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THE WRONG MAN.

Kelly, the Cronin Suspect, Turns Out to be the Wrong Man and is Released.

Four Little Children Burned to Death in a Fire at Kingston Last Night.

Yellow Fever Prevails to an Alarming Extent in Brazil and Deaths are Numerous.

Kelly is Not the Man.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20—J. B. Kelly, escorted by four detectives, arrived here this evening from St. Louis and was taken to the police headquarters, where he was examined by parties who had seen Simmonds and Smith. They failed to recognise him, and he will be released.

The Pan-American Congress.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—It is announced officially to-day that the Pan-American congress will not make their proposed southern tour until the end of the session. Then three weeks will be devoted to visiting that section.

A Great Strike.

FORT RECOVERY, Ohio, Feb. 20.—A gas well with a capacity of 10,000,000 feet a day was struck near here to-day.

No Strike.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 20.—The labor organizations of this city have decided against a general strike.

The Cronin Bribery Case.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—In the jury bribery case to-day evidence was introduced showing that Graham promised his tools money, and gave instructions as to the manner of procedure to do the work and said: "The old man in the opera house would furnish the funds," (Alexander Sullivan's office is in the opera house). Ex-Bailiff Shanks and Sullivan were the principal witnesses.

The World's Fair.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 20.—After the Cooper Union Amendments to the World's Fair bill for New York had passed both assembly and senate this afternoon, it was said on good authority that the Governor would sign it either to-night or to-morrow.

A Strange Acquittal.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 20.—John Wylie, charged with complicity in the Hawes murder, was acquitted this afternoon upon a preliminary trial before Justice Rae. Dick Hawes was brought from his cell heavily shakeled and guarded by deputy sheriffs, and placed upon the witness stand. He retraced the story of his confession, charging John Wylie with the murder of his wife and children and saying he paid him $200 for the deed. How much of this testimony was believed is indicated by the summary acquittal of Wylie.

A Silly Man.

SEATTLE, Feb. 20.—John Anderson, son of the proprietor of the Clarence Hotel, Victoria, was living with a woman named Annie E. Johnson, *alias* Ella Marston, a short time ago. She threw him over because she had to support him, and took up with another man. Anderson took the matter very much to heart. Last night there was a ball at the Auzra House where Anderson stops, and the woman Johnson was there with the "other fellow" Anderson watched the couple all night and at five o'clock this morning called Johnson to one side. After talking a few minutes with her she accompanied him to his room, No. 17, where he upbraided her for her faithlessness. She became indignant and handed him a ring which he had given her. Anderson thereupon threw it to the floor and drawing a revolver shot himself in the right side, the ball passing through the ninth rib. He is not expected to live.

Southern Advices.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Central and South American advices to February 10th, received via San Jose, and Costa Rica, are as follows: Yellow fever is playing havoc with the population of Corea, in the province of Para, Brazil. The epidemic having within six weeks time carried off more than a third of the people.

NEW FLOUR MILLS.

Several new flouring mills are being located at different points in Brazil by an American syndicate.

A CABINET MINISTER.

The Brazilian postmaster-general is hereafter to have a seat in the cabinet.

RECALLED AND PROMOTED.

General Franchez Salazar, long minister to Peru, for Ecuador, has been called home by the President of the latter Republic, and immediately upon his arrival at Quito will undertake the formation of a new cabinet in which he will likely retain to himself the portfolios of foreign affairs and finance.

A Great Fire.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 20.—A fire this morning started in Lewis' crockery store in the principal business block on Canal Street, destroying that and Lee's hat store, Leopold Levy's carpet store, W. Enlin's piano store and other places. The loss is $500,000. The origin is supposed to be incendiary.

Negroes and Whites.

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 20.—News was received here to-day of serious negro incendiary troubles at Rocky Mount. It seems that the negroes have been incensed at the opposition of the whites to the negro exodus movement and determined to avenge themselves by burning the town. On Sunday night the buildings of the Wilmington Oil Co. were burned to the ground. On Monday night the mammoth carriage works and machine shops of Hackney Bros., including three large buildings, were burned, entailing a loss of $150,000. Again last night the incendiaries fired the buildings of the Rocky Mount fair grounds in the suburbs of the town, which were burned to the ground. The object of these incendiaries is to decoy people from the towns, so that the work of destroying it might be completed. The town is completely aroused, and is under the patrol of a strong posse of citizens. The Rocky Mount Light Infantry have been ordered out. A number of suspects are under surveillance, and will be promptly arrested if there is further trouble.

The Dakota Lottery.

BISMARCK, N.D., Feb. 20.—The air was full of rumors of a most startling and sensational character to-day concerning the lottery scheme. It was reported the Louisiana Lottery Bill would come up in the assembly again in such shape that its chances for passage were assured. The company was to give the state $250,000 the first year and $150,000 each succeeding year for the privilege of doing business in North Dakota, and it was added that the lottery company would immediately deposit $500,000 in the banks of North Dakota's leading cities, Fargo, Bismarck, Grand Forks and Jamestown, $125,000 to be deposited in each town. Senator Spence, of Alabama, attorney for the Louisiana Lottery Co., was interviewed and said relating to it: "Its all bosh. The Lottery Bill is dead so far as Alex. McKenzie or I are concerned. If the people of North Dakota want a lottery they will have to start one on their own hook. We have given up the scheme entirely. There was not a bare possibility of its becoming law, no matter how liberal our offer was made. The whole country had risen up in arms against the measure, and we would be branded for life if the bill had become law.

Sentenced to Hang.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 20.—The Navassa rioters convicted of murder, Geo. S. Key, Henry Jones and Edward Smith, this morning were sentenced to be hanged on March 28th. Fourteen of the other men, convicted of manslaughter, were sentenced to terms of imprisonment in the Albany penitentiary ranging from two to ten years.

Burned to Death.

KINGSTON, Feb. 20.—A tenement house on Bagot street, occupied by Jno. Lisbon, a longshoreman, was burned this morning. The father, mother and five children comprised the family. Four of the children were burned to death. The remaining members of the family were severely burned.

Two Hangings.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 20.—Jacob Schoop and Thos. Cole were hanged in jail here at 11 o'clock this morning, Schoop murdered his partner, Schilling, on December 26, 1888; cause robbery. Cole murdered Walter McAllister, a brakeman on the Penn., R. R., on July 5, 1888, in a boarding house. Jealousy was the cause. Both men manifested entire resignation.

Hanged.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., Feb. 20.—Wm. Seely Hopkins was hanged here this morning for the murder of his wife and mother-in-law on September 22, 1889. The drop fell at 10:15, but the rope broke and the man was again fastened up the second time. The drop fell successfully at 10:18 o'clock. He died penitent.

VICTORIA NEWS.

A Prize Fight Between a Negro and a White Man---A Strange Accident---Grand Legislative Dinner.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

VICTORIA, Feb. 19.—A bloody and brutal prize fight for an unknown stake took place on Sunday night in the rear premises of a saloon in this city. The combatants were a negro and a white man. It is said that 107 rounds were fought with bull dog ferocity. Both men were literally bathed in blood from head to foot, and battered black and blue. The fight commenced under what are known as Marquis of Queensberry rules, but before the battle had progressed up to the fiftieth round it was anybody's rules—a hammer-and-tongs melee, in which teeth, fists, nails, feet and knees were used with horrible effect. A select party of "gentlemen" enjoyed the rare sport and gloried in the gory spectacle to their heart's content. The fight was declared a draw, and, incredible as it may seem, both men walked home alone and unaided. A plentiful sample of sanguineous fluid was left on the floor of the room where the meeting took place; and this apartment had rather more the appearance of a section of a slaughter house than the rear room of a dwelling in the good city of Victoria.

Your correspondent was witness to a strange accident last Monday evening. While crossing the James Bay bridge shortly after sundown, in the gloaming in fact, he heard the rapid beat of wings and looking up saw a wild duck flying at the usual high rate of speed at which these birds travel, passing over the bridge; the next moment there was a sharp twang as the duck struck a low-hanging telegraph wire, and with a kind of moan of pain the poor bird flitted down to the water some eighty yards away and settled there. As it did not stir for some minutes it is not impossible that it may have broken its unfortunate neck; this is only another strong argument in favor of the beauties of a country life.

The Ministers of the Legislative Assembly gave a grand dinner to the members of the House Monday night, at the residence of Hon. Mr. Turner. The affair was very brilliant and a most enjoyable evening was spent by everyone. Nearly all the members were present and some fine speeches were made.

The Islanders, football team is practising hard for the game with the Mainland, and the latter gentlemen had better not come here with their lesson half learned, as the Island team plays a magnificent game now, and are not to be trifled with.

English opera on the grandest scale ever witnessed in this Province was gloriously ushered in Monday evening at the Victoria by prima donna Emma Juch and her great company, in Gounod's "Faust." The fashion, wealth and beauty of the Queen City packed the house from gallery to orchestra. The value of the house was estimated at an easy $1,500. Emma and her people don't trill for less than a cold $1,000 per noctem—at least not if they know it. It is also retailed as copyrighted gossip that Emma has a sweet, little temper of her own, and, like the divine Sarah B., sometimes takes it into her classically beautiful head to stamp her small foot and say "Emma shall not sing to-night," and in that case three hundred or so of evening-dressed ladies and gentlemen have to go home undelighted. The seats for last night and to-night were eagerly engaged several days ahead. The manager of Miss Juch's company took a trip to Vancouver to spy out the land, but when he saw the theatre accommodation there he longed for Victoria and home. He could'nt risk Miss Juch's and his own reputation by catching cold in that homely temple of Thespis. So Juch won't sing in the terminal city this trip.

A startling discovery has been made here to the effect that the opium hells in this city are frequented not only by white men high in society, but by women of good social position, as well. Your correspondent will have something further to say about this in a few days. The open sesame of these places is no trifle to secure; but, as even the brazen doors of Abaddon may be opened by perseverance, more especially if wielded by one of "the wretched," it is probable that the mystic abracadabra whereby the drowsy doors of opium wonderland are swung back will not remain long a secret to the earnest searcher.

It is bruited about on all hands that the present year will be remarkable to Victoria as one of the most prosperous, enterprising and progressive in her history. Certainly, as far as outward appearances go, this prophecy seems just and fair. Real estate is going to do some wonderful things, a whole navy of richly-laden argosies is pressing on stun'-sails and sky-scrapers to every favoring breeze and shaping course for Victoria harbor, from the four quarters of the globe; heavy orders have been placed with the large mercantile houses, and the foundries and shops have more than they can do.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE GERMAN ELECTIONS.

The Election for Members to the German Reichstag Conducted Amidst Excitement.

Advices from Lisbon Say Revolution is Certain Unless England Accedes to Portugal's Claims.

A Remarkable Case Presented at Berlin Yesterday of a Girl who Enjoys Pain.

The German Election.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—The vote being polled throughout the empire for members of the Reichstag is phenomenally large. So great was the rush that at times the police found it difficult to maintain order at the polls, particularly during dinner hour. The majority of the factories closed to permit employees to vote. Intense excitement was caused here by an unexpected and startling movement of troops stationed in and about the city. At 1 o'clock this afternoon the entire garrison of Berlin was ordered under arms and by the Emperor's command given the route to Krenselong. A panic was only prevented by the announcement that the movement was simply a military surprise, intended to test the discipline of the garrison.

A New Member.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—Mr. Evans, a Gladstone Liberal, was returned from the middle divisionry of Glamonrganshire, Wales, unopposed. His predecessor was Christopher Rice M. Talbot, who died recently.

Very Easily Pleased.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—Professor Baidelben at his clinic yesterday, presented to the students a young lady who he explained belonged to a class of hysterical patients who actually enjoy painful operations performed on themselves. The young lady while in a spasm of hysterics broke her lower jaw and injured the facial artery, necessitating the ligation of the carotid artery. She insisted on having the painful and delicate operation of the complete exarticulation of the lower jaw performed without the administration of esthetics, and it is a conclusion formed by the professor with every appearance of sincerity, that it actually gave her pleasure.

The Smart Italians.

NAPLES, Feb. 20.—Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show opened here to.day. Among the spectators who witnesssed the performance were 2,000 people who had gained admission by the use of spurious tickets. Mr. Cody complained of this to a magistrate, who only chuckled at the smartness of the Italians.

The Gouffe Murderer.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—Cablegrams have been received here to-day from Inspector of Detectives Sondais, of this city, who is now in New York searching for Eyraud, a supposed murderer, stating that he believes Eyraud to be in Montreal. Eyraud is suspected of murdering Gouffe, a process server, here, last July.

Incendiary Fire.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 20.—A fire, believed to be incendiary, completely gutted the interior of the Continental theatre of this city to-day and also destroyed the valuable library it contained.

A Revolution Imminent.

LONDON, Feb. 20—All the news which reaches here from Lisbon gives indication of a highly disturbed state of affairs in Portugal. Among many rumors is one that the British ambassador to Portugal has declared that if the Marquis of Salisbury does not concede justice to Portugal's claims a revolution would be imminent at Lisbon.

Bank Looters.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—At noon to-day Inspector Byrnes, and two detectives, brought to the district attorney's office Chas. E. Wallick, Jas. E. Simmons and Geo. H. Bell, each of whom was charged with larceny in the first degree in looting the Sixth National, Lennox and Equitable banks. These indictments are the outcome of investigation made within the last few days. They were taken before Judge Martin in the court of general session, who fixed bail at $20,000 in each case. Ex-Judge Donohue appeared for the prisoners. It is expected they will find bondsmen to-day.

Large Earnings.

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—The official statement of the Union Pacific's entire system shows the gross earnings for December to be $3,554,304; increase of $266,-296. Expenses, $2,596,786; increase of $505,748. For the 12 months ending December 31st: Gross earnings, $39,713,-903; increase of $625,767. Expenses, $25,015,584; increase of $517,467. Net earnings, $14,698,319r increase of $103,-300.

FEDERAL CAPITAL NOTES.

The West is the Place for the Unemployed of the East, Says Senator Bolton. The Keefer Divorce Bill.--A Railway Act.

(*From Our Own Correspondent.*)

MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

OTTAWA, Feb. 11.—Thirty-one years ago Hon. Senator Bolton was an officer in Her Majesty's 100th regiment; at the same time Lord Stanley was an officer in the Guards.

Senator Bolton says: If there is an idle man in the eastern part of Canada all he has to do is to go west and work for himself, where he becomes an independent laborer in the field of industry.

Hon. Mr. Longheed says: "The opinion appears to prevail in the eastern provinces that the territories require all the economy of government which pertains to the Provinces, but I may safely say that the people and the press of the territories have expressed themselves as rather contrary to the introduction of an elaborate system of Government, but require a rather more extended measure of responsible Government than they at present enjoy."

Hon. Senator Power says he is not aware that there has been any great development of the mineral resources of our western country—nothing very remarkable—and is of the opinion that with respect to Manitoba and the Northwest territories the scene is one of disappointment. He claims that these portions of Canada have not advanced as they should have advanced if they had been better administered. Speaking on the subject of immigration, he says: "While the Canadian Pacific Railway Company have received from Canada favors such as no railway company have ever received from any other Government in the world, that company have done almost nothing in the way of promoting immigration."

RAILWAY LABORERS' PROTECTION BILL.

Mr. Purcell's Bill—"An Act for the protection of persons employed by contractors engaged in the construction of railways under Acts passed by the Parliament of Canada," provides that:

"Any railway company, now or hereafter incorporated under the authority of any Act of the Parliament of Canada, may stipulate and provide, in any contract between the company and any person and persons contracting with the company for the construction of the whole or any part or section of the railway of the company, or for the reconstruction or repair thereof, that the laborers and workmen employed in such construction or reconstruction or repair shall be paid daily, weekly or monthly, according to the terms of hire or agreement made with them.

"Any railway company contracting with any person or persons, as aforesaid, for the construction, reconstruction or repair of their railway, or any part thereof, may, in default of any stipulation or provision for the payment of laborers or workmen in such contract, withold payment to their contractors until all moneys then due and owing to laborers and workmen have been paid.

"Every railway company, incorporated by Parliament and contracting as aforesaid, shall ascertain from time to time, by agent or otherwise, that all arrears due to laborers and workmen have been paid by their contractors, before making final payment to or settlement with them.

"If any such railway company, whose contractors or sub-contractors are in arrears with their laborers or workmen, do or shall after notice thereof by letter addressed to the secretary or president, at the principal office of the company in Canada, pay over moneys then due or payable to their contractors, without providing for payment of the arrears, the railway company shall thereupon become and be liable to pay the same as a debt due from the company to the said laborers and workmen.

If the amount claimed by the laborers and workmen to be due to them by the contractors or sub-contractors is disputed or denied by the latter, and notice thereof is given to the company, the company shall withhold payment until the question or issue is decided by a competent court; and the company shall thereupon pay over to the laborers and workmen the amount declared to be payable to them, provided the amount so recovered is then still due to the contractors by the company."

THE KEEFER DIVORCE BILL.

The bill—"An Act for the relief of Hugh Forbes Keefer," is as follows:

Whereas Hugh Forbes Keefer, of the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, contractor, has, by his petition, humbly set forth that he duly married Rebecca Ann Keefer(formerly Rebecca Ann Tisdall, spinster) on the second day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the village of Thorold, in the County of Welland, and Province of Ontario, according to the rites and ceremonies of the Church of England; that the said marriage was by license; that after the solemnization of the said marriage the said Hugh Forbes Keefer and Rebecca Ann Keefer lived together and cohabited together at Thorold aforesaid, until about the year eighteen hundred and eighty-three; that there was issue of the said marriage two children, to wit: Nita Radcliffe Keefer and Harry McMicken Keefer; that, in or about the year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, the said Rebecca Ann Keefer deserted her said husband and has not since resided with the said Hugh Forbes Keefer; that after she deserted her said husband as aforesaid he discovered, as the fact was, that the said Rebecca Ann Keefer had been leading an irregular life, and had committed adultery in or about the year eighteen hundred and eighty-three and on divers occasions subsequent to the said last mentioned year; that ever since she committed the said adultery he has lived separate and apart from her and has not cohabited with her, and that he has not in any way condoned the said adultery, and that no collusion nor connivance exists between him and her to obtain a dissolution of the said marriage.

"And whereas the said Hugh Forbes Keefer has humbly prayed that the said marriage may be dissolved, and be declared henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever, so as to enable him to marry again, and that such further relief may be afforded him as is deemed meet."

"And whereas the said Hugh Forbes Keefer has proved the allegations of his said petition and has established the adultery above mentioned, and it is expedient that the prayer of his said petition should be granted:

"Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

"1. The said marriage between the said Hugh Forbes Keefer and the said Rebecca Ann Keefer, his wife, is hereby dissolved and shall henceforth be null and void to all intents and purpose whatsoever.

"2. The said Hugh Forbes Keefer may, at any time hereafter, marry any other woman whom he might lawfully have married in case the said marriage had not been solemnized.

"3. In the event of the said Hugh Forbes Keefer hereafter marrying, he and the woman whom he so marries and the issue, if any, of any such marriage shall have and possess the same rights in every respect as if his said marriage with the said Rebecca Ann Keefer had never been solemnized."

PROSPECTING.

The Mines Company Seeking Information in Reference to British Columbia.

Yesterday morning, says the *Colonist* of Tuesday, Mr. E. J. Howell, who is identified with the Mines Co., of London, England, a corporation of practically unlimited capital and far-reaching influence, had long interviews with Hon. Jno. Robson and Hon. F. G. Vernon in regard to the value of British Columbia and the attractions it presents to foreign capital. Later in the day Mr. Howell was interviewed by a *Colonist* reporter to whom he said that his object in visiting this province was primarily to present a rough report to his company of the extent and character of the mineral wealth of British Columbia. He had expected to find this information ready to hand in the complete and satisfactory form in which our neighbors across the border presented the claims of their wealth-containing territory which needed capital only to develop. It was not so arranged, however, and he would be forced to obtain the information desired by a more laborious method. The Mines Company had already secured control of about 500 square miles or about 600,000 acres of land in Cape Colony, and by constructing railways, building wharves and operating mines by the most modern and scientific methods they had developed their immense tract of country successfully to themselves and advantageously to the country itself. They are now seeking fresh fields, and British Columbia was spoken of as a land of promise. Mr. Howell had personally put forward the claims of the Pacific province, and he thought that if they were urged in an intelligent manner by the Provincial Government the Mines Co. might be induced to locate here in preference to the United States. What British Columbia needed first was reliable surveys and explorations, from which could be presented, in a complete and comprehensive manner, the characteristics and worth of the country.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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THE DAILY COLUMBIAN

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 20, 1890.

THAT MAIL SUBSIDY.

By our report in yesterday's issue of Tuesday's Local House proceedings it will be seen that the resolution which Mr. Ladner gave notice of a few days ago was introduced, as follows: "Where-"as the Dominion Estimates do not "contain a grant of money as a subsidy "for conveying the mails between Vic-"toria and New Westminster, this "House is of the opinion that a great "inconvenience and injury will be done "to the farmers, the canners, and others "on the Fraser River, if the said sub-"sidy is withdrawn, and that an hum-"ble address be presented to His Honor "the Lieutenant-Governor, requesting "him to draw the attention of the Do-"minion Government to this question "at the earliest possible date." The resolution was seconded by Mr. Orr, and both the mover and the honorable the Premier strongly and ably supported the motion. The Columbian has already called attention to the withdrawal of this subsidy of $7,500 from the Dominion Estimates for the ensuing year, and intimated that some action would be taken in the matter. Mr. Ladner's resolution just about covers the ground, and, with the influential support which it received in the House, and the assurance of the Premier, Hon. John Robson, that the matter would be presented in its strongest light to the Dominion authorities, we believe it may almost be taken for granted that the unwarrantable withdrawal of the subsidy will be reconsidered and the sum stated continued in the estimates as usual.

As Hon. Mr. Robson pointed out, the question is a broader one than mere mail service. It is a question of regular steamer service, the necessity for which, both with respect to the two important cities connected and the large and important canning and other industries situated along the river below this city, is constantly increasing instead of diminishing. So far from having no assured service at all, the present service, as the Premier also intimated, demanded considerable improvement. To quote his own words, as reported by our correspondent, is to place the matter in a pretty clear and correct light: "The "necessity for a mail subsidy for the "Fraser river was greater than for any "other part of the Province. * * * "As things stood at present the steam-"ers ran pretty much as they had a "mind to and suited their own time and "convenience without reference to the "mails, and it was a good deal for this "very reason that the question of the "mail subsidy should be strenuously "pushed."

The majority of our readers know very well that the above quoted remarks are a mild criticism on the sort of service that this city has been forced to put up with for years past from the steamers of the Victoria-Westminster route. And now the Dominion solons have come to the conclusion that we can get along without any regular service at all, just because Mr. Haggarty has discovered that he can slide in our Victoria and San Francisco mails *via* Vancouver instead of by direct steamer from Victoria. We venture to say that, had our esteemed representative, Mr. Chisholm, been in his place in the Dominion House, instead of being unfortunately indisposed at home, he would have vigorously protested against the withdrawal of the subsidy in question. When everything is considered, the proposed action of the Government in the matter appears absolutely inexcusable, not to say absurd, and we hope to see, as it has been plainly shown the circumstances urgently demand, not only provision made for the continuance of the subsidy, but the insistence by the proper authorities that Her Majesty's mail carriers on the important route in question shall fulfil the spirit and letter of their contract in future, which certainly has not been done in the past.

JOSEPH BIGGAR.

Many an Irishman's heart the world over was sad when the wires flashed that Mr. Biggar had died suddenly of heart disease. Probably there never was a man of whom the estimate by friends and enemies was so diverse. Among his intimates he was an idol, and one who knew him well has placed it on record that at all private and convivial meetings of the Irish party, when the toast list was reduced to a minimum, the "Health of Mr. Biggar" was by no chance omitted. Then arose a cheer, long and spontaneous, and even Mr. Parnell, usually cold, grew warm and tender in his eloquence. Why is this? Because to those who knew him he was ever an unselfish man, overflowing with kindness. With the cares of nearly sixty years on his head, he was at the beck and call of many men who might have been his grandchildren. Whenever Mr. Healy wanted to quote a bluebook, or return, "Joe" was called into requisition as messenger, and should it not have been quite convenient for Mr. Sexton to interview a too importunate constituent, Biggar was always the man to get rid of the visitor in the most pleasant manner. Did Mr. Parnell think the debate going a little too pleasantly for Ministers, it but required a hint to the member for Cavan, and in no time, he was on his feet filling up the time, heaven only knows how. Should a lady want to hear the debate, and be at a loss for the necessary credentials to take her behind the "grille," she at once remembered Mr. Biggar's reputation, and sent for him to assist her. And yet, to the outside public he was the "most odious type of Irish frac-"tiousness," whilst he was worshipped by the attendants of the House, adored by the policemen, and "there is good "reason for the suspicion that there "was a secret treaty of inviolable friend-"ship between him and the late ser-"geant-at-arms, the genial and uni-"versally popular Captain Gossett, "founded on their common desire to "bring sittings to an abrupt and in-"glorious end by a 'count out.'"

This was one side of his character; but, an Ulsterman, he had the true Ulster character, and his hate was as fierce and unquestioning as his love. Fearless, single minded, and dogged in purpose, the very worst show of temper on the part of the House never moved him or caused him a moment of trepidation. Whilst to his friends he was the most loveable of natures, in the ferocity of his hatred he was the "Pere Goriot" of Irish politics.

On April 22, 1875, Mr. Butt, the then leader of the Home Rule party, requested Mr. Biggar, then almost a new member, to speak against time in order to delay a coercive bill. "How long would "you wish me to speak?" asked he. "A "pretty good while," was the answer. Mr. Biggar gave a very liberal interpretation to the *mot d'ordre*, for at five o'clock he rose and did not sit down until five minutes to nine, having "bridged over the interval" by reading from numerous Acts of Parliament and blue books.

In after days, when the leadership fell to Mr. Parnell, and the active policy of that gentleman first of all amused, then astonished, and last of all exasperated, the House, Joseph Biggar was attacked with the most bitter and virulent abuse and vulgar personalities. For all this he cared little, and remained equally unruffled under the perfervid oratory of indignant Ministers and the cheap diatribes of the Tory rank and file.

In appearance Mr. Biggar was certainly not attractive, being what is commonly known as a hunchback, but to him, with all truth, might be applied the words of Bassanio—

> The dearest friend, the kindest man,
> The best conditioned and unwearied spirit
> In doing courtesies.

LEPROSY.

The actual existence of any such disease as leprosy seemed to have been forgotten by the modern world until early in April of last year the cables flashed the intelligence to all parts of the earth that Father Damien was no more, having died a missionary leper among the outcasts of Molokoi. Then people began to wonder how it was they had never remembered that leprosy is not altogether a thing of the past, and when the Prince of Wales announced from a public platform that for years a porter at one of the principal meat markets in London had been a sufferer from this foul scourge, something like a panic seized not only the English but the European public.

Again have the claims of the lepers upon public sympathy been brought into notice by the heroic conduct of the daughter of an English Church clergyman, who recently sailed for the Hawaiian Islands, to take charge of the sufferers who were left to mourn the loss of that great souled man, Father Damien. Miss Fowler, the lady in question, although the daughter of an Anglican clergyman, is herself a sister in a Roman Catholic religious order. She has for years wished to take up the work of nursing the unclean, and to that end has been studying medicine in Paris, at the Pasteur Institute. She is described as being of remarkably attractive appearance, about twenty-seven years of age, and as having a voice full of music and tender sympathy.

Just previous to Miss Fowler's departure for Molokoi, Sir Andrew Clark spoke at the annual dinner of the National Leprosy Fund, of which the Prince of Wales is President. In the course of his speech, the celebrated physician remarked that, not only are new centres of this disease springing up, but that the old ones are widening, and, bearing these facts in mind, urged that the subject of leprosy should be thoroughly investigated with the two-fold object of ascertaining its cause and discovering a remedy. It is very generally known that India is more or less a centre of the loathsome disease, but many people will be surprised to learn that there are probably a quarter of a million of the natives of that great dependency stricken with this fearful plague.

A writer in *Chamber's Journal* draws attention to the fact, not generally known, that "the fair Dominion of Can-"ada has also its Molokoi at Tracadie in "New Brunswick." Sixty years ago a woman who had died from a strange disease was buried at Tracadie. Hearing of this, a doctor from a neighboring town made a journey to Europe with the purpose of endeavoring to discover a patient suffering from a like disease. By merest accident, when just on the point of returning home, he discovered several cases in Norway. A report was presented to the Canadian Board of Health, and the conclusion arrived at was that the mysterious disease was leprosy. When the corpse of the woman referred to was carried to the grave a poisonous discharge oozed through the coffin and penetrated the shirt of one of the bearers. That man died a leper, and sixteen years afterwards there were twenty such diseased persons in Tracadie. To aggravate the matter, the Provincial Government of that time do not seem to have done their duty, and the miserable building provided for the unfortunate persons was deliberately burned to the ground by one of their number.

In 1849 the lepers numbered thirty-one, but their condition had not improved. For years the criminal folly of the authorities failed to make proper provision for the afflicted, and on October 4th, 1852, one of the patients, mad with hunger, disease and despair, burned the living tomb to the ground. The authorities then huddled the lepers, now numbering thirty-six, into a building thirty-two feet by thirty, regardless of sex, allowing them two changes of clothes each per annum. Thanks to a French priest, however, some attention was paid to the lepers and a new lazaretto was built in the following spring. This place was a cheerless prison house, guarded by an armed party and enclosed within high walls. In 1866 a brighter day dawned, and, after much negotiation, the sisters of the Hotel Dieu at Montreal took charge of the patients at Tracadie. The sisters entered upon their good work in 1868, and a new regime was instituted, the gloom and sombre prison air of the place giving place to a more cheerful aspect. Still all was not right until 1880, when the Dominion Government took the control of the place into its keeping, and at once abolished the petty red tapeism which the Provincial authorities had delighted to exercise. The sisters were given absolute control, and the result has been satisfactory in every way.

This in substance is the story of our Canadian leprosy hospital, as detailed in the pages of the magazine referred to, and to every Canadian it must be a matter of pride to learn that the Lazaretto of Tracadie is reported to be second to none in the world for the patience, charity and good management with which it is conducted.

The vote of 22 to 8 by which the North Dakota Senate passed the bill for creating in that State a branch of the Louisiana lottery has had a stunning and bewildering effect all over the country, says the *Post-Intelligencer*, which enlarges upon the subject as follows: "There is "scarcely a State in the Union, certain-"ly none of the newly admitted States, "nor any which lie west of the Missis-"sippi, from which such news would "have been more startling or unexpect-"ed. It has been a popular assumption "that North Dakota's population is con-"spicuously intelligent, staid and cir-"cumspect. This assumption was "strengthened in the general estimation "by the unanimity with which prohibi-"tion was adopted as a constitutional "provision and the stringency of the "laws for putting that provision into "execution. But it appears that the "lottery scheme has been most ingeni-"ously worked up. The character of "the people for sobriety and respecta-"bility was played upon to impress the "uselessness of including lotteries into "the prohibitive features of the consti-"tution. And then, after the adoption "of a constitution with the usual prohi-"bition of lotteries omitted, the next "thing was to enlarge upon and greatly "magnify the distress of the farmers "and the impossibility of sustaining the "Government by the usual means of "taxation. The schemers were indus-"trious and indefatigable, not scrupling "to put a little money 'where it would "do the most good,' while the respect-"able elements of society folded their "hands and took a complacent nap, in "which they never dreamed such a thing "could be possible. All of which goes "to prove that not only the price of lib-"erty, but of good Government and im-"munity from pernicious legislation, is "eternal vigilance." Surely the people who have been thus shamelessly hoodwinked and outraged by their legislators will be heard from on this lottery question.

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WATCHMAN FOR ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL. Apply to MR. CHAS. McDONOUGH, Front Street.
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THE COMPANY WILL PARADE EVERY Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights at 8 p.m. for company and batalion drill. As Master Gunner Cornish only remains for a short time longer every man should be present.
E. S. SCOULLAR, Capt. Commanding.
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TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned up till Monday, the 24th inst., for certain alterations and repairs to Hospital buildings on Agnes street.
Plans and specifications may be seen at my office, Mary street.
Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
G. W. GRANT, Architect.
Westminster, Feb. 17, 1890.
dfel7td

TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS ARE INVITED UP TO NOON ON Saturday, March 1st, for the erection of a THREE-STORY BRICK BUILDING on Front street; also two 2-STORY FRAME COTTAGES on Royal avenue for Mr. James Cunningham.
Plans and specifications at my office.
Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
G. W. GRANT, Architect.
Westminster, Feb. 14, 1890.
dfel5td

TENDERS WANTED.
TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned up to Saturday, Feb. 15th, 1890, for the erection of a two-story frame building for a hotel on the corner of Columbia, Douglas and Blackie streets.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the Depot Hotel on and after Wednesday, 5th Feb.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
P. O. BILODEAU.
New West., Feb. 1st, 1890. dfel1d
THE TIME FOR RECEIVING THE ABOVE tenders has been extended to Thursday the 20th inst.

F. Stirsky,
—LEADING—
WATCHMAKER : AND : JEWELER
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If you want to buy a nice Ladies' Gold or Silver Watch, or a Gentleman's Gold or Silver Watch in any style, go to F. Stirsky's.
He has Clocks from 50 cts. to $50, all styles and varieties, embracing a choice selection of German Cuckoo Clocks, beautifully hand carved and first-class time keepers, and astonishingly cheap.
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Also a very large assortment of all kinds of Emblem Pins and Watch Charms.
A fine selection of Ladies' and Gents' Watch Guards, and a large variety of Ladies and Gentlemen's Jewelry. Gentlemen's Watches from $5 to $100.
Every article sold is warranted as represented. A specialty in Watch repairing. Every watch warranted to give perfect satisfaction.
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MAINLAND CARRIAGE WORKS,
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This is the only Family Hotel in New Westminster.
Special Accommodation for Ladies and Commercial Travellers.
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M. A. McRAE,
Merchant Tailor.
A -:- Call -:- Solicited.
Armstrong Block, Columbia St., New Westminster,
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JAMES D. RAE, Successor to D. McPhaden.
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF FIRST-CLASS
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—FEED, ETC.—
Coffees Roasted and Ground on the Premises. Fine Teas a Specialty.
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General Groceries and Provision Merchant
Corner Columbia and Blackie Sts., opp. C. P. R. Station.
Selected Teas, Coffees, Spices, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Dried Meats, Fruits, Canned Goods and Confectionery.
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This Space is Reserved for the
Royal City Planing Mills Company,
The Pioneer and Leading
Lumber Manufacturing Establishment of the Royal City.
Richard Street, New Westminster.

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AN OVERSIGHT UNCALLED FOR
We must surely have overlooked annexing *The Profits* on our Goods for the past week, and the *Good Citizens* have *Caught on to the Racket* of obtaining BOOTS AND SHOES AT WHOLESALE PRICES. OUR mistake, and we are going to abide by it, should the whole STOCK be cleared out inside of THE NEXT WEEK. Goods sell at sight. NO bantering necessary. Repairing neatly and promptly executed.
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A call solicited, and perfect fits guaranteed.
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Has just received a full line of the latest designs in
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To those requiring Paints and Oils we beg to call attention to our extensive variety. Superior Coach Colors, in all shades. Tube Colors of every description. Floor Paints, ready for use.
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English, Foreign and United States Periodicals and Newspapers constantly on hand. Books imported to order.
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A SURETY.

When sad with life's burdens I've smiled them away
By remembrance of joys in an earlier day,
When my heart was so light that no care cast a shade,
And woe was the mist that an April shower made.
I ask not the solace of pleasures unknown—
Fate ruleth the future, the past is my own.

O, tender the glance from her soft eyes of brown!
O, merry the shouts as we came by the town;
While laughter and wit flowed in harmony sweet,
As our sail caught the breeze at the head of the fleet,
And over the waters faint music was blown—
Fate, keep thou the future, the past is my own!

A little hand pressed me—a pouting lip kissed—
I stole still another; it could not be missed!
Our skipper, discreet as a sphinx, turned to sight
The steamer that started up out of the night;
So we and the stars were together—alone!
Fate, take thou the future, the past is my own!

Ah memory, thou goddess whose mirrors reflect
The sins that we do and the things we neglect,
Hold up once again that sweet evening of yore
When we studied so fondly young love's witching lore;
Could my heart make a choice it were fashioned of stone!
No, fate rule the future, the past is my own!

And so, through the story of life as it runs—
Its darkness, its sorrows, its shadows, its suns—
There is always this glory and peace we may keep,
Though hope seems to mock us and faith lies asleep,
The bliss we have had still is ours, dearer grown—
Whatever the future, the past is our own.

—Cora Linn Daniels, in Judge.

A PILLOW TRAGEDY.

The Belated Confession of One of the Guilty Conspirators.

Our village was pretty small when I first came to it. But then, as far as that is concerned, I was pretty small myself, and so in every way suited the village. In thinking over my own youthful days it seemed to me a pity that the history of that village should go unrecorded for want of a historian. So I propose, in lack of a better person coming forward, to write some of the particulars of the history of this quiet village. I shall call it Bruceville, because that was not its name, and yet it is near enough the name to be recognized by any of its eminent citizens, while the assumed title, I hope, will protect me if an exasperated populace should undertake to bring a libel suit against me, or to take into the courts of law any of the misdeeds that I shall have the painful duty of chronicling or confessing.

It is generally supposed that the young men, or boys, rather, of the cities are very much worse, as far as pure wickedness is concerned, than the innocent youth who resides in the country or in a small village. My own experience does not bear out this popular idea. If there exists in this world any gang of youngsters who more richly deserved the cells of a prison than we did I have yet to hear of them. I had some aspirations myself to being the leader of this gang of boys, but I have to admit that there were many among us who could astonish even me in suggesting new and entertaining crimes which were to be committed on the suffering inhabitants of that village.

Bruceville is situated in Western Canada, about two miles back from Lake Erie. The village now boasts of a very fine brick school, and I believe there is a principal there and assistant teachers, and a great many other things that were not prevalent when I was a boy. I went to the first school that was ever opened at Bruceville, and that was the first school I ever went to myself. The teacher was a young woman who had amassed a great deal of knowledge apparently; at least we thought so at the time, and the people of the village rented the lower story of a residence for a school-house. I have rather dim recollections of my struggle with learning through the first book. I vaguely remember being trounced once or twice, but I have no recollection as to what the trouble was. I know that even at that early time I was marked as being a boy who, if he kept on in the way he had started, was going to develop into a veritable monster of wickedness. I can remember that there was a certain feeling among some of us that we were not at all the favorites of this teacher, and I believe to this day that the teacher did not have the tact to conceal her preferences. This partiality was brought to a climax one summer's day by her inviting all her favorite pupils up to her house, or the house of her father, to engage in the wild dissipation of games and cracking nuts, and such like hilarious enjoyment. Four or five of us were not invited, and that night I went early to bed. When the young scoundrels of the village wanted to start out on a career of depredations we always went to bed early. Each of the boys had a particular way of getting out of the house unknown to the other inmates, and my own means of exit was crawling through the window on to the kitchen roof, getting down that on the top of a board fence, and then from that to the ground. We always collected each other by mysterious whistles, imitations from the whip-poor-will or quail, and in going to our rendezvous we skirted along the fence or in the dark shadows of buildings, crouching down with our caps drawn over our eyes. This was to avoid possible discovery, although there was no person in creation that would have thought any thing of it if he had met us right in the middle of the street anyhow. Still, there was a certain delight in making a sneak for it, and on this particular occasion four or five of us had gathered for the purpose of breaking up that party at the teacher's house. The teacher belonged to a large family of pioneers who had scattered around that neighborhood. As a number of the family had the same names, both first and second, various adjectives were used to designate the particular one meant. Her father was known as "Swampy John," because he lived on the other side of the swamp, about half a mile distant from the village. Another relative was called "Hilly" John, because he lived on the brow of a hill. The swamp through which we had to pass to get to Swampy John's house was a weird, lonesome place, which took at least six boys, together, each protesting that he was not the least afraid, to cross it. Any single boy, or any two of us for that matter, would have willingly chosen to go to perdition rather than to cross that swamp in the night time. But the main road that passed through the village passed through the swamp, and the first house on the other side was Swampy John's. After a whispered consultation it was resolved that we should make up a swamp ghost with which to scare the life out of the teacher and the scholars. It may be mentioned that on the occasion of this party the teacher's father and mother were away visiting somewhere, and would not be back that night. This we had learned from the fortunate invited pupils, who told it as an indication that joy would be unconfined and that there would be no older heads present to interfere with the amusement. The ghost was made up as follows: A pillow was taken and a string tied around the middle of it. Then black pieces of cloth were pinned to represent mouth, nose and eyes. A piece of red flannel was pinned to the black mouth so that it hung out in a picturesque fashion and added to the attractiveness of the pillow as we had fixed it.

A rope was then tied around the center of the pillow to give to it a general resemblance to a man being hanged, and with this all the conspirators started along the road that led through the big swamp. The terrors of the swamp may be understood when I say, as we passed along the lonesome road that was cut through it, we all became terrorized at our own pillow, and one of the weaker brethren became so frightened that he started back, but realizing the fact that he would have to tread the rest of the fearful way alone he stuck by us, being less afraid to be in our company even with the frightful ghost that we had with us, than to go back to the village alone. When we cautiously climbed over the fence and got into the yard that surrounded Swampy John's house we crawled up along the fence to the residence itself. Of course we might easily have gone in by the gate and up the walk, but that wouldn't have had the daredevil effect that we wished to produce even among ourselves. The house was gayly lighted up, and the noise of revelry could be heard. The curtains in the front had been pulled down, but the side window was curtainless, and there we arranged our nefarious business. A pole was stuck up against the house, to which the rope was tied that suspended the frightful looking pillow, and the pillow was then swung to and fro, so that it would beat gently against the window-pane. The effects of a great scheme are never noticeable until the scheme itself is tried. We now saw that we should have brought a sheet with us to wrap around the lower part of the pillow, so as to give a more realistic view to our ghost. Taking down the pole again and lowering the rope somewhat, it was so arranged that the head of the apparition appeared just above the window-sill, and there was nothing below to intimate that the ghost came to an abrupt conclusion, and nothing to show an investigating person that it was a pillow and not a ghost. Over the sill of every window a conspirator was peering in to see who would first notice the apparition at the uncurtained pane. When it was discovered an unearthly shriek rent the air. I never knew who it was that saw it first or who it was that gave the shriek. But instantly every eye was directed to the terrible specter at the window. One universal howl went up from the guests. The little girls and little boys clung around the skirts of the school-mistress, and she—for she must have been only a young girl herself, although we thought her at that time the embodiment of old age and wisdom—was just as frightened as the rest. She stared at the apparition with dilated eyes and white face. I had a very good view of her and I thought for the moment she was going to faint. The children all around her were screaming and crying and howling for help when there was no help. But the schoolma'am was clear grit. Like the other lady of the adage, she did not believe in ghosts, but she was afraid of them. She knew the lonely situation of the house and realized the fact that it would still be an hour or two before the first of the parents came with lanterns to bring home their children. She knew that if the children were not calmed down there wouldn't be any of them to bring home before another ten minutes. So she quickly shook her skirts free from the clinging youngsters, and for a moment we thought that she was going to come out and scatter us, and then our hearts stood still. She sprang to the door and threw it wide open, and the next word she spoke struck terror into the hearts of the villainous conspirators.

"Here, Tiger! Here, Tiger!" she shouted, and a great big dog bounded in from the kitchen, while we broke in dismay for the fence at the road. Then there were screams and yells from an entirely opposite party. Tiger, who was a great, big, brutal animal, sprang out into the darkness and instantly followed the fleeing mob. He took away most of my wearing apparel as I scrambled over the fence. Every one of us suffered more or less, and we ran the whole way through the swamp road into the village. Then we thought with terror, at last I did, that the pillow was still hanging at the window.

The next day the question in the quiet village was: "Who lost a pillow?" The people of the village were scandalized at the outrage that had been committed, and every one counted pillows. Alas! and alas! in our house there was one pillow short, and many a time next day I wished I had that pillow to sit down on.—Luke Sharp, in Detroit Free Press.

THEY LOVE SWEETS.

How Bread Is Made in Different Countries of Asia.

The bread of different Asiatic nations is worthy of mention. In China, India, Japan and Corea by no means all the people live upon rice. In North China much wheat is used, and Northern India is one of the best wheat-growing districts of the world. The Chinese boil all their bread instead of baking it, or if baked at all it is browned after boiling. In Egypt the bread of the lowest classes is largely made of sorghum seed, and in North India and North China millet is largely used. Both Chinese and Japanese are fond of sweet cake, and in Japan one of the most popular cakes is almost exactly like our sponge cake. It is said to have been brought over from Holland by the Dutch Christians when they came to Japan centuries ago, and you will now find it all over the country. The Turks are very fond of sweet cake, and the sweet-cake peddlers of Cairo and Constantinople are the noisiest of their kind. It is the same with candy as it is with cake. Some of the best candy I have ever eaten I bought of a pig-tailed merchant in the Chinese city of Peking. He had nut candy of all kinds, and he told me he imported some of his nuts from Mongolia for his shop. The Smyrna fig paste is noted the world over, and you will find it in every confectioner's store in the country. Turkish nugat is one of the favorite dainties of the harem, and it tastes better when you eat it fresh at Constantinople than when it is six months old and is sold in America. At a dinner which I once attended in upper Egypt we had a course of candy between each one of the other courses, and we had at least ten desserts during the meal. The Turkish tooth is a very sweet tooth, and with sweetened water sherbets, candies and cakes he makes his thick blood flow slower and slower.—F. G. Carpenter, in Omaha Bee.

Amusing and Characteristic.

A friend who has just returned from Paris tells me an amusing and characteristic anecdote. During the recent exposition there was a little railroad, five miles in length, running around the grounds. The tracks ran in and out among the trees and buildings, and so near them that a passenger's head or arm thrust out of the window was in danger of being knocked off. To prevent accidents of this sort warnings were printed on large posters and tacked up at intervals of a few yards along the entire track. They were printed in almost every known language, including Asiatic and African tongues, shorthand and Volapuk. My friend counted over thirty languages and dialects. You would have supposed that none was omitted in such a list. But there was one omission, and a very important one. Not a single word of warning was printed in German! Some one said to the manager of the road: "It looks to me as though you didn't care whether the Germans got their heads and arms knocked off or not." He smiled a quiet smile and replied: "It does look that way, sure enough."—Critic.

BALD-HEADED DOCTORS.

Advantages They Seem to Have Over Those with Thick Hair.

The London Medical Press and Circular has the following: "A medical correspondent contributes to a lay contemporary some remarks upon his profession, which, although in some respects containing a good deal of truth, are nevertheless confessedly amusing. His main object in view is to show that he has made a gross mistake in joining the ranks of medicine, instead of investing his money, which had been spent upon his education, in some business concern. He describes himself as a failure, and this after having worked exceedingly hard at his profession.

"The cause of his failure he attributes to the absence of two things, which are chiefly essential to success in the medical profession. These, he asserts, are, in the first place, money, and, in the second, a bald head. I have no money, and my hair is inconveniently thick. Incipient baldness gives the appearance of a 'high and dome-like forehead,' and inspires the ladies with confidence. The fortunate possessor of this beautiful feature is pronounced 'very clever,' which settles the matter. Besides, it is almost indispensable for a 'good bedside manner.' All my medical friends who are getting on well have either money or bald heads; most of them have both.

"It is no doubt very much to the advantage of a young practitioner to exhibit a 'modern antique' appearance, and nothing contributes so greatly to this end as a head which is innocent of hair. There is a real commercial value in a bald head, and this value is by no means confined to the medical profession. Whatever advantages, however, it may confer on a 'business young man,' to a medical man a fair estimate under favorable circumstances would be, at the lowest, five hundred a year. The assumption of age and ripe philosophy which a man can safely indulge in whose hair follicles upon the top of his head have in early manhood undergone a process of fatty degeneration, leaving a white expanse of reflecting integument, is a matter of common observation. The public are impressed by the appearance of things under these circumstances; a bald head will carry conviction to their minds when nothing else will, saving, perhaps, a flowing beard.

"Even the lower animals are not insensible to its attractions. It is recorded that an ostrich once sat down upon the bald head of an Englishman, under the impression that it was an egg which required hatching. The circumstances were favorable to this slight error of judgment, and the sagacious bird must be acquitted of having purposely attempted to play a practical joke. But in this matter, as in all things else in life, appearances are every thing. No one knows better the value of a bald head than he who possesses it—at all events in medicine; but how strangely captious is nature, for while one man, greatly to his worldly prosperity, conveniently finds his head becoming bald, another has to seek consolation where he can under the depressing circumstances of knowing that his head is the only place upon which he can not get hair to grow."

SIMPLE EXPERIMENTS.

How to Make Hair Stand on End—Needles Made to Float.

Get an ordinary tumbler filled to the brim with water and on it place a sheet of paper so that the surface of the water may be completely covered. Now place one hand on the paper and with the other invert the glass. Then remove your hand from the paper and the water will not fall out, owing to the upward pressure of the atmosphere.

Again, take a piece of thick brown paper about a foot square and heat it at the fire. When hot place it on the table and rub it with a clothes brush for about half a minute. Then hold the brown paper over some small light bodies—little pieces of blotting paper will do—and the light bodies will jump about in a most excited manner. If the brown paper be held over somebody's head, several hairs will immediately stand on their ends, greatly to the amusement of the spectators.

Another even more striking experiment, and not so generally known, is performed as follows: Get any piece of wood, not too thick, about a foot long, and lay it on the table in such a position that half of it projects over the edge of the table. Place a broad book on that part of it which is on the table. Strike the projecting part of the wood sharply with a strong stick or a poker, and the piece of wood will smash in two. You should strike very sharply and without hesitation or the experiment may fail, and your book and wood be hurled to the other side of the room.

One more experiment is, perhaps, a little harder to perform than the preceding, but I have seen several persons succeed with ease. Get a glass of water and a needle and try to make the needle float. All that is required is a little skill. In the same way ordinary nibs can be floated in water. If you have a magnet—a penny one will do—and rub it on the needle before the latter is placed in the water, it will point like a compass to the magnetic pole when floating, no matter what way it may point when first placed in the liquid.

LINCOLN'S ANCESTORS.

Facts Learned from the Archives of Berks County, Pa.

Among the inmates of the county almshouse is John Lincoln, aged about seventy-five years. He is a descendant of the same family to which the dead President belonged. He has been here for several years, and it is known that in his young days he was wealthy, having inherited a considerable sum of money from the family. He was, however, a lover of fast horses and fox-hunting and the sport was too much for him and he soon fell into evil ways. Going from bad to worse, he eventually became a hostler at a country hotel. Becoming old, he was quickly incapacitated for work and was then sent to the poor-house. Researches among the archives of Berks County show that the Lincoln family came from Massachusetts and settled in Oley township, this county, some time prior to 1735. They soon became prominent citizens in that and adjoining townships. The grandfather of President Lincoln went from here to Virginia and thence to Kentucky, according to authentic records. They were among the largest taxpayers a century ago, and the names of Mordecai, John and Abraham are common ones on the records and tax levies. Abraham Lincoln, a granduncle of the martyr President, the records show, was a county commissioner in 1773. Ten years later he was elected to the Legislature and served four years. Subsequently he was a justice of the peace and ex-officio one of the justices of the quarter sessions court. Many ancient documents can be found bearing his signature.—Reading (Pa.) Dispatch.

—Maine's oldest man died lately at Belgrade in that State. His name was Elihu Stevens, and he was 101 years old. He was married three times and was the father of twenty-two children, most of whom are living. On the day he died he had 326 descendants.

—The leaves of house plants should be kept clean and frequently sprinkled with water, or washed with a plant syringe; this not only keeps off the insects, but clears the leaves of dust and opens up the breathing pores.

RANCH FOR SALE.

Estate of John Craig, late of Ashcroft, Deceased.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERsigned up to January 31st, 1890, for the purchase of the property known as the CRAIG RANCH, consisting of Lot 378, Group 1, containing 302½ acres, save and except 12 3-10 acres conveyed to E. Dougherty; also, Lot 405, Group 1, containing 26 acres.

Upon said premises there is erected a comfortable dwelling house, stable, fencing, irrigation ditch, &c. Also, fine orchard bearing first-class fruit.

The above land is situated at Ashcroft, within half mile of Railway Station, and is one of the best ranches in the Province.

Title, fee simple, subject to a mortgage thereon for $1,500 and interest at 10 per cent. from December 15th, 1888.

Further particulars upon application to

FREDERICK HUSSEY, Administrator.

Kamloops, Dec. 20th, 1889.

POSTPONEMENT.

The time for receiving tenders for the above is extended until 1st March, 1890.

dfe3t12 F. HUSSEY.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., New York. dfe3y1

1890.

HARPER'S BAZAR.

ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Bazar is a journal for the home. Giving the latest information with regard to the Fashions, its numerous illustrations, fashion plates and pattern-sheet supplements are indispensable alike to the home dressmaker and the professional modiste. No expense is spared in making its artistic attractiveness of the highest order. Its clever short stories, parlor plays and thoughtful essays satisfy all tastes, and its last page is famous as a budget of wit and humor. In its weekly issues everything is included which is of interest to women. During 1890 Olive Thorne Miller, Christine Terhune Herrick and Mary Lowe Dickinson will respectively furnish a series of papers on "The Daughter at Home," "Three Meals a day," and "The Woman of the Period." The serial novels will be written by Walter Besant and F. W. Robinson.

Harper's Periodicals.

Per Year.

Harper's Bazar	$4 00
Harper's Magazine	4 00
Harper's Weekly	4 00
Harper's Young People	2 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada or Mexico.

The volumes of the *Bazar* begin with the first number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the number current at time of receipt of order.

Bound volumes of *Harper's Bazar* for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense [provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume] for $7 per volume.

Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 each.

Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address—

dfe5 HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1890.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

ILLUSTRATED.

A new Shakespeare—the Shakespeare of Edwin A. Abbey—will be presented in *Harper's Magazine* for 1890, with comments by Andrew Lang. *Harper's Magazine* has also made special arrangements with Alphonse Daudet, the greatest of living French novelists, for the exclusive publication, in serial form, of a humorous story to be entitled "The Colonists of Tarascon: the Last adventures of the Famous Tartarin." The story will be translated by Henry James, and illustrated by Rossi and Myrbach.

W. D. Howells will contribute a novelette in three parts, and Lafcadio Hearn a novelette in two parts, entitled "Youma," handsomely illustrated.

In illustrated papers, touching subjects of current interest, and in its short stories, poems, and timely articles, the *Magazine* will maintain its well-known standard.

Harper's Periodicals.

Per Year.

Harper's Magazine	$4 00
Harper's Weekly	4 00
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Bound volumes of *Harper's Magazine* for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $3 per volume. Cloth cases for binding, 50 cents each, by mail, postpaid.

Index to *Harper's Magazine*, alphabetical, analytical and classified, for volumes 1 to 70, inclusive, from June, 1850, to June, 1885, one vol., 8vo, cloth, $4.

Remittances should be made by post office money order or draft, to avoid chance of loss.

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1890.

HARPER'S WEEKLY.

ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Weekly has a well-established place as the leading illustrated newspaper in America. The fairness of its editorial comments on current politics has earned for it the respect and confidence of all impartial readers, and the variety and excellence of its literary contents which include serial and short stories by the best and most popular writers, fit it for the perusal of people of the widest range of tastes and pursuits. The *Weekly* supplements are of remarkable variety, interest and value. No expense is spared to bring the highest order of artistic ability to bear upon the illustration of the changeful phases of home and foreign history. A Mexican romance, from the pen of Thomas A. Janvier, will appear in the *Weekly* in 1890.

Harper's Periodicals.

Per Year.

Harper's Weekly	$4 00
Harper's Magazine	4 00
Harper's Bazar	4 00
Harper's Young People	2 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada or Mexico.

The volumes of the *Weekly* begin with the first number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the number current at the time of receipt of order.

Bound volumes of *Harper's Weekly* for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 per volume.

Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 each.

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F. CRAKE,

Practical Watchmaker & Manufacturing Jeweler

4 DOORS WEST FROM POST OFFICE.

Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Diamond, Ruby Sapphire and Other Rings.

The best quality of PLATED and TABLE WARE in all designs.

A Fine Assortment of Clocks

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses to suit all Sights.

Special attention to Watch Repairing. All kinds of Jewelery manufactured on the premises by first-class workmen.

The Cheapest House In Town.

dwfeltc

BAPTIST CHURCH, Agnes Street, East of Mary Street. Lord's Day Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath School and Bible Class at 2:30 p. m. All seats free; strangers cordially welcomed.—Rev. Thos. Baldwin, pastor.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mary Street. Rev. J. H. White, Pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School and Bible Class 2:30 p.m. Prayer Meeting on Thursdays at 7:30 p.m. Seats free; strangers cordially invited.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—HOLY TRINITY CHURCH; Rector, The Bishop. ST. MARY'S CHURCH; Rector, The Ven. Archdeacon Woods. Services in both churches *every day*. All seats free. Both churches open all day for private prayer.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH (ST. ANDREW'S), corner Carnarvon and Blackwood Sts. Rev. Thos. Scouler, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sunday School and Bible Class at 2:30 p. m.; Prayer Meeting on Thursday evenings at 7:30. Seats free; strangers welcome.

ST. PAUL'S — REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH, John St. (opposite Orange Hall); Rev. Thos. Haddon, B. D., Rector. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School and Bible Class at 2:30 p. m. Thursday evening service at 7:30. Seats free; all are cordially invited.

K. P.—ROYAL LODGE NO. 6. Regular Meeting every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, Oddfellows' Hall. Visiting Brethren welcome. —J. E. KNIGHT, K. of R. & S.

I. O. G. T.—EXCELSIOR LODGE NO. 8 meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock, in the Temperance Hall, Columbia St. Visiting members are cordially invited.—W. C. LOYE, Rec. Sec.

A. O. F.—COURT LORD DUFFERIN, NO. 6804. The regular meetings of the above Court are held at the Foresters' Hall, on the first and third Wednesday in each month, at 8 p. m.—JNO. MCMURPHY, Senr., P. C. R.

CALEDONIA & ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—The regular meetings of this association are held on the last Tuesday of each month, at 8 o'clock p. m. All Scotchmen are invited to attend.—JOHN BUIE, Sec.

I. O. O. F.—NEW WESTMINSTER LODGE NO. 3.—The regular meetings of this Lodge are held at the Oddfellows' Hall every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.—T. TYLER, Rec. Sec.

UNION LODGE NO. 9, A. F. & A. M. The regular meetings of this Lodge are held in the Masonic Temple on the first Wednesday in each month, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend.—W. C. COATHAM, Sec.

BOARD OF TRADE.—Board Room, Odd Fellows' Brick Block (up-stairs). Council meets on the first Wednesday in each month, at 4 p. m. Quarterly meetings on the 22nd of Feb., May, Aug., and Nov., at 7:30 p. m. New members may be proposed and elected at any Quarterly meeting.—D. ROBSON, Sec.

W. C. LOYE,

Fashionable Boot and Shoe Maker

Repairing neatly done. Cork sole work a specialty. Orders promptly attended to.

CLARKSON ST., in rear of Colonial Hotel, next to Rand Bros.' office. dfeltc

BAKER BROS. & CO'Y

10 Chapel Walk, South Castle St., Liverpool, England.

3 Bank Buildings, Columbia Street, New Westminster, B. C.

Shipping and Commission AGENTS,

General Wholesale Merchants and Importers.

Any description of Goods imported to order and Custom and Ship Broking transacted. Latest Freight and Market Quotations.

dwfeltc

TIME TABLE.

Str. ROBERT DUNSMUIR

LEAVES WESTMINSTER EVERY MONDAY morning at 7 o'clock for Nanaimo, via Vancouver, returning Tuesday, via Vancouver.

Leaves Westminster every Wednesday at 7 a.m. for Nanaimo direct, connecting with Island railway and Comox steamer.

Leaves Nanaimo for Vancouver on Thursdays and Fridays and returns same days.

Leaves Nanaimo on Saturday at 7 a. m. for Westminster direct.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to T. L. BRIGGS, C. P. N. wharf. dfeltc

DOUGLAS ST. BAKERY

Foot of Douglas, near Columbia St.

J. FERGUSON, PROPRIETOR.

Fresh Bread, Cakes, Pastry, Confectionery, etc., etc.

Hotel and Restaurant Trade Solicited.

All orders promptly attended to and delivered to any part of the city free. dfeltc

Str. Emma!

HAVING CHARTERED the staunch Steamer Emma from Laidlaw & Co. I am prepared to enter into contracts for

GENERAL TOWING.

Scows and Tarpaulins in connection with the Tug.

CAPT. EDWARD McCOSKRIE.

Agents in New Westminster:

dfeltc MATHERS & MILLIGAN.

W. H. VIANEN

—WHOLESALE—

Fish & Game DEALER

FRONT ST., NEW WESTMINSTER.

Highest Price paid for Furs and Deer Hides. Correspondence invited.

Telephone Call No. 6. dfeltc

B. C. MONUMENTAL WORKS.

Columbia & Church Sts.

JUST ARRIVED—A large shipment of the finest RED GRANITE MONUMENTS, from New Brunswick.

ALEX. HAMILTON,

dwfeltc PROPRIETOR.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for an act to incorporate a company to construct, operate and maintain a street railway in the City of New Westminster, and to acquire lands and do all things necessary for the purposes aforesaid.

Dated this 25th day of September, 1889.

B. DOUGLAS,
HENRY V. EDMONDS,

dse30tc For selves and others.

THIS SPACE IS RESERVED FOR

J.S. MANSON

MERCHANT TAILOR.

dfeltc

NOTICE.

MESSRS. C. C. PEMBERTON AND FRED. G. Walker, Barristers-at-law and Solicitors, have entered into partnership. The firm will be carried on under the name of

dfimchl WALKER & PEMBERTON.

FOOK WO & COMPANY.

CHARCOAL FOR SALE

Chinese Labor Contracted For.

COLUMBIA ST., NEW WESTMINSTER. doc21m4 (Near Cleveland Hotel.)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SIXTY days after date we intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 6,971 acres, more or less, being land covered by our Timber Lease 1, situate on a lake emptying into Village Bay, Valdez Island, Sayward District.

ROYAL CITY PLANING MILLS CO. (Lt'd)
JOHN HENDRY, Manager.

January 17th, 1890. dja18m2

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE INtend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease, for timbering purposes, the following described land in Sayward District, viz.:

Commencing at a point about half a mile up the Kla-anch River, emptying into Karmutzen Lake, Vancouver Island; thence north ½ mile; thence east ½ mile; thence north ½ mile; thence east 3½ miles; thence south 2½ miles; thence west 3 miles; thence north ½ mile; thence west 1 mile; thence north 1 mile to point of commencement.

BRUNETTE SAWMILL CO. (Ltd.)
H. L. DEBECK, Manager.

New Westminster, B.C., Jan. 29, 1890. dja29m1

Land Registry Act.

In the Matter of a Portion of Section 16, Range 5 West, Block 5 North, in the District of New Westminster.

WHEREAS THE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE No. 3872a, of JAMES WILLIAM RUSSELL ROWLING to the above hereditaments has been lost or destroyed and application has been made to me for a duplicate thereof:

Notice is hereby given that such duplicate Certificate of Title will be issued by me at the expiration of one month from date unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me in writing.

T. C. TOWNLEY, District Registrar.

Land Registry Office, New Westminster, 12th Feb., 1890. dfe12m1

HORSES FOR SALE.

Saddle, Driving and Draught Horses. Also Brood Mares with Foals for Sale Cheap.

Horses can be seen at G. W. RASURE'S Sale Stables, adjoining Mrs. Gold's premises, Royal Avenue. dfeltc

Canadian Pacific Railway

PACIFIC DIVISION.

General Superintendent's Office.

CAUTION.

OWNERS AND MASTERS OF VESSELS AND other Craft navigating the Fraser River are cautioned to keep within the Buoys painted Red and White, respectively, at the Mission Bridge, as during the construction of the Bridge, navigation between the banks of the River and the Buoys is dangerous, owing to piles being driven there.

H. ABBOTT, General Superintendent.

Vancouver, B.C., 7th May, 1889. dmy8tc

For Sale.

A FARM OF 374 ACRES (WILL SUB-DIVIDE if required), including dwelling house, dairy with cellar; ice house; 3 chicken houses; pig pens; workshop and root cellar; granary; 2 frame barns, 72x60, and 64x60; good orchard in bearing. Half a mile from steamboat landing and about 1 mile from school and church. A self binder, mower, and all other implements can be bought with farm. Terms easy.

Also 15 dairy cows due to calve within a month; young cattle, 7 head horses, &c., &c.

Bad health reason for selling.

THOS. E. KITCHEN,
dwfe17m1 Chilliwack.

By Private Sale.---A Bargain.

I HAVE RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS FROM Mrs. A. M. JOHNSTONE, of Mud Bay, to dispose of her Homestead, which consists of 272 acres of Land, good Dwelling House, excellent Barn and Stabling for 40 head of stock, good Dairy and an abundance of Spring Water.

The property is situated on the sunny side of Mud Bay, the land is second to none anywhere, and parties wanting an investment for their capital cannot do better than take a look at this before investing elsewhere.

Stock and implements can go with Ranch if desired.

TERMS—One-third cash; balance to suit purchaser, at 8 per cent. per annum.

For further particulars apply to

T. J. TRAPP, New West.

Several other Farms at Langley and other parts of the District at private bargain.

dno18tc

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

Is the oldest and most popular scientific and mechanical paper published and has the largest circulation of any paper of its class in the world. Fully illustrated. Best class of Wood Engravings. Published weekly. Send for specimen copy. Price $3 a year. Four months' trial, $1. MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, N.Y.

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GENERAL OFFICE: 361 BROADWAY, N. Y.

WHO IS YOUR SHOEMAKER?

JAS. ROUSSEAU

Can fill the bill to a nicety, and supply everything in

FOOT GEAR!

From the Tiny Shoelet of the New Baby to the Brobdignagian Brogan of the Solid Rancher from Wayback.

Give him a Call.

81 COLUMBIA STREET, WESTMINSTER.

dwfeltc

LONDON MARKET.

FRONT STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

S. MANAHAN,

DEALER in ALL KINDS of FRESH and SALT MEAT

HAMS, BACON, SAUSAGE, BOLOGNAS, ETC.

dfeltc

British : Columbia : Meat : Market

Columbia Street, New Westminster.

Van * Volkenburgh * Bros.

WHOLESALE AND RETAL BUTCHERS.

MEAT PURVEYORS IN GENERAL. FRESH AND CORNED MEATS ALWAYS ON HAND.

Special lines quoted for the shipping trade. Family orders strictly attended to. Hotels will find it to their interest to place their orders with the above firm.

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C. McDONOUGH,

LUNDBOM'S BUILDING, FRONT ST.

DEALER in GENERAL MERCHANDISE

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AN EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, ETC.

Men's and Boy's Suits. Great Variety of Household Articles. Also, Grain, Seeds, Potatoes, Lime and General Stores.

N. B.—Farm Produce bought at market rates or sold on commission. Orders from the interior promptly attended to. dwfeltc

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

ESTATE OF

Charles M. McNaughten

(DECEASED).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL monies due this estate must be paid forthwith to Rand Bros., at this city, and all claims against the estate must be forwarded, duly proved, within three months, to the said Rand Bros. for payment.

SARAH MCNAUGHTEN, Executrix.
EDWIN RAND, Executor.

New Westminster, B. C., Dec. 10, 1889. ddec10m3

Stallions for Sale Cheap.

"VIDETTE A COCHER,"

REGISTERED IN C.C.H.S.B.; RISING 4 years, 16¾ hands, over 1,400 lbs; is sound every way; extra sure; seal brown, small star on forehead, no other white; magnificent carriage horse. Price, $1,200. Also,

"TAM O'SHANTER.

A Clydesdale, rising 6 years; 16 hands; 1,700 lbs.; star on forehead; sound; grand mover for his class; good pedigree, unregistered. Price, $500.

Both of above 7 times first prize winners and twice second in Ontario. Written guarantee with either of the above horses. Those who mean business and want good animals away down in price should apply at once for particulars to JOHN H. WATSON, Fire Hall, New Westminster, B.

THE DAILY COLUMBIAN

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 20, 1890.

Advertising Rates for the Daily.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.—First insertion, 10 cts. per line, solid nonpareil; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cts. per line each insertion.

STANDING ADVERTISEMENTS.—Professional or Business Cards (condensed), $2 per month. Special rates for general commercial advertising, according to space occupied and duration of contract.

AUCTION SALES, when displayed, charged 25 per cent. less than transient advts. If solid, charged at regular transient rates.

SPECIAL NOTICES among reading matter, 20 cts. per line each insertion. Specials inserted by the month at reduced rates.

Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1 for each insertion; Funeral notices in connection with deaths, 50 cts. each insertion.

Weekly Advertising Rates.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS—Each insertion, 10 cts. per line (solid nonpareil).

STANDING ADVERTISEMENTS.—Professional or Business Cards (condensed), $1.50 per month. Special rates for general trade advertising.

Special Notices, Births, Marriages and Deaths, same rates as Daily.

CUTS must be all metal, and for large cuts an extra rate will be charged.

Persons sending in advertisements should be careful to state whether they are to appear in the Daily Edition, or the Weekly, or both. A liberal reduction is made when inserted in both. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.

SUBSCRIBERS

Who do not receive their paper regularly, from the Carriers or through the Post Office, will confer a favor by reporting the same to the office of publication at once.

New Advertisements This Day.

Tenders Wanted.....R. P. Sharp

BIRTH.

WHYTE.—In this city, on the 19th February, the wife of John C. Whyte, of a son.

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL

Fresh Eastern Oysters just arrived at the Club. *tc

2 houses to rent, 5 and 10 rooms each. A. M. Herring, Druggist. *tc

The new Byron Roll Linen Collar, just received at Jas. Ellard & Co.'s. fe7tc

Remember the great hat sale now going on at Ogle, Campbell & Co's.—great bargains. *t3

Mr. James M. Wise has removed to his handsome new residence on Royal avenue.

The usual business was transacted last night at the Hyack Fire Company meeting.

The thermometer registered 13 degrees of frost last night, but the weather was simply delightful to-day.

Ten tons of iron pipes are lying on the C.P.N.Co.'s wharf awaiting transhipment to the McLaren-Ross mills.

Something Special. Goodall's Custard Blanc Mange and Egg Powders; 10 packages for $1 at W. & G. Wolfendens. *6t

THE COLUMBIAN job department is now in running order, and prepared to turn out first-class work of every description. *

Owing to the large sheets of ice in the river to-day the crossing in skiffs was both exciting and risky. No mishaps have been reported.

Now is your time to get a suit of clothes cheap. Making room for spring stock of tweeds direct from London, Eng.—Beggs & Heard. *tc

The str. K.deK. resumed her trips to Brownsville yesterday and to all appearance she danced the waves just as saucily and friskily as ever.

Mr. Richard P. Sharp, M.S.A., architect, is calling for tenders for the erection of a parish room, etc, for Bishop Sillitoe. Tenders must be in by March 1st.

The young man, Erne Miller, who was kicked by a horse yesterday afternoon during the Salvation army parade, is no better to-day, and it will probably be a week before he is able to return to work.

The str. Yosemite arrived from Victoria last evening with a large freight and a number of passengers. She left on the return trip shortly afterwards, taking 60 head of cattle and a large quantity of farm produce.

The market was almost bare of fish to-day, while the demand was exceedingly large. If the fishermen do not manage to keep the market well furnished it will be a blue lookout for those people who have made up their mind to observe the Lenten season as it is laid down in the rules of the Church.

A man named Alexander Ross appeared before the police magistrate this morning charged with being a vagrant, and to the surprise of everybody present he pleaded guilty. Even the magistrate was so taken aback with this unexpected candor that he only sentenced the man to a month's imprisonment.

The *Morning Gazette*, a new daily published for the first time this week at Sehome, Wash., has found its way to our table. The *Gazette* is a neat little four-page six-column journal, full of interesting local and editorial matter, and showing a good telegraph service. The new paper ought to succeed, as the growing cities on Bellingham Bay will soon be able to support two or three good dailies.

As an evidence of the persuasive powers of our February sunshine, a lusty dandelion in full bloom was laid on our table to-day by Mr. A. E. Hill, C. E., who plucked the blossom from a bank on his way down town. It will be sent east to excite the envy of the shivering mortals who are enjoying the height of the tobbogganing season, while "spring, gentle spring," is exciting the rural poet to a wild frenzy in the "gem of the west."

The game market shows signs of coming inactivity, and only a few pairs of ducks are left to tell the tale of a busy season. Never in the history of Westminster have so many wild geese and ducks been bought and sold as during the past season. Increased population accounts for this to a great extent, but the demand from outside points has also been very large. With the end of this month wild fowl will be prohibited on the market.

Some twenty members of the Knights of Pythias order went over to Vancouver from this city last evening to attend the dedication ceremonies of the fine K. of P. hall in the Dunn-Miller block. Nearly a hundred and fifty members of the order took part in the dedication, after which all repaired to the International Hotel, where an excellent spread was discussed. A pleasant evening was spent in toast drinking and speech making, and the Westminster contingent returned home this morning highly delighted with their entertainment.

Word was received yesterday that the Skidgate had broken her shaft and was drifting in the Gulf. The only boat on board was taken by the two men of the crew who came to this city for assistance. There are two men on board, the captain and another man, and considerable anxiety is felt as to their safety. The Etta White went out last evening to find the Skidgate and tow her back to the city. The boat is further imperilled by the heavy gale blowing on the Gulf. The Agnes, which was caught in it had to lie to in a cove for shelter.—*News-Advertiser.*

In accordance with one of the rules of the Order, the members of the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias in this city, turned out for annual public parade this afternoon. They gathered at Conlin's hall, Pandora street, at 3 p.m., and under command of Capt. Behnsen, were put through a very creditable drill. Headed by their band, the plumed Knights marched down Douglas to Fort street, on to Government and back to the hall, making a very brave show, the neat uniforms and shining swords setting off the manly forms of the marchers to perfection. Much attention was given the parade by the public.—*Yesterday's Times.*

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The New Y.M.C.A. Building.

The Y.M.C.A. Building committee held a very important meeting in Mr. D. S. Curtis' office last night. All were unanimously in favor of pushing the enterprise without delay and immediate steps will be taken to complete the canvass, when work on the building will be commenced. The following gentlemen compose the Building committee: J. S. Clute, president; T. M. Cunningham, secretary-treasurer; and Messrs. T. R. Pearson, John Reid, W. A. Duncan, D. S. Curtis, C. A. Davie.

Real Estate is Active.

Every day the real estate market is showing additional signs of activity, and sales of city property are being concluded almost every hour. There is a large quantity of land on sale at very reasonable prices, and the knowing ones are picking up good bargains in all parts of the townsite. During the last seven days Messrs. Major and Pearson have disposed of a little more than $20,000 worth of city property, and they have many more sales under arrangement. It is acknowledged that there will be an advance of fully 50 per cent this year in city property.

Bring Back the Ladders.

Chief Ackerman would feel indebted to the parties who borrowed the ladders from the ladder truck if they will return them forthwith, as there is no telling how soon they may be required. The truck has been standing opposite the Bank of British Columbia building for nearly two months, and the wonder is that any of the ladders are left. Three ladders are missing, and action will be taken against the persons in whose possession they are found if this notice fails to produce the desired effect. The brigade is certainly not very well equipped and it is rather a mean trick to deprive the Hyacks of a portion of their most necessary machinery.

Railway Visitors.

Mr. J. J. Donovan, chief engineer of the Fairhaven & Southern Railway, Mr. C. Larrabbe, vice-president of the same company, and Mr. W. P. Clough, of St. Paul, an official of the Manitoba road, arrived in the city last night on business in connection with the Southern railway. The visitors spent a couple of hours this morning looking over the city in company with Mr. T. J. Trapp and Mr. C. L. NcCammon C. E., who acted as guides in showing them all the sights. It is unnecessary to say they were more than pleased. Having completed their business the party left for Vancouver this afternoon to catch the str. Premier for Seattle. Mr. Donovan expects to visit Westminster again at an early date.

For Other Climes.

The intimation that the Chief of Police gave the vagrants and loose characters yesterday, that their room would be most acceptable to the city at large, was taken by them as a notice to quit. Four left yesterday afternoon, and six more bade adieu to the swamp and their friends this morning, four of them taking the road to Vancouver, where, no doubt, they will be given a grand reception by the police. There are only a few more idle characters in town, and these are being watched by the police, and on the first opportunity they also will be given notice to quit. Westminster is a bad place for tramps; the people don't appreciate them, and the police give them no rest.

Pretty Hard Lines.

It is considered pretty hard lines by the butchers when they are obliged to go outside of the Province to find their supply of mutton, and certainly it looks odd for a country like British Columbia, with its millions of acres of the finest grazing lands in the world, to be unable to raise a sufficient number of sheep to keep the market supplied the whole year round. Even the Oregon and Washington people have run short of mutton this year, and for fully a month the supply from these states has ceased. California has now been called upon to supply the demand, and last night the first consignment of mutton to reach the city in 30 days, came to hand, being consigned to Dickinson & Co., and S. Manahan. Only 22 carcasses arrived and these were taken up in a very short time.

An Interesting Report.

The report of the chief commissioner of lands and works of the Province of British Columbia, for the year ending 31st December, 1889, details the various public works that have been prosecuted during the year, together with the stage of advancement at which they have arrived. The list of tenders received and contracts awarded is also given. The return of the land transactions for the year gives 496 as the number of pre-emptions recorded, 587 certificates of purchase, 481 crown grants, 134,169 acres being deeded and 55,217 leased for timber cutting, the districts of New Westminster and Kootenay being the sections in which the greater number of transactions took place. As concerns timber statistics the Forestry Inspector's report gives the amount of royalties collected during the year as $21,227.28. The acreage of timber leased amounts to 179,224, the annual rental reaching $9,956.93. The quantity of timber cut is given as follows: Crown lands, 10,718,460; timber leases, 16,399,806; timber limits, 16,733,871. The licenses issued during the year having been—general 121, special 34. There are thirty lumber mills in operation, whose daily capacity—with the exception of the Evans, Coleman & Evans, the H. McCraney, the N. Hanson, the G. O. Buchanan, and the North Pacific Company, the figures of which are not given—is 1,089,060.

OTTAWA NEWS.

Public and Press Excluded to Make Room for a Hot Debate.

[*From Our Own Correspondent.*]

OTTAWA, Feb. 20.—The doors of the House were not opened to the public or press until 3:55 this afternoon. The reasons were the claims of several members that the ventilation of the present house is defective, and that a new hall should be erected. An enlivened discussion arose, and many hard words were said.

Hon. Peter Mitchell claimed that all seats should be free to the public except those on the floor of the house and the press galleries. He objected to the system of issuing tickets by the speaker, the sergeant-at-arms and others. Questions by members are now being read and answered.

Hon. Peter Mitchell is to resume the debate on the dual language question.

Loss of the Reduction Works.

Letters received from Barkerville state that the blaze which destroyed the Reduction Works is supposed to have originated from a fire which had been made outside the buildings to thaw out a water pipe. The party in charge says he took the precaution to throw water over the fire and to effectually put it out, as he thought, but as there had been no other fire in that part of the works for three days it must have blazed up again and set the buildings on fire.

The result of the tests which had been made were very satisfactory and everybody was naturally in high spirits over the prospect of a ten stamp mill being erected at once and a boom in mining development generally. The loss of the works has naturally caused a corresponding reaction and depression of spirits. Portions of the work are believed not to be injured but the cost of rebuilding and placing them in working order will be over $15,000.—*Times.*

A BOLD BURGLARY.

Two Hundred Dollars Worth of Watches Stolen from a Front St. Store this Morning.

One of the boldest and most extensive burglaries committed in Westminster in a long time was accomplished at an early hour this morning. The store burglarized was that of Mr. John E. Lord, on Front street. At 3 o'clock this morning Constable Anderson passed down Front street and at that time everything was quiet, and Mr. Lord's show window was intact. He proceeded as far as the Merchant's Hotel, returning by Columbia and Begbie to Front street. On reaching Mr. Lord's store at exactly 3:30 o'clock, the constable noticed that the window had been broken and a number of watches abstracted. He quickly alarmed the young man who sleeps over the store, and an investigation followed. It was found that a number of watches and other jewelry, to the value of $250 had been abstracted, but no further trace of the burglar could be found. The burglary was very neatly executed, and everything connected with it tends to show that the robber was an expert. A diamond was used to cut the window glass, the piece knocked inwards with a sharp tap, and there lay the watches as convenient to the hand as if there had never been a glass in the window. It was only the work of a few seconds to gather up the articles and make off with them. The whole time occupied in committing the burglary probably did not exceed two minutes.

Constable Carty, whose round is on Columbia street, was informed of the occurrence, and he, with Constable Anderson promptly paid a visit to the Swamp, and searched all suspected cabins. Nothing was found, however, and the searchers after leaving no doubtful spot unvisited returned to their beats. Chief Pearce had the case in hand to-day, and he hopes to run the burglar to earth.

The fact that Mr. Lord repeatedly left valuable watches in the show window, would make it appear that he courted burglary, but, of course, he did not, and left the goods there feeling that they were perfectly safe, especially as the street is constantly patrolled. Chief Pearce says he has frequently warned Mr. Lord to remove the watches from the window at night, but the warning was unheeded, with the result that much valuable property has been stolen.

Three of the cases in which the stolen watches lay were found this forenoon, one on Front street, another on McKenzie and the last at the corner of Mary and Columbia streets. The burglar evidently did not wish to be encumbered with useless baggage. Word of the burglary has been telegraphed all over the country, and there are good chances of the guilty party being caught.

PERSONAL.

Mayor Brown, who has been at the capital for two or three days past, on civic business principally, arrived home this afternoon.

Dr. Garrow, a former well-known resident of this city, now practising in Victoria, took a run over to the Royal City yesterday and returned the same day.

Mr. Geo. Currie, father of Mr. Wm. Currie (of the firm of Reid & Currie), of this city, who has been visiting a few months in Westminster, left for his home in Ontario, Tuesday.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

Wednesday's Proceedings.

Mr. Speaker took the chair at 2:15 p. m.

Prayers by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge.

Col. Baker rose to a question of privilege and said he had been misreported in the *Colonist's* report of Tuesday's proceedings in reference to the Indians of Kootenay. He had said that the Indian reserve at Kootenay would revert to the province in case of the Indians dying out; not that the Indians were dying out now.

Mr. Cunningham presented the petition of G. de Wolf and W. Crickmay, asking permission to incorporate to use the waters of Seymour and other creeks to generate electricity.

Mr. Martin presented a petition from E. E. Scott, asking for mining and water privileges opposite Yale, from the Okanagon and Kootenay Railway and the Vancouver Water Works Company, applying for incorporation.

The petition of Robert Dexter was read and received.

The petition of the City of Vancouver re amendments to incorporation was read and received.

Mr. Speaker said this petition was almost irregular enough to be ruled out of order as it was not signed.

The petition from J. A. Johnson and others, re construction of a bridge across the Chilcoten River, was ruled out of order as it asked for an appropriation.

The petitions of the Nelson and Kootenay Railway, West Kootenay Railway and South Kootenay Railway were read and received.

The petition of the Fraser River Gold Gravel Syndicate Co. was read and received.

Mr. Smith asked leave to introduce a Bill intitled an "Act to amend the 'Homestead Act.'"

Bill read a first time and second reading set for Friday next.

Mr. Duck moved, seconned by Mr. Martin, the following resolution:

That a select committee be appointed to enquire into the claim of Robert Dexter when employed as foreman on the cofferdam at Esquimalt, between the 1st November, 1878, and the 31st July, 1879; said committee to be composed of Messrs. Martin, Allen, Grant, Orr, and the mover, and to have power to call for persons and papers to report to this House. Carried.

Mr. Smith asked leave to withdraw the following resolution for the present, as there was some mistake in it. That the House resolve itself into Committee of the Whole to consider the following resolution:

"That it is desirable to impose a license fee upon every person engaged in the business of buying or selling deer skins, of one hundred and fifty dollars for every six months." Leave granted.

House went into adjourned committee on the Bush Fire Bill, Mr. Cowan in the chair. Hon. John Robson made some telling points on the question of half the fine to the informer. He said that the very fact of this regulation would prevent many men from informing as they would be ashamed to take the money; and if they did get it would give it to some charity and be compelled to have it published in the newspapers to set himself right before the people of his district. The entire fine in his opinion should go into the provincial treasury.

Mr. Haslam said that last year a party of ministers of the gospel started a big fire in the woods. Hon. John Robson—What? Mr. Haslam reiterated his statement and said it was not done through ignorance of the law, but gross carelessness.

Hon. John Robson said the government would be asked to make a vote for the purpose of carrying out extensive exploratory expeditions and for setting out timber lands as opposed to lands suitable for settlement. He had not said, as several honorable gentlemen seemed to have thought, that the government would appoint bush rangers. Such a service was possible under the circumstances that would be brought about after the explorations mentioned above had been completed. He did not think this bill could be carried out at present.

Committee rose and reported the bill complete with amendments. The bill will be considered at next sitting of the house.

Mr. Cunningham asked leave to introduce a bill to incorporate the Pacific Coast Fire Insurance Company. Bill read a first time and referred to the committee on standing orders and private bills.

Mr. Ladner moved the second reading of the Supreme Court Amendment Bill.

Hon. Mr. Pooley said he thought there would be no objection to this amendment if Mr. Ladner's own constituents were agreeable.

Mr. Ladner said that a big majority of his constituents had requested this action and he was satisfied the community would benefit largely.

Bill read a second time and sent to committee, Mr. Anderson in the chair. Committee rose and reported bill complete without amendments. Report will be considered at next sitting of the house. The amendment reads subjection c of sec. 36 is hereby amended by striking out the word "May" in the second line thereof, and inserting in lieu thereof the word "June."

Hon. John Robson brought down the report of the Minister of Mines.

Mr. Speaker read the following ruling: I find that the bill to enable the trustees of the Royal Columbian Hospital to sell certain properties and dispose of the proceeds thereof was out of order, not having been introduced by a message from the Lieut.-Governor. It must either come in on a message from the Lieut.-Governor or as a private bill. The bill No. 22 entitled an Act to enable the Trusiees of the Royal Columbian Hospital to sell certain lands and to provide for the appropriation of the proceeds thereof, proposes to amend or continue an act passed at the last session of this House, which act was introduced by message from the Lieut.-Governor. "May" 8th edition, page 713, divides private bills into two classes. To the first of these classes is relegated bills affecting Crown, church, corporacion property or property held in trust for public or charitable purposes, and bills for continuing or amending until passed for any of the purposes included in this or the second class, when no further work than such as was authorized by some former act is proposed to be made. The bill before me seeks te enable the trustees of the Royal Columbian Hospital to sell certain Crown lands held for charitable purposes and to provide for the appropriation of the proceeds thereof. Moreover, it proposes to amend or extend the powers conferred by an act of last session, which act was introduced by a member of the Government upon the authority of a message from the Lieut.-Governor. Moreover, the act of last session "to authorise and facilitate the sale of the site of the Royal Columbian Hospital" having a similar scope as this bill, was also introduced by message from the Lieut.-Governor. In its present form I am of opinion that the bill must be ruled out of order, in other words, it must come in as a private bill or be introduced by message from the Lieut.-Governor.

House adjourned at 4:30 p.m. until 2 p.m. next day.

NOTICES OF QUESTION.

By Hon. Mr. Beaven—That on 21st February, 1890, I shall ask the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works the following question: Has a grant been issued by the Dominion Government of any land reserved for the use of the Indians. If so, what are the particulars?

By Mr. Orr—On Friday next I shall ask the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works the following question: What security if any did the San Francisco Bridge Co. give to the Government of the Province of British Columbia for the completion of the bridges on the North Arm of the Fraser River, in accordance with the plans and specifications?

W.C.T.U. Weekly Meeting.

The W.C.T.U. weekly meeting was held yesterday afternoon at the residence of the president, Mrs. Jas. Cunningham, ten ladies being present. The meeting opened with singing and prayer. The subject chosen for discussion was hygiene, and the superintendent of that department being present was called upon to open the subject and responded by reading an excellent article from the *Union Signal* of December the 26th ult., which was then freely discussed in all its bearings. Many valuable and important features were brought forward and it was decided that cleanliness and good wholesome diet were the two most important agents of good health, ill-smelling drains, sinks or waste holes of all kinds, being unanimously condemned as especially productive of disease and ill-health; examples being given of the great need of extreme cleanliness and the free use of disinfectants in and about such places. Physical cleanliness and purity was also a very prominent part of the discussion and it was strongly recommended that frequent ablutions and changes of garments be especially regarded as a sure means of inducing a good state of hygiene.

A resolution was made to the effect that the Union obtain and distribute literature on this subject. Meeting adjourned.—COM.

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When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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Cabbage,	"	2 00	@	0 00
Onions,	"	3 00	@	0 00
Wheat	"	1 50	@	0 00
Oats,	"	1 50	@	0 00
Peas,	"	1 25	@	1 50
Hay, per ton		12 00	@	14 00
Butter, rolls, per lb		0 25	@	0 30
Cheese,	"	0 14	@	0 00
Eggs, per doz		0 25	@	0 00
Cordwood, retail, per cord		3 50	@	4 00
Coal, retail, per ton		8 50	@	0 00
Apples, per box		2 25	@	0 00
Hides, green, per 100 lb		3 00	@	0 00
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Flour, retail, per bbl		5 50	@	6 50

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TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO noon, Saturday, March, 1st, for the erection of a Parish room, etc., on Church street, for the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of New Westminster.

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Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

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Architect.

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20th February, 1890. d3t

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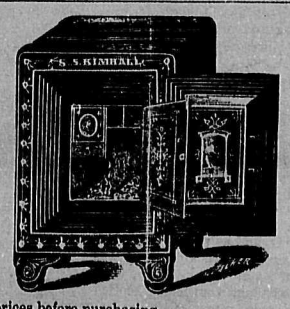
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