Provincial Secretary

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN

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THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

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The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Feb. 10, 1886.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Mr. Beaven moved "that this house is of opinion that the public accounts, in detail, from 1st July to 31st December, 1885, should be printed and placed before members this session, in the same form as the accounts for the fiscal year are now printed in the sessional papers." He complained that the public accounts from the fiscal year June 30th, 1885, until 30th December, 1885, should have been brought down in supplementary form. During every session that had commenced in January the accounts had always been presented up to 31st December of the previous year. The present session formed the first exception.

Hon. Mr. Smithe said a financial statement for 6 mos. of the current year would cost a great deal, and when the annual statement was made it would all have to be done over again. The departmental work now was infinitely greater than it had been under the late administration, but if the cost of conducting the departments happened to exceed that of former years, the opposition at once found fault; and if this motion were carried it would necessitate considerable extra expenditure. The books of the treasury were always open to the inspection of members, and he could see no reason for incurring such an expense as the resolution asked. A balance sheet had been made up to the 31st December, but he did not think there was any need for a detailed statement.

Mr. Galbraith, Mr. Helgesen, Mr. Dunsmuir, Hon. Mr. Duck, Mr. Grant, Mr. Pooley, Mr. Semlin, Mr. T. Davie, and Hon. Mr. Robson all spoke to the question, and the provincial secretary proposed to amend the resolution so as to read that the returns be published in the sessional papers this year, and be laid before the house this session if possible. Mr. McLeese protested against the amendment, after which

Hon. Mr. Smithe said the discussion had taken such a wide range, and so many misleading statements had been made, that he must go over a good deal of ground that would otherwise have been unnecessary. He had never blamed the Walkem government for spending large sums of money on public works, but for spending the revenue recklessly without being able to make a satisfactory showing for it. He referred to the $100,000 spent on the New Westminster-Hope wagon road as a shameful waste, and said that while the Walkem government was squandering the public funds it was making no preparation whatever to meet the crash that everybody knew must come as the result of spending from $200,000 to $300,000 a year beyond the revenue. With a revenue of $372,000 in 1874 that government had undertaken an expenditure of $583,000, leaving a deficit of over $200,000. Nothing daunted, they went at it again in 1875 with a revenue reduced to $351,000, and expended $614,000. The natural result of course followed, they had to give place to abler and better men; and he would say this, that the Elliott government, finding the financial affairs of the country in an utterly wrecked condition, went to work like statesmen, and framed a fiscal policy which, although bitterly opposed by Mr. Beaven at the time, had been adopted by every government since, and the revenue was now double what it was before the policy was inaugurated. Mr. Beaven had said that the prosperity of the country was due to Canadian Pacific railway construction, and not to anything done by this government. He would ask that gentleman how it was that the prosperous condition of things did not make its appearance until after the present government took office, notwithstanding the railway work had been going on for three years before that time? Railway construction began in 1880, and a full year after the returns of revenue show $397,000 for the year, just $6,000 over the preceding year when there was no railway work going on. The next year shows $405,000, an increase of $8,000, and the next year shows $425,000, an increase of $20,000. The prosperity superinduced by railway construction, during the Beaven regime, as measured by the returns of revenue, was only a matter of $30,000 in three years. Remarkable to relate, however, if railway construction had all to do with the prosperous condition of things, as soon as the present government came in the revenue jumped from $425,000 to $503,000, and in the next year it went up to $600,000. Here is an increase of revenue in two years of $175,000, as against $34,000 in three years equally during railway construction during the late government's term of office. The facts are indisputable, and although they had little to do with the question before the house, the peculiar frailty the members of the opposition have for making incorrect statements on all kinds of subjects, whether pertinent to the question at issue or not, made it necessary to put them right to prevent false impressions being made. The resolution had been thoroughly argued and he thought the house well understood now that the government had not the slightest wish to prevent the fullest information being obtained upon every subject connected with the affairs of the country. The return asked for in this instance would be gladly made if it were possible without the delay of a single day, but it would be absurd to assent to an order which it was known beforehand was impossible of fulfilment. The amendment would, he was sure, commend itself to every reasonable mind in the house. It requires the return to be made as soon as possible, and if it cannot be got out before the house prorogues then that it be published in the sessional papers, when hon. members of the opposition will be able to use it for electioneering purposes to their heart's content.

After some remarks from Mr. Semlin, Mr. Orr, Mr. Grant, Mr. Dunsmuir, and Mr. Wilson, the amendment was put and carried on the following division:

Ayes—Smithe, Robson, Duck, A. E. B. Davie; Martin, Allen, Dingwall, Dunsmuir, Wilson, Cunningham, Drake, Raybould, Pooley, McTavish, Cowan, John, T. Davie, Orr.—18.

Noes—Semlin, Grant, Beaven, Galbraith, McLeese, Helgesen.—6.

How a Mother Was Converted.

From the Diary of a Criminal Lawyer of Over Thirty Years' Practice.

"A lady who had been one of an audience, said to me: 'Mr. Richmond, you go too far. I don't want to vote. I would not if I could. I don't think it would be *very nice* for ladies to go to the polls among a crowd of men and vote!' Oh, dear! what a reason for not giving the moral weight of woman's influence at an election. 'It wouldn't be very nice, etc.' I suppose women don't go to church among a crowd of men, or to the theatre or opera, or to large parties, and there, dressed as scantily as the season will permit, circle through the voluptuous evolutions of the waltz or round dance in the embrace of another woman's husband or brother!! But it is not *nice* to go to an election among a crowd of men, and drop into a box a piece of paper on which is written, '*the country needs moral, honest, and temperate men to make laws, and we will have no other.*' It is 'not nice' to stand boldly up for the right, and for the sake of fathers, husbands, and sons, demand of our rulers that vice and temptations to sin shall not be established by law, or licensed by legal enactments. Said I to the good lady, 'Madam, you have a son, a young man, I believe?' 'Yes,' she answered, 'and he is a strong temperance man.' 'You love him, undoubtedly, as a mother should?' I asked. 'Now, suppose that your son, every day as he went to and fro from his home to his place of business, had to pass by a drinking saloon; suppose he should be tempted to go in and drink—at first only occasionally, but as the appetite increased, more and more frequently, until at last he should be brought home to you intoxicated; and you knew that the temptation the law licensed and established by the side of his daily pathway, had led him astray—that he was being ruined, and that even your prayers would not save him from a drunkard's life and a drunkard's death, would you hesitate one moment, if it were in your power, to go to the polls and vote to abolish the saloon, to blot out of existence the temptation that was leading your boy to ruin?' 'No!' said she, 'I would go, if God gave me strength to walk, or even creep on my hands and knees, and I would do all I could to vote out of existence the vile spot, and the laws that established it.' 'But,' said I, 'what about the crowd of men around the polls?' 'I would not care for them,' she said, her eye kindling with that maternal instinct that prompts the most timid animal to fight for its young, '*I would go if every man in the crowd were a devil—and I would save my boy or die!*' There spoke the true, noble-hearted woman and mother. Like the lioness at bay, she was ready to fight singly the whole host interested in rum to save her darling child." I will add: Genuine modesty and true religion are the two brightest ornaments that adorn the brow of woman. Put the ballot in the hand of woman and it will do more to destroy the 'social evil' than a century of mission efforts, or all the powers of moral suasion. The opinions of society in all ages have been but a reflex of the spirit of the laws that govern the nation. Let woman help to make the laws, and thereby reform public opinion. WM. KENT.

While Canada, with a population of 5,000,000, is groaning under a public debt of less than $50 per head, for which she possesses valuable assets, the Australian colonies manage to exist under much heavier indebtedness. The debt, per capita, of New Zealand is nearly $300; of Victoria and New South Wales about $150, and of the neighboring colonies about the same, and for these heavy burdens they have few public improvements, such as Canada possesses, to show. In comparison with the other colonies of the empire, the Dominion occupies a favorable position, and our future is full of hope.—*Evening Journal, Ottawa.*

Among the features of the Colonial Exhibition in London, next summer, will be aquarium tanks containing as many of the fishes and marine productions of the colonies as can be brought alive to England. Turtles will be kept in one tank, and their conversion into soup become a matter of public observation and sale.

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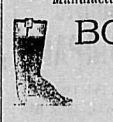
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Opposite Dickinson's Butcher Shop.
oc14tc

TREES Fruit and Ornamental,
MAGNOLIAS, PALMS, ROSES,
CLEMATIS, ETC.
10 MEDALS and 39 PREMIUMS
Awarded at the World's Exposition in New Orleans.
New Descriptive Catalogues, containing many New and Rare Varieties, will be sent:
No. I—Fruits, Grapevines, Olives.....4 cts
No. II—Ornamental Trees, Evergreens and Plants.....4 cts
No. III—New Roses and Clematis....Gratis
JOHN ROCK,
12de2m San Jose, California.

W. IRVING. F. STRAHAN
IRVING & STRAHAN,
Cor. Begbie and Columbia Sts.
FURNITURE
MANUFACTURERS,
—AND—
UPHOLSTERERS.
Spring and Wool Mattresses and Bedding always on hand.
HAVE ON HAND THE
LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF FURNITURE ON THE MAINLAND.
Estimates for Office and Store Fittings.
de6tc

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

Notice.....B. Springer
$25 Reward.....Jno. R. Robinson
Notice.....C. G. Major
Appointment.....Prov. Sec.
Notice.....E. A. Jenns
Skating Match.....Robt. Wintemute
Tailoring.....S. Trapp
War.....O'Hagan & Bosshardt

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Feb. 10, 1886.

Statistics show that the value of the agricultural products of the United States in 1880 was $10,197,096,776. In the same year American manufactures were worth $5,369,667,706. The latest available statistics of the mines give $413,104,620. It will be seen, therefore, how perfectly true is the claim that the United States is an agricultural country, for the products of the soil are worth more, probably, than all the other sources of wealth together.

In a recent number the London *Lancet* gives statistics of the cholera epidemic in Europe last year. The disease seems to have completely ceased its ravages for the season at least, although it may quite possibly manifest itself again upon the return of summer. In Spain the number of deaths last year amounted to 78,703, in France about 1,200, and in Italy and Sicily about 1,500, making a total of over 82,400. It may fervently be hoped that this dreadful plague will not be repeated in 1886.

The experiment of educating Indians at Wabash, Ind., has proved singularly successful. Three years ago 40 young Indians and squaws from the west were placed under training at the Normal Labor Institute, and in 3 years they have gone through the entire course of instruction with very great credit to themselves. The boys are carefully instructed in the science and art of agriculture, as well as in literary, mathematical and scientific subjects, and the girls have obtained a thorough domestic education according to the ideas of modern civilization. One of the girls has developed such wonderful literary talent that she will make an effort to graduate in a regular college.

Our friend of the Victoria *Standard* declares THE COLUMBIAN's suggestion to appropriate provincial funds for the purpose of sending Chinamen back to their own country a "political dodge." In the very next breath the organ doubts "whether any member of the house would dare to support any such ridiculous suggestion." Now, if the proposal could not gain the support of one member in the house, what possible value can it have as a political dodge! Sometimes these party organs involve themselves in strange inconsistencies in the endeavor to mislead. The Chinese question is not a political party question at all, inasmuch as both parties have explicitly pronounced against the Chinese.

Riot and Bloodshed.

From our despatches in another column it will be seen that the anti-Chinese agitation at Seattle has resulted in a very serious riot accompanied with bloodshed. It seems that the anti-Chinese organization had made secret arrangements to send away the Chinamen by force on the steamship Queen of the Pacific, and had driven them like sheep down to the wharf for that purpose. Before the steamer could get away the condition of affairs came to the knowledge of the authorities, and, to their credit, they immediately took steps for the protection of the celestial prisoners. The militia was called out, but the mob does not seem to have had respect for the authority or fear for the weapons of the citizen-soldiers, and made an assault upon them. The condition of affairs was very critical, and the guards were ordered to fire on the mob, which they did with fatal effect. It may be questioned by some whether the order was justified by the circumstances, but the attitude of the crowd seems to have been both hostile and aggressive, and it was certainly a most dangerous thing for them to attempt to take rifles out of the hands of the soldiers. The lesson is a severe one, and may exercise a most wholesome influence upon other agitators who have hoped to loom up into notoriety on this very same question. There is no doubt that Chinese labor is a curse to the country, and that the unfair competition which results from it is to a great extent the cause of the distress prevailing on the sound and in some districts of British Columbia too. But these facts, much as they may tend to excite and arouse those who have suffered because of them, do not constitute a justification of the outrages witnessed in Seattle and elsewhere in Washington Territory. Let the anti Chinese forces make use of every legitimate means to get rid of the nuisance; but whenever laws are set at defiance, the powerful arm of the law must be expected to be reached out for the restoration of order. The conduct of the mob was such as could not be tolerated under any circumstances: it must be resisted and resented, or, finding itself able to overawe the guardians of the law, the mob would probably proceed to other excesses more serious still. It is very much to be regretted that the anti-Chinese associations of the sound have permitted themselves to be carried away beyond the boundaries of justice and fair play. They will find that the excesses committed by themselves will assuredly tend to alienate public sympathy from them to the very people they are so anxious to exterminate. It is never best to do violence to one's conscience and better judgment. The Chinese may be very undesirable people, but they have rights which must not be violated, and they are entitled to the fullest protection of the laws of Canada and the United States in the enjoyment of these rights.

On the Wrong Track.

The Victoria *Times* endeavors to make a point against the provincial government because the expenditures during the past three years have exceeded the "ordinary" revenue. Assuming the figures put forward by the *Times* to be correct, the point sought to be made is a failure. In the first place these figures show that the excess of expenditure over revenue for the year ending 31th June, 1883, was $155,773, which is nearly twice as much as the excess in any subsequent year. Now, the present government took office on the 29th January, 1883, and the estimates for the then current fiscal year, commencing on 30th June 1882, had, of course, been prepared entirely by the preceding administration, and for it the present government could not be held responsible. It follows, therefore, that the government of Mr. Beaven (whom the *Times* supports) so arranged the estimates as to leave a deficit of $155,773. The following year the expenditure exceeded the ordinary revenue by $83,863, and by $53,227 the year after. Adding these deficits together the *Times* gets a sum of $292,864 which, it says, represents the amount expended by this government during the past three years in excess of the ordinary revenue — forgetting to mention that a good deal more than half the deficit accrued under the administration of its own friends. But there is another side to this matter which is a great deal more important than the question of responsibility. The *Times* speaks only of the ordinary revenue. But every one knows that besides the ordinary revenue, there has been received a considerable sum of money to recoup the province for expenditures on the dry-dock. This dock money had to become a part of the revenue, and could either have been laid up as a surplus or expended in much-needed public improvements. The government decided that in the latter course lay the best interests of the country, and the dock money, or at least a portion of it, has been expended in roads and bridges and other works necessary to the public convenience. Now, we are quite sure there is no one in British Columbia who would seriously advocate the accumulation of a surplus, or the hoarding of the dock money as an asset, when there are so maney places all over the province where money is urgently needed for public improvements. The present revenue, although it has increased enormously under the present administration, is quite inadequate to the wants of the country, and any administration that undertook to pile up a surplus under such circumstances would not, in our judgment, be wisely employing its resources. But no matter which view the *Times* takes, it fails to make out a case against the administration because, as we have already shown from its own figures, the deficit that occurred on the last estimates of Mr. Beaven was greater than those of the two succeeding years for which the Smithe government is responsible—and there is now a surplus of over $100,000 in the treasury!

A new map of British Columbia just issued by the government, for sale at T. R. Pearson & Co's. The best map ever issued; $2.25.—*Adv.*

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS for underbrushing portion of Lot number 185, from fifty acres and upwards to five hundred and fifty acres, will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock, noon, of Saturday, February 13th, 1886.

Specifications can be seen at the BRIGHTON HOTEL, Hastings, B. C., or at the store of Douglas & Deighton, New Westminster.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Address tenders to S. Brighouse, Burrard Inlet, B. C.

6fe3t S. BRIGHOUSE.

$25 REWARD

FOR ANY INFORMATION THAT WILL lead to the conviction of the party or parties who, about the 22nd day of December, broke open my house on Westham Island and took therefrom one tuttle-tooth six foot crosscut saw, a large red, white and black scarf, a cigar box containing two pair of leg and feet-shaped calipers, small square, a half-round burnisher, twisted steel scratch-awl, clamp, oil-can, some small cold chisels and files of various shapes. JOHN R. ROBINSON,

10fe2t New Westminster.

Skating Match.

AT THE SKATING RINK, on THURSday (to-morrow) night, a Skating Match for $50 a side will take place between Ellas Westlake, the professional skater of Victoria, and G. F. Scouilar, amateur, of this city. Skating begins at 9 o'clock, sharp, at which time it is particularly desired that all visitors should be present so as to get seats inside the course. Admission, 25 cents. Reserved seats for ladies without extra charge. Music will be provided. ROBT. WINTEMUTE,

10fe1t Proprietor.

NOTICE.

In the Matter of the Estate of John R. D. Walker, deceased, Intestate.

ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THE ABOVE estate must be forwarded to the undersigned on or before the 10th day of March, next, duly proved. Persons indebted to the estate are requested to settle such indebtedness forthwith.

Dated 8th February, 1886.

E. A. JENNS,

10fe1m Administrator.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase (250) two hundred and fifty acres of land situate in New Westminster District, and described as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner post of my preemption claim No. 53; thence north, 50 chains; thence east, 50 chains; thence south, 50 chains; thence west, 50 chains to point of commencement.

B. SPRINGER,

Per J. C. HUGHES.

New Westminster, Feb. 8, 1886.

10fe2m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 200 acres of land, more or less, in New Westminster District, described as follows:

Commencing at the northeast corner post of Lot 264, Group 1, thence north about 80 chains; thence west about 20 chains to eastern boundary of timber lease; thence south along said eastern boundary to northern boundary of Indian Reserve; thence along said northern boundary line easterly to point of commencement.

C. G. MAJOR.

New Westminster, Feb. 8th, 1886.

10fe2m

War! War! War!

O. K.

Tailoring Establishment!

Next door to the Union Hotel,

Columbia Street, New Westminster.

O'HAGAN & BOSSHARDT,

Practical and Artistic

TAILORS.

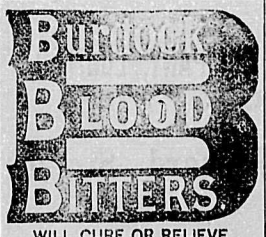
Garments made up in the latest London, Parisian and New York styles and at very low prices. A perfect fit or no charge.

☞Cleaning and repairing garments a specialty. 10fe1m

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE, 4th February, 1886.

HIS HONOR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointment:

Donald Graham, Esquire, of Spallumcheen, to be a Justice of the Peace for that portion of the Province known as the Electoral District of Yale. 10fe1t



WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE. ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO

NOTICE.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned up to Saturday, the 10th inst., for the replacing of the flood gate lately carried away by high water, on Lot 20, Sea Island.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

fe6td E. A. JENNS.

NOTICE.

To Carpenters, Contractors and Builders.

TENDERS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned up to Saturday, 13th February, 1886, at 8 p.m., for the construction of FOUR HOUSES on Mary street.

Plans, specifications, &c., can be seen at my store, Columbia street. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

ARTHUR M. HERRING.

New Westminster, Jan. 30th, 1886.

ja30td

An Efficient Remedy

In all cases of **Bronchial** and **Pulmonary Affections** is AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. As such it is recognized and prescribed by the medical profession, and in many thousands of families, for the past forty years, it has been regarded as an invaluable household remedy. It is a preparation that only requires to be taken in very small quantities, and a few doses of it administered in the early stages of a **cold** or **cough** will effect a speedy cure, and may, very possibly, save life. There is no doubt whatever that

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Has preserved the lives of great numbers of persons, by arresting the development of **Laryngitis, Bronchitis, Pneumonia,** and **Pulmonary Consumption,** and by the cure of those dangerous maladies. It should be kept ready for use in every family where there are children, as it is a medicine far superior to all others in the treatment of **Croup,** the alleviation of **Whooping Cough,** and the cure of **Colds** and **Influenza,** ailments peculiarly incidental to childhood and youth. Promptitude in dealing with all diseases of this class is of the utmost importance. The loss of a single day may, in many cases, entail fatal consequences. Do not waste precious time in experimenting with medicines of doubtful efficacy, while the malady is constantly gaining a deeper hold, but take at once the speediest and most certain to cure,

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

MECHANICS' TAILORING STORE,

COLUMBIA ST.

New Westminster.

We would call the attention of the public to the fact that we are prepared to offer them a choice of goods unequalled in the Province.

In addition to our usual stock of

ENGLISH, SCOTCH, AND CANADIAN GOODS

We carry a complete line of Samples of

American Goods!

Thereby enabling customers to choose their garments from a collection or over 500 different patterns, and when required we guarantee to make

No two Suits of the same Pattern.

☞We have also by special arrangement secured samples of

Fine French Goods

Suitable for Suiting and Pantaloons. All orders will be filled promptly, and fit guaranteed.

S. TRAPP,

de3t MANAGER.

City Boot and Shoe Store

COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT, (formerly carried on by Mr. R. Thomas), has been reopened with a complete stock of

Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which are offered at low rates. The Manager will be glad to receive a call from the public.

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER in the latest style, and repairing done to order by FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN on the premises.

A. R. DEMPSTER,

no28tc Manager.

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE

Myrtle Navy

IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE

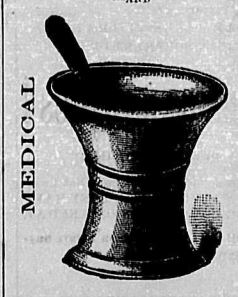
oc31tc

D. S. CURTIS & CO.

Dealers in

DRUGS

—AND—



CHEMICALS

Wholesale and Retail.

PRESCRIPTIONS

DISPENSED

At Low Rates.

Next to Colonial Hotel,

New Westminster, B. C.

au22tc

A MASS MEETING

Will be held under the Auspices of the

Blue Ribbon Christian Temperance Society

IN THE SKATING RINK, ON

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, FEB,Y 10th

When a LECTURE will be delivered by Rev. Coverdale Watson,

Doors open at 7.30; Lecture at 8. Admission Free. All are cordially invited to attend. 6fe2t

Coal! Coal!

For Thirty Days,

SELLING OFF

At $6 PER TON

BEST WELLINGTON COAL

Hay and Feed

CHEAP FOR CASH.

16ja1m **W. R. AUSTIN, Front St.**

HYACK BALL.

THE ANNUAL BALL UNDER THE auspices of the Hyack Fire Company will take place at

THE DRILL SHED

—ON—

Monday, 22d February, 1886

Tickets, (including supper) $2.50; ladies free. Tickets can be had from S. H. Webb, Wm. McColl, N. A. White, and at T. R. Pearson & Co's.

Dancing at 8 p. m., sharp.

ja23td JNO. McMURPHY, Sec. Secretary.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY

Victoria, B. C. Feb. 1st, 1886.

NOTICE: TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED up to noon of

MONDAY, THE 15th INST.,

Addressed to the undersigned, Victoria, for the

Clearing, Grubbing and Grading of the Extension of the main line of this Railway from Port Moody to Vancouver.

And of the Branch to New Westminster.

Specifications and plans can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the Engineers' Office, Hastings, on and after the 8th inst.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

H. ABBOTT,

General Superintendent,

6fe3t Pacific Division.

NOTICE.

TO CONSUMERS OF COAL

400 TONS

BEST WELLINGTON COAL

FOR CASH.

I WILL SELL IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT AT

$6 per Ton!

For thirty days from date.

☞NOW IS THE TIME TO LAY IN A WINTER'S SUPPLY.

16ja1m **THOS. L. BRIGGS.**

*** FOR ***

VALENTINES

*** GO TO ***

T. R. Pearson & Co's

New Westminster and Granville.

ja30tc

HERRING'S Drug Store!

New Westminster, B. C.

Fresh Stock Just Received

Low Prices Continued, viz:

Pear's Soap, 5 cakes	$1 00
Enos Fruit Salt	90
Porus Plasters, 3 for	50
Pain Killer, P.D., 3 for	50
Eclectric Oil, 3 for	50
Hop Bitters, per bot.	75
Warner's Safe Cure	1 00
Homœopathic Medicines	25
Jayne's Expectorant	90
Florida Water, large, M. & L.	50
Lubin's Perfumes	65
Camelline	50
Hall's Hair Vigor	75
Neave's Infants Food	38
Hoyt's Cologne, large	80
Citrate Magnesia	25
Holloway's Pills,	40
Cockle's Pills	40

☞PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS a Specialty. We compound these cheaper than any other House, from pure English Drugs.

A. M. HERRING,

Chemist and Druggist, Columbia Street,

fe8tc New Westminster.

ARCHIE BURNS,

DEALER IN

General MERCHANDISE

Dry Goods & Groceries.

A full supply of Coal, Dry Alder and Fir

Kept constantly on hand.

PROPRIETOR OF NEW

Granville Stage Line

TRUCKING & TEAMING

Of all kinds promptly attended to at lowest prices.

Saddle Horses and Buggies for Hire.

Orders may be left at my store, corner Columbia and Blackie Streets, New Westminster. se30tc

J. A. R. HOMER,

—IMPORTER—

SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FRONT ST., - NEW WESTMINSTER

OFFERS FOR SALE

Extra, Superfine and Graham

FLOUR

BARLEY,

GROUND BARLEY,

WHEAT,

MIDDLINGS

BRAN,

OIL CAKE,

OATS,

OAT MEAL,

CORN MEAL,

GRAIN SACKS,

HAMS, BACON, LARD, BUTTER, DRIED FRUIT, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Agent for the Pacific Coast Steamship Company. (ja9tc)

Clothing! Clothing!

WHITE

THE CLOTHIER,

Has Just Received

OVER 300 MEN'S SUITS

A Large Quantity of

Boys' and Youth's Clothing!

7 Cases of American

FELT HATS

Also, a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

—HE NOW HAS—

The Best Assortment in the above Line ever exhibited in New Westminster.

LATEST STYLES

At Lowest Possible Prices for Cash.

Call Early and Make Your Selection.

COLUMBIA STREET OPP. BANK OF B. C.

D. McPHADEN,

Importer and Dealer in

Family Groceries!

—AND—

PROVISIONS.

Imported in quantity, First-Class in quality, Sold at Bottom Prices

The best Place in the City to buy your Groceries.

D. McPHADEN,

Deane's Brick Block,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

mh4

J. A. CAWLEY & CO.

HAVING PURCHASED THE

Shingle Mill and **Pump Factory**

At POPCUM, are prepared to execute all Orders promptly and to the satisfaction of their customers.

All kinds of TURNING done to order.

J. A. CAWLEY & CO.

ja9tc POPCUM, B. C.

DRESS-MAKING.

Misses McDOUGALL

Will open a Fashionable Dress-making Establishment on

MONDAY, THE 11TH INSTANT,

One Door below A. M. Herring's Drug Store.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

ja9tc

FURNITURE

W. PROTHERO & CO.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE.

REMOVED

☞To shop lately occupied by Mr. Darcy, Columbia Street.

Call and examine our stock and prices before buying. We can't be **UNDERSOLD** in the city. Repairing of all kinds neatly done. W. PROTHERO & CO.

se10tc

F. CRAKE,

PRACTICAL

WATCH MAKER

—AND—

JEWELER,

COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

SIGN OF THE BIG WATCH.

☞LATE MANAGER FOR SAVAGE & LYMAN, MONTREAL.

Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographers, and all fine Watch repairs a Specialty.

ANY ONE HAVING WATCHES which have been injured by incompetent watch repairers can be made equal to new again. JEWELRY of all kinds made and repaired. All work warranted; charges moderate. Estimates given free of charge.

☞**WALTHAM, ELGIN, and other Watches and Jewelry cheaper than any other house in B. C.**

L[illegible] 12 CARAT GOLD AMER[illegible] WINDING WATCHES, accurate t[illegible]pers, $35; usual price, $55.

de9tc

THE PIONEER

BOOK

—AND—

STATIONERY

STORE,

Granville, B. I.

Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Musical Instruments, Newspapers, Toys, &c.

It will be the aim of the manager of the Pioneer Book and Stationery Store to conduct business upon such principles as will secure and retain the confidence and patronage of the people of

Burrard Inlet.

Articles not in stock will be procured with the utmost despatch

Prices will be found as low as anywhere else in the Province.

Newspapers and Periodicals supplied promptly.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE

In First-Class Companies.

If you want anything in the above lines, call at or address the Pioneer Book and Stationery Store.

JAS. Z. HALL,

MANAGER.

Granville, Burrard Inlet. au22tc

NOTICE.

THIRTY DAYS AFTER DATE I WILL apply for a license to cut, fell and carry away, trees and timber from the following described land situated on Prince of Wales Reach, Jervis Inlet.

Commencing at a stake on the shore line marked A due east from Mount Diadem, following the coast line in a southerly direction for one and one-half miles in length and one hundred yards in depth for the same distance.

HENRY LANGE.

New Westminster, Jan. 4, 1886. 9ja1m

DRESS-MAKING!

MISSES. McELROY & FITZ HENRY wish to inform the Ladies of New Westminster that they have opened a

Dress-Making Establishment

—AT—

TRAPP BRO'S STORE, COLUMBIA ST.

Where they will be prepared to execute any orders entrusted to them in the latest styles and with all possible despatch.

New Westminster, Oct. 9th, 1885. oc7tc

CHEW

JACKSON'S

BEST

Navy Tobacco.

We call the attention of consumers to the superior chewing qualities of this most excellent Tobacco. Samples will be sent free by applying to **L. & E. WERTHEIMER, 300 and 306 Front Street, San Francisco, Cal.,** Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

The goods are for sale by all the principal jobbers in British Columbia.

4jyly

EVERY

MERCHANT

—AND—

BUSINESS MAN

SHOULD BUY AN

EXCELSIOR BUSINESS RECORD

With which to begin the year.

The Book gives satisfaction wherever tried. It is arranged to record business transactions for 10 years, and costs only $3.50. Sent by mail to any part of the province on receipt of $3.50.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.

ja2tc Sole Agents.

The Colonial

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

Colonial Hotel Building,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Wm. Ross

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

BOOTS and SHOES

The French Lenoir, Goodyear, Pinkerton, Cochrane, Cassils & Co., Armes Holden and Slater Boots and Shoes.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN ARE RESPECTFULLY invited to call and examine the stock.

I have also on hand the

SCOTCH-CANADIAN LEATHER WATER-TIGHT KNEE BOOT,

Which now takes the place of gum boots.

jy29tc

C. M. McNAUGHTEN,

—PRACTICAL—

Watchmaker & Jeweller!

Has just received for the Holidays a fine assortment of Gold and Silver

JEWELRY

GENTS'

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES

Ladies Size Swiss Gold Watches from $25 to $55,

Ladies Size American Stem-winding Gold Watches, at $32.50.

REMEMBER—We do not sell "filled" Watches and Jewelry as solid gold.

Our goods are guaranteed just as represented, and prices lower than any other house in B. C.

COLONIAL BLOCK,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

de18tc

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient Advertisements—First insertion, 8 cts. per line; subsequent insertions, 2 cts. per line.

Regular Commercial and Business Advertisements—1 column, $12 per month; ½ col., $7 per month; ¼ col., $4 per month; 2 inches, $2 per month; 1 inch, $1.50 per month. These rates to be charged on standing advertisements which remain over 3 months. If for a less period the rates will be: 1 col., $15 per month; ½ col., $9; ¼ col., $5; 2 inches, $3; 1 inch, $2.

Specials, among reading matter—Each insertion, 20 cts. per line.

Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1 each. Funeral notices accompanying death notice, 50 cts. extra.

☞All transient advertisements will be measured by a scale of solid Nonpareil, which makes 12 lines to the inch and 7 words to the line. Display lines must be allowed for in making estimates. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00.

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Feb. 10, 1886.

Valentine Day comes next Sunday.

The Ontario legislature was opened on the 28th inst.

A boom in building operations is reported from Granville.

The weather continues mild, and building operations are brisk in the city.

Mr. M. Picken, of the Vancouver *Herald*, is in the city in the interest of that journal.

The Vancouver *Herald* reporter was delighted with the Choral Union concert at Granville.

The two trains which arrived down last Sunday brought 220 head of cattle from the interior.

Mr. Rooney, formerly mail clerk on the C.P.R., is temporarily in charge of the post office at Granville.

Italy exports about 50,000,000 eggs to England annually, for which they get an average price of 9 cents per dozen.

A Blue Ribbon club has been organized at Granville. Judging from the *Herald's* police report it must be badly needed.

Remember the Blue Ribbon meeting in the Skating Rink to-night, when Rev. Coverdale Watson will deliver a lecture.

Prof. Baird says that a fair estimate of the annual product of the American fisheries would not fall short of $100,000,000.

Six hundred fishermen on the Gaspe and Bonaventure coast have been rendered destitute by the failure of the Robin firm.

Canadian Psalter and Hymnal, with tunes (for Presbyterian Church), at T. R. Pearson & Co.'s, New Westminster and Granville.

It will be seen that tenders are now asked for clearing and grading the branch line to this city as well as the Coal Harbor extension.

A Chinaman living on St. John st. had two ducks and two chickens stolen from him last Saturday night. This is carrying the war into Africa.

The str. Slope, which spent the winter in the Coquitlam, came down to this city on Saturday and has gone to Victoria to be overhauled.

Attention is called to the advertisement of the Royal Baking Powder Co. on the 4th page of this paper. Housekeepers may with advantage study the diagram.

The str Princess Louise arrived from Victoria shortly after 4 o'clock Monday afternoon. Yesterday morning she left with a large number of cattle on board for Victoria.

We do not sound a needless alarm when we tell you that the taint of scrofula is in your blood. Inherited or acquired, it is there, and Ayer's Sarsaparilla alone will effectually eradicate it.

On Monday a beautiful bird flew into the Colonial Boot & Shoe Store, kept by Mr. Wm. Ross, and was captured. After being sufficiently admired it was set at liberty and chirped away delightedly.

Last month Freeman Coleman died at Windsor, Ont., at the age of 121. He was born in Virginia 12 years before the declaration of American independence, and was a mixture of Indian, Spanish and Negro.

We have received from the author, Mr. P. L. Trout, a pamphlet of 64 pages containing a description of the new gold mines in the Similkameen country, and a good deal of other information relating to that and other parts of British Columbia.

A statistician has enumerated 2,000 murders committed in the United States during the year 1885, of which whiskey was the direct agent in 1,700 cases. The devil seems as usual to have sat at the bung of the whiskey barrel in 1885.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

The snag boat has placed all the buoys but three in the north channel, and is now to be laid up! There are lots of snags in the river, both down and up, and it is a most remarkable thing if the federal government cannot keep this boat in active service during the season.

Arrangements have been made for a skating match in the rink to-morrow night between Mr. Westlake of Victoria and Mr. G. F. Scoullar, of this city. The contest begins at 9 o'clock, which will enable persons who attend the church services on that evening to be present. For particulars see adv.

"The Dying Year" is the name of a new song written and composed by Mr. Henry Morey, lately organist in Holy Trinity church in this city. The song is very pretty, and proves beyond question that Mr. Morey possesses more than common musical talent, and the people of New Westminster will doubtless hear of him again.

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer imparts a fine gloss and freshness to the hair, and is highly recommended by physicians, clergymen, and scientists, as a preparation accomplishing wonderful results. It is a certain remedy for removing dandruff, making the scalp white and clean, and restoring gray hair to its youthful color.

"The Home and School Supplement" is the name of an illustrated monthly magazine published in Toronto and Buffalo. It is purely a Canadian enterprise, although a large part of the edition goes to the United States. The magazine is devoted to art, literature, science, biography, travel, humor, and education, and the yearly subscription is $2.

SPECIAL TRIP.—The str. Princess Louise came up from Victoria on Sunday morning expecting that the cattle train from the interior would have arrived. Finding that the train was not down, and no one knew when it would come, the steamer returned to Victoria empty. The people of the capital would very soon starve if the mainland supplies were shut off.

Mortgages, Deeds, Leases, Agreements of Sale, and blank forms of all kinds, at T. R. Pearson & Co's.

Through a Bridge!

By Telegraph.

YALE, Feb. 8.—The wrecking train, consisting of engine and two cars, returning from Lytton this evening, went through a bridge near No. 7 tunnel, west of North Bend. It is supposed the foundation of the bridge had been loosened by late heavy rains. Engine driver Tyler is seriously hurt.

HOSPITAL CONCERT.—There was a fairly good audience at the Choral Union concert last Monday night in aid of the hospital. The programme consisted of the May Queen and the Rhine Legend. We understand the net proceeds for the hospital will amount to something like $50.

I.O.G.T.—At a regular meeting of Dominion Lodge No. 82, I.O.G.T., held last Friday night, the following officers were installed for the current term: Jno McMurphy, jr., W.C.T.; May Grant, R.S.; Julia Neil, L.S.; Mrs. J. Wintemute, W.V.T.; Chas. Merritt, W.Sec.; Isabella McPherson, W.A.S.; W. L. Johnson, W.F.S.; Martha Grant, W.T.; W. H. Burns, W.Chap.; Jas. Kelly, W.M.; Mary Holden, W.D.M.; Agnes McMurphy, W.I.G.; Frank Smith, W.O.G.; Peter Peebles, P.W.C.T. There are 83 members in this lodge, of whom 61 were present at the installation.

SLOW MAILS.—A subscriber at Johnston's Landing, writing under date of Feb. 3rd, says: "We have not had any mail here for over two weeks. The train went down on the 29th and up on the 30th, but neither took our mails from here nor left any for us. I understand that mails were delivered at other offices, but we got none. When the train can take our mail but will not do so, the carriers ought to be held responsible. There are letters of great importance to some of us which have been lying in this office for over two weeks. There was no reason why they should not have gone down on the 29th."

THE EVANGEL.—Yesterday morning this steamer arrived at the C. P. N. wharf from port Townsend, having come by way of the islands and Whatcom. She brought two passengers (R. Creed and W. E. Reynolds), but no freight. The Evangel is now in command of Capt. J. W. Tarte, and it is intended to run her regularly to this city if trade is sufficiently paying. The route will be from Port Townsend via the islands (calling at Whatcom if necessary) to New Westminster, arriving here on Tuesday forenoon; leaving this city Tuesday afternoon she will proceed to Seattle via Roche Harbor and the islands.

SUPREME COURT. — Albert John Whitechurch, a prisoner in the city gaol, was brought before Mr. Justice McCreight on a writ of Habeas Corpus. The prisoner was tried before two magistrates at Yale and sentenced to three months with hard labor. Mr. Bole appeared for prisoner and pointed out that the commitment was bad (1) on the face of it, as the magistrates had clearly exceeded their jurisdiction; (2) there was no offence declared on the commitment; (3) there was no averment that the prisoner was ever convicted. The learned counsel referred to a number of authorities to sustain his objections, and the judge ordered the prisoner discharged from custody.

THE RAILWAY RACKET.—Says the San Francisco *Chronicle* of the 2nd: The transcontinental railway officials are viewing with considerable alarm the announcement that Geo. C. Perkins has made negotiations with the Canadian Pacific whereby freight and passengers may be sent east from this city via Victoria and Montreal. They were inclined to doubt that any such arrangement would be consummated, but now that it is actually the case they are more anxious than ever that the Canadian road shall enter the transcontinental pool. Meanwhile it is stated that the company has no intention of doing anything of the sort. It has secured the services of Geo. W. Olds, the most persistent American railway fighter who ever cut a rate, as its general traffic manager, and Mr. Olds is expected to maintain his reputation as a disturber of the peace of rival lines by a vigorous war upon the Canadian Pacific competitors.

CHINESE EXPORTATION.—On Saturday attention was drawn to the fact that the Chinese Six Companies had offered to assist poor Chinamen who were anxious to return to China. The following is the full text of the circular issued by the companies: "On account of the harsh treatment that a number of our countrymen have received from the hands of a class of unprincipled white men, we have made arrangements with both the O. & O. and the P.M.S.S. companies to run the four steamers—City of Peking, City of New York, Gaelic and Belgic—from the 27th day of the month, for the purpose of carrying home those of our countrymen who should feel disposed to return to our native land, at the reduced rate of $25 each person. Men at about the age of 60 will be given a passage free, and a present of $15 in addition, and those below that age and in extreme poverty, upon proof of such circumstances, will be given a free passage and a gift of $10. Those who choose to avail themselves of this opportunity will oblige by sending in their names at the earliest date possible."

DEBATE ON THE ADDRESS.—The debate closed on Monday. It was stated that there was nothing in the speech, and we fully expected to find something in the speeches of those members who made this complaint. They contained nothing that would in any way have improved that document, and they gave no more information concerning the affairs of the province. If there is nothing that requires immediate legislation, it is surely better not to introduce anything new until the electors are heard from, this being the last session of the present house. Fault-finding is something that anyone can do, and the fault-finder who has nothing to suggest in the way of improvement might as well say nothing. That is pretty much the position of those who are discussing the speech. Opposition which has not for its aim the attainment of some important object is of no benefit to the country. It does not matter much to a large proportion of the people who the men are that control the affairs of the province so long as they are properly managed. Opposition for the sake of opposition is an expensive nuisance, and is certainly not necessary in conducting the affairs of this province.—*Vancouver Herald.*

ARRIVAL OF THE TRAIN—The through train from Savona arrived on Sunday afternoon, with about 15 passengers. The down trip was very tedious, as there were many delays. Slides of snow and earth and rock are taking place all along the line, and at some places the embankments have been badly washed away by floods. Shortly after passing Emory a large rock was encountered on the middle of the track which the train men could not move. Capt. Bristol saw that the train was stuck, and came over from Hope in a canoe, bringing some dynamite with which he soon cleared the track. At Maple Ridge the bank is sliding again, and there are prospects of further trouble when the frost has all gone out of the ground. Besides the passenger train, two cattle trains came down on Sunday, bringing 220 head of cattle. A short distance above Yale a boulder came down the mountain side while the cattle train was passing and crashed into one of the cars. In consequence of these dangers the trains have to be run with great caution, and it is not every person that cares to take the risks of a railway ride under such circumstances. The train left Port Moody and Port Hammond yesterday morning for Savona.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.—From the provincial blue book we learn that there were 263 births, 227 marriages, and 377 deaths in the province during the year 1884. This is a decrease of 20 births, and an increase of 58 marriages and 49 deaths as compared with the year previous. The records are distributed as follows:

	Births.	*Mar.*	*Deaths.*
Victoria, &c.	127	122	159
New West., &c.	35	56	59
Nanaimo, &c.	80	28	82
Yale, &c.	7	3	11
Clinton, &c.	2	13	
Lillooet, &c.			1
Cariboo, &c.	5		7
Kootenay, &c.	1		52
Cassiar, &c.			2
Kamloops, &c.	6	5	4

We presume these statistics are very imperfect, because in all countries it is found difficult to collect full particulars. Of the births, 127 were males and 136 females; of the deaths, 290 were males and 87 females. In New Westminster there is an increase of 15 births over the previous year, whereas Victoria shows a decrease of 8 and Nanaimo a decrease of 26. Compared with 1883 there has been an increase of 18 marriages recorded in this city and 42 in Victoria; while Nanaimo shows a decrease of 5. New Westminster shows an increase of 31 deaths, Victoria a decrease of 2, and Nanaimo a decrease of 18.

CITY COUNCIL.—Council met on Monday night, all the members being present. A communication was received from Mr. H. V. Edmonds submitting a proposition to purchase a portion of lot 6, block 16, with a view to making the street between Clement and Blackwood sts. 66 feet wide. A letter from the manager of the Bank of B.C. was read enclosing an account of $100 charged by the bank solicitors for examining the loan by-law. The $100 was granted. A letter from Mr. Van Horne acknowledged receipt of official notification re bonus, and stated that Mr. Abbot was authorized to represent the company in the matter. A letter from Mr. Jas. Kennedy in which he offered to discharge the duties of police magistrate and architect for $850 a year. The clerk was instructed to decline the offer. A letter from Capt. Pittendrigh called attention to dangerous character of the wharf formerly occupied by Mr. Armstrong. A petition from residents of St. Andrew's ward asked for the opening of Auckland st. from Edinburgh to Ellice st. Mr. Bole was appointed police magistrate at $750 a year, on condition that during his absence he provides a substitute at his own expense. Mr. C. E. Woods reported that Mr. Grimmer encroached 6 feet on the street at the lower corner, Mr. Lund 8 feet at lower corner and 10 feet at upper corner, and Mr. Ross 4 ft. 8 ins. On motion, orders were issued to have the encroachments removed. The woollen mills bonus bylaw was discussed. Plans and specifications were adopted for making a street from Mary to Blackwood st., and it was ordered that tenders be asked for the construction of bridges and culverts. The mayor was authorized to employ a guard so as to utilize the whole of the chaingang. After some further business the council adjourned.

THE CANKER WORM OF THE BLOOD is Scrofula, that gnaws upon the vitals and consumes the body. Consumption is but Lung Scrofula. Burdock Blood Bitters is one of the best known combinations to cure Scrofula.

From Granite Creek.

The following letter, written to a gentleman in this city by Mr. Donald McGregor, will be found interesting, especially as the writer is known to many of our readers. It is dated at Granite Creek on the 20th January:

"I would have written to you before, but there has been a great deal of excitement here about reported strikes and new discoveries, and it seemed to me better to await further developments before expressing an opinion. Even now I would not venture to say as much in favor of the mines as some do, but I will give some items that may be of interest to yourself and others of my friends. Granite Creek, from within a short distance of its mouth for a distance of about 3 miles up, is a sort of canyon with very precipitous banks, mostly covered with crumbling rocks, which renders it difficult and dangerous for travel. This section of the creek is easily worked when the water is low, as it is on an average only about 3 feet to bed rock; and although it is not a place where an old miner would expect to find much gold, the most of it has paid well. The upper portion of the creek, commonly called the South Fork, is deeper to bed rock, and some wider, with gradually sloping banks. There are parties prospecting on it at intervals for a distance of 5 or 6 miles, and some of them are getting a little gold, of the same quality as that which is found on the lower portion of the creek. It is the opinion of old miners in general that there is a probability of this upper section being richer than the lower one, but other excitements caused prospecting to be delayed until late in the season, and none of the parties have yet reached bed rock. The town is rapidly spreading over the flat at the mouth of the creek. There are at present 9 general stores, including 2 Chinese stores, 9 saloons, and 3 restaurants. There are great preparations being made for the spring trade, and for house building. Two pack trains arrived via Nicola to-day, and two more are expected to-morrow by the same route. We are having cold weather now. This week the thermometer stood 24, 26 and 30 below zero. A bridge across the Tulameen river, at the mouth of Granite creek, is in course of construction. Mr. W. Blake, of New Westminster, has a stationery shop here and is doing well. There are 3 hotels on the trail between this place and Hope, and 2 more will be opened shortly. At last accounts the snow was 4 feet deep on the summit. Flour is $10 per 100 lbs., beans 15 cts. per lb., bacon 30, sugar 30, butter 60, tea 75, coffee 50, beef 10, potatoes $8 per 100 lbs."

SCROFULA is known by swelling of the glands of the neck, abscesses, sores, a pale countenance, low vitality, and general signs of bad blood. Burdock Blood Bitters cures the scrofulous condition by making pure healthy blood.

From Blaine.

(Correspondence of the Columbian.)

The council of Surrey has applied to the minister of the interior for 12 acres of government reserve land at the boundary line between the United States and British Columbia, at the iron post at Semiahmoo bay, for an international park. The people at Blaine, on the U. S. side, are also applying for 12 acres adjoining on the south side of the boundary for the same purpose. Mr. Murne has also agreed to give five or ten acres on the British side for the same purpose and to make the park a good shape. It is intended when the land is secured to take up a collection and have a part of the park cleared in time for an international pic-nic on next Fourth of July. The B. C. government has decided to complete the Semiahmoo road to Blaine, and it is to be hoped that it will be done before the Fourth of July.

OLD RUNNING SORES.—Sores and Ulcers, or Abscesses hard to heal, are due to bad blood or Scrofula. Purify the blood with Burdock Blood Bitters and the worst sores speedily heal as the general health is restored.

Seattle Under Martial Law!

ANTI - CHINESE AGITATION ENDS IN RIOT.

THE HOME GUARDS FIRE ON THE MOB.

By Telegraph.

SEATTLE, W. T., Feb. 8.—This has been the darkest day in the history of Seattle. Citizens are arrayed against each other and the bitterness against factions is indescribable. One scene of the excitement has followed upon another through the day until the citizens scarcely know which way to turn. At 3 this morning two companies of militia marched down from the rendezvous at the court house to the Ocean Dock, where the steamer Queen of the Pacific was lying and where several hundred Chinamen were huddled together under the guard of the Anti-Chinese Committee. The guards were quickly made prisoners and the militia threw out lines of sentries guarding all approaches to the dock. Warrants had previously been issued for the arrest of leading agitators, and before daybreak the work of arresting them began, files of armed men taking them from their homes to jail. All these, however, were bailed almost as soon as arrested. Captain Alexander, of the str. Queen of the Pacific, having previously reported to the court in answer to a writ of habeas corpus that he was unable to produce the Chinamen on his vessel, being restrained by force, Judge Greene issued an order to the sheriff to bring them into court at all hazards. The sheriff accordingly went to the steamer accompanied by about 300 militia and deputies armed with rifles. The Chinamen were taken from the vessel and marched to the court house, no resistance being met with on the way. There they were informed that the court would give them the fullest protection in its power; but they were warned that the present trouble would be liable to recur at any moment. Each Chinaman was asked whether, under the circumstances, he desired to go or stay. The vast majority preferred to go, and were escorted back to the steamer, passage being paid by the city and by subscriptions. Others were taken to places of safety. Up to this time there had been no bloodshed, although the streets were crowded with excited men and the militia often moved from place to place with difficulty. The real trouble commenced at noon when the Queen sailed, after having been detained 24 hours. She took out 195 Chinamen, and about 100 more, whom the steamer was unable to take, were left over until the sailing of next steamer. About 50 home guards undertook to escort these from the dock. As they reached the intersection of Commercial and Main streets the vast crowd surged, formed, and attempted to seize the Chinamen. The guards resisted, and the crowd attempted to take the guns from them. An order to fire was given, and a volley was discharged into the crowd. Five men fell under the fire. The crowd recoiled and both companies of militia came up on double quick and the troops and home guards formed a hollow square, facing up and down Main and Commercial streets. In this position they held the crowd at bay fully an hour, when it began to disperse. The troops then escorted the Chinamen to their houses and repaired to their armories. The injured are George Smith, aged 30, shot through the right arm; Bernard Mulrein, 25, shot in left lung, probably fatal; Chas. Stewart, 30, shot through the body, right arm and head, will die; Christian Schrieber, 39, shot in left shoulder; James Murphy, special policeman, 35, shot through forearm. At 3:30 the situation had assumed so alarming a shape that Governor Squire issued a proclamation declaring the city under martial law and assuming military command. All judicial processes have been suspended and persons found on the street after 7 p.m. are at once placed under arrest. Every precaution has been made to defend the court house in case of an attack, and the military authorities are beginning to feel able to cope with the mob. A call has been issued in the name of the territory for volunteers, and many citizens are enrolling themselves. The mob is very bitter against the home guard who fired upon the people, and threats of vengeance are heard on every side. Appeals of a most urgent nature have been sent for U.S. troops, and they are now en route for the city. (Midnight).—At this hour everything is quiet. Gov. Squire has just telegraphed the President that extraordinary measures have had the desired effect, and that the citizens' soldiers have thus far been able to repress violence. He, however, reiterates demand for troops, as the militia is worn out. It is now apparent that plans for present uprising were deeply laid and matured. The following letter proves this. It was received by Sheriff McGraw from a prominent citizen of Seattle, whose name is withheld. Although mailed on the 5th, for some reason it was not received until to-day, so the warning came too late: "Tacoma, Feb. 5:1886. Mr. John H. Graw, Seattle. I was told by a friend of mine, who claims to be posted in the matter, that plans are all laid for cleaning out Chinatown in your city the coming week; so be prepared for trouble. I think they mean either to burn or blow up with powder. Fifteen of the committee have been very busy here for several days." (3 a.m.)—Everything continues quiet: Troops will not arrive till 8 a.m.

It is the testimony of all men who have tried it that "Myrtle Navy" tobacco has the most delicious flavor of any tobacco in the market, and that it leaves none of the unpleasant effects in the mouth which most tobaccos do. The reason for this is the high and pure quality of the leaf, which is the finest known in Virginia, and the absence of all deleterious matter in the manufacture.

Communications.

The Reading Room.

EDITOR COLUMBIAN.—Would you kindly inform me, and at the same time a number of old subscribers, the condition of affairs with regard to our public library and reading room: (1) Is there any board of management? if so, (2) Who are they, when were they appointed, and for what length of time are they supposed to hold office? (3) Has any statement regarding the financial position of the institution been published during the year 1885? (4) Is the reading room free, and what is the regular subscription per annum to entitle any person to the use of the library?—Yours truly,

A SUBSCRIBER.

[We believe the board of management last elected is still responsible for the library, having never resigned. No statement has been published for 1885. The reading room is now carried on by the librarian, on his own account, but we do not know what his charges are to visitors. The existing board, into whose hands the interests of the institution were committed by the subscribers, ought certainly to let the public know how the institution stands, and what they are going to do about it.—ED.]

REGULARITY is the main spring of life, and regularity of the bowels is one of the most essential laws of health. Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the bowels in a natural manner, curing constipation and preventing serious disease.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—The debate on the sales of the crown jewels was attended with great excitement. Comte de Lanjeuinais predicted that the republic would be speedily overthrown. His predictions were received with howls. It is estimated that the jewels will produce $4,000,000. Some that are of historic interest will go to the Louvre collection. Gems of artistic and educational interest, valued at 3,000,000 francs, will be handed to the museum and school of mines. The imperial crown swords that belonged to Louis XVIII and the dauphin will be melted in order to prevent the possibility of their falling into the hands of showmen.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The thermometer this morning stands at 6 deg. below zero. The present cold snap is by far the coldest of the season, and the suffering among the poor is very great. Trains on the elevated railroads are greatly delayed; and owing to snow it is almost impossible for the cars to make headway. Twenty persons who walked across the Brooklyn bridge yesterday had some portion of their bodies frozen.

IMPURE BLOOD.—Boils, blotches, pimples and festering sores are indications of impure blood that should never be neglected, or ill health and perhaps incurable disease may result. Burdock Blood Bitters purifies the blood by acting on the four cardinal points of health—the Stomach, Bowels, Liver and Blood.

Richmond Council.

Council met Feb. 6; present, M. Clarke (reeve), and Couns. Daniels, Kilgour, London and Tiffin. The following communications were read: From H. T. Thrift, C. M. C. Surrey, forwarding copy of resolution passed by the council of Surrey respecting proposed changes in the municipality act touching statute labor and the collection of road tax, and requesting the council to co-operate with them in an endeavor to obtain the necessary legislation to accomplish the end in view.—On motion, the clerk was instructed to reply, promising the co-operation of the council. From English & Co., requesting an extension of time for payment of arrears of road taxes.—Time extended. From Dougherty & Cole, asking an extension of time for completing their contract on road 9.—Granted. From T. R. Pearson, respecting insurance on town hall.—Clerk instructed to look after the insurance. The board of works reported Dougherty & Cole's contract on road 9 progressing, and recommended that they be paid $70 on same; also that they had let a contract to Joseph Sailes for putting a dam in road ditch near Mr. Clarke's for the sum of $10.—Reports adopted and the clerk instructed to make out a voucher in favor of Dougherty & Cole for $70. Moved by Coun. Kilgour, seconded by Coun. Daniels, that this council deems it expedient to raise by way of loan the sum of $18,000 for the purpose of constructing roads and bridges and otherwise improving the facilities for dyking, draining and travelling in the municipality.—Carried on division. On motion, the clerk was instructed to call for tenders for the construction of a road-ditch and roadway along side of Sec. 17, B. 5 W., R. 5 W., near Mr. Quigley's—distance about 17 chains. The board of works were, on motion, instructed to let contracts for filling in at the approaches to the bridges over Lee's, McDonald's and Green's sloughs; also for constructing a bridge over ditch from road 9 to trunk road. On motion, the control of the town hall for special purposes was placed in the hands of Coun. Kilgour. The following bylaws were submitted and passed their several stages and read a third time, viz.: municipal officers and salary bylaw, indemnity bylaw, assessment bylaw. On motion, the indemnity bylaw was ordered published and the returning officer instructed to open a poll for taking the votes thereon in accordance with law. Coun. Kilgour submitted the Richmond municipality loan bylaw, for the purpose of raising on the credit of the municipality the sum of $18,000 for a term of 20 years, said amount to be used for municipal improvements. Bylaw read first time and, on motion, a public meeting was ordered to be called at the town hall for the purpose of discussing the propriety of borrowing money for municipal improvements. Coun. Kilgour was appointed to secure the services of an auditor to audit the accounts for 1884 and 1885. Notices of motion: Coun. London will at next meeting introduce a trades license bylaw; Coun. Daniels will at next meeting introduce a ward bylaw. Council adjourned till 1st Saturday in March.

Provincial Balance Sheet.

ASSETS.

Dominion Government, Section 2, Terms of Union	$583,021 40
Dominion Savings Bank	418 95
Cache Creek Boarding School	1,968 13
British Columbia Loan Trustees,	265 41
Bank of British Columbia, Account Current	28,144 87
Bank of British Columbia, Sinking Fund Loan, 1874	4,370 36
Sinking Fund Loan, 1877	135,055 56
Dominion Government	44 78
Corporation of City of Victoria	516 21
The Government of the Territory of Washington	1,128 62
Bank of British Columbia, Special Deposit	50,000 00
Bank of British Columbia, Special Deposit Ainsworth & Co.	25,000 00
Bank of British Columbia, London	533 16
C. Warwick, sub-accountant, New Westminster	3,179 28
J. Bowron, sub-accountant, Cariboo	1,758 50
G. C. Tunstall, sub-accountant, Kamloops	1,374 99
F. Soues, sub-accountant, Clinton	996 25
M. Bray, sub-accountant, Nanaimo	701 17
J. L. Crimp, sub-accountant, Cassiar	260 98
W. Dewdney, sub-accountant, Okkanagan	437 62
H. Nicholson, Collector, Osoyoos	305 01
C. Vernon, late do. Okan'g'n	437 62
Hon. the Provincial Secretary	1,087 00
J. Glassey, late Tol Collector	202 24
T. McK Lambly, Okanagan	100 00
Cash bal. in hand at Treasury	8,820 28
	$850,021 02

LIABILITIES.

B. C. Loan (Act 1874) bearing 7 per cent. interest, payable at Victoria	$ 20,000 00
B. C. Loan (Act 1877) bearing 6 per cent. interest, payable in London	727,500 00
Deposits (Intestate Estates, &c.)	24,035 80
Island Railway Lands (47 Vic. Chap. 14)	2,924 09
Columbia and Kootenay Railway Transportation Co.	25 000 00
A. W. Vowell, sub-accountant, Kootenay	655 24
J. Clapperton, Collector, Nicola	4 38
E. Duncan, do. Comox,	9 00
H. Fry, do. Cowichan	1 25
A. Graham, do. Lyne C'k	127 50
Province of British Columbia, being balance of Assets over Liabilities	49,703,76
	$850,021 02

Examined and found correct,

J. McB. SMITH, Auditor.

JAS. JUDSON YOUNG,
Deputy Treas.

Syrup of Figs,

Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal., is Nature's Own True Laxative. This pleasant liquid fruit remedy may be had of Messrs. D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster. Sample bottles free and large bottles at 75 cents or $1.25. It is the most pleasant, prompt and effective remedy known, to cleanse the system; to act on the Liver, Kidneys and Bowels gently yet thoroughly; to dispel Headaches, Colds and Fevers; to cure Constipation, Indigestion and kindred ills.

DIED

ELWOOD.—At Prescott, Ont., Feb. 1st, 1886, Thomas Caldwell Elwood, of Toronto, only son of the late James Gault Elwood, of H. M. Customs, Clifton, Ont., and brother of Mrs. F. Welcome McCrady, of this city.

MARRIED.

STARRET—SMITH.—At Hope, on the 4th inst., by the Rev. C. M. Tate, Mr. William A. Starret, road superintendent, late of Brampton, Ont., and Miss Clara P. Smith, daughter of Capt. Smith, of Barrard Inlet.

LADIES

In delicate health and all who suffer from habitual constipation will find the pleasant liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, more easily taken, and more beneficial in effect than any other remedy. It acts promptly yet gently on the Bowels, Kidneys, Liver and Stomach, and does not sicken or debilitate. For sale by Messrs. D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster. ja20m

DYSPEPSIA.—This prevalent malady is the parent of most of our bodily ills. One of the best remedies known for Dyspepsia is Burdock Blood Bitters, it having cured the worst chronic forms, after all else had failed.

Wholesale City Market.

Beef,	per 100 lbs.	$7 00 @ $8 00
Pork	"	7 50 @ 0 00
Mutton	"	8 50 @ 9 00
Hides(gr'n)	"	8 50 @ 0 00
Potatoes	"	0 75 @ 1 00
Turnips	"	0 50 @ 0 75
Carrots	"	0 75 @ 1 00
Parsnips	"	1 00 @ 1 25
Beets	"	1 00 @ 1 25
Cabbage	"	1 00 @ 1 25
Onions	"	2 00 @ 3 00
Apples	"	1 50 @ 2 00
Pears	"	0 00 @ 0 00
Wheat	"	1 50 @ 1 75
Oats	"	1 25 @ 1 50
Peas	"	1 00 @ 1 25
Hay,	per ton	0 00 @ 10 00
Butter (rolls)	per lb.	0 00 @ 0 30
Cheese,	"	0 17 @ 0 18
Eggs,	per doz.	0 30 @ 0 00
Geese,	each	1 50 @ 1 75
Ducks	"	0 75 @ 1 00
Chickens,	per pair	0 75 @ 1 00
Turkeys,	per lb.	0 20 @ 0 25
Cordwood (retail)	per cord	3 00 @ 3 50

From Pole to Pole

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has demonstrated its power of cure for all diseases of the blood.

The Harpooner's Story.

New Bedford, June 1, 1883.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.—Twenty years ago I was a harpooner in the North Pacific, when five others of the crew and myself were laid up with scurvy. Our bodies were bloated, gums swollen and bleeding, teeth loose, purple blotches all over us, and our breath seemed rotten. Take it by and large we were pretty badly off. All our lime-juice was accidentally destroyed, but the captain had a couple dozen bottles of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA and gave us that. We recovered on it quicker than I have ever seen men brought about by any other treatment for Scurvy, and I've seen a good deal of it. Seeing no mention in your Almanac of your Sarsaparilla being good for scurvy, I thought you ought to know of this, and so send you the facts.

Respectfully yours, RALPH Y. WINGATE.

The Trooper's Experience.

Masven, Basutoland (S. Africa), March 7, 1883.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.—Gentlemen: I have much pleasure to testify to the great value of your Sarsaparilla. We have been stationed here for over two years, during which time we had to live in tents. Being under canvas for such a time brought on what is called in this country "veldt-sores." I had those sores for some time. I was advised to take your Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which made my sores disappear rapidly, and I am now quite well.

Yours truly, T. K. BODEN,
Trooper, Cape Mounted Riflemen.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is the only thoroughly effective blood-purifier, the only medicine that eradicates the poisons of Scrofula, Mercury, and Contagious Disease from the system.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists: Price $1; Six bottles for $5.

Toronto Exhibition.

THE DOMINION PIANO & ORGAN CO.

Speaking of the great central exhibition opened at Toronto on the 10th Sept., the Toronto *Globe* says:

An object of special attention, which by very reason of its prominence on the grounds cannot escape the attention of the most casual and careless observer, is the pavilion of the Dominion Organ Company. This is a separate building but a little distance from the south east of the Main Building. This pavilion must be about 50 feet by 40 feet, with a porch or railed passageway all around it extra. It is handsomely painted, with ample and almost entire glass section, comprising fully one-third of its height in windows, and announces to all in broad letters that it is the pavilion of that company, and that Joseph Ruse, of 68 King-street West, represents the company. Inside no pains have been spared to make it attractive, and certainly its designs have succeeded. No one should visit the Exhibition without going through this pavilion, there he will find a little paradise of music. Here are decorations, handsome pictures of the Dominion factory and of the present store room of Mr. Ruse, and above all, pianos and organs of the most artistic and unique designs. The display of these instruments is grand indeed, and a splendid tribute to the genius and skill of our Canadian manufacturers. Pianos and organs of every style and artistic design are found here—a parlor grand, squares, and uprights of rose-wood, satin-wood with walnut trimmings, ebony and gold, mahogany and beryl walnut. A double manual and pedal bass organ, with handsome pipe top, faces the visitor at the extreme end as he enters this pavilion. For company are organs of every style and design to suit the purchaser. The Company also exhibit with the degree of triumph and merit the fact is worthy of a cable despatch to them from Antwerp, Germany, announcing that at a Grand National Exhibition held there the Company had just carried off the first prize over all competitors for its instruments. This is certainly remarkable, though when the rapid rise of this Company to public favor and confidence is considered, not so remarkable as at first might seem. The Company's success in honors, home and international, is something remarkable. The exhibit on the grounds is certainly attractive and will amply repay a personal inspection and visit.

Sir Charles Tupper on Wednesday last emphasized the high compliment he paid the Dominion Organ and Piano Company at the opening of the London Fair. In his address from the platform of the Art Gallery, speaking of the great impetus Exhibitions gave to every industry represented, he referred to the Canadian exhibit at the Antwerp International Exhibition, Belgium, and cited as an illustration of the wonderful progress this country is making, the success of the Dominion Organ and Piano Company there. He said that this Company (the Dominion Organ and Piano Company) had not only taken the highest award there, the very highest the judges could possibly confer over all other competitors, from England, France, and Germany, the very centres of cultivated classic music, countries justly celebrated for their skill and acquirements in musical knowledge, but these judges, who comprised some of their ablest and best musicians, had declared further that the instruments of this company were superior to any they had ever seen, heard, or examined. With such a compliment from such a source, in addition to their success at this Exhibition, the Company ought to feel content.

[T. R. Pearson & Co., New Westminster, are agents for these fine Organs in British Columbia. Persons proposing to purchase should not fail to communicate with them. Sample organs on view. Prices quite as low as those of Ontario. Address, T. R. Pearson & Co., New Westminster, B. C.] *oc3tc

THE WEST SHORE FOR SEPTEMBER.—The Great Illustrated British Columbia Edition. A full supply now on hand at T. R. Pearson & Co's., sole agents for the Mainland, at 25 cts. each. tc

Job printing of all kinds neatly done at the COLUMBIAN office. Prices will be found lower than at any other office in the province.—*Adv.*

Beautiful photographic panoramic views in British Columbia, 75 cts. per set at T. R. Pearson & Co.'s.

A full line of Canadian Hymnals just received at T. R. Pearson & Co.'s oc17tc

BEA

Telephone Rights.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.--The *World* publishes four columns of a Washington special on the history of the Pan-electric Telephone. The pith of the article is an attack on Attorney-General Garland. The article says: To fully understand the interest which Attorney-General Garland had in *breaking down the Bell patent*, it will be necessary to recapitulate a little. First, there was $500,000 worth of stock in the Pan Telephone Company; one-tenth of the whole company was his. Then there is the $40,000,000 capital stock of the license companies of which 40 per cent. or $16,000,000 belongs to the Pan Company. Of this one-tenth, or $1,600,000, belongs to Attorney-General Garland. But this is not all, or even a small part of what would result from the breaking down *of the Bell patents. In that event*, there would not be eight, but at least fifty companies, with capital stocks averaging $5,000,000 each that would seek licenses from the Pan-electric company. Two hundred and fifty millions of dollars is an exceedingly small estimate of the amount at which the companies using the Pan-electric telephone would be capitalized if the Bell patent was invalidated. Forty per cent or $100,000,000 of this stock would belong to Pan Company. One-*tenth of that, or $10,000,000 would be* the property of Attorney-General Garland, paying only 5 per cent. and this is a small allowance, he would have an income of over $500,000, and that without being out one dollar. Senator Harris and Col. Young, Gen. Johnston and Commissioner Atkins, Dr. Rogers and Col. Loney would each have as much, or more.

A Sparrow Adjourned the Court

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 9.—While Judge Wilson was listening to the argument for a new trial in the Work case in the old court house to-day, Court Officers Gentner and Murray stood at one of the windows cooking up political schemes and watching the sparrows that flitted about through the big snowdrifts in the courtyard. Court Officer Gentner saw a flock of the little birds fly away, and noticed that one bird sat on the snow motionless. He called Officer Murray's attention to it. They went out and brought the half-frozen bird into the court room They laid it on the register, and the heat from the furnace in the cellar soon thawed the numbness from its little body, and it began to chip. District Attorney Graham stopped to listen to its chatter. Then Judge Wilson became interested in the little sparrow and didn't appear to hear what the lawyers were saying. The result was that the court took a recess of five minutes to look at the little stranger. Judge Wilson had hardly resumed his seat in the judicial chair when the sparrow began to hop about and fly about the court room and over the Judge's head. Everybody watched the sparrow, and Judge Wilson smiled. The court officers were going to drive it out into the storm, thinking it annoyed the court, but District-Attorney Graham stopped them. Judge Wilson sent Court Officer Gentner out to get some bread for the sparrow, and the officer threw crumbs to it. When the janitor locked the doors of the old court house in the afternoon the sparrow was perched on the gable of one of the windows. Judge Wilson left orders to let the bird stay in the court-room until Monday morning.—*New York Times.*

What is to Come of the Negro?

The negro is no longer a problem. He is part of the body politic, and the body social of the republic. He is firmly rooted and cannot be moved. He is here to stay; and any attempt to disturb him or to excite his fears as to his right to life, liberty, and the pursuit to happiness, is nothing less than a crime.

A question touching the negro, like any other, must be considered from this common-sense standpoint, and every suggestion for its solution must *be subjected to the probing and searching* "What good?" Prejudice must not be allowed a voice in its solution, and passion must be excluded from counsel. The negro will not consent to his own deportation. The southern planters, too, would not if they could, consent to it, nor to any agitation of it, because it unsettles and unhinges the labor that is more profitable free than it ever was or could be in the days of slavery. The negro is more intelligent now than then, and there-*fore more valuable* because a better, a closer, and more skilful worker. Deportation is not, for these reasons, to be considered. We must, therefore, deal with the negro, and treat of him with the full understanding that we cannot get rid of him. His commercial value, supplementing his rights under the federal and state constitutions, says we cannot.

What then is to be done with the negro? Nothing but increase the number of schools and schoolmasters, make education compulsory, and make technical education easily available to him in all parts of the south. The negro must be taught the virtue of self-reliance, and the value of the courts as his safeguard and defense under the constitution and laws of the nation and of the states. Agitation exalts the negro to a degree of imaginary importance that people at the north cannot understand. He is a sensible man within his limits of mind and comprehension, so long as he feels that he is not the centre of a pet anxiety. Agitation has retarded and interfered with his growth in the past; it has proved exceedingly mischievous, and is not to be thought of in the future. It breeds dissatisfaction, raises hopes that can never be fulfilled, and tends to widen the breach between the races. —*Popular Science Monthly.*

The Queen has called upon Gladstone to form a cabinet, not because she likes him, but because he is the representative of the progressive element in England. This spectacle of the sovereign bowing to the will of the people illustrates one good feature of the English form of government, and it illustrates also the power of leadership in British politics. Gladstone is a thorough an Englishman as is Salisbury, but he will return to power because of his sympathy with the demands of the people.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

Twenty years ago scarcely any foreign butter was consumed in England; now not one-hundredth part of the butter eaten in London is to be reckoned as home produce. Great Britain annually buys £12,000,000 worth of butter from the foreign market.

Beautiful photographic panoramic views in British Columbia, 75 cts. per set at T. R. Pearson & Co.'s.

A Monkey's Trick.

On board a ship there was a big monkey, so savage that it had to be fastened up with a short chain and a belt around its body. There was also a little monkey, quite tame and harmless, which was allowed to have its liberty. One hot day the two monkeys were lying on deck near each *other, apparently fast asleep.* Suddenly the little one roused up, and had a good look to see if his big comrade was really asleep. Being satisfied on this point, he lay down, shut his eyes, and gave the belt a jerk. Up jumped the old monkey, and looked around, but he could only see his little friend, who appeared to be soundly sleeping. He lay down again to finish his nap. The little monkey again gave a good pull at the belt. The old monkey sprang up again, looked *round in a puzzled way, and then* again lay down. The youngster tried the game a third time, but this time he was caught. Old Jocko had been watching him, and gave him such a beating that he never played that trick again.

A Lawyer Baffled.

Jim McSnifter was being tried in San Antonio for trying to bribe a colored witness, Sam Johnsing, to testify falsely.

"You say this defendant offered you a bribe of $50 to testify in his behalf?" said Lawyer Gouge to Sam Johnsing.

"Yes, sah."

"Now, repeat precisely what he said, using his own words."

"He said he would git me $50 if I--"

"He can't have used those words. He didn't speak as a third person."

"No, sah; he tuck good keer dat dar was no third pusson present. Dar was only us two. Defendant am too smart ter hab anybody listenin' when he am talking about his own reskelity."

"I know that well enough, but he spoke to you in the first person, didn't he?"

"I was de fust pusson, myself."

"You don't understand me. When he was talking to you did he use the words, 'I will pay you $50.'"

"No, boss, he didn't say nuffin about you payin' me $50. Yore name wasn't mentioned, 'ceptin' dat he tole me ef ceber I got inter a scrape dat you was de best lawyer in San Antonio to fool de judge and jury."

"You can step down."—*Texas Siftings.*

Illustrating the Liquor Quest'n.

Two colored barbers, one an old man and the other a young man. The young one took off his apron and started out of the door.

"Yo's gwan to get a drink, Jim?" asked the elder.

"Dat's what I'se gwan to do."

"Go and git yo' drink. I yoost to do de same thing when I wuz young. When I wuz fust married dah wuz a gin mill next doah to de shop wha' I wucked, an' I spent in it fifty and sebenty cents a day outen de dollar an' a half I earned. Well, one mawnin' I went into de butchah shop an' who would come in but de man what kept de likker shop.

"'Gib me ten pounds po'terhouse steak,' he said.

"He got it and went out. I sneaked up to de butchah and looked to see what money I had let.

"'What do you want?' said the butchah.

"'Gib me ten cents' wuf of libber,' wuz my remark.

"It wuz all I could pay fus. Now you go an' git yo' drink. You'll eat libber, but de man wat sells yo' de stuff will hab his po'terhouse steak. De man behind de bar eats po'terhouse—de man in front eats libber. I ain't teched de stuff in thirty years, an' I am eatin' po'terhouse myself.—*Buffalo Express.*

The Salvation Army.

Gen. Booth estimates the financial requirements of the Salvation Army for the current year at £30,000. This sum is needed for the efficient maintenance and development of all the operations now in existence, and is thus divided: For the general work and the prison brigade, £14,000; the training of officers, £8,000; foreign work, £6,000; sick and wounded, £2,000. He describes the year 1884-85 as having "been one protracted, heavy struggle with persecutions, afflictions, and trials of every kind, not the least of which has been the desperate effort made to utterly destroy our public reputation, while from the Army's earliest days it has had a ceaseless, wearying fight with financial difficulties." It appears from the Army's last annual report that while at home the Salvationists' battles with roughs and "Skeletons" have been fewer than usual—Cambridge having been chiefly remarkable for the violence of its attacks upon the Army—abroad the "soldiers" have encountered much violent opposition, and notably in Switzerland. Whereas, in England and America, Salvationists have only been sent to prison on account of open demonstrations in public places and highways, in Switzerland, it is said, they have been imprisoned "by scores for the slightest efforts made in private to lead souls to Christ." It is complained that liberty in the United States is more worshipped in the abstract than observed in reality, for in eleven states the arm of the law has been used in suppressing the meetings of the Salvationists, and fifty arrests have resulted. It is intended to send an expedition to the Southern States "to take salvation to the doors of our colored brethren."—*London Times.*

The sharpest dodge in the real estate business comes from "Dakota, the land of handsome women." The town of Dunleith having offered $300 and a town lot to the first baby born within its limits, a lady living some 200 miles distant went over, gave birth to a bouncing boy, pocketed her $300 and the deed for the town lot, and finished up the entire transaction in less than forty-eight hours.

The late Mr. Sharon's gift of $500,000 to Golden Gate Park, San Francisco, is to be expended on marble gates. The gates, with wings and facade, will be 490 feet long, and the central facade, 60 feet high, will be pierced by three arches. The two wings will be built as colonnades.

The *Organe des Mines* states that the paper rails now being made at St. Petersburg have proved to be extremely durable, while they cost one-third less than those made of steel.

Count Moltke is credibly reported to have remarked during the Khartoum campaign, "these English are not soldiers, they are heroes."

COMPARATIVE WORTH OF BAKING POWDERS.

ROYAL (Absolutely Pure)..
GRANT'S (Alum Powder) *.
RUMFORD'S, when fresh..
HANFORD'S, when fresh...
REDHEAD'S.....
CHARM (Alum Powder) *...
AMAZON (Alum Powder) *.
CLEVELAND'S (short wt. ½ oz.)
PIONEER (San Francisco)...
CZAR.....
DR. PRICE'S.....
SNOW FLAKE (Groff's)...
LEWIS'.....
PEARL (Andrews & Co.).....
HECKER'S.....
GILLET'S.....
ANDREWS & CO. "Regal" * Milwaukee, (Contains Alum.)
BULK (Powder sold loose)....
RUMFORD'S, when not fresh

REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT CHEMISTS

As to Purity and Wholesomeness of the Royal Baking Powder.

"I have tested a package of Royal Baking Powder, which I purchased in the open market, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder of a high degree of merit, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substances. E. G. LOVE, Ph.D."

"It is a scientific fact that the Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure. "H. A. MOTT, Ph.D."

"I have examined a package of Royal Baking Powder, purchased by myself in the market. I find it entirely free from alum, terra alba, or any other injurious substance. HENRY MORTON, Ph.D., President of Stevens Institute of Technology."

"I have analyzed a package of Royal Baking Powder. The materials of which it is composed are pure and wholesome. S. DANA HAYES, State Assayer, Mass."

The Royal Baking Powder received the highest award over all competitors at the Vienna World's Exposition, 1873; at the Centennial, Philadelphia, 1876; at the American Institute, New York, and at State Fairs throughout the country.

No other article of human food has ever received such high, emphatic, and universal endorsement from eminent chemists, physicians, scientists, and Boards of Health all over the world.

NOTE—The above DIAGRAM illustrates the comparative worth of various Baking Powders, as shown by Chemical Analysis and experiments made by Prof. Schedler. A pound can of each powder was taken, the total leavening power or volume in each can calculated, the result being as indicated. This practical test for worth by Prof. Schedler only proves what every observant consumer of the Royal Baking Powder knows by practical experience, that, while it costs a few cents per pound more than ordinary kinds, it is far more economical, and, besides, affords the advantage of better work. A single trial of the Royal Baking Powder will convince any fair-minded person of these facts.

* While the diagram shows some of the alum powders to be of a higher degree of strength than other powders ranked below them, it is not to be taken as indicating that they have any value. All alum powders, no matter how high their strength, are to be avoided as dangerous.

SHIPPING BOOKS!

The new Shipping Books for shippers by the

C. P. N. CO.

A FULL SUPPLY ON HAND.

T. R. Pearson & Co.

New Westminster and Granville.
ja13tc

1862.

For the Holidays

—AT—

JAS. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S

MAY BE SEEN A FINE ASSORTMENT of

China, Glassware,

—AND—

Other similar Wares, both Useful and Ornamental.

A Splendid Assortment of

STOVES

—OF—

The Newest Designs, superior to anything offered on the Coast.

Our Stock of Hardware & Shelf Goods is complete.

We always keep a full stock of

GROCERIES

For family use. Nothing but the best quality in this department.

Having made extensive improvements in our premises of late we have facilities for doing business on a larger scale than ever.

The lovers of GOOD LIGHT had best try a case of our

Beac on Light Coal Oil at $4.25, also our New Electric Lamps

Equal to 100 candle power.

N. B.— Having been in business in this good old City since 1862 we have no inclination to open branch houses elsewhere. We can supply the wants of our customers from here; this is our policy, and it will be found mutually beneficial.

JAS. CUNNINGHAM & CO.
December 18, 1885. de19tc

To Printers!

FOR SALE

—AT A—

BARGAIN

A GUILLOTINE

Paper CUTTER

Thirty-two inch knife, and in good order.

This machine will be sold at a great bargain, as it has been replaced by another.

Apply to
D. ROBSON & CO.
jy25tc New Westminster.

NOTICE

VANCOUVER

Lots for Sale or Lease in 200A and 301

The front portion of this property is situated on FALSE CREEK, the future Dock of Vancouver, and the back portion contains the finest residential sites in the future city, the views from which are unrivalled. The whole property is centrally located and the main roads to New Westminster and the North Arm of Fraser River intersect it. Lots can be either bought or leased at reasonable rates and on the easiest terms.

HENRY V. EDMONDS,
Land Agent, New Westminster.
de19tc

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

PUBLIC HIGHWAY.

New Westminster District.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following highway, 66 feet in width, is hereby established, viz.:

Commencing at the point where the old telegraph trail intersects the western boundary of Langley Municipality, in Section 3, Township 9, thence westerly along the centre line of the old telegraph trail to its intersection with the line between Sections 3 and 4, Township 9, and having a width of 33 feet on each side of said centre line.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., Jan. 6th, 1886. ja13m

PUBLIC HIGHWAY.

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Highways which were established in the City of Vancouver, and declared by notice dated 16th day of December, 1885, published in the British Columbia Gazette, are discontinued, and the following Highways, 66 feet in width, are hereby substituted in lieu thereof, viz:

Commencing at a point situated 43 chains west of a point on the western boundary of Lot 192, Group 1, New Westminster District, distant 260 links south from the northwest corner of said lot; thence east along the centre line of First Avenue to its intersection with the shore line of False Creek, and having a width of 33 feet on each side of said line.

Also, commencing at a point situated 43 chains west of a point on the western boundary of Lot 192, Group 1, aforesaid, distance 314 links north of the southwest corner of said lot; thence east along the line of Ninth Avenue to the southwest corner of Lot 200A; thence easterly along the southern boundary of Lot 200A to its intersection with the New Westminster and Granville wagon road, and having a width of 33 feet on each side of said line.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Com. of Lands and Works.
Lands and Works Dept.,
Victoria, B. C., Jan. 26th, 1886. 3feim

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is my intention to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to have a Public Highway gazetted, as follows: Commencing at a point at or near the Moodyville Sawmill, on Lot 273, Group 1, New Westminster District, thence in a westerly direction to the Indian Reserve, adjoining Lot 271, Group 1, in said District.

oc3 D. McPHAIDEN.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the legislature of British Columbia at its next session on behalf of the settlers and owners of land situate at Matsqui Prairie for an act for their relief against the "Sumas Dyking Act, 1878," and the "Sumas Dyking Amendment Act, 1883," and to declare forfeited all rights and privileges granted or purported to be granted to E. L. Derby or his assigns by the said acts or either of them, and to repeal such acts.

Matsqui, March 6th, 1885. mh11td

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, managing and maintaining Water Works at the terminal point of the Canadian Pacific Railway on Coal Harbor and English Bay, and for the purposes thereof granting to the said company the *privilege of taking water from Capilano* Creek, Burrsby Lake or other suitable points, with power to the said company to build flumes, aqueducts, lay pipes, erect dams, occupire lands, and do all other acts and things necessary for the purposes aforesaid.

EBERTS & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for Applicants.
Dated September 30th, 1885. de9te

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at the next session thereof, for an act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, managing and maintaining water works at the terminal point of the Canadian Pacific Railway, on Coal Harbor and English Bay, and also at Port Moody and the City of New Westminster and adjacent places, and for the purposes thereof granting to the said company the privilege of taking water from the Coquitlam River or Lake, with power to the said company to build flumes, aqueducts, lay pipes, erect dams, acquire lands, and do all other acts and things necessary for the purposes aforesaid. CORBOULD & McCOLL,
Solicitors for Applicants.
Dated November 9th, 1885. no11tc

E. HUTCHERSON,

NURSERYMAN & DEALER IN

Fruit and Ornamental Trees,

LADNER'S LANDING, B. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO INFORM the people of British Columbia that he has established a Nursery at Ladner's Landing, and is prepared to fill all orders for Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, Vines, Small Fruits, *&c. Trees imported or home grown* according to the wishes of customers. The subscriber has had a thorough practical training in the business, and having a permanent stake in the country it is his interest to deal fairly with the public. He will wait upon the various towns and settlements shortly, and all orders will have his personal attention.

au12tc E. HUTCHERSON.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for timbering purposes the following described lands situated in New Westminster District:

1. Commencing at a post on the shore of Gillies Bay, Texada Island, about one mile N. W. of Shelter Point, extending along the shore for a distance of 160 chains, with a depth of 80 chains, containing 1280 acres, more or less.

2. Commencing at a post on the North shore of Cardero Channel, nearly opposite Denman Island, extending along the shore for a distance of 100 chains, with a depth of 160 chains, containing 1600 acres, more or less.

3. Commencing at a stake on the shore of Homing Bay, Thurlow Island, about one-half mile West of Jackson Point; thence following the shore line 120 chains; thence in a N. W. direction 240 chains; thence Easterly 160 chains; thence South to point of commencement, containing 3500 acres, more or less.

HASTINGS SAW MILL CO'Y,
RICHD. H. ALEXANDER,
Manager.
Burrard Inlet, B. C., 30th July, 1884.
au13tc

NOTICE.

WE HAVE THIS DAY MADE APPLICATION to the Hon. Minister of the Interior for a license to cut timber on the *following described tracts:*

Tract No. 1—A tract of 480 acres, more or less, bordering on the Canadian Pacific Railway and lying west thereof, commencing at a point about 40 chains north of Hope station and following the line of railway northerly for 160 chains with a depth of 40 chains.

Tract No. 2—A tract of 160 acres, more or less, comprising a small island situate a quarter of a mile below Hope station, containing about 80 acres, together with 80 acres lying between the bank of Fraser River and the Canadian Pacific Railway line, immediately opposite the aforesaid island.

Tract No. 3—A tract of 800 acres, more or less, commencing at a point on the left bank of Fraser River (about one mile below the town of Hope), being at the junction of Silver Creek and Fraser River, for a distance of 200 chains with a depth of 40 chains.

Tract No. 4—A tract of 320 acres, more or less, commencing at the southwest corner of the Cheam Indian Reserve; thence east 40 chains to the west boundary of land already applied for by us; thence south 80 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

POPCUM SAW MILL,
KNIGHT BROS., Props.
January 7th, 1886. 6jalm

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

NOTICE.

RESERVE, YALE DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A Block of 160 acres of land situated on *the north bank of the Tulameen River*, near the foot of Otter Lake, and six miles from Granite Creek, is reserved from sale or preemption until further notice.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Com. of Lands and Works.
Lands and Works Dept.
Victoria, B.C., Jan. 28, 1886. 30jalm

NOTICE.

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Reserve placed upon Section eleven (11), Pender Island, and upon Section fourteen (14) Saturna Island, notice whereof was published in the *British Columbia Gazette*, dated 27th day of November, 1875, has been cancelled.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Com. of Lands and Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 30th December, 1885.
6jalm

Legislative Assembly.

NOTICE.

Private Bills

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT *the time limited for receiving Private* Bills will expire on the

Fifteenth Day of February, 1886.

THORNTON FELL,
Clerk Legislative Assembly.
de23td

NOTICE.

"LAND ACT, 1884."

WHEREAS, on the 15th day of February, 1884, a Crown Grant was issued to one George Black for Lot 22, Block 15, Town of Granville, in error, the land thereby intended to be granted being Lot 46, in Block 17, in said Town of Granville.

Notice is therefore hereby given, in pursuance of Section 55 of the "Land Act, 1884," that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has directed the defective Crown Grant to be cancelled, and that a corrected one will be issued in lieu thereof three months from the date hereof, unless good cause is shown to the contrary.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Com. of Lands and Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., December 30th, 1885.
6ja3m

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
18th August, 1885.

WHEREAS, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council is empowered, under the "Public School Act, 1885," to create School Districts, in addition to those already existing, and to define the boundaries thereof; it is hereby notified that His Honour has been pleased to create the tract of land enclosed within the undermentioned boundaries a School District, under the *title of the "Beaver Point School District,"* viz:—

Commencing at the point in which the western boundary of Sec. 88, Salt Spring Island, reaches the sea; thence due south, to Fulford Harbor; thence easterly and along the sea-shore to the point of commencement; and including Russell, Portland and Moresby Islands.

Also, that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Burgoyne Bay School District" be re-defined, as follows:—

Commencing at the north-west corner of "Beaver Point School District"; thence due west to the sea-shore; thence southerly and along the sea-shore to Fulford Harbor; thence north, along the western *boundary line of "Beaver Point School* District," to the point of commencement.

Also that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Vesuvius School District" be re-defined, as follows:

All that portion of Salt Spring Island situated north of the northern boundary line of "Burgoyne Bay School District."

Also, that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Langley School District" be altered and re-defined, as follows:—

Commencing at the north-east corner of Section 126, Township 9, New Westminster District; thence south to the centre of the eastern boundary line of Section 24, Township 8, of said district; thence due east, to the western boundary of "East Langley School District;" thence in a right line, north, to the north-east corner of Section 16, Township 12, of said district; thence west, to the western boundary line of said township; thence due south, to point of commencement.

Also, that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Prairie School District" be altered and re-defined, as follows:—

Commencing at the south-east corner of "Langley School District;" thence due west, to the eastern boundary line of Section 21, Township 8, New Westminster District; thence south, in a right line, to the south-west corner of Section 27, Township 7, of said district; thence due east, to the south-east corner of Section 28, Township 10, of said district; thence north, in a right line, to point of commencement.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
26au

Grand Colonial Exhibition IN LONDON, ENG., 1886.

FIFTY-FOUR THOUSAND FEET RESERVED FOR CANADA.

FIRST ROYAL EXHIBITION COMMISSION SINCE 1862.

THE COLONIAL AND INDIAN EXHIBITION to be held in LONDON, England, commencing May 1st, 1886, is intended to be on a scale of great magnitude, having for object to mark an epoch in the relations of all the parts of the British Empire with each other.

In order to give becoming significance to the event, a Royal Commission is issued for the holding of this Exhibition, for the first time since 1862: and His Royal Highness the Princes of Wales has been appointed President by Her Majesty.

The very large space of 54,000 square feet has been allotted to the Dominion of Canada by the command of the President His Royal Highness.

This Exhibition is to be purely Colonial and Indian, and no competition from the United Kingdom or from foreign nations will be permitted, the object being to exhibit to the world at large what the Colonies can do.

The grandest opportunity ever offered to Canada is thus afforded to show the distinguished place she occupies, by the progress she has made in AGRICULTURE, in HORTICULTURE, in the INDUSTRIAL and FINE ARTS, in the MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES, in the NEWEST IMPROVEMENTS IN MANUFACTURING MACHINERY and IMPLEMENTS, in PUBLIC WORKS by MODELS and DESIGNS; also in and adequate display of her vast recources in the FISHERIES, and in FOREST and MINERAL wealth, and also in SHIPPING.

All Canadians of all parties and classes are invited to come forward and vie with each other on endeavouring on this great occasion to put Canada in her true place as the premier colony of the British Empire, and to establish her proper position before the world.

Every farmer, every producer, and every manufacturer has interest in assisting, it having been already demonstrated that extension of trade always follows such efforts.

By order,
JOHN LOWE,
Sec. of the Dept. of Agriculture.
Ottawa, 1st Sept., 1885. se23tc

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