THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
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WM. HARRISON ..... YALE.
L. P. FISHER Advertising Agent, 21 Merchant's Exchange, San Francisco, is authorised to receive Advertisements for this paper.

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The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, June 2, 1883.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

VOLUME 23 NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1883. NUMBER 44

Now or Never.

If the federal government have really decided to open up the railway lands for settlement, we hope no time will be lost in giving practical effect to that decision. During the early years of this country's colonization the waves of population which reached it, striking upon what they conceived to be a rock-bound shore, were thrown back and scattered in many directions. Many of those who came to this country in 1858 and 1862 found beyond the boundary lands, ample in area and excellent in quality, open to settlement on liberal terms, and to-day we find these men prosperous and flourishing in Oregon and Washington Territory. The progress of British Columbia has been slow and uncertain. The encouragements to enterprise have been hampered with conditions which none but courageous hearts would care to encounter. But now the conditions are being changed. The years of hopeless waiting for something to turn up are giving place to times of vigorous action, and the rewards of industy lie everywhere within easy reach. And not only in British Columbia have times changed. The adjacent territories which have been for years swallowing up the western-bound emigrants are now about full. During the present year thousands have gone into the region about Puget Sound, and we learn by frequent visitors from these parts that nearly all the eligible land has been occupied, and even inferior sections are being filled up. The flow of emigration to these adjacent territories still continues, and must soon find its way across the boundary line into this province. Not a few stragglers have already ventured across the line, and they have expressed great surprise at the extent and richness of the good lands in British Columbia. Their astonishment arose principally from misleading information. At San Francisco, and all along the Sound, emigrants are stuffed with the belief that there is no available agricultural land north of the 49th parallel fit for settlement. This belief is being dispelled by actual observation. The lands are found to be fully equal, and in many cases vastly superior, to those across the line. These lands, we are sorry to say, still remain closed against settlers, as they lie within the railway belt. But there is reason to believe that the arrangements made between our government and the federal authorities are such as will result in placing the railway belt in the market at an early day, and then there is certain to be a large emigration from Washington Territory across the line to British Columbia. When this time comes New Westminster district will be rapidly filled up. It is earnestly to be hoped that the Dominion government will hasten with all possible speed to open these lands and appoint some person to see that immigrants receive the information and attention necessary to secure success. This country seems now to be on the tide which "taken at the flood leads on to fortune"; and under proper mangement we should be able to retain amongst us every one who comes with the nerve and push necessary to constitute a good colonist.

Princess Louise and Auntie.

On the day before the reception tendered her at St. George's, Bermuda, the Princess Louise went on a sketching expedition along the shore, all alone, and, after a time becoming thirsty, went for a drink to the cottage of a negro fisherman. No one was there but "auntie," and she was as busy as could be ironing a shirt for her "ole man" to wear at the reception. The Princess asked for a drink. "I'se no time to bodder getting water fo' you," was the reply; "I'se fen'ful busy, for I'se bound to see the Queen's child to-morrow." "But if you'll get me a drink I'll iron while you do so," said the thirsty Princess. The offer was accepted, the Princess finished the shirt and got her drink, and then revealed her identity. "Fo' de Lo'd, honey!" exclaimed "auntie," when she recovered from her surprise, "ole man no' no one else'll ever wear *dat* shirt again, nohow!"

Scientific and Useful.

GINGER PUNDING. — Ingredients:—Half pound flour, quarter pound suet, quarter pound moist sugar, two large teaspoonfuls of ground ginger. Mode —Shred the suet fine, mix with flour, sugar, and ginger; stir well and put in a buttered basin, dry; tie a cloth over, and boil three hours; no liquid to be used. Tried and found good.

BAKED BEETS.—There is no more satisfactory way to cook them, as they retain their sweetness and flavor. Wash them perfectly clean; put them in a pan with a very little water in it, and bake them until they are tender; the time, of course, varies with the size of the beet, an hour being small enough allowance for a beet of medium size. When they are done remove the skin and serve in the same way that you do a boiled beet.

TO PURIFY ROOMS AFTER SICKNESS. — Wash the furniture, woodwork, floor, and walls (scraping off the paper) with the carbolic solution and soap. Then shut up tightly, and burn in it a pound of sulphur for every hundred cubic feet of space it contains, and allow the fumes to remain in the closed room for twenty-four hours. Lastly, open doors and windows so as to ventilate freely for a week, at the end of which time disinfection may generally be considered complete.

A NICE CAKE (Economical).—Five cups flour, one cup melted butter, one cup cream or milk, one cup molasses, one cup moist sugar, two eggs, half ounce powdered ginger, half pound raisins (stoned and cut), one teaspoonful carbonate of soda, one tablespoonful vinegar. Warm the butter but do not boil it, then add to molasses, well beaten eggs and cream; stir well into dry ingredients, then dissolve the soda with the vinegar, and incorporate thoroughly with the dough. Bake in a moderate oven immediately from two to two and a quarter hours.

BOILED LEMON PUDDING. — Half pound chopped suet, three-quarters pound bread crumbs, two small lemons, six ounces moist sugar, quarter pound of flour, two eggs, sufficient milk to make the pudding consistency of thick batter. Mix the suet, bread crumbs, sugar and flour well together, adding the lemon-peel, finely minced, and the juice, which should be strained; when mixed moisten the whole with the eggs and milk; put in a well-buttered basin; boil three and a half hours; turn it out and strew sifted sugar over it, add wine sauce or not at pleasure. This pudding is good, either boiled or baked. Will take two hours to bake.

Debut of a Princess.

(London Letter to Chicago Tribune.)

The two eldest children of the Prince of Wales are now at Lausanne with a tutor. They are there chiefly for French. After their French is perfected they will spend certain holidays in Germany for conversational German. All highly-educated people in England speak these two Continental languages. All the royal children are exceptionally accomplished in language. The eldest son is the duller and much the soberer of the two. His beautiful character is that of his mother, and great hopes are entertained of him. His life is singularly pure and thoughtful, and he is said to be a great joy to his parents. The second yonng Prince has his father's blood in his veins, and sometimes breaks loose in frolic like a horse colt. The eldest daughter, Princess Louise Victoria of Wales, has just passed her sixteenth birthday, which has been celebrated with unusual honor and festivity. The Princess of Wales, it is stated, means to make this a very brilliant season for herself. Her eldest daughter will be brought out next year, and the lovely and gracious Princess will have to stand up by the side of a grown-up daughter, and perhaps no mother quite likes the suggestion of rivalry which this fact raises and never lays to rest. Good breeding and good education are the tradition of the royal family. The Prince Consort was a gentleman, and a very scholarly and intelligent gentleman, and his children when very young began to study with definite aims and by the most exact methods and under the wisest of guidance. No family in Europe has more rigid hours of study, from eldest to youngest, than the royal family of England. The purity of the English Court is worthy of all praise in itself, and especially as giving a clear and crystal tone to English social life.

Sleep for Children.

There is no danger that children can sleep too much. The old proverb, "he who sleeps, eats," is illustrated in those little ones who sleep most. Wakeful children are almost always peevish, irritable and lean. If they can be induced to sleep abundantly, they are quite likely to become good-natured and plump. Their sleep should be as much during the hours of darkness as possible, and therefore it is better that they should go to bed before sunset to have their sleep out, than to lie long after sunrise in the morning. It is well to let any healthful, growing child or young person sleep until he wakes himself, and give him such variety and amount of out-door exercise as shall make him glad when bedtime returns.

Francis Murphy secured 5,000 signers of the Blue Ribbon pledge in Kendal, England, and the butchers of the town report that the sale of meat has increased one-sixth in consequence of the decline in the sale of rum.

The Editor of the Grand River *Sachem* says:—"We are usually sparing in our encomiums towards patent medicines, but observation and enquiry has satisfied us that the preparation of Messrs. T. Milburn & Co., styled 'Burdock Blood Bitters,' as a blood purifying tonic is worthy of the high reputation it has established among the people."

Mental depression, headache, and nervous debility, are speedily remedied by that excellent blood-purifying tonic, Burdock Blood Bitters. The Editor of the Mitchell *Recorder* states, that he was cured of biliousness, liver derangement, and sick headache, by the use of this medicine.

DRS. WELSH & HENDERSON,
DENTISTS. Office over D. S. Curtis & Co.'s drug store, next Colonial Hotel, New Westminster. my16-tc.

J. A. R. HOMER,
General Commission Agent,
FRONT STREET.

GORDON E. CORBOULD,
Barrister, Solicitor, &c.
NEW WESTMINSTER,
BRITISH COLUMBIA.

R. T. WILLIAMS,
BOOK BINDER, PAPER RULER, and Blank Book Manufacturer.
Maps and Drawing Paper Mounted. Files of Magazines, Illustrated Papers, etc., neatly and cheaply Bound.
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J. E. CLEVELAND,
Builder and Contractor!
CUSTOM HOUSE SQUARE,
New Westminster, B. C.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. (ap7tc)

TURNER, BEETON & CO.
MERCHANTS,
WHARF STREET, - VICTORIA.
AGENTS FOR
North British and Mercantile Insurance Co. for Mainland.
H. C. BEETON & CO.,
36 Finsbury Circus, London, E. C.

JAMES MORRISON,
CONVEYANCER,
Land and General Agent,
—AND—
AUCTIONEER!
COLUMBIA STREET, (Opp. Colonial Hotel)
NEW WESTMINSTER.
Several good Farms for Sale and to Lease. no10

W. D. FERRIS,
LAND, HOUSE,
—AND—
GENERAL AGENT
Rent and Debt Collector.
SEVERAL GOOD FARMS FOR SALE
Agent for the TRAVELLERS' LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO., Hartford, Conn.
OFFICE: — Columbia Street., New Westminster. de9

Every Man to his Own Business
A. PEELE,
PRACTICAL
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,
COLUMBIA STREET
(OPP. COLONIAL HOTEL),
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.
N. B. — Only Genuine Drugs used. Over twenty years' experience. mr23

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SEWING MACHINES
Cleaned and Repaired. Machine Needles for Sale.
Umbrellas Mended, and General Repairing neatly done.
Ammunition of all kinds. A full assortment of Re-loading Tools, and everything required by a Sportsman. RIFLES, SHOT GUNS, REVOLVERS, and FISHING TACKLE for sale. d24y

H. P. GREGORY & CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. AND PORTLAND, OR.
SAWS AND ALL KINDS OF SAW MILL MACHINERY
—ALSO—
Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Wood and Iron-working Machinery, Belting, Packing, Hose, &c., &c., &c.

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MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Books & Sheet Music
IN ENDLESS VARIETY,
MUSICAL BOXES
A fine Assortment; from $25 to $60,
—AT—
BAGNALL & CO.'S
MUSIC STORE,
GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.
J. BAGNALL,
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NEW SPRING GOODS
—AT THE—
CASH TAILOR'S.
W. ELSON
MERCHANT TAILOR
Lytton Square, New Westminster.
Broadcloths and fine tweeds always on hand. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Try His $25 Suit.
ap28-tc.

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FROM
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Boot & Shoe Manufactory,
VICTORIA,
AT VICTORIA PRICES.
R. THOMAS,
Shop under the new Oddfellow Hall, Columbia st., New Westminster.

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THE UNDERSIGNED HAS PLEASURE in announcing that he is now prepared to supply all kinds of Furniture, &c., at the lowest possible prices. Cabinet work and Upholstering done promptly and in first-class style.
UNDERTAKING
In all its branches. The undersigned has the only HEARSE in the City. A continuance of public patronage solicited. Old stand, next Occident Hotel.
J. G. BUNTE,
Late Manager Sehl's Branch Furniture Store. au5tc

MRS. M. ECKSTEIN
HAS JUST OPENED A NEW Store at
PORT MOODY,
Where will be found a full stock of
Dry Goods, Groceries, and General Merchandise,
Which will be sold at New Westminster Prices.
Next Door to Caledonia Hotel. (ap18tc)

ESTABLISHED 1859.
ROBT. DICKINSON,
BUTCHER,
Nearly Opposite the Colonial Hotel,
NEW WESTMINSTER.
THE LARGEST AND CHOICEST assortment of all descriptions of
MEATS AND VEGETABLES
Constantly on hand, and supplied to Families, Restaurants, and Steamboats at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

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WOODS & TURNER,
LAND SURVEYORS,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
Accountants & Conveyancers,
COLUMBIA STREET,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
WE HAVE FOR SALE IMPROVED and unimproved Lands at
PITT RIVER,
MAPLE RIDGE,
LANGLEY,
MATSQUI,
MISSION,
BURRARDS INLET,
FALSE CREEK,
PORT MOODY,
TRENANT,
NORTH ARM,
SALT SPRING ISLAND.
TOWN LOTS AT PORT MOODY FOR SALE.
LAND SURVEYING CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD SECURITY.
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Gladding, McBean & Co's. Vitrified Stone Sewer and Chimney Pipes, Garden Vases, &c.
WOODS & TURNER.
New Westminster, B. C., April 2, 1883. ap4

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ARRIVED!
—AN INVOICE OF—
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Cutting Boxes, Root Slicers, French Burr Stone Chopping Mills,
Fanning Mills, Clipper and Mohawk Plows, &c., &c.
BURNS & CO'Y,
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AGENTS FOR
Waterous Engine Works Co.
BRANTFORD, ONTARIO.
Portable Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Shingle Mills, Champion Engines, Saw Mill Machinery, &c., &c.
A. Harris, Son & Company,
BRANTFORD, ONTARIO.
Brantford Mowers and Reapers, Osborne Mowers, Brantford and Osborne Cord Binders.
J.O. Wisner, Son & Company,
BRANTFORD, ONTARIO.
Centennial Sulky Rake, Spring Tooth Harrows, Spring Tooth Cultivator, Brantford Grain Drill, &c., &c.
Machines always on hand. Repairs kept. de13

BARGAINS!
—AT—
QUESNELLE-MOUTH
—IN—
BOOTS and SHOES
FARMERS' & MINERS'
IMPLEMENTS
AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
HARDWARE.
THE BEST BRAND OF
Flour,
Bacon,
Beans,
Groceries.
Ready-Made Clothing!
AND A GENERAL LINE OF
DRY GOODS
SPECIALLY SELECTED FOR THIS MARKET.
Storage and Forwarding done at reasonable rates.
REID & HUDSON.
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ROBERT WARD
& CO.
VICTORIA, B. C.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
SHIPPING
—AND—
INSURANCE AGENTS,
EXECUTE INDENTS FOR PRINcipal Exports and Imports.
OFFER CHARTERS to Vessels Seeking.
LIBERAL ADVANCES made on Consignments.
Agents for the Celebrated Brands of
FRASER RIVER CANNED SALMON, viz.,
EWEN & CO., "LION."
B. HAIGH & SONS, "STAR & TRI-"ANGLE."
SOLE AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA FOR
CURTISS & HARVEY'S Sporting and Blasting POWDER.
JOSEPH KIRKMAN & SON'S Prize Medal PIANOS.
JULES ROBIN & CO.'S BRANDY.
IMPORTERS OF
GIANT POWDER, CAPS & FUSE,
WINES, LIQUORS, HAVANA CIGARS, &c.
GENERAL AGENTS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA FOR
ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY (FIRE & LIFE.)
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
UNION MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Risks accepted and Losses promptly paid.
Represented in London by Messrs. H. J. GARDNER & CO., 60 Queen Victoria Street, E. C.
4 Commercial Row, Wharf St., Victoria, B.C., 15th March, 1883. (mh21)

ROYAL CITY
PLANING MILLS CO.,
LIMITED
HAVE ON HAND AND ARE PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE
—ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF—
Rough & Dressed Lumber,
MOULDINGS,
Doors, Sashes, and Blinds.
Planing, Scroll-Sawing, Turning, Shaping,
And all kinds of WOOD-FINISHING, executed to order with the
MOST IMPROVED MACHINERY.
FISH CASES A SPECIALTY.
RICHARD STREET,
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HARDWARE
STOVES,
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PAINTS, OILS, and TURPENTINE,
SPORTING GOODS.
A full assortment constantly on hand, at the LOWEST MARKET RATES.
TINWARE MANUFACTURED ON THE PREMISES.
All kinds of Water-pipe Work, at reasonable rates, by a competent Workman; satisfaction guaranteed.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
HOLBROOK'S STONE BUILDING, New Westminster.

GO TO THE
SAN FRANCISCO
BOOT & SHOE STORE
AND GET YOUR
MONEY'S WORTH.
BOOTS AND SHOES OF EVERY description made to order, and repaired, from an
INFANT'S SHOE
—TO A—
MAN'S BOOT.
The highest CASH price paid for HIDES
JAMES ROUSSEAU,
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OPPOSITE THE BANK.

IMPERIAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMP'Y.
1 OLD BROAD ST. and 16 PALL MALL, LONDON.
INSTITUTED 1803.
FOR INSURING HOUSES & OTHER Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbor or Dock, and the Cargoes of such Vessels; also, Ships building and repairing, Barges and other Vessels on navigable rivers and canals, and Goods on board such Vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland and in Foreign Countries,
FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.
Subscribed and Invested Capital,
£1,600,000 STG.
Rates of Premium and every information can be obtained on application to
W. J. ARMSTRONG,
Agent for New Westminster.

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AT NEW WESTMINSTER.
NO FREIGHT
WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE
CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO. (LIMITED)
Except on their own Printed Forms of Shipping Receipts, to be had at T. R. PEARSON & Co.'s, New Westminster.
ap11 JOHN IRVING, Manager.

AYRSHIRE BULLS!
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS FOR sale on reasonable terms a few half-bred Ayrshire yearling Bulls, sired by the Thoroughbred Ayrshire Bull
DUFFERIN,
The dams being choice dairy cows.
A. S. VEDDER,
jel1 Sumas.

OCCIDENT HOTEL
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
The Only Fire-Proof Hotel in the City.
THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT
IS UNDER THE CHARGE OF AN EXPERIENCED ARTIST.
THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE to announce to the Public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where everything will be found first-class, and at reasonable rates.
The Parlors and Sleeping Apartments are under the superintendence of MRS. AUSTIN.
Private Dining Rooms for Ladies, Families and Private Parties.
A Private Reading Room, commodious, comfortably furnished, and well supplied with books and papers, is provided for the use of guests.
THE BAR
Is supplied with the choicest brands of WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
JNO. AUSTIN,
PROPRIETOR.

Granville Hotel,
GRANVILLE,
BURRARD INLET.
Newly Built and Newly Furnished, Large and Commodious.
ONE OF THE BEST HOTELS ON THE MAINLAND.
Commands an unbroken view of that magnificent sheet of water known as Coal Harbor, the future terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway.
SUITS OF ROOMS FOR FAMILIES.
Visitors and Tourists will find it a quiet and pleasant resting place.
The scale of charges will be found to be strictly moderate.
Good stabling on the premises.
JOSEPH MANNION,
PROPRIETOR.

Colonial Hotel
COLUMBIA STREET,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
HAVING PURCHASED AND COMpletely re-furnished and otherwise greatly improved this well-known establishment, I have the pleasure to announce that it is now
OPEN
For the reception of Guests.
Conveniently located and well appointed in every department, with
BATH ROOMS
And all the most modern appliances, it will be found in every respect the best, as it is the largest and most commodious, Hotel on the Mainland.
The
RESTAURANT
Department is under the very best management both as regards CUISINE and attendance, and parties desiring them can have PRIVATE DINING ROOMS, with special attendance.
THE BAR ROOM
Is stocked with the choicest WINES and LIQUORS, and the best brands of CIGARS will always be kept on hand.
THE BILLIARD ROOM
Is spacious and well appointed, and provided with STRAHLE'S PATENT CUSHION TABLES, the best in use.
Good attendance and moderate charges.
J. E. INSLEY,
PROPRIETOR & MANAGER.
December 1, 1882. de6

New Westminster & Seattle!
THE STEAMER
"EVANGEL"
A. O. BENJAMIN, MASTER,
WILL SAIL FROM NEW WESTminster
Every Wednesday, at 7 a. m.,
For SEATTLE, via SAN JUAN and PORT TOWNSEND, connecting with steamers for all points on the Sound.
Returning, will sail from SEATTLE every Monday, at 7 a. m., arriving here on Tuesday afternoon.
For rates of Freight or Passage, apply to
J. A. R. HOMER, Agent, ap14tc New West.

For Sale or To Rent.
Bargain for Cash!
TWO OR THREE HOUSES & LOTS in good repair. Apply at D. S. CURTIS & CO.'S Drug Store. ap21
Stage Coaches for Sale!
APPLY TO
W. R. LEWIS,
New Westminster, B. C.
FOR SALE CHEAP:
A GOOD DAIRY FARM. Dwelling House, Barns and other out-buildings, with the Stock, Dairy Utensils and implements of husbandry. For particulars apply to
W. D. FERRIS, Land Agent, &c.
New Westminster, 20th April, 1883. ap21tc
FOR SALE OR TO LEASE
THE SHOP AND PREMISES ON Columbia St., next the Customs House, lately occupied by Nelson Bros. The situation is excellent for any business purpose. The building is divided into two shops, and has a good supply of water. Will be sold at a bargain, or leased to a suitable tenant. Apply on the premises to
ap21tc W. J. FRENCH.
FOR SALE:
New Westminster Town Lots
SUBDIVISIONS OF LOTS 1 AND 2, suburban block 6, New Westminster, fronting on Clinton street; a first-class investment. Apply to
WOODS & TURNER.
May 3d, 1883. [my5-1m.
FOR SALE.
Thoroughbred Bull
THE THOROUGH-BRED BULL "GEN. WALKEM," bred by Turgis & Co., and having a registered Pedigree, is offered for sale, or would be exchanged for another bull. He is a fine animal, without blemish, and five years of age.
Apply to INNES BROS., ap18tc Langley, B. C.
DAIRY FARM FOR SALE.
COMPRISING 450 ACRES. 150 acres high timber land; soil good. 300 acres prairie. 60 acres under fence. House and all necessary outbuildings for carrying on a first-class dairy farm. Orchard of 200 bearing trees. Terms easy. A first-class investment. Apply to
WOODS & TURNER.
New West., May 11th. [my12-1m
FOR SALE.
LOT 2, BLOCK IX.
" 1, " XXII.
" 10, " XXVIII.,
City of New Westminster.
—ALSO—
LOT 4, BLOCK I.
" 8 & 9, " III.
" 4, " V.
" 3, " X.
" 18, 19, & 20, BLOCK XIII., Suburban Lands.
Apply to
H. V. EDMONDS, New Westminster,
or to ALLSOP & MASON, au30tc Victoria.
Dairy Farm for Sale!
MR. C. CHADSEY, OF SUMAS, wishing to retire from business on account of failing health, offers for sale on reasonable terms his splendid improved Dairy Farm, consisting of 520 acres of prairie land, of which 150 acres are under fence. There is a good dwelling house on the place, also barn, dairy, sheds, and stables; an excellent well and a large orchard of choice fruit; and in short every improvement necessary for a comfortable home and for carrying on a large and profitable business in dairy produce. Dairy stock and farming implements will be sold with the farm if desired. For terms apply to the owner on the place, personally or by letter.
Sumas, April 6, 1883. ap11tc
W. R. CLARKE,
AUCTIONEER,
APPRAISER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.
SALES ROOM, FIRE-PROOF BUILDING, YATES STREET,
VICTORIA, - BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Liberal advances made on Consignments.
To facilitate the sale of Real Estate, I have complete maps of Victoria, Esquimalt, New Westminster and the Districts.
N. B. Parties desirous of selling their Stock, Stock in trade, or Funiture, and not wishing the trouble of an Auction Sale, can find a Cash Buyer by calling on the above. Office of the British Columbia Wire Works. All sorts of wire work done. Orders filled with neatness and dispatch.
Office of Harbor Master and Port Warden. fe10
NEW GOODS!
—AT—
E. ELLIOTT'S
COLUMBIA STREET.
JUST ARRIVED, A GOOD SELECtion of DRY GOODS, comprising:—
Laces, Ribbons, French Flowers, Corsets, Ladies' and Gents' Hose, Collars, Ties, and Handkerchiefs, Prints and Dress Goods, Cretonnes, Flannels, Shirtings, Sheetings, Table Linen, Brown Hollands, Calicoes, Shawls, Blankets, &c., Cleaver's Terebene Soap, Honey and Almond Glycerine, Calvert's Carbolic, Brown Windsor, Perfumery, &c.
Also—Hardware, Tools, Door Fittings, Sash Fasteners, Screws, Nails, &c.
Agent for Harper Twelvetree's Washing, Wringing, and Mangling Machine (1st prize London, Paris and Vienna Exhibitions. Will wash for family of 5 in 3 hours; no ironing). mh31
NOTICE.
AN IMPRESSION HAVING GONE abroad that I have disposed of my property at Port Haney, I hereby state that such is not the case.
THOMAS HANEY,
au30tc Port Haney, B.C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

For Sale.....C. Strouss & T. Earle
Appointment....Provincial Secretary
Specials (3).....D. S. Curtis & Co
Special.....Methodist Church
do. .....Blue Ribbon Club

The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, June 2, 1883.

Some people have the idea that it would be safe to squat on the Dominion government lands within the railway belt on the mainland. There is nothing in the terms of agreement to justify such an opinion. The clause bearing on this point provides that the government of Canada "shall give persons who have squatted on any of the said lands within the railway belt on the mainland, prior to the passing of this act, and who have made substantial improvements thereon, a prior right of purchasing the lands so improved, at the rates charged to settlers generally." From this it will be seen that a person squatting on the railway lands subsequent to the passing of the act, has no prior claim whatever to the land, and a claim can be set up only where substantial improvements have been made before the 10th of May.

We have devoted considerable space to-day to a report of the new Dominion license act. This measure is of great interest to every person, no matter what his views on the temperance question may be. Our opinion of the new law, as far as we can form an opinion from the imperfect information at hand, is that it is a very great improvement on the license law now in force in this province. We are of opinion that the regulation of the liquor traffic does not belong to the Dominion at all, but to the provincial legislature; but while we protest against the assumption of provincial rights by the federal authorities, we are free to confess that the bill is a good one in many respects. If this law comes *into operation* next year, as is expected, those who are now applying for new licenses are pursuing a very short-sighted policy.

Just Missed.

The county court which should have sat in this city last Wednesday was suddenly postponed, and is advertised to open next Monday. The reason of this postponement is a very simple one — there was no judge. It seems that Mr. Justice Gray had been at San Francisco, and took passage from that city for Victoria on Friday. But the steamer failed to reach Victoria until 7 o'clock on Tuesday morning, and the judge consequently failed to catch the steamer for this city, which left at that hour. His lordship telegraphed the fact to the registrar on Tuesday, and had the court postponed. A number of persons were in this city on Wednesday expecting that court would be held as had been advertised. Of course they had to go home without accomplishing anything, but each of these persons is several dollars out of pocket because the judge did not happen to *catch the steamer. Not only so,* but there is loss of time and embarrassment to all who had any business at the court. This is by no means the first time that such a circumstance has occurred. All through the mainland it has for years been a common thing for courts to be postponed *because a judge could not* catch a steamer, or had some other engagement. Now, it may be proper to enquire whether judges are made for the convenience of the people, or people for the convenience of the judges. It is generally supposed the judges receive good salaries *for the discharge of the duties* which belong to their important office. They are not paid, we believe, to go to San Francisco and leave the fulfilment of their engagements to the uncertainties of a steamer. Mr. Justice Gray very probably expected that the steamer would reach Victoria some time on Monday afternoon, and that the other steamer would reach this city some time before Wednesday. But in a matter where the public convenience would undoubtedly suffer very seriously from a few hours' delay, we submit that the judge was not justified in taking any such chances. If it was necessary for him to be in San Francisco last week, surely he could have arranged with one of his brother judges (of whom we believe there were three in Victoria) to take his place if the steamer happened to be delayed. If his presence in San Francisco last week was not necessary, and he could not arrange with a brother judge, he should have seen that duty came before pleasure, and that the public interests ought to be considered of greater importance than his convenience. We have long enough suffered in this respect. Our readers will not easily forget the postponements and delays which occurred early last year, one of the results of which was the loss of two most valuable lives in the Fraser River. The judges of British Columbia do not seem to have before them a sufficiently clear perception of the fact that these failures of theirs are *exceedingly embarrassing and costly* to the people of this province. Whether courts are held or not, the judge's salary goes on all the same; but when through neglect of duty he brings unnecessary expense upon the people, he is not apt out of his salary to make good the loss caused *by his negligence. We do not in*tend these observations to be applied specially to Judge Gray. They are applicable to all judges who fail to meet their engagements while continuing to retain their positions and draw their salaries as judges. We have a considerable amount of respect for the bench of *British Co*lumbia, but it is only reasonable to expect that the judges themselves will have some respect for the public interests, even if the performance of their official duties should sometimes entail a certain amount of personal inconvenience. Whe hope this will be the last occasion when a judge will postpone a court because he just missed the steamer.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

ESTATE OF JOHN QUAGLIOTTI.

THE ENTIRE BUSINESS OF J. Quagliotti at Yale and Lytton, including stocks of goods, book debts, buildings, lots and goodwill is offered for sale by tender.

Inventories are to be seen at the office of C. Strouss & Co., Wharf Street, Victoria, on the premises at Yale and on the premises at Lytton. At the two latter places the stock, &c., may also be inspected by intending purchasers on application to P. Birrell, Yale, and W. Bailey, Lytton.

Tenders will be received at C. Strouss & Co.'s office until 30th June, prox.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

C. STROUSS, } Assignees.
T. EARLE, }

Victoria, B. C., 31st May, 1883. je2td

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
23rd May, 1883.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint RICHARD IRVINE BENTLEY, Esquire, M. B., to be Medical Officer of the Royal Columbian Hospital and of the Asylum for the Insane, New Westminster. je2m1

Wanted to Purchase

MOVABLE FRAME HIVES. Write, stating price, to
R. H. HOLDING,
my30-3t] Langley.

TENDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED up to six o'clock p. m. on Saturday, the 2nd of June next, at the office of W. D. Ferris, for BUILDING TWO BARNS AT RICHMOND. Plans and specifications can be seen on application to
W. D. FERRIS.
New Westminster, 28th May, 1883.
my30-2t.

EXTENSIVE

Auction Sale

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD

FURNITURE

ETC.

THE ENTIRE HOUSEHOLD FURniture of the Hon. Jno. Robson will be offered for sale by public auction at his residence, Agnes street, on

Wednesday, June 13, 1883,

This will be a rare opportunity for persons wishing to start housekeeping, or to add to their present effects.

PARTICULARS HEREAFTER.

T. J. TRAPP, Auctioneer.
my30-td.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned intends making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 200 acres (more or less) of land in New Westminster District, described as follows: All that portion of an Island lying in the North Skwamish River, emptying into Howe Sound. Said portion of said Island being all that portion of said Island situate south of the Skwamish Indian Reserve.

JAMES VAN BRAMER.
my30-2m

DRS. McINNES & MATHERS.

Office, Columbia St., opp. the Posto ffice

OPEN DAY & NIGHT.

NOTICE.

MR. JAMES W. HARVEY, MANager for James Ellard & Co., leaves for England on June 1st. It is absolutely essential that all accounts due James Ellard & Co. be paid not later than June 30th.

JAMES ELLARD & CO.
New Westminster, B.C., May 22, 1883,
my23-td.

TENDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED up to noon on 7th June next by the undersigned for undertaking in connection with the Provincial Asylum at New Westminster. For particulars apply at the Government Office, New Westminster.

J. C. HUGHES,
Gov't Agent.

New Westminster, May 29th, 1883.
my30-td.

COUNTY COURT.

THE COUNTY COURT ADVERtised to sit in the city of New Westminster on Wednesday, the 30th May, has been postponed until Monday, the 4th June.

Dated May 29th, 1883.

E. A. JENNS,
Registrar County Court,
my30t2 New Westminster.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE GOVERNMENT OF BRITISH Columbia have appropriated $750, for the fiscal year commencing 1st July, 1883, in aid of a Resident Physician and Surgeon at Clinton, B. C., who will also be entitled to receive fees for practice.

None but persons holding a Diploma from some recognized college need apply.

JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
Victoria, B. C., 22d May, 1883.
my30-1m.

Qualification and Registration of Voters Act, 1876.

NEW WESTMINSTER CITY DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, IN accordance with clause 9, sub-section "f," of the "Qualification and Registration of Voters Act, 1876," that I shall hold a Court of Revision for the District of New Westminster City, at the Court House, New Westminster, on Monday, the 6th day of August, 1883, at 12 o'clock noon.

J. C. HUGHES, Collector.
New Westminster, May 29th, 1883.
my30-td

Qualification and Registration of Voters Act, 1876.

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN IN accordance with clause 9, sub-section "f," of the "Qualification and Registration of Voters Act," 1876," that I *shall hold a Court of Revision for the* District of New Westminster, at the Court House, New Westminster, on Monday, the 6th day of August, 1883, at 12 o'clock noon.

J. C. HUGHES, Collector.
New Westminster, May 29th, 1883.
my30-td.

[L.S.]
CLEMENT F. CORNWALL.
CANADA.
PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come.—GREETING.

A PROCLAMATION.

ALEX. E. B. DAVIE, Attorney-General } WHEREAS, by a Proclamation, bearing date the Fourth day of March, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, it was ordered and proclaimed that "The County Courts Extension Act, 1873," should, from and after the date of said proclamation, have full force and effect in the Electoral District of Cariboo, except that portion thereof known as the Omineca Polling Division, and in the Electoral District of Kootenay.

And whereas, it is expedient that such Order and Proclamation should, as to the Electoral District of Cariboo, be revoked.

NOW KNOW YE that We do order and proclaim that, from and after the date hereof, the said Order and Proclamation shall, as to the Electoral District of Cariboo, be revoked.

In testimony whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and *the Great Seal of the Province of British* Columbia to be hereunto affixed: Witness, the Honourable CLEMENT F. CORNWALL, Lieutenant-Governor of the said Province of British Columbia, in the City of Victoria, in the said Province, this Eighteenth day of May, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, and in the forty-sixth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
my30-1m] Provincial Secretary.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Moodyville Saw Mill Company (limited) intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 200 acres (more or less) of land in New Westminster District, described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of the Indian Reserve, north of steep cliffs situate on Shoal Channel, at the entrance of Howe Sound; thence west eighty chains; thence south thirty chains; thence east to the shore line of Howe Sound; thence in a northeasterly direction, following the meanderings of shore line to point of commencement, containing two hundred acres, more or less.

MOODYVILLE SAW MILL CO.,
(Limited.)
Per B. SPRINGER, Manager.
New Westminster, B.C., May 26, 1883.
my30-2m

$20 REWARD.

THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE paid to any person giving information that shall lead to the apprehension and conviction of the party or parties who fired off the gun at the Battery on the night of the 23rd inst.

G. PITTENDRIGH, Captain,
Commanding Seymour Artillery.
New Westminster, 25th May, 1883. [1m

WALSH'S

Tailoring Emporium

MOST FASHIONABLE IN THE CITY.

Opposite the Bank, Columbia street,
New Westminster, B. C. [my26-tc.

TINSMITH

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

Steady employment and good wages guaranteed.
my23-tc.] E. S. SCOULLAR & CO.

BOARD WANTED.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN wants board and lodging in a private family. Address S., COLUMBIAN office.
my19-1m.

WANTED:

A CHEESE-MAKER.

Apply to A. C. WELLS,
my19-1m Chilliwhack.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

MARKET

YALE, PORT MOODY AND NEW WESTMINSTER.

The best quality of

BEEF, PORK & MUTTON

Will be kept constantly on hand.

All bills presented on the 1st of each month, and must be paid by 15th.
my19-tc] HAVENS & CO.

New Spring Goods!

MRS. STRANG

BEGS TO INFORM HER FRIENDS that she has received her stock of

FANCY GOODS!

—ALSO—

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S

READYMADE CLOTHING

Cheapest in the City.

☞ Next Door to City Drug Store. ap18

D. B. GRANT,

Queen St., - Port Moody

—DEALER IN—

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
Boots & Shoes, &c.

HAVING OPENED OUT A LARGE assortment in the above lines, the subscriber is prepared to supply the people at the Terminus City and elsewhere with everything generally found in a first-class store. All goods sold at the lowest cash prices.

Camping Outfits of all kinds.
ap14tc D. B. GRANT.

D. S. CURTIS. S. CLARK, M. D.

Medical Hall

D. S. CURTIS & CO.

DIRECT IMPORTERS

And wholesale and retail dealers in

Drugs & Chemicals,

Patent Medicines, Perfumery,

DYE STUFFS,

Lamps and Lamp Goods, etc.

Oils of Every Description.

Sole Agents for

"SKID GREASE."

COLUMBIA STREET,

One door from Colonial Hotel,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
my9-tc.

RANGES

STOVES,

TINWARE. ETC. ETC

Brass Cocks, Valves, Steam Gauges, Pipe and Pipe Fittings in Endless Variety. All kinds of

SHIP AND HOUSEWORK AND GENERAL JOBBING

Done in neatest style and most thorough manner.

Home Furnishing Goods

Of every description on hand.

CANNERY SUPPLIES

And work a specialty.

E. S. SCOULLAR & CO

Wholesale dealers & Manufacturers,

Columbia Street, New Westminster.
my19-tc.

New and Latest Styles of

MILLINERY

—AT—

WILLIAM RAE'S

The Stock

Is as well assorted as any on the Mainland, comprising:

Hats & Bonnets

Of the most fashionable shapes and styles.

Ribbons.

Ottoman, Satin, Reversible, Fringed and lace ribbons, plaid & all shades

Piece Goods.

OTTOMANS, SURAHS, *satins, silks, sarsnets, velvet* and velveteens, brocade and plain. Black and cream Spanish lace. Ostrich feathers and tips, a handsome assortment.

Flowers, Frillings

Neck arrangements in lace and muslin, gloves, hosiery, corsets, dress *trimmings, etc., etc.. etc., etc.*

COME AND SEE OUR STOCK.
my16-tc.

Chas. McDonough

Front street,

New Westminster, B. C.

.....Dealer in.....

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING
GRAIN,
FEED,
SEEDS,
POTATOES,
LIME, ETC.

Special attention to Farmers' Supplies. Produce of all kinks purchased at highest market prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
CHAS. McDONOUGH.
my16-tc.

New Goods New Goods

WM. M'COLL

Is constantly receiving new goods consisting in part of

DRY GOODS,
Clothing,
HOSIERY, ETC.

A fine selection of

Groceries and Provisions

Always on hand.

Holbrook's stone building, Columbia street. my16-tc.

NOTICE.

For sound, useful household goods try

WM. RAE'S

Next door to Colonial Hotel.

Dry Goods, Clothing

Groceries, Provisions, Crockery and Glassware. A large and well selected stock of

DRESS GOODS,

In the newest materials.

Prints. Sheetings,

Flannels, tweeds, etc. A complete line of

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Clothing

OF FIRST-CLASS QUALITY and fashionable style. A full line of

BOYS' CLOTHING

The stock is new and will be sold at CHEAP rates. my16-tc.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY cautioned against cutting or removing timber of any kind from off lands held by the Hastings Sawmill Company, as parties doing so without permission will be prosecuted.

RICHD. H. ALEXANDER.
Burrard Inlet, B. C.,
12th Dec., 1882. de16

C. G. MAJOR

Importer and dealer in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

NEW

GOODS

Brussels Carpets,
Tapistry Carpets,
Wool Carpets,
Lace Curtains,
Tapistry Curtains,
Nottingham Curtains
Black Cashmeres,
Colored Merinos,
Cashmere Twills,
Lustres and Alpacas.
White Table Damask,
Brown do,
Table Napkins,
Diapers,
Irish Linen,
Muslins (book),
Brilliants.

White Sheeting,

Plain and Twill, every width.

Brown Sheeting,

Plain and Twill, every width.

White and Unbleached

COTTONS,

Every Quality and Price.

TOWELS,

White and Brown Turkish, Huckabuck Honey-Comb and Linen.

NEW

CLOTHING

Large Stock, Best Materials, Latest Styles, and

Low Down Prices.

Everything in

GROCERIES

Provisions, Crockery & Glassware

What you don't see ask for,
And what we don't keep we will get.

C. G. MAJOR

Importer and dealer in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

WM. RAE

HAS FOR SALE 80 OR 90 TONS FIRST-CLASS

TIMOTHY HAY

(Well Cured and Clean)

$28 A TON,

AT NEW WESTMINSTER.

—ALSO—

SPLIT & SAWN SHINGLES.
(ap7tc)

New Fish Market!

JAMES TAFFANDALE

HAS JUST OPENED A NEW FISH Market on

FRONT STREET,

East of the Holbrook House, where will be found a full supply of Fish of all kinds and of the best quality.

Purchases delivered in any part of the city. A call is solicited. mh28tc

CLOCKS

C. M. McNAUGHTEN

HAS JUST RECEIVED THE LARGest assortment of Clocks ever held on the Mainland of British Columbia.

Nickel Clocks, at $2.25 (warranted).

Seth Thomas' Nickel Alarm, at $3.25.

All kinds of Mantel and Office Clocks.

Waltham Watches, coin silver cases, from $15 upwards.

A fine assortment of **Sterling Silver Jewelry,** of the latest designs.

Silver Plate Ware and Optical Goods.

COLUMBIA STREET,
au2 New Westminster, B.C.

MRS. M. ECKSTEIN,

OPPOSITE PIONEER WHARF,

FRONT STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Clothing,
Hats and Millinery,
Fancy Goods, Jewelry,
Boots and Shoes,
Crockery, Cutlery,
Cigars and Tobaccos,
Fruits and Confectionery.

Stock large and well selected. All Goods first-class, and will be sold at very low prices for cash.
mh14 M. ECKSTEIN.

1862. 1883.

COLUMBIA HOUSE

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

JAMES

CUNNINGHAM & CO.,

IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS.

GENERAL

MERCHANDISE

WE HAVE NOW THE most extensive stock to be found in the Province, consisting of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries and Provisions, Patent Medicines, Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Crockery, Glassware, Lamp Stock, Paints, Oils, Ship Chandlery and Stores, Stoves and Tinware, Plumbers' Goods, Plaster, Cement, Lime, &c., &c.

Orders for the above solicited. Prices cut low. Terms Cash.

April 6th, 1883. ap7

NEW SPRING GOODS

I. ELLARD & Company's.

U. ELLARD

Sixteen Cases of

New Spring Goods

Consisting of

Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Dress Serges in new shades. All wool Beige, satin, marveilleux check and angola chevoits. Black Paramatta & Persian Cords.

THE NEW

OTTOMAN

TRIMMING SILK.

—A fine line of—

Brocaded sateens, laces and vanda striped brocades, prints, etc. New styles in ladies and children's parasols. A large lot of new neckwear, silk ties, scarfs and collarettes, ribbons and laces.

ALSO,

A splendid assortment of new shades and styles in ladies' and children's silk Lisle, and Taffata Gloves. A full line of quilts, towels, table cloths and covers, ticks, lace curtains, Nottingham lace, flannels, printed and plain sheetings in all widths, Denims, Canton flannels, check ginghams. A splendid assortment of ladies' and children's and gents'

NEW HOSIERY.

Also a large stock of gents'

Spring Clothing,

Shirts, collars, cuffs & ties.

A large lot of Brussels, Tapestry, Kiddiminster & Hemp

CARPETS,

HEARTH RUGS

ETC.

Cor. Columbia and Mary Sts.,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, June 2, 1883.

PASSENGERS.

Per str. Enterprise, from Victoria, June 1—Gilpin, McDonald, Kelleney, Ross, McLellan, Howse and wf, Marne, Lawson, Henderson, Willie, Gray, Quinn, Gray, Blackwood, Meyer, English, Miss Upton, Mrs English, Miss Dickinson, Williams, Dillabargh, Nelson, Ladner, Arthur, Mrs Green, Miss Prepsoll, Adair.

DIED.

NICHOLSON.—In this city, on the 31st May, Martha Anna, eldest daughter of Malcolm Nicholson, of Matsqui, aged 22 years and 8 months.

[The funeral will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon from Mr. Welsh's residence, St. John street.]

TURNBULL.—In this city, on the 1st June, Lucretia, daughter of William and Jessie Turnbull; aged 14 months.

[The funeral will take place on Sunday (to-morrow) afternoon, at 2 o'clock.]

Tracklaying at Port Moody begins next Monday.

Buy your Lamp Goods and Coal Oil from D. S. Curtis & Co.

A temperance convention for western Washington Territory is to be held at Seattle in June.

Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) is the guest of the Marquis of Lorne at the Government House.

Blackberry Cordial cures Dysentery, Flux, Cholera Morbus, and summer complaints. Sold only by D. S. Curtis & Co.*

Customs receipts at Victoria last month amounted to $89,593, being $6,486 in excess of same period last year.

Dr. Bentley came up last Saturday night, and is now in possession of the office formerly occupied by the late Dr. Sivewright.

Mr. A. C. Beeton (Turner, Beeton & Co.) has been appointed agent-general in London for the province of British Columbia.

We have been requested to say that Rev. E. Robson will not hold service at Port Moody to-morrow in consequence of a funeral in this city.

A communication signed "Diogenes" came to this office the other day, but was not accompanied by the name of the author. It is now in the waste-basket.

Dispatches from points in Illinois and Iowa report that the protracted wet weather has caused much of the corn that has been planted to rot in the ground.

Brooklyn bridge was fearfully crowded last Wednesday, and a large number of people were precipitated over the footway. Several were killed and a great many wounded.

During the last century New York city doubled its population every seventern years. The *Sun* thinks babies are living who will know of a New York city containing 10,000,000 inhabitants.

Mr. Jas. W. Harvey, manager of the mercantile establishment of Jas. Ellard & Co., left by the str. Rithet yesterday on his way to England. We wish for him a pleasant voyage and a safe return.

There is a falling off in the number of immigrants arriving in the U. S. this year. For the ten months ending April 30th the number of arrivals was 417,688, against 544,601 during the same time last year.

The steamship Sardonyx arrived at Nanaimo from the North on Wednesday. She reports the Indian strike ended, the Indians having agreed to work for $32.50 per month. The run of salmon on the coast is light.

We learn that the dwelling house, barn and outhouses on the south-east quarter of lot 9, township 8 (near Langley), were burned down last Thursday night. The property belongs to Mr. W. D. Ferris, of this city. The conflagration resulted from bush fires.

The old river steamer Yosemite has been purchased by parties in Victoria for $20,000. She will be run on the Fraser River. She has been out of service here for some time. She is now at Howard street wharf, being got ready for her departure to the north.—*S. F. Bulletin.*

Justice Smith of New York, before whom the keepers of Chinese opium dens were brought week before last, says there is no law prohibiting the smoking of opium. The statute against keeping these dens or "joints" is based upon the immoral practices supposed to exist there to which the smoking is merely accessory.

Five thousand dollars' worth of seized gambling apparatus was burned in bonfires on the public square in Nashville, Tenn., a few days ago, by order of the Criminal Court. It is asserted that at least five hundred gamblers will be driven out of the city by the enforcement of the new act of the State Legislature making gambling a felony.

The Blue Ribbon Club will give a social in the Skating Rink on the evening of Wednesday next. Doors open at 7.30, to commence at 8 o'clock. The programme will be an interesting one. Admission, 25 cents, at the door. Ladies desirous of assisting will please bring their baskets of provisions to the hall not later than 5 p. m. *

Heavy frosts occurred on Monday and Tuesday nights throughout Southern and part of Central Missouri, and particularly in that section of Illinois swept by the tornado last Friday night. Early vegetables are most entirely destroyed, and fruit and grain badly damaged. Ice from an eighth to a quarter of an inch thick formed in most localities.

It is very probable, the London correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian* says, that the improved newly invented repeating rifle will soon be introduced into the British army. The weapon has been tried and tested by officers well qualified to form an opinion upon it, and the report is unanimously in favour of its adoption throughout the service. By all accounts this weapon is one of the most wonderful inventions of its kind that has ever been seen. It is simple and easy to keep in order, and will give the troops using it six shots for every one they can fire now.

D. S. Curtis & Co. have the best and cheapest stock of Drugs on the mainland.*

COLUMBIA STREET.—It is proposed to improve Columbia st. by putting on it the broken stone now lying at the Market Square. If this is done without first grading the street a serious mistake will be made. The middle of Columbia street should be raised over two feet and then it should be finished with hard metal. If the metal is put on now it will be entirely wasted when the grading comes to be done.

METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. E. Robson, pastor. Service at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Class at 2:30. Seats free; strangers cordially invited. *

PROMOTED.—Sergeant Charles Musgrave McNaughton has been gazetted provisionally 2nd Lieutenant in Seymour Battery of Garrison Artillery, *vice* William Norman Bole, resigned.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.—The collections at this port for the month of May were: Customs, $11,449; other revenues, $117; total, $11,566. For same month last year the total revenue was $12,855, showing a decrease this year of $1,289.

SAVINGS BANK.—Capt. Pittendrigh reports that there were deposited in the government savings bank at this city last month $19,802; withdrawn, $12,865. The deposits since 1st July last have been $207,100; withdrawals, $145,780; excess of deposits over withdrawals, $61,320.

ANOTHER VICTIM.—Constable Sharpe roped in another Chinaman yesterday on a charge of selling liquor to Indians at Pitt River. The victim's name is Ah Ching, he pleaded guilty, and the magistrates (Messrs. Ferris and Dickinson) gave him the option of paying $100 or going to gaol 6 mos. This is Mr. Sharpe's sixth case since his appointment, and in every instance he has secured a conviction.

GOOD TOWNSHIPS.—Several persons in the vicinity of Langley, who have had occasion to penetrate township 14 and the adjoining townships, lying a few miles east of Langley Prairie, express themselves charmed with the character of the land in that region. It is what is known as alder bottom land, easily cleared, and of the richest quality. There are no roads leading into these lands at present, but if they were once opened up there is no reason to doubt that they would be quickly taken up.

KOOTENAY DEVELOPMENT.—The Kootenay Company are ready to move. They have already sent their chief engineer to survey the line of railway and will follow with surveys of the land grant. A complete assayer's outfit, with Mr. Brown, an experienced lead maker, and an assayer have already arrived. A double furnace, capable of turning out 100 tons of ore daily, will be erected this summer. Capts. J. C. and G. J. Ainsworth are now at Portland and are expected here to-day to organize their company and open an office.—*Colonist.*

SHIPPING.—Strs. Enterprise and Irving left for Victoria and Yale Wednesday morning, and str. Evangel for Seattle. Str. Princess Louise arrived from Victoria Wednesday night at 10, and connected with str. Reliance for Yale. Str. Princess Louise left for Nanaimo on Thursday morning. Str. Rithet arrived down from Yale yesterday morning at 9 o'clock, and left for Victoria at 10. The str. Dunsmuir came over from Nanaimo on Wednesday and returned Thursday. The str. Enterprise arrived from Victoria yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

PAVILION MILL.—Towards the end of March Mr. James Trethewey, of this city, went up to Pavilion Mountain to grind out the local wheat crop. When about fifty tons had been ground the turbine wheel broke, and Mr. Trethewey came down to the city, made the necessary patterns, and had shaft, bridge-tree, step, and buckets cast at Mr. Law's foundry. These were shipped up river last week, and Mr. Trethewey follows them and hopes soon to grind out the remaining twenty-five tons. The wheat raised in the region he thinks equal to the best Ontario fall wheat, and the mill turns out flour of very fine quality.

BOARD OF TRADE.—The adjourned quarterly meeting of the New Westminster Board of Trade was held last Wednesday night, the president in the chair. On motion the following resolutions were adopted: (1) That the New Westminster Board of Trade beg to suggest to the Pilot Board the desirability of taking steps to enforce the law in not allowing aliens to act as captains and pilots on the river boats, and they suggest that the Pilot Board give due notice that after the present season this law will be enforced. (2) That the attention of the Council of the Board of Trade be called to the manner in which the mail contracts between Victoria and this city are being carried out, and to urge that the service be carried on in accordance with the terms of contract.

LOCAL BREVITIES.—Drunk man with a bloody nose addressing a lamp post on Columbia street at 9 o'clock yesterday morning; the early bird gets the "worm".....Clarkson street is forever disfigured and blocked with carts and cordwood and rubbish.....Wild roses are out in blossom, and this country is full of wild roses.....City Council meeting next Monday night.....Water in the river falling rapidly.....Mr. W. J. French is preparing to erect a dwelling on Alice street.....The str. Gem is undergoing repairs.....The Columbia street extension is now open for traffic.....Every business man and professional man should advertise in the COLUMBIAN.....The new post office still stands vacant.....Weather continues as lovely as anybody could wish.....Mr. J. A. R. Homer, M. P., is expected home next week.....Mr. W. D. Ferris, of this city, celebrated his 68th birthday last Thursday; his children from the North Arm and other friends assembled at the homestead in honor of the occasion.....Mr. Clute has a very remarkable specimen of the animal kingdom on exhibition at the custom house; it is a Nova Scotia adder of immense size, and remarkably tame.....The run of spring salmon does not improve.....Persons indebted to the COLUMBIAN are invited to pay up.....There is considerable enquiry for city lots, and quite a number have changed hands lately.....No police court since last issue; one drunk was run in yesterday, and will came up for assessment of damages this morning.....Mr. McNaughton has placed a very handsome revolving jewelry stand in his shop window.....The Westminster Amateur Orchestral Society" is in process of organization; its object is simply amusement and self-culture.

A WONDERFUL CHANGE.—Rev. W. E. Gifford, while pastor of M. E. Church, Bothwell, suffered from chronic dyspepsia so badly as to render his life almost a burden. Three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters cured him.

Coronation of the Czar.

BRILLIANT AND MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY.

Contrary to general expectation, the coronation of the Czar of Russia was successfully performed without dynamite or disaster. The ceremony was one of the most brilliant and impressive ever witnessed anywhere. Kremlin square was so densely packed that no person could make any hostile movement. At 7 o'clock on Sunday morning the performance began by the ringing of hundreds of bells throughout the city, and the thunder of artillery. The road by which the imperial pair reached the cathedral from the palace was sprinkled with holy water. The sky was cloudy, and a sharp shower of rain fell, but when the Czar and his wife reached the place of coronation the sun shone out brilliantly. Before leaving the cathedral the czar knelt a few moments alone, and it was noticed that his eyes filled with tears, and he sobbed audibly when he made the profession of faith. The cathedral choir sang the Te Deum, after which the Emperor ungirted his sword, and accompanied by the Empress and numerous dignitaries, proceeded to the gate of the Sanctuary. There the Metropolitan of Novogood anointed the Emperor's forehead, eyelids, nostrils, lips, ears, breast and hands, and at the same time exclaiming, "Behold the seal of the Holy Ghost; may it keep thee ever holy." The Empress was only anointed on the forehead. Both partook of the sacrament. The crown of the Czar is valued at 3,000,000 roubles. It descended from the Emperor Paul. The city of Moscow presented everywhere a magnificent picture of surpassing beauty, and the enthusiasm of the people was unbounded. A correspondent of the *Times*, who was the only English correspondent in the cathedral, says no pen could adequately describe the magnificence of the scene. There seems to have been no attempt at demonstration by the Nihilists. The success of the coronation, the manifest loyalty and enthusiasm of the people, and the absence of any hostile movement, greatly surprised foreign visitors. In the evening a court ball was given, the magnificence of which no one could conceive. The Czar felt so confident and assured by the events of the day that he drove through the streets unattended by any escort whatever.

From Spallumcheen.

(Correspondence of the Columbian.)

Seeding about Okanagon and Spallumcheen is now about over. The weather has been dry and extremely favorable for farming operations. A slight rain fell recently, and there is every reason to expect an abundant harvest. The pastures are in excellent form, and stock are rapidly recovering their good condition. There are numerous enquiries here for lands, and I believe a good deal has been taken up this season, principally in sections where the timber is light. The Spallumcheen and Okanagon canal, if built, would rapidly double the productiveness and population of this part of the Yale district. The Spallumcheen River is unusually high for this time of the year. The passage of the Kootenay bill has given universal satisfaction here.

From Yale.

(From the Sentinel.)

Two wide-tired wagons and some supplies were taken up the Cariboo road yesterday to be conveyed to Eagle Pass Wagon Road Company, where the men are now busy at work. Some more men, also, went along for the same work. We learn that a movement is on foot to have a grand excursion by steamer from Victoria to Yale July 3rd, and a railway excursion from here to Boston Bar on the 4th. No doubt such an excursion would be well attended, and fully enjoyed upon the "Glorious Fourth," Miss Michell, residing with Mr. E. A. Wilmot, C. E., at Hope station, was returning home on the hand car on Tuesday evening; sitting in front of the car when her feet caught in some ballast which threw her off; the car ran over her, breaking her shoulder blade and causing other injuries. The car and three men were thrown off the track. Some time since a man named John Breeze, who was teaming for Mr. Gilmore, of Nicola, broke his leg, and not getting along as he desired was brought down yesterday by Mr. Lindley, of that place, in a spring-wagon to wait first boat to Victoria, where the sufferer intends going into hospital. The journey from Nicola to Yale took 8 days and Mr. Breeze endured much pain; he is considerable easier this morning.

From Cariboo.

(Correspondence of the Columbian.)

BARKERVILLE, May 26.—The event of the week has been the ball given on the 24th by the Williams Creek Fire Brigade in aid of the Royal Cariboo Hospital. Those who attended are generally agreed that it was the pleasantest and altogether most successful gathering of the kind for some years. I am told that all the ladies were neatly dressed in calico and many of the gentlemen wore neckties of the same material. The supper was served at the restaurant, and being the product of the combined contributions of the ladies, there was an ample supply and plenty of variety. It is not certain yet, I believe, what will be the financial results; but as nothing whatever is to be deducted for expenses, it is expected that the brigade will be able to donate to the hospital something like $200.

In mining news it may be noted that Lowhee gave last week some 50 ounces, and Antler 35. Owing to a scarcity of water one or two of the hydraulic claims have had to shut down again. The weather has been cold, and the consequence is that the creek is already down to its midsummer dimensions—and even lower. Indeed it has never before been known to be so low at this season of the year as it is now. But there is plenty of snow yet in the green timber and on the mountains, and warm weather or rain will soon give the needed supply of water.

NUGGET.

HIGHLY SATISFACTORY.—Impure blood and low vitality are the great sources of most diseases for which Burdock Blood Bitters is the specific. S. Perrin, Druggist, of Lindsay, writes that Burdock Blood Bitters give more general satisfaction than any blood purifier in the market.

For diseases leading to Consumption, use Allen's Lung Balsam. See adv. in another column.

News by Telegraph.

THE CREAM OF THE DESPATCHES.

WINNIPEG, May 12.—During the last few days over 2000 immigrants arrived here, and tents are being erected in every direction. Rents are being raised and board is expected to be higher than last summer.

WINNIPEG, May 15.—The Government land sale to-day of the mile belt was a complete failure. Only seven sections were sold. The "Times" denounces the sale in unmeasured terms. One settler wept at seeing his home sold at a price he was unable to pay.

MONTREAL, May 27.—The annual procession, headed by the Roman Catholic bishop of the diocese, in honor of the anniversary of Corpus Christi, took place here to-day. About 15,000 persons walked nearly seven hours through the streets in the French quarter. Judges, members of the parliament, lawyers and civic dignitaries surrounded the bishop. Then the clergy and members of various ecclesiastic orders in line, nuns by hundreds, school children by thousands and all benevolent societies belonging to the church attended in regalia with banners and music.

PARIS, May 27.—A dispatch from Saigon, dated yesterday, says: Captain Rivierre was reconnoitering with 400 men, landing parties from French vessels, when attacked. The party was assaulted when 400 kilometres from Hanobi, by a strong body of the enemy, principally pirates, and compelled to evacuate. Total loss, 60 killed and 50 wounded. Saturday's telegram, which gives the number of killed and wounded, related only to the loss among sailors. The troops subsequently reoccupied the positions, additional troops being hurried forward to Saigon aboard merchant vessels. A late dispatch from Saigon says it is generally believed to be necessary to bombard Hue and send a strong expedition to Tonquin. The minister of marine sent a telegram ordering the governor of Cochin-China to notify French troops that the chamber of deputies has unanimously passed the Tonquin credit bill, and that the French will avenge her glorious children. Two additional ironclads and a cruiser have been ordered to proceed east directly.

SHANGHAI, May 28.—Li Hung Chang, who is to take command of the Chinese troops in the provinces bordering on Tonquin, has arrived here. It is expected he will remain in Shanghai a month.

DUBLIN, May 28.—Farrel, one of the informers in the trial of the Phœnix Park murders, received one thousand pounds from the Government, and Michael Kavanaugh, another informer, £250. Both will quit the country. Jas Carey, the informer, and his brother, Peter, will receive small sums for their services.

LONDON, May 28.—The "Times" correspondent at Paris says the country is thoroughly aroused concerning the Tonquin trouble. It is felt that the time for reflection is past, and the only course for France is to act vigorously and above all things swiftly. The latest news from China is that 600 troops, armed in the manner of European troops have already arrived at the Tonquin frontier, and the feeling throughout China is intensely hostile towards the French.

OTTAWA, May 28.—It is understood the Marquis of Lorne will stay in Canada until the end of October, and his successor will not arrive before the end of November. On arrival of the former in England, he will be raised to the peerage. It is said the Princess will leave about the end of July and proceed to the European continent, where at Marianband she will take advantage of the mineral waters which were so beneficial to her health in 1881.—Friends and admirers in the Dominion of Sir Hector Langevin, minister of public works, today presented him a purse of $17,000.

The Yale Assize.

GRAND JURY PRESENTMENT AND REPLY.

At the Assize Court lately held in Yale, the grand jury made the following presentment, to which His Lordship Mr. Justice Crease replied as given below.

PRESENTMENT:

We, the Grand Jurors of Yale, greet you with much pleasure in meeting once more, and at an earlier period of the year than formerly, for which we desire to express our satisfaction, and regard the movement as indicating on the part of the Government a desire for greater public convenience and a more speedy administration of justice. It is, no doubt, a feeling of great satisfaction for you to meet us under these most favorable circumstances. The calendar a light one, and the town of Yale being so free of crime, where there is so large a gathering of people of different nationalities. It is with feelings of regret that we learn of serious outbreaks of unlawful and riotous proceedings by white men upon the Chinese workmen on the line of railway, and hope that the steps taken already by the Government will result in bringing the offenders speedily to justice. We are, also, desirous of bringing before your Lordship's notice that gambling is carried on to an alarming extent in certain saloons of this place, which we consider should deserve more than a passing notice by the constables. We would therefore urgently request your Lordship to impress upon the Government to instruct their officers to use their best endeavors to put down this pernicious and unlawful practice, which results in so much harm to the general community. We also beg again to bring before your Lordship's notice the obstruction of the sidewalks before hotels and saloons where chairs are scattered in every direction, and also, before most of the stores, where boxes of merchandise are left lying about, to the inconvenience of passers-by.

REPLY.

I have the honor to acknowledge with much pleasure the presentment of the Grand Jury in our new and commodious court house to-day assembled. The calendar, happily a small one, has been dealt with carefully but very effectually by the petit jurors before whom the cases have been tried. It is something exceptional in a Province remarkable throughout the Pacific Coast for the last quarter of a century for its law-abiding character, for the white men to take the vindication of real or supposed grievances, which the law was established to redress, into their own hands. It would be a stain on the law-abiding character of the country were such a course ever allowed by loyal citizens to obtain a footing here. It is the interest of all men who value life, liberty, property, peace and good order to join earnestly together in suppressing in the jury box and by the ordinary channel of the law all illegal proceedings. Had your honorable body thought fit to present the gambling houses and those who carry them on by name the Court would instantly have indicted and visited those found guilty of this worst of offences against society with the severe and stringent penalties provided against the offence by British Canadian laws. This can readily be done at the next Assize, unless such houses are wise enough to take warning in time and at once abate the nuisance. Your presentment against the blocking up of the foot-path in the manner described can also be dealt with by presentment by name and the nuisance very quickly abated by the Court at the expense of those who have caused it. It is a matter well within the province of the grand jury, who really have the power in their own hands, and if this hint be neglected it is one which no doubt they will then put into active exercise. I will forward your presentment to the local Government, from which it will receive that attention which its importance deserves.

The Dominion License Act.

SOME OF ITS PRINCIPAL FEATURES.

(From the Toronto Globe.)

The provisions of the Dominion License Bill, as reported by the special committee to which the subject was referred, show a number of very material modifications in the existing law of this province. The bill provides that license districts shall be established by the Governor in Council, which shall, as far as possible and convenient, coincide with existing counties, electoral districts, or cities. Each district shall have a board of three license commissioners. One of the commissioners in Ontario, the maritime provinces, and Manitoba shall be either the county court judge or the junior judge, as may be selected. In the Province of Quebec the judicial member of the board is to be the Superior Court judge, except in Montreal and Quebec, where the Judge of the Sessions of the Peace is entrusted with that duty; and in British Columbia the government may appoint any of the judges. The second member of the commission is to be warden of the county or mayor of the city. In Montreal and Quebec the recorder, and in Prince Edward Island the sheriff, will be the second member of the board. The third commissioner is to be appointed by the government, and to hold office for one year. The judge in every case is to be chairman of the board, and two of the commissioners will form a quorum. In the absence of the judge the municipal representative acts as chairman. This provision is important, inasmuch as in the event of a tie the chairman is given a casting vote.

The appointment of inspectors rests with the boards, who are required to appoint a chief inspector and one or more sub-inspectors for each district, fixing their salaries, subject to the approval of the Governor in Council. The chief inspector is to be secretary-treasurer to the board. At any time before the 1st of May in each year the board may pass resolutions defining the conditions and qualifications requisite to obtain licenses and defining the localities and persons to be licensed; for regulating licensed places and fixing the inspectors' duties. No license can be granted within any municipality where a majority of the electors petition against it, and if the majority petition for a limitation in the number the commissioners shall not grant a greater number than that fixed by the petition. Such petitions must be presented before the 1st of February. The board are to meet on some day in March, of which notice is to be given, to consider all applications for license. Every hearing is to be open to the public, applicants are to attend in person, and the boards are empowered to summon witnesses and examine them on oath. Every petition for license must be filed before March 1st. Applications for new licenses must be accompanied by certificates signed by one-fourth of the electors of the polling sub-division in which the premises are situated. Any ten or more electors in the polling division may object by petition on the ground of the bad character of the applicant, the defective nature of the accommodation afforded by the premises, or that the premises are in the vicinity of a place of worship, hospital, or school, &c. If a majority of the electors of the sub-division join in such petition the license must be refused. No licenses are to be issued to or for the benefit of any license commissioner or inspector, nor for premises of which any commissioner or inspector is the owner.

The provisions respecting accommodation are somewhat more exigent than those which at present obtain. Hotels in cities and towns are required to provide not less than six bedrooms, and in other places four bedrooms; and excepting in cities and towns must provide stabling for six horses. Each hotel or saloon shall be shown to be a well-appointed and sufficient eating house, with appliances for daily serving meals to travellers. The force of this provision is a good deal weakened, however, by a clause giving the board power to dispense with it as to a certain number of saloons. Any city or town council may, by by-law, prescribe any additional requirements, which the board is bound to enforce. No hotel license is to be granted in any city, town, or village, unless there is a front entrance to the premises in addition to that of the bar-room. No hotel or saloon is to form a part of, or communicate by any entrance with, any shop or store where goods are kept for sale. This provision, it must be noted, does not apply to shop licenses. The clauses relating to the duties of the Board give them a good deal of discretionary power. They are authorized to act on their own motion with regard to objections to licenses, though no notice or objection has been given in the manner provided by the bill. Before any license is granted the applicant must enter into bonds in the sum of $200, with two sureties in $100 each, for the payment of all fines and the observance of all requirements.

In addition to hotel, saloon and shop licenses, vessel and wholesale licenses may be issued. Vessel licenses only authorise the sale or disposal of liquors to passengers at regular meals, and not the opening of a bar. "Wholesale" licenses authorise the sale of liquor in quantities no less than two gallons in each cask or vessel, or in the case of bottled liquors not less then one dozen "reputed" quart bottles—not to be consumed on the premises.

The principle of licensing the house instead of the man, as it obtains in England, is recognized in the clause which provides that in case a licenseholder becomes disqualified or has his license forfeited, any two members of the board, upon application by the owner of the premises, on being satisfied that he was not a consenting party to the act of his tenant, may authorise an agent to carry on the business. In the case of removals, a petition signed by one-fourth of the electors of the polling division is requisite.

The limitation in the number of hotel and saloon licenses, apart from the power vested in the electors of imposing a further limitation by petition, is one to every 250 of the first thousand of the population, and one to each full 500 over that number in cities, towns and incorporated villages. There are a few special exceptions. In townships and parishes the municipal councils determine the number, but the board may reduce it, and in the event of the Council neglecting to pass a by-law fixing the number, it shall be fixed by the Commissioners. The number of shop licenses not to be in excess of one for each 400 of the population up to 1,200, and one for each full 1,000 beyond that number.

The most important of the regulations is that limiting the hours for the sale of liquor, the provisions of Crooks' Act being retained as to the times of closing, with the exception that Sunday selling is permitted in hotels to guests bona fide residing or boarding in such houses, to be used in their private rooms or at table between the hours of 12:30 p. m. and 2 p. m., and 5,30 p. m. and 6:30 p. m., respectively. It is to be feared that notwithstanding the proviso forbidding the sale of liquor at the bar during the prohibited hours, this opens a very wide loophole for Sunday traffic, and that bona fide hotel boarders will become as numerous as did the "bona fide traveler" under the special exception in favor of this class in the English law. Among other acts made punishable, are the use of any room or portion of licensed premises as a dancing, concert or theatrical saloon, failing to supply lodging or meals, receiving in payment or pledge for liquor anything except cash or bank cheques; permitting drunkenness, disorderly conduct, or gambling on licensed premises; supplying liquor to constables on duty; permitting liquors sold under shop license to be consumed on the premises; and selling to minors under sixteen; interdicted persons, or lunatics. As the fines to be imposed for these and other offences against the Act are in blank, it is difficult to judge of the effectiveness of these provisions. It is provided, however, that a first conviction renders a license-holder liable to have his license suspended for six months, and that on a second offence he "shall be liable to forfeit his license." There is a clause providing that in case it is proved in Court that any person wastes his property, injures his health, or endangers the peace of his family by excessive drinking, the Court may forbid the sale of liquor to him for one year, and also a provision by which the near relatives or guardians of persons under 21 years of age, and those in charge of interdicted persons or lunatics, can give notice to license-holders not to sell to such.

The "Thrasher" Case.

BEFORE THE CANADIAN SUPREME COURT

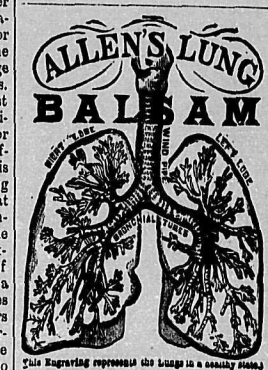
OTTAWA, May 16.—A special session of the Supreme Court was held to-day to hear the argument in the case respecting the status of the Supreme Court of British Columbia and the power of the Legislature of that Province to legislate in respect of procedure in that Court and residence of judges thereof, a difficulty having arisen regarding the jurisdiction of the Dominion Parliament and the Provincial Legislatures. The whole subject has been referred to the Supreme Court for settlement. Mr. C. Robinson, Q. C., and Mr. T. Davie appeared for the Dominion, and Mr. James Bethune, Q. C., and Mr. R. E. Kingsford for the British Columbia Government. All the judges were present. Mr. Robinson, in opening, reviewed the history of the case. The first question was whether the Supreme Court of British Columbia was a Provincial Court within the meaning of section 92 of the British North America Act. Though the prevailing impression has hitherto been that the Superior Courts which existed in the various provinces before the Confederation, and which were continued in existence, are "Provincial Courts," and though legislation has taken place upon that assumption, yet Mr. Robinson contended that if such legislation was not warranted by the British North America Act the assumption of power on the part of the Legislature, and acquiescence on the part of the Dominion Parliament, did not make it valid. The judges of the Supreme Court at the time of the union became the officers of Canada, removable only by the Dominion authorities. They are paid by Canada, appointed, and are therefore beyond the control of any Provincial power. The questions involved in this matter arose in connection with the "Thrasher" case. By the Better Administration of Justice Act passed by the British Columbia Legislature in 1878 the provisions of the County Courts were repealed, and judges of the Supreme Court were appointed County Court judges. The judicial District Act, passed in the following year, made provision for the performance of duty thus imposed upon such judges, and divided the province into substantially the same districts as it had been divided into for County Court purposes, and judges of the Supreme Court were assigned to particular districts, two being ordered to reside on Vancouver Island and three on the mainland. The judges refused to obey this Act, and raised the question of the right of the Provincial Legislature to divide the province into judicial districts. On behalf of the Dominion, Mr. Robinson argued that the Acts of the British Columbia Legislature passed in 1878, 1879, and 1881 were all *ultra vires* that Legislature, so far as they relate to procedure in the Supreme Court of that province. By setting apart particular districts for judges, Provincial Legislatures virtually assumed the power of appointing judges, which power is vested only in Federal authority. Neither had the Provincial Legislature the power to cast upon the Supreme Court judges as an obligation all duties of the County Court judges. The complaint of the Provincial County Court judges is that not only are they asked to perform duties of the County Court judges, but they would each also have to perform all the duties of the Gold Commissioner, including the labor of collecting petty fees and holding Mining Courts. Against such alleged usurpation of power by the Provincial Legislature, all the judges have protested and refused to obey. It was further contended that the Local Legislature had no power to abolish the County Courts, thereby depriving suitors of all right of appeal within the province. His Honor the Chief Justice remarked that the judges in British Columbia accepted the office with full knowledge of the powers of the Local Legislature with respect to the regulation of their duties and procedure of the Courts. They took office subordinate to the laws of the land, and must perform the duties properly assigned them. A contumacious judge was liable to the same treatment as any other official who undertook to defy the law. Mr. Justice Strong observed that no doubt in the present instance the judges might be entitled to sympathy, but that does not say that the Legislature has exceeded its powers. Mr. Davie followed Mr. Robinson on the same side. Mr. Bethune, for the province, replied, claiming that the constitutional power was conferred upon the provinces by the British North America Act. He quoted a number of authorities in support of his contention that the Provincial Legislatures were the proper bodies to make the rules of Court procedure, and to deprive them of that authority would be to strike at all the rules by which the Courts in all the provinces were now governed. At the conclusion of the argument the Court reserved judgment.

NEVER ALLOW IT.—Never allow the bowels to remain in a torpid condition, as it leads to serious results, and ill health is sure to follow. Burdock Blood Bitters is the most perfect regulator of the bowels, and the best blood purifier known.

Diptheria—that terrible scourge of the present day—attacks chiefly those whose vitality is low and blood impure. The timely use of Burdock Blood Bitters forestalls the evils of impure blood, and saves doctors' bills. Sample bottles 10 cents.

NOTICE.

DURING MY TEMPORARY ABsence from the province, Mr. Chas. E. Woods will hold my power of attorney, and will act as Manager of the business of James Ellard & Co. Mr. Woods is authorized to receive moneys and sign cheques and receipts in the name of the said firm. JAMES W. HARVEY.
New Westminster, B.C., May 22, 1883.
my23-tc.



This Engraving represents the Lungs in a healthy state.

STRICTLY PURE
HARMLESS TO THE MOST DELICATE.

In Consumptive Cases
It approaches so near a specific that "Ninety-five" per cent. are permanently cured where the directions are strictly complied with.
There is no chemical or other ingredients to harm the young or old.

AS AN EXPECTORANT IT HAS NO EQUAL. IT CONTAINS NO OPIUM IN ANY FORM.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PERRY DAVIS & SON & LAWRENCE,
SOLE AGENTS,
MONTREAL.
my26-1m

Direct Importation

L. BROWN
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT.
L. BROWN

BEGS TO INFORM THE RESIDents of New Westminster and vicinity that he is constantly receiving from Europe shipments of choice

Wines,
Spirits,
Liqueurs,
English Ales,
London and
Dublin Stout,

Which he will supply

IN BOND or DUTY PAID,

In Quantities to Suit Customers.

Also, in constant receipt, direct from
W. A. Gilby's, London,

Fine Champagnes,
Saumur's Claret,
Burgundy,
Genuine Sherry,
Fine old Ports
and Sherries.

E. BROWN,
COLUMBIA STREET,
New Westminster, B. C.

MONEY TO LEND.
Lands for Sale.
W. NORMAN BOLE, Barrister,
ap28-3m] New Westminster.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the City Taxes for 1882 are now due and payable at the office of the City Clerk.
JAMES ORR, C. M. C.
New West., July 25, 1882. jy26

CHEQUE LOST.

LOST, AT PORT HANEY, ABOUT the 23rd April, a Cheque on the Bank of B. C. for $134, made by A. Onderdonk in favor of the undersigned. The finder will please return it, as it is of no commercial value except to the undersigned.
ap25 WM. ROSS.

CLEVELAND'S HOTEL!
CUSTOM HOUSE SQUARE,
COLUMBIA STREET, · NEW WESTMINSTER.

THIS FINE NEW HOUSE HAS been fitted up and is now open for a limited number of guests. First-class boarding by the day or week at moderate prices.
J. E. CLEVELAND,
ap7tc · Proprietor.

A RARE CHANCE
——For Dairymen to——
IMPROVE THEIR STOCK.

The undersigned offers for sale his large and well-bred Bull
"UNCLE SAM,"
Imported from the best dairy stock in California. M. NICHOLSON,
my19-2m.] Riverside.

MUNICIPALITY of SURREY
NOTICE.

THE ASSESSMENT ROLL OF THE Municipality of Surrey, for the year 1883, is now open for inspection at the office of the Assessor, Clover Valley. A Court of Revision will be held at the Town Hall on Friday, June 15th, at 1 o'clock p. m., to hear and determine all appeals against said assessment.
HENRY T. THRIFT, Assessor.
Surrey, May 14th, 1883. [my19-1m

REMOVAL!
J. B. LORD
Has removed his FURNITURE ROOMS to the premises on Columbia street lately occupied by Mr. H. V. Edmonds.

FURNITURE,
PICTURE FRAMES,
WALL PAPER, ETC.

Furniture made to order on the premises. Repairing promptly and neatly done. A trial solicited.
my6-1m] J. E. LORD.

W. R. HOAR'S
NEW HARNESS SHOP
Columbia St., opp. Hyack Hall.

Every description of work in
SADDLES,
(English or Mexican,)
Carriages or Wagon Harness, Leather, Horse-Clothing etc. ☞The best Santa Cruz Leather used. Charges moderate. A trial solicited. [my19-tc.

NOTICE

STEAMERS OF THE
Canadian Pacific Navigation
COMPANY
(LIMITED),
Carrying H. M. Mails and
B. C. Express,
LEAVE IRVING'S WHARF
FOR VICTORIA:
WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 7 a.m.
FOR YALE & WAY PORTS:
WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 7 a.m.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office.
THOS. L. BRIGGS,
ap11tc Agent.

NOTICE
TO IMMIGRANTS

THE MUNICIPALITY OF SURREY
Offers great inducements to persons
IN SEARCH OF A HOME
——We have——
GOOD LANDS
Both wild and improved,
Good Roads, Schools, Churches And Post Office.
Our facilities for trade are excellent. We have good
WATER COMMUNICATION
With outside markets, and our
CLIMATE IS UNRIVALLED.
Plenty of Government Land.

TO MANUFACTURERS and GRIST OR SAW MILL MEN establishing themselves in this Municipality, the Municipal Council are offering LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS. For further particulars apply personally or by letter to
HENRY T. THRIFT, C. M. C,
Intelligence Officer.
Clover Valley, Surrey, B. C. [my19-tc

THE AFFIRMATION BILL.

Gladstone's Appeal to the Commons.

The following are the material portions of Mr. Gladstone's great speech in support of the bill to enable members of the House of Commons to qualify by affirming instead of taking the oath:—

It may be that gentlemen opposite have something to bias them towards a particular course, which brings them political profit. I am making no accusation. I only say it may be that they have something to bias them in that direction. But what could we have to bias us in the direction we have taken? Do you suppose that we are ignorant that in every contested election that has happened since the case of Mr. Bradlaugh came up you have gained votes and we have lost them? You are perfectly aware of it. We are not less aware of it. But is not some credit to be given to us—we giving you the same under circumstances rather more difficult—for presumptive

INTEGRITY AND PURITY

of motive? Sir, the Liberal party has suffered and is suffering on this account. It is not the first time in its history. It is the old story over again. In every controversy that has arisen about the extension of religious toleration, and about the abatement and removal of disqualifications—in every controversy relating to religious toleration and religious disabilities, the Liberal party has suffered before, and is now suffering again; and yet it has not been the party which upon the whole has had during the last half century the smallest or the feeblest hold upon the affections and the approval of the people. Who suffered for the Protestantism of their country? It was that party, with valuable aid from individuals, but only from individuals, who forfeited their popularity on that account—it was that party who fought the battle of freedom in the

GREAT ROMAN CATHOLIC CONTROVERSY,

when the name of Protestantism was invoked with quite as great an effect—and when the petitions poured in quite as freely—as the name of Theism is now. Protestantism stood the shock of the Act of 1829. Then came on the battle of Christianity, and the Christianity of the country was sacrificed by the Liberal party; and there are gentlemen on the opposite side of the House who seem to have forgotten all that—and rather plume themselves on the admission of Jews to Parliament, as if they had not resisted—(and with perfect honesty I make no charge against their honor, and impute no unworthy motive)—as if they had not resisted it with quite as much resolution as they are exhibiting on the present occasion. Sir, what I hope is this, that the Liberal party will not be deterred by fear or favor from walking steadily onwards in the path which it believes to be the path of equity and justice. There is no greater honor to a man than to suffer for the sake of what he thinks to be righteous; and there is no greater honor to a party than to suffer in the endeavor to give effect to principles which they believe to be just. The hon. member for Launceston said he wished that there should be some form of belief or other, some recognition of belief, something of what is called in the world of philosophical discussion a recognition of the supernatural. I believe that is a phrase which goes as near to what hon. gentlemen opposite mean as anything can. That is the main contention of the party opposite, and what I want to know is whether that proposition offers us a good solid standing-ground for legislation. When any test is applied, the test of the Constitution, the test of civil and political freedom, and, above all, the test of religion and the reverence for religion, I do not hesitate to say that, confidently, as I support this Bill, there is no one ground on which I support it with so much confidence as because of what I think

THE UTTER HOLLOWNESS AND FALSITY

of the arguments expressed in the words I have just cited and in the idea at the bottom of these words and the danger of making them the basis of our constitutional action. Now, what does this contention do? In the first place it evidently violates civil freedom to this extent—that whatever you hold, in the words of Lord Lyndhurst, which are as wide as anything any gentleman on this side could desire, there is to be a total divorce between the question of religious differences and the question of civil privilege and power; there was to be no test whatever applied to a man with respect to the exercise of civil functions except the test of civil capacity and a fulfilment of civil conditions. These were the words of Lord Lyndhurst, but it is now proposed to depart from that, and to say that a certain class, because it has no religion, is to be excepted, and alone to be excepted, from the operation of that great and broad principle. In my opinion it is in the highest degree irrational to lay down a broad principle of that kind, and to stop short after granting 99-100ths of all it means, and to make an invidious exclusion of any persons whom it may possibly affect. Hon. gentlemen may perhaps be startled when I make my next objection to the contention of the opponents of the bill, but it is this, that that contention is highly

DISPARAGING TO CHRISTIANITY.

Hon. gentlemen opposite invite us to do that which as a Legislature we ought never to do, namely, to travel over theological grounds; and now, having taken us up on those grounds, what is it they tell us? They say this, that you may go any length you please in the denial of religion, provided only you do not reject the name of the Deity. They tear religion into shreds, so to speak, and say that there is one particular shred with which nothing will ever induce them to part. They divide religion into the dispensable and indispensable, and place Christianity in the catagory of things that may be dispensed with. There is something, however, that cannot be dispensed with. Suppose a commander has to despatch a small body of men on an expedition on which it is necessary for them to carry on their backs all that they take with them; the men part with everything that is unnecessary, and take only that which is essential. That is the course that you ask us to take in drawing us on theological grounds; you require us to distinguish between superfluities and necessaries, and tell us that Christianity is an excrescence, and has nothing to do with the vital substance, the name of the Deity, which is indispensable. I say that the adoption of such a proposition as that, which is in reality at the very root of your contention, is disparaging in the very highest degree to Christianity itself. I pass to another point, and meet you more nearly on your own ground. My hon. friend the member for Finsbury made a reference to Mr. O'Connell, whom he knew personally. I will not say that I had so intimate a personal knowledge of him as my hon. friend, but when I was a very young man, about half a century ago, I heard a speech from Mr. O'Connell, which, though I was then bound by my party allegiance to receive with distrust anything he said, made a deep impression on me. Mr. O'Connell used these words in a speech on the law of libel: "When I see in this country the law allowing men to dispute the doctrine of the Divinity of the Redeemer, I really think if I had no other reason I should be justified in conceiving that there is nothing beyond that which should be considered worth quarrelling for, or which ought to be made a subject of penal restrictions." I am convinced that on every religious ground, as well as every political ground, the true and

THE WISE COURSE

is not to deal out religious liberty by halves, quarters, and fractions, but to deal it out entire, and make no distinctions between man and man on the ground of religious differences from one end of the land to the other. But I go a little further in endeavoring to probe this contention which has been so well put forward by hon. gentlemen opposite, and I want to know is your religious distinction a real distinction at all? I will, for the sake of argument, go with you on this dangerous ground of splitting theology into slices, and I will ask you where you will draw the line. You draw your line at the point where the abstract denial of God is severed from the abstract admission of the Deity. My proposition is that your line thus drawn is worthless, and that much on this side of the line is as objectionable as the atheism on the other. If you call upon us to make distinctions, let them at least be rational. I do not say let them be Christian distinctions, but let them be rational. I can understand one rational distinction, that you would frame the oath in such a way as to recognize and indicate not only the existence of the Deity, but man's responsibility to the Deity; but is that your present rule? No; you know very well that from ancient times there have been sects and classes that have admitted in the abstract, as freely as Christians, the existence of the Deity, but have held that of practical relations between him and man there can be none. The sects I have mentioned hold the existence of the Deity, both in modes and in places where He can have no concern with mankind. I do not hesitate to say that the specific evil, the specific form of irreligion, with which in the educated world of the country you have to contend, is not blank atheism. That is a rare opinion very seldom met with; but what is frequently met with is that varying form of opinion that would teach us that, whatever may be beyond the visible things of this world, you can know nothing of it, and that it is a bootless undertaking to attempt to establish relations with it. That is

THE MISCHIEF OF THE AGE,

and that mischief you do not attempt to touch. What is more, you glory in the state of the law that now prevails; you wish to tolerate all differences of religion, you wish to allow every one to enter into your chamber who admits the existence of the Deity. You would seek to admit Voltaire. That is a specimen of your toleration. Voltaire was not a taciturn foe of Christianity. He was the author of that painful phrase which goes to the heart of every Christian—*ecraser l'infame*. And that is the state of the law from which you are working up the country to strengthen in the minds of the people the false notion that you have got a real test, a real safeguard, that Christianity is still safe with certain unavoidable exceptions under a protecting ægis within the walls of this Chamber, and for that you excite a great religious war! I hold that this contention of our opponents is disparaging to religion, it is idle, it is irrational. For if you are to have a religious test at all, a test of theism, it ought to be a test of a well ascertained theism, not a mere abstract idea dwelling in the air and the clouds, but a practical recognition of Divine government and power to which we are to account for every thought we conceive, for every word we utter. I fear I have detained the house too long. But after all that has been said, and after all the accusations that have been made, I thought it right, at great length and very seriously, to show at all events that we do not decline the battle and that we are not going to allow it to be said that

THE INTERESTS OF RELIGION

are to find defenders only on the opposite side of the House. That sincere and conscientious defenders of the interests of religion are to be found there, I do not question at this moment; but I do contend with my whole heart and soul that the interests of religion as well as the interests of civil liberty are concerned in the passing of this bill. My reason for saying that may be given in a few words. If I were asked to put a construction upon this oath I should probably give it a higher meaning than most gentlemen opposite. It is my opinion that the oath has in it a very large flavor of Christianity. I am well aware that the doctrine of my hon. friend the Attorney-General is, as I believe, that there are other forms of positive attestation, according to other ceremonies of religion, that may enable the oath to be taken, by the removal of the words "So help me God" and the substitution of other words, or some other symbolical act involving the notion of the Deity and responsibility to the Deity. But remember the oath does not consist of spoken words alone. The spoken words are accompanied by a corroborative act, which is kissing the Book, that, according to the intention of the Legislature, ought to import the acceptance of the Divine revelation. There have been other forms in other countries. I do not know whether there is still in Scotland the form of holding up the hand. In Spain, I believe, the form is that of kissing the cross; in Italy, that of laying hands upon the Gospel. But in this, according to the original intention, there is something which involves the acceptance of Christianity. You do not mean that the law is, or can be applied in this sense. A law of this kind is like coin spick and span new from the mint, carrying with it those edges and characteristics with which we are all familiar. But it wears down in passing from hand to hand, and though there is a residuum, yet the distinguishing features disappear. So it is with the oath. As to the original intention of the oath, there is very little difference of opinion. But what has it become? It has become

A THEISTIC TEST.

It does, as I think, involve a reference to Christianity in the consciousness of some gentlemen in the other House of Parliament, and in this also. But undoubtedly it is not good for any of us to force this test so flavored, or even not so flavored, upon men who cannot take it with a cordial acceptance. It is bad, it is demoralizing. A seat in this House is to an ordinary Englishman in early life the highest prize of his ambition. If you place between him and that prize not only the necessity of conforming to certain secular conditions, but the adoption of certain religious words, and if these words are not justly measured to the conditions of his conscience and convictions, you give him an inducement—nay, I do not go too far when I say you offer him a bribe—to tamper with that condition, to do violence to his conscience in order that he may not be stigmatized by being shut out from the noblest privilege of Englishmen. Therefore it is most important that the House should consider the moral effect of this test which it allows to be applied to those who know that it is purely a theistic test, and feel justified in saying that it is not a satisfactory process for impressing on the mind of the individual, on his intellect, or heart a sense of religion. I own, although I am now perhaps going to injure myself by bringing the name of Mr. Bradlaugh into this controversy, I am strongly of opinion that this Bradlaugh controversy should come to a close.

THE PERORATION.

I have no fear of Theism in this House. Religion is the expression of the Divine mind, and however little our feeble vision may be able to discern the means by which God may provide for its preservation, we may leave the matter in his hands, and we may be sure that a firm and courageous application of every principle of justice is the best way for the preservation and maintenance of religion. And I must painfully record my opinion that grave injury has been done to religion in many minds — not in instructed minds, but in those which are ill-instructed or partially instructed — in consequence of things which ought never to have occurred. Great mischief has been done in many minds by a resistance offered to the man elected by the constituency of Northampton, which a portion of the people believe to be unjust. When they see the profession of religion and the interests of religion ostensibly associated with what they are deeply convinced is injustice, it leads to questions about religion itself which commonly end in impairing those convictions and that belief the loss of which I believe to be the most inexpressible calamity which can fall either upon a man or upon a nation.

Canadian Pacific Railway

NEW SCHEDULE

—OF—

WAGES

—FOR—

WHITE LABOR

—ON THE—

Canadian Pacific Railway

—IN—

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Overseers	$125 00		per month.
Rock Foremen	$3 50 to	$4 00	₱ day
Earth Foremen	2 50 to	3 50	"
Bridge Foremen	3 50 to	4 50	"
Bridge Carpenters, 1st class	3 50		"
Bridge Carpenters, 2nd class	3 00		"
Masons	2 50 to	3 50	"
Stone Cutters	3 00 to	3 50	"
Blacksmiths, 1st class	3 50		"
Blacksmiths, 2nd class	3 00		"
Blacksmith Helpers	1 50 to	2 00	"
Drillers	2 00 to	2 25	"
Laborers	1 75 to	2 00	"
Hewers, 1st class	3 50		"
Choppers, 1st class	2 00 to	2 50	"
Scorers, 1st class	2 50		"

All outside labor 10 hours per day.

All Carpenters to furnish their own Chest Tools.

All Employees to find themselves Bed, Board and Lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient along the Line. Board—$4 per week.

It will not be compulsory for Employees to board in the Company's Houses.

Wages will be paid monthly, on the 10th of each month.

A. ONDERDONK,
General Manager.

Office of the Contractors,
Canadian Pacific Railway,
Yale, March 1, 1883.

NOTICE.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOfore existing between Thomas Lett Stahlschmidt and Robert Ward, trading under the firm name of Stahlschmidt & Ward, at Victoria, B. C., as Commission Merchants, Shipping and Insurance Agents, has been dissolved by mutual consent, as from 31st December, 1882.

Mr. Robert Ward has assumed the Liabilities and Assets of the late firm and will continue the said business at Victoria for his sole account under the firm name of Robert Ward & Co.

No. 4 Commercial Row, Wharf Street,
Victoria, B.C., 15th March, 1883.
(mh21)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 240 acres of meadow land, known as Duck's Lake, situate about nine miles south of my residence, South Thompson.

Beginning at Stake A, and proceeding thence 1320 yards to Stake B; thence to Stake C, 880 yards; thence 1320 yards to Stake D; thence 880 yards to starting point.

JACOB DUCK.

South Thompson,
March 17th, 1883. ap11m2

GEORGE MEAD

Hair Dresser and Perfumer,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

BEGS TO NOTIFY THE RESIDENTS of New Westminster and vicinity that he has imported direct from London, England, a splendid assortment of

PERFUMES,

Toilet Soaps, etc., from the very best manufacturers in London and Paris.

Lubin's Paris perfumes	$1 00 per bot
E Pinaud's do	1 00 per bot
Rimmel's London do, 50c and	75 per bot
Cleaver's do, 50c and	75 per bot
Hovender's do, 25c, 35c and	50 per bot
Maria Farina's Eau de Cologne, small size	50 per bot
Hoyt's Eau de Cologne, large	1 00 per bot
Hoyt's Eau de Cologne, small	25 per bot
Murray & Lanman's Florida Water	75 per bot

DALMAHOY'S CURIOUS ESSENCE,
The most lasting perfume known, $1 50.

J & E ATKINSON'S WHITE ROSE PERFUME,
The only gold medal highest award for English perfumery, $1 00 per bottle.

GLASS STOPPERED SMELLING BOTTLES,
Filled with salts ready for use, 50c, 75c and $1 00 per bottle.

JEAN VINCENT BULLY'S PRIZE MEDAL TOILET VINEGAR,
For daily ablutions a few drops poured into the water before washing will neutralize any impurities, refresh the skin and restore it to its prestine freshness and bloom. For the mouth, a few drops with water act as an excellent dentifrice, preserving the gums and teeth, and by imparting a sweet and delicious odor to the breath is invaluable to smokers. It is also splendid for removing pimples from the face. Price, 75c per bottle.

IMPORTED TOILET SOAPS.

Rose Printaniere Soap—the most delicious perfume. More especially recommended to ladies and to mothers of families for the toilet of children. 3 cakes in a box, 50c per box, or sent by mail to any part of British Columbia, postage paid, for 75c per box. One trial of this soap will give satisfaction.

A very superior Glycerine Soap, 3 cakes in a box, 35c. Highly perfumed.

Hovenden's London Soaps, 3 cakes in a box (Almond, Honey and Windsor), 25c and 35c per box.

Hovenden's Mitcham Soap, recommended not only for its quality and delicate perfume, but also for its refreshing and cooling effect upon the skin. 3 cakes in a box for 50c. Sent by mail, postage paid, 75c.

Pear's Transparent Toilet Soaps, 35c per cake; sent by mail, 50c.

Pear's Transparent Shaving Sticks, in a very nice box, 35c per stick; sent by mail, 50c. Over 100 years established as the cleanest and best preparation for shaving.

Boehm's Transparent Soaps, a very fine article, 25c per cake; shaving sticks, 25c, in a very nice box.

Hovenden's Emollient Shaving Soap, 12½c and 25c per cake.

Wright's Coal Tar Soap (London), the only coal tar soap recommended by the entire medical faculty. For the nursery and the toilet this soap is invaluable. It has received the highest commendations from the entire medical profession. It is unrivalled for shaving; 25c per cake, or 50c for 3 cakes.

Glissadermos, a balsamic cream for shaving without the use of soap or water. Sold in collapsible tubes, 50c each; sent by mail, 60c.

HAIR OILS

AND TOILET PREPARATIONS.

Otto of Rose Pomade made in London.
Bay Rum Pomade made in Paris.
And other kinds of pomades.
White Rose Brilliantine.
Lime Juice and Glycerine.
Hovenden's Hair Restorative, 76 cents.
Ayer's Hair Vigor, $1.
Burnett's Cocoaine, $1; small size, 62½c.
Bandoline for the Hair.
Rose Hair Oil.
First-class assortment of London hair oils.
A good assortment of Cosmetiques, White, Black and Brown.
Glycerine Cold Cream, 25c per bot.
Vaseline Camphor Ice, 25c per bot.
Cold Cream of Roses, 25c per bot.
Gosnell's Cherry Tooth Paste, 50c.
Hovenden's Otto of Rose Tooth Paste, 35c.
Hovenden's Tooth Powders.
Violet Powder.
Violet Powder Boxes, 25c and 50c each.

BRUSHES.

A splendid assortment of Tooth Brushes made in London to order, 25c and 35c each.

A large assortment of Hair Brushes from 50c to $3 each.

Dr. Scott's Electric Hair Brush, sent by mail, postpaid, for $4.

A good assortment of Nail Brushes, 25c and 50c each.

Hair cutting Combs and dressing Combs 25c and 50c each.

Shaving Brushes, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c each.

RAZORS.

A first-class assortment of Razors, imported direct from Sheffield. I will send any person a good Barber's Concave Razor by mail at $1.50 each. I have sold the same kind of Razor at $2.50, but having imported a large stock direct from the manufacturer, enables me to sell cheap for cash, whereas, before I imported from San Francisco, and I could not sell them for less than $2.50 each. I have a large stock of Razors from $1 to $4 each.

Pocket Knives from 12½c to $2 each.

PIPES.

A splendid assortment of Meerschaum Pipes, G B D Briarwood Pipes, Amber, Ivory and Horn Mouthpieces.

A good assortment of Collar Studs and Cuff Buttons.

The very best Bath Sponges, small Turkey Sponges, and bath sponge baskets.

Enos' Fruit Salts, $1.00 per bottle.

Orders for the above goods solicited, and forwarded by mail or express.

—FOR—

SHAVING

Hair Cutting, Shampooing, etc.,

—CALL AT—

George Mead's

SALOON.

Hot & Cold Baths at all Hours

He has now three chairs running, and first-class workmen. The latest patent barber's chairs. Please note the address, one door below the Colonial Hotel, New Westminster, B. C. [ap25.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
3rd May, 1883.

HIS HONOR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to place the following gentlemen on the Commission of the Peace:—

James Wardle and Joseph Bowes, Esquires, of Hope, for the Electoral District of Yale.

Henry Henck, of Big Bar, and John Edgar Moore, of Alkali Lake, Esquires, for the Electoral Districts of Cariboo and Lillooet.

Henry Bird, Esquire, of 150-mile-house, Cariboo Wagon Road, for the Electoral District of Cariboo.

my9-1m.

NOTICE.

A COURT OF ASSIZE AND OF Nisi Prius, and of Oyer and Terminer and of General Gaol Delivery, will be held at each of the undermentioned places, and at the times hereinafter named:—

At Yale, on Monday, 21st May, 1883.

At Kamloops, on Wednesday, 30th May, 1883.

At Clinton, on Thursday, 7th June, 1883.

By Command,
JOHN ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
Victoria, B. C., 19th April, 1883.
(ap21td)

Notice to Claimants of Land.

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undermentioned lands in New Westminster District have been surveyed and a map of same can be seen at the office of J. C. Hughes, Esq., Commissioner, New Westminster, and at the Lands and Works Office, Victoria, where forms of proof and declaration can be procured.

Lot.	Gp.	Name.	Pre-em Rec No.	Date.
473	I	S McDonald	653	Jan 21, '69
474	I	S Mcdonald	Pur 903	Aug 3, '71
475	I	J DeRoshe	648	Nov 25, '68

The above mentioned parties, or any other claimants to the above described lands, must prove up their claims within three months from date of this notice.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands & Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 25th April, 1883.
(my2m3)

Notice to Claimants of Land.

KAMLOOPS DIVISION OF YALE DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undermentioned lots in Kamloops Division of Yale District, have been surveyed, and a map of same can be seen at the office of G. C. Tunstall, Esq., Commissioner, Kamloops, and at the Lands and Works Office, Victoria, where forms of proof and declaration can be obtained.

Lot.	Grp.	Name.	Pre-emption Rec. No.	Date.
440	1	A. E. Howse	1,070	Dec. 3, 1877
441	1	Donald Walker	1,048	May 4, "
443	1	A. McConnell	1,032	Oct. 18, 1876
443	1	F. Griffin	1,071	Dec. 28, 1877

The above or any other claimants to the above mentioned lots must prove up their title to same within three months from date of this notice.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands & Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., April 10th, 1883.
(ap18m3fd)

Notice to Claimants of Land.

CARIBOO DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that Sections 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, and 45, Group 1, Cariboo District, have been surveyed, and a map of same can be seen at the office of J. Bowron, Esq., Commissioner, Barkerville, and at the Lands and Works Office, Victoria, where forms of application and declaration can be obtained.

Claimants to any portion of the above Sections must prove up their claims to same within three months from date of this notice.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands & Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., April 10th, 1883.
(ap18m3fd)

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS OF LAND.

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Lot 472, Group I., New Westminster District, has been surveyed for G. E. Corbould, Esq., as the land claimed by him under Pre-emption Record No. 1,261, dated February 13th, 1883, being a transfer of Mr. Mackie's Pre-emption Claim, No. 1,216, dated June 19th, 1874.

A map of the above Lot can be seen at the Lands and Works Office, Victoria, and at the Office of J. C. Hughes, Esquire, Commissioner, New Westminster, where blank forms of application and declaration can be obtained.

The above or any other claimant to the above land must prove up on the same, in accordance with the provisions of the "Land Act, 1875," within three months from the date of this notice.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands & Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., April 3rd, 1883.
(ap11td)

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Assessment Act and Provincial Revenue Tax.

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in accordance with the Statutes, that Provincial Revenue Tax and all Taxes levied under the Assessment Acts are now due for the year 1883, and payable at my office. Assessed Taxes, if paid on or before the 30th June, 1883, are collectible at the following rates, viz.:—

½ of 1 per cent. on Real Property.
5 cents per acre on Wild Land.
One-fourth of 1 per cent. on Personal Property.
½ of 1 per cent. on Income.

If paid after June 30th, 1883:—

⅝ of 1 per cent. on Real Property.
6 cents per acre on Wild Land.
⅜ of 1 per cent. on Personal Property.
¾ of 1 per cent. on Income.

J. C. HUGHES,
Assessor and Collector.

Jan. 8th, 1883. fe14td

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS WHO HAVE ANY claims against the Firm of ADAIR & COMPANY, Fish Canners, Fraser River, are requested to forward the same at once to their Solicitors,

Messrs. DAVIE & POOLEY,
Langley Street, Victoria.

Dated 3rd March, 1883. mh7

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

EDUCATION BRANCH OF
PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Examination of Candidates for Certificates of qualification to teach in the Public Schools of the Province will be held at Victoria, in the Legislative Hall, commencing on Tuesday, 5th July, at 1 p. m.

C. C. McKENZIE,
my19td Superintendent of Education.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
16th May, 1883.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Andrew Charles Elliott, Esquire, to be a Stipendiary Magistrate for the Province of British Columbia.

Robert Wilson, of McDame Creek, and Joseph Clearihue, of Laketon, Esquires, to be Justices of the Peace for the Electoral District of Cassiar.

Charles Augustus Semlin, Esquire, of Cache Creek, to be a Notary Public in the Province of British Columbia.

my23-1m

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
26th April, 1883.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to place the following gentlemen on the Commission of the Peace:—

William Ludwig Riske, and Thomas Meldrum, of Chilcoatin, William Morrison, of Lake La Hache, and William Laing Meason, of Little Dog Creek, Esquires, for the Electoral Districts of Cariboo and Lillooet.

John F. Smith, Esquire, of Clinton, for the Electoral Districts of Cariboo, Lillooet and Yale.

John Pimbury and Joel Broadwell, of Salt Spring Island, and Ernest Skinner, of Maple Bay, Esquires, for the Electoral District of Cowichan.

Thomas Pearson Reed, Esquire, of Soda Creek, for the Province. [my2-1m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Order of the Honourable Executive Council, approved on the 30th August, 1879, which reserved certain lands in the vicinity of Port Simpson from pre-emption, has been rescinded by an Order in Council, approved the 30th March, 1883.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner L. & W.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., May 8th, 1883.
my16-1m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

HIS HONOR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to direct that Chap. X., Section 7, of the "Regulations for the Examination of Public School Teachers," (approved 9th January, 1883,) be amended, by adding thereto, at the end of the said section, the following words, viz.:—"or he must be a "Graduate of some British University, "who has proceeded regularly to his degree, and must satisfy the Examiners "of his knowledge of the art of teaching, "and school discipline and management."

By Command.
JOHN ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
Victoria, B. C., 1st May, 1883.
my9-1m.

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS OF LAND.

YALE DIVISION OF YALE DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that Lot 49, Group 1, Yale Division of Yale District, has been surveyed for Mr. L. A. Agassiz, as the land which he claims under Pre-emption Record No. 282, dated February 9th, 1878. A map of same can be seen at the Lands & Works Office, Victoria, and at the office of E. Dewdney, Esq., Commissioner, Yale, where forms of Proof and Declaration can be obtained.

The above or any other claimants to this land must prove up their claims as provided in Section 15 of the Land Act, 1875, within three months from the date of this notice.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands & Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., March 12th, 1883.
(mh21je9)

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS OF LAND.

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undermentioned lots in Group Two, New Westminster District, have been surveyed, and a map of same can be seen at the office of J. C. Hughes, Esq., Commissioner, New Westminster, and at the Lands & Works Department, Victoria.

Lot.	Grp.		Pre-emption Rec. No.	Date.
431	2	J. Barker	1075	May 30, 1873
432	2	J. Munro	1527	Apl. 28, 1877
434	2	J. Chapman	1499	Feb 27, 1877
435	2	D. Greyell	1447	May 16, 1876

The above or any other claimants to the above lots must prove up their claims, in accordance with the provisions of Sec. 15 of the Land Act, 1875," within three months from the date of this notice.

Forms of proof and declaration can be obtained at the Lands and Works Office, Victoria, and at the Commissioner's Office, New Westminster.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands & Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 12th March, 1883.
(mh21je9)

Notice to Claimants of Land.

COAST DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undermentioned lands in Coast District have been surveyed, and maps of same can be seen at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, where Forms of Proof and Declaration can be obtained.

Lot.	Range.		Date.
1	2	J. Clayton, Application to purchase	Sept. 14, 1882
2	2	" "	" "
3	2	T. Shotbolt, Pre-emption Rec., 1,560	June 6, "
4	2	W. H. Mallory, Pre emption Rec., 1,551	Aug. 29, 1881
5	2	T. Shotbolt, Application to purchase	Sept. 8, 1882
6	2	J. Carthew, Pre-emption Rec., 1,502	Aug. 3, "
1	5	J. D. Warren, Application to purchase	June 17, "
2	5	H. E. Crossdaile, Pre-emption Rec., 1,556	Dec. 5, 1881
3	5	J. D. Warren, Pre-emption Rec., 1553	Oct. 18, "
4	5	J. D. Warren, Application to purchase	Sept. 14, 1882
5	5	H. E. Crossdaile, Application to purchase	June 27, "
6	5	J. Wilson, Pre-emption Rec., 1,548	Mar. 24, 1881

The above or any other claimants to the above lots, must prove up their claims in accordance with the provisions of the "Land Act, 1875," within three months of the date of this notice.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands & Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., March 20th, 1883.
(mh28 td)

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
7th May, 1883.

HIS HONOUR THE LIEUTENANT-Governor has been pleased to appoint Paulus Æmilius Irving, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, to be Deputy Attorney-General for the Province to date from the 1st instant, vice Eli Harrison, jr., Esquire, resigned.

my16-1m

NOTICE.

A COURT OF ASSIZE, AND OF Nisi Prius, and of Oyer and Terminer, and of General Gaol Delivery, will be held at LYTTON, on Monday 18th June, 1883. By command.

JOHN ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
Victoria, B. C., May 4th, 1883.
my16-1m

[L.S.]
CLEMENT F. CORNWALL.
CANADA.
PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our faithful the Members elected to serve in the Legislative Assembly of Our said Province, and to all whom it may concern,—
Greeting.

A PROCLAMATION.

Alex. E. B. Davie, *Attorney-General.* } WHEREAS, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Executive Council of Our said Province of British Columbia, to prorogue the Legislative Assembly of Our said Province until the Twelfth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three.

Now know ye that We do, for that end, publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby prorogue the Legislative Assembly accordingly, until the TWELFTH DAY OF JULY, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three; hereby convoking, and by these presents enjoining you, and each of you, that on Thursday, the Twelfth day of July next, you meet Us in Our said Legislature or Parliament of the said Province, at Our City of Victoria, and therein do as may seem necessary. Herein fail not.

In Testimony Whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of British Columbia to be hereunto affixed: Witness, the Honourable CLEMENT F. CORNWALL, Lieutenant-Governor of Our said Province of British Columbia, in Our City of Victoria, in Our said Province, this Twelfth day of May, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, and in the forty-sixth year of Our Reign.

By Command.
JOHN ROBSON,
my23-td] Provincial Secretary.

ROYAL COLUMBIAN

HOSPITAL

NEW WESTMINSTER.

DIRECTORS FOR 1883-84.

W. N. Bole, President.
J. W. Harvey, Vice-President.
W. H. Keary, Sec.-Treas.
G. E. Corbould, Jas. Cunningham,
H. Elliott, C. M. McNaughten.

ANNUAL REPORT

The Directors of the Royal Columbian Hospital have to report that during the years 1882-83 there has been a large increase over previous years of patients admitted to the institution. This, with the delapidated state of the building, necessitated an increased expenditure. You will notice in the Treasurer's report that over $500 has been expended on repairs, over $100 on furniture, and $92.43 on clothing, making a total of about $700, which had to be deducted from over receipts, which can not be counted in the actual expenses of the institution. A large number of patients have been admitted, sent from the Railway works about Yale, and no contributions have been received from the Dominion Government or the railway contractors towards the support of this large and increasing class of patients.

In conclusion, we have to reiterate the complaint so frequently made by our official predecessors as to the necessity of establishing a "Home for Incurables," and renovating if not entirely reconstructing the Hospital building. The necessity of an increased grant is a self-evident proposition, if the Hospital is to take its proper place among the charitable institutions of British Columbia.

Annexed are the Treasurer's and Surgeon's reports.

SURGEON'S REPORT.

New Westminster, Apr. 12, 1883.

To the Board of Management of the Royal Columbian Hospital:—Gentlemen: I have the honor to submit the following statement of cases in the Royal Columbian Hospital during the year 1882:

Number of patients under treatment in the hospital during the year, 101; number of outdoor patients, 153. Total, 254.

Number of deaths during the year, 11. Cause of death: Paralysis, 2; heart disease, 4; diabetes, 1; debility, 1; gangrene, 1; fracture spine, 1; exhaustion, effects of severe burn, 1.

I would recommend that the building be thoroughly whitewashed. Also, that a nurse be appointed to assist the Superintendent in his duties, which are daily becoming more arduous.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen, your obedient servant,
J. A. SIVEWRIGHT, M. D.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand 31st March, 1882	$ 397 05
Grant from Gov't for 12 months ending 31st March, 1883	4250 00
Received from paying patients	120 00
Received from subscriptions	87 50
Donations from R. C. Church	62 50
Donations from Episcopal Church	27 90
Balance still owing	1072 33
Total	$6017 28

EXPENDITURES.

Milk	$ 206 02
Wood	395 75
Groceries	754 29
Drugs	491 74
Meat	704 71
Repairs	542 13
Medical attendance	501 65
Steward	600 00
Cook	360 00
Washing and scrubbing	151 75
Medical comforts	211 50
Vegetables, including potatoes	141 38
Funerals	144 00
Bread	250 23
Furniture	100 59
Lights, coal oil, etc	93 37
Clothing	92 43
Printing and advertising	58 12
Insurance on building	45 00
Stamps and stationery	38 77
Shipping incurables	30 00
Auditing, two years	20 00
Extra night nurse	30 00
Fish	22 25
Fruit	5 00
Sundries	31 00
Total	$6017 28

Examined and found correct.
JAS. W. HARVEY, Auditor.
WM. H. KEARY, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Assessment Roll of the Municipality of Richmond is now open for inspection at the house of Boyd & Kilgour, North Arm.

All persons deeming themselves improperly assessed shall, within one month from this date, notify the Clerk of their grounds of complaint.

SAM. MILLER, C. M. C.
Richmond, 14th May, 1883. 1m

THE PURE-BRED

CLYDESDALE STALLION

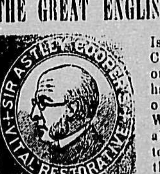
"GLENGARRY."

FIRST PRIZE AT OREGON STATE and District Fairs. Dam and Sire imported from Scotland. Bright dapple bay; 17 hands; weight, 1800 lbs. Will make the season, 1st May to 1st August, at Gonzale's Farm, near Victoria.

TERMS: $25, due 1st Aug. Insurance $35, due when mare in foal; pasture, $1 per week. Half steamboat fares allowed to mares from a distance. Every precaution taken to avoid accidents, but at risk of owners of mares.

J. D. PEMBERTON,
mh31tc P.O. Victoria, Box 246.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY



Is a never-failing Cure for Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality of any kind, Weakness, Paralysis, Prostatorrhoea, and all the terrible effects of youthful follies, and excesses in maturer years.

DR. MINTIE will agree to forfeit **Five Hundred Dollars** for a case of this kind the **Vital Restorative** (under his special advice and treatment) will not cure, or for anything impure or injurious found in it. DR. MINTIE treats all Diseases successfully without mercury. **Consultation free.** Thorough examination and advice, $5·00. Price of **Vital Restorative**, $3·00 a bottle, or four times the quantity, $10·00; sent to any address upon receipt of price, or C O. D., secure from observation, and in private name if desired, by A. E. MINTIE, M. D.

Those who cannot visit DR. MINTIE in San Francisco should send a full and minute statement of their troubles with $25·00, and in return a full course of Medicine will be forwarded, securely packed, so as not to excite curiosity.

All orders for medicine C. O. D. must be accompanied with $1.00 (as a guarantee of good faith), which will be deducted when the package is shipped.

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE.—Sent on application by letter stating symptoms, sex and age. Communications strictly confidential. jny31-1y

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DR. LIEBIG, 400 Geary Street, San Francisco, Cal

CONTINUES TO TREAT successfully by Homeopathy every form of Special or Chronic Disease without Mercury or Nauseous Drugs. DR. LIEBIG'S INVIGORATOR is a positive and permanent cure for Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Physical Debility, Lost Manhood, Vital Exhaustion, and all the terrible results of abused nature, excesses and youthful follies. The Doctor will agree in writing to forfeit **$1,000** for a case that he undertakes and fails to cure. The reason thousands can not get cured of Seminal Weakness and the above diseases is owing to a complication called Prostatorrhea, which requires a special remedy. DR. LIEBIG'S INVIGORATOR, No. 2, is a Specific Cure for Prostatorrhea. Price of either Invigorator, $2 per bottle, or 6 bottles $10. Sent to any address securely covered from observation. Seminal Weakness and Prostatorrhea drain vitality from the body and cause numerous diseases that baffle ordinary medical treatment. If allowed to continue, the unnatural loss affects the vital organs, which causes destroying diseases, Consumption, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Jaundice, Insanity, etc. Excesses, Non-use, Abuse, Inherited Weakness, Malnutrition, Spinal and Celebral Complaints bring on the above fatal diseases. Debility and Seminal Weakness obstruct the important and necessary acts of life and their enjoyments. Cures Guarantee. Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, Kidney, Liver and Bladder a specialty. The many complaints and diseases of women speedily cured; consultation at office or by letter, free and confidential. Responsible parties can arrange payments in the same manner as they would employ their family physician. Strictest secrecy maintained.

ONE BOTTLE FREE.

Regular Size Bottle of either Invigorator Sent Free to show the wonderful properties of the Greatest Invigorator Known to Modern Scientists. State symptoms, age, if married, &c.

Call or address DR. LIEBIG & CO., No. 400 Geary Street, corner Mason, San Francisco, Cal. Private entrance, 405 Mason Street.

Qualified and Responsible.—DR. LIEBIG & CO. Organized in compliance with California law. Diploma procured by regular college education. 17 years special practice, and duly licensed in accordance with California Medical Law. de2

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Foo Choo's Balsam of Shark's Oil

Positively Restores the Hearing, and is the Only Absolute Cure for Deafness Known.

This Oil is abstracted from peculiar species of small **White Shark**, caught in the Yellow Sea, known as Carcharodon Rondeletii. Every Chinese fisherman knows it. Its virtue as a restorative of hearing was discovered by a Buddhist Priest adout the year 1410. Its cures were so numerous and **many so seemingly miraculous**, that the remedy was officially proclaimed over the entire Empire. Its use became so universal that for **over 300 years no Deafness has existed among the Chinese people.** Sent, charges prepaid, to any address at $1.00 per bottle.

Hear What the Deaf Say.

It has performed a miracle in my case.
I have no unearthly noises in my head and hear much better.
I have been greatly benefitted.
My deafness helped a great deal—think another bottle will cure me.

"Its virtues are UNQUESTIONABLE and its CURATIVE CHARACTER ABSOLUTE, AS THE WRITER CAN PERSONALLY TESTIFY, BOTH FROM EXPERIENCE AND OBSERVATION. Write at once to Haylock & Jenney, 7 Dey Street, New York, enclosing $1.00, and you will receive by return a remedy that will enable you to hear like anybody else, and whose curative effects will be permanent. You will never regret doing so."—Editor of Mercantile Review.

☞ To avoid loss in the Mails, please send money by **Registered Letter.**

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DR. SPINNEY & CO.'S

DISPENSARY,

NO. 11 KEARNEY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

DR. SPINNEY, well known as the founder of the Montreal, (C. E.) Medical Institute, and late Proprietor of the SPINNEYVILLE INFIRMARY, would most respectfully inform his patients and the afflicted generally, that he still continues to treat chronic and nervous diseases with unparalleled success.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Remember that procrastination is the thief of time so

COME AND BE HEALED.

It matters not what your troubles may be, come and let the Doctor examine your case. It will cost you nothing for consultation, so please call and satisfy yourselves whether the Doctor understands your case. If he can cure you he will tell you so; if not, he will tell you that, for he will not undertake a case unless he is confident of effecting a cure.

Parties at a distance wishing treatment, by sending $25 and a minute description of their troubles will receive in return a full course of treatment securely packed so as not to excite curiosity.

DR. SPINNEY will guarantee to forfeit Five Hundred Dollars for every case of any kind or character which he undertakes and fails to cure.

P. S.—For diseases of short standing, a full course of medicines, sufficient for a cure, with all instructions, will be sent to any address on receipt of $10.

Call or Address
Dr. SPINNEY & CO.,
9 28-1y No. 11 Kearney-st., San Francisco, Cal.