THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
—IS PUBLISHED—
Every Wednesday & Saturday,
—BY—
D. ROBSON & CO.
OFFICE, COLUMBIA STREET. ENTRANCE TO EDITORIAL AND BUSINESS DEPARTMENT THROUGH T. R. PEARSON & CO'S. BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

TERMS...By Mail, $3 a year; $1 50 for 6 mos.; $1 for 3 mos.; payable in Advance. Delivered by Carrier or Agent, $1 per quarter, payable quarterly to Carrier or Agent.

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THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

VOLUME 26 — NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1884. — NUMBER 27

The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, Oct. 4, 1884.

Current Events and Opinions.

Why should not even the bluest of Ontario Tories give three cheers for Oliver Mowat at the present time? Mr. Mowat never hit anybody half as hard as John Bright has been hitting English Tories for nearly fifty years, yet we believe many a good English Tory did give three cheers for John Bright at the Birmingham celebration. Mr. Mowat's party politics are a matter of no concern to *The Presbyterian;* but Mr. Mowat as a man, as a statesman, as a distinguished jurist, as premier of Ontario, may well be put before the young men of Canada as an example of what industry, perseverance, integrity, pluck, and a clean character all round can raise a man to. * * * What he is he made himself, and made himself by those very qualities that are not considered of as much value now as they once were. This is the lesson we wish to enforce on the young men of Canada—integrity, industry, perseverance, plodding, honor, combined with a good manner and a kind heart, are the qualities that tell in the end.—*Canada Presbyterian.*

The Gladstone administrations are always successful in handling the imperial finances, and the present government, notwithstanding the legacy of petty wars left it by the Beaconsfield administration, is no exception to the rule. In his last four years Beaconsfield had a deficit of $36,650,000 while Gladstone in the same period of time reports a surplus of $7,750,000; notwithstanding that he met each year's expenditure by each year's revenue throughout. In four years Beaconsfield decreased the national debt by $54,920,000, but in the corresponding period Gladstone decreased it by $125,120,000; or in other words the present government has decreased the imperial charges on debt account by $5,000,000 annually forever, which means a reduction of annual taxes to that amount. Were it not that the government felt compelled to relieve the Indian people of the injustice forced upon them by Beaconsfield, in taxing them for the expenses of the Afghanistan war, the amount of debt liquidated would have been $25,000,000 more than it was. Gladstone's policy tempered with justice has been marked with financial success. The press gag laws removed and the taxes of India relieved will redound to the Liberal party's credit.—*Ottawa Free Press.*

Sir John Macdonald, whatever else may be said of him, has not subjected himself to the reproach of appointing to the bench, from party motives, men who would do discredit to the position. Weak appointments he has sometimes been obliged to make, and the choice of material is becoming more and more restricted. The desire of the leading members of the bar is naturally to reach the highest honors of the profession; but the disproportion between the professional gains of leading Canadian counsel and the salaries of the judges has now become so great that the best men cannot be induced to exchange the emoluments of the bar for the higher dignity of the bench. The situation is one that is full of evil. The bench seems destined to become the refuge of second and even third-class lawyers. Recently, offers of judicial appointments have been rejected by several leading members of the bar in succession; and it is well understood that not one of the great lights of the profession, whatever his wishes might be, could afford to accept such a salary as he would be obliged to take if he became a judge. Unless some change be made, we shall before long see the superior courts in possession of men greatly inferior in a knowledge of the law to the counsel who habitually plead before them: appeals, which have already become far too numerous, will become still more frequent: and respect for judicial decisions from which all certainty and stability have departed will suffer a serious decline. But for one or two reasons, Mr. John O'Connor would not have been made a supreme court judge; his appointment is evidently owing either to the impossibility of finding a first-rate man who would take the position—which may safely be assumed—or to the supposed necessity of occasionally observing ecclesiastical lines in the distribution of secular patronage. The truth is this appointment is one of the bids for Roman Catholic votes that both political parties are constantly making. Already, it may be, there were weaker men on the bench than Mr. O'Connor; but whether this be so or not, the appointment marks another step in a descent from which nothing but evil can come. The obvious remedy is to raise the salaries of the judges. Leading counsel cannot afford to take on the bench one-half or one-third of what they can make at the bar. The difficulty is supposed to be with the judges of the smaller provinces, whose services, it is assumed, would be overpaid by salaries which would command the best talent of the Ontario bar, and against whom it would be difficult to make a discrimination. But unless the situation, which is already bad, is to get worse, some change must be made. It would not be necessary to increase the salaries to the highest amounts which a few leading counsel can make; the honor of the position, to reach which is an object of just ambition, would count for something. As things go at present, the prize is becoming of less value, and the incentive to take it is losing some of its force.—*The Week.*

A "Queer" Story.

There is a cheap clothing dealer on Kearny, near California, whose confidence in mankind has received a severe setback. The other day an honest looking countryman walked into his store and said:

"You remember that second-hand overcoat I bought here for eight dollars yesterday?"

"Never dakes pack anytings ven vonce solt, my frent," said the handme-downer.

"Oh! that's all right. I just wanted to say that I found this five hundred dollar bill sewed in the lining. Perhaps the owner may call for it."

"Of gorse he vill—he has call already, my tear friendt," exclaimed the dealer eagerly capturing the money. "You ish von honish man. Here I gif you feefty tollar ash a revard. Dot vil pe all right."

When the honest customer got around the corner he murmured softly: "I guess I'd better take this fifty and skip up to Portland, before that sheeny tumbles to that counterfeit. It's getting mighty hard to shove the 'queer' round these parts, and that's a fact."—*San Francisco Post.*

Love and Metaphysics.

"Do you really love me, Charlie?" asked Maude, plucking a daisy.

"Yes, dear, I love you now," replied Charles, who had been reading metaphysics. "But love is either a vanity and inflation of the heart, or a physical state which depends for its continuance upon a pre-requisite physical bias."

"Oh!" exclaimed Maude.

"Yes," resumed Charlie; "and there is no telling how long it will last."

"Why, what do you mean, Charlie? I know mine will last forever."

"I will try and explain, dear. As thought is produced by molecular changes in the brain, so love arises from molecular action in the sensorium and nerve-centres. Now everything which excites and delights our perceptions may be traced to an infinitely numerous complication in the atomic constitution of what Haeckel calls the albumen—compounds which compose the plasma of the plastid. At this moment my sense perceptions are excited by your beauty, so——"

"Your love will last——"

"As long as your beauty lasts."

"And my love——"

"As long as my purse holds out."

"Oh, dear, I suppose you are right, but I do wish you wouldn't bother me with those horrid metaphysics."—*Life.*

The Modern Shakespeare.

"Last night, Andromeda, heard I Vingardo and Beatrice coo!"

"Coo, said'st thou, cavalier?"

"Coo, pretty carper, coo!"

"That hints of doves, Sir Sinister, an' I be sworn there were some grosser fowl more like that dowdy twain."

"Sith it were love they prattled of, sweet cackler, and doves be poets' symbols of that same, 'tis coo that dovetails with me tale's intent. An' 'fore the gods, Andromeda, there is a mushy flavor to the word that much belikes the matter to their speech."

"So, boy? That fits supremely well me measure of Vingardo and this wanton Marcia; and I will hold mine ear to catch thy tell. Wag me the tale, Sir Sirius!"

"An' thou dost dog me to't, I will. Just i' the glooming spell, when yester saw me scale Marcia well, mid latticed quiet, where the woodbine folds its dainty tendrils 'bout an arbored grot', I saw these silly folk in sweet commune. The sapling knight did somehow serpentine her girdle's rim, and while her head did socket towards his neck his largest ear did overhang the minx and lap up answer to his liplet's lush."

"O, what a pose were there, my countryman! Now lay the lies the lunatic did lap!"

"Why, girl, the first faint whisper that befell was such as titled her his 'sweet white swan.'"

"Please Providence, defend the bird! Had he said swine the rogue would hint, at least, of closer kinship. And then, Henrico?"

"Then, eager one, he said she was 'his tiny toodlet, tripping upon his heart with tinkling feet, each tender toelet timing its tap with some transcendent tune.'"

"O, lord of lollipop! This doth outmellow mush. And then, trite tattler?"

"Then sampled he her features, maid, and quoth, 'Thy lips are Paradisian peaches, grown from some most beauteous blossom wherefrom no bee hath ever sipped the luscious hydromel that now doth lave me sense with taste of Heaven.'"

"Ingyons and ipecac? Brought this no qualm?"

"Quam, quizzing queen? She quaffed the sap with look of chick that chews a sugarplum, and burrowing deeper 'neath his neck's recess, did faintly twitter of surpassing bliss, and wondered if some angel i' the azure vault yearned not to swap conditions with her."

"Enough, Henrico! This doth revert me so to that soft season when we first did woo, that if thou longer prat'st I'll think me yet again the same soft gumdrop and thee the olden caramel that 'twas our wont to sweet each other with."

T. H. MATHERS, M. D.
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mh15-tc

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Give him a call and judge for yourselves.
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AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK IN THE FORENOON,
When the following Lots will be submitted to public competition in accordance with the Land Sale By-Law, 1884, viz:
Government Office Gardens, Block A
Lots 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 13, 15, 17, 22.
Victoria Gardens, Block B.
Lots 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 12, 13, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 25 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 33, 35, 36, 38.
Alice Gardens, Block E.
Lots 1, 4, 5, 7, 9.
Louise Gardens, Block C.
Lots 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 8.
Clinton Place Reserve, Block F.
Lots 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 18, 20, 22, 23, 25, 27, 28, 30, 32, 33, 35.
Merchant Square, Block G.
Lots 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9.
Sailors' Home, Block L.
Lots 1, 2.
TERMS—33⅓ per cent. on the fall of the hammer, 33⅓ per cent. in three months, and the balance of the purchase money in six months from date of Sale.
By Order,
A. J. ALPORT, C. M. C.
Dated at New Westminster the 2nd day of September, 1884. 3setd

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Good farms in all parts.
165 acres on False Creek road.
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245 acres near Ladner's Landing.
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1440 ACRES CHOICE
DELTA LANDS
3 MILES FROM LADNER'S Landing, on the Trunk Wagon Road; two other roads running through the premises. Apply to
E. A. WADHAMS,
de22tc Ladner's Landing, B.C.

SECOND-HAND
Engine, &c., for Sale!
CYLINDER 8x12, SUITABLE for direct action Saw-mill; with Saw Arbor and two 62 inch Spaulding-tooth Saws; also, feed gear, donkey pump, and shell boiler. The whole is in good order, and may be seen at the Brunette Saw-mill. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply to
DEBECK BROS. & CO.
New West., 20th Dec., 1883. [de22tc

LARGE SALE
—OF—
100 HEAD OF STOCK
AT LANGLEY.
TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION AT Henry Wark's farm, Langley, on
Wednesday, the 22nd of October,
His entire stock, with that of the Hudson Bay Co., consisting of about 56 head of fat cattle—cows, young steers, heifers and calves. The stock is all in prime condition. Also, about 80 tons well saved Timothy Hay, in sheds.
Six months' credit will be given on approved security. Parties buying the fat cattle and hay can have the use of the sheds to winter them in. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.
A band of HORSES will be sold at the same time. T. J. TRAPP, Auctioneer.
Langley, 17th Sept., 1884. se17td

GUNS!
Rifles & Revolvers!
BIG GUNS!
BREECH-LOADING SHOT GUNS
From $10.00 to $150.00.
BREECH-LOADING RIFLES
From $5.00 to $75.00.
REVOLVERS
From $3.50 to $25.00.
SHOT, SHOT, SHOT,
All sizes, from dust to 28 ball.
Eagle-Duck & Curtis & Harvey Diamond Grain Powder.
Having imported direct from the Factory the largest stock of Guns, Rifles and Revolvers ever held in this Province, I can and will sell cheaper than any other house in B. C., and what WEBB says you can rely on.
Mainland Gun Store,
COLUMBIA ST., NEW WESTMINSTER.
An immense stock of Sporting Goods, Pocket Cutlery and Tobacconists' Sundries, and Fancy Goods. au18tc

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

Station Restaurant.....P. Clair
Schedule of Wages...Graham & Busk
Auction Sale.....J. Goldstone
County Court.....E. A. Jenns
Land Registry.....R. W. Armstrong
Appointment.....Prov. Sec.

The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, Oct. 4, 1884.

A Mad World.

Some years ago quite a little sensation was produced by certain revelations in connection with the mad world. It had been suspected in many quarters that the walls of many American mad houses contained some people whose lunacy was more a wish on the part of their relatives than an actual fact. An enterprising young man connected with the New York press made up his mind to ascertain by personal observation whether these surmises were true or not. His objective point was the private asylums. But a serious difficulty in the way of personal inquiry lay in the fact that he could not gain admission into these institutions. Determined to accomplish his purpose, however, he managed to have himself committed to one of these places as a bona fide lunatic. The necessary doctors' certificates were procured without much trouble, and he found himself shut up in the mad house, surrounded by all the hideous sights and sounds peculiar to such an institution. Having completed his investigations he returned to the world of reason and published the result, which startled civilization. Some one in England is doing a similar public service. He has entered one of the English asylums. The difficulties of gaining admission in his case do not seem to have been at all serious. Two doctors examined him very briefly and signed the certificate of insanity, and he was at once sent to the mad house! What he saw there has not yet fully transpired, as he is publishing a statement only in pieces. There is sufficient food for reflection, however, in the fact that it is very easy to procure a commitment for insanity, and that herein lies a terrible danger. Once within the walls of a lunatic asylum, the person loses all responsibility and identity as a man. If he protests that he is sane, the protest goes as additional evidence of his insanity; and no person, however sane, could be shut up in one of these places, and submit to the brutal treatment which we are told of, without soon losing his mental balance. It is obvious that there are many circumstances under which there might be strong inducements to commit a sane person to the mad house. It is very often desirable to get rid of one's rivals, or of persons whose fortunes might be secured in the event of their being deprived of all legal standing. The mad house presents an opportunity for the accomplishment of such fiendish purposes which has undoubtedly been taken advantage of in many instances. At the present moment there are two cases in progress in Canada which indicate that our own country has been the scene of similar outrages. A lady has been confined for several years in a Montreal asylum under the pretense of insanity, while it is claimed now that she is perfectly sane, and always has been so! She was committed by relatives who have been fattening ever since on the property which fell to them through her disappearance. The English investigator already refered to, after describing the means by which he obtained admission to the mad house, sums up as follows: "If two rascally hirelings had undertaken to imprison a stupid and helpless young legatee, for the sake of his money, by drugging him with Indian hemp, and suddenly bouncing a couple of nervous medical-men out of their habitual cautiousness and exactitude of statement, the order of events would have been—well, pretty much what it actually was." While such an outrage is possible, something should be done by our legislators to prevent it ever becoming an actual fact. The bare possibility is too horrible to contemplate for a moment with calmness.

Sabbath Desecration.

We have already pointed out several ways in which railway construction has injured this province, but we have not referred to the moral aspect of the question. And this is by no means the least important, for whatever affects the moral status of a community affects also its material progress. There are few who will deny that the laws and opinions of the people of Canada are greatly influenced and moulded by Christianity. The religion of the bible is recognized throughout the statute book, and blasphemy is made a crime. It is not too much to say that this recognition of the Christian religion and the authority of the bible, has much to do with our prosperity and civilization. Those who would feel disposed to question this assertion are a very small minority. If it be true, then, that we owe much of our prosperity as a nation to the fact that we have adopted Christianity as our national religion, it is of very great importance that that religion should be honored and defended under all circumstances. The Christian religion and practice teaches that the Sabbath day should be observed as a day of rest and religious exercise. This teaching cannot be disregarded without disparagement to the national religion; and, hence, our national laws provide a punishment for those who violate the sanctity of the Sabbath. But these laws seem to be absolutely set at naught by the railway contractor and those who are under him. Not only do they openly break the Sabbath (and the law of the Sabbath) themselves, but they do that which tends to make the people a nation of Sabbath breakers. In this province Sabbath desecration has always been too common. People who have been brought up more strictly elsewhere find themselves here beyond the restraints of the society and associations to which they have been accustomed, and they are apt to fall into modes of life which under other circumstances would have greatly shocked their moral senses. Good men, who perceived these things and were impressed with the great importance of preserving the moral tone of the community, have striven to counteract the influences which were subverting our customs. They hoped that the influx of population and the development of the country would bring about changes for the better. That hope has not been altogether realized. The railway has thrust forward personal interests and personal gain in the face of law and religion and all moral considerations. Trains constantly run on Sunday; train hands must work on Sunday or stop working altogether; and where actual construction is not going on, Sunday is made a day for trading and preparation for Monday's work. There is really no Sunday at all on the railway. The hundreds of railway men who have been accustomed to other things in other lands find themselves here confronted with Sunday work or no work at all. If they refuse to break the laws of the land by breaking the Sabbath, they are asked to take their wages and go—their usefulness is gone. The majority of men, whose consciences are not very aggressive, will throw aside moral scruples and take the Sunday work. Thus they receive an education which fits them for other and more serious breaches of moral and civil law—lessons whose tendency is downward. There can be no excuse for this. The railway contractor must know that the laws of the land apply to him as much as they apply to any other person in the province. He must have known that this would be the case when he took the contract; and he must have intended then to become a Sabbath breaker and to teach men so. It is a great misfortune that he was ever permitted to inaugurate such a system. It is a pity that the open and continual violation of a good law should be permitted at any time. The influence of all employers of labor should be exerted in the direction of improving public morals and respect for law, and not in the opposite direction. Mr. Onderdonk has a great deal to answer for in this respect.

Mortgages, Deeds, Leases, Agreements of Sale, and blank forms of all kinds, at T. R. Pearson & Co's.

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

Lots Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16, Block VI, in the Town of Port Moody, Clarke's Survey.

WHEREAS, THE CERTIFICATE OF Title of James Cooper Keith, James William Harvey, and William Holland Keary, to the above mentioned Lots, bearing date the 3rd day of June, 1884, has been lost and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate. Notice is therefore hereby given that such duplicate certificate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within one month from the date hereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office, New Westminster, 4th October, 1884. 4oc1m

WORDS FAIL. "Words fail to express my gratitude," says Mr. SELBY CARTER, of Nashville, Tenn., "for the benefits derived from

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Having been afflicted all my life with Scrofula, my system seemed saturated with it. It came out in Blotches, Ulcers, and Mattery Sores, all over my body." Mr. Carter states that he was entirely cured by the use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, and since discontinuing its use, eight months ago, he has had no return of the scrofulous symptoms.

All baneful infections of the blood are promptly removed by this unequalled alterative.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

STATION RESTAURANT

YALE, B. C.

CLOSE AT HAND TO THE RAILROAD STATION.

THE UNDERSIGNED having fitted up this new establishment as a first-class restaurant, invite the public to give him a call where **Meals are served on the Shortest Notice.** Next door will be found

A Well-Selected Stock of

CROCERIES, CAME AND FRUIT

Also, a First-Class Bakery.

P. CLAIR,
4oc6m Proprietor.

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO R.R.

CONTRACTOR'S OFFICE,
VICTORIA, Sept. 22, 1884.

SCHEDULE OF WAGES

For White Labor on the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway.

Rock Foreman	$3 00 to $4 00	per day	
Earth Foreman	2 50 " 3 00	"	
Bridge Foreman	3 50 " 4 00	"	
Bridge Carpenters	3 00	"	
Blacksmiths, 1st class	3 50	"	
Drillers	2 00 " 2 25	"	
Laborers	1 75 " 2 00	"	
Hewers	3 00	"	
Choppers	1 75 " 2 00	"	

All outside labor ten hours per day.

All carpenters to furnish their own chest tools.

All employees find themselves board, bed and lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient along the line.

Board, $5 per week.

It will not be compulsory for employees to board in the company's houses.

Wages will be paid monthly on the 15th of each month.

GRAHAM & BUSK,
oc4tc Contractors.

GREAT AUCTION SALE —OF— VALUABLE FARM!

TOGETHER WITH

BUILDINGS, STOCK, IMPLEMENTS, Household Furniture, Etc

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN INstructed by Mr. M. P. BARNES to sell by *Public Auction*, on the premises known as Mrs. Sullivan's Farm, on the Scott road, 4 miles from Brown's Landing, on

Friday, October 17, '84

The following valuable Property, viz:

LOT 1.

143 Acres of PRAIRIE LAND, being N.E. ¼ of section 35, township III, between Mud Bay and Boundary Bay. This farm is all prairie, composed of rich black loam, and is known as one of the best pieces of land in the district. Upon the property are a *comfortable frame dwelling, two barns* and a shed.

LOT 2.

1 span Bay Mares, well broken to saddle and single or double harness.
1 Filly, rising two years.
1 two-year old Heifer.
2 yearling Heifers.
1 Calf.
1 Berkshire Boar and a number of Pigs.
Large lot of Chickens.

LOT 3.

1 Farm Wagon, nearly new.
1 pair Doubletrees.
1 Plow, nearly new.
1 Harrow, nearly new.
1 set double Harness.
1 Saddle and Bridle.
1 Shotgun.
Crosscut Saws, Spades, Shovels, &c., &c., and numerous other implements.
1 patent Churn.
3 Butter Presses.
16 Milk Pans.
Lot of small Pans.
Three or four tons Potatoes, (extra quality, imported, and valuable for seed).
Large quantity of Turnips, Carrots, Mangolds, and Cabbage.

LOT 4.

2 Bureaus.
Spring Mattresses.
Large Mirror.
Lounge.
5 Beds and Bedding.
Large Cooking Stove, with pipe.
5 Tables.
2 Clocks.
About 200 pieces Table Ware.
Large lot of Table Cutlery.
Quantity of large Stone Jars.
Lot of Linenware.
Lot of Table Cloths, Towels, etc.
Washing Machine.
Sausage Machine, nearly new.
Spinning Wheel, and
Two pair Wool Cards.
Lanterns, Lamps, Milk Pails.
And many other articles.

Sale commences at 10 o'clock A.M.

TERMS:—For all articles except the farm, Cash. On the real estate, two-thirds cash; the balance may remain on mortgage for two or three years, bearing interest.

☞Persons are invited to inspect the above farm and judge for themselves as to its value. Any additional particulars *may be obtained from the auctioneer.*

JOSEPH GOLDSTONE,
Auctioneer.

New Westminster, Oct. 2, 1884.
oc4td

County Court.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT *the next sitting of the County Court* will be held on **Wednesday the 5th day of November, 1884.**

E. A. JENNS,
Registrar County Court,
oc4td New Westminster.

—THE CELEBRATED—

Dominion Organs!

Acknowledged by all Musicians to have

NO SUPERIOR

In Canada.

2 .....OF THESE..... 2

FINE INSTRUMENTS

Just Received from the Factory, and now on exhibition.

We offer these first-class Organs at extremely low prices for cash. Call and see them.

T. R. Pearson & Co.,

New Westminster, Sole Agents for British Columbia.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
29th September, 1884.

HIS HONOUR THE LIEUTENANT-Governor has been pleased to appoint John Stevenson, Esq., to be a Justice of the Peace for the Electoral District of Cariboo. 4oc1t

Militia Order.

THE NEW WESTMINSTER RIFLE Company will parade in the Drill Shed on **Monday, October 6th, at 8 P.M.**

A. PEELE,
1oc2t Capt. Command'g.

NEW

Blacksmith Shop!

Next Ewen's Cannery,

Columbia Street, New Westminster.

SPEIRS & BEATON,

MACHINISTS AND GENERAL BLACKSMITHS.

The latest appliances in machinery and tools, and a good job guaranteed.

Horse shoeing, Repairing and Jobbing of every description. All orders promptly attended to. oc1tc

INDEX

TO DISEASES, COMPLAINTS and ACCIDENTS which HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL is guaranteed to cure or relieve either in MAN or BEAST.

TAKEN INTERNALLY FOR

CROUP,	*COUGHS,*
CRAMPS,	*SORE THROAT,*
ASTHMA,	*COLDS, &c.*

APPLIED EXTERNALLY FOR

RHEUMATISM,	*NEURALGIA,*
CHILBLAINS,	*CALLOUS LUMPS*
SWELLINGS,	*STIFF JOINTS,*
GALLS,	*FROST BITE,*
LAMENESS,	*CORNS,*
CONTRACTIONS	*BRUISES,*
LUMBAGO,	*ITCH,*
DEAFNESS,	*PAIN IN BACK,*
SPRAINS,	*PAIN in SIDE, &c.*

Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

DIRECTIONS WITH EACH BOTTLE. PRICE 25c.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors
TORONTO, ONT.

ORGANS —AND— PIANOS —AND— MUSIC.

—FOR SALE BY—

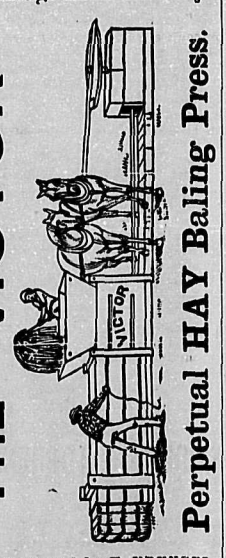
T. R. PEARSON & CO.,

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.
(se13tc)

Encourage Home Industry!

THE "VICTOR"



Perpetual HAY Baling Press.

Manufactured by E. PRENGEL,

NEW WESTMINSTER,

IS THE BEST, CHEAPEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Ever produced, making small, neat and tight bales with less labor and expense than any other.

☞See the VICTOR before purchasing elsewhere. Send for circular.

Address E. PRENGEL,
17se3m *New Westminster.*

Confederation Life

ASSOCIATION.

Guarantee Capital $1,000,000

Full Gov'm't Deposit

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, CANADA

A HOME COMPANY.

This Association merits the confidence the Public is reposing in it from the following FACTS:—

The Security offered to policy holders is unsurpassed by any Company doing business in Canada.

It has no schemes of insurance, but the well-established lines, hence the policy holders cannot be misled as to their contracts.

Its statements to the public can be readily understood; its cash statement showing every item of income and how expended.

Its position is ascertained annually from a detailed valuation in which every item of liability is included.

Its progress has been unexampled in the history of insurance in Canada.

Its policies are indisputable after three years, and non-forfeitable after two years' existence.

Its profits are distributed upon an equitable basis. The profits to one class of policy holders are not lessened to give larger profits to any other class, which method affords superior advantages over the uniform bonus plan of distribution.

Liberal Conditions as to Residence and Travel.

J. K. MacDONALD,
Managing Director.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.

Agents, New Westminster.
je7-2mo-alternate.

T.R.PEARSON & CO.

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

—IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN—

Books,
Stationery,
Fancy Goods,
Pianos,
Organs,
Music,
Newspapers,
Magazines,
Toys, etc.

The Largest Stock on the Mainland, and second to no House in British Columbia.

—SOLE AGENTS FOR—

The Henry F. Miller Piano,
Of Boston,

The Dominion Organ,
Of Bowmanville, Ont.,

And agents for all the leading American

PIANOS & ORGANS

SPECIAL FORMS RULED & PRINTED

On the premises, as neatly and cheaply as at any other establishment in the Province.

—AGENTS FOR—

Confederation Life Assurance Co.,

North British and Commercial Fire Insurance Co.,

London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Co.

—Agents for First-Class—

FIRE and BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES

SHIPPING RECEIPTS, DEEDS MORTGAGES, BILLS OF SALE, CUSTOM HOUSE BLANKS, LEASES, PROM. NOTES, ORDERS, RECEIPTS,

And all kinds of Blank Books and Blank Forms on hand.

—All the Leading—

NEWSPAPERS —AND— PERIODICALS

Regularly received. Subscriptions taken for any Publication at lowest rates.

☞We import direct from manufacturers, and cannot be undersold in this Province.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.,

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.
(fe2tc)

The Warm Weather's NOT Over Yet.

Watch this Column.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERTHIP HERETOFORE existing between S. M. Walker and J. A. Bowes, *doing business under the* name of Walker & Bowes, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to and by the firm to be paid to and by J. A. Bowes.

S. M. WALKER,
J. A. BOWES.

Witness: JAMES WARDLE.
Hope, Sept. 26, 1884. 1oc1m

Just Opened Out —AT— T. R. PEARSON & CO.'S

300 Copies Seaside Library,
Including the New Style.

Full Line of Robertson's 3-Bit Series.

Very Complete Line of **The Poets, Various Styles.**

Mark Twain's Experience, 1 bit.

Job Lot of 25 cent Novels.

Richardson's Piano Instructor.
Getze's Organ Instructor.

Superb Song Book, $1.
Song Folio, $1.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.,

Books, Stationery, and Music, Columbia street, New Westminster.

MAINLAND CIGAR FACTORY

WHITE LABOR ONLY.

WM. TIETJEN

HAS OPENED A CIGAR FACTORY in the

Holbrook Stone Building,

NEW WESTMINSTER,

And having had many years experience, is now prepared to supply the trade with a superior article at prices as low as can be obtained elsewhere. Look out for the

"MAINLAND"

BRAND OF CIGARS.

☞It beats them all. se24tc

GLOBE HOUSE

WM. RAE,

HAS RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK —OF—

Mantles, Jackets, Ulsters —AND— Dolmans,

Which he will dispose of

AT LOW PRICES.

ALSO,

A Splendid Line of

CLOTHING

Men's, Youths' and Boys'.

All Goods will be Sold on Small Profits.

Dry Goods, Millinery, Groceries and Provisions, Earthenware, Glassware, Etc.

WM. RAE,

NEW BRICK BLOCK, COLUMBIA ST. NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
10se1m

EXPRESS RATES.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the rates of express freight on packages and parcels, safely and properly put up and not containing any extra valuable or dangerous compounds will be:

Between Victoria and New Westminster.

Packages under 10 lbs	*25 cts. each*
Packages over 9 and under 25	50 cts. each
Packages over 24 and under 50	75 cts. each
Packages over 50 at	1 cent per lb

From New Westminster to Yale.

Less than 3 lbs	25 cts. each
From 3 lbs. to 10 lbs	50 cts. each
From 10 lbs. to 25 lbs	75 cts. each
From 25 lbs. to 50 lbs	$1 00 each
From 50 lbs. to 75 lbs	$1 50 each
From 75 lbs. to 100 lbs. or over	2 cts. per lb

TO LYTTON AND POINTS BETWEEN YALE AND LYTTON.

Less than 2 lbs	*25 cts. each*
From 2 lbs. to 5 lbs	50 cts. each
From 5 lbs. to 10 lbs	$1 00 each
From 10 lbs. to 25 lbs	10 cts. per lb
From 25 lbs. to 75 lbs	*8 cts. per lb*
Over 75 lbs	6 cts. per lb

To Spence's Bridge, Nicola, Savona, Kamloops, Cache Creek and Clinton, 20 cts. per lb.

To Barkerville and all points between Barkerville and Clinton...25 cts. per lb

On C. O. D. and valuable packages one per cent. on value in addition to ordinary rates.

MONEY RATES

Between Victoria and New Westminster, 38 CTS. PER $100.

☞Remittances insured against all risk at "Lloyd's."

FRANK S. BARNARD,
Manager B. C. Express Co.

FRED. HOMER, FRONT ST.,
au2tc Agent New Westminster.

WHITE BRONZE MONUMENTS

D. J. ROBSON,

NEW WESTMINSTER,

Sole Agent for British Columbia.
au2tc

D. DOCKSTEADER

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, BOOTS & SHOES and GENERAL DEALER,

Port Haney, B. C.

MR. DOCKSTEADER *also conducts* in connection with his Store, a

Boarding House!

AND RESTAURANT,

Where travellers can always be accommodated with comfortable, clean lodgings and meals cooked in the very best style and consisting of every delicacy the market affords in its season, at moderate prices. j28m3

FULTON MARKET

WE HAVE JUST OPENED AT

W. J. French's Old Stand

COLUMBIA STREET

(Centrally located for convenience of Ladies ordering), a Market to supply the Public with all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked

Fish, Game, Vegetables, Fruit, —AND— General Farm Produce, &c.,

Where there will always be found a good supply on hand.

GOODS DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE to private houses and hotels, upon orders being left at the office.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of the Public.

☞Remember the stand—**Two Doors below Trapp Bros.**

WINDSOR & NELSON,
Managers at Market.
JAMES TAFFANDOLE,
jly5tc Manager Fishing.

SPENCE'S BRIDGE

ANNUAL FALL

RACES & GAMES.

OCTOBER 2 & 3, 1884.

se6m1 JAMES VAIR, Sec.

The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, Oct. 4, 1884.

The rainfall at Ladner's Landing was 3.22 inches in September.

The number of convicts in Kingston penitentiary is 440 and decreasing.

Mr. F. N. Gisborne has arrived at Victoria and will lay the straits cable.

The Northern Pacific land sales for the year ending June 30 realized $22,281,000.

Cholera seems to be decreasing, and the alarm which spread over the world has subsided.

Capt. Pittendrigh received another consignment of 27 quails from the islands last Thursday.

Notwithstanding the large number of bears slaughtered, they are reported quite numerous still.

The Winnipeg *Sun* feels sure the C. P. R. will fall into the hands of the Canadian government.

For the month of September the customs collections and other revenues at Nanaimo were $7,098.

The snow on the Cascades is gradually creeping down, and the whole mountains will soon be white.

The customs revenue at Victoria for September was $67,262.81. For same period last year it was $60,221.

Attention is called to the very important auction sale advertised in another column by Mr. Goldstone.

It is rumored that James Gordon Bennett will lay a telegraph cable between San Francisco and Asia.

Since Tuesday noon the weather has been most charming, bright sunshine during the day and white frost at night.

The str. Rustler came over from the sound on Thursday with 100 barrels lime, 421 doz. eggs, 27 quails, and 2 geese.

Wild ducks were quite plentiful on Pitt meadows at the beginning of this week, but have left during the fine weather.

It is said that nearly 150 people were on board the str. Adelaide when she left for Chilliwhack Thursday morning.

The hon. provincial secretary came up from Victoria on Wednesday and went up to attend the Chilliwhack exhibition.

It is said that Capt. Benjamin proposes to transfer the str. Rustler to the British flag and run her in British Columbia waters.

Mr. Hugh Boyd returned yesterday from a visit to Ireland. He has been absent about six months, and comes back looking well.

Up to the time of going to press, the Adelaide had not returned from Chilliwhack, and we are without advices respecting the show.

There is a great demand still for the September number of the *West Shore* on account of its descriptions of British Columbia.

The funeral of the late B. H. Wilson took place on Wednesday afternoon, under direction of the Masons. It was largely attended.

The total superficies of the seas in the world is 231,915,905 square miles, while that of all the continents and islands is only 34,354,950 square miles.

A new form of dynamite is made from poplar wood flour, and resembles a varnished doughnut. It is as explosive as the ordinary kind, but far safer.

Twenty divorces were granted in Chicago last Saturday. Drunkenness, desertion, and cruelty were the principal pleas, the first and last generally going together.

The Cyrus W. Field party were at Winnipeg on September the 21st. Having completed their tour of the Northern Pacific, they were then engaged in making one over the Canadian Pacific.

The steamer Princess Louise arrived from Victoria at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. We believe the Yosemite has been laid up for the winter, and late arrivals may now be looked for.

Work has been suspended on Douglass street, the appropriation having been exhausted It is to be hoped the grading of Royal avenue may be completed at the earliest opportunity.

The sale of government lots at Hastings last Wednesday realized $10,000. Lots ranged from $25 to $235, or at the average rate of $312 per acre. There were 150 lots, and 52 purchasers.

The two members of the British Science Association who crossed the mountains from the north-west arrived in this city Wednesday night. They were greatly delighted with the journey.

It is reported that the British cabinet have determined to send to the Cape of Good Hope Gen. Wolesley at the head of an expedition to crush the Boers, after he has successfully settled affairs at Khartoum.

Henry Villard, who several years ago endowed his native German town with many handsome gifts, is there regarded as a sort of Dutch Peabody, and was recently honored with a magnificent public reception.

It will be seen from an advertisement elsewhere that the island railway contractors, Messrs. Graham & Busk, are offering fair wages for all who wish to work on the railway. These gentlemen seem determined to push forward the work of construction, and persons wishing employment should apply to them.

The new steamer Teaser arrived from Victoria yesterday afternoon and proceeded up to Chilliwhack. The Teaser is commanded by Capt. Moore, who is also her owner, and we believe it is intended to run her regularly twice a week between Victoria and Chilliwhack. She is a staunch looking screw steamer, but her accommodation is quite limited.

Not long ago a bear broke loose at Rathdrum (near the Cœur d'Alene) and made things pretty lively in the village. After chasing nearly everybody off the street he made for two young children who were playing together. One was a daughter of Mr. Willie Ferris, and the other was a little boy. Several citizens rushed after the bear, but before he could be captured he had taken the scalp clean off the little boy.

Remember that D. S. Curtis & Co.'s Drug Store is next door to the Colonial Hotel se27tc

COUNTY COURT.—The court sat on Wednesday, Mr. Justice McCreight presiding. There were only two cases (except judgment summonses) tried, all the others being adjourned, settled, or withdrawn. Daggett vs. Chester, action for $8, judgment for plf.; Mr. Atkinson for plf. McElmen vs. Cartwright, action for $58.75; judgment for plf.; Messrs. Corbould & McColl for plf.

Several houses for sale by C. D. RAND.

News for the Farmers.

Hay Presses and *Hay Tedders* substantial and cheap to be had from the Albion Iron Works Co. Limited, Victoria, B. C. jy9m2

IMPORTANT SALE.—Mr. Joseph Goldstone has been instructed to sell by auction next Saturday the whole of Mr. G. Lieser's household furniture. This will be a large and important sale. Full particulars will appear on Wednesday, and on handbills.

CUSTOMS.—The collections at this port during the month of September were as follows: Customs, $5,925.79; other revenues, $111.36; total, $6,037.15. For September last year the amount was $7,226.19; decrease, $1,189.04.

CHANCES FOR INVESTMENT. — Our readers should not forget the auction sale of city property which takes place on the 27th inst. The prices realized on city lots sold last Saturday show that city property is advancing steadily in value. The certainty of our being connected with the railway will add materially to present prices, and there is no safer investment in this province.

STANDING ADVERTISEMENTS.—Concerning what are known as "standing advertisements" in newspapers, which some merchants say are useless, it has been remarked, and truly, that they command confidence. The man who for years resides in a community and lives a reputable life, even though he be of moderate ability, will grow in the confidence and esteem of his fellows. On the same principle a newspaper advertisement becomes familiar to the eyes of the reader. It may not be carefully read every day, still it makes the name and business of a man familiar, and its continued presence in the columns of a paper inspires confidence in the stability of the advertiser. —*Monetary Times.*

A NEW COAL MINE.—The steamer Buzz left yesterday morning with Mr. Harry Bolton (formerly overman of the Chase River mine), James Mackey and several others for Campbell River, near Willow Point, for the purpose of opening up a mine on the property belonging to Mr. Dupont and others. The seam about to be opened is situated five or six miles from the coast and near Campbell River. This ground has been prospected and several fine outcrops have been discovered. It is now the intention of the original owners, with whom are now associated several San Francisco capitalists, to open the seam and thoroughly test it. If it proves satisfactory a railway and shipping facilities will be at once constructed. Willow Point is about 90 miles north of Nanaimo and 30 miles above Comox. It is on the Gulf Georgia immediately opposite Cape Mudge. This property is situated outside the railway reserve.—*Free Press.*

LIFTING WITH THE FINGERS.—A correspondent of the *Scientific American* sends the following particulars respecting a curious experiment. He says:—"Two persons stand on each side of a fifth, who is seated in a chair. The four raise their hands (which are clasped with the forefingers extended) as high as possible over their heads, at the same time inhaling deeply. They then simultaneously bow as low as possible (always facing the sitter), bending the body from the hips, and swinging the extended arms from the shoulder till the hands touch the knees, at the same time exhaling as strongly as possible, these motions being repeated three times together. As they rise from the last position for the third time, the extended forefingers are placed under the knees and arms of the sitter, and he is lifted high in air as light as a feather. In this way I have seen four young school girls, under sixteen years, lift a man of 180 pounds with no more apparent exertion than would be required to lift a three pound weight. To one who tries this experiment for the first time the result is very surprising."

THE UMATILLA.—People have begun to ask why the American steamship Umatilla, raised and cleansed and ready for sea after an expenditure of about $65,000, does not take her departure. The reason is simple enough. The Oregon Improvement Co., her owners, claim that she is a total loss, and that the English underwriters must pay over the amount of the insurance, $365,000, and keep the ship. The underwriters decline to accept this view of the matter. "Instead of being a total loss," they say, "your ship, with an expenditure of $35,000 on top of the $65,000 already spent, will be as good as new. There she is. Take her, and sail her or sink her; but our liability will cease when all repairs are made." The Albion Iron Works Co., of this city, have offered to repair the damage to the hull for $35,000, and when that has been done there will be no stauncher vessel afloat than the Umatilla. It is reported that Capt. Chisholm will leave for England on the 13th inst. By his judicious management in raising the ship he has saved Lloyds nearly $300,000—for should the case go the English court, the owners will surely be saddled with the ship and the costs of court besides.—*Colonist.*

"My daughter has taken the medicine faithfully, according to directions, and her health and spirits are now perfect. The humor is all gone from her face. I wish every anxious mother might know what a blessing Ayer's Sarsaparilla is in such cases.

From Yale.

YALE, Oct. 2—David Dicker, a native of New Brunswick, aged 26, brakeman, while distributing telegraphic poles between Warnock and Mission on the up train, fell off. Many of the cars passed over him, cutting him completely in twain. He was a fine young fellow, and his sad death is deeply deplored in Yale.

Bread for the World.

A great deal has been said lately about the over-stocked condition of the wheat market, and that the supply is unusually large is attested by the fact that prices are lower than they have ever been before. England, France, United States, Australia, India, and, indeed, all the wheat-growing countries, have had a wonderfully productive year; and the most natural inference to be drawn is that the world is producing too much wheat. But an examination of the returns of past years leads us to believe that such is not the case, and that the staff of life is never likely to become a drug on the market. Statistics show that one year's superabundance is generally required to make up the next year's deficiency. In 1880 there was the same condition in the wheat trade as now exists. In that year the world's wheat supply exceeded the demand by 100,000,000 bushels, and prices accordingly continued low until the small crop of 1881 was reached. It was then realized that though the wheat supply of 1880 was very large, taken in conjunction with the crop of 1881 it was very scanty. The crops of 1882 and 1883 were just as unequal as those of 1880-81; but when combined they produced a full supply. It is stated that with the exception of a few cargoes still on the way from California and Oregon to Europe, all the wheat in existence is the product of 1884. And as the world has already commenced to consume this year's crop it will be found, when combined with next year's supply, to have been none too large.—*Colonist.*

City Council.

Council met on Wednesday night. Present—His Worship the Mayor, and Couns. Deane, Cunningham, Johnston, and Elliott.

A communication was read from W. McColl, chief engineer of the fire department, asking for a half year allowance of $125 for the department.—Granted.

A communication from John D. Ronald, of Brussels, Ont., stating that the order was received for the steam engine and he thought it would be the wisest policy for the city to purchase one of the new styled engines, rather than the one they had ordered. He recommended one with more feet of hose, throwing two streams instead of one, and with patent Siamese twin nozzles; and he offered to come out here and set up the engine, thereby guaranteeing to put it in perfect working order, if the city would bear half his expenses.

The council had some discussion over the advisability of accepting Mr. Ronald's offer. Mr. Johnston thought it would be the proper course to pursue. If any accident should happen to the engine, any part of the machinery become broken on its journey, he would be bound to put it in good working order. In other words his obligations to the purchaser would not cease short of the satisfactory working of the engine. Mr. Elliott thought the general impression and sentiment in the community was that this fire steamer which the city was purchasing was of an inferior make, and on those grounds some were opposed to its purchase. The Mayor said a local machinist felt confident that from what he knew of these fire steamers he could put it together so that it would work satisfactorily. Mr. Cunningham said since some objected to the purchase of it he thought the safest course to pursue would be to accept Mr. Ronald's offer. His knowledge of the engine enabled him to properly adjust it in perfect order. On motion of Mr. Cunningham, seconded by Mr. Johnston, it was agreed that half of Mr. Ronald's expenses be paid, not to exceed $150. The clerk was instructed to write him to this effect, and instruct him to have the first order countermanded and send the latest styled engine.

Communication received from H. V. Edmonds, applying for sale as city auctioneer of city lots advertised.

Report of railroad committee was received, and the clerk was authorized to use it as a basis of authority in answering all railroad communications.

Communication received from C. Pratt, Oakland, Cal., asking information in connection with the railroad between New Westminster and Port Moody.—Read and answer granted.

Communication received from the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, asking that members of the fire company be exempt from road tax.—On motion of Mr. Johnston, seconded by Mr. Cunningham, the clerk was instructed to ascertain who are active members of the company and grant exemption from road tax to such.

Ordered that the verbal report of board of works be received in relation to probable cost of putting in a culvert on McInnes street, and remove surface water, as applied for by W. J. Armstrong and others, which they put at $50.

The clerk was instructed to apply to the government for the cost of sidewalk laid on lot 4, block 10. At the time the walk was laid the lot was supposed to be city property, since which time, however, it has been appropriated and sold by the government.

Moved by Mr. Deane, seconded by Mr. Cunningham, that bids be received for the sale of city property, by auctioneers, in a lump sum.—Carried.

Bills received—Kyle & Tilton, $40; DeBeck Bros. & Co., $91.87; Calbeck, $3. Referred to finance committee.

Council then adjourned.

Sufferers from the effects of quinine, used as a remedy for chills and fever, will appreciate Ayer's Ague Cure, a powerful tonic bitter, composed wholly of vegetable substances, without a particle of any noxious drug. Its action is peculiar, prompt, and powerful, breaking up the chills, curing the fever, and expelling the poison from the system, yet leaving no harmful or unpleasant effect upon the patient.

The Invasion of India.

A French officer, Captain Napoleon Ney, who has been recently employed on several important military missions, has published a remarkable communication on British and Russian rivalries in Central Asia. It contains a curious account of a conversation which the writer had with the late General Skobeleff, who at that time professed to regard the difficulties attending a Russian invasion of India as well-nigh insurmountable. In reply to the question whether the Russians were able and desired to invade India, Skobeleff answered that he would not say anything relative to the political side of the matter. His personal opinion was that there was no question of Central Asia involved, but simply a regrettable misunderstanding between England and Russia, which he was firmly persuaded would one day cease. He could not believe that two great European powers would wage war for the sake of some Asiatics. In the meantime General Skobeleff was of opinion, from a military point of view, that the invasion of India would be more difficult than is generally believed. "In order to invade Akhal, and having at my disposal but 5,000 men, I had to get 20,000 camels from Orenburgh, Khiva, Bokhara and Mangishlak at great expense and with the utmost difficulty. In order to invade India we should have, in my opinion, 150,000 men—60,000 for the purpose of getting in, and 90,000 to guard our communications. And how many camels would it not require, and where could they be found? This is a detail of transport. But modern warfare is hampered by such details. * * * Then how is an army to live? Afghanistan is a poor country, incapable of supplying food for an army of 60,000 men." General Skobeleff then went on to say that Russia had fixed her boundary at Persia, where she enjoys an influence similar to that of England in Afghanistan. The relations of Russia with Teheran he stated to be excellent, and it was agreed that Mer should mark the limit of the Czar's power in [illegible] It was a good thing that Af[illegible]n on one hand and Kashgari[illegible] the other interposed a barrier [illegible]een Russia and India.

Is there anything more annoying than having your corn stepped upon? Is there anything more delightful than getting rid of it? Holloway's Corn Cure will do it.

An Interesting Discovery.

ADVANCE AND RECESSION OF LAKE SUPERIOR.

Professor Macoun writes to the Montreal *Gazette*: As many of the archæologists are at present in Montreal I am tempted to bring before them and the public an interesting discovery, made a short time ago at the Pic river, on the north shore of Lake Superior. While the workmen were engaged in a rock cutting on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway they came upon an instrument made out of beaten native copper, about 18 inches long, with a turn at one end of about 4 inches, and this drawn out to a point and curved inwards. When the workmen had passed through the first portion of the rock, they found the copper article lying on a ledge on the inner face of the rock, and covered with 30 feet of clay and graved. They now entered on the clay, and, on passing through it, came upon quantities of charred wood in one spot and an abundance of comminuted shells and others in various stages of decay. The shells are plauorbis, cyclas and limnæa, and are now found in the river. The clay was illuvium, the lower part of clay being indistinguishable from that of the river banks, while the gravel at the top of the deposit is the same as that of Lake Superior. Wood, either charred or otherwise, was quite common in the lower part of the deposit, and was chiefly poplar.

Mr. Armstrong, the district engineer, told me that the copper instrument was found ninety feet above the level of the river, and, therefore, at least that much above the level of Lake Superior. Five feet above this, and over 10 feet from the rock, the charred wood was found, part of which I picked out myself and now have in my possession. The rock cutting is 40 feet deep, is glaciated on the inner side, and seems as fresh as if it had been done yesterday.

A careful examination of the neighborhood showed that at one time this mass of rock had been an island in a bay of Lake Superior. The Indians of that period ran just as they do now, into the sheltered cove, under the high rock to cook their fish. While there, the copper tool was laid down and forgotten. Years elapse and again the Indians are there, but this time the remains of their fire only are left. Ages pass, and 25 feet of alluvium, gravel and sand are laid down, and Lake Superior stands at least 120 feet above its present level, the proofs of which are seen both here and at other points on the lake in the terraced slopes that face the river or lake.

Again, in the slow lapse of time, the lake commences to recede, and man, who saw it advance, looks upon its recession, and can now say how many years have come and gone since then! To me, who have spent years in looking upon the broad expanse of our lakes and plains, and in watching the changing habits of the Indians, the facts naturally produce the above conclusions; but whether the conclusions are correct or not the fact remains the same—man was an inhabitant of Lake Superior when it stood at least 90 feet above its present level, after that it arose 30 feet higher, and then receded to its present level. Who amongst us can tell the cause of these changes, and the length of time necessary to produce them?

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure, and effectual.

Life at Khartoum.

LEAVES FROM THE CONSUL'S DIARY.

LONDON, Sept. 29. — The *Times'* Khartoum advices, dated June 28th, report that Gordon was laying mines in all directions. Food was difficult to obtain and commanded very high prices. Gordon had issued paper currency, his treasury department being established at Berber. The soldiers were paid in that currency. Reports state that the town was quiet. Half the population had, however, joined the rebels. Previous to the seige there had been no news from the British government.

Later reports, up to July 30th, say Gordon has been five months severely beseiged, and was only able to hold out two months longer. Following is a copy of the diary of Mr. Poor, English consul at Khartoum.

March 23—Hassan and Seyred were executed for treachery in the battle of the 16th inst., when we lost 350 killed and wounded.

April 16 to 20—The rebels have attacked us, between the above dates, but lost heavily from the effects of Gordon's mines.

May 1—A painful accident occurred to-day. One of our officers trod upon a mined piece of ground, causing a terrific explosion. Six men were killed.

May 3—Report has reached us that the English army will be at Berber about the end of May. The rebels have made several attacks, but have been repulsed, owing to the destructive qualities of our mines.

JUNE AND JULY.

During June there were daily expeditions made under Saati Bey. The losses of the Egyptians have, however, been slight. Many cattle have been captured.

June 25—McCuzzi, English consul, has informed us of the loss of Berber. McCuzzi will be sent to Kardofan on the 30th, to take care of the government's interests.

July 10—Saati Bey has burned Kalakla, with three villages. Later attacking Galarub he was defeated, and Saati and his officers were killed. Col. Steward had a narrow escape.

June 29—We beat the rebels out of Buri, on the Blue Nile, and killed many of them and captured a quantity of war material. Our steamers have advanced to Elfou, clearing thirteen rebel forts. Since the seige began our loss has been under 700.

THE SITUATION DESPERATE.

July 31—The seige has been very close. Arab bullets are falling into the palace from all sides. Food is approaching a price at which it cannot be available. Since our last dispatches all hope of relief from the English government is gone. We can only depend on our steamers. It is impossible to cut through with the number of women and children. One Arab cavalryman is sufficient to frighten and put to *hors de combat* 200 of our men. The day Saati was killed eight rebels charged 200 of our men, armed with rifles, and dispersed them. The only men we are able to depend on are negroes.

July 29—Mehemet Ali's action yesterday was very successful. Five armored steamers cleared thirteen forts, and were engaged for eight hours under a terrific fire. The forts were disabled, their guns dismounted and the enemy were driven out. Our loss was only three killed and thirteen wounded. Gordon will soon send two steamers towards Senner. They will try to recapture the steamers taken from Saleh Bey. Gordon is well.

Mr. C. E. Riggins, Beamsville, writes: "A customer who tried a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery says it is the best thing he ever used; to quote his own words, 'It just seems to touch the spot affected.' About a year ago he had an attack of bilious fever, and was afraid he was in for another, when I recommended this valuable medicine with such happy results."

European Affairs.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Morning papers contain the following interesting cable specials from European capitals:

THE CROWNED HEADS.

The emperors and kings are not much better off than the ministers. The king of Spain is now generally believed to be stricken with an incurable disease, and among the combinations plotted by busy brains are the reinstatement of the chaste Isabella, or the betrothal of Alfonso's daughter to the son of Don Carlos, and a regency till their marriage. The German emperor, who is so exhausted as scarcely to be able to move out of his saloon or carriage, was compelled to witness the army manoevers in Germany on the third day from a carriage instead of on horseback. The chief reason of his constant appearance in public is his morbid jealousy of his son, to whom he grudges the smallest share of imperial honors. The Russian Czar displays great partiality for sporting in Poland. He ordered the construction of a shooting-box there, and hunted up a Polish priest, an old companion in sport, and has killed one stag and nineteen bears.

LONDON NOTES.

Preparations for an extended war of rates between rival Atlantic cable companies are nearly completed, and if the profusion of gilt letters and gorgeous decorations of their offices mean anything the Mackay-Bennett people certainly intend to inaugurate a big boom in cable circles in London. Bismarck is ostentatiously siding with the Ferry circles of protests against the suspension of the law of liquidation in Egypt. His action is complete and staid, and semi-official German journalists rail against the violence of the English action and the pretences of "pious Gladstone," as they sarcastically style the premier, as loudly as the most irresponsible journals of the Paris boulevards. The order suspending payments to the sinking fund of Egypt continues to be the paramount sensation in the political world. England is standing alone against the continental powers and the clamors of her bondholders. Liberal papers are urging Gladstone to remain firm, but the Tories profess to have discovered signs that the government is weakening, and are prepared to howl in derision. Gladstone returned to Hawarden yesterday from his Scotch tour, which was a continuous series of triumphs. He was fatigued to-day, but expressed himself delighted with his visit, and confident that the house of lords would recede from its hostility to the franchise bill. Lord Salisbury, tory leader of the house of lords, will begin a campaign of stump speeches, etc., as an antidote to Gladstone's trip, next Wednesday. His probable reception in Sterling county is foreshadowed by an occurrence to-day at Falkirk. There was a large demonstration in that city in favor of the franchise bill. The principal feature of the procession was a life-size effigy of the Marquis of Salisbury, enclosed in a wooden cage. Across Main street at Falkirk a rope was stretched, and from it hung, by the neck, another stuffed figure, representing the tory leader in the act of swallowing a huge leek.

THE COST OF ROYALTY.

It is now settled that parliament is to be asked at the next session to vote an allowance to Prince Albert Victor Christian Edward, eldest son of the Prince of Wales, of £50,000 a year. The argument is that as Prince Edward will be of age at his next birthday he should be enabled to maintain his rank as future Prince of Wales. The radicals suggest that he should be satisfied to wait for dead men's shoes, as other eldest sons have to do. They intend to organize a vigorous opposition to the proposed grant, and this may complicate the situation regarding the franchise bill.

Even the most faithful Gladstonian organs hardly attempt to deny that the Boers have flagrantly broken their treaties, insulted the British flag, killed English officers and enslaved English allies. The *Pall Mall Gazette* welcomes to its columns the letter of a Cape Colonist, who describes the word of England to her African allies as having proved a fraud and a lie.

The French premier is in difficulties. The reported postponement of the cabinet council is generally attributed to a disagreement with two of his colleagues—the minister of war, who refused to send another soldier without authorization from the chambers, and the minister of the interior, who has himself a sharp eye on the premiership.

PERSONS OF SEDENTARY HABITS, the greater part of whose time is passed at the desk, or in some way bent over daily tasks, cramp the stomach, weaken its muscles, and incur dyspepsia early. Their most reliable and safest medicinal resource is Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, the Great Blood Purifier, and which is especially adapted to Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation and Poverty or Impurity of the Blood.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The pipes of the New York Steam Heating Company supply the building No. 191, Broadway, at the corner of Dey street, with heat and power. For a distance of ten feet the pipes are exposed where they run under an iron stoop into the cellar. The floor of the basement is occupied by the Brooklyn Fire Insurance Company. At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon while the street was crowded with pedestrians a hissing noise was heard and the next moment a volume of steam rose in the air. One of the stop-cocks had been blown off by the unusual high pressure. The clerks of the insurance company rushed out into the street hatless and the pedestrians scattered in every direction, horses reared and became terrified. Then a loud report was heard and the building was shaken. Everything was confusion, and the occupants thinking it was an earthquake, deserted their desks and fled for safety. An immense volume of water and steam, like a picture of one of the geysers in Iceland, rose into the air to the height of forty feet, while smaller geysers spurted from the open spaces in the iron stoop. Fortunately no one was on the stairway at the time of the explosion. It is more than likely that the force of the spouting steam would have carried everything before it. The grand sight attracted thousands to the spot, and for over an hour traffic was blocked. For a time excitement and terror reigned supreme, but when the frightened people saw that the phenomenon was attended by no serious results they became calm and after a time visited the spot and gazed upon the steam. The necessary repairs were made before night.

CAIRO, Sept. 18.—The khedive, Nubar Pasha, and Sir Evelyn Baring have received identical cipher despatches from General Gordon, dated Khartoum, August 26. They read: "I am awaiting British forces in order to evacuate the Egyptian garrisons. Send me Zebehr. Pay him a yearly salary of £8,000. I shall surrender Soudan to the Sultan directly 20,000 Turkish troops arrive. If the rebels kill the Egyptians, you are answerable for the blood shed. I require £300,000 to pay my soldiers, my daily expenses being £1,500. Within a few days I shall take Berber, where I have sent Col. Stewart, Col. Power, and the French consul with troops and Bashi Bazonks, who after staying a fortnight will burn the town and return to Khartoum. Col. Stewart will then go to the Equator via Dongola to bring garrisons thence. I disbelieve the report that the Mahdi is coming. I hope the Soudanese will kill him. If the Turkish troops arrive they should come by Dongola and Kassala. You should give them £300,000." The *News* gives this version of Gordon's letters: Gen. Gordon asks England to send Turkish troops to occupy the Soudan and to remit £250,000. The alternative proposed by Gordon was to make Zebehr king of the Soudan, with a salary of $3,000, the Soudan being held as a fief of Egypt. This being accomplished Gen. Gordon would return to England.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—Stanley, the African explorer, delivered an address to-day before a large meeting of influential citizens upon the Congo country, its past history, its present developments, and its future commercial prospects. The address was received with prolonged applause. Stanley described at considerable length the capacities of the country and the willingness of the people for free trade with all nations. He characterized the colonial policy of the Portuguese as detrimental and constrictive. He said if the claims of the Portuguese government were allowed by Europe all enterprise in Congo will be arrested. Portuguese civilization was like a withered tree bearing no fruit. Commerce could not be extended into a new born region like the Congo River basin, unless it were relieved of all fear of that dread Portuguese tariff. Portugal does not understand the art of colonizing. Hon. Samuel Morley, M. P., in moving a vote of thanks to Mr. Stanley, remarked that the English government was distinctly pledged to consult parliament before the treaty with Portugal was ratified.

OTTAWA, Sept. 27.—After five days' argument before the supreme court the license case was submitted this afternoon. The judges announced that they would reserve judgment. It is generally believed that the judgment will be adverse to federal pretensions, and that it will be decided that the province has the exclusive right to legislate in the premises.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Gladstone's attention being called to statements published in anonymous pamphlets which accuse him of supporting the Roman Catholic church, he pronounces them grossly untrue, and demands the name of the author.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—A special to the *Times* from Vienna asserts that the cabinet of Great Britain has informed the powers that in its opinion the suspension of the sinking fund by the Egyptian government is justifiable in the present condition of its finances.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Harcourt, secretary of the home department, has written to the explosive company urging the necessity of having their dynamite depots strictly guarded. The company state that to comply with his request would involve an expenditure of £125,000, and render their competition with American and German dynamite manufacturers impossible. The sale of the latter is practically uncontrolled, while the police in England control the sale of native dynamite. The company state that foreign dynamite has been used in nearly all the recent outrages in England. The company suggests to Harcourt that the government should levy a duty on foreign-made dynamite, and thus enable the British manufacturers to provide a safeguard for their premises and yet realize a profit.

CAIRO, Sept. 30.—The Nile is rising. The inhabitants of Kassala are not inclined to save the place unless transportation for their property is provided for. That would require 30,000 camels, and the government has only 4,000. It is believed the caravan would suffer from robbers unless protected by troops.

OTTAWA, Sept. 30.—The tenders for the drydock were laid before the executive to-day. Sir Hector Langevin says that the contract for completion of the work will be awarded immediately.

TIENTSIN, Sept. 30.—The viceroy of Canton has been ordered to issue a proclamation urging the Chinese to resist the French, forbidding any attempt to poison food and to refrain from unduly exciting the populace.

BERLIN, Sept. 30.—It is positively stated here that the great powers are discussing the question of a renewal of the London conference in order to finally settle the Egyptian financial question. It is stated also that Germany is willing to join in the conference if there should be a reasonable prospect of bringing the matter to a successful issue.

NAPLES, Sept. 30.—The cholera is increasing in Terre Annunziata. The health officers sent to Vacaria to disinfect the place were assailed by a mob with sticks and revolvers. One health officer was wounded. One hundred and forty orphans are in temporary asylums in this city, having lost all their relatives by the plague.

ROME, Sept. 30.—The Vatican has dispatches from the powers upon the subject of taking collective action for the protection of Christians in China.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—Through the mediation of Queen Victoria and the Prince of Wales a compromise on the franchise and redistribution bills is being arranged by Gladstone and Salisbury. The conditions proposed for a compromise are that the government shall submit a redistribution bill to parliament, Salisbury agreeing to have the franchise bill passed. The house of lords are to have no control of the redistribution bill until after the franchise bill shall have become law.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—The *Times'* Vienna dispatch says the feeling respecting the suspension of the Egyptian sinking fund is passing away, and the powers are waiting for the term to expire which was fixed for the withdrawal of the measure. They would have consented to the measure if England had consulted them.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—The authorities at Woolwich are displaying much activity in forwarding war materials to Hongkong. Six hundred tons of shot and shell and ordinance were shipped there to-day.

PARIS, Oct. 1.—It is reported that Bismarck has actually proposed a renewal of the conference to finally settle the Egyptian financial question, and has suggested that the conference meet in Berlin before the end of October.

PARIS, Oct. 2—At a meeting of the cabinet to-day Prime Minister Ferry assured his colleagues that the occupation of Kelung by Admiral Courbet would finish French operations in China. He stated he had reason to believe that peace would soon follow that event.

Mr. Henry Harding, of Toronto, writes: My little daughter, 7 years of age, has been a terrible sufferer this winter from rheumatism, being for weeks confined to her bed, with limbs drawn up, which could not be straightened, and suffering great pain in every joint of limbs, arms and shoulders. The best of physicians could not help her, and we were advised to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which we did, and the benefit was at once apparent; after using two bottles the pain left, her limbs assumed their natural shape, and in two weeks she was as well as ever. It has not returned.

"Molly, I wish you would be a better little girl," said an Austin father to his little daughter. "You have no idea how sorry I am that mamma has to scold you all the time." "Don't worry about it, pa," was the reply of the little angel; "I am not one of those sensitive children. Half the time I don't hear what she says."

Mr. W. Maguire, merchant, at Franklin, writes: "I was afflicted with pain in my shoulder for eight years—almost helpless at times—have tried many remedies, but with no relief, until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. After a few applications the pain left me entirely, and I have had no pains since. Do not take Electric or Electron Oils, but see that you get Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil."

At marriage the bride always meets her betrothed at the altar with gloves on, but after marriage she generally handles her husband without gloves. —*Yonkers Statesman.*

PASSENGERS.

Per str. Yosemite, from Victoria, Oct. 1.—Mr & Mrs Crossman, Miss Sutherland, Miss Newton, Mrs Camble, Hon Jno Robson, McAllister, Jones, Gray, Capt Troup, Smith, Pain, Burr, and 20 others.

Per str. Princess Louise, from Victoria, Oct. 3.—W N Bole, Allison, Ferguson, Powers, Oppenheimer, Leiser, Calbick, Douglas, Chisholm, Mrs Gilmore, Wraight, Smith, Williams, and 10 others.

B. C. Directory for 1884-85.

The 1884-5 Directory of British Columbia, published by R. T. Williams, is at present in progress and will be compiled entirely from new manuscript. William Wolz, General Agent, has arrived to canvass the mainland. The new work will have a large circulation, as the price of the book is only $1.50 per copy, including the subscriber's name in large type. Here is what the Liverpool Daily *Post* says of the 1882-3 volume:—"The B. C. Directory is a volume extending far beyond the limits of an ordinary directory." se20w2

THE WEST SHORE FOR SEPTEMBER.—The Great Illustrated British Columbia Edition. A full supply now on hand at T. R. Pearson & Co's., sole agents for the Mainland, at 25 cts. each. tc

THE LANGLEY SALE.—Bear in mind that the date of the Langley cattle sale has been changed from the 19th November to the 22ND OCTOBER. oc1td

Live Bear and Seal at the Fulton Market where you can order choice vegetables from the celebrated farms of Kirkland and Steves.—*Adv.*

Job printing of all kinds neatly done at the COLUMBIAN office. Prices will be found lower than at any other office in the province.—*Adv.*

FOUND.—J. Sheuerman, Pawnbroker on Front Street, found a tailor that does general cleaning and repairing. se6m1

Beautiful photographic panoramic views in British Columbia, 75 cts. per set at T. R. Pearson & Co.'s.

Property belonging to the Ebenezer Brown estate for sale by C. D. RAND.*

REFORMED EPISCOPAL Church Rev. G. B. Allen, Pastor. Services in the Court House every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 10 a. m. All are invited. je7-tc.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mary St. Rev. C. Watson, Pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School and Bible Class 2:30 p. m. Prayer Meeting on Thursdays at 8 p. m. Seats free; strangers cordially invited. je7-tc.

UNION LODGE No. 9, A. F. & A. M.—The regular Communications of this Lodge are held on the first Monday in each month. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend WM. HOWAY, fe23-tc Secretary.

TEMPERANCE.—The W. C. T. U. meets every Wednesday afternoon at 3.30 in the basement of the Methodist Church, Mary St. The Blue Ribbon Club meets every Wednesday evening at the Skating Rink; musical and literary entertainment from 8 to 9. Every one is cordially invited. Band of Hope meets in the lecture room of the Methodist Church every Saturday afternoon at half-past two o'clock. au2tc

R. T. WILLIAMS,

BOOK BINDER, PAPER RULER, and Blank Book Manufacturer.

Maps and Drawing Paper Mounted. Files of Magazines, Illustrated Papers, etc., neatly and cheaply Bound.

Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

J. BAGNALL,

IMPORTER & MANUFACTURER OF

PIANOS & ORGANS

AND ALL KINDS OF

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

WILL VISIT THE MAINLAND, on a Professional Tour, and will be happy to receive and execute orders for all kinds of Musical Instruments. Pianos and Organs tuned or regulated.

Favors from the Mainland, forwarded through W. H. Keary, N. W., will receive prompt attention. jy28tc

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

COLDS. "Orrville, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1882. "Having been subject to a bronchial affection, with frequent colds, for a number of years, I hereby certify that AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL gives me prompt relief, and is the most effective remedy I have ever tried. JAMES A. HAMILTON, Editor of *The Crescent.*"

COUGHS. "Mt. Gilead, Ohio, June 26, 1882. "I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL this spring for a severe cough and lung trouble with good effect, and I am pleased to recommend it to any one similarly affected. HARVEY BAUGHMAN, Proprietor Globe Hotel."

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

Business Directory.

The following Business Directory contains only the names of persons whose advertisements appear in the COLUMBIAN. It will be found convenient and useful to new-comers and persons wishing to do business in this city. The names are given in alphabetical order:

Physicians.

Dr. Cooper.....Church Street
Dr. Cheadle (Dentist).....Columbia

Our Story.

A REMARKABLE STORY.

(Continued.)

"Match!" said the girl, coloring violently.

She had, indeed, understood well enough that Harry was behind all her mother's anxious insinuations, her promises and entreaties; but she had been confident in her power to defeat Mrs. John by aid of her own confused statements, always capable of bearing two meanings. This word "match," however, was one upon which there could be no confusion, and she was immediately driven to bay. She drew herself away from the tender attitude in which she had been standing.

"I never thought," she said, "that this was a thing that could be discussed between us," with all the unreasonable indignation of a high-handed girl, determined to crush all attempts to influence her on the spot.

But Mrs. John, though she was conscious she could not stand against Hester, was too sure that she was right, and too deeply convinced of the importance of this great question to give in, as she usually did.

"Oh, why should it not be discussed between us?" she said. "Is there any one so much interested as I am? I have heard people say it was a mother's duty. And, Hester, abroad, where we used to live, I should have settled it altogether; you would never have been consulted. I am sure I don't know that it is not the best way."

"It is a way that could never have been taken with me," Hester said. She walked round to her own side of the table with a very stately aspect, and sat down, and made a pretence of resuming her breakfast, but her hand trembled with excitement as she took up her cup. "It may be quite true what you say, that you are interested, mother. I suppose so. People consider a girl a piece of goods to be sold and disposed of."

"Oh, Hester, have I ever thought so? I have been wanting in my duty," cried Mrs. John. "I have never tried to put you forward, to get you invitations, to have you seen and admired, as other people do. You are so proud and so fanciful that I have never dared to do it. And when there comes one, without ever being invited, or thought of, or supposed possible—"

It seemed to Hester that the burning blush which she felt go all over her was capable of bursting into flame. It was not the shy shame facedness with which every girl contemplates the subject on its first introduction, but bitter and scorching shame.

"Invited—thought of; mother!" she cried, in a voice of girlish thunder; "is it possible that you could ever think of scheming—match-making—for ME?"

No capitals could represent the fervor of her indignation. She was entirely unconscious of the arrogance of self-opinion that was in all she said. For ME. That a man should be invited into her presence with that thought, that she should be put forward, taken into society, in order to be seen with that view! Heaven and earth! was it possible that a woman should avow such possibilities and yet live?

"When I tell you that I never did it, Hester! though I know it was my duty," Mrs. John cried, with tears. Never was a woman punished more unjustly. She turned, like the proverbial worm, at the supreme inappropriateness of this judgment against her, and a sudden impulse of anger sustained the gentle little woman. "I know it was my duty," she cried, "for who is to care for you, to see that you are settled in life, but me? But I was afraid to do it. I was obliged to leave it—to Providence. I just said to myself, it is no use. Hester would never be guided by me. I must leave it—to Providence."

It did not appear that Mrs. John had much opinion of Providence in such matters, for she announced this with a voice of despair. Then, taking courage a little, she said, with insinuating gentleness:

"I was just the same when I was a girl. I could not endure to hear about settlements and things. It was all love I thought of, my darling. I was like you—all love."

"Oh, mother!" cried Hester, jumping to her feet. This was more intolerable than the other. Her face flamed anew with the suggestion that it was "all love." "For Heaven's sake, don't say any more about it, unless you want to drive me out of my senses," she said.

Mrs. John stopped crying, she was so astonished, and gazed with open mouth and eyes. She had thought this last tender touch would be irresistible, that the child would fall into her arms, and perhaps breathe forth the sweetest secret aspiration of her heart; perhaps own to her that dark eyes and a mustache had been her dream instead of Harry's fairness; or that a melting voice or a genius for poetry were absolute requirements of her hero. With all these fancies she would have so tenderly sympathized. She would have liked to discuss everything; to point out that, after all, a fair complexion was very nice, and a genius for poetry not profitable. She remembered what occupation and delight these same subjects had afforded herself in the interval before John Vernon had proposed to her. She herself had dreamed of a troubadour, a lonely being with a guitar, with long hair and misfortunes; and John Vernon had none of these attractions. She was talked over by her mother and sister, and made to see that the bank and the White House were far better. Hester, perhaps, would have been more difficult, but yet she had felt that, confidence once established, the sweetness of these discussions would have been unspeakable. When she had got over her astonishment she sank back in a despair which was not unmingled with resentment. Had it come to that, that nothing a mother could say would please a child nowadays—neither the attraction of a great match nor the tenderness of love?

This was how the great question of a young woman's life was first revealed to Hester. It was not, to be sure, the last word. That would come when she was placed face to face with the aspirant for her favor, and have to decide, so to speak, upon the future of two lives. But to say "No," to Harry would not have excited and confused her being, like this previous encounter with all the other powers and influences which were concerned, or which were considered to be concerned, in her fate.

* * * * * *

Hester Vernon had been, during the most important years of her existence, a sort of outlaw from life. She had been unacquainted altogether with its course and natural order, out of its usual habits, separated from every social way of thinking or discipline of mind. She belonged to a little community which thought a great deal of itself, yet had no foundation for so doing; but, strangely enough, though she saw through the fallacy of its general pretensions, yet she kept its tradition in her own person and held her head above the ordinary world, in unconscious imitation of the neighbors whom she knew to have no right to do so. She kept the spirit of the Vernons, though she scorned them and thought them a miserable collection of ungrateful dependents and genteel beggars—less honorable than the real beggars who said "thank you," at least. And she had no way of correcting the unfortunate estimate of the world she had formed from this group, except through the means of Catherine Vernon and the society in her house, of which, at long intervals and on a doubtful footing, which set all her pride in arms and brought out every resentful faculty, she and her mother formed a part. If the Vernon-Ridgways and Mr. Mildmay Vernon were bitterly critical of Catherine, missing no opportunity to snarl at the hand that fed them, Catherine, on her part, was so entirely undeceived in respect to them, and treated them with such a cynical indulgence and smiling contempt, as if nothing save ingratitude and malice were to be expected from humanity, that Hester had found no relief on that side from her painful thoughts. She was so conscious in her own person of meanings more high and impulses more noble, that the scorn with which she contemplated the people about her was almost inevitable. And when, deeply against her will, and always with an uneasy consciousness that her mother's pleasure in the invitations and excitement about going was childish and undignified, Hester found herself in a corner of the Grange drawing-room, her pride, her scornful indignation and high contempt of society, grew and increased. Her poor little mother, standing patiently, smiling at all who would smile at her, pleased with the little recognition given her as "one of the poor ladies at the Vernonry," and quite content to remain there for hours for the sake of two minutes' banal conversation now and then, to be overlooked at supper, and taken compassion on by a disengaged curate, or picked up by some man who had already brought back a more important guest, made Hester furious and miserable by her complacency. Hester herself was one of some half-dozen girls in white muslin who kept a wistful eye upon the curate in the hope of being taken away to the supper-room down stairs, from which such a sound of talk and laughter came up to the forlorn ones left above. But no curate, however urgent, ever persuaded Hester to go down, to stand at the tail of the company and consume the good things on Catherine's table. She saw it all from that point of view which takes the glitter off the brightest surface. Why did those poor girls in white muslin, not being compelled, like Hester, continue to go? There were two sisters, who would chatter together, pretending to be very merry, and point out to each other the pictures or some new piece of furniture, and say that Miss Vernon had such taste. They were always of the number of those who were forgotten at supper, who were sent down, after the others came up-stairs, with careless little apologies. Why did they come? But Hester was not of a temper to chatter or to look at the pictures, or to make the best of the occasion. She stood in the corner behind her mother, and made it quite clear that she was not "enjoying herself." She took no interest in the pieces that were performed on the piano or the songs that were sung, and even rejected the overtures of her companions in misfortune to point out to her the "very interesting photographs" which covered one table. Some of the elder ladies who talked to her mother made matters worse by compassionately remarking that "the poor girl" was evidently "terribly shy." But, otherwise, nobody took any notice of Hester; the other people met each other at other houses, had some took part in the other amusements which were going on, and knew what to say to each other; but Hester did not know what to say. Edward Vernon, her early acquaintance, whom she would still often meet in the morning, and between whom and Hester there existed a sort of half-and-half alliance unlike her relations with any one else, took no open notice of her, but would sometimes cast a glance at her as he passed, confidential and secret. "How are you getting on?" he would say; and when Hester answered, "Not at all," would shrug his shoulders and elevate his eyebrows and say, "Nor I," under his breath. But if he did not "get on," his manner of non-enjoyment was at least very different from Hester's. He was, as it were, Catherine Vernon's son and representative; he was the temporary master of the house. Everybody smiled upon him, deferred to him, consulted his wishes. Thus, even Edward, though she regarded him with different eyes from the others, helped to give a greater certainty to Hester's opinion on the subject of society. Even he was false here—pretending to dislike what he had no reason to dislike, and, what was perhaps worse, leaving her to stand there neglected whom he was willing enough to talk with when he found her alone.

Hester felt—with her head raised, her nostrils expanded, a quiver of high indignation on her lip—that she herself would never suffer any one to stand thus neglected in any room of hers. Those women in their diamonds, who swept down-stairs while her mother stood and looked on wistfully, should not be the first in her house. She would not laugh and say "One of the Vernonry," as Catherine permitted herself to do. It seemed to Hester that the poor and the small would be the first whom she would think of and amuse and make happy. They should have the best of everything, they who had not the best of anything in life. Society (she thought, always in that corner, where there was full time to make theories, and the keen prick of present humiliation to give animation to them) should be a fine compensation to those who were not so happy as the others. A true hostess should lay herself out to make up to them, for that one genial moment, for the absence of beauty and brightness in their lives. It should be all for them—the music, and the wit, and the happy discourse. Those who lived in fine houses, who had everything that wealth could give, should stand aside and give place to the less happy. There should be no one neglected. The girl whom no one noticed stood apart and invented her high magnanimous court where there should be no respect of persons.

(To be Continued.)

Live Bear and Seal at the Fulton Market where you can order choice vegetables from the celebrated farms of Kirkland and Steves.—*Adv.*

KYLE & TILTON,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE

—DEALERS IN—

Groceries,

Provisions,

Liquors,

Cigars, Etc.

FRONT STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER

(je25tc)

HOMER & SON,

—IMPORTERS—

SHIPPING & COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

FRONT ST., - NEW WETTMINSTER

OFFER FOR SALE

Extra, Superfine and Graham

FLOUR

BARLEY,
GROUND BARLEY,
WHEAT,
MIDDLINGS

BRAN,

OIL CAKE,
OATS,
OAT MEAL,
CORN MEAL,

GRAIN SACKS,

HAMS, BACON, LARD, BUTTER, DRIED FRUIT, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Agents for Pacific Coast Steamship Co. (ja9tc)

Brunette Saw Mill.

DeBeck Bros. & Co,

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of

Rough & Dressed Lumber.

Shingles, Shakes, Pickets,

SALMON BOXES

AND TRAYS.

We intend to keep a full stock of

Sash,

Doors,

Blinds,

Mouldings

&c., &c., &c., in fact

Everything in Woodwork

That will be required to

FINISH A HOUSE

From bottom to top.

Orders for **Scroll Sawing, Trimming and Shaping,** will be promptly and carefully attended to. We pay particular attention to the manufacture of good, dry

Salmon Boxes,

And we believe our customers will bear us out in saying that we make

The Best Salmon Boxes on the River.

We sincerely thank those who have favored us with their patronage in the past, and beg to solicit a continuance of their favors. During the past winter we have made extensive additions to our Mill, and can now fill orders more promptly and cheaply than ever. We have chartered the steamer "Iris" for the season, and will therefore be able to deliver Lumber promptly. We have also to announce to the citizens of **Port Moody** that we have opened a branch of our business at that place, and will be able to fill orders from there in a few days.

DEBECK BROS. & CO.

New Westminster, Mar 28th, 1884. [tc

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase [2] two unsurveyed islands in the Fraser river, lying to the west of Lots 20 & 14, Group 2, and containing [50] fifty acres, more or less.

EDWARD F. CHARLTON.

August 4th, 1884. au6m2

Canadian Pacific Navigation Company, Limited.

On and after May 13th, 1884, steamers will leave as follows:

	MON	TUES	WED	THUR	FRI.	SAT.
New Westminster for	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ladner's Landing ...	.....	7 a. m.	.....	7 a. m.	.....	7 a. m.
Victoria	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Plumper's Pass.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

THOS. L. BRIGGS, Agent.

JOHN IRVING, Manager. my17-tc

Latest Arrivals!

—AT—

MRS.

EMMA GOLD'S

Just Received, EX STR. IDAHO, a magnificent stock of

Latest Style Shoes!

From one of the best manufactories in the world. These shoes embrace all the finer lines, and are of a style and quality

NEVER BEFORE SEEN

In this Province. Call and examine for yourselves.

—ALSO—

8 Cases Tweeds & Diagonals

From 75 cents to $3.50 per yard.

The Largest Stock of

Gentlemen's Hats,

The best styles, and the best value, in the city. je28tc

THOMAS McNEELY,

Canadian Pacific Railway

General Groceries,

Provisions,

Dry Goods,

Hats and Caps,

Boots and Shoes,

Hardware,

Crockery,

Tinware,

—AND—

GENERAL DEALER,

LADNER'S LANDING, B. C.

(1y23y1)

PACIFIC CARRIAGE WORKS

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

WAGGONS,

BUGGIES,

CARRIAGES,

—AND—

Agricultural Implements.

Painting and Repairing neatly done.

A STOCK OF COFFINS ALWAYS ON HAND

JOHNSTON & SMITH,

no24tc] PROPRIETORS.

Direct Importation

C. BROWN

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT.

C. BROWN

BEGS TO INFORM THE RESIDents of New Westminster and vicinity that he is constantly receiving from Europe shipments of choice

Wines,

Spirits,

Liqueurs,

English Ales,

London and

Dublin Stout,

Which he will supply

IN BOND or DUTY PAID,

In Quantities to Suit Customers.

Also, in constant receipt, direct from

W. A. Gilby's, London

Fine Champagnes,

Saumur's Claret,

Burgundy,

Genuine Sherry,

Fine old Ports

and Sherries.

E. BROWN,

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

Canadian Pacific Railway

NEW SCHEDULE

—OF—

WAGES

—FOR—

WHITE LABOR

—ON THE—

Canadian Pacific Railway

—IN

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Overseers ...	....$125 00	per month.
Rock Foremen....	$3 50 to $4 00	⅌ day
Earth Foremen...	2 50 to 3 50	"
Bridge Foremen..	3 50 to 4 50	"
Bridge Carpenters, 1st class.....	3 50	"
Bridge Carpenters, 2nd class.....	3 00	"
Masons	2 50 to 3 50	"
Stone Cutters....	3 00 to 3 50	"
Blacksmiths, 1st class	3 50	"
Blacksmiths, 2nd class	3 00	"
Blacksmith Helpers	1 50 to 2 00	"
Drillers.....	2 00 to 2 25	"
Laborers	1 75 to 2 00	"
Hewers, 1st class	3 50	"
Choppers, 1st class	2 00 to 2 50	"
Scorers, 1st class	2 50	"

All outside labor 10 hours per day.

All Carpenters to furnish their own Chest Tools.

All Employees to find themselves Bed, Board and Lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient along the Line. Board—$5 per week.

It will not be compulsory for Employees to board in the Company's Houses.

Wages will be paid monthly, on the 10th of each month.

A. ONDERDONK,

GENERAL MANAGER.

OFFICE OF THE CONTRACTORS,
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY,
Yale, March 1, 1883.

ALE!

KEHOE & CO. ARE NOW PREpared to supply the very best Ale from the Westminster Brewery. Orders left with Mr. Chas. McDonough, Front St., shall have prompt attention. ja5tc

Militia Order.

THE NEW WESTMINSTER RIFLE Company will parade in the Drill Shed on **Monday, October 6th,** at 8 P.M.

A. PEELE,
Capt. Command'g.

1oc2t

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned will sell by **Public Auction** at the Government Land Office, New Westminster, at 12 o'clock, M., **Tuesday, the 28th day of October next,** at the upset price of $2.50 per acre, that piece or parcel of land situate on Westham Island, known and described on the Official Map of the District of New Westminster as the north portion of Lot 192*a*, Group 2, and containing 259 acres, more or less.

C. WARWICK,
Government Agent.

New Westminster, B. C., Sept. 27, 1884.
se27td

TABLE

Showing the dates and places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer for the year 1884.

SPRING ASSIZES.

(ON VANCOUVER ISLAND.)

Victoria.....Monday..... 7th April.
Nanaimo.....Wednesday..... 4th June.

(ON MAINLAND.)

New Westminster...Wednesday.... 7th May.
Yale.....Monday.....19th May.
Kamloops.....Friday.....30th May.
Clinton.....Saturday..... 7thJune.

FALL ASSIZES.

[ON VANCOUVER ISLAND.]

Victoria.....Monday.....24th November.
Nanaimo.....Wednesday, 3rd December.

[ON MAINLAND.]

Richfield.....Monday.... 8th September.
Clinton.....Tuesday...30th September.
Kamloops.....W'dn'sday 8th October.
Lytton.....Saturday...18th October.
Yale.....Saturday...25th October.
New West.....W'dn'sday,12th November.

29th January, 1884. fe2tc

DOMINION GOVERNMENT

SAVINGS BANK!

New Westminster Branch.

DEPOSITORS ARE REQUESTED TO present their Pass Books for Insertion of interest up to the 30th June, 1884.

G. PITTENDRIGH, Agent.

N. W., Sept. 3, 1884. se6m2

Land Registry Ordinance, 1870

Lots Nos. 5 and 6, Block XXVII, in the City of New Westminster.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above mentioned lots will be issued to James Morrison on the 22nd day of November, 1884, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lots or some part thereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office, New Westminster District, 21st August, 1884. au23-3m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated in the District of New Westminster:

Commencing at the NW corner of the Government Reserve, situated on the southern side of English Bay; thence due south, along the western boundary of said Reserve, to its southwest corner; thence due west 110 chains, more or less, to the eastern boundary of Point Grey Reserve; thence due north, along said eastern boundary, to the shore of English Bay; thence easterly, along shore of English Bay, to the place of commencement, containing about 800 acres, more or less.

R. T. WILLIAMS.

Victoria, B. C. 3rd April, 1884. ap9-tc

Legislative Assembly.

PRIVATE BILLS.

ALL APPLICATIONS FOR PRIVATE Bills, properly the subject of legislation by the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, within the purview of the "British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road, or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbor, Canal, Lock, Dam, or Slide, or other like work; the granting of a right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular trade or calling, or of any Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for granting to any individual or individuals any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act,—shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, to be published as follows:—

A notice in the *British Columbia Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the District affected, or if there be no newspaper published therein, then in a newspaper in the next nearest District in which a newspaper is published.

Such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks, during the interval of time between the close of the next preceeding Session and the consideration of the Petition.

Before any Petition, praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, is presented to the House, the person or persons intending to petition for such Bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rule, also at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and mentioning also whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

THORNTON FELL,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

se24tc

—THE—

West Shore!

—FOR—

SEPTEMBER, 1884.

THE GREAT

ILLUSTRATED

DOUBLE NUMBER,

DEVOTED TO

BRITISH COLUMBIA

A MAGNIFICENT NUMBER TO SEND TO YOUR FRIENDS.

ONLY 25 CENTS PER COPY.

T. R. PEARSON & CO

Sole Agents for the Mainland.

se17tc

STEAMER NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 10th, up-river steamers will leave New Westminster

WEDNESDAY AT 5 A.M. FOR CHILLIWHACK AND WAY PORTS, RETURNING SAME DAY.

AND SATURDAYS AT 5 A. M. FOR HOPE AND WAY PORTS, RETURNING MONDAY.

THOS. L. BRIGGS.
Agent C. P. N. Co.

se3

NOTICE.

In re the Estate of JAMES WILLIAMS, deceased, intestate.

ALL PERSONS having claims against the estate of the late James Williams, of Osoyoos, are hereby required to send in proved accounts to the undersigned on or before the 19th November, 1884, and all persons indebted to the above estate must settle their accounts forthwith.

Dated 19th Sept., 1884.

E. A. JENNS,
Administrator.

20se1m

To Butchers & Stockmen!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE EXTENsive facilities for

STALL FEEDING,

On their premises at Langley Prairie, and are prepared to take cattle for winter fatening or keep. Butchers and stockmen who wish cattle kept fat and in good order will find every facility, and moderate charges. The farm is only 13 miles from New Westminster, and is on the Trunk road.

INNES BROS.,
Langley Prairie.

au6tc

To Railway Contractors

AND OTHERS.

NOTICE.

THE MUNICIPALITY OF THE CITY of New Westminster are prepared to offer the sum of

FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS

($50,000) as a Bonus to any person or company that will build, maintain and run a Railway from the City of New Westminster to the Canadian Pacific Railway terminus at Port Moody. Said offers to be sent in to this office on or before the last day of November, 1884.

By order, A. J. ALPORT,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
New Westminster, 9th Sept., 1884.
10se2m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for timbering purposes the following described lands situated in New Westminster District:

1. Commencing at a post on the shore of Gillies Bay, Texada Island, about one mile N. W. of Shelter Point, extending along the shore for a distance of 160 chains, with a depth of 80 chains, containing 1280 acres, more or less.

2. Commencing at a post on the North shore of Cardero Channel, nearly opposite Denham Island, extending along the shore for a distance of 100 chains, with a depth of 160 chains, containing 1600 acres, more or less.

3. Commencing at a stake on the shore of Hemming Bay, Thurlow Island, about one-half mile West of Jackson Point; thence following the shore line 120 chains; thence in a N. W. direction 240 chains; thence Easterly 160 chains; thence South to point of commencement, containing 3500 acres, more or less.

HASTINGS SAW MILL CO'Y,
RICHD. H. ALEXANDER,
Manager.

Burrard Inlet, B. C., 30th July, 1884.
au1tc

J. S. McGUIRE, M. D.

CLINTON, B. C.

His great Remedy for Consumption in its first or second stage.

DR. McGUIRE WILL AGREE to cure Consumption in its first or second stage under his advice and treatment. No fee required if not a perfect cure obtained.

Dr. McGuire treats all disease of the lungs without cod liver oil, Fellows' compound Syrup of Hypophosphates, or any other medicines advertised for lung disease. The Doctor has made this disease his specialty for the last fifteen years.

Thorough examination and advice, $15. Those who cannot visit Dr. McGuire at Clinton, B. C., should send a full and minute statement of their trouble with $25, and in return a full course of medicine will be forwarded. There are good comfortable hotels at Clinton for patients, and the Climate is the finest in the world; and the Doctor recommends those suffering from disease of the lungs to come to Clinton for a short time.

J. S. McGUIRE, M. D.

10se3m

BUY THE BEST QUALITY

Union India Rubber Co's

—Pure Gum—

CRACK PROOF

RUBBER BOOTS

Beware of Imitations.

Be sure the boots are stamped CRACK PROOF on the heels, and have the Pure Gum Springs on the foot and instep, which prevent their cracking or breaking. We are now making them with Rubber and Asbestos Soles, which will make them last more than twice as long as any Rubber Boots made.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

All kinds Rubber Belting, Packing, Hose, Springs, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Etc. GOODYEAR RUBBER CO.

R. H. PEASE, S. M. RUNYON, Agents,
au16-4m San Francisco.

STATIONERY.

HAVING ESTABLISHED immediate connection with paper manufacturers, we are prepared to furnish the various grades of paper, put up in quarter-ream packages and upwards, at much cheaper rates than formerly. A test lot will prove this fact. Our stock also of miscellaneous books, with the usual lines of goods associated with book stores and stationers, is always kept complete.

T. N. HIBBEN & CO.,
Gov't St., Victoria.

my31-tc

Westcott House!

PORT HAMMOND, B. C.

Mrs. W. S. Westcott,

PROPRIETRESS.

MRS. WESTCOTT begs to announce to the travelling public that she has leased the hotel at Port Hammond lately occupied by Mrs. Sinclair, which she has entirely rearranged and neatly furnished new throughout, and named as above. The house will be conducted strictly as a first-class country hotel, where travellers may at all times depend upon finding best accommodation and polite attendance at reasonable prices. jy9m3

NOTICE.

PARTIES LOCATING AND PREempting land are hereby notified that land within the limits of the Hastings Saw Mill Company's lease is not open for settlement, and that any one entering thereon will be prosecuted for trespass.

RICH'D H. ALEXANDER,
Manager.

de8-tc

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Municipal Council of Maple Ridge intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for to establish a public highway 66 feet wide,—commencing at N.W. end of Ealing street, on the map of Port Hammond Junction, thence along lot 584 on said map to railway fence line, thence to follow railway fence line to the point of intersection of railway with boundary line between lots 222 and 280, Group 1, thence to continue on said boundary line to the N. W. corner of lot 280.

PAUL MURRAY,
Clerk Municipal Council.

24se1m

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

MERCHANTS,

WHARF STREET - VICTORIA.

AGENTS FOR

North British and Mercantile Insurance Co. for Mainland.

H. C. BEETON & CO.,
36 Finsbury Circus,
London, E. C.

IMPERIAL

FIRE INSURANCE COMP'Y.

1 OLD BROAD ST. and 16 PALL MALL, LONDON.

INSTITUTED 1803.

FOR INSURING HOUSES & OTHER Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbor or Dock, and the Cargoes of such Vessels; also, Ships building and repairing, Barges and other Vessels on navigable rivers and canals, and Goods on board such Vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland and in Foreign Countries,

FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

Subscribed and Invested Capital,

£1,600,000 STG.

Rates of Premium and every information can be obtained on application to

W. J. ARMSTRONG,
Agent for New Westminster.

DR. SPINNEY & CO.'S DISPENSARY,

NO. 11 KEARNEY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

DR. SPINNEY, well known as the founder of the Montreal, (C. E.) Medical Institute, and late Proprietor of the SPINNEYVILLE INFIRMARY, would most respectfully inform his patients and the afflicted generally, that he still continues to treat chronic and nervous diseases with unparalleled success.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Remember that procrastination is the thief o time so

COME AND BE HEALED.

It matters not what your troubles may be, come and let the Doctor examine your case. It will cost you nothing for consultation, so please call and satisfy yourselves whether the Doctor understands your case. If he can cure you he will tell you so; if not, he will tell you that, for he will not undertake a case unless he is confident of effecting a cure.

Parties at a distance wishing treatment, by sending $25 and a minute description of their troubles will receive in return a full course of treatment securely packed so as not to excite curiosity.

DR. SPINNEY will guarantee to forfeit Five Hundred Dollars for every case of any kind or character which he undertakes and fails to cure.

P. S.—For diseases of short standing, a full course of medicines, sufficient for a cure, with all instructions, will be sent to any address on receipt of $10.

Call or Address

Dr. SPINNEY & CO.,
No. 11 Kearney-st., San Faancisco, Cal.

9 28-1y

DR. ALLEN'S

PRIVATE DISPENSARY,

26½ Kearny St., San Francisco, Cal.

ESTABLISHED FOR THE SCIENTIFIC AND SPEEDY CURE OF CHRONIC, NERVOUS AND SPECIAL DISEASES.

THE EXPERT SPECIALIST,

DR. ALLEN, AS IS WELL KNOWN, IS A regular graduated Physician, educated at Bowdoin College and University of Michigan. He has devoted a lifetime to the study of the treatment and cure of diseases within his specialty.

YOUNG MEN

And MIDDLE AGED MEN, who are suffering from the effects of Youthful Indiscretions or Excesses in maturer years, NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, IMPOTENCY, LOST MANHOOD, confusion of ideas, dull eyes, aversion to society, despondency, pimples on the face, loss of energy and memory, frequency of urinating, etc.

MY HOSPITAL EXPERIENCE

(Having been surgeon in charge of two leading hospitals) enables me to treat all private troubles with excellent results. I wish it distinctly understood that I do not claim to perform impossibilities, or to have miraculous or supernatural power. I claim only to be a skillful and successful Physician and Surgeon, *thoroughly* informed in my specialty—

DISEASES OF MAN.

All applying to me will receive my honest opinion of their complaints—No experimenting. I will guarantee a positive cure in every case I undertake, or forfeit $1,000. Consultation in office or by letter FREE and strictly private. Charges reasonable. Thorough examination, including chemical and microscopical analysis of urine, and advice, $5.00. Office hours, 9 to 3 daily, 6 to 8 evening. Sunday, 9 to 12 only. Call or address

DR. ALLEN,
26½ Kearney street, San Francisco, Cal.

☞ Remember, the Doctor has a VEGETABLE COMPOUND, the result of many years of special practice and hard study, which, under his special advice, has never failed of success in the cure of LOST MANHOOD, PROSTATORRHŒA, etc.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

Is a never-failing Cure for Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality of any kind, Weakness, Paralysis, Prostatorrhœa, and all the terrible effects of youthful follies, and excesses in maturer years.

DR. MINTIE will agree to forfeit Five Hundred Dollars for a case of this kind the Vital Restorative (under his special advice and treatment) will not cure, or for anything impure or injurious found in it. DR. MINTIE treats all Diseases successfully without mercury. Consultation free. Thorough examination and advice, $5·00. Price of Vital Restorative, $3·00 a bottle, or four times the quantity, $10·00; sent to any address upon receipt of price, or C. O. D., secure from observation, and in private name if desired, by A. E. MINTIE, M. D.

Those who cannot visit DR. MINTIE in San Francisco should send a full and minute statement of their troubles with $25·00, and in return a full course of Medicine will be forwarded,—securely packed, so as not to excite curiosity.

All orders for medicine C. O. D. must be accompanied with $1.00 (as a guarantee of good faith), which will be deducted when the package is shipped.

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE.—Sent on application by letter stating symptoms, sex and age. Communications strictly confidential. jy31-1y

11 Kearney Street, San Francisco, Cal.