DEPARTMENT of LABOUR
JUL 20 1928
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Labour Intelligence

Labor Statesman

OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY THE VANCOUVER TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL

VANCOUVER NEW WESTMINSTER TLC CANADA

Trades Council Working Button (Red) for the Second Quarter of 1928

Supported by Fifty-eight Local Unions

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Neelands Forces the Pace in Legislature

The programme of the Independent Labor Party, which is being submitted to the electors by that party at this time, and upon which their suffrage is sought during this election campaign, is based on the motto: "Human Needs Before Property Rights." We hold that the first duty of the state is to provide for the well-being of the great mass of the people. We are keenly interested in the development of the highest type of citizen, and when it comes to the question of deciding between the creation of profits for the few in control—the very foundation of what is generally considered "business administration"—and the welfare of those who toil and sweat in the production of wealth, our influence is definitely in favor of the latter.

In South Vancouver we are particularly fortunate in having for our candidate one who has had years of experience in both the industrial and political movements, and at all times has been found worthy of our confidence.

Speaking of popularity, no one can claim a monopoly of that virtue, if such it be. The keenest test one may be put to is the esteem in which he is held by his fellow-workmen and trades unions—usually the most critical of critics—and the citizens of the district in which he resides.

In that respect the record of our candidate, R. H. Neelands, takes second place to no one. Once a year for a period of twenty years he has been selected as secretary-treasurer of the Typographical Union, being chosen by acclamation at their annual election of officers except on two occasions, on both of which the ballot went overwhelmingly in his favor. At the present time he holds the distinction of being the oldest secretary, in length of continuous service in that position, of any union in Greater Vancouver.

Elected to School Board 1912

Moving to South Vancouver in 1909, he soon became interested in public affairs, and in 1912 was first elected to the School Board, of which he was a member until 1918, when a commissioner was placed in charge of the affairs of the municipality and the council and other public bodies dispensed with.

As a result of the reputation for fair dealing and progressive thought he had gained in that position, he was urged to accept nomination as candidate for the Provincial Legislature at the 1920 election, and won with a handsome majority. At the 1924 election he was again successful, and it is with the utmost confidence we again place Mr. Neelands before the electors as the Labor Party candidate, knowing full well that the great desire of a vast majority of the people of this province is to secure members of parliament with sincerity of purpose and who are free from the trammels of party politics.

Social Legislation

In parliament our candidate and other Labor members are the ones directly responsible for the passing of such social legislation as has been placed on the statute books. For years measures such as Old Age Pensions, Hours of Work, etc., were opposed by both Liberals and Conservatives, and it is only through the persistency of Labor that they became law. He has consistently pleaded the cause of those suffering through unemployment, and at the last session succeeded in having passed a resolution asking the federal government to provide for the creation of a State Unemployment Insurance Fund. As this is a national rather than a provincial problem, the responsibility properly rests with the Ottawa government.

On the immigration question, Mr. Neelands time after time protested and voted against the expenditures of public monies towards assisted immigration, claiming that as long as the "bread line" and "relief gang" exist it is cruel to entice others to come here.

Saved Plural Voting

Through the efforts of our representative, Mr. Neelands, at the last session of the legislature, saved South Vancouver from the iniquitous system known as plural voting which existed under the Vancouver City Charter—the only place in British Columbia where such a condition obtained. Upon completion of amalgamation the provisions of the Vancouver City Charter will prevail throughout the whole area to be known as Greater Vancouver, and this most important matter had been entirely overlooked by the municipal representatives who carried on the negotiations incident to amalgamation, and but for the vigilance of the Labor member from South Vancouver in the legislature would have been foisted upon the people of this riding. On this question he was opposed by spokesmen for the Vancouver Property Owners' Association on both sides of the House. Anyone giving a moment's thought to the possibilities of plural voting, as far as South Vancouver is concerned, must admit that that item in itself justifies the re-election of R. H. Neeland.

Union Notes

Bob Stevenson, organizer for the Painters' Union has helped to obtain a closed shop for the Painters in Winnipeg. He will be back in Vancouver in time for the picnic.

The ranks of the dual union of carpenters in the city are becoming sadly depleted. Several of their remaining best men broke away this week and the rest are trying to get up enough courage to do likewise.

An attempt of a local contractor to get his employees to start work at seven in the morning was nipped in the bud this week.

The Teamsters' Union is making splendid headway with their organizing campaign, only one firm giving any trouble.

Tacoma plastering contractors have agreed with the union to pay $6.50 per 1000.

Seattle Painters initiated 15 new members at the last meeting.

Painters All Ready for Big Picnic Saturday

Although the Painters' Union enjoys the five-day week, they are going to have one big holiday together once a year at least. The Union has planned a big picnic on Saturday and the committee is going to make it one of the best ever held. The boat will load up at the Union Steamship Dock on Saturday and will sail for Selma Park with one jolly crowd. It will be jolly because Ed. Smith and his bunch of clowns will be there to help the picnicers laugh dull care away. When they get to the grounds there will be a list of sports and prizes that will make those who are not in on it green with envy. Plenty of refreshments will be on hand to be given away and when the boat returns in the evening it will bring back a crowd that will have spent one of the most enjoyable days of the year.

The Painters' Union extends an invitation to union men and women whose unions are not holding picnics. The fare is $1.50 for adults; children 60c. Tickets can be obtained from members of the committee at the dock. Boat sails at 9 a.m.

ELECTOGRAMS

In Vancouver each elector has six votes, but Labor has only two candidates.

Vancouver, Just Two Votes for Labor STOP.
Vancouver, MacInnis, Skinner, STOP
Vancouver, Two Labor Votes STOP

Trades Council Supports Neelands--- Strengthens Labor's Forces at Victoria

On election day members of Trades Unions should remember that Labor, both inside and outside parliament, has been the greatest driving force that resulted in the passing of all the social legislation which the Conservatives and Liberals are taking credit for at this election time. The record of R. H. Neelands, past president of Vancouver, New Westminster and District Trades and Labor Council, to which he has been a delegate for many years, is such that the Council unhesitatingly commends him to the electors. Labor is directly responsible for the passing and strengthening of such measures as Workmen's Compensation, Mothers' Pensions, Hours of Work, Minimum Wage, etc. Let us increase our representation by voting for Angus MacInnis and Robert Skinner, Vancouver; Frank A. Browne, Burnaby, and

VOTE FOR R. H. NEELANDS SOUTH VANCOUVER

DONATED BY THE LABOR STATESMAN

Building Trades Notes

Building permits issued up to end of June in Vancouver total $7,105,285 or an increase of $1,081,334 above the same period for last year.

Brotherhood of Carpenters reported trade fair, 13 new members, and 8 transfers from the Amalgamated.

Iron Workers reported four new members, trade slow.

Painters reported trade good. Big picnic on Saturday.

Electrical Workers reported all working. Still negotiating.

Millwrights reported trade picking up. Two new members. New officers elected.

Mill and Factory Workers slack. Wage committee negotiating.

Lathers report conditions poor.

Sheet Metal Workers report all men working. Picnic planned for July 28.

Plumbers all working. Picnic at Bowen Island, July 28.

Builders' Laborers reported eight new members.

SOUTH VANCOUVER

A. J. Turner, campaign manager for Harry Neelands, says that the committee have found increased sentiment for the I. L. P. candidate.

WARNING TO ADVERTISERS

Advertising solicitors who are attempting to obtain advertising contracts for a "Labor Year Book" in the name of a "Vancouver Trades Council" have no connection whatever with the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council nor any of the boni fide unions in this locality.

Carpenters Get 93 From the Dual Union

Installation of officers for Local 452, U. B. of C. & J., was held in Room 213, Holden Building. Past President Bro. Arthur MacDonald officiated. Bro. MacDonald complimented the retiring officers on the efficient manner they had carried on during the past term. He also remarked that the Local had never been in such a flourishing condition. These remarks were well received. Financial Secretary Hatley and Treasurer Hargreaves then gave their reports, and the Local's funds were shown to be in good shape.

Thirteen new members were initiated, and Organizer Thompson reported 8 transfers from Amalgamated Carpenters. Preparations for the annual picnic are well under way, and valuable prizes from such reliable firms as P. G. Gordon Ltd., Spear & Jackson's, Ward & Delaney, Atkin's Saw Co., and Cornfield & Harding will be handed out to the lucky ones. Picnic committee will meet on Wednesday, July 18th, at 8 p.m., Room 810.

The next meeting of Local will be held on July 23rd, Room 213, Holden Building.—W.H.

TAILORS UNION ELECTS NEW OFFICERS FOR TERM

The following officers have been elected by the Tailors' Union for the ensuing term: President, Colin McDonald; Recording and Corresponding Secretary, W. W. Hocken, 1582 13th avenue east; Financial Secretary, H. Nordlund, 1930 12th avenue east.

Chinese Fill Jobs of Striking Mill Workers

Shingle Weavers employed by the Capilano Timber Company went on strike Tuesday after failing in their negotiations for an increase of 2c per thousand on shingles. The company immediately filled their places with Chinese at a lower scale than the white men had been receiving.

The demand for the increase had been made on account of the poor lumber being supplied for the shingles, which lowered the earning power of the men who work on the piece-work basis, the only basis employed in the shingle industry. About 50 men are involved.

Shingle Weavers Ask Support

At a meeting of the Shingle Weavers Union No. 17,813, held in the Holden Building on Sunday, the following resolution was endorsed:

"Failing to get recognition of the right of collective bargaining from the shingle manufacturers, and finding that these employers continue their policy of replacing White shingle weavers with Chinese, be it resolved:

"That we request the Vancouver, New Westminster and District Trades Council to seriously consider the advisability of circularizing the members of the United States legislatures, Labor Press, Central Labor Councils, Building Trades Councils, Carpenters Unions and other bodies in the United States, that are interested in the conditions under which British Columbia shingles are manufactured."

Most of the shingles manufactured in British Columbia are used in the States and if the union men are informed that they are manufactured by Chinese—especially strike-breakers—efforts will be made by the unions to boycott them. The Trades Council here has the brands, agents and mill numbers and these will be broadcasted to unions all over the States. The B. C. Shingle Manufacturers Association has just got through with an advertising campaign in the States that cost them $100,000, but the Trades Council here can upset the value of that work with an expenditure of a few hundred dollars.

Secretary Bengough has made plans for this campaign and the subject will come before the Trades Council next Tuesday. The matter has been taken up with the Chinese Consul, and also published in the Chinese daily paper here, and Secretary Bengough has been advised to take the matter up with the Chinese Benovelent Association.

Our latest advice is that the Chinese are still in the mills and the company is either unaware or too stubborn to realize the irreparable damage that may be done to the shingle industry should the B. C. shingle be placed on the unfair list of thousands of Trades Councils and unions in the States.

Milk Salesman Goes to Amsterdam With Team

Milk Salesmen and Dairy Employees, Local 464, will be wishing Johnny Vernon the best luck on his forthcoming trip to Amsterdam with the Westminster lacrosse team. He is to take part in the Olympic games. A great many people will remember Johnny when he played in the Wednesday League with the Creamo football team.

HAVE YOU AN AUTOMOBILE?

Walter Deptford, chairman of the Transportation Committee of the Labor Party Campaign Committee, wants union men with automobiles to donate the use of their car for a short time on election day. The committee will pay for the gas if you can find the time to drive the car and get Labor voters to the polls. Phone Fair. 1693. City campaign headquarters are at Broadway and Kingsway. South Vancouver, 4188 Main street.

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THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Synopsis of Land Act Amendments

PRE-EMPTIONS

Vacant, unreserved, surveyed Crown lands may be pre-empted by British subjects over 18 years of age, and by aliens on declaring intention to become British subjects, conditional upon residence, occupation and improvement for agricultural purposes.

Full information concerning regulations regarding pre-emptions is given in Bulletin No. 1, Land Series, "How to Pre-empt Land," copies of which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the Department of Lands, Victoria, B. C., or to any Government Agent.

Records will be granted covering only lands suitable for agricultural purposes, and which is not timberland, i.e., carrying over 5,000 board feet per acre west of the Coast Range and 8,000 feet per acre east of that range.

Applications for pre-emptions are to be addressed to the Land Commissioner of the Land Recording Division in which the land applied for is situated, and are made on printed forms, copies of which can be obtained from the Land Commissioner.

Pre-emptions must be occupied for five years and improvements made to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivating at least five acres, before a Crown Grant can be received.

For more detailed information see the Bulletin, "How to Pre-empt Land."

PURCHASE

Applications are received for purchase of vacant and unreserved Crown lands, not being timberland, for agricultural purposes; minimum price for first-class (arable) land is $5 per acre, and second-class (grazing) land $2.50 per acre. Further information regarding purchase or lease of Crown lands is given in Bulletin No. 10, Land Series, "Purchase and Lease of Crown Lands."

Mill, factory or industrial sites on timber land not exceeding 40 acres may be purchased or leased, the conditions including payment of stumpage.

HOMESITE LEASES

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites, conditional upon a dwelling being erected in the first year, title being obtainable after residence and improvement conditions are fulfilled and land has been surveyed.

LEASES

For grazing and industrial purposes areas not exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or a company.

GRAZING

Under the Grazing Act the Province is divided into grazing districts and the range administered under a Grazing Commissioner. Annual grazing permits are issued based on numbers ranged, priority being given to established owners. Stock owners may form associations for range management. Free, or partially free, permits are available for settlers, campers and travellers, up to ten head.

Labor Party Platform

To The Electors

A new Legislative Assembly will be elected in this province on July 18, 1928.

As everybody will be affected either directly or indirectly by the viewpoint held and given effect to by the Legislative Assembly during that time, the Independent Labor Party would like to have your attention to explain our position, and then leave to your own intelligence whom you will elect to represent you.

That the position of the producers in this province is indeed bad is admitted by everyone. Farming, which should be the basis of industry in a country such as this, is in a serious condition. Farmers engaged in all branches of agriculture are giving up their farms and moving into the industrial centres, faced with the impossibility of making a livelihood.

Unemployment and Huge Profits

Unemployment in the chief centres and mining districts has become chronic. The general poverty of the people, the lack of proper facilities for educational and cultural development is, in a country so richly endowed as this, appalling. And this in spite of the fact (or for the reason) that enormous profits are being extracted from the province through the exploitation of its natural resources and its workers.

The private ownership of these natural resources and their exploitation for the benefit of a few is the root cause of all of our difficulties.

In this election we do not intend to waste our time, and yours, in abuse and villification of the capitalist parties; but, while agreeing that the dishonesty and corruption which they accuse each other of is, in the main, true, we wish to point out that such undesirable manifestations are part and parcel of, and inseparable from, the system which they uphold and are making frantic efforts to continue to administer.

Property Rights vs. Human Needs

The other two parties, without any distinction, are the upholders of monopoly, privilege and vested interests. "Property rights before human needs" is their motto. In fact and in practice they have the conception that the main reason for the existence of a large majority of human beings is that they may be sweated and squeezed in the process of transforming natural resources into profits and dividends for the owners thereof.

Such social legislation as has been placed on the statute books, either in the Dominion Parliament or in the Provincial Legislature, have only been placed there after years of importuning on the part of Labor's spokesmen, both in and out of parliament, and usually only because of political expediency and the strategic position held by Labor's representatives.

Public Ownership

The Independent Labor Party affirms and maintains that the natural resources, lands, mines, forests, waterpower and fisheries should be owned, controlled and administered in the interests of the people.

Realizing the impossibility of immediately putting this programme into effect, we draw attention to the following pressing questions, and the palliatives necessary for their temporary relief, which we put forward as our immediate aims:

(1) Unemployment and disability insurance.

(2) Reduction of the work day as a means of relieving unemployment.

(3) Extension of the Minimum Wage Act to assure all workers a decent standard of living.

(4) Reduction of qualifying age and increased old age pension.

(5) We hold that the first duty of the state is to its own citizens, and until the "Bread Line" and the "Relief Gang" are no more, not one dollar of public money should be spent to promote immigration.

(6) Amendment to the "Mothers' Pensions Act" to permit the ownership of a home up to $2,500 in value, and personal property up to $1,500, and reducing the period before a deserted wife become eligible to twelve months.

(7) Increasing and extending benefits under the Workmen's Compensation Act and a more generous administration of the Act.

8. All public and high school books and supplies to be provided free.

9. Discontinuance of cadet training in the public and high schools and other educational establishments.

(10) Government encouragement and support of co-operation among producers.

(11) Government banking and insurance.

12. Recovery, retention and development of our natural resources for social needs.

13. Strict enforcement of existing social legislation.

(14) Abolition of poll and road taxes, reduction of penalties on municipal taxes in arrears, and increased income tax on incomes exceeding $3,000 per year.

(15) More attention in our schools to questions of social and political economy with a view to developing a higher social consciousness and opposed to the present praise and advocacy of individualism.

(16) All government services to be entirely freed from political patronage.

We commend the above to the serious consideration of the voters and if you agree with us we expect you to get out and work for the election of Labor candidates and do what you can to assist us financially.

We do not receive any contributions to our campaign funds from the big interests. They have nothing to expect from us. In fact, they rather suspect — probably correctly — that the advent to power of the Labor Party will not be exactly conducive to big, quick profits, at the expense of the public.

WORK AND VOTE THE LABOR TICKET.

A Message to The Producers of Wealth

(By Robert Skinner)

There is a permanent unemployed army in Canada of 110,000. During October, November, December and January this army increases to 190,000. There is a permanent unemployed army in Vancouver of 3000. This army increases in October, November, December and January to from 7000 to 8000.

There IS a need for Unemployment Insurance.

* * *

B. C. pays three times as much in Hospital Bills per capita as Quebec. B. C. pays twice as much in Hospital Bills as Ontario.

There is a need for Health Insurance—

* * *

The per capita wealth of Canada has increased 14 times since Confederation. Who has that wealth?

The per capita wealth of B. C. is estimated by the Federal Government at $2604, or $13,000 for the average family of five—excluding natural resources—yet 85 per cent. of the population die leaving no assets.

A decent standard of living IS possible for everybody—

* * *

J. H. McVety reported that unemployment had not been so bad for five years as in 1926-1927.

Your duty is to vote Labor and phone your friend to do the same.

* * *

Profits of the Bank of Montreal for 1927 were $5,288,000.

The Royal Bank and the Canadian Bank of Commerce have paid 12 per cent. interest on the money invested for the past eight years, and $100 of stock is worth from $290 to $350. Ninety per cent. of the original capital is invested in bank buildings, therefore the country is being hun on paper money which the banks manufacture themselves.

Next time you get a $20 bill, take it to the bank and ask gold in exchange, and see what happens.

* * *

The workers in Canada increased production per capita 50 per cent. from 1899 to 1921, and 33 per cent. from 1921 to 1927. Eighty-three per cent increased production, yet a minimum wage of 40c per hour is fixed (that is, $19.26 per week if full time is worked), while the necessary minimum cost of living without movies, autos or church collection, is $21.30.

The average industrial wage in B. C. has fallen from $31.50 in 1920 to $28.28 in 1927. Ask yourself the question: why should wages fall almost 10 per cent. while output goes up 83 per cent.?

Who received the benefit of 83 per cent. increase in production?

Vote Labor and have this adjusted.

Busy Worker

"Are you a busy watcher?" asked the employer of the candidate for a job.

"No, I don't like inside work," replied the applicant without heat. "I'm a whistle listener."

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COLONIZATION IN BRAZIL

Numbers of immigrants from Japan and Poland are settling on large areas of land along the Puru and Negro rivers in Brazil, South America. The plan is being promoted by the two governments with the assistance of Brazilian officials. Ten thousand Polish families are to be cared for, and perhaps more than that number of Japanese.

Up and Down

Johnnie's mother was making preserves one day, and, as she sealed each jar, she labeled it: "Gooseberry Jam, put up by Mrs. Mason."

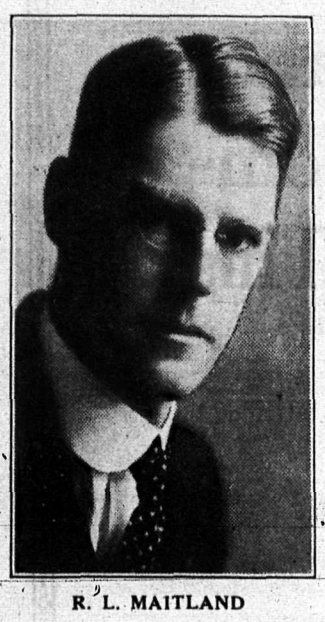
Johnnie soon discovered the shelf on which they were deposited and fell to work.

Having emptied one of the jars, he wrote underneath the label: "Put down by Johnnie Mason."

What the CONSERVATIVES have done for the WORKERS

WM. DICK

T. H. KIRK



R. L. MAITLAND

THE record of Conservative Governments from 1903 to 1916 is an unbroken record of Social Legislation for the betterment of Working and Living conditions in British Columbia.

So complete was this record that the Liberal platform of 1916 mentioned only one Social Legislation plank—that for Woman's Suffrage, a matter with which the Conservative Government had already dealt.

Since 1916 not a Social Legislation enactment has been made which did not receive the support of the Conservatives in the Legislature, and most of this legislation was first suggested at Conservative conventions.

Study this Record of Legislation enacted by Conservative Governments from 1903 to 1916

1904—Mechanics' Lien Act Amendment. This legislation protected the worker in enforcing wage demands by abolishing fees for filing of liens and limiting the cost of actions for enforcement of liens due.

1904—An Act re. Settlers in E. & N. Railway Belt. Gave to these pioneer settlers their just rights as to surface and under surface rights on their land.

1904—Coal Mines Regulation Act. Established the FIRST 8-HOUR DAY in British Columbia.

1905—Woodmen's Lien for Wages Act. Extended to workers in the lumbering industry the right to file liens for wages against lumber as well as logs.

1905—Deceased Workmen's Wages Act. Provided that wages due deceased workmen be paid to widow to extent of three months' wages free from debts of deceased.

1907—8-Hour Day in Smelters. Established the SECOND 8-HOUR DAY law in British Columbia.

1908—Shops Regulation Act. Empowered municipalities to enact regulations establishing one or more half-holidays in any week.

1908—Safeguarding Factory Workers—Child Labor. Protecting all factory workers as to their health and safety. Providing for inspection of factories and drastically regulating the employment of children in factories.

1910—Inspections of Electrical Plants. Providing for the strict inspection of all works, wires and appliances used in generating and supplying electrical energy.

1910—Medical Inspection of Schools. Far reaching legislation for the safeguarding of the health and welfare of the child-life of the Province.

1911—Juvenile Court Act. Providing for special hearings in private for juvenile offenders instead of treating them as hardened criminals.

1911—Health Regulation in Working Camps. Establishing strict regulations for safeguarding the health of workers in lumber and mining camps, sawmills and other places where labor is employed.

1911—Maintenance of Deserted Wives. Protecting the unfortunate women deserted by their husbands and establishing their just claims.

1912—Establishing Industrial Home for Girls. Advanced legislation providing for the proper care and education of wayward girls so as to make them useful citizens.

1912—Inheritance Act. Legislation affording special protection to the widow.

1912—Practice of Law. Extending to women the right to practice law and appear in the Courts.

1913—Safeguarding Infants. Establishing an official guardian for infants and protecting their rights.

1913—Sale of Milk Act. Controlling sanitation in handling of milk—prohibiting sale of milk from diseased cattle—appointing inspectors to carry out rules.

1913—Censoring Moving Pictures. Answering the demands for the regulation of the "movies" as regards the character of the pictures shown.

1915—Protecting Workers. Providing that "First Aid" and ambulance service must be provided by employers.

1916—"Votes for Women." Extending the franchise to women, giving them equal rights to the ballot and to election to the British Columbia Legislature.

1916—Weekly Half-Holiday. The first compulsory half-holiday act in British Columbia.

1916—Workmen's Compensation Act. A far reaching piece of legislation which established the right of workers or their dependents to medical attention and compensation in case of injury, accident or occupational disease without recourse to the courts.

W. C. SHELLY

COL. N. SPENCER

GEO. WALKEM

Compare the Records of the Parties on 8-hour Day

A Conservative Government gave the workers the first 8-Hour Day ever established in British Columbia.

The Conservative Leader in the Legislature was the first party leader in British Columbia to support the 8-Hour Day for all industries.

Look at this Record Taken from Legislative Votes and Proceedings:

LIBERAL RECORD
(as shown by Votes and Proceedings)

1920—8-Hour Day legislation introduced by "Dick" Burde.
Conservatives voted **"For."**
Liberals voted **"Against."**
—Defeated.

1921—8-Hour measure introduced by Liberals with "joker." Act to come in force when it became the law of all Provinces.

1922—Burde amendment to bring 1921 Act into force in six months.
Conservatives voted **"For."**
Liberals voted **"Against."**
—Defeated.

1923—Government measure to bring Act into force January 1, 1925.
Amendment by Burde to bring Act into force July 1, 1924.
Conservatives voted **"For."**
Liberals voted **"Against."**
—Defeated.

The Liberal Record is one of Delay and Obstruction.

MOTHERS' PENSIONS

At its 1919 convention the Conservative Party passed the first resolution definitely favoring Mothers' Pensions. This was later taken up by the Liberal Party and introduced in the Legislature.

HEALTH INSURANCE

The Conservative Party has at its convention gone on record as favoring legislation establishing Health Insurance and Maternity Benefits.

DICK X
KIRK X
MAITLAND X
SHELLY X
SPENCER X
WALKEM X

VOTE CONSERVATIVE

And Assure the Betterment of Working and Living Conditions in B.C.

DICK X
KIRK X
MAITLAND X
SHELLY X
SPENCER X
WALKEM X

"Jack" Cornett

THE PEOPLE'S CHOICE

Conservative Candidate

for

South Vancouver

YOU can depend on

"JACK" CORNETT

Supporting All Labor's Just Demands —You Know His Record!

Campaign Meetings
8:00 P.M.
FRIDAY, JULY 13—Oddfellows' Hall 30th and Main.
MONDAY, JULY 16—Horticultural Hall, 44th and Fraser.

Women's Meetings
2:30 P.M.
JULY 12—Oddfellows' Hall, Victoria Road, near Kingsway.
Tea served at all Women's Meetings.

Committee Rooms: 6143 Fraser; Phone Fraser 60.
4234 Main St., Phone Fair. 1593. 1684 Kingsway, Phone Fair. 1588
City Headquarters: Phone Sey. 1695

Vote for Cornett and Business Government

(Cut out for reference)

Projectionists Favor Vancouver for A. F. of L.

Motion Picture Projectionists are negotiating a new scale of wages in Vancouver, Del. Gerrard informed the Trades Council on Tuesday. This would cover the new syncronized pictures that would soon be in operation in Vancouver, he said. The Progress Theatre had been closed when the operator was withdrawn because the management would not settle a grievance with the Musicians Union.

He reported his recent trip to Detroit convention of the union and stated that the convention had voted 100 per cent increase in salaries to two of its officers because corporations were after their services and had offered them wages higher than what the union was paying. Other officers had also been given an increase.

In taking up the question of having the A. F. of L. convention in Vancouver in 1929, Del. Gerrard stated that the executive of his International Union had been greatly pleased with the idea and the delegates to this year's convention were instructed to favor Vancouver.

The campaign committee of the Vancouver branches of the I. L. P. have named the following committee chairmen for the campaign: Publicity, H. W. Watts; Women, Mrs. F. Dolk; Transportation, Walter Deptford; Finance, H. W. Speed; Scrutineers, Robert Skinner.

Any persons desiring to take an active part on any of these committees can get in touch with the chairman directly or through the Campaign Manager, H. W. Speed, Fairmont 1693. The campaign quarters are at Broadway and Kingsway.

Remember, although the "Sun," June 25th, says that "Employment Shows Gain," and "Business Is Good," you need only ask your corner grocer or your insurance collector to disprove that assertion. Do not be misled by aggregate payroll figures. Individual income of the workers is what matters.

Labor Women Are Snubbed by Tories

"Daughters of the working classes don't spend their nights in night clubs. They don't concentrate their attention upon vanities and the frivolities of life. The young girl of 21, belonging to a working class home, has to face the stern realities of life," said Ramsay MacDonald at a demonstration of 5,000 labor women at Port Talbot.

"You are sometimes looked down upon because you are Labor; I have women friends who used to be invited out to dances when they were Tories, but they are never asked now.

"I tell them it is good for their souls—you young women, you girls, form your own aristocracy; they have nothing to give you that you cannot give to yourselves. As a rule, their lives are empty. Their displays are vulgar, and they try to boycott you because you associate yourselves with the Labor Movement. Put a worthy aim in front of you, and I will make this prophecy, after you have fought them for half a dozen years you will find them on your doorsteps begging you to come and patronize them."

In conclusion he congratulated the organizers on the results of their efforts. The Labor Movement in that division was proud of the accomplishments of the women.

Labor, the Party of Sacrifice and Ideals

"The Labor Party is the only party with a real progressive policy; the Liberals are divided and partly asleep; and the Conservatives have lost the confidence of the country."

This was said by Lady Clare Annesley, prospective Labor candidate for Bristol West, in a rousing speech to the thousands of Labor women who demonstrated at Cinderford, Forest of Dean, on Saturday.

The reason why the Labor Movement was successful was that it had built up its cause by tremendous sacrifices, and not by selling peerages to the rich.

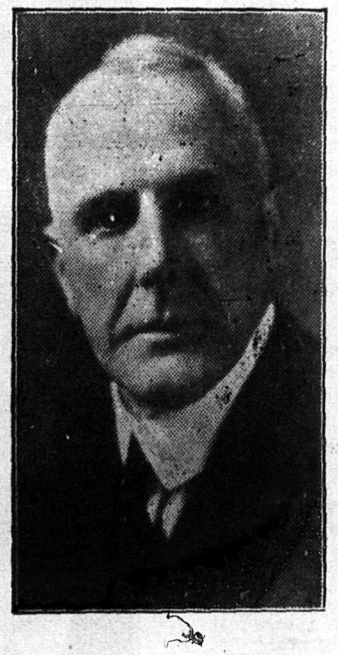
She thought the health and prosperity of the country depended on the Labor Party as the only party likely to do justice to the workers.

Dr. J. A. McIver

Liberal Candidate

BURNABY

SUPPORTING Government that brought down:
Woman's Franchise
Eight-hour Day
Minimum Wage
Mother's Pension
Workman's Compensation
and will work for
State Health Insurance
and Sound Financing.



I Am Standing For Election Again In New Westminster on My Record Alone. Labor as you Know Has Not Nominated a Candidate Here This Time.

A. WELLS GRAY

LIBERAL CANDIDATE, ELECTION JULY 18th, 1928.

Trades Union Directory

Vancouver Trades and Labor Council—President, J. Thomson; general secretary, Percy R. Bengough. Office, 803 Holden Bldg., 16 Hastings East. Phone Sey. 7495. Meets in Labor Hall at 8 p.m. on the first and third Tuesdays in month.

Beverage Dispensers Union No. 676—meets last Sunday at 8 p.m., Room 310, Holden Bldg. President, W. H. Clancy; Secretary and Business Agent, T. J. Hanofin. Office: Room 5, Flack Block; Phones: Sey. 4783 and Bay. 1656-R. Hours: 9 to 12 a.m.

Bridge & Structural Iron Workers, Local 97, Int. Asso.—Meets every Monday, Room 804 Holden Bldg., at 8 p.m President, W. L. Yule, 5821 Argyle St.; Secretary, P. Lauret, Box 302, City, Phone Fair. 2108L.

Building Trades Council, Vancouver—Meets second and fourth Tuesday in Holden Building. President, E. H. Morrison; Secretary-treas., W. Page, Room 815, Holden Bldg.; Sey. 7495.

Bakers' Local 468, Journeymen, of America—Meets second Saturday in month at 8 p.m.—President, A. Morris, 2834 Vine St.; sec., T. Rigby, 3561 Commercial Dr. Phone Fair. 4049.

Barbers,' Journeyman International Union of America—Local 120, meets second and fourth Tuesdays in each month in Room 310 Labor Hall, 16 Hastings East. Pres., Fred. Dawe; Sec.-treas., C. E. Herrett, Office 814 Holden Bldg.

Bookbinders Local No. 105, Int. Brotherhood—Meets second Tuesday in month at Professional and Business Woman's Club, Empire Bldg., 603 Hastings W. President, G. Low, 61 53rd Ave. W.; secretary, Thos. Carroll, 842 Hamilton Street.

Bricklayers', Masons' and Tile Setters' Int. Union Uo. 1—Meets second and fourth Wednesday in the Holden Bldg. President, G. E. Halliday; Secretary, W. S. Dagnall, 1244 20th Ave. E. Phone Fair. 845R. J. H. Riley, Fin. Secretary, 5884 Inverness St.

Camp and Mill Workers Federal Labor Union No. 31—Vancouver and vicinity meets every second Wednesday at 8 p.m. at 544 Powell St. East. President, H. Miyazawa; Secretary, K. Tsuyuki.

Carpenters and Joiners, United Brotherhood of, Local 452—President, J. G. Smith; financial secretary, R. W. Hatley; business agent, W. Hargreaves. Office, Room 809 Labor Hall, 16 Hastings East. Meets second and fourth Mondays, 8 p.m.

City Hall Employees' Association meets first Wednesday of each month at 251½ Hastings E., at 8 p.m. President, W. H. Lewthwaite; treasurer, W. J. Stribbins, 3208 Pender St. E.; Secretary, J. Tarbuck, 2792 Pender East.

Civic Employees' Union, Local 28 — Meets first and third Fridays in the month at 251½ Hastings E., at 8 p.m. President, R. N. Hogg, 1718 Commercial Dr.; secretary-treasurer, George Harrison, 1182 Parker St.

Electrical Workers, Local 213, International Brotherhood—Meets every Monday at 8 p.m., 404 Homer St.. President J. B. Brown; business agent, E. H. Morrison. Office, 404 Homer St.

Engineers—International Union Steam and Operating Local 844—Meets every Thursday at 8 p.m. Room 806, Holden Bldg. President, E. O. St. Denis; rec. sec., Geo. Pettapiece; Fin. Sec. & Bus. Agent, T. A. Newbigging. Office, Room 806 Holden Building.

Fire Fighters, No. 18, International Association of—Meets every month at call of president, at 251½ Hastings E. President, N. McDonald, 1136 McLean Drive; financial secretary, C. A. Watson, 1329 13th Ave. E.

Floorlayers' Union, No. 1875, U. B. of C. & J. of A., meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays in 310 Holden Bldg., at 8 p.m. President, E. C. Woodward; Fin. Sec., T. H. Hamlin; Rec. Sec., W. D. Wilson, 1535 5th Ave. W.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 602, International. Meets first and third Friday in month at Holden Building. President, C. Lawson, 1832 3rd Ave. W. Fin. Sec. and Business Agent, J. A. Barrington, 4293 Welwyn Street. Phone Fair. 1434L.

Hotel and Restaurant Employees and Marine Cooks & Stewards, Local 28—441 Seymour St., meets second Monday each month at 3 p.m., last Mondays at 9 p.m. President, Thos. Edwards; Sec.-Treas. and Bus. Agent, J. Cumming. Phone Sey. 125.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Local 171 — United Brotherhood of Carpenters — Meets every first and third Wednesday of each month in 810 Holden Building, at 8 p.m. President, Mrs. Nickels, 2388 Forty-second Ave. E.; secretary, Elizabeth J. Hope, 1138 Seymour St. Phone Sey. 9074L.

Lathers, Wood, Wire and Metal, International Union, Local 207—Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays in month, at room 209, Holden Bldg. W. Fontaine, secretary, 1828 Commercial Drive; High. 3169R.

Machinist Local 692—President, Thos. Sills, 1352 Burrard St.; Secretary, P. R. Bengough. Office, 807 Labor Hall, 16 Hastings East. Meets on second and fourth Tuesdays in month.

Vancouver Mailers, Local No. 70—Meets first Tuesday in each month, 6:30 p.m. in room 804, Holden Building, 16 Hastings St. E. President, A. R. C. Holmes, 6439 Cypress St.; Sec.-Treas., H. E. E. Fader, 2718 Oxford St.; High. 4110R.

Milk Wagon Drivers and Dairy Employees, Local 464—Meets second and fourth Friday in Labor Hall, 16 Hastings St. E. President, J. A. Parry; Secretary-Treasurer, Birt Showler, 2841 Triumph. Phone High. 5327.

Mill and Factory Workers' Union, Local No. 1599 — Affiliated with United Brotherhood of Carpenters & Joiners. Meets first and third Thursdays in Room 213 Holden Bldg. President, J. W. McInnis. Rec. Secretary, H. G. Avery, 7964 Montcalm St.

Millwrights Local 1638—Construction and Operating—Meets second and fourth Wednesday in Holden Bldg. D. Gillis, president; P. H. Edge, Fin. Sec.; J. Murray Ure, Rec. Sec. Box 127.

Motion Pictures Projectionists' Union, Local 348 of I.A.T.S.E. & M.P.M.O.—Meets first Friday in each month at 11:30 p.m. in the Holden Bldg. President, J. R. Foster; Secretary, Geo. Gerrard, Box 345. Business Phone: Sey. 3923.

Musicians' Mutual Protective Union, Local 145, A. F. of M.—Meets at the G. W. V. A. Auditorium, second Sunday at 10 a.m. President, E. C. Miller; recording secretary, W. Edmunds; financial secretary, W. E. Williams; organizer, F. Fletcher, all at 991 Nelson Street.

Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers, Local 138—Meets second and fourth Thursdays at 13 Hastings W. President, H. Edwards; Rec. Sec., A. E. Varah, 1442 Clark Drive; Business Agent, A. B. Hodge. Office, room 34, 163 Hastings W. Phone Sey. 3609.

Pile Drivers, Bridge, Wharf and Dock Builders, Local No. 2404—Meets every Friday night at 8 p.m. in 122 Hastings St. W. James Thomson, secretary, P. O. Box 320. S. O'Connor, president.

Plasterers, Local 89—Operative Plasterers' and Cement Finishers' International Association, meets first and third Wednesday in moth at Holden Building. President, Wm. Broomhead. Secretary, A. Hurry, 861 34th Ave. E., phone Fair. 3222R. Cement Finishers' Secretary, J. Keiller, 181 53rd Ave. E., phone Fraser 487 L.

Plumbers and Steamfitters, No. 170, International Asso. of—Meets every 2nd and 4th Friday in the Holden Bldg. President, R. Simpson; secretary and business agent, W. Watt, 813 Holden Building.

Point Grey Municipal Employees' Association, Local No. 3— Meets second Monday of each month at the Masonic Hall, Kerrisdale, 8 p.m. President, D. Ross Squair, 3728 30th W.; Secretary, A. Patterson, 8179 Hudson Street.

Printing Pressmen and Assistants, Local No. 69—Meets every second Tuesday in the month at 8 p.m. in Room 213 Labor Hall, 16 Hastings St. E. President, Harry F. Longley, 303 8th St., North Van.; Secretary, Thos. S. Ezart, 1603 40th E., So. Vancouver.

Railway Carmen of America, Lodge No. 58—Meets first and third Friday in month at Cotillon Hall, Granville and Davie streets. President, H. Warde, 1102 Twenty-third Ave. E.; secretary, J. D. Vullamy, 2215 Fifteenth Ave. W.

Street and Electric Railway Employees, Pioneer Division No. 101—Meets K.P. Hall, Eighth and Kingsway, 1st and 3rd Mondays at 10:15 a.m. and 7 p.m. President, H. W. Speed; Recording Secretary, J. Price; Treas., E. G. Kermode; Financial Secretary ad Business Agent, A. J. Harraway. Office: Corner Prior and Main streets. Phone Seymour 5000.

Sheet Metal Workers Association, Local Union No. 280 — Meets second and fourth Thursday in month in Holden Building, 16 Hastings Street E. President, A. Fisher, 1952 4th Avenue W.; business agent and secretary, D. MacPherson, 807 Holden Bldg.

Shingle Weavers, Local 17813—Meets second Tuesday in month, in Room No. 2, Labor Temple, New Westminster, and 4th Sunday, 7:30 p.m., in Room 313 Holden Bldg., Vancouver. President, J. N. Chute, Phone High. 1982-Y; sec., W. H. Matthew, 3436 Irving St.

Tailors', Journeymen Union of America, Local No. 178—Meetings held first Thursday in each month, 8 p.m. Executive meets third Thursday of every month in Labor Hall. President, Colin McDonald; Secretary, W. W. Hocken, 1582 13th Ave. E.; Financial Secretary, H. Nordlund, 1930 12th Ave. E.

Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers, Local 466—Meets every 2nd and 4th Wednesday, 310 Holden Bldg. President, A. A. McKay, 765 Cambie St.; Secretary-treasurer, A. P. Black, 880 Homer St.

Theatrical Stage Employees' Union, Local 118 of the I.A.T.S.E. & M.P.M.O.—Meets at 991 Nelson Street on the second Friday in month, at 9:30 a.m. President, Walter Copp; Secretary, H. Pearson; Bus. Agent, A. Harrington; Address P. O. Box 711.

Typographical Union, No. 226—President, C. S. Campbell; Vice-President, R. Gouthro; Secretary-Treasurer, R. H. Neelands, P.O. Box 66. Meets last Sunday of each month at 2 p.m., in Women's Bldg., Thurlow street.

Upholsterers, Local No. 26—Meets at 813 Holden Bldg., second and fourth Mondays. President, P. Clift, 392B Keith road east, North Vancouver; Cor. Secretary, J. W. Gordon, 2292 Wellington avenue, South Vancouver.

Prince Rupert Trades & Labor Council

MEETS second Thursday in each month. President, S. D. McDonald, Box 268. Secretary, Frank Derry, Box 498, Prince Rupert, B.C.

PENSIONS IN SOUTH AFRICA

The government of the Union of South Africa is preparing to establish a system of old-age pensions. It proposes to grant pensions to persons of limited means who have reached the age of 65 years.

The Alberni Campaign

By T. A. BARNARD, I.L.P. Candidate.

The Vancouver Daily Province newspaper, June 8th, 1928, in an editorial tells us there is practically no difference in the policies of the Liberal and Conservative parties.

It is rather a long editorial, so we quote the kernel of the whole article, i.e., "As far as the manifesto (Liberal) is a program, it is virtually that of both the Liberal and Conservative parties." We commend this editorial in an influential Conservative paper to the electors of the Alberni constituency for their serious consideration.

This considered opinion of those publishing the Province newspaper offers nothing new or sensational to informed members and supporters of the I.L.P. (Independent Labor Party) but its astounding frankness and apparent honesty comes as a refreshing surprise. We have endeavored from time to time to convey to the workers in this province that the only real difference between these old parties is their name; that one is in and the other is out; Tweedle Dee and Tweedle Dum. This view the Daily Province now accepts.

The I.L.P. is distinctly different from the other two old parties. We have a definite objective; Liberal and Tory parties exist to perpetuate the present system or form of society, generally known as the capitalist or profit system, but the I.L.P. favors a co-operative order of society.

Co-operative Commonwealth

This involves a complete reconstruction of the basic principles of our present economic system. This is the goal of the I.L.P. We do not know when that goal will be reached, or the co-operative commonwealth will become a reality; but one thing, however, is certain, present conditions cannot remain permanently. One feature alone, unemployment, challenges the very existence of the present system, which is the inevitable outcome of the practice of one section of society living by the exploitation of another section.

That we are in a transitional stage is obvious to all intelligent observers. One factor alone will illustrate, i.e., in many of the large countries today democratic government has been replaced by some form of dictatorship.

Unemployment, the cancer of capitalism, is caused largely by the evolution of machine production. We are continually producing more with relatively less people employed.

The workers of today produce more than the wages of all workers permit them to buy back, hence the surplus and unemployment.

We are aware that there are those at both ends of the social scale that have no intention to work for their living if they can possibly avoid it. These, however, are in the minority, and the vast majority of unemployed workers would gladly work if they could procure it. We advocate for those who are willing but cannot find employment, unemployment insurance, along the lines of Workmen's Compensation.

The same principle applies to health insurance. We believe the time is overdue for both health and unemployment insurance.

Natural Resources

The natural resources in this province, particularly forests, are being rapidly exploited, and our forests will soon be a thing of the past. A large proportion of our logs are exported to another country in a raw state and manufactured in that country for the benefit of the people in that country. We strongly advocate that this should be stopped, and that the products of our forests should be manufactured here for the benefit of the people in this province.

Agricultural Problems

Agriculture in many instances is having a hard struggle to exist. One of the difficulties appear to be in the marketing of their products, most of which is done individually, adding enormously to the cost, to the detriment both of producer and consumer. State help for co-operative efforts amongst the farmers would, in our opinion, greatly help. It is encouraging to us who believe in co-operation to note a move is being made amongst the egg producers to form a co-operative organization to dispose of their products collectively. We are informed this method has been tried out in some of the prairie provinces with considerable sucsess. This move has our blessing, with the hopes that the principle will become contagious and spread to other sections of our people.

The Oriental Question

The Oriental question, as usual, is being used as a political football. In this connection we are opposed to extending the franchise to them at the present time. We have nothing against these people, but owing to us having different standards of living, are opposed, not only to extending the franchise to them, but also to any further immigration of these people. In this connection it is well to remember that organized labor in this province have, for at least a quarter of a century, consistently opposed, unsuccessfully, Oriental immigration.

Just recently (see Bisector, February-March issue) a rich Oriental in Vancouver by the name of Lim Jim was convicted on a dope charge and, to the surprise of many of us, some of the leading business men in Vancouver signed a strongly-worded petition requesting the authorities not to send this man to jail as he was such a splendid citizen. A guilty dope peddler, mind you, classified as a good citizen in the eyes of some of our leading business men. We quote this case as an illustration, and a warning, not to be misguided on these questions.

Law Enforcement

Most of the laws dealing with social problems in the province need to be better enforced. Both employee and employer are guilty in this respect, both of them are violating these statutes. Take the eight-hour law as applied to the lumber industry, many men are working ten and twelve hours a day. These workers are helping to defeat this social legislation by not insisting on the eight hour day.

We do not know what the result of the election on the 18th will be, but we venture a guess that neither of the old parties will have a majority of the whole house, and that the labor and independent members will hold the balance of power. Assuming this guess becomes a reality, the labor members will be a real potent force in the political life of the province. In this connection it might be well to remember that the federal house passed the old age pension act by the influence of the few labor and independent members in that house. J. S. Woodsworth of Winnipeg and Mr. Neill of Alberni were the two outstanding members in this matter. We quote this to illustrate how, under favorable conditions, a few live members can become a real force. If the workers in the Alberni constituency are satisfied with conditions as they are, vote for tweedle dee or tweedle dum, otherwise vote LABOR.

OUR MEAT PIES will make your picnic more enjoyable

THE ESTHER BAKERY

3728 HASTINGS ST. EAST

HIGHLAND 1309

R. C. HIRST

Electrical Contractor and Dealer

House Wiring, Fixtures, Lamps, Batteries

Glen 370 4099 Hastings St. E.

FRASER VALLEY MILK

A Cream Wagon On Every Street Every Morning.

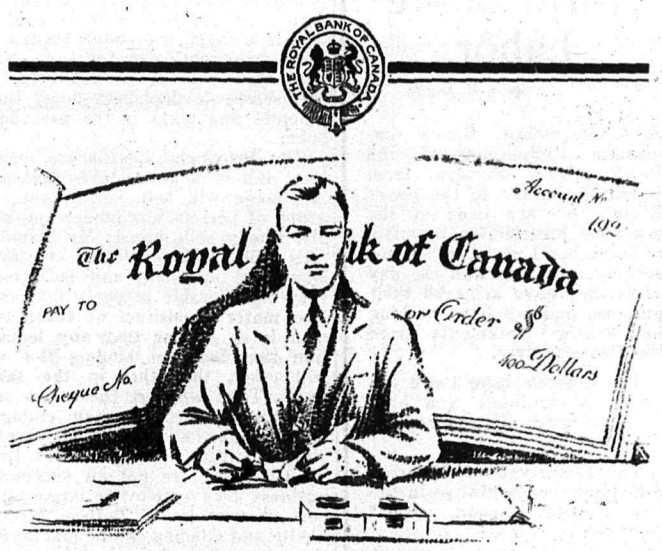
From the Dairy With the Highest Score.

9 Quarts for One Dollar

Fairmont 1000

WAGES SCALE IN URUGUAY

The Uruguayan Parliament (South America) recently passed a law fixing a minimum of 50 pesos per month and 2.50 pesos per day for all workers. A peso is $1.04, measured in U.S. money. This will almost double the wages hitherto paid in that country.



Behind the Man!

BACK of every man—back of every family—back of every home, stands the Bank—the guardian of fortunes, the counsellor and friend of those who, realizing the uncertainty of to-morrow, provide for its emergencies out of today's resources.

The Royal Bank of Canada

S806

Vancouver Branch - - B. L. Mitchell, Manager

17 Offices in Vancouver, 53 Branches in British Columbia

1098

EAT TODAY AT THE
RICHMOND CAFE
100 Per Cent. Union.
All White Help
1033 Granville St. (Nr. Nelson)

The Only Union Fish and Chip Shop in the City!
Ye Olde English Fish and Chip Shoppe
614 ROBSON (Near Granville)

HORSE RACES

Brighouse Park

JULY 11-18

7—Races Daily—7
Rain or Shine

Pari-Mutuels Under Government Supervision.

Admission, Including Grandstand and Paddock, $1.75

North Shore Labor

A. C. Macmillan favors immediate completion of the Pacific Great Eastern from North Vancouver to the Peace River. We are tired of the worthless pre-election promises of the Liberal party, which are conveniently forgotten the day after they have achieved their purpose, and we have nothing but evasive statements from the Conservatives.

The Liberals have twice imported a candidate and both were defeated. History repeats itself.

The Conservatives imported a Federal representative in the last election. Result, absent treatment.

Most of the good social legislation which has been enacted in B. C. was the result of hard work on the part of Independent and Labor members in the legislature.

Vote Independent

for a North Shore man, the choice of an open convention of the people

CAMPAIGN MANAGER

Bro. Ian MacDonald of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters, Local 452, is the campaign manager for A. C. MacMillan, Independent candidate for North Vancouver.

The Labor Statesman

Published every Friday, at 816 Holden Bldg., Vancouver, B. C.

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H. W. Watts, Man. Editor.
PRESS COMMITTEE
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Phone Seymour 6279

Vancouver, Friday, July 13, 1928

THE SHELLY-ALMOND GAME

In the multitude of matters which go to make up every-day life, Mr. Shelly of the Conservative Party and Mr. Almond of the Liberal Party will agree fairly well. In service club, in fraternal order, in Board of Trade, in golf club and so on these gentlemen will, in 95 per cent of matters, agree, and in the five per cent that they fail to agree each will attempt to reach a compromise that will be satisfactory to the other. But while they agree and work so well in all other matters in the affairs that have to do with the government of British Columbia they disagree at every point. The form, the incident and the amount of taxation is a battle ground between these two gentlemen. The one will claim that at this moment the province is exceedingly prosperous; the other will, with equal positiveness assert that it is on the brink of ruin. On the matter of what is the amount of the provincial debt these two "successful business men" cannot agree within twenty million dollars, and whether Tolmie can amuse himself pulling Mackenzie King's tail feather, and next morning sell that gentleman a railroad which he does not particularly want, is also a matter of disagreement with them. Now, while many of the matters that these two sensible business men differ upon can quite easily be settled, and each of the gentlemen very well know where to obtain authoritative information and thereby reach an agreement, neither gentleman shows the slightest inclination to settle and end the contention in that sensible way.

Now, whether we apply the ordinary reasoning powers that causes us to go indoors when it is raining, or all the logic known to metaphysicians, we are driven to the conclusion that these two men do not wish to agree; and as neither of these gentlemen is notorious as a joker, in fact, they are both very serious minded men that have no time for pointless arguments, we must therefore conclude that all this contention is a sham, a pretence staged by these two gentlemen for some purpose that will be as profitable to themselves as they both boast their schemes and plans in the past have been.

The Provincial Legislature makes laws and it is unavoidable that any law made will help one person, or group of persons and hinder another. Mr. Shelly sells bread; Mr. Almond sells milk. Both gentlemen are large employers of labor, and both have very considerable property interests. The material position of these two men is so similar that any legislation that helps or hinders the one will effect the other in the same way. Then why are these two serious-minded business men engaged in this make-believe fight about provincial politics. The public of British Columbia are not all successful business men employing large numbers of workmen. Before Messrs. Shelly and Almond can be employers, there must be others, less fortunate, who are compelled to accept employment. This latter group, the wage-worker, has a different interest in politics from Messrs. Shelly-Almond. For instance, a law increasing wages or shortening the work day will benefit the wage-worker, but it will reduce Messrs. Shelly-Almond's profits. If old age pensions were made operative at the age that these two gentlemen will tell the job hunter that he is "too old," the down-and-out man would benefit, but Mr. Shelly and Mr. Almond would expect to have to contribute some little more from their profits to the provincial treasury. Now we have a very strange problem—why are these two gentlemen whose political interests are unquestionably identical, creating all this noise and contention as to which should be elected to the Legislature. In fact, why are they not both working together to prevent the wage-earning group electing representatives who might injure their interests? The answer is, if the Shelly-Almond group all lined up in the same political camp the wage-worker would be quite likely to see the wisdom of the thing, and do the same thing himself, and if that ever happened, neither Mr. Shelly nor Mr. Almond would ever get to parliament, because the workers are the very much larger number. Then, to keep the wage-workers from sending their own representative to parliament Mr. Shelly and Mr. Almond stage a noisy contentious sham fight to occupy the workers' attention while one or the other climbs into parliament to look after the interests of both.—M.

What Is The Issue?

By Angus MacInnis

Usually when a new legislature is to be elected the party in power is able to bring forward some question of major importance, or of seeming importance, on which the election is fought.

We well realize that an election issue, no matter what the question is, is brought forward to obscure the real issue—the impossibility of getting the present social and economical system to function in the interest of all its members.

The same old story is being told today, as far as the two old parties are concerned, as has been told on the hustings for the last twenty-five years. Each party accusing the other of incompetency, corruption, graft, etc. The party in power is claiming that we are prosperous, the party in opposition claiming that we are facing ruin unless their party is elected to carry on the administration of affairs. The peculiar thing about all this is that when the party now in power was in opposition they were saying the same things that the opposition party is saying today; that is, the Conservatives are saying today what the Liberal Party said in 1916, and the Liberal Party is saying in 1928 what the Conservatives said in 1916.

Both parties are using a lot of ink to tell the public what they have done for the workers. But let us examine for a moment the source from which this social legislation that we hear so much about emanated from. Who was it that first proposed a Workmen's Compensation Act? Who pressed for the Eigh-Hour Day Act? Who was it that first demanded Old Age Pensions, Minimum Wage Acts and all other social legislation on the statute books? The workers. The men and women of the Labor Movement.

These pieces of social legislation were long delayed and strenuously opposed. Who opposed them? These same business men or their kind, both parties, Liberals and Conservatives without distinction, who are now seeking your support for what they have done for Labor.

If this social legislation is good, and we claim that it is good as far as it goes, then who should receive the credit for it, those who sponsored it or those who opposed it?

Labor is, was, and will be, the greatest driving force behind all legislation, regulations and administrative acts having for their purpose the improvement of the everyday condition of the masses of the people.

The only issue, as far as the Labor Party is concerned, is this:

Shall we apply the very best effort of which we are capable to the organization of the natural resources and material conditions at our hand, so that every one, man, woman and child, shall have everything essential to the development of a full, free and progressive social life. Or shall we allow our natural resources and the supplying of our social needs to fall into the hands of people whose only object is PROFIT?

On July 18th you will have another opportunity to vote for yourself. You have voted for your master long enough—

VOTE LABOR!

Tainted Gold

Sir David Yule has just died leaving a fortune of $55,000,000. He was the head of a great Indian mercantile firm and the director of several banks. He owed his fortune to the fact that the British administration of India has been remarkably efficient, for, whereas British capitalists have made millions out of investments in India, they have also been responsible for the starvation of millions of the poor people of India. Sir David was Britain's richest man, in fact, David in financial matters was a real Goliath. His favorite hymn was "Save up your pennies and don't get on the rocks and you'll always have tobacco in your old tobacco box." Gone, but soon forgotten.

BURNABY

Frank Browne, Labor candidate for Burnaby is going to be returned with a greatly increased majority, says D. B. McCormack, the campaign manager.

LOOKING AHEAD

EXCHANGE MEMBERSHIPS
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CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE
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Royal Oak, Div. 9, S.W. Corner Royal Oak and and Kingsway.....Carleton 647
Norquay, Div's. 12 and 13, 1684 Kingsway.....Fairmont 1514
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For information regarding Divisions 1, 2 and 7, apply to Headquarters

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EVERY WEDNESDAY AT 7:30 P. M.

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RETURN FARE..... $1 00 INCLUDING ADMISSION TO PAVILION, BOWEN ISLAND

Steamer leaves Bowen Island at 10:45 p.m., arriving back in town 11:45.

REFRESHMENTS AT PAVILION CAFETERIA.

Make Up Your Party Early for This Delightful Outing.

Tickets and all information regarding sailings at City Office, 533 Granville; Sey. 9331. Thos. Cook & Son, 723 Georgia W., Sey. 654; Union Dock, Foot Carrall, Sey, 306.

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"The Church of the Open Door"

HASTINGS STREET EAST AT GORE AVENUE

Minister: REV. J. RICHMOND CRAIG

Organist: Mr. F. Newton

REV. A. E. COOKE of Denver, Colorado

11 a.m.—"EVERY MAN HIS OWN RADIO"

Something to Remember!

The Liberal party has co-operated with Labor representatives in the most effective way—by passing social legislation.

Vote for C. W. Feast

Liberal Candidate, South Vancouver

The Union Labor Record of Wm. Dick

It has been brought to the notice of certain of the officers of the Building Trades Council that one of the candidates for the coming Provincial Elections has been quoted as being unfair to organized labor. Now, while the policy of the Building Trades Council has always been to refuse to take sides with political parties, it has always been recognized that we patronize our friends, and it is only fair to state that Mr. W. Dick, the gentleman referred to, has always insisted that all construction work, also alteration work, on his stores and buildings should be done by union men, and our representatives have always been received courteously when having occasion to visit Mr. W. Dick in connection with our work. W. Page, Sec.

TWO UNIONS IN CHICAGO ESTABLISH 5-DAY WEEK

Chicago.—Night shift workers, members of Typographical Union No. 16, are now working but 40 hours per week as the result of an agreement entered into by representatives of the union and the employers. About 500 printing house workers are affected.

Miss Mollie Friedman, organizer for the International Ladies' Garment Workers, announces that 2,000 cloak-makers will hereafter enjoy the 40-hour week. This is a result of an agreement entered into 18 months ago with the Cloak Manufacturers' Association by which hours were reduced, first to 44, then to 42 1-2, and now to 40 per week.

In the city of New York the International has obtained the five-day week for 30,000 members of the organization.

Independent Labor Party B. C. Candidates

Vancouver: Ald. A. MacInnis, Robt. Skinner.

South Vancouver: R. H. Neelands, M.L.A.

Burnaby: Frank Brown, M.L.A.

Fernie: Tom Uphill, M.L.A.

Nanaimo: J. Place, ex-M.L.A.

Cowichan-Newcastle: Sam Guthrie, ex-M.L.A.

Comox: William Law.

Alberni: Tom Barnard.

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Our constantly increasing Drug Business is the result of supplying the public with the best at saving prices—satisfy yourself by making a purchase at any one of our fifteen stores.

Friday and Saturday Specials

.35	Caulks Mer Dentifrice	.23	
1.00	Mello-Glo Face Powder	.71	
.25	Erasmic Soap	2 for .33	
1.00	Sovereign Mange Medicine	.52	
.25, .50 & 1.00	Lavoris	.18, .34 & .66	
.35, .60 & 1.20	Lehn & Finks Lysol	.24, .46 & .94	
.25	Dr. Reid's French Cleaner	.15	
.25	Keating's Insect Powder	.14	
.25	Benzo Almond Cream	.14	
.50	Ever Ready Shaving Brush	.31	
.25	A. B. S. & C. Tablets	.13	
.75	Sterno Aluminum Cooking Set	.44	
.35	Djer Kiss Talcum	.19	
.60	Djer Kiss Face Powder	.36	
.75	Hydrogen Peroxide, 16 oz.	.38	
2.50	Glaxo	1.97	
.50	Dr. Reid's Sage & Sulphur Compound	.28	
1.00	Pinauds Lilas de France Face Powder	.54	
1.00	Paris Eau de Quinine	.53	
.25	Dr. Reid's Corn Remover	.14	

Vancouver's Own Drug Stores—Thirteen in the City at Your Service. We Save You Money!

VANCOUVER DRUG COMPANY, LIMITED

15 STORES

Support the North Shore and Vote for

HON. IAN MACKENZIE

Solution of the P. G. E. problem. Social legislation for the benefit of the workers of British Columbia

According to a news item from Chicago the "Full Dinner Pail" is to be the war cry of the Republican party. They are too late. Al Smith thought of that before they did, only he thinks it should be full of beer.

'Billy' Dick's Record

Twenty years in business in Vancouver.

Pays the highest wages to his employees of any store in Vancouver.

Clerks receive full time during sick leave.

Three hundred thousand dollars was spent in the last five years in buildings.

Every contract carried a fair wage clause.

Tailors receive as much as six dollars per week more than the Union scale.

Rose from the ranks of working men.

A business man such as British Columbia needs---not a politician.

"Billy" Dick—the Business Man—the Man British Columbia Needs

'Billy' Dick Stands for:

1. Abolition of the poll tax.
2. Old age pensions for everyone over sixty.
3. Revision of the workmen's compensation act to ensure that workers get a square deal.
4. No change in the weekly half-holiday act unless the request comes from the clerks.
5. Minimum wage of $18 per week for all women in the mercantile line.
6. A square deal for labor.

Vote for 'Billy' Dick

This advertisement inserted and paid for by A. S. MATTHEW, past president, St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society.

On the Family Budget

there's only one item smaller than electric service—

and that is "postage and stationery." The amount spent daily by the average family for electricity is about equivalent to

½ package of cigarettes
1 street car ride
¾ of a shoe shine
¾ of the smallest tip
1/7 of a hair cut

BRITISH COLUMBIA ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.
VANCOUVER VICTORIA

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Buy Union Stamped Shoes

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION
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Factory

We ask all members of organized labor to purchase shoes bearing our Union Stamp on the sole, inner-sole, or lining of the shoe. We ask you not to buy any shoes unless you actually see this Union Stamp.

Boot & Shoe Workers' Union
Affiliated with the American Federation of Labor
246 SUMMER STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

COLLIS LOVELY, General President
CHARLES L. BAINE, General Secretary-Treasurer

Few families all make the breakfast nook at the same time. They generally renew their acquaintance at dinner.

Blessed is he who has found his life work, his purpose. Let him follow it, and ask no other blessedness. —Carlyle.

British Mining Is Moving to Crash

Labor members from the coal fields, speaking in the British House of Commons in a recent debate, tried to awaken the government to the terrible plight of the mining industry and move it to action.

Mr. Hartshorn referred to a valley in South Wales where the miners' agent had been informed that four large collieries employing 6,000 men are to close down. The other 4,000 miners in that valley are already unemployed, and when these four mines are closed the valley will be desolate.

The closing of mines, he declared, was a daily process in all the mining areas of Britain. Even collieries which had of late years paid high dividends were overwhelmed in the general disaster.

Beginning with some of the statistics of depression, George Hall, M.P., gave the reduction in the number of men employees as 290,000. He and his colleagues, on their visits to the mining areas, had wondered at the patience of the people. Many men were taking home wages on which it was impossible to maintain their families.

"We want the mines department," he said, "to become a real live department, and not merely to exist as though it were still as it was last year, under sentence of death."

Among the suggestions which he made with this object was that departmental committees with technical staffs should be appointed to go into the problems of production, utilization, marketing, carbonization of coal, the generation and transmission of power, and other problems of the industry.

The speech of Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister, president of the Board of Trade, which came early in the debate, contained no indication of government activity, unless one may reckon as such his reference to the rating relief scheme, which he said would bring to the mining industry 6,000,000 pounds a year.

The "members opposite" were shamefully few for though Mr. Hartshorn is an acknowledged master of his subject and a powerful speaker, even he could not dispel the apathy on that side of the House. The Liberal party appeared interested—what there was of it at the time, to wit, one solitary member.

No tyrannical despot, the member for Ogmore went on, had ever treated a people with more callous indifference than the government showed in its do nothing policy.

Germany Now Has a Socialist Government

Germany has a Socialist government, and nobody seems seriously alarmed.

The Nationalist party, as the Kaiserites call their organization, is throwing fits—but they are strictly political fits; no well-to-do Kaiserist is either laying in weapons or streaking for the frontier.

Bismarck is probably turning somersaults in his grave, but a few centuries of that exercise would be only a mild measure of justice for Bismarck, anyway.

The ex-Kaiser, in his exile at Doorn, is reported to be speechless. But the German people, taking them by and large, seem wholly unworried.

And it is only some 30 years since Wilhelm delivered one of his tirades on Socialism, and told his soldiers that they must be ready, at the royal command, to shoot down their brothers or parents who became infected with that awful heresy. The world does move!

The German Socialist party is not a revolutionary organization. It is a good deal like the British Labor party, and has some points of resemblance to the various progressive movements in this country in recent years.

The Socialist Chancellor, Mueller, may or may not be a great statesman; but his coming to power is rather a good omen for peace and social progress.

The Nationalist ranters tried to get President Hindenburg to refuse to recognize a Socialist cabinet; but the grim old field marshal has far too much sense and honor for that. He received Mueller as he would receive any other man whom the majority of the Reichstag wanted for Chancellor—and the first act of the new Socialist government was to congratulate the President on the birth of his first grandson! Sound diplomacy on both sides.

LABOR DAY SPORTS

Del. Deptford was appointed chairman of the Labor Day Sports Committee for the Trades Council. He intends to make the event this year bigger and better than that of last year. Hastings Park has been secured for the affair and a large number of sport events will be arranged. Unions are urged to get their teams ready for the various contests.

The worst men often give the best advice.—Bailey.

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Empire Cafe and Grill
Vancouver's Best
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HAROLD DEGG BOB KRAUSE Late 72nd Batt.
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Largest Ocean Steamer

Work was begun last Monday in Belfast, Ireland, on the new White Star liner Oceanic, which, when completed in 1932, will be the largest vessel in the world, boasting of a tonnage of 60,000 and a length of 1000 feet, nearly one-fifth of a mile. The estimated cost is $30,000,000.

A FRIEND OF LABOR

FOR MANY YEARS DR. A. M. SANFORD HAS BEEN FRIENDLY WITH LABOR

In 1901-02 Dr. Sanford was one of the staunchest friends of the striking miners of Rossland, who fought a btiter struggle for eleven months against an unscrupulous manager.

In 1927 Dr. Sanford was chairman of a Conciliation Board which ended the dispute between the New Westminster City Council and the New Westminster Firemen. The award resulted in more pay and better working conditions for the Firemen.

These are two of many instances where the present Conservative candidate has been of material aid in assisting the workingman.

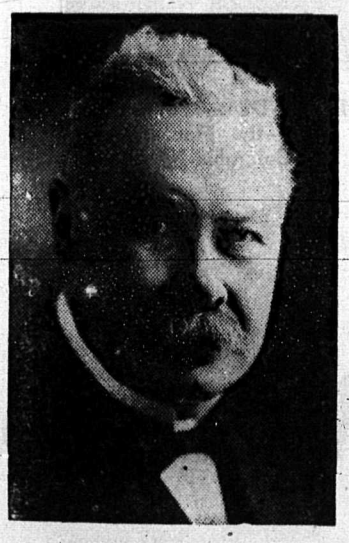
What he has performed in the past he will continue to do in the future when a member of the Government under Hon. S. F. Tolmie, the next Premier of British Columbia.

LIBERAL OPINIONS?

"This government goes stupidly ploughing along, indifferent to the needs of the people." —David Whiteside, Ex-M.L.A.

"If I ran my business as this government has handled the P.G.E. Railway, my directors would put me in the Provincial Asylum."—Charles Woodward, Ex-M.L.A.

"In the last few months British Columbia has seen things that racked its soul."—Victor Odlum, Ex-M.L.A.



DR. A. M. SANFORD

TUESDAY'S PUBLIC MEETING

Edison Theatre
Come and Hear
Hon. H. H. Stevens
Col. W. W. Foster
W. G. McQuarrie, M.P.
Dr. A. M. Sanford

Follow the Rest of the Province and VOTE CONSERVATIVE on July 18th!

Cystitis, Dropsy and All Urinary Ills

Take our Herbal Remedies

SEND for Descriptive Pamphlet, also one on Loss of Manhood and Disorders of Men. Free by mail. Advice free. Open 2 to 6 and 7 to 8 daily except Weds. and Sats., when closed all day.

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Armstrong & Hotson, 304 Dunlevy Ave.

Dancing Saturday Night

Bill Tweedie's Orchestra

Dancing 9 to 12

Ladies 25c Gents 50c

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GO TO Vancouver, North Vancouver, Grouse Mountain, Whytecliffe, Horseshoe Bay, Ladner, Port Moody, Port Haney, White Rock, Boundary Bay, or Seattle — for your holidays and week-ends' Travel coolly and comfortably by Pacific Stage Lines—the quickest way to your destination!

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SEYMOUR AT DUNSMUIR

Opposition to Labor

During the present campaign the Conservative party is making claims of having enacted certain pieces of labor legislation. The legislation was placed on the statute books, but so worded that they were of little or no value to labor, and in many instances provided a weapon which the employer could use against his employees. Just to give the present-day elector an idea of how legislators of the past shaped up when this "Labor" legislation was being put on the statute books, we will quote an article which appeared in the Western Clarion of March 26, 1910. The Conservatives were in complete control, with only four of an opposition, two Labor men and two Liberals, yet almost every amendment aimed at benefiting labor was defeated. The Labor members introduced some 33 amendments to government bills, and 31 were defeated. The following bills were introduced by the Labor members and were defeated during the session of 1910. J. H. Hawthornwaite was the leader of the opposition and Parker Williams his left-hand man. The two Liberals generally voted with Labor:

* * *

Western Clarion, March 26, 1910

An act to amend the inspection of Metaliferous Mines Act, 1899. To extend the eight-hour day for underground workers in any shaft, tunnel, pit, quarry, glory hole, or any opening from which ore, rock or mineral is broken or extracted in carrying on mining operations. Defeated.

An act to amend the Labor Regulations Act, 1910. To extend the eight-hour law for smelters to all employees engaged in any work in which they are brought into contact with either smoke, fumes, dust or heat arising from smelting or mining operations. Defeated.

An act respecting Compensation to Workmen for Accidental Injuries suffered in the Course of Employment. (Allowed to be discussed, but declared out of order as being beyond the power of a private member to introduce.)

An act to amend the Shops Regulation Act, 1900. (Lays down the hours shops shall close, one half-holiday weekly, four all-day holidays yearly; removes the control from municipalities and places it under the Act, and provides a penalty or imprisonment for breach of the law). Defeated.

An act to establish a General Eight-Hour Day. (Provided for an eight-hour day in all industries not already regulated by law, with penalties for each person worked over the eight hours.) Defeated.

An act to amend the Health Act. (Provided for the sanitary inspection of "logging, lumber, railway, sawmill, mill and mining camps, during the months of January, May and September of each year; a report of the sanitary condition and water supply to be turned in to the provincial board of health.) Defeated.

An act to prevent discrimination against members of Trade Unions. Defeated.

An act to amend the Coal Mines Act, 1889. Providing for the election of mine inspectors by the men working in mines, instead of appointments. Defeated.

An act to Amend the Companies Act to provide for full wage claims in insolvent companies. The act provided for only a partial payment, but the amendment was defeated.

Eighty-two corporation bills were passed at this session, and Labor was almost entirely ignored.

* * *

The 1911 session of the legislature provided a similar farce, bills and amendments affecting the workers being defeated time and time again.

In 1912 Parker Williams' bill for the fortnightly payment of wages was turned down and Hawthornwaite's "Minimum Wage of $3.50 in Coal Mines" met a similar fate. An attempt by Parker Williams to censure the government for its failure to protect the wages of the laborers on the Canadian Northern construction work was defeated, and similar labor legislation was smothered during the session in such a way that the Western Clarion of March 9, 1912, said: "McBride (Conservative leader) adjourned the debate on the Minimum Wage. In previous sessions he has adjourned all Labor bills at the second reading and turned them down in a bunch on the last day of the session."

It is interesting to note, however, that in the provincial elections which took place the following month forty Conservatives were elected and two Labor candidates. Liberals were elected.

Further attacks upon Labor legislation must have caused sentiment to swing to the Liberal party, for they were swept into power in 1916.

Austria Makes Law for Compulsory Vacations

A law has been adopted in Austria providing for making an annual vacation compulsory, the payment of wages during the period being an obligation on the employer. Young people under sixteen years of age are to have two weeks of vacation, while older persons are to have one week at least. Of the value of this there should be no doubt. Superficially, and at first glance, the innovation may appear to work hardship and injustice to the employer of labor. The benefit to the employee is renewed health and vitality, with the consequent ability to work better and more productively, should amply compensate the man who pays the wages, and probably will do so. It has proved to be so in the case of the shortening of hours of labor, and there is no reason why it should not work out in like manner in respect of vacations.

It might be a good thing to extend the idea of compulsory vacations to some people who never seem to have any holiday at all. Wives and mothers, for instance, are people who seldom if ever get any vacation. The true housewife is always working. "A woman's work is never done," says an old proverb. The husbands of us must take a holiday; the children could not survive without one, but mother, oh, well, mother doesn't want one anyhow, so she cannot need one. That is how most of us men look at the question of the housewife's vacation. A vacation for the wife, with full pay, too, should be made compulsory. Probably some men would be glad of it—this is not said cynically—it would mean a vacation for them to have the wife away. But we suspect they would be glad to have the "missus" back again.

Drink and enjoy!

VAN BROS.' CIDERS

PURE SWEET AND SOUR APPLE CIDER

"Made from B. C. Apples"

TRY OUR GRAPE, LOGANBERRY, ORANGE, PUNCH, ETC.

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Saving Money on Dentistry

is an easy matter at this office because our modern equipment and low overhead expenses enable us to turn out

NEW METHOD TRIPLE SUCTION PLATES

for less than you would have to pay for ordinary plates elsewhere. Bear in mind, too, that New Method Suction Plates are backed by our written guarantee—and your money back if you are not satisfied after three months' wear. Estimates are free.

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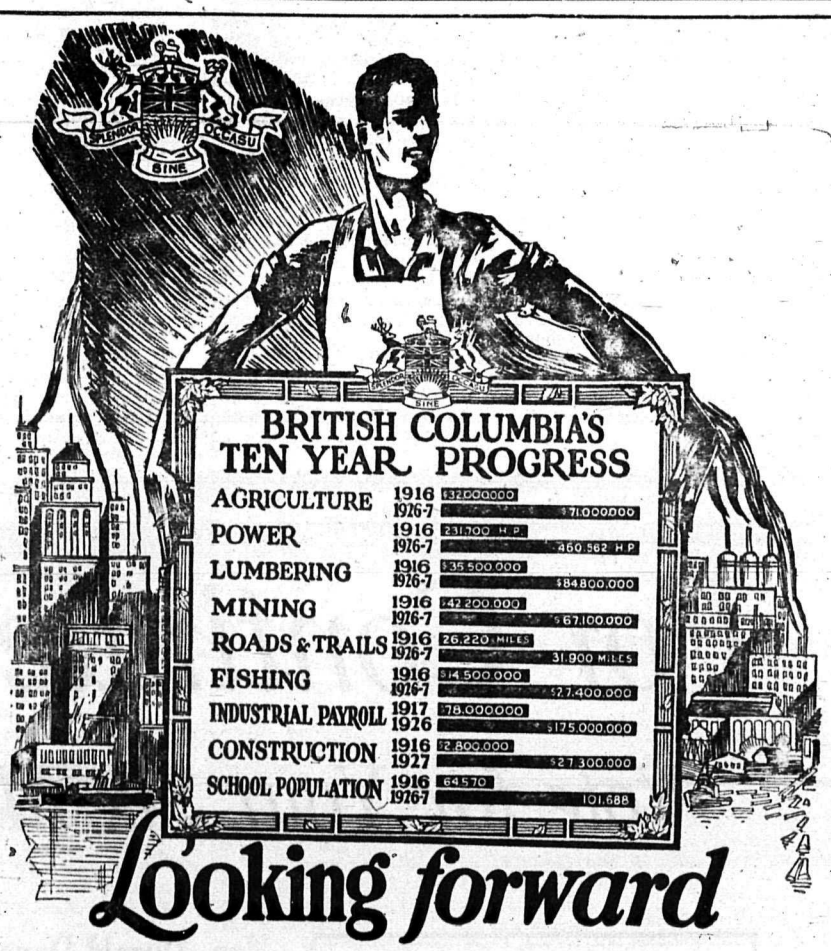

Looking forward

WHAT does the future of British Columbia hold for us? Were we wise in putting our life's effort, our brawn, our brains, our money, into this Province? Were we, and those hardy pioneers who wrested this vast domain from the wilderness, mistaken in the belief that this, indeed, was the "Land of Opportunity?"

Let us sum up the achievements of the past ten years. Let us look the situation squarely in the face and see whether or not our efforts have been fruitful, and our faith in British Columbia and her potentialities justified.

The development of our natural resources has centred the eyes of the world on British Columbia, and has attracted thousands to our province. Today we have a population of 617,000. The last census showed only 392,480. Today we hve an invested capital in industries and commerce of 1,837 million dollars. Ten years ago it was only 650 million. We have harnessed more of our mighty watercourses. Today they are delivering 460,562 H.P. as compared with 231,700 H.P. ten years ago, and we still have millions available!

Industrial production totalled $1,955,436,616 in 1926. In 1916, $807,419,736. Our payrolls have grown from 78 million to 175 million dollars annually, giving each industrial worker the greatest individual buying power of any in the Dominion.

Our commerce has increased from 43 million tons, carried by 51,104 ships in 1916, to 83 million tons and 95,000 ships. Today we control 17% of Canada's entire export trade. The value of ores taken from our mountains has steadily mounted in the last ten years from 42 million dollars to 67 million ...59% increase...yet our mineral resources have only been scratched within the transportation area! Our fisheries produced 27 million dollars in 1926: 14 million in 1916; and our main industry, Lumbering, has risen in the same period from 42 million to 84 million dollars...139% increase!

While we are not usually looked upon as an agricultural province, yet we produced no less than 71 million dollars worth of farm products in 1926, as compared with 32 million ten years ago. Our total agricultural wealth is estimated at 300 million dollars.

Our school population has increased during the past ten years from 64,570 to 101,688; schools by 31%; teachers by 71%. Construction grew from $2,800,000 in 1916 to the amazing figure of $27,300,000 in 1926; while during the same period we added no less than five thousand miles to the then existing 26,220 miles of roads and trails. Today, the value of our bridges alone is $8,848,000!

Seriously studying this ten years' record, can we ever question for a moment the wisdom of our choice of British Columbia as the scene of our life's work? Can we ever doubt our faith?

Most emphatically NO! For these phenomenal achievements speak in no mean term of that which may be accomplished under sane legislation, when effort is sincere, when there is unity of purpose and faith to move mountains.

With confidence unbounded we can all put our shoulder to the wheel of the next decade and roll up another record which will reflect still greater fame on our fair province and create even greater prosperity for its industries, its communities, its individuals.

BRITISH COLUMBIA'S PROGRESS

BCNX 928

INDEPENDENT LABOR PARTY

APPEAL FOR SUPPORT

TO ALL WORKERS AND SYMPATHIZERS:

We take this means of expressing our appreciation for the support and assistance already rendered by you to the LABOR CAUSE, and again solicit your assistance in the present campaign.

Funds are urgently needed. Send in your donation to Headquarters at 231 Kingsway, corner Broadway, or to 4560 James Street.

H. W. SPEED,
Campaign Manager.

CANDIDATES:

Alberni:
T. A. BARNARD

Comox:
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Cowichan-Newcastle:
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THANK YOU! VOTE LABOR!

Richmond-Pt. Grey
will elect
R. H. Carson
a friend of
Labor
"Do Your Bit!"

Calling Grandma

"What did you call your mother-in-law after you were married?"

"The first year I called her 'I Say,' and after that we called her 'Grandma.'"

A Last Minute Warning

The political campaign is drawing to a close and much noise and blowing of brass instruments for the purpose of drawing the attention of the electorate to the statesmanlike qualities of the slate of candidates of each of the old parties will be made.

The names of candidates will be placed so prominent and with such persistent repitition that their names become almost household words, and the results up to the present appear to justify their actions.

Money talks! But not for the workers. The hard and enduring life of the great mass of the people should put them wise to this method of campaigning. The Labor party does not and cannot carry on a campaign of this character. We shall, as far as is possible, place the names of our candidates in the homes of the people of this province, along with our "platform of proposed legislation." This has also been spread in the columns of the "Open Forum" of the daily press, and consequently every voter should be thoroughly conversant with the aims and objects of the Labor Party. We have supplied you with the opportunity of casting your ballot in your own interest. Do not throw it away! Keep the names of the Labor candidates clearly in your mind and vote Labor, and—Labor only.

H. W. SPEED,
Campaign Manager I.L.P.

VANCOUVER CITY

H. W. Speed, campaign manager for the Vancouver Labor candidates, says that with a little more activity the Labor candidates will top the poll.

Open Forum

LABOR AND LIBERAL

Until Labor attains the political strength to enable it to elect a majority of the Legislature and form a Labor government in this province it must rely upon the best available means of advancing its cause that comes to hand. At present the MacLean government is our only hope.

As between Liberal and Conservative—between MacLean and Tolmie—it is preferable from the standpoint of the workingmen and women of British Columbia that the next government of this province be of the Liberal party headed by Premier MacLean.

In selecting members of the Legislature the workers have the opportunity of naming eight of their own representatives, but that eight can not form a ministry. Tens of thousands of Labor voters in British Columbia have no Labor candidate for whom they can vote and in Vancouver the Independent Labor Party has concentrated its efforts upon two nominees instead of a full slate of six.

The present Liberal government of British Columbia has been attentive to the voice of Labor in recent years. Not the least sympathetic to the claims advanced by our Labor representatives in the House has been Dr. J. D. MacLean, the present Premier. Labor has sincere friends also in men like Dugald Donaghy and Ian Mackenzie, who are now in the ministry. Their records on Labor issues are good.

The Liberal party has not yet caught up to Labor, but it is a long way ahead of the Tories.

The history of the Old Age Pensions Act is a good example. Labor has advocated that measure for many years. Finally the Liberals agreed to put it through and they kept their word. Nobody was fooled by the Tory obstruction. Nothing could be thinner than the Conservative pretense that its opposition was based on the ground that the act did not go far enough.

The important thing is that the principle has been established and the party that sponsored it, not the party that opposed it, is the only party from which there is any immediate hope of assistance.

The Tory attitude of today in British Columbia is strikingly illustrated by its attitude to maternity benefits. Somebody in the Tory ranks thought it would be good politics to include maternity benefits in the Conservative platform. A resolution "pledging legislative action at the first session" that the party was in power was offered at the Kamloops convention. That resolution was amended by the whole convention to "endorsement of the principle." In Dr. Tolmie's manifesto this has been watered down to "investigation of the advisability."

Organized labor and the great mass of working men and women outside the organized ranks cannot afford to see the MacLean government defeated. It has sponsored and assisted much valuable labor legislation.

If Dr. MacLean were defeated his successor could justifiably conclude that it does not pay to harken to the voice of Labor. Labor's best interests at this time consist in showing that it does pay to put Labor policies into effect. Every seat in the next legislature that is not occupied by a Labor representative should be filled by a Liberal member supporting Dr. MacLean.

There is not only the past but the future to be considered. The MacLean government stands pledged to bring about State Health Insurance.

JOHN HENDERSON

What About It?

Unions that have not yet contributed to the Independent Labor Party campaign fund still have time. A few more dollars for the last day of the fight may mean a few more votes to assure the election of every one of the Labor candidates.

Find out if your union has contributed, and if it has not you can make the motion to donate $5 or more.

MACHINE COAL LOADING IS DISPLACING LABOR

Washington.—Machine loading of bituminous coal is spreading in the United States, according to the Bureau of Mines. Incomplete reports for this year indicate rapid progress in the installation of machines. It is estimated that 60 per cent of the loading is by automatc processes.

Virtue is like a rich stone, best plain set.—Bacon.

For Continued Prosperity

Vote for Your Six MacLean Candidates

"British Columbia leads all Canada in legislation beneficial to the worker" —Tom Moore (Canadian Labor Congress).

Industrial payrolls increased one hundred million dollars. Construction increased twenty-five million dollars under Liberal Administration.

Hon. Dugald Donaghy (MINISTER OF FINANCE) **Helen Douglas Smith** (MRS. PAUL SMITH) **Ald. H. E. Almond**

Nichol Thompson **Fred W. Sterling** **J. Pitcairn Hogg**

INDUSTRIAL prosperity means wage-earner prosperity—twelve years of progressive Liberal government has placed British Columbia in the foremost rank of provinces of this Dominion. The MacLean Government has kept faith with the working people upon whom ultimate prosperity depends—Premier J. D. MacLean is a man of sound business judgment, honor and integrity in whom you can put your faith for continued development along sane, practical, economic lines. The Liberal Government has a record for achievement with which no other government has ever come before the electorate. Vote for them—all six.

LABOR SATISFIED *VOTE LIBERAL* **CAPITAL UNAFRAID**