THE FERNIE LEDGER

Prov. Library Legislative Assembly DEC 19 1906 Victoria, B.C.

Vol. II Number 18. FERNIE, B. C., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1906 Price $[illegible] a Year in Advance

COMMISSIONER COOMBS HERE

Head of the Salvation Army in Canada and Staff Heartily Received—Opera House Crowded.

Commissioner Coombs, head of the Salvation Army in Canada, and his staff arrived in Fernie Monday evening, and were met at the station by Captain Laidlaw and the local corps. Quite a crowd were at the station to see the distinguished official. The Salvation band was present, and torches were carried by the Salvation soldiers.

Mr. G. G. S. Lindsey met the Commissioner and his party, and took them in sleighs, preceded by the torch bearing soldiers and the band, to Park House, where the Commissioner, his staff, and Captain and Mrs. Laidlaw dined with them.

After dinner Mr. Lindsey escorted them to the hall, where they were warmly welcomed by a full house. A large number of citizens, including W. R. Ross, M.P.P., who presided, and Mayor Bleasdell, Alderman Tuttle and Mr. Lindsey occupied the platform.

Colonel Pugmire opened the programme in a short address, and called on Mr. Ross to preside, which he did in his usual pleasing manner.

A duet by Col. Pugmire and Adjutant Horris, entitled "Keep Your Hearts Singing," was well rendered.

Then came Commissioner Coombs' lecture, entitled "The Yesterday, To-day and To-morrow of the Salvation Army," which proved to be very interesting, delivered, as it was, in the Commissioner's easy talkative style. He gave a graphic description of the Army from the time all its officers could be covered by one hat up to the present, when there are over 80,000 of them.

The part of his speech, however, which went home to the hearts of all was his description of the great rescue work which has been carried on by a great army of self-sacrificing soldiers all over the world.

Emigration schemes may be all right properly worked, but there is danger of commercializing things in these days of frenzied finance, and the officers of this rescue army will have to watch with care these things and keep before their eyes the Dowie dizziness.

The reputation of the Salvation Army has been built up around that noble rescue work, and that is why that part of the Commissioner's lecture went close home to the hearts of his house full of hearers.

Don't contaminate that noblest part of the work.

After the Commissioner's address, Mr. Lindsey made a little speech, in which he moved a vote of thanks to the distinguished visitor, which was seconded by Mayor Bleasdell and carried by a standing vote.

After the big meeting was over, Mr. Lindsey took the party back to Park House, where a reception was given, at which some invited guests were given the opportunity of meeting the Commissioner and staff in person.

The Commissioner and Mrs. Coombs remained with Mr. and Mrs. Lindsey at the park over night, and the next morning the Commissioner spent the time with Mr. Lindsey at the Coal Company office. After lunching with Mr. Lindsey, the party were taken to the mines. On the way up Mr. Coombs favored the miners in the mine coach with a short talk, and Colonel Pugmire and Mrs. Smeaton sang solos for them.

In the evening, after dining with Mr. and Mrs. Lindsey, they were driven to the station by the host and the local officers saw them safely ensconced in the Pullman and amid the farewells of their comrade soldiers, they were whisked away towards Toronto. Fernie was the last place at which a stop of any length was made.

Messrs. G. G. S. Lindsey, W. H. Whimster, D. Davies, Rev. Kempton, Dr. Bonnell, Alderman Tuttle and Mayor Bleasdell were on the stage besides the staff of the Salvation Army travelling with Commissioner Coombs.

W. R. Ross, M. P. P., makes a most imposing, as well as a most urbane and thoughtful presiding officer.

Colonel Pugmire, Adjutant Morris and Commissioner Coombs rendered that beautiful hymn, "He Knows," in a most touching and effective manner.

The local organization of the Salvation Army did themselves proud in their efforts to have as many people as possible meet Commissioner and Mrs. Coombs and others of the staff while they were in town.

One of Commissioner Coombs' best told stories was that of "Jack," who carried the street waif on his back with his little feet held in Jack's great brawny hands to keep them warm, while the warmth of the body of the kid warmed Jack's back when there was no shirt to warm it, and a big rent in his coat between the shoulders to expedite ventilation.

"You can't warm even a dog without receiving warmth in return," Coombs.

MINER'S CONVENTION.

Lethbridge is entertaining this week the delegates to the annual convention of District No. 18, United Mine Workers of America. The meetings are being held in the Labor Temple, President Sherman presiding.

The delegates in attendance are: D. L. Miller, Tabor; John Miller, Tabor; C. Stubbs, Bellevue; Harry Gate, Coleman; James Lancaster, Fernie; W. H. Moore, Fernie; C. Garner, Michel; H. Evans, Lundbreck; Jas. Chapman, Frank; H. Aston, Canmore; Peter Patterson, Fernie; A. McLeod, Miller and J. M. McDonald, secretary-treasurer of the union from Blairmore, and John R. Galvin, vice-president. D. McNabb represents Lethbridge.

This convention is of public importance, as the present mining contracts expire in the spring, and the new contracts, rules and regulations will be drafted now.

The convention will be for the most part open to the public, but at times it will be closed in executive sessions from which the public of course will be excluded.

The local union gave notice of the strike settlement, and the coal from the mine was put on the fair list.—Lethbridge Herald.

CHALLENGE TO KID FOLEY.

The Ledger is in receipt of a letter from Kid Davis, of Winnipeg, stating that he would like to meet Kid Foley on Christmas or New Years night, for $50 or $100 a side, gate receipts 25 per cent. to loser, the battle to take place in Fernie. He says he is out to meet all comers from 130 to 160 pounds.

FATAL ACCIDENT

Alfred Bollong, lately from Tangier, Nova Scotia, was instantly killed Wednesday afternoon by a tree falling on him while working in the bush for the Elk Lumber Co. Deceased was about 35 years of age, and had only been working for the Elk Lumber Co. a couple of days.

The funeral took place yesterday afternoon from the undertaking parlors of Scott and Ross.

Captain Laidlaw, of the Salvation Army, conducted the services at the grave.

Dr. Cartwright, of Elkmouth, is in the city today.

J. H. Marshall, manager of the Home Bank, went up to Michel last night.

It has been said with a great deal of truth that you can never become really acquainted with a man until you have supped with him, and in order to ensure a pleasant time, good tea must be used. During the past sixteen years "SALADA" has become a familiar word to every newspaper reader, and the fact that the demand is steadily increasing requires no comment; it tells its own story. "SALADA" is king.

LOCAL ITEMS

F. A. Hill, mining engineer, of Seattle, is in the city.

Dr. McSorley, of Michel, was in town a few hours Thursday.

Mrs. Jas. McEvoy returned Tuesday morning from an extended visit in the east.

C. Whitefield, general roadmaster of the Great Northern, was in town Thursday.

G. G. Jewell, of the Jewell Lumber Company, was a Fernie visitor Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Barnes, of Regina, are visiting Mrs. Barnes parents, Mr. and Mrs. Reading.

T. H. Whelan, mine host of the Napanee, is away to the coast on a short business trip.

Col. Doran, of Spokane, sales agent for the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Co., was in the city Wednesday.

H. N. Galer, manager of the International Coal and Coke Co., of Coleman, was in town yesterday.

A. J. Mosser, travelling freight and passenger agent of the North Western line, was a Fernie visitor Monday.

P. L. Naismith, general manager of the Alberta Railway and Irrigation Co., Lethbridge, was in town yesterday.

Mr. Bennett, formerly with the North Star Lumber Co., Elko, has taken a position in Bleasdell's Drug Store.

Government Agent J. H. McMullin left for Vancouver Sunday morning on official business, and is expected to return today.

F. B. Hawthorne, the popular and good natured traveller of Nelson, was visiting his many customers in Fernie this week.

Mrs. Crawford, who has been visiting for several weeks in Sandon, returned home this week, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Lyons.

The Ladies' Guild of Christ Church held a very successful bazaar Wednesday afternoon in Stork's Hall, succeeded by a dance in the evening.

F. C. Gamble, of the Department of Lands and Works, was in town this week looking over the work on the Hosmer road and Elk river bridge.

Mrs. Chas. Weyjett and child arrived in the city Saturday morning to join her husband, Mr. Chas. Weyjett, of W. J. Blundell's staff, and will make their home in Fernie.

The coroner's jury in the case of Ida Fiorese, who was killed at Coal Creek last week by being crushed beneath a railway car, returned a verdict of accidental death.

Hugh B. Gilmour, ex-M.P.P., of Vancouver, was in town the first of the week apparently completely recovered from the effects of that interview with the Nelson News man.

R. A. Dorrell, formerly of the Bank of Commerce staff here, now of the New Westminster branch, is expected to be in Fernie next week, and will spend the holiday season with friends here.

President Sherman, President Moore, International Board Member Patterson and J. Lancaster are at Lethbridge attending the annual convention of District 18, United Mine Workers of America.

Mrs. Yearby left on Sunday evening on the C. P. R. on her way to her old home in England, and wishes to thank the Benevolent Society and the ladies of Fernie for their kindness towards her in her long illness.

Rev. H. Locke Kempton will preach upon the subject of Baptism on Sunday evening (D.V.), explaining the position of Baptists upon that theme. At the close of the service the ordinance of baptism will be administered.

S. Lawrence, superintendent of the C. P. R. at Nelson; H. R. MacDonnell, general freight agent of Nelson, and Superintendent Erickson, passed through on Thursday's west bound express, returning from a visit to Frank, where they have been sizing up the coal situation.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Co. announce the usual fare and one-third Christmas and New Year return rates from and to all local points on western lines. Tickets will be placed on sale Dec. 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 28, 29, 30, 31, and Jan. 1st, good returning until Jan. 3rd. For detailed information apply to local agents.

Mrs. L. W. R. Terry held a very pretty reception Wednesday afternoon at her residence on Pellatt avenue. There were a host of old friends and well-wishers present. Mrs. Terry was assisted by Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Dudley and Mrs. Clapp, who passed the many good things to eat from a very tastefully arranged table, decorated with flowers and other dainty and attractive things.

P. McConnell was up from Waldo yesterday.

Lewis Stockett, manager of Pacific Coal Co., Bankhead was in the city yesterday.

P. E. Whiteside, manager of the Blairmore coal mines, was in the city yesterday.

J. H. Ashdown was elected mayor of Winnipeg over Ald. Latimer by a large majority.

The miners at Tabor are advertising in this issue for a qualified physician to locate there.

W. J. Little, manager of the coal mines at Canmore, Alta., was a Fernie visitor yesterday.

Chas. M. Webster, collector of customs at Great Falls, Montana, was a Fernie visitor yesterday.

W. R. Campbell came down from Cranbrook yesterday, and reports everything O.K. in that suburb.

A. L. Cameron was elected mayor of Calgary by a large majority. Ald. Stuart was at the bottom of the poll. Now watch the Eye Opener.

There was a meeting of the executive committee of the Liberal Association in Stork's Hall last evening. F. E. Simpson, Liberal organizer was present.

The Symphony orchestra furnished the music at the Church of England dance on Wednesday evening and gave very general satisfaction, and was favorably commented on.

P. A. Robertson, president, and F. B. Lynch, secretary of the Elk Lumber Co., arrived in the city yesterday morning to attend the annual meeting of the company.

D. J. Grier out-ran Mayor Grady at Macleod the other day. Mr. Grier had 49 to spare when the ballots were counted out.

Grady felt queer
When beaten by Grier;
Will he set up the bier,
Or will he pass up to Grier?

Mr. Frank Byron, an assayer, has been experimenting with fire clay samples obtained near Cranbrook, and is said to have demonstrated that there is clay of the best quality for this purpose in paying quantity in that locality. This material has also been found on the prairie to the east of the mountains.

There should be a fortune in this material for somebody with the faith and the money to improve the opportunity.

The attention of our readers is directed to the big ad. of the Crow's Nest Trading Company, to be found on the last page of this issue. There is money in it to you and the Ledger expects to make that page of itself attractive every week. Bring in your receipts from the Trading Company and get the Ledger free for the next three months. You can bring along $2.00 and get the paper for the next fifteen months. Read our ads. carefully, and you will save the price of the Ledger many times over every year.

The Ledger hardly ever indulges in the weather prophet line, but this week it predicts a decrease in the quantity of snow in this immediate vicinity, and a corresponding increase of the beautiful down in Nova Scotia the week following. There will be a shower of May Snow, Rose Snow and Lily Snow down that way soon. The Misses Snow leave Fernie Sunday evening, bound for their old down east home to eat Christmas turkey and stand under the mistletoe bough.

May, Rose and Lily Snow
Have lots of fun wherever they go

BORN.

BUCKLEY—At Parkhill, Ont., Dec. 3rd, to the wife of A. J. Buckley, (city), a son.

$30,000 FIRE AT MACLEOD

Conflagration Result of Quarrel Over Game of Fan Tan in Chinese Shop

Macleod, Dec. 7.—At five-fifty this morning a fire broke out in the Chinese laundry on 24th street, which spread so rapidly and with such fierceness that the destruction of the business portion of Macleod was apparent. Overturning of a stove and the carelessness of a Chinaman is without doubt the cause of the loss of business property here this morning. Outsiders cannot realize to what extent the commercial circle is crippled through this conflagration.

The Chinese laundry, a small frame building, was as dry as tinder, and in less than twenty minutes from the time the fire was noticed was a seething mass of flame. The adjoining building, of similar construction, was owned by Mr. McKenzie, and was used as a restaurant. In a few moments Mr. McKenzie and his family were driven from their bed and witnessed the unpleasant sight of seeing his little business and all his possessions consumed by the flames. The only thing saved was a small quantity of wearing apparel. The most deplorable part of Mr. McKenzie's loss is $700 in bank currency. He had drawn this amount of money from the Bank of Commerce on Thursday, intending to leave on today's train for Claresholm to purchase stock. The fire came upon him with such suddenness, practically driving the occupants of the cafe out for their lives, that he was unable to secure the money, which had been placed safely in a drawer the evening before. It is hoped some means may be devised whereby he can recover this amount of money.

From McKenzie's the fire enveloped the adjoining building occupied by Long, the barber. The contents were saved, but the building, owned by Mrs. Anderson, was a total loss, and was valued at about a thousand dollars. The fire up to this time had been working east, but was stopped by the brick fire wall of the Bank of Commerce.

The fire now turned against a stiff breeze and burnt steadily, consuming the next building east adjoining the original point of the outbreak. This building was occupied by Mr. Richardson as a gents' furnishing business, and though the stock was partly saved, the whole building was a total loss. The building was valued at about two thousand dollars. While the contents were partially saved, the loss to the stock can be estimated at five hundred dollars. This may be covered by insurance. The building, however, was owned by Chow Sam, and only carried five hundred dollars insurance.

The large general store belonging to C. J. Reach & Co., adjoining that of Richardson, was the next to catch fire. Being frame, it burned very rapidly, and in a brief space of time nothing remained but a smouldering pile of ashes. Mr. Reach is an old timer here and a great deal of sympathy is felt for him, as he not only lost his store, which is valued at over five thousand dollars, but also his large stock of groceries, etc., valued at over fifteen thousand.

Joseph Hick's law office, a snug little building occupied the lot adjoining, and was engulfed by the flames in a few moments. Mr. Hicks was out of town and had it not been for the thoughtfulness of Mayor Grady and a number of others, including Mr. Atkins, who worked like Trojans carrying the contents to a place of safety in R. Walker Jell's office, everything would have been destroyed, including the collection of dockets of current and past cases, and a large library of legal books. As it was, everything was saved.

Owing to the inflammable nature of the material embodied in the building burned, the fire at this point was a roaring furnace, and the total destruction of the business portion of Macleod seemed certain. Therefore, the only possible solution was the immediate destruction of such property as would leave a fire brake. No dynamite or powder being available at the moment, and time being the main object, horses and a multitude of volunteers attacked the post office and the large warehouse, the property of Mr. C. H. Baker, in the hope of saving the rest of the property lying east of this point. Both of these being frame structures, they were destroyed and removed in a less space of time than seems possible, leaving a large gap of upwards of 75 feet. The fire was now confined to the building occupied by Chow Sam as a restaurant, the building occupied by Messrs. Barker and Doney as a general store and a jewellery business; also Mr. Dickson's law office. All the movable property had been removed from these premises, so that the frame buildings were soon licked up by the flames.

The effect of the fire brake was then felt, and the volunteer brigade which heretofore had been unable to accomplish much, effected a speedy control over the flames, and it was felt that the fire was conquered, and that the town was saved.

The Telephone Company suffered heavily, there being about four miles of wire spoiled, and a number of poles, the total estimated loss being about fifteen hundred dollars.

The damage to the electric light plant was comparatively small, being in the region of $200.

ANOTHER SENSATION.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—A sensation was produced in the house today by a statement by Uriah Wilson (Lennox and Addington) that W. T. R. Preston had stated that he would not "work under Frank Oliver for $10,000 a year."

It would appear that the transfer of Mr. Preston from the interior department and the department of trade and commerce was upon his own initiative.

Too much damming in the stream of talk flowing from the head waters of the "interior" to suit Alphabet Preston. It would be worth that $10,000 all right to have a little of the Oliver eloquence when immigration matters are up for consideration in the big building across the street from the capital hill.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

NAPANEE — Mrs. A. P. Chenette, Marysville.
A. Schuck, Chicago.
J. Heler, W. Gaskell, Will Lloys, McEwan Co.
W. Tierney, Spokane.
M. Kaufman, Cranbrook.
Thos. Corkill, Thos. Olavey, Hosmer.
D. McDonald, Ottawa.
F. B. Hawthorne, Nelson.
J. Stephens, Morrissey.
A. J. Farquharson, Hosmer.
C. M. Edwards, Cranbrook.
Dr. R. Holt, Medicine Hat.
Jas. Mathews, Rexford.
A. P. Campbell, Perth, N. B.
Miss Buchanan, Moose Jaw.

WALDORF—C. Mallandaine, Cranbrook.
Mrs. Lefever, Baynes.
W. G. Ross, Vancouver.
F. P. Mathers and wife, H. Allen, High River.
D. H. Smith, Michel.
John McClement, Coal Creek.
J. A. McDonald, Nelson.
H. V. Parker, C. R. Ward, Cranbrook.
B. Hinrich, Revelstoke.
Fred Bohn, Chicago.

KING EDWARD—C. A. Dow, Elko.
Alex. Pettruff, Mortlach.
C. E. Wilson, Fillmore.
J. Wright, T. Price, J. V. Fleming, J. L. Kuffer, City.
G. H. Burge, Strathcona.
W. J. Nixon, Oil City, Alta.
Wm. Robinson, Pincher Creek.
J. W. Gardner, Cowley.
Mrs. H. M. Mobbs, Innisfail.
Thos. Walker, Coal Creek.
A. C. Larson, Kalispel.
Janet Stoneham, Scotland.
A. Mukrymer, Crow's Nest.

VERDICT OF RELIABLE PRESS

The Case of L. P. Eckstein as Viewed in Other Parts of the Province—Shameful Treatment.

The prosecution of L. P. Eckstein, at Fernie, was as near a case of persecution as ever came up in the province. It was a political deal from start to finish, but fortunately was nipped in the bud. The men who were back of that deal should hang their heads in shame. W. A. Macdonald hit the nail on the head when he said that the whole scheme was a case of persecution.—Cranbrook Herald.

The trial of Mr. Eckstein, of the law firm of Eckstein & Gray, of Fernie, on the charge of conspiring to defeat the ends of justice, has resulted in a victory for the lawyer. It seems a pity that the prosecution should ever have been entered on, in view of the fact that the Crown had to rely upon the evidence of the tin-horn gambler and his paramour. The case altogether was of an unsavory character, and while the immediate object of the prosecution has failed, it will serve as a salutary warning to persons inclined to connive at the spiriting away of witnesses.—The Week.

The case of Mr. L. P. Eckstein, barrister, of Fernie, who was taken to gaol from his home at midnight on a charge of having advised two women to leave the country instead of remaining to give evidence against the keeper of a bad house, has been commented on in our dispatches. But it would seem to be a matter that requires a judicial inquiry into all the circumstances. The fact that Mr. Eckstein is a property-owner in Fernie with a wife and family, should have protected him from a midnight visit by the chief constable, and the further fact that the person upon whose evidence he was arrested is a dissolute character, and if his evidence was trustworthy was a confederate, should have moved the police to act with caution. Instead, the police would seem to have acted with precipitation and a lack of judgment that savors of persecution. In the court the Crown had two counsel to prosecute, and the abortive proceedings must have cost the country at least $1,000. In his address to the court, Mr. W. A. Macdonald, K. C., stated that in his experience of over 25 years he had never heard or known of the vilest criminal being pursued as Mr. Eckstein had been; that if there was any conspiracy it seemed to be one against Eckstein to shatter the reputation of a respectable and prominent citizen, and he intimated that there was an undisclosed influence at the bottom of a prosecution which was better styled a persecution. It is plain that the end of this strange case is not yet.—Vancouver World.

PROTESTED INNOCENCE

Featherstone, the South Wellington Murder, Denies His Guilt—Most Atrocious Crime on Record.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 12.—"I merely wish to declare before God, with this my last breath, that I am innocent of the murder of Mary Jane Dalton, for which I am condemned to die. I die in the faith of the Church of England."

With these words calmly and impressively spoken, Robert Styles Featherstone went to his death in the provincial jail yard this morning, without the slightest suggestion of physical or mental weakening. There was no hitch in the execution and not a tremor of the rope after the trap was sprung. At 8.05 the black flag, mounting the flagstaff of the prisoner's chapel, told that the last act in the tragedy had been performed.

The case becomes historic because of the conviction on wholly circumstantial evidence, doubt in the minds of many as to the truth of portions of the testimony, the belief of the police that Featherstone was drunk when he committed the deed and really believed himself innocent, and the positive declaration of former employers that the man was generally regarded as half-witted. The executed man left a long statement for his family elaborating his protestation of innocence.

The crime for which Featherstone atoned to society upon the gallows, was committed upon the 21st July last, when Mary J. Dalton, a handsome girl of 22, was shot dead in her home at South Wellington, three revolver bullet wounds being inflicted, any one of which would have caused death. The girl died apparently defending her virtue, the murderer's weapon being at most a few inches from her head when the fatal shots were fired. Featherstone, who was head sawyer at the mill, and who had excited attention by his unwelcome overtures to the women of the village—his attentions being so marked and promiscuous that Mrs. Bertha Bottam had remarked to her neighbor only the day before the tragedy as Featherstone passed, "it was too bad they didn't run that fellow out of town; he was promptly arrested by Constable Stephenson, and link by link a chain of circumstantial evidence was forged which justified a jury at the subsequent session of assize in finding him guilty of murder, Hon. Justice Morrison concurring in the verdict and imposing sentence of death.

The case was remarkable in that the evidence was wholly circumstantial. It is an axiom of police and legal practitioners that direct evidence is not naturally securable in a case of murder. There are usually, however, some scraps of direct testimony supplementing and strengthening the array of damning circumstances. In the Featherstone case there was none. It was circumstantial evidence in toto.

Featherstone had been introduced to Mary Dalton by the girl's father but a week before the tragedy. A day or so later, as she happened to pass as he chatted with a friend, he made a slighting remark as to her character, and remarked to Randolph Kalbery that she was "a pretty swell piece" and he was going to get after her. The day before the murder, Featherstone was one of a party of several men and one woman, Annie Meredith, a demi-monde, on a heavy spree, in the course of which he frequently flourished a revolver such as was found in his room, lately discharged, shortly after the murder. In calibre the weapon fitted the bullets removed from the victim's remains. Conclusive testimony was offered, chiefly that of the Meredith woman, that Featherstone was a degenerate of the beast sort.

Other testimony offered showed that shortly before the murder Miss Dalton called at the Nichol house at which Featherstone boarded, leaving mail and papers for Mrs. Nichol. When she left Featherstone followed. He was seen by three witnesses going in the direction of the Dalton home just prior to the sound of three shots fired. When arrested there were scratches upon his face and a bloodstained handkerchief in his pocket. He had boasted in flourishing his revolver that it had taken human life before in the States. When arrested he denied having heard the name of Dalton. Then his old police training asserted itself—he was an ex-N. W. M. P. trooper—and he became strictly noncommittal. He protested his innocence throughout, however, and hoped until the last for a commutation of the death penalty. Singing, dancing and eccentric behavior while occupying the condemned cell are believed to have been part of a pitiful attempt to escape the gallows on an insanity plea at the eleventh hour.

THE FERNIE LEDGER

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Issued every Thursday from the office of publication, Todd Block, Victoria Ave., Fernie, British Columbia.

D. V. MOTT - - Editor
G. G. MEIKLE - Manager

LABOR VICTORY

Conditions in Hamilton were peculiarly favorable to the labor candidate. The sympathy for organized labor and for municipal ownership of the street railway, which the strike aroused, and, on the other hand, the feeling against the Cataract Power Company which has been developed by its recent dealings with the city, disposed the voters to cast their ballots for Mr. Studholme. This is not to say that the Cataract Power Company has been unusually illiberal in its dealings with Hamilton, for we imagine that it has contributed greatly to Hamilton's growth, and has been more moderate in its exactions than many similar corporations elsewhere. But for the moment there was strong feeling against the company, and a strong sympathy with organized labor, and hence Mr. Studholme's return by a majority of more than 800. It may also be assumed that the Liberal vote went strongly for the labor candidate. This would not be surprising under any ordinary circumstances, for nothing is more natural than an alliance between labor and liberalism when liberalism is permitted by its leaders to have true expression. We imagine, however, that the election has no particular provincial significance. It will encourage labor to put up candidates in other centres, and we cannot think that any harm will result from the presence of a few labor representatives in the legislature. On the other hand, the government is strong, and deservedly strong, and the election of Mr. Studholme is a victory for labor rather than a defeat for Mr. Whitney.

The Toronto News, from which the above is taken, said a great deal in small space when it remarked that "this would not be surprising under any ordinary circumstances, for nothing is more natural than an alliance between labor and liberalism, WHEN LIBERALISM IS PERMITTED BY ITS LEADERS TO HAVE TRUE EXPRESSION."

We have recently had a most convincing example of how this interference of leaders in such matters can do more harm in twenty-four hours, not only to party interests, which, after all, are only secondary interests, but to the real material interests of a whole province. Liberal leaders, so called, who are in the political arena wearing the livery of liberalism, while working solely for private corporation interests, succeed in a very short time in undoing years of work done to bring together labor and liberal interests, because such a union means the clipping of the claws of corporation grafters, and as long as liberal leaders are made of the stuff that fails to stand the test of fire when applied, as it always has been, and will continue to be, applied by private interests, just so long will there be a gap of uncertain width between the organized labor classes and liberalism. There is no real difference in the aims and objects of real liberalism and the object of the great labor interests of this province, and there would be no friction between the two if it were not created and encouraged by interests that are opposed to the real principles of both these sections of what ought to be one party.

RISING PRESTIGE OF LA FOLLETTE.

Take heed of the rising prestige of Senator La Follette. This little Wisconsin man is not a statesman of ideal poise. He sometimes proposes impracticable things, but he has a pretty sound motive for everything he does. If he seems to be making trouble for the sake of excitement, the probabilities are that he is doing it for the purpose of exposing people who should be exposed. And he does not care a whit whether the man exposed is a member of his own party or of the opposition party. That is one of the best things about La Follette. That is the chief reason why he has made the independent vote of Wisconsin large enough to dominate the state, and most of the political divisions of the state.

In the recent election the man elected to be district attorney of Milwaukee was defeated for the Republican nomination because he had been "excessively active" in securing indictments for grafting in municipal affairs. La Follette advised him to run independently, and supported him. The only members of the Wisconcin delegation in congress who supported La Follette last session were re-elected. Of the five who opposed him three were defeated for nomination, one was nominated and elected, while the sixth, Babcock, was defeated at the polls by a Democrat whom La Follette supported. As matters now stand, La Follette is stronger in his own state than ever before.

And this strength, together with the following the Wisconsin Senator has acquired in the general west, especially in Kansas, Iowa, and Indiana, has made him much stronger in Washington than he was before. The interesting thing is that La Follette has made his record by a remarkable exhibition of courage. He worked in Washington just as he worked in Wisconsin, but against much harder odds. The atmosphere of the senate is absolutely stifling to the new and enthusiastic advocate of the people's rights.

Such an advocate is looked upon as a "cheap man," is made to feel that he is "making an ass of himself," unless he has enough stamina to obviate the possibility of any such feeling taking possession of him. La Follette was snubbed and belittled at every turn when he first began his crusade in Washington. But he was right, and he knew it, and he stood his ground. As a result he has deserved and acquired a popular sympathy and support that will make him a factor to be reckoned with in the forthcoming session.

Mr. La Follette's political career has been one continuous battle against corporation graft, and he has done more for the people of his state and the country generally than any other man of his age in the west.

The attempt of the senate as Washington to shelve him and make him appear ridiculous, has only resulted in giving him more influence with the people.

The attempt of this branch of congress to shut off criticism of its actions by a member, has added such an impetus to the movement to do away with the present method of electing senators by the legislature of the state, that an organization has been formed with the object of forcing this issue to a successful end.

The first meeting of this association was held a few days ago, and its action has stirred things up in such a way that there will be no downing the movement.

If Senator La Follette never accomplished more than this one reform, he will have done more for the purifying of legislation in the great republic than has been done by any other senator since the great civil war.

The Canadian senate is formed by still worse methods than is that of the United States, and there will have to be improvement in the methods of creating senators, or that body will become as unpopular as is the present house of lords in England or the American senate.

"GOOD FAIRY OF THE HOME."

Ancient Heroes and a Modern Discovery.

Ancient Greece will always be remembered for the fine types of manhood supplied by the heroes of her battlefields and the athletes of her arenas. Still more will these heroes and athletes themselves be remembered for the custom they bequeathed to later ages of healing sore and injured places on their bodies by the external application of some secret balm or salve. The Greek charioteers did not emerge from their mad races without some severe bruise or gaping wound; and to anoint each injury carefully with their favorite balm was an indispensable part of the day's programme. If we go back in history even to Bible times—we find that this external "rubbing" has prevailed all along the line, and the only explanation of its survival, amidst so many changes in science, seems to lie in the fact that the external use of salves and balms is dictated to us by Nature herself. Our own instincts tell us to rub a part that hurts; and in Zam-Buk the ideal substance to apply to an injured or diseased surface is universally believed to have been found at last.

Most of the ointments, embrocations and salves that have had to suffice in the past are of a coarse consistency, and contain quantities of mineral poisons, rancid animal fats, and turpentine. What healing properties they may possess are generally counterbalanced by the grave danger of inflaming and contaminating the flesh.

Zam-Buk is absolutely free from any such danger. It is a preparation compounded purely from herbal juices, essences and extracts. "skin-food," which regenerates old and diseased tissues just as food rebuilds and reconstructs the body. Zam-Buk also gives naturally just that assistance which Nature is asking for when pain, swellings, eruptions, or inflammation occur. Zam-Buk allays all forms of irritation, expels disease, stops suppuration, stops festering and virtually "feeds" the skin, toning it up in Nature's own way.

Zam-Buk should be in every home. It has a wide range of usefulness, but is especially recommended for cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, sprains, stiffness, swollen joints, bad leg, blind and bleeding piles, running sores, eczema, ulcers, pimples, boils, rash, raw chapped hands, scalp irritation, sore heads, barber's rash, raw chin after shaving, sore throat and chest, sore and aching feet, chilblains, cold sores, festering sores, poisoned wounds and other diseased, injured and inflamed or irritated conditions of the skin. Rubbed well into the parts effected, Zam-Buk gives great relief from neuralgia, toothache, sciatica, lumbago, rheumatism, and chest and back pains.

All druggists sell at 50 cents a box or post free from the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, on receipt of price.

WINTER EXCURSIONS.

Maritime Provinces, Ontario, Quebec, The Old Country.

The Canadian Pacific Railway announce a series of low round trip rates, first-class, three (3) months limit, from Kootenays to all points in Ontario, Quebec, Maritime Provinces and the Old Country.

Rate from Fernie to Toronto, Montreal, Windsor and intermediate points is $62.25; Halifax or St. John, in connection with ocean passages, $73.25.

Tickets will be sold daily November 24th to December 31st.

Corresponding rates will be quoted to all Eastern Canadian points from all Kootenay stations.

This is an unusual opportunity to visit Eastern Canada or the Old Country at Christmas at a low rate.

Detailed information, sailing lists for ocean steamers, first-class or tourist sleeper reservations on application to local agents, or write

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CHURCH DIRECTORY
City of Fernie

ANGLICAN—Christ Church—Rev. R. Skelding Wilkinson, pastor—Services, 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School and Bible class at 2.30 p. m. Evening prayer on Wednesday at 8 o'clock. Holy Communion 1st and 3rd Sundays at 11 a. m., and 2nd Sunday at 8 a. m.

BAPTIST—Rev. H. Locke Kempton, B.A., B.Th., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday school and Bible class at 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 p. m.

CATHOLIC—Church of the Holy Family—Father J. M. Travernier, O.M.I. Low mass, 8.30 a. m.; high mass, 10.30 a. m. Sunday school, 2 p. m. Evening service, 7.30

METHODIST—Rev. W. Lashley Hall, B.A., B.D., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Bible class 3.30 p. m.; combined Bible class and teachers' meeting, 3.30 p.m. Class meeting, 10.15 a. m. Young people's meeting, Monday at 8 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p.m.

PRESBYTERIAN — Knox church—Rev. H. R. Grant, B.A., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class at 2.30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m.

SALVATION ARMY—Captain Laidlaw. Sunday—Knee drill 7 a. m. Holiness meeting 11 a. m. "Free and Easy," 2.30 p. m. Sunday school, 3 to 3. Salvation meeting, 8 p. m. P.M.E. meeting on Monday at 7.30 p. m. Salvation meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m. Soldiers' meeting, Friday. Testimony meeting Saturday at 8 p. m.

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SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST MINING REGULATIONS.

Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at $10 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz.—A free miner's certificate is granted upon payment in advance of $5 per annum for an individual, and from $50 to $100 per annum for a company according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,500 x 1,500 feet.

The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1 an acre.

The patent provides for the payment of a royalty of 2½ per cent on the sales.

Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee $5 renewable yearly.

A free miner may obtain two leases to dredge for gold of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 2½ per cent collected on the output after it exceeds $10,000.

W. W. COREY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

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A. F. & A. M.
Regular meeting held first Friday in each month. Visiting brethern cordially invited.
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KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS
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THEY WILL NOT BURN.
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Phone 91. - - Fernie, B. C.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

The contractors of Fernie will please take notice that After April 1st, 1906 the Carpenters and Joiners of Fernie Local 1220 will demand four dollars (4.00) for eight (8) hours' work.

W. A. CONNELL,
President,
U. B. of C. & J. U. 1220, Fernie.

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to please is to supply only the best meat. If you trade with us you will learn just what we mean by these two "ways". QUALITY and QUANTITY will be a little more than you expect.

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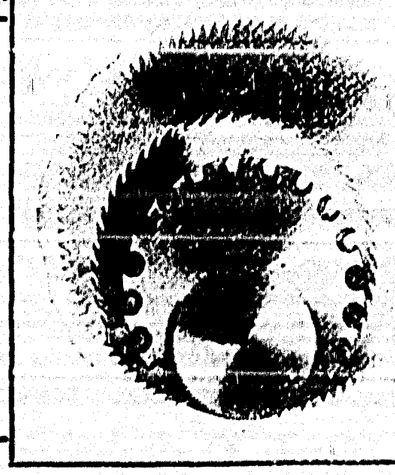

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THE LEDGER NIGHT-CAP

Supplement to the Fernie Ledger

VOL I. FERNIE, B. C., DEC. 15, 1906. No. 12

A. J. R. and JOHN D.

A. J. R. Visits Rockefeller in the "Hills"—John's Vain Efforts with the Hard, Hard Rogers.

During our recent trip east we stopped over in Pocantico Hills to spend an evening with John. When they found out who it was knocking at the gate, th dogs were called off, the private militia warned not to fire, the guardians of the threshold and detectives were notified, and Rockefeller himself, dear old John, met us at the door with beaming face and extended hands.

"Well, well, old man," he said heartily; "I am right glad to see you here in Pocantico. Take off your duds and hang yourself up in the closet for a week at least. I want to have a good talk with you."

That evening after tea we sat in front of the open fire in the library with our pipes, and John told all about the dastardly attempt of the United States to damage his business.

"Why, hang it," said John earnestly, laying his hand on our knee to emphasize the point, "we consented to have that anti-Sherman law passed as a mere form so as to satisly a few of the over-scrupulous. When Ohio started a suit against us about ten years ago, I called up Washington myself by long-distance and had Aldrich wire right down to Ohio and have the suit called off. He told the Ohio fellows then that the anti-trust law was not meant to be taken seriously. Why, ding it, do you suppose it is likely that we were going to dig up a million dollars to put an administration in power that was going to turn around and slap us into the lock-up?

"Of course, the Ohio authorities saw the point at once, and the Attorney-General of the state was given the double cross. I told Foraker then that it was pretty cheap work on their part who were on the ground to let the thing happen at all. It called public attention to the business, and if there is anything we want it is to keep the attention away from us, as you can readily see."

"Yes," we consented meditatively, "it is this darned publicity that hurts us humorists. The more we do our work in the dark the safer we are."

"Have you got your Standard stock now?" John asked, foxily, narrowing his eyes to a slit.

"No, when eggs went up, we had to let it go."

"That must have been the bunch I pulled in last September," said John meditatively. "But if I were you I would buy a little Standard oil, lock it up in the safe and forget it."

"Look here, old pal," we said, slapping John on the back so that his eyes watered, "you can't unload your old wall paper on us. If they burst your combine your stock will look a good deal like 'Dirty kroner.'"

John winked rapidly and looked very solemn. The tears came unbidden into his eyes.

"My—dear—friend, my very dear friend, if I may so call you, do you suspect me for one moment of giving you the wrong steer! Do you think old John would sell out his best friend?"

We grasped his hand impulsively.

"Pardon me for the unworthy suspicion, old fellow. I was wrong, very wrong."

"Bluff old Hal Rogers sometimes does his frineds," said John sorrowfully; "he considers it business. But old John, never! It isn't right. There are enough to do who are not your friends and co-religionists."

"It isn't right of Hi Rogers to do that."

"I have wept with Rogers," said John earnestly, "and pointed out to him his great wrong. But he is hard, hard. I tremble for him."

We sat looking at the fire for a long time.

The next morning we parted after breakfast, and I have never seen the grand old man since. But I well recall the sturdy figure standing at the gate waving a farewell as I drove away.—A. J. R., in Minneapolis Journal.

ROOSEVELT AND WEALTH.

In dealing with capital, in his presidential message to congress, Mr. Roosevelt said some things that must surprise many of his admirers—yet he said nothing that he, as a man of the wealthy class, might not have been expected to say.

"To preach hatred of the rich man, as such, to carry on a campaign of slander and invective against him, to seek to mislead and inflame to madness honest men whose lives are hard and who have not the kind of mental training which will permit them to appreciate the danger in the doctrines preached—all this is to commit a crime against the body politic and to be false to every worthy principle and tradition of American national life. The one hope for success for our people lies in a resolute and fearless, but sane and cool-headed advance along the path marked out last year by this very congress."

That is aimed at Hearst. It is a shot fired by a man who is unable to shake off the prejudices of the class to which he belongs.

Probably President Roosevelt does not suspect that he is prejudiced. No doubt he honestly believes that it is a crime against the State to arouse discontent in the minds of those who are oppressed by the criminal rich. Mr. Roosevelt, however, has a happy way of convincing himself that many things are right, which happen to be quite otherwise.

Why does he say: "To preach hatred of the rich man, AS SUCH, etc.?"

Who have "preached hatred of the rich man, as such?"

A few anarchists, possibly—but certainly no one else.

"Hatred of the rich!" is one thing, and opposition to the system that enables a few men to secure unreasonably large fortunes is quite another.

An honest rich man, like President Roosevelt, for instance, is one type of man, and the dishonest trust magnate, like John D. Rockfeller, is quite another type.

President Roosevelt, however, for the purposes of his argument, neglects to separate the types, and hurls his denunciation at all who stir up "hatred of the rich man, as such.

In his desire to hit Hearst, he overlooks the well-known fact that not the honest rich, but the rich criminals, have been attacked by the New York newspaper proprietor.

Mr. Roosevelt shows where he stands—proves that he cannot forget caste—when he makes use of the time-worn argument of the trust magnates in deprecating "the stirring up of class hatred."

There is not a trust magnate on earth who will not heartily endorse President Roosevelt's claim that it is a crime "to arouse one set of Americans against their fellows."

A terrible crime, undoubtedly!

Those who are victimized and oppressed by the trusts should not have their eyes opened. They should not be told what their rights are, lest they should be aroused "against their fellows!" The man who does open their eyes and tells them of their rights is, in the opinion of the President of the United States, "a base creature who panders to the lowest instincts!"

Beautiful!

The oppressed should be left where they are. Their eyes should not be opened. They should not be informed. Other means of rescuing them must be adopted. The trusts must be persuaded or compelled to cease their oppression, while the oppressed remain inactive.

Yes, we have heard that theory many times—but we have never heard that such methods ever accomplished anything.

British liberty was not gained by arguing with the oppressors. British liberty and all other liberty was gained only by the awakening and rebellion of the oppressed.

Rose water may be a very useful article for the toilet, but it has never yet penetrated the thick hide of a tyrant and caused his defeat or conversion.

Only by arousing the oppressed to a sense of their wrongs, as W. R. Hearst is arousing them, can anything ever be accomplished in the interests of justice and liberty.

President Roosevelt's savage attack on a man who, whatever his motives may or may not be, has wrought miracles in the cause of reform, is merely a proof that even a man of Mr. Roosevelt's supposed independence of mind, can still be the slave of caste bigotry of the 20th century in a great republic that boasts of its democratic spirit.

WAS A BRET HART MINING CAMP.

Yuba Dam, From Which the Writer Named a Poem, Burned.

Yuba Dam, once a mining camp, and made famous by Bret Harte's poem, "Yuba Dam," is a thing of the past. The old California camp burned last week.

The poem follows:

The sun was shimmering at the west,
And gliding all the main,
And casting shadows from the crest
Of gilded mountains to the plain,
As laboring up a water course,
A traveller pricked his weary horse;
When all at once upon his sight
Burst a fair village, clean and bright.

He asked a miner whom he met
If he could give its name: "You bet!"
"Pray do, my friend, and do not
sham."
The miner answered, "Yuba Dam."

"Kind friend, do not abuse
My ignorance; I cry a truce
To thy bold wit; come, tell me true;
I would not ask it if I knew;
But I, dear sir, a stranger am."
Quick roared the miner: "Yuba
Dam!"

Disheartened, on the stranger pressed
And overtook a mincing dame,
With flaxen hair and silken vest,
And begged of her the village name.
She opened her sweet lips like a clam,
And simpered gently, "Yuba Dam."

On tore the stranger, nearly wild,
She had a satchel on her arm,
And came upon an artless child;
While o'er her face stole many a
charm;
"Where have you been?" the stranger
said:
The maid uplifted quick her head,
And answered with the ready truth
And open frankness of her youth,
"At school." "Who keeps it?"
Uncle Sam."
"What is this place, sweet?" "Yuba
Dam."
"Alas!" he screamed, in frantic grief,
"Will no one come to my relief?
Will no one tell me where I am?"
The school boys shouted: "Yuba
Dam!"
And on the bridge as he did slam
The planks re-echoed, "Yuba Dam."

"Perdition seize the place!" he cried,
As through the place he swiftly hied,
Yet ere he went to bed that night,
From something told him by a wight,
He found that he himself had shammed,
And that the Yuba had been dammed.

It took seven million dollars of the people's money to mix steel and coal for somebody else.

MAIL CLERK EXAMINATIONS.

Record Distribution—Mail Service in Good Shape on Crow Division.

J. O. McLeod, superintendent of mail service west of Calgary and on the Crow branch, spent Friday and Saturday of last week in the city examining the mail clerks on the latter line. On these examinations depend the advances in salary of the clerks and whereas 20 per cent. is the minimum of proficiency, only two of the eight examined cameless than 99 per record. In this test 886 cards are distributed into small pigeon holes, these cards being addressed to each of the post offices in Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia and the Yukon. This clerk distributed the cards in 18 minutes.

Mr. McLeod has the most extensive jurisdiction of any of the superintendents in Canada, and examinations are held annually in each centre. He found the mail service here in good shape.

HIS OPINION.

A person named George Eulas Postel,
An eminent ozone exhauster,
Said with dainty precision,
This Insurance Commission
Is as vulgar and cheap as a coster.
Toronto News.

THE RETORT COURTEOUS.

It has been said
By Brother Hobbs
We ought to melt
In tears and sobs,

Because we act
Like silly elves
When trying to
Amuse ourselves.

Whate'er we do
(Thus Richard's song)
Is most invariably wrong.

No doubt he finds
It lots of fun
To rail at us
And what we've done.

But his amusement seems, my brothers,
To be about
As bad as others.
Toronto News.

Who is a truly religious man? He who can fall on an icy sidewalk and see a horse step on his hat without losing his temper.

HIS FINISH.

A man of the Mendelssohn Choir
Displayed a peculiar deshoir
To sing a high G
When the note was in C,
So Vogt said: "Young feller, Retchoir.

A NATIONAL MISTAKE.

It was a national mistake to allow individuals or corporations to secure control of the coal mines, as well as other public utilities, such as the telegraph, telephone, the forests and the waterfronts at the different ports.

ELKO ROOSVILLE AND TOBACCO PLAINS

Another butcher shop starts up in Elko.

John Mott takes a run up to Cranbrook this week.

Mr. Bennett is visiting friends in Elko for a few days.

J. McLean, of Fernie was in town a few hours this week.

Therejs a lot of Indians around Elko that don't wear blankets.

Happy Frank passed through town on his way to Saurkraut Valley, near Roosville.

S. Wallace, the Potter Palmer, of Fernie, was in Elko looking for the missing link.

Geo. Powell, of Cranbrook, was here with a ten-candle power smile and gas side lights.

Elko is crowded with knights of the gunny sack, big game hunters, railroaders and woodpeckers.

You can get any old game you want in Elko, from old maids to bridge whist, after the stores close.

Fred Bowman, the contractor of the big Sand Creek pineries, was in town with his freight waggons for supplies.

A big gang of lumber jacks arrived in Elko this week from Okotoks to work for Messrs. Pugh and Livingstone.

The rose tree at the Hoffman House is in full bloom, and is greatly admired by home seekers from Sunny Alberta.

Mr. A. Anderson, manager of the Union Bank, Okotoks, spent Sunday in Elko, the guest of Mr. Livingstone, of Messrs. Pugh and Livingstone.

Mr. and Mrs. James McKee, with Miss Irene and Master Carl, returned from an extended trip to eastern points, and have taken up their residence at Kilmarnock Castle.

Howard McGuire, driving four ivory handled mustangs, arrived in town from Tobacco Plains with a load of flat Dutch apples for the Trites-Wood Co, Michel, near Hosmer, Cree Township, B. C.

Business openings in Elko—Bank, Cement Factory, Steam Laundry, Bakery, Sash, Door and Fruit Box Factory, a Cigar Factory to handle the product from Tobacco Plains, and a hard cider mill. Land that grows big red apples for sale, apply at the Ledger Office.

All the Tobacco Plains Indians that have been hunting wood buffalo around Elko for the last two months have returned to their reserve near Roosville, with exception of Fred Roo—he's still in Elko selling Indian curios, dried fruits, gum shoes and mackinaw coats.

Miss Mary Burney and Miss Lily Harrison will be the leading ladies in the play to be presented in Elko, December 21st. Mr. W. S. McEwan is coaching the entire performance, and it will be the best Christmas show ever seen in Elko. It is expected that the Minneapolis Journal will have a reporter at the show.

A DIVIDED HOUSE

Grand Old Roarin' Game Shelved—Divorces in Order.

There is a fascination about the game of curling which seems to take hold of a community like the measles in a school.

There is no cure for it. The fever has to run its course, the patients cared for and nursed through the various stages of the complaint to a state of chronicality, where they remain until they are transplanted to a clime where there is no ice, and from whence they can't climb back.

This curling fever has broken out in Cranbrook, and a fine large rink is the result. The roarin' game keeps roaring day and night, and curlers curl till broad daylight.

A quartet of Fernielites went up to the banana city last Saturday and got curled to a finish. The boys won't say much about it, but admit, rather sheepishly that they were defeated.

Rod. Guthie cracked the ice in several places, but the Cranbrook curlers got back at him when they sent the tea-kettle shaped stones down the rink.

One of our boys, it won't do to give his name, gave the Kid the frame work of a good story, which suited him down to the ground, so here it is:

Two families live near each other on Baker Hill, which locality in Cranbrook corresponds to the quality end of the Fernie townsite. Their names are respectively Roaringame and Shovemgood, and the heads of the two domestic rookeries have both been daft on curling lately.

Mrs. Roaringame noticed soon after the first hard freeze that her husband didn't come home to his meals, and was out very late each night.

One morning not long ago there was a heavy coat of snow on ground, fences, walks and steps, and some sweeping and shovelling had to be done.

Mrs. Roaringame asked hubby to hitch himself onto the broom and sweep the snow off the steps and and walks, but her leige lord baulked right there. He had such a pain in his back and such cramps in his hands and arms that he was in great pain, even at the thought of having to handle a broom.

So limp and lame and sick did he look, that she was completely taken in, and hurrying him back into the house she put a mustard plaster the size of a baby bed quilt, and half an inch thick, on the small of his back, and made him go back to bed.

Mrs. Roaringame took up the broom and made the snow fly off those steps and that walk like drifts before a Macleod chinook.

Looking across the way she discovered Mrs. Shovemgood at the same task on her side of the fence, and going over closer she began an investigation by a committee of one, as it were, and soon elicited the information that Shovemgood was afflicted with the same kind of a lame back as was Roaringame, and she advised her neighbor to apply the same kind of remedy she had tried on Roaringame.

When Shovemgood met Roaringame that afternoon at the rink they exchanged confidences and swore eternal secrecy, but things got out, and the Kid got it all direct from—well, never mind from whom.

That night Roaringame came home very late and very much exhausted, doing the grunt act for all it was worth.

But a man can't control his mind and tongue while in dreamland, and that proved the undoing of a good curler.

Mrs. Roaringame was aroused from her peaceful slumbers in the dead of the night by some unintelligible mutterings which emanated from the sleeping Roaringame. Listening she caught snatches of sentences and ejaculations, amongst which she thought she could detect such words as these: "Send us down a good one this time," "just about here," "inturn," and also mutterings which might have been intelligible to Shovemgood, but which was as strange as Siwash to her.

Presently Roaringame sprung up in bed, grabbed her by the ankle, and yelling Sweep! Sweep! Sweep! began swinging her leg from side to side like a mad man, until a well directed kick from her other foot landed in Roaringame's abdominal regions, and brought him back from the curling rink to a live, waking realization of the fact that he was at home in bed and hopelessly undone.

There was an executive session of that domestic senate behind closed doors, and the Kid's informant could not vouch for what did happen, but one thing is sure, Roaringame don't go to the rink any more.

The Kid is of the opinion that Mr Roaringame had the choice of one of two divorces. He could divorce the curling rink or submit to a divorce from Mrs. Roaringame.

He has shown his wisdom by staying away from the rink, and he may be seen almost any day wandering up and down Main street looking for a victim upon whom he can unload those beautiful curling stones.

It is noticed, too, by the neighbors that Mrs. Roaringame and Mrs. Shovemgood don't have to sweep the snow off the walks and steps any more. Their husbands have both suddenly recovered from their attack of lame back.

NOTICE TO SKATERS.

The roller skating octopus has wound its tentacles about Louisville, N. D., and several of our prominent citizens are being offered up on its altar. Lew Bordwell is a man of some weight in the community, but he dropped this weight on the floor about as soon as he got roller skates under it. The Litchkille Bulletin says:

"Pendelums swung in every clock, cradles rocked in every home that had 'em; grates in every stove in town were shaken, telephone poles were rung, while the big opera house jarred from tip of roof to very last foundation stone. A frightened population thronged the boulevard; babies cried and horses neighed."

The dynamite had not been thawed by the careless employee. The trouble was that Mr. Bordwell failed to make his skates connect with the floor before his person got there. It was a jolt.

Different in Fernie. All we need up here is skates with runners on them. We have plenty of the kind that has blind staggers on them. All we need now in the skating line is a rink with stalls for the different classes of skaters, so they won't get mixed. The proprietor of the rink has had to turn down one application for a private skate, on account of want of space, which makes him feel bad.

When a skate in private
Wants to skate,
He should slide inside
His own gate.

"BETTER TERMS"

The Kid Catches on to "Better Terms"—Another Kid Over-hears Pa and Ma on the Subject with the Result that Secret's Out.

The Kid's talk about "better terms" a few days ago has created an intelligent interest in the political affairs of the country, as he has since learned from another kid.

This other kid lives in the quality end of town, and wears the regulation knickerbocker brevity substitute for pants, and lives on buckwheat cakes and honey in winter, and eats bananas and sweet peas in summer time.

The other night, after his mother had superintended tucking him in his little crib and had told him fairy tales about how far it was from Fairyland to Fernie, until she thought she had lied him to sleep, she slipped noiselessly away into the outer room and joined his pa, who was busy with the affairs of the state political and a baulky old briar pipe.

These two old ones settled down to have a nice heart to heart talk about their neighbors and their neighbor's business.

The little Kid had not gone to sleep as he should have done, he was only possoming.

So when he met the Ledger Kid the next day they had a good time of it, and this is what our Kid pumped out of the other kid:

"When ma went back into the other room, I heard pa say:

"Now, my dear, I am glad you have at last shown some interest in public affairs, and if you will sit down here close to me I will try to explain things to you so that you will be able to discuss matters of public nature in an intelligent manner.

"It is simply shocking to think of the ignorance displayed by the average woman when she ventures to open her mouth about anything beyond neighborhood gossip or the latest monstrosity in dress."

"Yes, dear," replied Mrs. Noodlehead, for that is her name, as she smiled beamingly upon her noble Noodlehead, "I am so glad you are beginning to take such an interest in me.

"I was reading in the Night Cap the other day about 'better terms' and Mr McBride and Mr. Macdonald and all those other good looking men and I am sure that 'better terms' should be used when such nice men are being talked about. That Ledger Kid should be spanked for using such bad terms when he is writing about such a handsome man as Mr McBride, with his lovely, curly hair—

"Who in thunder is talking about Mr McBride and Mr. Macdonald?" snorted Mr. Noodlehead. The "better terms" talked about by that meddlesome Kid don't mean elegant language.

"Better terms" don't mean a grammar school nor a string of link sausage, either.

"Better terms" means better financial treatment of the provinces by the Dominion Government. Do you grasp that?"

"Well, then, why did Mr. McBride get mad and come home?" queried Mrs. Noodlehead.

I think it was real mean of Mr Macdonald not to let him have all the terms he wanted."

"Oh, yes," roared Noodlehead "Mr. Macdonald should let Mr. McBride have all the terms in the universe, and if that didn't satisfy him, he should build a 'better terms' factory with check-off clauses for trap doors in it, and run it double shift time on open-shop principle to satisfy Mr. McBride's appetite for 'better terms.

"Holy smoke, don't you know anything scarcely? Do you think Mr Macdonald had anything to do with that 'better terms' picnic down at Ottawa? Well, he didn't, and that's what's the matter with him.

"Now, listen to me, and don't you interrupt the thread of my conversation.

"Mr. McBride and all the other premiers of the provinces in the Dominion held a conference down at Ottawa to fix things up so that each province could be able to get 'better terms' than it was entitled to from the Dominion, and when they offered a piece of the provincial pie to Mr. McBride for British Columbia, he said it wasn't big enough, and he was being cheated, so he quit the game. Now, do you understand that?"

"Oh, yes, now I understand," said Mrs. Noodlehead, bubbling with self appreciation.

"What a dear, good fellow Mr. McBride is to be sure; he wouldn't stand by and see the Dominion cheated. I always thought he wouldn't cheat. He has such nice curly hair, and parts it so nicely in the middle——"

"Who's talking about protecting the Dominion?" howled Noodlehead. "I said Mr. McBride thought he was being cheated. Do you think he cares a rap for the Dominion?

"Well, he don't, and he don't care a rap for Sir Wilfrid or Mr. Whitney, or Mr. Macdonald, either.

"What he wanted was 'better terms' for British Columbia, and he got mad because he couldn't get them and slammed the door and came home. Can you get that through that top-knot on the top of your head, Mrs. Noodlehead?"

"I think I see now what you mean," said Mrs. Noodlehead demurely, as she began brushing out her back hair. "And it was so good of Mr. Macdonald to help Mr McBride. Mr. Macdonald is not quite so good looking as Mr. McBride, and don't part his hair in the middle, but it was so kind of him not to be jealous and help Mr. McBride to keep from being cheated and"——

"Waugh!" snorted Noodlehead, "how could Macdonald keep McBride from being cheated. Who's talking about Macdonald anyhow?

"Didn't I tell you that the premiers of the provinces were the men in the conference?

"Macdonald's no premier, hair or no hair.

"Macdonald could part his hair down the middle, up the back and crosswise, like you are doing now, and it wouldn't make a premier of him any more than you could be an alderman by cutting off your hair and wearing a pair of Alderman Tuttle's old pants."

"It's real mean of you to talk like that," whimpered Mrs. Noodlehead, as she endeavored to hold a roll of her side hair in her mouth and talk politics at the same time.

"I wouldn't be seen wearing the best pair of pants Mr. Tuttle has if I never got to be an alderman, so there now."

"What did that Kid want to go and mix things up like that for, so I couldn't understand them, anyhow?

"I'm so glad Mr. McBride didn't stay to get cheated, anyway. He is such a nice looking man, and if I was a man I'd——"

"Oh, holy gee!" roared Mr. Noodlehead, as he threw off his clothes and floundered into his pyjamis, if you were a man, all you would need would be a bass drum and an organizer to be a whole blooming political party.

"If you had bow legs and a swelled head, I'd run you for mayor on the anti-water ticket, and elect you, too, without the aid of whiskey."

With this final effort at educating his wife upon political lines, Mr. Noodlehead tumbled into bed, pulled all the clothes around him and began snoring vigorously, thus putting the closure upon further debate.

"I don't care," murmured Mrs. Noodlehead, as she continued to do up her fore-top in tins, "I'm not bow-legged, anyhow, and if I was, I wouldn't wear anybody's pants to show that I was, for the sake of any office.

"What a nice man Mr. McBride is anyway, with that nice curly hair parted so near the middle. It was mean of those other fellows not to let Mr. Macdonald help Mr. McBride to get any kind of terms he wanted."

And Mrs. Noodlehead tip-toed to the other room, planted a good-night kiss on the top of her kid's head, then crawled into bed, pulled a corner of the covers over herself, planted a pair of cold feet in the region of her slumbering lord's stomach and went prayerfully to sleep.

THE REST TWENTY-THREED.

'Twas the last word of English
Left blooming alone;
All its lovely companions
Were faded and gone.

For the president's ukase
Had blighted the fruit,
And had withered the branches,
Destroyed every root.

Words from Saxon and Norman
Were killed by the crime,
Leaving this sole survivor,
Lost darling of time.

Though the flowers of Shakespeare
Had vanished from view,
All alone in its glory
Still flourished "Skidoo!"

The words of the Bard of Avon
Have been Roosevelted and are gone,
To state of dumb silence I go,
Compelled by the final Skido.

MARY'S LAMB.

Mary had a little lamb—
Please note the tense—
But long ago she carved her pet
To save expense.

When she had carved her little pet,
She ate him up with haste, you bet
With mint sauce and nice red jelly,
And in much trouble went to bed
With pains all through her little——
Don't get excited and fly off the
handle,
She only had aches in her head
When she blew out the candle.

MARK TWAIN AS A CRITIC.

A successful young novelist was praising the powers of Mark Twain.

"I once had the honor of reading a tale of mine to Mr. Clemens," he said, "and, thanks to his criticism, the tale was greatly improved. Originally it was too high flown; he brought it down to earth, and made it homelier and truer.

"For instance, the tale concluded with these words:

"'Mabel's dovely eyes drooped for answer, a faint flush tinted her cheek, and she gave him both her hands; and there in the old orchard, in the shade of the heavy fruited trees, he drew her to his breast, and, raising her long ringlets to his lips, kissed them reverently.'

"Mr. Clemens, at this ending, blew a cloud of smoke thoughtfully into the air, and as he watched the smoke dissolve, he drawled:

"'What do you think, now, honestly, of a young man who would go nibbling at a girl's back hair when she had her face with her?'"

THE CHRISTMAS CANADIAN MAGAZINE.

The Christmas number of The Canadian Magazine will be at once recognized by the bright, seasonable front covers in colors, entitled "Our Lady of the Snows," by J. J. Grant. The drawing shows an attractive Canadian girl, dressed in bright red, trimmed with ermine, gliding gleefully along with outstretched hands, from which snowflakes fall in reckless abandon. This picture is set upon an artistic design in red, yellow, green and black colors. Good decorative effect is obtained by a liberal use of maple leaves, and the Dominion coat of arms. "Our Lady of the Snows" won the fifty-dollar prize offered for the best cover design for Christmas.

A feature of the number that provides reading matter for the Christmas season is an article by Jean Templer, entitled "Jerusalem and its Environments." It is profusely illustrated with reproductions of original photographs and drawings. The frontispiece is a reproduction of "The Communicants," a famous painting by Jules Breton and owned by Lord Strathcona. Another feature of the number is the first of six articles on "Worry—the Disease of the Age," by the famous English writer, Dr. C. W. Saleeby.

There are many other attractive things, particularly "Old Christmas Customs in England" (illustrated), by Sarah A. Tooley; reproductions of R. Caton Woodville's famous illustrations, "The Dawn of Majuba Day" and "Maiwand Saving the Guns"; "Canadian Country Clubs" (illustrated); "The Making of Chocolates" (illustrated); "Plays of the Season" with portraits of leading players, by John E. Webber; and short stories by W. A. Fraser, Alice Jones and E. P. Medley.

"CUTE."

Jack London, the well-known novelist, has a great affection for children.

In San Francisco there are two twin sisters, little girls, of 6 years, of whom Mr. London is very fond.

On the way to the boat one morning, Mr. London met one of the twins. He stooped and shook her hand.

"'Good morning, my dear,' he said. 'And which of the twins are you?'

"The little girl answered gravely:

"'I'm the one what's out walkin'.'"

THE EDITOR'S NEEDS.

There is a woman in Saskatoon who kneads bread with her gloves on. The editor of this journal needs bread with his coat on, he needs bread with his shirt on, he needs bread with his pants on, and unless a few delinquent subscribers put up the dough he will shortly be needing bread with nothing at all on, and Fernie is not exactly a garden of Eden in the winter time, either.

HIS WIFE'S LUNGS BOTH AFFECTED

But the Great Consumptive Preventative brought Health and Happiness to his Home

"Our doctor said there was no cure for my wife as both her lungs were affected," says Mr. L. H. Walter, of Pearl Street, Brockville, Ont. "It was a sad disappointment to us both, just starting out in life, only married a short time. But before she had finished the first bottle of Psychine the pain in her lungs quickly went away, and after taking six bottles Mrs. Walter was a new creature and perfectly well again."

That is just one of the many families into which Psychine has brought hope, health and happiness. It is a living proof that Psychine cures Consumption. But don't wait for Consumption. Cure your LaGrippe, your Cough, your Bronchitis, your Catarrh, or your Pneumonia with the remedy that never fails—

PSYCHINE

(Pronounced Si-keen)

50c. Per Bottle

Larger sizes $1 and $2—all druggists

DR. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited, Toronto.

THE HOME BANK OF CANADA

Watch it Increase. All you have to do with a Savings Account is to start it and keep it going—then watch it grow. Doesn't take long for it to count up to a considerable amount—then you see the advantage—the wisdom of saving.

1$ Opens an Account with The Home Bank of Canada

J. H. MARSHALL, Mgr., Fernie Branch

The Elk Lumber Co.,

LIMITED.

MANUFACTURERS

Dimension, Flooring, Siding, Finishing Lumber and Mouldings.

All our stock is last years cut and well seasoned.

A. C. LIPHARDT

Gives

The Best of Satisfaction in Watch & Jewelery Repairing

Christmas Goods!

XMAS. GOODS XMAS. GOODS

or the Young Folk For the Old Folks

AT

The Palace Drug Store

H. F. McLean, Mgr.

BOOTS & SHOES

RUBBERS OVERSHOES

MITTS GLOVES SOX

AT STRIKE PRICES

W. R. McDougall

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DOMINION MEAT CO. Ltd.

TURKEYS! CHICKENS! DUCKS! GEESE!

We shall have a good line of these for Xmas, and are now booking Orders for same. Our Xmas. stock of Meats will be of the finest quality and we can guarantee satisfaction as to quality, price and service during the festive season.

Order Early

THE DOMINION MEAT CO. Ltd.

CHRISTMAS TURKEY RAFFLE

100 Birds

Will be Raffled Christmas Eve, at the Central Hotel. Everybody must have a bird.

James Severn, Central Hotel, Fernie.

XMAS. EXCURSIONS TO EASTERN CANADA

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

ONE FARE RATE TO ALL POINTS IN ONTARIO, QUEBEC and the MARITIME PROVINCES.

GOOD FOR THREE MONTHS

Stop-Over Privileges East of St. Paul & Duluth

Fernie to Toronto and Ontario points
Fernie to Montreal
Tickets on Sale Nov. 24th to Dec. 31st Inclusive

$62.25

For detailed information, rates, etc., call on or adress

H. L. BLACKSTONE, Fernie, B. C.

THE FRED ROO STORES....

Roosville & Elko

There is nothing from a hatchet to split the kindling wood to the complete outfit for an exploring expedition which we do not supply at a reasonable price.

Hardware, Harness & Saddles

Miners, Prospectors Supplies

Drygoods, Groceries, Farm Implements and Machinery from Steel-Winding Mouse Traps to Cyclone Stackers, Indian Curios, Souvenirs of Roosville and Elko, Raw Furs and Fresh Produce from

Tobacco Plains

shipped on order from Elko to any part east or west.

Send orders to Elko.

Big Game Hunters outfitted with supplies, Pack Horses and Guides.

HAY.

For Sale!

A No. 1 Upland Prairie Hay for sale at $7.50 per ton, F. O. B. Caylay, Alta.

CHAS. H. HOWARD,
Caylay, Alta.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

WINTER EXCURSIONS EAST

$62.25

FERNIE TO Montreal, Toronto

AND ALL POINTS WEST THEREOF IN ONTARIO AND QUEBEC

Quebec, St. John, Halifax, Maritime Provinces

RATES ON APPLICATION.
TICKETS ON SALE DAILY
November 24th to December 31st
ROUND TRIP FIRST CLASS
THREE MONTHS LIMIT

Old Country Rates

$73.25 Return

Halifax or St. John Return Ocean Fares

Saloon	Second	Steerage
$95.00	$76.00	$54.00

and up according to Steamer

For detailed information, sailings, Ocean Steamers, First Class or Tourist Sleeper Reservations apply to local Agents or write.

E. J. COYLE, A. C. P. A.
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Symphony Orchestra!

Is now ready to play for all dances in the city and outside—from 3 to 7 pieces. Good music which will satisfy everybody. We play all up-to-date music.

Orchestra must be engaged one week in advance.

For further particulars write or call at Thos. Mazzanobile's Shoe Making Shop between Waldorf Hotel and Post Office.

THE FERNIE LEDGER

now in its second year, has been a big surprise to the Newspaper world on account of its rapid increase in

CIRCULATION

This paper, along with the Ledger Night-Cap, far outstrips any other newspaper along the line of the Crow's Nest Pass in circulation, and the benefits to the advertiser are greater than can be obtained through any other source.

The Subscription List

has grown steadily upward and the street sales have increased in a remarkable manner until now we can fairly claim the top-notch in circulation and plainly state that we have left all would-be competitors so far behind that nothing is visible of them but a cloud of dust.

Since the Strike

the increase has been most marked.

AVERAGE WEEKLY CIRCULATION:

OCTOBER	1881
NOVEMBER	2400

Keep a comin'

FIGHTING THE MERCILESS TRUST

The Government of the U. S. A. is Proceeding Against the Strongest, Most Merciless and Richest Corporation in the World.

THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY.

Capital	$100,000,000
Dividends paid since 1879	502,150,000

CONSTITUENT COMPANIES.

Capitalization	102,230,000
Assets	121,631,312

TRUSTS CONTROLLED BY THE STANDARD.

Standard Oil, capital	100,000,000
Amalgamated Copper	75,000,000
National Salt	12,000,000
American Smelting and Refining	54,800,000
Corn Products Refining Company	42,000,000
American Tobacco Company	61,000,000
Central Leather Company	35,000,000
American Sugar Refining Company	46,000,000
International Pump	27,500,000
Consolidated Gas	80,000,000
People's Gas of Chicago	30,000,000
Brooklyn Union Gas	15,000,000
Agricultural Chemical Company	33,500,000
Total	$611,800,000

STANDARD OIL BANKS

National City of New York, capital	$10,000,000
Lincoln National	300,000
Second National	300,000
Bank of the Metropolis	300,000
First National of Chicago	5,000,000
Total	$15,900,000

RAILROADS CONTROLLED BY THE STANDARD.

	Milage.	Stocks.	Bonds.
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	6,746	$100,000,000	$256,000,000
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	2,500	68,000,000	87,000,000
Wisconsin Central	1,047	30,000,000	29,000,000
Totals	10,293	$198,000,000	$372,000,000

In addition to the above may be included the Harriman railroad interests in its transcontinental system, representing $1,700,000,000.

By W. W. Jermane, Colorado Building, Washington, D. C.

Wall Street reports that Standard Oil stock has been failing steadily for several days, or ever since the government began to manifest a determination to bring the corporation to book, and it records that this week the fall has been 33 1-3, as compared with the price in 1902. In that year the stock brought 840. In January of the present year the price was 700, and this week it got down to 565. This latest decline is due entirely to the department of justice, which yesterday filed its epoch-making suit in the federal circuit court at St. Louis.

The intent of the administration is to push the suit at St. Louis for all it is worth. The attorney-general himself will be in charge of it, nominally, but as a new attorney-general is to come into office in a few weeks, the direction of the case will fall to the hands of Milton D. Purdy, of Minnesota, assistant to the attorney-general, who is to hold that position under Mr. Bonaparte.

This suit, which will be so important in its effects upon the desire of the government to control corporate wealth, had its beginnings in rather prosaic surroundings. A petition in equity asking that the Standard Oil Company be dissolved, and that an injunction be granted forever forbidding it from giving rebates and resorting to other illegal practices, and a special grand jury to consider the case, sum up the actual proceedings. Then the suit will be on.

In this action the government is proceeding against the strongest, most merciless and richest corporation in the history of the world. In name the Standard Oil Company is a misnomer, for its dealings in oil now form the smallest part of its vast business. Through seventy-one subsidiary companies it controls the oil products of the world. It also controls, practically, the salt, sugar, leather, copper, steel and tobacco industries of the United States, and the electric and gas business of scores of American cities. It dominates four of the great banking houses of New York city, and one in Chicago, besides having a large interest in ten others.

Eleven gigantic trusts, capitalized for nearly $500,000,000, are controlled directly by the Standard Oil Company, and three trunk line railways, having nearly 11,000 miles of trackage.

Exclusive of its own capitalization, it is said to control railroads, banks, and other properties which are capitalized for $1,000,000,000, in addition to which it is believed to control $600,000,000 of capital in still other corporations in which its operations have been successfully masked.

The facts which are set forth above have been developed by the government during the past few years, or since the Standard Oil Company has been the subject of inquiry at the hands of Mr. Garfield's bureau of corporations. Yet, those familiar with the subject believe that the known facts amount to no more than a mere scratching of the surface, the full measure of the corporation's offenses never having been revealed. At every step the government's work has been obstructed, and the company's agents have committed perjury, bribery and forgery, and falsified records and been guilty of actual theft in their efforts to prevent the government's probe from being effective.

Its own crimes have been its undoing, and today it is being hounded in the courts of half a dozen states. The suit now under way at St. Louis is, of course, the most important of all, for it involves a wider scope of offenses, has the forceful personality of President Roosevelt behind it, and is being directed by men of his own choosing, with a view to having a victory won for the people.

The specific charges against the Standard Oil Company, as outlined in the St. Louis suit, are that it has illegally agreed with railroads to secure rebates, thus defying the law and stifling competition. These suits are of a civil nature, but later they may take on a criminal form. The attorney-general and Messrs. Purdy, Kellogg and Morrison, have gone over the evidence with scrutinizing eyes, and say that it will be almost impossible for the government to fail to make its case stick. Whichever side loses in the federal circuit court will undoubtedly take an appeal to the supreme court of the United States, which will then have an opportunity to write another historic opinion, one which shall define the relationship which, in these days of captains of finance, should exist under our laws and form of government between capital and the public at large. Such an opinion as this, if it shall harmonize with the spirit of the day, will, it is predicted, of itself alone effectively overturn all criminal trusts and drive their agents out of business, thus accomplishing at one stroke a result which has been aimed at, and talked about for years.

The history of the Standard Oil corporation reads like a romance. No Aladdin with his wonderful lamp ever did the things which this trust has done in the United States since the year 1879. Away back in 1862 Samuel Andrews and John D. Rockfeller formed a partnership in Cleveland, Ohio, to deal in oil, with a capital of $4,000. This was the modest beginning.

In 1870 the Standard Oil Company was formed, so successful had this partnership been. Its capital was $1,000,000, and its refineries had a capacity of 1,500 barrels a day. In 1875 this capacity was increased to 10,000 barrels daily, and the capital to $3,500,000. The company already controlled the oil business in Ohio, and had begun to crush competition in adjoining states. In 1882 the Standard Oil trust was formed, which took over a number of subsidiary companies between Ohio and the seaboard. Then prosecution began, for the public and private offenses of the company had begun to pile up.

In 1898 the favoring laws of New Jersey were invoked, and under their fostering care the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey came into being, and in this form it continues to do business, its capital at present being $100,000,000. The capitalization of the constituents companies is $102,233,- [illegible] with assets amounting to $121,631,312.

The by-products of oil first suggested the engaging in outside business, and the Standard began to manufacture paraffine, machine oil and lubricants. From oil refineries it was a short step to short lines of railway, and then it was not a long reach to the purchase of large blocks of trunk-line stock.

Banks became one of the necessities of the business, one of which was the control of large sums of money, and so bank stocks were bought. With such a beginning, it was easy later on, as opportunities offered, for the company to control the salt, sugar, steel, copper and various other industries of the country. Directly and indirectly it controls more than 30,000 miles of railway, and more than 6,000,000 people are interested in its operations as employees, etc.

The world has never seen such a forceful aggregation of wealth, or one which was such a menace to free institutions under a popular form of government. President Roosevelt and Attorney-General Moody, with their carefully selected assistants, will have the well wishes of a majority of the people of the country in the work in which they are now enlisted, and the successive steps of the prosecution at St. Louis will be followed with an unusual degree of interest everywhere.

Minnesota is especially interested in the case because two of its sons are represented on the government side of it. Mr. Purdy, of Minneapolis, as assistant to the Attorney-General, will be directly in charge of the case, although he probably will not have time to go so far into its details as to appear in court. The new Attorney-General knowing nothing of the matter, excepting in a very general way, will turn the management of the case over to him. Frank B. Kellogg, of St. Paul, chief counsel in the trial of the case, is one of the best-known attorneys of the northwest, and was selected for this important case strictly on merit.

SUPREME IMPUDENCE.

The Standard Oil Company has issued a circular to its stockholders, dealing with the prosecution that has been started against it by the United States government.

The circular is one of the most beautiful pieces of colossal impudence that has been presented to the world for inspection in a long time.

The directors assure the shareholders that they have nothing to fear, that their interests are in safe hands, that the government has no case, that the company has in every respect complied with the letter AND SPIRIT of the law, and legally and MORALLY has done nothing with which it can be justly reproached—nothing of which it has any reason to feel ashamed.

The circular states that wild charges have been made against the company—but that there is a great difference between making such charges and PROVING them in a court of law.

Following this up, a rather ominous reference is made to these courts, "in whose integrity and wisdom every citizen should have the fullest confidence."

In view of the Standard Oil Company's well-known methods of dealing with some of these courts, the last touch is simply exquisite.

And the reference to the "moral" security of the company! That has "fifty-seven varieties" of charm about it!

The confidence which the directors profess to have in the outcome of the great lawsuit on which they are entering may, unfortunately, be well justified. The directors may be quite sincere in their belief that they have done nothing wrong—the scoundrel who is long successful and undisturbed not uncommonly becomes convinced that he has RIGHT on his side—but if the case should terminate as is predicted, the greatest criminal organization in the world will have escaped long delayed punishment and the laws or courts of the United States will have been declared powerless to serve the ends of justice.—Winnipeg Tribune.

TRY THIS FOR YOUR COUGH.

To relieve a cough or break up a cold in twenty-four hours, the following simple formula, the ingredients of which can be obtained of any good prescription druggist at small cost, is all that will be required: Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure), one-half ounce; Glycerine, two ounces; Good Whisky, a half pint. Shake well and take in teaspoonful doses every four hours. The desired results can not be obtained unless the ingredients are pure. It is therefore better to purchase the ingredients separately and prepare the mixture yourself. Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure) should be purchased in the original half-ounce vials, which druggists buy for dispensing. Each vial is securely sealed in a round wooden case which protects the oil from exposure to light. Around the wooden case is an engraved wrapper with the name—"Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure)"—plainly printed thereon. There are many imitations and cheap productions of Pine, but these only create nausea, and never effect the desired results. —26

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated on the Kootenay River North East Kootenay District.

No. 1.—Commencing at a post planted on the east side of the Kootenay river, about two miles north of the northern boundary of Lot 4596 thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains east, to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

No. 2.—Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of Limit No. 1, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chain east, to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

No. 3.—Commencing at a post planted one mile north of Limit No. 2, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains east, to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

No. 4.—Commencing at a post planted at the north east corner of Limit No. 3, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains west, to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

No. 5.—Commencing at a post planted at the north west corner of Limit No. 4, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains east, to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

No. 6.—Commencing at a post planted at the north west corner of Limit No. 5, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains east, to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

No. 7.—Commencing at a post planted one half mile east of the north west corner of Limit No. 6, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains east, to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

No. 8.—Commencing at a post planted one half mile east of the north west corner of Limit No. 7, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains east, to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

No. 9.—Commencing at a post planted one half mile east of the north west corner of Limit No. 8, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains east, to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

No. 10.—Commencing at a post planted one mile west of the north west corner of Limit No. 9, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains north to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

No. 11.—Commencing at a post planted at the north west corner of Limit No. 10, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains north, to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

No. 12.—Commencing at a post planted at the north west corner of Limit No. 10, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains south to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

No. 13.—Commencing at a post planted at the north west corner of Limit No. 10, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains west, to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

No. 14.—Commencing at a post planted at the south west corner of Limit No. 10, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains west, to place of commencement.

G. H. G. BOULTON.

October 4th, 1906.

From Forest to Patient.

All modern science goes to prove that herbal medicines are vastly superior to those containing mineral ingredients. The herbs of the field and the trees of the forest constitute nature's "medicine chest;" and the highest benefit which science can confer on man is the discovery of nature's medicinal balms and essences, and their preparation in form suitable for use by the people.

Bileans for Biliousness—the great Australian cure for indigestion, headache, debility, liver trouble, etc.—are purely vegetable. They are entirely different and superior to ordinary liver and stomach medicines. It is well known that liver medicines hitherto in use mostly contain bismuth, mercury and other harmful mineral products, and rely upon these ingredients for their temporary effects. These mineral constituents are very injurious if taken for long, and produce such effects as that of loosening the teeth, causing the hair to fall out, etc. Bileans are entirely superior. They are compounded from extracts and juices of the finest known medicinal plants. In taking them there is no fear whatever of any harmful secondary effects. They cure that which they are taken to cure, and do not leave behind them evils worse than the original ones. They do not merely purge and weaken, like the old-fashioned medicines, or do the work which the liver and stomach should do. They tone up and enable these organs to fulfil their proper functions, so that when a cure is effected and Bileans are left off, the organs remain strong and healthy. Users of Bileans need therefore never fear their use will lead to the contracting of the terrible "pill-taking" habit.

A Police Officer's Evidence

INDIGESTION AND CONSTIPATION CURED

Mr. Alexander Gordon, a retired Police Sergeant, of Merry-street, Motherwell, says:—"Up to two or three years ago I enjoyed excellent health. Then my bowels became disordered, and I suffered most fearful pain. Indigestion also attacked me, and eating became very unpleasant on account of the nauseous after-effects and bad taste in the mouth. I also suffered from weakness, and terrible pains in the back.

I was very ill when Bileans were brought to my notice. I decided to give them a trial. Obtaining a supply, I was delighted to find that soon after commencing the course I obtained relief. I persevered, with the result that the constipation and back pains were overcome, and the indigestion disappeared. I am now as healthy as ever and can eat my food with relish."

SICK HEADACHE AND ITS CURE

In this disorder very acute headache is accompanied by a feeling of nausea, hence the name sick "headache." The sufferer has generally a bad taste in the mouth and a feeling of utter helplessness and wretchedness in accordance with the severity of the attack. In all attacks, however slight or however serious, Bileans will be found to have a salutary effect, and a course will in most cases render future trouble very unlikely.

BILEANS FOR BILIOUSNESS CURE

Headache, Constipation, Piles, Colds, Liver Chill, Liver Troubles, Indigestion, Palpitation, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Dizziness, Debility, Anæmia, and all Female Ailments. Of all Druggists and Medicine Vendors at 50c. a box, or post free from the Bilean Co., Colborne St., Toronto, upon receipt of price (6 boxes for $2.50).

Bileans FOR Biliousness

NAPANEE Hotel, Fernie

T. Whelan, Manager

A pleasant home for the traveller.

Rooms reserved by wire.

Every Attention

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Paid-up Capital, $10,000,000. Reserve Fund, $4,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

B. E. WALKER, General Manager ALEX. LAIRD, Asst. Gen'l Manager

BANK MONEY ORDERS

ISSUED AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

$5 and under	3 cents
Over $5 and not exceeding $10	6 cents
" $10 " " $30	10 cents
" $30 " " $50	15 cents

These Orders are Payable at Par at any office in Canada of a Chartered Bank (Yukon excepted), and at the principal banking points in the United States.

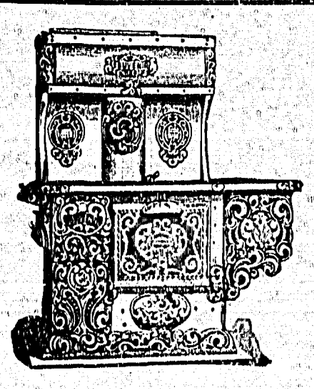
NEGOTIABLE AT A FIXED RATE AT

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE, LONDON, ENG.

They form an excellent method of remitting small sums of money with safety and at small cost.

Fernie Branch G. S. Holt, Manager

Contentment--Happiness



Make your wife happy by buying a Steel Range of J. D. Quail

Satisfaction Guaranteed or money refunded

Central Hotel

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

James Savorn, - - - Proprietor

Well furnished rooms. The table is supplied with the best the market affords. The bar is supplied with the best wines, liquors and cigars.

Fort Steele Brewery Co., Ltd

FERNIE, B.C.

Brewers of Extra Fine Lager Beer and Aerated Waters. Bottled Goods a Specialty.

CHOPS TENDER AND SWEET.

Our chops will tickle the palate of the epicure as well as of any one who tries them.

Taken from the best stock obtainable, and carefully cut and trimmed, they cannot fail to please you.

Our meats are all choice, and the prices are no higher than you may pay for lower-grade marketing elsewhere.

P. Burns & Co., Fernie

PRIVATE BOARD.

by the week or month,

Mrs. Clark Pellat Ave. Opposite Fire Hall

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

HAMILTON ELECTION

Labor Party Win a Great Victory--What it Means.

The election of Mr. Studholme, the independent labor candidate, in Hamilton is a win for labor and a win for public ownership.

It means that hereafter labor will and can easily carry at least half the representation of our cities, either in federal or provincial politics. Labor can easily carry one of the Hamilton seats in the coming federal contest.

It is a great win for public ownership, and especially for public ownership in the distribution of electrical energy from Niagara Falls. It also points the way to the municipalization of the street car systems in Hamilton and Toronto.

To Mr. Whitney it means that the people are with him and Adam Beck as against the Ontario ring; but it also means that if Mr. Whitney wishes to justify his progressive policy, he must see that his candidates are on the same platform, and that he must also see that the minor members of his cabinet are not the allies of the power combination of John M. Gibson.

It means also the end of a Conservized Hamilton. It also means that professed newspaper friends of Mr. Whitney cannot be the champions and allies of Mr. Gibson and the electric ring.

To Mr. Scott, the defeated candidate, it means that it pays to declare where you are on a great issue and not to straddle it or attempt to queer it.

As for Sir Wilfrid Laurier, he was smart enough to make his move for municipafized power a day or two after Studholme got on the same platform.—Toronto World.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucuous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

AN EDITORIAL COTEM GEM.

According to the local grit organ, Hon. R. F. Green is an awful ——— when he says he is too busy to think about politics. Did our early cotem. ever hear of the story of the man who told such a ——— lie that it couldn't deceive anybody? Our cotem. should remember that with Hon. R. F. Green politics is a business proposition "first, last and always."

Ah, there,
Mr. Baer,
Have a care
And don't swear.

I was cured of terrible lumbago by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
REV. WM. BROWN.

Ache by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
I was cured of a bad case of ear
MRS. S. KAULBACK.

I was cured of sensitive gums by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
MRS. S. MASTERS.

President Roosevelt secures the Nobel prize awarded each year to those instrumental in the cause of peace. The Nobel prize is part of a bequest left by Dr. Alfred Bernard Nobel, of Sweden. John D. and the beef trust magnates do not think Mr. Roosevelt is entitled to the trophy. They don't think it will look well alongside of the "big stock."

MEN WANTED

50 Good Woodsmen wanted by The Elk Lumber Co. Apply at the Office or at Hosmer.

The Elk Lumber Co., Ltd.
Fernie, B. C.

H. PELL. A. WILDMAN.
BELL & WILDMAN
Contractors and Builders
Estimates Furnished
Storm Doors and Windows
Shop — Corner Howland Ave and McEvoy St.
P. O. Box 257, Fernie, B. C.

Breakfast Bacon and Hams

Don't forget our Celebrated **Griffin Brand** Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Bacon arrives weekly. Try some and be convinced that it is the **Best on the market.**

Pay Cash and Keep Debt in the Background.

W. J. Blundell.

LADIES
Coats and Skirts
New and up-to-date.

LADIES
Underwear and Hosiery
The made-to wear kind.

MENS
Underwear and Sweaters
The Best that is.

MENS
Overcoats and Reefers
The sort that fits.

Overshoes
Rubbers
Cardigans
The Best made.

THE TITES-WOOD CO.

THE CROW'S NEST TRADING CO
LIMITED

HARD TIMES AND MONEY SCARCE, are good reasons why you should pay cash for your goods, by doing so you will obtain the biggest and best value for every dollar you spend. We can save you from 20 to 25 per cent, this on each purchase may appear small, but figure what it will amount to at the end of a month, then decide whether it will not pay you to allow us to cater to your wants.

GROCERIES

OUR Grocery department is stocked with seasonable goods:—new Fruits, Peels, Nuts, Confectionery having arrived. We handle only the best quality and brands so that you can be sure of receiving the best quality obtainable at prices that cannot be equalled else where.

Choicest Government Creamery Butter	.30c
Ashcroft Potatoes per 100lbs.	$1.50
Fancy Winter Apples, per box	2.00

SWEET PINK is a high grade, highly perfumed toilet soap. Our regular selling price, and it is a low one, being 2 cakes for 15 cents. To further introduce it we will sell it on Saturday 5 cakes for .25c

BISCUITS. Our variety in this line is very complete We have in addition to a choice range of bulk goods Huntley & Palmer's from 25 to 50 cents a pound. Lock-- in ½lb cartoons, 10 cents each.

Biscuit Special for Saturday
Fancy Fruit, 2 pounds for 25 cents.

DO you use a dinner pail? We have a first-class one containing 3lbs. of cream Sodas, price .35c each.

COFFEE. Mo-Ja is absolutely the best Coffee that we can buy. For full strength and flavor it cannot be excelled. The price is low, we following out our rule of selling at the lowest figure possible, 40c per lb. We have cheaper lines, both being exceptionally good value. Emperor 30 cents, Imperial 22½c a pound.

XMAS. NECESSARIES.

Extra Fancy Table Raisins per pound 25 cents
Choice Table Figs in bulk and 1lb boxes 20 cents.
New Dates in 1lb packets, per pound 15 cents
New Walnuts, Almonds, Filberts per pound 25 cts.
New Seeded Raisins, per packet 10c. and 12½c.
Fancy cleaned Currants in 1lb packets, each 12½c.
New Lemon Peel per pound 25 cents.
New Orange Peel do 25 cents.
New Citron Peel do 35 cents.

GENTS FURNISHINGS

IN no department are our values stronger than in this, we give value always, and never sacrifice quality for the sake of price.

Campbell Faultless Clothing for Men.

Are you thinking of a new suit for the Holiday Season We can please and satisfy you with Fit, Fashion, Fabric and Fair Prices.

$6.50 TO $25.00

Campbells Clothing

Useful Gifts For Men.

Ties. Rich Silk Ascots and Four in-hands, in the most up-to-date colorings.
50 cents to $2.25

Gloves. Silk and Fur lined Mocha Gloves.
$1.35 to $3.25

Mufflers. Silk, Padded and Squares.
90 cents to $2.25

Suspenders. Fancy Silk Web individual boxes
95 cents

Handkerchiefs. ½ doz. linen in fancy case
$1.50 and $1.65

Presents that would be appreciat- by your lady friends.

Fancy Handkerchiefs Belts Collars
Silk Gloves and Mitts Sachets
Hand drawn Linens Silk Blouses
Silk Opera and Wrist Bags Furs

BOOTS & SHOES

Satisfaction and comfort is assured when we supply your foot-wear.

The Walkover Shoe for Men	$5 to $7	For hard wear and durability, the Artisan Working Boot for Men cannot be equalled.....	$1.50 to $4.00
The Traveller Shoe for Men	$4 to $5.50		
The Worth Cushion Shoe FOR MEN	$5 to $5.50		

We have the sole agencies for the following well-known makes of Ladies Shoes
The American Walk-over The Art The Royal Purple The True Fit

TOYS TOYS TOYS TOYS TOYS TOYS TOYS

Free. Three Months Paid Subscription to The Fernie Ledger

On Saturday the 15th inst. we will present with a purchase of $1.00 or over, provided you are not already a subscriber, a Three Months paid subscription to The Fernie Ledger. This will be delivered by messenger or to your postal address. We want you to read and get the benefit of our advertisements, and take this means of placing them before you. One subscription only given to each person or family.

The Crow's Nest Trading Co. Limited

CENT A WORD ADS

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS under this heading inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion.

WANTED

WANTED—Experienced teamster.—Crow's Nest Trading Co.

WANTED—A good girl for housekeeping.—Apply to Mrs. J. R. Lawry.

WANTED—Girl to do housework.—Apply to Mrs. Eckstein, Howland Avenue.

WANTED—A general servant.—Apply personally or by letter to Manager Canadian Bank of Commerce.

TO LET

BACHELORS' quarters, two rooms; steam heat and bath.—CROW'S NEST TRADING CO., LTD.

FURNISHED room to rent for gentleman furnace, electric light and bath. For particulars, apply to Ledger Office.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A good William's piano. Apply D. McLennan.

FOR SALE—20 lots in West Fernie; easy terms. Apply W. T. Healey, West Fernie.

FOR SALE—A snap; a six roomed house, well built, with hot and cold water bath, and up-to-date electric light fixtures; situated close in to business part of city; must be sold soon. For particulars enquire of Mott, Son & Co.

FOR SALE—20 acres two miles from Calgary, suitable for chicken or hog ranch; never failing stream on property; fenced; house and barn; $70 per acre; easy terms.—Apply to
D. R. MACLEAN,
Real Estate Broker,
Alexander Block, Calgary, Alta.

MOTT SON & CO. have instructions to look out for two or three hundred acres of good land, suitable for fruit growing in the Kootenay Valley. This land must be so situated as to allow of irrigation, either by gravity or by a well-equipped pumping plant with an abundant supply of water. Improved ranches are within the scope of the instructions. Locality, quality of soil and access to water come before price in the consideration of the purchaser, who is a practical fruit grower, and knows what he wants. Send us your descriptions, locations and prices.

A hotel that furnishes quiet, commodious accommodation for its patrons is a source of pleasure to the travelling public. Such a one is the King Edward Hotel, of Fernie, corner opposite post office.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the legislative assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next session for an act to incorporate a company with power to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line or lines of railway of standard or other gauge, with any kind of motive power, for the conveyance of passengers and freight from a point on the south fork of Michel Creek, at or near the point known as "The Loop" on the Crow's Nest branch of the western Division of the Canadian Pacific Railway, in the Province of British Columbia, thence running in a southerly direction up said creek to the mouth of the east fork of said creek, thence up said east fork of said south fork, in an easterly and southern direction to the summit between said creek and a tributary of the Flathead River, thence in a southerly direction down said tributary to the Flathead River, thence southerly along said Flathead River to a point on the International Boundary between the Province of British Columbia and the United States of America, a distance of about fifty miles, more or less.

And with power to construct, operate and maintain all necessary bridges, roads, ways and ferries, and with power to build, equip, operate and maintain telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said railway and branches, and to transmit messages for commercial purposes, and to charge tolls therefor, and to generate electricity for the supply of light, heat and power, and with power to expropriate lands for the purposes of the Company, and to acquire lands, money, bonuses, privileges or other aids from any government, municipal corporation, or other persons or bodies, and to levy and collect tolls from all persons using, and on all freight passing over any of such roads, railways and ferries built by the Company; and with power to connect with and make traffic or other arrangements with railways, steamboats or other carriers, and to exercise such powers as are granted by Parts IV. and V. of the "Water Clauses Consolidation Act"; and for all other necessary or incidental rights, powers and privileges in that behalf.

DATED this 30th day of November, 1906.

BODWELL AND LAWSON,
--22 Solicitors for the Applicants

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Court of Revision on the Voters' List for the City of Fernie will meet in the city office on Friday, December 21st, 1906, at 8 o'clock p. m.

J. W. NUNN,
--19 City Clerk
Fernie, B. C., Nov. 21st, 1906.

NOTICE.

Take notice that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner for authority to make a wagon road from a point about three miles south of Morrissey, where creek empties into the Elk river on the west side, thence following same creek for about two miles in a south-westerly direction to my timber limit. Also for a mill site at the mouth of the same creek at the west side of the Elk river.

P. A. McDERMOTT.
Morrissey, B. C., Dec. 1st, 1906--21

NOTICE.

Tenders are respectfully asked for a practical physician and surgeon for the coal miners of Tabor, Alberta, Canada.

All applications must be received by either JOHN BISHOP, Secretary for, or ALFRED PROBERTS, Secretary, not later than December 20th, 1906.

Tabor, Dec. 10th, 1906.

1.—That the doctor elected, agrees to provide a proper abode for patients in case of emergency, and said doctor shall provide all necessary comforts, and see that the patient is properly cared for.

2.—In consideration, we, the miners of the Town of Tabor, Alberta, do hereby agree to pay the said sum of one dollar per month, and boys receiving the schedule wages the sum of 50 cents per month; and it is further agreed that all miners or workmen employed in, on, or around the mines of Tabor for a period of not less than a fortnight, to pay half the monthly contribution or fee.

3.—And for such fees or contributions paid to said doctor, he shall provide all ordinary medical attention, medicines, drugs, etc., for themselves and those of their families dependent upon them.

4.—And it is further resolved that the said doctor, when away, from home shall provide a responsible substitute in his stead;

5.—And, it is further agreed, that all confinement cases be charged ten dollars, with medicine and medical attention;

6.—And it is further agreed that where any employee is required to go to an hospital to be operated upon, the said doctor shall pay for such (except cases that were contracted before the life of this agreement;

7.—And it is further agreed that there be a medical committee elected by the said miners of Tabor from time to time, as may be desired, to receive any complaints that may arise, the said committee and the doctor to come to an agreement; their decision to be final.

8.—And it is further agreed that the said agreement be binding for 12 months from the date, and such agreement to be renewed 6 weeks before the closing of this agreement.