# The Express

Volume 11 — North Vancouver, B.C., Tuesday, September 5, 1911 — Number 52


# LIBERAL MEETING

## Borden, Stevens and Sifton Criticized; Also Clements and Hon. R. W. Ross---Annexation Not Taken Seriously---Conservative Boodle Fund Alleged.

With a galaxy of speakers the Liberals followed closely the opening of the federal campaign by the Conservatives in this city last Friday evening.

Prominent among the speakers was the candidate, Mr. J. H. Senkler, whose oratory while but little overshadowing that of his colleagues was warmly received, Mr. R. J. Deachman, Mr. R. Cassidy, J. Balfour Ker, Reeve McNaught and J. W. deFarris. Mr W. J Dick, president of the local Liberal Association, occupied the chair and at the outset introduced the name of the candidate who was expected later and made a few remarks on his integrity and popularity.

Mr Senkler, when he arrived, stepped off the beaten trail of reciprocity a degree because f not having heard the previous speakers and judging by the remarks of the last speaker, Mr. Casidy, thought it was pretty thoroughly gone into. He addressed his remarks more on the subject of imperialism and endeavored to prove that his Conservative friends were making too much of the annexation cry

Mr. Balfour Ker was the first in line to speak. For life of a community depended upon the correspondence with outside environments just as the human life depended upon intercourse with the exterior by means of communication through the senses, was the manner in which Mr. Ker focussed necessity for Canada's reciprocal relations with the United States. Each state of a country would, in some way, hemb a country would in some way, he said, indicate the line of her correspondence and the nature of it. Canada had a breadth of ocean to the east and to the west over which her correspondence was being carried on but why should she not have intercourse with the great republic to the south where a great market was so close at hand. To curtail these communications, to wall ourselves up as China had done in the past was to curtail the life of the country and hinder its expansion It was this correspondence that built up Great Britain. The offer of the United States was greater than free trade. It is an acknowledgment that they have been too greedy in the past.

It is a payment to us, he argued, and why should we deny ourselves this privilege of reciprocal relations with this great nation

Reciprocity would give the producer a greater market and the consumer cheaper living, according to Mr. Deachman. It would bring prosperity to every hamlet in the Dominion and particularly to Vancouver where a large surrounding community made this a central point.

He designated the Conservative exponents as reformed traitors. Mr. Ross, minister of lands, who was so afraid of the natural products being given away was alleged to have few equals in the empire to giving away natural resources.

Mr. Clements, nominee for Comox Atlin, and even Mr Borden were subjected to a fiery oration and declared to have been seven years ago advocates of trade relations with the country to the south To demonstrate this the speaker read a speech of Mr Borden made in 1904.

British Columbia, he said, imported more agricultural products than any other province in the Dominion, especially fruit. If the tarif was adjusted who would be benefitted—the consumer. This province, according to his statement paid to the Dominion at this rate three to one to that of any other province and the elimination of the tariff was virtually a reduction in taxes. Trusts which this proposed agreement would injure were very necessary to a certain degree but when they watered their stock. It was the consumer who had to pay the advanced price necessary to pay dividends. British trade expansion was set up as a standard to follow out in the opening of newer and larger markets.

Mr. Cassidy had always been a good Conservative but when his party had abandoned the principles of the old leaders, Sir John McDonald and others he could no longer support it. After the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty of 1854-65 several trips had been made to Washington in order to get the government there to cut down its high tariff policy and when Sir John McDonald retaliated in 1878 by adopting the national policy, he said there was a standing offer of reciprocity made to the United States. However, when Sir Wilfrid Laurier came into power he declared that future negotiations in that connection must come from the Americans themselves. Whether there was an attempt to insert the thin edge of the wedge for annexation Mr. Cassidy thought it was well to know what the imperial authorities had done in the matter President Toft had made the suggestion to Ambassador Bryce who before taking any action must have referred to the Imperial Cabinet. The result was that Mr. Bryce was so enthusiastic over it that comments were made in the British cabinet by the opposition and the opposition newspapers of his actions. This was to the mind of the speaker vindication of the home government's attitude towards the proposed treaty.

A larger market for our lumber and fish free of duty were arguments used in favor of reciprocity. We grow our resources—what do we do this for if not to sell the products, he asked.

Mr. Senkler was heartily applauded when he stepped to the front of the platform and unloaded a bunch of documents on the chairman's table. It seemed to the speaker that Mr. Stevens had greatly changed his attitude towards reciprocity within the last few months. Reading from an editorial in the Western Call (Al Stevens paper) dated January 20th, 1911 the editor of that paper was quoted as questioning why reciprocity and imperialism could not be associated together without disloyalty Reciprocity was no theory, the article stated and Mr. Borden was criticized for not grasping the opportunity. The writer doubted the strength of Mr. Borden as a leader and his success along these lines. He had showed his weakness when he had beside him on the platform in Toronto Mr. Geo. E. Foster Mr. Clifford Sifton was quoted as saying that the Liberal party was all right except on this treaty which if passed would lower the land values from the Atlantic to the Pacific The C. P. R. as a corporation has large holdings along its line or railway across the Dominion and is generally understood to be Tory and yet they exhibited a sign in the front window of their Seattle office which stated that with the passing of reciprocity land values in Canada would raise 100 per cent This was what a Tory corporation thought reciprocity would do for Canadian lands, declared the speaker.

No self respecting citizen of Canada he thought would believe this annexation talk because of closer trade relations with the United States. Because of the peculiar position of affairs in the States at the present time, when the supremacy of the Democrats would mean not only a free market (if their policy was carried out) to Canada but would throw that market open to the world against which Canada would be the loser. This would according to the statement of President Taft be the last opportunity of Canada to take advantage of this treaty now offered.

The Conservatives howled against trade relations with Great Britain but they have to admit the advantage of them now, he said.

The main opposition and boodle fund which the opposition party was doing their advertising with Mr. Senkler attributed to the banker and manufacturers' association.

In defending the prim minister against the cries of disloyalty the candidate read a portion of the speech delivered in the house after the Canadian contingent had been sent to South Africa. This address was in answer to a Conservtive member's criticism (Quebec) and was received with great applause from both sides of the thmth applause from both sides of the house and with gratification in the mother land

After a brief address by thmtmhtt

After a brief address by Reeve McNaught the meeting was closed with the usual cheers.

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Last Thursday afternoon Mr. Summer, one of the workmen in the employ of H. V. Tucker, who has a contract for grading on First street east, was badly scalded by escaping steam from the steam shovel. The patient was taken to North Vancouver hospital, where he is receiving every attention.

### Wedding Bells

The home of Mr. and Mrs. J B. Smith, cor. Jones Ave. and 15th St., North Vancouver was the scene of a very pleasant event on Wednesday evening, August 30th, when their daughter, Etta M. was united in the bonds of matrimony to William S. Tuff of this city, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Tuff of Manitou, Manitoba.

The drawing room where the ceremony was performed was most artistically decorated with palms and graceful festoons suspended from the chandeliers to various points about the walls. The verandah was similarly decorated and illumined with lanterns.

Punctually at 8.15 the bridal party entered to the strain of Mendelssohn's wedding march played by Mrs. A. Brookhouse. The groom was attended by Mr. Arthur Smith, the bride's brother, and the bride by Miss Edna C. Benson who was becomingly gowned in blue silk, carrying a streamer bouquet of pink carnations and maiden hair fern. Rev. C. B. Blunden, the officiating clergyman and formerly pastor of the North Vancouver Baptist church, tied the nuptial knot in the presence of many of the immediate friends of the bride and groom.

The bride was attired in a costume of cream duchess satin with silver fringe and steel trimmings and made conjure effect with cord and tassel, the veil being of cream net fastened with a coronet of orange blossoms and she carried a bouquet of cream roses.

The bride's mother was handsomely gowned in hand embroidered black silk. The groom's gift to the bridesmaid was a pretty cameo ring.

During the evening a luncheon was served and a thoroughly enjoyable evening was spent.

The bride received many handsome gifts, a list of which will be printed next issue.

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Dr. G. C. Martin and Mr. Birch were successful in landing a 35-pound salmon while angling on the Inlet this week.

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Mr. Arnold E Kealy returned to this city today after a visit of several months in England

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The concert announced for September 27th by the Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian church in Lynn Valley is gradually taking shape and promises to be one of the best yet held. In the afternoon of the same day there will be a sale of work at which afternoon tea will be served.

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The City Dye Works of Vancouver have established a branch of their business in this city of which Mr. A. H. Kinsey is manager. The company operates a large plant in Vancouver and has in contemplation the ultimate removal of their works to this city.

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### DISTRICT OF NORTH VANCOUVER

#### Notice to Contractors

SEALED TENDERS on the prescribed forms and accompanied by cash or certified cheque for 5 per cent. of the amount of tender (which sum shall be retained until satisfactory completion of the work according to specification) will be received by the municipal clerk until 8 p.m. on Thursday, 7th September, 1911, for the following work:

1. Clearing, grading and improvement of Sussex street from Lonsdale Avenue to St. George's Ave., D. L. 2026.

2. Clearing and grubbing (and subsequently the grading) of road from Keith road to Main street, D. L. 613 and D. L. 204, including road on south side block G. F. K. and D., D. L. 615.

3. Clearing, grubing and grading road in block 5, D. L. 2023.

4. Clearing, grubbing and grading portion of Robson road and Gladstone Ave. D. L. 764.

And until 8 p.m. Thursday, 14th September, 1911, the following:

5. Grading Deep Cove road from Keith road to 2nd Avenue.

6. Clearing, grubbing and grading road on west side D. L. 627

7. Clearing, grubbing and grading trail from Mosquito creek to Grouse Mountain trail.

8. Clearing, grugging and grading road to N.W ¼ D. L. 1053.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. R. CROSSLEY
District Engineer.

District Municipal Office,
Esplanade W., North Vancouver,
Sept. 1, 1911.

## N. V. Lawn Tennis Club

### RESULTS OF TOURNAMENT

The finals were played on Saturday last in the tournament which has been held by the N. V. Lawn Tennis Club with the result that the prize for the men's singles and the handicap singles was won by E J. H. Cardinall, the prize for the men's doubles by Messrs. P. Baylis and E. Baylis and the prize for the mixed doubles by Mr. and Mrs. Cardinall.

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### Epworth League

North Vancouver Epworth League will hold their monthly meeting will hold their montnly devotional service tonight (Tuesday) at 8 p.m.

Mr. Prosser will deliver an address entitled "The Arithmetic of Religion" Everybody welcome.

## LABOR DAY

Labor Day was duly observed by North Vancouver residents yesterday. Picnics and outings of different kinds claimed a large number of the holiday makers while a big contingent of local lacrosse fans journeyed to New Westminster to witness the Minto Cup fixture between the world champions and the Vancouver team. The inforfatri the Vancouver team. The influx of visitors to North Vancouver was greatly augmented by the official picnic under the auspices of the Trades and Labor council of Vancouver which was held at Recreation Park. The attendance was large and the lengthy program of sports created a sustained interest throughout the day. The dance in the evening was largely attended. The total number of fares collected on the ferries was 9,220 and the cars of the B. C. Electric railway had a correspondingly busy day

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Maypole Butter, 3 lb. for $1 at the Up-to-Date Grocery, 356 First Street East.

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### LYNN VALLEY NOTES

J. C. Brown is having his two lots on Ross Road cleared before building Mr. McAfee is in charge of the work

Mr. Duncan has the contract to build Mr. Farmer's bungalow on Fromme road.

Sixty-four junior pupils were enrolled on the opening day of Lynn Valley school.

The frame work of the new school is well under way and the roof is expected to be completed by the end of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Greer are now settled in their new home on Frederick Road.

Friends of Mrs. Wish will be pleased to know she is much improved. Her sister, Miss Stewart, is at present stopping with her until convalescent.

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### BIRTHS

At North Vancouver on Thursday, August 31st, to Mr. and Mrs. William Ward, a son.

At North Vancouver on Friday, September 1st, to Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Davidson, a son.

At North Vancouver on Monday, August 28th, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Dick a daughter.

At North Vancouver on Sunday, August 27th, to Mr. and Mrs. Clark, 17th street, a son.

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### Pursuing Game in Close Season

Samuel William Brooks and Andrew Norman Anderson were charged before Police Magistrate Foreman this morning with pursuing a deer in the close season in the district of North Vancouver. They were found guilty and each fined $10 and costs of 30 days.

FOR RENT OR SALE—Frame cottage nearly new. Immediate possession. Size 14x16, Fromme road, ten minutes from car and school. Purchase money as rent for ten months. Apply Express Office. Box 55.

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### Chilliwack Agricultural Exhibition

The 39th annual exhibition of the Chilliwack Agricultural Society will be held on Wednesday and Thursday, September 20 and 21. This is the premier agricultural valley of the province and is noted for the excellence of the exhibits which mark the annual fair, while the sports such as horse racing etc., are always of an interesting character. The new line of the B. C. Electric railway renders the valley so much more accessible to the general public than hitherto that there will doubtless be a much larger attendance from outside points than in previous years.

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Preserving Peaches, Yellow Fruitstone 90 cents per crate at the Up-to-Date Grocery, 356-360 First St. E.

## THE HOME MARKET

### The Loss of Reciprocity in 1866 Resulted in the Creation of Profitable Industries for Canada

By JOHN V. BORNE.

It is true that both political parties in Canada formerly desired a measure of Reciprocity with the United States. But that was when trade generally was small and depressed, and before proof had been given that, on the line of antagonism to Canadian prosperity, laid down by the United States, Canada could flourish as an exporter of farm and forest products and be essentially independent of the United States.

There was a Reciprocity Treaty between the two countries from 1854 to 1866, which advanced the price of Canadian farm produce. But the Crimean War in the first half and the United States Civil War in the second half of the Reciprocity period raised prices everywhere. The Canadian farmer came to depend upon the United States for his market.

He received a severe lesson when Reciprocity was withdrawn. But, instead of being ruined, he found a more stable market in Great Britain, which has persisted to this day. Instead of sending his crops across the border he fed them on the farm, retained and improved the fertility of the soil, and by selling dairy produce and cattle became more permanently prosperous than was possible under a delusively profitable market across the line.

In time the National Policy expanded the farmer's home market. The gold he received for his produce, instead of going out of the country to purchase goods, was kept in Canada for those who had begun to make things that formerly had been imported, and who bought things of him that otherwise would have gone abroad. This meant better prices for the producer, as it also meant greater earning and spending power in the manufacturing towns.

This change was slow, as men count time; but swift in the reckoning of nations. It was accompanied by a conspicuous disadvantage—young Canadians left Canada by the thousands for the United States, where Canada was regarded as a poor relation.

## OLD CONDITIONS HAVE PASSED

### The Four Reasons Which Produced Continentalists Have Died Natural Deaths

By JOHN V. BORNE.

The drain of population from Canada to the United States was the fundamental reason for such organizations as the Continental Association, of which the late Goldwin Smith was president. Mr. Smith, in a letter accepting the presidency, gave four reasons for the propaganda of the Association:—

1. The population was standing still.
2. The backward condition of the manufacturing industries and the inferiority of their production.
3. The condition of agriculture, our farmers barely making a living, while tenant farmers were considered clever to make ends even meet.
4. The exodus of young Canadian manhood to the United States.

There were two factors in Canadian development which the Continentalists of that day did not appreciate, and which inevitably produced a third, which wrought considerable harm to the country.

In the first place the Continentalists did not see that the exodus to the United States would not continue indefinitely, because the unoccupied lands of the Republic would fill up, and Canada's turn would come. In the second place they did not really believe that Canada was a country of practically unlimited producing power.

These two things together inevitably prevented the Continentalists from having a great vision of the future of Canada. They thought she would always be commercially dependent on the United States. They saw no future in which Canada could be the lynch-pin of an Empire more spacious and more splendid than the United States could ever be. They said "Go to, let us make the most of our neighbor." They did not know how to say "Go to, let us make the most of ourselves."

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### Juvenile Court

Two boys of the city were charged with robbing from various places in the city and district and were sent to the reformatory this morning.

## Express Classified Ads.

### WANTED

An experienced Double Entry Bookkeeper desires position, this side of the water preferred, or would attend to tradesmen's small set of books. Box 27 Express.

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WANTED—50 foot lot facing south between 2nd and 4th streets. Must be within two blocks of Lonsdale. Corner preferred. Apply Box 1869. 5-9

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WANTED—A young girl or elderly woman for light housework. Sleep home. Apply evenings to Madame Humphreys 19th and Chesterfield. 4-9

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WANTED TO RENT—House of from four to six rooms, furnished or partially furnished in North Vancouver. Six months' lease will be taken. Box B 23. 5-9

### LOST

LOST—A $100 note between waterfront and First street. Finder please return to Police Office, City Hall and receive reward.

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LOST—Water spaniel pup, male, 6 months' old. Please return to 166 1st West, North Vancouver.

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LOST—Sunday, August 13th, between St. Andrew's church and Nye street, a gold bar Brooch with dome set with pearls. Finder please leave at this office. 18-9

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WANTED—A boy to deliver and make himself generally useful around grocery store. Lonsdale Supply Stores, 1111 Lonsdale Ave. 5-9

### FOR RENT

ROOMS FOR RENT—Housekeeping 218 2nd street east. 12-9

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FOR RENT—Furnished and unfurnished rooms. Mrs. Knight, 7th and Ridgeway Ave. 15-9

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Room and Board—$6.50 per week. Apply, Mrs. H. Garvie, over Hammond Pool Room, 1st street west. 8-9

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Private room and board for young men $6.50 per week. Apply Mrs. Knight, 7th street near St. David's. 5-10

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HOUSE FOR RENT—5 rooms, $22.50 monthly with lease. Furniture for sale cheap. Owner leaving city. Apply evenings only, 7 o'clock or after. 152 Third street east, North Vancouver. 29-5

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FOR RENT—Large hall, Lonsdale Ave. (near 1st street) formerly known as K. P. Hall) suitable for lodge room society purposes, or suite of offices. Alterations to suit responsible tenant, privilege of sub-letting. Apply Irwin & Billings Co. Ltd., 501 Lonsdale Ave. Telephone 15. tf

### FOR SALE

Strictly fresh Eggs, 30 cents per dozen at the Up-to-Date Grocery, 356 to 360 First Street east.

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I urgently need cash. Will sacrifice 100 shares of Imperial Car stock for any reasonable offer. Box 45, Express. 5-9

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FOR SALE—First growth dry wood for $4.50 per cord, 4 ft. O. McDade, Phone 82.

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Mild Cured Breakfast Bacon, 20c per lb. in half or whole sides at the Up-to-Date Grocery, 356 First St. E.

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FOR SALE—A beautifully finished new bungalow, five living rooms with bathroom and pantry on a lot 33 ft x 120 ft. in Lynn Valley, sidewalks, water and electric light. Price $2,300. Cash $300 and $25 monthly. This is an absolute bargain and worth seeing us about. The Merchants Trust & Trading Co. Ltd., 944 Pender W., Phone S. 2733. 5-9

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FOR SALE—Imperial Car Co. $100 shares. A few for sale at Ten Dollars per share in lots of two or not less than five shares. George A. Kendall, 522 Pender St., Vancouver. 11-9

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FOR SALE—Homesite bargains at North Lonsdale. Water, light, telephone and sidewalks 101x128 all cleared and in garden. Small house. $2000 on good terms. Queen street, 100x132 on Nye street, now being macadamized. $850. 1-3 cash.

100x132 facing south on Queen st. Excellent soil. $1000. 1-3 cash.

Lonsdale ave., 33 feet $1500.

JACK LOUTET & CO. Tel. 47 & 87

### MISCELLANEOUS

J. Loutet and North Lonsdale

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Get it at Lonsdale Pharmacy Phone 29

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Nurse Green, who is one of the first nurses in Vancouver, is established at 99 Harris street. 7-9

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We close Sundays. Phone 324. J. H. English, Q. K. Grocery, 13 Lonsdale Avenue.

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The City Dye Works has established a branch cor. Esplanade E. and Lonsdale. First class work at moderate rates, cleaning, dyeing, pressing and repairing.

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M. H. Bayment, Costumier, 8th St. east, adjoining west of Boulevard, N. Vancouver First class work only, ladies' own materials made up.

# THE EXPRESS

North Vancouver, B. C.

G. H. MORDEN, Editor and Manager

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

| | |
|---|---|
| One year | $1.00 |
| Six months | .50 |
| Three months | .25 |

United States and Foreign, $1.50 per year

ADVERTISING RATES

TRANSIENT DISPLAY ADVERTISEMENTS—50 cents per inch each insertion.

LODGE NOTICES, ETC.—$1.00 per inch per month.

LAND AND TIMBER NOTICES—30 days, $5; 60 days, $7.50.

LEGAL ADVERTISING—First insertion, 10 cents per line; each subsequent insertion, 5c. per line.

READING NOTICES IN LOCAL NEWS COLUMNS—10 cents per line, each insertion

CONTRACT ADVERTISEMENTS—Rates arranged according to space taken.

All changes in contract advertisements must be in the hands of the printer by Wednesday evening to ensure publication in the next issue.

North Vancouver . Sept. 5, 1911


## BRITISH CAPITAL AND RECIPROCITY

The probable effect which reciprocity would have upon the inflow of British capital for investment in Canada is a consideration of prime importance with respect to this great question. British Columbians need no persuasion to convince them of the superlative importance of this capital to the posperity of the province and will, therefore, be sensitive of the harmful effects which would accrue as the result of any adverse influence which might be brought to bear upon the situation in this respect. Those who have been resident of the province for a term of years will recall the days when the dearth of capital with which to level-cp our magnificent resources was deeply deplored from one end of the province to the other. It was felt that if only British Columbia investments could gain the confidence of the money centres of Great Britain the days of depression would speedily disappear, never to return and all eyes were turned longingly to the time when such might be accomplished. Thanks chiefly to the introduction of stable government in the province under the able leadership of Richard McBride and to the transformation which was speedily wrought in the condition of the provincial finances through the able administration of the late Hon R G Tatlow as minister of finance in that government, together with the energetic publicity campaign which has been maintained in Great Britain by the provincial government British Columbia has steadily won its way to a prominent position in financial circles in the old country until today it stands pre-eminent in the estimation of the British investor as a field for safe and profitable investment The result is that capital from this source has been flowing into British Columbia (and not only into British Columbia but also into all parts of Canada) in large and in rapidly increasing volume. It is stated that the old country is now sending approximately one hundred and fifty million dollar, per annum to Canada for investment. Whether these figures are absolutely accurate need not be debated, inasmuch as it is clearly recognized that in any case the British money market is the chief source of supply for the capital which is required for the development of Canada's resources. Any interference at the present juncture with this valuable financial connection could not but prove highly derimental to the interests of British Columbia, while it might seriously affect the unprecedented prosperity which this province had at length attained

There are few men indeed who are better able to estimate the possible effect which reciprocity would have upon the inflow of British capital than Sir William Mackenzie, of Mackenzie & Mann whose firm has long established intimate relationships with financial centres in the old land and has likewise been instrumental in securing the investment of many millions of pounds in Canadian enterprises. In an interview at Victoria a few days ago Sir William Mackenzie gave utterance to the following words:

"The readiness of English financiers to invest their money with Canadian enterprises attests their interest and confidence in the Dominion. Is it not better for the profits created through the development in this way of Canadian business propositions to be shared by Britishers at home and in the Dominion than for the partnership to be with the American who will take the profits home with him to the advantage of his own country and its interests."

A statement such as the above emanating from one who has an undoubted right to be considered an authority upon the subject in hand has peculiar significance in view of the issue which is now before the electorate and emphasizes the necessity from the financial standpoint of making even closer and stronger those ties which unite this province and this Dominion with Great Britain and the Empire.

## CANADA'S LUMBER PRODUCTION

Interesting statistical comparisons may be made from the 1910 report prepared by the Dominion Forestry Department. Of the twenty-six native species of wood which togetner were cut in 1910 to the extent of four million, nine hundred million board feet worth over seventy seven million dollars, the first nine were coniferous or softwoods. Spruce was the most important, alone forming over one-quarter of the total cut. Spruce and white pine together formed barely one half of the 1910 cut, while in the year previous, these two species made up nearly three-fifths of the total. This decrease in proportion is due not to a smaller cut of the two species, but to a very great increase in the amount of Douglas fir, hemlock, cedar and yellow pine produced in British Columbia. One quarter of the 1909 cut was formed of these four species, while in 1910 the total cut of the four was increased by seventy per cent.

White pine lumber is undergoing a gradual evolution in its importance to the lumber industry. Up to three years ago white pine stood at the top of the list when it was supplanted by spruce, although the actual cut of the former has not decreased. The prediction of last year that white pine had nearly reached its maximum cut has proven true this year, the 1909 cut being decreased by four per cent., or forty-two million feet. Yellow pine, increased in its cut nearly six hundred per cent in British Columbia during one year. This increase of over one hundred and fifty million feet was sufficient to raise it from fourteenth place in the species table to sixth place in importance, thus surpassing in one year, red pine, larch, balsam, and the four most important hardwoods


*Conservatives Note*

Just to prove to you that we brush aside all competition we have a sale of brooms, reg. 40c. to be sold at 15c each this week. Hurry up. S. Ritchie, the Up-to-date Grocer. 356 to 360 First Street east.

tf

**New Harness Shop**

A BRANCH OF THE VANCOUVER HARNESS CO, HAS BEEN OPENED IN THE PREMISES OF THE C. M. & N. COAL AND SUPPLY CO., COR. ESPLANADE AND ST. GEORGE'S AVE. A FULL STOCK OF FIRST-CLASS HARNESS AND HORSE FITTINGS WILL BE CARRIED. A SPECIALTY WILL BE MADE OF REPAIR WORK. PRICES WILL BE THE SAME AS THOSE IN VANCOUVER.

**Vancouver Harness Co.**

PHONE 259

**The "VOGUE" Millinery Parlor**

Masonic Temple Building, North Vancouver. Mrs. F. Berryman, Proprietress. Just opened with new stock comprising full range of Fall Millinery. Inspection cordially invited.

**To Help You**

You have old dresses of good material tucked away.

Why don't you treat yourself to a *new* dress—by dyeing one occasionally?

**RAINBOW DYES**

are the kind to buy —*one* kind of dye for all fabrics: wool, cotton, silk or mixed goods.

**And you don't have to rip the dresses apart! Nor guess at the materials.**

**Your local dealer has them.**

M. S. McDOWELL.

R. C. DUCOMMUN—5, 10, 15c store


## WATER NOTICE

*NOTICE* is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the New Westminster *Division of New Westminster* District.

(a.) The name, address and occupation of the applicant—Ernest Townsley, Real Estate Broker, 528 Pender Street, Vancouver, B. C.

(If for mining purposes) Free Miner's Certificate No.

(b.) The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is) Cyprus Creek.

(c.) The point of diversion—Two (2) miles up stream from mouth on District Lot 948.

(d.) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second)—3 (11 miner's inches).

(e.) The character of the proposed works—Dam.

(f.) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same)—District Lot 1241.

(g.) The purposes for which the water is to be used—Domestic.

(h.) If for irrigation describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage ..... ..... ..... ..

(i.) If the water is to be used for power or mining purposes describe the place where the water is to be returned to some natural channel, and the difference in altitude between point of diversion and point of return.

(j.) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works .....

(k.) This notice was posted on the 23rd day of August, 1911, and application will be made to the Commissioner on the 23rd day of September, 1911

(l.) Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet.

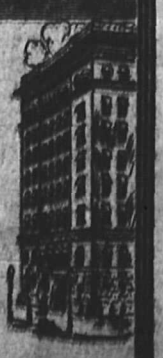
Agent for Ernest Townsley
(P. O. Address) P. O. Box 452.

NOTE—One cubic foot per second is equivalent to 35.71 miner's inches

(Signature) HENRY RHODES,
Vancouver, B. C.
25-9


**BANK OF HAMILTON**

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Paid Up | $ 2750,000 |
| Reserve & Undivided Profits | 3250,000 |
| Total Assets | 40,000,000 |



Call at the office of the Bank of Hamilton and secure a pass-book. This is a simple transaction. Yet it may be the first step toward a competence.

You cannot commence to save too early in life—and the place to keep your savings is in a Chartered Bank.

Interest paid on deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

C. G. HEAVEN, Agent, North Vancouver.

Head Office: HAMILTON

**HOT? YES!**

Have your Fire Insurance looked into these hot days. Delays are dangerous.

**ROYAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.**

The largest and wealthiest Fire Insurance Company in the world. Phone Our Agents:

**Elder Murray Co., Ltd.** 17 LONSDALE AVE. Phone 97

**The SHOOTING SEASON**

IS OPEN ONCE MORE

We carry a complete Assortment of Loaded Shells

Sovereign, Regal, Crown (Black) and Grand Prix

Guns, Rifles and Rifle Cartridges

Agents for

Gurney Foundry Co.

Martin Senour 100 per cent. Pure Paint

**Johnston & Salsbury**

The Hardware Men

**SPECIAL**

We have a few lots for sale close to Lonsdale Avenue Carline in the City. Prices **$450 to $500** on very easy terms. We believe these to be the cheapest lots left in the vicinity of Lonsdale Ave. Call in and we will show you over them.

**THE NORTH VANCOUVER TRUST CO., LTD.**

Real Estate and Financial Agents.
Agreements of Sale discounted.

219 Lonsdale Avenue Telephone 44

NYE STREET

50 feet close to School, open road and water to property. Price $350.00 on terms of one-third cash, 6, and 12.

JAMES STREET

33 ft. Lot half block from Lonsdale Avenue, E., facing South. Price $550.00 on terms of one-quarter cash, bal. 6, 12 and 18 months.

**C. E. LAWSON & CO.**

15 LONSDALE AVE. NORTH VANCOUVER

Phone 70—P. O. Box 1816

**PALACE HOTEL**

RATES: $2.00 per and up. Special rates to families and to regular boarders. . . . . .

Finest Roof Garden on Pacific Coast

**REDA & ANDRUSS**

PROPRIETORS

SECOND STREET, . . . . NORTH VANCOUVER, B. C.

**Keith Road Lot**

A Bargain for Quick Sale

Beautifully located 50-ft. Lot in City Limits on Keith Road. To sell quickly, will accept $1200, one-third cash, and balance on terms.

**Alexander Philip**

Financial Agent and Insurance Broker

Club Block Phone 19

**North Vancouver Coal and Supply Co.**

LIMITED

Wharf: Cor. St. George's and Esplanade. Office: 56 Lonsdale Avenue.

Wharf Phone 178. Office Phone 198.

COAL MERCHANTS

Dealers in all kinds of Building Material, Sand, Gravel, Cement, Lime Brick (common and pressed), Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, Plaster, Fibre, Plaster of Paris, Lath, Shingles, Drain Pipe, Tile.

Domestic and Blacksmith Coal. Prompt delivery a specialty.

**FOR RENT**

**SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES**

Most modern filing device on the market.

A safe receptacle for those valuable papers and jewels

**NORTH SHORE LOCATORS, LTD.**

32 Lonsdale Avenue
Telephone 123

**H. D. RUGGLES**

BARRISTER
NOTARY PUBLIC

122 6th Street East North Vancouver
Phone 278

**HENRY B. WATSON**

ARCHITECT

Rooms 10 and 11, Pender Chambers, 522 Pender Street W. Phone 8451 and Lonsdale Ave., North Vancouver Residence, cor. Lonsdale Ave. and 22nd street, North Vancouver.

**FRED G. TURNER**

NOTARY PUBLIC

Loans, Investments and Insurance. Room 207, 532 Granville St., Vancouver, B. C. Phone 8209. Land Registry work a specialty.

**H. E. KRUGER**

Expert on Fireplaces and all classes of Brickwork

All Work Guaranteed
Corner Fifteenth St. and Mahon Ave.

**N. V. WOODYARD**

10,000 cords of dry fir wood for quick sale. Price per odd cords $4.50.

Special quotations for larger quantities.

Cut Wood—16 inched $3.00, 12 inches $3.25.

C. O. D.

Office and Yard:

SECOND and ST. PATRICK

Phone 190 P. O. Box 2432

**WE COULD Paper the World**

from our stock of new Wall Papers, so it seems. Every day some new design arrives to fill the vacancy of those closed out.

**Handsome Wall Papers**

are here in endless variety. Just tell our salesman for what room you want the paper and he will show you just the pattern you are looking for.

To choose from our stock is a pleasure, to pay our price is easy.

**W. H. STONEY & CO.**

117 Lonsdale Avenue Phone 149

**N. A. KEARNS**

ARCHITECT

Telephone 276

127 LONSDALE AVE.

NORTH VANCOUVER

## The "Monarch Malleable" Range

**They last a Life Time**

For economy, durability and ease of operation. No stove excels the "Monarch"

**Prices No. 226, $67.00**
**No. 426, $71.00**

We also carry other makes in cheaper stoves,

**Builders' Hardware, "Bapco" Pure Paints,** etc.

**Patterson, Goldie & Clark**
104 Esplanade West
Phone 88



## LOTS IN BAYVIEW

**D. L. 621 & 2075 on Keith Road,**

a short distance west of the Imperial Car Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Co.'s property. **$300 and $325 each—$20 cash, balance easy terms.** These lots command an uninterrupted view of three miles of Burrard Inlet. Good soil and level.

Call or write for descriptive pamphlet.

**S. F. MUNSON**
333 Pender St., W. Phone Seymour 5654



## 50 FT. LOTS, $70 CASH

**Balance Quarterly, over Two Years**

## Price $350

**Every lot on an open graded road,** east of Seymour Creek, North Vancouver. Buildings being erected on the property now. Telephone and electric light available.

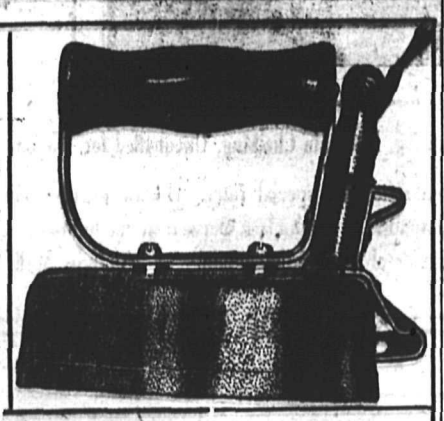
Call or write and get maps and full particulars. When certain developments are announced in a few weeks you will be too late.

**D. MacLURG**
340 PENDER STREET VANCOUVER, B. C.



## ASK

your neighbours and they will recommend it to you—THE electric iron with a reputation.



**HOTPOINT** We shall be pleased to send one of these irons to you for TEN DAYS FREE TRIAL. Phone 46 Light and Power Department.

**British Columbia Electric Railway Co., Ltd.**
50 LONSDALE AVENUE



## TAKE NOTICE

THAT the **Civic Information and Labor Bureau** is now open for the Convenience of Employers and Employees. Employers are requested to take advantage of the Office when requiring help.

W. B. HOOD, Secretary,
14 Lonsdale Avenue,
**Phone 321** North Vancouver.



FRUIT PRODUCE
CONFECTIONERY, CIGARS, Etc.
WHOLESALE ONLY

**PETERS & DOYLE**
120 Second Street East. Telephone 206
Convenience to North Vancouver Merchants
Buy in Your Own Town. Your Orders Solicited


## SAID "GOOD-BYE RECIPROCITY"

**Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Justification of the Defeat He Sustained in 1891**

By JOHN V. BORNE.

The starting of industries, the building of a railway across an empty continent, left Canada in a condition of strain. The lack of faith, of which the Continental cry was a model expression, meant a lack of works. Few of the millions of people who desired to forsake the Old World learned of Canada. The population continued stationary. Progress was painfully slow.

But, in due time, the movement of people into Canada began It was presently accompanied by a movement of capital, until, at last, everybody saw that the hour of Canada had come. The final proof of it was vouchsafed when the exodus from Canada to the United States was more than balanced by an exodus from the United States to Canada.

Right up to the time that Canada became known to the people of Europe there was a hankering after Reciprocity. In 1891 a general election was fought on the question, and the advanced Reciprocitarians were beaten. The issue was destined to keep away from the ballot-box for more than twenty years.

The Liberal party, in pursuance of a platform written in 1893, asked Washington for Reciprocity in 1897, and was repelled. The immigration tide then began to flow, and is flowing still. At that very time the instinct which had turned aside from the Reciprocity advocated in 1891 re-asserted itself—this time in the unfamiliar guise of a Liberal Government—and in 1898 the offer of Reciprocity which had stood for many years on the Canadian Statute Book was repealed. The repeal was happily endorsed at the Imperial Conference in London by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who said:

"There was a time when we were wanting reciprocity with the United States, but our efforts were put aside. We have said good-bye to that trade and we now put all our hopes upon the British trade."

## MONEY IN THE BANKS

**And Great Increases in Trade Have Made Canada a Brighter Britain**

By JOHN V. BORNE.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's repudiations of Reciprocity with the United States beginning in 1898 and continuing until 1907, was endorsed by Liberals and Conservatives alike. The country was behind him. The future was before him.

Remember the difference between the Canada of that day and the Canada which Sir Wilfrid vainly thinks has turned back, with hungry eyes to the policy he so patriotically abandoned.

At the time of the joyful abandonment of the idea that the United States could be the main prop and stay of Canadian prosperity the Canadian people had $236,161,062 in the banks. To-day they have $925,000,000 in the banks. Then their trade beyond their own borders was $304,475,736 a year. Now it is $649,000,000.

Then the flow of British capital was so small that no returns were available. Last year $185,000,000 came from Britain to Canada, exclusive of individual amounts for investments, and the money brought by 112,000 people who came from Britain to Brighter Britain.

The magnificent point of this situation is that the turning away from the United States (which for thirty years had treated Canada as a commercial factor with good-natured contempt), and the new-found belief that Canada could march along the road to nationhood without regard to the business goodwill of the United States; were followed by an expansion of business that the firmest believer in her destiny would not have dared to prophesy in the days when Reciprocity was an Article of Faith and a veritable Promise of Hope to so many people.

## THE FARMER RECEIVES MORE

**Prices For Which He Sells Have Increased More Rapidly than the Cost of What He Buys**

By JOHN V. BORNE.

"The wise man often changes his mind; the fool never"—a way of saying that the political wisdom of to-day is the political foolishness of to-morrow. Nothing is more valuable than the teachings of history. Nothing is more futile than piling up proofs that many years experience have changed the point of view of a man or a party of men.

It is nothing to show that Sir John Macdonald was serious or merely astute in advocating Reciprocity, forty, thirty, twenty years ago. He is not with us now. We have conditions to which his utterances do not apply. Sir Wilfrid Laurier's position is different. He was an advocate of Reciprocity. On his experience he renounced it. The commercial conditions which caused him to renounce it—the prosperity of Canada without it—have become greatly accentuated in every particular.

The farmer particularly has flourished. The Dominion Government reports show that in 1909 prices received by the farmer had risen over those of the ten years before 1899, like this:—

Grain and fodder, including thirteen selected standard commodities, 49.9 per cent.

Cattle and cattle products, hogs and hog products, sheep and sheep products, fowl and turkeys, 48.6 per cent.

Dairy products, 42 per cent.

And that the price of goods the farmer has to buy have not risen to an equal extent, as this list shows:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Woollen goods | 23.4 per cent. |
| Cotton goods | 25 " |
| Boots and shoes | 26 " |
| Metals and implements | 3.4 " |
| Imported goods—decrease | 6 " |

The staple lines, which represent over 90 per cent. of the farmer's expenditure have only increased 14.3 per cent. whie the goods he sells have increased 357 per cent

Agriculture is the basic industry of Canada. If its prosperity grows in greater ratio than that of other industries it is in he doubly happy position of flourishing itself and enabling others to flourish.

This has happened with a home market hat is nothing like as big as it will be. Canada has only really begun her maonufacturing career if she is permitted to retain her fiscal independence


B. C. Livery and board stables — Light rigs and ladies' saddle horses for hire. Stabling for horses. General delivery and heavy teaming. H. Dumas, 4th street west. Phone 347. t.f.



**PREPARATORY CLASSES**
9.30 to 12; 1.30 to 3
Best Kindergarten methods. Foreign languages extra.

**MISS YOUNG**
Oxfrod University Women's certificates (Modern History and Languages) Cambridge Teaching Diploma.
Care Mrs. H. C. Wright, 15th street, two and a half blocks east of Boulevard. 19


**N. V. CINDERELLA CLUB.**

Members of the above Club are requested to pay in their subscriptions to the Bank of B. N. A. (Upper Lonsdale branch). There will be a reduction of 50 cents on subscriptions paid before Sept. 16th. The first dance will take place on Wednesday, Oct. 11th, at 8.30 p. m. in the Horticultural Hall.

R. ARCHIBALD
8-9 Hon. Sec.

Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 5 p.m. September 11th, for the position of Fire Chief for the City of North Vancouver. Salary $100 per month and residence.

THOMAS SHEPHERD,
City Clerk. 8-3


# THE MAN WHO COMES TO LOOK

**receives the same glad welcome here as he man who comes to buy, our primary object at this time being to acquaint the men of North Vancouver with the advantages in quality, service and price, to be exclusively obtained at this store.**

**We don't expect to sell you goods before you know us, our goods and our business methods, so we invite you to call; "Snoop around" a bit and get acqainted.**

# CUMMING

QUALITY CLOTHIER 113 LONSDALE AVE



JUST ARRIVED FROM GERMANY

The first shipment to this country of the famous Dowgate

## GRAMOPHONES

These machines are of the best quality and finish. For tone they are unequalled.

**Price $30** To be sold on terms of $10 cash and $5 per month. LESS THAN

**HALF THE COST**

of any other make of gramophone of similar size. There is nothing cheap about these gramophones but the price.

¶ We have also in stock a quantity of English double disc records, price 85c each. These records are the finest we have heard and can only be obtained at

**The Warburnitz Piano House, Ltd.**
443 Lonsdale Ave. Phone 114



# North Vancouver City

## CLEARED LOTS 50 ft. x 147 ft.

In BLOCKS 15, 15a, 16 and 16a. D. L. 550.

PRICES: $750 to $1000 according to location.

TERMS: 1-4 Cash, Bal. 6, 12 and 18 months.

## ACREAGE in District Lots 546 and 550

In Blocks of from One to Four or more acres.

PRICES: from $2000 to $3250 per acre

TERMS: 1-4 Cash, Bal. 6, 12, 18 & 24 months

**The Grand Boulevard extends through this property**

FOR PLANS, PRICE LIST AND PARTICULARS, APPLY TO

**The North Vancouver Land and Improvement Company,** Limited Liability

543 PENDER ST. Phone 6286 VANCOUVER, B. C.

## Pioneer Confectionery

71 LONSDALE AVENUE

Mr. S. F. Musselwhite begs to announce that he has purchased the business at 71 Lonsdale Ave., formerly conducted by Mr. S. H. Walker under the name of the Pioneer Bakery.

The business will be conducted in the same premises under the name of **The Pioneer Confectionery,** and will continue to produce hand-made and home-made bread of the best quality as well as all lines of high-class pastry and confectionery.

Mr. Musselwhite hopes by close attention to the interests of his customers, and by sustaining at the highest standard of excellence the goods produced, to merit a continuation of the patronage of all former customers, and to welcome many new ones, for which purpose the factory and plant has been greatly enlarged and improved. Careful attention will be given to any special orders from patrons.

**Pioneer Confectionery**
71 LONSDALE AVE.
S. F. Musselwhite, Prop. Phone 8



## Hay, Flour & Feed

Owing to larger warehouse accomodation, we are now in a position to carry a larger and more complete stock of these goods and to supply our customers at Vancouver prices.

All Orders Delivered Promptly,

**The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.**
116 Esplanade East - - Phone 4



**LOOK** at our Babies BILLY and CHARLIE

Why make two loads moving when One Van will take it all. Ring up **295, CREAMER TRANSFER CO.,** for the **Largest Padded Furniture and Piano Van** in the City.



**FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!**

FOR ABSOLUTE PROTECTION write a Policy in the

**Commercial Union Fire Assurance Co., Ltd.**
(LONDON, ENGLAND)

**ASSETS: $94,900,000**

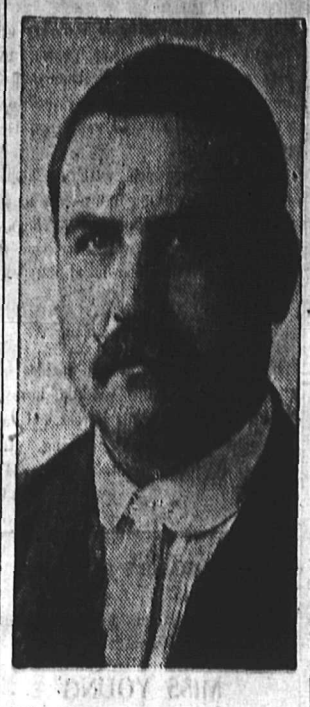
Sole Agent

**PERCY KING**
NOTARY PUBLIC. 18 LONSDALE AVENUE

Agreements and Contracts drawn of every description — Phone 157 — General Conveyancing


NATIONAL SPECIAL SERIES

(By Arthur Hawkes)



The Express has arranged for a series of special articles by Arthur Hawkes, editor of the British News of Canada and one of the foremost writers in the Dominion, dealing with different aspects of Canadian nationality.

The national specials will be taken from the following titles:

Why I am a Canadian.
Canadian Nationality in Double Harness.
What we Can Teach the American.
What the American Can Teach Us.
The Brains of John Bull's Junior Partner.
If I were Farming Again.
The Imperial Immigrant and his Political Religion.
Running Ottawa From the Country.
Suppose You Were Sir Wilfrid.
The Canada You Will Never See.
Thrugh Ontario With the British Born.

### WORK IN PLENTY BUT MEN ARE SCARCE—THE TIME FOR A WINTER STAKE

The cry at the Civic Employment Bureau of North Vancouver last week was that enough men could not be had even for the work being carried on by the city and the district Ten to twenty laborers more could have been put to work than the number who applied for jobs at the Free Employment Bureau.

And the laboring jobs were not the only ones as there were many others both for men and women.

There is work for all at the present time in the city of North Vancouver who are willing to do it and are not afraid of soiling their hands or getting a sore back. And the wages are the best. Two dollars and eighty cents a day or thirty-five cents an hour of eight hours is by no means a hire to turn up the nose at. Besides this there seems to be plenty of overtime if that is a desideratum so that checks for twenty dollars a week are commonly enough paid at the city hall

There is a vast amount of street work now being carried on by both the city and district councils and the word has gone forth that at all costs it must be put in shape for winter before the rainy season sets in. The result is that a large number of laborers is wanted and that now is the time in which to dig in for the winter's stake.

As soon as the city has decided to go ahead with the rock work on Lonsdale Avenue and the abutting streets so soon will the big task be commenced with renewed vigor. No doubt a good deal of the work will be carried on so far as possible throughout the winter and there is no reason why a man should not strike a fairly good permanent job, but now is the essential time to do it.

It is a fact that there have been days when the Free Employment Bureau have not been able to supply the men called for and this week was by no means the only time when this has occurred. At one time the demand was so great that Vancouver had to be called upon to send men over. Altogether the average number of laborers given jobs per day for the last month has exceeded a dozen. Work for one hundred and fifty of this class has already been found and still it is not the end of the month.

Besides laborers, one woodturner, 2 plasterers 6 masons' laborers, 1 canvasser, 1 land clearer, 5 carpenters, 1 nurseryman, 2 sash and door men, 1 grocery clerk, 1 shingler, 1 chimney builder and 7 female help have been put to work and there are still a number of jobs on the list.

The record is a good one for the bureau and the fact of its existence ought to be more widely disseminated. The meeting of the committee will be held this week and doubtless when the full report for the month is made public the results will prove to be still more satisfactory.

The information end of the bureau has been taxed to the utmost in finding rooms and houses for the newcomers to the city and in this respect it might be of some assistance to those who make a business of renting rooms and so forth were they to inform the secretary of the bureau of what they have to let, though it is not of course exactly the business of the bureau to enter on this field.

Employers of Labor are giving loyal support to the Free Labor department, but there are some who do not yet get their help from it, and it would be good policy for them to avail themselves of it's assistance, and at the same time save to their employees the fee that they generally have to pay to the Labor Agencies in the city.

### A Valuable Report

The report of the Canadian Forestry Convention at Quebec has just been issued and makes a volume of 160 pages of addresses papers, and discussions by Canadian and United States authorities on forestry and lumbering All parts of Canada are embraced in the report and all phases of the subject, commercial, educational, administrative and protective are dealt with. The resolutions passed and changes suggested in the laws are included. Persons interested may receive a copy free upon application to The Secretary, Canadian Forestry Association, Canadian Building, Ottawa, Canada.


If you require a GOOD RESIDENTIAL SITE or desire a PROFITABLE INVESTMENT in any part of the City or Municipality, it will pay you to look into our CHOICE LIST of WELL-LOCATED PROPERTIES.

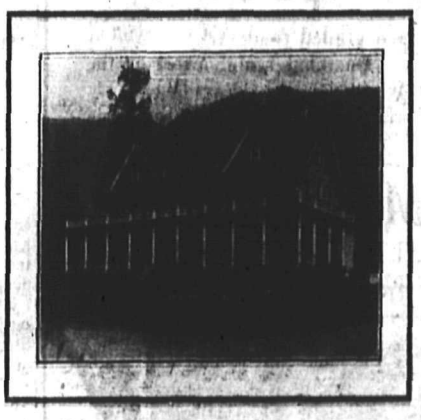
**Martinson & Co.**
62 Lonsdale Ave. P.O. Box 1831 Phone 173



# CANYON VIEW HOTEL

## CAPILANO

C. M. SLOAN
MANAGER



P. LARSON
PROPRIETOR

Scenic Delights, Fishing, Hunting, Mountain Climbing, Unequalled for Holiday, Long or Short.

Family Rooms en suite with special rates. House greatly enlarged.
Extensive Grounds. High-class Service at moderate rates.
Easy trail to summit of Grouse Mountain Altitude 3000 feet.

**SEASON 1911**



# MAHON, McFARLAND & PROCTER, LTD.

GRAND BOULEVARD

CLEARED 50 ft. Lots in Blocks 226 and 227; $900 and $1000 1-4 cash, 6, 12, 18 months.

50 ft. Lots in Blocks 230 and 232a; $650, $700 and $800 1-4 cash, 6, 12 and 18 months

**Phone 6286 - - 543 Pender Street, Vancouver**



# PIONEER BAKERY

¶ Recognizing the superior quality of the Cakes and Confectionery manufactured by Bruce & Co., 135 Lonsdale, we beg to advise customers that our drivers will be glad to accept orders for same and give prompt delivery.

**Try Our Irish, French and Homemade Bread, 20 ounces to the loaf, Four loaves for 25c.**

Eighth St. East Phone 54
Chas. M. Kitson, Manager

# NORTH VANCOUVER

# Clocks of Merit

A reliable time piece in the home always gives such an assurance of domestic contentment that we deem it our duty to direct the public mind to our stock of superior clocks which are real models of modern perfection. So closely do we keep in touch with the realms of production that we can readily furnish any article in this line.

Every clock purchased from us is carefully tested and regulated before leaving our store, from where they are delivered to the purchaser's home by competent men who will explain the most intricate movement.

There is safety in buying a clock at "BIRKS."

**Henry Birks & Sons, Ltd.**

Jewellers and Silversmiths

Hastings and Granville Streets - - - Vancouver, B.C.



# GOOD BUYING

Half Acres in East Half 787. The few remaining for sale at **$500 and $550.** Terms 1-4 cash, 6, 12 and 18 months.

Apply to

**GEORGE A. KENDALL**

**522 Pender Street**

**VANCOUVER, B.C.**


NORTH VANCOUVER CITY FERRIES, LIMITED

## TIME TABLE

TAKING EFFECT MAY FIRST, 1911

WEEK DAYS

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Vancouver 6.20 a.m. and thereafter every 20 minutes until 7.00 p.m. Commencing 7.30 p.m. every 30 minutes until 11.30 p.m. thereafter 12.15 and 1.00 a.m. | Leave North Vancouver 6.00 a.m. and thereafter every 20 minutes until 7.00 p.m. Commencing 7.30 p.m. every 30 minutes until 11.00 p.m. thereafter 11.45 and 12.45 a.m. |

SUNDAYS

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Vancouver 7.40, 8.20 and 9.00 thereafter same as weekdays. | Leave North Vancouver 7.20, 8.00 and 8.40, thereafter same as weekdays. |

PASSENGER RATES

Single fare 5c, 6 for 25c, 30 for $1, 70 for $2.

VEHICLE RATES

| | |
|---|---|
| A—Lumber wagons, trucks and drays, 75c return. | All the above rates include driver. Rates A and B subject to 20 per cent. discount in lots of 50. |
| B—2 horse express carriages and hacks, 50c return. | FREIGHT TARIFF |
| C—1 horse express buggies and autos, 25c return. | Per 100 lbs. rate, 5c. Minimum rate, 10c. |

Time-table subject to change without notice.
Company not liable for delays, accidental or otherwise.


¶ If you want your Doors and Windows in a hurry call, phone or write

**DICKINSON & SON**

**ESPLANADE EAST**

Phone 222 P. O. Box 1719



**Campbell Realty & Investment Co.**

FOR SALE—6-room house on Chesterfield Ave. New, all modern. Price $3,200. Easy terms.

REAL ESTATE, LOANS, INSURANCE.

TELEPHONE 80. P. O. BOX 114


## Why I Am A Canadian

By ARTHUR HAWKES

Did it ever occur to you that there are two classes of Canadians?—those who couldn't help being Canadians and those who could. I would be very proud to belong to the couldn't-help it class. But I belong to the other and I would like to tell you why. I am a curiosity in patriotism. There are tens of thousands like me, most of them unrecognized. I want to find them, so that they may be encouraged to find themselves.

Patriotism? Yes, sir, Patriotism is "Home Sweet Home" on a grand scale. Listen:—

"Breathes there a man with soul so dead
Who never to himself hath said:
This is my own, my native land?"

Listen again:—

The centurion told the chief captain, saying, Take heed what thou doest, for this man is a Roman.
Then the chief captain came and said unto him, Tell me, art thou a Roman? He said I am.
And the chief captain answered, With a great sum obtained I this freedom. And Paul said, BUT I WAS FREE BORN.

There is a glory of the native born—the thrill that passes through your heart and down your spine when the sacramental element of your nativity makes its subtle, compelling appeal to your mind. I know what it is; but not in Canada. If you have it, cherish it; be exceeding glad when it comes to you. Pass it on.

To us who enjoy only the blessing of adoption, who have given our native land a second place in our affections, is there even a glory for us in Canada? Can you—the native born—tell what it is? You can't, because you haven't had our experience.

We need not envy you, the native born; you need not envy us, the British-born. We are meet for one another, to conspire to make Canada as great in reputation as she is great in extent. And so it becomes you to inquire why I am a Canadian, and to think well upon my two answers.

One.—Because you asked me to be a Canadian.

I hope to be quite humble in expanding this answer, because I've had worthy people come to me and say, "We have found that British people are not welcomed here," and because I want to speak the truth in love. Personally I have never felt the slightest sense of not being welcome in Canada. Many years ago I moved from the South to the North of England, and I felt ever so much more a stranger north of the Trent than I have ever felt north of the St. Lawrence. Very thankfully I testify that never since I landed at Quebec, twenty-six years ago, have I said a word against conditions in Canada. Never a word has been said to me personally that I could resent. But there are others.

I know a man who has become as keen a Canadian as I have, who, with his wife, began life in Ontario on a farm. They are good people, who do good to others and who are already better off than they ever hoped to be in England. They left the farm because they were continually subjected to nagging about their nationality. For the sins of others they were called "chirpers" and other names.

You asked us to come. The Government has spent millions and millions of dollars in inducing British-born people to forsake friends and homes and traditions and places consecrated by sacred dust, and help to build up Canada. The Dominion has become prosperous because the immigrant, the chirper, as well as the capitalist, has arrived. Never forget, brother, that he was besought to come by you, through such people as Lord Strathcona and Sir Wilfrid Laurier. These great men have looked for assets for Canada; for an impetus to your prosperity. Be gentle in your attitude to the people who come from the same land that your ancestors came from. Let patience have her perfect work in you, in them. Ask yourself how you would get along if you were dumped into a Yorkshire manufacturing town and sent to work in a mill, and expected to become a Yorkshireman in five or six days.

Two.—I am a Canadian because I know Canada.

They know not England who only England know. They know not Canada who only their province know. The Englishman who finds himself, say, in Southern Saskatchewan, for a year or two, and who visits the Old Country, says, "In Canada they do this and that." He will describe an ox harness, for instance. He does not know that in Nova Scotia they strap a yoke tight to the oxen's horns; and they also shoe each ox with eight iron shoes. To him the little bit of Canada he has seen is the whole of Canada.

Will you forgive me if I state the simple truth that a great deal of Canadian pride is nourished on a little knowledge of Canada. We can't all know the country, because if everybody travelled all the time there would be a standstill to industries on which the country prospers. That means that there is something of a responsibility upon those who have seen much of the country to help the less fortunate to realise what a noble country it is, and what a wonderful future it may make its own.

It was by a fortune I never deserved, that I went through the mill of pioneering in the West between 1885 and 1891, and that, after fourteen years' absence I came back, journeyed for three months all over the country, and finally settled in Toronto; and that in six years I have travelled a hundred and forty thousand miles between Halifax and Victoria.

Of deliberate choice, then, I brought my family to Canada. They do not want to go back to the land of their birth. We do not speak of England as "home." This is our home. We want no other. Our settlement has been consecrated by the advent of a little Canadian-born girl, who began life sturdier in body than either of her sisters. She will be able to sing of Canada as her native land. I am glad of it. You see, we combine the British-born and the Native-born.

And [illegible]

### NORTH VANCOUVER.

Over the blue green Inlet,
In line with the Traders run,
Backed by the Heath-clad Mountains,
Prone in the path of the Sun,
Waxes a new-born City,
But now from it's cradle leapt,
Full of the blood which surges
Onward in paths clean swept.
Hard by her doors are the shipwrights
Inside Her gates are Mills,
Toiling and grinding to give Her
The Prizes which Destiny wills.
Looming ahead is the guerdon,
This youngest of Cities will claim,
And the rate of her progress is such,
That the Universe rings with her name.
Her heritage? Tell of the Forests,
Tell of the deep at Her feet,
Tell which it bears on it's bosom,
Tell from it's depths without mete.
Tell from the men who have made her
Paid without stint or rebate,
Willingly rendered unto her
To further her greater estate.
Tell from the broad fertile acres
Hid in the Hinterland's vales
Ensuring the pride of her future
Piling her wharves high with bales
Fare you then well, youthful city,
A nation is back of thy work
Take your place presently, knowing
None of your children will shirk.

### THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY

The Theosophical Society meets in North Vancouver in Room 4, 67 Lonsdale Avenue (entrance next to Welcome Parlor) every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Attendance is entirely free and carries no obligations whatever. You are invited. Theosophical study and questions.

New Westminster Land District—District of North Vancouver. TAKE NOTICE that we, B. Gladwin and A. C. Gladwin of North Vancouver, occupation, retired, intend to apply for permission to lease the following described stream, known as Lynn Creek, commencing at a post planted at the N. W. corner of the old wooden bridge crossing said stream, thence north, following bed of stream to a post planted 1,000 feet north of Keith Road, steel bridge, for the purpose of obtaining rock, gravel and sand for building and other purposes.

BENSON GLADWIN.
ARTHUR CLARENCE GLADWIN.

Dated Aug. 7th, 1911. 8-10

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT—District of New Westminster. Take notice that Eliot A. Haswell of Vancouver, occupation, broker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: About 200 acres commencing at a post planted on the northeast corner of Lot 1574, thence east 25 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 5 chains, more or less to shore of Horse Shoe Lake, thence in a south and westerly course around shore of lake to North east corner of Lot 1573, thence south 60 chains, more or less, to point of commencement.

(Sgd.) ELIOT A. HASWELL.
June 17th, 1911. 11-9

### PUBLIC HIGHWAYS

Province of British Columbia

NOTICE is hereby given that all public Highways in unorganized districts and all Main Trunk Roads in organized Districts are sixty-six feet wide, and have a width of thirty-three feet on each side of the mean straight centre line of the travelled road.

THOMAS TAYLOR,
Minister of Public Works.
Department of Public Works,
Victoria, B. C., July 7th, 1911. 14-10

### WATER NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the North Vancouver division of New Westminster district.

(a) The name of applicant—The Corporation of the District of North Vancouver, B. C.

(if for mining purposes) Free Miner's Certificate No. —

(b) The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed the description is)—An unnamed stream running in a southerly direction through District Lots 783 and 555, Group 1, New Westminster District.

(c) The point of diversion is in Block 4, District Lot 783 aforesaid, about 22½ chains north of the southern boundary of said District Lot.

(d) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second) one quarter of a cubic foot per second.

(e) The character of the proposed works—Shallow weir dam with suitable intake.

(f) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same)—The District of North Vancouver.

(g) The purposes for which the water is to be used—Municipal purposes.

(h) If for irrigation describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage ...... ...... ......

(i) If the water is to be used for power or mining purposes describe the place where the water is to be returned to some natural channel and the difference in altitude between point of diversion and point of return. ..........

(j) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works—None.

(k) This notice was posted on the 11th day of August, 1911, and application will be made to the commissioner on the 13th day of September, 1911.

(l) Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet are: Arthur E. Pacey, Wm. J. L. Pacey, Thomas Le Messurier and Walter Finch Page, all of the City of Vancouver, and A. Dalton Nye, W. J. Irwin, Benson Gladwin and Mary L. Archibald, all of the City of North Vancouver.

(q) The boundaries and area of the District of North Vancouver are as set forth in the letters patent of Incorporation dated 10th August, 1891, and published in the B. C. Gazette, but excepting the area of the City of North Vancouver specified in Schedule B of the North Vancouver City Incorporation Act Amendment Act 1907.

(r) Approximately the number of inhabitants of the District at present is 2,500.

THE CORPORATION OF THE DISTRICT OF NORTH VANCOUVER.
JOHN G. FARMER,
(Seal) C. M. C.
13-9

### NOTICE

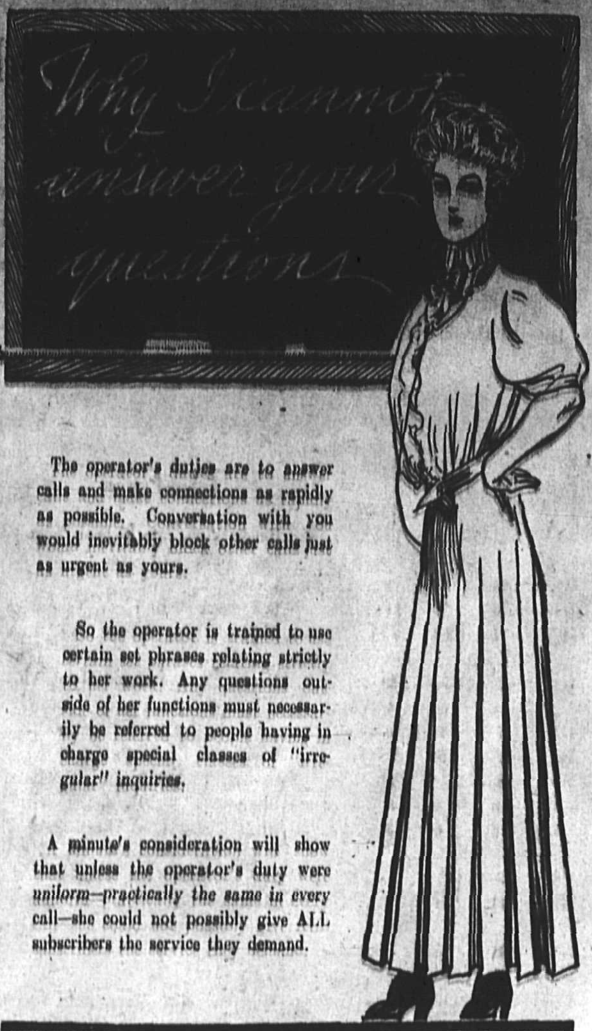
TAKE NOTICE that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of North Vancouver, British Columbia, for a retail liquor or bottle license for the premises known as Lots 41 and 42, Block 155, District Lot 274, North Vancouver, at the sittings of such commissioners to be held on the 13th day of September, A.D. 1911.

DATED this 3rd day of August A. D., 1911.

THOMAS & COMPANY,
11-9 Per E. G. Grant, Agent.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT—District of New Westminster. Take notice that Joseph C. Dockerill, of Vancouver, occupation, government official, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: 160 acres commencing at a post planted on the south west corner of Lot 2822, thence south 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains to south boundary of Lot 2822, thence west 40 chains more or less, along said boundary to point of commencement.

JOSEPH C. DOCKERILL.
June 17th, 1911. 11-9


The operator's duties are to answer calls and make connections as rapidly as possible. Conversation with you would inevitably block other calls just as urgent as yours.

So the operator is trained to use certain set phrases relating strictly to her work. Any questions outside of her functions must necessarily be referred to people having in charge special classes of "irregular" inquiries.

A minute's consideration will show that unless the operator's duty were uniform—practically the same in every call—she could not possibly give ALL subscribers the service they demand.

**B. C. TELEPHONE CO., LTD.**

**North Shore Cleaning and Dyeing Works**

**111 First Street West**

Proprietors—E. LAURIN, Tailor; F. NORMINTON, late with the B. C. Cleaning and Dyeing Co., Vancouver, B. C.

Ladies' & Gentlemen's Garments of all Description Cleaned, Dyed or Pressed

We specialize in Repair Work

Hats Cleaned and Blocked

Feathers Cleaned, Dyed or Curled

We give you Contracts for Gents' Suits and save you Money

**Phone 207** we'll call and deliver quickly

**Give us a trial and patronize the North Shore**

111 First Street West


# City Sewerage System

## House Connections

**Notice to Property Owners of North Vancouver**

As the main drainage system is approaching completion we beg to notify property owners that we are making arrangements to undertake the sewer connections on the various private properties at a reasonable cost to all those who desire to avail themselves of early drainage facilities. Having carried out the main drainage system for the city council and having the necessary plant and skilled labor available we are in an exceptionally favorable position to carry out the private house drainage at a moderate cost to property owners and we shall be pleased to furnish estimates and plans if necessary to carrying out this most essential work in accordance with the city regulations and on most up-to-date principles of modern sanitation.

**Macdonell Gzowski & Co.**

Office:

Second St. and Mahon Ave.

Phone 270

# CITY OF NORTH VANCOUVER

NOTICE is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction on Thursday, the 14th day of September, 1911, at the City Hall, North Vancouver, B. C., at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the following lands, improvements or real property hereinafter described for unpaid delinquent municipal taxes, special rates, interest, costs and expenses due thereon, unless in the meantime the aforementioned taxes, special rates, interest, costs and expenses as set forth in the following schedule are sooner paid.

SYDNEY HUMPHREYS,
Collector.

Dated at the City of North Vancouver this 22nd day of August, 1911.

| District Lot | Block | Lot | Re-sub. Lot No. | Assessed Owner | Delinquent Taxes and Interest | Expenses | Total Due |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 547 | 2-23-4 | D | 10 | ....Hendrickson, care Richards Ackroyd & Gall, Vancouver | $6 54 | $2 32 | $8 86 |
| 547 | 2-23-4 | D | 11 | .... " " " | 6 54 | 2 32 | 8 86 |
| 548-9 | 6 | 1 | 14 | ....Radermacher, H. L., N. Vancouver | 10 04 | 2 50 | 12 54 |
| 549 | 7 | 1-2-3 | 7 | ....Beddard, Miss N., Gen. Del., V. Vancouver | 16 99 | 2 85 | 19 84 |
| 549 | 7 | 4-5-6 | 39 | ....Hearns, Wm., Welcome Hotel, Vancouver | 11 80 | 2 59 | 14 39 |
| 549 | 17 | 1 | 9 | ....Boult, Louise D., Vancouver | 8 61 | 2 43 | 11 01 |
| 549 | 17 | 6 | 7 | ....Keene, W. L., N. Vancouver | 10 07 | 2 50 | 12 57 |
| 549 | 18 | 2-3-4 | 13 | ....Sonoda, T., 336 Powell st., Vancouver | 11 95 | 2 60 | 14 55 |
| 548-9 | 19 | 2 | 3 | ....Illingworth, W., N. Vancouver | 12 29 | 2 61 | 14 90 |
| 548-9 | 19 | 6 | 3 | ....Alvensleben, A. V., Hastings & Richards, Vancouver | 14 06 | 2 70 | 16 76 |
| 548 | 39 | 12 | | ....Salt, J., *Rus Hotel, Vancouver* | 25 01 | 3 25 | 28 26 |
| 547-8 | 41 | 14 | | ....Thomson, Mrs. A. L., 1339 Cardero st., Vancouver | 9 16 | 2 45 | 11 61 |
| 547-8 | 41 | 15 | | .... " " " | 9 16 | 2 45 | 11 61 |
| 547-8 | 41 | 16 | | .... " " " | 9 16 | 2 45 | 11 61 |
| 271-547 | 43 | 10 | | ....Williams, Mrs. Mary, care Yorkshire Guarantee & Securities Co., Vancouver | 7 89 | 2 39 | 10 28 |
| 550 | 59 | 23 | | ....Lamb, Jas. A., care Irwin & Billings Co., N. Vancouver | 16 52 | 2 82 | 19 34 |
| 549 | 61 | B Part | | ....Whitlaw, D. H., N. Vancouver | 65 32 | 5 26 | 70 58 |
| 271 | 65 | 19 W½ | | ....Crabtree, J. J., 476 Alexander street, Vancouver | 13 15 | 2 65 | 15 80 |
| 550 | 83 | 19 | | ....Emery, W. F., Central Park, Vancouver | 39 49 | 3 97 | 43 46 |
| 548 | 112 | 4 | | ....Hunter, W. C., Elder Murray Co., N. Vancouver | 21 94 | 3 24 | 28 18 |
| 548-271 | 112A | 46 | | ....Koranja, Fuchi, Box 629, Vancouver | 26 18 | 3 30 | 29 48 |
| 274 | 118 | 21 | | ....Foote, Jas. J., care Irwin & Billings Co., N. Vancouver | 28 33 | 3 41 | 31 74 |
| 274 | 126 | 2 | | ....Estate of M. B. McLeod, care E. J. Clarke, 508 Pender st., Vancouver | 91 47 | 6 57 | 98 04 |
| 274 | 127 | 28 | | ....Shrapnell, John H., 1806—7th Avenue Fairview, Vancouver | 32 61 | 3 63 | 35 24 |
| 274 | 141 | 30 | | ....Townley, T. O., Land Registry Office, Vancouver | 68 02 | 5 40 | 73 42 |
| 271 | 154 | 10 | | ....Alvensleben, Alvo Von., Pacific Building, Vancouver | 43 85 | 4 19 | 48 04 |
| 274 | 166 | 38 | | ....LeMessurier, Pheobe, 1657 Robson st., Vancouver | 72 81 | 5 64 | 78 45 |
| 274 | 166 | 39 | | .... " " " | 73 15 | 5 65 | 78 80 |
| 274 | 170 | 3 | | ....Godden, H., N. Vancouver | 49 75 | 4 49 | 54 24 |
| 274 | 170 | 11 | | ....Ford, H. B., 1119 Broughton st, Vancouver | 49 75 | 4 49 | 54 24 |
| 545 | 228 | 22 | 8½ | ....Berry, Thos., care Irwin & Billings Co., N. Vancouver | 7 94 | 2 39 | 10 33 |
| 273 | 4 | 9 | | ....Homewood, H. C., 249—13th Avenue, Vancouver | 17 50 | 2 87 | 20 37 |
| 273 | 4 | 10 | | .... " " " | 17 50 | 2 87 | 20 37 |
| 273 | 5 | 9 | | ....Ogasawara, care W. S. Young, 287 Powell st., Vancouver | 14 29 | 2 71 | 17 00 |
| 273 | 7 | 3 | | ....Ferguson, Geo., N. Vancouver | 17 50 | 2 87 | 20 37 |
| 273 | 8 | 18 | | ....Bauer, W. A., Pacific Building, Vancouver | 19 92 | 3 00 | 22 92 |
| 273 | 9 | 19 | | ....Brashfield, Mrs. L., 833 Pacific, Vancouver | 19 92 | 3 00 | 22 92 |
| 273 | 14 | 17 | | ....*Johnstone, D.*, 2735 Sophia st., Vancouver | 22 28 | 3 11 | 25 39 |
| 273 | 15 | 5 | | ....Blacade, A., Vancouver | 14 29 | 2 71 | 17 00 |
| 265 | 3 | 11 | | ....Clements, Mrs. S. A., Bidwell Road, Vancouver | 14 70 | 2 78 | 17 43 |
| 616 | 12 | 1-2-3 | 10 | ....Holt, T. C., N. Vancouver | 5 13 | 2 25 | 7 38 |
| 616 | 12 | 1-2-3 | 11 | .... " " " | 6 91 | 2 34 | 9 25 |
| 616 | 12 | 1-2-3 | 16 | .... " " " | 9 26 | 2 46 | 11 72 |


McClary's Kootenay RANGES

Anything we might say about these Ranges would be superfluous. They are too well known to need boosting. OUR TERMS:

$10 down . $10 per month

We are sole agents:

PAINE & McMILLAN

Corner First Street and Lonsdale Ave.
North Vancouver. Phone 12



BRUCE & CO'S

135 Lonsdale Ave.

CAKES and CONFECTIONERY

REPRESENT

QUALITY

¶ If you are a discriminating buyer you will have no difficulty in proving our statement.

¶ Wedding Cakes a Specialty.

¶ The Delivery Wagon of the Pioneer Bakery, 8th Street East, will take orders and deliver promptly any Quantity desired.

Bruce & Co.


## The Standing Alibi of H. Stanleigh Storme (cont.)

he next, and often doubled on his tracks. Suddenly he dashed around a corner. Then everything was still. They rushed around the corner in turn and found — nothing. He had completely disappeared.

They ransacked the neighborhood, and searched all the houses, but without avail. The burglar had escaped.

By the time they had finished their search, a man, footsore and weary, was walking in security some two miles away on the other side of town, his steps bent toward the Iroquois Club.

And as he walked he shook blood from his finger. "Good heavens," he said to himself, "how that bullet hurt!"

Of times in battle men are shot through their limbs, or even through the body, almost without pain. Sometimes they never know that they have been hit.

On the other hand, a stray bullet may clip a piece of ear or chop a finger off and cause excruciating pain. This man had been hit — painfully hit —but the bullet had merely clipped a small piece of flesh from the end of his middle finger.

The wound was not serious, but it had been painful—and had caused the involuntary shriek of anguish which he had emitted when the shot had taken effect.

The man thrust the injured hand into his pocket, and walkd on in the direction of the Iroquois Club.

Meantime Burke and his men had kept the Iroquois Club well surrounded. They had watched there all night.

It was now after half past two in the morning. Still the man they were looking for had not appeared. But still thy waited.

A policeman pacing slowly upon his beat passed the place where Burke stood half concealed.

"Theres been a burglary up town," he said to Burke. "I just came out with the 2o'clock squad and heard 'em talking about it."

"No!" exclaimed Burke. "What, another one? Get out!"

"It's heaven's own truth," replied the man.

"Where was it?" inquired Burke.

"Up in the swell quarter," returned the other. "Family of the name of Dumont—lot of jewelry an'—"

The special caught the policeman by the arm.

"Dumont!" he repeated to the other. "Are you sure? Did they say Dumont?"

"Sure," answered the officer. "I heard 'em talking about it. I'm sure it was Dumont."

"Great Scott!" exclaimed Burke. "Why—why, I was there tonight myself."

"That's where it was," went on the officer. "I'm tellin' you straight. Well, s'long. I got to go."

Burke himself had started away in the other direction.

"Well, s'long!" he responded. "I've got to go myself, for here comes my man now."

He had glanced toward the entrance to the club. A man came out.

The man stood for an instant under the bright light above the door. Then he descended the steps into the street.

He turned to his right and walked leisurely along. Burk and his men followed him.

As the man strolled away, he kept one hand, carelessly perhaps, concealed in the pocket of his coat — as any man might do.

### CHAPTER XI

### The Police Investigation.

The Dumont robbery was the last straw.

The police department had been roasted right and left by the press and the people, and it was even hinted that certain of the officers were in league with the gang of burglars.

It is due to the honesty of the force to say that they were innocent of the lightest information relative to the affair. They had tried their best to prevent the depredation, but without success.

Just as certain as they became unusually vigilant in one quarter, the burglaries burst out afresh in another.

Burke was their best man, and he was confident — or had been — that Storme was the guilty party. He had been instructed with the task of running him down. He had run him down as best he could.

The chief held a secret session at headquarters the morning after the Dumont affair. He called in the captains of all the precincts, and he also directed the attendance of Burke and his associates, and of the two officers who had been present at the time of the theft.

Burke had not yet arrived. The police had suppressed from the morning paper any reference to the affair.

"Gentlemen," said the chief, "this is a serious matter. I propose to investigate it fully. The honor and integrity of this force have been attacked, and we are powerless to defend ourselves until we produce one or more of the members of this gang, and yield them up to punishment.

"I'm going to find out about this thing, if it takes a leg, and I'm going to begin right now. I want Andrews

## WHERE ANNEXATION IS TALKED

There comes now from the United States a foaming cataract of messages disclaimers and protests to assure Canada that there is no desire or hope of annexation in the breast of a single public man or public journal of that country. If they use words in the ordinary sense the assurance is contradicted by the record. If by annexation they mean only military conquest we need not contradict them. But it is easy to show that many public men and many leading journals look forward to a voluntary political union of Canada with the United States, and expect that reciprocity will hasten that doctrine. Many more anticipate and desire a weakening of Imperial ties and a closer political and commercial relation with the American republic. Reciprocity is commended as a step in that direction.

It is only by giving to annexation the meaning of military conquest that any well informed person can declare that United States public men do not advocate, desire or expect annexation. In the face of the record no person can deny that such views are widely, commonly and consistently and confidently expressed.

It cannoe be disputed that Mr. Champ Clark, speaker of the House and leader of the Democrats, said in Congress: "I am in favor of reciprocity because I hope to see the day when the American flag will float over every square foot of the British North American possessions clear to the North Pole"

There is no doubt that President Taft congratulated and thanked the Hearst papers for their defence of reciprocity, and that the Hearst papers defended reciprocity as a step towards union.

It is not disputed that President Taft recommended reciprocity as an alternative and substitute for the Imperial bond.

Mr. Wilson United States Secretary of Agriculture, put it in writing that the "adoption of the treaty would, from a national standpoint, be as much an act of wisdom as was the adoption of treaties in the past that have added to our own country more than half its present area." This delicate historical allusion is quite pointed.

Representative McCall, introducer of the reciprocity bill in Congress, said: "Add to the tremendous influences that are pulling the two countries together, the entangling web that is woven by reciprocal trade, and the inevitable day will be more quickly reached when the two countries shall be politically one."

In the reciprocity debate Representative Prince of Illinois said: "When we go into a country and get control of it we take it."

Representative Madden: "My hope is that . . this relationship may blend the two peoples in one harmonious whole and that the territory north of us may become part of the United States"

The Washington "Star" in praising the treaty, declared that the Canadian feels himself a despised colonist, a species of political outcast," and that their thoughts "may turn towards annexation as the greatest of all political boons."

The Detroit "Free Press" has expressed the hope that the treaty is the "beginning of the end of stupid separation of the two halves of a continent inhabited by one people."

The New York "American" finds in the results of the treaty "a final disentanglement from the intrigues of European politicians."

The Cincinnati "Enquirer" expects that out of the treaty will come a unity of political sentiment between the people of Canada and those of our own country."

There will be "first alliance and then possibly union."

To the Philadelphia "Ledger" the details of the treaty are trivial "compared with the continental sentiment that underlays it"

The St. Paul "Pioneer Press" considers that the consummation of the treaty will banish "the dream of a federated British Colonial Empire," with preferential duties

Thomas C. Shotwell declares that the treaty will make Canada "a business part of the United States."

Th St Paul "Dispatch" says: "The arrangement is just as good for the United States, so far as it goes, as 54.40 or fight' would have been had it succeeded."

The New York "Journal's" comment on the treaty is that "eventually the whole North American continent will be one nation"

The Chicago "Record-Herald" says that Canadians recognize that they are choosing between Canadian and American interests and between the Empire and the Republic."

Milwaukee "Free Press": "We can do no more than indicate the great significance of the Canadian pact to the all-American ideal, to the future prosperity and ascendency of the republic."

The New York "American" says: "Eventually, of course, Canada will come in . . she is keeping herself for us in colonial cold storage."

The Los Angeles "Herald" says that Mr. Champ Clark chose "the wrong time to say the right thing," and adds that many may live to see the very result that Champ Clark hopes for brought about by this reciprocity agreement."

The Troy "Times" thinks that Speaker Champ Clarke's declaration "was eminently proper and prophetic"

Senator Cummins, of Iowa, a prospective presidential candidate, said plainly, when speaking of the treaty: "I am for the annexation of Canada and I always have been."

Senator McCumber of North Dakota said: "Canadian annexation is the logical conclusion of reciprocity with Canada."

The New York "Sun" says: "Canada is moving rapidly towards annexation. . . We expect to see the stars of the Canadian States upon the banner of the Republic."

The "Chicago Democrat" says: "Most of our contemporaries in the press are publishing editorials in which it is repeated again and again that a political Union of Canada and the United States is not the ulterior object of reciprocity. These editorials are written no doubt for Canadian consumption, but we do not believe the thinking portion of the Canadian public can have such a deep-rooted objection to the annexation of Canada to the United States, an object the accomplishment of which must be the governing motive of this country in its attitude toward its northern neighbor."

"We see no reason for the hypocrisy and dissimulation which form the keynote of the expressed opinions of many of our newspapers on the reciprocity issue. Reciprocity is desirable mainly because it will be a splendid landmark in the progress of the American continent.

"The sooner Canada becomes a part of the United States the better off its people will be. The natural progress of this country points plainly to our destiny—one continent, one country, one flag."

There are many more such expressions, but we have quoted from some leading statesmen and from the principal journals of a number of the largest cities.

When visitors from the United States solemnly assure us that no public man or public journal in the Republic advocates, or desires, or expects annexation, or connects this issue with reciprocity, we may well be surprised. The only explanation is that he is not telling the truth, or that he has concealed in his back thoughts a special meaning of the words he uses.

Extract from "News-Advertiser."


Vote for H. H. STEVENS Remain British No Reciprocity

North Vancouver Conservative Association