Labor Statesman

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Supported by Sixty-two Local Unions

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DEPARTMENT of LABOUR
JUL 23 1930
RECEIVED
Intelligence

Workers Must Be Freed From Care and Want

Sir Henry Thornton Says Industry Must Take Care of Its Workers During Service, Illness and Old Age—Three Charges on Industry

WE CANNOT GET THE BEST RESULTS in industry unless the workers are free from care and want, said Sir Henry Thornton in addressing the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council on Tuesday evening. This would involve at least three charges on industry; first, sufficient to permit the worker to live in comfort and raise his family as respectable members of society; second, protection for the worker during illness, and, third, when an employee has given his active service to industry and reaches an age when he can no longer do so, he is entitled to continuance of his livelihood throughout his old age.

Sir Henry Thornton, president of the Canadian National Railways, accompanied by Col. T. A. Hiam, his Western assistant, left a smart dinner dance at Mrs. A. D. McRae's residence at Hycroft in order to fill an invitation from the Vancouver, New Westminster and District Trades and Labor Council, to address the delegates at the regular business meeting in the Labor Headquarters. He was given several rounds of applause, and also a hearty standing vote of thanks for addressing the delegates.

In opening, he stated that it was a dangerous time for a man who is administering a state-owned railway to be addressing meetings, but he felt that the delegates would like to hear about the co-operative plan, or, as he preferred to term it, the Partnership Plan of the Canadian National Railways in the shops.

Suggested by Labor Leader

"It will interest you to know just how that plan came into existence," he said. "Some two or three years ago one of your important Labor leaders, Bert Jewell, came to me and suggested the introduction of a partnership scheme—a co-operative plan—in our shops, together with the abandonment of the bonus and premium plan."

They gladly adopted the suggestion, he said, and proceeded to bring it into being. The genesis of the plan, Sir Henry explained, was that when the men assisted in the direction of the work, they took more interest in it.

Men and Materials

"We in the railway world have been giving great attention to examination of the various materials we buy," he continued. "Why should we not endeavor to pursue the same doctrine with respect to our men?" he asked. "Any great industrial enterprise is made up of two things, and only two things—men and material."

In industry all materials are selected carefully and every effort taken to preserve them, he said. The same should be done with men. Men and materials are the basis of every industry. The result, he added, of the co-operative plan thus far is that out of several thousand suggestions from the men regarding shop administration, 72 per cent. have been adopted, 18 per cent. are under consideration, and the remainder have been rejected.

Outlet for Ability

"Our men have found an outlet for their inventive ability, and have found a method of becoming articulate, and present in a friendly way their views to the management with respect to shop administration," he declared.

Financially, it had increased the wages of the men about $150 a year in setting up continuity of employment, which was one of the things they tried to achieve, he said.

"We wish," he added, "to relieve our men as much as possible of the haunting fear of unemployment. That is our aim.

First Charge on Revenue

"After all," he continued, "the first charge on the revenue of any enterprise is such remuneration to the workman that will permit him to live in decency and comfort and bring up his children as respectable members of society; secondly, that charge also includes his protection during illness; and, thirdly, and what is perhaps more important to the individual who has given his active life to an industry, he is entitled to continuance of his livelihood on retirement. In other words, it involves adequate sustenance, protection for illness and support in old age," he said.

But how long it would be before this could be brought about, he said he hesitated to say.

Holidays With Pay

The co-operative plan has proved so successful that I said I would like to translate it into wages. We found it was difficult to to ascertain just how much the increase had been, so we said we would give all shopmen a week's holiday each year, with pay.

"I hold with you that every individual who works continuously at a certain line should have two weeks' relief from that work every year—unless he be a railway president. I hope that time will come."

We cannot get the best results in industry unless men are free from want and care, he said, but in this connection it is only fair to say that railways are entitled to a fair return in the form of freight and passenger rates, the same as you are entitled to a fair wage, for no matter how efficiently it is conducted, if the rates are low it will not have sufficient to take care of the philanthropics to which I have referred.

In closing I want to say that I appreciate the support and assistance from the men. If the railway has prospered it is due to the fine co-operation from our men.

Feared Railway Officials

Secretary Bengough moved a hearty vote of thanks to Sir Henry for coming down to address the delegates and in seconding the motion, W. J. Bartlett, stated that in years gone by the organized labor delegations was looked upon by the railway officials with a great deal of suspicion and that these delegates often felt as though they were taking their lives in their hands when they went into a railroad official's office. This has greatly changed, however, and he felt that Sir Henry Thornton was largely responsible for the changed condition.

Replying to this Sir Henry remembered the time when J. Bromley and now the Hon. J. H. Thomas came to interview him on behalf of the men in Great Britain, when he was an official in that country. They were quite surprised when he offered them cigars and invited them to sit down, and from that time he had the confidence and support of the railway men. His relationship with the men in Canada was the same and he wanted that relationship to continue because he found that he had never been let down by the men.

Molders report trade slack; one new member.

Painters To Make 'Whoopee' on Saturday

Painters' Local 138 went on record at the last meeting supporting the Building Trades Council in its five-day work week plan, which is to commence on August 2nd. The drive for members under the $10 initiation plan has resulted in over 40 applications, many old members returning from the dual organization. The initiation fee is now $25.

Co-operation of business firms and those in the paint trade, along with a good advance sale of tickets, assures the success of the Annual Picnic, which will be held Saturday, July 19th, at Selma Park. There will undoubtedly be a larger attendance and a plentiful supply of valuable prizes to help make "whoopee" on that day.

Announcements of the picnic have been on the air on CKWX, and Organizer Bob Stevenson sends word that he will be here, even if he has to come by airplane, to enjoy the fun, the dancing, the sports, and the refreshments.—E. S.

McDONALD RE-ELECTED PRESIDENT OF TAILORS

The Tailors' Union held its election of officers on Monday evening for the second half of 1930. Colin McDonald was re-elected president, A. R. Gatenby, vice-president; W. W. Hocken, recording secretary; E. Nordlund, treasurer; inside guard, C. Mikkelsen; sergeant-at-arms, B. Brant; Executive: A. Boxall and J. Robertson; Delegates to Trades Council: C. McDonald, Mrs. Dolk, A. Gren, F. Franco, A. Stringer; Sick Committee: A. Gren, B. Brant, Mrs. Jennings and Miss Huston.

Carpenters Install New Officers for Year

The new Executive of Local Union 452, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, took office Monday. The officers of the Local for 1930-31 are:

W. Page, president; T. Russell, vice-president; E. W. Small, recording secretary; R. W. Hatley, financial secretary; J. Stevenson, treasurer; G. E. Hill, conductor; M. W. Clark, trustee, and W. Hargreaves, business agent.

On the Executive Committee are: W. Page, T. Russell, E. W. Small, E. Gillham, H. McDonald, J. Nickels, and E. Stone.

Delegates to the Carpenters' District Council are W. Hargreaves, W. Page, R. W. Hatley, C. Atkinson, J. Nickels and H. M. Dougherty.

Delegates to the Building Trades Council are C. Scott, E. Stone, W. Page, W. Hargreaves, R. J. Thompson and D. Forrest.

Delegates to the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council are W. Page, W. Hargreaves, A. Gracey, T. Russell, J. Nickels, J. Dronsfield and J. E. Mickleson.

The officers were installed by Murdock McKenzie, the first president of Local 452, which was consolidated in 1918.

Union Meetings at Labor Headquarters

FRIDAY, JULY 18

Telegraphers	4
Molders	311
Lathers	313
Engineers	315

SATURDAY

Bakers	2

MONDAY

Electrical Workers	1
Teamsters	2
Boilermakers	4
Glass Blowers	201
Egg Graders	311
Cement Finishers	315

TUESDAY

Ironworkers	2
Barbers	3
Machinists, 692	201
Building Trades Council	31[illegible]

WEDNESDAY

Bricklayers	3
Millwrights	311
Tilesetters	315

THURSDAY

Carpenters	1
Painters	2
Sheet Metal Workers, 280	3

FRIDAY, JULY 25

Milk Salesmen	1
Plumbers and Steamfitters	2
Welders	313
Engineers	315

TO PUT CITY WORKERS ON A FIVE-DAY BASIS

MINNEAPOLIS. — The city council committee on public welfare has recommended the five-day week with no reduction in pay for all municipal employees, as one medium for stabilizing employment.

The council has already voted to issue $1,583,334 worth of bonds to use for improvements which will provide jobs.

Unemployment here is declared to be the worst in the city's history.

Trades Council Notes

Telegrams from the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council, the Vancouver City Council, the Building Trades Council, the Vancouver Publicity Bureau, and other organizations, urging the Sheet Metal Workers' Union, now in convention at Toronto, to select Vancouver for its next convention.

The Montreal Trades and Labor Council urged Vancouver to question all political candidates as to their attitude towards a Federal and Provincial Government conference on unemployment, and asking each candidate as to whether they favor unemployment sickness and invalidity insurance.

Ten dollars was donated to the Independent Labor Party campaign fund.

Beverage Dispensers report everything in readiness for a big picnic at Belcarra Park on Sunday, July 27th. This will be as good or better than the last smoker.

Sign and Pictorial Painters report two men in hospital with broken limbs. Picnic is being held in conjunction with the House Painters' and Decorators' Union on Saturday.

Upholsterers' Union reports trade quiet. Del. Clift is on as part-time organizer. Union men and women are urged to demand the union T. and L. C. button on linoleum layers and upholsterers.

Milk Salesmen urge union men and women to tell their friends that Spencer's milk department is helping to break down working conditions. This is in the hands of the Grievance Committee.

Carpenters report conditions improving, and membership in readiness for the five-day work week on August 2nd.

Two New Bakeries Signed Up in Union

Two new bakeries have been signed up by the Bakers' Union. These are McDonald's Bakery at 4870 Joyce Road and 5080 Joyce Road, and the Anderson Bakery at 6480 Victoria Road. Del. Warren informed the Trades Council that the McGavin's, Ltd., besdies operating a non-union shop in Vancouver, have also been operating non-union shops in Calgary, Los Angeles, Victoria and other places.

The Northwest District Council of the Bakery and Confectionery Workers' Union, consisting of delegates from local unions in British Columbia, Washington and Oregon, will convene in Vancouver on July 26 and 27.

40 Sign in Painters' Membership Drive

Painters' Union report trade quiet but 40 applications for membership are ready for the next meeting, among them being many members of the dual union. This is the result of an organization drive which it is intended to end with a raising of the initiation fee to $25. Several members have met with severe and painful accidents recently, among them being many with broken limbs.

Gray Cab Co. Sign Up New Union Agreement

The Taxi Drivers' Union report that the Gray Cab Company has signed up another two years' agreement with the union, among other better conditions being a week's holiday with pay. This is the only union cab company in the city, and members urge organized labor to demand the T. and L. C. union button. A committee is arranging for a midnight picnic to be held some time in August.

Restaurant Employees Sign Up Oaks Cafe

The Oaks Cafe, Abbott Street, has signed up with the Hotel and Restaurant Employees' Union, and the Paragon Cafe, Granville Street, has been taken off the union list, as it changed hands to Chinese owners.

The officers of the union are now: President, P. Howard; Vice-President, E. McHugh; Secretary-Treasurer and Business Agent, J. H. Cederberg; Recording Secretary, W. Allen; Inspector, G. Hurst; Inside Guard, J. Coombs; Executive Board, C. Snell, G. Mitchell and Sisters Flo Allen and Lena Homans; Local Joint Board, W. Allen, T. Edwards, Sister Flo Allen. Trades and Labor Council Delegates, J. H. Cederberg, T. Edwards, J. Coombs, W. Allen and Sisters Flo Allen and Lena Allen.

MacInnis' Meetings

Friday, July 18—Masonic Hall, Tenth Avenue West, near Trimble.

Monday, July 21—Community Hall, Slocan and Kingsway.

Tuesday, July 22—I. O. O. F. Hall, Thirtieth Avenue and Main Street.

Wednesday, July 23—Marpole.

Thursday, July 24—Selkirk School. Cedar Cottage.

Friday, July 25—Ritz Hall, Fraser Avenue and Forty-third.

Watch the daily press for other announcements.

ONLY FOUR ALDERMEN OPPOSE ONE-MAN CARS

Only four aldermen opposed the application of the B. C. Electric Railway Company to operate one-man cars on Joyce Road and Kitsilano lines. These were Aldermen MacInnis, Bennett, DeGraves and Miller. All the other aldermen who were present at the meeting voted to give the company this permission. Slowly but surely the one-man car octopus is spreading over the city.

At Burnaby council, the treasurer's report showed relief work, waterworks and board of works cost was $23,655.56.

Organized Labor

has been the greatest driving force behind all social legislation. A vote for Labor is a vote for progress.

THINK MacINNIS—TALK MacINNIS, and

VOTE MacINNIS

Vote for

IAN MACKENZIE

Minister of Immigration, Colonization, Soldiers' Settlement and Indian Affairs in the Dominion Cabinet, Liberal Candidate for Vancouver Centre.

Wilfred F. Hanbury

LIBERAL CANDIDATE FOR BURRARD.

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This advertisement is not published or displayed by the Liquor Control Board or by the Government of British Columbia.

Blind Workers Here Get Wage Reductions

A delegation of blind men from the broom factory of the Canadian National Institute for the Blind recently met the secretary and other members of the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council to speak on their behalf against the increased hours, reduced pay and other unfair conditions which the blind men alleged are being forced upon them by the factory management. All the blind workers in the factory were represented at this meeting and, after hearing their complaints, the committee decided to arrange for a meeting with the management to thrash the question out. Efforts to arrange this meeting, however, have been futile to date; so the matter was placed before the Trades and Labor Council, and, after hearing that the City Council was investigating, the Trades Council decided to offer support and to protest against the high-handed action of threatening to discharge blind workers who objected to the plans of the association.

The following letter from the blind workers fully explains the conditions: Secretary, Trades and Labor Council:

Dear Sir,—Since your organization has in the past taken great interest in the welfare of the blind, we wish to bring to your attention certain matters concerning the employees of the Canadian National Institute for the Blind. On Monday, June 23, a letter from the Board of the Institute was read before the men of the broomshop. It stated that a reduction in wages would come into effect after July 1. The new regulations stated that employees of the broomshop, at that time working five days per week, would be expected in future to work five and a half days per week. Employees, at that time receiving $18.25 per week would continue to receive the same amount. Those on piecework would be reduced 10 cents on every dozen brooms, and on one class of brooms the reduction would be 25 cents per dozen. This meant a reduction of almost 16 per cent. on each class of brooms made by blind workers, and, on one class, it meant a reduction of 25 per cent. Although the workers of broomshops for sighted are capable of making almost twice as many brooms per day as a sightless worker, under this new order of things, the sightless workers receive almost the same price per dozen as the sighted.

It seems that every effort made by the Institute to economize results in diminished income for the blind workers; while the number of paid officials, efficiency experts, placement officers, etc., increases. We fully realize that there is an industrial depression now prevalent throughout Canada, but it is remarkable that, under the new regulations, the Institute should endeavor to speed up production. Previously, employees of the broomshop worked only five days per week; workers were permitted, on one class of brooms called "Otters," to make 34 dozen, and on other classes such as "Empire," "Betty," and "Badger," they were permitted to make 31 dozen per week. Since the reduction of 10 cents per dozen, the limit has been raised to 44 dozen on first class brooms, and 40 dozen on other classes. Of course, such limits cannot be reached by the average blind worker. By a union man, it would be considered that the Institute was aiming directly at lowering the standard of subsistance, and, in short, turning the industry for the blind into a "sweatshop."

It is now 14 months since the Canadian National Institute made their first reduction in expenses by shifting the payment of guides from their shoulders to those of the workers themselves. Since May 1, 1929, the wages of the employees of the Institute have decreased 22 per cent. of the wages paid formerly. Besides reducing wages, other benefits, formerly enjoyed by the men, have been removed. The allowance of $10 per week for sickness is now limited to two weeks per year. If any employee is unable to work because of sickness lasting more than two weeks, his case is referred to the City Relief. At a meeting of several representatives of the blind and the Board of the Institute, the Board of Directors declared that, although the workers might be put on short time as a result of overstock, yet their wages per day would not be reduced.

It has also been understood that no blind employees can be discharged except for bad conduct. Recently one of the employees was called into the office and told that his services were no longer required. This employee, Mr. C. Norman, has been working in the broomshop ever since the factory in Vancouver was opened. He was told the Institute hoped to obtain for him an allowance from the Government. A sighted boy, receiving $6 per week, is now doing the work formerly done by this employee. Indeed, this is not the only time that boy-labor has replaced blind labor.

Another unusual step was taken by the Institute when they placed one employee on two piecework jobs; that is, he was to make brooms, and to be paid at the same rate as other blind broom makers; and when the foreman saw fit, he was to run a stitching machine, and he was to be paid at the same rate as sighted stitchers. This alternation of work does not give this employee an opportunity to become efficient on either piecework job.

This brief account of the present condition of the blind working for the Canadian National Institute for the Blind, will show what unhappiness and discontent now exists in the broomshop. It may be safely said that as long as the Institute continues this domineering attitude toward the blind it cannot expect to hold the confidence of the public or the blind, or even of a just Government. On behalf of all workers in our factory, we request your organization, if it sees fit, to protest against such treatment, to the Board of Directors of the Canadian National Institute for the Blind, and also the Government of British Columbia, which annually gives money amounting to more than $20,000 for the welfare of blind people.

Enclosed you will find a copy of letter stating new regulations which came into force after July 1.

Out-of-work Payment Favored by Governor

SALT LAKE CITY.—"This nation will come to unemployed insurance just as certain as the people accepted workmen's compensation," said Governor Roosevelt of New York at a conference of governors in this city.

Governor Roosevelt said that fully 90 per cent. of all unemployment occurred wholly without fault of the workers.

He said proper study would readily provide a plan where insurance against unemployment would not take the form of a "mere dole or hand-out from State or local governmental agencies, but could be placed on a self-supporting basis through contributions from public treasuries, employers and the workers themselves."

The Governor also predicted that the five-day week would be applied in the near future to check unemployment. In advocating more general and more generous application of "insurance against old age want," he said it had been rendered necessary because of th egrowing tendency among employers to look for younger men and women."

The Governor assailed what he termed attempts by "government officials and leading financires" to "juggle figures" and "distort facts" realtive to the extent of unemployment.

Census Statistics of U. S. Are Challenged

NEW YORK.—The 2,300,000 unemployed, announced by Secretary of Commerce Lamont, is not "a true picture" of th eunemployed situation, according to Miss Frances Perkins, State Industrial Commissioner.

Only 40 per cent. of the population works for wages, Miss Perkins asserted, while the percentage of unemployed in the statement issued by the Bureau of Census was based upon the entire population.

As an illustration, Miss Perkins pointed out that seven cities in New York, having an aggregate population of 2,043,078, were reported as having 61,350 unemployed (not including those laid off), or 3 per cent. However, she said, as only 40 per cent. of this population, or about 800,000, are employable, there are actually about 13 per cent. unemployed in those cities.

WASHINGTON.—Students of the unemployment problem protest against the Department of Commerce that there are but 2 per cent. of the population unemployed.

This estimate follows a statistical release by the Census Bureau, that has asked certain questions to 29,264,480 of the population, of which 20,634,375 are in agricultural sections and 8,620,105 are in industrial centres.

This means that approximately two and one-half less persons were questioned in the cities—where unemployment is prevalent—than in agricultural areas.

A CHICKEN EXPERT

An old negro was asked what breed of chicken he considered the best.

"All kinds has dere merits," he replied. "De white ones ame de easiest to find, but de black ones am de easiest to hide."

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NEW WESTMINSTER

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Completion of Section 5 and Construction of 3,000 feet of Section 6 of North Jetty, Steveston, B.C.", will be received until **12 o'clock noon (daylight saving), Friday, July 25, 1930,** for the completion of Section 5 and the construction of 3,000 feet of Section 6 of the North Jetty, at the Mouth of the Fraser River, New Westminster District, B. C.

Plans and form of contract can be seen and specification and forms of tender obtained at this Department, at the offices of the District Engineer, Post Office Building, New Westminster, B.C.; Victoria Builders Exchange, 2509 Prior St., Victoria, B. C.; The Building and Construction Industries Exchange, 615 West Hastings St., Vancouver, B. C., also at the Post Office, Steveston, B.C.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on printed forms supplied by the Department and in accordance with conditions contained therein.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to 10 per cent. of the amount of the tender. Bonds of the Dominion of Canada or bonds of the Canadian National Railway Company will also be accepted as security, or bonds and a cheque if required to make up an odd amount.

NOTE.—Blue prints can be obtained at this Department by depositing an accepted cheque for the sum of $50, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, which will be returned if the intending bidder submit a regular bid.

By order,

N. DESJARDINS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, July 4; 1930.

The following firms have

"No Agreement"

with local unions affiliated with the Vancouver, New Westminster and District Trades and Labor Council. Patronize those who patronize you!

Taxicabs

Checker Taxicab Co., Ltd.

Dairies

Steves Dairy, 2024 West 12th.
Crystal Dairy, 1802 Commercial.

Restaurants

National Lunch, 776 Granville.
Trocadero Cafe, 156 West Hastings St.
Waldorf Cafe, 516 West Pender St.
White Lunches, Hastings-Granville.

Printers

Clarke & Stuart Co., Ltd., 550 Seymour Street.
Murphy & Chapman, 569 Seymour St.
Rose, Cowan & Latta, 748 Seymour Street.
J. W. Boyd, Ltd., 112 West Hastings Street.

Tailors

National Clothes Shop, Cambie and Hastings.
G. A. Collard, 603 West Hastings St.

Orchestras

National Juvenile Band.

Theatres

Avenue Theatre, 711 Main Street.
Royal Theatre, 136 E. Hastings.
Columbia Theatre, 64 W. Hastings.

Trades Union Directory

LABOR HEADQUARTERS, 529-531 BEATTY STREET

Vancouver Trades and Labor Council—President, J. Thomson; general secretary Percy R. Bengough. Office, 200 Labor Headquarters, 531 Beatty St. Phone Sey. 7495. Meets in Labor Hall at 8 p.m. on the first and third Tuesdays in month.

Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union, Local No. 468, meets first and third Saturday in month at 7:30 p.m. at Labor Headquarters. President, Fred Cashman; Secretary's Office, Room 304, Labor Headquarters; Hours: 11 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Phone: Sey. 3349.

Beverage Dispensers' Union, No. 676—Meets last Sunday at 8 p.m., Room No. 3, Labor Headquarters. Pres., W. H. Clancy; Secretary and Bus. Agent, T. J. Hanofin. Office: Room 1, Eagles' Hall, 535 Homer Street. Phones, Sey. 4783 and Bay. 1656-R. Hours: 9 to 12 a.m.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, Local 97, Int. Assoc.—Meets every Tuesday, Hall 311, Labor Headquarters, at 8 p.m. President, James F. Burns, 2833 Turner St.; Secretary, P. Lauret, Room 311, Labor Headquarters. Phones: Office, Sey. 7495; Residence, Fair. 5167 R.

Building Trades Council, Vancouver—Meets second and fourth Tuesday in Hall 315, Labor Headquarters. President, E. H. Morrison; Secretary-Treasurer, W. Page, Room 301, Labor Headquarters. Phone Sey. 7495.

Barbers' Journeyman International Union of America—Local 120, meets second and fourth Tuesdays in each month, in Hall No. 3, Labor Headquarters. President, Fred Dawe; Sec.-Treas., C. E. Herrett. Office, 304 Labor Headquarters.

Bookbinders' Local No. 105, Int. Brotherhood—Meets second Tuesday in month at Professional and Business Woman's Club, Empire Bldg., 603 Hastings W. President, G. Low, 61—53rd Ave. W.; Secretary, Thos. Carroll, 842 Hamilton St.

Bricklayers', Masons' and Tile Setters' Int. Union, No. 1—Room 309, Labor Headquarters. Meets second and fourth Wednesday, in Hall No. 3. President, L. Padgett, 2066 W. 8th. Phone Bayview 1558 R; Secretary, W. S. Dagnall, 1244 East 20th, Phone Fair. 845 R; Fin. Sec., Albert Wright, 1050 East 25th, Phone Fairmont 6582 X.

Camp and Mill Workers Federal Labor Union No. 31—Vancouver and vicinity, meets every second Wednesday at 8 p.m., at 544 Powell St. E. President, H. Miyazawa; Secretary, K. Tsuyuki.

Carpenters and Joiners, United Brotherhood of, Local 452—President, Wm. Page; Financial Secretary, R. W. Hatley; Business Agent, W. Hargreaves. Office, Room 310, Labor Headquarters. Meets second and fourth Mondays, 8 p.m., in Hall No. 1.

City Hall Employees' Association—Meets first Wednesday of each month at 251½ Hastings East at 8 p.m. President, A. J. Harrison; Treasurer, W. J. Scribbins, 3208 Pender St. E.; Secretary, J. Tarbuck, 3517 West 25th.

Civic Employees' Union, Local 28—Meets first and third Fridays in the month at 251½ Hastings East at 8 p.m. President, John McRitchie, 604 West Twelfth; Secretary-Treasurer, George Harrison, 3427 Triumph St.

Egg Graders' Union, No. 11—Meets in the Labor Headquarters, first and third Monday in month. President, M. A. Weightman, 3287 West 21st, City. Recording Secretary, Miss D. Simpson, 120 Durham Street, New Westminster.

Electrical Workers, Local 213, International Brotherhood—Meets First and Third Monday, at 8 p.m., at Labor Headquarters. President, D. McDougal; Business Agent, E. H. Morrison. Office, 201 Labor Headquarters. Phone Sey. 3510

Engineers—International Union of Operating Engineers, Local 844—Meets every Friday at 8 p.m., Hall 315. President, F. L. Hunt; Rec. Sec., G. B. Jones; Business Agent and Fin. Sec., George Pettipiece. Office 306, Labor Headquarters. Phone Trinity 6434.

Fire Fighters, No. 18, International Association of—Meets every month at call of president at 251½ Hastings E. President, N. McDonald, 1136 McLean Drive; Financial Secretary, C. A. Watson, 1329—13th Ave. E.

Floorlayers' Union, No. 1875, U. B. of C. & J. A.—Meets first and third Thursdays in month at Hall No. 2, Labor Headquarters. President, Oscar Soderman; Fin. Sec., T. H. Hamlin; Rec. Sec., John McDonald, 2905 West 12th; Business Agent, W. D. Wilson, 1535—5th Ave. W.

Hotel and Restaurant Employees and Marine Cooks & Stewards, Local 28—Williams Bldg., 413 Granville Street. Meets second Monday each month at 3 p.m., last Monday at 9 p.m. President, P. Howard; Sec.-Treas. and Bus. Agent, J. H. Cederberg. Phone Sey. 125.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Local 171 — United Brotherhood of Carpenters — Meets every first and third Wednesday of each month in Hall 201, Labor Headquarters, at 8 p.m. President, Mrs. C. J. Atkinson, 730 19th Ave. W.; Secretary, Elizabeth J. Hope, 1042 7th Ave. E.

Lathers, Wood, Wire and Metal, International Union, Local 207—Meets first and third Mondays in month at Labor Headquarters. Secretary, F. Macey, 2456 West Seventh Ave. Phone: Bayview 6831-L.

Machinists' Local 692—President, Thos. Sills, 1352 Burrard St.; Secretary, P. R. Bengough. Office, Room 200, Labor Headquarters. Meets on second and fourth Tuesdays in Hall 313

Milk Wagon Drivers and Dairy Employees, Local 464—Office 308, Labor Headquarters. Meets second and fourth Fridays in Hall No. 1. President, T. P. Harbottle; Secretary-Treasurer, Birt Showler, 2841 Triumph. Phone High. 5327.

Mill and Factory Workers' Union, Local No. 1599 — Affiliated with United Brotherhood of Carpenters & Joiners. Meets first and third Thursdays in Hall No. 3, Labor Headquarters. Pres., G. Campbell. Secretary-Treasurer, H. G. Avery, 2832 West 35th.

Motion Pictures Phojectionists' Union, Local 348, of I.A.T.S.E. & M.P.M.O.—11:30 p.m., first Friday in month, in Hall No. 3 Labor Headquarters. President, J. R. Foster; Secretary, J. C. Richards, Box 345, Phone Douglas 1574-R; Business Agent, F. W. Simmons, Phone Trinity 5708.

Musicians' Mutual Protective Union, Local 145, A. F. of M.—Meets at the G.W.V.A. Auditorium, second Sunday at 10 a.m. President, E. C. Miller; General Secretary, W. Couling; Organizer, F. Fletcher. Office, Suite 307-319 West Pender. Phone Douglas 2290.

Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers, Local 138—Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Hall No. 2. President, W. Hunt; Rec. Secretary, A. E. Varah, 1442 Clark Drive; Business Agent, Ed. Smith. Office: Room 313, Labor Headquarters. Phone Sey. 3609.

Pile Drivers, Bridge, Wharf and Dock Builders, Local No. 2404—Meets every Friday night at 8 o'clock in 122 Hastingsg St. W. President, S. Goy; Jas. Thomson, Secretary, P. O. Box 320. Phone Sey. 7874.

Plasterers, Local 89—Operative Plasterers' and Cement Finishers' International Association—Meets first and third Wednesday in month at Hall No. 2, Labor Headquarters. President, Mark Galway, 829 East 57th; Phone Fraser 964 R. Cor. Sec., Harry West, 3276 West Sixth. Fin. Sec., E. A. Williams, 830 East 12th; Phone Fair. 5219 X.

Cement Finishers' Cor. Sec., R. Weise, 1079 West Hastings; Doug. 848 R.

Plumbers and Steamfitters, No. 170, International Association—Meets every second and fourth Friday in Hall No. 2. President, Art Jane; Secretary and Business Agent, W. Watt, 305-7 Labor Headquarters.

Printing Pressmen and Assistants, Local No. 69—Meets every second Tuesday in the month at 8 p.m. in Hall No. 2, Labor Headquarters. President, W. W. Quigley, 2047 West Second; Secretary, Thos. S. Ezart, 1807 East Thirty-eighth.

Railway Carmen of America, Lodge No. 58—Meets first and third Friday in month at Labor Headquarters. President, A. S. Ross, 5806 Sophia Street; Rec. Secretary, J. D. Valliamy, 2215 West 15th.

Street and Electric Railway Employees, Pioneer Division No. 101—Meets K. P. Hall, 8th and Kingsway, first and third Mondays at 10:15 a.m. and 7 p.m. President, J. E. Smith; Recording Secretary, J. Price; Treasurer, J. Auton; Financial Secretary and Business Agent, H. W. Speed. Office: Corner Prior and Main streets. Phone Sey. 5000.

Sheet Metal Workers Association, Local Union No.. 280—Meets second and fourth Thursdays in Hall No. 3. President, Jas. Strachan, 2205 W. 11th; Business Agent and Secretary, D. MacPherson, 308 Labor Headquarters.

Tailors' Journeymen Union of America, Local No. 178—Meetings held second Monday, each month, 8 p.m. Executive meets fourth Monday of every month in Labor Headquarters. President, Colin McDonald; Secretary, W. W. Hocken, 1582 13th Ave. S.; Financial Secretary, H. Nordlund, 1930 12th Ave. E.

Taxi, Stage and Bus Drivers, Local 151—Meets second and fourth Mondays at 11:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. President, A. C. Shaw. Office, 306 Labor Headquarters; Phone, Sey. 7495.

Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers, Local 466—311 Labor Headquarters. Meets every First and Third Monday. Labor Headquarters, President, A. A. McKay, 765 Cambie St.; Secretary-Treasurer, Birt Showler, Room 306 Labor Headquarters.

Theatrical Stage Employees' Union, Local 118 of the I.A.T.S.E. & M.P.M.O. Meets second Friday in Labor Headquarters at 9:30 a.m. President, A. Harrington; Secretary, W. Park; Business Agent, H. Pearson, address, P. O. Box 711.

Typographical Union, No. 226—President, C. S. Campbell; Vice-President, E. R. Bayley; Secretary-Treasurer, R. H. Neelands, 300-2 Labor Headquarters. Meets last Sunday of each month at 2 p.m., in Hall No. 1, Labor Headquarters.

Union Label Trades Council meets in Hall No. 4, Labor Headquarters, 529 Beatty Street, second and fourth Thursdays in each month at 8 o'clock. President, Colin McDonald, 2834 St. George Street, Phone Fair. 3317-Y. Secretary, Mollie Dolk, 1587 Fifth Avenue East, Phone High. 477-Y.

Prince Rupert Trades & Labor Council

MEETS second Thursday in each month. President, S. D. McDonald, Box 258. Secretary, Frank Derry, Box 498, Prince Rupert, B.C.

SMALLER, IF ANYTHING

Country Visitor: "Do you know, this is the first time I've seen the sea since I was a kid."

Grumpy Longshoreman: "'Asn't altered a lot, 's it?"

Labor Party Manifesto For Federal Election

ONCE again the electors of Canada are given the opportunity to elect the representatives who will make the laws and guide the destiny of this country for the next four or five years.

Parties Represent Economic Interests

On this occasion there is no major issue, or, for that matter, no minor issue on which the two old parties are divided. It can be quite truthfully said that at no time since Confederation has there been any matter of fundamental importance on which the hitherto dominant political parties could have any real difference of opinion. This is quite a natural state of affairs, as on the economic field both parties are representative of the same economic interests, and economic interest is the factor which determines the direction, and the pivot on which turns, the struggle for place and power. In other words, a political party separated from economic interest is quite meaningless.

Whose Prosperity?

There is a major issue, however, and a very pressing issue at the present moment, whether it is recognized by the major political parties or not. Canada's prosperity has been shouted from the housetops for the past few years, and there is no doubt but that this prosperity is genuine enough among a certain class. That class is not the workers. There are in this country abundant natural resources, and there has been produced enough of the essentials of social life, not only essentials but the luxuries of life, to provide us all with a decent standard of living. If the actual production was, or is not, sufficient to meet every social need it is because the owners of these natural resources and the machinery of production did not, or will not, allow the necessary contact between the unemployed worker in need and the natural resources and machinery necessary to supply this need.

The fly in the ointment of our prosperity is that only a very few profited by it—the banks, the trusts, and the owners of large-scale industry. The condition of the large mass of the people who helped to make that prosperity is a state of progressive worsening.

The Real Issue

The issue in this election, then, and it is daily becoming more acute, is: How to distribute the total of production equitably among those who helped to produce it—according to their needs.

The most important question facing the country today is unemployment. It is a social disease characteristic of and inherent in our present social system. The problem confronts all industrial countries and, under other forms, is forcing agriculture to seek legislative assistance. It calls for immediate relief and for a permanent cure. Machine development intensifies it and seasonal work aggravates it. Labor understands and has diagnosed it. Socialism alone can solve and cure it.

Evasion of Responsibility

Immediate palliation of the effects of the disease can be effected by reducing the hours of labor, unemployment insurance, lowering pensionable age and increasing amounts payable. These measures will be advocated and supported by us. The Federal Government should be forced to assume the responsibility of caring for the victims of unemployment and industry should be made to contribute to their maintenance. Evasion through denying responsibility (as between Municipalities and Provincial and Federal Governments) will not protect them from the consequences of allowing the causes of this disease to be ignored.

Even with these palliatives the machine will outstrip market demand and eventually the sheer weight of displaced numbers of workers will break down the system and Socialism must take its place.

Steps Toward Socialism

What do we propose to do about it now—at this election? In other words, what is our immediate platform? We have an answer to these questions. Briefly, we propose to sponsor all palliatives and reforms that will ease the road of transition from Capitalism to Socialism. We propose to get on with the co-operative organization of Society and preparation for the ownership and control of our industrial and economic life by and for the benefit of the people.

The Tariff Policy

The Liberals have stolen the only thunder possessed by the Conservatives by adopting protective tariffs. We may hope to have a slight respite from this hardy annual. We have no objection to our becoming a self-contained country as far as conditions will permit, but we are very much opposed to the imposition of tariffs that make the consumer a gold mine for a group of wealthy manufacturers. There are two important points in connection with the tariff that must not be overlooked. The first is that we cannot trade without buying. Other countries are under the same compulsion to sell as we are. The second point is that, from the point of view of the workers as a whole, it does not make a great deal of difference where goods are made. If industrial production increases in any country the unemployed workers of other countries will flock there until the situation is evened up. We are neither Free Traders nor Protectionists, as usually understood. We would use the tariff to improve working conditions and against unfair competition by lower paid labor. We would protect the sellers of Labor-power as much as possible. This is the only commodity that both Liberals and Conservatives refuse to protect. Not only is there Free Trade in Labor-power, its importation is bonused by grants assisting immigration.

The Money Monopoly

We are strongly opposed to the banking and money system of the country remaining in the hands of private profit-making banking corporations. The financial life and currency systems should never have been allowed to develop in private hands. The profits paid shareholders in banks have totalled a tremendous tax upon the country, and instead of a national asset we have a banking ring exacting a perpetual toll.

Civilization's Paradox

Unlimited wealth (both natural and created by labor), power and machinery on the one hand—on the other, masses of humanity ageing prematurely by worrying as to how they can provide themselves with food, clothing and shelter from day to day. Misery, starvation and unemployment in a land of plenty!

Labor's Opportunity

Are you going to vote again to perpetuate these conditions, or will you vote this time for labor, and a step on the road to a change from the present insane system of distributing wealth through wages which stop as soon as the market is supplied?

We respectfully solicit your vote and influence for ANGUS MacINNIS

WHY KREISLER CUT HIS FEE

The skill of Fritz Kreisler in wielding the violinist's bow is well known, but it remained for Alfred E. Edstrom of Chicago to reveal Kreisler's subtle use of barbed sarcasm when occasion requires.

Mr. Kreisler had been engaged to play at a musicale given by a prominent society matron. The conversation, as related by Mr. Kreisler, was as follows:

"And the charge, Mr. Kreisler?"

"Two thousand dollars," was the reply.

"And you understand, of course, you are not to mingle with the guests?" the matron stipulated.

"In that case, madam, my fee will be $1000," Mr. Kreisler responded.

OWNERS OF TAXICABS SEEKING REGULATION

CHICAGO.—Taxicab companies the country over did a business of $400,000,000 last year with a net profit of only 1 per cent., it was announced at the annual meeting here of the National Association of Taxicab Owners. In only two large cities, Philadelphia and Chicago, was there an "adequate profit," according to the magnates.

Too many taxicabs, resulting in "cut-throat" competition, are the bane of the business, it was declared. In the hope that they can get higher rates, and thus make more money, the owners are urging that taxis be classed as a public utility and "regulated" by state and federal laws like other forms of transportation.

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Cashier (at bank): "You will have to bring some one here to identify you before we can cash this cheque. Got any friends in town?"

Stranger: "No. I'm a tax collector."

The Labor Statesman

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Owned by the Vancouver, New Westminster and District Trades and Labor Council.

H. W. Watts, Man. Editor.

PRESS COMMITTEE:

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Phone: Seymour 6279

Vancouver, Friday, July 18, 1930

ELECTION "ISSUES"

Mr. Mackenzie King's statement that unemployment shall not be made an issue in the election is a conclusion arrived at eight months too late. In politics, unfortunately the other party has a miserable habit of choosing his own "issues," and the only known way to keep him out of any field is to give him no profitable opportunity in it. If during last winter the Premier had met the matter as he should, there would have been no issue for the Tory to exploit, but as he did not choose to do so, his present determination that a matter which has occupied about twenty-five per cent. of the time of every political meeting, shall not be made a political issue, will be about as effective as the late Mr. Pardington's effort to sweep back the tide. Anyone acquainted with Mackenzie King knows the man to be of a self-satisfied breed whose natural inclination would be to lose patience with the complainings of a hungry man when his own stomach was full. His aspirations and ambitions, however, compelled him to make at least a wordy pretence of interest in the other fellow's welfare. Following his own interests in this way might keep the man on safe ground, if it were not that the moment a political party becomes successful, it attracts to itself a hoard of human barnacles spread all the way from the multi-millionaire New Yorker seeking exemption from royalty payment on the Flin-Flon mine, to the camp hound seeking a menial's job.

These cattle chant into the government's ear the things which it would like to hear and wall it in with a sycophantic army that cuts off the presence and the sound of the common people. Surrounded by these people, his whole social intercourse with people who lived on labor as a louse lives on a dog, Mackenzie King perhaps thought that the magnificent profit squeezed from the farmers and wage earners of Canada by the Government-nursed corporations was the evidence of a prosperous country. It is quite likely that if Mr. King had any inkling that all was not well in the Labor field, he would feel quite sure that the Tory party would not focus attention on it. They were deeper if possible, in the plunder of the common people, than his own party. The C.P.R. had through the years consistently robbed the farmer and done more than even the government itself to drive out the Canadian laborer and fill his place with the cheap labor of Europe, and the C.P.R. was always as a wet-nurse to the Tory party, and again to the closing day of the former session of Parliament, the Tory had strained his larynx condemning the Liberal Government for failing to bring in still more immigrants. Clearly then the Tory was in no position to make political capital out of the failure of the government, but the Tory party wants to get in, and no matter of decency or consistency is going to keep him out, if he knows it. If it is going to help him into power he will exploit the hardships which he himself has helped to impose on Labor, and look like a martyr while doing it, and so we have Mr. Bennett, the ex-C.P.R. Director championing the cause of the idle worker and Mackenzie King striving to persuade himself that unemployment is not an issue in the election. Mr. King's insistance that the matter was not pushed under his nose in an official way has a smell of Gilbert and Sullivan's operas to it; the hungry child should complain to its parent, the parent should appeal to the municipality, the municipality should ask the assistance of the province, and the Provincial Premier should officially inform Mr. King and his government, and because it did not reach him in just this way Mr. King refuses to "officially" know that any hardships existed. That some such rigmarole as this was agreed upon in 1920 may have been known to Mr. King and to Mr. Bennett, but how was the Premier of Saskatchewan to know of it; or Mayors Webb or Malkin? Premier Tolmie is fat and corpulent; we cannot conceive of him missing a meal. Mayor Malkin has raked the pennies together until he became a bank director. The man who can do this is constitutionally incapable of any material sympathy with the underdog, and if either of these fail in the chain prayer the Dominion Premier is not reached, and the distance from the great eminence on which the Dominion Premier stands to the pit where the workers toil and strive is so great that the Premier cannot discover for himself what the condition of the labor market was, or is.

The Liberal party probably thought that they had accomplished a wonderful feat in political strategy when they wrapped themselves in "the Flag" and took over the tories tariff position. The Tory proceeded to build his platform from such material as was left and "the stone that the builders rejected has become the chief and the corner stone," and to say that the Tory shall not do the thing which he has done is a waste of words. Some unknown number of jobless men will be influenced by Mr. Bennett's promise of a special session of parliament. It looks like a promise of a job. Mackenzie King's promise of a conference smacks too much of talk and too little of action, to attract a hungry man. The Liberal can yet improve his position if he will forget that he has not been approached in the right way, and tell us what he is going to do rather than what he is going to talk about.—M.

Pooley's Policy Is Condemned by Council

The following telegram was sent by the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council to Attorney-General Pooley at Victoria in connection with the policy of lowering the standard of efficiency at the expense of public safety to motion picture theatre patrons. The telegram says: "The Vancouver, New Westminster and District Trades and Labor Council has endorsed the British Columbia Projectionists' Society in their stand against your department policy and the Independent Exhibitors' Association, in lowering the standard of wages and efficiency at the expense of public safety."

"With the hazard of fire increasing since the addition of talking pictures, we consider the regulation should be stiffened instead of relaxed, and would suggest you have a full investigation. We feel you are opposing labor in your present stand on the matter."

"The British Columbia Projectionists' Society has striven for years to raise the standard of their profession and are recognized, the continent over, as being of the highest standard, and having a minimum of fire loss. We intend to support them to our utmost resources in their fight to keep this standard up and protect the public, by knowing their children are safe when attending theatres where the British Columbia Projectionists' members are employed.

"P. R. BENGOUGH, Sec."

Street Railwaymen Hold Big Election

The Street Railwaymen held their Election of Officers for the current term under the proportional representation system of voting. All offices were keenly contested, and the largest poll rolled up in the history of this organization.

The results were as follows:

President: Joseph E. Smith; elected by acclamation.

1st Vice-President: Thomas R. Carson. 2nd Vice-President: Peter C. Munro.

Business Agent: Herbert W. Speed.

Recording Secretary: John Price.

Treasurer: John McKinnon.

Executive: (Day men) Frederick A. Hoover; alternate, Ernest S. Hougham; (Night men) James D. Pittendrigh; (Extra men) Neville M. Wright; (Mount Pleasant Barn) John Dew; (Truck Drivers) James E. Berry; (Track Department) John Auton; (Rapid Transit) William B. Anderson; (North Vancouver) William A. Harris; (Night Wardens and Conductors) John A. Wood.

Sick Relief Committee: J. A. Wood, A. H. Gingell and C. Gibbs.

Auditors: Albert V. Lofting, Thos. Dunlop, James Henderson.

Tellers: A. H. Gingell, R. Gray, H. A. Uren, W. A. Harris.

Judge: A. R. Ferguson.

There is no question who wears the trousers in the average household when the bills for clothing a ten-year-old boy arrive.

Big Field Nominated For Council Officers

Nominations of officers took place at the meeting of the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council on Tuesday, the final nominations and election to take place on Tuesday, July 29th. President Thomson has decided to retire from that position and declined the office, leaving Colin McDonald, Geo. Pettipiece, C. E. Herrett and E. H. Morrison in the field.

Among those left in the field for Vice-President are: C. McDonald, W. Wilson, B. Showler, C. E. Herrett and Geo. Pettipiece.

P. R. Bengough was the only nominee for Secretary-Treasurer.

Those left in the running for Warden are: Mrs. F. Dolk, B. Showler, W. J. Scribbins and E. H. Morrison. W. Hargreaves is retiring from this office.

J. Price, C. E. Herrett, M. Fitzgerald and Ed. Smith seek the office of statistician.

H. W. Watts, W. J. Scribbins, Jas. Thomson and C. Shaw are left in the field for chairman of the Organization Committee.

W. J. Bartlett, T. Russell, C. Watson, J. Woods and J. Hunt are nominees for the office of Legislative Chairman.

W. Deptford, F. Dawe and Geo. Pettipiece remain in the field for chairman of Press Committee.

C. Watson, Ed. Smith, B. Showler, J. Nickels and T. Hammersmark are nominees for chairman of the Grievance Committee.

Victoria Playhouse On Unfair List

The Victoria Trades and Labor Council has placed the Playhouse Theatre, Victoria, on the unfair list for employing non-union motion picture projectionists. The Victoria council received the following communication from the I. A. T. S. E. and asked to have it published in The Labor Statesman:

"We, the stage employees and picture operators of Victoria Local 168, wish to call your attention to the fact that the management of the Playhouse Theatre has disregarded our organization and has laid down the gauntlet to organized labor in Victoria. This follows a movement recently initiated in Vancouver to create another association of picture operators, the object of which is obvious. In Vancouver the new organization made little success, and apparently the efforts of those concerned are now directed towards accomplishing their objective in Victoria so as to gain a foothold here, and, later, to expand elsewhere in the province. The management of the Playhouse Theatre has locked out members of our Local, and is bringing men to fill the jobs formerly held by those who have been discharged."

Races and Prizes for Painters' Picnic

SECHELT PARK, JULY 19, 1930.

Open event, shot-put, starts on arrival; one first prize.

All children under five years of age get prizes.

Girls, 5 to 7 years; three prizes.

Boys, 5 to 7 years; three prizes.

Girls, 8 years old; three prizes.

Boys, 8 years old; three prizes.

Girls, 9 years old; two prizes.

Boys, 9 years old; two prizes.

Girls, 10 years old; two prizes.

Boys, 10 years old; two prizes.

Special "Boys' Home," 10 to 13 years; two prizes.

Girls, 11 years old; two prizes.

Boys, 11 years old; two prizes.

Girls, 12 to 14 years old; two prizes.

Boys, 12 to 14 years old; two prizes.

Special "Boys' Home," 14 to 16 years; two prizes.

Backward race, open, 25 yards, ladies only; two prizes.

Girls, 15 to 17 years, 75 yards; two prizes.

Boys, 15 to 17 years, 100 yards; two prizes.

Members only, 100-yard dash (handicap); two prizes.

Married ladies, 50 yards; two prizes.

Mothers' race, 30 years and over; two prizes.

Ladies' and gentlemen's cigarette race (only two matches allowed) four prizes.

Pop drinking, men, 100 yards; two prizes.

Members only, No. 138 and No. 762, relay race, 100 yards each man; four prizes to winning team.

Masters and supply men, 100 yards; two prizes.

Girls' swimming, 18 years and under; two prizes.

Boys' swimming, 16 years and under; two prizes.

Men's swimming, 17 years and over; one prize.

Horseshoe pitching, highest aggregate; one prize.

Horseshoe pitching, best team; two prizes.

Fishing contest, open, largest fish; one prize; heaviest catch, one prize.

Bankrupt Sale

DRAWS LARGE CROWDS

Clean Sweep of Balance of Goods from Crown Clothing Company, and Other Purchases at the Army & Navy Store, 40 Hastings St. West, the Cause of Eager Buyers Swamping Store

Sale Re-opens Saturday, 9 a.m.

Arrange to share in these sensational values. Saturday and the next few days will be record-breaking days. The values offered in shoes, furnishings, hats, clothing, groceries, etc., are truly remarkable.

Flour, lb., 3c; 50c Men's Holeproof Hose, 19c; $3 lot Crown Dress Caps, 79c; $4 and $5 Men's Shoes, $1.98; $1 to $1.25 Canvas Shoes, 29c; $7 English-made Dress Shoes, pair, $3.95; $5 Oxfords, broken sizes, $1.98; fine Military Shoes, in black or tan, plain toe, wonderful work shoes, regular to $6, now selling, per pair $2.95; $15 Ladies' Coats, $2.95; 15c Tobacco, package, 10c; 5c Cigars, now 2 for 5c; 25c Collars, 5c; 75c Gloves, 29c; $1.50 Swimming Suits, 49c; $1.50 Khaki Pants, 79c; 75c Haversacks, each, 39c; 25c Men's Wool Hose, pair 13c; $1.50 and $2 Men's Tweed Caps, 49c; 75c Work Shirts, soiled, 29c; $2 Dress Shirts, Arrow and other good makes, 98c; 65c cans Jam, now, per can, 27c; 50c and 75c Union Suits for 29c; 50c Belts, 19c; 50c Suspenders for, pair, 29c; $25 and $30 Fine Wool Suits, $9.95; $10 Summer Suits, $4.95; Men's Pants, regular to $3.50, $1.98; $3.00 Breeches, 98c; Men's Dress Pants, sold up to $7, for $2.98; lot of Men's Work Pants, pair, 98c; Cord Riding or Hiking Breeches, regular $3.50 values for $1.98; $2 Dress Crown Shirts, 79c; $5 Auto Robes, soiled, $1.49; $2 Blankets for 98c; $1.50 or $2 Crown Underwear, 49c; $4 Wool Union Suits, soiled, now 98c; 15c Canvas Gloves, soiled, 8c; 50c Belts, 19c.

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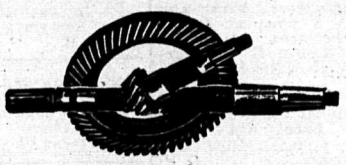

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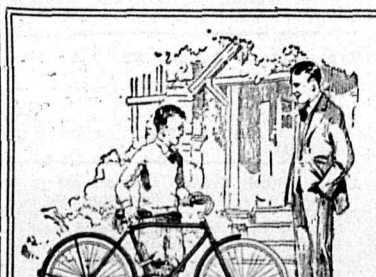

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Insist on Union-made Cigars!

KURTZ

Cigars Are Good

ALL POILED!

3 for 25c; 10c Straight; 2 for 25c.

Sole Prop.: G. J. GERRARD.

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REGENT TAILORS

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159 Hastings Street West

Opposite Province

Every garment tailored strictly to measure by Union tailors. One price..... **$26**

Western Glass Co., Ltd.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers
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Glass for Buildings.
Auto Glass Installed.
Art Glass Repaired.
Mirrors Resilvered.
Copper Store Front Construction.
Phone us for Quick Service.
Glazing Jobs, large or small.

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FIRE AND AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE
The people's own company, which provides protection at the very lowest minimum cost. Inquiries will receive our prompt attention.

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Flavor
depends on quality
MALKIN'S BEST
Experienced cooks know that cooking results depend on the quality of ingredients . . . Malkin's Best Food Products, used by successful housewives throughout British Columbia, are of the highest possible quality.
The
W. H. Malkin Co.
Limited
Vancouver, B. C.
Nanaimo Victoria
Prince Rupert

Milk Salesmen Hold Another Big Picnic

An enjoyable picnic was held by the Milk Salesmen and Dairy Employees at Locarno Park on July 10th. A good sports program was entered into by all present, and supper was served among the beautiful surroundings. After having satisfied the inner feeling, prizes were distributed to all winners, then a Country Store was held and many valuable prizes, from sugar to hams and bacon, were taken home by the holders of the lucky tickets. A wonderful soft ball game was won by both teams. The umpire was allegedly a professional, and his decisions were always appealed, and both captains decided they had the best teams. After a lot of good-natured banter, everybody went home tired but happy.

The Local Union announced that at the Christmas Tree this year an electric washing machine would be given away to a member's wife or sweetheart, the only condition being that the member must have his December dues paid.

Correspondence

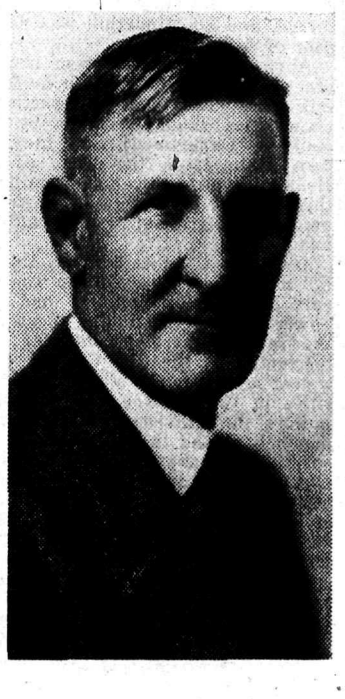
Editor, Labor Statesman:

Sir,—I wish to thank you for enabling me to obtain, through your valuable paper, a little solace and truth amidst all this chicanery that is being let loose just now. Although I fail to see why organized labor chooses Liberalism as the lesser of the two evils, unless it is, of course, because you, like them, do not greatly object to being dictated to by our neighbors to the south. Both parties ignore the fact that modern industrialism in itself is making people idle, without the assistance of the dole as they prefer to misinterpret it. Either well thought out extensive schemes for the colonization of vast stretches of country must be undertaken, to withdraw permanently surplus labor from the cities, or social legislation, as adopted in the more populous countries, will be forced upon whatever party is returned, as much as they now abhor it. It is quite possible that a country degenerates and the people's initiative is impaired with every new social measure; the other alternative is equally as bad, or worse, for who would want this country to drift into the condition that is general throughout most of the States, with their jails crowded beyond capacity, and crime rampant everywhere, chiefly owing to the fact that man will live somehow, and because there, the acquisitive man is glorified out of all reason? Far better for the few to get noticeably soft than for the majority to get hard and soul-less.

I think your paper has a future and would be in demand outside of trade union circles if the topic of work was not always the predominating factor. I will endeavor in the near future to pay for the privilege of receiving this paper, but like a good many more, am earning next to nothing.

Yours sincerely,
GEO. W. SEWELL.

R. J.
Hamilton
Conservative Candidate,
Vancouver Burrard



Hon. H. H.
Stevens
Conservative Candidate,
Vancouver Centre

Leon J.
Ladner
Conservative Candidate,
South Vancouver

To these men . . . the policies they advocate . . . the party they represent . . . Labor in Canada may look with confidence for a real hearing . . . for constructive action and for statesmanship applied to the problems of Labor.

Judge them by their Works...

—what the Conservative Party in Canada has done for Labor:

Today . . . in the hour of national crisis . . . the Conservative Party is pledged to find work for the Canadian Workman in Canada.

1—It made trade unions legal.
2—It granted $1,000,000 a year for technical education to aid workers.
3—It granted $1,000,000 a year for agricultural education.
4—It established a fund of $25,000,000 for building moderately-priced homes for workers.
5—It established nation-wide employment bureaus.
6—It took a cabinet minister from the trade unions.
7—It first gave consideration to old age pensions, and at the same time urged investigation of unemployment and sickness insurance.
8—It bound Canada to the 8-hour working day and the 6-day working week, at the peace conference in Versailles.
9—It made available over $1,800,000 for relief during 1920-21 unemployment crisis.
10—It gave $20,000,000 for highway construction.

HON. R. B. BENNETT'S PLEDGE ON UNEMPLOYMENT

Made at Edmonton, June 13, 1930:

"I WILL call Parliament together, at the earliest possible moment, to provide, at once, the remedy—employment for all who can and will work. If there be those who think that their idleness, now unsought, may by aid of government be continued at their will, they mistake my meaning and my purpose. I will help them to help themselves, but I will not help them to remain in idleness. I will act for the common good. That is my guide; any other would surely lead me astray."

THESE PLEDGES MEAN ACTION—NOT TALK!

If your own livelihood means anything to you . . . if the building of Canada as a bulwark to the British Empire . . . is more than a passing sentiment . . . you will vote . . . you will work for Conservative Candidates!

STEVENS for Centre
HAMILTON for Burrard
LADNER for South Vancouver

Vote Conservative

Working Men!
Vote for A. D. McRAE
for Vancouver North
The man who has made a study of your problems, and who knows how!
A real constructive policy of
"Canada First"
Protect Industry and Protect Your Job!

"Build B. C. Payrolls"

Lives Saved

PACIFIC MILK has saved the lives of dozens of children that we personally know about. This disclosure comes from the letters received. How many children has this good milk saved whose mothers have said nothing about it? There is a deep feeling of responsibility and gratitude in this knowledge of achievement.

Pacific Milk

Factory at

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VANCOUVER TURKISH BATHS

Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuritis, Bad Cold

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VANCOUVER BRANCH

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Secretary-Treas., R. E. Timmins
536 Drake Street.

Meets Second and Fourth Fridays
135 West Hastings

Membership Fee - $1 Per Year

NOTARY PUBLIC

P. R. BENGOUGH

Secretary Trades & Labor Council

Room 200—531 Beatty Street

Phones: Sey. 7495-6279

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for South Jetty, Steveston, B. C.", will be received until **12 o'clock noon (daylight saving), Friday, July 25, 1930,** for the construction of 8,000 feet of the South Jetty, at Steveston, Fraser River, District of New Westminster, B. C.

Plans and form of contract can be seen and specification and forms of tender obtained at this Department, at the offices of the District Engineer, Post Office Building, New Westminster, B.C.; Victoria Builders Exchange, 2509 Prior St., Victoria, B. C.; The Building and Construction Industries Exchange, 615 West Hastings St., Vancouver, B. C., also at the Post Office, Steveston, B.C.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on printed forms supplied by the Department and in accordance with conditions contained therein.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to 10 per cent. of the amount of the tender. Bonds of the Dominion of Canada, or bonds of the Canadian National Railway Company will also be accepted as security, or bonds and a cheque if required to make up an odd amount.

NOTE.—Blue prints can be obtained at this Department by depositing an accepted cheque for the sum of $25.00, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, which will be returned if the intending bidder submit a regular bid.

By order,
N. DESJARDINS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, July 4, 1930.

CLAIMS 150 MILES AN HOUR FOR RAIL COACH

LONDON, Eng.—A self-propelled railroad coach, claimed to be capable of carrying 25 passengers and making a sustained speed of 150 miles an hour in "perfect safety," will be demonstrated in Scotland next month.

A long section of track, consisting of a steel trestle from which the cars are suspended, has been erected. The cars are cigar-shaped with a propeller at each end and can be driven by either electric or gasoline motors.

Its inventor claims the steel trestle work from which the cars are hung can be erected at about half the cost of an ordinary double-track railroad.

Another advantage claimed by him is that his "track" can be built over highways, canals and "earth-bound" railroads without interfering with ground traffic.

Says Liberals Have No Unemployment Policy

(By Geo. F. Stirling of the United Farmers of Canada)

There is no use in any Liberal candidate standing on the platform and trying to explain a Liberal unemployment policy. The Liberal party has no unemployment policy, never had any, and never will have any. The very fact that they do not realize that unemployment is a result of the present system of production and distribution is sufficient proof that they have no policy for the relief of unemployment and never will have a solution until they understand that it means a radical change in our social system. When that time comes to any Liberal, he will cease to be a Liberal and will join with the ranks of the Labor and Progressive group in the House.

The Liberal candidates and speakers that we have heard, speak as though unemployment was a passing phase of industrial conditions, due in a very large measure to the wheat situation in Canada. This is quite wrong.

There has been an unemployment problem ever since capitalism began to function. It is part and parcel of the system. Under capitalism there must be an army of unemployed. If there was a job for every man and woman who wanted one, wages would cease to be competitive. An employer could not fire his men when they asked for higher wages, as there would be no one else to take their places. Wages would consequently rise until profits had entirely disappeared. Thus, when a government solves the unemployment problem, they have cut the throat of the capitalist profit system. Therefore, they will never solve the problem. That is why the Liberal party and the Tory party are playing their old game of fishing for suckers when they stand on a platform and announce any solution of the unemployment problem.

Instead of having a policy to solve the unemployment problem, the Liberal party, which has been in power for years, has done its utmost to accentuate the problem by carrying on a vigorous stimulated immigration policy. Cheap foreign labor, and plenty of surplus labor has been the policy of the Liberal government during its time of office. This condition of stimulated immigration becomes so palpably unwise that the United Farmers of Canada and other bodies began a vigorous opposition to it which lasted for four or five years. After all our efforts we have succeeded in moving the stupid Liberal machine to cease its ridiculous policy which was intensifying the problem of unemployment. And now, after years of misgovernment in this question, after years of stimulation of unemployment through such an insane policy, their speakers have the gall to stand up on a platform and claim they have a policy.

The wheat situation in the West is a temporary cause of extra unemployment, but it is not the cause of unemployment. The cause of unemployment arises from the capitalist system which does not give the people sufficient purchasing power to purchase the things which they have the means to produce and do produce. The goods that the people want and have produced stack up in the warehouses and factories. Employers begin to dismiss their employees, and thus further add to the trouble, and so the mischievous and vicious system goes on.

The solution lies in a fundamental change in our system of production and distribution which will enable the people to purchase the goods they produce. Increase in our foreign trade has nothing to do with that problem. British preference has nothing to do with it. Development of the Hudson Bay route or the St. Lawrence waterways has nothing to do with it. These things can all be made of service after the fundamental economic change has been made. The problem is one which is concerned with the profit system of production, and with the private ownership of credit.

Farmers and workers in the city should ignore the tempting bait which is dangled before them at election times and prepare themselves to support candidates who are really turning their attention to this problem.—The Western Producer.

Just Another Ford Story

He had choked her—

She was dead—there could be no doubt about that. He had listened to her dying gasp.

Now she was cold—cold as the hand of death.

Yet in his anger he was not convinced. Furiously he kicked her. To his amazement she gasped, sputtered and began to hum softly.

"Just a little patience is all it takes, John," remarked his wife from the rear seat.

Dr. Underhill Gets Warning About Health

A special committee has been appointed by His Worship Mayor Malkin, who will bring in a report in regard to a communication which was received from the Plumbers' and Steamfitters' Union. In this communication to the Mayor and Council, it was charged that most unsanitary conditions in connection with plumbing were being allowed to exist, the laws were not being enforced, and Dr. Underhill was negligent of his duties.

Apparently no check-up or inspection of the older buildings is made in this city. The Health Department claims this should be done by the Building Department, and they, in turn, claim it is the work of the Health Department, and meantime, this state of affairs is allowed to go on, to the detriment of the health of our people.

Owing to the fact that Dr. Underhill made the excuse that he was not sure if his health officers had the power to enter a building to inspect the sanitary arrangements, he was instructed by the City Council, over a year ago, to write all the principal cities in Canada and find out what powers the different health departments had, and their methods of inspection of any class of building. However, he apparently forgot, or was not interested, as we have been in touch with a number of the other cities, and they state that no information was asked for.

The present Mayor and aldermen apparently realize that some action is necessary, and we expect to see a change in the methods of the Health Department in the very near future. All that is asked for is to have the city Health Department work along similar lines as all other cities of any size. There is in Vancouver many workshops and industries that do not have proper sanitary arrangements for their employees. Many places of business do not have any toilet accommodation for the girls employed, and many of our down-town buildings, including hotels, need a thorough inspection in so far as the plumbing is concerned. Fixtures are being installed in a manner which is dangerous to health; the revenue for the installation of fixtures is being lost by the city, and the laws are not being lived up to. We suggest that Dr. Underhill get in touch with the Doctor of Health in Toronto and follow his methods, as the city of Toronto is known as one of the most sanitary cities on the continent. A clean, sanitary city is a city of health, and Vancouver, with all its tourist trade, must change its methods in so far as the Health and Sanitary Department is concerned.

—W. W.

Police Magistrate's Ruling Objected To

Delegates of the Street Railwaymen's Union asked the Trades and Labor Council on Tuesday to assist in an effort to have a change brought about in a recent ruling of police court magistrates. In cases of fatal accidents in which street cars are involved, the motorman, in each accident, whether entirely blameless or not, is charged with manslaughter, and taken to police headquarters.

He is held until bail bonds are obtained. Recently the police magistrate ruled that no bail bonds would be issued between 8 p.m. on Saturday and 10 a.m. the following Monday. This resulted in the detention of an absolutely innocent man in jail overnight, despite every effort of the company and union officials. The accident happened Saturday night, and it was not until 2 p.m. Sunday that a magistrate could be found who would execute bail bonds. Meantime the man was kept in the cells, it was stated.

It was moved, and carried, that the council protest to the Police Commission and the Attorney-General in regard to this ruling of the Police Court authorities.

Declares Safety of Public Is Involved

Geo. Pettipiece stated at the Trades Council meeting on Tuesday that it looked as if boys about 18 years of age were being employed on the B. C. Electric, and that, in his opinion, the company was not showing any consideration for the safety of the public. The railway act calls for an age of not less than 21 for these jobs, and there are all kinds of men available for this kind of work. The Trades and Labor Council will aid the Street Railwaymen's Union in taking the matter up with the proper authorities.

Genius is the father of a heavenly line, but the mortal mother, that is industry.—Theodore Parker.

HAZELWOOD ICE CREAM

The only 100 per cent. Union Ice Cream in the City!

Phone: Seymour 2090

Hazelwood Creamery, Limited

Drink and enjoy!

VAN BROS.' CIDERS

PURE SWEET AND SOUR APPLE CIDER

"Made from B. C. Apples"

Try "The Lions" Ginger Ale

Orange, Lemon and Lime Kist.

PHONE HIGH. 90 PROMPT DELIVERY

VAN BROS.. LTD. 1055 VERNON DRIVE

One of the most popular brands among Union men sold by the Liquor Control Boards of Canada

CATTO'S

Old Highland Whisky

Obtainable at All Government Liquor Stores

Please Ask for CATTO'S

This advertisement is not published or displayed by the Liquor Control Board or by the Government of British Columbia.

Why Can't We Save?

HOW often do you say this as you find that your expenses eat up all your salary?

Other people, with no larger incomes than yours, buy many things you cannot afford. Is it because you have no definite plan of allotting your money?

The Royal Bank Budget Book will help you to plan your expenses with something to spare.

ASK FOR A COPY

The Royal Bank of Canada

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Vancouver Branch . . A. T. Lowe, Manager

20 Offices in Vancouver—59 Branches in British Columbia

1424

Union-Made Shoes

CORNETT BROS & CLARK
33 EAST HASTINGS STREET
Florsheim, Striders, C. B. & C. Men's and Youth's.

WILLIAM DICK, LTD.
Union Label Shoes for Men and Youths.

MODEL BOOT SHOP
1186 GRANVILLE
Tetrault's, Men's, Women's and Youths' Union Label shoes.

WM. TRICK, 146 Cordova
WEST. — Tetrault's Men's and Youths; also Strider and Slater's Union Label shoes.

Fellow Unionists, demand the Union Label, Shop Card and Working Button, and patronize fair employers and employ UNION LABOR.

Classified Ads.

BARRISTERS AND SOLICITORS
Wallis W. Lefeaux, 402 Metropolitan Building Phone Sey. 6667.

BATHS
Hastings Steam Baths
Price 35c Only
766 Hastings Street East.

DENTISTS
Dr. W. A. Rutledge, 106 Hastings West.

NOTARY PUBLIC
F. R. Bengough Labor Headquarters.

PRINTERS
Labor Statesman. Labor Headquarters.

RUPTURE SPECIALIST
C. E. Heard 812 Robson.

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MADE IN B.C.
At All Reliable Dealers

Dr. Trevelyn E. Sleeth

CANINE AND FELINE SPECIALIST AND SURGEON

Operating B. C. Dog and Cat Hospital, 1429 Granville Street, and Kingsway Boarding Kennels, at Dogwood, 3306 Kingsway, Burnaby.

Head Office Phones: Seymour 549-550
Prices to suit the union man.

Brim full of Health and Goodness -

FOUREX DAIRY BREAD
MADE WITH MILK
4X
CANADIAN BAKERIES LTD

MORE INTERESTING

The late Lord Balfour evidently had a sense of humor. When he was taken over the Woolworth building in New York the enthusiastic guide filled him up with all kinds of statistics as to height, cost, accommodation, etc., and wound up with the remark that the building was completely fireproof. "Really!" said Lord Balfour. "What a pity."

On another occasion Lord Balfour encountered the wild wrath of an enthusiastic Zionist by describing Zionism as "an interesting experiment." This moved the Zionist to say: "But Lord Balfour, don't you know that many people believe that when the chosen people recover Jerusalem the Day of Judgment will immediately follow?" Lord Balfour adjusted his glasses with a familiar gesture, and, gazing at him fixedly, replied, "That would make it still more interesting."

Open Forum

WAKE UP, POLITICIANS!

New Denver, June 23, 1930.

Editor, Labor Statesman:

Sir,—Midsummer is here, and though extensive public works have given some temporary relief to the unemployment problem we are face to face with a frightful condition of misery and destitution, which will be upon us directly these public works cease.

The new Dominion Government must act with astonishing promptness and efficiency, for winter will be here soon and the problems intensified fourfold. With the utmost haste and goodwill Parliament can barely act in time; with ordinary parliamentary procedure it will be hopelessly late.

What could a well-intentioned and capable government do?

First: The Dominion must act. The problem is too big for the provinces or municipalities.

Second: The Dominion, having no machinery of its own, must use such machinery as is already in existence.

Third: The only institutions that can give the necessary assistance are the banks.

Parliament should sit as soon as possible, which ever party wins the election. The situation should be faced exactly as it would face a declaration of war. That is, Parliament vote a large sum of money promptly to the Government, and the Government should place it in charge of one of its most capable men.

The Government should at the same time approach the banks. Asking them, urging them, if necessary almost compelling them to assist. (Personally, I believe that the banks would be quite ready to co-operate for their own security and the good of the country).

The banks should establish a big fund of their own, to be used in conjunction with the Government money, and then, under the supervision of the Minister in charge, they should administer the fund through their branches.

Most property holders have already got some plans for the development of their property. They may be short of money, or business conditions may be unfavorable, but already a vast amount of work has been carefully planned and some projects actually begun.

I refer to such large schemes of improvement as the West Kootenay Power and Light Company have laid out just below Nelson. There are also a great number of small projects, which, with a little assistance, the owners could be induced to undertake and which would result in valuable improvements and additions to the country's wealth.

The managers of our local banks are thoroughly conversant with the conditions and the people. They would no doubt be glad to assist in promoting such undertakings, which would be permanent assets to the community, and whilst they safeguarded the bank's money, they would also take good care of the public interest.

Whilst some localities where the works were undertaken would reap the first and chief benefit, yet the whole country would be bound to reap some advantage, for it would stimulate business generally.

Of course, this money would have to be loaned for considerable periods. The ordinary short-term loan would not meet the condition, and the fund would not be ordinary bank capital.

This is the course that a sensible efficient government would take. There is no other way in which the useless, unemployed people could be so effectually turned into useful people. It probably entails some loss, but it would be a minimum loss, a mere flea-bite, compared to a great part of our population starving, stealing, rioting their way through the six months of winter.

By such action we could get through the coming winter in a fairly creditable manner, but it is only a temporary expedient. Civilization is sick and will grow more and more sick unless we have a national repentance.

Bear ye one another's burdens is the law of Christ, and we have tried to get away with the exact opposite, for we have tried to heap our burdens onto the other fellow's shoulders.

If anyone has a better, simpler, more practical plan, now is the time to produce it.

Yours for
THE USEFUL PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The British Labor Government retains the Norfolk seat in the recent by-election. This in spite of the desperate efforts of the Conservatives to win this middle-class seat.

Stock Pyramiding Shows Big Profits

NEW YORK.—The American Tobacco Company declared a two-for-one stock split-up and increased the annual dividend rate 20 per cent.

Such announcements are rarely commented on, but if they are analyezd they reveal the immense profits of monopolistic corporations.

If a man owned 100 shares of American Tobacco Company stock in 1920 he was given 75 additional shares of a new stock, known as "Common B," which cost him nothing.

The man then owned 175 shares of stock. In 1929 he was permitted to buy, at $125 a share, one share for every five of his common B shares. During that year common sold for as high as $235 a share. The man now owned 195 shares.

The 195 shares, given to him without cost, had a market value of approximately $40,000 the day the split-up was announced.

The average citizen pays little attention to this pyramiding as he reads that these corporations are paying a low rate of interest. The number of shares issued in the form of stock dividends are never referred to.

To make dividends possible for this increased capitalization, workers are speeded up and every attempt at unionization in these unorganized plants is resisted that interest rates ar eassured.

LADNER HAS MADE GOOD AT OTTAWA!

HE STANDS FOUR-SQUARE FOR THE RETURNED MAN AND THE IMMEDIATE RELIEF OF UNEMPLOYMENT. HE STANDS NOW, AS HE ALWAYS HAS DONE, FOR THE BUILDING UP OF CANADIAN INDUSTRIES AND PROTECTION OF THE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES OF HIS FELLOW CITIZENS.

"Give Canada a Chance"

VOTE FOR

LEON J. LADNER

LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE, VANCOUVER SOUTH

17,000,000 ACRES IN WHEAT IN AUSTRALIA

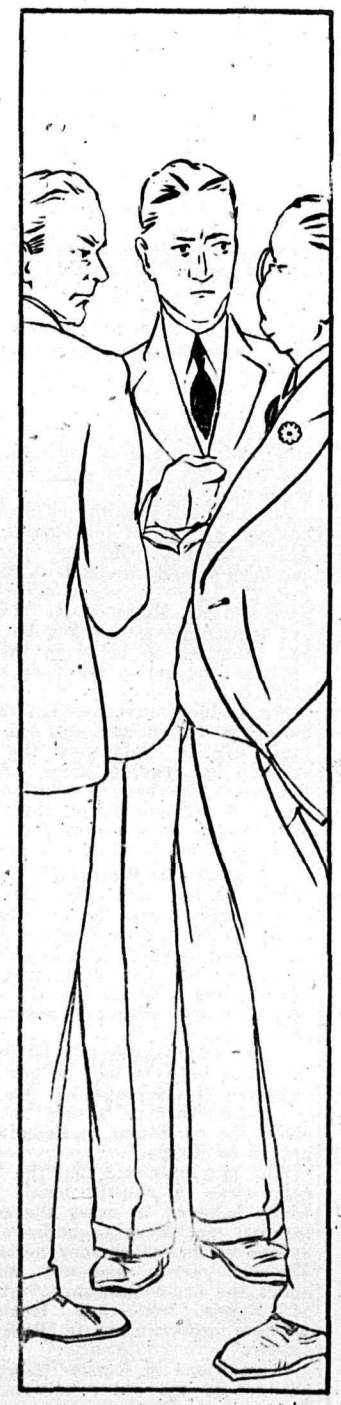
The Australian commonwealth statistician estimates the area under wheat cultivation in Australia exceeds 17,000,000 acres. Weather for the opening of the season has been favorable.

No Escape

"My dear, the doctor says a brisk walk before going to bed will cure my insomnia."

"Well," returned the wife, "I'll clear the room so that you can walk! And you may as well take the baby with you."

MAKE YOUR COMPLAINTS TO US — NOT TO YOUR FRIENDS!



We solicit your complaints because, when specific, they enable us to remove the cause.

You render us, and incidentally yourself, a valuable service by making them to us, not to your friends.

Although we are continually checking up the street car service and testing the electric light and gas service, it is impossible for us to know of every individual case wherein our service is at fault *unless our customers tell us.*

In carrying 6,000,000 passengers a month and in supplying our 100,000 light and power and 46,000 gas customers with service day in and day out, it is probable that flaws occur, which we know nothing about.

We are even more desirous than our customers are to prevent the recurrence of these faults and we ask the co-operation of those we serve to help us by reporting specific cases.

Your letters or verbal complaints will always receive prompt and courteous attention.

BRITISH COLUMBIA ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.

GW16

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Printing
of
QUALITY, SPEED AND SERVICE
done in a Union Shop, send your printing to
A. H. Timms
236 14th Ave. E., Vancouver
A. A. Brookhouse,
(late of Cowan & Brookhouse)
Shop Superintendent.
Fair. 205 Fair. 1372

ABBOTSFORD Wood & Coal Co. Ltd.
"Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded"
THE BEST
WOOD
FIR EDGINGS, per cord, $4.50
Slabs, Mixed Wood & Inside Fir.
COAL
ALWAYS ON HAND!
Nanaimo-Wellington, and the Best Sootless.
498 PHONES HIGHLAND Eves. H.4676 4980
Extra 'Phone: High. 910

WEST KOOTENAY CANDIDATE

Alfred E. Watts, a member of the Independent Labor Party, is running as a Labor and Farmer candidate in West Kootenay. He has a very large following and is putting up an interesting campaign. He is opposed by a Liberal and a Conservative. Our readers in this district are invited to give the candidate all the support possible.

MacInnis Lauds the Liberal Government's Trade Policy

First and only joint debate of the election campaign hereabouts was staged in Maple Leaf Hall, Fraser Street, Tuesday night, between Ald. Angus MacInnis, Labor, and Leon J. Ladner, Conservative, the rival candidates in Vancouver Souht.

Ald. MacInnis had rather the better of it with the audience. He had to appeal for Mr. Ladner to be given a hearing toward the end of the meeting.

There was both Liberal and Labor support for Ald. MacInnis, to judge by the points that were applauded. Mr. Ladner had to run the gauntlet of interruptions, protests, laughter and frequent disquieting anticipation of his next point by some member of the audience. Thus when he said the countervailing duties were a joke, somebody shouted, "Oh, yes, cut flowers," and the audience roared with laughter.

Economics Discussed

Mr. Ladner analyzed the Labor platform and took issue with its theory that it did not matter to the workers where the necessities of life were produced.

"We say it does matter and that we will enact a tariff which will see to it that our natural resources are manufactured by Canadians in Canada," declared Mr. Ladner.

Mr. MacInnis replied that loss of markets did not worry Mr. Ladner, he was so buoyed up by Messrs. Bennett and Manion. But Mr. Bennett recognized it was a problem and was going to "blast his way" into the markets of the world.

The Mackenzie King budget had been a sore point with the Conservatives until they realized that one could promise to make a high tariff still higher.

"But in comparision with Mr. Bennett's blasting policy," asserted the Labor candidate, "the Liberal policy is statesmanlike. Production for use means exchange. What we don't need we exchange for what we do need.

Apologizes for "Blasting"

"The Mackenzie King budget proposes to make trade agreements with countries willing to trade with Canada. That is what the Labor Government in Britain stands for. There is no other way of dealing with the situation at the present time."

Mr. Ladner was nearly howled down when he claimed that the Conservatives believed in trade treaties and had initiated that policy in 1874.

He said Mr. Bennett's use of the word "blasting" was just a casual expression in a burst of eloquence.

Mr. Ladner said he was prepared to accept as a direct issue between them the Labor policy of the co-operative commonwealth and production for use not profit. It was a fine theory, but not practicable.

"Has it ever occurred to my opponent, just from that standpoint of practicality, that the present system is not working very well?" replied Ald. MacInnis. "We have a rich country overflowing with milk and honey, but what of the condition of our people? They fear the coming winter because of lack of food and clothes. Yet there are plenty of these things. But you haven't got them. Let Mr. Ladner explain why the present system is not working?"

Mr. Ladner said unemployment was the issue and that it was the product of the unsound fiscal policies of the present Liberal Government. Unemployment was inevitable as machines replaced men, he stated. The United States had been able to absorb millions of new population by keeping up its tariff, but the King government had lowered its tariff in 1925 and the present crisis was the result.

"Stop Use of Machinery"

"If the Conservatives are elected to power are they going to stop the use of machinery?" asked Ald. MacInnis. "If not, according to Mr. Ladner's own argument, unemployment is going to get worse. We don't want to go back to the barbarous days. We are going to retain the machinery, but the people are going to own it."

Mr. Ladner said the Conservatives had been warning the government about impending unemployment ever since 1922 and the government had turned a deaf ear.

"What about 1913 and 1921 when the Conservatives were in power?" asked Ald. MacInnis. "We had terrible conditions in 1913."

Ald. MacInnis attacked the Conservative attitude to the workers by comparing Hon. R. B. Bennett's appeal for the workingmen in the British Empire Steel Corporation, compelled to labor 11 to 13 hours a day, with his subsequent absence from the House, along with H. H. Stevens, when the Labor members moved to have those hours shortened.

In the meantime, he said Mr. Bennett had been interviewed by Besco directors. Mr. Ladner had voted for the motion, he admitted, but probably with one eye on South Vancouver.

Claims Aid to Labor

Mr. Ladner said he had voted for the Heaps motion and for every other labor proposal, including old age pensions, in his eight years in the house.

Mr. Ladner's position on labor was nullified by this of his leaders, said Ald. MacInnis. Old age pensions had been brought about by a request from the Labor members to both Mr. King and Mr. Meighen. Mr. Meighen had answered evasively and Mr. King had promised to bring in the bill, but when he did so the Tory senate killed it.

Mr. Ladner countered that the act did not go far enough, and Ald. MacInnis said he could show the Tory attitude by reading some of Mr. Bennett's speeches on pensions for the aged and comparing them with his speeches on pensions for judges drawing $7000 to $10,000 a year.

Soviet Platform

Mr. Ladner said Ald. MacInnis' Labor platform was the same as that of the Third Internationale in Soviet Russia and he challenged any man to say Russia had the liberty that Canada enjoyed. To his surprise three people in the audience asserted it had.

"Then I am prepared to let that be the issues between us," declared Mr. Ladner. "I challenge Mr. MacInnis to say whether he wishes to bring about the conditions in Canada that prevail in Russia."

Ald. MacInnis said that the Labor party was a constitutional party which believed in using the constitutional machinery to improve conditions as that machinery permitted. The old parties had not worried about the cruel Czarist government of Russia, but they treated a workers' government in Russia as outcast.

"Conditions in Russia today are product of the old conditions that prevailed in Russia," declared Ald. MacInnis. "Our conditions will be different because we had not those old conditions."

The meeting was arranged by the Native Sons of Canada, whose president, D. S. MacKay, presided. Dr. Lyle Telford supported Ald. MacInnis, but Mr. Ladner brought no supporting speaker.

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