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Lardeau Mining Review

The representative of the rich Lardeau country. Sent to any address for $2 per an. in advance.

VOL. 8 TROUT LAKE CITY, B.C. April 11th. 1907. No.24

TIMBER NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given that with n two months from the first publication hereof in the British Columbia Gazette, I intend to apply o the Hon. Chief Commissioner of ands and Works for special licenses to cut and carry away timber rom the following described lands tuated in West Kootenay.

No. 1. Commencing at a post lanted on Lexington Creek, about miles from Fish Creek, marked . Beaton's South West corner st; thence east 80 chains; thence orth 80 chains; thence west 80 ains; thence south 80 chains to e point of commencement.

ocated 11th. day of March, 190-

M. Beaton, Locator.

No. 2. Commencing at a post anted on Lexington Creek, about miles from Fish Creek, marked Beaton's North West corner st; thence east 80 chains; thence oth 80 chains; thence west 80 ains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

ocated 11th. day of March, 1907

M. Beaton, Locator.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 s after date, I intend to apply he Hon. Chief Commissioner of nds and Works for a special lise to cut and carry away tim from the following described t of land situate on Gainer ek, a tributary of Lardeau Riv in Trout Lake Mining Division st Kootenay district, begin at a post marked "A. E. Fow Northeast corner post, claim the vacant ground on the nor f block 4575, thence running 80 chains; thence south 80 ins; thence east 80 chains; ce north 80 chains to place of mencement.

o. 2 post: marked A. E. Fow north west corner post, thence ning east 80 chains; thence h 80 chains; thence west 80 ns; thence north 80 chains; lace of commencement.

Dated this 27th. day of March, . 1907.

A. E. Fowler, Locator.

lass" and "Globe" mineral claims ate in Trout Lake Mining Division. cated on Poplar creek,

ke Notice that I, Bruce White, acts agent for the Spyglass Mining Co Miners' Certificate No B 9426, in , 60 days from the date hereof, to y to the Mining Recorder for a Cer te of Improvements for the purpose taining a Crown Grant of the above ns.

d further take notice that action r Section 37, must be commenced e the issuance of such Certificate nprovements.

ted January 22nd. 1907.

Bruce White.

otice is hereby given that 30 s after date hereof, I intend make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands Works for a special license to and carry away timber from following described lands situ in the Lardeau district:

mmencing at a post planted t one mile above Camborne he west side of Fish Creek, a t one quarter-mile from its ks, marked "J. C. south corner" thence north 80 ns; thence west 80 chains; ce south 80 chains; thence 80 chains to the point of comcement.

Located March 16th. 1907.

ohn Croft.

TIMBER NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given that within two months from the first publication hereof in the British Columbia Gazette, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special Licence to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in West Kootenay.

No. 1. Commencing at a post planted 1½ miles above Ten Mile, on the south fork of Lardeau Creek, adjoining Lot 7047 on the north, marked "A. Gowing's S. E. corner post" thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

No. 2. Commencing at a post planted 1½ miles above Ten Mile, on the south fork of Lardeau Creek, adjoining Lot 7047, on the N E. marked 'A. Gowing's S. W corner post," thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains to the point of commencement.

No. 3. Commencing at a post planted 1½ miles above Ten Mile, on the south fork of Lardeau Creek, marked "A. Gowing's N.W. corner post," thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; to point of commencement.

Located March 27th. 1907.

A. Gowing, Locator.

No 4 Commencing at a post planted 2½ miles above Ten Mile on the south fork of Lardeau Creek, and marked "A. Gowing's S. W. corner post," thence north, 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thencesouth 80 chains, thence west 80 chains; to the point of commencement.

No. 5 Commencing at a post planted 2½ miles above Ten Mile, on the south fork of Lardeau Creek, marked "A. Gowing's N. W. corner post," thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; to point of commencement.

No. 6. Commencing at a post planted 3½ miles above Ten Mile, on the south fork of Lardeau Creek, marked "A. Gowing's S. W. corner post,'. thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; to point of commencement.

No. 7. Commencing at a post planted 3½ miles above Ten Mile, on the south fork of Lardeau Creek, marked "A. Gowing's N W. corner post;" thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

Located March 30th 1907.

A. Gowing, Locator.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

NOTICE.

"U and I" mineral claim, situate in the Trout Lake Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located: Near head of Silver Cup Creek

TAKE NOTICE that I, A. E. Jowett, Free Miner's Certificate No. B88126, intend, sixty days from date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, undersection 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 6th. day of March A.D. 1907.

A. E. Jowett.

TIMBER NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after the first publication of this notice in the British Columbia Gazette, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described land situated in West Kootenay

Commencing at a post planted on the north shore of Trout Lake, and about 7 miles from its head, marked "O. W. Abarahmson's South West corner post," thence north 80 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thenc east 80 chains; thence south 120 chains; thence west 40 chains to the point of commencement.

Located April 3rd. 1907.

O. W. Abrahamson, Locator.

No. 2. Commencing at a post planted on the north shore of Trout Lake, marked "O W. Abrahamson's South West corner post," thence north 160 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 160 chains; thence west 40 chasns to point of commencement.

Located April 3rd, 1907.

O. W. Abrahamson, Locator.

No. 3. Commencing at a post planted 1½ miles south of Ferguson, marked "O. W. Abrahamson's North West corner post," thence thence east 160 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence west 160 chains; thence north 40 chains to the point of commencement.

Located April 2nd. 1907.

O. W. Abrahamson, Locator.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after the first publicotion hereof in the British Columbia Gazette, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in West Kootenay district.

Commencing at a post planted en the east fork of Deep Creek, on the Arrow Lake, marked "A. E. & A. W's S. E. corner post: thence north 40 chains, thence west 160 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 160 chains to point of commencement.

Located March 29th. 1907.

A. Evans & A. Ward, Locators.

MINING NOTES.

A group of claims on the south fork of Canyon Creek which has a very promising future is the Li view group. On this property which consists of five claims, there are three well defined ledges running with the formation.

Development work has been practically confined to the No 1 lead and shows it to be between three and six feet wide with a pay streak of nine to twenty inches, A cross-cut tunnel has been driven, tapping the lead at 35 foot depth from which point a winze was sunk for 35 feet, at which depth the pay streak is 20 inches wide.

At another point a shaft is sunk for 40 feet, showing ore continuos for 22 feet. From this a test shipment was made of about half a ton which gave the following values: 261 ozs. silver; 4½ per cent copper; 12 per cent lead and 55 per cent silica, approximately $182.00 per ton.

Numbers 2 and 3 veins have been stipped at different places, the first showing a pay streak 3 inches wide of gray copper, the second a three foot vein carrying steel galena and iron pyrites.

The property is easy of access, has plenty of timber and a magnificent water power. The owners D. A. Lindgren and Martin Nelson are preparing for a big summers' work and if the appropriation is granted for the trail up from Gerrard will—after it is built—ship some ore.

An emetic should immediately be administered to a miner overcome by gases. A good emetic is a solution of zinc sulphate containing 30 grains to the ounce, to be given every ten minutes until emesis is produced. After this treatment, it is well to give the patient a couple of teaspoonfuls of aromatic spirits of ammonia in a cup of water. In such cases, ammonia is a mucn better stimulant than alcohol.

The discovery of a new tellurium mineral—ferro-tungstate of tellurium—is reported. It was found in the vicinity of the Grand Canyon of Arizona. The particular specimen analyzed carried high silver values and from 25 to 30 per cent tellurium.

It is stated that a Chicago firm of timber men are buying all the timber in sight down the Lardo river and tributaries.

Rumor has it that they have purchased the Cook mill at Kaslo.

Finance Minister Tatlow Delivers his Budget Speech.

SOME INTERESTING EXTRACTS FROM IT.

PEORATION.

"Not only would I predict that the satisfactory conditions will continue, but," added the Minister in a flight of eloquence and justified optimism, "I will predict that they will be speedily surpassed by a great and lasting development which will raise our province to the position she must sooner or later occupy as the wealthiest portion of the whole Dominion."

Total revenue 1900—$1,544,108 00
Do. 1904—$3,044,442.00

.....

$25, 000. 00 set aside for fighting forest fires.

.....

Net reduction of Provincial Debt—$236, 433. 00.

.....

Half a million dollars more for public works than last year.

.....

The last election cost $31, 000.00

.....

Aggregate production from Mines, Fisheries, Forests, Agriculture and other sources—Sixty Million Dollars.

.....

Kaslo riding gets $13, 000 for roads and trails.

(Not enough. Ed.)

In a recent parliamentary discussion it was stated that last year's investigation of the mineral resources of the Canadian Yukon by government engineers and geologists proved that there is upwards of $75,000,000 gold contained in and recoverable from the known auriferous gravels; also that the region undoubtedly contained additional workable placer ground in areas which have been but little prospected. The gold yield of the Klondyke or Canadian Yukon country for the past te years has been over $120000,000

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Companies organized and operating at Cobalt are capitalized at the enormous sum of $372,500,000 00.

This means that if the investor is to break even, there will have surely to be produced at least $700, 000, 000. 00 of ore.

There is going to be trouble, some day, and those who are wise will "get from under."

Nearly 1,700 patents have been granted since 1833 on roller and ball bearings.

The original one was an application for a grindstone. It is generally believed that the most of them are not worth the paper they are printed on.

The production of gold in the United States increased from 3.910 729 ounces, valued at $80,835.648. in 1904, to 4 265,742 ounces, valued at $88,180,711 in 1905, an increase of 355,013 ounces in quantity and of $7,345.063 in value.

In the Cobalt, Ontario, district, prospecting is carried on in one of two ways, either in trenching the ground to bedrock or in removing the wash overburden by hydraulicing. The first method is not usually difficult, inasmuch as the soil covering the bedrock is of a thickness not greater than three feet. The removal of the soil with hydraulic streams is expensive only when there is a large amount of boulders in the ordinary loose sand and gravel

Telephone poles of concrete are now being put on the market. It is stated that they are serviceable for an indefinite period, except as affected by soil conditions.

THE ROADS AND TRAILS MEETING.

The meeting called to discuss the appropriations for roads and trails, on Saturday night, was largely attended. Hugh McPherson was appointed chairman, and J. C. Murray secretary.

The following resolutions were passed recommending expenditures:

$150 00 to clean out Gainer Creek.

$750.00 for the extension of the summit trail around by the Winslow and Mabel.

$500 00 for the improvement of the South Fork trail and the planking of the bridge built by the Triune people over Gainer Creek.

$250.00 for the building of a new trail up Sharon Creek to the summit.

$750.00 for a new trail up Healey Creek.

$3,000 00 for the maintenance of the waggon road between Nine Mile and Adams's ranch, divided thus:-- $2,000. 00 from Five Mile to Nine Mile, $1,000. 00 from Trout Lake to Five Mile and $1,000. 00 from Trout Lake to Adam's ranch.

$600, 00 for the general repair and brushing out of trails already built.

It was also unanimously decided to make strong representations for a special grant of $3, 000. 00 for building a trail—on a wagon road grade—up Canyon Creek, from Gerrard to the Forks. It was pointed out the urgent need of this work and immediate steps will be taken to put the matter before the "powers that be."

TO WRITE A STORY OF THE WEST

that would have the true ring to it, the author would, of necessity, require to live there for a time at least. He would have to study the characteristics of the western people—have to become one of them, living their daily life and sharing their joys and sorrows. He would have to mix with them socially and in a business way, in short, be a "Westerner" Its a question of knowing local conditions.

The same reasoning applies to the "Leckie Boot" for the Western Miner, the Prospector and the Lumberman.

The makers of the "Leckie Boot" are Westerners with Western experience. They know what to make and how to make it. Its not so much a question of price as of quality. Their sole aim is to make "a better boot for the same money"—and the LECKIE BOOT" is it.

J. LECKIE CO. LTD.
VANCOUVER, B. C.

Local and General.

J. D. Moore, road superintendent of the district, came in on Saturday to arrange for the completion of the river bank improvement. It was decided to extend the work some 100 feet below the present terminal.

George Forddred left on Monday morning for a short holiday trip to the outside world.

"Billy" Glen dropped in, a few days ago, to renew a few old associations.

John and Lars Larson, with their respective wives and families arrived in town on Friday from North Dakota, to try their fortunes in the Lardeau.

Andrew Bowman—their uncle—came down from the Cup to receive them.

Dan McLennan is having his billiard and sitting room newly painted and decorated by Artist A. W. Edge.

The Silver Cup shut down for a short time until all danger from snowslides is past.

Capt. Fitzimmons is expected in about the 15th. to open navigation on the Lake.

Fred Elliott is at Victoria this week on a business trip. He is expected home next week.

A dead Hindoo was brought down from Revelstoke o Comaplix a few days ago and cremated The ceremony was witnessed by a number of "locals" many of whom stated that they had no great desire to witness a repitition.

A. G. FRASER,
TROUT LAKE CITY
GROCERIES HARDWARE
FRUIT
Gents Furnishings Gents Furnishings

The Two Vanrevels

By BOOTH TARKINGTON,

Author of "The Gentleman From Indiana" and "Monsieur Beaucaire"

Copyright, 1902, by S. S. McClure Co.

(Continued From Last Week.)

"I am to stay here alone?"

"Law', no, missy! Dat big Miz Tanberry, dass de bes' frien' we all got, she home ag'in, an' yo' pa goin' invite her visit at de house whiles he gone, an' to stay a mont' aftuh he git back, too, soze she kin go to all de doin's an' junketin's wid you and talk wid de young mens dat you don' like whiles you talks wid dem you does like."

"What time will father come home?"

"Home? He be gone two week, honey!"

"No; I mean today."

"Law', he ain' comin' back! Bid me pack de trunk an' ca'y um down to de boat at noon. Den he bid me say far'-ye-well an' a kine goodby fo' him, honey. Say he thinks you ain't feelin' too well, soze he won't 'sturb ye hisself, an' dat he unestly do hope you goin' have splen'id time whiles he trabblin'." (Nelson's imagination covered many deficits in his master's courtesy.) "Say he reckon you an' ole Miz Tanberry goin' git 'long mighty nice wid one'nurr. An' dass what me an' Mamie reckon 'spechually boun' to take place, 'case dat a mighty gay lady, dat big Miz Tanberry, an' ole frien' 'er owah fambly. She 'uz a frien' er yo' momma's, honey."

Miss Betty had begun by making a pretense to eat only to please the old man, but the vain woman's cookery had not been unduly extolled, and Nelson laughed with pleasure to see the fluffy biscuits and the chicken wing not nibbled at, but actually eaten. He was an old house servant; therefore he had seen many young ladies go through unhappy hours, and he admired Miss Betty the more because she was the first who had indulged in strong weeping and did not snuffle at intervals afterward. He understood perfectly everything that had passed between father and daughter that morning.

When her breakfast was finished she turned slowly to the window, and, while her eyes did not refill, a slight twitching of the upper lids made him believe that she was going over the whole scene again in her mind, whereupon he began to move briskly about the room with a busy air, picking up her napkin, dusting a chair with his hand, exchanging the position of the andirons in the fireplace, and, apparently discovering that the portrait of Georges Meilhac was out of line, he set it awry, then straight again, the while he hummed an old "spiritual" of which only the words "Chain de lion down" were allowed to be quite audible. They were repeated often, and at each repetition of them he seemed profoundly, though decorously, amused in a way which might have led to a conjecture that the refrain bore some distant reference to his master's eccentricity of temper. At first he chuckled softly, but at the final iteration of "Chain de lion down" burst into outright laughter.

"Honey, my Law'," he exclaimed, "but yo' pa de 'celvin'dest man! He mighty proud er you!"

"Proud of me!" She turned to him in astonishment.

Nelson's laughter increased. "Hain't he jass de 'celvin'dest man? Yessuh, he de sot uppest man in dis town 'count what you done last night. What he say dis mawn', dat jass his way!"

"Ah, no!" said Miss Betty sadly.

"Yes'm! He proud er you, but he teahbul mad at dat man. He hain't mad at you, but he gotter cuss somebody. Jass reach out fo' de nighes' he kin lay han's on, an' dis mawn' it happen soze it were you, honey. Uhuh! You oughter hearn him las' night when he come home. Den it were me. Bless God, I ain't keerin'. He weren't mad at me, no mo'n he were at you. He jass mad."

Miss Betty looked at the old fellow keenly. He remained, however, apparently unconscious of her scrutiny and occupied himself with preparations for removing the tray.

"Nelson, what is the quarrel between my father and Mr. Vanrevel?"

He had lifted the tray, but set it down precipitately, bending upon her a surprised and sobered countenance.

"Missy," he said gravely, "dey big trouble 'twix dem two."

"I know," she returned quietly. "What is it?"

"Wha' fo' you ax me, missy?"

"Because you're the only one I can ask. I don't know any one here well enough except you."

Nelson's lips puckered solemnly. "Mist' Vanrevel vote Whig, but he ag'in Texas."

"Well, what if he is?"

"Yo' pa mighty strong fo' Texas."

"Is that all?"

"No'm, dat ain't hardly de beginnin'. Mist' Vanrevel he a ab'litionist."

"Well? Won't you tell me?"

"Honey, folks roun' heah mos' on 'em like Mist' Vanrevel so well dey ain't hole it up ag'in' him; but, missy, ef dey one thing topper God's worl' yo' pa do desp'itly and contestably despise, hate, cuss an' outrageously 'bominate wuss'n a yaller August spiduh it are a ab'litionist. He want stomple 'em eve'y las' one under he boot heel 'cep'n dat one Mist' Crailey Gray. Dey's a considabul sprinklin' er dem ab'litionist 'bout de kentry, honey. Dey's mo' dat don' know w'ich dey is, an' dey's mo' still dat don' keer. Soze dat why dey go git up a quo'l 'twix yo' pa an' dat man, an' 'range to have 'er on a platfawm de yeah 'fo' de las' campaign, an', suh, dey cal' de quo'l a debate, an' all de folks come in f'um de kentry, an' all de folks in town come too. De whole possetucky on 'em sit an' listen.

"Fus' yo' pa talk. Den Mist' Vanrevel, bofe on 'em mighty cole an' civilized. Den yo' pa git wo'm up, missy, like he do, 'case he so useter have his own way. 'Tain't his fault, he jass cain't help hollerin' an' cussin' if anybody 'pose him. But Mist' Vanrevel he jass as suvvige, but he stay cole, w'ich make yo' pa all de hotter. He holler mighty strong, missy, an' some de back ranks 'gun snickerin' at him. Uhuh! He fa'r jump, he did. An' den bimeby Mist' Vanrevel he say dat no man oughter be given de pilverige to sell another ner to wollop him wid a blacksnake, whether he 'buse dat pilverige er not. 'My honabul 'ponent,' s's he, 'Mist' Carewe, rep'sent in hisself de 'ristocratic slave ownin' class er de souf, do' he live in de nawf an' 'ploy free labor. Yit it sca'sely to be b'lieve dat any er you would willin'ly trus' him wid de powah er life an' death ovah yo' own chillun, w'ich is virchously what de slave ownah p'sess.'

"Honey, but yo' pa de 'celvin'dest man!"

"'Missy, you jass oughter see yo' pa den! He blue in de face an' dance de quadrille on de boa'ds. He leave his cha'h, git up an' run 'cross to de odder side de platfawm an' shake he fis' ovah dat man's head an' screech out how it all lies dat de slaves evah 've sich treatments. 'Dat all lies, yo' pu'juh!' he holler. 'All lies, you misabul thief!' he holler. 'All lies, an' yo' know it, yo' low bawn slandah' an' scoun'le!'

"'An' wid dat Mist' Vanrevel he laff in yo' pa face an' tuhn to de crowd, he did, an' say, 'You reckon dat if dish yuh man a slave ownah an' a slave had anguhed him as I have anguhed him tonight, does any er you b'lieve dat dat slave wouldn' be tied up an' whipped tell de blood run an' den sole down de rivuh tomorrer?'

"Well, suh, 'co'se mos' on 'em b'lieve same as yo' pa, but dat sutney fotch 'em, an' win de debate, 'case dey jass natchully lay back an' roah, dey did, missy. Dey laff an' stomp an' holler tell you could 'a' hearn 'em a mild away. An', honey, yo' pa'd a millyum times druther Mist' Vanrevel a kilt him dan tuhn de laff on him. He'd shoot a man, honey, ef he jass s'picion him to grin out de corruder his eye at him, an' to stan' up dah wid de whole county fa'r roahin' at him—it's de God's mussy he didn' have no ahms wid him dat night. Ole Mist' Chen'eth done brung him home, an' yo' pa reach out an' kick me squah out'n' de liberry winder soon's he ketch sight er me." The old man's gravity gave way to his enjoyment of the recollection, and he threw back his head to laugh. "He sho' did, honey! Uhuh! Ho, ho, ho! He sho' did, honey; he sho' did!"

Nevertheless, as he lifted the tray again and crossed the room to go, his solemnity returned. "Missy," he said earnestly, "ef dat young gelmun fall in love wid you, w'ich I knows he will ef he ketch sight er you, lemme say dis, an' please fo' to ba'h in mine—better have nuttin' do wid him 'tall fo' he own sake, an' 'bove all keep him fur 'way f'um dese p'emises. Don' let him come in a mild er dis house."

"Nelson, was that all the quarrel between them?"

"Blessed mussy, ain' dat 'nough? Ef dey's any mo' I ain' hearn what dat part were," he answered quickly, but with a dogged tightening of the lips which convinced Miss Betty that he knew very well.

"Nelson, what was the rest of it?"

"Please, missy, I got pack yo' pa trunk, an' it time long ago fer me to be at my wu'k." He was half out of the door.

"What was the rest of it?" she repeated quietly.

"Now, honey," he returned, with a deprecatory shake of his head, "I got my own wu'k 'tend to, an' I ain't nevah ax nobody what 'twas, an' I ain't goin' ax 'em. An' lemme jass beg you foller de ole man's advice. You do de same, 'case nobody ain't goin' tell you. All I know is dat it come later and were somep'n 'bout dat ripparin Crailey Gray. Yo' pa he sent a channelge to Mist' Vanrevel, an' Mist' Vanrevel 'fuse to fight him 'case he say he don' b'lieve shootin' yo' pa goin' do yo' pa any good, an' he still got hope mekkin' good citizen outer him. Dat brung de laff on yo' pa ag'in, an' he 'clare to God ef he ketch Vanrevel on any groun' er his'n he shoot him like a mad dog. 'Pon my livin' soul, he mean dem wuds, missy! Dey had hard 'nough time las' night keepin' him fum teahin' dat man to pieces at de fiah. You mus' keep dat young gelmun 'way fum heah!"

"He came home with me last night, Nelson. I told father so."

"Yes'm. Yo' pa tole me you say dat, but he reckon you done it to mek him madder, 'case you mad too. He say he done see dat Crailey Gray comin' 'long de hedge wid you."

"He was mistaken. It was Mr. Vanrevel."

Nelson rolled his eyes fervently to heaven. "Den dat young man run pintedly on he death! Ef you want keep us all dis side er de Jawdan rivuh jes' let him set foot in dis neighborhood when yo' pa come back! An', honey"—his voice sank to a penetrating whisper—"'fo' I do a lick er wu'k I goin' out in de stable an' git down on my knees an' retu'n thanksgivin' to de good God 'case he hole Carewe street in de dahkness las' night!"

This was the speech he chose for his exit, but after closing the door behind him he opened it again and said cheerfully:

"Soon's I git de trunk fix f' yo' pa I bring 'roun' dat bay colt wid de side-saddle. Yo' better set 'bout gittin' on yo' ridin' habit, missy. De roads is mighty good dis sunshiny wedduh."

"Nelson."

"Yes'm."

"Do you think such an attack as father had this morning—is—dangerous?"

He had hoped for another chance to laugh violently before he left her, and this completely fitted his desire. "Ho, ho, ho!" he shouted. "No'm; no, no, honey! He jass git so mad it mek him sick! You couldn't kill dat man wid a broadax, missy!"

And he went down the hall leaving the reverberations of his hilarity behind him. The purpose of his visit had been effected, for when Miss Betty appeared upon the horse block in her green habit and gauntlets she was smiling, so that only a woman—or a wise old man—could have guessed that she had wept bitterly that morning.

She cantered out to the flat, open country to the east, where she found soft dirt roads that were good for the bay colt's feet, and she reached a crossroad several miles from town before she was overcome by the conviction that she was a wicked and ungrateful girl. She could not place the exact spot of her guilt, but she knew it was there, somewhere, since she felt herself a guilty thing.

For the picture which Nelson had drawn rose before her—the one man standing alone in his rage on the platform, overwhelmed by his calm young adversary, beaten and made the butt of laughter for a thousand. Her father had been in the wrong in that quarrel, and somehow she was sure, too, he must have been wrong in the "personal" one as well—the mysterious difficulty over Fanchon's Mr. Gray, who had looked so ashamed last night. What feud could they make over him, of all people in the world? He looked strong enough to take care of his own quarrels, even if he was so rigorously bound by Fanchon's apron string when it came to a word with another girl.

But the conclusion that her father had been in error did not lessen the pathetic appeal of the solitary figure facing the ridicule of the crowd. She felt that he always honestly believed himself in the right. She knew that he was vain; that he had an almost monstrous conception of his dignity, and realizing the bitterness of that public humiliation which he had undergone she understood the wrath, the unspeakable pain and sense of outrage which must have possessed him.

And now she was letting him go forth upon a journey, his way beset with the chances of illness and accident, whence he might never return. She was letting him go without seeing him again, letting him go with no word of farewell from his daughter. In brief, she was a wicked girl. She turned the colt's head abruptly to the west and touched his flanks with her whip.

So it fell out that as the packet foamed its passage backward from Carewe's wharf into the current the owner of the boat, standing upon the hurricane deck, heard a cry from the shore and turned to behold his daughter dash down to the very end of the wharf on the well lathered colt. Miss Betty's hair was blown about her face, her cheeks were rosy, her eager eyes sparkling from more than the hard riding.

"Papa," she cried, "I'm sorry!"

She leaned forward out of the saddle, extending her arms to him appealingly in a charming gesture and, absolutely ignoring the idlers on the wharf and the passengers on the steamer, was singly intent upon the tall figure on the hurricane deck. "Papa, goodby. Please forgive me!"

"By the Almighty, but that's a fine woman!" said the captain of the boat to a passenger from Rouen. "Is she his daughter?"

"Please forgive me!" the clear voice came again, with its quaver of entreaty, across the widening water, and then as Mr. Carewe made no sign by word or movement of hearing her and stood without the slightest alteration of his attitude she cried to him once more:

"Goodby!"

The paddle wheels reversed, the boat swung down the river, Mr. Carewe still standing immovable on the hurricane deck, while to the gaze of those on the steamer the figure on the bay colt at the end of the wharf began to grow smaller and smaller. She was waving her handkerchief in farewell, and they could see the little white speck in the distance, dimmer and dimmer, yet fluttering still as they passed out of sight round the bend nearly three-quarters of a mile below.

(To Be Continued.)

THE PARIS CLUBS.

Election to the Most Exclusive Ones Is a Serious Business.

Election to the exclusive clubs of Paris is a very serious business. The proposer and seconder must not only know all about their candidates, but be able to bear witness to their antecedents and even to their forefathers. They must write to all their friends and ask them to support their candidates. When the election takes place, they must not only be in the room, but approach each member individually as he comes up to the ballot box and ask him for his support.

When the member has been elected, he arrives the first day as a kind of stranger and with his hat in hand. He is then formally introduced by one of his proposers to each member separately who happens to be in the room at the time. On the second occasion he has ceased to be a stranger and may leave his hat in the hall, but he is still expected to go round the room with one of his proposers and be formally introduced. This lasts for a week, by which time he is assumed to know all his colleagues, though a foreigner who is extra punctilious and insists on being introduced to every member of the club gains considerably in popularity. —London Saturday Review.

WHEN 6 REMEDIES HAD FAILED

HE TRIED BILEANS.

Now He has Dyspepsia no More.

Strange why people should not try the very thing which would do them good until last! Mr. Geo. La Portwin, of 36 St. Paul St., Toronto, tried six different remedies for dyspepsia, headache, and heartburn before he tried Bileans. The six did him no good. Bileans have cured him! He says: "I had heartburn, dyspepsia and wind after food. The nourishment I took seemed to do me no good, and the pain I suffered was very acute. I tried six different remedies before Bileans, but they did me no good. With Bileans it was quite different. I found they relieved the flatulence and the pain within a few hours, and a short course resulted in a complete cure."

In every country where they have been introduced, Bileans have quickly taken first place because of their rapid and lasting cures of indigestion, liver and kidney complaints, anemia, headache, debility, constipation, piles, female ailments and irregularities, rheumatism, liver chill, etc. Purely herbal and containing no alcohol they are an ideal family medicine. All stores and druggists sell at 50c a box, or from the Bileans Co., Toronto, for price. 6 boxes sent for $2.50.

Joseph Deary, aged about 30 years, was killed by a G. T. R. express near Chatham. Chickens, said to have been stolen, and a whisky bottle, were found beside his body.

NO DIFFERENCE.

Dr. Leonard's Hem-Roid cures any form of Piles. Internal, External, Bleeding, Blind, Itching, Suppurating etc., are simply names of the stages through which every case will pass if it continues.

Piles are caused by congestion of blood in the lower bowel, and it gives an internal remedy to remove the cause.

Dr. Leonhardt's Hem-Roid is a tablet taken internally, and no case of Piles has ever been found it failed to cure. Money back if it does fail. $1.00 at any dealers, or The Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont. 14.

In Montreal during 1905 four and three quarter millions of dollars was expended on buildings, as compared to $7,748,023 in 1906.

Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. — Rev. W. H. Main, pastor of the Baptist Emanuel Church, Buffalo, gives strong testimony for and is a firm believer in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. He has tried many kinds of remedies without avail. "After using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I was benefited at once," are his words. It is a wonderful remedy. 50 cents.—65

Harry Hallett, aged 15 years, was killed by the overturning of a wagon at St. Catharines.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

The Manchester Guardian says: "Canada prospers greatly under or in spite of protection."

[illegible] Them Always.

It is easy to convince a woman that on love her, but it is not so easy to live up to it for a lifetime.—New Zealand Graphic.

A Fearful Duel.

The most terrible duel fought at any time in Paris was the one between Colonel D., an old Bonapartist officer, and M. de G. of the Gardes du Corps, a mere youth, but of herculean strength. The two men, lashed together so as to leave their right arms free, were armed with short knives, placed in a hackney coach and driven at a tearing gallop around the Place de la Concorde. They were taken out of the coach dead. The colonel had eighteen stabs, the youth only four, but one of these had pierced his heart.

Mastered the Q.

Hundreds of people have cured themselves of impediments in speech. One of last year's mayors as a young man used to find it almost impossible to pronounce words beginning with a "q." Every day for months he used to walk across St. James' park practicing this sentence aloud, "A quantity of quicksilver quietly quartered in a quagmire," until he conquered the impediment. Today he is one of the most fluent speakers in England.—London Tit-Bits.

Why He Wanted an Autograph.

A young man once wrote to William Dean Howells for his autograph. The novelist replied in a typewritten line:

"Have you bought my last book?"

The young man answered:

"I have not. I want to sell your autograph in order to get money enough to buy it."

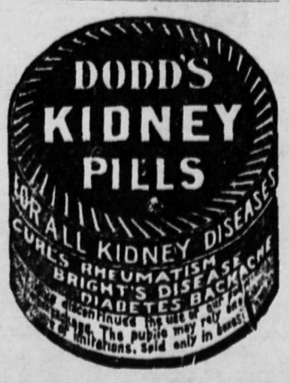
Reasonable Request.

"The trouble," said the dentist as he probed away at the aching molar with a long, slender instrument, "is evidently due to a dying nerve.."

"Well," groaned the victim, "it's open to you to treat the dying with a little more respect."

The Combination.

Miss Millyun—One can be very happy in this world with health and money. Deadbroke—Then let's be made one. I have the health and you have the money.—Illustrated Bits.



FAMOUS GAMBLERS.

Old Time London Betting Clubs and Their Members.

There were three principal clubs—White's, Brookes' and Boodles'. White's was originally a "chocolate house" in William III.'s time, but became a private club early in the eighteenth century and was used by the Tories. It was a club always noted for high play and betting, and very curious some of their bets were, the old wager book being still preserved. Brookes' was the Whig club and was then conducted by that

Liberal Brookes, whose speculative skill
Is hasty credit and a distant bill;
Who, nursed in clubs, disdained a vulgar trade,
Exults to trust and blushes to be paid.

Among the members of this club were the Prince of Wales, and, of course, his fidus Achates, Sheridan, besides the great Charles James Fox, who here played deeply and whose name is oft recorded in the wager book, which, however, is of older date and was kept when the club was held at Almack's. "Lord Northington bets Mr. C. Fox, June 4, 1774, that he (Mr. C. F.) is not called to the bar before this day four years." "March 11, 1775, Lord Bolingbroke gives a guinea to Mr. Charles Fox and is to receive a thousand from him whenever the debt of this county amounts to £171,000,000. Mr. Fox is not to pay the £1,000 till he is one of his majesty's cabinet." "April 7, 1791, Mr. Sheridan bets Lord Lauderdale and Lord Thanet 25 guineas each that parliament will not consent to any more lotteries after the present one voted to be drawn in February next."—From "The Dawn of the Nineteenth Century," by John Ashton.

HE DIED FIGHTING.

How Prince Louis Napoleon Was Killed by the Zulus.

How Prince Louis Napoleon was killed by the Zulus June 1, 1879, is told graphically in the book by Sir Evelyn Wood, who took part in that war. The little party which the prince accompanied was surprised and attacked. Sir Evelyn writes: "The Zulus in pursuit ran first after the two white soldiers who were on the flanks, three or four men, headed by Labanga, following the prince. His horse had jumped just as he was mounting, and his sword fell out of its scabbard. He was very active and was vaulting on his horse in motion when the wallet on the front of the saddle broke away, and he fell to the ground, being at this time only sixty yards behind the (British) fugitives. There were seven men who actually fought the prince. When Langalebele, pursuing the fugitives, first saw Labanga, he was running away from the prince, who was rushing at him. Labanga, crouching in the grass, threw an assagai at him. The first assagai stuck in the prince's thigh, and, withdrawing it from the wound, he kept his foes at bay for some minutes. In the native's words: 'He fought like a lion. He fired two shots, but without effect, and I threw an assagai at him, which struck him, as I said at the time, but I always allowed Labanga's claim to have killed him, for his assagai hit the prince in the left shoulder, a mortal wound.'"

Some Odd Wills.

One of the oddest documents of the will kind known was that of Queen Austrigilda, consort of King Goutram of Burgundy. The dying princess enjoined upon her husband to slay and bury in the same grave with her the physicians who had attended her. Another will was that of a husband who forbade his wife's marrying on pain of his returning to haunt her. This is quite different from that of a woman who instructed her executors to seek out "some nice, good, pretty girl" who would make an affectionate second wife to her spouse. It is a fact interesting in this connection that the first Napoleon actually bequeathed 10,000 francs to a fellow named Cantillon, who had been tried for attempting the assassination of the Duke of Wellington.

A Problem in Life.

They had met in the subway and in the interval of passing a few stations had fallen to talking of a lovely woman friend who had died.

"How did she die? Do you know?" he asked.

"She nursed a little niece through an infectious disease, then took it herself and died of it," said she.

"A strange Providence!" he mused sadly. "She, lovely, gracious, charming, everything to live for and a blessing to her friends, to die in order that a child might live. A strange and unaccountable Providence!"

Good and Osgood.

The subject of ancestors is often an interesting topic of conversation. A lady extremely proud of her mother's family created a sensation and made her listeners wonder a little when she remarked: "My father filled many responsible positions. We all have the greatest respect for him. My father was a good man, but"—and a certain stiffening of the shoulders and an added expression of firmness in the good lady's face added importance to her conclusion—"my mother was an Osgood!"

Man to Blame.

Women are more prone to deceit than men. From the time when Scheherazade told her lord 1,001 lies to keep the peace it has been the accepted way. And the men, not the women, are the most to blame. It is what they like, and they get it.—Good Words.

Love is intoxicating, it is said. What a good thing it is that marriage has a tendency to sober a man.—Terrell (Tex.) Transcript.

The First Dancers.

People have danced for thousands of years and will probably continue to do so for ages to come. This custom is of ancient origin. The first people to dance were the Curetes, who adopted dancing as a mark of rejoicing in 1543 B. C. In early times the Greeks combined dancing with the drama, and in 22 B. C. pantomimic dances were introduced on the Roman stage. At the discovery of America the American Indians were holding their religious, martial and social dances.

Confused the Elevator Man.

New York elevator operators have a dislike of the word "next."

"It is too confusing," said one man. "For example, two men stepped into my car the other day. One said, 'Fifth floor.' The other said, 'Next.' I stopped at the second floor and waited and waited for the man who had ordered 'next' to get off. He flew into a rage. 'I don't want this floor,' he said. 'I said the sixth floor. Didn't the other fellow say "Fifth," and didn't I say "Next," and isn't sixth next after fifth? Huh?'

"The following day one passenger called out, 'Third floor,' and the other said 'Next' at the same time. I thought I knew my business that time. I hustled the third floor man right up to his landing and took the chap who wanted 'next' on to the fourth floor. He was angry also. 'What did you bring me up here for when I wasn't looking?' he thundered. 'Didn't you hear me say next?' 'Yes,' said I, 'but the other man said third'— 'I don't give a rap,' said he, 'what the other man said. We were then on the first floor, and when I said next didn't that mean second? I'll report you for inattention, that's what I'll do.'

"And that is what he did do," sighed the operator. "Clearly the word 'next' ought to be abolished."

RHEUMATIC AGONY.

Nothing Reached the Root of the Trouble Until Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Were Used.

"I suffered almost untold agony from rheumatism. For several weary months I was confined to bed. I had the best of medical treatment, but nothing seemed to reach the root of the disease until I used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These have completely restored my health." This strong emphatic statement is made by Mrs. Edna Morrill, Woodstock, N. S., a lady who had practically been given up as incurable by doctors. She further says: "I suffered for over two years and rheumatism seemed to be firmly implanted in my system. At the outset I was able to attend to my household duties, but at night I suffered the greatest pain. I at once began to take medicine but my condition actually grew worse. I was attended by a skilful doctor but was ultimately forced to remain in bed, suffering untold agony with every movement. Finally the doctors told me the trouble was incurable. One day I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I decided to do so. Presently the pains were not so severe, and I began to feel myself gaining. Shortly after I was able to go about, and in less than three months I was perfectly well. For this condition my thanks are gratefully due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured Mrs. Morrill by driving the rheumatic poison out of her blood. They actually make new blood. They don't bother with mere symptoms. They go right to the root of the trouble in the blood. That is why they have cured the worst cases of anaemia (bloodless ness) headaches and backaches, kidney trouble, indigestion, neuralgia nervousness and the special ailments of girls and women whose blood supply becomes weak, scanty or irregular. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50 from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

DRINK MORE, EAT LESS.

Advice For Those With Rheumatism, Gout, Eczema and Neuralgia.

If people would take less nutrition and drink more water, there would be less rheumatism, gout, eczema and neuralgia in the world. The most frequent cause of these derangements is an excess of nutritive materials. The blood is surcharged with salts that are not needed in the system.

The doctors are trying to remedy these diseases by giving something to eliminate the salts, such as purgatives, diuretics and solvents of various kinds. The rational way, however, to cure such affections is to stop the cause. Drink more water; eat less meat and concentrated foods. This shuts off the supply of urates in the blood.

Those who take active exercise in the open air every day require a greater amount of nutrition. Not only do they use up the nutritive materials in muscular exercise, but the amount of oxygen inhaled because of their activities thoroughly oxidizes the urates and changes them in urea. If the blood is loaded with urates they are very likely to crystallize, especially in those portions of the body where the circulation is the least and the temperature is the lowest, such as the elbows, ankles, the toes and fingers.

Drink more water; eat less food. This is a prescription that is worth more to such people than all the drugs in the world. Shut off the source of urate poisoning and the effects of urate poisoning will disappear.—Exchange.

Benevolence is the tranquil habitation of man, and righteousness is his straight path.—Menicus.

A lady writes: "I was enabled to remove the corns, root and branch, by the use of Holloway's Corn Cure." Others who have tried it have the same experience.

A Puzzled Author.

When Alphouse Daudet brought out "Sappho" an American publishing house that issued religious books, not knowing its character, offered M. Daudet a large sum for advance sheets of the work. He accepted the offer, and the advance sheets were sent. When the publishers received them they decided that they could not issue the book, and they cabled to the author, "'Sappho' will not do." This dispatch puzzled Daudet. He consulted with numbers of friends, and this was the conclusion at which they eventually arrived: "Sappho" in French is spelled with one "p"—"Sapho," after the Greek fashion. In English it is spelled with two. An unusually acute friend pointed this out to Daudet, which much relieved the novelist, and he cabled back to the publishers, "Spell it with two p's." It is needless to state that the publishers were more astonished at Daudet's reply than he had been at their cable dispatch.

Your Doctor

Can cure your Cough or Cold, no question about that, but—why go to all the trouble and inconvenience of looking him up and then of having his prescription filled, when you can step into any drug store in Canada and obtain a bottle of SHILOH'S CURE for a quarter.

Why pay two to five dollars when a twenty-five cent bottle of SHILOH will cure you as quickly?

Why not do as hundreds of thousands of Canadians have done for the past thirty-four years: let SHILOH be your doctor whenever a Cough or Cold appears.

SHILOH will cure you, and all druggists back up this statement with a positive guarantee.

The next time you have a Cough or Cold cure it with

SHILOH

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Charged with bigamy and cruelty with having thirteen wives, Herbert Holden pleaded guilty in Toledo, Ohio, and was sentenced six years in the penitentiary.

Mild In Their Action.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are very mild in their action. They do not cause griping in the stomach or cause disturbance there as so many pills do. Therefore, the most delicate can take them without fear of unpleasant results. They can, too, be administered to children without imposing the penalties which follow the use of pills not so carefully prepared.

The new ordnance makes it compulsory on the public service corporation of Jersey City to provide seats for every passenger on the cars.

The Nova Scotia "Lumber King" says:

"I consider MINARD'S LINIMENT the BEST liniment in use.

I got my foot badly jammed last fall. I bathed it well with MINARD'S LINIMENT and it was as well as ever next day."

Yours very truly,

T. G. McMULLEN.

Tony Sain, a foreigner, went into a coke oven in Uniontown, Pa., deliberately undressed and threw himself into the bed of fire and was burned to death.

A Casket of Pearls.—Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets would prove a great solace to the disheartened dyspeptic if he would but test their potency. They are veritable gems in preventing the sufferings of stomach disorders, by aiding and regulating digestion — 60 of these half "pearls" in a box, and they cost 50 cents. Recommended by most eminent physicians.—64

His majesty the king has appointed Isaac Henry Mathers assistant receiver-general at Halifax, N. S., to represent Canada on the sinking ring commission.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious itch on man or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion.

William McKerroll, aged 98 years, died at Ottawa. He was one of the early settlers in the Ontario district, going there in 1842.

George Katzemnyer, ten years of age, while trying to crawl under a train at a crossing near St. Thomas had both his legs cut off.

Dr. Slocum's Great Tonic and Disease Destroyer

PSYCHINE

(PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN)

Used in Thousands of Homes in Canada

THOSE WHO don't know what Psychine is and what it does are asking about it.

THOSE WHO do know what Psychine is and what it does are using it. They regard it as their best physician and friend.

THOSE WHO use it are being quickly and permanently cured of all forms of throat, chest, lung and stomach troubles. It is a scientific preparation, destroying all disease germs in the blood and system. It is a wonderful tonic and system building remedy, and is a certain cure for

COUGHS,	Bronchial Coughs,
LA GRIPPE,	Chills and Fever,
Colds,	Difficult Breathing,
Pneumonia,	General Weakness,
Bronchitis,	Female Troubles,
Catarrh,	Fickle Appetite,
Weak Voice,	Hemorrhages,
Sleeplessness,	Night Sweats,
Nervousness,	Consumption,
Malaria,	Catarrh of the
Anaemia,	Stomach.

All these diseases are serious in themselves, and if not promptly cured in the early stages are the certain forerunners of Consumption in its most terrible form. Psychine conquers and cures Consumption, but it is much easier and safer to prevent its development by using Psychine. Here is a sample of thousands of voluntary and unsolicited statements from all over Canada:

Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited:

Gentlemen,—I feel it my duty to advise you of the remarkable cure effected by your Psychine and Oxomulsion, which have come under my personal observation. Three men well known to me, Albert Townsend, Hazel Hipson and John McKay, all of Shelburne County, were pronounced by the best medical men to be in consumption, and to be incurable and beyond the reach of medical aid. They used Psychine and Oxomulsion and they are now in good health.

I feel it a duty I owe to suffering humanity to state these facts for the benefit of other sufferers from this terrible disease.

Yours very truly,

LEANDER McKENZIE, J.P.

Green Harbor, N.S.

Psychine, pronounced Si-keen, is for sale at all up-to-date dealers. If your druggist or general store cannot supply you, write Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, 179 King Street West, Toronto.

HAVE YOUR CHILDREN ANY SORES, RING-WORM OR ULCERS?

ZAM-BUK WILL SURELY CURE

Here are a few instances of Zam-Buk's healing power:

Three children in one family in Burk's Falls have been cured of serious skin diseases by Zam-Buk.

Mrs. Minnie Elliff, of St. John's West (Welland County), says: "My baby had a kind of rash on his head quite a lot of small red spots and pimples. I applied Zam-Buk and was delighted with the result."

Mrs. Goring, of Longford Mills says: "Zam-Buk is a wonderful healer of ringworm. I tried everything that could be thought of, but nothing was able to cure until Zam-Buk came. It is a fine remedy."

Mrs. Bridges of South Cote, Sask., writes: "I used Zam-Buk on baby's cheeks when they got chilled, with excellent results. It is the best thing I know for burns, and shall always keep Zam-Buk in the house."

Zam-Buk is particularly adapted to delicate and tender skins. It is free from all mineral coloring matter and from animal fat, being purely herbal. It heals cuts, burns bruises, ulcers, chapped places, eczema, ringworm, running sores, bad leg, enlarged veins, piles, scaling sores, etc. As an embrocation it cures rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, and rubbed well on to the chest in cases of cold eases the tightness and aching.

All druggists and stores sell at 50c a box, or post free from the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price 6 boxes sent for $2.50.

M. Guldema, governor of the political prison on Vasili Ostron (Basil Island), was killed in the main street of the island.

The budget has passed the chamber of deputies of France after a stormy debate.

According to advices received from Caracas, Governor Mata surprised a secret political meeting. Governor Mata and several others were killed.

A MOTHER'S PRIDE.

A mother's greatest pleasure is in seeing her little ones bright, playful and healthy. The well child is a blessing to the home, but the sick child is a regular little tyrant. A few doses of Baby's Own Tablets will make the sickly child well, or an occasional dose will prevent sickness. There is nothing to equal these tablets as a cure for stomach and bowel troubles. They make teething easy, break up colds, expel worms and cure slmple fevers. Baby's Own Tablets are sold under the guarantee of a government analyst not to contain one particle of opiate—they never do harm—always good. Mrs. G. M. Kemp, Carleton Place, Ont., says: "I have given Baby's Own Tablets to my little one since he was a week old, and I have found them a splendid medicine. At eleven months he weighed over twenty-six pounds. The Tablets are sold by druggists or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Inspector Hughes of Toronto, has received a letter from Alfred Mosely, stating that he has nearly completed arrangements for a return visit of the United States and Canadian teachers to British schools.

Fehmi Pasha, chief of the secret police of the palace of the sultan of Turkey, has come into serions conflict with the German embassy.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

Robert Ferguson of Port Hope, was found frozen to death in his bed in a miserable shack which was shared by a companion named Hill.

At a meeting of representatives of the Lehigh Valley railway trackmen, switchmen and gate tenders, it was resolved to make a demand upon the company for an increase of 10 per cent.

Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is the result of expert chemical experiments, undertaken to discover a preventative of inflammation of the lung and consumption, by destroying the germs that develop these diseases, and fill the world with pitiable subjects hopelessly stricken. The use of this Syrup will prevent the dire consequences of neglected colds. A trial, which costs only 25 cents, will convince you that this is correct.

SACRED THREADS.

The Cords Worn by the Three Castes of the Hindoos.

The sacred thread of the Brahmans is well known. It is a caste distinction assumed at an early age and never parted with. It must be made by a Brahman and should consist of three strands, each of a different color, forty-eight yards in length, doubled and twisted together twice, the ends tied in knots. It must be worn next the skin, over the left shoulder, hanging down to the thigh on the right side. The three castes of the Hindoos are distinguished by the material of these threads—cotton for the Brahmans, hemp for the warriors and wool for the artisans. The Parsees also wear the sacred thread, and boys of seven or nine are invested with it, the threads used being made always of fibers of the suru tree. Monier Williams describes the sacred girdle of the Parsees as made of seventy-two woolen threads, forming a flat band, which is twined three times around the body and tied in two peculiar knots, the secret of which is known only to the Parsees.

The use of "medicine cords" is common among North American Indians. Mr. Bourke describes those worn by the Apaches. These consist of one, two, three and four strands, to which are attached shells, feathers, beads, rock crystal, sacred green stones and other articles, doubtless employed symbolically.

Practical.

"What did she say when she heard he was dead in love with her?"

"She wanted to know if he carried any life insurance."

THE "LIVING IN" SYSTEM.

Hardships of Shop Assistants In English Business Houses.

"Shop assistants" and clerks in retail and wholesale houses and similar establishments in England often endure great hardship on account of the survival of the mediaeval "living in" rules by which they eat, sleep and work all under the same roof. A determined effort is now being made to do away with the evils of the system. J. Macpherson, general secretary of the Union of Shop Assistants, quotes Dr. Norman Kerr as follows: "It is impossible for me to find language strong enough to convey a hundredth part of the mischief which I have seen arise from the excessive hours of labor of shop assistants who have been under my professional care. The great length of the hours at work I have seen break down strong constitutions, seriously aggravated as the evil has been by the dyspeptic misery and disease induced by the necessary bolting of food through the far too short period allowed for meals."

Secretary Macpherson writes: "The following house rules indicate the 'homelike' nature of the accommodation provided, not only for young people, but equally for adult men and women: 'No pictures or photos are to disfigure the walls. Any one so doing will be charged with the repairs. All bedrooms must be cleared by 8 a. m. On Sundays bedrooms to be cleared by 10:30 a. m. and not entered again till 12:30 p. m. Assistants must not lean out of the window or loiter in the passages or doorsteps or pavements near the house and are on no account to bring strangers into the house. No flowers to be put in water glasses or bottles. House door is closed at 11 p. m. Gas turned off fifteen minutes later. Any one having a light after that time will be discharged.'

"That the employers will not relinquish such a profitable source of revenue without a struggle is obvious," the same official continues. "Take the following illustration: An employer boards and feeds a staff of 500 assistants. He decides to reduce the cost of breakfasts to the extent of 1 penny a head per diem. This economy in housekeeping gives him an additional profit of £760 ($3,800) a year on the cheeseparing of one meal alone. The unfortunate assistant, 'who can leave if he doesn't like the food provided,' must deplete his meager wage to buy extra food to satisfy hunger or to tempt the palate to swallow the unappetizing fare provided by the firm."

A Modern Samson.

Possessed of Samsonlike strength, Albert Fisher of Quebec saved his life by a remarkable exhibition of his power. Fisher was employed at a stone crusher, and his duties consisted in feeding rocks into the huge machine. To aid this he stood on a platform just above the crusher. He had just dropped a fifty pound bowlder into the machine when his foot slipped and he fell headlong between the steel jaws.

No person was near to stop the engine. Bracing his shoulders against the steel crushers, which were slowly closing, the sturdy workman exerted all his great strength in one powerful effort. For a moment the machine stopped, then the massive sides drew apart, and finally there was a rending of the steel joints, and the crusher fell to pieces.—Philadelphia North American.

Frugal King Leopold.

A few years ago King Leopold of the Belgians made a Norwegian tour and in due course drove overland in a chaise to Stavanger, where one of the large hotels was stirred by the news that it was about to be favored by royal patronage. The dinner hour of the other guests was postponed in order that the king might have the huge dining room for his sole use, and other preparations were made for the adequate entertainment of his majesty. The sumptuous repast was served in style, apparently to the king's complete satisfaction. At the end of the repast he beckoned to the maitre d'hotel and without a word handed him in settlement a tourist's coupon. Even when on pleasure bent King Leopold has a frugal mind.

Bad Men of the West.

Searchers for real western color with which to illuminate their tales of the frontier have for some time been complaining that all the snap and ginger of the old life in the west had departed. To a certain extent this is true. The genuine Indians have nearly all followed the buffalo over the divide into the happy hunting grounds of the Great Spirit. The modern cowboy is less careless with his shooting iron and his branding iron than he was in the old days, but it is an error to believe that all of the picturesque devilitry which gave color to early days in the west has been eliminated. The bad man with the gun out on the fringe of civilization is fully as bad as his predecessor of earlier years.—Portland Oregonian.

The "Bobs" of America.

A London writer calls General Miles the "Bobs" of America. In describing the famous soldier this writer says: "Despite his valorous record and his sixty-seven years he is a Beau Brummel. With his perfectly fitting frock coat, gray tie, gray suede gloves, tan spats, tan waistcoat and gleaming patent leathers, this grizzled campaigner could give points to any Burlington Bertie. He is remarkably handsome too. With his Roman nose and pointed chin, his upturned eyebrows and mustache and his piercing eyes, he reminds one of an eagle scenting its prey from afar. It is a soldier's face, and the man's whole aspect is militarism personified."

High Finance.

"Say," began Burroughs, "lend me a five, will you?"

"See here," replied Markley. "If you'd only save your own money you wouldn't have to borrow from your friends."

"But by borrowing from my friends I do save my own money."

Profitable Municipal Ownership.

The report of the Waterloo, Ont., Water Commission shows that that body closes the year with a profit of $1,041, after allowance has been made for interest, sinking fund, repairs and depreciation. The plant represents an investment of $78,000.

The Mark That Tells

Pen-Angle trademark (in red) on every Pen-Angle garment, tells you it will fit and won't shrink,—your own dealer so guarantees it. Underwear thus trademarked is softer, warmer, more flexible, better wearing.

Trade marked thus in a variety of styles, fabrics and prices for women, men and children. Form Fitted. Dealers are authorized to replace instantly and at our cost, any Pen-Angle garment faulty in material or making. 206

BETTER UNDERWEAR

William Whiteley bequeathed $5,000,000 to provide almshouses and homes for the aged and deserving poor.

A St. Petersburg dispatch to the London Times says it is reported that here are prospects of a matrimonial union between the imperial families of Germany and Russia.

Something That Should be Rubbed In.—Whenever pain is felt in the limbs or back, take Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil; pour a little in the hand, and applying it to the surface beneath which the pain lies, rub briskly. If the first application does not afford relief, which is not usually the case, keep rubbing. The Oil will gradually penetrate to the affected part and relief will come.

The Harriman railroads are buying coal in Australia and shipping it to the United States for use in locomotives on lines of the system.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Further serious consequences are expected in the Chinese famine districts unless immediate aid is forthcoming, according to state department advices.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Who Gets Your Vote?

"Do you see that man there?" remarked a barber to a customer in his chair. "Well, he has had one and the same job for the past forty-seven years and has been married all that time, and his wife has never at any time during that period known what salary her husband was getting. The wife gets so much a week and no more and has never been able to learn what amount of money her husband has been receiving in exchange for his labor. Now, what bothers me is which should have the diamond medal—I say diamond, as in this case the finest would seem to be needed—the man for being able to so long baffle a woman's curiosity or the woman for surviving so long an unsatisfied curiosity."

Kidney Experiment. — There's no time for experimenting when you've discovered that you are a victim of some one form or another of kidney disease. Lay hold of the treatment that thousands have pinned their faith to and has cured quickly and permanently. South American Kidney Cure stands pre-eminent in the world of medicine as the kidney sufferer's truest friend.—62

The Gentlemanly Leopard.

The cheetah has a reputation as one of the most gentlemanly of beasts. A story from Ootacamund shows what fine manners the animal has. Three Calcutta visitors to the hill station were out on a tramp when they were overtaken by a thunderstorm, accompanied by sheets of rain. They spied a cave in the side of the hill, and into it they rushed. When the rain stopped they came out and, to their surprise, found a cheetah sitting licking the heavy wet off his waistcoat and his paws. It was his cave, but rather than deprive his visitors of their shelter the polite creature had sat outside in the driving tempest. With a friendly mew and gracefully wagging his tail, the cheetah bade adieu to his guests and walked with dignity into his house.

How to Succeed In Literature.

The qualities which I consider most conducive to success in literature are imagination, coupled with a great knowledge of the world, concentration, the willingness and ability to work hard, a considerable knowledge of business and a firm determination to ignore the instructions of literary and other agents with regard to what the reading public may be supposed to require. If any author once loses his independence in writing he may be called finished, so far as any career is in question.—John Oliver Hobbes.

Colds on the Chest

Ask your doctor the medical name for a cold on the chest. He will say, "Bronchitis." Ask him if it is ever serious. Lastly, ask him if he prescribes Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for this disease. Keep in close touch with your family physician.

Ayer's We publish our formulas. We banish alcohol from our medicines. We urge you to consult your doctor

When you tell your doctor about the bad taste in your mouth, loss of appetite for breakfast, and frequent headaches, and when he sees your coated tongue, he will say, "You are bilious." Ayer's Pills work well in such cases.

—Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.—

A Horse with a Strained Shoulder

is sound as a dollar in 24 hours after you rub the sore spot with Fellows' Leeming's Essence.

It gives instant relief in all cases of Strains, Bruises and Swellings — draws the pain right out — strengthens the weak back, shoulder or knee.

Whether you have one horse or twenty, accidents are liable to happen any time. Keep a bottle of

Fellows' Leeming's Essence

handy so you can have it when needed.

50c. a bottle. At dealers.

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL. 16

RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION.

All Provinces of Canada Share In Sixty Million Dollar Development —Thousands of Miles of Steel.

The year 1906 will go on record as one of extraordinary expansion in railroad building. Without taking electric roads into account, it is estimated that 3,314 miles of new railway are under construction in Canada, at an approximate cost of 62 millions. The actual construction of these lines will probably cost forty-four millions, the other eighteen millions being spent in equipment.

James J. Hill is building lines in British Columbia in connection with the Great Northern system, aggregating 419 miles, and as he is building in a mountainous country his operations are likely to cost a round ten millions.

The new lines of the Canadian Pacific, including a hundred miles of double tracking between Winnipeg and Fort William, total 850 miles. The 750 miles of extensions will cost fifteen millions, and the increase in rolling stock will amount to eight millions.

The Canadian Northern is building 660 miles of new road at a cost this year of ten millions, and is spending five millions on equipment.

Another five millions for rolling stock will be spent by the Grand Trunk in Ontario. The Grand Trunk Pacific has 990 miles under construction in the west, the expenditure on the work this year totalling six millions. The eastern section of this transcontinental line, which the Dominion Government is building, will cost a million dollars this year, there being under construction 395 miles in two sections.

The expenditure on new track and rolling stock on the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway this year will total up in the neighborhood of two millions.

These great railway strides are not confined to the more recently settled parts of Canada. Ontario has a generous share and the Eastern Provinces have not been forgotten. Half a century ago they were less than 60 miles of railway in British America.

Canadian Artist Abroad.

One of the best known of Canadian artists is Mr. Henry Sandham, who although he has lived for the past six years in England, and previous to that for some time in Boston, is still proud to call himself a son of Canada. Mr. Sandham was born at Montreal in 1842. From his earliest years he was fond of drawing, and did such excellent work in the studio of the late William Notman that he was given a partnership in the firm. His first artistic tuition was received from Mr. J. A. Fraser, who has since won distinction as an original painter. Vogt, Way and Jacobi also gave personal instruction, and all joined in advising the young man to pursue his studies in Europe. He took their advice, and spent some time in study, returning to Canada in 1880, when he was chosen as one of the eight charter members of the Royal Canadian Academy. In Boston, where he settled, he quickly won a reputation as one of the foremost artists on the continent, became widely known as a magazine illustrator. His sketches in The Century representing Canadian sport are still remembered.

Mr. Sandham's most famous work is the historical piece, "The Dawn of Liberty," or "The Battle of Lexington." This occupied his time for four years, and is a model of care and exactness in detail. In Canada Mr. Sandham's best known painting is the portrait of Sir John A. Macdonald which hangs in the Senate Chamber at Ottawa, and which has been pronounced the best likeness existing of the famous stateman. But this versatile artist does not confine himself to historic pieces and portrait-painting. He is at home in almost any line, and has done excellent work in landscape painting, in oil and color, in etching, and in black and white illustrating. At present he has paintings on exhibition at several of the leading centres in Britain.

A Lucky Chance.

A family living in Essex County found it something of a strain upon their ideas of hospitality to be obliged every day to entertain a tedious woman of 80. The favorite book or the necessary piece of work had to be put aside in order to shout bits of conversation in her ear.

At last the father, in desperation, planned to go into a sudden fit of temper in the presence of the obnoxious caller in the hope of convincing her that they were not pleasant people to visit.

Accordingly, one evening, when he returned from business and found the old lady present as usual, he began to talk loudly and in an irritated voice. Then, growing more excited he stamped about the room, knocking furniture right and left, and ended by going out and banging the door after him.

The old lady knitted away quietly through the confusion, and when the man was gone she turned to the family, and said in a comforting voice:

"I reckon it was mighty lucky I was here, or you'd had to take it. But you needn't be frightened, I'll stay right here with you till he gets over it."

WATCH THE COWS.

Get Good Returns For Good Feed and Treatment.

It is too often the case with many farmers or dairymen that they keep their cows, regardless of their producing capacity, till they are old before they replace them with others. A cow should be, as it were, a trial. And her owner should be exacting enough to demand large returns from good feed and treatment. Every generation of cows can for many years yet be made an improvement on their dams. Then the more rapidly one generation of cows is made to replace another the more rapidly will the herd improve in producing capacity if the proper care is exercised in breeding. It is possible to have all cows in the herd approach and even equal the best cow in the amount and quality of milk given. A little ambition and enterprise on the part of dairymen should soon bring this about.

Reducing the Herd.

Our pasture fields and feed supply should be used to their full capacity. When a cow on account of some accident or for some other unforeseen cause does not give sufficient milk to make it profitable to keep her, there should be heifers ready to take her place. It is a good plan to raise a certain number of heifers each year, and if no vacancies should occur in the ranks of the older cows then create some vacancies by selling the least productive ones. A farmer must see to it that his herd is reduced in numbers. With improvements in methods, of growing and handling the farm crops, the farmer is easily enabled also to enlarge his dairy herd. To renew the herd is the only way to keep it possessed of vitality and thrift with capability or capacity for large productions.

We should make a sort of civil service examination of our herds, says the Cheese and Dairy Journal. That is the only way to be up with the times. It is the only way to get the profit.

A Difference In Bulls.

But few men appreciate the wonderful difference in bulls, and probably one of the greatest hindrances to the development of a good dairy herd is the indifference which is paid to the selection of a sire. There is no surer or quicker way of building up a dairy herd than the use of a strong, vigorous and prepotent bull which comes from a family of good milking cows. Good animals cost more than scrubs, and consequently farmers do not think there is enough difference in bulls to pay the extra cost for a good sire, but here is an expression, says Hoard's Dairyman, from a practical breeder: W. J. Gillett of Rosedale, Wis., a prominent Holstein breeder, says about the purchase of a high priced bull: "The hardest battle I ever fought was years ago to lead myself to pay the sum of $300 for a bull calf for use on our pure bred herd, but I can now say had I paid $3,000 for this same sire the sum would not have equaled his worth or been commensurate in value to the great dairy characteristics he stamped upon his offspring."

Give the Cows Exercise.

Cows in milk will consume and digest more food and give more milk with moderate open air exercise than if kept in closed quarters.

DAIRY WISDOM

The cow appropriates a certain amount of food to sustain life. What you give her above this is clear profit.

Quick fattening makes tender meat. Let it help out with the old cows. Round up all the poor cows for the butcher.

The cow that tests less than 3 per cent butter fat had better be sold.

Deliver the cream before it becomes too old. Cool it promptly and use great care in milking and cleaning the separator. Then your creameryman will have no objection to the hand separator.

Burn the rag you used to wash the milk utensils with. Then use a brush.

There is much in breed, but more in care and feeding.

To make your dairy pay better study how to produce milk at less cost.

Silaged fed cows winter better, give more milk and do better when put on pasture than others.

If the silage molds and decays on the top do not begin to worry. This seals up the rest and keeps all that is under it in prime condition.

Pack the silage well at the sides. The middle will settle of its own weight, but the contact with the sides of the silo keeps it from settling around the outer edge, says Kimball's Dairy Farmer.

The great principle to be observed in winter dairying is to feed economically as regards cost so as to secure the best result.

Dutch Belted cattle may be regarded as strictly dairy cattle, but I have found that they make good beef owing to their size and easy keeping qualities.—F. R. Sanders, New Hampshire.

A good hardworking cow should have sixty days' rest before starting the fresh period. Many cows will keep up a good flow until a very few days before calving, but it is a poor plan to let them do this. The most persistent milkers are the ones who will do this, and they are just the cows which need a good long rest. They will more than make up for lost time when they freshen.

Ropy or stringy milk is caused sometimes by stagnant water. The cows are permitted to stand in water holes, and this gets the old water and mud on their hind legs. When they lie down their udders come in contact with this mud and trouble follows.

Rainy Day Money.

"Is your husband putting by anything for a rainy day?" asked the prudent relative.

"I think so," answered young Mrs. Torkins. "I heard him mention several horses yesterday that he said always run best on a muddy track."

Smart Youth.

"Young man, there are two questions in life—'Will it pay?' and 'Is it right?' Which shall you choose?"

"Both. I'll use the first up to fifty, and then I can probably afford to adopt the second."

BREAKDOWN OF NERVOUS SYSTEM

Too Frequent These Days--Prevented by use of the Great Restorative

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

The keen competition of life is now felt in all grades of society, and as the result prostration, paralysis and insanity are becoming more and more common as the natural outcome of exhausted nerves.

Sleeplessness, irritability, indigestion, headache and a general lack of energy and ambition are among the early indications of nervous troubles, and with women the result is not infrequently derangements and irregularities of the feminine organism.

If a committee of experts on diseases of the nerves were to prescribe for you they would give you just such a formula as that of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, for this medicine is composed of the most powerful restoratives known in medical science.

This is no idle boast, as we shall be pleased to prove to you if you will have your physician call at these offices and examine the formula.

What we consider as better proof of what Dr. Chase's Nerve Food will do for you is to be found in the letters of recommendation published from time to time in Dr. Chase's Almanac and in the newspapers of this country.

Mr. Albert Saunier, Willow Bunch, Sask., writes: "I received the two boxes of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food which I ordered from you and have found it to be an excellent medicine. It has proven a splendid treatment for headache and a run down system and I have recommended it to many people."

Mr. Alexander Honsburger, 10 Moore street, St. Catharines, Ont., writes: "For some years I was much afflicted with nervousness, which grew on me and developed into paralysis of the limbs so that I became helpless. The best efforts of three doctors failed to even relieve me, and, though I tried a Buffalo specialist, he, too, was baffled in my case. I gradually grew worse and was in such a bad condition that I despaired of being well again.

After taking several boxes of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I was able to resume work and am now feeling better than I did for twenty years. I consider Dr. Chase's Nerve Food the king of all medicines, for through its use I recovered health after long suffering."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for $2.50, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

A SOURCE OF DISEASE.

Beware the Man Who Blows Smoke Through His Nostrils.

A popular practice of many smokers consists in discharging the smoke inhaled, especially from cigarettes, through the nostrils. This is even considered by some to be essential to the full enjoyment of the flavor of the tobacco.

The London Lancet, while acknowledging that perhaps under ordinary circumstances no harm is done to the smoker save to his sense of smell, has sounded a note of warning against the habit as a possible disseminator of disease. Hay fever and other annoying complaints have been spread through unsuspecting households by the unthinking visitor who habitually blew smoke through his nose.

The surface traversed by the tobacco smoke before issuing from the nose it is remarked by the Lancet, is moistened with the natural secretion of the mucous membrane lining it, and this secretion is mingled with the fluid discharged from the conjunctival sac protecting the eyes. It therefore contains numerous micro organisms, which, floating in the air, have become attached to the moist and stick surface of the conjunctiva, as well as those which pass over the surface of the nasal membrane. As Tyndall long ago showed, germs are completely filtered off from the air inhaled by the extensive and irregular surfaces presented by the turbinal bones. These germs are carried into the air by the man who blows smoke through his nostrils.

A SENSE OF DIRECTION.

The Prime Requisite For Making a True Woodsman.

A sense of direction I should name as the prime requisite for him who would become a true woodsman, depending on himself rather than on guides. The faculty is largely developed of course by much practice, but it must be inborn. Some men possess it; others do not—just as some men have a mathematical bent, while to others figures are always a despair. It is a sort of extra, having nothing to do with criterions of intelligence or mental development, like the repeater movement in a watch. A highly educated, cultured man may lack it; the roughest possess it. Some who have never been in the woods or mountains acquire in the space of a vacation a fair facility at picking a way, and I have met a few who have spent their lives on the prospect trail and who were still and always would be as helpless as the newest city dweller. It is a gift, a talent. If you have its tiniest germ you can become a traveler of the wide and lonely places. If you have it not you may as well resign yourself to guides.—Stewart Edward White in Outing Magazine.

Science and Morality.

The true student of the professional or technical school becomes heir to a comprehensive and clear understanding of his duties and responsibilities in his relations to his fellow men and to the community. Those duties and responsibilities present themselves to his trained mind in their real proportion. He is neither nondeveloped nor maldeveloped in his judgment of affairs. His university training, especially in the technical school, has taught him accuracy and penetration in the analysis of any proposition confronting him and that truth and knowledge must be sought with the directness of a plumb line. Science yields nothing but confusion to the shifty, devious and dishonest inquirer. The fundamentals of morality are the very stepping stones to technical success or professional attainment.

The Hellbender.

"There's no reason why the hellbender shouldn't be good to eat," said a scientist. "Its principal food is the crayfish, the same as the principal food for bass. The hellbinder belongs to the same family of amphibians as the frog and is very closely related. Both are hatched from the egg, and both pass through the tadpole stage before reaching maturity. The hellbender is a mighty fine fish, as any one can prove to himself if he will conquer his natural aversion." The hellbender is found principally in streams about the foothills of the Alleghany mountains.

Escaping the Organ Grinders.

Reside close to a dentist's if you are not fond of street music. Itinerant organ men carefully avoid playing anywhere near the house of a practitioner who can effectually stop or remove all troublesome grinders.—London Punch.

Her Head Was Hot.

Lady Dorothy Nevill in her reminiscences tells this story of the two Misses Walpole, her cousins: "On one occasion, when both of the two were well over ninety, Miss Fanny, the younger, who had that day been rather ill, only joined her sister in the sitting room just before dinner. On her arrival downstairs the latter (Miss Charlotte by name) remarked: 'Fanny, I am going to be ill too. I feel so hot about the head. It must be apoplexy.' 'Nothing of the sort!' exclaimed Miss Fanny, making a dash at her sister's head. 'Your cap's on fire, and I'm going to put it out.' And so the brave old thing did."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

The Greek steamer Oratios Couppas, which has arrived in Barcelona, reports having taken in tow the British steamer Bolton Hall, which had lost her propeller.

A Sound Stomach Means A Clear Head.—The high pressure of a nervous life which business men of the present day are constrained to live make draughts upon their vitality highly detrimental to their health. It is only by the most careful treatment that they are able to keep themselves alert and active in their various callings. Many of them know the value of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills in regulating the stomach and consequently keeping the head clear.

It was asserted in well informed circles that the pope had made his last sacrifices in the matter of the conflict with France.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment Cures Piles. — Itching, Bleeding and Blind Piles. Comfort in one application. It cures in three to six nights. It cures all skin diseases in young and old. A remedy beyond compare, and it never fails. 35 cents.—65

A mouse scurried across the auditorium of the Royal theatre in the Josefstadt, Austria, during a performance and caused a great deal of excitement.

Worms derange the whole system. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator deranges worms and gives rest to the sufferer. It only costs 25 cents to try and be convinced.

The Saddle.

Early Greeks and Romans rode horses bareback. They regarded it as effeminate to ride in a saddle. The modern saddle, with pommel, crupper and stirrups, was unknown to the ancients. Nero gave out fancy coverings to his cavalry, and the bareback riders of the German forests used to laugh at them. Saddles with trees came into use in the fourth century, stirrups three centuries later.

Standing and Sitting.

David Slowpay—I shall bring you back those dark trousers to be reseated, Mr. Snip. You know I sit a good deal. Mr. Snip (tailor)—All right, and if you'll bring the bill I sent you six months ago I will be pleased to receipt that also. You know I've stood a good deal.—London Tit-Bits.

Properly Situated.

"They may say what they like against him," said the convicted one's defender, "but his heart is in the right place."

"Yes," assented the other, "and so is the rest of him for a few years."

METALLIC CROSSES & FINIALS
METALLIC ROOFING Co. LIMITED
TORONTO & WINNIPEG

Backache

May come from a strain, lumbago, kidney trouble or indigestion. Whatever the cause, the aching is there; a dull, annoying or piercing kind, that makes you cry out with pain. To cure use

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Let some one bathe your back with hot water, wipe dry, then apply freely the Anodyne; rub gently. Thus used you save on Liniment and double the effect. 25 cents, three times as much 50 cents. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

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We also have a few ready-made WAISTS.

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Mineral Claims Surveyed
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Best Liquors
And Very finest Cigars

John Simpson, Proprietor.

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By using Water supplied by the Company you are assured of absolute purity. Government Analysis to back up statements.

Hugh McPherson - - Supt.

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WHEN visiting Ferguson you should stay at the Lardeau Hotel. Here the visitor will be surrounded with home comforts. Excellent cuisine, well ventilated and warm rooms, well stocked bar, and everything which tends towards making your visit a pleasant and memorable one.

Rates from $1 day upwards.
We strive to please our patrons.

FERGUSON.

F. B. Wells

REVELSTOKE, B. C.

RAW FURS BOUGHT

CASH PRICES PAID.

P. Burns & Co

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Meat Merchants

Dealers in all kinds of Fresh Meat

TROUT LAKE, B.C

O K Barber Shop

— FOR A —
Good Shave or Hair Cut
— CALL ON —
William Schnell,
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For Good Hair cutting and Shaving go to

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TROUT LAKE CITY

Hot and Cold Baths.

... The Hotel Beaton ...

BEATON, B. C.

VISITORS arriving at Beaton (the threshold of the Lardeau) via Arrowhead, will find this Hotel to be fully equipped for high-class trade. Excellent accommodation. A well appointed and spacious dining hall. The best of Wines, Spirits and Cigars. Personal supervision is given to the requirements of patrons. Visitors to the Lardeau can rely on comfort at this hotel.

W. BOYD -:- -:- Prop

LAND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date, I intend to make application to the Cheif Commissioner of Lands & Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated in West Kootenay district, on the east side of Fish River:

Commencing at a post planted at the S.W. corner of A. D. Mackays Pre-emption; thence east 20 chains thence south 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 20 chains; west 20 chains, thence south 20 chains; thence west to James Burbridge's east line; thence north to Fish River; thence following river bank to point of commencement.

Dated, February 18th, 1907.

Alex D Mackay, Locator.

LAND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date, I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works for permission to purchase the following described land situate at Cape Horn, Upper Arrow Lake, West Kootenay District.

Commencing at a post planted at the North East corner of Lot 7952, marked "A R. Whitebread's S. E. Corner" thence north 40 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement, and containing 320 acres.

Located this 16th. day of March 1907.

A. R Whitebread.

TROUT LAKE CITY

THERE have been fortunes made by judicious investment in Real Estate, and more fortunes will be made than ever the next two or three years. The one who reaps the harvest is the original investor, for he has his money on a certainty.

Now let us point out to you that there is no better spot on the Continent to buy Real Estate than TROUT LAKE.

Trout Lake is the prettiest spot in the Kootenays; as a pleasure resort it has no equal. Boating and fishing may be indulged in the year round; while big game in abundance is to the found on the hills. Its climate is superb, there being no great extremes, it being mild in winter and cool in summer. It can boast of some of the finest hotels and residences in British Columbia. Its streets are well laid out and graded. There are two excellent general stores, and a glance at the advertisements in this journal will show that all trades are fairly well represented. Write with confidence to Agents.

H. McPherson
Agent.
Trout Lake, B.C.

Lots can be obtained on EASY TERMS.

Make your selection at once. :: ::

Then call on or write to

IT has never had a "boom"—its growth has been steady. It is the head of navigation, and the terminal of the Lardo branch of the C.P.R. All roads (in the Lardeau) lead to Trout Lake. It is the commercial centre of the richest mineral district on the continent, and has banking facilities provided by the Imperial Bank of Canada; first class school accommodation under the direction of S. Shannon, B.A.; a good water system; government offices; County Court sittings; Methodist Episcopal and Anglican churches and cottage hospital.

There are valuable ranch lands on the outskirts awaiting settlers. Its lumber resources are magnificent, and a band saw mill with a capacity of 60,000 ft. per day is at the head of the lake. The mines tributary are proving out bigger producers every year, with new prospects opening up rich bodies of ore.

There will be a big rush this year, so if you would know more, write at once to either of the agents at the addresses below.

F. B. Wells
General Agent
Revelstoke, B. C.