

## PRINCE GEORGE CONTINGENT LEAVES FOR TRAINING CAMP.

Headed by Mayor Gillett and Lieut. Van De Byl, and marching to the inspiring music of the city band, the Prince George contingent of the 62nd Regiment marched to the depot on Tuesday evening, and left for the west at 8-30.

At least half of the city's population was at the depot to bid the boys good-bye and wish them good luck. It was the second occasion that the people of this district had to face the actualities of war in the parting from old friends and the giving up of husbands, brothers, sons, and sweethearts. As a whole, however, it was a cheerful gathering with the soldier boys in the best of spirits. During the brief wait until the train's arrival, the band played patriotic airs, and the final good-byes were said.

A huge streamer decorated the car on which was inscribed: "Prince George Contingent - 7000 miles to Berlin."

Just before the train arrived, a bright little Japanese Loy in full khaki regimentals, including miniature knapsack, rifle, and sword, was carried on the shoulders of his father through the crowd on the platform. And the cheers that little Jap received could be heard for blocks. The miniature soldier shook hands with everyone within reach, thoroughly enjoying the enthusiasm his appearance had created.

Owing to the short notice several of the enlisted were given a week in which to settle up their affairs, and these will consequently leave next Tuesday evening. Those leaving with the first contingent were:

William Brown, A. Harry Seys, John H. McKinnon, Charles McLaughlin, J. Thomas, E. Kempson, Peter Smith, William Inglis, W. V. Wightman, F. Dyrman, A. Morrison, John C. Scott, W. A. Roberts, J. Baker, J. McCullum, A. McKie, G. McWilliams, A. Ervick, O. Seed, F. McGloin, D. Mitchell, H. Mellson, C. E. Kelley, J. F. Ross, John de Wilton, A. Cochrane, E. D. Ruggles, A. Farquhar, D. Nickson, A. J. Cottle, B. C. Evans, A. Williams, G. E. Cunningham, G. Lindsay, R. Brown, H. E. Fulmer, William Nunneley, A. Achille, R. LaCroix, M. G. Lawson, Hugh Davidson, G. E. Allum, P. E. Kessel, L. D. Pope, J. Bolo, J. Maitland, A. E. Roddis, O. Hutton, J. McCaulay, P. Mullin, A. Rousseau, J. W. Dalzell, R. Bell, J. Duncan, J. F. Morison, W. McMillan, Ralph J. Hishon, A. B. Cooper, J. R. Cameron, J. Masson, G. Woodall, and L. Woodman.

Next Tuesday's train will take

the following recruits, with perhaps a dozen more who have since enlisted:

W. J. Service, Alex. Stewart, Wm. Waldie, D. C. Phillips, Colin K. Mackenzie, J. B. Stevenson, Jno. Buchanan, S. W. Turner, and A. W. Nicholson.

### Robert Burns, On the Germans.

(Montreal Standard.)

The opinion of Robert Burns on the Germans is of extraordinary interest at the present moment. We are sometimes inclined to think that all the sins of the Teutons date from modern times. That they were held in utter detestation over a hundred years ago by Scotland's national poet is a remarkable fact.

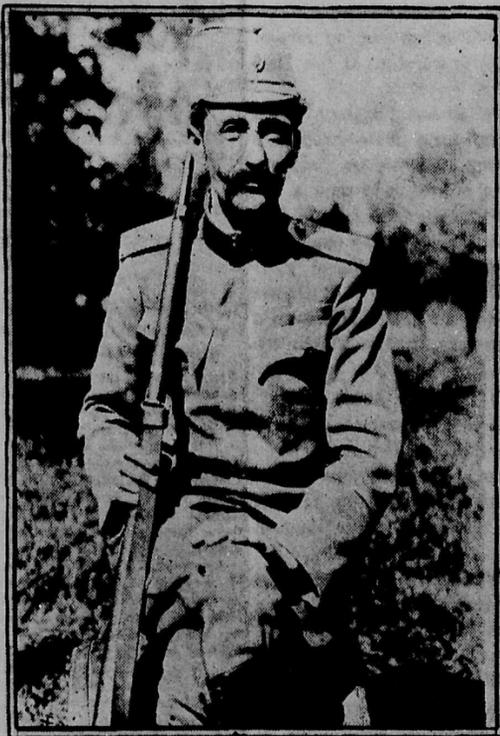
Burns had too wide a view to rail in Pharisaic fashion at his fellow-man. His condemnation, therefore, has all the more force. In a letter written to the Rev. Dr. McGill, of Ayr, he admits his incompetence to express his detestation of the Germans.

He states: "Ignorance, superstition, bigotry, stupidity, malice, self-conceit, envy—all strongly bound in a massive frame of brazen impudence. Good God, sir, to such a shield, humor is the peck of a sparrow, and satire the popgun of a school-boy!" That is fairly strong language, but stronger is to follow. The letter proceeds: "Creation disgracing scelerats such as they, God only can mend and the devil only can punish. In the uncomprehending way of Caligula, I wish they had all but one neck. I feel impotent as a child to the ardor of my wishes. Oh! for a withering curse to blast the Germans of their wicked machinations. Oh! for a poisonous tornado winged from the Torrid Zone of Tartarus to sweep the spreading crop of their villainous contrivance to the lowest hell!"

We think it would be fairly difficult for any modern man of letters to surpass that little bit of invective. And how exactly we might re-echo the opinions of Burns expressed so long ago. We do not know what was the particular occasion for the poet's indignation, but the extraordinary revelations of the past few months have fully justified the poetic wrath.

Lieut.-Gen. Hildebrandt, commander of a German infantry division, fell in battle on July 2. Another lieutenant-general, Von Pezel, has died of wounds received in Flanders.

This is the Man Who is Responsible For the War in Europe.



Wogo Tankositach, who hatched the plot for the assassination of Prince Ferdinand, of Austria. He is now a major, in command of a battalion in the Serbian Army.

## Former Disorderly House To Be Temporary City Hall.

Mayor Gillett Casts Deciding Vote in Favor of City Occupying Premises of Unsavory Repute — Three Aldermen Oppose Council's Action.

After deliberating over the question of temporary city hall premises for many days, the city council at last night's session chose a former disorderly house on Third Avenue, five blocks from the business centre of the city, as premises in which to transact the city's business.

Strong opposition was made to this selection by Ald. Lambert, Livingstone, and Parks, but Mayor Gillett cast the deciding vote in its favor.

More convenient and better situated quarters had been offered the council and at a lower rental. The city pays \$30 per month for the ex-bawdy house.

Ald. Livingstone aroused the ire of His Worship when he stated that the mayor and council had been elected on the promise of a clean city, and he was not in favor of the city paying rent to a prostitute.

Mayor Gillett waxed exceeding wrath, and declared the alderman's statements out of order.

The city is today seething with indignation over the council's action of last evening, and proceedings of diverse kinds are threatened.

The house in question is a twelve-roomed edifice and has an interesting history. Two years ago it was erected by Irene Jordan, a woman of the underworld, on the western limits of the Fort George townsite. Those were the days when railway construction was at its height, and money was plentiful among the parasitic class. The people of Fort George, however, put up a strenuous fight against a plague spot of its kind in their town, and the police closed the house on its opening night. The furnishings, piano and liquid refreshments were removed and the house stood in disuse until early this spring, when it was moved from its western location to property on Third Avenue, which had been purchased by the Jordan woman. No "For Rent" cards decorated the windows; the owner, no doubt thought a tenant would be hard to obtain for a house of ill-repute.

When the city council advertised for temporary premises this building was among those offered, the affair culminating in last

night's deliberations of the city's august fathers.

Those voting for these premises were Ald. Ruggles, Eigel and Ellis, and Mayor Gillett.

Ald. Livingstone, Lambert and Parks, opposed the council's action.

Just how to apportion "the house of many chambers" is a problem to some of the city officers today. A citizen who is in the confidence of the administration gave the Herald a brief outline of the officials' ideas on the matter. The large parlor and wine closet to the right of the entrance will be made into a chamber for the aldermanic deliberations. On the opposite side the two parlors will be devoted to the business of city clerk and the assessor. Mayor Gillett will occupy the largest bedroom with Ald. Ruggles esconced in the boudoir adjoining. The housekeeper's room has been awarded to Ald. Ellis. The remaining "pawlaws" and boudoirs will be awarded to the various aldermen and officials after Ald. Eigel has made his choice of apartments.

Ratepayers in search of officials are requested to walk right in and not bother about the electric bell.

All citizens and supporters of the administration are invited to hire a conveyance and pay a visit to the new quarters. Later the council hopes to give a housewarming on an even more elaborate scale than the previous one given within the histori: walls.

### Notice to Volunteers.

Volunteers wishing to enlist with the delayed contingent from Prince George, leaving here on the 13th of July, must report at Government Offices on or before the above mentioned date.

Volunteers who have enlisted will report daily at the King George Hotel to Acting Corporal Service, at the hour of 7 p.m.

(Signed)

R. C. S. RANDALL.

## TURKS ATTACK DESPERATELY AND SUFFER HEAVY LOSS.

LONDON, July 7.—The official press bureau issues the following report from General Sir Ian Hamilton regarding the operations at the Dardanelles:

"At 2 a.m. (date not given) the searchlights of the destroyer Scorpion discovered a half Turkish battalion debouching near the sea, northeast of Krithia. The Scorpion opened fire and few of the enemy got away.

"Simultaneously the enemy attacked a knoll which we had captured due west of Krithia, advancing from a nullah in close formation in several directions. The attack came under artillery and enfilading rifle fire, the enemy losing heavily. The foremost Turks got within forty yards of the parapet, but only a few returned.

"The Turks made several heavy bomb attacks during the night, our troops being twice driven back a short distance. Early in the morning we regained these trenches by a bayonet attack. They have since been strengthened. At 5-30 a.m. 2,000 Turks moving from Krithia into a ravine were scattered by machine gun fire.

"The operations reflect great credit on the vigilance and accurate shooting of the Scorpion. The Turkish losses in the nullah and ravine are estimated at from 1,500 to 2,000 dead.

London, July 6.—The Petrograd correspondents of the London morning papers were optimistic regarding the situation on the front. The correspondent of the Morning Post says:

"It was only on Friday that the Russians began offering real resistance to the German forward movement northward from Galicia. The whole area which Russia will hold as a Brobdignagian redoubt against the encircling Germanic forces centres on the Warsaw system of fortifications. The outer works are of such vast extent, having a diameter of one hundred miles, that the Germans have before them the hardest task yet met in the war.

"After Thursday next nobody will be allowed to enter or leave Warsaw without a special pass. Similar measures of military preparation are being taken at other important points in this vast area."

The Petrograd correspondent of the Times says:

"No apprehension is entertained as to the fate of Warsaw in the struggle, for the city bids fair to be protected. Even if the Germans should reach Ivangorod this would not necessarily involve the surrender of Warsaw.

"The Russian waiting game, in fact, has been justified. The critic of the Novoe Vremya correctly explains the withdrawal as a manoeuvre deliberately undertaken with the object of accepting battle under the best condition for the Russians. He adds that on the Vistula front the ground which offers the Russians the greatest advantage is that with Brest-Litovsk as a base, Ivangorod on the right flank and a strong army occupying the flank and rear positions in relation to the right flank of Gen. Von Boehm-Ermolli's army."

London, July 6.—The Daily Telegraph's Petrograd correspondent cables:

"Although the Russians continue their deliberate and orderly withdrawal into the centre of the Lublin and Cholm governments signs are multiplying that the day is not far off when they will finally stand their ground. The attitude of the best informed as to the ultimate issue is one of confidence."

A semi-official statement goes so far as to assert that Russia could now be in the possession of the enemy's border if she had thought it wise to pay the price, but her mind has been steadily concentrated on the ultimate issue of the war.

Her goal still is, as at the commencement of the campaign, "the complete disarmament of the Germans and the destruction of their militarist pan-German organization of states."

"The threat to take Warsaw, if such exists, apparently comes from the southeast, and we have no certain knowledge of the situation in that quarter. There seems no doubt that

the Russians in chief command take the stand that no temporary abandonment of territory will be allowed to obstruct the attainment of the final aim of the allies."

### Germans Attempt to Crush Spirit of Belgians

Brussels, July 7.—An order has been issued by Gen. Von Bissing, German governor of Belgium, providing a year's imprisonment for school teachers, directors or inspectors who "permit further, bring about, or effect anti-German actions or statements in their teaching or in other school exercises."

Power is conferred upon German officials to supervise and inspect schools at all times.

### Old Map Responsible for Mining Disaster

Nanaimo, B. C., July 6.—Enquiry into the North Wellington mine disaster, in which 19 lives were lost, opened this afternoon before Justice Murphy. General Manager Tomkin, of the Pacific Coast Company, told the court of his connection with the mine in which the disaster occurred. He admitted that the breaking through from the South Wellington into the Old South Fork was due to the use of a map by his company which they believed was drawn on a scale of a hundred feet to the inch, whereas subsequent events showed it to be 132.

If the use of these old plans had been continued in February, 1915, he would have known he was near the old workings, but by the plans actually used they did not know, no scale being on the maps in use. The question never rose in his mind as to the scale of the South Field mine until asked by Inspector Graham after the disaster.

### Saskatchewan Hotels Not Good Mortgage Risk

Regina, July 7.—Large crowds of Regina citizens watched fifteen drays take load after load of chairs, rugs, carpets, beds and interior furnishings of all kinds from the Grand Hotel early this morning. The Grand hotel is now an empty building with dirt and broken refuse scattered throughout the rooms.

About 9 o'clock last night James Mash, night clerk, was served with a distress warrant on a chattel mortgage owned by Messrs. Vells & Drewry, Winnipeg, wholesale liquor men. The mortgage totals between \$7000 and \$8000. By daylight this morning the entire contents of the hotel had been removed. It is the first execution in Regina since the new temperance law went into effect.

## WONDERFUL GROWTH IN UPPER FRASER VALLEY.

W. A. Willits, of Winnipeg, who owns a number of timber limits on the upper Fraser, returned to this city early in the week from a tour of the upper country. An agriculturist of many years' experience, Mr. Willits is particularly enamored of the wonderful possibilities of the Fraser valley region, and brought to the city a big sheaf of timothy and alsike clover grown on the ranch of Jno. Graham, about 25 miles east of here. The grasses were measured in the Herald office, the timothy being 68 inches high, with heads averaging 11 inches long. The clover was heavily leaved and 54 inches long. These samples were taken from fields on Mr. Graham's ranch and were a fair sample of the crop.

Doubting Thomases may see them for themselves in M. C. Wiggins' office.

The provincial government early in May, threw open to the public a large tract of land lying along the Grand Trunk Pacific railway and the choicest land in the Fraser Valley. Only a small fraction of this land was applied for by prospective settlers, and thousands of acres are ready for occupancy. Much of it is very easily cleared. Lying, as it does, along the railway where stations are located at short intervals, the question of crop transportation is solved for the settler. This would seem to dispose of criticism levelled against the provincial land department as to the availability of land near to transportation.

## PRINCE GEORGE WILL BE PERMANENT RECRUITING POINT.

The Herald is in receipt of a letter from Mr. A. G. Hamilton, Conservative candidate for the provincial legislature, in which he states that he has been promised a permanent recruiting officer for Prince George district

to recruit for a new corps to be formed at once. This city will consequently be the recruiting point for hundreds of miles in each direction, which should add considerably to the volume of local business.

SUBSCRIPTION:  
\$1.50 Per Year, in Advance.  
To the United States \$2.00.  
All communications should be addressed to  
The Herald, Prince George, B. C.

NORMAN H. WESLEY, President.  
J. C. QUINN, Managing Director.

FRIDAY, JULY 9TH, 1915.

### OUR CONTINGENT.

Those who were at the depot on Tuesday evening last when the four score brave boys left to take up training for the battle of civilization against the Huns of Europe, felt a thrill of pride in the virile manhood of our city in this splendid contribution. It was not a case of out-of-works taking an available substitute; many of the volunteers left remunerative positions to fight side by side with our noble allies against the forces of despotism and oppression, and fully realizing that perhaps some of them would never return. Can it be wondered that there were tears and broken voices among the friends who had gathered to bid them farewell. Yet all were proud that Canada, and especially her youngest city, Prince George, should be playing her part in the making of history, and in laying the foundation for a newer civilization to come.

The many grievous losses Canada has suffered, the glorious stories of heroism that have come from the front, the comradeship between representatives of the different nations that make up the allied forces, each volunteering to do their bit in a cause far greater than the individual conception of country, sunk deep into the minds of all.

That the Prince George contingent will distinguish themselves in deeds of bravery and self-sacrifice there is not a doubt. May they all return to us when the battle for justice and civilization is won is the hope of all.

### AFTER THE WAR.

There are two clearly defined and contrary forecasts of the after effect of the war on Canada. The pessimists declare that our immigration will suffer because all able-bodied men will be needed in Europe; that capital will not be loaned to us because it will be required to rebuild the shattered cities and public works and that all the conflicting nations will be compelled to patronize their own farms and factories to save them from ruin.

The optimists contend that our immigration will be swelled by thousands who will be tired of perpetual conflicts; that capital, regardless of sentiment, seeks the most profitable fields; and that if we cannot get it in Europe we can get it in the United States, and that the assistance of Canadian factories and farms must be called upon to help rehabilitate Europe.

Men of high standing and sound judgment are ranged on both sides of this controversy, but there are indications that the optimists are prevailing. At any rate, economic history is fairly consistent on one point—the trade of a victorious nation thrives when the period of readjustment, immediately following the termination of a successful war, is over.

There is agreement as to the necessity of increasing the production of our land. We have plenty of land, but land without tillers will not produce wealth. Volume 4 of the Census, dealing with agriculture, which has just been issued in bound form, states that the total land area of the Dominion is 2,306,502,153 acres, of which, at the date of the Census, the nine provinces occupied 977,585,513 acres. Eleven per cent. of the land in the provinces or 109,948,988 acres, was occupied by farmers, while the land considered suitable for farming was 36 per cent. of the total.

How to secure from these vast

resources we would be assured of corresponding industrial development, and the necessary capital to finance both agriculture and industry. Canada needs an immigration policy which can succeed in settling experienced farmers from Europe and the United States on our vacant, fertile lands.

Current report has it that at least six applicants for shop liquor licenses will come before the city's recently-appointed license commissioners. There will in all probability be disappointment among five of these.

Up to June 26th, a total of 7,809 officers and men have left British Columbia for service at the front with the various Canadian expeditionary forces, while there were at that date a further number of 2,633 officers and men mobilized and in training for overseas service still in the province, making a grand total of 10,442 officers and men who had volunteered, had proved themselves fitted for the great task, and had been accepted, a record of which a more densely populated province than British Columbia would have no cause to be ashamed.

Prince George aldermen are confronted with the problem of how to clothe and properly support the infant municipality without funds. Incidentally they are looking for the honor supposed to be their portion as dads of the lusty young hopeful.

Since August last the Dominion Government has advanced for the purchase of seed grain for settlers in Saskatchewan and Alberta the sum of \$8,159,858.25 and for the relief to settlers in the drought-stricken districts of these two provinces the sum of \$3,515,000, making a total of \$11,674,858.25. Further amounts will be paid out on these accounts before the fall, and to cover the probable additional expenditure a further sum of \$750,000 will be required.

### Allies Inflict Heavy Losses on the Turks

Athens, July 6.—No official confirmation has yet been received of reports that the allies have captured Krithia, the chief defensive position of the Turks in Gallipoli, but it is known that the Anglo-French forces have won important heights and have inflicted heavy losses on the Turks.

The Turkish losses in the last ten days near Krithia are estimated at more than 12,000 men. Supported by the allied warships, which poured a terrific fire on the Turkish redoubts, French troops captured several trenches and communicating tunnels which the Turks had constructed.

The bombardment by the warships, which caused severe damage to the Turkish forts, was conducted from the Dardanelles and from the Gulf of Saros.

All dispatches received here agreed that the struggle being waged around Krithia is the greatest land battle waged at the Dardanelles since the forces were put ashore. General Hamilton concentrated his armies north of Sedd El Bahr, and is sweeping the Turks back along the peninsula by successive short rushes. Each charge is preceded by terrific bombardment of the Turkish trenches by Anglo-French battleships standing inside the strait and along the shore of the Gulf of Saros. The trench fighting is of the most desperate character, Turkish and allied troops being bripped in a hand-to-hand combat.

General Tokareff, one of Russia's best-known military leaders was killed recently while leading a charge against one of the Austrian positions in Galicia.

Haul Made by One Shell from World's Largest Warship in Dardanelles.

An officer serving on one of the British warships at the Dardanelles writes:

"The Queen Elizabeth's biggest haul for a single shrapnel is one camp, 500 soldiers, and six months' stores. She sank a full transport nine miles away a few days ago, firing over a mountain. The Aggy Weston (naval gun) also deserves notice. With her first shot, a 9.2, she destroyed a field battery, shifting a horse 400 yards and men 200, while the guns were simply just not."

A corporal of marines who was on board H.M.S. Irresistible when she was struck by a mine in the Dardanelles, gives this account of the last scene on the doomed vessel:

"We came to the Dardanelles and commenced bombarding Sedd-el-Bahr on February 25, along with the French and English fleets. Two days after we landed at Sedd-el-Bahr and Kum Kale, destroying forty guns at both places, while we and a few sailors of the Irresistible were ashore at Sedd-el-Bahr. On the 18th we all made a combined attack upon Chanak and the accompanying forts in the Narrows. It must have been awful for the Turks in those forts, because what with the Queen Elizabeth and other battleships dropping shells amongst them they must have felt rather warm.

"We, unfortunately, struck a mine and began to sink, which the Turks could see, and they peppered our poor old ship with shells as we were going down. How we escaped being blown to atoms I don't know. Everything went off grand, and the amusing sight was to see all hands blowing up their swimming collars, and aft and on the quarter deck the boys were dancing the Bunny Hug and singing ragtime songs to mouthorgan accompaniments. The shells began to creep nearer and nearer, and our old ship was listing heavily to starboard. We couldn't fire our guns because the ship was leaning right over. Suddenly a torpedo boat came full speed down the Dardanelles amongst awful shell fire and saved nearly all the hands. It is really a marvel to me that she was not smashed to bits."

### WAR ITEMS.

The Berlin Tageblatt states that a fire in a distillery at Koenigsburg, Prussia, destroyed more than a million quarts of spirits.

The French Chamber of Deputies has adopted a bill authorizing the minister of war to buy in foreign countries 100,000 head of cattle on the hoof. These are in addition to 30,000 head already bought in the United States and the 240,000 tons of refrigerator beef contracted for.

The Greek war party will have a top-heavy majority when Parliament convenes on July 20th. Former Premier Venizelos announces that 184 of the newly elected deputies have pledged themselves to support any programme he may advance.

Two British aeroplanes successfully bombarded German troop trains at Otavi, German South Africa, it is announced. Nearly 100 German soldiers are believed to have been killed.

Montenegrin troops have invaded the Austrian province of Bosnia, occupying the mountain village of Voutchero.

A French aviator bombarded and sank the Austrian submarine V-11 in the Adriatic, it is officially announced.

For duplicate Certificate of title No. 26429A issued to Knut Mellem covering Lot Twenty-Seven (27) Block Fifteen (15) Map 649, Townsite of Port George, (McGregor Addition).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the date of first publication hereof to issue a duplicate certificate of title covering the above lands to Knut Mellem unless in the meantime I shall receive valid objection thereto in writing.

DATED at the Land Registry Office, Kamloops, B. C., this 27th day of April; A. D. 1915.

C. H. DUNBAR,  
District Registrar.

### NOTICE.

To the Holders of Agreements of Sale or Assignments Within the Municipality of Prince George.

In order that the holders of agreements of sale or of assignments of property within the Municipality of Prince George may exercise their rights as voters under the same, you are requested to notify the City Assessor and Collector at his office in the Princess Block, Prince George, B.C., at your earliest convenience, and have your name placed on the City Assessment R.11.

Assessment Notices will be mailed to Owners and Agreement Holders at an early date, and it is advisable that you have your name on the roll, thus avoiding delay and saving any discount allowed on Taxes due August 31, 1915.

H. A. CARNEY,  
City Assessor and Collector.  
Dated June 9th, 1915.  
Prince George, B.C.

## N. H. Wesley

Sole Agent for the MILLAR Portion of Prince George Townsite

Special inducements to people who will build. Come in and talk it over. It will not cost you anything.

## Garden Tracts

From 1 to 10 acres on the Fraser River and P. G. E. Railway within a mile of town. Price and terms on application.

Fire, Accident, Life, Plate Glass and all other forms of Insurance.

PHONE 103 GEORGE ST.  
PRINCE GEORGE.

## HOTEL RUSSELL

Clean, Bright, Well Furnished Rooms Centrally Located.

GEORGE STREET (Near Depot)

Reduced Rates to Permanent Guests.

P. E. WILSON,  
BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR,  
Armstrong and Ellis Block,  
Prince George.

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, at Wholesale and Retail. Stationery, Magazines, Newspapers, Confections, and Toilet Articles.

## Fort George Drug Co., Ltd.

Laselle Avenue, South Fort George. :: George Street, Prince George.

KODAKS - GRAMOPHONES - RECORDS

## Inland Express Company, Ltd.,

CARRYING MAIL AND EXPRESS TO ALL POINTS SOUTH.

Express Carried on Steamer B. X.

F. McLEOD, AGENT - - - SOUTH FORT GEORGE.

## King George Hotel,

E. E. PHAIR - - - PROPRIETOR.

Modern and up-to-date in every respect. Entire building Steam Heated. Hot and Cold Water in Rooms. Public and Private Baths.

AMERICAN PLAN EXCELLENT CUISINE

## Hotel Northern

Corner Hamilton & Third South Fort George, B.C.

The newest and most modern hotel in the northern interior

Rates \$2.50 and \$3 Monthly and weekly rates on application

Best of wines, Liquors and cigars

Albert Johnson, Prop.

## Free Information.

We have just issued our new land booklet, which gives accurate and complete information regarding lands in Central British Columbia, along the new railroads. Free, copies can be obtained at our George St. office.

## North Coast Land Co., Ltd.,

Phone 15. PRINCE GEORGE, B. C.  
L. R. WALKER, General Agent.

REAL ESTATE. REAL ESTATE.

## M. C. WIGGINS

SPECIALIST IN PRINCE GEORGE LOTS, FARM LANDS, AND ACREAGE.

OFFICE:

THIRD AVENUE, OFF GEORGE STREET, PRINCE GEORGE.

## Fort George Hardware Co.

Sheet Metal. Furnaces a Specialty.

Plumbing, Steam and Hot Water Heating.

GENERAL REPAIRING.

Phones No. 1 SOUTH FORT GEORGE.  
No. 12 PRINCE GEORGE.

Manager of R. G. Dun & Co., Visits North Country and Advises Edmonton Business Men of the Situation.

Edmonton, July 5.—"It's up to the business men of Edmonton to get busy and look after their own interest," were the words of C. E. Darby on his return from a business trip on behalf of the R. G. Dun & Co., of which he is manager, through the Peace River and Grande Prairie districts.

It was not only their duty to make themselves conversant with the vast possibilities of the country, but to become acquainted with the businessmen themselves for, continued Mr. Darby it would seem altogether probable that with the linking up of the Pacific Great Eastern railway from Prince George with the main line of the E. D. & B. C., both imports and exports from practically all this country will go to and from the coast, and it therefore behooves the business men of Edmonton "to make hay while the sun shines."

"I was very agreeably surprised," he continued, "with conditions in the northern country as I had been told that there was little or no money off the line of railway and that most of the farmers were penniless homesteaders. I made the round trip from Peace River Crossing, through Waterhole, Vanrena, Dunvegan, Spirit River, Grande Prairie City, Lake Saskatoon, Beaver Lodge, Bezanson, and back down the Smokey River to Prudden's Crossing and end of steel on the E. D. & B. C. main line. I found conditions off the line of railway infinitely better than those existing at the end of steel towns, in fact conditions fully as normal as prevailing in ordinary rural districts around Edmonton, Ready markets for the moment is the chief drawback, but with the approach of steel to Peace River Crossing this will be rectified to an extent in the early fall.

"In the vicinity of Grande

Prairie and Lake Saskatoon the greater percentage of the settlers have for the most part done their duties and are expecting their patents very shortly. There was one complaint which was very general on the part of the merchants, which was that there were far too many homesteaders who had come with just about enough money to pay their \$10 fee and then not being able to make a 'do' of it, they left in disgust and gave the country a black eye by saying that it was impossible to make one's living in it."

Mr. Darby believes it to be a country of the vastest possibilities, with millions of acres of as fine land as any in Canada, and he speaks with an experience gained from having driven from the Great Lakes to Edmonton. Certain low-lying sections are subject to summer frosts, but as has been the case both in Saskatchewan and Manitoba, the opening up of the country and the breaking of the land will to a large degree eliminate this drawback. The land around Vanrena, Waterhole and Grande Prairie is very similar in character to that of the Clover Bar district. The possibilities of the cattle industry also strongly appealed to Mr. Darby, who stated with a sigh of reminiscent pleasure that he had never eaten such tender and juicy beef as that fattened on the peavine prairies in the vicinity of Grande Prairie City. "I was told," he added, "that cattle of all kinds, as well as horses, when once acclimatized, thrived well with little or no attention."

When steel had made the country tributary to Spirit River and Peace River Crossing accessible, Dun's manager prophesied a steady and rapid development, which would see the cost of living reduced, owing to the heavy cost of freighting being obviated.

## DEATH ALONE IS ALL THAT STOPS CANADIANS.

San Francisco, July 5th. — A graphic word picture of trench warfare arrived here in a letter from Geo. B. Reynolds, a San Franciscan, who is fighting in a Canadian regiment in France. Reynolds is recovering from wounds received when he crept from the trenches at night in an attempt to cut the barb wire entanglements before a German trench. The Germans discovered them and Reynolds' five companions were killed in a few seconds by machine gun fire, while he crept back to the trench badly hurt.

Extracts from Reynolds' letter follow:

"In machine gun fire not one, but a dozen bullets are likely to hit a man."

"I saw two platoons charge a wedge-shaped short trench lined with machine guns. Our trench was forty yards from it. Although our boys got some hand bombs into the enemy's trench, they never reached it and only two of them came back, both wounded."

"We have a fine lot of fellows, and when they start nothing stops them but death. It is curious how happy and contented the fellows are with it all. I met a bunch coming out who had gone in 1100 strong. They came out with 750, but they were playing mouth organs and singing and whistling, as if they had been on a pleasant route march."

"Eight soldiers of the enemy in Highland dress came over carrying four stretchers. They got well within our lines before the deception was discovered. They had a machine gun and three stretchers of ammunition for it.

They had no chance to get back alive and knew it when they started. But they might have wiped out half a battalion before they got caught so they took the chance."

"The only thing we have the best of them is on the bayonet. They do not like it and usually run before our boys get to them."

"Contented with duty done is the feeling of the fellows—yet all hoping for the war to end soon before we get ours (either killed or wounded) for if it lasts long enough, of course, a man is bound to get hit and some fellows are real glad to get a nice little wound so as to get a good rest."

## British Army Numbers Four Million Men.

The British army now numbers not 1,000,000 or 2,000,000 but upwards of 4,000,000, according to an article published in the July number of the American Magazine, on the authority of Mr. J. Herbert Buckworth, an English newspaperman, who has resided and worked in New York most of the time for the last ten years but who returned to his native land on the outbreak of the war.

"When the British secretary of state for war, Lord Kitchener, first conceived the idea of putting into the field 4,000,000 men," Mr. Buckworth said, "he realized that it would be a grave strategical error to let the enemy know what was really afoot. Rather, the game should be to call for 1,000,000 men and then press agent the world with stories that the British Empire was about to crumble for lack of men. This campaign has been completely successful."

New York, July 5th.—Deeds recording the transfer of \$7,230,000 of real estate from William Waldorf Astor of England, to his youngest son, Capt. John Jacob Astor, on file here, were declared today to constitute the largest gift of real estate other than by bequest ever recorded in New York City. The deeds were filed yesterday by counsel for the elder Mr. Astor's interests in this country.

The gift included half of the old Astor House, the other half of which was torn down two years ago and two office buildings in the financial district.

Capt. John Jacob Astor by this gift becomes one of the largest real estate holders of Manhattan Island. He joined the English army several years ago and went to the front with the British troops early in the war as captain of the first Life Guards.

France is going to tax non-fighters. A bill has been introduced in the Chamber of Deputies providing for a monthly tax of 75 cents plus a 20 per cent. increase in direct taxation upon all males who have not joined the army.

The Amsterdam correspondent of the Morning Post sends the following: "Ten of the crew of the twenty were drowned when the Dutch lugger Katwyk 147 struck a mine in the North Sea."

Preparatory to making the production of spirits a state monopoly, an Austrian ministerial decree prohibits the erection of new distilleries and increases the tax on spirits from 10 to 14 cents a litre.

Government archives and precious objects in the mosques at Adrianople have been removed because of the fear that Bulgaria will soon enter the war against Turkey. The Turkish minister of the interior, Talaat Bay, accompanied by a German staff officer, is said to have visited Adrianople and superintended the removal.

**WALTER F. GREGG,**  
BRITISH COLUMBIA  
LAND SURVEYOR,  
CIVIL ENGINEER,  
POST BUILDING - - PRINCE GEORGE.

**W. P. OGILVIE,**  
BARRISTER AND  
SOLICITOR,  
Prince George Post Building,  
George Street - Prince George, B.C.

**GREEN BROS.,**  
**BURDEN & CO.,**  
CIVIL ENGINEERS,  
Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors,  
Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites,  
Timber Limits, etc.  
Fort George, B. C. Hammond Street  
F. P. Burden, Mgr.  
Nelson, B. C. 165, Ward Street  
A. H. Green, Mgr.  
Victoria, B. C. 114, Pemberton Bldg.  
F. C. Green, Mgr.  
New Hazelton, B. C.  
B. C. Alleck, Mgr.

The Panama News Stands on George Street, Prince George, and Hamilton Street, South Fort George have your Home Newspapers, also Magazines, Cigars, Cigarettes and Snuffs. You will find there, too, a complete line of Stationery. We are up-to-date in everything.

THE PANAMA NEWS CO.

OUR Telegraph Office at Prince George is now open for business. All telegrams for Prince George and Central Fort George will go through this office. Free delivery between Prince and Central.

FORT GEORGE & ALBERTA TELEPHONE AND ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

## FOR SALE.

Two Lots, number 26 and 27, in block number 25, in Stuart River Townsite.

Price \$100

in advance, or \$50 cash, and \$25 per month for three months. Tax paid up to June, 1916.

Apply at once, address PS.DI, care of the Herald.

# The Fisherman's Paradise.

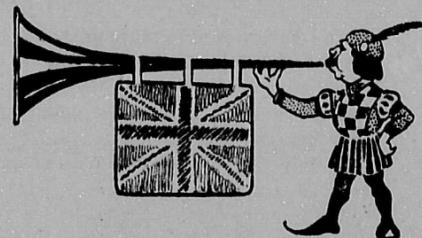
IT BEATS ME why you local fishermen are content to potter about on the little two-by-four lakes round town when you can **Get up to STUART LAKE** so easily and cheaply, and get real fishing.

Fifteen Dollars will cover the return fare. The lake is provided with boats of all descriptions, and the accommodations are unequalled. People who have tried the fishing, swear that it is the finest they have ever had.

Some of you business men should take a trip up there when business gets a little quieter. In addition to the fishing, you will see the finest country in B. C.

Full particulars, free of charge can be had at my office on George Street, or Phone 103.

**Norman H. Wesley.**



## Business Follows the Flag of Good Advertising.

UNUSUAL CONDITIONS of the past ten months have created an up-hill situation for business. Consistent and persistent advertising in the proper medium will enable you to "make" the hill and show a gain for your business over even normal times.

The wise engineer does not cut down the steam on the upgrade — just a little more is needed to negotiate the hill.

Why not let us talk to you about a conservative publicity campaign in the Prince George Herald, the oldest established newspaper in Central British Columbia? We can introduce you to the people who will buy your merchandise.

Call us up and we shall be pleased to discuss publicity with you.

**THE PRINCE GEORGE HERALD.**

Telephone 25. P. O. Box 248.

D. W. Hay, of Jasper, succeeds Mr. Mahon as master mechanic of the G. T. P. shops here.

The pioneer mercantile firm of Kennedy, Blair & Co., are opening a general store at Vanderhoof.

Miss Crawford, of South Fort George, left last evening for a visit to friends in the eastern States.

Fisheries Inspector Perkins left this week for Fort Fraser and western points on official business.

Stipendiary Magistrate Herne returned from McBride on Tuesday evening, where he had been holding court.

The private car of Mr. Morley Donaldson, of the G. T. P. was attached to last evening's westbound train.

Dr. Evans, optimist, booster, and gloom dispeller, of Vanderhoof, is spending a few days here this week. Doc. informs the Herald that Vanderhoof is the fastest-growing town in Canada.

Mayor Gillett, accompanied by Mrs. Gillett and three children, arrived this week from Vancouver, and have taken up their residence at the King George Hotel.

Two extra Pullmans were attached to last night's westbound express for the benefit of Calgary and Edmonton Shriners who were going to a meeting of the Imperial Council at Seattle.

A raft of 80,000 feet of lumber was brought down the Fraser on Wednesday, from the mills of the Salmon River Lumber Co. It was in charge of a number of pre-emptors from that district, several of whom are enlisting for overseas service.

Mr. Featherstonhaugh and a party of five men left this week for the Peace River country to take up mining development on a group of quartz claims near Mt. Selwyn.

T. A. Brady, a former resident here, arrived this week by canoe from the Peace River country. Mr. Brady is one of a colony of several settlers located at the forks of the Findlay and Parsnip.

Don. A. Crowell, for four years a salesman for the Northern Lumber and Mercantile Co., here, left this week to accept a position with a Vermilion, Alta., firm.

Among this week's visitors was Dave Hoy, of Vanderhoof, one of the best known pioneers of the Nechaco Valley. Dave has recently sold his ranch in the valley and in company with Jack Charleson, another well-known old-timer is opening a livery in Vanderhoof with a stage line to Stuart Lake.

Mr. A. H. Mahon, who has filled the position of master mechanic in the railway shops here since the steel arrived, has been promoted to the position of mechanical superintendent with headquarters at Edson. He left this week with his family for the Alberta town. Mr. and Mrs. Mahon will be greatly missed in Prince George public and social circles. Mr. Mahon was a member of the School Board and took an active interest in public affairs, while Mrs. Mahon was an energetic worker in Methodist church affairs.

Quick action on the part of Mr. Chas. A. Pyne probably saved Jane, the 8-year-old daughter of Mr. P. E. Wilson, from being burned to death on Monday last. In company with other children, Jane was playing with firecrackers when her clothing became ignited. Mr. Pyne heard the screams of the little girl and rushed to the rescue, succeeding in smothering the blazing garments though not without injury to himself as his hands were painfully burned. The little girl was attended to by Dr. Richardson and is suffering quite severely from body burns.

### Forty Farmers Present at Inauguration Meeting Held at Fort George.

The meeting of farmers held last evening at Fort George for the organization of a Farmers' Institute was fairly well attended, about forty being present. Mr. H. E. Walker, district agriculturist, of Telkwa, was in the chair, and explained the objects of the society and the benefits that would be derived from a union of the farmers of the district. The following officers were elected for the ensuing term:

- President—C. W. Moore.
- Vice-Pres.—Geo. Oliver.
- Sec.—Treas.—Wm. Bell.
- Auditor—R. Lodwick.
- Directors—C. W. Moore, G. B. Robbins, J. W. Scott, Geo. Oliver, N. C. Jorgenson.

An effort will be made to make the Institute thoroughly representative of the farming interests of the district, and meetings will be held at regular intervals to be announced later.

### Red Cross Society.

The following is the financial report of the Red Cross Society of Prince George:

Receipts—From membership fees, entertainments, donations, etc., \$155.85.

Expenditures—Remittances to headquarters, expenses of picnic, teas, etc., \$146.40.

Balance on hand, \$9.45.

The society urges the need of helpers to sew and make up materials now on hand. Mrs. Gething has kindly loaned her sewing machine which is now placed in the Methodist church. Members of the society are at the church each afternoon to help with the work.

### Patriotic Service Sunday Evening.

In connection with the departure of the recruits for the front from this district, a union patriotic service will be held in the Rex Theatre, next Sunday evening, July 11th, at 8-45 p.m. after the regular church services. Mayor Gillett will preside and local ministers will take part in the services. A collection in aid of the Canadian Patriotic Fund will be taken up.

### Vacancy is Declared On City School Board.

At the meeting of the city council on Monday evening, a communication was read from the Board of School Trustees announcing that a vacancy existed on the board, caused by Mr. Mahan's resignation. Nominations for the vacant seat will be taken on July 12th, and the poll will be held on the 15th. Two or three names are already mentioned in connection with the election to fill the vacancy.

### British Government Takes Control of Sale of Liquor

London, July 7.—Under the powers conferred by the Defence of the Realm Act the British government today by an order in council decided to take over the control of the sale and supply of intoxicating liquors in many districts where war materials is being made and loaded, unloaded or otherwise dealt with.

The district affected include the city of Bristol and surrounding towns, Avonmouth, New Haven, Southampton, Newport, Cardiff, Barry, Barrow-in-Furness, Liverpool and adjoining towns, and most of the munition and ship-building centres in Yorkshire.

Members of parliament of all parties have undertaken a campaign to thank the employers and workmen in munition contracts for the work they already have done, and to urge upon them the vital importance of turning out as great a quantity of munitions as the country is capable of producing.

Regina, July 6.—The special fortnightly crop bulletin issued by the Saskatchewan department of agriculture on general conditions furnished by the staff correspondents during the week states that the wheat in many places is in the shot blade and is already heading out.

Conditions are very good in different parts of the province. At Eyebrow wheat has been reported fully headed out and 36 inches in height. Oats and barley are doing well and in many places are headed out. Crops on the lighter land are reported to be making splendid growth.

The weather during the past two weeks has been cold and wet and warmer weather is desirable. Summer fallowing and breaking are progressing slowly due to the frequency of rain.

### Another Attempt to Reach Calais

Rotterdam, July 7.—News from Belgium today states that very large reinforcements are expected by the Germans during the next few days, in preparation for a new and much more determined attempt to break through the allies' lines in Belgium and force a way to the channel. "Calais," say German officers in Belgium, "has to be taken at all costs."

Knowing that any such attempt will be attended by tremendous losses, the Germans have, during the last few days, been busy clearing all wounded from Bruges and other places. Many trains filled with wounded have passed through Aix La Chappelle to Germany, many more than could have resulted in the last few days' fighting. One report credits Germany with withdrawing troops from the east with this new offensive, but another and much more likely statement is that reinforcements in the main represent new armies of young men, many of whom are volunteers who were advertised to be ready for the front by July. This part of the German program, at all events, has not miscarried, for travellers who have returned from the German camp this week state that the places they visited were swamped with men of new formations, ready to take the field.

### REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 an acre. Not more than 2,500 acres will be leased to one applicant. Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of \$5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of \$10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy Minister of the Interior. N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—58782.

Paris, July 7.—The French war office gave out the following report this afternoon:

"In the region to the north of Arras the bombardment continued all last night. Two German attacks, neither one in force, against the railway station at Souchez were repulsed.

"On the heights of the Meuse, at about 9 o'clock at night, a fresh German attack directed against our positions on the southern side of the ravine, but here also they were repulsed.

## CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS BRONGER & FLYNN

NO BUILDING IS TOO LARGE OR TOO SMALL TO RECEIVE OUR CAREFUL ATTENTION

Get Our Estimates Free of Charge :: Job Work Neatly and Promptly Executed

PHONE 26

SOUTH FORT GEORGE

OFFICE - - SECOND STREET  
SHOP - - THIRD STREET

PRINCE GEORGE

OFFICE AND SHOP:  
THIRD AVENUE EAST

## Just Stop and Think

of the risk and inconvenience of burning coal oil. Why not be up-to-date? Have your house wired, it costs but a trifle more. Rates on application at our office - Rooms 7 & 8, Post Building, George Street, and at the plant, South Fort George. We have a stock of lamps, shades, fixtures, irons, and handle all utility devices.

### Northern Telephone & Power Co., Ltd.

Electric Light Service and Power Furnished.  
House Wiring and Electrical Fixtures of all kinds.

Phone 19 - Four Rings, South Fort George.

Phone 10, Prince George.

## P. BURNS & CO. Ltd.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all Kinds of

**Fresh and Cured Meats.**  
**ALSO BUTTER, CHEESE & EGGS.**

GOODS DELIVERED TO ALL PARTS OF CITY.

South Fort George :: Prince George :: Central Fort George  
Phone 36 Phone 7 Phone 35

Highest Prices Paid for Hides and Live Stock

## BEFORE BUILDING

SEE

**Danforth & McInnis,**

SOUTH FORT GEORGE :: PRINCE GEORGE, B. C.

# SPECIAL For One Week Only

Hunt's Peaches, 2½, per tin 30c.  
Hunt's Apricots, 2½, per tin 30c.  
Del Monte Pineapples, 2 lb. 20c.

**KENNEDY, BLAIR & CO., LIMITED.**

## J. W. SANDIFORD,

Undertaker and Funeral Director.

Caskets, Funeral Supplies, & Shipping Cases always on hand.  
Out-of-town calls promptly attended to.  
PHONE 23 FORT GEORGE.

Prince George and Fort George.

## A. BADGER,

HOUSE MOVER AND GENERAL CONTRACTOR.

Office: ROOM 6, ABOVE BANK B. N. A., PRINCE GEORGE.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY GIVEN.

Phone 57.

## GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC.

### Summer Holiday Trips

To Eastern Canada and United States

TORONTO, NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK, BOSTON, MONTREAL, ETC.

### Combined Rail and Fresh Water Cruises

in exquisitely appointed trains and veritable palaces on water, insuring comfort and rest to the pleasure seeker.

**SUMMER SERVICE STARTS** with first train from Winnipeg, Saturday, June 19th, at 10-30 p.m., and every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday thereafter, connecting at Fort William with S. S. "Noronic," "Huronic," and "Hamonic," respectively, and boat special from Sarnia.

DIRECT CONNECTIONS - BOTH DIRECTIONS.

Day Train from Fort William leaves immediately after arrival of steamer.

See the Scenic Wonders of Western Ontario (The Nibigami District.)

### LOWEST EXCURSION FARES.

Side Trips :: Liberal Stop-Overs.

Your patronage is earnestly solicited. Literature furnished. Itineraries arranged.

W. J. QUINLAN, District Pass. Agent, Winnipeg, Man.

## GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC.

**THE HERALD** wants live subscription canvassers to work in this district, and can offer good remuneration for those willing to work. Call at office, George St. for particulars.