now we can make them—can, indeed, make compounds hitherto unknown in nature. Similarly, it is more than probable that we shall ere long learn to achieve the synthesis of the elements as well as their analysis. No energy is ever lost. Even when the radium atom, itself the child of the uranium atom, breaks down and dissipates its energy, ending, it is supposed, as the dull atom of lead, the original energies are not destroyed. Why should they not be gathered up again and thus again become available? Are matter and energy to go on their way, ultimately destroying the human race? For myself, I incline to the view that victory will rest at last with "man's unconquerable mind."—C. W. Saleeby, F. R. S., in Harper's Magazine.

LIZARDS OF BARBADOS.

They Can Change Color and Drop Their Tails at Will.

The green lizards which swarm on every tree certainly have the hardest life of any creatures in Barbados, since their flesh is so delicate that everything eats them which can catch them. Cats, fowls, birds, monkeys and snakes all devour the poor lizards, which have only two methods of defending themselves, both very inadequate for the purpose. One is their power of changing their color, whereby they can appear bright green at one moment on the leaf of an aloe and then dark chocolate brown on a piece of damp earth. If this does not conceal them from their enemy they drop their tails. The caudal appendage jumps from the ground and makes a frantic dance all by itself, and if the pursuer is deluded into seizing it the lizard avails itself of the chance to escape and grow another tail.

For the rest the poor lizards are harmless things, with pathetic eyes, in which lurks an expression of weariness and disillusion, as though they were as old as the world itself and had found it all vanity and vexation of spirit. They are fond of plaintive music and will enter at the open windows when a piano is playing and sit listening and nodding their queer flat heads and looking out of those wistful eyes at the player till he or she, if of an imaginative temperament, might fancy she were playing to an audience of transmigrated souls.—Chambers' Journal.

Cigar Smoke and Love.

In Siam the lighting of a cigar indicates a betrothal. In that country a person wishing to become betrothed to the girl of his choice offers her a flower or takes a light from a cigar or a cigarette if she happens to have one in her mouth, and thereupon, provided there is no impediment in the birth months and years of the respective parties, steps are at once taken to arrange for the payment of the dowry. The families of the bride and bridegroom have each to provide at least $1,000. In Calabria, as in certain parts of India, a lighted taper or a lighted pipe betokens the acceptance of the suitor for the hand of a lady in marriage. In Siberia it is the custom that when a suitor has been accepted by a girl she presents him with a box of cigars and a pair of slippers as a sign that he is to be master in the house.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

The university of Sofia is about to add instruction in English speech and literature to its curriculum, and the professor has to be chosen after competitive examinations.

Very many persons die annually from cholera and kindred summer complaints, who might have been saved if the proper remedies had been used. If attacked do not delay in getting a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellog's Dysentery Cordial, the medicine that never fails to effect a cure. Those who have used it say it acts promptly and thoroughly subdues the pain and disease.

Diplomatic.

"Mr. Gidsmore," began the young man, "when you proposed to your wife—or to the estimable lady who is now Mrs. Gidsmore—did she tell you to ask her father?

"She did, my boy," affably replied Mr. Gidsmore.

"And did you try to shirk the job?"

"Well, come to think of it, I did. I—I believe I tried to get her to do the asking, 'pon my soul. Ha, ha!"

"And when you did ask him—of course, you had to speak to him finally"——

"Of course I did. Of course."

"And when you did ask him, did your knees shake, and was your tongue dry, and did you have stage fright generally?"

"I was scared to death."

"Well, that's the way I feel. I told Gladys I knew I could find some mutual bond of sympathy between us when I came to tell you she has promised to marry me."

PILLS AND PILES

A prolific cause of Piles is the use of cathartics and pills of a drastic, violent nature, which is always followed by a reaction.

But no matter what the cause or what the kind of piles, Dr. Leonhardt's Hem-Roid can be relied upon to cure—to stay cured.

It's an internal remedy that removes the causes of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Suppurating Piles.

A guarantee goes with each package.

$1.00. All dealers, or the Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

18

$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

Sunlight Soap

is a perfect cleaner and will not injure anything.

Best for all household purposes, Sunlight Soap's superiority is most conspicuous in the washing of clothes.

Common soaps destroy the painted or varnished surfaces of woodwork and take the color out of clothes.

Even the daintiest linen or lace, or the most delicate colors may be safely washed with Sunlight Soap in the Sunlight way (follow directions).

Equally good with hard or soft water.

Your money refunded by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

How Is This For High?

Senator Clay, of Georgia, was once showing a constituent the sights of the national capital when the Washington Monument was reached.

"What do you think of it?" carelessly asked the Senator, as the constituent stood gazing in awe at the stately shaft.

"Senator," responded the Georgian gravely, "that's the darndest highest one-storey building I've ever seen!"—American Spectator.

KEEP CHILDREN WELL.

In thousands of homes throughout Canada there are bright, thriving children who have been made well and are kept well by the use of Baby's Own Tablets. In many homes parents say the medicine saved a precious little life. Dr. A. Danais, L. D. S., Riviere du Loup, Que., says: "At the age of five months we thought our little girl dying. Nothing we did for her helped her until we gave her Baby's Own Tablets, and only those who have seen her can realize what a change this medicine has wrought in our child. She is now about eighteen months old, eats well, sleeps well and is a lively, laughing child, and weighs 37 pounds. We always keep the Tablets in the house now for we know their great value." If mothers wish to feel absolutely safe they should keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house always. They cure all the minor ailments of children and are absolutely safe. Sold by medicine dealers or sent by mail at 25 cents a box by writing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Large bodies of excellent sandstone have been found in the banks of the Saskatchewan some sixty miles above Edmonton.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gents—I have used your MINARD'S LINIMENT in my family and also in my stables for years and consider it the best medicine obtainable.

Yours truly,

ALFRED ROCHAV.

Proprietor Roxton Pond Hotel and Livery Stables.

Insanity is infrequent in India, according to a blue book issued this week. In Bengal in 1904 the ratio of insane was 2.93 per 1,000 population, against 34.7 in England.

The superiority of Mother Graves's Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial.

"Good news!" cried the lawyer, waving a paper above his head. "I've secured a reprieve for you."

"A reprieve?" replied the convicted murderer indifferently.

"Why, yes; don't you see, you ought to be happy"——

"Ah!" replied the prisoner, gloomily, "that simply means a delay, and I've always been taught that delays are dangerous."—Catholic Standard and Times.

The Red Deer memorial hospital has been closed owing to lack of financial support, and the town authorities are considering ways and means of carrying on the work of the institution.

The Purest!
The Most Healthful!
The Most Delicious!

"SALADA"

CEYLON GREEN TEA
The Tea That Outclasses all Japans
Lead Packets Only, 40c, 50c, and 60c per lb. At all grocers.
Highest Award St. Louis 1904.

The Hair of Youth

Rich hair; heavy hair; long, luxuriant hair, without a single gray line in it! Hair that grows rapidly and does not fall out. The kind of hair that goes with Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

For the whiskers and moustache we make BUCKINGHAM'S DYE. It colors a rich brown or a soft black. R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

The Man Who Arrived

By CLAUDE PAMARES

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As Briggsville was a town of 2,000 inhabitants and boasted a fair hotel, there had been arrivals there by train for years, but they were what might be termed everyday arrivals. Drummers paid the town a visit; men when looking for an opportunity to go into business would come that way; strangers who didn't always unburden themselves to the inquisitive landlord would come and go. Each and every guest received more or less public notice, but dropped out of mind when he dropped out of sight.

The man who finally arrived slipped in so quietly that he had been a guest for three or four days before it was generally known that he was present. He walked up from the depot instead of riding in the bus and paying a quarter extra. He didn't make a rush for the bar as soon as he arrived. He didn't cuss the train for being late or cuss the town on account of the mudholes in the streets. He took the landlord into his confidence at once and explained that he was in poor health and might spend a month in recuperating. He ate supper and then sat down in the barroom and smoked and dozed and answered but few questions and asked none at all, and it was the general verdict before he went to bed that he didn't amount to shavings compared with other arrivals.

George K. Jones, as the man who arrived had given his name, moved about town for the next week without attracting any particular notice and without any one caring particularly about his health. The landlord of the hotel had just told a friend of his that Jones was apparently a softy, who had tired himself out in wondering why a coffee mill turned to the right instead of the left, when he was asked for a private interview. He instantly made up his mind that Jones wanted to stand him off, but he granted the request.

In two minutes there was a great transformation. Jones of the sleepy eyes and lagging feet became as alert as a fox. He acknowledged that he had registered under a false name; he confessed that he was not what he seemed; he owned up that he was at the head of a detective agency and ready to do business with his host on the most liberal terms. There hadn't been any crime of any account around Briggsville for several years, but this state of affairs could not last much longer. There would be a crime wave sweeping along pretty soon, and his agency wanted to be in it and make most of the arrests and receive most of the rewards.

He was there in advance of the wave to lay his wires. He wanted to make of the landlord a detective—a real old sleuth of the first order—and he had a printed commission duly dated and signed that would be exchanged for a twenty dollar bill. The landlord was to spot robbers and murderers as fast as they turned up and send in his reports and receive half the rewards.

It did not take the proprietor of the Clarion over five minutes to decide on handing over. His income from the detective business would not be less than $2,000 a year and might run to three times that, and his opportunities for "spotting" were A1.

Of course he was told that looking wise and sawing wood was the foundation of detective work and given many verbal instructions, and half an hour later he was down in his bar and sizing up three or four old topers he had known for fifteen years and wondering which of them was plotting murder. That evening he picked out no less than seven men to keep an eye on in future, and it was generally remarked that he seemed more alert than usual.

Next day the man who arrived sauntered into the livery stable. He had sauntered in there before, talked horse for a few minutes and then sauntered out again, much to the disgust of the owner. This time he didn't talk horse. The liveryman was all alone, but he was taken to the rear end of the barn to be communicated with. Mr. Jones had noticed that he had a head on him. Jones had also noticed that he had an eye like an eagle and a perspicacity that enabled him to tell a horse from a cow on sight. The liveryman was flattered. He couldn't help but be. He had been called a fool often enough for trying to conduct a livery business in a county where there were 264 separate, distinct and steep hills and to find that all the people had been wrong about it all the time was like pouring sweet oil on a burn.

After an hour's conversation the man of horses and buggies gave up $25 and received a commission to act as detective. He was not to be confined to any one sort of crime, but could go ahead and do business with criminals of all sorts regardless of age or sex. Before Mr. Jones had left the stables the newly made detective had made up his mind to keep an eye on the landlord of the hotel. He had long suspected that counterfeit money was being made in the garret of the Clarion.

The man who arrived took another saunter that day. He sauntered in to see Mrs. Bascomb, who kept a small millinery and notion store. He had not come for a fall hat or a paper of hairpins. What he had come for he related in whispers, accompanied by a confidential demeanor. His agency needed women detectives. A word caught up now and then as a woman customer was trying on a hat or buying a yard of tape might lead to the unearthing of a great mystery.

Mrs. Bascomb was located next to the postoffice. She could keep her eye on the postmaster. There was a blacksmith shop opposite. She could have the smith and all his customers under constant espionage. As it was dull times in the millinery business, it took a full hour's talking to make Mrs. Bascomb part with $30 in cash in exchange for a detective's commission, but she finally parted and was advised to "spot" all crosseyed men mailing letters at night after the postoffice had closed.

During the next week the man who arrived was on the saunter most of the time. The two dry goods merchants and one of the grocers refused to buy commissions on account of religious or some other scruples, but everybody else approached had only to be talked to for a few minutes to pay a price. If they wouldn't pay $30, the price was gradually reduced to $5. The arrest of a single murderer, they were told, would make them good a thousand times over.

Not less than twenty women were included in Mr. Jones' list, and when he could secure no more clients in the town he worked the surrounding country. Not a farmer or a farmer's hired man turned him down. It happened in several cases that both the farmer and his man took commissions and were instructed to watch each other.

When Mr. Jones departed he left more than a hundred detectives behind him to watch for the coming of the crime wave. They were to make reports to the home office whenever they struck a clew. Not on their life or lives were they to give away the fact that they were working for the agency or keeping their eyes peeled. Craft, cunning and silence must be the order of the day.

During the next two months Briggsville had an uncomfortable time of it. Every one had a feeling that he was under espionage, and his feeling was right. There was prowling about by day and by night. Men and women sitting in their church pews of a Sunday glared around in a suspicious manner and forgot all about the sermon. Boys and girls of tender years found themselves shadowed and went home to tell fathers and mothers who were shadowing some one else.

It was at a church social that the grand expose occurred. Mrs. Bascomb brought it about by charging the cross eyed cooper with mailing a letter at midnight. This was in revenge for his hogging down more than his share of the ice cream. In five minutes it came out that there were about forty detectives present and that each one had been spying on the others, and then a free-for-all scrap occurred, and the police made several arrests. This brought out the whole plot and laid bare the character of the man who arrived, and there was weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth.

That was ten years ago, but the detectives of Briggsville have never forgiven each other. The crime wave has not arrived, but they glare and shake their fists at each other. And in some locality the man who arrived is arriving again and repeating his performance.

Playmates.

Pastor—Do you ever play with bad little boys, Johnny? Johnny—Yes, sir. Pastor—I'm surprised, Johnny! Why don't you play with good little boys? Johnny—Their mammas won't let 'em. —London Tit-Bits.

A Commercial Transaction.

"My dear lady, may I have the refusal of your hand for a week?"

"A week? Why, I'll give you a refusal that will last forever."

Considerate.

Nell—That horrid Mr. Hansom insisted upon kissing me last night. Belle—Why didn't you scream? Nell—I didn't want to scare the poor fellow.

Secrets.

Mayme—Is Clara a good girl to tell a secret to? Maude—Oh, my, no! Why, she'll never tell a soul!—Chicago News

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE
DIABETES
Dodd's Kidney Pills discontinued this date, not being up to standard. The public may rely on Dodd's Kidney Pills being the original genuine. Beware of imitations. Sold only in boxes.

Dust In One's Eyes.

To "cast dust in one's eyes" perfectly explains itself. It is, however, interesting to know that Epaminondas at the battle of Tegea defeated the Spartans by masking his movements with a large body of cavalry. He caused the horsemen to gallop to and fro in front of the enemy in such a way as to raise a cloud of dust and so veiled the movements of his infantry and enabled them to take up a new and more advantageous position.

A Premier's Wit.

A woman once told Lord Palmerston that her maid, who had been with her in the Isle of Wight, objected to going thither again because the climate was not "embracing" enough. "What am I to do with such a woman?" she asked. "You had better take her to the Isle of Man next time," said Lord Palmerston.

Infrequent.

Kind Lady—I have nothing but some lobster salad and mince pie. You surely don't want that for your breakfast? Weary Walker—Oh, dis is me dinner, mum. I had me breakfast day before yesterday.

Winged time glides on insensibly and deceives us, and there is nothing more fleeting than years.—Ovid.

SUMMER FAG.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the Best Tonic for Summer.

The long hot summer thins the blood, and leaves you weary, worn and wretched. Nothing can cure that summer fag except Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—because they actually make new blood and thus strengthen every organ and every tissue in the body. Every dose fills you with new strength, new energy, new life. Purgative pills only weaken you more. Common tonics only stimulate for the moment, but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood, and nothing but good pure, rich red blood can brace you to stand the summer. That is why you should take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills now. Mr. W. J. Norfolk, White Horse, Yukon Territory, says "I am thirty-nine years of age and have been an athlete who scarcely knew the meaning of illness. Last year, however, my health gave way. I became nervous, did not sleep well and grew as weak as a kitten. It seemed as though I was completely worn out. I tried several so-called tonics, but it was only a waste of money, for they did me no good. Finally I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and they put me on my feet again, and gave me new health and strength."

Every weak and easily tired man and woman will find new health, new strength and new energy through a fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They cure all blood and nerve diseases like anaemia, nervous exhaustion, headaches and backaches, indigestion, neuralgia, rheumatism and the special ailments that afflict most growing girls and women of mature years. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

It is reported that the Reston-Wolseley line will be open for traffic on Oct. 4.

Minard's Liniment used by physicians

A tight collar was given as the cause of the death of Joseph Benjamin Mooring, at the inquest at Battersea. The man was strangled.

The World is Full of Pains.—The aches and pains that afflict humanity are many and constant, arising from a multitude of indistinguishable causes but in the main owing to man's negligence in taking care of his health. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil was the outcome of a universal cry for some specific which would speedily relieve pain, and it has filled its mission to a remarkable degree.

There are quite a number of deer to be seen on the hills in many parts of Alberta, and they seem to recognize that they are safe from molestation and are quite tame.

They are Not Violent in Action.—Some persons when they wish to cleanse the stomach, resort to Epsom and other purgative salts. These are speedy in their action, but serve no permanent good. Their use produces incipient chills, and if persisted in they will injure the stomach. Nor do they act upon the intestines in a beneficial way. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills answer all purposes in this respect, and have no superior.

The armored cruiser Minotaur of 14,000 tons has just been launched at Devonport. She will have a crew of 755 officers and men, and will have cost about $6,750,000 when completed.

Minard's Liniment lumberman's friend

"What makes the butter bad," he asked,
And pushed away the stuff.
"Because," she said, "when it was cream
wasn't whipped enough."

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Members of a big New York tobacco firm have been arrested, charged with violating the internal revenue laws.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House

The Gaekwar of Baroda, the greatest of the Hindu rajahs, arrived in Chicago with his wife and a retinue.

Making a Felt Hat.

A felt hat is made by a pneumatic process. A conical cup perforated with holes is provided. The air beneath is exhausted and by a curious device the felt is forced evenly to all parts of the outside of the receiver, and thus by the strong pressure and rush of the air is thrown upon the frame and distributed, thus forming the basis for the hat.

Prose.

To prose once signified to write in prose rather than in verse, and a prosy man was one who preferred to clothe his ideas in prosaic rather than in metrical form.

Luther's Bible.

A museum in Berlin has Luther's Bible which he used in his study. Its margins are covered with notes in the reformer's handwriting. It was printed in Basel in 1509 and is in an excellent state of preservation.

IN CHEESEMAKING.

Directions For Pressing and Curing by a New York Expert.

Take a cheese bandage to fit the hoop and long enough to project one or two inches at each end. Place a round piece of cotton cloth at the bottom of the hoop as a temporary cap or cover; then put in the bandage with the lower edge turned in about an inch on top of the bottom cap and the upper edge turned back over the top of the hoop. Fill in the curd, fold in the upper edge of the bandage, put on as a top cover a piece of cotton cloth similar to the one on the bottom and place in the press. For pressing use a one and one-half inch screw set in a frame and provided with means for turning, if a better press is not available. The rind will not form, and the whole operation will be a failure, if sufficient pressure is not applied.

After an hour take out of the press, adjust and smooth the bandage, covering the edges nicely, and put on cap cloths of same material as the bandage, with the cotton press cloths on the outside of these. Put the cheese back into the hoop, with a strong round wooden "follower" closely fitting inside the hoop on top of the cheese and press again until the following day. Then take out the cheese, remove the press cloths, but not the bandage and caps, and place it for curing on a shelf in a room having an even temperature of about 60 degrees F. It should be cured in three or four weeks.

The foregoing instructions in cheesemaking are credited to H. E. Cook, instructor at the New York experiment station.

He That Will, Can.

I must tell here of a woman who has for a long time tried to get my butter, but whom I was unable to supply. She was bound to get it and adopted a novel way for it. A regular customer, a friend of the woman above mentioned, one day asked me to let her have two pounds a week more than her usual supply. I could hardly spare it, but, as she is such a good customer, by scrimping a little at home for a short time, I made out to give her the extra. A few weeks later, on delivering the butter, she said: "After this you might as well take this extra over to Mrs. Knox, for it is she I have been getting it for. You know she tried for so long to get it, and you could never spare it, and we thought that if you tried hard you could do it." And how those women laughed!—Cor. Rural New Yorker.

One Reason For a Clean Barn.

By forcing the stream of warm milk into the pail considerable air is carried with it and forced with the incoming stream to the bottom of the pail. The result is that a pail full of milk is a mixture of milk and air. If the stable air is dusty or contaminated with bad odors, these objectionable features are about as thoroughly mixed with the milk as possible.

POINTS ON FEEDING

According to the Kansas experiment station, soy beans have the quality of producing softness in butter. Cottonseed meal has the opposite effect from the soy bean meal—it hardens butter. With soy beans and cottonseed meal available it is therefore possible for the private dairyman to so regulate the ration of his cows that he can produce butter of any desirable consistency.

Feed and Per Cent of Fat.

Experiments show comparatively little influence of feed in the percentage of fat, says an exchange. The Vermont station, after five years' tests, concluded that cows on early pasture make more and richer milk than during the last months of their barn life. Professor Henry says that the milk from pasture contains less water and that the higher fat content is always accompanied by higher percentage of total solids. He states broadly that succulent feeds have no deleterious effect upon the composition of milk, but in many cases a beneficial influence.

How to Feed Alfalfa.

The cost of producing milk and butter can be greatly reduced by replacing part of the concentrates in the daily ration of the cow, with some roughness rich in protein, such as alfalfa or cowpea hay.

In substituting alfalfa hay for wheat bran it will be best in practice to allow one and one-half pounds of alfalfa to each pound of wheat bran, and if the alfalfa is fed in a finely chopped condition the results will prove more satisfactory.—West Virginia Experiment Station.

Feeding Heifers.

No efforts are made to secure large milk yield during the years of growth in heifers, but rather to develop a habit of persistency in the flow, says a correspondent in Kimball's Dairy Farmer. A grain ration ranging from four to six pounds daily will suffice for the first year of lactation. With each succeeding year a pound or two may be added to the daily ration. This secures good growth, together with normal development of milk functions.

Cows on Fresh Grass.

When cows come out of winter quarters in rather poor, thin condition and their yield of milk has been decreased from lack of proper nourishment during the winter months the fresh grass has a wonderfully invigorating effect on their system and the yield of milk will undoubtedly be increased. But as the quantity of milk increases the test frequently decreases.—Dr. H. Otis, Kansas.

The Hyacinth.

The hyacinth is indicative of jealousy. In the Greek legend the plant sprung from the blood of one who died for love. The name was derived from that of Hyacinthus, a boy beloved by Apollo.

The Victors' Crowns.

The Greeks gave a crown of laurel to the victor in the Pythian games, but the victor in the Olympian games had a crown of wild olives, the victor in the Nemean games a crown of green parsley and the victor in the Isthmian games a crown of dry parsley or green pine leaves.

Our First Sugar.

The first sugar manufactured in this country was made in New Orleans in 1796.

Old Time Acting.

The old time actor had peculiar and primitive views as to elocution and its uses. I remember a certain old friend of mine who, when he recited the opening speech in "Richard III." and arrived at the line, "In the deep bosom of the ocean buried," suggested the deep bosom of the ocean by sending his voice into his boots. Yet these were fine actors, to whom certain young gentlemen who never saw them constantly refer. The methods of the stage have completely changed and with them the tastes of the people. The probability is that some of the old actors of only a few years ago would excite much merriment in their delineation of tragedy. A very great tragedian of a past generation was wont in the tent scene in "Richard III." to hold a piece of soap in his mouth, so that, after the appearance of the ghosts, the lather and froth might dribble down his chin, and he employed moreover a trick sword which rattled hideously, and, what with his foam flecked face, his rolling eyes, his inarticulate groans and his rattling blade, the small boy in the gallery was scared into a frenzy of vociferous delight!—Richard Mansfield in Atlantic.

Proficient.

When western Iowa was newly settled the farmers in an isolated section banded themselves together as a school district and proceeded to choose one of their number committeeman. A log schoolhouse was erected, and soon a young woman came that way seeking a chance to teach. The committeeman was designated to ascertain her fitness.

When the time for the ordeal arrived the public official was at his wit's end. He had been examined himself often enough, but that was when he was attending district school fifty years before. The very thought of conducting an examination himself, and for a teacher at that, staggered him. He could not think of a question to ask.

The young woman sat waiting, and the old man teetered nervously on his tiptoes.

"Well, now, Miss Burden," he said cautiously at last, "kin you say the alphabet back'ards?"

Miss Burden could, and did.

"Fine!" cried the committeeman. "I'll just indorse your certificate." He wrote it thus:

"Fully profeeshunt."

A Great Stamp Forgery.

The most colossal stamp forgery on record entailed the successful swindling of collectors throughout Europe in 1889. One day the French papers announced that King Marie I. of Sedang, an island in the vicinity of China, was coming to Paris. As it happened, this self created monarch was an ex-officer of the French navy, and his appearance in Paris created considerable sensation. As soon as his majesty had been duly "advertised" sets of seven different postage stamps marked "Sedang" and bearing three half moons appeared, and so great was the demand for them that in less than a month they realized 1,000 francs each. Not until the king and his ministers had reaped fat fortunes in this manner was it discovered that the whole thing was a hoax and the stamps consequently worthless.

Some Slips of the Tongue.

Never use the word "liable" when you mean "likely." Do not say, for instance, that "he is liable to come in at any moment." "Liable" implies misfortune and means "exposed to," "subject to," "in danger of."

Why do most of us speak of "unraveling a mystery?" Any good dictionary shows that "ravel" means "to unweave." You "ravel" a mystery, therefore, when you solve it. In "Hamlet" Shakespeare says: "Make you to ravel all this matter out."

If you and your friend Smith know a man called Jones, do not speak to Smith of "our mutual friend"—meaning Jones. Jones is your common friend. If you are friendly to Smith and Smith is friendly to you, you and Smith are "mutual friends," but that is the only sense in which the term may be rightly used.

Agreed With Her.

After an all night session with the boys a husband wended his way home, arriving there at about 5 a. m. He found his wife waiting for him in the dining room, the confusion of furniture indicating that she had been having an unhappy time.

"This is a nice time for you to be coming home," snapped the wife.

"Yes," admitted the erring husband. "It's a lovely morning."

"I haven't slept a wink this blessed night," with a severe look.

"Neither have I," said the husband.

The Real Simon Pure.

"The real simon pure" is one of those phrases which every one understands and not one in a hundred could account for. Simon Pure was a Pennsylvania Quaker in Mrs. Centlivre's "A Bold Stroke For a Wife," produced at Drury Lane theater, London, in February, 1718. One Colonel Feignwell passes himself off as Simon and wins the heart of a Bristol heiress, Miss Lovely, after which the real Simon Pure turns up.

Willie Knew.

Mr. Bliggins had put in about an hour the previous evening explaining in words of one syllable to his little son the geological theory of the formation of coal veins—how they are the result of the decomposition of vast forests that existed in riotous profusion in the prehistoric era. This evening they had company, and Mr. Bliggins turned to Willie and asked, "Willie, how did we get coal?"

"Got Mr. Coke to trust us for it," Willie replied.—Judge.

Too Busy.

Senior Partner—The new man does not seem to have developed any good points yet.

Junior Partner—No, he hasn't had time.

Senior Partner—Hasn't had time?

Junior Partner—No. He spends most of his time explaining his mistakes.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Identity Revealed.

Visitor (surveying a canvas at the portrait painter's)—What a queer getup. She'd have looked bad enough without doing her hair in that outlandish way. Who is the frump, anyway?

The Artist—My wife. — Woman's Home Companion.

IN A POISON FACTORY.

The Deadly Drugs Have a Fascination For the Workmen.

"Slip on this glass mask," said the foreman. "You will need it."

The visitor donned the uncanny mask of glass, and the foreman led the way to the cyanide of potassium department.

"We make 1,000 tons of cyanide a year," he said. "A dose of five grains is a fatal one. Thus our annual product is enough to kill 2,500,000 people."

He opened a door, and a room filled with writhing flames, dense shadows, sparks, smoke and weird figures in glass masks was revealed. In the center of the room, in a great caldron, 100 pounds of molten cyanide of potassium bubbled and seethed. The flames glinted strangely on the glass masks.

The foreman coughed.

"These fumes," he said, "are wholesome. The men, you see, are all robust. I have known weakly chaps, working here among these strange fumes, to pick up health and strength."

In another clean, cool room the finished cyanide was stored. It looked like crystallized white sugar, good enough to eat.

"Good enough to eat," said the foreman gravely. "Well, we have had men eat it. Four men committed suicide in that way.

"The fumes seem to create in our men a desire to taste the drug. They fight this desire, most of them, successfully, but they all feel it, the same as workers in coffee plants want to chew the coffee beans, and some feel it so strongly as to succumb."

VIRGINS' GARLANDS.

Memorials In an English Church to Girls True to First Love.

There are seven "virgins' garlands" still in existence in Minsterley church, Salop, the first of them bearing the date 1554 and the last 1751.

They consist of silk ribbons and paper, ball shaped, and are covered with rosettes, the inside center of the cane or wire frame supporting a pair of paper gloves. They represent a romantic custom of very ancient origin and are sacred to the memory of girls who while betrothed in their youth lost their intended husbands by death, yet remained true to their first loves.

Each maiden designed her own garland, and at her death this simple emblem was borne before her by the village lasses, the white gloves being afterward added. After the obsequies these garlands were suspended in the village church on a rod bearing at its extremity a heart in the shape of an escutcheon, upon which the initials and date were inscribed. These were originally fixed above the maiden's pew.

Some of the earliest and forgotten garlands were composed of real flowers, but later the covered hoops described were substituted.

There is a passing allusion to this "simple memorial of the early dead" in "Hamlet." "Yet here she is allowed her virgin crants," "crants" signifying garlands.—London Graphic.

Quick Witted.

"One day last week I was informed by telephone of a fire in my own office, not six feet away from where I was standing," said a prominent Wall street broker. "A client with whom I had been talking, after lighting a cigar, threw the burning match into the wastebasket under my desk. As I went to the door with him I heard the telephone bell ring violently. When I answered the call I was surprised to be told that there was a lively blaze under my desk, which had been seen by a bright office boy in the opposite building. The fire was hidden from me by a high filing cabinet, and might have done serious damage before I discovered it myself. I am now hunting for that boy," he added. "Any one quick witted enough to think of telephoning in such an emergency I can use in my business."

Pluto's Safety Valve.

A round, smooth hole in the side of a granite monument about nine miles out from the City of Mexico is locally known by a term which signifies "Pluto's safety valve." The hole is about nine inches in diameter at the opening, which is polished in a manner which suggests human workmanship. That man had nothing to do with drilling or polishing this hole will be readily surmised when it is known that it has occasionally emitted hot air and smoke during a period extending over 300 years.

The Man of Force.

There is always room for a man of force, and he makes room for many. Society is a troop of thinkers, and the best heads among them take the best places. A feeble man can see the farms that are fenced and tilled, the houses that are built. The strong man sees the possible houses and farms. His eye makes estates as fast as the sun breeds clouds.—Emerson.

Quite Familiar.

"There is not much in a name, perhaps," said a young Sunday school teacher. "Still it did give me a turn last Sunday when I asked a boy in my class how many apostles there were to have him look up and reply carelessly, 'Oh, a dozen or so!'"

Two and Two.

There is no difference between a mile square and a square mile. Each contains 640 acres. There is, however, a difference between two miles square and two square miles.

Wonderful.

Bridegroom—What's the matter, driver? Coachman—The horse has just thrown a shoe, sir. Bridegroom—Great Scott! Do even horses know we are just married?

Bad For Creditors.

In the faraway, benighted community of Damen, in Africa, the old fashioned method of throwing a debtor into prison, where he is safe from the tormenting visits of his creditors, is not followed. Instead, he is practically turned over to the mercy of the creditors in a literal sense. A heavy tree log is attached to his bare leg, and this he is obliged to drag after him wherever he goes. There is no escaping the creditors now, and the log remains bound to his ankle until his debts are paid.

Come Now Own Up

You don't like those gray hairs, do you? And your husband certainly doesn't like them. Then why not try a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor? It restores color to gray hair every time, all the deep, rich color of early life. And it cures dandruff also.

"I certainly believe that Ayer's Hair Vigor is a splendid preparation for the hair and scalp, for I have used it more or less for six years. I can cheerfully recommend it to anyone in need of such a preparation."—MRS. KATE HOYT, Minneapolis, Minn.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

Shortage of Men.

"Not for many years has there been such a shortage of labor this season," says J. J. Golden, Provincial Commissioner of Immigration. "There has been so much railway construction in progress and the roads are so hard up for men that they are snatching up every available hand. However, even with the railways eliminated, it would be impossible this summer to supply the demands throughout Manitoba and the West for farm help to gather the harvests. Even now we cannot meet the demand, and as the summer advances the cry for help is going to be enormous. My estimate now is that there will be needed at least from 20,000 to 25,000 men to harvest the crops."

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation

In England Too.

Even in England they have their beef scandals that make vegetarians. A butcher in Farringdon Road, London, advertises: "Wanted, a respectable boy for beef sausages."—New York Tribune.

An End to Bilious Headache.—Biliousness, which is caused by excessive bile in the stomach, has a marked effect upon the nerves, and often manifests itself by severe headache. This is the most distressing headache one can have. There are headaches from cold, from fever, and from other causes, but the most excruciating of all is the bilious headache. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will cure it—cure it almost immediately. It will disappear as soon as the pills operate. There is nothing surer in the treatment of bilious headache.

Mrs. Reginald De Koven has denied the story that the composer is ill and in a sanitarium.

Corns cause intolerable pain. Holloway's Corn Cure removes the trouble. Try it, and see what amount of pain is saved.

A School for Cabmen.

Paris is to have a school for cabmen. The Anti-Cruelty Society and the Cab Owners' Association have decided on a plan for elevating the Jehu's calling. There is to be a period of instruction and probation. The youth who aspires to be a "whip" will receive elementary instruction in the anatomy and pathology of the horse, in harnessing, feeding, driving and in police regulations. With so much more, Jehu should lose the attribute that has won him Biblical fame.

Packed at the Oven's Mouth

We do things right at the Mooney bakery. Crackers are packed piping hot from the ovens. The moisture-proof paper and air-tight tins retain all the freshness and crispness, no matter where or when you buy them.

They come to your table just as inviting and delicious as though you ate them at the ovens in the bakery. At all grocers in air-tight packages.

MOONEY'S PERFECTION CREAM Sodas
THE MOONEY BISCUIT & CANDY CO. STRATFORD CANADA

Wilson's FLY PADS

ONE PACKET HAS ACTUALLY KILLED
A BUSHEL OF FLIES!

Sold by all Druggists and General Stores and by mail.
TEN CENTS PER PACKET FROM
ARCHDALE WILSON,
HAMILTON, ONT.

THE LARDEAU MINING REVIEW.

Is Printed at Trout Lake City, and Published at Ferguson and Trout Lake every Thursday

The Editor has not held himself responsible for the opinions of correspondents expressed in its columns

All locals will be charged at the rate of 15 cents per line, first insertion, and 10 cents per line each subsequent insertion.

Terms for Prospect and other advertising will be made known on application at office Subscription $2.50 a year, in advance

NOTICE.

In the matter of the Judgments Act and Amending Acts, and

In the County Court of West Kootenay holden at Trout Lake, between Ogden Clemens, of Nakusp, B.C., plaintiff (judgment creditor), and Ernest Augustus Baker, of Arrowhead, B.C., defendant (judgment debtor)

Pursuant to the order of His Honor Judge Forin, dated 20th day of June, 1906, I will offer for sale and sell by public auction at the Court House at Trout Lake, B.C., on Friday the 24th day of August, 1906, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, all the interests of the above-named judgment debtor, Ernest Augustus Baker in lot number Five (5) in Block number Three (3) in the town of Arrowhead, map 631.

For further particulars apply to F. C. Elliott, of Trout Lake, B.C., solicitor for Judgment Creditor.

Dated this 2nd day of August, 1906.

GEO. M. YUILL,
Deputy Sheriff of North West Kootenay.

NOTICE.

Alice mineral claim, situate in the Trout Lake mining division of West Kootenay district.

Where located: On summit of Silver Cup mountain at head of Brown creek.

Take notice that I, Andrew Abrahamson F.M.C. No. B88,188, agent for John O. Piper, F.M.C. No. B88071, and Charles Abrahamson, F.M.C. No. B88672, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 5th day of June, A.D. 1906.

NOTICE.

Greater New York Mineral Claim situated in the Trout Lake Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Lower Lardeau river, one half mile north of Tenderfoot creek.

Take Notice that I, F. C. Elliott, Free Miners' Certificate. No. B88167, acting as agent for Ludger Guere, Free Miners Certificate No. B88094, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 23rd day of July., A.D. 1906.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situated in West Kootenay:

Commencing at a post planted on the north shore of Lardo river about half a mile up from Poplar creek and marked J. Fitzsimmons' S.E. corner post, running north 40 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence along river bank to the point of commencement. J. FITZSIMMONS.

Dated June 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land situated in West Kootenay: Commencing at a post planted half a mile above Poplar creek on north side of Lardo river, marked 'A. Gowing's S.W. corner post,' thence east 80 chains along river bank, thence north 40 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 40 chains to point of commencement.

June 27, 1906. A. GOWING.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situated at Galena Bay, West Kootenay district, and described as follows: Commencing at a post marked T. Watson's N.E. corner post, planted at the S.W. cor. of L6142 (Arrowhead Lumber Co's timber limit), thence west 40 chains, thence south 20 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 20 chains to point of commencement, and containing 80 acres. T. WATSON.

Dated June 22nd, 1906.

PROFESSIONAL.

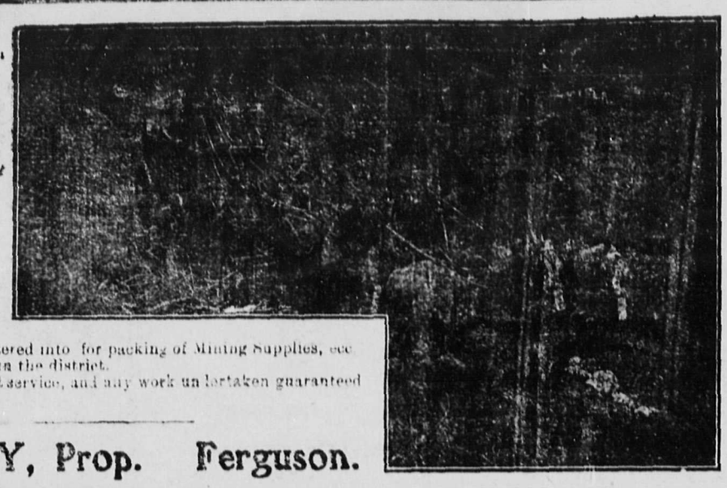
O. B. N. WILKIE, P.L.S.,
Provincial Land Surveyor,
Mineral Claims Surveyed and Crown Grants Obtained
Residence—Next Record Office, Trout Lake, B.C.

FRED C. ELLIOTT,
BARRISTER, NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.,
Trout Lake, B. C. and Ferguson.

Accountant, - - - - Auditor.
J. C. MURRAY,
TROUT LAKE, B. C.
Outside companys' interests carefully looked after.
Agent for Gourlay's Pianos

PIANOS.—The famous Gourlay is the one to buy. It is not a cheap piano when you buy, but you find you have practised economy when you have tested and tried it. When you want an instrument see the local agent, Murray. He can fit you out with any style and at any price and terms J. C. Murray, local agent.

Ferguson Freighting and Packing Outfit.



Contracts entered into for packing of Mining Supplies, etc to any point in the district.
Good, prompt service, and any work undertaken guaranteed satisfactory.

S. DANEY, Prop. Ferguson.

Legal Notices.

CERTIFICATES OF IMPROVEMENT.

NOTICE.

J.C., Ukiah, Lone Star mineral claims situate in the Trout Lake Mining Division of West Kootenay district.

Where located: Head of Lake creek

Take notice that I, J. W. Chism, free miner's certificate No. B8,815, for my self and as agent for S. A. Sutherland, f.m.c. No B87966, Bruce White, f.m.c. No 77978, A. Dodds, f.m.c. No 83187, intend 60 days after date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements for the purpose of obtaining crown grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action under section 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of Improvements. Dated the 4th day of May, A. D., 1906.

J. W. CHISM

VIPOND'S PACK TRAIN.

E. R. VIPOND
Trout Lake Livery
Freighting
Packing
Rawhiding
A SPECIALTY.
Stables at Trout Lake.

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TROUT LAKE B.C.
Bar well Supplied with Liquors & Cigars
Large Comfortable Rooms. Excellent Cuisine and Attendance.
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By using Water supplied by the Company you are assured of absolute purity. Government Analysis to back up statements.
Hugh McPherson - - Supt.

Trout Lake City Transfer and Stage Line.
Ferguson — Trout Lake — AND — Beaton
Daily Stage will leave Ferguson 7 a.m. Trout Lake at 8
WOOD YARD in connection.
A. M. Craig Wm. Crawford

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Excellent Accommodation
Best Liquors
And Very finest Cigars
John Simpson, Proprietor.

W. H. Jones,
Loose Leaf Binders, Fine Job Printing.
NELSON, B. C.

WOOD VALLANCE HARDWARE CO. LTD.
Hardware, Miners' Supplies, Stove and Ranges.
NELSON, B.C.

Starkey & Co.
WHOLESALE DEALERS in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Produce and Fruit
Houston Bk., Josephine St. Nelson, B.C.

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JEWELLER,
Watch repairing, etc. All work Guaranteed.
Oddfellows Block, Trout Lake, B.C

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CAPITAL PAID UP $3,927,741.51
RESERVE FUND 3,927,741.50
TOTAL ASSETS 39,779,812.57
Head Office: TORONTO, ONTARIO.
D. R. WILKIE, President. ROBERT JAFFRAY, Vice-Pres.
BRANCHES in the Provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan, British Columbia, Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec.
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Special attention given to collections and Mining Bonds.
TROUT LAKE BRANCH— H. L. REID, Manager.

WINDSOR HOTEL
TROUT LAKE, B.C.
Best Hotel in Town,
Headquarters for Mining and Commercial Men.
ACCOMMODATIONS ARE FIRST CLASS
D. R. McLENNAN, PROP

Lennoxville Hotel,
E. MOBBS. PROP.
Hotel and General Store
GERRARD - B.C

FRATERNAL.

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A.F. & A.M.
3rd Thursday each month.
Sojourning Brethren cordially invited.
G. Forddred, Sec. F.C. Campbell, W.M

TROUT LAKE LODGE I.O.O.F. NO. 41
Regular meetings held in Oddfellow's Hall every Tuesday night at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers cordially welcome.
O. Jacobsen, N. G.; P. M. Shepherd, Sec.

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For High-Class Work.

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Gold or Silver	$1 50
Gold and Silver	$2 00
Silver and Lead	2 50
Copper	1 00
Zinc	$1 50

S SHANNON, Assayer
Trout Lake, B. C.

P. Burns & Co
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Meat Merchants
Dealers in all kinds of Fresh Meat
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— FOR A —
Good Shave or Hair Cut
— CALL ON —
William Schnell,
FERGUSON.
Hot and Cold Baths.

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SOLICITORS, Etc.
REVELSTOKE B. C.
Solicitors for Imperial Bank of Canada.

Imperial Barber Shop.
For Good Haircutting and Shaving go to
G. A. CHEESEMAN
TROUT LAKE CITY
Hot and Cold Baths.

Lardeau Hotel
Sandy Laughton
Proprietor.

WHEN visiting Ferguson you should stay at the Lardeau Hotel. Here the visitor will be surrounded with home comforts. Excellent cuisine, well ventilated and warm rooms, well stocked bar, and everything which tends towards making your visit a pleasant and memorable one.
Rates from $1 day upwards.
We strive to please our patrons.
FERGUSON.

... The Hotel Beaton ...
BEATON, B.C.
VISITORS arriving at Beaton (the threshold of the Lardeau) via Arrowhead, will find this Hotel to be fully equipped for high-class trade. Excellent accommodation. A well appointed and spacious dining hall. The best of Wines, Spirits and Cigars. Personal supervision is given to the requirements of patrons Visitors to the Lardeau can rely on comfort at this hotel.
W. BOYD -:- -:- Prop

Notice is hereby given that two months after date I intend to apply to the hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special licence to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in the West Kootenay district:

Commencing at a post marked Leslie Hill's south-west corner, set at north-west corner of Lot 1147, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to point of commencement.

Nelson 12th June, 1906. LESLIE HILL.

Notice is hereby given that two months after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the West Kootenay district:

Commencing at a post marked Leslie Hill's south-east corner, set at north-east corner of Lot 771, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

Nelson, 12th June, 1906. LESLIE HILL.

Notice is hereby given that two months after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in the West Kootenay district:

Commencing at a post marked Leslie Hill's south-east corner post, set at north-east corner of Lot 7582, thence north 40 chains, thence west 160 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 160 chains to point of commencement.

Nelson, 12th June, 1906.

LESLIE HILL.

Drink Thorpe's
Ginger Ale
Ginger Beer
Ironbrew
Sarsaparilla
Cream Soda
Lemonade
Champagne Cider
Club Soda Water
Lithia Mineral Water
Thorpe & Co. Ltd.
Nelson, B. C.

Pay the Printer.

TROUT LAKE CITY

THERE have been fortunes made by judicious investment in Real Estate, and more fortunes will be made than ever the next two or three years. The one who reaps the harvest is the original investor, for he has his money on a certainty.

Now let us point out to you that there is no better spot on the Continent to buy Real Estate than TROUT LAKE.

Trout Lake is the prettiest spot in the Kootenays; as a pleasure resort it has no equal. Boating and fishing may be indulged in the year round; while big game in abundance is to the found on the hills. Its climate is superb, there being no great extremes, it being mild in winter and cool in summer. It can beast of some of the finest hotels and residences in British Colambia. Its streets are well laid out and graded. There are two excellent general stores, and a glance at the advertisements in this journal will show that all trades are fairly well represented. Write with confidence to Agents.

H. McPherson
Agent
Trout Lake, B.C.

Lots can be obtained on EASY TERMS.
Make your selection at once. :: ::
Then call on or write to

IT has never had a 'boom"—its growth has been steady. It is the head of navigation, and the terminal of the Lardo branch of the C.P.R. All roads (in the Lardeau) lead to Trout Lake. It is the commercial centre of the richest mineral district on the continent, and has banking facilities provided by the Imperial Bank of Canada; first class school accommodation under the direction of S. Shannon, B.A.; a good water system; government offices; County Court sittings; Methodist Episcopal and Anglican churches and cottage hospital.

There are valuable ranch lands on the outskirts awaiting settlers. Its lumber resources are magnificent, and a band saw mill with a capacity of 60,000 ft. per day is at the head of the lake. The mines tributary are proving out bigger producers every year, with new prospects opening up rich bodies of ore.

There will be a big rush this year, so if you would know more, write at once to either of the agents at the addresses below.

F. B. Wells
General Agent
Revelstoke, B. C.