THE LADYSMITH CHRONICLE

With Which Is Amalgamated the Ladysmith Standard.

VOL. I. Ladysmith, B. C., Wednesday, June 30, 1909. No. 87.

Work Will Begin at Once on Sewers

The greater portion of the time of the Council Monday evening was taken up with the reading of Ald. Matheson's by-law to regulate wiring buildings for electric light. It took the city clerk thirty-two minutes to read the by-law.

There were present: Mayor Nicholson, Ald. McKinnell, Matheson, Dier, Brown, Roberts, and Campbell.

The minutes of the previous meeting were approved as read.

A telegram from Wm. Brent was read to the effect that the debentures had been expressed to Ladysmith for signature and that as soon as the debentures were returned and necessary declaration received the money would be forwarded.

The telegram was received and filed.

A number of electrical dealers wrote asking for an extension of time in which to prepare tenders.

The mayor explained that he had instructed the electrical engineer to communicate the information to the aldermen. Ald. Matheson learning that all were agreeable he had notified the companies that the time would be extended one week.

This was confirmed by resolution of the council.

F. L. Leighton, of the Vancouver Engineering Works, wrote to the effect that on account of pressure of other works his firm would be unable to submit a tender.

The letter was received and filed.

Accounts aggregating $1,222.02 were received and referred to the finance committee.

One account of $9.20 was for fighting the fire on the E. & N. property and it was held that it should be sent to the contractor for clearing the land. In the meantime the firemen will be paid out of the city treasury.

The cemetery committee reported that they had not yet had time to thoroughly investigate the complaint of the grave diggers.

The committee was granted another week to investigate.

Ald. Matheson asked permission to introduce his by-law with regard to wiring buildings for electric light, which was granted.

The by-law was read a first and second time and will be considered in committee of the whole next Monday evening.

The mayor drew the attention of the council to the carelessness of many people in starting fires. There was a clause in the fire by-law that no one should start a fire without permission from the mayor. This clause should be enforced.

Ald. Campbell would like to see all permits withheld for the next three months.

Ald. Brown believed that it would not be right to prevent people who were building from burning up the stumps. It would keep them three months back in their building.

Ald. Campbell did not think that the privilege should be granted to even builders, because the safety of the citizens should be menaced. Some time ago a fire was started in one of the back yards of the city, and he had great difficulty in extinguishing it. It was dangerous to burn paper in the back yards. If permission is granted to burn stumps they will go further.

Ald. Dier thought the present by-law, if enforced, should be satisfactory.

Ald. Matheson referred to the practice of many people of burning paper in their stoves. The burnt paper after it escaped the flue fell on the ground, and there was constant danger of it falling on a dry roof and thus causing serious fire. He had known of two or three cases of this kind in Wellington in former years.

It was moved by Ald. Campbell, seconded by Ald. Matheson, that no permission be granted for lighting fires in yards within the city limits for three months.

The motion was put and lost, only the mover and seconder voting aye.

The matter, therefore, stands as it did, the mayor and fire chief having it in their discretion to grant permits.

There was only one tender for the cement sidewalk, and it was decided not to accept the tender, the belief being that it was too excessive.

There were three tenders for the papering and painting of the interior of the city hall. H. Kay tendered $95; S. Roedding, $97; and J. E. Smith, $115.50.

On motion the tender of H. Kay was accepted.

The mayor referred to the situation of the sewer debentures. There was no doubt about the money forthcoming, and work should begin on the sewers at once.

It was decided to send for Mr. Macdonald, who had sent in a tender for building the sewers, and Mr. Morley, who had applied for the position of engineer. They will be invited to meet the council next Monday evening.

The council then adjourned.

EVERYTHING READY FOR THE CELEBRATION

Tomorrow the citizens of Ladysmith with the strangers within their gates will celebrate the forty-third anniversary of Confederation. To Canadians the day means a great deal, and as one celebration follows another they realize more forcibly the significance of a proper observance of the day. And this is as it should be. The man who is truly loyal to his country cannot be a bad citizen. It is well, too, that the rising generation should learn something of the struggle that resulted in a confederation of the straggling British colonies with a responsible government. Canada today is fully realizing all that was anticipated by the fathers of Confederation. It is the home of a contented and prosperous people and it is doubtful if the condition of the individual is so desirable in any other place in the world. Generally speaking the people are law-abiding, and while they do not yield to any other portion of the Empire in devotion and respect for British institutions, they are seriously interested in the destiny of their young country.

Indefatigable work on the part of a celebration committee insures success, tomorrow's observance of Dominion Day should be one of the most gratifying character. Nearly every member of the general committee has attended the meetings regularly and are yet prepared to contribute generously of their time towards making the celebration a success. At the risk of making invidious comparisons, special mention must be made of the painstaking work of the secretary, Mr. Theodore Bryant. The position of secretary of a celebration committee is not conducive to the development of good temper. There are many worries, and perhaps the most exasperating is the criticisms of the curbstone debaters. They will not do anything themselves, but they are ever ready to point out the alleged faults of those disposed to take a prominent part in any undertaking. Fortunately, no fault has been found with Mr. Bryant. He has done his work well, and has been patient under the most trying circumstances. He has been first in attendance at every meeting and has brought order out of chaos. When the success of tomorrow's celebration is chronicled, the name of Mr. Theodore Bryant must be coupled with that gratifying result. If it were permissable to specially mention another name in this connection, the Chronicle would refer to Mr. Hugh Thornley. Mr. Thornley knows how celebrations should be conducted, and his information has been almost indispensable. But why particularize further when all were so attentive to the duties assigned to them.

The last meeting, held last night, was well attended. Mr. H. Thornley occupied the chair, and after the adoption of the minutes, the various committees presented their final reports.

Mr. Bryant, on behalf of the sports committee, reported the purchase of prizes, and allotment for each event. The prizes will be placed at a convenient place on the grounds, and distributed before leaving for the regatta.

Mr. J. Beauchamp reported for the regatta committee that everything would be in readiness this evening.

The grounds committee also reported completion of their work.

For the music committee Messrs. Thornley and Weaving reported that all arrangements had been perfected. Mr. Watson had prepared a place for the band, and it was decided to make the necessary arrangements at the grounds for the musicians. The dance would begin at 8.30 in the evening, and an admission of 75 cents per couple would be charged, with 25 cents for each additional lady.

The general committee expressed a wish that all parents would see to it that their children should be at the school at 8.30 in the morning, when the parade will take place.

The secretary reported that Lieutenant-Governor Dunsmuir had forwarded a cheque for $150 to help out the financial end of the celebration.

It was announced that Mr. A. McMurtrie would present a gold watch and chain to the winner of a girls' race, 100 yards. The contestants must be under 14 years of age.

One of the great events of the day will be the regatta, and it is a difficult part of the programme to carry out successfully. However, this year the committee has made several arrangements that should simplify matters considerably, and the spectators are again reminded to observe the following regulations: The only entrance to the spit is through the gate between Mr. Watson's house and the wharf. There will be no entrance from the beach, and the police are instructed to prevent any infraction of this regulation.

After arranging the last details of the celebration, the committee adjourned to meet again Friday night, when all accounts must be presented. It will be well for those having accounts against the celebration to remember that the meeting Friday night will be the last held of this year's committee.

OFFICERS OF THE DAY.

Chairman— Mayor Nicholson.
Treasurer— Ald. W. S. Brown.
Secretary— Theodore Bryant.

SPORTS COMMITTEE.

H. Thornley, Geo. Ross, Jas. Deeming, P. G. Noot, H. Ward, S. Weaving, Jos. Smith, J. A. Ryan and C. Jennings.

REGATTA COMMITTEE.

F. Thick, H. Ward, J. Beauchamp, Wm. Haworth, P. G. Noot, Dr. R. B. Dier, and W. H. Donaldson.

GROUNDS COMMITTEE.

Jas. Deeming, W. G. Simpson and John Sutherland.

MUSIC COMMITTEE.

H. Thornley, A. Wright and A. Howay.

REFRESHMENTS COMMITTEE.

F. Thick, W. Haworth and J. Beauchamp.

PRINTING COMMITTEE.

D. M. Carley and S. Weaving.

RECEPTION COMMITTEE.

Mayor Nicholson and Aldermen.
Time-keeper— P. G. Noot.
Starter— James Deeming.
Referee— Mayor Nicholson.
Judges at Regatta— F. Thick and Harry Ward.

CHILDREN'S SPORTS.

9.20 a. m.—1.—Girls' race, 10 years and under—1st prize, value $3.00; 2nd prize, value $2.00; 3rd prize, value $1.00.

9.30 a. m.—2—Boys' race, 10 years and under—1st prize, value $3.00; 2nd prize, value $2.00; 3rd prize, value $1.00.

9.40 a. m.—3—Three-legged race for boys 16 years and under, 100 yards—1st prize, value $3.00; 2nd prize, value $2.00; 3rd prize, value $1.00.

9.50 a. m.—4—Girls' race, 14 years and under, 100 yards—1st prize, value $3.00; 2nd prize, $2.00; 3rd prize, $1.00.

10 a. m.—5—Boys' race, 14 years and under, 100 yards—1st prize, value, $3.00; 2nd, prize, $2.00; 3rd prize, $1.00.

(On First Avenue)

10.25 a. m.—Wheelbarrow race, 100 yards—1st prize, value $6.50; 2nd prize, $3.25.

SPORTS GROUND.

12.30—Baseball, Chemainus vs. Ladysmith.

2 p. m.—100 yards foot race, amateur—First prize, value $10.00; 2nd prize, value, $5.00.

2.15 p. m.—Lacrosse match, Nanaimo vs. Ladysmith (First half).

2.50 p. m.—Half-mile foot race, amateur—1st prize, value $15.00; 2nd, prize value $7.50.

3.00 p. m.—Lacrosse. (Second half).

3.45 p. m.—Relay race, amateur, 450 yards (three men in team)—Prizes, value $30.00.

3.55 p. m.—Ladies' race (over 20 years of age)—1st prize, value $5; 2nd prize, value $3.00.

4.10 p. m.—Quarter-mile foot race, amateur—1st prize, gold watch, value $16.00, special given by P. G. Noot; 2nd prize, value $5.00.

REGATTA.

Will Start at the Spit at 4.30 sharp.

4.30 p. m.—1—2-Mile amateur double scull race for men— 1st prize, value $20.00; 2nd prize, value $10.00; 3rd prize, value $5.00.

4.45 p. m.—2—100-yards swimming race for boys, 16 years and under—1st prize, value $5.00; 2nd prize, value, $2.50.

4.50 p. m.—3—11-paddle Indian canoe race—1st prize, $5.00 per paddle; 2nd prize, $2.50 per paddle.

5.10 p. m.—4—100 yards swimming race for men—1st prize, value $10.00; 2nd prize, value $5.00.

5.20 p. m.—5—Single scull race, one mile, for men—1st prize, value $10.00; 2nd prize, value $5.00; 3rd prize, value, $2.50.

5.30 p. m.—6—Peterborough canoe race, double—1st prize, value $10.00; 2nd prize, value $5.00.

5.45 p. m.—7—440-yards swimming race for men—1st prize, value $15.00; 2nd prize, value $10.00.

6.10 p. m.—8—Launch race, local boats. Three classes.

1st, 18 foot and under, prize $10.00
2nd, 21 foot and under, prize $10.00
3rd, 30 foot and under, prize $10.00

6.45 p. m.—9—Upset canoe race, Indians—1st prize, $5.00; 2nd prize, $2.50.

6.50 p. m.—10—Log-rolling contest—1st prize, value $15.00; 2nd prize, value $7.50.

7.00 p. m.—11—Greasy pole— Prize value $5.00.

RULES.

In any of the above events where three prizes are offered, there must be five to start or no third prize will be given. All boats entering must not exceed sixteen feet. Local boats.

Dance at the opera house at 8.30, with good music.

TYEE GUN CLUB.

FIRST EVENT.

10 Singles.

1st prize, $8.00 cash; 2nd prize, $6.00 cash; 3rd prize, $4.00 cash; 4th prize, hat value $3.50, Walters & Akenhead; 5th prize, $2.00.

SECOND EVENT

15 Singles.

1st prize, $8.00 cash; 2nd prize, $6.00 cash; 3rd prize, pair shoes, value, $5.00, Blair & Adam; 4th prize, $4.00 cash; 5th prize, hat, value $3, John Bickle; 6th, $2.00 cash.

THIRD EVENT.

Team Shoot of Six Men, 15 Singles.

If more than three teams compete second prize given.

1st prize, $30.00; 2nd prize, $12.00

FOURTH EVENT.

10 Singles.

1st prize, $7.00; 2nd prize, pair of shoes, $5.00, Geo. Cavin; 3rd prize, $4.00; 4th prize, pipe, value $3.50, Harry Hughes; 5th prize, cigar holder, $2.50, Grant Jessup; 6th prize, $2.00.

FIFTH EVENT.

15 Singles.

1st prize, $7.00; 2nd prize, $6.00 3rd prize, $5.00 value, P. G. Noot; 4th prize, set of military brushes, W. E. Morrison; 5th prize, $4.00; 6th prize, hat, value $3.00, C. E. Jeffs.

SIXTH EVENT.

10 Singles.

1st prize, $7.00; 2nd prize, $6.00; 3rd prize, $5.00; 4th prize, $4.00; 5th prize, pants length, value $3.50, W. G. Fraser.

CONSOLATION PRIZES.

Silverware, value $7.00, Ladysmith Hardware Co.; $5.00 value, given by R. B. Dier; Simon Leiser Company, $5.00 value.

CELEBRATION NOTES.

The Gun Club will have a stage running from the Grand Hotel to the range during the forenoon, at 9 o'clock, 9.45 and 10.30.

The usual dance under the auspices of the celebration committee will take place at 8.30 p. m. in the opera house. The admission will be 75c. a couple, and extra lady 25c.

It is important that the various events should start on time. Contestants, therefore, should be ready to start on scheduled time.

There are many beautiful decorations for Dominion Day. The merchants generally are observing the decoration features.

Parents of children who are to take part in the parade would assist the committee if they would see to it that the little ones are at the school house at 8.30. The parade will start sharp on time.

The baseball match should be a good one. The Ladysmith team has been practicing regularly, and the Chemainus people claim they have the best aggregation on the Island.

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All that is now needed to make a success of the celebration is good weather. That was one thing that the committee could not settle definitely.

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The contest for medals between the lacrosse teams of Ladysmith and Nanaimo will attract a large crowd. Nanaimo has a good team and Ladysmith will go on the field stronger than at any time this season.

The following is a list of the subscribers to the celebration fund up to date:

City of Ladysmith	$40.00
Hepple & Smith, Grand Hotel	15.00
P. Winch, Grand Duke, cash	3.00
G. Cavin, pair boots	5.00
McKelvie Bros.	1.00
T. Lewis, barber	2.00
Mrs. T. X. Jones, cigars	2.50
D. Matheson, tailor, value	3.00
Percy Noot, watch, value	16.00
Dr. Dier, value	5.00
S. Leiser & Co. value	10.00
C. E. Jeffs, value	5.00
Walters & Akenhead, value	10.00
A. E. Palmer, value	5.00
W. L. Carter, cigars	3.00
J. A. Knight, value	1.50
Ladysmith Hdwre. Co., prize	5.00
G. Jessup, value	2.50
Mrs. Uren, Temperance House,	2.00
J. Bickle, value	2.50
E. B. Wells	2.00
Mrs. Jarvenan	2.00
J. Teuz, Columbia hotel	20.00
Barclay & Conlin	25.00
W. Siler	2.00
H. Wright, smelter boss	2.00
Al. Mable, New Western	15.00
J. A. Ryan	2.00
Blair & Adam, value	5.00
A. C. Frost	5.00
A. C. Carpenter, Hotel Cecil	10.00
W. E. Morrison, value	5.00
Novelty Opera House	5.00
C. Peterson	5.00
Hop Lee	5.00
Miss Bardazona	4.00
Wright, blacksmith	5.00
Sid Gifford	2.00
G. Ross, tailor, value	4.00
Ben Woods, tailor, value	4.0
E. Pannell	5.00
Jones Hotel	10.00
Extension Hotel	3.00
Year's subscription Colonist	5.00
Frank Hotel	5.00
Geo. Roberts, value	2.50
Jos. Cartwright	15.00
H. Hughes, value	4.50
J. Stewart, value	5.00
D. J. Johnson	2.50
W. Sneddon	2.00
Canadian Bank of Commerce	10.00
D. Conway, custome	5.00
H. Thornley	2.50
John Tha	10.00
V. B. Harrison	2.50
Nicholson & Weaving	5.00
W. Allister	1.00
T. Waskett	5.00
R. Gear, value	2.50
J. Russell	2.00
W. Porter, milkman	2.00
Vancouver Island Cigar Company, value	6.50
Fred Fisher	2.50
F. S. Clark	2.50
Louis Groquel, milkman	2.00
S. Roedding, prize	
R. W. Williamson	2.50
McIntyre Foundry Co.	2.00
Carley & Carley	5.00
Tyee Smelter	15.00
Mrs. Gould, box cigars,	3.25
Percy Winch, extra prize, cigars	3.25

Nanaimo.

Mahrer & Co	5.01
Wilkinson & Graham, Central Hotel	5.00
Joe Fox, Windsor Hotel	5.00
Wilson Hotel, value	5.50
Union Brewery,	25.00
Rumming Bros.	10.00
J. Booth, value	6.50
Ladysmith Lumber Co.	10.00
Enterprise Cigar Co., value	6.50
Nanaimo Herald (one year's subscription) value	6.00
Nanaimo Free Press (one year's subscription value	6.00
Mr. Gould, bottle of champagne	2.50

BASEBALL.

The following will play in the baseball match tomorrow at 12.30:

Ladysmith— S. Kerr, J. Sandersen, M. Taylor, M. Kerr, P. Delcourt, A. Simpson, A. Morrison, M. Gogo, B. Gerard, A. Kerr and D. Aitken.

Chemainus— D. Gabori, T. George, J. Devit, R. Devit, W. Roseboom, A. Erb, H. Cathcart, V. Booth, R. Cadwalder.

Kamloops has organized a Citizen's Moral and Social Reform League. The object is to create a healthy moral tone in civic affairs, to discourage abuses of any kind in the enjoyment of privileges granted by the city, to promote social and instructive gatherings for both the old and the young, at which papers will be read and discussed on various topics of interest.

Bishop Macdonald Welcomed to Ladysmith

Last Sunday evening, the 11th inst. the Rt. Rev. Alexander McDonald administered the Sacrament of Confirmation to eighty-six candidates. His Lordship was assisted by the local pastor, J. Nicolaye, and the Rev. Urban Fisher, of Mount Angel, Ore., who has been preaching a very successful mission to the Slavonian population of Ladysmith.

After the evening service the congregation gathered in the Y. M. I. hall. Mr. Thomas O'Connell presided as chairman, and Mr. Robert White read an address of welcome to his lordship in behalf of the Young Men's Institute and the congregation of St. Mary's church.

In reply his lordship made some very happy remarks about the excellent spirit of the congregation and the great future of the rising city of Ladysmith.

To the Right Rev. Alexander McDonald, Bishop of Victoria, British Columbia.

May it please your lordship—

With great joy we, members of the Y. M. I. and of St. Mary's Church, hasten to welcome your lordship as our bishop, sent to us by our Holy Father Pius X. Out of obedience and love we greet you with all affection. In welcoming your lordship we are pleased to remember the great work you have accomplished in Nova Scotia. In you we have a prelate who is a believer in the great future of the church based upon the religious education of youth. You come to us to be our teacher and our ruler in the church, to direct us in the cause of Christianity, to instruct us in our duty to God, our neighbor and ourselves. We feel that we have been signally blessed in the coming of your lordship, experienced as you are in the work of education and administration. This experience will be of great value in the diocese to which you now come and to which we so gladly welcome you.

We praise God for His kindness to us and thank the Holy Pontiff through your lordship for the fond care and love for us demonstrated in your appointment. Our prayers will be ever offered up for the success of your episcopacy.

Asking your lordship's blessing, we all say "Ad multos annos."

THOMAS O'CONNELL,
Chairman of Committee.
P. MALONE,
Secretary.
For and on behalf of the Y. M. I. and congregation of St. Mary's.

Ladysmith, B. C., June 27, 1909.

Mr. A. Robinson, of the local Bank of Commerce staff, had rather a thrilling experience in the cooling waters of the harbor on Saturday night. Returning from a visit to some friends who are camping a short distance from Russell's old wharf at about 10 p. m., Mr. Robinson thought it advantageous to shift ballast in his canoe and in the attempt an unseen enemy in the shape of a large wave gave him one broad-side on, not without disastrous effect, for occupant and ballast found themselves unceremoniously in the broad waters with the craft in an inverted position. Leaving the ballast to look out for itself, Mr. Robinson hastened to mount the broad back of the canoe and navigate to shore about half a mile away. Being very dark and somewhat rough this was no easy matter and he found himself several times dismounted, and finally coming across a pile projecting above the water decided to tie up for the night. By this time his coat and paddle had started on another journey, and captain, mate, cook and crew started out in pursuit, Captain Robinson alone being successful in making the capture, and having tucked these carefully under the canoe and secured by the seat he hastily made for the Government wharf where a successful landing was made after an hour and a half's contest. Kindly hands at the wharf office assisted in restoring Mr. Robinson to his usual condition, and found him little worse for his encounter. No doubt Mr. Robinson would prove a successful contestant in the upset canoe races tomorrow.

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" $30 " " $50,	15	"

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THE LADYSMITH CHRONICLE

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DOMINION DAY.

It is now forty-three years since Canada became a self-governing nation. There will be some who perhaps may take exception to the claim of nationality on the part of Canada. Except in name we are a nation, in the same sense that Great Britain is to all intents and purposes governed under republican institutions. The institutions of republican France are no freer than, if even they are liberal as, those of the Mother Country, which leave us in Canada to manage our own affairs, a British viceroy, the Governor-General, being the nominal head of our institutions; his functions, however, except under somewhat remote possibilities being of a passive, ornamental rather than of an active restraining character.

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Canada has prospered under the wise and comprehensive system planned by the greatest of all Canadians—the Right. Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald. During the forty-three years which have elapsed since the old provinces of Canada started off on their own account and united to them sister dependencies, and have since acquired the territories that are now a portion of the Dominion, substantial progress has been made, trade has materially increased as has also population. Particularly has this been the case since the inauguration of the National Policy in 1878.

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Previous to that time our neighbors across the border had made the Dominion a slaughter market for their shoddy goods. For five years, practically unrestrained, they had engaged in war on our industrial institutions. Mills were idle, and Canadians had to seek foreign countries to find a market for their labor. It needed a strong arm to stem the tide that was flowing against us, and threatened to engulf the industrial life of the young country.

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The man was found in the person of the genius who laid the foundation stone of Confederation. The Liberal party, led by Hon. Alexander Mackenzie and dominated by Hon. George Brown and his powerful newspaper, preached free trade or submission to the invaders of our industrial institutions, but Sir John Macdonald was returned to power an the 17th of September, 1878, and he met the invaders at the border with a fiscal policy that adequately protected the Canadian manufacturer. Then Canada took on new life, and shortly afterwards the construction of Canada's national highway was begun.

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The three striking events in Canada's national life were Confederation in 1867, protection to her industries, which was inaugurated in 1878, and the completion of the Canadian Pacific Railway in 1886. To whom was Canada indebted for these? The answer is written in the records of our country—Canada's patriot statesman, Sir John A. Macdonald.

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The corner-stone of Confederation was well and truly laid by Sir John A. Macdonald and the patriotic statesmen who surrounded him, and the temple is still in process of construction. Will it realize all that was hoped for by the master builder? That will depend upon Canadians themselves. They have now learned the lesson of faith in themselves, and all they will have to do is to continue the work. Patriotism to country and high ideals must be the guiding star. In building up a great nation on this side of the Atlantic, Canadians are not weakening the tie that binds them to the Mother Country. Rather are they strengthening the power of the greatest empire that the world has ever known, and on this forty-third anniversary of Confederation, when joining in the chorus of "The Maple Leaf Forever" let us not forget we are loyal subjects of the greatest king who ever sat upon the British throne.

ONE OF THE SIX HUNDRED.

Lord Tredegar, who has recently come in for some publicity in the English papers because of his promise of a site for a sanitorium an Penrhiwdarven Mountain, near Abercorn, is one of the most notable survivors of the Balaclava charge. As a young officer he rode with the Light Brigade, and on its return found himself, then a lieutenant in the Seventeenth Lancers, in command, all his senior officers having been killed or wounded. Some time ago he was induced to put on record what he did and saw on that memorable day. A hundred times, says M. A.P., he was as near death as a man can possibly be. "I appeared," he said in the narrative, "to be riding straight on to the muzzle of one of the guns, and I distinctly saw one of the gunners apply the fuse. I shut my eyes then, for I thought that settled the question so far as I was concerned.

"But the shot just missed me and unable to induce any of the railway chest. In another minute I was on the gun, and the Russian's grey horse, shot, fell across my horse, dragging it over with him and pinning me in between the gun and himself. A Russian gunner came on foot and covered me with his carbine. He was just within reach, and I struck him across the neck. At the same time a mounted gunner struck my horse with his sabre on the forehead. Spurring 'Sir Briggs,' he half jumped, half blundered over the fallen horses, and bolted with me. I only remember finding myself alone amongst the Russians, trying to get out as best I could." In spite of all, both Lord Tredegar and his horse came out alive, Sir Briggs to die many years afterwards in the calm seclusion of Tredegar Park.

JUSTICE IN INDIA.

There is good reason for Britishers everywhere to feel proud of the purity and strength of British justice as revealed in the proceedings which have followed the convictions which were the immediate sequel to the outrages of a few months ago. Of these the most recent was the quashing of the Midnapur convictions. The police evidence was to the effect that a bomb had been found in the house of the prisoners. The police alleged that the bomb had been found on a certain date. The house in which the find was made was small, and the owner had been under suspicion for some time. After innumerable remands and delays three of the twenty-seven individuals who were arrested in September last were convicted. Then the convictions went to the High Court at Calcutta, on appeal. Sifting of the police evidence showed that the house in which the bomb was found had been thoroughly searched, and a tight cordon had been drawn round it for several days before the bomb was discovered. How the bomb came to be there is problematical. If it was there when the police made their search and they failed to find it, the police were to blame. If it was placed in the building—and it is easy to conceive of reasons why it might have been put there—by the malcontents after the cordon had been drawn the police were to blame. If, as the defence suggested, it had been put there by the police themselves in order to be used in securing a conviction, the police were still more to blame. The high court, as has been said, quashed the convictions, and commented upon the conduct and methods of the prosecution in such scathing terms that the Lieutenant-Governor was left with no alternative to suspending the leave of all the officers concerned and ordering a rigorous inquiry into the affair.

When regard is had to the extent to which the Indians themselves are admitted to participation in the governing of the country, how largely Indian officialdom is drawn from native sources, the credit which belongs to British administration of justice in India is all the greater. The police is largely native, and the motives which impelled the prosecution to secure a conviction were not greatly different from those which are active among white men in similar circumstances—a desire to please the "powers that be." But the high court vindicated justice. The collapse of the Midnapur convictions, following so closely upon the acquittal of a large majority of the accused in the still more drawn out Alipore trial, has done much to stem the tide of discontent in India than could possibly have been effected by rigorous punishment on insufficient evidence.. That the outrages which aroused indignation throughout the civilized world should have provoked bitter feeling in India itself was inevitable, and that, under cicumstances, a sedition hunt should have been marked by some curious features, either as a result of the mad zeal of the hunters or the craft and subtility of the hunted, was perhaps unavoidable; but the high court, in its decision, cannot have failed to impress the natives of India with the fact that the course of British justice is high and pure, and is not to be deflected by any feeling, however natural; that righteous horror and indignation must find a victim. Let us hope, also that before many months have passed, justice will have proved itself full-armed, and will have added to this proof that the innocent are safe, the equally necessary testimony that the guilty cannot hope to remain unpunished.

Dr. R. B. Dier

Surgeon Dentist

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

Ladysmith Waterworks

NOTICE

On and after this date water consumers must not sprinkle streets or roads.

The following rules will govern gardens and lawns:

Below 3rd Avenue—In the morning from 7 to 10 o'clock.

Above 3rd Avenue—In the evening from 5 to 8 o'clock.

Dated June 9th 1909.

J. J. Bland,

Superinfendent of Waterworks

Hens for Sale

One Hundred Hens for sale. Apply D. Davies, Rancher, near Ladysmith.

Leave orders at Robert's Butcher Shop.

We have just received another shipment of those

Elegant Designs and Colorings in Wall Paper

Call and see them. They are going fast.

A full line of, Paints and Varnishes in stock.

Picture Framing done on shortest notice. Bring your pictures and look over our mouldings.

HARRY KAY, First Avenue

Painter and Paperhanger.

Ladysmith Pharmacy

ALL THE STAPLE DRUGS ALWAYS IN STOCK.

PRESCRIPTIONS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

R. G. JESSUP, Prop.

100 Pairs 100 Pairs

100 Pairs of Trousers

To Be Cleared Out at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. $1.75 PER PAIR and up.

G. O. ROSS, First Avenue

100 Pairs 100 Pairs

John W. Coburn, President and Managing Director.

The Ladysmith Lumber Co.,

Limited.

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

Rough and Dressed Fir Lumber, Red Cedar, Shingles and Lath

LADYSMITH, BRITISH COLUMBIA

We have the largest assortment of

Spring and Fancy Suitings

to be fouud in the city.

PRICES RIGHT

D. J. Matheson

MERCHANT TAILOR

Gatacre st., Ladysmith, B. C.

Two Good Local Buys

House and Lot on Roberts St. and 6th Ave. $525.

Store on Roberts St., near 4th Avenue. $400

McKELVIE BROS.,

Real Estate

First Avenue, Ladysmith

Novelty Theatre

Masonic Building, Ladysmith

New Programme

Monday and Thursday

PERFORMANCES AT 7:30 AND 8:45 P. M.

Admission: 10c and 15c

Matinee Prices 5c and 10c

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY COMPANY

Lands for Sale

Agricultural, Timber and Suburban Lands for sale. For prices and location apply to the Land Agent at Victoria or the District Land Agent at Duncan.

Town Lots and cleared Suburban acreage for sale at Ladysmith. Apply Land Agent, Victoria, and Townsite Agent, Ladysmith.

READ! CONSIDER! ACT!

Extensive advertising in large Newspapers, in large Cities costs large sums of money. We are satisfied with small advertising, in a small paper,

for small money. This enables us to place our goods before our customers at a price to match most incomes.

CHAS. PETERSON
Furniture Store

Ladysmith Transfer Stables

Light and heavy teaming.

Furniture and piano moving a specialty.

Nicholson & Weaving
PROPRIETORS
Telephone 1.

Wagons

I Sell T. J. Trapp & Co's Celebrated Wagons

During the season we have sold a large number of wagons, implements and logging trucks.

Everything carries a guarantee.

R. WRIGHT
Buller Street

DRINK
U. B. C.
AND BOHEMIAN
BEER

UNION BREWING CO., Ltd
NANAIMO, B. C.

Ice Cream
AT
Carter's Store
Ice Cream 10c a plate.

Express and Teaming

Wood for Sale.
P. INKSTER, PHONE 66

D J. Jenkins successor to A. E. Hilbert
Hilbert Undertaking Parlors
1, 3 and 5, Bastion St., Nanaimo
Phone 124 P. O. Box 1

The City Market
R. WILLIAMSON, Prop.
Wholesale aad Retail.
MEATS and VEGETABLES
Ladysmith, B. C.

A. Litt
CLEANING, PRESSING AND REPAIRING.
Charges moderate.
All work left at McCallum's 2nd avenue, near Fire Hall, will receive prompt ateention.

Sea Cure for White Plague

Medical science with the aid of philanthropic capitalists has studded the continent with sanatoria for the cure of consumption, writes W. T. Stead in the London Daily Mail. They are to be found everywhere, in the Black Forest, on the High Alps, on the sea shore, and on the confines of the African desert. There are more than one hundred of them in Germany alone. Yet to this day the best site in the whole world for sanatoria for the cure of tuberculosis remains unoccupied. What is still more strange, this superb site is to be found in our own special domain, which is free for occupation without rent, rates or taxes. I refer, of course, to the ocean. We hear much of the blue-water school of imperial defence, but no one speaks of the blue-water cure for the Great White Plague.

Yet, if the most eminent medical authorities of the modern world are right, the possibility that a consumptive patient will be cured in an ocean sanatorium is at least twice as great as if he were sent to the best sanatorium on land. Dr. Achille Edom, whose classic work on "Tuberculosis et sanatoriums flottants," has never received the attention it deserved in this country, commands the enthusiastic support of Dr. Van Leyden, the most distinguished professor of medicine in the university of Berlin, who, on this subject, is in entire accord with the most eminent members of the medical profession on the continent. Our own doctors are professionally reluctant to commit themselves on such subjects, but the editor of the British Medical Journal declared, in an article expounding the system, that its working will be watched with sympathetic interest by the medical profession, and that there would be no lack of patients if the terms were not absolutely prohibitive. With such a consensus of approval on the part of the most distinguished medical authorities in favor of the blue water cure, how comes it that at this time of day a properly equipped floating sanatorium is still sought in vain on any of the seven seas?

The answer is that what is everybody's business is nobody's business. Everyone agrees that the scheme is excellent, but no one man has either the personal interest or the inward call that compels him to devote himself to the conferring of this great benefit upon mankind. It is not as if there were any great sum of money wanted. The requisite capital for establishing an experimental ocean sanatorium is only thirty thousand pounds, and it would pay five per cent. from the first. Philanthropy and five per cent. are usually supposed to be forces potent enough to do anything, but they need to be yoked together before they can bring into existence the most beneficient of institutions.

The case for the establishment of an ocean sanatorium lies in a nutshell. To cure consumption it is necessary above all things to shut out from the destroying bacilli within the injured living the constant reinforcement of deleterious bacteria which arrive in battalions in every breath of impure air. Lord Lister's invaluable discovery of the importance of antiseptic treatment in surgery is based on this principle. If pure air is the first desideratum, the second is that the temperature should be equal without extremes of heat and of cold, so that the patient can without inconvenience live in the open air by day and by night. The third is that the patient should be removed as far as possible from all the worries and distractions of the rushing whirlpool of modern life and placed in a lotus eater's paradise, where he can breathe it all the time. Given these three desiderata, and the distinguished medical authorities above referred to consider that a cure of any consumptive patient whose malady has not reached its final stage can be confidently anticipated in two or three months.

All of these essentials for the successful treatment of tuberculosis can be found to perfection in a floating sanatorium properly equipped, stationed, let us say, in the neighborhood of the Canary Islands. The medicine which alone cures consumption is pure air, and no air on land is so pure or so restorative as the salt-laden breath of the soft sea wind. Oxygen and saline matter are nowhere else so deftly intermingled. In a sea sanatorium in the latitude of these summer isles of Eden set in an azure sea, where there is not five degrees Fahrenheit of difference in the temperature between midnight and midday, the patient would never be tempted to break the bounds to disobey his doctor's orders, while no echoes of the outside world disturb his calm. It would be luxury merely to exist for a few months on board the Ship of Health, which in its slow cruise around the islands would enable its passengers to make rapid progress towards the port of Complete Recovery.

In olden days a long sea voyage despite all the disadvantage of confined quarters, chance of bad weather and constant change of climate, was often prescribed with success when all other remedies had failed to effect the cure of consumptives. How much greater the prospect of success when all the disadvantages of such a voyage are eliminated and the patient is enabled to enjoy all the advantages of the best sanatoria on land with life on the deep blue sea! It is proposed to purchase a roomy sailing ship of some two thousand tons burden and to refit her completely as a first-class sanatorium for fifty consumptive patients, each of whom would have a separate large and well ventilated cabin. The deck would be fitted up for verandah treatment. Every convenience of the most perfectly equipped land sanatorium, including swimming baths, recreation rooms, etc., could be provided. The ship, besides her captain and crew, would carry a complete hospital staff of doctors and nurses. She would be stationed in the neignborhood of the Canaries, where she would be able to obtain a constant supply of fresh food, milk and fruit, and whenever the wind blew and the sea threatened to become boisterous she would take shelter in some convenient roadstead. Patients would have gained their sea legs in the steamer bringing them out, and the soft low swell of the tranqdil sea would be but as the cradle lulling them to sleep.

From a business point of view the scheme, so far from offering any difficulties, offers positive temptation to the capitalist. Skin for skin, all that a man has he will give for his life. To buy a suitable vessel and to fit her up as a superb floating hospital would not cost more than twenty thousand pounds at the very outside. Fifty patients at thirty shillings a day would not only defray the working expenses, but would leave an ample margin for liberal advertising, ample interest, adequate sinking fund, and still leave provision over that might be used to assist less wealthy patients to obtain the necessary treatment. It is computed that to cure a patient on these terms would not average more than one hundred pounds for a life.

The Oceam Sanatorium is coming. The Germans are already thinking over the problem, and if we are not prompt they will get in ahead of us, and that ought not to be. For the sea is our own domain, and it would never do for Britannia to allow the healing potency of the waves which she rules to be the first practically demonstrated by any but herself.

COMMON PEOPLE ARE PRIVILEGED

Through the opium prohibition laws, just promulgated, the imperial government of China has established a governmental precedent in making the common people a privileged class, which exceeds the dreams of the world's most radical democrats.

Under the provisions of the Imperial edict, the official classes become amenable to the prohibitory laws at once, and any official found guilty of "hitting the pipe," is subject to punishment ranging from two year's imprisonment to strangulation.

Within one year the gentry come under the laws designed to free the empire from the opium curse, but not until the third year of Hsuan Tung, which is three years hence, can the prohibitory laws, except in the employment of restraint in aggravated cases, be invoked against the coolie classes.

In explanation of the graduated provisions of the law, it is set forth that the official classes are supposed to be of superior intelligence and should obey all laws in letter and in spirit so as to create respect for government through their example. No excuse, it is set forth, exists for official disobedience of the law. The gentry being removed in a measure from active participation in the government are given a year in which to acquaint themselves with the new law, after which they will be as vigorously prosecuted as the offending officials. The coolie classes, it is set forth, are composed of ignorant people and are recommended to the law's patience, so it is ordered that they shall not be amenable to the prohibitory laws for three years, during which period all officials are ordered to employ measures to acquaint the lower classes with the law's provisions.

THE ISLAND OF WIDOWS.

Off the coast of Norway is a small island called Aarlund, which for almost two years boasted the peculiar distinction of being peopled exclusively by widows. The circumstances under which this state of affairs was brought about are no less curious than distressing. One spring in the early 90's a man arrived on the island from Haugesund, on the mainland, with his wife and family to participate in the egg gathering. As he was testing his ropes on a cliff, preparatory to commencing a search for eggs, he happened to make a false step forward over the cliff. He was instantly killed.

As there had not been a death on the island since 11 years before when a boy was killed by a boulder from the same cliff, falling on him, the occurrence naturally cast a gloom over the small community established there. This consisted of some 30 fishermen with their families. As a mark of sympathy and respect, all the men determined to attend the funeral of the unfortunate which was to take place at the cemetery at Haugerund. During the proceedings at the burial ground a tremendous gale arose and when the men returned to their smack the storm was at its height.

After carefully considering the situation, the 30 fishermen determined to sail for Aarlund, and having taken advantage of the opportunity to replenish their household supplies the boat was rather heavily laden. The progress through the angry sea was most anxiously watched by the people on the mainland who when the boat had gone about 1½ miles from shore, saw that the vessel was in great distress. Efforts were at once made to go to its assistance, but the heavy sea beat back every boat that was launched. A few moments afterwards the smack plunged forward into the trough of the foaming waves and forever disappeared from view. Every one aboard was drowned, and the following morning their bodies were found along the beach. News of the disaster was as speedily as possible conveyed to the island. Every wife in the place had by the dreadful event been made a widow, and out of thirty as many as twenty-eight were left without any means of support.

A NOVEL RAILWAY PROJECT.

Winnipeg, June 28—Because he was struck the man on my left full in the systems to build a line north and south through Saskatchewan, "Farmer" Hines, of Hannah, N. D., has decided to do the work himself. He now has his arrangements practically complete and promises that actual construction will be commenced within a few weeks. For several months past he has been selling stock in the company, each farmer within ten miles of the route to be taken by the railway being allowed a $100 share for every quarter section he owns. This may be paid for either in cash or work. The bonds of the company have been guaranteed by the Saskatchewan Government so this energetic American has all the capital required to build the first section of the line.

That he intends to tap the richest wheat raising country in Saskatchewan is apparent by the plans which have already been filed with the Department of Railways and Canals at Ottawa. The initial construction will be between Regina and Melfort, and from there the line runs through Watrous and from thence to Prince Albert, the country around Watrous being a veritable Garden of Eden. The line will pass along the side of the wonderful mineral lake near Watrous, giving a direct line from North Dakota to these medicinal waters. Prince Albert and Regina will not be the terminals of this line if "Farmer" Hines' plans are fulfilled for it is his intention to extend from Regina southwards to Duluth and from Prince Albert to Hudson's Bay.

He intends this line to be a railroad for the benefit of the farmers and owned entirely by them and in order to provide against any controlling interest he has made the stipulation regarding the purchase of stock. He is most sanguine over the result of his canvas for stock and feels assured a portion of the line will be in aperation during the present year. When the main line is completed several branches will be built and from one end of the system to the other the company will own and operate its own elevator system.

Another "Sunshine" Feature

The Gas Ring

This is an entirely new idea, and will especially interest people who reside in natural gas districts. The gas ring takes the place of the lower Sunshine fire-pot, thus making it possible to burn gas in your furnace without inconvenience. Such is not possible in a furnace where the ordinary gas log is inserted; for, should the gas give out, a coal or wood fire could not be started until the gas pipes were disconnected.

To provide against sweating in the summer time, Sunshine Furnace is equipped with a nickelled steel radiator and dome. All bolts and rivets are nickelled, all rods copper-plated. This special treatment, besides meaning quicker and greater radiation from the radiator and dome than cold chill iron could possibly give, acts as protection for the bolts, rivets and rods from inroads of gas. When cast iron comes in contact with our nickelled steel it is coated with our special Anti-Rust treatment, which prevents the slightest possibility of rust commencing anywhere in Sunshine Furnace.

McClary's

For Sale By Ladysmith Hardware Co., Ltd., Ladysmith

ARE YOU READY

TO PAINT OR PAPER? WHEN YOU ARE READY WE ARE.
PICTURE FRAMING A SPECIALTY.

S. ROEDDING
Paperhanger and Art Decorator.
High Street.

ARE YOU GOING TO BUILD

a fence or a house, if so consult me as I can save you money on lumber. Having purchased a low truck. I am prepared to move furniture and pianos.

For any teaming consult
THORNLEY
LADYSMITH - - PHONE 6.

Portland Hotel

GOOD BOARDING.
BILLIARDS AND POOL.

Barclay & Conlin, Proprietors

Shoe Repairing

I am ready to repair Boots and Shoes. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

FRANK SPINATO,
Corner Third ave. and High street, near Queen's Hotel.

GRAND HOTEL
CONVENIENT
COMFORTABLE
Excellent Boarding
HEPPLE & SMITH,
Proprietors.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

This is to notify the public that I, James Rowe, will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, on and after this date, without my written permission. Any accounts against me should be sent in at once.

JAMES ROWE,
Ladysmith, June 16, 1909.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 4, Block 29 (Map 703 A)

In the matter of an application for a Duplicate Certificate of Title to Town of Ladysmith.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof to issue a Duplicate Certificate of Title to said land issued to William Beveridge and Henry Reifel on the 3rd day of November, 1902, and numbered 8203 C.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar-General of Titles.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, B C., the 28th day of April, 1909.

TRANSFER OF LICENSE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to make application to the Board of Commissioners of the City of Ladysmith at their next regular meeting for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by me in respect to the premises known as the Pilot Hotel, situate on Lot 9, Block 126, in the City of Ladysmith, from myself to Alexander Thomas.

J. R. THOMAS.
Ladysmith, 25th May, 1909.

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY

Double Train Service

3	1		2	4
16.00	9.00	VICTORIA	12.05	18.55
18.45	11 57	LADYSMITH	9.00	16.58
19.25	12.35	NANAIMO	8.15	15.15

L. D. CHETHAM,
Dist. Pass. Agt.
Victoria, B. C.

Ladysmith Bakery Company

Cakes of every description, fancy and plain. Candies of all kinds Fruit of all kinds. Fresh bread every day.

Reasonable prices. Come and see our lines and leave your orders. We give careful attention.

Hop Lee, Prop.
Esplanade street, Ladysmith.

Pure Ice Cream Constantly On Hand

Tobaccos, Cigars, Etc.
Best quality of Confectionery

Miss Bardozona

Get Ready for the Summer by Having Your House Painted

Best materials only used. Big stock of wall paper on hand.

PRICES THE LOWEST

J. E. Smith
Roberts St. - - Ladysmith, B. C.

All kinds of Clock and Watch Repairing. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Reasonable Prices.
English Watches a Specialty.

J. R. Easton
Practical Watchmaker.

All work left at H. Hughes' store will receive Prompt attention.

Chong Kee
Laundry
Washing and Ironing promptly attended to.
P. Box 91. Avenue.

Trees and Fruits In Farm Garden

In laying out a new garden, space should be provided always lor trees and snrubs. While the trees are very small they will occupy no more ground than ordinary vegetables. Other crops may be planted to within one foot of a row of seeding trees, and no injury will be done to either. But in a few years the trees will take the moisture from a larger space. They will also shade the ground, and this alone will prevent most vegetables from attaining to perfection of growth. At least eight feet of extra space should be allowed inside a windbreak of tress. At first this space may be filled with vegetables, but later on it should be merely kept free from weeds.

For the windbreak I would strongly recommend the various willows, and ash-leaved maple. They both grow bushy and thick near the ground, and if the ends of the branches are clipped off, allowing them to extend from two to three feet beyond the trunks of the trees, then an almost solid wall of green will be produced, with a small amount of work. The clipping should be done in June, so as to allow the wounded branches to heal before winter sets in. If done much earlier than June, some trees are liable to bleed profusely. Bleeding is to be avoided when possible, as it materially weakens the tree. Another reason for recommending the maple and willow for planting around the farm garden is the fact that neither of them send out suckers. Trees that grow many suckers should not be planted close to a garden, as they will come up like weeds and give trouble.

The common lilac, planted about one foot apart, will make as tight a hedge as any. If it is seldom pruned, it will grow very close at the bottom. This inside is not really necessary. Either the willows or the maples will be sufficient protection for the garden.

Poplars should be kept at a respectable distance from the garden. They will send out their suckers to a distance of twenty or thirty feet from the main trunk. The suckers run quite close to the surface of the ground, drawing sustenance therefrom.

For a large garden, where grounds can be laid out for appearance as well as use there are dozens of hardy trees and shrubs that may be worked in with good effect. There is a great variety to be held in foliage colors; and lor winter effects there is such variation in the color of bark and young growth that it is quite possible to make the winter garden pleasing to the eye. Really beautiful effects may be produced by the introduction of the white spruce, Scotch pine, blue spruce and some other evergreen trees that have been tested and found hardy at the experimental farms. These take longer to grow than the deciduous trees, but even when they are quite small they add greatly to the appearance of the garden both winter and summer.

Each year a few rows of trees may be planted next to the garden. If the trees are planted three feet apart each way, they will soon branch and shade the ground so that they will need no cultivation. While they do need it, they can be cultivated with the garden. It is a good plan to start tree seeds in the garden proper, transplanting them to the wood lots as soon as they are large enough. Tree seeds are best planted in the late fall, while cuttings should be planted very early in the spring. The cuttings should be cut from the new wood. They should be eight inches long, and nearly one-quarter of an inch thick. Both ends should be cut evenly and the slip set deeply in the ground, leaving only one or two buds exposed. Most kinds of poplars and willows grow readily from cuttings.

Strawberries should be grown more than they are. To be sure some of the plants may winter-kill at times, but as a rule a good supply can be easily grown in every garden. The ground for strawberries should be prepared much as for raspberries. My experience has been that they stand exposure in winter better when planted on clay soil, than they do on sandy soil. If the slope of the ground is towards the north, the spring sunshine does not thaw the plants out so quickly, and they are less likely to be injured by heavy frosts. Strawberries need clean cultivation, and should be well covered with clean wheat straw in winter. The covering should be left on until the ground is thawed out under it. Then it should be removed gradually.

Hardy apples are grown now successfully. Much disappointment may be met with unless great care is taken to procure the right stock. Much eastern and southern grown stock is sent out by salesmen. It may not always be the fault of the salesmen. I know of one case where the company lor which a salesman worked promised to supply good Manitoba grown apple trees. The company in turn bought the stock from a well-known and suppose-to-be-reliable nursery. The apple trees sent out to the farmers could not have been grown at the nursery where they were originally ordered. Few af them grew the first season, fewer survived the winter.—Farmer's Advocate.

BIG MANSION IS TO BE SOLD.

It is not often that an historic mansion of the importance of Holme Lacy, the earl of Chesterfield's country seat in the most picturesque part of Heresfordshire, is offered for sale by public auction. On July 29 Messrs. Knight, Frank & Rutley will sell at the Mart, Tokenhouse Yard, this magnificent property of 5542 acres, which has a rent roll of over $35,000, says a London despatch.

It has passed from generation to generation of the same family ever since Walter de Lacy settled there in the days of William the Conqueror, and since, in the reign of Edward III, Thomas Scudamore obtained the De Lacy estates with the hand of Clarice de Lacy. One of the Scudamores, Sir James, was immortalized by Spencer in "Faerie Queene," and his son, John, was created baronet and viscount and entertained Charles I. at Holme Lacy after Marston Moor and Naseby, for which act he had to suffer severe consequences.

Alexander Pope wrote his "Man of Ross" at Holme Lacy, and Grinling Gibbons decorated the principal rooms of the mansion with magnificent wood carvings which rival his wonderful work at Petworth and Chatsworth.

The catalogue of the sale issue by the auctioneers is a sumptuous folio publication, beautifully printed on hand-made paper and illustrated with numerous views reproduced by the best photogravure process. It is unquestionably one of the most artistic examples of the printer's craft that has ever served a commercial purpose, and the plates alone form an album illustrating the unique charm and distinction which are attached to old English country seats.

Troubles of an Amorous Jap

The Victoria Post has the following in last Saturday's issue:

"A Jap and his absurd, but none the less passionate, adoration for a prominent society lady, has caused much excitement among the residents of a little town on the E. & N. line, between Victoria and Nanaimo, and been one of the principal topics among the gossips for several weeks.

"It was some time ago that the lady in question first became cognizant of the devotion of the Oriental, who was then in her employ as a domestic. For upwards of a year he kept his secret, only allowing his regard to show itself in his assiduous attention to the wishes af his mistress. Did she express the slightest desire within the power of her Jap employee to gratify, it was done. Her vaguest order was law to the obsequious native of the Land of the Chrysanthemum. From early dawn until eventime he devoted his energies to please the lady. His reward was a smile and the knowledge that he was considered a gem of a domestic and a love of a cook.

"Not for long did the radiance of her smile prove sufficiently satisfying. The Jap couldn't restrain his ardent affection, and in the most humble tone he avowed himself through the medium of a letter. It was couched in that peculiarly flowery phraseology characteristic of the poetic mind of the Oriental. The object of his undying love was astounded at the disclosure, and her indignation knew no bounds. Peremptorily the unfortunate swain was dismissed, and, hardly able to control his grief, thrawn out on the cold, unsympathetic world.

"One rebuff wasn't enough, however to quell the ardor of the fire which consumed his soul. He wrote again, and yet again. He haunted the streets of the little town, and if he descried the familiar figure of his loved one, near or far, he gave chase and, catching up, bowed respectfully and humbly, though insistently, requesting the pleasure of performing the duties of escort.

"So painful did these embarassing attentions become that the perplexed lady, as a last resource, informed the police. They took him in hand. First he was warned. But that was no good. He still waited at the door of the lady's home, and, when she ventured forth there was his sweetest smile, most stately bow, and stereotyped request. This was too much. The Jap was arrested and imprisoned. The constable informed Superintendent Hussey of the circumstances and, under the latter's directions the lover was brought to Victoria.

"On his arrival the superintendent gave him some advice, and, incidentally, a warning. He was sent to Vancouver with instructions to stay there or anywhere else on the mainland but never again to venture to the little Vancouver Island town. That, it was thought, was the end of the one-sided romance. But it wasn't. The next day there came from up the line a message from the constable, thus:

" 'Jap is here. Lady alarmed. What shall I do?'

" 'Arrest him and have him sent to Victoria by the next train,' was the equally direct reply.

"It seems that the enamored Jap, alone in the crowded Vancouver streets, was beset by an irresistible desire to return to the scene of his romance. The thought was the prelude to action. He took the outgoing steamer back to Nanaimo and was in the busy little town before the constable in whose custody he came to Victoria had arrived.

"The Oriental was up for another impromptu hearing this morning and has been liberated again, a number of his countrymen here having promised to see that he forgets the past and acts reasonable in the future."

SURE OF IT.

The irate parent presented himself before the culprits. "Young man," demand he, with the utmost sternness, "have I caught you kissing my daughter?"

If by this he expected to plunge the young visitor into confusion, it must be confessed that the old gentleman was greatly mistaken, inasmuch as the young visitor evinced the greatest calmness.

"I hope, sir," he said, "there is no mistake about it. The lights are none too bright, and I would be much mortified to learn that, after all, I was kissing the housemaid."

S. J. GIFFORD

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

EXPRESS WORK A SPECIALTY

WOOD FOR SALE

First Avenue. Phone 56.

A. JARVINEN

Photographer

First Class Photos.

Gallery on First Avenue.

T. E. Sullivan

Plumbing, Gas and Steamfitting.

Prices Reasonable.

First Avenue, near New Western hotel

Singer and Wheeler & Wilson SEWING MACHINES

If you are thinking of buying a sewing machine call and see our stock of shop soiled machines at reduced prices to clear.

A. E. PALMER

FIRST AVENUE

F. C. Fisher

TEACHER OF MUSIC

Studio in Williams' Block.

Have Your Houses Plastered

For Terms apply to

C. HINE, Plasterer, etc., Ladysmith, P. O.

Cement Sidewalks a specialty.

1867 DOMINION DAY 1909

The Canadian National Holiday Will Be Celebrated at

LADYSMITH, THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

Field Sports, Lacrosse, Baseball, Regatta, Indian Canoe Races, Trap Shooting, Etc.

GRAND ATTRACTIONS **$1,000 IN PRIZES** FINE PROGRAMME

Come and Join in the Greatest Dominion Day Celebration Ever Held on Vancouver Island

EXCURSION RATES ON THE E. & N. RAILWAY

Boots and Shoes

The Celebrated

AHRENS BOOTS AND SHOES,

Every Pair Guaranteed or will be replaced with another pair. In Men's Boy's and Girl's. The Best School Shoes in Town. Also Children's Wash ing Suits and Sailor Blouses, and Strachan Hats.

DON'T FORGET THE STORE!

J. J. Thomas
HIGH STREET

Made to Order

I sell the

Semi-Ready Clothing

Every piece is guaranteed to fit, and the price no higher than ready made clothing.

B. L. WOOD
First Avenue

Box173 Phone 43

For Meats

OF ALL KINDS, SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY, LEAVE ORDERS AT

Geo. Roberts'
Meat Market

Cor. First Ave. and Roberts Street.
LADYSMITH.

For the Holiday

White Underskirts, 95c, $1.00, $1.25 to $2.85.

Black Underskirts, $1.35, $1.50 to $3.50.

A few Blouses left, going cheap.

—AT—

Miss Uren's

LIVERY STABLE

B. B. WELLS, Proprietor

Hack, Express, Livery and Feed Stable
DRAY WORK AND FURNITURE MOVING. WOOD FOR SALE

Phone 62

First Avenue - Ladysmith, B. C

Fresh Vegetables
Grown by White Labor

Green Onions, Spinach, Lettuce, Rhubarb.

E. Pannell

Lending Library

ALL THE LATEST NOVELS.

We carry a large stock of Fancy Stationery.

HARRY HUGHES

Lord Milner on Empire Defence

London, June 26.—The Imperial defence conference opens on Monday next, and Lord Milner, speaking on the subject at the Compatriots' club dinner Thursday night observed that the dominions overseas meant business and the more courageous and more comprehensive the proposals made by the home government the more likely they would be to succeed. To each dominion overseas must be assigned some vitally important benefit and function in a general scheme of defence.

Lieut-Colonel Denison, of Toronto speaking as the guest of the club, in responding to the toast of his health, spoke of imperial defence, and said that Canada felt that the time had come for something to be done. He thought Canada should be represented in the front line of battle with the finest ships that could be built. If Canada could not build Dreadnaughts now, she could pay for them. She could better afford to double her debt than to run the risk of seeing the Empire go under. Canada should also train a naval reserve of ten thousand men. Canadians were far in advance of their politicians who were afraid of their own shadow. The Canadian navy would be popular with professional politicians, for it would give them great patronage control.

Lord Milner said: If the conference ends in a fizzle, as other conferences have done, or though resulting in practical proposals yet nothing practical is done, it will not be because the people are not willing and earnest, but because their rulers are incapable of devising or agreeing on means to give effect to this popular desire. It is for the statesmen of the Motherland to show the way. The problem requires very sympathetic and well instructed handling, for behiod the unanimity of spirit of the dominions, which is so impressive, lie many local differences and different attitudes, and above all is the supreme necessity of remembering that this problem concerns a number of independent states, controlling their own destiny. Any scheme to be successful must be devised on lines not only acceptable to them now, but along which we can continue to march together in future; but no scheme will be adequate to the circumstances of the time, or worthy of the spirit shown by the dominions unless it assigns to each of them important and substantial functions in a general plan of imperial defence.

The time has come for comprehensive and courageous proposals from the imperial government. It is not as if we were asking the dominions to take up a part of the imperial burden. It is a part of the imperial burden. It is they who are offering to do it. The initiative is entirely theirs. It is not for the relief of British burdens. We are prepared to carry our present burden, and an even heavier one. It is for the greater security and dignity of the empire as a whole which is their concern, just as much as ours. They must feel that they are doing something worth doing and rendering a service to the empire as a whole. This is the desire of the dominions themselves, and the last thing that would meet their approval would be to suggest, though it might be only out of consideration for them, that they undertake so petty and altogether trifling duties and be treated as children to be amused with mere show, while all the real work is left to the United Kingdom. Discussion may modify any proposals so that there would be no vestige of dictation. In proposing them nobody dreams of imposing—indeed it would be quite impossible to impose any duty upon the dominions from without. Nothing can be exacted from any of them unless it commends itself to the free judgment of its people. Some of the dominions may not accept the role proposed to them in any common scheme of imperial defence, though I think it unlikely, but the British government will have done its duty by giving a clear and unmistakable lead. It must be left to those men in each dominion who are in sympathy with the imperial idea to see to it that no petty objections, no narrow particularism or antiquated prejudice, above all no local party bickerings, are allowed to prevent their country from taking an honorable part in upholding the security of and prestige of the British empire.

Lord Milner's speech attracts much attention. The feeling here is widespread that Lord Milner was right when he said that the movement in the British dominions was no passing ebullition of patriotic sentiment, but a popular movement of unmistakeable earnestness in favor of such a combination throughout the empire as would remove any foreign menace to the nation.

What is the Weight

Of the Large Cake of White Swan Soap Shown in the Ladysmith Hardware Co's Window?

Valuable Prizes Given Away FREE

In order to further introduce WHITE SWAN SOAP and WHITE SWAN WASHING POWDER into every home we have planned a most interesting contest. All that is necessary for you to do is put the weight of the large cake of White Swan Soap down on a piece of paper, attach a White Swan Soap or Washing Powder Coupon to it, and send or mail it to the White Swan Soap Contest, care of Ladysmith Hardware Company.

To Solve this problem, the best way to do it is to take an ordinary bar of White Swan Soap, measure its size, and get its weight; The size of the large cake is 4 ft. 2 and ½ in. long; 2 feet 10 in. high by 1 foot 1 in. wide. How much does it weigh?

In order to get the correct weight we have arranged to have the large cake cut up in slabs in the window and weighed before the public. Should any person desire to come in and superintend the weighing, they are at liberty to do so, as the prizes will be awarded to the persons whose answers come nearest to the weight as shown by the scales, this being considered correct.

Remember all answers must be accompanied by a White Swan Soap or Washing Powder Coupon.

Should there be more than one correct answer, or nearest correct answer, they will be put in a box and drawn for, the first one out being considered the winner, and so on.

Here is the List of Prizes:

For Prizes we will give a Ladies' Handsome Fifteen-Jeweled Gold Watch, valued at $20.00
To the Second, a Beautiful Eight-Day Clock, valued at..... 10.00
To the Third, a Lovely Silver Baking Dish, valued at..... 5.00
And to the Next 5 we will give a Genuine 14 Karat Gold Point Fountain Pen, value 3.00

Remember that the decision of the manufacturers of WHITE SWAN SOAP, (B. C. SOAP WORKS, Victoria), will be final and binding; contestants entering this contest do so on this understanding. The closing date will be in about two weeks, and will be announced in the papers. Put your answer in early.

Prizes on View at Ladysmith Hardware Company

It Surprises Her

when the housewife visits our store and sees the array of delicacies for her table that she can procure for such a small amount of money at one store, Fresh canned fruits, vegetales, and toothsome hams, bacon and everything in fancy and staple groceries at prices to suit the economical.

GEAR'S IDEAL GROCERY
Scott's Building, First Avenue.

E. & N. RAILWAY

Special Excursions

ACCOUNT OF

Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition

Round Trip Tickets will be issued to Victoria June 16, return limit June 20th. July 4, return limit 7th, rate $2.80.

L. D. CHETHAM,
D. P. A.

Improvement in Mining Industry

Rossland's mining interests are again looking up in a most encouraging way. Not only are the prospects decidedly better times is considerably improved.

One of the most encouraging features is the announcement made by the directors of the Le Roi Mining Co. that the funds needed for the carrying on the plan of development of the lower levels of the mine have been raised, and it is further stated that work will be resumed on July 1st. With this undoubtedly great mine once more in operation, there will be an increase in the number of men employed and a betterment of conditions generally. The Le Roi is an important factor in our prosperity and the absence of its payroll since the mine closed down in March has been seriously felt.

Another matter that will aid the camp materially is the promised resumption of work on the Mascot. The announcement is made in a leading eastern paper in its financial columns that the Granby interests have secured the Mascot claim and that development will be immediately commenced. If the results of the initial work warrant it, as much as $350,000 is available for development. The Mascot is located on the south-easterly slope of Columbia and Kootenay mountain and has been extensively developed. Values of as high as $40 were found in the ore. On the surface the vein is from six to ten feet wide. It is thought that the Mascot can be made to pay now with the cost of freight and treatment rates lowered considerably from what they were when the Mascot was being operated ten years ago. It is very probable that the development of the Mascot will result in adding another large producing mine to the list in the Rossland camp.

The Centre Star group of the Consolidated Co. is steadily increasing the area of its development. The explorations are being extended on the Enterprise to a point nearly 4,000 feet east of the main shaft. There is a million dollar ore shoot on the ninth level of the War Eagle and the downward continuation of the same shoot has been found on the tenth level. On the surface of the Centre Star there has been found a new ledge three hundred feet in length carrying ore of a high grade. The sixteenth level is looking remarkably well. From the manner in which the ore shoots are being found and the increased area that is being operated it is palpable that the Centre Star group will from time to time increase its working forces, and it is within the range of probabilities that within a reasonable period it will be giving employment to 1,000 men.—Rossland Miner.

Tea rooms for ladies or gentlemen. Short order or sandwiches always ready at Hooper's. *

To meet your friends and be right at home, while in Victoria, stay at the Rainier Hotel, George Burggy proprietor. *

Finest Ice Cream in the city at Hooper's, the most select parlor on the Island. Everything of the best quality in Confectionery. *

To meet your friends and be right at home, while in Victoria, stay at the Rainier Hotel, George Burggy proprietor. *

COOKED PRESSED
Corn Beef

Chicken and Veal at all times

J. A. Ryan
BUTCHER

1c CLASSIFIED ADS 1c
PER WORD

Advertisements under this head one cent per word per issue, payable in advance.

NURSES.

NURSE BROWN is prepared for Maternity or general engagements. Apply at Mr. E. Wilson's Second avenue, between Roberts and Gatacre.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Cheap to Suitable Tenant—3 Bedrooms and Large Living Room and Pantry. Apply at Telephone office.

FOUND.

FOUND—A Red Collie Dog. Owner can have same by applying to Frank Forest, Gatacre street, and paying for this advertisement.

LOST.

LOST — Between Roberts street, Third avenue and High street, book, entitled "Fun Doctor." Please return to Mrs. Ewart, High street. $1.00 Reward.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Brown and White Rabbits. Fifty cents each. Apply Mrs. John Stewart.

FOR SALE—White Leghorn eggs for setting. Buff Leghorns and Black Minorcas. $2.50 a setting. Apply Mrs. Laird.

FOR SALE—Express wagon in perfect order and harness. Apply Arthur Howe, Chemainus.

FOR SALE—Four roomed house in good locality in Extension, B. C. Apply Ike Storey.

PIANO FOR SALE.—Upright Grand Dominion Piano in first class condition. In use only a short time. Apply Mrs. Bernard, Union Brewery, Ladysmith.

FOR SALE—My South African Veteran Bounty Land Certificate issued by the Department of the Interior, Ottawa; good for 320 acres of any Dominion Land open for entry in Alberta, Saskatchewan, or Manitoba. Any person over the age of 18 years, Man or Woman, can acquire this land with this certificate. Write or wire, L. E. Telford, 131 Shuter Street, Toronto, Ontario.

WANTED.

WANTED—A girl to assist in light housework. Apply Mrs. Mulholland, First avenue, Ladysmith.

Dominion Day

Our Annual Holiday, July 1st, will be here To-morrow and we offer you a few reminders.

REMEMBER WE KEEP OPEN TILL 10 O'CLOCK TO-NIGHT

We carry Tooke's Wash Shirts and this year are showing exclusive patterns and styles. Our range of Shirts is the largest in the city and prices range from 50c to $3.00. Tooke's Collars, all styles, 2 for 25c

See our Hats, Canvas, Straw and Felts, only the newest styles and the lowest prices.

Summer Vests, made of fast washing material, light and dark, detectable Buttons at $1.50 to $4.00 each.

Fancy Sox, 20 different pairs and 60 different patterns at 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 40c, 65c and 75c a pair.

Balbriggan Underwear 32 to 44, $1.00 a suit. Elastic Rib Underwear, very fine $1.50 a suit.

Shoes, something classy, entirely new, for everybody. White, Grey and Tan Canvas, all sizes, Fancy Patents New Tans, in fact we have just a nice range of Shoes and Slippers as is shown in the town.

Bathing Suits and Tights are strong with us. We can give you a Gent's full suit for 50c Boys for 35c, Tights at 10, 15c and 25c each.

If you are going picnicing remember we have your wants, Fruits of all kinds, Summer Drinks, Boiled Ham, Canned Meats, Picnic Baskets, Etc., Etc.

BLAIR & ADAM

Specials for Dominion Day

White Suits for Misses and Ladies

White Waists Parasols Underskirts

Undervests Corset Covers

Ribbons Laces

Simon Leiser & Co., Ltd

TENTS!

We carry in stock the leading sizes suitable for Camping.

HAMMOCKS! HAMMOCKS!

Complete Stock.

FISHING TACKLE

Our stock is well assorted in all the leading lines suitable for these waters, etc. We are offering special values in Fishing Rods.

The Ladysmith Hardware Co., Ltd.

Just Arrived

A nice Assortment of

Suit Cases

The very thing for persons taking a trip to the fair.

We have them in Solid Leather, Steel Frame, Canvas and Jap Matting, with leather binding, all spring-locks. Prices from $2.25 up.

Also a nice line of trunks, all prices with or without straps.

W. E. Morrison

For Holiday Goods

The Vancouver Island Cigar Company

Formerly Gold & Johnston, of Victoria, are introducing a new brand of Cigars to be known as the

"V. I."

Try Them.

Local and General News Notes

The High School examinations take place in a few days.

Finest Ice Cream in the city at Hooper's, the most select parlor on the Island. Everything of the best quality in Confectionery.

One of the men implicated in the hold-up on the C. P. R. shot and killed Constable Ike Decker at Ashcroft last Monday. The murderer is still at large.

To meet your friends and be right at home, while in Victoria, stay at the Rainier Hotel, George Burggy proprietor.

FRUIT! FRUIT! FRUIT!
FOR JULY 1ST.

Oranges, 25c. per doz.; bananas, 35c per doz.; peaches, 15c. per lb.; apricots, 15c. per lb.; Strawberries, 2 lbs. for 25c.; cherries, 20c lb, three for 50; cantelopes, 2 for 25c; lemons, 25c per doz.

AT THE GEAR IDEAL GROCERY.

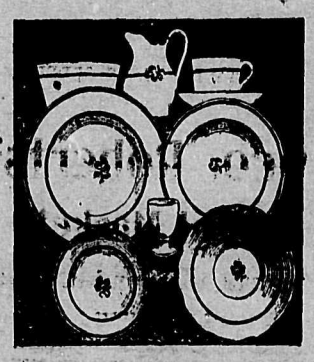
A Handsome Premium of White and Gold Chinaware

Will Be Found in Every Package of

B. & K. CANADIAN WHEAT FLAKES

ASK YOUR GROCER—He will tell you about it and show you samples.

As for the FLAKES—there is nothing finer manufactured anywhere. They are "B. & K." goods and this is sufficient to prove the quality.



The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

exhibition in Blair & Adam's window left, and the price is 25 cents a pair.

Schools close today for the summer holidays, to reopen again the last Monday in August.

Mr. D. Campbell, who was recently injured at Extension mines, is now so far recovered as to be able to walk around the house.

The new principal and assistant for the public school have written the school board, accepting the positions, duties to begin the last Monday in August.

The many friends of Miss Belfrey are pleased to see her back in the E. & N. telegraph office. Miss Belfrey has been absent three months, the time being spent at Vancouver and Greenwood.

The meeting of the hospital committee was not very satisfactory. Some of the committees, it is alleged, have not been attending to their dates, and last night there were no reports. If the hospital is to be built it is about time some definite plan was presented, and the committee should perform the duties assigned them.

The Novelty Theatre has another good programme this week. The pictures are all good, and the opening night the two audiences were delighted with the show. There will be another good programme for tomorrow and Saturday.

At the last meeting of the school board Mr. Thomas Jackson sent in his resignation as trustee. A trustee to take his place will be elected in due time.

To meet your friends and be right at home, while in Victoria, stay at the Rainier Hotel, George Burggy proprietor.

Seventeen pupils are being crammed for the High School entrance examination. There is one from South Wellington, one from Coburn, and the rest from Ladysmith.

Probably the most prolific source of divorce is that disagreeable habit of snoring in sleep with which we have all had more or less experience. An inventor has on exhibition at the A.Y.P. a snore silencer, which works on the cold storage principle and can be emptied every morning of the accumulated snores, ready for use next night. Wonder if this inventor would turn his attention to a contrivance for warming feet. Equipped with snore silencers and foot heaters there must be a great decrease in family jars and divorces. We live in a wonderful age.

FOOTBALL.

The football match last Saturday was scarcely interesting from a spectator's point of view. Westminster was outclassed from the beginning, and the Ladysmith players found it uninteresting work even when scoring. The forwards held back and refused scoring out of sympathy for the visitors. The score ended 4 to 0, McGuire scoring twice and McLeod and Adam one each.

The cup won by B team is now on exhibition in Blair & Adam's window.

LACROSSE.

The lacrosse team has been practising steadily for the game tomorrow and last night the line-up was picked. It is as follows: Goal, Gow; point, Luckey; cover point, Morrison; 1st defence, Saunders; 2nd defence, Gillespie; 3rd defence, Adam; centre, Taylor, 3rd home, Carley; 2nd home, Dakers; 1st home, Howay; outside home, Hilbert; inside home, Morris, spare men, Loat and Hewlett.

JULY FIRST CELEBRATION

Be Up To Date

Get a Souveneir of Ladysmith.

See our display—Souvenir Spoons, Belt Buckles, Sash Pins, Blouse Sets, Hat Pins, Pin Trays, Ash Trays, Cuff Pins, Watch Fobs, Maple Leaves, Etc., Etc.

P. G. NOOT

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER

GATACRE STREET

Holiday Goods

Ladies' Fancy Neckwear, Wash Collars, Wash Belts, Lisle Tan Gloves, Fancy Lisle Hose, Just in by Express.

Men's Summer Two Piece Suits, From $7.50 To $10.00.

Walters & Akenhead

For Flags and Bunting

Sovereign Brand Clothing

It is Good

When you want a real good suit, buy Sovereign Brand. It pleases old friends and keeps making new ones.

C. E. JEFFS

The Up-to-date Men's Wear Store

Flags Flags Flags

FOR SALE AT

Knight's Book Store