THE DAILY

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EDISON'S phonograph has scarcely, as yet, passed the period of "novelty and curiosity," but many practical applications of the instrument have already been suggested, and have in some cases been actually carried out. There is one application, however, that we have so far not heard mentioned, and that is the instruction in the pronunciation of foreign languages. It is impossible to learn to speak a foreign modern language by self-instruction, since the true pronunciation can only be acquired by personal intercourse with one who is a native or equal to one in linguistic perfection. In the future the publishers of manuals of instruction in foreign languages will find it, most likely, a paying undertaking to publish a phonographic key of the various exercises, thus enabling the learner to acquire the correct intonation and pronunciation by causing the phonograph to repeat the word or sentence until it has been perfectly imitated by himself.

THE height of sea waves has long been the subject of controversy. Eminent hydrographers have insisted that storm waves were usually not more than 10 feet high, and rarely over 20 when the conditions of the sea were most favorable for wave development. Many a traveller, reclining on a cabin transom, has looked up through the skylight to see the waves rearing their frothy crests, and wondering how even a 20 footer could show so high above a ship's deck. Many a sailor dowsed by an up-driving wave while lying out on a topgallant yard has, doubtless, shaken his head incredulously when told that the highest waves were not above 20 feet, the rest being "heel" of ship and dip of yard. Now, however, comes expert testimony to prove that storm waves are often 40 feet and sometimes from 60 to 70 feet in height. In the recent British scientific expedition some instructive data were gathered by a sensitive aneroid barometer capable of recording its extreme rise and fall by an automatic register. "With a sea not subjected to an atmosphere of unusual violence, it indicated an elevation of 40 feet from the wave's base to crest." Admiral Fitzroy, after a long series of careful measurements from the main top of his ship, came to a similar conclusion.

ACCORDING to the reports of Lieut. Crozier who has made special observations in Europe concerning the practical values of the smokeless powders, there are difficulties that interfere with their common adoption, namely: The irregularity of pressure, the quickness with which they deteriorate, and the intense heat, which burns the shell and affects the accuracy of fire. France, Germany, and Switzerland have issued the new powder for general use, but the discovery is still in an experimental stage. Switzerland is the only country that has adopted and adhered to a definite standard of smokeless powder for any length of time. With the new Swiss Reubin-Schmidt regulation rifle the highest velocity obtained with a charge of the new standard powder adopted by this country was 1,960 feet per second, the bullet used weighing 216 grains and the powder charge thirty-one grains. the pressure, however, was dangerously great—37,000 pounds to the square inch being recorded. Rather better results were obtained by the French with the new Lebel rifle, an initial velocity of 2,020 feet per second and 34,800 pounds pressure being recorded, the weight of the charge of smokeless powder being 43½ grains and that of the bullet 232 grains. These are about the best results ever given with a small arm. The highest velocity with the American Springfield rifle is 1,350 feet per second.

HOME AND FOREIGN MISSIONS.

St. Andrews Presbyterian church was comfortably filled last night to listen to Rev. D. J. McDonnell, of Toronto, lecture on the subject of "Missions." The reverend speaker is a dark complexioned energetic looking man whose every gesture is expressive of the deepest earnestness. As a speaker he has a flow of impassioned eloquence that carries conviction in every word. His voice at times trembles with the intensity of his thought, and his audience last night listened as if under a spell. The Rev. Mr. McLaren, of Vancouver, and Rev. Thos. Haddon, of the Reformed Episcopal church, officiated in prayer. Rev. Thos. Scouler presided. The speaker presented many valuable thoughts for the consideration of his hearers. He drew glowing pictures of the work of missionaries in India, China and Japan, and graphically described the progress of those pioneers of Christianity since the beginning of the present century. On the home missions he had much to say and much to suggest, and made very cogent reference to the evangelization of the Chinese immigrants who are with us now. In their reclamation from heathenism and idolatry, he saw a practical solution of the vexed Chinese question. As to the missionary societies existing as adjuncts to churches, he thought they were very harmful if they, in any degree, relieved the mass of the congregation from any responsibility in mission work. So long as they acted as a committee for the congregation's efforts they were valuable; when they ceased to do so and became the only thing connected with the church in touch with the heathen world, their existence was detrimental. The reverend gentleman said that many enthusiastic young men composed of the right material were coming forward as missionaries, and the prospects in the mission field were bright and hopeful. He described the difficulties which had attended the introduction of Christianity into Japan. The Jesuits who had visited that place first had by their dark plotting and intrigue completely prejudiced the Japanese mind against Christianity, and had, in banishing the crafty myrmidons of Loyola, utterly prescribed the missionaries or promulgators of the Christian faith. It took many years of hard work to overcome the damage done by the dark and cunning conspirators, the Jesuits in Japan. The eloquent speaker spoke highly in praise of the Indian woman, Ramabai, who had devoted her life to educating Hindostani widows. The work was a noble one and would undoubtedly have an immense influence in Christianising Hindostan. The audience dispersed very much pleased with the lecture and the lecturer, and deeply convinced of the truths he had uttered.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

Sir John Macdonald has recovered from an attack of the prevailing influenza.

The Telegraph's Berlin correspondent learns that Portugal intends to disavow Serpa Pinto's conduct in Africa, thus satisfying England regarding the hauling down of her flag.

The Chronicle's correspondent at Rome says that Portugal suggested that the pope should act as an arbitrator in the dispute between herself and England, but that England refused point blank to accept the arbitration.

A despatch from Zanzibar states that there is much excitement and conjecture there over the constant arrival of British men-of-war. The British fleet now in those waters is said to be the largest ever assembled.

The la grippe epidemic seems to show no sign of abating in Toronto. On all sides are heard reports of new victims. It has not, however, taken a serious turn so far. The doctors are inundated with cases. The most of them now admit that the prevailing complaint is Russian influenza.

What looks liable to be a political sensation is in process of development. The Toronto Globe and the Empire, with exceptional enmity, are attacking the Mail on a charge of having, through its chief editor, Mr. Edward Farrar, furnished information to the United States senate committee that Canada would be forced into annexation soon and should not, therefore, be granted any trade reciprocity treaty. It is charged that it is part of the plan to mislead American sentiment by supplying figures as alleged facts showing Canada's position to be critical. Some one having stated that the senate committee was posted in this way at the instigation of the Dominion government, the Mail explicitly denies the charge.

In the Quebec legislature yesterday, Hon. Mr. Taillon, the leader of the opposition, blamed Mr. Mercier and the Jesuit act for stirring up a strife among the various races and creeds in the country. Premier Mercier in reply said that the row about the act was got up by the Ontario people, who are the natural enemies of the French-Canadians. The bill passed the Quebec house unanimously, for no protestant member would dare to oppose it, because all who are truly Canadians held the balance of power in the counties and would crush by their votes anyone who opposed the measure. Throughout the province, afterwards, the French-Canadians remained calm, although they had only to say the word and the equal rightists would have been driven out at every meeting they held.

News comes from Mozambique that the Portuguese officials at Quilimane, at the mouth of the Zambesi, have forbidden the captains of the British steamers in that port from receiving for transmission to England despatches or letters, official or otherwise, from Mr. Johnson, the British consul, and have issued peremptory orders that all such communications must pass through the Portuguese post office. The British government will not for a moment tolerate this interference with its official correspondence with its officials abroad, and will demand an immediate revocation of the orders of the Portuguese authorities at Quilimane. A British squadron is assembling at Zanzibar.

INFLUENZA.

There were altogether about three hundred distinct epidemics of influenza in Europe between 1501, when the disease was first noted in Malta, and 1850. In 1729 the whole of Europe suffered severely. Accord- to statistics published by the Novoe Vremya, the disease caused 908 deaths in London in one week and in Vienna 60,000 persons were affected. In 1737 and 1743 there were further outbreaks, and the deaths in one week in London amounted to 1,000. In 1775 domestic animals were first attacked by it. In 1782, 40,000 persons fell ill of it in St. Petersburg in 24 hours. In St. Petersburg quinine is now served out daily to the troops, mixed with vodka.

THE LATE LADY DOUGLAS.

The Colonist says Lady Douglas, relict of the late Sir James Douglas, second governor of Vancouver Island, had been failing in health for some months past, and for the past few weeks had been unable to leave her room. Death was the result of a complication of diseases induced by the accumulating weight of years. Nelia Connolly, the daughter of James Connolly, factor in the Hudson's Bay Co's service, was born at Fort Assiniboia in 1822. In 1837 she was married at Fort Vancouver to James Douglas, afterwards governor of Vancouver Island, and in 1848 she accompanied her husband to Victoria. Since that date she has made this city her home, by her unvarying kindness and her unostentatious Christian charity ministering to thousands, who will learn with regret of her demise. She has led a life of absolute retirement since the death of her distinguished husband in 1881. The deceased lady leaves to lament her a family of four daughters, sixteen grandchildren and five great grandchildren. Of the former, Mrs. D. R. Harris is the only one residing in Victoria, Mrs. Dallas living in England, and Mrs. de Wiederhold and Mrs. Bushby in California. Of the grandchildren Dr. J. D. Helmcken, Mr. H. D. Helmcken, Mrs. McTavish and the family of Mrs. D. R. Harris are at present in this city. The announcement of the decease of Lady Douglas was telegraphed last night to the relatives abroad, and the arrangements for the funeral will be decided upon later.

WANTED THE WHOLE WALK.

It is painful to have to witness such an exhibition of boorishness as came under the notice of a large number of the people coming from St. Andrews' Presbyterian Church last night. Two men were approaching one another of the sidewalk, on the narrow part which has been trampled hard. The smaller of the two politely took half a step off the path, expecting the other to give the same courtesy. Not he, however. He kept right on, and went smash against the other, sending him staggering back into the deep snow that filled his shoes and wet him considerably. Still the smaller man, who must have possessed a very mild temper, to say the least, said, "I beg your pardon." The overbearing pedestrian only grunted out something which could not be distinguished, probably not very complimentary. It has since been learned that the smaller of the two men is a particularly muscular citizen, and besides possesses very educated hands. So that the old adage is still as true as ever: "Brave is he that can but won't, but pity shows where most 'tis needed." A great deal of this sort of thing can be noted on our streets any day. It is the act of a bully and a coward to attempt to thus trample over what he (very often erroneously) thinks weaker because smaller people.

HE WENT HOME.

Lock-up keeper A. J. Smith was taking his constitutional along Columbia street last night about 10 o'clock, and near the Queen's hotel he encountered a gentleman lying on his back in the middle of the sidewalk, vociferously proclaiming for the information of the public his firm determination not to go home till morning, and, if he were interfered with, perhaps not then. Mr. Smith was much affected by this display of Spartan-like heroism, and the hero being small of stature and light of limb, as well as very mellow, Mr. Smith, with characteristic Samaritanism, conceived the brilliant idea of conveying him to the Wanderer's Refuge on Provost street. Before, however, he could carry this generous intention into execution, several comrades of the "gent wat wos spillicated," who had stolen off at the glitter of the German-silver buttons, came sneaking back and offered to take the bibulous citizen to his own home. To this proposition the officer consented, and the crowd picked up their companion and marched off with him, not without considerable difficulty, as he kicked and struggled like a very Tartar.

PASSED AWAY.

It is with regret we announce the death of Mrs. Catherine Fitzsimmons, wife of Mr. James Fitzsimmons, deputy warden of the B. C. penitentiary, who passed away suddenly yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The deceased lady, nee Catherine McCarthy, was a native of Kingston, Ont., and came to this province with her husband in 1878 on his appointment to the deputy wardenship of the penitentiary. Almost since her arrival in this city she has been an invalid, and although her health has never been good of late, her death arrived very unexpectedly. The cause of death is supposed to be heart failure. Mrs. Fitzsimmons was of a gentle disposition, and was much beloved by a wide circle of friends, and the bereaved husband has the heartfelt sympathy of the whole community in his loss. The deceased was only 45 years of age. The funeral service will be held in the Catholic cathedral to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, and the body will be removed to the Roman Catholic cemetery, at Sapperton, for interment, at 10:30 o'clock.

W. H. Vianen has stored fifty tons of ice in his warehouse on Front street. This will be used in packing the shipments of fresh salmon to the east.

LOCAL ITEMS IN BRIEF.

For men's and boys' mitts and gloves go to J. E. Phillips, ja2t3

An office to let on McKenzie street. Apply to G. A. Kelly. tc*

Mr. E. A. Port returned from Toronto on Tuesday, after an extended visit to that thriving town. This was Mr. Port's first excursion east in six years, and he was very much astonished at the strides which Toronto had made in his absence. Places which he recollected as quiet farms, well out in the country, are now built over by huge blocks, fine residences, mills, warehouses and foundries, with street-cars running, electric lights on every corner, and as busy as the city itself. Mr. Port had a very pleasant time in the gay metropolis of Ontario, but was pleased to get back to British Columbia again.

Private advices from the east state that a party of ten ladies will leave Toronto to-day for this city and Vancouver, en route to China, where they will engage in missionary duties.

Mr. Jas. A. Laidlaw is still confined to his residence through the effects of the new complaint.

Messrs. W. & G. Wolfenden take pleasure in announcing to their numerous customers that they are now open for business in the Bushby block, with a fresh and complete line of groceries, and will be glad to have their old friends call and inspect the premises.

Capt. Geo. W. Robertson, who brought the steamer Islander out from England, and who has since then been running on the vessel, has resigned his position and taken up the occupation of Barrard Inlet and Straits pilot. As the captain thoroughly understands the local waters, and is a careful man, he will likely get a good share of the work going.

Hall, Ross & Co., of Victoria, on Tuesday evening purchased the property they at present occupy as a rice mill, together with the lot adjoining, for the purposes of their business. In the course of a short time they will begin the erection of a two-storey sheet-iron warehouse adjoining the mill 90x50 feet, and will enlarge the mill building in order to receive the machinery of the flouring mill.

It is reported on the very best authority that a new disease, of even a more tenacious character than la grippe, has made its appearance in the city. It is known as *Giuliaenza, and its ravages are nearly as* widespread as the disease minus the big G in the spelling of it. This new epidemic has spread rapidly during the last few days, and not a few have succumbed to its attacks. There are a few who declare that gin, or some other kind of beverage, without the "fluenza," is the direct cause of the new disease, but these are narrow minded people, and so mean that even the plague would pass them by untouched.

A small bay pony with star in face, strayed on to my property December 24th and is held by me. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses. If not claimed in 30 days will be sold for cost of keep.—J. W. Stein, Brownsville, Dec. 30, 1889. 6t

The sea in the vicinity of Plumper's Pass is yielding up immense quantities of fish, in the shape of cod, halibut and salmon; but, as usual, when the sea does its duty liberally, there is a great scarcity of buyers, and as a consequence the market is glutted. However, Lent is coming, and the fish-dealer will then be urgently sought after every day; and about that time fish will grow very scarce, at prices that will make the fish-dealer smile.

Mr. Alex Ewen has returned from Victoria, where he went to be present at the launching of his fine new tug, the Constance.

It is reported that Mr. J. C. Maclure has sold his land in section 22, township 16, Matsqui, at the intersection of the Yale trunk road and the crossing of the Sumas branch of the C. P. R., to a couple of well-known capitalists in Victoria and New Westminster, who propose to proceed at an early date with laying out their property into a townsite to be known as Abbotsford. This is certain to become an important shipping centre, as well as a town of more than ordinary importance in consequence of *its location and position* on the lines of travel already named.—[World.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN REMNANTS AT THE GLOBE HOUSE. tc

The river is not frozen over at any point below this city to the gulf, and were it not for the large quantities of floating ice, steamers might come and go the same as usual. *It is fully expected that navigation* will be re-opened next week.

Another light fall of snow occurred last night, and the bare places left by yesterday's thaw were hidden from sight. The sun, however, came out again to-day with renewed power, and swept away the pretty mantle and a good deal of the slush that had been left *by the rain. Wheels are now doing a fair share of the* business round town, but they look uncomfortable and uninviting after the snug and swift sleighs.

The influenza is easing off to a considerable extent, and fewer new cases are being reported each day. The disease seems to have run its course in this city, and another week will probably see it extinct so far as *Westminster is concerned.*

REMEMBER OGLE, CAMPBELL & FREEMAN'S STOCK-TAKING SALE. SEE BILLS.

Work on the streets and sidewalks is almost entirely suspended owing to the snow and ice. The moment the snow disappears foreman Forrest and his gang will commence work immediately.

It is just two weeks to-day since the great fire occurred that swept four business establishments out of existance. Since then many tons of water, several rain storms and nearly two feet of snow have been heaped on the burning ruins, but they still smoulder, and the fire shows no present signs of becoming extinct. Many Indians and Chinese are daily to be seen *raking among the ruins, and from a Siwash standpoint* the sacks of stuff they carry away are very rich.

No police court this morning. It is singular to remark that none of the cases which have appeared this year have been for drunkenness. There is great encouragement in this for the temperance advocates and significance for everybody else.

Information received here from several persons is to the effect that before the snow fell Burnaby lake was as perfect a piece of skating ice as the most fastidious could have desired. The surface was absolutely without a flaw and had the appearance of a waxed floor. *The ice was also several inches in thickness and* quite firm. A good deal of money could have been made by any one enterprising enough to run a line of sleighs to and from the lake at a moderate charge. Hundreds would doubtless have availed themselves of the opportunity thus afforded.

Room I, Bank Building, is the temporary office of The Columbian. *tc

New goods: another lot of $3.25 ladies kid boots at Grant & Maclure's.

Although la grippe has taken a strong hold on the customs department staff, the business in that office is being transacted the same as usual. The rumor circulated by a morning contemporary that the custom *house was closed entirely, was not correct. It has* been open for business during regular hours on each day.

Several boat-loads of men crossed the river between the B. C. Packing Co.'s cannery and the B. C. P. mills to-day. Their passage was somewhat impeded by floating sheets of thick ice, which carried their *boats up and down stream.*

Mr. J. G. Jaques, agent for the North British & Mercantile Insurance Co. and the Guardian Fire Assurance Co., to-day paid off the losses sustained by these companies in the late fire. The losses paid were to W. & G. Wolfenden, D. Lyal & Co., The Columbian and Ogle, Campbell & Co. The total amount of losses paid is about $15,000. The prompt payment of these claims is greatly appreciated by the assured.

NO CHINESE BRICKLAYERS.

The following circular has been sent to the different contracting firms in Victoria by the Bricklayers and Stonemasons Union of that city:

We, the bricklayers and stonemasons of Victoria, wish to notify all who may require our services during the year 1890, that our rate of wages for the time being will remain as before, 56½ cents per hour, 53 hours to constitue a week's work; and, providing we wish to make any further change at any time during the year 1890, we will give you three months' notice before such change would take effect. But, that on and after the 1st of April, 1890, that no member of this Union will be allowed to work on any job where Chinamen are employed in any way for the bricklayers and stonemasons services.

DIED.

Fitzsimmons.—In this city, on Thursday, January 9th, at 3:30 p. m., Catharine, beloved wife of James Fitzsimmons, a native of Kingston, Ont., aged 45 years.

[The funeral will take place from the penitentiary *to the Cathedral to-morrow (Saturday) at 9 a. m.;* thence to the cemetery at 10:30 a. m.]

FIRE DEPARTMENT ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given to the electors of the City of New Westminster that I require the presence of the said electors at the City Hall, on the 13th day of January instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing two persons to serve respectively as chief and assistant engineers of the Fire Department for the year 1890. The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows: The candidates shall be nominated in writing; the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall contain a statement, signed by the person nominated, that he consents to such nomination, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer any time between the date of this notice and 12 o'clock noon of the day of nomination; and in the event of a poll being necessary, such poll will be opened at the City Hall on the 20th day of January, instant, at 9 a. m., and remain open until 4 p. m., of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand at the City Hall, New Westminster, this 9th day of January, 1890.

D. Robson, City Clerk and
Returning Officer.

NEW WESTMINSTER WATER WORKS.

The time for receiving tenders for these works has been extended until noon of Saturday, 15th February, 1890.

D. ROBSON, City Clerk.

New Westminster, B. C., Jan. 7th, 1890.
(Truth copy) j7t6

MAIL CONTRACT.

Sealed tenders, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 21st February, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, as follows: Between the New Westminster Post Office and the Canadian Pacific Railway Station, from the 1st April next.

The conveyance to be made at the option of the contractor.

The Mails to be conveyed in connection with the trains of the Canadian Pacific Railway, arriving at *and leaving New Westminster daily.*

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Office at New Westminster and at this office.

E. H. FLETCHER,
Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Victoria, B. C., 3rd January, 1890. j7t3

WANTED.

A boy 16 years old as an articled clerk in a law office. Apply to box 240, New Westminster. j8d6t.

[L. S.] HUGH NELSON.

CANADA.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, etc., etc., etc.

To Our faithful the Members elected to serve in the Legislative Assembly of Our Province of British Columbia, and summoned and called to a meeting of the Legislature or Parliament of Our said Province, at Our City of Victoria, on Thursday, the Sixth day of February, 1890, to have been commenced and held, and every of you—Greeting.

A PROCLAMATION.

Theodore Davie, Attorney-General. } WHEREAS the meeting of the Legislature or Parliament of the Province of British Columbia, stands called for Thursday, the Sixth day of February, 1890, at which time at Our City of Victoria, you were held and constrained to appear.

NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our loving subjects, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Executive Council of the Province of British Columbia, to hereby convoke, and by these presents enjoin you, and each of you, that on Thursday, the Twenty-third day of the month of January, 1890, you meet Us in Our said Legislature or Parliament of Our said Province, at Our City of Victoria, FOR THE DISPATCH OF BUSINESS, to treat, do, act, and conclude upon those things which in Our Legislature of the Province of British Columbia, by the Common Council of Our said Province may, by the favor of God, be ordained,

In Testimony Whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of the said Province to be hereunto affixed: Witness, the Honorable Hugh Nelson, Lieutenant-Governor of Our said Province of British Columbia, in Our City of Victoria, in Our said Province, this twenty-sixth day of December in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, and in the fifty-third year of Our Reign.

By Command. JNO. ROBSON,
de 31-td Provincial Secretary.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the business formerly carried on under the name and style of Dickinson & Company has been this day sold to Caroline Matilda Dickinson and William Wright Dickinson, who will continue the business under the name and style of Dickinson & Company. All accounts due the late business must be paid forthwith to Mr. W. W. Dickinson for account of the executors of the late R. Dickinson, and all accounts due by the said business must be presented to Mr. W. W. Dickinson for payment by the said executors.

Caroline Matilda Dickinson,
Charles E. Woods,
Executors Estate of the late R. Dickinson.

New Westminster, B. C., Jan. 2nd, 1890. d1w

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next session for an act to incorporate a company to construct, operate and maintain a street railway in the City of New Westminster, and to acquire lands and do all things necessary for the purposes aforesaid.

Dated this 25th day of September, 1889.

B. DOUGLAS,
HENRY V. EDMONDS,
For selves and others.

NOTICE.

A brown heifer has strayed on to the premises of the subscriber, on Melbourne street. The owner can have her by proving property and paying expenses. If not claimed within thirty days she will be sold to pay expenses. (j8d1m) A. J. GORDON.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, carpenters, has been dissolved this day by mutual consent. All accounts owing the undersigned are to be paid to S. Turner, and all claims against the said firm are to be paid by him. EDGAR A. KIPP.
S. J. TURNER.

S. Turner will continue the business under his own name at the same shop on Main street, Centreville, opposite A. Kipp's harness shop. All kinds of woodwork done; satisfaction guaranteed.

Chilliwhack, Dec. 29, 1889. ja3w3m

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

In the matter of the title to a portion of Lot No. 100A, Group II., New Westminster District.

Whereas the certificate of title of John Cochrane to and above hereditaments has been lost or destroyed, and application has been made to me for the issuance of a duplicate thereof.

Notice is hereby given that I will, at the expiration of one month from date, issue such duplicate certificate of title, unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me to the contrary in writing.

T. O. TOWNLEY,
District Registrar.

Land Registry Office, New Westminster, December 11th, 1889. w1m