INDUSTRIAL WORLD.

VOL 1. NO. 28 | ROSSLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SATURDAY, MARCH 31, 1900 | PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Devoted to the Interests of Organized Labor. Endorsed by the Trades and Labor Council. Official Organ of District Union, No. 6, W. F. M.

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No fancy prices, but the best value for your money. We handle only first-class goods.

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JEWELERS AND ENGRAVERS.

New and Complete Stock of

DIAMONDS
FINE JEWELERY
CUT GLASS
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Next to the Kootenay Hotel.

The Strand

The Most Elegant and Luxurious Fitted Bar in Canada.

A Full Line of the Choicest

Liqueurs and Cigars

ED. WATSON, Proprietor.

LINTON BROS.

NEWS DEALERS.

Books, Stationery, Toys, Fancy Goods, Office & School supplies.

LINTON BROS.,

BOOK STORE — — 36 Columbia Avenue.

Holstead & Wright, corner First avenue and Washington street, to make room, are offering their children's coats, ladies' eiderdown robes, suit waists and clothing, at greatly reduced prices. The balance of our winter goods must go to make room for our enormous spring stock, which is arriving daily. New lines of men's shirts for spring are to hand, and are well worth your inspection.

OUR LABOR SITUATION.

Up to the time of going to press no decision reached.

Although conferences have been held and proposals and counter propositions have been freely circulated between the mine managers and miners during the past few days, the labor situation remains up to this time as unsettled as ever. There seem to be some points which neither side feel they can consistently concede, despite the evident desire of both to arrive at some sort of compromise. Probably the next few days will see some definite decision reached, when the matter can be given to the press for publication.

WANTS TO KNOW.

Mr. Bostock asks many questions about the situation.

Ottawa, March 29.—Mr. Bostock is trying to find out all about the political situation in B. C. and has put a series of pertinent questions on the order paper in regard to Premier Martin and Lieutenant-governor McInnes. Bostock wants to know if McInnes has given his reasons for dismissing Semlin and calling on Martin, what time Martin has got to form a government, if the Dominion government is aware that Martin's colleagues are not members of the legislature, if it is aware that the provincial legislature passed a vote of want of confidence in Martin, and that in spite of this it is said that no election is to be held before June, and if McInnes had given the Dominion government reasons for such a state of affairs existing, and if not, if the governor has been asked to report immediately.

FIGHT AGAINST ALIENS.

Organized Labor systematically working against further importation.

Canadian labor organizations are all being interested as much as possible in the passage and enforcement of an Alien Importation Law, to do away with all further trouble from non-English speaking laborers from the States and other countries.

Organizer James Wilkes, of Nelson, Vice-Pres. of the B. C. Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, is tireless in his efforts to bring the matter forceably before organized labor throughout the country.

If such a law is not passed it will not be the fault of labor leaders in Kootenay, who are doing all in their power to urge its need.

The Vancouver city council has adopted the following motion by a vote of eight to three: "That union labor be required on all clothing made for the city." At the same meeting a contract for bread for city institutions was taken away from a baker who would not consent to employ union labor. The baker is suing the city for damages.

Twenty thousand cigar-makers were represented at a meeting held on Monday last in New York. It was decided to give $10,000 a week to the $2,200 striking men and women employed by Kerks, Wertheim and Schiffer. The money for the strikers will be taken from the cigar-makers' strike fund, which amounts to $250,000, and every man who is working will contribute fifty cents each week to the strikers.

The best table board to be had in Rossland is to be got at the Russell hotel. Everything is first class in every respect. Prompt and attentive service.

A MARTIN MEETING.

Successful Public Meeting in Victoria Tuesday.

The massmeeting of Liberals held Tuesday evening was quite a success for the premier, who gave the address of the evening. He was well received by seven or eight hundred citizens, who crowded the hall. Mr. Martin appealed for support as the Leader of the Liberal party, declaring that this is to be a contest between the Liberals under him and the Conservatives under Wilson. He dealt at considerable length with the deed of coal lands to the Crow's Nest Pass Company after his ejection from the government, claiming that had his policy been followed these lands could have been made to pay the whole expenses of the government of the province. Referring to the Colonist's opposition Martin alleged that it was inspired by the disappointment of Editor Lugrin at not having been himself called in by the Lieutenant-governor. Rumor has it that ex-mayor Keary, of New Westminster, and Alderman McQueen, of Vancouver, have joined the cabinet. Martin, however, states that there is no warrant for the mention of Keary's name, though there seems some chance of an offer to McQueen.

LOCKOUT ENDED.

Leather workers of Winnipeg will be recognized. Twenty old workmen resume work.

It is with no little pleasure that the lockout of the Great West Saddlery Co., of Winnipeg, is reported called off, and that the old workmen will be taken on again as fast as work demands.

This fight between capital and labor promised to be a strong and lasting one, and was at the same time felt to be too despotic on the part of the management of the Company instituting the trouble to be conceded too in the least.

The simple facts were that during the absence of the manager of the company operating in Winnipeg the workmen organized and affiliated with the United Leather Workers of America. Upon Mr. Hutching's return he closed the works forthwith and notified the workmen he would have nothing whatever to do with union help and never would he return them to work till they renounced their union. This the men absolutely refused to do. Mr. Hutchings' company took a stand impossible to hold and entirely untenable at this stage of unionism, and especially in a city so sympathetic with all that concerns the laborer, and the only wonder is they held out as long as they did.

The settlement was reached on Monday, when in a conference between Mr. Hutchings and a deputation from the local union it was arranged that some twenty of the men return to work at once and the rest without prejudice as soon as business calls for them, and the difficulties caused by the interruption have been overcome.

REDISTRIBUTION DOWNED.

Ottawa, March 28.—During the absence of nine Liberals the Redistribution Bill was thrown out today in the Senate by a majority of 22 votes. The Bodwell six months' hoist motion had 41 votes in favor and 18 against it. It was a party vote with one exception.

If you have not already done so you should make as little delay as possible about having your name placed on the voting list.

WESTWARD, HO!

Three hundred carloads of immigrants moving westward.

It is to be hoped that the westward bound host of immigrants reported by special despatch from St. Paul to be on their way to North Dakota, Washington and Manitoba has no meaning to British Columbia at this time, nor that the one thousand coming later are really intended for this country, but that their announced destinations are correct. The despatch reads:

"Four thousand immigrants passed west through St. Paul today and tonight, requiring three hundred cars to carry them. Of this number 200 go to Washington, 500 to Manitoba and the remainder to North Dakota. The Northern Pacific has a party of about 1000 to go to Washington in April, and others to follow later. Cape Nome travel is gaining daily."

WAGE SLAVERY.

We hear and read a great deal in these days about underpaid labor, sweat shop work, etc., and yet even when the facts are given we still seem ignorant that such fearful conditions exist among wage earners as eye witnesses tell us.

Hundreds of women are stitching away day and night to earn the pittance of from 15 to 25 cents a day, living in the most poverty-stricken manner and on the coarsest and smallest possible allowance of food. The New York World recently told of one woman who supported herself and child on $1.20 per week and that required from sixteen to twenty hours work per day. The eastern cities contain thousands of workmen, says the Pueblo Courier, who support families on $200 and less per year.

The prophetic speeches of half a century ago are becoming painfully verified now, and white wage slavery is most unpleasantly compared with the black chattel slavery then existing. The Verdict, of New York, says that in a lecture in favor of slavery delivered in Tremont Temple, Boston, February 24, 1856, Senator Robert Toombs, of Georgia, said of the black slave: "He is entitled by law to a home, to ample food and clothing and exempted from excessive labor, and when no longer capable of labor, in old age and disease, he is a legal charge upon his master;" while of the white slave he truly said: "Under that system man has become less valuable and less cared for than domestic animals; . . . . in short, capital has become the master of labor, with all the benefits and without the natural burdens of the relation." In the course of the same lecture he used the following prophetic language: "The moment wages descend to a point barely sufficient to support the laborer and his family, capital cannot afford to own labor and it must cease. Slavery ceased in England in obedience to this law and not from any regard to liberty or humanity. The increase of population in this country may produce the same results and American slavery, like that of England, may find its euthanasia in the general prostration of all labor." In other words, chattel slavery finds its easy death in wage slavery. Do not Toombs' words of long ago find echo in these times?

Surely the present conditions where no unionism exists is much worse than the old, and there is little wonder that the plutocrat insists on keeping them so. It means greater profit to him, and of what account are a few hundred or thousand miserable workmen?

THE INDUSTRIAL WORLD

WEEKLY EDITION.

Published at the Miners' Union Hall, Rossland, in the interest of organized labor in British Columbia.

Entered at the Rossland, B. C., postoffice for transmission through the mails, Nov. 1900, as second class matter.

D. L. FLYNT - - Editor and Manager.

Office at Miners' Union Hall.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Payable Invariably in Advance.

One year	$2 00
Six Months	1 25
Three Months	75

Address all Communications to the Industrial World, Postoffice Box 558, Rossland, B. C.

The Industrial World is for sale in Rossland in the Ensign Cigar Store; Simpson's News Stand; H. S. Wallace's stationery store; Post Office News Stand; Linton Bros., Stationery Store Barr's Cigar Store and by newsboys.

All checks may be made payable to the Manager or the Secretary of the Miners' Union.

Those who desire a change in their advertisement should have the copy for the same at this office not later than the evening before publication day.

SATURDAY, MARCH 31, 1900.

Recent advices from Puerto Rico have disclosed a most deplorable state of affairs in that newly acquired United States territory, where it is estimated that hundreds have already died from starvation, including in instances whole families, since the distribution of relief supplies from the mainland were cut off, and as many more will surely perish before relief can again reach them.

This extreme suffering has been augmented by the strike, now on, of the men employed on the Ponce Adjuntas Utado government road, for a uniform scale of wage of fifty cents per day, instead of forty and forty-five cents as formerly received. Their demand was refused and Governor-General Davis estimates that at the least possible figure 50,000 laborers are idle, who with their dependents, numbering 300,000 souls, are suffering for the necessities of life.

In consideration of these terrible conditions the United States government has granted the sum of $1,000,000 for the relief of this starving, destitute horde. A magnificent amount surely, considering the vast army of persons to be relieved and the extreme needs to be supplied.

By the speaking of a single word some fortunate individual in that gracious country is granted a pension or made the recipient of a gift that enables them to live in affluence and luxury the remainder of their natural lives; or a home, elegant and complete in its appointments, is bestowed on some hero as a monument to him of his valor, from the country and people he has served; but these newly acquired citizens of the country, suffering the most extreme privations, with neither comforts or necessities of life, not even food to keep alight the spark of miserable life, are granted the magnificent sum of about $3.33 per head. Magnanimous indeed.

Is a civilized country justified in reaching out, grasping and holding for its possession the islands of the sea, with their hundreds of thousands of poor, ignorant, miserable inhabitants, unless it is ready to do its utmost to better their condition? We believe it is not. If it is able and willing to protect, as they should be, these detached possessions, it may be all right; but the first outlook should be to the life and health of its subjects, and the supply should be sufficiently plentiful to satisfy all their needs, then it is time to begin to educate and moralize, but when the body is starving for food it is more than useless to try to satisfy its cravings through feeding the mind, which is in no condition to receive ethical teachings.

It is no more than right that these subjects of the great republic should become self-supporting, but it is a lesson which they should be taught, not through stern necessity and driven to like so many dumb beasts, but by precept and in gentleness as far as possible.

The demand of the road builders for fifty cents per day hardly seems exorbitant, and the manner in which they have received the refusal shows them to be men who have a desire to respect the rights of others, and their evident desire for better surroundings and more generous supplies of the comforts and necessaries of life must commend them to the sympathy of the laboring classes throughout the civilized world.

The papers which have run out of invectives and editorial brickbats to hurl at the head of Martin are now consoling themselves by picking away at the platform he has adopted, crying out that "it is too good."

There is no denying the fact that the Martin platform is good and covers as nearly as possible all the pressing needs of British Columbia at the present time, and though it makes him many enemies among the opposition, it will certainly gain for him many friends and supporters among the true well wishers and loyalists of the province. His enemies tell us that it is too extensive, that it covers more than one administration can possibly accomplish. Admit that this is true and it must still be conceded that it is better to aim high and miss, to strive for lofty and perhaps at present unattainable things and fail than to have and to show but indifferent ambition for the welfare and upbuilding of the province. "Hitch thy wagon to a star" is a trite old saw and good advice. No man, party or nation ever attained the full extent of an ambition and it is not to be expected or hoped that the principles of the Martin platform will be realized fully or perhaps nearly by any means, but it is progression, which every new country needs, and even Martin's worst enemies can find little real fault with the principles contained in his adopted platform. Although this government may fail to carry out the full program, still ideas have been given the people and many or all of the planks accepted by Mr. Martin will be demanded in the platforms of men who come after him, and finally must be realized.

The Liberal convention to be held in Vancouver early next month may turn out to be of more importance than has been accredited it since it was announced, owing to the support tendered by a faction of it to Martin, and the strong opposition to him by other elements of the party. Although the feeling against the premier is very strong on the part of some leading Liberals, there still seems to be a strong tendency to hold together especially as the Conservatives seem so determined to carry on the election on strictly party lines. A split in the party would certainly be most deplorable at this time and the best way to settle the matter will be for every delegate to the convention to be in his place and work for the election of the best man. Martin's handicap, as it is, is not inconsiderable by any means, as he now has forty votes from that number of delegates who represent the four seats from Vancouver, by which city he has already been endorsed. Despite this advantage, however, it is still possible to make a selection pleasing the entire party, or the majority of the party at least, if all delegates do their full duty in attendance on the convention.

How does it happen that now Joseph Martin is "pet, right-hand man, etc." of Lieutenant-Governor McInnes, who is "doing all in his power to bolster the Premier up and keep him in office," when only a few weeks ago everything that could be was said to show that Martin was not McInnes' first choice or choice at all, in fact, that the Lieutenant Governor was simply obliged to fall back on him to fill the office of Premier. It is simply a case of give a dog a bad name and hang him, and because Joseph Martin has succeeded in making hosts of enemies because of his idiosyncrasies nothing is too bad to say of him.

In criticising Hon. Joseph Martin, his position, character and record in this province, one publication goes so far as to say that nothing that can be said in his favor, nothing that he will do, will remove the prejudice that is felt against him and his following. Rather an extreme assertion.

Commissioner R. C. Clute, Q.C., of Ottawa, and Hon. Ralph Smith, M.P.P., of Nanaimo, who are in the city doing all they can to assist bringing about a settlement between the Miners' Union and the mine managers of this city, will remain until the matter is fully decided one way or the other.

GLEANED LABOR NOTES.

Colorado has nominated a full union labor ticket.

Foundry helpers of Seattle have obtained a raise of wages in the Vulcan & Washington Iron Works.

During the last month the Brooklyn Cigar Makers' Union issued labels for 1,022,000 union-made cigars.

The 500 Pullman car porters with headquarters at Pittsburg, have decided to form a union and join the National Colored Men's Railroad Association.

Congressman Lanzer, of New York, has introduced a bill in Congress providing that eight hours shall constitute a legal day's work in the United States.

St. Louis street railway companies have agreed that $2,000,000 in new construction, to be erected during this year, shall be done by union labor exclusively.

The Omaha Building Trades Council has notified contractors that hereafter none but union labeled woodwork, finish, trimming, doors, sash, etc., will be handled by union mechanics.

Twelve concerns in Cleveland, O., immediately granted the demands of the strikers for a nine-hour day, and about 250 men have resumed work. It is estimated that in the neighborhood of 3,500 men are idle in the city, many of them men of other trades who are in sympathy with the strikers.

The miners and operators of Kentucky, in joint conference at Central City, came to a deadlock and adjourned until March 26th, to give both sides an opportunity to consider the situation. The miners have demanded a 25 per cent advance in wages. The operators concede only 10 per cent. Both sides are firm and compromise will be difficult. President Mitchell has been asked to take part in the next conference.

President Henry Fisher, of the National Tobacco Workers' Union, states that in one of the factories of the American Tobacco Company in the east, 1800 girls between 14 and 16 are employed at three cents per hour. In the strike at Scranton, Pa., Pinkerton detectives were not called to fire upon them, but the Company had the fire department called out and water was turned on them.

The eight-hour law is evidently the "nigger in the woodpile" at the coming election and its support or repeal will really be determined at the polls.

A correspondent from Ottawa to a Kootenay paper states that Mr. Bostock has emphatically denied the statement that he is lending his influence to the support of Premier Martin.

Among all the probable candidates of the Conservatives party in the approaching political struggle, Mayor Goodeve is thought by many to easily hold the lead in popularity, but that connot be safely estimated till brought to test with the other aspirants for the honor, among whom are said to be so very popular party men.

If you have not already done so you should make as little delay as possible about having your name placed on the voting list.

Is your subscription to the WORLD run out? If so, and the paper is of use to you or your cause, renew it at once.

The best table board to be had in Rossland is to be got at the Russell hotel. Everything is first class in every respect. Prompt and attentive service.

Have you anything to sell? If so, the best way and the cheapest to sell it, is to advertise through the columns of the WORLD.

Holstead & Wright, corner First avenue and Washington street, to make room, are offering their children's coats, ladies' eider down robes, suit waists and clothing, at greatly reduced prices. The balance of our winter goods must go to make room for our enormous spring stock, which is arriving daily. New lines of men's shirts for spring are to hand, and are well worth your inspection.

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BOOK STORE — — — 36 Columbia Avenue.

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Wholesale Markets.

Rossland, Nelson, Trail, Sandon, Revelstoke, Greenwood, Grand Forks and Vancouver.

RETAIL MARKETS—Rossland, Trail, Nelson, Ymir, Kaslo, Sandon, New Denver, Silverton, Cascade City, Grand Forks, Greenwood, Phoenix, Midway, Camp McKinney, Revelstoke, Ferguson and Vancouver.

Fish, Game and Poultry in Season, Sausages of all Kinds.

WILLIAM DONALD Manager Rossland Branch

ALL UNION MEN SMOKE

Mainland and British Lion Cigars

Strictly First-Class Union Cigar.

FOR SALE AT ALL FIRST-CLASS HOUSES.

GRAND SPRING SALE COMMENCING MARCH 15th.

Just Received, the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

Clothing, Boots and Shoes and Hats For Spring Trade Ever Show in this City . . . .

Men's Fine Worsted Suits in blue and black, great value at $20; Sale price	$ 13.25
Men's Tweed Suits, worth $12, $14 and $15; to clear at	8 75
Men's Fine Scotch Tweed Suits, big value at $18; Sale price	12 50

Boys Suits and Odd Pants at just half regular prices.

REMEMBER! For the next 15 days every line in stock to sell at and under wholesale prices.

M. J. O'HEARN

THE CLOTHIER

TO THE LADIES

The Latest in

LADIE'S SAILOR OR WALKING

HATS!

AT

C. F. Eagles

Opposite the Bank of Toronto. Rossland, B. C.

Morrison and Bryenton

THE POPULAR GROCERS

Have just received a Consignment of

Fish, Canned Goods, Hams and Bacon, Fruits and Vegetables

Fresh Eggs, Teas and Coffees a Specialty

Sole Agent in Rossland for "EMPRESS TEAS."

MORRISON AND BRYENTON

'Phone 106-45. 126 Columbia Ave.

Fresh Green Vegetables.

Cauliflower. String Beans

Brussels Sprouts, Lettuce, Celery, Tomatoes, Green Peas.

O. M. Fox & Company,

106 East Columbia Ave. Telephone 65.

A WOMAN'S GETHSEMANIE.

By Alice Harriman.

"THERE, there! You have no need to cry so—just for me!" said a tall woman of about forty-five, as I gave way to an outburst of tears "I can't cry any more. I've wept all my tears away. I feel as though my eyes were as dry and dead as my whole skin and flesh will be, unless God lets me die soon."

The absence of feeling as the woman spoke was appalling. She could not have been more impressive in her dreadful hopelessness of her condition, both present and future, if she had raved and beaten her head against the fence which separated her from all the world. For this person, who had no country, no home, was a leper.

I looked again at the unfortunate woman and hesitated as to the form of my reply. I had imagined nothing more painful. I half wished I hadn't sought the Board of Health to obtain a permit to visit the leper settlement of San Francisco; for it didn't seem that I could do any good after I got there, unless to show the unfortunate woman who had been speaking that at least one other woman was sorry for her.

The president of the board had issued the permit under protest.

"Why did I want a permit? What did I want to see a leper for?" etc. But he finally gave his consent, and armed with a note to the man in charge of the settlement, I took a street car, and leaving the bustle of the business streets, was soon in a part of the city with which I was unfamiliar.

As I went further from the business center, I noticed no matter which way the car turned and twisted in its circuitous route, the cross on Lone Mountain (a prominent landmark of San Francisco) loomed high over the clustering houses and encircling bay. At the end of the car line I was directed to "go on over that there hill and you'll see it," meaning the building where those stricken with leprosy were housed. Leaving the street, for I saw there was a footpath over the hillside, I walked slowly to where the top of a board fence showed white and forlorn. Its enclosed space apparently sloped to the other side of the hill—away from the city lying broad and busy, teeming with life and hope and ambition. I was drawing near to where all hope and aspiration was dead—my heart beat faster than the steep grade warranted.

The path was strewn with rocks and wound around in inconsequential fashion, as though in no hurry to bring one to his destination. Small wonder! The very earth seemed to know the sorrow and heartaches and misery which those grim, white-washed walls enclosed. A thick smoke came from a glue factory near by and it mingled with the odor of a tannery on the opposite side of the hollow. I reached the top of the hillock and could see the Mission Bay, far off, with one sail outlined against the blue sky and water. Some eucalyptus trees stood near the fence, with their dull green foliage of mournful dullness. Across the slough were some buildings of some charitable institution, and a few geese waddled to the water from a hole in the wall. And this was where the lepers lived, I thought, as I gazed at the dreary landscape. Of course, it could not be different, for the location must be one of isolation. Then I saw that the Lone Cross was visible from its sightly height. It added a touch of pathos which I could not define.

My permit had said, "to talk through the gate." Ringing the bell, I waited until someone came to whom I could present my letter. There was a wedge-shaped opening in the gate, near the heavy latch, evidently made by some one's knife, and I peered through. There were several buildings in the enclosure, all whitewashed scrupulously, and built on a purely utilitarian plan. A cat was washing her face as she sat on the rail of a fence surrounding a small flower garden, where an abutilon (flowering maple) tossed its branches, and some geraniums glowed scarlet in the sun. Other than the cat there was no sign of life, and I was startled when I heard a voice say, "Well?" I hadn't noticed the approach of the superintendent as he came from some side walk.

As he took my note he looked at me curiously, and asked if I was not afraid. I told him I wasn't, though my heart was beating furiously. After a few more questions he sent for one of the inmates. I had brought some roses, and I gave them to the man, for I might not come near the lepers,—as though I could with those high walls intervening, and they must stand fifteen feet away from the fence! I had no idea how a leper looked and I trembled in dread as I realized that the plainly dressed woman who came from one of the houses was a leper. But when I saw her face all fear and excitement vanished. For she was as I, apparently, free from blemish as far as a casual look could determine. She had a kindly face, lined with indelible marks of trouble.

"This lady brought you these roses," said the superintendent, as he handed her the flowers. "She wishes to talk with you a little while."

"Yes," in haste I spoke. "I wanted to know if there was nothing I could do to make you happier." I was afraid that she would think it was idle curiosity that had prompted my visit.

The woman buried her face in the flowers lovingly, and seemed at a loss for words for a moment, but she soon recovered her composure.

"Thank you very much," she said. "I don't have many roses and no one ever comes to see me."

"You see," explained the man, "every one, nearly, is in mortal dread of catching the disease."

"But one can't catch it when they don't touch the lepers, can they?" I asked softly, so the woman might not hear. Her quick ears heard, nevertheless, and she answered for him.

"Not unless one gets one of the scales in a raw place, like a cut or cold sore."

"Will you tell me a little of yourself? How you caught it?"

"I was born in England, and came to this country years ago. When I lost my husband I took up nursing, like many another woman, to earn my living. Once I was called in to nurse a man with smallpox. It was found afterward that he had leprosy as well as smallpox, but it was too late to prevent my infection, as I had a slight cut on my hand while he was convalescent."

"Oh, you poor woman," I involuntarily commented. "The pity of it."

"When I first noticed three little dead white blotches on my arm, my mental condition was dreadful, for I'd been in Hawaii and knew the peculiar appearance of the skin only too well."

"Couldn't you get help?"

"I went everywhere, tried everything; but here I am in this leper settlement, and there is no hope for me."

"But you don't show it."

"No, I'm not bad yet, but look there" pointing to a poor girl, who wandered idly past, far up toward the house, with a shudder of repugnance. The poor girl's scarred face, with no nose, not even the openings left, was horrible in the extreme.

"How many lepers are there here?"

"Fourteen," she replied. "Two men are white, and one girl—the one up there; the rest are Chinese, one a woman. This girl is a most ignorant foreigner, but I am trying to teach her to read to pass away some of the time."

"And how do you live?"

"We have a cook who prepares our food, and we stand in line and take it in our individual dishes. No one is allowed to handle anything we touch. We have to do our own washing, and when we get too bad the others wash for us and the city pays them. Some are very bad."

"Oh, how sorry I am for you," I ejaculated.

A bitter look passed over her face, instantly superceded by one more resigned. "Pleasing fate, isn't it, for me, who am of good birth and education? And to think I contracted this while in the discharge of my duty, and while striving to earn an honest living. Mind you," and she spoke earnestly, "I'm not advocating my removal to other surroundings, for the good of all must be considered, rather than the feelings of any individual. But oh! it is hard!"

"I've no pain," she asserted in answer to a question. "I shall be, in time, like the Chinese woman who fell asleep the other day, by a stove containing a fire. I'll not sicken you by telling how we found her; but she didn't suffer. She hadn't even waked, so completely are the nerves benumbed or deadened with this disease. You see, there are some things to be thankful for—such as a merciful lack of pain," she concluded with a sarcastic intonation.

"What do you do all day?"

"Oh, I sew a little on such poor clothes as I have, and walk around, and think and think and think. There's but little reading matter here, so I can't read much."

"I'll send you some, and try to get others to do the same," I said, glad to find that there was something I could do for her.

"People send us reading by fits and starts, but they get tired of us and forgetful. We are an old story, and they wonder, mentally, even if they are ashamed to speak their impatience, why such people don't die. Why don't we die? My God! Because we can't." She put her hands over her face with a shudder of hopelessness.

"Think of it," she continued. "Look at this place! What hope is there for me, and those of my associates who know enough to appreciate our condition? I don't know why I don't go mad, as I think and think during the long day and longer nights!" and she wrung her hands, which would, in time, wear off, layer by layer.

"When I was a child in old England," the woman continued, "I used to be afraid to be shut in anywhere. Even at night I would beg my mother that the gate in the stone wall surrounding our grounds should not be locked. They would promise and I would then sleep. It's hard, in my old woman days, that I should be shut in with barriers unbreakable, which keys will neither unlock or lock.

"If I could see out on the world! I loved life so! I used to enjoy the city, where I was free! It was busy and gay, and life was there—the theatres, the lectures, the shops, the people, and I so loved the beautiful, shimmering, ever-

Continued on Fourth Page.

ROSSLAND LABOR ORGANIZATIONS.

OFFICERS AND MEETINGS.

TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL—Meets every second and fourth Tuesday in each month at 7:30 p.m. in Miners' Union Hall. C. W. Wilson, Sec; John McLaren, Pres.

CARPENTERS & JOINERS UNION—Meets every Friday of each week at 7:30 p.m. in Miners' Union Hall. P R McDonald, Pres; A J McDonald, Sec.

MINERS' UNION No 38, Western Federation of Miners—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock in Miners' Union Hall. James Devine, Sec; A L Houston, Pres.

TYPOGRRPHICAL UNION No 335—Meets on the last Sunday of each month at the Miners' Union Hall J P Barkdoll, Secretary; Mr Poole, President

JOURNEYMEN TAILORS UNION, No 252—Meet the first and third Tuesday of each month at 8 p m in Beatty's Hall P O Box 314 J S Robison, President; William Coss, Secretary

COOKS & WAITERS UNION, No 45, W L U—Meets every Saturday evening at 8:30 o'clock in Miners' Union Hall. P O Box 41. Paul Joffner, Sec; George Cunningham, Pres

PUBLIC NOTICE.

To All Whom It May Concern:

You are hereby required to take notice, and you are hereby warned, that the rules prescribed by section 53 of the regulations of the Provincial Board of Health re smallpox are in force within the limits of the city of Rossland, the same being a health district. As defined in such regulations, a general vaccination of the inhabitants of the said city of Rossland is hereby ordered.

R. Reddick, M. D.,
Medical Health Officer.
Washington street, Rossland, B. C.

Dr. Reddick will be at his office between the hours of 1 and 3 p.m. and 7 and 8 p. m. daily, for the vaccination of all poor persons at the expense of the local board.

Dated this third day of February, 1900.

A. S. Goodeve,
Chairman Local Board.
A. A. Mackenzie.
John Dean.
Chas. R. Hamilton.
John S. Clute.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

Holstead & Wright, cor. First ave. and Washington street, are showing ladies' spring jackets and new wrappers—a splendid and well assorted line of each Their ladies' neckwear, in satin puff shields, Liberty Silk and Point Esprit Windsors are quick sellers. For men's clothing, their reduced price is having a clearing effect on the stock.

It will pay you to call at Eagles for millinery and ladies' furnishings of all kinds.

If you want the best lunch to be had for your money in the city go to the Russel Hotel. Home cooking and first-class service.

OUR ADVERTISERS.

Following is a list of those who advertise in the Industrial World:

Geo Agnew & Co., Grocers.
W. F. McNeill, Shoe Store.
Hunter Bros., general merchandise.
Empey Bros., groceries and gents furnishings.
T. R. Morrow, druggist.
C. O. Lalonde, shoe store.
C. C. Gibson & Co., gents' clothing and notions.
G. W. McBride, hardware.
Linton Bros., books and stationery.
Crescent Dry Goods, furnishings, dry goods and clothing.
Morrison & Bryenton, groceries.
M. J. O'Hearn, clothier and Hatter.
Paulson Bros., groceries.
Wm. Lietjen, cigar manufacturer, Vancouver, B. C.
Taylor & McQuarrie, tailors.
Pacific Tea Co., teas and coffees.
M. W. Simpson, news, stationery and tobaccos.
O. K. Baths.
Metropolitan Hotel and Bar.
McAuliff, tailor.
S. Glazan, furniture.
McGonigle & Co, groceries.
Hoffman House and Bar.
Ensign Cigar Store.
Dyeing and Cleaning Works, Washington street.
Daniels & Chambers, paints, oils, etc.
Holstead & Wright.
Dr. A. Milloy, dentist.
Ewert Bros., jewelers.
The International
Lansing & Newman, grocers
Russell Hotel
Simpson & Jones, grocers
The "Strand"
Eagles' Millinery store
Rossland Drug Co.
O. M. Fox & Co., grocers
Columbia Transfer Co.

AGNEW & CO.

DEALERS IN

CHOICE & FANCY

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

FRUITS, GRANITE, CROCKERY

AND GLASS WARE.

Free Delivery to all parts of the city.

'PHONE 191.

Corner Third Ave. and Washington St.

Agnew & Co.

O. K BATHS

22 Columbia Ave., next door to La'onde's.

Fine Porcelain Tubs.

BRIDGFORD & HERRING.

M. W. SIMPSON,

News, Stationery, Tobaccos.

Lending Library. Latest Novels.

Office Supplies, Etc.

McAuliff

The American Tailor and Gents' Furnishing House.

Suits made to order. Satisfaction Guaranteed

No. 8, First Avenue.

S. GLAZAN,

Furniture

Cor. First Ave., and Spokane St.

Bargains in second hand goods. Give us a call.

It will pay you.

WASHINGTON STREET

Dyeing and Cleaning Works.

Opposite Martin Brothers.

I can clean or dye anything in ladies' and gentlemen's wear. Give me a call and be convinced.

The latest improved machinery and processes enable me to guarantee the prompt delivery of all orders. Work will be called for and delivered to any address.

Miners!

Get their Prescriptions Filled by the

Rossland Drug Co.

A Full Line of Everything in Our Line. Give Us a Call.

ROSSLAND DRUG CO. R. E. STRONG, Mgr.
Columbia Avenue, next the Bon Ton.

Rossland Hotel.

Fine Whiskies and Imported Cigars

Jerry Spellman, Proprietor.

Cor. Spokane Street and Columbia Ave.

PAULSON BROS.

Cash

GROCERY

Specials This Week.

Fresh Finnon Haddies

Crosse & Blackwell's Pure Malt Vinegar, Pickled Walnuts, Onions, Chow Chow, Mixed Pickles.

Morton's Assorted Pickles.

Lang's Montreal Biscuits—a large assortment.

32 & 34 FIRST AVENUE.

COLUMBIA

Transfer Company

GEORGE FUNK, Mgr.

The Only Transfer or Express Company in Rossland that will deliver your Trunks for 25 cents each. Three days storage free.

Office—QUEEN CIGAR STORE
Telephone 37.

"A SURE THING"

That our Teas and Coffees are the CHOICE sold in Rossland. Today, when teas and coffees are pushed so hard, it is absolutely necessary to have an article of unusual merit. You will find it here. Glassware given away to customers.

Pacifc Tea Co.

DANIELS & CHAMBERS

Wholesale and retail dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Wall Finish and Painters' Supplies. Contracts taken for paper hanging and decorating. Office and store Daniels & Chambers block, 28 Columbia ave. under Dominion Express Co's. office.

N. & V. 'Phone 182.

THE HOFFMAN HOUSE

Canadian and Kentucky

Bourbon Whiskies.

SEALED GOODS A SPECIALTY.

Railroad and Miners' Checks Cashed

Harry McIntosh.

Ensign Cigar Store,

CAPT. SHAW Proprietor.

Corner Columbia ave., Washington st

Dr. A. MILLOY,

Dentist.

Office over Bank of Toronto, Rossland

Rossland Electric Laundry

None but white help employed

Notify us. We call and deliver Goods.

Columbia Avenue, near Postoffice.

Industrial World

EVERY MEMBER OF

ORGANIZED LABOR

SHOULD SUBSCRIBE FOR IT.

One Year	$2.00
Six Months	$1 25

Address All Communications

THE INDUSTRIAL WORLD

ROSSLAND, B.C.

Canadian Pacific

And SOO Line.

IMPERIAL LIMITED

EAST--WEST

New Fast Daily Service.

Optional Routes East and West from the Kootenay Country.

First-class Sleepers on all Trains.

FROM

ARROWHEAD AND KOOTENAY LANDING.

Tourist Cars

Pass Revelstoke Daily for St. Paul, Thursdays for Montreal and Boston, Tuesdays and Saturdays for Toronto.

For rates and full information address the nearest Local Agent, or

A. B. MACKENZIE,
City Ticket Agent, Rossland.

W. H. GAGE,
Acting Agent, Rossland.

W. F. Anderson, T. P. A., Nelson.
E. J. Coyle, A. G. P. A., Vancouver.

Northern Pacific

YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE.

THE FAST LINE

TO ALL POINTS.

The Dining Car Route via Yellowstone Park. Safest and Best.

SOLID VESTIBULE TRAINS

Equipped with

Pullman Palace Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Modern Day Coaches,
Tourist Sleeping Cars

Through tickets to all points in the United States and Canada.

Steamship tickets to all parts of the world.

Tickets to China and Japan via Tacoma and Northern Pacific Steamship Co.

Trains depart from Spokane:
No. 1, Westbound, at 9:55 p. m., daily.
No. 2, Eastbound, at 7:20 a. m., daily.

For information, time cards, maps and tickets apply to the agents of the S. F. & N.

E. W. RUFF,
Agt. R. M. Ry., Rossland, B. C.

J. W. HILL,
General Agent, Spokane, Wash.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Ass't Gen. Passenger Agent.

Spokane Falls and Norther

Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway

Red Mountain Ry.

The Only Direct Route to Nelson Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

Every day in the year between Spokane, Rossland and Nelson.

LEAVE	DAILY	ARRIVE
8:15 a.m.	Spokane	6:15 p.m
2:15 p.m.	Northport	12:30 p m

Arrive 3:10 p.m. Rossland Lv. 11:25 a.m

No change of cars between Spokane and Rossland.

Tickets on sale all over the world.

Close connections at Nelson with steamers for Kaslo and all Kootenay lake points.

Passengers for Kettle river, Boundary camp and Boundary creek connect at Marcus and Bossburg with stage daily.

E. W. Ruff, Agent,
Rossland, B. C.

Seatle & Dewar, Agents, Trail, B. C.

W. A. Jackson, G P A., Spokane, Wash.

USE AND ABUSE OF LABELS.

Men with the very best intentions have often been led to commit grave errors, because they lack tact, and because of an inclination to push beneficicent measures to drastic extremes. Such men are not close students of human nature.

The union label is one of the best things ever introduced into the economy of our labor government. It is a guarantee of the good material in the article bearing it, and gives proof to the purchaser that it was made by a union man who is paid fair wages. Unless a man is prejudiced he will not reject a hat or pair of shoes just because they bear union labels. The person who sympathizes with union labor will very often buy nothing else but union label goods. While all this is admitted, the fact remains that only 20 per cent. of our manufactured products bear the union label, and a large percentage of union men themselves pay little heed to the union label when they go out shopping. Shame upon them!

There is yet a great deal of educational work to be done in the field of labor Pushing the union label is as meritorious as anything that could be suggested, but just now it is a matter that unions alone can handle among themselves. They may impose a penalty upon their members for non compliance with a law concerning the union label, but they cannot inflict the same upon the public. The public will buy what it chooses. Hence if union men wish to win the public to their side, they must avoid everything which will bring down upon them either ridicule or condemnation.

A telegram from Chicago appeared in the daily press, one day recently, announcing that a grave diggers' union was in contemplation. As the business of a grave digger is the very last where one would find competition, the announcement provoked only smiles over the grim humor of such a thing. But further down in the dispatch it was stated the grave diggers would refuse to bury a corpse unless it lay in a union labeled coffin; and thus we are confronted with a condition where overzealousness runs amuck of public sentiment, because it is offensive to the tastes and instincts of the domestic man—the man of family.

Carried out to its logical sequence, the argument of the upholders of the union label in Chicago is consistent. If a union label should go on a hat, so should it go on a coffin, if there is any merit in argument. Very good, but while there is no difference between the labels as labels, there is some difference between a hat and a coffin. Each excites a widely different emotion in the human mind. In time people may become reconciled to some trade inscription on the coffin, along with the name and age of the deceased, but it will not be tomorrow or next week, All these things may come about in the evolution of the labor movement, but haste must be made slowly.

So far from pushing the label successfully by such drastic measures, the Chicago promoters defeat the object they have in view by drawing upon the whole label movement the ridicule and hostility of the public. Not only will the coffin label fail, and the grave diggers' union come to nought, but the person who feels aggrieved against these will never buy anything bearing the union label. Thus a lot of mischief will grow out of a plan in the hands of good union men who go off half cocked.—The Reveille.

NOTICE!

LAND REGISTRY OFFICE.

VICTORIA, B. C. 21st March, 1900.—In the matter of an application for a Duplicate of a Certificate of Title to Lots thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32) Block twenty (20), Railway Addition to Rossland (Map 616). Notice is hereby given that it is my intention at the expiration of one month, from the first publication hereof, to issue a duplicate of the Certificate of Title to the above lands issued to Charles Van Ness and J. F. Walker, on the 3d day of May, 1897, and numbered 3512c.

S. Y. WORTON, Registrar Gen'l.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

Holstead & Wright, cor. First ave. and Washington street, are showing ladies' spring jackets and new wrappers—a splendid and well assorted line of each Their ladies' neckwear, in satin puff shields, Liberty Silk and Point Esprit Windsors are quick sellers. For men's clothing, their reduced price is having a clearing effect on the stock.

CHURCH SERVICES.

St. George's Church, on Earl and Kootenay streets. Services at 8:30 a.m 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday School at 2:30 p.m.

The Methodist Church, Washington street, George H. Morden, Pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sabbath School and Bible Class at 2:30 p.m. Epworth League of C.E., Monday at 8 p.m.

A Woman's Gethsemanie.

Continued from Third Page.

changing bay, and there were the boats which 'go down to the sea.' I want to see them all. And all I can see, sometimes, when no one is watching me, in the marsh, as I peer through that hole in the gate; and once in a while there is a white sail visible far off on the bay. I wish I could be even a sail on the meanest of fishing smacks, for then I'd have no feeling, nor thoughts. The winds of heaven would blow on me, and I could have the salt water on my brow, and I could come and go freely. Now I have the view afforded by this white-washed wall; I can see the tops of those horrible eucalyptus trees; I can speak to the few men, who are here to care for us; and sometimes, when I go to the upper floor of the leper house, I can see Lone Mountain Cross. I don't want to see it! It mocks me by its promise of salvation! It has not saved me from a living death, and how do I know that it will save my soul?" She spoke with all the vehemence of her pentup anguish, but after a moment of silence, in which she stood with bowed head, she looked up, revealing the saddest face it was ever my misfortune to behold, and continued more gently: "I beg your pardon. I didn't mean to speak so, or to shock you. I've said far more than I intended, for I try to be resigned, but, I—I—Oh! my God! Help me!" and she bowed her face in her poor scarred hands so pathetically that could I have gotten to her, I would have been tempted to take her in my arms and comfort her But that I might not do; and I could only weep in sympathy of such misery.

As I bade her good-by, after a few words which I felt must seem like the mockery of comfort to the confined woman, who had all the sensitive nature that is part of a woman's being, I observed, through tear-dimmed eyes, as I stumbled down this Gethsemanie of one woman's life, that a cloud had cast a shadow over the lone cross.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

It will pay you to call at Eagles for millinery and ladies' furnishings of all kinds.

If you want the best lunch to be had for your money in the city go to the Russel Hotel. Home cooking and first-class service.

W. F. McNeill, the shoe dealer, has placed on his bargain counter some snaps in last season's styles of Ladies' Oxford Ties, in black, chocolate and tan, which will be closed out at one-half price and less. Come early and get first choice.

MARKETS.

GROCERIES.

Beans, per lb	5 to 7
Brooms, each	35 to 50
Butter, per lb	30 to 35
Bacon, best, per lb	16 to 17
Bulk Oil, per gal	50
Biscuits, fancy, per lb	25 to 45
Cheese, per lb	20
Chocolate, per lb	40
Cocoa, per tin	35 to 40
Cornmeal, per 10lb sack	40
Coffee, per lb	20 to 50
Crackers, sodas, per lb	10, 12½
Corn, per can	12½
Canned fruits, per can	25 to 35
Canned peas, per can	12½, 35
Canned beans, per can	12½
Codfish, per brick	25
Dried fruits, per lb	10 to 20
Eggs, per doz	25 to 40
Flour per sack	1.25, 1.50
Granulated sugar, 14 lb for	1 00
Hams, per lb	17
Honey, comb, per cake	25
Imperial oil, 5 gal. can	2.00
Lard, 5lb pail	65
Laundry soap, per bar	5 and 6
Liverpool salt, per 50lb sack	90
Macaroni, per lb	15 to 20
Molasses per gal	75 to $1
Nuts, per lb	25
Rolled oats, per 10lb sack	45
Pickles, mixed, per quart	20
Rice, per lb	8
Salt bacon, per lb	12½
Sago and tapioca, lb10, 3 lbs. for	25
Stock salt, per 50lb sack	75
Syrups, per half gal. tin	50 to 65
Tomatoes, per can	45
Teas, per lb	35 to 65
Tobacco, per lb	90 to 1,25
Vinegar, per gal	50 to 65
Wheat manna, pkgs, 20; bulk per lb.	7

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Apples, per lb	5 and 6
Beets, per lb	2
Cauliflower	15
Celery, per bunch	10
Cabbage, per lb	2½ to 3
Grapes, per basket	65
Lemons, per doz	30, 35
Onions, per lb	3 to 4
Pears, per lb	10
Potatoes, per 100 lbs	1.25 to 1.50
Radishes, 2 bunches for	5
Squash, per lb	3
Sweet potatoes, per lb	6
Tomatoes, per box	1.00

The Industrial World

The Industrial World Is the medium by which the ADVERTISER reaches the workingman, and the WORKINGMAN can Know his friends by subscribing for The Industrial World.

The Industrial World

Subscription $2.00 per Year.

Advertising Rates Furnished on Application.

Coming

Now that it is universally acknowledged that my patent appliances positively

Cures Rupture

and are guaranteed to give

Entire Satisfaction.

I invite the very worst cases of Infants, Children and Adults, no matter how bad you may be afflicted.

I will pay your fare both ways if you can force the Hernia down in any position with my

New Retainer on.

What Our Leading Physicians Say:

Ottawa, December 20, 1889.

I have much pleasure in testifying to J. L. Armstrong's ability in the mechanical treatment of Hernia or Rupture. He has very successfully treated patients of mine ranging in age from a few months to 66 years of age. Most of these patients were afflicted with very large unmanageable Hernia, which failed to be relieved by all the trusses tried. The principle of this patent appliance seems to be perfect. The support is directed against the seat of the rupture only, and can be manipulated to retain accurately. I unhesitingly recommend Mr. Armstrong to the consideration of the profession and the public

HENRY P. WRIGHT, M.D.,
102 Elgin Street.

Ottawa, December 18, 1889

J. L. Armstrong, Esq., Ottawa:

Dear Sir: In my practice I necessarily meet with many cases of Hernia or Rupture. During the past nineteen years I have had occasion to use trusses of many patterns, with the usual results obtained from belt and spring trusses, viz., very unsatisfactory. Until I commenced your patent appliances adjusted by yourself, all have been little better than useless. I voluntarily recommend any one afflicted with Hernia to apply to you at once, and I have no doubt that every intelligent physician, as he becomes aware of your ability to cure rupture, will gladly recommend you to his patients.

A. A. HENDERSON, M.D.
414 Albert Street.

December 15, 1889.

I have much pleasure in recommending to the attention of the profession a Hernia supporter, the invention of J. L. Armstrong of this city. After repeated trials of the instrument, I am satisfied that it is the most efficient truss in the Dominion. As regards mode of application and results, it stands alone in this country, embodying the principle of fixed support, not to say pressure in the treatment of hernia, recognizing as it does that the requisite pressure is afforded by the wall of the abdomen.

Yours truly, C. R CHURCH, M.D.

FOR LADIES ONLY.

I have the privilege of referring you to several of the most reliable ladies cured by my appliances, including the wife of a prominent minister of the Gospel, wife of a prominent lawyer, wives of two merchants and others, including a LADY 68 YEARS OLD, and mother of one of our most prominent merchants. These ladies have not worn any support from one to four years, and most of them three years.

Testimonials (which fill too much space) to the efficiency of my appliances, above all others, from the following respectable residents of Victoria, B. C., viz.:

L. Goodacre, Esq., Queen's Market, purveyor to H. M.'s Navy, corner Government and Johnson Streets; R. Homfray, Esq., C. E., 3 Quebec Street; J. C. Elliott, Secretary Board of Fire Underwriters; H. Mansell, Esq., merchant, 68 Government Street; J. Giscombe, miner, Fort Street.

I will be at the Allan House

MARCH 19 & 20

J. L. Armstrong, H. S.

CALL EARLY

Lansing & Newman,

Successor to A. C. FRY.

Having purchased the A. C. Fry Stock of Groceries, Etc., we wish to announce to our many friends, as well as those of Mr. Fry's, that we are very largely increasing our stock, and from this time forth will carry a much wider variety of goods than the old firm. In fact you will be able to obtain all staple and fancy groceries from us. The public will quickly discover that our prices are what they should be, and satisfaction is absolutely guaranteed.

FRESH EGGS AND POULTRY A SPECIALTY.

V. & N. Telephone 7. No. 39 Columbia Avenue.

McGonigle & Co.

Spokane street Grocers.

Miners' supplies, Fruits, Cigars and Tobaccos, staple and Fancy Groceries, Etc:

Orders Solicited 'Phone 168. And Delivered

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY BUYING THE

Raymond Sewing Machines

"Best on the Market."

Sewing machine supplies of all kinds for sale. Machines to rent by week or month.

Taylor & McQuarrie,

TAILORS.

Vernon and Nelson Phone 131.

18 Columbia Avenue, Rossland, B. C. Sole Agents.

G. W. McBride

Hardware Miners' Supplies Stove and Ranges, Etc., Etc.

GREAT SPECIAL CLEARANCE SALE

TREMENDOUS BIG REDUCTIONS IN

Men's Furnishing Goods,

Crescent Dry Goods Co. LTD

International Music Hall.

WEEK OF APRIL 2ND.

An entirely new Eastern company headed by the phenomenal Contralto

MISS OLA HAYDEN,

Together with Those Clever Comedians

LORD & ROWE ALSO MR. FRANK MARTIN

and the talented songstresses

CAMETITA MEEKS - and - CLAIRE KEITH.

New Faces! New Faces! New Faces!

and the old favorites retained.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Simpson and Jones

GROCERS.

A Complete Stock of Groceries always on Hand. Also a Full Line of Fancy Evaporated Fruits just received from California.

V. & N. Telephone 68. Second Ave., Opposite C. P. R. Depot.