THE GRAND FORKS MINER.

SECOND YEAR.--NO. 66. GRAND FORKS, B. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 14, 1897. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

A GREAT FARM

W. H. Covert's Place at the Head of the Valley.

LOADED WITH FRUIT

Trees and Bushes Bent to the Ground Under the Weight of Their Product.—The Result of Hard Work.

As a rule 99 out of every 100 persons who are turning their attention to British Columbia looking for investments are in search of an "iron-cap" or "free-milling proposition," and never stop for a moment to consider that if the same amount of energy and half of the capital which is being expended in looking for the "precious metals," that are beyond a doubt buried in the hills around Grand Forks, had been used in developing the agricultural possiblities of Grand Prairie, the tide of prosperity would be much greater than at present.

The sight of all manner of fruit, vegetables and cerals growing in such a prolific state that trees from three to four years growth are so heavily loaded with fruit that its necessary to put props under the limbs to assist them to stand up under the burden of their load, to see acres of the finest, lucious berries of very variety imaginable growing and the bushes loaded to the ground with fruit, vegetables that have no equals in the tropical climate, fields of grain that soar far above a man's head, is a scene that has a tendency to make one realize that nature has done its share in assisting to make this one of the most favored localities for the habitation of man, and that there is money to be made in agricultural pursuits as well as that of mining.

Grand Prarie which lies on both sides of the Kettle river for a distance of about 14 miles, is composed of a fine a body of productive and fertile soil, that only needs to be tickled to make it produce results equalled by no other section of this great domain of ours, and which at no distant day is bound to stand at the head of the list as an agricultural section as well as that of a mineral producing territory. Owing to the mining craze which seems to have got such a hold on ninth-tenths of the population of the west, comparatively no notice has been taken of our great agricultural resources and the advantage it offers to all those who are willing to embrace them. The rapid increase in the population of this section has created a market for the products of the farm, which fact alone in the future will have a tendency to stimulate more activity in this line of industry, and it will not be many years before the fertile acres of Grand Praire will be owned and tilled by hundreds instead of a few as is the case at present.

In order to more fully demonstrate what can be accomplished in this line, a representative of the MINER, last Sunday, in company with his family, O. E. Lambert and family, upon the invitation of the owner, paid a visit to the farm of W. H. Covert, situated six miles southwest of Grand Forks, at the head of the prairie.

Mr. Covert located on this place in the spring of 1885, having taken it under the pre-emption act of the province, and stands today a living monument of what industry and perseverance, assisted by nature, can accomplish. In the fall of the same year of the location of the place Mr. Covert set out the nucleus of his present valuable orchard and fruit farm, which today is undoubtedly the finest on the prairie, and equal to any in the county of Yale. It consisted of about 100 trees, divided among apple, peach, pear, cherry, apricot, prune, etc., besides an endless variety of small fruits. In order to ascertain which variety would prove the best adapted to the climate and the most prolific two of each of the well known varieties were selected: Apples—Thompson county King, Ben Davis, Dutchess of Oldenberg, Gravinstein, Newton Pippin, Blue Pearman, Golden Pippin, Jeffery's, Baldwin, Wealthy, Yellow Transparent, Tetopskey, Northern Spy, Winesap, Snow apples, Talman Sweets and a large number of other varities.

Pears—Winter Nellis, Flemish Beauty, Bartlett, Sickle and Columbia.

Peaches—General Grant, Early Crawford, and Early Rare Ripe.

Cherries—Early Richmond, Royal Ann and Black Tartam and Black Republican. The list of prunes consists of only two varities the Italian and Abundance.

Of all the varities planted it was found that not one proved a failure and as a result of the experiment, two years ago Mr. Covert set out fifteen acres in orchard, eight of which was in prunes. He has now about 1000 prune trees, 400 apples, and about 100 other trees of miscellaneous fruits, such as pears, peaches, quinces, cherries, apricots, crab apples, peach plums, etc. In the apple orchard and between the rows of trees, which are 25 feet apart both ways, are to be found long rows of small fruits consisting of strawberries, red, and black raspberries, blackberries, gooseberries, currants of all kinds, grapes, etc., all of which have thrived and the yield from which has been something wonderful. Mr. Covert has apple trees in his orchards that he will be able to pick 400 to 500 pounds of fruit from this season.

In the garden can be found all varities of vegetables, such as potatoes, tomatos, beets, turnips, beans, onions, cucumbers, cabbage, Stowell Evergreen corn, musk and water melons, and in fact everything that an epicure vegetarian could desire, all of which do will and thrive with but very little care and attention.

Nearly the entire 320 acres is so situated that it can be irrigated by water obtained from Fourth of July creek, which is tapped about two miles above Mr. Covert's place and for the use of which he has obtained from the government the right of the first use of 300 inches of water. While Mr. Covert was waiting for his fruits to mature he was not idle, but kept himself busy improving other branches of his farm. As a result of his work, he has this year 200 acres in grain, 160 of which is in oats that stands over six feet in height and so heavy that it will average at least 80 bushels to the acre if not more; 40 acres in wheat that will make three tons of hay to the acre; 15 acres seeded to timothy and two to alfalfa. There is something over five miles of fence, and three miles of irrigation ditches.

We have lived in Kansas where corn grows to be 16 feet high, pumpkins six feet through, watermelons so large that they tipped the scales at 300 pounds, potatoes that filled a half bushel measure, turnips that had to be dug with a stump puller, and it was necessary to move the fence every year to keep the wheat and oats, which grew so thick, inside of the field, but we must confess that in all of our experience in that glorious state as a promulgator of its advantages as an agricultural section, we never witnessed anything that would quite compare with what we saw on Mr. Covert's place.

One of the many features that is deserving of mention is the manner in which everything is cared for. In the orchard and garden weeds are not to be found and everything about the place goes to show that Mr. Covert has not spent any time hanging around the "corner grocery" but has been working late and early ever since he took possession of the place, and as a result has built a home for himself and faimily that he may well be proud of.

Mr. Covert has the material on the ground for a handsome residence which he expects to have completed in time for occupancy by fall. It is to be 40x40, two stories and of modern architecture, and will be provided with bath rooms, closets, heated by hot air and when finished will be a model of convenience as well as comfort.

SCHOOL OPENS.

An Average Daily Attendance of Twenty-Five for the Week.

The public school of the city opened last Monday morning, in the Kerr building on Bridge street where it will be continued until such time as the new school house is completed.

The average daily attendance for the week has been 25 and in all probability this number will be largely increased when the weather becomes cooler and better school accommodations have been provided,

School inspector Burns visited the school on Tuesday last and expressed himself well pleased with the management of the same.

At present the average age of those attending is under 12 years and they are very well behaved for children of that age.

Upon the completion of the new school building, the trustees should follow the good example that is being set in a number of school districts in this section, regarding the enforcing of that portion of the school law requiring that all children between the age of 6 and 16 years residing in the district attend school at least 6 months of every school year. At present there are between 70 and 80 children in Grand Forks of school age and only 25 of them are attending school. If this section of the law is strictly enforced this district will be entitled to another teacher, who should be a principal for the more advanced scholars.

According to the practice of the educational department of the province when a school has an average attendance of 45 it is entitled to two teachers, so the sooner that a "round-up" is made the quicker our school will become a graded one and another teacher employed.

In the Rossland Miner of Aug. 8th we find the following:

"Mayor John Manly, who arrived from Grand Forks last night brings the news that the ledge has been cut on the Bodie claim at Eureka camp on the reservation. This property adjoins the San Poil, and is owned by Mr. Manly, Dr. Bowes and D. M. Linnard. The San Poil is owned by John A. Finch and Volney D. Williamson and the ore from it runs about $12. The ore on the Bodie looks exactly like that on the San Poil. Mayor Manly declares Eureka will be another Cripple Creek, if not greater."

HERE MENTION.

The firemen are planning for another dance,

Mayor Manly went to Rossland last Saturday morning.

Don't go by without stopping and seeing Graham, at Edward's ferry.

O. C. Luther is doing development work on some of his properties in Brown's camp.

Assessment work has recently been done on the No. 1 claim on the north fork of Pass creek, and the showing made is said to be very good.

J. K. Johnson has been appointed general agent for the Kettle river district for the Phoenix Fire Assurance company of London, England.

Owing to the absence of the city clerk from the city, who was out on a fishing excursion, there was no meeting of the city council yesterday.

Helen Ingraham, the eight year old daughter of Geo. Ingraham, who was thrown from her horse last Wednesday evening and supposed for some time to be badly injured is now up and around again.

LaRue Perrine and Dave Woodhead are doing assessment work on the Bad Luck and Better Times claims on Morrissy creek, about six miles northeast of the city.

Mr. Fred Wollaston, P. L. S. finished the work of surveying the Grey Eagle claim this week and steps will be taken at once to obtain a crown grant to the property.

G. S. Helphrey, the Curlew merchant, was in the city on Monday of this week. He was accompanied by his sister, of Mt. Pleasant, Ky., who is paying him an extended visit.

One of the most pleasant place to stop in this section of the country is at Mrs. Grahams, at Edward's Ferry, where good meals, good beds, and first class accommodations can always be found, at reasonable prices.

D. Williamson, a prominent mining man of Spokane and one of the owners of the Black Tail property, in Eureka camp passed through the city on Monday on his way to Spokane.

Geo. W. House of Bossburg, Wash., has just finished doing the assessment work on his property known as the Black Tail, which joins the Jeannie May. Mr. House left this morning for home well pleased with the result of his labor.

G. Oscar Nelson of Spokane, was a passenger on Thursday's stage from the lower country having come here as agent for the Eastern Star Gold Mining company to let the contract for doing the assessment work on two properties owned by this company in Summit camp.

W. B. McKenzie, representing Mitchell, Lewis and Staver Co., Spokane, Wash., spent a day or two in the Forks this week looking after the interest of his firm. While Mr. McKenzie is a Britisher born, this is the first time in twenty-five years that he has been on British soil.

W. C. McDougall who is putting in a gold saving plant on the Eighteen Karat placer group has completed a 600 foot ditch and also a mammoth wing dam and expects to be ready to run the pay dirt through the machine by the first of next week. Since work has been started on this ground the whole group has been sampled and found to contain gold in paying quantities.

Work is being pushed ahead on the Pass creek wagon road, twelve men being now employed on the piece between Lime and Pass creeks. It is expected that this work will be completed by the end of next week when work will be continued up Pass creek to Summit camp. The completion of this road will prove a great benefit for those who have interests in that section.

R. Penrose, assayer of Essix, England, and J. Irwin, mining engineer of Hampshire, England, spent a couple of days in town last week on their way from Rossland to the Okanogan country on a tour of inspection. Their route will be up the North Fork to Pass creek, thence to Long lake on the west side of the Kettle river, thence following Rock creek to Osoyoos lake and Vernon, thence around the main line of the C. P. R. to Revelstoke and from there to Rossland. Mr. Arthur Milthorp of this place accompanied the party as guide.

Mr. A. Lennon, a mining expert representing a Butte, Montana, syndicate has been in the city the past few days looking for investments for his company. On Tuesday, in company with Colin Campbell, Mr. Lennon paid a visit to several North Fork properties, and also the B. C., Cordick, R-Bell and Swansea claims in Summit camp. Mr. L. expects to remain in this vicinity sometime examining the properties in the various camps and wherever it is possible will secure working bonds on properties that have a good showing. Mr. Lennon expresses himself more than pleased with the general appearance of the mineral showing and predicts a great future ahead of this section.

At the Cosmos.

MAIN ST, G. F. MRS. PRESLAR, PROPRIETRESS.

Mr. Clark, Eureka; Mr. J. Stevens, Mr. Hull, Spokane; Julius LeRoy Eureka; M. D. Funag, J. Davidson, city; Mr. Bell, W. Hood, Bossburg; J. F. Cameron, Spokane; Perry Lemon, Butte; Miles McGill, Halls Ferry; Mrs. M. E. Reed and son, Sprague; A. W. Strong and wife, Spokane; James Devine, Rossland; J. H. Fox, E. Archer, Greenwood; B. Ring, Thos. Rance, Nelson, Wash.; R. Buchoure, W. Farmer, Rossland; Mrs. N. Nauckle, Toronto, Ont.; James Hamilton, city.

A FINE HOME

Chas Cumings Residence Is Completed.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED

The Location, Style of Architecture, and Method of Furnishing All go to Make it a Model Home.

The residence of Chas. Cumings, on the east side of the North Fork, has been completed and is now furnished ready for occupancy. The residence and its contents are models of beauty and convenience and would grace a city a hundred times the size of Grand Forks. Indeed, in stepping into the new home, one seems to be in an entirely different social life, and it is only upon departing that the reality of life in a rugged and growing mining town is again felt.

The residence stands immediately on the bank of the North Fork, and through the heat of summer cool breezes from the stream blow in at the windows, while the stream is an ever changing but ever refreshing feast for the eyes, with its scintilating ripples reflecting back the blue sky and flaky cloud combined with a kaleidascopic collection of various colored pebbles and boulders that glimmer through the clear water and seem to dance with glee beneath the merry wavelets. It is an ideal location for a home.

The residence is built on a modern plan, with all the improvements tending toward the comfort and convenience of its occupants. A wide veranda runs across the entire front and part way around each side, while in the rear, on the North where the sun never touches, is a large porch, large enough for an ordinary dwelling in a mining town, enclosed on three sides and with the second story of the building extending over it.

Entering the front door, one is ushered into a spacious hallway, with stairs to the right, and to the left a double doorway hung with rich portiers, connecting with the parlor. The general effect of paper, tapestry and carpets in hallway and parlor is a velvety maroon, broken by enough of a variety to enhance the attractiveness of this restful color. Heavily upholstered chairs and sofas, with velvet and satin cushions and Turkish rugs form a furnishment that is a surprise and a delight. Works from the masters of art adorn the walls, and the home-like effect is strengthened by a roomy fire-place, just now hidden by a unique Japanese screen, and a well filled library, a glance at which shows that it contains the standard productions of fiction and science, backed by Encyiopedia Brittanica and other compendiums of knowledge. A cigar tray, supported by an artistic stand, inlaid with onyx, has its place by the fire, and the metallic figure of a cavalier of the sixteenth century supports the lamp. Bric-a-brac adorns the mantel, some pieces being of choice Royal Worcester china. The windows, running almost entirely across the south side of the room, are hung with lace curtains of elegant design.

The dining room, connected with a portier-hung double doorway, is fitted up with no less degree of taste. The west side of the room consists of a large bay window which projects nearly over the river and from which a good view of the city is obtained. This part of the room is furnished by itself with upholstery and cushions, and must become a favorite lounging place. On the walls of the dining room hang etchings of rural scenery, groups of game etc., and on three sides of the room are sideboards for the reception of table wear and linen. A huge cut-glass punch bowl adorns the table, and on the sideboards are silver water services, chafing dish etc. One of the most elegant articles of furniture in the room is a three cornered China closet, fronted with a door of heavy oval plate glass. The closet is well filled with choice Japanese and other sets of china, and glassware. Back of the dining room are the kitchen and "help's room," both furnished with all the modern conveniences.

One of the pleasantest places in the house is found at the head of the stairs, which make such a turn that at the top is a ballustrade forming three sides of a square, and enclosing a lobby six feet or more in width, from which a view of the stairs, lower hall and parlor is obtained.

One bedroom on the lower floor and two on the upper are furnished in a style in keeping with the rest of the house, and the North half of the upper story is left in one large unfurnished room which can be used for a playroom or storage purposes.

The town has a great acquisition in the Cumings' residence, Mr. and Mrs. Cumings are to be congratulated upon the good taste displayed in fitting up their home.

MINING RECORDS.

Record of the locations, certificates of work transfers, etc., recorded at the Mining Recorder's office, Grand Forks, B. C., for the week ending August 12th, 1897:

August 4—Comet, Christina lake, T. Kellar.
Sailor Boy, Hardy creek, John Holms.

August 5—Hit or Miss, McRea creek, E. E. Barr.
Copper Farm, McRea creek, John Hamill.
Barrow, Stephen Taylor, et al.
Guelph, McRea creek, M. W. Burr.

August 6—Wide Awake, North Fork, Henry Conture.

August 7—Lina, McRea creek, H. M. Austin.
Floe, McRea creek, Wm. Lambert.
Heather Bell, Christina lake, John H. Hayes.
Eureka, and Francis E., Christina lake, H. H. Anderson.
Dollie K., Christina lake, Jas. H. Hayes.
Bonanza, Christina lake, H. H. Henderson.
Thomas Gratton, Pass creek, Chas. Frank.
Yellow Bird, Christina lake, L. S. Henricks.
Orange Grove, Brown's camp, Thomas I. Parkinson.
Oliver Twist, Brown's camp, W. A. Pfiefer, et al.
Copper Queen, Greenwood camp, J. Mulligan.

August 9—First Chance, North Fork, W. A. Cowles.
Unexpected, North Fork, E. G. Cowles.
Evening Star, Wellington camp, J. K. Frazer Brothers, McRea creek, S. H. Bernard.
Clifton, Wellington camp, W. L. Germain.
Monnier, Kettle River, N. Monnier, et al.
Bertonneau, Christina lake, N. Monnier, et al.
Good Luck, Christina lake, Frank Currie and G. H. Summers.

August 10—Humming Bird, North Fork, Henry Conture.

August 11—Fairy, McRea creek, J. Thompson.

August 12—Winnipeg Fraction, Wellington camp, John A. Crawford.
Virginia, and Red Lion, Hardy mountain, A. V. Davis.
White Bird, Hardy mountain, M. O'Keefe.

CERTIFICATE ON WORK.

August 5—Erwin, J. Ehlrich, et al.
Wallingford, James Hamilton.
Buffalo, A. C. Sutton, et al.

August 7—Dumphy Fraction, Otto Gruno and Alex Dumphy.
Geneva, Otto Gruno and Alex Dumphy.
Dumphy, Otto Gruno and Alex Dumphy.
Amazon, J. Pringle.
The Milda, C. Cusack, et al.

August 9—Rose Bud, R. S. Frazer.
Red Rose, H. Collins and G. Reynolds.
Advance, W. Collins and G. Reynolds.
The Bristol, Robt. J. Hewitt.
Swansea, Robt. Hewitt.

August 10—Mohawk, G. M. Miller, et al.

August 11—ElPaso, and Olive, Pasadena Consolidated Mining Company.

August 12—Mountain Chief, J. W. Seal, et al.
LaVeta, E. S. Graham and Janet H. Harvey.
Rattler, Joe Gelinas, et al.

TRANSFERS.

August 5—Amador, and Palmetto, ⅓ each, Mose Burns to Chas. VanNess.
Humming Bird, 1-10 of a ⅓ int., J. W. T. O'Brien to Julius Ehrich.
Solid Gold, all, H. E. Jones to Richard Cooper.
Kitty W., ⅓, W. L. McKay to Wm. Pfiefer.

August 7—Heather Bell, Eureka, Bonanza, Dollie K., and Francis E., ⅓ each, Jas. H. Hayes and H. H. Anderson to Wm. H. Dandy.

August 9—Lady Simpson, ⅓, F. H. Knight to Robert Hewitt.

August 10—Yellow Bird, ⅓, L. S. Henricks to W. J. Penrose.

August 11—Black Prince, ⅓, C. Scott Greening to H. H. Carter.
Tennesee, and Louisiana, ⅔, Paul B. Chandler and Chas. Sandner to Jas. K. Kelly.

August 12—American Eagle, ⅓, Hugh McGuire to J. T. O'Brien.

IS GOING SOUTH.

J. E. York Will Mine for Iron in Venezuela, South America.

A telegraphic dispatch from Faribault Minn., of Aug. 9 is as follows:

The Orinoco Company, owners of a 14,000,000-acre concession in Venezuela, has leased to J. E. Searles and others, among whom is J. E. York, lately an industrial promoter of Duluth, iron mines on the Orinoco river at a royalty of 12½ cents a ton, and with a minimum output of 500,000 tons. The mines are very rich, and the leasees state they will mine 3,000,000 tons a year in a short time. The Orinoco Company is a Faribault corporation.

Mr. York will be remembered by a number of our citizens by reason of a visit which he paid this city last year for the purpose of visiting Volcanic mountain. He expressed himself at the time as being of the opinion that the Volcanic would be the greatest mine in the world upon one condition, and that was whether the ore would pay for working.

"If a profit of $1.00 per ton on this ore could be made" he said, "there is enough wealth in Volcanic mountain to make every man, woman and child in Canada independent."

THE CONCERT.

It Was an Artistic Success in Every Way.

The concert given last Tuesday evening for the benefit of the Presbyterian church was a most decided success artistically, and while not so successful financially as might have been desired still a neat sum was netted and turned over the church.

The affair was arranged and supervised by Miss Alice May Harrah one of the leading vocalists and musicians of Spokane, who very kindly tendered her services to assist the church.

Those who failed to attend certainly missed a rare treat as nothing of so high a standard of excellence has ever before been given in the city.

Miss Harrah was in excellent voice and sang superbly, particularly in the "Cuckoo Song." Each of her selections was entusiastically encored and her second numbers were well chosen. Mrs. Dahl played, if possible, better than ever, the beautiful singing tone of the violin being brought out to an unusual degree. She was forced to respond to two encores. Mrs. Bergen's piano solos were excellent and displayed a most sympathetic touch and splendid execution to good advantage. Mrs. Shanholzer's solo was well rendered and took with the audience, an encore being demanded. LaRue Perrine was in good voice and his solo, "Thursday," was well received, his second number being even better than the first.

The closing duet by Miss Harrah and Mrs. Shanholzer was a perfect blending of two rare voices and a fitting close to a delightful entertainment.

Following is the program in full.

Flow Gently, Deva ..... Parry
Miss Harrah, Mr. Perrine.

Daughter of the Regiment ..... Donizetti
Mrs. Ethel G. Dahl.

When the Heart is Young. ..... Buck
Mrs. Edna L. Shanholzer.

Happy Days ..... Strelezki
Miss Alice May Harrah.
Violin obligato by Mrs. Dahl.

LaFesta ..... Holst
Mrs. E. M. Bergen.

Estudiantina ..... Lacome
Miss Harrah, Mr. Perrine.

Legendi ..... Wiemawiki
Mrs. Ethel G. Dahl.

Cuckoo Song ..... Abt
Miss Harrah.

Thursday ..... McFoy
Mr. Perrine.

Old Black Joe ..... Foster
Mrs. E. M. Bergen.

Sunset ..... A. Goring Thomas
Miss Harrah, Mrs. Shanholzer.
Accompanist, Mrs. E. M. Bergen.

GREENWOOD WINS THE GAME.

Negotiations Now Pending for Another Game for $250 Aside.

Last Sunday afternoon a large contigencie of Grand Forks sports, and admirers of that game of all games, base ball, went to Nelson to witness the game between the Nelson and Greenwood nines, which was pronounced by those who witnessed it to be the most hotly contested baseball game of the season, and resulted in defeat for the Nelson boys by a very narrow margin. The defeat of the Nelson team is attributed to the fact that two of their former players, the Marr boys, have gone to Greenwood and played with that nine. This fact had rather a disheartening effect from the start and until the last innings the visitors had a good strong lead, but three men on bases were brought in by Captain Price who also scored himself and brought the score up to 23-24 where it stood when the game closed.

The positions of the Nelson players through most of the game were as follows:

Glen Cole, c.; Bert Campbell, p.; Wm Cole, 1b.; — McDonald, 2b; — Wilson 3b.; Jas. Boswell, ss.; Fred Clyde, lf.; Harry Donough, cf.; Tom Capsie, rf.; J. C. Price, captain.

Arrangements are now being made for a return game at $250 per side, and the Nelson boys feel sure they can win next time.

A Reservation Sale.

The sale of three properties on La Fleur mountain, on the reversation, is reported this week. The deal was negotiated by O. C. Luther, former owner of the claims, which are the Comet Seattle and Ivanhoe, and the purchaser being a Chicago syndicate.

The terms of the sale are such that one third of the purchase price was paid down, one third in three and the balance in six months. The purchase price was $9,000. The purchasers are to keep a force of men at work continuously on the property until the final payment on the bond is made.

Be sure and stop at Edwards' ferry for good meals and clean bed.

GRAND FORKS MINER.

THE MINER is published on Saturday and will mailed to Subscriber on payment of Two Dollars a year.

Displayed Advertisements $2 an inch per month. A liberal discount allowed on long contracts.

Trancient Advertisements 20 cents a line first insertion and 10 cents a line for each additional insertion.

Local or reading matter notices 25 cents each insertion.

Job Printing at Fair rates. All accounts for job work and advertising payable on the first of each month. F. H. McCARTER & SON.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 14, 1897.

ANOTHER MEMBER FOR YALE.

In the ordinary course of events the next sitting of the Provincial Assembly should be the last of the present legislature, and there is no reason to doubt but that the Provincial Government will carry out its expressed intent of intoducing a redistribution bill. Even if the Government had expressed no intentions at all in the matter it is evident that the remarkable development which the Province has undergone during the past three years and the great increase of population which has taken place, especially in the southern portion would render a redistribution bill a positive necessity.

In such a bill the claims of East Yale to an additional representative cannot be ignored. Even at the election of 1894 and before settlement had made any headway at all in the southern part of the Riding, East Yale, polled double the number of votes for its one member that at least six other constituencies polled in the same election. In fact the voting population of the riding was only exceeded and that by insignificant figures by the cities of New Westminister, Vancouver, Victoria and the Delta. The exact figures are New Westminister 1409 for one member, Vancouver 1263 for each of its 3 members, Victoria 1539 for each of its four members, and the Delta 1130 for its one member. East Yales vote in the some election was 1052 for one member.

Since that time the entire southern portion of Yale has become comparatively well populated. Midway, McKinney, Fairview, Osoyoos, Anaconda, Greenwood City, Carson, Grand Forks and Cascade City have become the thriving center of both a resident, suburban mining and agricultural population, The voting population from Penticton south is now at least as large as North Victoria or Esquimalts was in 1894. But when we consider the large non-voting population which has to be considered in addition and the interests of which are no less important than those of the voting population, we may safely assume that the government will need very little assistance in coming to the conclusion that the country from Sycamous to the International Boundary is inadequately represented by a single member.

YALE MUST BE DIVIDED.

In former issues of the MINER an endeavor has been made to point out the necessity of dividing the county of Yale into a north and south riding. From a careful study of the question it is plain to be seen that all that territory this side south of Penticton should compose the south riding and that on the other side the north riding. At present all business pertaining to land, such as the taking up and the filing of pre-emptions must be done through the government agent at Vernon; and although that official, Mr. Leonard Norris, is an exceptionally painstaking and prompt official, his territory is so extensive that it is impossible for him to become thoroughly acquainted with the requirements of all parts of the county, Again, there are matters arising here daily that require the personal attention of a government agent, as well as the other county officials. These and many other reasons can be given why the county should be divided.

THE action of the city council in providing a free convoy for all freight consigned to reservation points should meet with commendation from every citizen. Since the wagon road has been completed from Wilber to Eureka the representatives of the Washington Central railroad, in Spokane, have been using the fact that a $5.00 convoy fee was expected from every person who made a shipment of goods to reservation points, as a club to turn freight and travel over their line. Now that the club has been broken by the action of the city council in furnishing a free convoy, there is no doubt but that the bulk of travel will continue to go this way, as the transportation facilities are much more comfortable and rapid than via the Washington Central route.

GREAT surprise is being expressed by our cousins across the line over the fact "that there are other pebbles on the beach," and if they want to hold the trade of the country something has to be done besides sitting down and crying over the disappointing railway news. The furnishing of a free convoy is the first invitation that has been extended for many a day towards offering inducements for travel to come this way. If this action had been taken a year ago there would not have been so much talk of building a road from Marcus to Eureka. There are a great many other things that can be done toward attracting trade this way and it is to be hoped that good work will not be stopped at its beginning.

THERE is no question but that economy is all right in the management of the affairs of either a city or private individual but in either event there is no occasion for splitting hairs. What we want in Grand Forks is a good business administration. She wants the work, necessary to be done, to be done at once, with fair and reasonable prices paid for what she gets, let it be labor or material. A good adequate sewerage system is needed badly and that at once. She should own her own water and light plant and it should be built as soon as possible. Let all these things be done in a business like way, not like the grading of Bridge street, and the people will be satisfied.

A WOMAN named Mrs. Omier was in jail at Ottawa, charged with killing her husband. An order came for her release from jail and she refused to go. Well, she had a right to her own choice in the matter, but we venture the opinion that no man would refuse to leave jail. Women, however, are more used to being confined, and this prodably accounts for her determination.

MR. O. S. DENNIS has been appointed Gold Commissioner in Nelson, vice Capt. Fitzstubbs resigned—The appointment gives general satisfaction.

MISTAKES IN MAIL SERVICES.

THE BOUNDARY CREEK TIMES THINKS IT HAS A KICK COMING.

Everything is not smooth in the Postal service at Greenwood, according to the last issue of the Boundary Creek Times, which makes its kick as follows:

"For several months past there have been mistakes made in the distribution of mail at the Penticton office or at one of the distributing post-offices to the north. Mails which should be in the Greenwood bag are placed in the Grand Forks bag, and consequently they are forwarded to the latter point. The result is that business men of Greenwood are often at an inconvenience and loss because they do not receive important letters until they are returned from Grand Forks. We are well aware that there is a large amount of mail to be distributed from the Penticton office, but the government should provide the postmaster with sufficient assistants to ensure a more careful distribution of mail and prevent so many errors. It is bad enough to have mails only three times a week from Penticton, without the additional vexation of finding that important letters have been taken to Grand Forks and necessarily kept there a day before being returned to Greenwood."

In relation to the same subject the Times futher says:

"After considerable agitation and grumbling on the part of the inhabitants of Kootenay the Postmaster-General has authorized the conveyance of mails daily between Revelstoke and Trail and other Kootenay points. Now if the Honorable Mr. Muloch would authorize the conveyance of mails daily between Penticton and Boundary creek points, the residents here would fully appreciate the service. If that is impossible this summer, it would not be a difficult matter to arrange the conveyance of mails daily to and from Grand Forks. There is now a daily stage on this route and the extra expense should not prove a barrier. There is already a daily mail from Marcus to Grand Forks and there is no good reason why this service should not be extended to Greenwood.

TELEPHONE LINE.

W. B. ARIS SAYS THAT ONE WILL BE BUILT HERE.

In an interview in the Spokane Chronicle relative to building a telephone line into this section, W. B. Aris, manager of the line, recently said:

"The enterprise has exceeded beyond our expectations. We are now preparing to construct an extention or branch into Grand Forks, B. C. The route has been surveyed and the work will begin at once, The line will branch off from our present line at Bossburg and will follow very nearly the stage until reaching the international boundary. There we connect with the British Columbia Telephone company, which carries the line into Grand Forks, Greenwood and Midway. We are also preparing to put our wires into Eureka, but have not determined whether to run the line from Kettle Falls up the Kettle river or to branch down across the boundary line from Grand Forks."

When in need of anything in the line of job work do not forget that THE MINER can supply you at the lowest possible price for good work.

AFTER A SEATTLE MAN.

RENTS A PACK OUTFIT AND FAILS TO MAKE THE PROPER RETURN.

W. T. Wren, a livery man from Rossland, arrived in the Forks last Monday night in search of J. H. Woolery, who was at one time sheriff of King county Wash. It was not because Mr. Wren had any particular friendship for Woolery, nor did he come as a messenger conveying the welcoming news of the death of a rich relation, who had left all his cash to him, nor that he was the lucky holder of a Chinese lottery ticket but an entirely different mission. According to Mr Wren's story Woolery had formed too strong an attachment for three of his horses—he does not accus that gentleman of stealing his four-dollar cayuses, but merely appropriating them to his own use.

It appears about six or eight weeks ago when the ex-sheriff was on his way from the Slocan country to the reservation, that he rented from Wren, who was then running a livery barn at Northport, a pack outfit consisting of three horses and the necessary paraphernalia to comprise a complete prospecting layout, for the period of one week. Since that time nothing had been heard of him except that one of the horses had died and Woolery had sold one, and becoming alarmed concerning the return of his property had traced that gentleman to this city, where it was ascertained that he was at present at Eureka on the reservation, for which place the irate livery man left early Tuesday morning swearing vengeance and declaring that he would have the return of his property or there would be trouble.

A New Eldorado.

"Everything is Klondike. Everybody is for Klondike. The last Alaska bound vessel was weighted down with passengers and freight for the Yukon districts, and everything that will carry is to be weighed to the waters edge for weeks to come. And all the excitement is for gold—the greatest gold excitement the world has known. Even California in the '49 days was not so fascinating as the long and tiresome journey to Klondike, with the inumerable hardships incident to it, with its prospective marvelous wealth. But it ever was as it is. Men are willing to risk life itself for the possession of gold, though their individual chance of possing any very large amount of it may be less than one in a thousand, and their chance of returning in less than destitute circumstances is not one in a hundred, Persons who are adventurously inclined and have nothing to lose, and who are willing to endure any hardships, may go Alaskaward, but those who cannot afford to risk should not think of it. It will be only a few months before the returning vessels will be bringing back crowds of gold-seekers who have neither gold nor the wherewith to purchase food.—Silverton Silvertonian.

Liberals Meet.

The regular bi-monthly meeting of the Liberal association of Grand Forks and vicinity met in the MINER office last Monday evening. Among the other matters attended to at the meeting was the appointing of James Kerr, J. P. a second vice president of the association. After a general discussion of the political situation some half a dozen new names were added to the roll of the association and the meeting adjourned till Monday evening the 23rd inst.

Dissapointed.

Recent arrivals from Eureka report that some of the Grand Forks citizens who pulled up stakes and went to that place, to engage in business, are not meeting with the success that they anticipated. In fact they find that the nickels and dimes are not rolling in there with any more rapidity than they did in the Forks, and almost every line of business is greatly over done.

Right You Are.

The Tacoma Ledger says that Canada only owns a small portion of the Yukon gold fields. Then why, in the name of common sense, do not American citizens go and develop the mines which Canada does not control, and stop making an exhibition of themselves over the Canadian customs and mining laws?—Victoria Colonist.

Freighters and travelers will always find th best of accommodations at Edwards' ferry.

MRS. PRYBILSKI,

Dealer in

Fine Millinery,

ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES OF THE ART.

Riverside Ave. Grand Forks.

TRADES LICENSE.

BY-LAW NO. 5.

A By-law for levying and collecting license fees from certain traders, and to regulate and govern certain trades.

1. It shall be lawful for the council, from time to time to appoint an Inspector of Licenses, and by resolution define his duties and remuneration therefor.

2. Every house, building or premises licensed under this by-law shall be liable to be inspected at all times by the Inspector of Licenses, or by the Chief of Police, or Police Constable, duly authorized in that behalf, and any person or person refusing the above officers admittance, or preventing such inspection, shall be liable to the penalties of this by-law.

3. Each and every person, persons or body corporate, using or following the several trades, occupations, professions, or business set forth in the schedule hereunto annexed, and particularly described herein, shall take out a periodical license for such period as in said schedule set forth, paying therefor, such periodical sums as is therein specified, which said sum shall in all cases be paid in advance, as specified in this by-law.

4. Any person or persons, who shall carry on, use, practice or exercise any trade, occupation, profession or business in the said schedule, described or named, without first taking out and had granted to him, or her the necessary license in that behalf, shall for each offense be liable to the penalties of this by-law.

5. No person, persons or body corporate, shall own within the City of Grand Forks any cab, carriave or omnibus, or other vehicle for the conveyance of passengers for hire from one place to another within the city, or own any trunk, dray, cart, wagon or other vehicle used in the transportation of goods, wares or merchandise, or other article or thing, from place to place within the city for hire, or keep teams for work of any kind of hire, in the said city without having first obtained a license to do so. No person holding four licenses under this section shall be liable at the same time to take out or pay for a license in respect to the livery stable at which his vehicle mentioned in such license is kept.

6. No person, persons or body corporate shall own any cab, carriage, or omnibus or other vehicle for the conveyance of passengers for hire from any place or places outside of the city to any point within the City of Grand Forks without having first obtained a license to do so.

7. Every description of vehicle except omibuses, street railway, or tramway cars, used in the conveyance of passengers, for hire from one place to another within the city, and whether drawn by one or more horses or other animals, shall be deemed a cab witnin the meaning of this by-law.

8. Every owner of more than one cab, dray or omnibus, shall take out a license for each cab, dray or omnibus, and each such vehicle shall have in a conspicuous place thereon, and subject to the approval of the License Inspector, a number, which number shall correspond with the number in the record or register kept by the License Inspector.

9. The person in whose name a license is taken out under the provisions of this by-law shall be considered as the owner or proprietor of the vehicle or place licensed, and shall be liable to the penalties in this by-law contained for any breach of the provisions thereof, whether committed by said owner or proprietor or by any employee of said owner or proprietor.

10. Any person purchasing the interest of any other person in any cab, dray or omnibus, livery, sale, feed or exchange stable who shall continue the business without having obtained a transfer of such license, shall be guilty of a breach of this by-law, and shall, on conviction be subject to the penalties therein provided.

11. Every owner licensed to keep any cab or omnibus, shall keep the same continually clean, the interior thereof dry, and the harness or equipments used therewith always in good repair, and every owner licensed to keep a livery stable, feed or sale stables shall keep the same clean, and the vehicles, harness and stable equipments in connection therewith clean and sound, and the horses therein proper and sufficient to do the work, and all places, vehicles, and horses licensed to be kept under this by-law shall be subject to the inspection of the License Inspector at all reasonable times.

12. Every driver of a cab shall, when required by any police officer, give official information with reference to the address of the house or place to which he may have driven any passengers and any other information connected therewith which may have come to his knowledge, and a refusal of such information shall be deemed a breach of this by-law.

13. Every driver of any cab or dray, shall when called upon to do so, assist any police officer in the conveyance in his cab or dray of any person or persons to the common gaol, or any police station in the city, or in the conveyance to the hospital or elsewhere, if required, any person who may have met with an accident, or is ill or wounded, provided such illness is not of an infectious nature; and said driver shall be entitled to his usual fare therefor by such persons so carried, or by the city.

14. No cab, cart, express wagon or other vehicle kept for hire, shall stand upon or in any street while waiting for hire or engagement, except upon and on such stands as may from time to time be appointed by the council for that purpose.

15. No person (not being a government officer selling by auction government property, or sheriffs officer or bailiff, selling lands, goods, or chattles, taken in execution or for the satisfaction of rents or taxes), shall sell or put up for sale by public auction, goods, wares, merchandise, effects, or real estate or carry on the business or calling of an auctioneer within the city, without having obtained a license so to do, and paid the fee therefor, and every such license shall contain the name of one person only, and shall not be used by a partner, servant or agent of such person so licensed.

16. No hawker, or petty chapman, or other person who carries on a petty trade or who goes from place to place to other mens houses on foot, or with any animal bearing or draying goods, wares, or merchandise for sale or otherwise carry goods, wares, or merchandise for sale, other than the growth, produce, or manufacture of the Province of British Columbia, shall exercise such calling within the city without having obtained a license so to do, and paid the fee therefor set out in the schedule to this by-law,

17. No person either on his own behalf, or as agent for another, or others, shall sell, solicit, or take orders for the sale by retail for goods, wares, or merchandise, to be supplied or furnished by any person or firm, doing business outside of the city, without having first obtained a license, and paid the fee therefor, set out in the schedule to this by-law.

18. No person or persons shall for hire or profit, directly or indirectly, keep or have in his, her or there possession or on his, her or their premises within the city, any pool or billiard table, or have any such tables in any place licensed as a saloon, hotel, victualling house, ordinary, or place of public entertainment, or resort within the city, whether such tables are used or not, without having a license and paid the fee therefor, set out in the schedule to this by-law.

19. No person, persons or body corporate, except chemists or druggists, using the same in preparations of prescriptions of medical practitioner, shall within the City of Grand Forks sell, barter, or exchange, or in any manner whatsoever traffic in or with opium, in any form whether crude or manufactured, without having first obtained a license so to do, and paid the fee there for set out in the schedule to this by-law.

20. For every retail trader in the business as a hardware, drugs, stationery, boots and shoes, or furniture merchant, the sum of $5.00 for each six months.

21. For every second hand dealer and store, the sum of $50.00, for every six months.

22. For every person other than a barrister or solicitor, who has taken out a license to practice as such, filling the occupation of conveyancer or land agent, or both $5.00 for every six months.

23. An auctioneer who unduly makes a noise in the streets by the undue ringing of bells, shall be deemed to have committed a breach of this by-law.

24. Any violation or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall subject the offender, upon conviction before the Mayor, Police Magistrate, or any Justices of the Peace having jurisdiction within the City of Grand Forks to a penalty not exceeding one hundred dollars with costs. All penalties and costs imposed under this by-law shall be recoverable by distress, and in case of no sufficient distress being found, imprisonment, with, or without hard labour, in the discretion of the convicting Magistrate may be imposed for the period not to exceed thirty days.

SCHEDULE.

1. For every license under sub section 5, $2.50 for every six months.

2. For every license under sub-section six $5.00 for every six months.

3. For every livery stable license $15.00 for every six months.

4. For every person owning a pack train of six or more animals, freight wagon, stage coach or omnibus, used for transporting goods for profit or hire a distance of more than ten miles $2.50 for every six months.

5. For every hawker, petty chapman or dealers license $50.00 for every six months, and peddlers selling farm products of B. C. $5.00 for every six months.

6. For every transient trader or agents (mentioned in clause 16), $50.00 for every six months.

7. For every auctioneers license $50.00 for very six months

8. For every billiard or other table as per section 17, $2.50 for every six months.

9. For every bowling alley, or rifle gallery, $5.00 for every six months.

10. For every dealer in opium, crude or manufactured, other than chemist or druggsit in the preparation of physicians prescription, $250.00 for every six months.

11. For every person who keeps or carries on a public wash house or laundry, a sum of $5.00 for every six months.

12. For every transient street fakir, or patent medicine man, the sum of $5.00 for the first week, and $25.00 per week for each week thereafter.

13. For every barber, hair dresser, etc., $5.00 for every six months.

14. For every contractor and builder $5.00 for every six months.

15. Blacksmiths, paint shops, and printing offices $5.00 for six months.

Reconsidered and finally passed this 16th day of July, A. D., 1897.

[L. S.] Signed and Sealed
JOHN A. MANLY, MAYOR.

JAMES A. AIKMAN, City Clerk.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Muncipal Corporation of the City of Grand Forks, on the —— day of June 1897, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that any one desirious of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the supreme court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf. JAMES A. AIKMAN, City Clerk.

BY-LAW NO. 6.

A by-law to amend the by-law to define the conditions requirements and regulations of Licenses for the sale of spiritous, fermented, intoxicating and other liquors in the city of Grand Forks.

WHEREAS, at the time of the incorporation of the city of Grand Forks there existed licenses to sell wine, beer, and spiritous liquors, and

Whereas, by By-law No. 2 of the said city of Grand Forks it is provided that Hotel licenses only shall be issued, and

Whereas, it was not the intention of the Municipality of the City of Grand Forks to interfere with any liquor licenses existing at the time of its incorporation

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipality of Grand Forks that all licenses to sell wine, beer and spiritous liquors existing at the time of the incorporation of the said city of Grand Forks shall be and remain existing licenses upon payment of the fees fixed by By-law No. 2 of the by-laws of the said city.

Reconsidered and finally passed this 16th day of July, A. D., 1897.

[L. S.] Signed and Sealed
JOHN A. MANLY, MAYOR.

J. A. AIKMAN, City Clerk.

Theosophical Society.

WELBON BRANCH:—Meets every Sunday evening at 8 o'clock at the residence of N. Larson. A cordial invitation by the society is extended to all who are interested in the study of Theosophy.

Church Notice.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Services every Sabbath in the church at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. in the school room at Grand Forks. Sabbath school 10:30 a. m. in the school room. At Carson weekly 3 p. m.

REV. THOS. PATON, Pastor.

Carson Lodge I. O. O. F. No. 37.

I. O. O. F. MEETS EVERY SATURDAY evening at 8 o'clock in their hall at Carson, B. C. A cordial invitation extended to all sojourning brethren.

P. B. NELSON, R. S.
D. D. MCLAREN, N. G.

JUBILEE - HOSPITAL

GRAND FORKS, B. C.

R. B. STANLEY SMITH, M. D.

Resident Physician & Surgeon.

FORBES M. KERBY,

Provincial Land Surveyor.

And Civil Engineer.

OFFICE, MIDWAY, B. C.
Associate Member Canadian Society of Civil Engineers.

A. C. SUTTON,

BARRISTER AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.,

GRAND FORKS, - - BRITISH COLUMBIA.

H. A. SHEADS,

= ASSAYER =

GRAND FORKS, B. C.

SAMPLES GIVEN PROMPT AND CAREFUL ATTENTION

F. WOLLASTON,

Provincial Land Surveyor.

Civil Engineer, Etc.

GRAND FORKS, B. C.

GRAND FORKS HOTEL

Barber Shop.

Centrally Located. All Work Gauranteed to be First-Class in every Respect.

PETER A. Z. PARE, - PROPRIETOR.

H. S. CAYLEY,

BARRISTER AT LAW;

SOLICITOR, ETC.,

Office, Main Street, - GRAND FORKS, B. B.

A. L. McDONALD,

Contractor and Builder,

GRAND FORKS, B. C.

Plans and specifications drawn, estimates furnished on all kinds of building. Work strictly first-class.

A. B. HART.

Contractors and Builders,

Office, Store, and Saloon Fixtures a Specialty, Plans and Specifications Made and Estimates Made.

OFFICE, RIVERSIDE AVE., GRAND FORKS,

W. G. HEPWORTH, M. D., C. M.

Physician and Surgeon.

McGILL, MONTREAL.

Office In Drug Store.

GRAND FORKS, B. C.

A. BAUMGARTNER.

Boot and Shoe Shop.

Boots and shoes made to order of the very best material. Repairing promptly done.

END OF THE BRIDGE, - - GRAND FORKS.

J. K. JOHNSON,

Law and Collecting Agency.

CONVEYANCER, MINERAL CLAIMS BOUGHT AND SOLD. NOTARY PUBLIC.

GRAND FORKS, - BRITISH COLUMBIA

W. E. STACHE,

Bath Rooms,

AND TONSORIAL PARLORS.

RIVERSIDE, - - - GRAND FORKS

J. W. JONES,

Manufacturer of

Spring Beds, Mattresses,

LOUNGES, ETC.

DEALER IN HOUSEHOLD GOODS OF ALL KINDS.

GRAND FORKS, B. C.

Saw Filing and all Kinds of Repairing.

STAGE LINE

BETWEEN

Grand Forks . . . .

and Eureka Camp.

Making Carson, Nelson, Curlew, Eureka and Sans Poil three times weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

J. N. OWENS, Prop.

Spokane Falls & Northern.
Nelson & Ft. Sheppard,
Red Mountain R'ys.

The only All-rail Route, without change of cars, between Spokane, Rossland Nelson.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Going North.		Going South.
12:12 a. m.	MARCUS	2:28

Close connections at Nelson with steamboats for Kaslo and all Kootenay Lake Points.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

Northern Pacific

RAILWAY.

Yellowstone Park Line.

The Fast Line,

Superior Service.

Through tickets to all points in the United States and Canada.

Direct connection with the Spokane Falls & Northern Railway.

TRAINS DEPART:

No. 1 West	8:25 p. m.
No. 2 East	7:00 a. m.

Tickets to Japan and China via. Tacoma and Northern Pacific Steamship Company.

For information, time cards, maps and tickets apply to agents of the Spokane Falls & Northern and its connections, or

F. D. GIBBS, General Agent, Spokane, Wash.

A. D. CHARLTON, A. G. P. A., No. 255 Morrison St., Portland, Or.
Write for new map of Kootenay country.

ITS A HUMMER

NO SIGNS OF ANY LET UP IN THE PROGRESS OF THIS PLACE.

The Townsite to Be Platted, a Sawmill Coming in and a Large Number of Properties Being Developed.

Eureka camp, that marvel of the mineral world, which when its news was first heralded abroad created an excitement second only to that occasioned by the placer strikes on the Klondyke, has rapidly passed from the prospective to the development stage and now begins to present the appearance of an old established camp. The floating prospectors, whose tents for a time whitened the hills, have pushed on toward Toroda, Trout and Meyers creeks, and points west and north of Eureka, stimulated in their search for wealth by the success of the Eureka locators and by reports of similar finds in Torada and elsewhere.

But while the transient prospectors have been striking their tents a population of a more substantial type has been accumulating, and the "city" is larger today, and more business is being transacted than ever in its short but eventful career.

So much has been said and written regarding Eureka that it seems like repeating history to go into details in describing it. It seems that everyone must have a good idea of the camp from the descriptions of it that have been written, but no one can fully appreciate its importance without paying it a visit and looking over the immense mineral deposits which have made Eureka so justly famous.

Since it has become established beyond a doubt that the dikes of quartz carry gold in paying quantities and that the value not only continues but grows greater with depth, extensive development work will be pushed on all the claims through which runs any one of the great parallel leads. On a number of claims work is progressing with all the men employed who can be used. The two claims upon which the most development work has been done are Republic and Lone Pine. These are both working three shifts, and on both tunnels are being driven so that these properties escape the annoyance from water with which those who are sinking shafts have to contend, and which has recently caused suspension of work on the Black Tail and San Poil. The owners of these claims, however, will put in pumping machinery as soon as plants can be secured and the work of developing the property will proceed with renewed energy.

On the Bodie, the south extension of the San Poil, the lead was struck last week in the shaft at a depth of 18 feet. Hoisting apparatus has been put in place and work on the shaft will be continued. The work is being done on the northern boundary line of the claim, near the summit of the hill where the croppings appear. There is no doubt that the lead runs completely through the claim though it is covered with drift to a depth of twenty feet or more.

There are about 100 men employed on the Eureka properties and in addition to these, quite a number are developing their own properties. Practically every business and profession is represented, and all the merchants appear to be doing a good business. Buildings continue going up, and many of them are of a substantial order that speaks of a determination on the part of their owners to winter. Many of the tents and "shake" structures now doing service for stores, lodging houses, &c., will be replaced by substantial buildings before the advent of cold weather. One reason why so many temporary quarters are now being used is that the townsite is not in position to be placed on sale, and the business men do not yet know in what part of the camp they will permanently locate, and until this question is definitely settled they will not put up permanent buildings.

The Hilo, Rosa, Sunday, Monday and Tuesday claims will be platted by the Clark brothers of Spokane, into a townsite as soon as patents can be obtained, which will probably be in the course of two or three months. These claims lie considerable lower than the present camp, and on much more level ground. The location of the present camp is seamed with gullys and grassy ridges over which and through the tents and houses are scattered promiscuously, and connected with a net work of trails. The camp is a model of good order, disturbances of any kind being unknown, and its inhabitants retiring with the sun. The exclusion of intoxicants from the reservation by the United States law, effectually prevents carousing and lawlessness.

The Clark brothers have purchased a saw mill which will be in operation upon their property in a short time. Under the reservation laws timber cannot be cut thereon for the purpose of selling, but the interests of Messrs. Clark are so extensive in the camp as to warrant them putting in a mill for their own use, building houses, flumes, &c. Other claim owners can cut timbers from their own claims and haul the logs to the Clark mill to have them cut into lumber, and the greatest inconvenience of the camp at present, the scarcity of lumber, will in a measure be abated.—Reservation Record.

VISITS OUR SCHOOLS.

INSPECTOR BURNS OF VICTORIA, ON HIS ANNUAL TOUR OF INSPECTION.

William Burns, B. A., of Victoria, one of the four school inspectors of the province, was an arrival in the city last Monday, from Cascade City where he had been arranging for the establishing of a school in that thriving little burg. Inspector Burns is on one of his regular tours of inspection of the schools of the province and visits to this section, he expressed great surprise at the growth it had made and gave it aa his opinion that the next twelve months would see the population of this district more than doubled. Mr. Burns spent Tuesday in inspecting our school here as well as the Grand Prairie and expressed himself more than pleased with the teachers and general management of these educational institutions, and after taking a general survey of the city and surrounding country left for Greenwood via Wednesday morning's stage.

During Inspector Burns short stay in Grand Forks he made may friends by his genial and frank manner and on taking leave of the city spoke in flattering terms of the general appearance of the Forks, saying: "You have a beautiful site for a city here and a very fair commencement toward building one of the biggest towns in the Kettle River valley."

In conversation with a representative of the MINER, Mr. Burns stated that he felt confident that within the next twelve months a railway would be built from Penticton to Grand Forks, or as far as Midway anyway, as the time had arrived when the wholesale merchants of the cost cities had awakened to the importance of securing the trade of this section, which feat cannot be accomplished without adequate transportation facilities, and it was evident that development of the country had reached such a stage that would furnish sufficient tonnage to a railway.

In speaking of the growth of the school system of the province Mr Burns said that it had been greatly enhanced during the last twelve months and that in many towns, where everything seemed to be at a stand still, the growth of these places was easily guaged by the yearly increase of the school attendance. In reference to our school here, Mr. Burns, expressed the belief that in the future the average daily attendance would warrant the employment of another teacher, as in these young cities the population was increasing very rapidly.

In reply to the question, "What is the political situation throughout the province?" Mr. Burns replied: "That it was greatly mixed and it was a hard problem to solve at this early date in the campaign. One thing was certain, however, that things were badly mixed to say the best of it and it was anybody's game."

Mr. Burns expects that it will take about six weeks to inspect the schools of this district as he has a large territory to go over. We hope that he will get around to see us often as he is a gentleman well posted in the affairs of the province and one whom it is a pleasure to converse with, and that his prediction regarding the building of a railway from Penticton will prove true and his next visit to the Forks will be made in varnished cars with cushioned seats instead of a dusty stage coach.

On Toroda Creek.

Dave Snyder left here about four weeks ago for the Boundary country on a prospecting trip. He was accompanied by James H. Woolery, formerly sheriff of King county and Tom McCorry of Seattle. Col. Topping has just received a letter from Snyder in which he says they have certainly struck it rich and everybody is on a stampede into their camp, which they have named Sheridan camp. They are 15 miles west of Eureka, where they located four claims which are considered the equal or anything in the Eureka camp.—Trail Creek Miner.

Fire Brigade Met.

The regular meeting of the Grand Forks fire brigade met last Monday evening in Victoria hall, with Chief Ecklund in the chair. No business of any importance was transacted more than a general discussion of the affairs of the brigade. The meeting then adjourned till next Monday evening, at the regular meeting time.

The Plan for the Carson

MANLY TRACT

—IS—

Now on Sale

Don't Miss the opportunity to get in on this deal. Its the most desirable Residence portion of Grand Forks. Easy Terms.

PROSPECTORS

LIVERY FEED and SALE STABLE

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Livery Teams, Saddle

Pack and Ladies Saddle Horses.

Harness Shop in Connection. Teaming of all Kinds Done.

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G. W. WILLIAMS, Manager.

DAILY FROM MARCUS to GRAND FORKS,

GREENWOOD CITY, ANACONDA, BOUNDARY FALLS AND MIDWAY, B. C, AND ALL POINTS ON THE COLVILLE RESERVATION.

Stage Leaves Marcus on the Arrival of the northbound train, arriving at Grand Forks at 8:45 p. m. Leaves the Forks at 4:00 a. m., arriving at Marcus in time to connect with northbound train

Properties Reported on, Development and Assessment Work Supervised.

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Grand Forks, B. C.

Estimates Furnished on All Kinds of Work.

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PLACED AT SHORTEST NOTICE

Persons having mining or other Properties that wil bear investigation, can have a Company promoted, or sell them, by addressing. . . . .

MANHATTAN INVESTORS & SECURITIES CO., Ltd

17 and 19 Broadway, New York City. London offices:—Chiswell House, No 139 Finsbury Pavement, London, E. C., England.

Boundary Creek Mining Exchange

SANSOM & HOLBROOK,

Financial and Mining Brokers.

OFFICE AT GREENWOOD CITY, B. C.

Groups of Claims Bought for Stock Companies, Etc

H. A. HUNTLY,

Dealer in

Groceries, Salt Meat, Fruits, Confectioneries,

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

A Full Line of Fishing Tackel just Received. Prospectors and Miners will find it to their interest to give me a call before purchasing as I can save you money. Don't forget the place. BRIDGE STREET, GRAND FORKS, B. C.

BOUNDARY HOTEL,

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First-class Accommodations Good Stabling, Termius of Stage Line From Marcus, Washington

McAuley & McCauig, - - Proprietors.

COSMOS HOTEL

GRAND FORKS, B. C.

Everything New and Best Furnished House in Town.

INBODY & DAVIDSON, Proprietors.

FINEST WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

Always Found at the Bar. Special attention Paid to Transcient Trade.

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MERCHANT TAILOR

RIVERSIDE AVE; GRAND FORKS, B C.

Suits Made to Order at Reasonable Prices

All Work Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction. Special attention paid to Cleaning and Repairing. Give me a trial order.

J. KERR. J. P. FLOOD.

Kerr & Flood, Butchers,

Grand Forks, Greenwood and Midway.

GRAND FORKS MARKET,

K. A. MATTHES, MANAGER.

All kinds of Meats German Sausages and Head Cheese Always on Hand.

A LIVELY CAMP.

EVERYBODY ON THE JUMP OVER ON TORODA CREEK.

BALLARAT CAMP, Okanogan Co., Wash.—Next to Eureka camp the mining district of Ballarat, or Toroda creek, is perhaps, receiving more attention than any other locality in the Colville reservation, at the present time, if the large number of mining men and prospectors who are arriving here daily is any indication of a possible mining boom.

Ballarat camp proper is located at the forks of Toroda creek, and it is estimated there must be between five and six hundred men now engaged in prospecting in the adjacent hills within a radius of ten to fifteen miles of this point, or in the territory embraced within the limits Ballarat mining district.

On the 7th a meeting of miners was called at this camp for the purpose of electing a mining recorder for this district at which Mr. W. W. Whitbeck was elected to fill that office. This is a very important move toward establishing a permanent camp, resulting as it will in a great convenience to prospectors who have in the past had to make a long and arduous journey to Conconully to record locations.

Two gentlemen from Oakesdale have arrived here for the purpose of establishing a general merchandise and outfitting store and will be ready for business in about two weeks. Other lines of business are expected to open up as the camp developes.

Now that a mining recorder has been elected the boys of the camp will soon combine and form a "bee" to put up a log cabin for the recorder's office.

Among the recent arrivals in camp is the County Clerk, Mr. H. Davis, who is accompanied by his wife and two very interesting little boys. They drove across country from the Co. Seat, in a light wagon, and will remain in this ideal camping point for several days, returning home by way of Eureka and Meyers creek. They are combining pleasure with business, Mr. Davis taking advantage of his vacation by doing a little prospecting and locating. Mr. Davis who is an old resident of the county and an old prospector on the reservation states he is more favorably impressed with the mineral indications of this district than any he has yet visited. Mrs. Davis is enjoying the distinction of being the first lady who has visited the camp.

Mr. C. E. Bayles and Mr. Wilson, who have been prospecting and mining for the past twenty years from Mexico to British Columbia, have located here and are preparing to put a small force of men at work on their claims near here.

Mr. James Bernhard, representing the firm of Holly, Mason & Marks of Spokane, and who put in the summer here making locations, has recently returned from Conconully where he went for recording purposes and supplies. He is preparing to do considerable development work.

Up the south fork of Toroda creek is located a large number of small camps of miners who are staking and developing, among whom are Ex-sheriff Wollery from Seattle, Mr. Dave Snyder, the Clarks of Eureka camp, Recorder Harrington of Eureka and many others. A burro train of ten animals has been put on between Eureka and the south fork to supply materials for working.

Down the Toroda about two miles from this point is located Camp Bodie. The Hennessy brothers and Mr. Rob't. Oliver, of Spokane, have taken up a number of claims at Camp Bodie and are associated with others at present in developing.

In the immediate vicinity of this camp the mineral formation is almost identical with that of Eureka district, with well defined croppings and ledges of porphyry and quartz, assays on top rock running from $3.00 to $9.50.

The White Cap and Little May groups, owned by Messrs. White, Cooper and Richardson, are being worked by four men.

The most prominent mountain of the range rising directly from the forks of the creek on the northwest, has been christened Mt. Hopeful.

Mr. Whitbeck, the newly elected recorder, Messrs. Perry and Buron, of Grand Forks, and Mr. Booth, of Spokane, together with others, have located a group of eight claims on Mt. Hopeful and are now preparing for a two months campaign here doing development work.

There is a general air of activity in this vicinity and it is predicted that this camp will soon become a formidable rival to Eureka.

ON THE BRIMSTONE.

WORK TO BE COMMENCED AT ONCE ON A ONE HUNDRED FOOT TUNNEL.

The last issue of the Reservation Record contained the following relative he celebrated Brimstone property on LaFleur mountain:

Messrs. Phar, Coulson and Fennell have finished their contract on the Moss Rose group in Vulcan camp, and are now preparing to resume work on the Brimstone property, the famous telluride proposition on LaFleur mountain from which the highest assays in this section have been obtained. The work already done on the Brimstone consists of a fifty-foot tunnel. Thirty feet in occur the seams of telluride ore from which assays ranging between $1016 and $2600 have been obtained. These rich seams occur at intervals through a space of three or four feet, and it is the intention to sink a shaft so as to follow these seams down. It is expected that with depth they may run together and form a lead of some magnitude. The present contract, on which Messrs. Phar, Coulson and Fennell will commence work in a day or two, is for a shaft 100 feet deep, and at this level drifting will be commenced. If the seams of telluride hold out the Brimstone will be one of the most valuable properties in the state, and its success means much for the town of Nelson. The main body of the lead is quartz which averages about $5.00 in value and, it is figured, will pay for working the mine, leaving the telluride for clear profit. Some portions of the ledge will assay much higher but it is estimated that $5.00 will be a fair average across the ledge, exclusive of the telluride seams.

The Moss Rose Group in Vulcan camp consists of the Lone Star, Aurilla, Seattle, and Moss Rose claims, owned by Messrs. Phar, Coulson, Logson and Campbell. The work which has just been completed consists of a tunnel 75 feet on the Lone Star. The last 40 feet of the tunnel has been driven through mineral, and the ledge has not yet been crosscut. An additional contract for 20 feet has been let to a Mr. Smith of Sophia mountain. If the width of the ledge is not determined by this additional work another contract will be let. However, it is not anticipated that the lead will be found to be more than 60 feet through. The ore is copper and iron pyrites carrying 18 per cent copper and running well in gold and silver values. The Moss Rose group lies seven miles west of Nelson, near the International boundary line.

WILL DRIVE A TUNNEL.

THE MACHINERY ON THE WAY AND WORK TO BE COMMENCED ON ITS ARRIVAL.

There arrived in Grand Forks via last Monday evening's stage, two gentlemen who are heavily interested in Eureka properties, Messrs. W. A. Strong and Cameron, of Spokane, enroute for Eureka to look after their interests. The latter gentleman owns a large interest in the San Poil and the former in the Black Tail, both of which are said to be exceptionally fine properties. It is said that the latter carries the highest values in Eureka district. Mr. Strong had his wife with him, and will reside in Eureka during the balance of the summer.

During Mr. Strong's sojourn in Spokane he made extensive purchase of machinery for the Black Tail, and upon its arrival, in about ten days, the work of driving a 350 foot tunnel on this property will be begun. The shaft has been sunk to a sufficient depth to assure the value of the property and more extensive development work will at once be commenced. The machinery ordered consists of pumping plant, air compressor, steam hoist etc. Until its arrival work will necessarily be suspended on the Black Tail owing to inability to keep the water out of the shaft.

NOTICE.

The sitting of the County Court of Yale will holden as follows:

MIDWAY ON 2ND OCTOBER, 1897,
AND
AT GRAND FORKS ON 4TH OCTOBER, 1897,

at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, respectively.

By command W. G. McMYNN,
Government Office, Midway, B. C. D. R. C. C
August 12, 1897.

Provincial Board of Health:

NOTICE is hereby given that at the last meeting of the Provincial Board of Health, held July 5th, in Victoria, a resolution, in accordance with section 3 of the "Sanitary Regulations, 1896," was passed declaring the said regulations to be in force in the following lately incorporated Cities of this Province, viz. Rossland, Grand Forks, Kaslo, Nelson, Vernon.

GEORGE H. DUNCAN, M. D.,
Secretary, Provincial Board of Health, B. C.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

TAKE NOTICE that the partnership heretofore existing between Ezra Inbody and Jas. Davidson, in the Cosmos hotel and business at Grand Forks, B. C., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will in future be carried on by Ezra Inbody, who will settle all accounts and to whom all debts shall be paid.

EZRA INBODY,
JAMES DAVIDSON.

H. S. CAYLEY, Witness.
Dated at Grand Forks, B. C., this 9th day of August, 1897.

INCORPORATION OF THE CITY OF GRAND FORKS

BY-LAW NO. 4.

A By-law for the regulating of storage of explosives and inflammable materials, the erection of buildings and for the prevention of fire and regulating scavengers.

1. The council may from time to time appoint an inspector of buildings and streets and by resolution fix the remuneration to him, and his duties shall be to see that the provisions of this by-law are carried out, and all such other duties as may from time to time be declared by resolution or by-law.

2. No person shall keep or have in any building within the city at any one time more than fifty pounds of gun powder, and not to exceed 200 pounds, at any one time, of giant powder, dynamite, or other explosive or combustible substances, or more than one gallon of gasoline be deposited in a fire-proof box or safe, and no person shall take a lighted candle, lantern or lamp, or fire of any description near the same.

3. No person shall use a lighted candle or lamp in any store, building, or place within the city, where hay, straw, hemp, cotton, flax, rushes, gun powder, or other combustible materials are stored or kept, or in a carpenter's or cabinet maker's shop, unless the same is well secured in a lantern.

4. It shall be the duty of the building inspector or fire wardens, at least once a month to inspect all yards and premises contiguous to dwellings, and all chimneys, flues, fire places, stoves, ovens, boilers, or other apparatus which may be dangerous to promote or convey fire, and to order the owners, their agents, contractors, or tenants thereof, whenever in their judgment they may think it advisable to remove the same, and all shavings, rubbish, or other inflammable material therefrom; and every person so notified who fails within twenty four hours after having recieved such notice to remove the same shall be subject to the penalties of this by-law, and the building inspector or fire warden is hereby authorized to have the same removed.

5. Every chimney or flue built or constructed, shall be built of brick or stone or other non-combustible and the walls thereof shall not be less than four inches in thickness, exclusive of plastering, and the top thereof shall be at least four feet from any woodwork of any building, or adjoining buildings, and every such chimney shall rise at least four feet above the ridge, of the house or building in which the same shall be, and every such chimney or flue shall not be less than fifty square inches in area, and all timber on which a chimney or flue rests shall be at least 8 inches below the base of said flue or chimney and every such chimney or flue shall be so constructed as to admit of its being scraped, brushed or cleaned, at the discretion of the building inspector.

6. No person shall build or construct any chimney or flue otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of the next preceding section of this by-law, and no person shall use within the city any chimney or flue constructed or built otherwise than in accordance with such provisions, and all persons shall forthwith put all chimneys and flues used by them in a safe condition to guard against fire.

7. The pipe of every stove, chimney or fire place within the city shall be conducted into a chimney of stone, brick or other incombustible material, and in all cases where a stovepipe passes through the woodwork of a building within the city, it shall be separated from such woodwork at least three inches by metal or other incombustible material, and all pipes from stoves, ovens, or furnaces over fifteen feet in length, shall be securely jointed and when necessary for safety, supported and stayed by wires, and no person shall use within the city any pipe or stovepipe which is not put up in accordance with the provisions of this section.

8. No occupant or other person in possession or charge of any house or building within the city shall permit any stovepipe hole in the chimney of such house or building, while the same is not in actual use, to remain open, but shall cause the same to be closed with a stopper of metal or other incombustible material.

9. The occupant or other person in charge of any house or building within the city, or of any room or place therein where a stove is used, shall have, place and keep under such stove, a hearth or pan of brick or metal or other incombustible material, and the sides and ends thereof not less than 18 inches from any wooden partition or other woodwork, and the pipes of such stoves shall not be placed within 12 inches from the ceiling, or of any wooden wall or partition, and where any such stove is used to heat more than one room or place by being built into any wall or partition, the space around it on the top and sides, to the distance of at least 9 inches, shall be filled with brick and mortar, stone sheet iron or other incombustible material.

10. No timber shall be laid within two feet of the inside of any oven, copper, still, boiler, or furnace unless protected by at least 12 inches of brick or other incombustible material.

11. The council may from time to time license chimney sweeps who shall be subject to regulations in possed by resolutioh of the council.

12. No person shall, within the city, place, keep, or deposit ashes in wood receptacles, or within twenty five feet of a house or building unless the same are contained in some safe depository constructed of brick, stone, or other incombustible material, and all ashes so deposited shall be placed in the most convenient locality as directed by the inspector of buildings for removal by the city scavengers.

13. In case of fire, or imminent danger of fire it shall be the duty of every able bodied inhabitant within the city, at the request of the chief of the police, or any officer of the fire brigade, or any police constable, to assist to the utmost of his power, the said chief of police or other officers or police constables, or the head of the fire department, or the mayor, or aldermen of the city, in preventing or suppressing such fire.

14. The chief fire warden, or the city constable, or building inspector, in case there is no chief fire warden, or the chief of the fire brigade, or foreman in charge at any fire, in the city, is hereby empowered, with the sanction of the mayor, police magistrate, or the chairman of the fire, water and light committee, to cause to be pulled down or demolished adjacent houses or other erections when necessary to prevent the spreadnig of fire, but not other wise.

15. On all occasions of fire, the side of the street nearest the fire for a distance of fifty feet, on each side of the fire, and for two thirds the width of the street in front thereof, and also the centre of the street on both sides of the space above described and also any lane or byway between the public street and the rear of the premises on fire, through or along which it may be necessary to run any portion of the fire apparatus, shall be kept clear of all persons who may in any obstruct the workings of the fire brigade and all and any person who shall be in any of the above places shall immediately retire therefrom when called upon to do so by the chief, or any member of the fire brigade, or any fire warden or any policeman of the city.

16. No person shall in any way impede or hinder any fireman or other person who may be assisting in extinguishing the fire, or be in the performance of any other duties connected therewith, nor shall any person drive any vehicle over any hose while in use or about to be used at any fire.

17. The owner, and in case of his default, the occupant of every building in the city shall make or cause to be made a good and substantial ladder of sufficient length to reach the roof, and a good and substantial ladder of sufficient length to reach the top of the chimney thereof, and such ladders shall be kept in a convenient place, so as to be readily accessible in case of fire and for use of chimney sweep, when so directed by the fire, light and water committee.

18. No person shall wantonly or maliciously injure any fire engine, hose, bell, rope, telegraph pole or wire, or any other apparatus or property belonging to the city or used by the firemen in giving any alarm of fire, or used in extinguishing fires.

19. No person shall without reasonable cause by outcry, ringing bells, using the fire alarm, or in any other manner make or circulate, or cause to be made or circulated, an alarm of fire.

20. The city constables, and police officials, and the inspectors of buildings and streets within the city of Grand Forks, and members of the city council shall be fire wardens, to see that the provisions of this by-law are complied with, and are hereby authorised to enter in and upon any house or lot within the said city at all reasonable hours to see that all the requirements of this by law are strictly obeyed.

NUISANCES.

21. No owner, tenant, or occupant of any land, or any person or body corporate, within the city limits shall suffer the accumulation upon his or their premises, or permit to be deposited upon any lot belonging to or occupied by him any thing which may endanger the public health, or deposit upon or into any street, square, lane, highway, stream or sewer, any dead animal, fish, dirt, rubbish, excrement, dung, manure, offal, or other refuse or vegetable, animal matter, or other filth or offensive thing.

22. Whenever it shall appear to the board of health, the medical health officer, or the city constable that it is necessary for the preservation of the public health, or whenever said board or said inspector shall receive a notice signed by one or more inhabitant householders of the city, stating the condition of any building, grounds, premises, yards, vacant lots, cellars, private drains, cess pools, sinks or privies in the city so filthy as to be dangerous to public health, or that upon any premises or vacant lot in the city there is any foul or offensive ditch, gutter, drain, privy, cess pool, ash pit or cellar kept or constructed so as to be dangerous to the public health or that upon any such premises or vacant lot an accumulation of dung, manure, filth, offal, refuse, stagnant water, or any other matter or thing is kept so as to be dangerous or injurious as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of such inspector, and he is hereby authorized to enter such building or premises for the purpose of examining the same, and if necessary he shall order the removal of such matter or thing as aforesaid to such place as he may direct, or may order the owner or lessee of such premises, grounds, yards, vacant lots, cellars, private drains, sinks, cess pools, or privies, to fill up, drain, clear, alter, relay, or repair such buildings, premises, grounds, yards, vacant lots, private drains, cellar, sink, cess pool, or privy. And in default of their so filling up, clearing, draining, altering, relaying or repairing as aforesaid, after seven (7) days notice in writing so to do, they shall be deemed to be guilty of an infraction of this by-law, and liable to the penalties therefor, and it shall be lawful for the city to fill up, drain, clear, alter, relay or repair as aforesaid, and charge the cost or expense thereof to the person or persons in default as aforesaid, and may recover the same with costs by action and distress, and in case of non-payment the same may be charged against the lands of the owner or lessee and may be covered in like manner as municipal taxes. The owner or lessee of any ground, yards or vacant lots, or other properties abutting on any street shall drain the same, on receiving notice from the inspectors of buildings and streets so to do, if the occupant or proprietor or his lawful agent or representative having charge or control of such building or premises or vacant lot, after notice from the chairman of the board of health or from said inspector, to remove or abate such thing as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to remove or abate the same, he shall be subject to the penalties imposed by this by-law, and the said inspector may remove the same and the cost incurred by such removal may be recovered from the person or persons so refusing or neglecting.

23. All house or store offal, whether consisting of animal or vegetable substance, shall be placed in suitable vessels and no ashes or other refuse matter shall be mingled therewith, and the same shall be kept in some convenient place, to be taken away by the city scavenger.

24. When any dumb animal shall die within the limits of the city, the owner or person in possession of it shall cause the carcass to be removed to such place as shall be provided by the board of health, and there be buried or cremated so that the same shall not be a nuisance.

25. If any person shall own, occupy, or keep any lot or ground, building, stable or other premises in such a bad or filthy condition as to be offensive and a nuisance to the neighborhood or to any person or family, such person shall be subject to the penalties provided for an infraction of this by-law.

26. The keeper of every livery or other stable, shall keep his stable and stable yard clean, and shall not permit between the fifteenth day of May and the first day of November more than two wagons of manure to accumulate in or near the same at any one time, except by permission of the board of health.

27. All privies that are foul, emitting smells and odors, are hereby declared nuisances, and the inspectors of streets shall have the power to abate the same and order the same to be filled up or closed, and if the owner or occupier of the premises on which the same may be situate fail to do so on recieving notice, he or they shall be subject to the penalties provided for in this by-law and the inspector of buildings and streets shall cause the said privies, vaults or juts to be filled up.

28. Whenever any nuisance shall be found on any premises within the city, contrary to this by-law, the inspector of buildings and streets is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to cause the same to be summarily abated in such manner as he may direct, and in default of the person, persons or body corporate, refusing or neglecting to abate the same, and the person, persons or body corporate so neglecting or refusing shall be liable to the penalties of this by-law.

29. In all cases where no provision is herein made defining what are nuisances, and how the same may be removed, abated or prevented, in addition to what may be declared such herein, those offences which are known to the common law of the land, and the statutes of British Columbia as nuisances, may, in case the same exist within the city, be treated as such, and proceeded against as in this by-law provided, or in accordance with any other law which shall give the justice of the peace trying the same jurisdiction.

30. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to deposit upon any of the streets, or upon any land or lot within the city of Grand Forks, any night-soil or other filth or refuse matter of any kind under the penalty herein described.

31. No butcher, trader, grocer or other person, persons or body corporate, shall sell, expose, or offer for sale, on any public market or at any place within the limits of the city of Grand Forks as food, any tainted, diseased, or damaged or unwholesome meat, poultry, fish, vegetables, milk, fruit, or other articles of food, or provisions or the flesh of any animal dying otherwise than by slaughter, and the chief of police may seize and destroy any such tainted, diseased, damaged, or unwholesome meat, fish, poultry, vegetables, fruit or other articles of food or provisions.

32. Any person who shall keep swine, dogs, horses, cattle, goats, poultry, foxes, or other such animals on their premises shall maintain the houses, buildings, or pens in which the same shall be kept in such a clean state that the neighbors or passengers may not be incommoded by the smell therefrom, under the penalty provided for an infraction of this by-law for each offense.

SCAVENGERS.

33. The city council may grant a license to or employ any person, company or corporation for cleaning or removing the contents of any privy vaults, sinks, or private drains, and every person, company or corporation engaged in said business shall be deemed a night scavenger within the meaning of this by-law.

34. No person, company or corporation shall within this city empty, clean or remove the contents of any privy vault, sink or private drain, or cess pool or resevoir into which a privy vault, water closet, stable or sink is drained, without having first obtained a license or being employed by the city so to do.

35. Every person, company or corporation applying for a license as night scavenger shall, if his application be accepted, pay a license fee of $5, for every six months, and execute a bond in the penal sum of two hundred dollars, with two sureties to be approved of by the city council, conditioned that the said scavenger will comply with the conditions of this by-law and every by law which may hereafter be passed by the city council their said employment, and will also comply with and obey orders, directions, and regulations of the board of health, and Inspector of buildings and streets of the city; provided that such license shall not be granted until the board of health is satisfied that the applicant is provided with the necessary appliances for carrying on scavengering in accordance with the provisions of this by-law.

36. The inspector of buildings and streets shall have the power to enter upon any premises and examine any vault, sink, privy or private drains.

37 The contents of privy vaults, sinks, or private drains so removed by any scavenger shall be conveyed in water tight tanks or vessels of such pattern and description as may from time to time be approved by the inspector of buildings streets and shall be disposed of in such a manner, under the direction of said inspector, as to cause no offense; and tanks and vessels shall be kept clean and inoffensive when not in actual use.

38. When requested the licensed scavenger shall cleanse or empty any vault, sink or private drain, or privy, and remove any or all nuisances.

39. No privy vault, sing or private drain shall be opened nor the contents thereof disturbed or removed between the hours of six o'clock a. m. and eleven o'clock p. m. of any day, nor shall such contents be deposited or buried within the city. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be subject to the penalties hereinafter described.

40. Licensed night scavengers shall receive for each cubic foot of the contents removed of any privy vault, sink or private drain, or cess pool by them cleaned out or removed, a sum not to exceed 25 cents per cubic foot where the box contains over four cubic feet and, $1 per box containing four cubic feet or under.

41. Whenever it shall become necessary to empty any privy or privies or remove any night-soil from any premises within the city or on cleaning yards, cellars, back kitchens, or any other premises whatsoever, any impure or offensive effluvia should exist, chloride of lime, nitrate of lead, or common salt shall be used by the person or persons emplying such privy or removing such night-soil from such premises, as shall render the effluvias inoffensive as possible.

42. That the fees to be charged by day scavengers for any matter or thing allowed to be dumped or deposited by the scavenger or scavengers licensed by the city, within the limits of the city, shall be a sum not to exceed 75 cents for a full load, and 50 cents for a half a load, or less than a half a load, for a double team, and half such rates for one horse load, and any charges in excess of those so made shall be considered a breach of this by-law.

43. Licenses of day and night scavengers shall be held by them subject to their observing and faithfully performing the conditions contained in this by-law, and the regulations that may from time to time be imposed by the board of health, and in case of non-observance of any of the said conditions and regulations, the said license may at any time be summarily revoked and cancelled by the board of health.

44. The mayor of this city and the city constable are empowered to regulate, restrain and surpress all bawdy houses, houses of ill fame or any place or building for the practice of fornition; and they are hereby empowered to regulate, restrain and suppress all or any house, rooms or place used for the purpose of playing keno, faro bank, poker, shuffle board, roulette, wheel of fortune or other game or device of chance.

45. For any or every violation of the provisions of this by-law a penalty not exceeding one hundred dollars and costs may be imposed by the mayor, police magistrate, or justice, or justices of the peace convicting, and in default of payment of penalty and costs, the offender may be committed to the common goal or lock-up house, there to be imprisoned for any time not exceeding thirty days.

Read the first, second and third time, this 15th day of June, 1897.

Reconsidered, and finally adopted, the seal of the city attached thereto, and numbered 4, this , 1897.

[SEAL.] JOHN A. MANLY, MAYOR.
JAMES A. AIKMAN, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Corporation of the city of Grand Forks, on A. D., 1897, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that any one desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the supreme court, within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

JAMES A. AIKMAN, City Clerk.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF GRAND FORKS.

BY-LAW NO. —

A By-law to enable the corporation of the City of Grand Forks to raise the sum of $20,000 for the purposes therein set forth.

Whereas it is provided by section 11 of an act to accelerate the incorporation of towns and cities passed by the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, in the year 1897, that the municipal council of the city of Grand Forks may, in the year 1897 but not afterwards, pass by-laws for contracting debts by borrowing money or otherwise and for buying rates for the payment of such debts on the rateable lands or improvements, either or both or the rateable real property of the municipality for any works of immediate necessity which are within the jurisdiction of the council, such debts, however, not to exceed in the whole the sum of $20,000, without observing the provisions of section 68, sub-section 3 of section 70, sub section c of section 71, sections 75, 76, 77, or 79 of the "Municipal Clauses act, 1896."

And whereas the Municipal Council of the corporation of the City of Grand Forks has resolved to raise the sum of $20,000 to be used for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, and operating a system of water works, and for supplying the said municipality with water, and also for other public works.

Now therefore the Municipal Council of the corporation of the City of Grand Forks enacts as follows;

1 It shall and may be lawful for the mayor of the corporatson of the City of Grand Forks to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $20,000 (twenty thousand dollars,) and cause the same to be paid into the hands of the treasurer of the said corporation for the purposes and with the object above recited.

2 It shall be lawful for the said mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums of money as may be required not less than $500 (five hundred dollars) each and that the said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said corporation and signed by the said mayor.

3 The said debentures shall bear date the 21st day of September, A. D. 1897, and shall be made payable in twenty years at farthest from the said date, in lawful money of Canada, at the head office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Montreal, Quebec, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signatures to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4 The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of seven per cent per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half yearly at the Bank of Montreal at the City of Montreal, Quebec.

5 It shall be lawful for the mayor of the said corporation to negotiate and sell the said debentures or any of them for less than par, but in no case shall the said debentures or any of them be negotiated or sold for less than ninety-five per centum of their face value, including the cost of negotiating and sale brokerage and all other incidental expenses.

6 For the purpose of paying the interest on the said debentures there shall be set apart the sum of $1,400 annually; and for the purpose of creating a sinking fund there shall be set apart the sum of $720 annually and the said sums shall be a first charge against the revenues derived from all sources of the said corporation of the city of Grand Forks.

7 It shall be lawful for the said Municipal council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures upon such terms as may be agreed upon with the legal holder or holders thereof, or any part thereof, either at the time of sale or any subsequent time or times and all debentures so re-purchased shall be forthwith cancelled and destroyed and no re-issue of debentures shall be made in consequence of such re-purchase.

8 This by-law may be cited for all purposes as the "Public Works Loan By-law, 1897."

Read a first time the 28th day of July, 1897.
Read a second time the 28th day of July 1897.
Read a third time the 30th day of July, 1897.
Reconsidered and finally passed this 6th day of August, 1897.

[L. S.] JOHN A. MANLY, MAYOR.
J. A. AIKMAN, City Clerk.

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