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A WILD TORNADO

Sweeps Over Louisville, Kentucky, and Levels a Large Section of the City.

Eight Hundred Lives are Estimated to have been Lost, Including Many Children.

The Tornado Visits Other Parts and Everywhere Causes Widespread Destruction.

A Terrible Disaster.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Mar. 28.—A tornado struck Louisville at 7:30 o'clock last evening. It started at the south-eastern portion of the city at Seventh street and swept away a path five blocks wide diagonally, tracking a ragged line to Seventeenth street and levelling every building in its course. Probably 2500 houses were destroyed, and a rough estimate puts the number of people killed at five hundred, while there are many thousands injured. The city is in a craze, and the inhabitants are wildly seeking relatives and friends. A large force of men is at work on the ruins, and about one hundred bodies have been recovered. It is impossible at the present moment to give any names of the killed. The buildings on Main street from Eighth to Fourteenth streets, are in ruins, not one of the handsome wholesale houses being left standing on Market street. The city hall building was prostrated while several Masonic and Knights of Honor Lodges were in session, and one hundred men and women were buried in the ruins. Every other house on Market, Jefferson and Walnut streets between Tenth and Sixteenth streets is in ruins. Parkland, a suburb, is swept away. At the Union depot at the foot of Seventh street in this city, a Chesapeake and Ohio train was just leaving when the storm struck the building carrying it down on the train. All the passengers were rescued, however, with but slight injuries, except one newsboy who was badly hurt.

The Great Tornado.

INDIANAPOLIS, Mar. 28.—Wm. Robertson, of this city, conductor of the Jeffersonville, Madison and Indianapolis road, left Louisville about 9 o'clock and, by bringing his train over the Ohio & Mississippi track, avoided the obstruction on his own road which was caused by trees blowing across the track, and got his train into Indianapolis at 3:15 this morning. He gives a graphic story of the main points of the disaster, and says that in all probability fully 800 lives have been lost. Mr. Robertson says he was at supper in the Metropolitan Hotel at exactly eight o'clock, when there was a crashing and roaring on the outside and the diners made a rush for the street. Once there they were confronted by additional terrors, for the air was full of flying bricks and signs and roofs, and to add to the horror of the occasion everything was inky darkness, but only for a moment. The roaring, crashing sound seemed to pass on into the darkness, and in the track left by it there sprang up in every direction long tongues of flame, by which the scene could be examined. Then from the masses of ruins which the flames lighted up, came shrieks and sobs and moans. The confusion caused by the tornado was soon succeeded by that of people running to and fro, and wagons and fire engines running over the debris with which the streets were strewn. For a time everybody seemed paralized with fear, and apparently in doubt whether to flee or to wait for whatever fate had in store for them. The work of rescue at once began, and along the part of the town in which Robertson was the sidewalks were soon piled high with crushed, mangled, wounded and dead victims of the storm's wrath. Wagons of all kinds were pressed into service, and the dead and wounded were hauled as rapidly as the darkness and confused condition of the streets would permit to houses outside the path of the tornado. Robertson remaind in town but an hour after the storm struck it, and consequently had but a limited opportunity for observation. What he saw was sufficient to show that when the full extent of the catastrophe is known it will be one of the worst in the nation's history. The storm came from the south-west, and seems to have been a veritable tornado. The force of the wind was hardly felt above the Galt House, but below that so far as could be seen by the light of the blazing ruins, everything was laid flat on the earth. In Main Hall a dance was in progress at the time and it is believed that fully 300 lost their lives in this building alone. The sheds at Seventh street depot were blown down, covering the Louisville and Southern trains, which were made up, and injuring a large number of people, the street cars were blown from the tracks in many cases, and crushed against walls of buildings, and before Robertson left a large number of wounded who had received injuries in this way were already reported. When the fire broke out in the ruins of 7th street a man and his wife and little girl were seen wedged under the debris, and although they shrieked and moaned and the spectators used almost heroic efforts to release them, it was impossible and they slowly burned to death. In presence of helpless hundreds none of those who came through on Jeffersonville, Madison and Indianapolis trains could estimate the extent of the disaster, but everywhere that the fire served as a beacon light, everything seemed swept clean in the streets, through which passengers passed to reach the depot. There were dead and dying and from the known facts and floating rumors there was reason to believe that the number of dead would reach fully a thousand.

Awful Desolation.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 28. — Such desolation no city has known during this century. Every building and telegraph pole within the stricken district is levelled. The cyclone was predicted by the signal service bulletin yesterday afternoon, but no heed was paid to the warning. The storm came with scarcely a warning, and the inhabitants were engaged in their usual avocations when their homes were destroyed. The district laid waste in the city comprises an area three miles long by nearly half a mile wide.

Heaps of Dead.

LOUISVILLE, March 28.—Mrs. Charles Hasson, Rev. N. Bennett, pastor of St. James' Episcopal Church, one child and fifteen unidentified bodies are lying in a heap near the ruins. At the city hall other heaps of bodies are seen and all over the city many bodies have been taken away by friends. Hundreds of wounded have been taken to their homes and to the hospitals, and all of the physicians in the city are engaged in attending them. At 8 o'clock last night seven fires were in progress, but they were all extinguished before much damage was done. No trains have arrived from Cincinnati, Lexington, or the south since yesterday afternoon. All the roads with the exception of the Pennsylvania have been compelled to suspend operations. The tornado crossed the river from this city striking Jeffersonville, Ind., and badly wrecking Front Street, but causing no loss of life.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Hundreds Buried.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Mar. 28.—The greatest loss occurred at Fall City Hall, which stood in the centre of the devastated area. Seventy-five children with their parents were in the lower room of the building where the little ones were taking dancing lessons, and it is said at least 125 persons were on the lower floors and 75 to 100 were on the upper floors attending lodge meeting at the time the wind storm struck the building. The entire structure in a twinkling was a shapeless mass and hundreds of victims are buried under the ruins.

Chicago Gets It.

CHICAGO, March 28.—The storm that set in last evening is still raging at 11 o'clock, with almost unabated fury, the high wind and blinding snow making pedestrianism almost impossible. Lake Michigan is in a fury, the famous North Shore drive upon which many palatial mansions are located is being rapidly swept away.

Wiped Out.

CINCINNATI, Mar. 28—A late despatch states that the tornado struck the town of Bowling Green and completely wiped it out. The loss of life is conjectured large.

The Budget Speech.

OTTAWA, Mar. 27.—The budget speech was delivered to-day by Hon. G. E. Foster, the Minister of Finance. The tariff changes are radical. Mr. Foster reviewed the condition of business in Canada, and regarded the outlook as favorable. After referring to the fast Atlantic and Pacific steamship services, he gave the estimated revenue for the current year at $39,200,000, and the expenditure at $36,700,000, and the prospective surplus at $2,500,000. Taking up the tariff question, he argued that the policy of protection should be continued. He argued that this was the policy that won the victory last year for the Republican party of the United States. The tariff regulation embraces an interpretation clause, and cancels all orders-in-council which constitute decisions on tariff matters. Scores of articles, including raw materials which are not produced in Canada, are allowed to enter free of duty, but the tendency is towards increased protection. The leading tariff changes are as follows: Fancy boxes, from 30 to 35 per cent; paints, the duties increased considerably; window glass, free; ornamental glass, reduced from 35 to 25 per cent; gloves and mits, increased from 30 to 35 per cent.; wall papers and hangings, a general reduction; dry plates for photographers, from 15 to 9 cents; stereotype plates for newspapers, duty collected by the square inch instead of by weight, meaning an increase; brass and copper wires, formerly free, now 15 per cent; covered wire 25 to 35 per cent.

The duty on wool is increased from 7½ to 10 cents per pound, the duties on spirits and alcohol are slightly increased and re-arranged, but it practically implies no increase of the duties on proof strength. Straw and woolen hats are increased to 5 per cent.; fur and felt hats, an increase of $1.50 per dozen, and 20 per *ad valorem;* formerly it was 25 per cent. The flour duty increased from 50 cents to 76 cents per barrel. Increases also take place on cheese, butter, etc.; pork and mess pork, from 1 cent to 1½ cents per pound; salt pork and fresh meat from 1 and 2 cents to a uniform duty of 3 cents; prepared meats from 2 to 3 cents per pound; lard, from 2 to 3 cents per pound; untried lard, ½ cent to 2 cents per pound; live hogs and sheep, 20 to 30 per cent. *ad valorem;* corn used for human food, a rebate of 90 per cent off the existing duty; corn grown for ensilage purposes, free of duty; molasses reduced uniformly one-half with modified testing regulations as well; fruits, plants and shrubs, formerly free, will be charged the same duty as was collected under the old tariff. On berries the duty is increased 3 to 4 cents per pound. Bananas and wild blueberries are on the free list.

Mining machinery not manufactured in Canada to be allowed on the free list for 3 years, provided such machinery is not manufactured in Canada. Steel, iron or other parts for iron and steel ships free.

United States Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 26—In the House to-day the bill providing for the admission of Wyoming as a State was made a special order, with the understanding that the previous question is to be considered as ordered at 1 o'clock to-morrow. The bill will then be debated until the adjournment.

The Senate spent the day in consideration of the Anti-Trust Bill. Mr. Ingalls made a strong speech in support of his amendment, imposing a tax on dealing in options. The amendments were adopted as follows: Extending the provisions of the bill to stocks and bonds; to boots and shoes, lead and lumber; to woolen goods and whiskey and all kinds of intoxicating drinks. The motion to refer the bill and amendments to the committee on Friday was rejected. A motion by Mr. Vest to increase the license for dealers in options to $10,000 was adopted. The bill was then reported to the Senate, the consideration having been in committee of the whole, and the Senate adjourned.

The House Committee on Agriculture to-day authorized a favorable report on the bill introduced in the House by Mr. Butterworth, defining "options" and "futures," and imposing special taxes on dealers therein. The bill was reported with several amendments.

London Notes.

LONDON, Mar. 26.—General Van Caprivi will act only temporarily as Prussian Foreign Minister. The *Chronicle* says that Herr Von Alvensleben has been appointed Imperial Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

The Emperor has permitted Prince Bismarck to retain the title of Prince, with the title of Duke of Lauenberg as a second distinction. The Prince will be addressed as His Serene Highness.

The *Post* learns that the Emperor is annoyed on account of the exaggerated reports which have been circulated in regard to his criticisms during his official visit with the officers of the General Staff. These reports have led to a rumor that Count Von Waldersee, the Chief of Staff, would be transferred, but the rumor is unwarranted.

The *Exter Gazette* has tendered Mr. Parnell an apology for its action in republishing, from day to day, as they came out, the charges made by the *Times* that the Irish leader connived at crime. Mr. Parnell, who had begun a suit against the *Gazette* for libel, has accepted the apology as satisfactory and will cause the legal proceedings to be dropped.

The extensive dry docks at Lübeck were burned to-day. Much shipping was endangered, but most of the vessels were got out of the reach of the flames unharmed.

The *Daily News'* Odessa correspondent says that there is some talk in official circles of appointing an Imperial commission to enquire into the abuses of the penal administration in Siberia.

The *Post*, in a leading article on the improvement of the navigation on the St. Lawrence River, congratulates Canadians upon the commercial future soon to be opened for them by the completion of a work which will make the St. Lawrence one of the greatest trading ways of the world.

Nobby suitings and trouserings just arrived at J. S. Manson's. tfc

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

The Establishment of a Dominion Health Department.---Lundy's Lane.---The Rykert Timber Scandal.---The Westminster--Victoria Mail Service.---Senator McInnes' Gaelic Bill.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, March 17.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

On Monday last Hon. Mr. Bowell read to the House two letters—one from J. Stewart Tupper and the other from Hugh J. Macdonald—denying any connection on their part with the "Rykert Cypress Hills timber limit deal." Mr. Rykert then read several letters and telegrams he had forwarded, and the replies to the same.

Mr. Roome moved, "That, in the opinion of this House, the time has come when the Federal Government should establish a Health Department with a responsible head, presided over by a Minister or Deputy-Minister, for the purpose of preventing the spread of disease, collecting mortuary statistics, and educating the people, as far as possible, in all health and sanitary matters."

He said: "Hardly any thought has been given to the importance of rescuing many persons from untimely graves, by preventing the spread of epidemics. While we are proud of our laws, which protect our lives from murder and the assassin, and protect our property from the robber, we have scarcely any protection against the spread of those zymotic diseases which are constantly amongst us. It is not the numerical population which constitutes the strength of a nation, but it is the physical and mental development as well. In In our neighboring republic they have established at Washington a National Board of Health, and almost every state has its State Board of Health—Florida was an exception, and remember the dreadful scourge of yellow fever they had there two years ago. They then established a State Board of Health. Let us take warning from Florida, and not let our young and prosperous Dominion be caught in a similar position if an epidemic should approach our shores."

General Laurier spoke next, endorsing the motion, and was followed by Dr. Platt, who said: "I believe it to be the duty of the Government to establish on a firm basis a department for the collection of such statistics as sanitarians wish to use, mortuary statistics of themselves are not sufficient; we want vital statistics, we want reports of births and marriages, of epidemics and of the ravages of preventable diseases throughout the country. I trust the time has gone by when the Parliament of Canada will treat lightly such an important question as that now under discussion."

Mr. Sproule was the next speaker. He said: "I recognize that it is as much the duty of the state to protect life from these diseases as it is from the dagger of the assassin."

Sir John asked the mover to withdraw his resolution and proposed to have a convention, to which the Federal Government would ask the several Provincial Governments to send representatives for the purpose of endeavoring to frame some united plan for exercising the various powers conferred upon them by the constitution in such a manner that they could unite in one system, and carry it out as efficiently and unexpensively as possible.

RYKERT'S TIMBER LIMITS.

On Tuesday Sir Richard Cartwright moved a resolution, covering nearly three columns of the *Hansard*, re the J. K. Rykert timber limit affair. He said: "It appears to me that it was the duty of the Government of Canada to have taken this matter into their own hands. The question really amounts to this: Is this House of Commons, from this time forth, to be considered a place of assembly where the representatives of the people are to meet and discuss matters affecting the welfare of the community, or is it become, from this time out, a sort of happy hunting ground for needy and unscrupulous adventurers? I consider that the facts disclosed in the case of the honorable member for Lincoln show that it is a very bad case. This transaction, after all, is only a sort of peak on which the hon. member for Lincoln stands, but a peak below which lies, perhaps, a mountain range of still undiscovered, but yet undeveloped, rascality. I say this whole correspondence, from start to finish, reeks of corruption at every pore. The order in council granted to Mr. John Adams this large tract of land for the sum of $5 per square mile, which he afterwards sold for $2,000 per square mile. No tenders were called for."

Mr. Rykert said: "I am compelled to make my statement and my defense in answer in answer to the charges made by the honorable member for South Oxford, and then, unfortunately for myself, I am compelled to withdraw from the House until judgment is passed on the resolution he has offered. I desire that everything that I have done should be carefully weighed by this Parliament. I am desirous that the whole matter should be fully investigated and probed to the very bottom. My whole record shows my consistency as a public man. I know this much, that the honorable gentleman (Sir Richard Cartwright) stood convicted before the people as being one of the most corrupt men who ever sat upon the floor of the Parliament. I have not violated the Independence of Parliament Act, I have done nothing of which I am ashamed, and I have done nothing that would cause my suspension or expulsion from the House. The hon. gentleman (Sir Richard Cartwright) must stand or fall by the proposition which he has put before the House."

Hon. Mr. Mills said: "For what purpose does the honorable gentlemen (Mr. Rykert) ask a committee? I hope that the Government will neither postpone the debate nor refer the matter to a committee, but that they will deal with the question courageously and honestly, upon its merits. It seems to me that there ought to be no differences of opinion on the two sides of the House with regard to this matter. The character of the House is involved; and the confidence which the country has in public men is involved. I do not think it is desirable to let the honorable gentleman down by degrees, and to get rid of the question by postponement."

Mr. White (Renfrew), Mr. Charlton, Mr. Tisdale, Hon. Mr. Bowell, Hon. Mr. Davies, Mr. Macdonald, Mr. Bergin, Mr. McMullen, Mr. Hickey and Mr. Weldon also spoke on the subject.

The House then decided, on motion by Sir John Thompson, to adjourn the debate, by a vote of, yeas 94, nays 72. Messrs. Barnard, Earle, Mara and Prior voted in favor of the motion. Mr. Gordon was absent.

On Wednesday, Mr. Wilson referred to the article that appeared in the Glasgow *North British Daily Mail*, and wanted to know if the Government's attention had been called to it. The article describes the condition of Crofters at Pelican Lake, and states that they are starving.

Hon. Mr. Dewdney in reply said; "That the Government's attention had not been called to the article, but that Mr. Bryce, of Winnipeg, in a letter states the article is a tissue of falsehood."

LUNDY'S LANE.

Mr. Ferguson moved: That, in the opinion of this House, it is expedient that the Government of the Dominion should take steps as soon as possible to enquire how best to honor and perpetuate the memory of the men who lost their lives in defending their country at the battle of "Lundy's Lane," and to preserve from desecration their last resting place in the military cemetery at Niagara Falls, in accordance with the prayer of the petitions presented to this House."

He said: "I would ask the indulgence of the House while I make a few historical references with regard to the war of 1812. When war was declared, there were no people in Canada who took such an active part and energetic steps to defend the country and resist invasion as the people of French Canada. I desire to give you the last words of that celebrated soldier General Brock, after he fell in ascending Queenston Heights, 'Never mind me; push on the York volunteers.' There is no place during the war of 1812-13-14 where a battle took place in which the volunteers were so well represented as at Lundy's Lane. I think I can appeal with confidence to this House and to this country to take some means suitably to perpetuate their memory, and to mark with honor the resting place of those who fought in the battle of Lundy's Lake.

Mr. Hickey said: "Sympathizing, as I do, with the mover of this motion, in the motion itself and with the words he has uttered, I wish to endorse most sincerely his arguments and his prayer. I would like to see monuments erected on all our battlefields, not only on account of the national sentiments they would engender, but also to reflect the gratitude of the people over the graves of those who sleep in honor, though under the unhallowed grass of a neglected cemetery."

Mr. Denison said: "After the eloquent speeches of the mover of the motion and of the honorable gentleman who has just taken his seat, I intend to occupy the time of the House but a few moments while I add a word endorsing this resolution. I hope this House will in its wisdom see fit to do something towards the object mentioned and deserved in the motion.

Mr. Edgar thought while it would be well for the Government to give a small sum towards the objects, voluntary contribution from the people should be given.

Mr. Cook said: "I am in much sympathy with the proposition made by the honorable member for Welland. I believe it is in the interests of the country that we should mark with some monument the place where lies the dust of the heroes of the battle fought at Lundy's Lane."

Sir Adolph Caron said: "I must say (and it is a very great pleasure to me to be able to give testimony to the House on this point) that these deeds of our forefathers, these memorable acts of valor which were displayed on this battlefield, and so many others in Canada, are every day attracting more and more the attention of the Canadian people. I am on of those who believe that people which has a history is a fortunate people, and I believe it is the bounden duty of every man, who feels in his heart a love for his country, that he should by every means in his power contribute to give to that history all the lustre it can properly acquire by being transmitted from generation to generation, as an example to those who will follow us, and who will learn from these deeds of valor the acts of patriotism which those who fought at Lundy's Lane, and at other battles, have handed down to posterity—we ought to have monuments, I think, on the Burlington Heights, at Amherstburg, at Lundy's Lane at Stony Creek, at Chysters Farm, at Chauteauguay, at Beaver Dam, at Odelltown, at Lacolle, and at Montreal to Maisonneuve, the founder of that city."

AN OFFSET TO HEAVY DUTIES ASKED.

Mr. Eisseneauer moved, "That, whereas the Dominion of Canada in 1878 received four and a half millions of dollars from the United States for the use of our fisheries, the interest on which from 1878 to 1889 amounts to about two millions; and whereas the Dominion has paid as bounty to the fishermen since 1882 $1,059,000; leaving about one million in the treasury of the interest on said $4,500,000, and whereas the manufacturers of pig iron were allowed a bounty of $1.50 per ton from 1883 to 1886, and a further bounty of $1. per ton from 1886 to 1889; and whereas our fish are subject to heavy duties in the West Indies and the United States, to which countries the largest portions of our fish are exported. Resolved, that, in view of the foregoing facts, it is, in the opinion of this House, expedient that the Government should increase the bounty now allowed over fishermen in that proportion to the increase allowed on pig iron, and thereby, to some extent compensate them for the heavy duties on their fish in foreign markets."

He said: "There are 61,000 employed in the fisheries, the yield being about 17½ millions in 1888. The pig iron industry gives employment to 750 men, and the value of the product is only $837,000.

General Laurier, Mr. Ellis, Mr. Kirk, and Mr. Kenny also spoke on the subject.

Mr. Brown's Pigeon Shooting Bill then came up for discussion, Messrs. Davin, Armstrong, Brown, McNeill, Guilbet, Freeman, and Tisdale spoke on the question. The House then resumed the debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Taylor, for the second reading of Bill (No. 8) "An Act to prohibit the Incorporation and migration of Foreigners and Aliens under contract or Agreement to Perform Labor in Canada."

Sir John Macdonald said: "I do not think it is desirable that this bill should be adopted, although the legislation on the other side has been extremely unfriendly. I do not believe that we ought to imitate the legislation of the United States. We require a large influx of settlers to occupy our great west."

Hon. Peter Mitchell, Hon. Mr. Davies, and Mr. Gillmour, also opposed the motion.

THE NEW BUILDINGS.

The new departmental building on Wellington street has already cost $608,096.70. Mr. Charlebois, the contractor for the building, has put in claims for extras amounting to $393,954.19, but Sir Hector Langevin says, is willing to reduce his claims to $200,000. The question is how many hundreds of thousands of dollars did Mr. Charlebois want to make out of the contract when he first entered his claim? Mr. Garth wants $9,233 for apparatus. Mr. Fenson, for elevators, claims $3,015. All this brings the total amounts in as follows: Building, $608,096.70; Charleboris, $200,000; Garth, $9,233; Fenson, $3,015; total, $820,344.70.

OUR MAIL SERVICE.

The House in supply voted $17,640 for steam service between San Francisco and Victoria, B. C.

Mr. Mara said: "I notice that an item for mail communication between New Westminster and Victoria has been dropped. Is it intended to place that amount in the supplementary estimated?"

Mr. Foster replied: "That is an amount which heretofore has been paid for mail service by that route. The Postmaster-general, in accordance with an agreement made last year, is allowing a certain rate out of postal revenue, and that amount will be paid to the vessel. I will take up the case and submit it to my colleagues before the supplementary estimates are brought down.

THE SENATE.

On Monday the Keefer divorce bill received its second reading. Also the "Deceased Wife's Amendment Bill," and the "Patent Act Amendment Bill."

On Tuesday, Hon. Mr. McInnes (B. C.) moved that his bill, "The Gaelic Language Bill," be restored to the orders of the day. The motion was agreed to, and the second reading is to take place on the 19th instant.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE DAILY COLUMBIAN
PUBLISHED
Every Afternoon Except Sunday
—BY—
Kennedy Brothers
At their Steam Printing Establishment, cor. Columbia Street and Lytton Square.

BY MAIL:
One Year.....$8 00
Six Months.....4 50
Three Months.....2 50
DELIVERED IN THE CITY:
One Year.....$10 00
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Per Month.....1 00
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Payment to be made in advance.

THE WEEKLY COLUMBIAN
ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING.
One Year.....$2 00
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THE DAILY COLUMBIAN
FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 28, 1890.

THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

As the public are aware new developments have transpired in Southern Railway matters. Mr. Bennett, the head of the enterprise, has announced his desire to relinquish the $150,000 bonus for the railway, the promised bonus of $100,000 for the bridge, the grant of the so-called "pleasure grounds," and the 400 acre grant on Lulu Island, and wishes, on the other hand to be released from the obligation of building the main bridge over the Fraser, the bridge across the North Arm to Lulu Island, the construction of the workshops on that Island, and the fulfilment of the other conditions on which the grant was made. After making a clean sweep of the old agreements, Mr. Bennett asks the city to place at his disposal Lytton Square for a station, twelve water lots in front of the Square for railway purposes, the strip of land lying between Webster's wharf and R. C. P. Mills, a right-of-way thirty feet in width from Lytton Square to the western city limits, and exemption from taxation for twenty-five years (the greater part of which considerations the old agreement also contained in addition to those now sought to be relinquished), and in consideration of these grants and privileges the Railway Company will agree to put on a railway ferry, landing freight and passengers at Lytton Square without any additional cost for crossing the river. Until the matter is properly laid before the Council, which will be done at a caucus meeting to-night, and afterwards submitted to the people, it would be premature to express any positive opinion. It would appear, however, that, if some advantages are to be relinquished by the City in the railway matter, others will be gained. In the meantime, as Westminster's prosperity is not dependent upon the Southern Railway, or any accidental circumstance connected with it, there is no excuse for any public perturbation over the matter. All that is necessary is that the Council in its communications with the Railway Company should carefully guard the City's interests in every particular, which, we believe, will be done, and that the ratepayers should have the opportunity of finally rejecting or approving any new arrangements.

HYPNOTISM AND SOME OF ITS STRANGE MANIFESTATIONS.

Hypnotism or mesmerism is attracting a great deal of attention in the scientific and philosphical world just now. The marvellous power that the practiser of the mysterious art can exercise upon his subject, which is receiving new and more startling exemplifications every day, has caused the question to be discussed also from a medico-legal, as well as from a purely abstract or philosophical standpoint, and the ultimate result is likely to be that the practice of hypnotism will be placed under very stringent legal restrictions, not only to protect subjects of its indiscriminate and careless exercise from serious danger to their sanity and health, but to prevent designing and unscrupulous adepts at the art from using their power as a means of causing others to commit crime when under the hypnotic influence.

Many examples of the power of the hypnotic spell, and the complete subserviency of the subject to the operator, are being reported by the press, of which we will quote a few. The *Religio-Philosophical Journal*, says an exchange, gives a report of a demonstration which surpasses anything in that line previously recorded. At an exhibition in hypnotism which was witnessed and vouched for by the writer, the professor had a number of "subjects" on the stand, among whom was a staid and highly respectable old gentleman, sixty years of age. By an exercise of his art, whatever it may be, the professor apparently made this old gentleman believe himself a boy again, inspired with boyish tastes and notions. Henceforth all of the old gentleman's actions comported with the idea that he was a boy of ten years old, instead of being a man of sixty.

Calling the boys and the old gentleman around him, the professor proposed a game of marbles, to which they all gleefully assented. By a pressure of his finger in their several palms, the professor presented each of them with an imaginary marble, a "ring" and "taw" were established and the game proceeded. The old man won first play and and carefully "lagged" his imaginary marble near one of the imaginary marbles in the ring, being very careful to toe the imaginary mark in shooting, and also with great care noted where his marble had landed, all of which appeared to be real, not only to himself but also to the other players. While the others were taking their shots, and while the old man's back was turned, one of the boys stooped down, picked up the old man's marble, and pocketed it. Then, when it again came the old man's turn to shoot, and when he went to pick it up, he missed it and at once made a search for it in the pocket of the boy who had stolen it; there being no real marble in the case from beginning to end, be it understood.

Of course this seems like a highly improbable if not an utterly impossible case, but it is highly accredited and it is hard to conceive that any respectable journal or writer would foist it upon the public unless themselves deceived. The especial mystery in this case, if it was not a trick, is to account for the action of the mind which made the old man miss an imaginary marble when he was not aware that another had attempted to steal it. The theory is that he saw and thought whatever the experimenter chose to have him see and think.

A writer for the February *Arena* cities several cases scarcely less remarkable than this, and some that in one respect are even more so, in the fact that by notification of the subject while in the trance stage of hypnotism, the experimenter's control was continued for a specified time, or might be indefinitely, after the subject was restored to consciousness and general self-control.

It is presumed that the whole thing is a humbug. But if it be a fraud, it is a most cunning one, and has evidently deceived a good many hard-headed thinkers, and many of the demonstrations have been so respectably attested that nothing short of conclusive exposure would seem to justify a refusal to accept them in evidence.

The possession and exercise of such a power as is represented in these publications would go far toward revolutionizing criminal practice and the rules of evidence, an exchange truly observes. The plea of hypnotic influence would be set up to atone for every crime, and crimes that were never committed would be proven by the testimony of persons who would innocently, but falsely, testify as eye-witnesses being made to believe they had seen what in fact did not occur.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Clubs are multiplying in Boston with amazing rapidity; in fact the city seems to be club mad. This gives point to a recent remark of a bright woman. "We are returning," she said, "to the days of savagery, and are being clubbed to death."

The city of St. John, N.B., has taken a leaf out of Toronto's book, says the *Mail*, having organized a permanent Ehibition Association for the purpose of holding an Agricultural, Horticultural and Industrial Fair each year. The first will be opened on September 24th, and will be continued until October 4th. Among its leading features will be an exhibit of West Indian products, a collection of the products of the mines and forests of the Maritime Provinces, and a marine section.

The St. Louis World's Fair Committee is closing up its business, and its treasurer has just published his financial statement. The total amount expended in the effort to secure the prize which Chicago carried off was $26,325. Among the items is one of $1,583 for "sundry expenses" at Washington. As rent, salaries and hotel expenses at the capital are elsewhere accounted for it would be interesting to know what the "sundries" were. Probably in influencing legislative opinion by the irrigation method.

King Leopold is having made for Stanley a magnificent casket with Stanley's portrait on the lid, surrounded with gems. The casket is to contain the Grand Cordon of the order of Leopold, which Mr. Stanley will be invited to wear at one of the numerous fetes to be given in his honor. The question of rewards to be granted Lieutenant Stairs and Surgeon Parke will arise on the arrival of Mr. Stanley in England. The general opinion in official circles seems to be that it will be left for the Foreign Office to recognize the services of the two young officers, and they will be created Companions of St Michael and St. George.—*Ex.*

Vital statistics of Norway, recently published, show an expectation of life in that country that can hardly be paralleled in any other country, says an exchange. The mean duration of life is 48.33 years for males and 51.40 years for females. In England the mean duration of life is 41.35 years for males and 44.62 years for females. In other words, a Norwegian at his birth may reasonably expect to live seven years longer than an Englishman. But of course an Englishman would reply to this that a short life in the tight little isle is more desirable than a long life in Norway, in the spirit of the line, "Better fifty years of Europe than a cycle of Cathay.

The approaching conference in Australia regarding federation will consist of members of the existing Federal Council, but as New South Wales does not recognize that body the members will meet not in their official capacities but as representative men. The views which it is hoped this council will go far to reconcile are very diverse. Sir Henry Parkes, the Premier of New South Wales, the promoter of the scheme, declares for complete union. The opinion of Sir Samuel Griffith, of Queensland, is that trade reciprocity is for the present impracticable. The Premier of South Australia, Mr. Cockburn, adheres to the protective policy of his colony.

An English paper asserts that there is a titled lady whose chief pleasure is found in exhibiting her muscular powers in her own drawing-room to a circle of admiring and astonished friends. Attired in a long and clinging gown, she lies down at full length upon the floor, with arms held closely to her sides. A friend is then requested to fasten her skirts securely around her feet and place her handkerchief upon them. This done, the handkerchief is conveyed by her feet to her mouth. She then resumes her first position, and, without moving her arms, gradually raises herself till she stands upon her feet, without a hair out of place or the tiniest bead of moisture on her brow.

Mr. Bradlaugh has introduced his Indian Councils Bill into the Imperial Parliament. It provides that an executive council of five members shall advise the Viceroy, who has an absolute veto over its resolutions. Then there is to be a supreme legislative council for India—a parliament, and yet not a parliament. One-fourth of its eighty members are to be appointed by the Crown, while the remainder would be elected on a wide, but not universal suffrage, each elector to have but one vote and the voting to be by ballot. Coming from an advanced politician the measure is held to be conservative enough to arouse serious discussion, but that it will do anything more at present is not expected.

A writer on the New York *Star*, who attended a "blow out" of the Japanese Club there, afterwards writing about it, said:—"I was interested in the difference in etiquette between Japan and the Occident. Though there was a hundred or more present, the rooms were as silent almost as if they were deserted. Everyone talked in whispers to everyone else. The refreshments were served by waiters who were silence embodied, and every Oriental who did anything, said anything, or heard anything, expressed his pleasure by bowing from once to three times, until the American eye was weary with the excessive courtesy. They even go so far that when a person reading a newspaper turns it so as to make a noise, he makes a bow of apology to all within earshot, and all who hear the sound or see the bow, bow in return, as if to say, "Do not mention it."

The Savannah (Ga.) *News* says: D. R. Parkman tells of a curious phenomenon in Chattahoochee county—a place where rain falls perpetually. The spot is located on a little knoll in a thin wood on the Shipp place, two miles from Thad. Mr. Parkman says the discovery was first made last Thursday, and that rain has been falling steadily on the knoll since that time. The downfall covers a space of fifty feet square. This space is perfectly wet and the leaves on the ground are full of water. Mr. Parkman says he visited the place with G. A. McBryde, at noon Tuesday. There was not a cloud to be seen in the sky, and the leaves everywhere, except on the square, were as dry as tinder. "I stood with the space between me and the sun," said Mr. Parkman, "and saw the raindrops coming steadily down from the sky. I held out my handkerchief and it was soon saturated with water." Mr. Parkman says that everybody who hears about the phenomenon is sceptical, but that the many who have visited the place in the last few days have gone away convinced. No one has yet offered an explanation of the mysterious rainfall. Mr. Parkman suggests that some powerful unknown substance attracts the moisture from the atmosphere.

The Columbian job department is now in running order, and prepared to turn out first-class work of every description.

Bell-Irving, Patterson & Co.
IMPORTERS
Shipping Agents,
WHOLESALE
—AND—
Commission Merchants
In Stock, a full assortment of Liquors, Vitrified Drain Pipes, Fire Bricks, Encaustic Tiles, Cumberland Smithy Coal, &c., &c., &c.
Any Description of Goods Imported to Order.
dwfeltc

TO BUILDERS.
Tenders are invited up to noon of Friday the 4th April, for the erection of
FIVE COTTAGES
For Mr. A. McInnes, on St. Andrew's Street.
Plans and specifications at my office.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
WILLIAM R. KING, Architect.
New Westminster, March 27, 1890. dmh27t6

TO CONTRACTORS.
Tenders are invited up to 6 P. M. on Tuesday, April 8th, for the erection of a
TWO-STORY RESIDENCE
At Sapperton, for Venerable Archdeacon Woods.
Plans and specifications may be seen at my office, Mary street.
Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
G. W. GRANT, Architect.
Westminster, March 26, 1890. dmh26td

WANTED.
A competent business man desires a position in either city or country, or would accept partnership where experience and services could be used as against capital. Has had an active, practical business experience of over 20 years (15 general merchandise, 5 real estate and insurance), and is capable of taking full charge and management of store, office or any mercantile work. Double-entry book-keeper, expert accountant and good correspondent. First-class references.
Address, "ADVERTISER," P. O. Box 614, Vancouver, B. C.
dmh26t3

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us as dealers in boots and shoes, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts are to be paid to George H. Grant, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said George H. Grant, by whom the same will be settled.
Dated this 19th day of March, 1890.
(Signed) GEO. H. GRANT, J. C. MACLURE.
Witnesses: A. E. Rand, Arthur Clenwhite.
dmh26ml

LOST.
Bunch of small keys. Finder rewarded on returning same to this office.

MONEY TO LOAN
In large or small sums. Apply to ARMSTRONG & EUKSTEIN.
dwn11tc

MONEY TO LOAN
In any amount, large or small, on first mortgage, on farm lands.
WOODS, TURNER & GAMBLE
dtc

FOR SALE.
House and lot on Mary street, between Montreal and Melbourne. House is new and contains 6 rooms.
E. CANIFF.
dmh24tc

LOST.
On Columbia St., near the Post Office, on Thursday, 20th inst.—Receipt dated 29th June, 1889, for $100, paid on Lot therein mentioned. Finder will be rewarded on leaving same at office of RAND BROS. dmh22tc

FURNISHED ROOMS
En suite or single, in one of the most eligible and pleasant localities in the city, convenient to the post office, and other facilities. Every room commands a beautiful view of the river and has access to a balcony. Apply to F. STIRSKY, Watchmaker and Jeweler, or to MRS. E. C. STIRSKYS, Columbia St., Opp. Catholic Church.
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IMPERIAL
Fire Insurance Company
OF LONDON.
Capital, - - £1,600,000 Stg.
Rates as low as any other reliable Company doing business in British Columbia.
W. J. ARMSTRONG, Agent New West.
dfeltc

Notice to Builders.
Whole or separate tenders, for the erection of a
TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE
On Royal Avenue for Dr. DeWolf Smith, will be received up to noon of April 7th, 1890.
CLOW & MACLURE, Architects.
dmh26td

TENDERS WANTED.
Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to Saturday, the 29th day of March, at noon, for the erection of a Presbyterian Church in Township Four, Delta Municipality.
Plans and specifications may be seen at Ladner's Landing.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
JOHN McKEE, Sr., FRANCES PAGE.
Ladner's Landing, March 8th, 1890. dmh10td

TO CONTRACTORS.
Tenders are invited "addressed Chairman Park Committee," to be delivered at the City Clerk's office not later than 4 p.m. on MONDAY, 7th April, for (1) addition to exhibition building; (2) cottage for park keeper, and (3) fencing Park Lane.
Tenders may be for one or all of the above works, amount of each to be stated separately.
Plans and specifications at my office.
Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
G. W. GRANT, Architect.
Westminster, March 25, 1890. dmh25td

Occidental Hotel & Restaurant
Opp. Oddfellows' Hall.
Columbia St., - Westminster.
Rates per day, $1 and upward. Board and lodging, per week, $5 and upward, according to room.
Meals at all Hours, Day and Night, Served in first-class style.
PHIL. H. SMITH, Manager.
dfe28tc

M. MATHESON,
Merchant Tailor,
Is now showing a complete line of ENGLISH WORSTEDS AND SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS, which he is prepared to make up at reasonable rates.
A call solicited, and perfect fits guaranteed.
Douglas Street, two doors from Columbia St., New Westminster. dfeltc

OPENING
—x—
Misses Beggs & Archibald's
GRAND MILLINERY OPENING
Will take place on TUESDAY, the 25th March. They have the Best Selected Stock in the City and All New. Miss Beggs is late of London and Toronto, where she has been in the wholesale houses for a number of seasons past and is prepared to do first-class work in all the city styles, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Also—first-class DRESS-MAKING in connection.
STAND—NEXT DOOR TO WINTEMUTE'S FURNITURE STORE.
dmh19tc

Hotel Douglas.
(ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN)
Corner Columbia and Mackenzie Sts.
A. J. TOLMIE, PROPRIETOR.
New Fire-Proof Brick Building, with all the Latest Improvements. The table is supplied with the best the market affords.
RESTAURANT PRIVILEGES OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
FINE SAMPLE ROOMS.
Private Dining Rooms for Ladies and Families. Convenient to all Trains and Steamers.
mh27dtc

WOODS & POLLEY,
Real Estate Brokers
COVEYANCERS & NOTARIES PUBLIC.
MONEY TO LOAN
Connections in Victoria and Vancouver, B. C., and London, England.
dmh25tc Cor. Columbia & McKenzie Sts., New Westminster.

F. Stirsky,
—LEADING—
WATCHMAKER : AND : JEWELER
Columbia St., opposite Scoullar Block.
If you want to buy a nice Ladies' Gold or Silver Watch, or a Gentleman's Gold or Silver Watch in any style, go to F. Stirsky's.
He has Clocks from 50 cts. to $50, all styles and varieties, embracing a choice selection of German Cuckoo Clocks, beautifully hand carved and first-class time keepers, and astonishingly cheap.
A splendid selection of Genuine Diamond Ladies' and Gentlemen's Rings, and a great assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Engagement Rings.
Also a very large assortment of all kinds of Emblem Pins and Watch Charms.
A fine selection of Ladies' and Gents' Watch Guards, and a large variety of Ladies and Gentlemen's Jewelry. Gentlemen's Watches from $5 to $100.
Every article sold is warranted as represented. A specialty in Watch repairing. Every watch warranted to give perfect satisfaction.
Remember the Blue Store, Columbia St., opposite Scoullar Block, N. W.
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Wanted--150 Men!
To wear the nicest and best, direct imported, English, Scotch and French Goods ever brought into the City.
Also, the CHEAPEST TAILORING HOUSE in town.
We have just received, per Str. "Umbria," from London, the largest stock of PANTINGS in the City.
A call is sufficient to convince. Satisfaction guaranteed.
BEGGS & HEARD

Consignment of Adams & Son's (Ont.)
CELEBRATED WAGONS
JUST ARRIVED.
Delivery, Express Wagons and Lorries.
General Carriage Builders and Blacksmiths
MAINLAND CARRIAGE WORKS,
SULLEY & BRYSON.
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Queen's Hotel.
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
The above hotel has recently changed hands and is now being run in first-class style. The table is supplied with the very best the season affords.
☞This is the only Family Hotel in New Westminster.
Special Accommodation for Ladies and Commercial Travellers.
H. G. WALKER, Proprietor.
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M. A. McRAE,
Merchant Tailor.
A -:- Call -:- Solicited.
Armstrong Block, Columbia St., New Westminster,
d&wfe8tc

JAMES D. RAE, Successor to D. McPhaden.
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF FIRST-CLASS
Groceries : and : Provisions
—FEED, ETC.—
Coffees Roasted and Ground on the Premises. Fine Teas a Specialty
COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.
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A. DesBRISAY,
—SELLS—
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS
☞ A First-class stock of everything in the Grocery line always on hand. Orders called for. Goods Delivered to all parts of the City.
Corner Columbia and Blackie Sts., opp. C. P. R. Station.
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This Space is Reserved for the
Royal City Planing Mills Company,
The Pioneer and Leading
Lumber Manufacturing Establishment of the Royal City.
Richard Street, New Westminster.

SPECIAL LINES AND VALUES THIS WEEK.
In Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes.
Men's Good Wearing Boots.....$1 50 per pair
" Better " " ..... 1 75 "
" Best " " from $2.50 to..... 3 50 "
PERFECTION BOOTS.
Men's Patent Seamless Boots, from $2.50 to ...$3 50 per pair
Boys' " " " " 2.00 to ... 2 25 per pair
CANNOT RIP. PERFECT FITTING. THE BEST WALKING BOOT MADE.
In Ladies' Boots and Shoes.
West End Boot & Shoe Store
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COMMERCIAL PRINTING.
The Columbian Printing Establishment has first-class facilities for all kinds of Commercial Printing. Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Circulars, Cards, Envelopes, Blank Forms of every description, Posters, Dodgers, Price Lists, &c. Prices will be found as low as at any other office where first-class work is done.

STOVES! STOVES!
GO TO
E. S. Scoullar & Co.
—FOR—
Cheap Cooking Stoves and Ranges.
Water St., Vancouver. Columbia St., New Westminster.
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H. T. READ & CO.
THE LEADING
Hardware and Paint Merchants of New Westminster.
Contractors and others erecting houses should call on us and examine our extensive stock of Builders' Hardware, which is excelled by no other house in the Province.
We Carry the Largest Assortment of Locks in the City.
To those requiring Paints and Oils we beg to call attention to our extensive variety. Superior Coach Colors, in all shades. Tube Colors of every description. Floor Paints, ready for use.
We have much pleasure in announcing that we have been appointed Sole Agents in this City for the sale of the Celebrated Johnson's Magnetic Iron Paint, the highest grade Fire Proof Paint in the world. Guaranteed 92 per cent. pure oxide.
MASONIC AND ODD FELLOWS' BLOCK, NEW WESTMINSTER.
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Reid & Currie,
MACHINISTS,
FOUNDERS and BLACKSMITHS
Manufacturing and Repairing Machinery a Specialty.
Forging and Bolt Making.
BRASS and IRON CASTINGS
Estimates Furnished and Drawings Made in our office by a Practical Draughtsman.
Skilled Mechanics and Latest Improved Machinery only used.
AGENTS FOR
JOHN DOTY—Stationary, Marine and Hoisting Engines.
CHAS. SMITH—Duplex Steam Pumps; also, Centrifugal and Rotary Pumps.
LONDON TOOL CO.—Manufacturers of all kinds of Iron-making Tools.
A. R. WILLIAMS—Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of Machinery.
ALSO, AGENTS FOR
All kinds of Saw Mill, Sash and Door Factory, Brickyard and Canning Machinery.
FULL LINE IN STOCK OF
Wagons, Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Hacks and Carriage Materials.
☞Catalogues and Prices furnished on application. All work thoroughly guaranteed.
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WINTEMUTE BROS.
—THE LEADING—
MANUFACTURERS -:- AND -:- IMPORTERS
—OF—
FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY,
EXTENSIVE SHOW ROOMS AND WAREHOUSE.
dwfeltc Columbia St., New Westminster.

CHAS. McDONOUGH
Front Street, New Westminster.
New Westminster Mills Woolen Goods
EXTRA FAMILY BLANKETS,
Flannels, Worsteds and all kinds of Woolen Goods.
Ready-Made Clothing.
☞The only House on the Mainland which keeps the Manufactures of the New Westminster Woolen Mills. Patronize Home Industry.
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ZED. S. HALL,
Bookseller STATIONER AND Importer
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),
Columbia Street, New Westminster, B. C.
English, Foreign and United States Periodicals and Newspapers constantly on hand. Books imported to order.
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THE LESSON OF LIFE.

Poor Narcissa's Was a Bitter One Indeed.

"Poor Charlie!" said Miss Mindencroft. "I am very sorry for him—very, indeed—but a woman with a career before her can't be encumbered with such a husband as *that!*"

Narcissa Mindencroft stood before the full-length mirror that was vailed in white muslin and swinging between gilded standards, a proud, imperious beauty of nineteen.

"My dear," said sage Mrs. Nerol, "isn't Mr. Dallas the same that he was a year ago, when you first became engaged to him?"

"I suppose so," said Narcissa, half reluctantly. "But it is I that have changed, Mrs. Nerol. Signor Ferroni says that there is a fortune in my voice. I am to be trained for the operatic stage. I am to travel in Italy and study six hours a day. Charlie wants me to marry him and settle down as a mere drudging housekeeper! The idea!"

"That is all nonsense, Narcissa," said Mrs. Nerol, with spirit. "Charlie Dallas is the last person in the world to expect his wife to become what you term a drudging housekeeper."

"It's all the same thing," said the olive-cheeked beauty. "I don't think I shall marry at all, to tell the truth!"

Mrs. Nerol shook her head sadly. She knew the nature of the brilliant, proud, spirited young creature too well to attempt any remonstrance with her.

So Narcissa Mindencroft went to Italy to study for the operatic stage, with her maid and a grim, spectacled old lady, who wore dyed black silks and talked monotonously about "having seen better days." Charles Dallas was left behind—a part of the past which seemed to Narcissa as nothing in regard to her radiant future.

But life has its shadows as well as its sunshine and poor Narcissa's path was destined to pass through both.

Scarcely five years had passed since she stepped upon the deck of the European steamer and we see her again sitting solitary and alone in the second-story back room of a third-rate New York boarding-house. The Roman fever had smitten her down just as she was about to reap the laurel crown of success, and after a horrible dream of fevered pain she had recovered consciousness only to realize that she had utterly lost the fine, delicate *timbre* of her voice, and—more terrible than all—that she was quite penniless and deserted even by the old lady who "had seen better days."

"Not contagious," the old lady had said, hurriedly flinging her belongings into a bag when first Miss Mindencroft had been taken ill. "Ah—it's very well for the doctors to say so—but who can be certain that it is really so? I've my own interests to look to, and I never was of any particular use in a sick chamber!"

So Narcissa had come back to her native city, humble and chastened in spirit, to find every thing totally changed. Good old Mrs. Nerol was dead. No one knew any thing of Charlie Dallas—and the poor girl put an advertisement for music pupils into the papers and counted over the slender contents of her purse with the terrible fear lest they should give out before there were any prospects of a reinforcement.

Apparently, however, nobody was particularly desirous of availing himself of the services of "a young person who had been educated in the best Italian school for the voice and piano," and Narcissa's prospects were getting decidedly dispiriting, when Mrs. Miller, the organist of the chapel, where she crept daily to say her prayers, accosted her one day.

"Miss Mindencroft," she said, abruptly, yet not unkindly, "I think you told me you could sing?"

"I can—a little," said Narcissa, meekly.

"Do you think you could undertake two or three ballads at a *soiree?*" asked Mrs. Miller. "'Dreaming,' 'When Swallows Build,' an aria from 'Martha,' or something of that kind? A friend of mine was engaged to sing at Mrs. Dayton's on the twentieth of the month, but she has a sore throat and I am commissioned to find a substitute."

"Oh!" cried Narcissa, with a fluttering heart, "I would be so glad of the opportunity. I would do my very, very best!"

"Have you a piano at your lodgings?" asked Mrs. Miller.

Narcissa colored and shook her head.

"I can not afford it," said she. "I am very poor."

"Then we will go to my house and try your voice," said Mrs. Miller.

The verdict was:

"Not bad. Your voice is tolerably sweet, but not strong. I dare say, however, it may do for this occasion."

Poor Narcissa. This "faint praise" was a contrast to what she had expected when she had first trained her fresh young voice for the applause of breathless thousands. But she stifled her mortification and smiled her gratitude for Mrs. Miller's encouragement and recommendation. And then she went home to practice her ballads and make the best bargain she could with old Madame Monise, who kept a second-hand clothing emporium, for one evening's use of a dark blue silk dress, trimmed with black lace, which was not so *very* much worn! For Narcissa had nothing of her own but the plainest black alpaca, and a well-worn olive-green serge, neither of which costumes, however respectable in themselves, were exactly adapted to the splendors of Mrs. Dayton's ball-rooms.

The eventful evening arrived at last, and the professional balladist found herself seated at the piano, among the glittering throng. She need not have been so nervous, nobody took any notice of her beyond the merest passing glance. Mrs. Dayton herself, a sweet-faced blonde in white satin and pearls, came up to the singer when her first little song was finished, and thanked her pleasantly.

"I will send a waiter to you with a glass of wine," said Mrs. Dayton. "You must be tired."

So until the time for her next song should come Narcissa sat quietly watching the dancers, the promenaders, the inevitable flirters, while one Herr Sobieski did musical wonders upon the violin. Presently she saw in the flower-garlanded portal of the door a tall figure which she knew well, though years had elapsed since last she looked upon it—Charles Dallas' self.

She turned to the plump, elderly lady who sat next her, eating forced strawberries and cream with a countenance of the serenest satisfaction.

"Who is that gentleman by the door?" she asked. "The gentleman talking to Mrs. Dayton?"

The plump lady paused, with a strawberry as plump as herself poised upon her gold spoon.

"Why," said she, "it's Mr. Dayton, to be sure."

"I think you must be mistaken," said Narcissa, with her heart beating very fast. "I—I am quite certain that I used to know him years ago; and his name was Dallas—Charles Dallas."

"It is the same one," said the plump, elderly lady, nodding her head. "You haven't heard of the death and eccentric will of his rich uncle? Dallas inherited a fortune fit for a Prince, with only the condition that he should add the surname of the old miser—Dayton—to his own. Dallas-Dayton, it is printed on the cards; and his wife was a great heiress, too; she was Miss Moneyman, of the firm of 'William Moneyman & Co.' But I am told the marriage was quite a love-match. You can easily see how devoted they are to each other. Mr. Dayton met with quite a disappointment early in life, I have heard; but it is easy to perceive"—with a complacent chuckle—"that the old wound is entirely healed by this time."

So Narcissa Mindencroft sang her second ballad and her third, and received her check for ten dollars from Mrs. Dallas-Dayton's gracious hand and went home, quite unnoticed and unrecognized by the man to whom her smile or her frown had once been like a second fate! There were a great many people there, and it was scarcely to be expected that the host should seek out the paid ballad singer who trilled her notes for the amusement of her guests, any more than she should distinguish Herr Sobieski or Signor Tremolini who played the violin and "did" the cornet solos. It was all right and natural enough.

But Narcissa cried quietly upon her pillow when she got back to her cheerless room. A homeless, friendless, loveless old maid—it was hardly the sort of life she had anticipated when she threw off Charles Dallas' faithful love like a worn-out glove.

The lesson of life! We all have to learn it, but to some it is bitterer, far, than to others.—Amy Randolph, in N. Y. Ledger.

GEORGE WAS HONEST.

How a Chicago Man Made His Wife Feel Decidedly Cheap.

A young married woman on the North side suddenly grew suspicious of her husband, who before his marriage had been "one of the boys," and recently she determined to catch him. Monday, says the Chicago Tribune, he told her he had to go to the lodge.

"That is only his excuse," she said to herself. "He'll not fool me this time."

As soon as he was around the corner she was after him in a cab. The husband, oblivious of the espionage he was under, went straight to the lodge hall. The cab was pulled up where a view of the hall entrance was secured, and there watch was kept.

"He will be down soon,' repeated the wife to herself, "and then I will catch him as he sneaks away."

At ten o'clock lodge was over, and the husband came down with the other members. The "shadow" in the cab was alert to catch every word.

"Come, George," she heard some one say, "let's have a drink before you go home."

"Not to-night," she next heard in reply. "I must go straight home. My wife did not seem well, and I am anxious about her."

Then the husband started off homeward at a brisk walk.

"Whip your horse," the now crestfallen wife exclaimed frantically to the cabby. "I must get home before he does."

The welcome the husband received that night was a surprise to him. "This seems," he said, "like old times."

LIGHT-WEIGHT BREAD.

How a Dishonest Baker Was Betrayed by Honest Polly.

It occurred in war times in Charleston when that city was under martial law, says the St. Louis Republic. Just then flour was scarce and several of the bakers succumbed to temptation and made short-weight bread. This came to the ears of the authorities and the provost-marshal was armed with a pair of scales and sent around to the bake-shops early every morning to weigh the bread. All short-weight bread found was confiscated. This had a good effect and after a few confiscations the provost-marshal usually found all things regular. One morning one of the bakers received the usual call from the marshal and his bake was taken from the oven and weighed and found correct to an ounce. But during the night this man had surreptitiously baked a quantity of light-weight bread and stowed it away under the counter. Just as the marshal and his detail were leaving the shop a pet parrot perched upon the top of a big cage called out: "Look under the counter." The marshal did so, discovered the light-weight bread, and carted it away. The man was so mad at his parrot that after the soldiers had gone wrung his neck and threw him out into the gutter. But Polly was not dead by any means. In a few moments he opened one eye, ruffled up his feathers and staggered about until he came upon the carcass of a dead dog. Polly cocked his eye at the defunct canine and then said: "Say, partner, did you say any thing about that bread?"

OUR SCHOOL-GIRLS.

Some Hints That Young Ladies Would Do Well to Heed.

The average school-girl rises only in time to eat a hurried breakfast and reach school at nine, says the Christian Register. The girls under twelve, who are not the ones that break down, are not too dignified to romp at recess, and in that way they fill their lungs with fresh air every day. Those about twelve or thirteen rarely have a breath of outside air from nine to two in the afternoon. They eat their luncheons curled up in heaps in comfortable corners if they can find them. They take little exercise, except in a few schools, where they dance for a few minutes. A solitary lunch of cold or "warmed over" food on reaching home is followed usually by an hour or two of study instead of by a brisk walk or other exercise. There is more study after supper, ambitious girls studying late in the evening. If there is any well-established physiological fact it is that girls in their teens need an abundance of sleep, and sleep before midnight, if possible. The teachers must give a certain amount of home work to their pupils in order to keep them up to the grade, more is the pity, but, since that is a necessity, the fathers and mothers at home should make every thing else bend to that and health. There is no one thing that is so necessary and that might be so easily secured, if firmness were exercised, as a long night of sleep for the fast-growing brain and the girlish frames that are rapidly assuming the proportions of maturity.

Raw Oysters Self-Digestive.

"Fothergill on Indigestion," in speaking of the oyster being eaten habitually and by preference in the raw or uncooked state, says: "It is interesting to know that there is a sound physiological reason at the bottom of this preference. The fawn-colored mass which constitutes the dainty of the oyster is its liver, and this is little less than a mass of glycogen; associated with the glycogen, but witheld from actual contact with it during life, is its appropriate digestive ferment—the hepatic diastace. The mere crushing between the teeth brings these two bodies together, and the glycogen is at once digested, without other help, by its own diastace. The oyster in the uncooked state, or merely warmed, is, in fact, self-digestive. But the advantage of this provision is wholly lost by cooking, for the heat employed immediately destroys the associated ferment, and the cooked oyster has to be digested like any other food by the eater's own digestive powers."

The Value of a Bar of Iron.

A bar of iron worth $5 is worth $10 after it is made into horse-shoes; made into needles, it is worth $350; made into pen-knife blades, it is worth $3,285; made into balance-springs of watches, it is worth $250,000.

BEAUTIFUL SCIENCE.

A Chat with One of New York's Black-Eye Artists.

All Sorts of Facial Defects Covered Up by an Expert—Red Noses Painted White—The Work of Sandbaggers Cleverly Imitated.

The black-eye artist of the Bowery has recently added several new accomplishments to his great specialty, says the New York Sun. Having achieved local fame as a skillful disguiser of the most embarrassing of facial disfigurements, he is endeavoring to meet the frequent demands that are made upon him to conceal other physical defects of a more or less compromising nature. He has attained such proficiency with his brush and powder and cosmetic that he is ready to guarantee that one of his painted eyes will pass even a suspicious wife's scrutiny. This success has led him to make the treatment of red noses his latest specialty, and he is doing a rushing business in this and some incidental side lines.

"It is curious," said he with a significant smile, "that we never have a black eye brought in here that was received in a fight. They are always caused by accidents more or less peculiar. Of course most men 'run against a door in the dark,' or 'slip on the stairs and strike the banisters,' or if it is warm and he is a family man he 'was playing ball with the children.' The women—"

"Women!"

"Bless you, yes, lots of 'em, and they're mighty particular, I tell you. I wish they would stay away, for there's no money in painting eyes for women at fifty cents an eye. I started to tell you the women always have some accident in connection with their domestic duties to give in explanation of the unsightly bruise, for a woman—or a man either, for that matter—never fails to explain to us elaborately just how it happened. Most of our black-eye customers, if the truth were told, are clerks in stores and offices who have been on a bit of a time, and who know it won't do to carry the marks of it around in sight of their employers. There really are other things than another man's fist that will cause a black eye, but you can't make anybody believe it. So it usually happens that a man who has innocently met with an accident is as anxious to get rid of the suggestive marks of it as is another chap who has been in a brawl and has got worsted. As a matter of fact, nearly all our customers are respectable people. Plug uglies don't bother to conceal a black eye. It gives them a distingue appearance that they are rather proud of. It is the man of standing who, after he has tried raw beefsteak, an ice compress, a brown paper plaster, and all the other things in vain, comes in despair to us. He might as well come at once, for a black eye once gained is not to be got rid of inside of ten days, and it will be nearly two weeks before the natural color is fully restored. How many black eyes do we treat? Well, the average now is very nearly one hundred a week. A black eye should be painted fully twice a week while it lasts. Some victims who are fearful of discovery come in every morning while the affliction lasts to be touched up a little on their way to business."

"How do you manage with red noses?"

"Oh, in the same way. It is a more delicate job to put the innocent complexion of youth upon a nose deep-dyed by high living of half a lifetime. The nose is the most prominent feature, and the most skillful work is required to disguise its color so that the handiwork of the artist will not betray itself. Nobody ever admits that his carmine-tipped nose is the result of dissipation or high living. It is always a case of erysipelas. We don't attempt to cure a red nose, although our sign outside announces, 'Red Noses Cured.' We only disguise them. No, nobody comes regularly to have a nose painted. We have regular customers, however, who come once in awhile as special occasion may make it necessary. The explanation usually given, and I have no doubt it is a true one, is that the owner of the luminous proboscis intends to attend a funeral and wants to be made inconspicuous."

"What other work do you do?"

"Oh, a great variety. We even make black eyes as well as cure them. Only a week ago a man came in here and asked me to paint one of his eyes terrifically black. He had bucked the tiger the night before, and had lost almost all his money, a large sum. He didn't dare go home without an innocent explanation of his loss, so he had faked up a startling story about being sandbagged and robbed. I supplied him with corroborative evidence of the sandbagging in my most artistic style. It is a very common thing for men who are candidates for the police and fire departments to come in here to get fixed up before submitting to the physical examination that is required. We cover up marks of old injuries and other defects very skillfully, I can assure you. There was a fellow here only three days ago who had a bad hole or depression in his leg. We filled it up and colored it naturally, and I don't believe the deception was detected. Yes, we supply all sorts of disguises. I presume the purpose is always innocent. We don't ask any questions. It's none of our business."

THE POOR SEAMSTRESS.

Hope Deferred Maketh the Heart Sick—A Story of Rich and Poor.

The cold, gray shades of a winter evening were falling—like patent window blinds. The last rosy rays of the sun fell gently on the bent shoulders and tossed hair of a woman who sat at the casement looking out on the chill emptiness of a city street. Her face, still young and pretty, proclaimed education, even gentility—as did her slender white fingers, too frail to be roughened by toil. She wrung them despairingly, moaning:

"It will not come—I am sure it will not come!" The fire was dying in the little grate. "If those people only knew," she said, "what suffering they cause with their delays! While they go on cheerfully and have so much money they will hardly look at you. Yet she promised to let me have it to-day."

There was a ring at the bell! She sprang to her feet and pressed her face eagerly against the pane. But it was only the postman with a tailor's circular. She sank back in her chair and covered her face with her hands, while scalding tears oozed one by one between her fingers as she burst into a passion of sobs. Was it the poor sewing-girl waiting, deprived of her just dues and of her humble dinner by the capricious delay of her wealthy patroness?

No, sympathetic reader, no. It was, on the contrary, the rich girl herself, whose prevaricating dressmaker had promised to let her have the new evening gown she *must* wear that night "before three o'clock in the afternoon, at latest, without fail."—Fredk. H. Wilson, in Puck.

Vessels Built of Paper.

The German naval authorities are said to have been making experiments lately with a torpedo boat built of compressed paper. The vessel is eleven feet long and was found to show great strength and more elasticity when rammed by another boat.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for an act to incorporate a company to construct, operate and maintain a street railway in the City of New Westminster, and to acquire lands and do all things necessary for the purposes aforesaid.
Dated this 25th day of September, 1889.
B. DOUGLAS,
HENRY V. EDMONDS,
dse30tc For selves and others.

NOTICE.

WALWORTH & SEXSMITH

Have for Spring Planting a very large and choice lot of

NURSERY STOCK,

Consisting of FRUIT and ORNAMENTAL TREES, SMALL FRUITS, PLANTS, SHRUBS, ROSES, &c.

Orders can be left at the old High School Building. Goods delivered in any part of the city free of charge.
Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
WALWORTH & SEXSMITH.
New West., March 10, 1890. dwmh10m1

For Sale.

A Large Assortment of
Window and Bedding Plants,
Roses in Pots, for house or garden,
Calla Lilies & Begonias (cheap)
Also—Just Received, a Choice Lot of
FRUIT TREES:
APPLES, PEARS, PLUMS, CHERRIES, and SMALL FRUITS.
Parties intending to plant will please call and inspect before purchasing elsewhere.
☞ Bouquets and Designs made to order.
P. LATHAM,
dmh22tc Douglas St. Nursery, New West.

A. & E. W. McINNIES

Have Just Received

Fresh Creamery and Roll Butter. Extra Quality.

Also Fresh Groceries and General Provisions.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free.
Cor. Columbia and Douglas Sts.
dfeltc NEW WESTMINSTER.

W. R. AUSTIN'S HAY AND FEED MARKET

FARM PRODUCE.

Hard-wood, Fir, Bark, &c., &c., &c.

LEAVE ORDERS AND SETTLE ACCOUNTS AT AUSTIN'S WHARF.
dfeltc

WESTMINSTER Poultry Yards!

JNO. S. COX, - PROPRIETOR,

IMPORTER AND BREEDER OF FANCY POULTRY and other PET STOCK, comprising: **Light Brahmas, Partridge Cochins, Plymouth Rock, Black Minorcas, White Crested Black Polands, Golden Polands, White Faced Black Spanish, Silver Pencilled Hamburgs, Houdans, Black Red Games, Pit Games, Rouen Ducks, Rabbits.**
TWENTY FIRST PRIZES awarded at last Provincial Exhibition.
Fowls and Eggs in season. For particulars address, JNO. S. COX,
dwmh20tc London St., New Westminster.

Central Hotel

COR. COLUMBIA & DOUGLAS STS.

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RATES, $1.00 AND $1.50 PER DAY.
ACCORDING TO ROOM.

☞Special Rates by the Week or Month. dfeltc

J. A. McDougall

East of Colonial Hotel,

Has just received a full line of the latest designs in

Suitings & Fancy Worsteds,

And is prepared to make up clothes in any style to suit all that favor him with their patronage.

THE ONLY ARTISTIC CUTTER & TAILOR IN THE CITY.

A Call Solicited. FIT GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. Prices reasonable.
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NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.

The Largest and Choicest Assortment of all Descriptions of

MEATS AND VEGETABLES

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LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.
dfeltc

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—DEALER IN—

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Lime, Plaster, Cement, etc., etc.

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ORDERS TAKEN FOR

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Office opposite Canadian Pacific Navigation Co's Wharf.

TELEPHONE CALLS:—
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F. CRAKE,

Practical Watchmaker & Manufacturing Jeweler

4 DOORS WEST FROM POST OFFICE.

Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Diamond, Ruby Sapphire and Other Rings.

The best quality of PLATED and TABLE WARE in all designs.

A Fine Assortment of Clocks

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses to suit all Sights.

Special attention to Watch Repairing. All kinds of Jewelery manufactured on the premises by first-class workmen.

The Cheapest House in Town.
dwfeltc

BAPTIST CHURCH, Agnes Street, East of Mary Street. Lord's Day Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath School and Bible Class at 2:30 p. m. All seats free; strangers cordially welcomed.—Rev. Thos. Baldwin, pastor.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mary Street. Rev. J. H. White, Pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School and Bible Class 2:30 p.m. Prayer Meeting on Thursdays at 7:30 p.m. Seats free; strangers cordially invited.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—HOLY TRINITY CHURCH; Rector, The Bishop. S. MARY'S CHURCH; Rector, The Ven. Archdeacon Woods. Services in both churches *every day*. All seats free. Both churches open all day for private prayer.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH (ST. ANDREW'S), corner Carnarvon and Blackwood Sts. Rev. Thos. Scouler, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sunday School and Bible Class at 2:30 p. m.; Prayer Meeting on Thursday evenings at 7:30. Seats free; strangers welcome.

ST. PAUL'S — REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH, John St. (opposite Orange Hall); Rev. Thos. Haddon, B. D., Rector. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School and Bible Class at 2:30 p. m. Thursday evening service at 7:30. Seats free; all are cordially invited.

THE NEW WESTMINSTER WORKINGMEN'S LEAGUE meet every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in the Foresters' Hall.—A. I. MICHIE, Rec.-Sec. dfe22m3

K. P.—ROYAL LODGE NO. 6. Regular Meeting every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, Oddfellows' Hall. Visiting Brethren welcome. —J. E. KNIGHT, K. of R. & S.

I. O. G. T.—EXCELSIOR LODGE NO. 8 meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock, in the Temperance Hall, Columbia St. Visiting members are cordially invited.—W. C. LOYE, Rec. Sec.

A. O. F.—COURT LORD DUFFERIN, NO. 6304. The regular meetings of the above Court are held at the Foresters' Hall, on the first and third Wednesday in each month, at 8 p. m.—JNO. MCMURPHY, Senr., P. C. R.

CALEDONIA & ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—The regular meetings of this association are held on the last Tuesday of each month, at 8 o'clock p. m. All Scotchmen are invited to attend.—JOHN BUIE, Sec.

I. O. O. F.--NEW WESTMINSTER LODGE NO. 3.—The regular meetings of this Lodge are held at the Oddfellows' Hall every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.—T. TYLER, Rec. Sec.

UNION LODGE NO. 9, A. F. & A. M. The regular meetings of this Lodge are held in the Masonic Temple on the first Wednesday in each month, at at 7:30 o'clock p. m. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend.—P. GRANT, Sec.

BOARD OF TRADE.—Board Room, Odd Fellows' Brick Block (up-stairs). Council meets on the first Wednesday in each month, at 4 p. m. Quarterly meetings on the 22nd of Feb., May, Aug., and Nov., at 7:30 p. m. New members may be proposed and elected at any Quarterly meeting.—D. ROBSON, Sec.

W. C. T. U.—Regular Meeting every Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, in the Orange Hall, corner of Royal Avenue and John Streets. The Loyal Temperance Legion meets at the same place every Friday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock; the Young Ladies' Committee the last Thursday afternoon in each month; and the Literary Temperance League, for grown-up boys, every Friday night from 7:30 to 8:30 o'clock.—M. A. CUNNINGHAM, President; Cor. Sec.—MRS. G. W. GRANT. dmh21tc

W. C. LOYE,

Fashionable Boot and Shoe Maker

☞ Repairing neatly done. Cork sole work a specialty. Orders promptly attended to.

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Any description of Goods imported to order and Custom and Ship Broking transacted. Latest Freight and Market Quotations.
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TIME TABLE.

Str. ROBERT DUNSMUIR

LEAVES WESTMINSTER EVERY MONDAY morning at 7 o'clock for Nanaimo, via Vancouver, returning Tuesday, via Vancouver.

Leaves Westminster every Wednesday at 7 a.m. for Nanaimo direct, connecting with Island railway and Comox steamer.

Leaves Nanaimo for Vancouver on Thursdays and Fridays and returns same days.

Leaves Nanaimo on Saturday at 7 a. m. for Westminster direct.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to T. L. BRIGGS, C. P. N. wharf. dfeltc

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J. FERGUSON, PROPRIETOR.

Fresh Bread, Cakes, Pastry, Confectionery, etc., etc.

Hotel and Restaurant Trade Solicited.

Foot of Douglas, near Columbia St.

All orders promptly attended to and delivered to any part of the city free. dfeltc

Str. Emma!

HAVING CHARTERED the staunch Steamer Emma from Laidlaw & Co. I am prepared to enter into contracts for

GENERAL TOWING.

Scows and Tarpaulins in connection with the Tug.

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Fish & Game DEALER

FRONT ST., NEW WESTMINSTER.

☞ Highest Price paid for Furs and Deer Hides. Correspondence invited.

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Columbia & Church Sts.

JUST ARRIVED—A large shipment of the finest RED GRANITE MONUMENTS, from New Brunswick.

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THIS SPACE IS RESERVED FOR

J.S. MANSON

MERCHANT TAILOR.

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NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I WILL not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Martha Fabien, without my written order.
APOSTLE TANASSE.
New West., March 13, 1889. dmh13m1

Fresh Milk.

PARTIES WISHING TO BE SERVED WITH fresh milk daily will please notify
DAVID GUNN,
At Kelly's City Bakery.
☞ On and after April 1st delivery twice daily. dmh14m1

NOTICE.

In re Estate of JOHN STEWART, Late of Mount Lehman, Logger, Deceased Intestate.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the above Estate are requested to forward the same, with proper proof thereof, to the undersigned on or before the 14th day of April, 1890.
JOHN S. CLUTE, JR.,
Administrator.
Dated 13th March, 1890. dmh14m1

NOTICE.

In re Estate of CHARLES BLOOMFIELD, Deceased.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the above Estate are requested to forward the same, with proper proof thereof, to the undersigned on or before the 14th day of April, 1890.
JOHN S. CLUTE, JR.,
Administrator.
Dated 13th March, 1890. dmh14m1

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

JOSEPH BROWN, Plaintiff;
—AND—
T. E. MARTIN, Defendant.

TAKE NOTICE THAT A *CAVEAT* HAS THIS day been issued by Hon. J. F. McCREIGHT, Judge of the Supreme Court, restraining the Deputy Registrar of New Westminster Registry from effecting registration of Lot Eleven, Block Five, New Westminster Suburban Lands, or any part thereof.
FRED. G. WALKER,
Defendant's Solicitor.
March 7, 1890. dmh8m1

Land Registry Act.

In the Matter of the Title to (*inter alia*) Block 24, part of District Lot 264a, in the City of Vancouver.

WHEREAS THE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE No. 843a, of MORRIS MOSS to the above hereditaments has been lost or destroyed and application has been made to me for the issuance of a duplicate thereof:
Notice is hereby given that I will, at the expiration of one month from date, issue such duplicate Certificate of Title unless in the meantime valid objection be made to the contrary to me in writing.
T. O. TOWNLEY,
District Registrar.
Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, 14th Mar., 1890. dmh14m1

By Private Sale.---A Bargain.

I HAVE RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS FROM Mrs. A. M. JOHNSTONE, of Mud Bay, to dispose of her Homestead, which consists of 272 acres of Land, good Dwelling House, excellent Barn and Stabling for 40 head of stock, good Dairy and an abundance of Spring Water.
The property is situated on the sunny side of Mud Bay, the land is second to none anywhere, and parties wanting an investment for their capital cannot do better than take a look at this before investing elsewhere.
Stock and implements can go with Ranch if desired.
TERMS--One-third cash; balance to suit purchaser, at 8 per cent. per annum.
For further particulars apply to
T. J. TRAPP,
New West.
☞Several other Farms at Langley and other parts of the District at private bargain.
dno18tc

City of New Westminster, B. C.

ASSESSMENT ROLL, 1890.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Assessment Roll of the City of New Westminster for the year 1890 has been returned to me, and now remains at my office where it may be inspected during office hours by any person or persons interested therein.
The first sitting of the Court of Revision of the said City of New Westminster for the year 1890 will be held in the City Hall, on

TUESDAY, 22nd APRIL, 1890,

At 2 o'clock p. m. Any person or persons intending to complain of his or their assessment or non-assessment, or of the assessment or non-assessment of any other person or persons, must notify me of his or their ground of complaint at least seven days previous to the first sitting of said court
D. ROBSON,
City Clerk.
City Clerk's Office,
New West., March 22, 1890. dmh22td

NOTICE!

WE HAVE OPENED A

General Store

GROCERIES, ETC.,

AT BROWNSVILLE FERRY LANDING,

And will handle all Produce in all quantities, paying highest prices.

Our object is to sell cheap as we have been accustomed to doing business on small profits.
BEATON & PIKE,
dwmh8tc BROWNSVILLE, B. C.

To Smokers

IF YOU WANT TO ENJOY A GOOD CIGAR
—ASK FOR THE—

British Lion, Mainland or Henry Lee.

They are not only made of the CHOICEST TOBACCO, but they are of HOME MANUFACTURE, and should be patronized by all good citizens.
WM. TIETJEN,
MANUFACTURER.
Holbrook Building, Columbia St.,
dwmh15tc New Westminster

WHO IS YOUR SHOEMAKER?

JAS. ROUSSEAU

Can fill the bill to a nicety, and supply everything in

FOOT GEAR!

From the Tiny Shoelet of the New Baby to the Brobdignagian Brogan of the Solid Rancher from Wayback.

Give him a Call.

81 COLUMBIA STREET, WESTMINSTER.
dwfeltc

LONDON MARKET.

FRONT STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

S. MANAHAN,

DEALER in ALL KINDS of FRESH and SALT MEAT

HAMS, BACON, SAUSAGE, BOLOGNAS, ETC.
dfeltc

British : Columbia : Meat : Market

Columbia Street, New Westminster.

Van * Volkenburgh * Bros.

WHOLESALE AND RETAL BUTCHERS.

MEAT PURVEYORS IN GENERAL. FRESH AND CORNED MEATS ALWAYS ON HAND.

Special lines quoted for the shipping trade. Family orders strictly attended to. Hotels will find it to their interest to place their orders with the above firm.
dfeltc

C. McDONOUGH,

LUNDBOM'S BUILDING, FRONT ST.

DEALER in GENERAL MERCHANDISE

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AN EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, ETC.

Men's and Boy's Suits. Great Variety of Household Articles. Also, Grain, Seeds, Potatoes, Lime and General Stores.

N. B.—Farm Produce bought at market rates or sold on commission. Orders from the interior promptly attended to.
dwfeltc

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE PUBLIC NOTICE THAT the firm of QUONG ON LUNG, doing business in this city, will not be responsible for any debts contracted except by my written order.
(Signed), LEE COY.
New West., Mar. 5, 1890. dmh5m1

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 DAYS after date we intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 1144 acres, more or less, being land covered by our timber lease, Lot 618, Group I, New Westminster District.
ROYAL CITY PLANING MILLS CO. Ld.
JOHN HENDRY, Manager.
New Westminster, March 7, 1890. d7mh2m

NOTICE.

In re Estate of JOHN STEWART, Deceased.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the above Estate are requested to forward the same with proper proof thereof to the undersigned on or before the 5th day of April, 1890.
W. H. FALDING,
Administrator.
Dated 4th March, 1890. dmh4m1

Canadian Pacific Railway Company,

General Superintendent's Office.

TO CONTRACTORS:
Tenders will be received by me up to noon on **Tuesday, 1st April next**, for the furnishing of 1000 piles to be delivered in Coal Harbour. Specifications can be seen in the Engineer's office on or after Monday, the 24th instant.
Right reserved to reject any or all tenders.
H. ABBOTT,
dmh22td General Superintendent.

Canadian Pacific Railway

PACIFIC DIVISION.

General Superintendent's Office.

CAUTION.

OWNERS AND MASTERS OF VESSELS AND other Craft navigating the Fraser River are cautioned to keep within the Buoys painted Red and White, respectively, at the Mission Bridge, as during the construction of the Bridge, navigation between the banks of the River and the Buoys is dangerous, owing to piles being driven there.
H. ABBOTT,
General Superintendent.
Vancouver, B.C., 7th May, 1889. dmy8tc

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia for an Act to incorporate a Company, to be called "The British Columbia Mills, Timber and Trading Company," for the purpose of acquiring the shares in the capital, and the business, property and privileges, and also of assuming the liabilities of the Royal City Planing Mills Company, Limited, and the Hastings Saw Mill Company, Limited, respectively, and to provide for the said Companies being merged therein and extinguished; and
To operate and carry on the business of the aforesaid Mills;
To acquire by purchase or otherwise, build and operate, equip and maintain, mills, factories and machine shops of any description, steam vessels and other vessels of any description, railways, tramways, canals and ferries, and to dispose of the same, or any interest therein, by sale or otherwise;
To acquire, by purchase or otherwise, and construct roads, dams, bridges, aqueducts, flumes, etc., and to dispose of the same, or any interest therein, by sale or otherwise;
To acquire, by purchase or otherwise, leases of timber and other lands and timber privileges, and to dispose of the same, or any interest therein, by sale or otherwise;
To acquire, by purchase or otherwise, and hold lands, and dispose of the same, or any interest therein, by sale or otherwise;
To acquire, by purchase or otherwise, gold, silver and other ores and minerals, logs, timber, lumber and merchandise of any description, bills of lading, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and securities for money, and to dispose of the same;
To exercise and carry on the business of mill-owners (saw, grist or other mills), timber and lumber merchants, manufactures, wharfingers, and carriers, and to conduct and carry on a shipping, towing and general trading business;
To undertake agencies and conduct financial business of any kind other than that of banking or insurance;
To perform all such acts, matters and things as the Company may deem incidental or otherwise conducive to the attainment of any of the above objects, or to the conversion or disposition of any security or property held by the Company.
DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
Solicitors for the Applicants.
Dated 4th December, 1889.
Victoria, B.C. dde7tc

BRITISH COLUMBIA Land and Investment Agency

(LIMITED)

THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND, } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE:

15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet Street,

LONDON, ENG.

The Business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.
MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates. Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.
Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. dwfeltc

MAINLAND

Transfer, Hack, Livery, Stage, Feed and Sale Stables.

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE NOW PREPARED TO TURN OUT

Double and Single Rigs

At Special Low Rates.

Draying and All Kinds of Teaming

Done at Shortest Notice.

DRY CORDWOOD delivered to any part of the City.
Orders by Telephone will receive prompt attention.
☞ Stables nearly opposite C. P. R. Depot, Columbia St., New Westminster.
dfeltc GILLEY BROS., Props.

Jos. M. Wise,

—DEALER IN—

COAL and WOOD

A Large Supply Constantly on Hand.

☞Orders left at the office of Messrs. Mathers & Milligan, Commission Merchants, Front Street, will have prompt attention. *JOS. M. WISE.*
dfeltc

QUICK TIME

—TO—

SAN FRANCISCO

And All Points in CALIFORNIA, via the MT. SHASTA ROUTE of the

Southern Pacific Comp'y

The Great Highway THROUGH CALIFORNIA to All Points EAST and SOUTH.

THE SCENIC ROUTE OF THE PACIFIC COAST.

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS PASSENGERS.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address
THOS. A. GRAHAM,
District Passenger Agent,
110 South 10th St., TACOMA, WASH.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst.-Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent, PORTLAND, OR.
dtc

THE DAILY COLUMBIAN

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 28, 1890.

Advertising Rates for the Daily.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.—First insertion, 10 cts. per line, solid nonpareil; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cts. per line each insertion.

STANDING ADVERTISEMENTS.—Professional or Business Cards (condensed), $2 per month. Special rates for general commercial advertising, according to space occupied and duration of contract.

AUCTION SALES, when displayed, charged 25 per cent. less than transient advts. If solid, charged at regular transient rates.

SPECIAL NOTICES among reading matter, 20 cts. per line each insertion. Specials inserted by the month at reduced rates.

Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1 for each insertion; Funeral notices in connection with deaths, 50 cts. each insertion.

Weekly Advertising Rates.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS—Each insertion, 10 cts. per line (solid nonpareil).

STANDING ADVERTISEMENTS.—Professional or Business Cards (condensed), $1.50 per month. Special rates for general trade advertising.

Special Notices, Births, Marriages and Deaths, same rates as Daily.

CUTS must be all metal, and for large cuts an extra rate will be charged.

Persons sending in advertisements should be careful to state whether they are to appear in the Daily Edition, or the Weekly, or both. A liberal reduction is made when inserted in both. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.

SUBSCRIBERS

Who do not receive their paper regularly, from the Carriers or through the Post Office, will confer a favor by reporting the same to the office of publication at once.

New Advertisements This Day.

Wanted.....Major & Pearson
N. W. District.....F. G. Vernon
Hot Cross Buns.....City Bakery

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL

Office Supplies at Lyal's.

Lyal—The Piano and Organ agent. *tc

Lyal—The Bookseller and Stationer. *tc

Fresh Eastern Oysters just arrived at the Club. *tc

There was a clean sheet at the police court to-day.

Mousquetaire Undressed Kid Gloves, in all shades, at James Ellard & Co's. *tc

The wife beating case will come before the police magistrate to-morrow morning.

A number of Vancouver people were in the city to-day looking up real estate investments.

The next Real Estate auction sale will come off at Mart next Saturday evening, the 29th inst. *td

The str. Rainbow left for Victoria this morning with a full load of farm produce and 15 passengers.

Wanted, 25 woodworkers for saw mill work, highest wages to good men. Apply at once.—F. G. Strickland & Co. m28t3

Messrs. Sloane and Mowat, and Messrs. F. J. Coulthard & Co. will open their new real estate offices on Tuesday next.

The Artillery and Rifles parade this evening for Battalion Drill. Every man should be present as this may be the last drill before inspection.

The salmon catch last night was fully up to the average. Shipments of salmon to Montreal and Toronto to-day were much larger than usual, over 2,000 lbs. being shipped.

For sale—8 acres on Vancouver road, near Westminster; price, $125 per acre. This is less than half regular prices; 16 acres can be secured if taken at once.—MAJOR & PEARSON. *w1

Wanted—150 men to wear the best and cheapest goods ever sold in New Westminster. Direct from London, England, and just opened out. Come and see—Beggs & Heard. *tc

The trial foot ball match, from the opposing sides of which the team to represent the mainland in the Island-Mainland match will be chosen, takes place at Hastings to-morrow afternoon.

Just arrived from Glasgow, Scotland, a fine range of Ladies', Misses' and Boys' Shoes and Slippers; also, White Satin Slippers from Paris—At Gordon & Co.'s. Call early before they are all gone. 27d2tw1

Woods, Turner & Gamble sold yesterday 12 lots in lots 14 and 15, block 4, suburban. Parties desiring property in this choice locality at the present low rates had better get in at once as the prices will be raised in a few days. *tc

McKenzie street between Columbia and Front streets, is to be opened out immediately and a walk laid on the east side. The walk on the west side is too broad and it will be narrowed to a suitable width. The cribwork is considered insecure and the probabilities are that it will have to be considerably strengthened.

The editorial and business offices of THE COLUMBIAN have been removed to the new Powell Block, Columbia street, where parties having business to transact with any of our departments are requested to call. Our new offices have not been completely fitted up yet, but it was deemed advisable for greater convenience to have the whole working of the establishment under one roof. *tc

The Fairhaven & Northern are now grading the roadway from their present terminus at Bellingham northward along the beach, and are making good progress. Quite a force of men are at work, and the track will be laid in a few days. The Fairhaven & Northern are doing their best, and only a short time will elapse until we can see the cars running across to the Whatcom wharf. —*Schome Gazette.*

A shovelling contest took place at the North Arm last week between Mr. Oliver and Mr. Steves. A wager had been laid between them as to which could fill a load of gravel in the shortest time and keep it up for the day. The way the gravel flew for a time would forcibly remind one of a Dakoty blizzard. When the contest was fought to the bitter end Mr. Oliver was declared the winner of the stakes.

Our Boys at School.

The results of the sessional examinations of the Law School in connection with Dalhousie University, Halifax, N. S., are published. We are glad to note that the British Columbia boys have maintained the high standing of former years. Mr. F. W. Howay heads the first-class list on four subjects: International law, insurance, negotiable instruments and equity, and stands second on the first class list in partnership. This is the first time in the history of the Law School that any student has headed the list on so many subjects in any one year. Mr. R. McBride, son of Mr. Warden McBride, is in the first-class list in international law, negotiable instruments, and insurance, and is second-class in partnership and equity. Mr. G. Dockrill stands first-class in constitutional history, real property, criminal law, and contracts and second-class in torts. THE COLUMBIAN congratulates the New Westminster boys on their success.

PERSONAL.

Mr. F. G. Strickland has returned from a visit to the capital.

Mr. S. Knight, of Chilliwack, was in the city to-day and gave us a call.

Mr. Nelson Bennett and Mr. A. J. Thompson left for Victoria this morning.

Mr. A. E. Rand returned this afternoon from a a flying visit to Vancouver. He says the people there are beginning to awaken to the fact that Westminster offers a splendid field for investment.

Mr. J. Stuart Yates, Victoria, senior member of the law firm of Yates, Jay & Russell, was on Wednesday evening married to Miss Annie Austin, Cadboro Bay road. Mr. and Mrs. Yates arrived yesterday morning on the Islander and took the Premier down the Sound on their wedding trip.—*News-Advertiser.*

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE AGREEMENT ABANDONED.

The Southern Railway Abandons the Bonus and Land Grants, and Offers a New Proposition.

A meeting was held last evening beween Mr. Nelson Bennett and the directors of the Southern Railway Company at which it was determined to abandon the bonus of $150,000 voted by the ratepayers and the other privileges, and to substitute a new proposition involving only some of the minor privileges granted in the original agreement. Following are the principal features of the new proposition:

(1.) That the city shall give the Company right of way through the city thirty feet in width wherever they have that much available ground, or twenty-five feet in places where private or leased properties are interfered, in the case of leases the full width to be given when the leases should expire.

(2.) That the city shall give the Company Lytton Square for station and other purposes, and the twelve lots in front of the square for railroad purposes; also the strip of land lying between Webster's wharf and the Royal City Plaining Mills.

(3) That the city shall grant the Company exemption from taxation for a period of twenty-five years.

(4) In consideration of these rights and privileges the Company would put on a ferry of sufficient proportions to do all their railroad business and for the transportation of freight and passenger cars across the river and into the city, and they would undertake to set down passengers and freight on this side of the river at the same charge as on the south side.

The reasons given for abandoning the agreement are various. The company find that the railway bridge could not be constructed within the specified limits except at immense cost, and which the company is not prepared to undertake at present. Lulu Island the company finds, would not be a suitable site for the workshops, and as much of the ground would have to be filled to a depth of several feet the cost would again be enormous, besides which the acquisition of the Lulu Island grant bears with it several conditions in regard to bridging, dyking, road building, etc., which would be an immense burden on the company. In regard to the site of the workshops nothing has been settled, but Mr. Thompson says they will be very close to the city—where the most suitable lands can be purchased.

The new proposition will be laid before the city council in caucus this evening, and its full provisions will be laid before our readers at the earliest possible date.

The Stranded Gladys.

Capt. Powers of the str. Gladys arrived down from Johnson's Landing last night and brought the information that the stranded steamer would easily be got off without further injury. Everything was in readiness yesterday to float her, the scows were along side and other details arranged and she was gradually being raised by means of a windlass when one of the timbers to which the ropes were fastened gave way under the strain and it was found necessary to lower her to the bottom again. Capt. Powers came to the city for stronger timbers which he procured and left again last night for the scene of the wreck.

The place where the Gladys lies is in the main channel, and has been safely crossed thousands of times by the river steamers. It is thought that the tide was either exceptionally low, or that a log or snag had anchored there, thus causing the accident. It is fully expected that the steamer will be safely raised to-day, and she will probably reach port to-night or to-morrow morning.

A Clean Sweep.

A few weeks ago Messrs. Rand Bros., of this city, purchased 160 acres of the White estate, adjoining the western boundary of the city, for which they paid $16,000. Since then they had the property cut into lots and properly subdivided, and yesterday it was put on the market for the first time. The moment the office opened a rush for the property was made, and before 6 o'clock last night the whole 600 lots had been sold. Vancouver investors have taken up 290 of the lots or about 50 per cent. of the whole. The prices realized ranged from $50 to $160 per lot, clearing the owners something over $30,000 on the deal. This is, without doubt, the most successful real estate deal that has ever been consummated in Westminster, but it only goes to show the direction things are taking here, and indicates what may be expected in the near future.

The *News-Advertiser* this morning says, speaking of the deal: "Although it is not usual for the *News-Advertiser* to advise its readers who are interested in real estate as to the manner in which they should operate, the moral of this true story is very obvious."

CORRESPONDENCE.

THAT "NEW MOVE"

EDITOR COLUMBIAN.—*Sir:*—You will please permit a citizen of the Royal burgh to express a few thoughts anent the last move of the Southern Railway Company. This morning's *Truth* announces the "New Move" of the company by saying that "Mr. Thomson, with the concurrence of Mr. Bennett and the other directors, detailed to a *Truth* reporter the facts which are given below" and then follows a very carefully prepared programme of questions and answers, setting forth in a rather mystical manner the intentions and wants of the company with regard to their former and future connection with Westminster.

Truth's reporter is prompted to ask certain questions and receives certain answers, and altogether is, no doubt, in the confidence of this *faithless* Southern Railway Company, (I say faithless company, because it has never once kept either the spirit or the letter of any agreement or understanding entered into with this city.)

Now, without entering into the merits or demerits of this faithless and terribly expensive company's transactions with this city, allow me to call the attention of every citizen of Westminster to the fact that in consequence of the total failure of the company to keep any agreement with the Council of Westminster, the council and people of this city are now free from any obligations to said company, and, if ever the citizens of New Westminster allow ahe corporation to have anything to do with this said Railroad Company in future, then every such citizen should be drowned in the depths of the Fraser. Let us now turn all our attention to the bridging of the river, so that the bone and sinew of the district may have free and uninterrupted communication with this city, and let the R. R. Co. go to JERRICO.

When a good thing is going the genial "Mikey" generally manages to be with the crowd, and it is, therefore, not surprising to find that J. A. Healy & Co., yesterday secured a few of the lots in the Western Addition to the City of New Westminster, which they propose to offer their friends to-day in the same manner and with the like celerity that one is accustomed to associate with the proverbial "hot cakes."—*News-Advertiser.*

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Ladies' new Lace, beaded, Chenille Visites and Boas, just opened at James Ellard & Co's. *tc

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

Thursdays' Proceedings.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

VICTORIA, March 27.—Mr. Speaker took the chair at 2 p. m. Prayers by Rev. Andrew Beanlands.

Consideration of the further report was adjourned until Tuesday next.

Mr. Cunningham asked the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works the following questions:

Why has not the Government issued to Samuel Greer a Crown grant of the land comprised in pre-emption 1,003, in conformity with the recommendation of the Select Committee's report, which was adopted by the House on the 27th day of April, 1888?

The Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works replied as follows:

The land to which Mr. Greer prefers a claim is situated on the south side of English Bay, immediately east of lot 192, group 1. It was within and formed part of a certain timber limit, which was granted to "The British Colnmbia and Vancouver Island Spar, Lumber and Saw Mill Company, Limited," under a lease dated 30th November, 1865.

This lease reserved the right of pre-emption to *bona fide* settlers upon the written sanction of the Governor and Superintendent of the Company.

Sanction to pre-empt was granted to Mr. S. Preston on 3rd April, 1873, and a pre-emption record was issued to him, numbered 1,003, and dated 14th April, 1873.

No evidence has been produced to show that Preston ever occupied the claim, as provided by the Land Laws. On the contrary, the sworn evidence taken by the Select Committee appointed by the Legislature in 1885 proves that he never legally occupied it, *e. g.*,

1st. S. Greer, being examined, says "At the time that Spinks' claim was applied for, it (Preston's claim) was open for pre-emption according to the Land Laws of British Columbia" (Journals 1885, p. ix.), which is an admission that it was not legally held by Preston.

2nd. R. H. Alexander, giving evidence touching the claims of Preston and others, says "None of these ever took up their claims" (Journals 1885, p. xii).

3rd. J. C. Hughes says of S. Preston's claim, "It was abandoned long ago" (Journals 1885, p. xvii).

4th. The evidence of Mr. Mackie, Sr., shows conclusively that Preston's claim had been abandoned, and that he (Mackie) had been on the land six or seven months before Greer appeared (Journals, p. xxv').

Mr. Greer's claim has not been recognized by the Government for the following reasons, viz.:

1. S. Preston's pre-emption claim being abandoned, was cancelled by section 7 of the "Land Amendment Act, 1882."

2. Preston had never obtained a certificate of improvement, and consequently could not legally transfer any interest he may have had (if any) to Greer or any other person. (See sec. 13, Land Act, 1871.)

3. Greer was at that time, and still is, the holder of a pre-emption claim at Chilliwack, and could not hold a second pre-emption claim at the same time legally.

Mr. Greer wrote to the Lands and Works Department on 1st November, 1886, enclosing a cheque in payment of the purchase money due on his pre-emption at Chilliwack, and requested the issue of a Crown grant.

In reply, Mr. Greer was informed by a letter from the Land office, dated 3rd November, 1886, that a Crown grant would be issued for his pre-emption claim upon receipt of his original certificate of pre-emption record and certificate of improvement, as is customary in such cases. No reply was received from Mr. Greer, and so the matter now rests.

4. Putting Preston out of the question, the land was reserved officially from sale or settlement, and not open to pre-emption at, prior or subsequent to the date Greer took possession, which was in June, 1884. In addition to the reserve a notice was published on the 2nd May, 1884, warning all persons not to squat or otherwise deal with lands in that vicinity. Mr. Greer ignored this notice, and should have no advantage over law-obeying citizens, who, paying heed to it, did not seek to acquire public lands illegally.

5. A Crown grant, including the land in question, was issued to Donald A. Smith and Richard B. Angus, on 13th February, 1886, in accordance with an agreement previously entered into with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

The inconsistency of the grounds upon which Mr. Greer based his claim to the land in question is apparent when it is borne in mind that he first rested such claim, say from June, 1884, up to Dec., 1886, not upon any rights acquired through Preston, but through a purchase from certain Indians, in evidence of which a deed was produced which was subsequently impeached and formed the subject of an inquiry by Royal Commission (dated 20th March, 1885), and pronounced by Sir M. B. Begbie, the commissioner, to be a forgery. The Indian claim failing him, Mr. Greer then sought to acquire through Preston.

With respect to the claim by pre-emption advanced by Walls, Spinks, Greer and others, the Commissioner in his reports says:

"The title of the applicants, Messrs. Walls and others, so far as it is based, the pre-emption application 17th June, 1884, and their purchase from the alleged pre-emptor, appeare obviouse to the following objections, among others:

"1st. The land was in the Hastings Mill leasehold, and could not be pre-empted without the consent of the manager and chief commissioner, which had not been procured.

"2nd. It was not 'unreserved land,' having been expressly reserved by the chief commissioner, 30th May, 1884.

"3rd. It was not 'unoccupied' land. There were two Indians and one or two white men raising crops there.

"4th. Neither the attempting pre-emptor, nor any person on his behalf, erected a single post, as required by the act, or of any kind.

"5th. The alleged pre-emptor has never yet spent a night on the land, although in his letter of application, 17th June, he alleges that he is 'living on the land.'

"6th. The pre-emption record was at once and definitely refused.

"7th. No certificate of improvement appears to have been issued, without which no pre-emptor can convey any title, even if his pre-emption record be unimpeachable."

Mr. Cunningham moved the third reading of the Vancouver City bill. Bill read a third time and passed.

House went into committee of the whole on the message and bill *re* grant of lands for charitable purposes. Committee rose and reported the resolution with the bill. Report adopted and the bill read a first, and second reading set for Friday.

Hon. Mr. Vernon moved the second reading of the Land Registry Act. There are a number of men out surveying at the present time who are not competent to do so. The result of their work will be an inextricable mass of confusion. No one can tell whether these men are possessed of sufficient knowledge to undertake the duties of surveyors, when they apply at the office. In this country our laws are very free and broad and this was an instance of it. On more than one occasion it had been necessary for the Lands and Works Department to put a notice in the papers stating the survey of certain parties would not be accepted. We must guard ourselves by seeing that all parties who undertake such work are properly qualified.

Mr. Cunningham was very glad this question had been brought up. There had been much annoyance sustained in the past, but this bill would effectually abrogate this in the future.

Mr. Orr wanted to know whether this Act would effect those who were now making a living surveying, and who were not duly authorized by the Surveyor-general of the Province or by the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. Vernon said the question was provided for in the bill.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said there had been just as many singular surveys made by surveyors authorized by the Surveyor-general as there had been by others not so authorized. No one can tell when the lines are wrong, when half a dozen surveyors have surveyed the same site and all the lines are different.

Hon. Mr. Vernon made a few explanatory remarks of the working of the bill.

Mr. Semlin related several instances of surveyors in his part of the country.

Mr. Haslam said that in the present condition of British Columbia there was no positive starting point. Work that was after condemned as useless was really not the fault of the surveyors at all.

Bill read a second time and committed. Mr. Mason in the chair. The debate was very interesting, and at some stages, entertaining. Committee rose and reported the bill complete with amendments.

House went into committe on the Railway Bill. Mr. Cunningham in the chair. Committee rose and reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

Mr. Speaker drew the attention of the executive to the feeble character of the light supplied by the gas used in the House.

Hon. Mr. Robson said there were many more demands on the meter than there were last year and the only remedy was electricity.

Mr. Speaker said several of the members had been complaining that the poor light affected their eye-sight, and he himself had felt not a little incommoded by it.

House adjourned at 5:45 p. m. until 2 p. m. next day.

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CITY BAKERY,

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Headquarters in City for Hot X Buns.

New Westminster District.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undermentioned tracts of land, situate in Squawmisht River Valley, New Westminster District, has been surveyed, and that plans of the same can be seen at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, and at the office of Charles Warwick, Esq., Assistant Commissioner, &c., New Westminster.

TOWNSHIP 50.

Fractional N. E. ¼, fractional N. W. ¼, and fractional S. W. ¼ of Section 1; Section 2; Section 3; E. ½ and S. W. ¼ of Section 10; Section 11; fractional S. E. ¼, fractional S. W. ¼, and fractional N. W. ¼ of Section 12; W. ½ and S. E. ¼ of Section 14; E. ½ and N. W. ¼ of Section 15; E. ½ and N. W. ¼ of Section 21; Section 22; W. ½ of Section 23; Section 27; Section 28; S. E. ¼ of Section 33 and Section 34.

Claimants to any portion of these lands must file a statement of the same with the Government Agent for the District within two months from the date of this notice, as provided by section 19 of the "Land Act" (Consolidated Statutes).

Blank forms for declaration may be obtained at the Government Agent's Office, New Westminster, and at this Department.

F. G. VERNON,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 20th March, 1890. mh28-60d

The Real Estate Sale

—ON—

SATURDAY EVENING NEXT

PROMISES TO BE MORE THAN EVER INteresting. There will be offered at this sale a number of City Lots in the

NEW TOWN OF BURNABY,

Together with some very choice acre property in lots of from 5 to 10 acres each. The whole of these lots are elegantly situated, many of them fronting on a wide road which follows along the creek that supplies the now famous Burnaby Lake—the future pleasure resort of the youth of the two great Cities of Westminster and Vancouver. Several acres have been already set apart for the use of the Vancouver Boating Club and arrangements have been made to erect a large Hotel at this point, for the convience of the public—which will be commenced within thirty days from date. The Hastings road runs directly through this property, and this sale will afford an excellent opportunity to those who wish to secure a few acres within easy reach of the City. Terms exceptionally easy—⅓ cash: balance in 6 and 12 months, at 8 per cent.

Also—Lots in **Lot 3, Blk. IV., N. W. City,** near Queen's Park and adjacent to Sapperton, and within easy reach of the Post Office.

Lot 4 of the North half of **Lot 17, Blk. 13,** N. W. Suburbs.

Lot 11 of **Lot 17, Blk. 7,** N. W. Suburbs.

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, Subdivision of **Lot 13, Blk. X.,** N. W. Suburbs.

Lot 7, Subdivision of **Lot 10, Blk. 9,** N. W. Suburbs. Contains 3¼ City Lots; has a hard-finished House thereon; excellent spring of water; property all fenced. Easy terms of payment; must be sold.

HOUSE and LOT on Clinton St. House quite new; well built; pleasant situation. Property rapidly increasing in value. Terms very liberal.

Lots 14, 15 & 16, Subdivision of **Blk. B.**—Victoria Gardens, City.

Lot 43 of Lot 11, Blk. 13, N. W. Suburbs.

South half of Subdivision of **Lot 11, of Lot 31, Block 6,** Suburban.

South 2 Acres of **Lot 1, of Lot 90, Group 1.**

Lot 16, Subdivision **Lot 19, Block 13,** Suburban.

Lot 7, Subdivision **Lot 18, Block 13,** Suburban.

Lot 14, Block 22, Ellice Street, City.

Lots 30 & 31, Subdivision of Lots 6, 41, & 42, Block 6.

Lot 2 of Subdivision Lot 25, Block 7, N. W. Suburbs.

Lots 4 & 5, Subdivision of Lot 3 of Lot 6, Blk. 9, Suburban.

Lot 34, Subdivision Lot 10, Block 13, Suburban.

Lots 70, 71 & 72, Subdivision of Suburban Lot 11, Block 12.

Lots 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, Subdivision Lot 7, Block 14. N. W. Suburbs.

Lots 4, 5 & 6, Subdivision Lot 24, Block 7, N. W. Suburbs.

Lot 42, St. George's Square, City.

Some excellent 5-Acre Lots in Section 30, Brownsville facing on Mud Bay Road. This is fine property and the terms are easy.

T. J. TRAPP,
AUCTIONEER.
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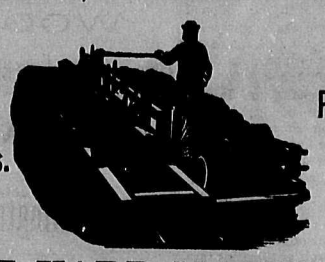

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