Legislative Assembly
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The Express

VOLUME III. NORTH VANCOUVER, B. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1906. NUMBER 8

EDITORIAL.

OUR WATERFRONT.

The only thing that is hindering our waterfront from being occupied by shipbuilding yards is the folly and short sighted policy of the railway company seeking to run their railway tracks along the whole waterfront. A wise policy for them surely would be to set the waterfront free for industries which would, in a few years, give the best kind of employment for thousands of working men. From the Indian village to Moodyville we have natural sites for shipbuilding that cannot be beat any where, and it is simply absurd that the railway company should seek to shut up that entire area when they can at less expense easily find another route through the town. At either Moodyville or west of the Mission the railway can get all the water frontage they need for docks and wharves, and these sites are ideal for such a purpose.

VANCOUVER'S EXHIBITION PROPOSAL.

The magnitude of this project is rather startling, but it has very much to commend it. Certainly, at no point in the British empire can a great meeting of the Occident and Orient better or more conveniently take place. We are in close touch with the whole Oriental land, and we can contribute more to the success of such an undertaking than India, China, and Japan. Australia and New Zealand are now almost neighbors, as well as sister colonies, and they can here conveniently make display of their vast resources. But Northern Canada and Alaska and Siberia can all produce unique and most interesting features, and one of the finest exhibits would be some tangible show of what our great mines are doing.

By 1910 the C. P. R. will not be the only string to our bow. By that time we may hope that the great continent will be spanned by the rails of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway and the Canadian Northern railway and that the Great Northern railway will have made great progress with its extensions. With all these railways centering in Vancouver the facilities will be perfect for bringing the crowd of visitors from far and near.

THE BRIDGE.

We are glad to find that not only are our citizens alive to the urgent importance of having as early as possible one first-class combined traffic and railroad bridge across Burrard inlet to this district, but also that our neighbors south of the inlet consider it of great value to them. True, there are those on both sides who cynically ask what traffic is there to warrant such an expenditure? The same pessimistic reasoning has been adopted regarding every forward movement, and those cynics forget that we are living in a new country, and new undertakings are carried out where they will lead to progress.

The Electric Railway Company, a company of first-class business men, have shown faith enough in the future of North Vancouver itself to warrant the laying out of over $200,000, for which there is not actually in view a present return. They have confidence in the future and in the location as a point that brain and energy can develop into a paying proposition for them.

But the tramway operations will necessary be comparatively local in their scope. The advent of the railway opens a vastly wider area, and it will bring this point into touch with places hundreds of miles distant, and having resources of enormous magnitude. These vast areas must get into touch with shipping ports and also with locations suitable for manufacturing purposes. Manufactories now exist in Vancouver in a variety of lines, but we claim, and with good reason, that our flats and running streams in North Vancouver afford ideal manufacturing locations and facilities, and it only needs the advent of the railway to make this north shore a perfect hive of industries of different kinds.

What, for example, is in the way of a most successful paper mill on the Capilano, or a woollen mill on the Seymour river, or a cotton mill on Lynn creek. All these industries require lots of water and we have got it for them.

LOCALS.

Postmaster McMillan reports that the lock boxes have arrived and will be ready for use next week.

A hydrant has been put in at the corner of St. David's avenue and Third street. This is for the protection of the car barns and power house.

The sidewalk on east side of Lonsdale avenue is well advanced. It depends entirely on the getting of the plankas to the time when it will be finished.

Capt. C. Cates is receiving the congratulations of his many friends these days. It's a new daughter who arrived on Monday. Mother and child are doing well.

Miss Juliana McKinley, Tarbert, Locutyne, Argyleshire, Scotland, visited friends here and at Vancouver, and left for Victoria on Tuesday.

LOST.—In the vicinity of Moodyville, engineer's certificate. The finder will confer a favor by returning same to this office.

Miss M. Kirkpatrick, after having spent three months in North Vancouver, returned to her home in Highland Valley, Ashcroft, on Monday.

Miss L. Nahu, Moodyville, returned home from Hatzic last Monday where she has been for the past three weeks.

Mrs. N. Stevens, who has been a resident of North Vancouver for the past three months, returned to her home in Ashcroft on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Davies, of this place, leave on Thursday for Jervis Inlet.

Mr. G. Lill, who has been spending the past few weeks at Lasquito Island, returned home this week.

Mrs. J. Watkins, of Howe Sound, spent a few days in North Vancouver this week visiting friends.

The Sechelt Indians lost over $500 in the canoe race at New Westminster fair. The victors have been challenged to race at North Vancouver on Dominion Day for a purse of $500 a side.

Messrs. J. Davies and Brown have completed the repairing of Mr. Fromme's house. A coat of paint is now being applied.

A. St. G. Hamersley, president of the North Vancouver Board of Trade, returned from the North on the steamer Princess May Wednesday afternoon.

The B. C. Electric Railway Company have installed large marble switch boards at the substation, the type of which is of the very latest design.

The tram cars will not run on Sunday till about 5 p. m. This shut down is on account of damages done to the glass nobs on the cross arms of the poles, near Lynn flats, on which the high potential wires are strung across the Second narrows. Young men who make targets of the glasses by shooting at them, little think that if a high-charged wire drops and strikes a pole that it will burn it in two in the twinkling of an eye, and besides shutting off the service. This dastardly work must cease.

The filling in of Keith road at Mosquito creek will be done by day labor. The tenders were considered to be two high.

When some men talk we are reminded of poor lead pencils; they never come to the point.

Edgar H. Madden, Victoria, paid the town a flying visit on Tuesday.

R. Barker, Brandon, was looking over the town on Tuesday. He is sanguine of the future of the Ambitious City.

G. Thompson, Winnipeg, was registered at Hotel North Vancouver this week.

B. McKay, Rockford, was in town this week.

Mrs. H. W. Wright, Enderby, was visiting friends here last Saturday.

Registered at Hotel North Vancouver: Miss Ethel Legge, Wetaskwin; Mrs. H. P. Crosby Toronto; Mrs. J. C. Jackson, Vancouver.

The work of construction of the bridge on First street, near Lonsdale gardens, will be commenced on Monday. The old bridge was burned on Tuesday.

E. G. Stevenson, Edmonton, who was here this week, reports business brisk in his district.

Contractor Tucker is clearing and grading Lonsdale avenue, from Twenty-first street northward to King street in Nyer's division. The distance is about three-quarters of a mile.

Harry Mitchell, local manager of Brackman-Ker's flour and feep store here, spent Sunday with his father at Victoria. Mr. Mitchell reports business at the Capital City steady.

The price of oats in the east being stronger than on the coast practically all the shipments from the North-west are going there.

Immigration to North Vancouver is at present at a standstill, on account of scarcity of houses. Speculation in real estate, however, continues brisk.

R. H. Bryce has sent his fine lot of pointers to the Oregon field trials.

D. R. Ker, manager of the Brackman-Ker Milling Company, was here on Saturday. Mr. Ker has always had faith in the future of North Vancouver, inasmuch as he has spent thousands of dollars here.

At present hay is quoted here at $13 a ton. Farmers are holding what they have in stock at advanced rates. It was thought that the season's crop would have been large, but owing to the fact that farmers did not sow as much as they formerly did makes the market stronger. The quality of the hay is good, and nearly all the old hay is sold. Hay is bound to go up.

Wheat is steadily advancing, and flour consequently will advance.

Contractor Menzies has started moving Mr. Hughes' two houses on Third street, to make room for a third house on the 100-foot frontage.

When a woman has company, don't sympathize with her. She probably brought it on herself by going visiting.

An apology never gives satisfaction to but one person: The one that makes it.

In Supreme Court Chambers yesterday held at Vancouver, Mr. Justice Morrison, who has just returned from circuit work, granted the application for the administration of the estate of the late Percy J. Chick, one of the victims of the Chehalis disaster. The estate is valued, as stated previously at $31,000, of which $23,000 is in reality and the rest personal property. Mr. R. H. Bryce was appointed administrator. W. J. Bowser, K. C., made the application.

The new Palace hotel, Second street, will be opened on Monday night.

A small boy in this town told his mother when he came home from school the reason he wanted to wear his new shoes was that when the door was opened "there were draughts in his old boots, and would catch cold."

A North Vancouver girl has tried amateur singing, amateur acting, painting, piano playing, visiting, elocution, chasing and society, and didn't make a success of either. She better give up, and take a job as clerk: She can't avoid it much longer.

Which railroad will come to North Vancouver first?

The other day a North Vancouver man was telling us how economically he could live. "A Chink can beat you at it," a teamster brutally put in.

A North Vancouver girl has had so many lovers that her lips seem constantly set for the expression: "Now, you behave!"

The *World* stated recently that the fool in the family runs it. The item has caused several jangles about who runs the family.

An old-timer dropped in today to pay his subscription. After telling us all the news, which we must not print, he said: "Well, I must be starting home, or the old woman will be uneasy and think I'm in jail."

J. Y. George, N. York, who was here to-day, informs THE EXPRESS that he is connected with a mining syndicate that has claims at the head of Lynn creek, which will be worked next spring.

Mr. Rapley, Point Roberts, was a guest at the Hotel North Vancouver this week.

A North Vancouver woman who has been married twice told us yesterday that she was "as innocent as a child." Pretty good husbands, eh?

Get your Sunday shine at Birt Campbell's barber shop.

Irwin & Billings have enlarged their offices.

Some people think they must be as fat as hogs, or they can't be well.

Of course, you know you are the whole thing, but don't give the secret away to your friends.

What nonsense it is to say a man is in lined to be bald. It is quite against his inclination.

If the girls of North Vancouver want to make their mouths small and pretty, they should repeat 500 times every night before going to bed the words "prunes, prism, prim."

Occasionally you hear two men talking politics. It's coming; we can't escape much longer.

A certain minister always refuses a fee when he marries a couple, saying: "Go your way, poor wretches. I have done you mischief enough already."

We notice that when a North Vancouver patient is sick, he expects a great deal of attention from the district doctor.

A politician overtrains faster than a prize fighter.

"Kissing does not seem to be as popular as it formerly was," a young married man tells us. We've noticed that of late hereabouts.

A North Vancouver girl has an ambition to squeeze her waist down until it is no larger than her leg (beg pardon, we mean limb).

For whom does your wife open her choicest preserves: You, the preacher, her kin, or your kin?

ATHLETIC CLUB NOTES

The club orchestra holds regular rehearsals.

The club rooms are open every day and evening.

The club has now a library of over 100 volumes.

The membership roll is now past the half-century mark.

All sorts of board games, etc., may be played in the club rooms.

Rev. Mr. Marsden and Rev. Mr. Gillam have been elected honorary members.

A chess tournament is talked of. Several members are experts at chess or checkers.

A general meeting will be held on Monday night. All members are requested to be present.

The gymnasium contains trapez, rings, horizontal bars, punching bags, Indian clubs, dumbells, etc.

The grand opening, which will be held in the near future, will take the form of a smoking concert, at which refreshments will be served. The musical programme will be of a high order.

The members anticipate the organization of a lacrosse club as well as one of baseball for the season of '07. It is hoped that the grounds at the horticultural park will be in good shape by next spring.

The following is a list of members: C. McKenzie, W. A. Green, W. B. Campbell, J. A. Wiliams, A. R. Steacy, G. C. Walker, R. Dawson, P. R. Schuck, Franklin Wheeler, R. Renshaw, G. Phillips, T. R. Clark, R. L. Wheeler, W. Pogue, G. Hawkins, J. B. Brown, P. Hicks, R. Innes, B. Williams, B. Anson, B. Wheeler, W. C. Eisammon, G. D. Schultz, P. McDonald, Rev. J. D. Gillam, Rev. R. Marsden, F. Kealy, H. Mitchell, M. S. McDowell, J. Walden, I. Walden, L. Reda, G. Reading, B. Rowely, Dr. Dyer, G. H. Brown, F. Serrat, E. A. Scot, P. H. Tweed, B. Cottell, A. McKay, P. Larson, R. Black, J. A. McMillan, W. A. Lailey, A. F. Beasley, A. Gibson, C. Anderson, R. B. Brereton, R. T. Campbell, A. S. Billings, D. Martin.

Church Notice.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, SIXTH STREET.

Services will be held as usual in St. Andrew's church, Sixth street, on Sunday, at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Morning subject: "The Early Christian Church"; evening subject: "Reasonable Service."

Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

Moodyville service at 7:30 p. m.

On Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock a special meeting of the young people connected with the congregation will be held. The subject of discussion will be plans for the winter's work.

All earnestly invited.

Pastor: Rev. J. D. Gillam, M.A.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH CORNER OF EIGTH AND THIRTEENTH STREETS.

Fourteenth (eighteenth Sunday after Trinity)—Morning prayer, 11 a. m.; HOLY COMMUNION (choral, with sermon), 11:30 a. m.; evensong, 7:30. p. m.

Monday, 15th—Mattins, 7; evensong, 4 o'clock.

Tuesday, 16th—Mattins, 7; evensong, 7:30.

Wednesday, 17th—Mattins, 7; evensong, 8.

Thursday, 18th—Feast of St. Luke (Thanksgiving Day.); mattins, 10; HOLY COMMUNION (choral, with address), 10:30 a. m.

Friday, 19th—Mattins, 7; evensong, 7:30.

Saturday, 20th—Mattins, 7.

Sunday next—HOLY COMMUNION (plain), 8 a. m.

Sunday school always at 10 a. m.; fourth Sunday, childrens' service, 10 a. m.

The church committee meets in church at 8 o'clock on Tuesday.

Address on "St. Luke's Gospel" on Wednesday after evensong.

Practice of music on Friday after evensong.

The times for week-day service are open to alteration.

It is hoped that, if the parishioners cordially co-operate the proposed enlargement of the church will be finished before Advent.

THE BOARD OF TRADE.

The Executive council of the local board of trade met on Tuesday evening, Vice-president Phillippo presiding. The principal business transacted was the adoption of the report of the tourists and settlers committee.

The first proposition taken up was that of placing the Grouse mountain trail in good shape by spring. The Vancouver Tourist Association will be communicated with on the matter.

Next the committee took up the question of the scarcity of dwellings, pointing out the following facts: (a) That there was a demand for houses; (b) that 20 or 25 men with their families purpose moving in here; (c) that comparatively cheap properties within easy reach of the ferry or central portion of the city, may be bought at $400 to $700 a lot; (d) that fully 60 per cent. may be borrowed on the valuation of said lots, and that

BUILDING MATERIAL

is obtainable here at almost the same figures as prevail at Vancouver. It was decided to place these facts before the Vancouver Builders' Association, with a view of soliciting the co-operation of that body in moving in the matter.

The secretary of the board was instructed to secure, if possible, a rate on literature through the mails; also to make known that all those wishing pamphlets sent to friends interested in North Vancouver to hand in a list of names and addresses, and said books would be forwarded at the association's expense.

A canvas will be made of those who may have a stock of pamphlets on hand and would be willing to have same distributed by the association.

The board of trade will

OFFER A DIPLOMA

in the near future for the best written article on North Vancouver in general terms. The board to reserve the right to use said essays at its discretion.

The secretaries of the different committees will be supplied with minute books, and such other necessities as may be required by them.

It was thought advisable by the committee to endeavor to obtain instruments for ascertaining the temperature, rainfalls, snowfalls, etc., of North Vancouver, and with this view Secretary Williams of the tourists and settlers committee communicated with the meteorological department at Victoria and Ottawa for particulars. On Friday last Mr. E. Baynes-Reed, of the department at Victoria, called on Chairman D. G. Dick and himself in respose to the communication. Mr. Reed explained the workings of the instruments used for taking

WEATHER RECORDS.

He said that a plot of ground, free from buildings, and facing the north, would be required to read the instruments twice a day, and entering the results on forms printed for that purpose, and submit the reports to the metereological department monthly. The duties, which would be light, must be done without remuneration. Mr. Reed stated that as soon as the board dealt with the matter and appointed a suitable person he would recommend that a station be opened here, and stated further that he felt sure that the efforts of the committee would be successful.

North Vancouverites having exhibits at the New Westminster fair were very successful in capturing prizes. Besides Mr. J. J. Woods, who won a prize for his gladiolas, as noted previously, Mrs. Seal carried off three first prizes and one second by her drawings and paintings. Mrs. Radermacher's beautiful iron work captured first prize in that line. A medel was granted to Mrs. Seal for her exquisite minatures.

Go to Bates' for stoves, chairs and crockery.

THE EXPRESS

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TOM EDISON AN OLD BOY

HE RANKS IN LIST AS CANADIAN STRATFORD'S GREATEST.

Major Larmour Writes Interesting Reminiscence of the Wizard as a Grand Trunk Telegrapher—How He Flitted Away to His Father's Home in Michigan and Never Returned Till His Recent Cobalt Visit.

Major R. Larmour, assistant superintendent of traffic for the western division, writing of "Old Times on the G. T. R." in the Stratford Old Boys' Herald, gives a first-hand account of Thomas A. Edison's experiences in the G. T. R. metropolis as a telegraph operator.

It was over 40 years ago, and Edison was still young enough to be a minor, and, like all other operators with little to do, found it hard to keep awake and promptly answer his half-hour roll call. His inventive genius found in this circumstance a field for operation. He procured the works of an old clock and manipulated the running gear so that instead of recording time in seconds, minutes and hours, it only did business every half hour, and that business was to give the Stratford office signal, "1 1 6d."

Signal Too Prompt.

The prompt regularity with which this came in at the head office at Toronto marked too great a contrast with previous conditions, and thus aroused suspicion that there was some game being played, and an inspection followed, which disclosed the facts. The clock was confiscated. In those days there were no automatic stop signals to hold trains for orders, such as are now in use. The night operator, when he was to stop and hold one train to be met by another, simply lit a red lamp and held it conspicuously in his hand. One night Operator Edison was required to hold an east-bound freight that had right of track, until a west-bound train arrived.

Answered, Then Slept.

He had replied to the despatcher, acknowledging the receipt of the order, and signified that it would be carried into effect. Edison sat down with his red lamp waiting the approach of the east-bound train, but unfortunately dropped off asleep. The train arrived, and as there was no signal exhibited to stop, it went on its way. It was, perchance, a vivid dream that awoke him, but too late. The train had passed him; the tail light was still visible. Edison, frantically swinging his red lamp, started on a keen run after it, and failing to notice the open cattle-guard of those days at a street crossing, he tumbled into it. His lamp was smashed; he was helpless to avert the perhaps fatal results of his carelessness.

Back to Michigan.

Visions of Kingston penitentiary presented themselves as the natural sequence. Self-preservation in a moment became the dominant thought; quick decision and prompt action followed. He gathered up his belongings in the office, stepped on a passing train bound for Port Huron, where his father lived. I believe that until his recent visit to the Cobalt region he never set foot in Canada again. Fortunately for his peace of mind, as well as for the company, the two freight trains saw each other in time to stop without damage.

Got Tom's Wages.

Twenty-five years after Edison's adventure, the writer had become well acquainted with his father, residing at Port Huron. One day while discussing some new invention of Tom's which was then startling the world, the old gentleman suddenly said to me, "Do you know, sir, that the G. T. R. has been owing me a sum of money for a long time now?"

I begged him to explain the circumstances. And with a half-humorous smile, he said: "When Thomas resigned his position with the G. T. R. at Stratford he was a minor. There was part of a month's wages due him, to which I think I am justly entitled."

Hickson Sent Cheque.

Writing to Mr. Hickson, then general manager, I recounted the circumstances connected with the return of the money due Edison as unclaimed wages. Mr. Hickson promptly sent a cheque for the amount and instructed me to personally deliver the cheque and to make such ample apology for the company's seeming neglect as the occasion suggested. It is needless to add that I carried out these instructions to the full extent, taking with me some dozen leading citizens of Port Huron as witnesses, that the ceremony might not lack any of that dignity and impressiveness which the circumstances warranted.

It is also needless for me to add that Mr. Edison, in acknowledging the receipt of the cheque and apology on behalf of the G. T. R. Co., did full justice to the occasion, afterwards entertaining the visitors in a style well befitting the father of a son who had, by his own genius, perseverance and application, made of himself one of the most famous men living in the world, one whom this city will always be proud to remember as a "Stratford Old Boy," and to honor as one of the world's greatest benefactors.

Rare Botanical Find.

The Perth Expositor thus describes an interesting discovery:—"From a botanical standpoint, Mr. F. Morris, one of the teachers in the Port Hope school, and a young man well known in Perth, has discovered on an island in the Rideau the first walking fern ever reported in this section of the province. This particular species of one of the many graceful kinds of ferns and derives its name from the manner in which is grows and spreads itself. When the fern grows to maturity the top droops over and when it comes in contact with the earth it takes root and this process being continued during the summer months it received the name by which it is known. Mr. Morris is an indefatigable searcher after new species in the botanical world and he has succeeded in recent years in identifying and properly naming a large number of orchids found in this section, besides many other wild flowers and plants."

HINDU INVASION OF B. C.

As British Subjects They Have the Right of Entry.

Because of complaints from British Columbia against the invasion of the hordes of Hindus who have made that province their Mecca within the last few months, Mr. W. D. Scott, of Ottawa, inspector of immigration for the Department of the Interior, has gone to Vancouver to investigate the situation.

What Mr. Scott will do when he gets there is a question of interest to a great many people. Certainly he will have no difficulty in ascertaining that these dark-skinned natives of India threaten to turn the labor market upside down, at least such is the opinion of labor men, and in all probability the Trades and Labor Council will be able to supply Mr. Scott with ample information on that point.

Hundreds of Hindus have already landed in British Columbia, and thousands more are preparing to come. More than the Japanese or Chinese they enter into competition with the whites in the labor market, and they are equally non-assimilative. Since the Hindus have arrived in British Columbia in fairly large numbers they have, according to police records, caused more trouble for the police than any other race represented here. Judging by the number of them who have appeared before the local police magistrate, the stipendiary magistrate and other courts, they are by nature quarrelsome and litigious.

At the present time the Parliamentary committee of the Trades and Labor Council is engaged in investigating the Hindu question, which is fast becoming of grave import. Despite the fact that members of this race are debarred from New Zealand, Australia and Natal, local politicians and lawyers are at a loss to know just how they could be kept out of Canada, because they are all British subjects. The enactment of provincial legislation to shut them out might be disallowed by the Dominion Government as was the case with the Natal Act directed against the Japanese.

Passion For Publicity.

No wonder notice has been drawn at length to the character of the society columns of our journals. The fulsomeness of the flattery offered to women on their personal attractions and the elegance of their dress is surely being carried beyond all bounds. It can hardly fail to turn the heads of young ladies, and by filling them with extravagant ideas of their own attractions lay up for them disappointments in the future. It is not on the writers that the responsibility chiefly rests. They are meeting the demand of the day, and they can hardly help furnishing the adulation for which their fair readers crave, more than the milliner can help furnishing the dress which is in fashion, however absurd it may be. The malady is by no means peculiar to Canada. Everywhere there rages the same passion for publicity and self-display. In former days avoidance of display and love of privacy were a note of social grade.—Goldwin Smith in Weekly Sun.

Need Lead Pencil Wood.

An inquiry has been received by the King's Printer of British Columbia regarding the supply of cedar in that province being suitable for the covering of lead pencils. It came originally from one of the largest manufacturers in the United States through the Dominion stationery office at Ottawa. If there should be any market of this kind discovered the timber would have to be manufactured into lumber before leaving the province.

Rice Paper.

The Chinese rice paper is made from the straw of the rice plant. By using the more delicate parts of the straw a fine fabric has been manufactured.

Bow Legged Men.

Do not revile the bow legged man, for he plays an important part in the world. It is estimated that 40 per cent of mankind are bow legged, so numerically this class is entitled to great respect. Bow legs invariably accompany a robust physique. We find them one of the conspicuous features of athletes. Comedians are almost always bow legged. Of the bow legged geniuses to which humanity points with pride the most illustrious examples are Caesar, Horace, Napoleon, Wellington, Schopenhauer and Cavour, the celebrated Italian statesman.—London Answers.

The Bright Side.

Words of cheer are words of help; words of gloom are words of harm. There is a bright side and a dark side to every phase of life and to every hour of time. If we speak of the bright side, we bring the brightness into prominence; if we speak of the dark side, we deepen its shadows. It is in our power to help or to hinder by a word any and every person with whom we come in contact.

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

Women won't be happy in heaven unless the styles in halos change ten times a year.

Obstinacy is an ugly quality in our friends.

Generally speaking, we think that our neighbor gets no more punishment than he deserves.

It seems the height of hard luck to have experience gold brick us.

POULTRY IN SMALL YARDS.

Large Grass Runs Are Not Essential to Heavy Egg Production.

There is a common idea that fowls can only be maintained in health where there is a large grass run, but this is quite a mistake, says the American Poultry Advocate. A few hens confined in a small yard if fed properly and kept clean will lay more freely than those that have an unlimited range, and, usually being in more sheltered quarters, they are more likely to lay in the winter than farm poultry. It is not an expensive business to wire off a corner of the back garden and put up a small house. A wooden house for half a dozen fowls need cost but very little, and wire for the run is very cheap. The house must have ventilation provided at the top above the level of the perch. An old box with a little well broken straw in it will do for a nest. The floor of the house can be made of earth beaten hard and level. A sprinkling of dry ashes under the perch will enable the droppings to be removed with a trowel in a few seconds. A portion of the wire run should if possible be covered so as to afford protection from the rain, and under this should be placed a good sized box of dry sand or sifted earth. In this the fowls will clean themselves, a great essential, conducing immensely to their health.

The feeding of the hens is a very simple matter. There must be a warm breakfast of meal given as soon after the birds are off the perch as can be managed. This meal should be composed of middlings and barley meal in equal parts mixed into a stiff paste with hot water. Any scraps of meat, etc., from the house can be added and stirred in with it. At noon some cut grass, cabbage leaves or other green food must be given and before the birds go to roost some grain, such as wheat. Poultry mixtures of various grains are not good; neither is corn, except a handful or two in the way of a treat. It is most important that the fowls should only have as much at each feeding as they will eat greedily; none must be left over. In cold or very wet weather a little pepper may be added to the meal. There must always be plenty of fresh water for drinking.

Salt For Fowls.

It is a prevalent notion that salt is poisonous to fowls, and this popular impression is based on many unhappy experiences with it when fed too liberally. Of course, salt is poisonous if fed largely; but, on the other hand, it is beneficial when fed in moderate amounts—that is, at the rate, say, of a half ounce to 100 adult fowls per day. It is true that a great many fowls have been killed by eating salt and by having their food mixed with the water in which salt meat had been boiled. The careless throwing out of rock salt, which the birds eat under the impression that they are eating grit, is the most usual way of killing fowls with salt.—Western Poultry Journal.

Rape May Be Sow Late.

As a green feed for soiling—that is, cutting and feeding green—or for pasture rape stands unequaled among crops suitable for swine. It should be sown in rows two feet apart on stubble, fallow or well rotted sod at the rate of three pounds per acre. It may be sown any time, as long as there remain six weeks of growing weather before severe frosts are to be expected. If intended to be pastured the pigs should be turned in before the rape comes up to the top of their shoulders. No greater area should be given than they are likely to keep down to that height or lower. If not pastured or cut too close to the ground it will keep on growing as long as the growing season lasts. Greater returns may be expected from soiling than from pasturing a given area. Feeding pigs will generally make more rapid gains when it is being fed to them in moderate quantities in pens than when at pasture on it. Breeding stock are likely to do better when they can use it as pasture. Feeding pigs receiving all the rape they will eat on rape pasture should receive somewhat less meal than they would if in their pens. From one-third to five-sixths of the regular ration should be fed; the more rapid the gain desired, of course, the heavier the ration.—J. H. Grisdale, Canada, in Orange Judd Farmer.

Cement Work.

It seems that the foundation has much to do with the success of cement work, according to the Cement Era; for stable floors or clay or loam one should proceed as follows: Excavate six to eight inches for foundations, fill in with cinders, crushed stone or sand; spread in three inch layers and tramp well. Foundations should be well flooded and allowed to stand for a week or more in order to become thoroughly compacted; smooth off to a level surface.

To Drive Away Red Mites.

To exterminate red mites remove nests, roosts and every movable object in henhouse, coat with good hot whitewash, a little crude carbolic acid added, ceilings, walls, nests, cracks, floors and dropping boards thoroughly. When the house is dry paint the roosts with a mixture of five parts of coal oil and one part of carbolic acid. Repeat again twice at intervals of a month, and your house will be entirely free from these pests, according to Poultry Success.

Care of Dairy Utensils.

Sunlight and pure air are the cheapest and most effective means of keeping the dairy utensils pure and sanitary after they have been cleansed. Where these conditions do not exist it is advisable to put them in a hot drying room.—Kansas Experiment Station.

Dry Mash For Fowl.

This is a mixture of ground grains, mainly wheat bran. It is fed dry in troughs, boxes or self feeders. It is usually kept before the hens all the time.

FOOD ON A WARSHIP.

Vast Improvement In Mess Conditions In Recent Years.

The United States government seems to have solved the culinary problem much more satisfactorily than many private individuals, both as to cleanliness and celerity. In the navy, on board the battleship Missouri, for instance, the cooked part of an ordinary meal for 700 men can be served in four minutes, as is demonstrated every day.

The first requisite in the preparation of food on board a man-of-war is cleanliness, and probably none of the managers of the higher class hotels or restaurants is more rigid in this regard than are those in charge of the general mess on a battleship such as the Missouri. Under the old system, says Paymaster George P. Dyer, U. S. N., in the "Proceedings of the United States Naval Institute," the gear was not really clean. A man of the lower ratings, too often selected on account of his inability to do anything else, looked after these duties. His meager allowance of water served out from the galley was hardly more than lukewarm after carrying it to his mess and putting a few dishes through it. He had then to dry his gear with a towel which, being used for all sorts of odd jobs, cleaning tables and what not, the most strenuous efforts of the master at arms could not make him keep clean.

In February, 1904, a dishwashing machine was installed on the Missouri and human hands do not now come in contact with the dishes during the process of washing. The soiled ware in wide meshed wire baskets is passed through two waters. The first, which is kept in violent agitation, is made so strong with lye soap or other compound that the grease is cut from the ware as it is immersed. The second water is kept at boiling heat, and in rinsing dissolves any remaining dirt, besides heating the ware so that when taken from the water it quickly dries itself through evaporation. By this means the gear is rendered antiseptically clean and the use of dish towels is avoided. The knives and forks, which will not dry thoroughly by themselves, when taken from the machine are wiped with clean, boiled towels.

Among the imperative galley orders are:

No stale food; time all food to be ready at time for serving out.

No cold food; serve out all warm dishes hot. Take every precaution to keep iced dishes as cold as possible after coming from icebox.

Inspect coffeepots and mess pans and refuse to serve into any but scrupulously clean ones.

While it is not claimed that anything like perfection has been reached, there has certainly been a striking improvement in mess conditions during recent years.—New York Tribune.

Insanitary Carafes.

Undoubtedly it was the purpose of the inventor of the carafe to provide a vessel admitting of ready covering. But how few persons in control of either private or public dining places avail of this easy opportunity of excluding dust from the water decanter. It is comparatively rare, even at the better appointed Manhattan hostelries, to find the aqua bottle stoppered, although the neck be adapted to accommodate an ordinary size of cork. In fashionable restaurants use of water pitchers on tables has long been considered vulgar, principally from the viewpoint of style, but partly because of the idea that they serve as dust accumulators, yet the carafe goes unlidded without attention.—New York Press.

Fiber of Silkworm 1,195 Yards.

Authorities and popular works differ greatly in their estimates of the length of the fiber in the cocoon of the domestic silkworm, Bombyx mori. Published statements of the length of this fiber could be cited which range all the way from 1,100 feet to eleven miles. Even so good an authority as the Encyclopaedia Britannica places it at 800 yards. Recent measurements made in the division of entomology show that with certain Milanese yellow cocoons raised in the United States from eggs purchased from France the fiber varies in length from 888 to 1,195 yards.

Cocaine Evil In India.

The cocaine habit is assuming alarming proportions at Delhi. The evil has spread to rich and poor, to Hindoos and Mohammedans and even to women and children. Between 800 and 1,000 vials of poison are sold daily in the city. Not a few young men and even lads belonging to well to do families consume from four to six vials a day each. Coolies and persons engaged in menial professions also have not escaped contagion. Even beggars seem to prefer cocaine to food.—Paisa Akhbar, Lahore.

French Advice to the Czar.

You (the czar) do not read your French history sufficiently. At the present moment you are behind Louis XVI. The douma is clamoring for a Mirabeau-Barnave-Lameth-Chapelier cabinet. It is really time to send for Necker, and you are still at Calonne. Catch up with husband of Marie Antoinette as soon as possible. Do more. Go beyond him. It will be the best and surest way not to make history repeat itself.—Paris Radical.

Handwriting and Health.

Slanting handwriting has just been proved to be responsible for the ailments of more than 50 per cent of our young people. As both the steel pen and the slanting writing originally came from England, we exclaim with all our hearts, "Let us keep the pen by all means, but send back the bad habits it brought in its train to the place whence they came!"—Paris Petit Journal.

The Fatality of Indigestion

Which Almost Invariably Arises from Liver and Kidney Disorders.

DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

From insurance records it has been found that about 35 per cent. of the deaths of policyholders was attributed to diseases of the digestive system.

To persons who have been accustomed to think lightly of indigestion, biliousness and liver derangements this statement will be rather startling but it cannot be refuted.

To a large extent the liver controls the digestive system by supplying the bile to insure the prompt passage of the food along the intestines, where the difficult part of digestion takes place.

Because of their immediate and direct influence on the liver, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills insure a good flow of bile, and by so doing positively overcome constipation and intestinal indigestion.

Wind on the stomach, rising of sour taste in the mouth, smothering sensations in the chest, pains about the heart, headaches and dizziness, drowsiness and discomfort after meals and sluggish action of the liver, kidneys and bowels are the symptoms of this serious and dangerous form of indigestion.

Mr. Duncan McPherson, Content, Alta., writes:—"I was for many years troubled with indigestion and headache and derived no benefit from the many remedies used. A friend advised the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and after taking four boxes the result is that I am once more in the full enjoyment of the blessings of good health."

Mr. Henry Borgnardt, Horse Hills, Alta., writes:—"I used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for dyspepsia and am satisfied that there is no better medicine for this ailment and liver complaint."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will promptly overcome these symptoms. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

HIS GIRL AND HERS.

It is said if an Atchison woman would treat her "girl" as well as her husband treats his stenographer she would not have so much trouble in getting a "girl."—Atchison Globe.

SUFFERING WOMEN.

Need Just the Rich Red Blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Actually Make.

From girlhood to middle life the health and happiness of every woman depends upon her blood. If her blood is poor and watery she becomes weak, languid, pale and nervous. If her blood supply is irregular she suffers from headaches and back aches, and other unspeakable distress which only women know. At every stage of woman's life Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are her best friend, because they actually make the rich, red blood which gives help and strength and tone to every organ of the body. They help a woman just when nature makes the greatest demand upon her blood supply. Mrs. H. Gagnon, who for twenty years has been one of the best known residents of St. Rochs, Que., says: "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been a blessing to me. I was weak, worn out and scarcely able to drag myself about. I suffered from headaches and dizziness, my appetite was poor, and to attempt housework left me utterly worn out. I slept badly at night, and what sleep I got did not refresh me. For nearly three years I was in this condition, and was constantly taking medicine, but found no benefit from it. One of my neighbors who had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with much benefit, advised me to try them. I did so, and the whole story is told in the words 'I am well again.' There are times yet when I take the pills for they seem to me a guarantee against the troubles from which so many women suffer.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills don't act on the bowels. They contain just the elements that actually make new blood and strengthen the nerves. That's why they cure anaemia, indigestion, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, headaches, backaches and heart palpitation, and skin diseases like pimples and eczema. That is why they are the greatest help in the world for growing girls who need new blood and for women who are troubled with irregular health. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50.

The Morning Glory.

The morning glory is singularly sensitive to heat. It opens about daylight and in a warm day will close in three or four hours, but should the day be cloudy or cool it will sometimes remain open until late in the evening.

Mushrooms.

Native East Indian cooks are said to use the following method to distinguish edible fungi from poisonous toadstools: They throw a silver coin into the water in which the mushrooms are boiled. If the metal turns black with a coating of rust they condemn the mushrooms, but if the metal retains its color they consider them safe to use.

Libels on the Dead.

English law makes no account of libels on the dead. Not so in France. A Parisian lady obtained a verdict against an author who published some defamatory statements of her grandfather.

Noah Webster's Work.

Noah Webster, from first to last, spent seventeen years on his "Dictionary of the English Language."

The First Navigators.

The Phoenicians were the first navigators and sailed in all seas. They were also the earliest recorded traders and were succeeded by Carthage, Egypt, Venice, Genoa, the Hanse towns, Holland and Portugal.

The First Playbill.

The first playbill was issued from Drury Lane theater, London, on April 8, 1663.

The Swordfish.

The weapon of the swordfish probably served as the model for one of the earliest forms of the sword. Many early swords, particularly among the marine nations, were edged with the teeth of sharks.

GLASS WORKS TO OPEN

Beausejour. — The Manitoba Glass Manufacturing company of Beausejour has now completed their plant and everything is ready to start work. The building is eighty-four by seventy feet. In the center is placed the smelter, which will hold five melting basins, each basin holding about fifty-five gallons. There are yet five others kilns for the purpose of tempering the glass. Each of these kilns is twelve by twelve. The difficulty now is to get the right men who understand the glass work, and these men, it looks, are very scarce in Canada.

CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED.

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they canot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in the country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

Prof. Macoun, naturalist to the Dominion government, has returned from making a study of vegetation along the route of the G.T.P.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

William Bell, K.C., has been compelled to retire on account of ill-health as arbitrator for the Cataract Power company in the street railway dispute.

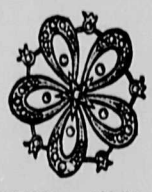
Holloway's Corn Cure destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who, then, would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach.

John Bishop, a deserter from the Allen liner Victorian, who was arrested in Toronto, was sentenced in Montreal for the maximum term of twelve weeks.

A Time for Everything.—The time for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is when croupy symptoms appear in the children; when rheumatic pains beset the old; when lumbago, asthma, coughs, colds, catarrh or earache attack either young or old; when burns, scalds, abrasions, contusions or sprains come to any member of the family. In any of these ailments it will give relief and work a cure.

Lieut.-Col. W. T. Bridges, Royal Australia Artillery, and chief intelligence officer of the Commonwealth forces, is at Ottawa to study the militia system.

$12 Brooches



At $12.00 Diamond Hall is showing an especially attractive line of Brooches. An odd price perhaps, but you will scarcely object to their not being marked $15.00.

The one illustrated (Catalogue No. 31685) is of solid 14k. Gold set with 46 Pearls. It has a pendant attachment for wearing on necklet.

A Sunburst Brooch (No. 31679) made up of 65 lustrous Pearls is another at the same price.

We send upon request free of charge our large illustrated catalogue.

Ryrie Bros Limited
Toronto, Ont.

Dear Mother

Your little ones are a constant care in Fall and Winter weather. They will catch cold. Do you know about Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, and what it has done for so many? It is said to be the only reliable remedy for all diseases of the air passages in children. It is absolutely harmless and pleasant to take. It is guaranteed to cure or your money is returned. The price is 25c. per bottle, and all dealers in medicine sell 3\|4

SHILOH

This remedy should be in every household.

TO THE NIGHT.

Swiftly walk over the western wave,
Spirit of Night!
Out of the misty eastern cave
Where all the long and lone daylight
Thou wovest dreams of joy and fear
Which make thee terrible and dear—
Swift be thy flight!

Wrap thy form in a mantle gray,
Star inwrought;
Blind with thine hair the eyes of day,
Kiss her until she be wearied out;
Then wander o'er city and sea and land,
Touching all with thine opiate wand—
Come, long sought!

When I arose and saw the dawn
I sighed for thee;
When light rode high and the dew was gone,
And noon lay heavy on flower and tree,
And the weary Day turned to her rest,
Lingering like an unloved guest,
I sighed for thee!

Thy brother, Death, came and cried,
"Wouldst thou me?"
Thy sweet child, Sleep, the filmy eyed,
Murmured like a noontide bee:
"Shall I nestle near thy side?
Wouldst thou me?" And I replied,
"No; not thee!"

Death will come when thou art dead—
Soon, too soon;
Sleep will come when thou art fled.
Of neither would I ask the boon
I ask of thee, beloved Night—
Swift be thine approaching flight;
Come soon, soon!

—Percy Bysshe Shelley.

BOY SMOKERS.

Stringent Bill to Operate In England to Stop Juvenile Smoking.

In their report issued recently the Committee on Juvenile Smoking strongly urged the British Government to introduce a bill next session (partly on the lines of Sir Ralph Littler's measure, which they prefer to Lord Reay's) as follows:

1. Every person knowingly selling cigarettes, cigarette papers, cigars, or tobacco to any child under sixteen to be liable for the first offence to a fine not exceeding £2, and for subsequent offences not exceeding £5.

2. Every child under sixteen found smoking or in possession of cigarettes, etc., to be liable to a penalty not exceeding £2 for each offence.

3. Constables to be allowed to stop youths apparently under sixteen seen smoking in a public place and to confiscate tobacco found on them.

4. Local authorities to be allowed to extend some of these powers to parkkeepers, schoolmasters, and others, and possibly to railway and dock companies.

5. Provisions to be made to exempt children procuring tobacco for their parents or carrying messages for their employers.

No recommendation is made in regard to automatic machines. Teachers are expected to dwell occasionally on the bad effects of the habit.

The committee are satisfied that juvenile smoking has rapidly increased, that it facilitates disease and leads to drinking, and are impressed by the absence of signs of physical deterioration among girls who are as a rule free from the habit.

Fungus Poisoning.

About two-thirds of all cases of fungous poisoning end fatally.

Origin of the Barbed Arrow.

The barbed arrow doubtless had its origin in the observation of different *kinds of thorns. Many thorns have* natural barbs which render them both inconvenient and dangerous to travelers.

Leaden Tobacco Boxes.

Leaden tobacco boxes are apt to cause lead colic and paralysis, the metal impregnating the tobacco with acetate of lead.

Gold Pens.

Gold pens are now usually tipped with iridium. The bits of this metal are laid in notches at the point of the pen, then fastened on with flux, being afterward ground and polished for use.

For Thin, Poor Blood

You can trust a medicine tested 60 years! Sixty years of experience, think of that! Experience with Ayer's Sarsaparilla; the original Sarsaparilla; the strongest Sarsaparilla; the Sarsaparilla the doctors endorse for thin blood, weak nerves, general debility.

But even this grand old medicine cannot do its best work if the liver is inactive and the bowels constipated. For the best possible results, you should take laxative doses of Ayer's Pills while taking the Sarsaparilla. The liver will quickly respond, and so will the bowels.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's HAIR VIGOR. AGUE CURE. CHERRY PECTORAL.

SOCIALISTS IN TORONTO.

Not a Single Professed Anarchist In the Good City—The Queen City Leader.

Toronto cannot boast of having the same number of Socialist workers as Montreal, says The Montreal Standard. In the latter city they are both numerous and aggressive. In the former they are less conspicuous and more conservative in carrying on their propaganda, for let it not be forgotten that Toronto has not yet had a May Day celebration.

But if the Queen City cannot boast of having a Socialist movement as strong and as active as that of Montreal, it can lay claim to possessing a great number of intelligent Socialists, who do not rave and tear their hair in the revolutionary fashion, but seek to make converts through the means of argument and illustration rather than the wholesale condemnation of everything capitalistic.

Members of Trade Unions.

The majority of Toronto English-speaking Socialists are nearly all members of their respective trade unions. Their advocacy of their doctrines is not confined to converting individual trade unionists to their way of political reasoning, but they also have mass meetings and seek to teach the toiler the "facts" of their cult. What distinguishes Socialist propaganda in Toronto from that of Montreal is that while the followers of the red flag in Montreal are nearly all foreigners more than 50 per cent. of Toronto Socialists are all British subjects, including the recognized leader of the movement.

There are at present three groups, the nationality of them being English, Finnish and Jewish, with an Italian local in the course of formation. All told, they number some four hundred.

Movement Started Five Years Ago.

The movement is not very old, having been started some five years ago by a number of Canadians, and was at the highest point of its progress when it could boast of having a newspaper to set forth its views. Since that time it has not made great progress, but its followers never lose an opportunity of making capital out of and exposing the tactics of their opponents.

The Socialists in Toronto and Ontario are, however, ahead of their Quebec brethren in one respect, and that is in the person of their leader, Mr. James Simpson.

Believe In Their Leader.

The rank and file of organized labor in Toronto are thoroughly convinced that though the movement of which Mr. Simpson is the local chief may not be the right one to improve the condition of the masses, there is no questioning his sincerity and high regard for principle. That they believe in his sincerity is evidenced by the fact that he has been, for the first time in the history of Ontario, if not in Canada, elected a school trustee on the Socialist ticket, receiving over 6,000 votes. In addition he is vice-president of the Dominion Trades Congress, as well as president of the Toronto Typographical Union, which recently elected him delegate to the Victoria Convention of that body, which, if the views of his supporters meet with the approval of the majority of the delegates, will elect him president.

Introduced Socialist Resolution.

It was he that introduced the memorable Socialist resolution which created such an uproar at the Montreal convention of the Trades Congress.

Unfortunately, however, for the progress of the movement in Toronto, its intellectual standard-bearer has not been able to influence a large number of his fellow wage-workers to think as himself. There being fewer aliens in the chief city of Ontario than are to be found in Montreal is responsible for its slow growth.

The great mass of toilers there do not seemingly care to introduce the change of property ownership that Socialists advocate. They prefer to work along conservative trade union lines for any improvement in their natural welfare. With that stubbornness that characterizes the Englishman above all other, they fear change, and thus it comes about that though Toronto may justly claim to be a progressive city, from the standpoint of those who wish to substitute the co-operative commonwealth for the present competitive system of production and sale, Montreal has the distinction of having the largest number of Socialists to be found in any one city in Canada. Strange to relate our special investigator, in spite of the most diligent enquiry, was not able to locate on Anarchist, either professed or silent, in its environs.

President of the B. M. A.

Dr. R. A. Reeve, dean of the medical faculty of Toronto University, who was recently installed as president of the British Medical Association, in spite of his pre-eminence in the medical profession is a man of singularly quiet and unassuming disposition. His modesty is indeed one of his greatest characteristics, and he was almost nervous when addressing the Medical Association. Dr. Reeve is a graduate of Queen's University, and became a fellow of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons in Kingston in 1866. In the following year he became assistant surgeon of the Toronto Eye and Ear Infirmitry, a position he vacated in 1872. Becoming a specialist in these two branches, he has practised throughout in Toronto. He became dean of the faculty in 1896. He has been president of the Ontario Medical Association, and also a member of the University Council. He is sixty-four years of age.

Our Own Sir James Grant.

Sir James Grant, M. D., consulting physician to the Governor-General of Canada, was born at Inverness in 1830. He was educated at Queen's College, Kingston, taking post-graduate courses *at Edinburgh and London. He was* member of the House of Commons for Russell, 1865-73, and Ottawa, 1892-96. It was Sir James who introduced the Pacific Railway bill in 1872 to construct a transcontinental railroad. He was president of the Tuberculosis Association, *1901-'02, and president of the* Royal Society of Canada, 1903. He has written extensively for publication on medical, surgical and scientific subjects. It is in the field of geology that Sir James finds his chief recreation, and he has a splendid collection of Silurian *fossils. He is a resident of the Cana*dian capital.

The Greek Year.

Until B. C. 432 the Greeks began the year at the winter solstice, after that at the summer.

Paper Shoes.

Paper shoes, which are said to wear as well as those of leather and to resist equally well the entrance of moisture, were known in China in the days of Marco Polo.

Adorned With Sculptures.

A suit of apartments was advertised at a fashionable watering place as having among its attractions "a splendid view over a fine garden adorned with numerous sculptures." It was found on applying at the address that the garden adorned with sculptures was a cemetery.

Calcutta Street Waterers.

A street waterer in Calcutta who sprinkles the streets from a water skin carried on his shoulders is paid 6 cents a day.

Origin of an Old Saw.

"Do at Rome as Romans do" is credited to no less an authority than St. Augustine, who advised a convert doubtful about the propriety of some customs observed at Rome to do as other people did.

Tested by Time.—In his justly celebrated Pills Dr. Parmelee has given to the world one of the most unique medicines offered to the public in late years. Prepared to meet the want for a pill which could be taken without nausea, and that would purge without pain, it has met all the requirements in that direction, and it is in general use not only because of these two qualities, but because it is known to possess alterative and curative powers which place it in the front rank of medicines.

"I hear you and Jones have been out hunting."

"Yes—just got back."

"Did you have any luck?"

"I should say I did. Jones only hit me once."—Cleveland Leader.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

He (after introduction)— Allow me to inform you that I am the last of the great family of Van Siltens.

She (thoughtlessly)—Delighted to hear it, I'm sure!—Le Rire.

Much distress and sickness in children is caused by worms. Mother **Graves' Worm Exterminator gives relief** by removing the cause. Give it a trial and be convinced.

The Grand Trunk Pacific company paid the customs department a check for $382,000, the duty on 54,500 tons of steel rails at $7 a ton.

St. Joseph Lewis, July 14, 1903.
Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Gentlemen:—I was badly kicked by my horse last May and after using several preparations on my leg nothing would do. My leg was black as jet. I was laid up in bed fo a fortnight and could not walk. After using three bottles of your MINARD'S LINIMENT I was perfectly cured, so that I could start on the road.
JOS. DUBES.
Commercial Traveler.

Lafayette Goodnow, a North Dorchester farmer, near Thamesford, has been left a fortune of $800,000.

It is a Liver Pill.—Many of the ailments that man has to contend with have their origin in a disordered liver, which is a delicate organ, particularly susceptible to the disturbances that come from irregular habits of eating and drinking. This accounts for the great many liver regulators now pressed on the attention of sufferers. Of these there are none superior to Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. Their operation though gentle is effective, and the most delicate can use them.

London intends to deport Mrs. Louise George and her three children, who arrived here from Liverpool, and are suffering from tuberculosis.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Elephants.

An African elephant is of value only for its ivory, of which a full grown animal yields from $250 to $300 worth. On the other hand, a working Indian elephant cannot be bought for less than $2,500 to $3,500. This is because of the greater intelligence of the Asiatic animal, which makes him valuable as a servant.

To Clean Eyeglasses.

Let eyeglasses lie in alcohol for a few moments, then polish with chamois. If the glasses are set into gold frames, a fine camel's hair brush will lift the *dust from the edges and make them* look like new.

Rope Bridges.

In the canyons of the Andes bridges from precipice to precipice are made of rope cables joined by smaller strands to make a trough shaped bridge.

Bound In Gold.

In the jewel house of the Tower of London there is a book bound throughout in gold, even to the wires of the hinges. Its clasps are two rubies set at opposite ends of four golden links.

Mother-of-Pearl.

Mother-of-pearl is the hard, silvery, brilliant substance which forms the in*ternal layers of several kinds of shells.* The interior of our common oyster shells is of this nature, but the mother-of-pearl used in the arts is much more variegated with a play of colors. The large shells of the Indian seas alone have this pearly substance of sufficient thickness to be of use.

OLD-TIME CANADIAN HOME.

Quaint, Long, Genuine Old Log House In Which the Science of Living Seems to Be Perfect.

One knows and hears and reads somewhat of life in an English or Scotch country house, but a similar holiday spent in a Canadian country house is little known or experienced, though the summer months fly in a most happy fashion with those who are fortunate enough to possess such a home, says a writer in The Toronto Globe. On a sloping lawn of grass, rough and unkempt in part, though also in part rich and luxurious, stands a quaint, long, genuine old log house, to which the addition of a second storey and wide verandahs round three sides give a charming air of picturesqueness. The lawn declines to a sandy narrow beach whereon laps the water of old Lake Simcoe; to the right is a belt of magnificent willows, beautiful in their grey-green foliage, and beneath their boughs runs a wide creek fringed with the rich red roots of the trees. Up behind the time-worn house on the bank of the lake whirls a tall red windmill sending a supply of water to the big tank on top of the modern stables, and directly beneath the bank is a bubbling spring, its crystal-clear water strongly impregnated with sulphur, believed by the folks about to have vast healing qualities. There, too, came men and maidens in canoe and boat to have a chat.

Inside the house, past the huge front door with the long panes of glass on each side, so universal in the early days of pioneer Canada, a tiny hall opens on either side to two large rooms, quite imposing in size, and with great windows opening in, over broad sills; in each room are enormous fireplaces with tall, narrow mantels, and big dog irons, on which ever repose logs ready for lighting should the evenings turn chilly. Basket chairs, bright cushions, flowers from the garden and ferns from the woods, with one or two comfortable rugs on the bare floor, with flowered muslin curtains on the quaint windows made up a delightful sitting room, the dining room being restricted to table and necessary chairs, and one huge sofa in the corner. The bedrooms are upstairs, except the quaint bachelor's apartment opening out of the sitting-room, from whose casement the happy occupant escapes to his dip in the lake a few yards away.

Breakfast (none too early) over, the handsome chestnut horse "A. D. C." comes up to the verandah in company with "Ellen," the cow, each mousing about until the daily lumps of sugar are given. A. D. C., later on, making an incursion of his own on to the verandah, and thence into the big pantry, where he evidently looked on the sink in the light of a manger! On the verandah is a large hammock, wherein each member of the family, down to the baby of three years, snoozes away the hot hours, while the locust sings the strain of "heat, heat, heat." A charming motor launch is near by, ready to take those who wish it to the pretty town opposite, where tobacco, papers, stamps and groceries are procurable. The sailboat has its devotees, and, like a white bird, darts over the water at all times, while those who prefer rowing find their way up the "Lover's Creek" under the shade.

A large garden furnishes red raspberries in abundance, with a huge bed of pink and white stocks, grown wild, and forests of poppies and sunflowers for the house. Vegetables galore also are picked, and nearby a chicken run give delicious eggs. Picnics are organized to numberless pretty points, drives on the excellent country roads, and bridge claims its devotees in the evening. The moonlight is wonderful in the long evenings, and from the verandah hammock one of the party repeats with declamatory force long stanzas of poetry, grave and gay, and there is perhaps the lilt of a song, with stories of camp and travel. These, with the white, glittering radiance on the lake, and long shadows cast from the gabled house, make a lovely picture for the merry group to remember for many a day. The daily swims in the soft lake waters, the walks in the glorious woods surrounding the place, and, above all, the sleeping, day and night, in the pure air, form the grandest tonic for young and old. Photographing is much indulged in, and many a pretty or ludicrous group reminds one of the delightful days spent in the old-time Canadian home.

To Test Butter.

To test the purity of butter smear a little on a piece of clean white paper, roll up the paper and burn it. If the butter is pure the smell of the burning paper will not prove unpleasant, but if the butter is not pure a distinct odor of tallow is noticeable.

Gold Coins.

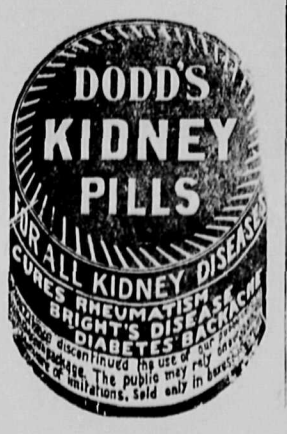
The fineness of our gold coins is about 90 per cent.

Good Tools.

Have good tools, even if they have to be few, for your work, no matter whether it is art in some one of its varied forms, business or housework. The quality of your tools will reduce the wear and tear of the work on your temper to a minimum.

Identical Stones.

Emerald and beryl are composed of precisely the same substance, except for coloring matter. Amethyst and rock crystal are likewise identical.



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Lead Packets Only, 40c, 50c, and 60c. per lb. At all Grocers.

The Best Hair Tonic

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer. It tones up, invigorates, strengthens the hair-bulbs. The hair grows faster, thicker; stops falling out; does not split at the ends. Tested and tried for half a century. For the whiskers and moustache we make BUCKINGHAM'S DYE. It colors a rich brown or a soft black. R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

"East Is East."

The opening of a new Jain temple in Ferozepore, India, was recently the scene of a great popular gathering. The local Jain Panchayat had built a splendid temple to Paresnath and representatives of the community were invited from all parts of the empire to take part in the installation of the "Thakur." As among the Hindoos, the ceremony is called Pratishtha. The Jains install the image on a throne, while the Hindoos priests officiate, but laymen can perform the ceremony among the Jains.

There were 7,000 tents pitched on a plain for the 36,000 guests. Three hundred carriages were kept at their disposal. A staff of several hundred servants was employed to wait on them. No delay occurred in feeding this great host twice every day for three days.

A gigantic luddoo or cake made of the best materials was presented to every man, woman and child to serve as rations returning home. Sixteen gold and silver cars were taken in procession through the main streets, several of these sacred and costly vehicles coming from so far off as Ajmere and Sholapur.

The Forbidden In London.

A noted clergyman and author was talking to a group of young men.

"Half the wrong things you chaps do," he said, "you only do because they are forbidden. If you didn't know they *were forbidden, if you didn't know they* were wrong, they would only seem to you disgusting and repugnant.

"I strolled one spring morning in a beautiful park.

"'Look here,' I said to one of the guards, 'why do you have "Keep Off the *Grass" signs all over the park?* You don't seem to enforce the rule.'

"'No, sir,' said the guard. 'The object of the sign is to cause the people to more thoroughly enjoy being on the grass.'"

Lady's Remarkable Swim.

A long-distance swim by members of the Kingston Ladies' Swimming Club has resulted in some extraordinary performances, and especially that of Miss Ethel Littlewood. The lady, who is a hospital nurse and 23 years of age, started from Sunbury Lock at 9 a. m. and did not leave the water until she reached the Isleworth gate of Kew Gardens at 8 p. m. She was in the water for eleven hours, and swam a distance of about 16 miles. Three other ladies, Miss D. Machin, Miss Lowe and Miss C. Machin, remained in the water about nine hours.

Length of the Law.

Some faint idea of the bulk of the English records may be obtained by adverting to the fact that a single statute, the land tax commissioners' act, passed in the first year of the reign of George IV., measures, when unrolled, upward of 900 feet. If ever it should become necessary to consult the fearful volume, an able-bodied man must be employed during three hours in coiling and unrolling its folds!—London Answers.

Fog Whistle Fools Moose.

Whether or not the fog whistle at the entrance to St. John harbor should be compelled to take out a game license would seem to be a question to be decided by the game commission, says a special despatch from St. John, N. B., to The New York Tribune. Partridge Island is situated about two miles from the City of St. John, and on it is one of the principal signal stations. A few months ago there was installed on the island a new fog whistle which has been the cause of much excitement among the moose which haunt the woods around the city. This whistle gives a long drawn out blow in a low note and ends the blast with a short sounding blow two tones lower. The whistle exactly imitates the call of a cow moose and is having the effect of such calls.

It is not uncommon for moose to find their way into the city and walk quietly through the streets during the earlier hours of the day. They are never molested and have grown bold. Since the new fog whistle was established these wandering moose have become more plentiful and there is no doubt that they are attracted by what they think is the call of their mates. The bull moose stroll calmly through Fairville and Lancaster to the water's edge and then attempt to swim to the island. None have ever swam the full distance, for before reaching the island they evidently become aware that things are not what they seem and that there is something wrong with the call. Huntsmen are anxiously awaiting the open season, when the moose are likely to be depleted in numbers.

The Crime of Youth.

One consolation to be found in being youthful is that we are a long way from Dr. Osler's chloroform bottle.—St. Thomas Journal.

Wanted: An old grey wig to wear while writing editorial matter. We are too youthful looking to satisfy our local contemporary.—Toronto Star.

HE KNEW.

Ikey, Sr.—Vat vould you do, Ikey, if there vas a fire in der store?

Ikey, Jr.—Go get de insurance man. —Lippincott's.

Very many persons die annually from cholera and kindred summer complaints, who might have been saved if proper remedies had been used. If attacked do not delay in getting a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's *Dysentery Cordial, the medicine that* never fails to effect a cure. Those who have used it say it acts promptly, and thoroughly subdues the pain and disease.

James Tomlinson of Windsor was sentenced to two weeks' imprisonment for deserting from the Dominion cruiser Vigilant.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Spinach.

Have you ever heard spinach called "the broom of the stomach?" It is the most valuable of all vegetables and saves many times its cost in doctor bills and medicine.

Queer Luck Charm.

An emblem of good luck, a stuffed crocodile, is seen over many doors and gateways in Cairo. The custom of putting this animal in exalted positions corresponds exactly to our custom of nailing a horseshoe over the door.

Cast Iron Scale.

Cast iron scale is harder than tempered tool steel.

FIRE PROOF
ROOFING
WRITE FOR PRICES
METALLIC ROOFING Co
LIMITED.
WINNIPEG

The Man Who Thinks He Must Pay Big Prices

in order to get satisfactory Underwear, has never enjoyed the ease and comfort of

Stanfield's
"Unshrinkable"
Underwear

It is made by Canadians—for Canadians—in sizes to fit all figures—and weights to suit all Canadian climates.

And it does not cost much, either.

Just ask your dealer to show you STANFIELD'S—the Underwear that won't shrink. Every garment guaranteed.

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A. Smith & Co'y
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TERMINUS CIGAR
CLEAR HAVANA FILLED

M. J. HENRY'S
NURSERIES AND SEEDHOUSE.

Large stock of HOME-GROWN Fruit and Ornamental Trees now matured for the fall trade.
No expense, loss or delay of fumigation or inspection.
Headquarters for Pacific Coast-grown Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds in season.
BEE SUPPLIES, Spray Pumps, Whale Oil Soap, Greenhouse Plants, Cut Flowers, Bulbs for Fall planting.
We do business on our own ground—no rent to pay and are prepared to meet all competition.
Let me price your list before placing your order.
Catalogue free.
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NOW ON THE MARKET

THE LAST CHANCE YOU WILL GET TO BUY IN

NORTH VANCOUVER TOWNSITE

AT BEDROCK PRICES

THE G. T. P. AND WHAT MR. HAYES SAYS:

"I suppose," said the reporter, "that it is true that you intend to build to Vancouver also?"

"You may depend upon it," said Mr. Hays, "we will have to come to Vancouver sometime."

There being no location to be had in Vancouver, it is self-evident that **North Vancouver** will be the **terminal.**

The **Vancouver, Westminster and Yukon Railway** now have **survey** parties out making **permanent locations** for their road to the north.

The **car-barns** and **headquarters** of the **B. C. Electric Railway Company** are located in District Lot 273.

PRICES FROM $280 — EASY TERMS

THE YORKSHIRE GUARANTEE & SECURITIES CORPORATION, Ld.

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I HAVE A LARGE LIST OF LOTS IN ALL PARTS OF DISTRICT LOT 273 AT RIGHT PRICES

HERE IS A SPECIAL SNAP IN 274: LOT 21, BLOCK 152 FOR $1,050.00

S. GINTZBURGER,
The North Vancouver Specialist
161 Cordova Street.

RAINIER BEER
Is a glorious beverage—quenching and satisfying. Remember there's no other "just as good"—insist on getting Rainier.
PACIFIC BOTTLING WORKS
Vancouver, B. C.

Western Corporation, Ltd.
Having in operation a sawmill in North Vancouver we are prepared to deliver all kinds of LUMBER AND BUILDING MATERIAL at Vancouver City Prices. Call and see for yourselves.
412 Hastings Street West, Vancouver, B. C.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned, until October 20th, for alterations and additions to St. John's church, North Vancouver.

Plans and specifications may be seen at my office.

H. A. SHAW,
Secretary to the Committee.

Subscribe for THE EXPRESS.
$1 a Year

District of North Vancouver.

THE COUNCIL invites tenders for the following works:

1. For embanking part of Keith road, between Bewicke avenue and Mosquito creek.
2. For clearing, grubbing and grading approaches to Capilano bridge.
3. For clearing, grubbing and grading deviation of Keith road near John Kay's house.
4. For clearing and grubbing pipe track on Sutherland avenue, from Seventeenth to Nineteenth streets.
5. For clearing, grubbing and grading over two miles of roads in Lynn Valley.

All conform to specifications to be had at the Municipal hall. Sealed tenders, with deposits, must be in at the Municipal hall by 7:30 p. m. on the 17th instant.

ALEX. PHILIP,
C. M. C.

B&K
Rolled Oats
Flour
Hay and Feed
Seeds
ALL ORDERS DELIVERED
The Brackman-Ker Milling Co.
Limited.
Harry Mitchell, local manager, Lonsdale Avenue.

Fine, healthy Tomato and Cauliflower Plants, grown from Sutton's Seeds, always on hand.

British Columbia Electric Railway Co., Ltd.

TIME TABLE—NORTH VANCOUVER

ALEXANDRA PARK—6:05 a. m., 6:25, 6:45, 7:05, 7:25, 7:45, 8:10, 8:30, 8:50, 9:10, 9:30, 9:50, 10:10, 10:30, 10:50, 11:10, 11:30, 11:50, 12:10, 12:30, 12:50.

FERRY—6:15 a. m., 6:35, 6:55, 7:15, 7:35, 8:00, 8:20, 8:40, 9:00, 9:20, 9:40, 10:00, 10:20, 10:40, 11:00, 11:20, 11:40, 12:00, 12:20, 12:40, 1:00 p. m.

ALEXANDRA PARK—1:10 p. m., 1:30, 1:50, 2:10, 2:30, 2:50, 3:10, 3:30, 3:50, 4:10, 4:30, 4:50, 5:10, 5:30, 5:50, 6:10, 6:30, 6:50, 7:10, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30, 12:00.

FERRY—1:20 p. m., 1:40, 2:00, 2:20, 2:40, 3:00, 3:20, 3:40, 4:00, 4:20, 4:40, 5:00, 5:20, 5:40, 6:00, 6:20, 6:40, 7:00, 7:20, 7:40, 8:15, 8:45, 9:15, 9:45, 10:15, 10:45, 11:15, 11:45, 12:15.

SUNDAYS—Cars start from Alexandra park at 8:10, and connect with the 8:30 ferry.

This time table is subject to alteration. W. B. BUNBURY.

H. A. SHAW
Real Estate and Insurance
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Same prices, and in some cases cheaper than city.

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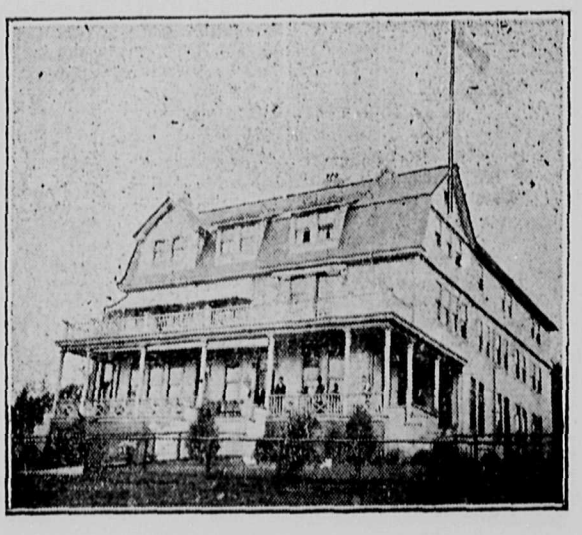

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HOUSES WANTED IN NORTH VANCOUVER

We have rented every house listed with us, and have for the last few weeks been turning numerous customers away.

We have orders from over fifty responsible tenants for houses of from four to seven rooms, with modern conveniences, at rentals from $15 to $30 per month; also several houses with from seven to twelve rooms wanted, at rentals from $30 to $50 per month. If you have a house for rent or sale, please notify us immediately.

Also wanted close-in lots, blocks and acreage, at reasonable prices. We have cash customers with over $50,000, to be invested in North Vancouver property, and if you wish to make a cash sale at right prices, without delay, you are requested to list with us immediately.

Yours truly,
IRWIN & BILLINGS
Corner Lonsdale Ave. and Fifth St.

NORTH VANCOUVER FERRY & POWER CO.

TIME TABLE.

COMMENCING OCTOBER 1, 1906.

LEAVE NORTH VANCOUVER	LEAVE VANCOUVER
6:20	6:00
7:05	6:45
7:50	7:30
8:35	8:15
9:20	9:00
10:20	10:00
11:05	10:45
11:50	11:30
12:35	12:15
1:20	1:00
2:05	1:45
2:50	2:30
3:35	3:15
4:20	4:00
5:05	4:45
5:50	5:30
6:35	6:15
7:20	7:00
8:35	8:15
9:40	9:15
10:45	10:15
11:45	11:15

STANLEY PARK
Ale and Stout
In Bottles, Kegs and Jars.
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FIRST-CLASS TAILORING, PRESSING AND CLEANING
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Barber Shop and Bath Rooms
Good Work. Good Shine. Good Baths.

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Buy Cream
JERSEY CREAM
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