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AGENTS

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L. P. FISHER, Advertising Agent, 21 Merchant's Exchange, San Francisco, is authorised to receive Advertisements for this paper.

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The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Jan. 21, 1885.

Current Events and Opinions.

The truth is, that in the last forty years English industry, and the English industrial temper, if we may use the phrase, have so completely adapted themselves to the free trade regime that it would now be much more difficult to introduce even a small scrap of the protective system than it would be to introduce suddenly absolute free trade in this country after twenty-five years of very high tariff.—*N. Y. Nation.*

There can be no greater encouragement for tariff reformers than the *suppressio veri* policy adopted by the N. P. organs in this country. The barefaced manner in which they reproduce exaggerated statements of commercial distress which occasionally appear in English papers, and burke all *per contra* statements, is a clear confession of weakness—an instance of "no case, blackguard the opposite side." No sound cause suffers by the truth being told about it. It was only the other day that a prominent New York journal stated there was more distress in the United States than in England, and the *Manchester Examiner*—one of the most reliable dailies in England—of a recent date says: "Notwithstanding the protracted dullness of trade, pauperism appears to be absolutely on the decrease, probably because of the cheapness of the staple articles of food." It is not possible that the zealous journalists who so pertinaciously bolster up a bad cause are ignorant of the reverse of the medal. But it is a melancholy spectacle this—morality prostituted to party exigencies.—*The Week.*

Lord Ripon is on his way home from India, and Lord Dufferin reigns in his stead. The journey of the late Viceroy from Sinta to Calcutta was one long triumph, so far as the natives were concerned. They turned out in enormous numbers and literally almost buried him in flowers at several of the larger stations, while the Europeans, as a rule, stayed away. His viceroyalty has been a critical one, and may possibly be the beginning of great changes in the East. Ever since the Queen's proclamation, when India was taken over from the East India Company, the theory has prevailed that the country was to be ruled for the good of the people, who were to be trained and encouraged to take an active part in their own affairs, and treated in all respects as British subjects. As a rule, the viceroys from Lord Canning downwards have been loyal to the proclamation, the only marked exception being Lord Lytton, Lord Beaconsfield's nominee. Under him we had the invasion of Afghanistan, and the expedition to Cyprus, resulting in a dangerous development of the Jingo spirit both in the civil and military departments of government. Meantime the University of Calcutta and other places of education had been turning out hundreds of highly educated natives, while those who had been successful in entering the Civil Service in the early years of the Queen's reign were rising into high positions as judges or administrators. At this juncture Lord Ripon succeeded, and as every one who knew his character expected, set himself to carry out loyally the spirit of the Queen's proclamation. The Jingo spirit resented this after its usual manner, and for more than three years the English in India, with, of course, many notable exceptions, have been engaged in doing everything in their power to humiliate the Viceroy and thwart his policy. They have not had much success, though in the case of the Ilbert Bill they managed to frighten the Council, and to some extent to spoil the Act; but the social self-government policy is working far better than its authors anticipated, and the land law reform is too far advanced already to be in any danger of reversal. It will be interesting to watch Lord Dufferin's handling of these burning questions. It will be a new sensation to him to find himself in antagonism to the dominant section of the society round him; but his first utterance at Bombay, though to a certain extent ambiguous, would seem to indicate a resolution to carry out his predecessor's policy loyally. Possibly his unsurpassed tact may enable him to reconcile the English genteel mob in Calcutta and elsewhere to the inevitable. If so his appointment will prove a blessing to India and England; for now that the Queen's proclamation has been made a reality for four years there can be no falling back on the old lines without serious danger at once, and certain disaster in the future; and meantime it will be interesting to observe how the late Viceroy is received in high quarters at home. There have been rumors of differences between him and the government, and particularly that as to the raising of the age of Indian candidates in the examinations for the Ceivil Service, he has been overruled. We will hope for better things from the Gladstone government, though not from the Indian branch of the Privy Council; and the acceptance of an Indian gentleman, Mr. Samohim, as the liberal candidate for Greenwich, and the vigorous growth of the Indian Reform Association, are hopeful signs that the people at home are roused, and are on the right track.—*Thos. Hughes, ex-M.P.*

Provincial Legislature.

WEDNESDAY.

In the absence of Mr. Cunningham, who was indisposed, Mr. McTavish moved the address in reply to the speech from the throne. It was seconded by Mr. Raybold.

Mr. Galbraith stated that he was leader of the opposition. He proceeded to review the speech. His criticisms were extremely mild and friendly for an opposition leader.

Hon. Mr. Smithe said he was glad that the speech from the throne was received with favor by the present leader of the opposition. He was also pleased to see the honorable gentleman, who had been the leader of the opposition, again on the floor of the house (hear, hear) and he expressed regret that he was not able to take his accustomed place as leader of the gentlemen opposite. He was glad that the speech was satisfactory to the opposition. The present leader had admitted that a great deal had been accomplished and that the country was in a prosperous condition, and also that the government were to be congratulated on the satisfactory situation of things generally. With reference to the Chinese question, the honorable member for Kootenay had claimed credit for prophesying the disallowance of the acts passed by this government. Only one of the acts had been disallowed, and it did not follow that it was disallowed in consequence of being unconstitutional. The Dominion government had not stated that it was disallowed on such grounds. They had stated that any act that was not in the interest of the whole Dominion they had a perfect right to disallow. Still he thought we ought to be in a position to pass such acts as we thought necessary, and as long as they did not overstep constitutional rights the Dominion government had no right to disallow an act. The Dominion government had taken the ground that until the completion of the Canadian Pacific railway the Chinese should not be prohibited or restricted. He was quite satisfied with Kootenay district. They might look for extensive developments in the near future. He had had the pleasure of visiting a portion of that district, and he had seen enough to convince him they had a rich and important district in Kootenay. They had as rich a district in Cariboo, but that district had no railway to run through it, and had been hard pushed on account of lack of railway facilities. It had been necessary if prosperity was to continue quartz mining should be developed; but in consequence of a lack of cheap transportation for supplies to that point such industries had not been prosecuted. In Kootenay the Canadian Pacific railway passed through the centre of it, and no doubt would attract a large mining population. The mining population would be a consuming one. The merchants of Yale, Victoria and Kamloops would feel the benefit of it. There was then another industry that would be developed. There were forests of magnificent timber that he had never seen before in British Columbia, and as it was certain that the woodless plains east of the Rocky mountains would draw lumber supplies, they would see what progress might be made in lumbering in the Kootenay district.

Mr. Grant said that in nearly all cases the speech from the throne was disappointing. He did not think sufficient provision was made for the vigorous prosecution of the drydock. He was glad, however, that the government had taken steps to assert their authority at Metlakatla, and he believed good would come out of the commission. The Chinese commission he deemed a slur on the members at Ottawa and of this house and he did not wonder that prominent men stayed away from its sittings. He was pleased that the government had taken up the Alaska boundary matter and would push it. The increase of gold production was gratifying; but he felt slighted that the speech had not noticed Cassiar. He hoped the government would appeal that part of the decision of the supreme court of Canada relating to the wholesale liquor trade to a higher tribunal. The absence of reference to education in the speech was unfortunate. The time had arrived when the road tolls should be lifted from the main and Cassiar roads. Provision should be made for making proper surveys throughout the province.

After some remarks by Mr. Duck, Hon. Mr. Robson said it was very gratifying for the government and its friends to hear such complimentary remarks from the opposition benches. He said the educational system was thoroughly organized and in good working order, and the amendments made in the school act were of great importance. The city trustees had been increased from three to six, and this had excited interest in school matters, and also the extension of the franchise to the women of the province had caused greater interest to be taken in school matters. One-third of the entire vote was cast by the women in the last school trustee election. That circumstance alone would speak more

(See 3rd Page.)

DR. E. J. OFFERHAUS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
oc29tc Kamloops, B. C.

JOHN GARROW, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OFFICE—Next Elson's Tailor Shop, Cor. Church and Columbia Sts. no22tc

DR. S. CLARKE,
Member College Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Registered under Medical Ordinance of British Columbia.
Office in D. S. Curtis & Co.'s Drug Store, New Westminster, B. C. no26tc

T. H. MATHERS, M. D.
OFFICE—Temporarily in Wise's building, Front street.
RESIDENCE—St. John street, opposite the Public School, New Westminster. mh15-tc

JOHN S. McGUIRE, M. D.,
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Graduate of Trinity College, Dublin; also Assistant Surgeon late Honorable East India Company Service, having removed from Clinton to New Westminster, may be found on cor. Mary & Clarkson sts. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m.; 7 to 8 p.m. [d17tc

H. M. COOPER, B. A., M. D.,
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OFFICE and RESIDENCE—Church St. (next door to Farmers' Home), near Columbia St., New Westminster, B.C.
OFFICE HOURS—8 to 10 a. m.; 1 to 3 and 6.30 to 8 p. m. Calls in town and country promptly attended to. fe2tc

DENTISTRY.
DR. C. E. C. BROWN, late of the Province of Quebec, has opened an office at Mrs. Holmes', Mary Street. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 5 p. m. All work guaranteed. no26tc

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OFFICE—McKenzie street, New Westminster, B. C.

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Land Agent. Money to Loan.
New Westminster, B. C. jny7m3

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HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
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CENTREVILLE, CHILLIWHACK.
First-Class accommodation for Travelers.
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J. C. HUGHES, Notary Public. T. C. ATKINSON. jel1-tc

C. D. RAND, Notary Public. E. E. RAND.
RAND BROS.,
Real Estate Brokers, Conveyancers and Insurance Agents.
Port Moody and New Westminster Property a specialty.
OFFICE—Columbia Street, opposite Post Office, New Westminster, B. C. jly5tc

T. J. TRAPP,
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER,
Columbia Street, ... New Westminster

Parties desirous of disposing of their farms, etc., will do well to place the same in the hands of the above.

All commissions will receive prompt and careful attention. Best references given when required. mh12-tc

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His great Remedy for Consumption in its first or second stage.
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Dr. McGuire treats all disease of the lungs without cod liver oil, Fellows' compound syrup of hypophosphates, or any other medicines advertised for lung disease. The Doctor has made this disease his specialty for the last fifteen years.
Thorough examination and advice, $15. Those who cannot visit Dr. McGuire at New West., B. C., should send a full and minute statement of their trouble, with $25, and in return a full course of medicine will be forwarded.
de17tc J. S. McGUIRE, M. D.

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Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.
N. B.—Only Genuine Drugs used. Over twenty years' experience. mr23

NOTICE.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on application will be made, at the next session of the Legislature of British Columbia, for an Act to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing and operating a street railway between Granville and the Hastings Government Reserve, and between the former point and a point on English Bay, with power to the said Company to extend branch lines in a northerly or southerly direction, such railway to pass over such lands only as are at the passing of this Act, or which may be hereafter, set aside for public roads.
D. M. EBERTS,
Solicitor for Applicants.
Dated 11th December, 1884. jny3tc

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REAL ESTATE BROKERS
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WISE'S BUILDING,
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DRAUGHTSMEN,
Accountants, Conveyancers,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents.
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NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
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Tailoring Emporium
MOST FASHIONABLE IN THE CITY.
Opposite the Bank, Columbia street, New Westminster, B. C. [my26-tc.

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FROM
HEATHORN'S
Boot & Shoe Manufactory,
VICTORIA,
AT VICTORIA PRICES.
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Shop under the new Oddfellow Hall, Columbia st., New Westminster.

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Bakery and Grocery
Plain and Fancy
Bread, Buns, Pies, Cakes,
And Confectionery always on hand.
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Delivered o any part of the City.
KELLY BROS., Columbia Street.
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NEW
Blacksmith Shop!
Next Ewen's Cannery,
Columbia Street, New Westminster.
SPEIRS & BEATON,
MACHINISTS AND GENERAL BLACKSMITHS.
The latest appliances in machinery and tools, and a good job guaranteed.
Horse shoeing, Repairing and Jobbing of every description. All orders promptly attended to. oc1tc

A. GUTMANN,
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
COLUMBIA STREET,
Opp. Colonial Hotel, New Westminster.
Guns, Ammunition,
Cigars, Tobacco, Candy,
MEERSCHAUM PIPES.
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF FURS.
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FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.
Subscribed and Invested Capital,
£1,600,000 STG.
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W. J. ARMSTRONG,
Agent for New Westminster. de10tc

J. BAGNALL,
IMPORTER & MANUFACTURER OF
PIANOS & ORGANS
AND ALL KINDS OF
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
WILL VISIT THE MAINLAND, on a Professional Tour, and will be happy to receive and execute orders for all kinds of Musical Instruments. Pianos and Organs tuned or regulated.
Favors from the Mainland, forwarded through W. H. Keary, N. W., will receive prompt attention. jy28tc

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Booksellers, Stationers,
AND GENERAL DEALERS IN THE many varieties of stock indirectly connected with the above.
Having studied the best markets for the past quarter of a century, economy in purchasing has been attained by importing in quantities direct from the publishers and manufacturers, and no pains is spared to keep a full and well-selected stock.
Old Masonic Building, Goverment St.
VICTORIA, B. C.
The following New Books just received: Canadian Pictures, by Marquis of Lorne; Treasury of Song; Graw's Unrivalled Family Atlas. oc29tc

Wm. McColl
Has Gone West
Two Doors!
THAT IS TO SAY, HE HAS REMOVED his well selected stock of general Merchandise into
Lundbom's Block, Columbia St.
Where he hopes to meet all his old friends and lots of new ones.
He wishes to call attention to his splendid stock of
MEN'S CLOTHING
—AND—
Furnishing Goods
JUST ARRIVED.
His assortment of GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS cannot be beat in this city for quality or prices.
Give him a call and judge for yourselves. se13tc

WOODS & TURNER,
LAND SURVEYORS
—AND—
DRAUGHTSMEN
TOWN PLOTS A SPECIALTY
Real Estate, Insurance and Commission Agents.
Conveyancing of all Descriptions accurately and promptly done.
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OPP. BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
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ONE PRICE TO ALL!
LUNDBOM'S BLOCK,
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GROCERIES
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DRY GOODS,
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Sold at exceedingly low prices.
Also, on hand, a large stock of
Tapestry & Brussels Carpets
OILCLOTH From 1 to 5 yards wide.
L. GOLD.

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Good Times Have Come Again, Boys!
THE PROPRIETOR, JAMES TURNBULL, having again taken possession of the TEMPERANCE HOUSE fronting on Columbia and Church Streets, opposite Episcopal Church, City of New Westminster, B. C., and now known as the
FARMER'S HOME,"
Will accommodate all his old friends and the public generally who favor him with a call, at old prices. Board per day, $1.00; Board per week, $5.00; Single Meals, 25 cents; Beds, 25 cents. Good accommodation for Ladies and Families. au29tc

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GRANVILLE,
Burrard Inlet, B. C.
ALEX. JOHNSTONE,
PROPRIETOR.
(jly5y1)

STATION RESTAURANT
YALE, B. C.
CLOSE AT HAND TO THE RAILROAD STATION.
THE UNDERSIGNED having fitted up this new establishment as a first-class restaurant, invite the public to give him a call where Meals are served on the Shortest Notice. Next door will be found
A Well-Selected Stock of
GROCERIES, GAME AND FRUIT
Also, a First-Class Bakery.
4oc6m P. CLAIR, Proprietor.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.
—DEALERS IN—
BOOKS,
STATIONERY,
Fancy Goods, &c.,
YALE, B. C.
A LARGE STOCK ALWAYS ON hand. Goods not in stock will be ordered promptly.
Newspapers and Magazines supplied from all parts of the world.
Prompt attention given to orders by mail.
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COMPANY, LIMITED,
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MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
ROUGH AND DRESSED
LUMBER
Shingles,
Shakes,
Laths,
Pickets,
SALMON BOXES,
Net Floats, Trays
AND ALL KINDS OF
Wood Furnishing for Canneries,
Doors,
Windows,
Blinds.
Frames,
Mouldings,
Brackets.
Railings,
Balusters,
Newels,
Plain & Fancy & all Kinds of
TURNED WORK.
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OCCIDENT HOTEL
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
The Only Fire-Proof Hotel in the City.
THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT
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THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE to announce to the Public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where everything will be found first-class, and at reasonable rates.
The Parlors and Sleeping Apartments are under the superintendence of MRS. AUSTIN.
Private Dining Rooms for Ladies, Families and Private Parties.
A Private Reading Room, commodious, comfortably furnished, and well supplied with books and papers, is provided for the use of guests.
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THE
BRIGHTON HOTEL
HASTINGS, B. I.
THIS FINE AND COMMODIOUS new Hotel has been recently completed and is furnished with every convenience for the comfort of guests. The situation and accommodations are unsurpassed on Burrard Inlet, which has become the most fashionable
WATERING PLACE
in British Columbia The prospect is charming, the sea breezes are invigorating, and the facilities for bathing and boating are excellent. Private Sitting and Dining Rooms. Suites of apartments for families or parties. The Bar is entirely detatched from the main building.
The Hotel is under the immediate superintendence of Mrs. Black.
First-class stabling and feed for Horses. Busses to and from New Westminster twice a day.
GEO. BLACK,
jy28tc Proprietor.

FURNITURE!
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS PLEASure in announcing that he is now prepared to supply all kinds of Furniture, &c., at the lowest possible prices. Cabinet work and Upholstering done promptly and in first-class style.
UNDERTAKING
In all its branches. The undersigned has the only HEARSE in the City. A continuance of public patronage solicited. Old stand, next Occident Hotel.
J. G. BUNTE,
Late Manager Sehl's Branch Furniture Store. au5tc

O. R. & N. CO.

THE STEAMER
"IDAHO"
Will run between
New Westminster and Tacoma
Calling at Port Townsend, Seattle, and intermediate Ports, as follows:
LEAVE TACOMA EVERY WEDNESDAY AT 1 P.M. ARRIVING AT NEW WESTMINSTER FRIDAY MORNING.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER EVERY SATURDAY AT 6 A.M., ARRIVING AT TACOMA SUNDAY AFTERNOON.
REDUCTION OF FARES.
NEW WESTMINSTER TO PORT TOWNSEND, $4.00
" " SEATTLE, 5.00
" " TACOMA, 6.00
se3tc C. E. CLANCEY, Agent. se13tc

ESTABLISHED 1859.
ROBT. DICKINSON,
BUTCHER,
Nearly Opposite the Colonial Hotel,
NEW WESTMINSTER.
THE LARGEST AND CHOICEST assortment of all descriptions of
MEATS AND VEGETABLES
Constantly on hand, and supplied to Families, Restaurants, and Steamboats at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

For Sale or To Rent.
FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET
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FOR SALE.
YOKE OF HEAVY WORK OXEN FOR Sale. Apply at THIS OFFICE. no12tc

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THAT FINE TWO-STORY HOUSE on the corner of Douglas and Pelham Streets; with the lot containing 1¼ acres. Rent low. Apply to
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SECOND-HAND ENGINE (Cylinder, 8 x 12.
Shell Boiler.
62-inch Spalding Tooth Saw.
4-horse Wagon.
90 feet ¾-inch Steel Wire Rope.
4 Ox Yokes.
The above will be sold cheap. Apply at the Brunette Sawmill.
no8tc DeBECK BROS. & CO.

Farm for Sale!
THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR Sale either of the three 200-acre Lots owned by him, as it may suit the purchaser. These lands are a part of the finest lands on North Arm, Lulu Island, and lie in one of the best settlements in B. C. All have fine improvements and are mostly fenced. There is a fine house and two large and costly barns, all new, on the lands. There is a Sunday and week-day school and meetings of the different persuasions held in the neighborhood. These lands are about 8 miles distant from the terminus of the C. P. R. R. Also offers one Team for sale. For particulars apply to me on the premises.
JOHN C. VERMILYEA.
North Arm, Dec. 10, 1884. de20tc

FOR SALE.
1440 ACRES CHOICE
DELTA LANDS
3 MILES FROM LADNER'S Landing, on the Trunk Wagon Road; two other roads running through the premises. Apply to
E. A. WADHAMS,
de22tc Ladner's Landing, B.C.

NOTICE.
PARTIES ARE HEREBY CAUTIONED against negotiating or otherwise dealing with a promissory note drawn by Duncan Smith in favor of A. C. Fraser, dated 11th Dec., 1883, for the sum of $385.00; the same having been lost by the undersigned.
RICHD. H. ALEXANDER.
Burrard Inlet, B. C., 23rd Dec. 1884. 27m

NOTICE.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned, doing a general merchandise business at Granville, B. C., under the name of Hemlaw & Co., have this day dissolved partnership by mutual consent. Owing to the ill health of H. Hemlaw, who retires from the firm, all debts must be paid to E. Gold, who assumes all liabilities.
(Signed) H. HEMLAW.
E. GOLD.
Granville, B. C., Dec. 29, 1884.
THANKING ALL MY FRIENDS for their kind patronage for the past, I would ask a continuance of the same for the remaining partner.
jny3tc H. HEMLAW.

C. P. R. TERMINUS LOTS
—AT—
COAL HARBOR
FOR SALE BY
HUGHES & ATKINSON,
Opposite Post Office, New Westminster, British Columbia.
de8tc

Advance British Columbia
F. KIMBLE,
CITY BAKER
—AND—
Produce Dealer.
Columbia St., New Westminster.
se3tc

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Livery and Stage Stables!
COLUMBIA STREET,
Foot of Douglas, NEW WESTMINSTER.
WM. B. TOWNSEND, PROPRIETOR.
REGULAR Line of Stages to Port Moody.
Special extra Rigs when required.
Saddle Horses and Buggies for hire.
General Teaming promptly attended to.
500 CORDS OF FIRE WOOD FOR SALE.
Orders left at the London Market will be promptly filled. oc8tc

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Rifles & Revolvers!
BIG GUNS!
BREECH-LOADING SHOT GUNS
From $10.00 to $150.00.
BREECH-LOADING RIFLES
From $5.00 to $75.00.
REVOLVERS
From $3.50 to $25.00.
SHOT, SHOT, SHOT,
All sizes, from dust to 28 ball.
Eagle-Duck & Curtis & Harvey Diamond Grain Powder.
Having imported direct from the Factory the largest stock of Guns, Rifles and Revolvers ever held in this Province, I can and will sell cheaper than any other house in B. C., and what WEBB says you can rely on.
Mainland Gun Store,
COLUMBIA ST., NEW WESTMINSTER.
An immense stock of Sporting Goods, Pocket Cutlery and Tobacconists' Sundries, and Fancy Goods. au18tc

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

Ferry's Seed Annual.....Ferry & Co.
Notice.....Phil. McMahon
Hyack Ball.....Jno. McMurphy
Appointments.....Prov. Sec.
School District.....Jno. Robson
Colonial Hotel.....Jno. E. Insley
For Sale.....W. H. Ladner
House to Let.....H. V. Edmonds

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Jan. 21, 1885.

Provincial Finances.

Referring to the speech from the throne we observed that the finances of the province were in a very satisfactory condition. For some years the people of this country have been accustomed to expect to face deficits regularly every year, and it had become a matter of considerable anxiety. When there is an adverse balance for a succession of years the only way to meet the demand is by borrowing. But borrowed money must be paid sometime, and it carries interest right along. We are glad to find that the fiscal year ending 30th June last shows a very decided improvement. The ordinary revenue of the province for that year was $503,107, being about $77,000 in excess of the previous year. In addition to this large increase in ordinary revenue, the province received $384,512 from the Dominion government on account of dry dock, making the total receipts $887,619. On the 20th June, 1883, the province's liabilities exceeded its assets by $328,602: last June this was so far reversed that the assets were $1,997 in excess of the liabilities. It is very gratifying to find that, notwithstanding the large appropriations made for public works, the expenditures were met and the revenues went beyond the estimates. At the end of 1884 there was a cash surplus of $134,000, and the hon. minister of finance stated in the house that the revenue derived from provincial lands during the last half of 1884 amounted to $125,000! In the seven years previous to 1883 the revenue from lands only reached the sum of $188,747. These facts are most important, and show beyond question the great growth which is taking place in this province.

Railway Connection.

The publication of the official correspondence relating to the extension of the C. P. R. to Coal Harbor has produced somewhat of a sensation. There were quite a number, it seems, who clung to a belief that the matter had not yet reached a settlement, and that, perhaps, the negotiations might terminate otherwise than they have done. The correspondence leaves no room at all for doubt, and it is as well that all interested may at once face the facts as they are presented. There are a number of persons in this city who seem disposed to blame the government because it did not include railway connection with New Westminster in the conditions attached to the grant of land made to the syndicate. We confess that we should have been very much pleased if this had been done, even if it involved the gift of some additional property. But under the circumstances the government could not judiciously insert such a condition during the progress of negotiations. We have already pointed out how some persons freely charged the Coal Harbor "ring" with endeavoring to persuade the city to give fifty or seventy-five thousand dollars to bring the railway past Port Moody to Coal Harbor. This "ring," it was said, was composed of members of the government. Now, if the government had made it a condition that the railway was to touch this city, it could not go via Port Moody, and Port Moody property owners would have reason to complain that by the government's interference they were deprived of a railway. We should never have heard the end of the abuse the government would have received. Now that the whole matter has been made public, however, the objection to government interference does not exist. The people of this city have already manifested their desire for railway connection by some means, and the people of Port Moody must see by the correspondence that it has been fully decided to make the terminus at Coal Harbor or English Bay. There can no longer remain any valid reason why Port Moody should oppose railway connection between New Westminster and the C. P. R., or why the government should not interest itself actively in securing that connection. Indeed there are many valid reasons why it should. Many of those who have invested in Port Moody are also interested in New Westminster. If Port Moody investments are not likely to prove the bonanza that was expected, an advance in New Westminster estate would bring substantial compensation. But, in a far wider sense, we have a fair claim upon the government's consideration. Millions of acres of provincial lands have been given away to secure railways in the province. The railway belt, extending from Port Moody to the Rocky Mountains, the Peace River block of 3,500,000 acres, the large tract of coal lands given to the island railway syndicate, the 750,000 acres surrendered in Kootenay—all these gifts have been made for railway and steamboat connection. When the schemes embodied in these gifts have been completed we shall find that railway or steamboat communication has been procured to almost every city or village of any importance where such a thing was practicable in the province. Victoria, Esquimalt, Nanaimo, Granville, Port Moody, Yale, Spence's Bridge, Kamloops—all these will be connected by railway. The Kootenay country will also be opened up by railway and steamboat routes, and provisions are made to connect Kamloops by wagon road with Columbia river, through Eagle Pass. All these roads have been built, or are being built, by subsidies of provincial lands, and by the alienation of these lands the ratepayers of New Westminster are as much affected as the people in any other part of the province. But although the subsidized road comes within six or seven miles of this city, we have no railway connection, and no part of the benefit arising from the alienation of these lands comes directly to New Westminster. It happens, therefore, that after millions of acres of public lands have been given away for railway purposes, and almost every city and village in the province has been provided with or promised railway connection, New Westminster, the largest and most important city on the mainland, and the second largest in the province, is entirely without a railway, and must fall back upon its own energies and resources. It is asked for a bonus of $75,000 and right of way, which means probably $85,000 or $90,000. No other city in the province has been asked to give a railway bonus amounting to one farthing—the bonuses have been all given by the government. If it was considered in the interest of the province to subsidize the extension from Port Moody to Granville, it is also in the interest of the province to furnish railway connection at this city. The whole of the district of New Westminster west of Port Hammond and south of the Fraser looks to this city as its natural market. Here the people come to sell their produce and purchase their supplies and find conveyances by which they can reach other parts of the province. It would be very inconvenient for these people, after crossing the river, to drive to Granville or Port Moody in order to connect with the railway. There ought to be a railway connection here, and we submit that it is reasonable for us to expect that the government will use every legitimate means at its disposal to give us a railway. If it can do that by a further grant of land at Coal Harbor, it should make that grant. Then the cities of the mainland as well as those of the island would all be provided with railway connection, and would stand upon an equal footing with respect to trade advantages. We do not propose that the line should be diverted from Port Moody or anywhere else. Let the government offer the syndicate a certain quantity of land to connect with this city, and let the syndicate make what connection seems to it most suitable in the interest of trade.

A WIDE-SPREAD EVIL.—The great source of consumption and of ugly sores is scrofula in the blood. Burdock Blood Bitters purify the whole system and cure scrofula, as well as the more common blood humors.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
15th January, 1885.

HIS HONOR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments:

CHARLES TODD, Esquire, to be a Stipendiary Magistrate in and for the Province of British Columbia.

T. LUBBE, Esquire, to be an official member of the Board of Directors of the Royal Hospital, Victoria, vice P. McQuade, deceased. jny21li

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
9th January, 1885.

WHEREAS the Lieutenant-Governor in Council is empowered, under the "Public Schools Act, 1879," to create School Districts, in addition to those already existing, and to define the boundaries thereof, and from time to time to alter the boundaries of existing Districts; it is hereby notified that His Honour has been pleased to create the tract of land enclosed within the undermentioned boundaries a School District, under the title of the "Hall's Prairie School District," viz.:—

Commencing at the Iron Post, International Boundary Line, Semiahmoo Bay; thence east, along said boundary line, to the eastern boundary of Surrey; thence north, along the eastern boundary line of Surrey, a distance of three miles; thence west, to Semiahmoo Bay; thence south, along the shore line of Semiahmoo Bay, to the point of commencement.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
jny21l4 Provincial Secretary.

FOR SALE:

A COW, NEWLY CALVED; GOOD milker; well broken. Also, several other well broken cows about to calf.
W. H. LADNER,
jny21tc Ladner's Landing.

HOUSE TO LET.

TO RENT FROM THE 1st FEBRUARY next, a 6-roomed House and stable on Douglas street. Apply to
H. V. EDMONDS,
jny 21tc Land Agent.

FERRY'S Seed ANNUAL FOR 1885
INVALUABLE TO ALL! Will be mailed FREE to all applicants and to customers of last year without ordering it. It contains illustrations, prices, descriptions and directions for planting all Vegetable and Flower SEEDS, BULBS, etc.
D. M. FERRY & CO. WINDSOR, Ontario. DETROIT, Michigan.

COLONIAL HOTEL

COLUMBIA STREET,
New Westminster, B. C.

THE LARGEST, BEST FURNISHED, and most complete Hotel in British Columbia.

Building and Furniture entirely new, and unsurpassed in the province.

Every comfort for guests. Suits of rooms for families.

CHRIS. WILSON, Manager. J. E. INSLEY, Proprietor
jny21tc

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that in compliance with Section 4, "Timber Act, 1884," I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut and carry away timber from the following described crown lands staked off by me previous to the date of this application:

Commencing at a stake on the shore of Burrard Inlet placed alongside the northwest corner stake of Lot four hundred and forty-seven (447), Group One (1), running thence west along the north line of said lot twenty chains, thence due north forty chains, thence due east forty chains, thence due south to the western boundary line of the Moodyville timber reserve, thence along the said lines to the shore of Burrard Inlet, and thence westerly along said shore to the point of commencement; containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less.
jny21ml PHIL McMAHON.

ANNUAL

HYACK BALL!

THE HYACK FIRE COMPANY have pleasure in announcing that they will give their annual Ball and Supper in the

DRILL SHED
—ON—
Friday Night, Jan. 30th, 1885,

To which they cordially invite their friends and the citizens generally.

Dancing at 8.30 p. m.

TICKETS: Gentlemen (including supper), $2.50; Ladies free.

Tickets may be had from Chief Engineer Wm. McColl, Capt. Jno. Reid, Lieut. Fred Homer, or at T. R. Pearson & Co's.

JOHN McMURPHY,
jny21l3 Secretary.

FOR SALE:

THE LONDON ARMS SALOON, Corner Columbia and McKenzie Sts., New Westminster, containing one new Billiard Table (4x8), one 15-ball Pool Table (4x8); 7 Bedrooms, furnished and partly occupied. Lease to run for 3 years from 1st May. TERMS CASH. For further particulars apply to
jny17tc WRIGHT & FERGUSON.

A. GUTMANN,

DEALER IN
General Merchandise
COLUMBIA STREET,
Opp. Colonial Hotel, New Westminster.

Guns, Ammunition,
Cigars, Tobacco, Candy,
MEERSCHAUM PIPES.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF FURS.
oc18tc

WORDS FAIL.

"Words fail to express my gratitude," says Mr. SELBY CARTER, of Nashville, Tenn., "for the benefits derived from

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Having been afflicted all my life with Scrofula, my system seemed saturated with it. It came out in Blotches, Ulcers, and Mattery Sores, all over my body." Mr. Carter states that he was entirely cured by the use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, and since discontinuing its use, eight months ago, he has had no return of the scrofulous symptoms.

All baneful infections of the blood are promptly removed by this unequalled alterative.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

1885.

Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

With the new volume, beginning in December, HARPER'S MAGAZINE will conclude its thirty-fifth year. The oldest periodical of its type, it is yet, in each new volume, a *new magazine*, not simply because it presents fresh subjects and new pictures, but also, and chiefly, because it steadily advances in the method itself of magazine-making. In a word, the MAGAZINE becomes more and more the faithful mirror of current life and movement. Leading features in the attractive programme for 1885 are: new serial novels by Constance Fenimore Woolson and W. D. Howells, a new novel entitled "At the Red Grove"; descriptive illustrated papers by F. D. Millet, R. Swain Gifford, E. A. Abbey, H. Gibson, and others; Goldsmith's "She Stoops to Conquer," illustrated by Abbey; important papers on Art, Science, etc.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.
PER YEAR:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The volumes of the MAGAZINE begin with the Numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current Number.

The last Eleven Semi-annual Volumes of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $3 per volume. Cloth Cases, for binding, 56 cents each—by mail, postpaid.

Index to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, Alphabetical, Analytical, and Classified, for Volumes 1 to 60, inclusive, from June, 1850, to June, 1880, one vol., 8vo, Cloth, $4.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROS., New York.

NOTICE.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Caledonian and St. Andrew's Society will be held in the Colonial Hotel on the evening of the 28th January, at 8 o'clock.
jny17td By order of the Chief.

J. A. BOWES

BUTCHER
YALE & HOPE, B. C.

All Orders for Meat promptly filled
(de27tc)

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

MERCHANTS,
WHARF STREET - VICTORIA.

AGENTS FOR
North British and Mercantile Insurance Co. for Mainland.

H. C. BEETON & CO.,
36 Finsbury Circus,
London, E. C.

THE NINTH CONCERT

—OF THE—
CHORAL UNION
WILL BE GIVEN IN THE
SKATING RINK
On Wednesday, Jan. 28th, 1885.

THE PROGRAMME will consist of selections from "The May Queen," and a varied collection of SOLOS (vocal and instrumental), DUETS, TRIOS, QUARTETTES, CHORUSES, &c.

Doors open at 7.30 p. m.; concert at 8 o'clock. Tickets 50 cts.; Reserved seats 75 cts., may be secured at T. R. Pearson & Co's. jny17td

Private Bill.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at the present session thereof, for an Act to Incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing, manging and maintaining water-works at the terminal point of the Canadian Pacific Railway, on Coal Harbor and English Bay, and for the purposes thereof, granting to the said company the privilege of taking water from Capitola Creek, Burnaby Lake, or other suitable points, with power to the said company to build flumes, aqueducts, bay pipes, erect dams, acquire lands and do all other acts and things necessary for the purposes aforesaid.
D. M. EBERTS,
Solicitor for Applicants.
Dated the 16th day of January, 1885.
jny17fw

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	ROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING
JAUNDICE.	OF THE HEART,
ERYSIPELAS,	ACIDITY OF
SALT RHEUM,	THE STOMACH
HEARTBURN,	DRYNESS
HEADACHE,	OF THE SKIN,

And every species of Disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO

Just Opened Out

—AT—

T. R. PEARSON & CO.'S

500 Copies Seaside Library, Including the New Style.

Full Line of Robertson's 3-Bit Series.

Very Complete Line of The Poets, Various Styles.

Mark Twain's Experience, 1 bit.

Job Lot of 25 cent Novels.

Richardson's Piano Instructor.
Getze's Organ Instructor.

Superb Song Book, $1.
Song Folio, $1.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.,

Books, Stationery, and Music, Columbia street, New Westminster.

Confederation Life

ASSOCIATION.

Guarantee Capital.....$1,000,000

Full Gov'm't Deposit

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, CANADA

A HOME COMPANY.

This Association merits the confidence the Public is reposing in it from the following FACTS:—

The Security offered to policy holders is unsurpassed by any Company doing business in Canada.

It has no schemes of insurance, but the well-established lines, hence the policy holders cannot be misled as to their contracts.

Its statements to the public can be readily understood, its cash statement showing every item of income and how expended.

Its position is ascertained annually from a detailed valuation in which every item of liability is included.

Its progress has been unexampled in the history of insurance in Canada.

Its policies are indisputable after three years, and non-forfeitable after two years' existence.

Its profits are distributed upon an equitable basis. The profits to one class of policy holders are not lessened to give larger profits to any other class, which method affords superior advantages over the uniform bonus plan of distribution.

Liberal Conditions as to Residence and Travel.

J. K. MacDONALD,
Managing Director.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.

Agents, New Westminster.
je7-2mo-alternate.

LOOK OUDT

ALL ACCOUNTS

Due to me up to Dec. 31st, 1884,

MUST BE SETTLED

FORTHWITH.

All Accounts standing over three months are liable and will be charged with interest

All amounts unpaid on 20th inst. will be placed in court for collection.

A settlement I must have and I shall insist upon it.

C. G. MAJOR

January 6, 1884.

The balance of Men's Overcoats, Ladies' Jackets and Ulsters, Women's and Children's Hosiery, &c., all Dress Goods, at a sacrifice.

jny7tc

IMPORTERS OF
Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, Paints, Oils, Crockery, Glassware, Lime, Plaster, Terra Cotta Ware, Wooden Ware, Wall Papers, Fire Brick, Cement.

JAMES CUNNINGHAM & CO. 1862.

Also, a splendid assortment of Men's Clothing & Underwear, Boys' Ditto, Boots & Shoes, Dry Goods, Carpets, and everything required for fitting up your homes.

We have the most complete stock of General Merchandise to be found in any place in the Province. We import our Goods now from the manufacturers, and the low prices we have to pay often astonish ourselves. We are now giving our patrons the benefit of our position and our ability of BUYING CHEAP FOR CASH. Give us a call and learn that we can extend to you opportunities of getting supplies of the best Goods at the LOWEST RATES.

NEW WESTMINSTER, December 9, 1884.

C. M. McNAUGHTEN

WATCHMAKER
Jeweller & Optician,
COLUMBIA STREET,
New Westminster, B. C.,

Begs to inform his patrons and the inhabitants of British Columbia, that he has engaged the services of

MR. F. ORAKE,

For a number of years manager of the Watchmaking and Repairing Department of Messrs. Savage, Lyman & Co., of Montreal. They say of him that he is one of the very best workmen ever in their employ, and they part with him with regret, which is a sufficient guarantee of his ability. I have spared neither trouble nor expense to get one of the ablest men, and I am determined to make my business second to none in British Columbia. Mr. Crake will have entire charge of the Watch department. Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs, and all complicated watches rated and adjusted. Broken or lost parts made equal to new. Any parties having Watches which have been in the hands of incompetent Watchmakers and can't be made to go, send them to me, packed in a small box, by mail, registered or otherwise, and they will have my immediate attention; and perfect satisfaction will be given.

The manufacturing Jewelry is under my personal charge. All kinds of Jewelry made to order and the quality of the goods guaranteed. Diamonds and precious stones set with care. All my charges are moderate. I have a new and well-selected stock of Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Rolled Plate Jewelry and Plated Ware, all of the best quality. New patterns constantly arriving.

All Watches sold will be closely regulated to a few seconds a month, thus doing away with the annoyance of having an imperfect time-keeper.

C. M. McNAUGHTEN,
jny3tc Watchmaker & Jeweller.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.

COLUMBIA STREET,
New Westminster, B. C.

—IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN—

Books,
Stationery,
Fancy Goods,
Pianos,
Organs,
Music,
Newspapers,
Magazines,
Toys, etc.

The Largest Stock on the Mainland, and second to no House in British Columbia.

—SOLE AGENTS FOR—

The Henry F. Miller Piano,
Of Boston,

The Dominion Organ,
Of Bowmanville, Ont.,

And agents for all the leading American

PIANOS & ORGANS

SPECIAL FORMS
RULED & PRINTED

On the premises, as neatly and cheaply as at any other establishment in the Province.

—AGENTS FOR—

Confederation Life Assurance Co.

North British and Mercantile Fire Insurance Co.,

—Agents for First-Class—

FIRE and BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES

SHIPPING RECEIPTS,
DEEDS MORTGAGES,
BILLS OF SALE,
CUSTOM HOUSE BLANKS,
LEASES, PROM. NOTES,
ORDERS, RECEIPTS,

And all kinds of Blank Books and Blank Forms on hand.

—All the Leading—

NEWSPAPERS
—AND—
PERIODICALS

Regularly received. Subscriptions taken for any Publication at lowest rates.

☞ We import direct from manufacturers, and cannot be undersold in this Province.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.,
COLUMBIA STREET,
New Westminster, B. C.
(fe2te)

EXPRESS RATES.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the rates of express freight on packages and parcels, safely and properly put up and not containing any extra valuable or dangerous compounds will be:

Between Victoria and New Westminster.

Packages under 10 lbs	25 cts. each
Packages over 9 and under 25	50 cts. each
Packages over 24 and under 50	75 cts. each
Packages over 50 at	1 cent per lb

From New Westminster to Yale.

Less than 3 lbs	25 cts. each
From 3 lbs. to 10 lbs	50 cts. each
From 10 lbs. to 25 lbs	75 cts. each
From 25 lbs. to 50 lbs	$1 00 each
From 50 lbs. to 75 lbs	$1 50 each
From 75 lbs. to 100 lbs. or over	2 cts. per lb

To Spence's Bridge and Points between Yale and Spence's Bridge.

Less than 2 lbs	25 cts. each
From 2 lbs. to 5 lbs	50 cts. each
From 5 lbs. to 10 lbs	$1 00 each
From 10 lbs. to 25 lbs	10 cts. per lb
From 25 lbs. to 75 lbs	8 cts. per lb
Over 75 lbs	6 cts. per lb

To Nicola, Savona, Kamloops, Cache Creek and Clinton, 20 cts. per lb.

To Barkerville and all points between Barkerville and Clinton 25 cts. per lb

On C. O. D. and valuable packages one per cent. on value in addition to ordinary rates.

MONEY RATES
Between Victoria and New Westminster, 40 CTS. PER $100.

Remittances insured against all risk at "Lloyd's."

FRANK S. BARNARD,
Manager B. C. Express Co

C. G. MAJOR, Columbia St.,
au2tc Agent New Westminster.

F. H. COULTER. T. J. ARMSTRONG.

COULTER & CO.

Druggists
—AND—
Apothecaries

DEALERS IN
Pure Drugs & Chemicals
PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, ETC.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

Compounded all hours of the Day & Night

PHARMACY—Opposite Bank of B. C., Columbia St., New Westminster.

Night Calls—Room 50, Colonial Hotel.
(jny17tc)

REDUCED PRICES!

STILL CONTINUE
FOR NOVEMBER!

THE PEOPLE OF NEW WESTMINSTER and surrounding country are invited to see the

GREAT REDUCTION

In the prices of Goods at

The ROYAL CITY
Boot & Shoe Store

The people are no doubt aware of the Superior quality of Boots and Shoes and other Goods kept by

MRS. E. GOLD,

Which are unquestionably the best in this City, and cannot be surpassed anywhere in the Province.

NOW IS THE TIME

To make purchases, when Goods are sold to suit the times, because

Money Saved is Money Earned.

The following goods, imported from the manufactories, are offered at a great reduction, as the stock is larger than the state of the market justifies:

40 pieces Canadian Tweeds.
275 suits of Men's, Boys' and Youths Clothes.
100 dozen White Shirts.
50 dozen assorted Shirts.
35 dozen fine American Hats of the latest styles and finest quality.
16 cases of New Goods just received by steamer Idaho.

The following is the reduction of prices:

20 per cent. off Boots and Shoes.
25 " " Tweeds.
35 " " Clothing and Hats.
35 " " Dry Goods.
40 " " Fancy Goods.

This Great Reduction begins on

Tuesday, October 14th

AND WILL CONTINUE UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

☞ Country orders will be punctually attended to.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:

MRS. E. GOLD,
ROYAL CITY
Boot and Shoe Store
COLUMBIA STREET,
Opp. Ewen's Cannery, NEW WESTMINSTER.
oc18tc

GIRL WANTED.

ONE WHO UNDERSTANDS GENERAL housework. Apply to
MRS. D. ROBSON,
de8tc Royal Avenue

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient Advertisements.--First insertion, 8 cts. per line; subsequent insertions, 2 cts. per line.

Regular Commercial and Business Advertisements.--1 column, $12 per month; ½ col., $7 per month; ¼ col., $4 per month; 2 inches, $2 per month; 1 inch, $1.50 per month. These rates to be charged on standing advertisements which remain over 3 months. If for a less period the rates will be: 1 col., $15 per month; ½ col., $9; ¼ col., $5; 2 inches, $3; 1 inch, $2.

Specials, among reading matter.--First insertion, 10 cts. per line; subsequent insertions, 5 cts. per line.

Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1 each. Funeral notices accompanying death notice, 50 cts. extra.

☞ All transient advertisements will be measured by a scale of solid Nonpareil, which makes 12 lines to the inch and 7 words to the line. Display lines must be allowed for in making estimates. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00.

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Jan. 21, 1885.

The Teaser will be due with a mail to-morrow afternoon.

The str. Dunsmuir leaves for Nanaimo this morning, taking several head of cattle.

The str. Belle came up from the North Arm yesterday bringing a scow load of hay.

Evangelistic services are being continued in the Mary-st. Methodist church every night this week.

There is still a small quantity of ice floating up and down in the river, but not enough to impede navigation.

The str. Teaser arrived from Victoria at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon, bringing quite a number of passengers.

The str. Dunsmuir arrived from Nanaimo on Monday with passengers, mails, and 30 tons coal for the C. P. N. Co.

The str. Princess Louise arrived from Victoria at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and went up to Port Hammond.

For some time the weather has been very fine, mild and enjoyable. Coasting on the streets has been resumed with considerable enthusiasm.

It is expected that the new steam fire engine will arrive here Friday morning by the str. Idaho. The small boys may prepare for wet jackets.

In another column will be found an announcement of the Hyack Fire Co. respecting the annual ball which is to take place on Friday of next week.

For coughs and colds, use Imperial Cough Syrup, sold only by D. S. Curtis & Co., wholesale and retail druggists, New Westminster, B. C. jny14tc

Snow has fallen to the depth of over a foot at this city. On the high land between the city and Burrard Inlet it is reported about 20 inches. Sleighing is first-class.

As selling off is the order of the day, James Ellard & Co. beg to inform the public that they will give 10 per cent. discount on all goods bought for cash. (de17tc)

Messrs. Trapp Bros. have invented a most ingenious machine for measuring and rolling cloth. It measures and records the yards with the utmost accuracy, and saves a great deal of labor.

We understand that the str. Teaser will carry a mail twice a week between this city and Victoria. She leaves Victoria at 3 o'clock Monday and Thursday mornings. This will be very convenient.

His worship Mayor Dickinson and Councillor Deane go to Victoria this morning as a deputation to urge the government to secure railway connection for the city. Councillor Hendry also goes down and may assist the deputation.

In the list of Hyack officers published on Saturday the intelligent compositor got somewhat mixed. The names of Wm. Howay, 2nd lieutenant, and Robt. Wintemute, 1st branchman, were omitted, and Benson, Scoullar, and Dickinson were made to appear as lieutenants instead of branchmen.

It is wise to provide against emergencies that are liable to arise in every family. A cold may be a dangerous thing, or not, depending upon the means at hand to combat it. In sudden attacks of cold, croup, asthma, etc., Ayer's Cherry Pectoral will prove the quickest and most effective cure, and your best friend.

Concert at Granville.—The members of the Choral Union, of this city, are going to take advantage of the magnificent sleighing which at present exists, and will give a concert at Granville to-night. The programme, we believe, will be much the same as the one presented in this city last week, which gave so much satisfaction. The first part will consist of the cantata of the "Sleeping Beauty," and the second part will embrace a miscellaneous selection. Concert at 8 o'clock.

Voters Lists.—From a government return just brought down it appears that from Sept. 1st, 1882, to Sept. 1st, 1884, there were 606 names added to the voters lists of the province. These additions were distributed as follows: Victoria city, 81; Victoria district, 29; Esquimalt dist., 15; Cowichan, 22; Nanaimo, 39; Comox, 1; New Westminster city, 79; New Westminster dist., 155; Yale dist., 156; Lillooet dist., 11; Cariboo, 6; Cassiar, 1; Kootenay, 11; total, 606. It must be evident to every person acquainted with the circumstances that there are many hundreds of citizens of the province whose names have not yet been placed on the voters lists.

Another Steamship Line. — The Philadelphia *Railway Record*, the organ of the Northern Pacific Railway, says: "An important matter now coming up for consideration is the establishment of steam communication between Tacoma, the Pacific terminus of the Northern Pacific Railroad, and Yokohama, Japan. Tacoma is four to six days nearer Japan by steamer than San Francisco, and would have that advantage in competing for trade with the Orient. Silk, teas, and Japanese and Chinese goods are sold on arrival in port. The moment a steamer is telegraphed the consignees in the Atlantic cities can offer their invoices, and the earlier arrival will give the Tacoma shipper the command of the market. Another advantage is that China and Japan afford an open market for Washington Territory lumber, and already consume large quantities of it. This will give the steamers return cargoes, making profitable freights both ways. There are three different parties in the field contemplating the immediate establishment of steam lines, and an English gentleman, representing immense capital invested in such lines, has been in conference with the Northern Pacific managers the last few days."

Drive it Away.—Drive away all poisonous humor from the blood before it develops in scrofula or some chronic form of disease. Burdock Blood Bitters will do it.

City Council.

The new council met on Monday, when the following gentlemen were present: Robt. Dickinson (mayor), B. W. Shiles, B. Douglas, J. A. Calbick, R. W. Deane, Jno. Hendry, H. Elliott, and J. E. Lord.

Before proceeding with business the mayor addressed the council, expressing his gratification because the new council was composed of men who held similar views to the old respecting public matters, and especially with regard to railway connection. He said steps were being taken to amend the act relating to the sale of squares which would enable the council to carry out that scheme. He read a copy of a letter addressed to Mr. Henry Beatty respecting the offer made by the city to Mr. Van Horne, expressing disappointment because no reply had been given and hoping that a satisfactory conclusion might be reached.

The following standing committees were struck:

Board of Works--Messrs. Elliott, Hendry and Calbick.

Finance Committee--Douglas, Lord and Deane.

Police—Shiles, Douglas and Hendry.

Lamps—Lord, Shiles and Douglas.

Fire—Elliott, Shiles and Calbick.

Health—Calbick, Lord and Shiles.

Mr. A. J. Alport was reappointed clerk, assessor and collector.

On motion of Mr. Lord, seconded by Mr. Elliott it was resolved "that the corporation of the city of New Westminster view with alarm the isolation of our city in the correspondence of the government with the Canadian Railway syndicate, and we must respectfully urge upon the government, in justice to our city, that New Westminster be included in the agreement with the syndicate, and be placed in connection with the rest of the cities and towns of the province, and that the corporation cannot admit that the public interests of this province are being fairly dealt with while the most important city (second to Victoria) is being thus neglected, and that we will endorse the action of the government in adding the necessary additional land for securing that end." The mayor was appointed a delegate to Victoria, with a member of the council to be chosen by himself, to press this matter on the government.

On motion the clerk was instructed to inform Capt. Grant that unless the steam ferry were kept running according to agreement action would be taken. Council adjourned till next Wednesday at 3 p. m.

Geo. Andrews, overseer of the Lowell Carpet Corporation, was for over twenty years, before his removal to Lowell, afflicted with salt rheum in its worst form. Its ulcerations actually covered more than half the surface of his body and limbs. He was entirely cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. See certificate in Ayer's Almanac for 1883.

Provincial Legislature.

WEDNESDAY.

(Continued from 1st Page.)

strongly than anything else in favor of the extension of the franchise. The school system was growing in Victoria and the results had been very satisfactory. A high school was established in New Westminster city and the school had 35 pupils in attendance and satisfactory progress was being made. In Nanaimo city the reason that no high school had been established was no doubt on account of the requisite number of pupils not coming forward. With regard to road tolls, the honorable gentleman had expressed the opinion that road tolls should be removed, but the question was could they afford it? The government were prepared to enter into a proposition to take off part of the road tolls to Cariboo and Cassiar and they would also be glad if the revenue would allow it to remove all the road tolls. The miners in Cariboo and Cassiar had enough to contend with without being subject to heavy road tolls. With reference to the omission of the Ainsworth matter he would say that the full amount of the deposit necessary was made in the Bank of British Columbia and was paying 4 per cent. interest. His recollection was that the government regarded the settlement of the eastern boundary as of paramount importance and the immediate action of the government in the matter had proved that they were fully alive to its importance. The settlement of the Alaska boundary was also regarded as of very great importance and he was glad to be able to inform gentlemen opposite that papers had been made out that would place the matter in a very clear and comprehensive light. He would compliment hon. gentlemen opposite for the moderate way in which the speech had been treated and the compliment that had been tendered the government in the matter. With regard to the surplus on 30th June, 1884, it was $134,000. He was sure this would be met with satisfaction by all members of the house. They had received $115,000 more than estimated. He was sure the gentlemen opposite would admit this was a very gratifying showing.

Mr. Helgesen found fault generally with what the speech said and what it didn't say. He was followed by Mr. Wilson, Mr. Orr, and Mr. McLeese, and the address was adopted, Mr. Helgesen only voting against it.

In reply to Mr. Galbraith, Mr. Drake explained the circumstances under which he withdrew from the cabinet, and asserted that there was no disagreement between him and his colleagues.

At the request of Mr. Galbraith the debate on the agreement between the government and the C. P. R. syndicate respecting Coal Harbor was adjourned for eight or ten days, and after passing a bill to allow the immediate appointment of a stipendiary magistrate at Eagle Pass, the house adjourned.

THURSDAY.

On motion of Mr. Duck, a committee was appointed to enquire into the condition of Victoria gaol.

Hon. Mr. Smith presented plans showing lands handed over to the railway syndicate at Coal Harbor. He said every one knew that under the terms of union the province was bound to give twenty miles of country on each side of the Canadian Pacific railway to the Dominion, and that in 1880 an act had been passed by the legislature conveying to the Dominion Government a forty mile belt of land, from English Bay to the Rocky mountains.

From that date till some time last winter it had been held that the land forty miles in width from English Bay eastward was under control of Canada under the act. During the discussion on the railway resolutions in the Dominion Parliament, the Minister of Railways announced that, in so far as the government were concerned, the terminus of the road had been located at Port Moody. This announcement was followed by an application on behalf of the land west of that point which had been conveyed to Canada conditionally in 1880. Hon. gentlemen could see for themselves from the correspondence how guarded in his language Sir John Macdonald was when he referred to the matter in his letter of the 10th of April last. He (Mr. Smithe) thought there was a significance in that guarded language which it might be well to bear in mind. Sir John Macdonald had verbally told him that the provincial government were at liberty to deal with the lands west of Port Moody as they might deem expedient, and the Dominion Government were at the present time quite cognizant of the arrangement between the provincial government and the syndicate. It should not be forgotten, however, that it would only require that the Dominion should decide to extend the line to English Bay in order to secure all the land in the Burrard Inlet peninsula and twenty miles on each side thereof, in which event the large revenues from the sale of the lands now in the local government's hands to deal with would vanish away like thin air. The Dominion treasury would be enriched, while the province would be left out in the cold. The hon. gentleman recounted in detail the interviews and correspondence between Mr. Van Horne and himself, showing that the application came first from the syndicate, and that the government had simply seized the opportunity which offered, in the most unhoped for way, a chance of securing a large revenue to the province, while at the same time they were aiding the Canadian Pacific syndicate by a grant of land which they themselves would make valuable. There were over twenty thousand acres now in the hands of the province within the Burrard Inlet peninsula, 6,000 of that it was proposed to give to the company on the conditions specified in their correspondence, the remaining 14,000 would be for sale, and would realize such prices that the province would be made comparatively rich for years to come and be in a position to aid in the opening up and development of the resources of the country, as could be done in no other way and by no other means. We could secure the extension of the railway with all its attendant advantages for only the grant of an area of land not much more than one hundredth part of that which was conveyed to Canada without a murmur in 1880 for exactly the same consideration, and which we would not be compelled to give again in spite of ourselves, if the Dominion Government should choose to change its mind and locate the railway twenty miles further instead of leaving it to be done by the syndicate. The hon. gentleman explained how much the Dominion Government would have to gain in a pecuniary sense if they should do this. He had no doubt but that it was nothing but the feeling—in the face of the $30,000,000 which was being asked from parliament at the time—that it would be well to say that the government were not incurring any expense for building a single mile of road more than the terms of union required, which induced the Minister of Railways to announce that Port Moody was the terminus, so far as the government were concerned. Any one could see that the Dominion Government had relinquished an opportunity to glean a rich harvest of revenue, and if by any chance the arrangement entered into between the provincial government and the syndicate should fall through, there would be a mighty temptation to the Dominion to take the thing in hand and secure all the land; and he was most emphatically of opinion that Sir John's guarded language before referred to was simply to leave the door open for that course to be adopted, if necessary. As the resolution would come up in a few days, he would reserve any further remarks until that occasion.

Several Notices of Motion were given, among which were the following: Notice of an act to consolidate the Public School acts, by Hon Mr. Robson; an act to amend the jurors' act, and an act relating to innkeepers, by Hon. Mr. Davie; an act to consolidate the laws relating to coroners, by Hon. Mr. Robson.

A Total Wreck. — Many a strong frame has been totally wrecked by rheumatism. D. McCrimmon, of Lancaster, was cured of chronic rheumatism by Burdock Blood Bitters. It cures all blood impurities.

Communications.

To All Who Love Our Country.

Editor Columbian.—With your permission I wish to call the attention of our people to such needed reforms or improvements as are necessary to carry our civil liberty, social purity and happiness, and material prosperity to the highest possible point attainable by a free and intelligent people. I have the happy privilege of dropping some of the items enumerated in my last list of needed reforms, such as extortionate interest charged by the government, equitable distribution of revenue for public improvements, compensation to jurors and crown witnesses, steam ferry, registry office in New Westminster, school trustees controlling the teacher, and encouragement of European immigration. I am thankful, and I have no doubt you are too, but we need more reform, and more we must have; and in all our plans for more we must remember that our government officers are our *servants*, and *not our masters*. Some of them, soon after election, are very apt to forget this important fact. I shall now repeat the remainder of my last list, and add other subjects of vital importance to a free and progressive people. I respectfully ask your earnest attention to each question, and in whatever you may judge me wrong blame my head, not my heart.

1. Equitable representation according to population, or separation from the island.

2. Restriction of Chinese immigration.

3. Personal solicitation of votes by a candidate to render his election null and void.

4. The imposition of a poll tax of $1 on every elector who ought to vote at a political election and does not. "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." Every elector who neglects his political duties assumes the attitude of a public enemy.

5. No justice of the peace to be allowed to sit on a licensing board beyond his own municipality.

6. Justices of the peace to serve four years, to be appointed by the lieut.-governor after a qualification examination with respect to strict morals and intellectual ability by a board of three attorneys appointed by the same authority. There is nothing more calculated to bring the whole system of government into contempt than the appointment of unprincipled, immoral, ignorant men as justices of the peace.

7. Legal appeal costs to be paid by the justice of the peace who violates the spirit of the law.

8. No judge to be allowed to enter the juryroom during the sitting of the jury except in the presence of the accused or his attorney.

9. Each political district to have its own school board elected every four years for the purpose of examining school books and maps and directing and regulating their introduction.

10. A central board of education, composed of the chairman of each district board and a president appointed by the lieutenant-governor. Such board to have the power to offer prices for the best books, adapted to public schools, combining matter, type, paper and binding, every 10 years.

11. The duties of reeve of the municipal councils to the specially defined so as prevent him from usurping the special duties of a councillor and thereby creating confusion, and often perpetrating injustice. This is a very important point, and requires immediate attention. Some men have cheek enough to try, by various means only known to corrupt politicians, to run the whole council.

12. Separation from the island in the event of the general government not placing us on a par in respect to commercial and postal facilities. Justice from the island, if the past is to be our guide, we cannot expect. Let the mainland play the man, and either be on an equality or stand alone with the mother country as her friend.

15. A general law annulling all municipal charters within whose bounds houses of ill-fame are tolerated.

14. A sabbath law. All saloons ought to be closed on the sabbath, and all shooting for sport prohibited under heavy penalty, and the justices of the peace held responsible for the enforcement of the law in their respective districts. No individual, corporation, community, village or city ever yet permanently prospered by disregarding the Sabbath. The first instance is not yet on record.

15. A weekly market on the most convenient day for buyer and seller to meet together, and the weekly publication of a price-current. Westminster may make herself many friends by furnishing these very important desiderata. But she may delay too long for her commercial good. The question she must decide soon, and the answer she gives will very materially influence her future. Will she bind the farming interest up with her own by making the royal city a central mart, or be indifferent about it?

Should The Columbian permit, I design annually to call attention to such matters as impress my own mind and that of others, not in the way of dictation, but with a view to seek co-workers for the public good. I shall be glad to give my reasons on any of the above subjects through The Columbian, if requested by any progressive worker. My farm labor prohibits my replying to mere idle curiosity. Toil is my daily duty in order to procure my daily bread.—Yours, etc.,

Wm. Kent, M.D.

Well Spoken Of.—R. N. Wheeler, of Everton, speaks highly of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam. It cured him of inflammation of the lungs and an obstinate cough. It loosens the phlegm and heals the lungs.

Emigration to British Columbia.

Editor Columbian. — Looking over *Bradstreet's* summary of the present condition of the working classes in the United States, I find that the industrial depression is more general and deep there than among ourselves, notwithstanding the working of the English land system and the demand for an immediate and drastic reform. Similar enquiries instituted in Germany and France lead to the same conclusion; yet all these countries have protection in a much more extreme form than would be the case in England if the proposals of "Fair Traders" were adopted. Taxing one part of the community for the benefit of another is not England's remedy—we are too thick on the ground — nevertheless emigration weakens us for the time being, as it is the young and vigorous who leave, or desire to leave our shores. Through the courtesy of your energetic emigration agent and private gentlemen I have received full information concerning the hitherto isolated province of British Columbia, its undeveloped resources and the various requirements of the colony in reference to which a great deal of ignorance exists here among certain classes who know no more of the country's existence than they do of Timbuctoo. When the railway is completed the geographical knowledge of British Columbia and its importance as the key of the Pacific will become more generally understood than is the case at the present time. I perceive that, like our flourishing Australian colonies, you require a large amount of manual labor—people who, generally speaking, have limited resources at home and who cannot or are afraid to exhaust the frugal savings of years to reach your country. With regard to domestic servants, you stand at considerable disadvantage at present, as the following advertisement which appears in the columns of our daily papers will prove: "Wanted, respectable young women as domestic servants to proceed to New South Wales; passage, including all necessaries will be granted by the agent-general in first-class steamers to approved applicant upon payment of £2 each. The colonial government provides free accommodation for the single women during 10 days after their arrival in Sydney." In the face of this competition I would urge upon capitalists and employers of labor in British Columbia not altogether to deprive married men in England of the advantage of the coming prosperity, but to give them a chance. The desire to better one's condition and the condition of one's family burns high in the human breast. There are married tradesmen here, such as builders, butchers, tailors, shoemakers, &c., who would no doubt be glad to come to the country if they were advertised for in the columns of the London Daily *Telegraph*. Children under 5 years of age are, I understand, carried free on the Pacific railroads, no matter what their weight may run to, which in my case would be a boon considering I have a child under 3 who weighs close on 70 pounds and who no doubt would take a prize at your baby shows if they exist. England, and London especially, is undoubtedly a pleasant place to live in, but its sights and pleasures are not for daily workers and toilers, but belong rather to the upper ten who have time and money at command and the people who have worked so much misery in the land by driving our small farmers and agricultural laborers (who are the bone and muscle of the country) into the cities to starve. Sooner or later the land question must be dealt with in England and Scotland as it has been already dealt with in Ireland. Verily the riches of the country seem unevenly divided. For a man who wishes to better his condition in life and the condition of his family I believe Canada and British Columbia will eventually offer as fine a field as is to be found in the wide world. In the latter country large mercantile firms will be established. Why, look at the facilities you enjoy in postal and telegraphic communication with England compared to Australia. A post card can be sent here for 2 cents, a letter 5 cents, telegrams 3 s. per word and only 2 s. per word in Canada, providing a word does not exceed 10 letters. Even this rate will be cheapened in the near future. Look at your exports again. They are rapidly increasing. Take an article as a sample, viz., cheese. In 1858 Canada exported cheese to the value of £300 only. In 1883 this amount had swollen to £1,300,000. The total exports during the season from Montreal alone amounted to 1,126,002 boxes. These figures show what you can do—they are merely an index of the future, when through communication is established. I see no reason why eggs cannot be imported from Canada to London. We pay the foreigner yearly millions and millions for eggs from France, Italy, and Austria, a large portion of which ought to fall to the Canadian farmer. I believe we are tending towards one grand united federation, with your Dominion and the Australias which will ultimately benefit the entire Anglo-Saxon community. As regards British Columbia we ought to be able to supply a large fishing population for the colony from our coast stations between Yarmouth and Stornoway. These British Islands are still the finest recruiting grounds in the world for supplying brain and muscle and will continue to be so till the end of time, owing to our healthy climate and the healthiness and robust character of our children and young women which nothing can alter and no other country can beat unless indeed we are swallowed up in time by the eternal march of the brick and mortar brigade. In conclusion I hope soon to have the honor of becoming a useful citizen of British Columbia, which, in my opinion, together with New Zealand is the nearest fac simile of our climate that can be found anywhere.

Alexander Anderson,

2 Bexly Terrace,
Mornington Road,
Leytonstone, London, England.

A Settled Fact.—It is a significant fact that Hagyard's Yellow Oil is the best household remedy for internal and external use in cases of pain, soreness, lameness and inflammatory complaints.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Philadelphia, Jan. 3.—H. E. Pennypacker, agent of the Fidelity Mutual Aid association of Philadelphia, and Augustus Richey, a well-known and wealthy citizen of Carlisle, Pa., were arrested today on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the Association. Prisoners with the connivance of a physician of Carlisle procured an insurance in the company for $50,000 on a young man named Whortley, who was in bad health. Whortley was induced to transfer his interest in the policy to Richey, who has since paid the assessments. Whortley says he has been offered a large sum to go away and allow Richey and Pennypacker procure a corpse which would be represented as Whortley's, the conspirators thus being able to obtain the amount of the insurance. Whortley refused, and fearing bodily injury notified the company of the conspiracy. It is said Richey has been successful in similar practices.

Toronto, Jan. 6.—The verdict of $500 awarded to Kniver against Phœnix Lodge of Odd Fellows at Oshawa, for injuries received during initiation, was confirmed to-day by the High Court.

Toronto, Jan. 11.—There was a sensation in the East King street Methodist church to-night. The pastor, the Rev. Kennedy Creighton, chose for his first lesson Paul's conversion on his way to Damascus, and had just finished reading the words, "and he fell to the earth," when he was struck with paralysis and dropped unconscious in the pulpit. There is but little hope of his recovery. He celebrated his golden wedding but a few days since.

Ottawa, Ont. Jan. 13.—Canada is by no means exempt from the depression in trade which appears to be gathering in all parts of the world. For months past the official returns published by the Dominion government, showing the condition of banks acting under the Dominion charters, have indicated a steady increase in over-due debts held by the several banks. A further evidence of the depressed state of trade is furnished in the returns of business failures in the Dominion and Newfoundland during the year just closed. While, as compared with 1883, the number of failures was not quite as large, there was a startling increase in the amount of liabilities. In 1883 there were 1,384 failures.

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—The decision of the Supreme court declaring the Dominion license act, otherwise known as the McCarthy Act, unconstitutional and therefore null and void, has created great surprise among government supporters. There is great satisfaction throughout the province of Ontario at the result, which will be shared in by the other provinces, as all were interested in opposing the centralizing policy of the Ottawa government. The inspectors are returning the fees collected for licenses. The attempt of Sir John to deprive the legislatures of the licensing power, will prove immensely expensive, as the whole army of officials will have to be paid out of the Dominion exchequer. News has been received that Doyle, of Ottawa, of the Canadian Nile expedition, was drowned. This makes eight members of the expedition lost.

Halifax, Jan. 15.—At a meeting of those interested in fisheries, held at Barrington this afternoon, a resolution was passed requesting the Dominion government to take immediate steps to secure a reciprocity treaty between the States and Canada on terms immediately advantageous, and in the event of the proposition not being entertained by the Washington government, that the revenues of Canada be pledged, and the assistance of England asked to protect our resident fishermen within the three mile limit, and prevent any infringment of these privileges by fishermen sailing under the American flag.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—A. B. Campbell, claiming to be a nephew of Sir Alexander Campbell, Canadian minister of justice, is being held in secret custody here by J. E. Stuart, Canadian government special agent, on a charge of robbing the Dominion mails to a heavy amount. The prisoner, who is aged 26, and recently resigned a responsible position in the Canadian mail service, was arrested Wednesday in the Open Board of Trade, and has since been locked up in a private room. For a long time the disappearance of large sums puzzled Canadian officials and secret service detectives seemed unavailing. The fact of Campbell gambling and speculating here on a large scale was the first shadow of a clue. It is charged also that Campbell, by chemical process, effaced marks of cancellation from great numbers of old bank notes which had been entrusted to the mails, and since his arrival in Chicago has obtained their original value in American currency. When arrested he had $1,800 on his person. Extradition papers are expected to-morrow.

London, Jan. 15.—The Berlin correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* says that Germany has rejected the proposal regarding Egyptian finances recently submitted to the powers by England, and accepted the counter proposal submitted by France.

Korti, Jan. 15.—Gen. Stewart's forces reached Howajatt wells on Saturday 10th and obtained a supply of water and resumed the march to Gakdul. A detachment of the Essex regiment will remain at the garrison at Howajatt where a fort and hospital has been erected. The few natives in the vicinity of Howajatt appear friendly. Col. Burnabie with convoy of grain, joined Gen. Stewart at Gakdul on the 13th inst., and will accompany the expedition to Metamneh.

London, Jan. 15. — The *Standard's* correspondents send the following dispatch from Howajatt: "Difficult desert march. An immense column starts at 2 a.m. and the march continues the whole day. We are going to Gakdul via Wada Halfa wells, when we hope to find sufficient water for men and camels. A small party left at Howajatt was fired into one night, but otherwise we have not been molested. Small parties of Arabs wearing the Mahdi's uniform are roaming over the desert. Some sell us sheep and assert there are only a few rebels at Metamneh. It is very trying for the camels, who are 60 hours without water. The men are allowed only two pints daily of water in a condition resembling pea soup. Soldiers freely offer a dollar for a tumblerful.

London, Jan. 15.—The announcement that the British representative at the Berlin conference has been instructed to accept the French proposal regarding freedom of trade in the Congo country, causes great excitement in mercantile circles. France proposes that the freedom of the Congo shall be limited to a period of twenty years. African traders here say the object is to attract capital to that country during the next twenty years, and at the end of that time, after the country has been developed and made valuable by the enterprise of the merchants of all nations, it is to be closed to all except King Leopold's International Association, or to France, which is looked upon as the future legatee of that association. The proposition is denounced as a trap. Hot agitation in favor of the withdrawal of English consent is in progress, under leadership of local chambers of commerce. Memorials from these bodies, urging consideration of the subject, are pouring into the foreign office from all sections of England.

London, Jan. 19.—Great excitement was caused yesterday by the unusual occurrence of a council at the war office on Sunday, greatly increased to-day by the government deciding to resist any attempt on the part of Turkey to occupy any portion of Egypt, or to land troops in that country. Considerable bustle and excitement at the war office to-day. Orders have been sent to Chatham, Portsmouth and Woolwich, which caused much activity at those great naval stations. Another battalion of troops at Malta has been ordered to embark at once on the steamship Poonah for Alexandria. Other troops are under orders to be in readiness to move at a moment's notice. Indications all point to stirring events in Egypt. There is no doubt that the ministry is determined not to allow Turkey to interfere in Egyptian affairs by placing an armed force in any part of Egypt.

Does This Refer to You?—Are you troubled with biliousness, dyspepsia, liver or kidney complains, or bad blood? If so you will find a certain cure in Burdock Blood Bitter.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

(Special to the Columbian.)

London, Jan. 19. — Gladstone will come to London to-morrow to attend a cabinet council. It is expected he will remain in London a few days. Another council was held at the war office to-day on the Egyptian question. Orders were sent to the transport at Suez to convey troops to Suakem.

London, Jan. 19.—Sir Chas. Dilke, president government board, attended a soiree at the chamber of commerce at Bradford last evening. In his address he referred to negotiations in progress for commercial treaties with Spain and Mexico, and welcomed these fresh outlets for British trade. He said he was no apostle of protection.

Paris, Jan. 20.—Advices from Tonquin report the arrival of more reinforcements of French troops. A general forward movement of the invading force is expected to begin about the end of the present month.

London, Jan. 20.—*St. James' Gazette* hears that England will solve the Egyptian troubles by assuming for a certain period the entire administration of lower and middle Egypt together with all financial responsibilities, giving to the Sultan upper and equatorial Egypt with any port or ports on the Red sea. The mission of Hassan Fehme Pacha, Turkish minister of justice, is believed to be connected with a scheme for the partition of Egypt.

PASSENGERS.

Per str. Dunsmuir, from Nanaimo, Jan. 19.—W Robinson, B Smith, Rev J Woods, Mrs Monck, Sweet, Steves.

High Class Organs.

From the Toronto Globe.

Perhaps the most artistic building on the exhibition ground is the pavilion of the Dominion Organ and Piano Company of Bowmanville. It is moreover one of the most interesting to lovers of good music as being the location of a magnificent collection of instruments. The erection of this building, which cost about $1,000, became necessary to meet the requirements of the company, which had been cramped for room in the Main Building, where it is impossible to judge the merits of high-class instruments. The enterprise displayed by the Company in providing suitable quarters on the grounds for their business has been rewarded. The large number of visitors who call, inspect, and purchase proves beyond question that the public approve the provision made for their convenience and comfort. Here a crowd may be seen listening to test performances on first-class instruments made by leading city and country musicians.

Right well do the Company deserve the success which they have achieved. The present prosperous concern had, like all great institutions, its day of small things. It had its origin in Bowmanville about fifteen years ago, the stock being at that time largely held by parties unacquainted with the business. About ten years go John Wesley, the present secretary and treasurer; George Piggott, the manager of the manufacturing department; and W. S. Russell, superintendent of the tuning department, bought out the shareholders and assumed control. Since that date the business has been booming. A further stimulus was given to the concern by the admission of a Detroit millionaire as a partner. Piano-making was added to the organ-manufacturing, and the establishment was increased, until it now occupies a leading position among Canadian undertakings. It turns out about 200 organs and 50 pianos per month. These are produced by 250 hands, who receive in wages about $15,000 per month. The whole civilized world is the firm's market, and they have branches in London and Manchester, England; Hamburg, Germany; Adelaide and Sydney, Australia; Auckland, New Zealand; and St. Petersburg, Russia.

The instruments on exhibition in the pavilion are fair examples of the Company's workmanship. An upright piano of burr walnut is a splendid instrument. Of square pianos there are two kinds, a square and a square grand. The former is intended for standing against the side wall of a room, and is convenient for comparatively small apartments. The square grand is finished on all sides, presents a handsome appearance, and is suited for occupying a prominent position in drawing or music room. These two instruments are of rosewood, with a superfine polish, secured by hand rubbing with oil for hours. The touch is quick and easy, the tone brilliant and powerful. In musical quality and appearance they are equal to the best American pianos.

The organs made by the Company are known almost everywhere. They are manufactured in all styles, and at all prices, ranging from $50 to $1,000. Many sample organs are shown in the pavilion. The largest organ which the Company will exhibit, a double-bank pedal, is at present at the Dominion Exhibition, Montreal, but is expected here at the end of the week. It is arranged to be blown by Turk's water motor, which has been placed in position to await the arrival of the big instrument. The organs run through all grades, from the thousand dollar instrument down to the parlor favorite. The cases show wonderful variety. Many of these are of rare beauty and skilful workmanship. The case which secured for the Company a prize at the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia is still much admired, and is largely manufactured. Cases for parlor organs are chaste in design and artistic in execution. The musicians who tested the organs affirmed that for sweetness of tone and elasticity of touch they are model instruments; while visitors can themselves judge as to the beauty and style of the cases.

[T. R. Pearson & Co., New Westminster, are sole agents for these fine Organs in British Columbia. Persons proposing to purchase should not fail to communicate with them. Sample organs on view. Prices quite as low as those of Ontario. Address, T. R. Pearson & Co., New Westminster, B. C.] *no26tc

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—AND—

PIANOS

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1885.

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The following Business Directory contains only the names of persons whose advertisements appear in the Columbian. It will be found convenient and useful to new-comers and persons wishing to do business in this city. The names are given in alphabetical order:

Physicians.

Dr. C. E. C. Brown, (dentist)....Mary street
Dr. Clarke....Columbia street
Dr. Garrow....Columbia street
Dr. Cooper....Church Street
Dr. Welsh (Dentist)....Columbia street
Dr. Mathers....Front street
Dr McGuire....Mary street
Dr. Offerhaus....Kamloops

Lawyers.

W. Norman Bole....Columbia street
Corbould & McColl....McKenzie street

Insurance Agents.

W J Armstrong....Front street
T R Pearson & Co....Columbia street
Rand Bros....Columbia street
Turner, Beeton & Co....Victoria
Woods & Turner....Columbia street

Auctioneers.

T J Trapp....Columbia street

Surveyors.

Falding & McMillan....McKenzie street
Howse & Rickman....Front street
Woods & Turner....Columbia street

Conveyancers, Land Agents, &c.

Falding & McMillan....McKenzie street
Hughes & Atkinson....Columbia street
Howse & Rickman....Front street
Rand Bros....Columbia street
Woods & Turner....Columbia street

General Merchants.

James Wise....Front Street
Jas. Cunningham & Co....Columbia street
A Gutmann....Columbia street
Mrs Emma Gold....Columbia street
L. Gold....Columbia street
Mrs M A Harper....Chilliwhack
Kelly Bros....Columbia street
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C G Major....Columbia street
Wm McColl....Columbia street
Thomas McNeely....Ladner's Landing
Turner, Beeton & Co (wholesale)..Victoria

Gents' Furnishings.

N. A. White....Columbia street

Commission Merchants.

L. Gold....Columbia street
Homer & Son....Front street

Druggists.

Coulter & Co....Columbia street
A Peele....Columbia street

Boots and Shoes.

R Thomas....Columbia street

Watches and Jewelry.

C. M. McNaughten....Columbia street

Furniture.

J G Bunte....Columbia street

Tailors.

John Walsh....Columbia street

Books, Stationery, &c.

T N Hibben & Co....Victoria
T R Pearson & Co....Columbia street
T R Pearson & Co....Yale

Musical Instruments.

J Bagnall....Victoria
T R Pearson & Co....Columbia street

Cigars.

Wm. Tietjen....Columbia street

Hotels.

Station Restaurant, (P. Clair)....Yale
Brighton (Geo Black)....Hastings
Deighton [A Johnston]....Granville
Farmers' Home (J Turnbull)....Church st
Occident (J Austin)....Columbia street
Royal (Mrs M A Harper)....Chilliwhack
Sunnyside [McLeod & McInnis] Granville
Colonial Hotel, (J. E. Insley)..Columbia st.

Bakeries.

Kelly Bros....Columbia street
F Kimble....Columbia street

Groceries, Etc.

McDonald Bros....Columbia street

Produce and Feed.

M. Steves & Son....Columbia street

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S H Webb....Columbia street

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Windsor & Nelson....Columbia street

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J. A. Bowes....Yale and Hope
Robt Dickinson....Columbia street

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Murray & Fry....Clarkson street

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Douglas & Deighton....Columbia street

Blacksmiths.

Speirs & Beaton....Columbia street

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Brunette Saw Mill....Sapperton
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R T Williams....Victoria

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Ruling and plain binding.

1885.

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Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

COLDS. "Orrville, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1882. "Having been subject to a bronchial affection, with frequent colds, for a number of years, I hereby certify that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral gives me prompt relief, and is the most effective remedy I have ever tried.

James A. Hamilton,
Editor of *The Crescent*."

COUGHS. "Mt. Gilead, Ohio, June 26, 1882. "I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral this spring for a severe cough and lung trouble with good effect, and I am pleased to recommend it to any one similarly affected.

Harvey Baughman,
Proprietor Globe Hotel."

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

Our Story.

A REMARKABLE STORY.

(Continued.)

Was he in love? The appearances which had made the lookers-on say so were not altogether to be attributed to this, Hester knew. His paleness, his excitement, and his absence of mind, had all been from another cause. The discovery had startled her much, and given her an uneasy sense that she might at other times have referred to some cause connected with herself, *manifestations of feelings* which had nothing to do with her, which belonged to an entirely different order of sentiments—a thought which made her blush red with shame, since there is nothing that hurts a girl's pride so *much as the suggestion* that she has been vain, and imagined, like the fool-women, a man to love her who, perhaps, has never thought of her at all. But the question altogether was one which was too profound for Hester. *She could not tell what to make of it.* Among the heads of the young party at the Merridews she was aware that no doubt was entertained on this matter. Edward was allotted to her by a sort of unspoken right, and in Ellen's gibes and in Harry's *gloom she* read alike the same distinct understanding. Ellen, in her chatter, notwithstanding the warning to her cousin in the beginning, accepted it entirely as a matter of course; and in a hundred things *that Edward had said, as well as in his* looks, which were still more eloquent, there had been strong confirmation of the general belief. But yet—Hester could not make up her mind that it was beyond doubt. She watched him, not *with anxiety so much as with a great* curiosity. If it was not so, would she be deeply disappointed? she asked herself, without being able to answer that question. And as to her own sentiments, they were quite as perplexing. *She was half ashamed to feel that they* depended upon his. Was this a confession of feminine inferiority? she sometimes wondered, with a hot blush—the position here being very perplexing indeed, and profoundly difficult *to elucidate; for it neither consist*ed with the girl's dignity to give her love unsought, nor thus to wait as if ready to deliver up her affections to the first bidder.

Such a matter of thought, involving *the greatest interests of life, is curious*ly mixed up with its most frivolous events. They met in the midst of the dancing with a constant crash and accompaniment of dance music, amid chatterings and laughter, and all the *inane nothings of a ball-room, and yet* in the midst of this, were to consider and decide the most important question of their lives. It was only thus, except by concerted meetings which would have solved the question, that they could meet at all, and the grotesque incongruity of such surroundings with the matter in the foreground sometimes affected Hester with a sort of moral sickness and disgust. The scene seemed to throw a certain unworthiness, levity, unelevated aspect, upon the question altogether; as if this thing which was to affect two lives was no more than an engagement for a dance.

And though it is a strange thing to say, it is doubtful whether Edward was much more decided in his sentiments than Hester was. In such a case the man, at least, generally knows what he wants; but, partly because Edward's mind was in a high state of excitement upon other subjects, he, too, was for a moment entirely uncertain as to what his wishes were. He knew with sufficient distinctness that he could not tolerate the idea of her appropriation by any one else, and it was his intention that some time or other Hester should be his, and no one else's, which gave a foundation to his thoughts which was wanting to hers. But, further than this, he, too, was in a chaos similar to that of Hester. Sometimes there was in his mind the strongest impulse to tell her that he loved her, and to settle the matter by an engagement, which must, however, he felt, be a secret one, giving satisfaction to themselves but to no one else. And here it may be remarked that whereas Hester was apt to be seized with sudden fits of shame at the idea that, perhaps, after all her thoughts on the subject, he was not thinking of her at all, Edward, on the other hand, felt no such alarm, and never thought it even presumptuous on his part to assume the certainty of her love for him, which, as the reader knows, was a certainty to which she had not herself attained. He believed with simplicity that when, if ever, nay, certainly, it was to happen, some time, he declared himself, Hester would respond at once. He acknowledged to himself that it was possible that, in pique, or impatience, or weariness, if he did not keep a vigilant watch over the situation, it might happen that Hester would accept some one else. Her mother might drive her to it, or the impossibility of going on longer might drive her to it: but he had so much confidence in the simplicity of her nature that he did not believe that the complications that held him in on every side could affect her, and was sure that in heart the question was solved in the most primitive way.

This was, and generally is, the great difference between the man and woman in such a controversy; until he had spoken, it was a shame to her that she should ask herself did he intend to speak. But Edward felt no shame. If ever the idea occurred that he might be mistaken in supposing she loved him; such a discovery would have made him furious. He would have aimed all sorts of names, such as coquette and jilt, at her; but he had no fear of any such mistake. He felt sure that he had her in his power, and, when he did declare himself, would be received with enthusiasm; and he always meant to declare himself some time, to reward her long suspense, and to make her the happiest of women. In words, this power is generally allotted to the lady as it was in the days of chivalry. But the nineteenth century has modified many things, and if ever (out of America) *it was really the woman who oc*cupied the commanding position, it is no longer so in the apprehension of the world. Only, in this particular case, as has been seen, Emma was wrong. It is possible enough that, in the curi*ous position of affairs between them,* she would have followed his lead, whatever it might be; but even this was by no means certain, and, as a matter of fact, though her curiosity about him drew her mind after him, she had not even gone *so far as he had, nor come* to any ultimate certainty on the case at all.

Emma Ashton, who, by means of propinquity—that quick knitted—had become Hester's frequent companion, had very difficult ideas *on a similar* subject. There was no sort of indefiniteness in her views. She was perfectly clear as to what she was to do in a given case, and the case in question occupied, probably, almost as great a share in her thoughts as the different, yet similar question which agitated the mind of Hester. It was, indeed, to outward view, though with so many and subtle differences, a very similar question. Emma's wonder was whether Reginald Merridew would "speak" before she went away. She had no doubt that all the requisite sentiments were existing, and she had satisfied herself that when he did "speak" there was no reason why she should not reply favorably. The family was quite respectable, it might almost be said also that it was quite well off, but there were rumors that Algernon was to be "made an eldest son" of, which were somewhat disquieting. The suggestion was one which made Emma indignant, notwithstanding the gratitude she owed Algernon and his wife for giving her "her chance" in Redborough.

"When there is an estate I suppose it is all right," Emma said; "anyhow, it can't be helped when that's the case, and there must be an eldest son. But when your property is in money, it does seem such a great mistake to make a difference between your children. Don't you think so? Oh, but I do; they are just one as good as another, and why should one be rich and another poor? If old Mr. Merridew does anything of this sort I am sure I shall always think it is very unfair."

"I suppose Mr. Merridew has a right to do as he pleases," said Hester; "and as it does not matter to us—"

"You speak a great deal too fast," said Emma, offended. "Say it it does not matter to you; but it may to me a *great deal, and therefore I take a great* interest in it. Do you think parents have a right to do what they please? If they make us come into the world, whether we wish it or not, of course they are bound to do their best for us. *I am the youngest myself, and I hope* I know my place, but then there was no money at all among us. Papa spent it all himself; so certainly there was share and share alike, for there was nothing. When that's the case, no*body can have a word to say.* But the Merridews have a good deal, and every one ought to have his just share. Not but what I like Algernon Merridew very much. He is always very kind. He is always very agreeable, *and I think it very nice both of Ellen* and him that they should have been so kind to me and given me my chance, though you say we're no relations. I am sure I always thought we were relations, for my part."

"*Did you think Reginald was your* relation, too?"

"Well, not, perhaps, quite so far as that—a connection, I should have said; but it does not matter much now," Emma said, with a little simper of satisfaction. "*What a good thing Roland* found out about grandpapa and grandmamma, Hester, and how fortunate that they should have asked me! If everything goes right, I shall feel that I owe the happiness of my life to it. When a girl goes *out upon a visit, she* never knows what may happen before she gets home—or even, she may never need to go home at all. I don't know it I shall, I am sure. To talk about anything taking place from Roland's house would be absurd. Why, we don't even know the clergyman! and nobody cares a bit about us. If there was the least meaning in home it should be from Elinor's, you know—for everybody knows us there."

"What do you mean by 'anything taking place?'—and from—from what?" Hester asked, who never paid too much attention to Emma's monologues, and had altogether lost the thread of her discourse now.

"Oh," cried Emma, clasping Hester's arm close, "how you do make one blush! Of course you know what I mean. If he speaks before I go away—and I am sure I hope he will, for it would be such a nuisance to have him following you up to Kilburn!—I don't suppose there would be any occasion for waiting long. Why should people wait when they are well off enough, and nothing to be gained by it? When the man has not got settled in a proper situation, or when there is not enough to live upon, then, of course, they must put it off. But in such a case as ours—I mean this, you know—it might as well be here as anywhere," Emma said, reflectively. "Cousin Catherine has always been very kind to me; and rather than let grandpapa and grandmamma be disturbed at their age, I shouldn't wonder if she would give the breakfast—especially considering the double connection, and that it is such a very good thing to get me settled. You needn't laugh, Hester. It is not a thing to laugh at. Unless I had settled, what should I have done? You are an only daughter. You don't know what it is to be the youngest and have no proper home."

These words mollified Hester, who had been in lofty opposition—half disgusted, half indignant. She was brought down by this appeal to her sympathy. "But you are happy with your brother?" she said.

"Oh, yes—happy enough; Roland is very kind. And though it's a small house, it is tolerably nice, and two maids with nothing particular to do. But it is very dull you know, and I don't know many people. And you must always take into consideration that at any moment Roland might marry, and then where should I be? Why, he admires you very much. He might, just as likely as not, next time he comes, make you an offer, and then where should I be?"

"You think, I suppose," said Hester, loftily, "that when a man makes an offer, as you say, that is all about it; there is no opposition to be looked for on the girl's side?"

"Well, you know," said Emma, "I call you one of the high-flown ones. There are always some like that. But in an ordinary way what do girls want but their chance? And when *they've* got it, what folly to refuse—at least, in my position, Hester. If I don't get settled, what have I to look forward to? Roland will marry sooner or later. He's an awful flirt, and though he ad*mires you very much, I shouldn't* advise you to have anything to do with him unless you just marry him out and out. I should think he'd make a good husband. But don't be engaged to him, Hester; mind my words. Be *married to him in three weeks, or have* nothing to say to him—that is my advice. Oh, you need not be huffy. I am sure I don't want you or anyone to marry him, at least, till I am settled. But if I don't settle now, he is sure, of *course, to marry some time; and then* where shall I be? That is what makes me wish that if—*he*, you know, is going to speak, he would do it, and not shilly-shally. It is astonishing how men shilly-shally. I think they take *a pleasure in it. They would know* better if they had to wait as we have, and wonder, and feel that we can't make any arrangements or settle anything till we know what's coming. If I have to go away and he never says *anything, I don't know what I shall* do."

(To be Continued.)

THE

MECHANICS' STORE

NEW SCALE OF PRICES.

L. GOLD

HAS DECIDED TO SELL HIS GROceries by retail, giving to the Public all the advantage of the wholesale market—for cash, viz.:

Best Flour, $5.37½ per bbl.
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Best Green Coffee, pure Java, **6 lbs. for a dollar.**
Best Ground Coffee, pure Java, **25c. per pound.**
Eastern covered Hams, 20c. per lb.
Golden Syrup, 75c. per gal.
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Rice, $3.75 per cwt.

All description of **Groceries, Spices, &c.,** will be sold in proportion, a detailed list being too long.

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The above prices being actually the wholesale rates, no rebate will be made no matter how large the quantity purchased. jny3tc

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JAMES WISE

OFFERS FOR SALE A LARGE AND well selected stock of General Merchandise:

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Boots and Shoes,
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Gum Coats,
Oil-skin Clothing, &c.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Velveteens, Cashmeres, Plaids, Flannels, Sheetings, Shirtings, and Table Damasks.

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Cloaks, Jackets, and Millinery.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

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☞ Prices to suit the times.

JAMES WISE,
de3m2 Front Street, New Westminster.

Globe House!

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Large Stock of Goods

on hand, well assorted, which will be sold until further notice at

COST PRICES FOR READY CASH.

The Stock comprises

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BRITISH and CANADIAN HOSIERY.

Men's, Youth's and Boys'

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JACKETS, DOLMANS and ULSTERS,

And a great variety of other Goods.

☞ *Inspection Invited. Goods all first-*class and quite new.

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WM. RAE.
de13tc

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M. STEVES & SONS,
Proprietors.
Columbia St., Opp. Post Office. de17tc

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FRONT ST., - NEW WESTMINSTER

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Extra, Superfine and Graham

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Agents for Pacific Coast Steamship Co. (ja9tc)

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W. J. French's Old Stand

COLUMBIA STREET

(Centrally located for convenience of Ladies ordering), a Market to supply the Public with all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked

Fish, Game, Vegetables, Fruit,

—AND—

General Farm Produce, &c.,

Where there will always be found a good supply on hand.

GOODS DELIVERED FREE OF *CHARGE to private houses and hotels,* upon orders being left at the office.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of the Public.

☞ Remember the stand—**Two Doors below Trapp Bros.**

WINDSOR & NELSON,
Managers at Market.
JAMES TAFFANDOLE,
Manager Fishing.
jly5tc

Brunette Saw Mill.

DeBeck Bros. & Co,

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of

Rough & Dressed Lumber,

Shingles, Shakes, Pickets,

SALMON BOXES

AND TRAYS.

We intend to keep a full stock of

Sash,
Doors,
Blinds,
Mouldings

&c., &c., &c., in fact

Everything in Woodwork

That will be required to

FINISH A HOUSE

From bottom to top.

Orders for **Scroll Sawing, Trimming and Shaping,** will be promptly and carefully attended to. We pay particular attention to the manufacture of good, dry

Salmon Boxes,

And we believe our customers will bear us out in saying that we make

The Best Salmon Boxes on the River.

We sincerely thank those who have favored us with their patronage in the past, and beg to solicit a continuance of their favors. During the past winter we have made extensive additions to our Mill, and can now fill orders more promptly and cheaply than ever. We have chartered the steamer "Iris" for the season, and will therefore be able to deliver Lumber promptly. We have also to announce to the citizens of **Port Moody** that we have opened a branch of our business at that place, and will be able to fill orders from there in a few days.

DeBECK BROS. & CO.
New Westminster, Mar 28th, 1884. tfc

R. T. WILLIAMS,

BOOK BINDER, PAPER RULER, and Blank Book Manufacturer.

Maps and Drawing Paper Mounted. Files of Magazines, Illustrated Papers, etc., neatly and cheaply Bound,

Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

WHITE BRONZE MONUMENTS

ENDORSED BY SCIENTISTS AS PRACTICALLY indestructible.

BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN MARBLE OR GRANITE.

Over 500 beautiful Designs.

Send for Price List & Circulars

D. J. ROBSON,

NEW WESTMINSTER,

Sole Agent for British Columbia.

au2tc

THOMAS McNEELY,

General Groceries, Provisions, Dry Goods, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Tinware,

——AND——

GENERAL DEALER,

LADNER'S LANDING, B. C.

(ly23y1)

Newton A. White,

Importer and Dealer in

Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's

CLOTHING

GENTLEMEN'S

Furnishing Goods, HATS & CAPS, Rubber Clothing

UMBRELLAS, ETC.

☞ **THE BEST ASSORTMENT**

—OF—

ENTIRELY NEW GOODS

IN THE CITY.

COLUMBIA STREET

Opposite Bank of British Columbia. oc15tc

Douglas & Deighton

Importers, Manufacturers, and Dealers in

HARNESS

SADDLERY, Harness Trimmings, &c.

Have opened a Store in the new Colonial Block,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

And have a fine assortment of everything required in our line.

THANKING OUR NUMEROUS PAtrons in all parts of the Province for past support, we hope, by strict attention to the wants of our customers, to continue supplying them, and to gain new patronage in this vicinity. We feel confident that we can give better and cheaper Har*ness and Saddles than can be purchased* elsewhere, having a large and varied stock of everything on hand.

OUR YALE BRANCH

Is conducted by R. DEIGHTON,

and

SPENCE'S BRIDGE BRANCH

By J. W. BURR.

Parties ordering from any of those places can have Harness, &c., at freight advances *on cost at this place.*

New Westminster, Nov. 11, 1884. no22tc

MAN WANTED.

(MARRIED PREFERRED.)

WITH ABOUT FIVE HUNDRED DOLlars capital, to take charge of a farm. (Produce is more profitable than labor).

Apply to T. W. KERR,
no22tc New Westminster, B. C.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Sale of Lots in Osoyoos District

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the lots into which the Government Re*serve at Spallumcheen Landing has* been divided, now designated Belvidere, will be offered for sale at public auction at the office of Walter Dewdney, Esq., Government Agent, Spallumcheen, at noon on Saturday, 14th February.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., Dec. 17, 1884. 27td

KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

RESERVATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all the vacant bottom lands subject to overflow which are situated at the mouth of Lardo Creek, at the northern end of Kootenay Lake, containing one thousand acres, more or less, are hereby reserved until further notice.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., Dec. 10th, 1884. [d17m

KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

CANCELLATION OF RESERVATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT that portion of a notice published in *the British Columbia Gazette,* and dated 23rd May, 1883, which more particularly relates to the lands set apart and reserved upon Kootenay Lake and its tributaries, is hereby rescinded, and that said reservation is cancelled.

Three months from the date hereof these lands will be open for pre-emption and purchase.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, Dec. 10th, 1884. d17m

INTERNATIONAL & COLONIAL EXHIBITIONS

ANTWERP IN 1885.—LONDON IN 1886.

IT IS THE INTENTION to have a Canadian representation at the INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION at Antwerp, commencing in May, 1885, and also at the COLONIAL and INDIAN EXHIBITION in London in 1886.

The Government will defray the cost of freight in conveying Canadian Exhibits to Antwerp, and from Antwerp to London *and also of returning them to Canada in* the event of their not being sold.

All Exhibits for Antwerp should be ready for shipment not later than the first week in March next.

These Exhibitions, it is believed, will afford favorable opportunity for making known the natural capabilities, and manufacturing and industrial progress of the Dominion.

Circulars and forms containing more particular information may be obtained by letter (post free) addressed to the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

By Order,
JOHN LOWE,
Sec. Dept. of Agriculture
Department of Agriculture,
Ottawa, Dec. 19th, 1884. jny14t6

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. Albert J. Armstrong has ceased to be the Manager of *the firm of Armstrong & Burr,* Lumber Merchants, Port Moody, and has no authority to enter into any contracts, or do any act on the part of the firm.

Port Moody, Jan. 9th, 1885. jny10tc

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made at the next session of the Legislature for a Bill to incorporate the Brunette Saw Mill Co., Limited.

HUGHES & ATKINSON,
Agents for Applicants.
New Westminster, Dec. 20, 1884. d24w6

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT *application will be made to the Le*gislative Assembly of British Columbia, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the New Westminster and Port Moody Telephone Company, Limited, so as to authorize the said Company to extend its lines of telephone from the City of New Westminster to Burrard Inlet and thence to Granville *and through*out and beyond Granville and its vicinity in such direction as the Company may determine.

Dated January 7th, 1885.
CORBOULD & McCOLL,
jny18w6 Solicitors of Applicants.

—TO—

RAILWAY CONTRACTORS

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO THE

10th Day of February Next,

—FOR—

CLEARING, GRADING & BRIDGING

20 MILES OF THE

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

From Esquimalt Northward.

Plans, Specifications and Bills of Quantities can be seen at the Company's Office, Victoria, B. C., where tenders are to be left.

Further information may be obtained on application to J. HUNTER, Chief Engineer.

R. DUNSMUIR, President,
jny14td E. & N. Railway Co.

MAINLAND CIGAR FACTORY

WHITE LABOR ONLY.

WM. TIETJEN

HAS OPENED A CIGAR FACTORY in the

Holbrook Stone Building,

NEW WESTMINSTER,

And having had many years experience, is now prepared to supply the trade with a superior article at prices as low as can be obtained elsewhere. Look out for the

"MAINLAND"

BRAND OF CIGARS.

☞ It beats them all. se24tc

PARTNERSHIP WANTED

BY A STEADY YOUNG MAN, REliable and active, with moderate capital. References exchanged. Address "Business," This Office. jny14m4

BOARD AND LODGING

A LARGE DOUBLE BEDROOM, newly furnished and well heated, suitable for two or three gentlemen. Terms moderate.

W. N. BINGHAM,
jny7tc At L. Gold's Store.

NOTICE.

ALL ACCOUNTS AGAINST THE N. W. & P. M. Telephone Co. must be rendered forthwith to me, by whom, for the future, all accounts will be paid and all moneys collected.

Signed: W. WEEKS,
no8tc Sec. & Treas.

NOTICE.

PARTIES LOCATING AND PREempting land are hereby notified that land within the limits of the Hastings Saw Mill Company's lease is not open for settlement, and that any one entering thereon will be prosecuted for trespass.

RICH'D H. ALEXANDER,
de8-tc Manager.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for an act to incorporate a Company to construct and work a railway from a point in the city of New Westminster to some point near the 49th parallel of North latitude between Semiahmoo Bay and Township 16 in the District of New Westminster, Province of British Columbia.

CORBOULD & McCOLL,
Solicitors for Applicants.
New Westminster, Dec. 1st, 1884. d17w6

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT an application will be made to the *Legislative Assembly of the Province of* British Columbia, at its next session, for a charter to construct a line of railway from some point near the 49th parallel of north latitude, between Semiahmoo Bay and the eastern boundary of Township 10, in the District of New Westminster, to the City of New Westminster.

HUGHES & ATKINSON,
Agents for Applicants.
New Westminster, Dec. 12, 1884. de13w6

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for an act to amend the "New Westminster City Lands Act, 1884," so as to remove any doubt respecting the effect thereof as a grant of the lands therein mentioned to *the City of New Westminster free from* incumbrances, and to confirm a certain By-law of the said City duly made on the Eleventh day of August, 1884, entituled "The Land Sale Bylaw, 1884."

Dated November 20th, 1884.
CORBOULD & McCOLL,
no29w6 Solicitors for Applicants.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for timbering purposes the following described lands situated in New Westminster District:

1. Commencing at a post on the shore of Gillies Bay, Texada Island, about one mile N. W. of Shelter Point, extending along the shore for a distance of 160 chains, with a depth of 80 chains, containing 1280 acres, more or less.

2. Commencing at a post on the North shore of Cardero Channel, nearly opposite Denham Island, extending along the shore for a distance of 100 chains, with a depth of 160 chains, containing 1600 acres, more or less.

3. Commencing at a stake on the shore of Hemming Bay, Thurlow Island, about one-half mile West of Jackson Point; thence following the shore line 120 chains; thence in a N. W. direction 240 chains; thence Easterly 160 chains; thence South to point of commencement, containing 3500 acres, more or less.

HASTINGS SAW MILL CO'Y,
RICHD. H. ALEXANDER,
Manager.
Burrard Inlet, B. C., 30th July, 1884.
au13tc

Legislative Assembly.

PRIVATE BILLS.

ALL APPLICATIONS FOR PRIVATE Bills, properly the subject of legislation by the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, within the purview of the "British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road, or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbor, Canal, Lock, Dam, or Slide, or other like work; the granting of a right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular trade or calling, or of any Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for granting to any individual or individuals any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act—shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, to be published as follows:—

A notice in the *British Columbia Gazette,* and in one newspaper published in the District affected, or if there be no newspaper published therein, then in a newspaper in the next nearest District in which a newspaper is published.

Such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks, during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition.

Before any Petition, praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, is presented to the House, the person or persons intending to petition for such Bill shall, upon giving Notice *prescribed by the preceding rule, also at* the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and mentioning also whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

THORNTON FELL,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
se24tc

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease for timber purposes of the undermentioned parcels of Land situate in New Westminster and Coast Districts:

No. 1.—Commencing at a post on the shore of Rickley Bay, on the north side of Thurlow Island, thence South 100 chains, thence East 120 chains (more or less) to the S. W. corner of tract already applied for; thence North 100 chains, thence West 80 chains (more or less) to N. E. corner of the Moodyville Saw Mill Co.'s claim; thence following the boundaries of the Moodyville Saw Mill Co.'s claim and shore line to point of commencement, containing 750 acres, more or less.

No. 2.—Commencing at a post on the north shore of Cardero Channel nearly opposite Rickley Bay; thence North 120 chains, thence West 60 chains, thence South 140 chains (more or less) to the shore; thence in an Easterly direction, following the shore to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

No. 3.—Commencing at the S. W. corner of claim already applied for in Hemming Bay, Thurlow Island; thence South 240 chains (more or less) to the shore of Nodales Channel; thence in a North-Easterly direction, *following the shore to the point* of commencement, containing about 800 acres.

No. 4.—Commencing at a post on the west shore of Valdes Island about one mile north of Inlet Point; thence East 80 chains, thence North 120 chains, thence West 80 chains (more or less) to the shore; thence in a Southerly direction, following the shore to the point of commencement, and containing 950 acres, more or less.

No. 5.—Commencing at a post on the south shore of Hardwicke Island, opposite the upper end of Thurlow Island; thence North 80 chains, thence West 80 chains, thence South 80 chains (more or less) to the shore; thence in an Easterly direction, following the shore to point of commencement; containing 640 acres, more or less.

HASTINGS SAW MILL CO.,
RICHD. H. ALEXANDER,
Manager.
Burrard Inlet, B. C.,
16th December, 1884. de20m1

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO R.R.

CONTRACTOR'S OFFICE,
VICTORIA, Sept. 22, 1884.

SCHEDULE OF WAGES

For White Labor on the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway.

Rock Foreman	$3 00	to	$4 00	per day
Earth Foreman	2 50	"	3 00	"
Bridge Foreman	3 50	"	4 00	"
Bridge Carpenters			3 00	"
Blacksmiths, 1st class			3 50	"
Drillers	2 00	"	2 25	"
Laborers	1 75	"	2 00	"
Hewers			3 00	"
Choppers	1 75	"	2 00	"

All outside labor ten hours per day.

All carpenters to furnish their own chest tools.

All employees find themselves board, bed and lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient along the line.

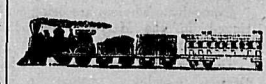
Board, $4 per week.

It will not be compulsory for employees to board in the company's houses.

Wages will be paid monthly on the 15th o each month.

GRAHAM & BUSK,
oc4tc Contractors.

Canadian Pacific Railway



NEW SCHEDULE

—OF—

WAGES

—FOR—

WHITE LABOR

—ON THE—

Canadian Pacific Railway

—IN—

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Overseers			$125 00	per month.
Rock Foremen	$3 50	to	$4 00	per day
Earth Foremen	2 50	"	3 50	"
Bridge Foremen	3 50	to	4 50	"
Bridge Carpenters, 1st class	3 50			"
Bridge Carpenters, 2nd class	3 00			"
Masons	2 50	to	3 50	"
Stone Cutters	3 00	to	3 50	"
Blacksmiths, 1st class	3 50			"
Blacksmiths, 2nd class	3 00			"
Blacksmith Helpers	1 50	to	2 00	"
Drillers	2 00	to	2 25	"
Laborers	1 75	to	2 00	"
Hewers, 1st class	3 50			"
Choppers, 1st class	2 00	to	2 50	"
Scorers, 1st class	2 50			"

All outside labor 10 hours per day.

All Carpenters to furnish their own Chest Tools.

All Employees to find themselves Bed, Board and Lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient along the Line. Board—$5 per week.

It will not be compulsory for Employees to board in the Company's Houses.

Wages will be paid monthly, on the 10th of each month.

A. ONDERDONK,
GENERAL MANAGER.

OFFICE OF THE CONTRACTORS,
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY,
Yale, March 1, 1883.

DR. ALLEN'S

PRIVATE DISPENSARY,
26½ Kearny St., San Francisco, Cal.

ESTABLISHED FOR THE SCIENTIFIC AND SPEEDY CURE OF CHRONIC, NERVOUS AND SPECIAL DISEASES.

THE EXPERT SPECIALIST,

DR. ALLEN, AS IS WELL KNOWN, IS A *regular graduated Physician, educated at* Bowdoin College and University of Michigan. He has devoted a lifetime to the study of the treatment and cure of diseases within his specialty.

YOUNG MEN

And MIDDLE AGED MEN, who are suffering from the effects of Youthful Indiscretions or Excesses in maturer years, NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, IMPOTENCE, LOST MANHOOD, confusion of ideas, dull eyes, aversion to society, despondency, pimples on the face, loss of energy and memory, frequency of urinating, etc.

MY HOSPITAL EXPERIENCE

(Having been surgeon in charge of two leading hospitals) enables me to treat all private troubles with excellent results. I wish it distinctly understood that I do not claim to perform impossibilities, or to have miraculous or supernatural power. I claim only to be a skilful and successful Physician and Surgeon, *thoroughly* informed in my specialty—

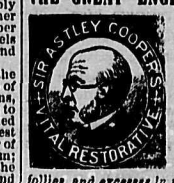
DISEASES OF MAN.

All applying to me will receive my honest opinion of their complaints—No experimenting. I will guarantee a positive cure in every case I undertake, or forfeit $1,000. Consultation in office or by letter FREE and strictly private. Charges reasonable. Thorough examination, including chemical and microscopical analysis of urine, and advice, $5.00. Office hours, 9 to 3 daily, 6 to 8 evening. Sunday, 9 to 12 only. Call or address

DR. ALLEN,
26½ Kearney street, San Francisco, Cal.

☞ Remember, the Doctor has a VEGETABLE COMPOUND, the result of many years of special practice and hard study, which, under his special advice, has never failed of success in the cure of LOST MANHOOD, PROSTATORRHŒA, etc.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY



Is a never-failing Cure for Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality of any kind, Weakness, Paralysis, Prostatorrhœa, and all the terrible effects of youthful *follies, and excesses in maturer years.*

DR. MINTIE will agree to forfeit **Five Hundred Dollars** for a case of this kind the **Vital Restorative** (under his special advice and treatment) will not cure, or for anything impure or injurious found in it. **DR. MINTIE** treats all Diseases successfully without mercury. **Consultation free.** Thorough examination and advice, $5·00. Price of **Vital Restorative,** $3·00 a bottle, or four times the quantity, $10·00; sent to any address upon receipt of price, or C. O. D., secure from observation, and in private name if desired, by **A. E. MINTIE, M. D.**

Those who cannot visit **DR. MINTIE** in San Francisco should send a full and minute statement of their troubles with $25·00, *and in return a full course of* Medicine will be forwarded, securely packed, so as not to excite curiosity.

All orders for medicine C. O. D. must be accompanied with $1.00 (as a guarantee of good faith), which will be deducted when the package is shipped.

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE.—Sent on application by letter stating symptoms, sex and age. Communications strictly confidential. jny31-1y

11 Kearney Street, San Francisco, C