THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
—IS PUBLISHED—
Every Wednesday & Saturday,
—BY—
D ROBSON & CO.
OFFICE COLUMBIA STREET. ENTRANCE TO EDITORIAL AND BUSINESS DEPARTMENT THROUGH T. R. PEARSON & CO'S. BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

TERMS—By Mail, $3 a year; $1 50 for 6 mos.; $1 for 3 mos.; payable in Advance. Delivered by Carrier or Agent, $1 per quarter, payable quarterly to Carrier or Agent.

AGENTS
T. N. HIBBEN & Co. ..... VICTORIA.
T. R. PEARSON & Co. ..... YALE.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, May 20, 1885.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

VOLUME 27 NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1885. NUMBER 40

Current Events and Opinions.

According to our visiting Hindoo, who wears a white turban and imparts geographical knowledge to the Geographical Society very much in the style of Artemus Ward's famous discourse on "The Babes in the Woods," British civilization and rule in India is a bad thing for that country. That is the old story. The truth is India is vastly better off to-day than it was under the rule of native princes. Under the latter rule there was no hope for the country. There was a perpetual conflict of races and religions. The rulers were rapacious, irresponsible and oftentimes cruel. The Hindoo's respect for animal life is so great that he will let the deadly cobras breed in the by-ways and hedges, and man-eating tigers are allowed to prowl in the suburbs of large towns. But when the savage, under the veneer and varnish, is excited, human butchery has been as shocking in India as in any other part of the savage world. Great Britain may be an exacting ruler, but she has given law, personal protection, and public improvements to India. She has also introduced a better civilization. If Hindoos decline to accept it, so much the worse for them. Their own civilization culminated ages ago. It became inert and utterly hopeless. The condition of Upper Burmah to-day, under native rule, is a good illustration of the condition of the greater part of India before British authority was extended over that country. The ruler of Burmah is as cruel a wretch as there is in the known world. He has followed the customs of his ancestors by murdering everybody in that country who might by any possibility through lineage be his successor. The miserable and bloodthirsty monster ought to be suppressed. He has kept Upper Burmah in a deplorable condition. There is no protection for life or property. He represents absolute and irresponsible sovereignty. Yet he is not worse than were many other native princes when the British began to govern India. A better fortune would happen to Upper Burmah were that country brought at once under British rule. There would at least be some protection for life and property. To-day there is none. Whatever may have been the defects of British rule in India, it has been vastly more beneficial than any government maintained by native rulers.—*San Francisco Bulletin.*

Some months ago Gen. Soboleff published a remarkable article in a Moscow paper. In this he said that Russia does not want India, or wish for it, and that when she threatened it would be for the purpose of forcing England to allow her to do as her interests require on the Bosphorus. At that time there was no idea that danger of war between Russia and England would arise for many years. Since it has become probable that a war is at hand, it has been frequently asserted that Russia's real object was to acquire the rest of Armenia and a port nearer than Batoum to the open sea. Others have suggested that Russia's real purpose is to obtain access by rail to the Persian Gulf and there establish the ever open seaport for which she longs. The London *Spectator* suggests that this may be her real object, and that it may be her purpose after seizing Herat to invade and annex Persia, covering an area of 500,000 square miles fertile as Italy, and capable of producing everything from wheat to pineapples. Misgovernment has reduced the population to five millions. This country under Russian control would soon have a large population and contribute to the financial needs of the Empire. It has no force capable of resisting, even for a brief period, such an army as Russia could throw into it. This, and not the wild mountains of Afghanistan held by fierce, unconquerable tribes, or India, which with a population loyal to Great Britain she could not hope to conquer, may be the real object of those preparations which are supposed to menace India. Coming out of a war with such an accession to her territory, Russia would consider herself victorious no matter what her losses might have been. Old Anglo-Indians and many others think that were Russia established in Persia it would be necessary to maintain an army and navy in India at least twice as large as the present peace establishment. This, it is believed, was Lord Palmerston's opinion. The *Spectator* thinks that the warlike twenty millions of the Punjaub could always furnish a force sufficient to hold the Russians in check, and that Russia holding Persia, having an accessible sea coast and a large commerce, would be more exposed to attack than she is now and would dread the English fleet more. The very wealth of the new province and its accessibility would be guarantees for peace. The *Spectator* admits that its article is partly speculative; but it says Englishmen will do well when they think of Russia to remember that "there is but one conquest which would relieve her treasury; that the idea of this conquest has never been absent from her military bureau; and that European circumstances at this moment render this conquest more possible than it ever seemed before. She has on the theory to fight England anyhow; why not fight for something worth her having?"—*Globe.*

Mr. Gladstone's speech upon asking the war credit was received with great enthusiasm, and the tone of the comments upon it shows how thoroughly united England is upon the subject. It is fortunate that at this moment a man like Gladstone is prime minister, because the country has the moral assurance that if war should come, it is honorably unavoidable, and that it is not undertaken for any kind of Buncombe or Jingoism. The contest would appeal to the strongest feelings of Englishmen, and John Bright's refusal to attend the peace meeting shows that he feels the significance of the crisis, and the possibility that war is the lesser of threatening evils. It is, however—and every English home and every thoughtful Englishman will feel it deeply—a very solemn moment for the country. A war between Great Britain and Russia cannot be a little war, and its consequences are incalculable. It will not be a hurrah campaign, and the relations of other powers to the combatants can not be forseen. The interest of Germany does not lie in the aggrandizement of Russia. Bismarck may dislike Gladstone, but he knows that the plans and policy of Great Britain do not contemplate an extension of British territory in Europe, while neither Bismarck nor any other statesman can now count upon Russian satisfaction with its European limits. Germany can not wish to see Russia at Constantinople, and may always suspect a Russian alliance with France to enable France to settle old scores. In the event of an English and Russian war, which should evidently raise the question of the greater ascendancy of either power in the European system, the feeling expressed by the Vienna *Tagblatt* would be the conviction of liberal Europe: "The last days of England's power would be also the last days of European liberty." As regards the comparative resources for war, Russia has the larger military force, but England the greater naval power. The financial advantage also is largely with England, although no great war was ever stayed for want of money. The general military advantages which a despotism like Russia may appear to possess are offset upon the English side by the spirit of a free people. Neither combatant, indeed, would be defending its own territory, but the situation would none the less join the issue between the two countries as representatives of opposing principles. Preference of liberty and sympathy with a nation of our own blood and great traditions, whose advance has always extended freedom and civilization is not a sentimental delusion. In a speech upon St. George's Day Professor Goldwin Smith said that he had little faith in conquest as a means of civilization, but if ever a sincere effort to give civilization has been made, England has made it in India. It might, he said, be doubtful whether England is richer or happier for possessing India, but the overthrow of her power there now would not be a gain to India or to humanity. It would only restore the murderous chaos from which England has lifted the country.—*Harper's Weekly.*

GREAT ENGINEERING FEAT.—The present year will see the completion of one of the greatest submarine engineering works ever undertaken in Great Britain. The Severn tunnel was first begun by the Great Western Railway, and the accomplishment of the great work has been delayed by difficulties which, a few years ago, would have been thought insurmountable. Twice has an enormous volume of water flooded the works through the accidental tapping of land springs; beside which fissures in the rock were met with which let the tidal waters into the tunnel. The river is two and a quarter miles broad at the site of the works, but the tunnel itself is nearly double that length, in order to allow for the necessary gradient on either side, the crown of the tunnel being fifty feet below the deepest part of the river. The enterprise has cost considerably more than a million sterling.

A careless critic who was criticising a young lady's father severely across the dinner table paused a moment to say: "I hope he is no relation of yours, Miss L?" Quick as thought she replied with the utmost nonchalance: "Only a connection of mother's by marriage."

The craze for lady barbers is dying out. After a man has had his face cut bias, his throat shirred, and his hair pompadoured, and been talked to death, he naturally returns to the male barber and takes chloroform or laughing-gas.

DR. E. J. OFFERHAUS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
oc29tc Kamloops, B. C.

JOHN GARROW, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OFFICE—Next Elson's Tailor Shop, Cor. Church and Columbia Sts. no22tc

DR. S. CLARKE,
Member College Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Registered under Medical Ordinance of British Columbia.
Office in D. S. Curtis & Co.'s Drug Store, New Westminster, B. C. no26tc

T. H. MATHERS, M. D.
OFFICE—Temporarily in Wise's building, Front street.
RESIDENCE—St. John street, opposite the Public School, New Westminster.
mh15-tc

DR. S. DOBS,
HOMEOPATHIST,
Graduate of Hahemann's College, Breslau, Germany.
OFFICE, Room 20, Occident Hotel, New Westminster. mh28tc

E. STEVENSON, M. D.
(Formerly of New Westminster—1862-63.)
HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
View St., Victoria, B. C. mh18m3

H. M. COOPER, B. A., M. D.,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
OFFICE and RESIDENCE—Church St. (next door to Farmers' Home), near Columbia St., New Westminster, B.C.
OFFICE HOURS—8 to 10 a. m.; 1 to 3 and 6.30 to 8 p. m. Calls in town and country promptly attended to. fe2tc

DENTISTRY.
DR. C. E. C. BROWN, late of the Province of Quebec, has opened an office at Mrs. Holmes', Mary Street. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 5 p. m. All work guaranteed.
no28tc

CORBOULD & McCOLL,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &C.
OFFICE—McKenzie street, New Westminster, B. C.

MURRAY & FRY,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
Graining, Kalsomining and Paper-Hanging. SHOP—Clarkson street, opposite the New Westminster Jail, New Westminster, British Columbia. ap2-tc

ROYAL HOTEL,
CENTREVILLE, CHILLIWHACK.
First-Class accommodation for Travelers.
MRS. M. A. HARPER,
my21-'84-1y Proprietress.

MRS. M. A. HARPER,
CENTREVILLE, CHILLIWHACK.
Dry Goods and Groceries, Millinery and Fancy Goods.
First-Class Dressmaker in attendance.
my21-'84-1y

HUGHES & ATKINSON,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS
And Conveyancers. Accounts collected and Loans Negotiated. Office, Columbia street, opposite the Post Office, New Westminster, B. C.
J. C. HUGHES, Notary Public. T. C. ATKINSON.
je11-tc

C. D. RAND, NOTARY PUBLIC. E. E. RAND.
RAND BROS.,
Real Estate Brokers, Conveyancers and Insurance Agents.
Port Moody and New Westminster Property a specialty.
OFFICE—Columbia Street, opposite Post Office, New Westminster, B. C. jly5tc

T. J. TRAPP,
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER,
Columbia Street, ... New Westminster
Parties desirous of disposing of their farms, etc., will do well to place the same in the hands of the above.
All commissions will receive prompt and careful attention. Best references given when required. mh12-tc

J. C. HUGHES,
AUCTIONEER
Office at Hughes & Atkinson's,
Opposite Post Office, New Westminster, British Columbia.
mh7tc

P. S. HAMILTON,
Barrister-at-Law, Notary Public, Solicitor and Attorney, Real Estate Agent and Conveyancer
PORT MOODY.
BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE IN EVERY section of Port Moody. Also, Suburban Lots by the acre, immediately adjacent to the Port Moody surveyed Townsite.
Lands for sale on the north side of, and having water frontage on Port Moody Harbor, finely situated and exceedingly valuable.
Also, Farm Lands of superior quality and on favorable terms, in New Westminster District.
Carefully prepared Maps and Plans exhibited, and the fullest information furnished, at Mr. Hamilton's office. mh25tc

Every Man to his Own Business
A. PEELE,
PRACTICAL
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,
COLUMBIA STREET
(OPP. COLONIAL HOTEL),
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.
N. B.—Only Genuine Drugs used. Over twenty years' experience. mr23

ESTATE OF JOHN GASTINEAU,
Deceased, Intestate.
ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE above estate will please to pay at once, and all claims against the said estate are requested to be sent (duly approved) to the undersigned.
JAMES C. PREVOST, Administrator.
Victoria, April 16, 1885. 17apim

W. D. FERRIS,
LAND, HOUSE and GENERAL AGENT
Rent and Debt Collector.
SEVERAL GOOD FARMS FOR SALE.
Agent for the TRAVELER'S LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY, Hartford, Conn.
OFFICE:—McKenzie Street, New Westminster. fe4tc

WALSH'S
Tailoring Emporium
MOST FASHIONABLE IN THE CITY.
Opposite the Bank, Columbia street, New Westminster, B. C. [my26-tc.

GO TO THE SAN FRANCISCO

BOOT & SHOE STORE
WHEN YOU WANT TO GET YOUR MONEY'S WORTH
Boots and Shoes of every description made to order and repaired, from an infant's shoe to a man's boot.
☞The highest cash price paid for Hides. I am importing 40 tons of Oak Bark for use at my tannery, so that people need no longer send away for oak-tanned leather.
JAS. ROUSSEAU.
mh4tc Columbia St., New Westminster

H. KELLS,
Manufacturer & Importer of

BOOTS AND SHOES
Ladies', Gents', Misses' and Children's Boots, Shoes and Gaiters
Made to Order and Kept on Hand.
COLUMBIA STREET, - OPP. HYACK HALL
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
mh4tc

BOOTS and SHOES
FROM
HEATHORN'S
Boot & Shoe Manufactory,
VICTORIA,
AT VICTORIA PRICES.
R. THOMAS,
Shop under the new Oddfellow Hall, Columbia st., New Westminster.

L. WILLIE
Front St., New Westminster,
MANUFACTURER OF
BISCUITS
AND DEALER IN
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
mh7tc

WEST END
Bakery and Grocery
Plain and Fancy
Bread, Buns, Pies, Cakes,
And Confectionery always on hand.
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
Delivered to any part of the City.
KELLY BROS., Columbia Street.
je21-tc

F. EICKHOFF,
—DEALER IN—
General Merchandise!
FRONT STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.
A large stock always on hand, and prices to suit the times.
Dry Goods & Groceries!
mh4tc

THOS. OVENS,
MANUFACTURER OF
Buggies, Carriages,
WAGONS.
Blacksmith and Machinist
ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY, Patent Locks, Safes, Sewing Machines, &c., &c., &c., repaired.
Gunsmithing,
Horse-shoeing a specialty.
☞COLUMBIA STREET.☜
mh4tc

TURNER, BEETON & CO.
MERCHANTS,
WHARF STREET - VICTORIA.
AGENTS FOR
North British and Mercantile Insurance Co. for Mainland.
H. C. BEETON & CO.,
36 Finsbury Circus, London, E. C.

IMPERIAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMP'Y,
1 OLD BROAD ST. and 16 PALL MALL, LONDON.
INSTITUTED 1803.
FOR INSURING HOUSES & OTHER Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbor or Dock, and the Cargoes of such Vessels; also, Ships building and repairing, Barges and other Vessels on navigable rivers and canals, and Goods on board such Vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland and in Foreign Countries,
FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.
Subscribed and Invested Capital,
£1,600,000 STG.
Rates of Premium and every information can be obtained on application to
W. J. ARMSTRONG,
Agent for New Westminster.

American Agriculturist
100 Columns and 100 Engravings in Each Issue.
44TH YEAR. $1.50 A YEAR.
The recognized Leading Periodical of its kind in the World.
100,000 CYCLOPÆDIAS FREE.
EVERY SUBSCRIBER TO THE American Agriculturist, OLD OR NEW, English or German, whose subscription for 1885 is immediately forwarded us, together with the price, $1.50 per year, and 15 cents extra for postage on Cyclopædia—making $1.65 in all—will receive the American Agriculturist (English or German), for all of 1885, and be presented with the American Agriculturist Family Cyclopædia (just out), 700 Pages and over 1,000 Engravings. Strongly bound in cloth, black and gold.
FROM THE TENTH CENSUS, VOL. 8, JUST PUBLISHED.
"The American Agriculturist is especially worthy of mention, because of the remarkable success that has attended the unique and untiring efforts of its proprietors to increase and extend its circulation. Its contents are duplicated every month for a German edition, which also circulates widely."
Send three 2-cent stamps for mailing you specimen copy "American Agriculturist, an elegant forty-page Premium List, with 200 Illustrations, and specimen pages of our "Family Cyclopædia." Canvassers wanted everywhere.
Address
PUBLISHERS AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST,
DAVID W. JUDD, Pres't. SAM'L BURNHAM, Sec.
715 Broadway, New York.
☞Any person sending $4.50 to this Office will receive THE COLUMBIAN and the American Agriculturist for one year, and the Cyclopædia free of postage and duty paid. Address,
D. ROBSON & CO.,
fe1tc New Westminster.

FULTON MARKET
WE HAVE JUST OPENED AT
W. J. French's Old Stand
COLUMBIA STREET
(Centrally located for convenience of Ladies ordering), a Market to supply the Public with all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked
Fish, Game,
Vegetables, Fruit,
—AND—
General Farm Produce, &c.,
Where there will always be found a good supply on hand.
GOODS DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE to private houses and hotels, upon orders being left at the office.
We respectfully solicit the patronage of the Public.
☞Remember the stand—Two Doors below Trapp Bros.
WINDSOR & NELSON, Managers at Market.
JAMES TAFFANDOLE, Manager Fishing.
jly5tc

Confederation Life
ASSOCIATION.
Guarantee Capital $1,000,000
Full Gov'm't Deposit
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, CANADA
A HOME COMPANY.
This Association merits the confidence the Public is reposing in it from the following FACTS:—
The Security offered to policy holders is unsurpassed by any Company doing business in Canada.
It has no schemes of insurance, but the well-established lines, hence the policy holders cannot be misled as to their contracts.
Its statements to the public can be readily understood, its cash statement showing every item of income and how expended.
Its position is ascertained annually from a detailed valuation in which every item of liability is included.
Its progress has been unexampled in the history of insurance in Canada.
Its policies are indisputable after three years, and non-forfeitable after two years' existence.
Its profits are distributed upon an equitable basis. The profits to one class of policy holders are not lessened to give larger profits to any other class, which method affords superior advantages over the uniform bonus plan of distribution.
Liberal Conditions as to Residence and Travel.
J. K. MACDONALD, Managing Director.
T. R. PEARSON & CO.
Agents, New Westminster.
je7-2mo-alternate.

COME AND SEE!
W. H. HOLDEN,
HAVING TAKEN POSSESSION OF the "Temperance House," fronting on Columbia and Church Streets, opposite the Episcopal Church, and now known as the
FARMERS' HOME!
Will accommodate the traveling public at the following rates:
Board per day $1 00
" " week 5 00
Single Meals 25
Beds 25
☞Good accommodation for ladies and families. my9tc

DEIGHTON HOTEL
GRANVILLE,
Burrard Inlet, B. C.
ALEX. JOHNSTONE,
PROPRIETOR.
(jly5y1)

J. A. BOWES
BUTCHER
YALE & HOPE, B. C.
All Orders for Meat promptly filled
(de27tc)

--ROYAL CITY--
Planing Mills
COMPANY, LIMITED,
Richard Street,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
ROUGH AND DRESSED
LUMBER
Shingles,
Shakes,
Laths,
Pickets,
SALMON BOXES,
Net Floats, Trays
AND ALL KINDS OF
Wood Furnishing for Canneries,
Doors,
Windows,
Blinds.
Frames,
Mouldings.
Brackets.
Railings.
Balusters.
Newels,
Plain & Fancy & all Kinds of
TURNED WORK.
(se6tc)

Charcoal, Cordwood and Barrels.
FARMERS, DAIRYMEN, THE OWNERS of Fish Canneries and others are hereby informed that I have on hand a large quantity of charcoal and cordwood which I will sell at exceedingly low prices for cash.
I have also in this city a factory in which cooperage of every kind is done in the best possible manner.
CHAS. McDONOUGH.
Front Street, New Westminster, April 17th, 1885. ap18tc

WANTED.
A GOOD RELIABLE WOMAN TO ASSIST with children and do light chamber work. Wages, $20 per month.
my9tc Apply at THIS OFFICE.

OCCIDENT HOTEL
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
The Only Fire-Proof Hotel in the City.
THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT IS UNDER THE CHARGE OF AN EXPERIENCED ARTIST.
THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE to announce to the Public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where everything will be found first-class, and at reasonable rates.
The Parlors and Sleeping Apartments are under the superintendence of MRS. AUSTIN.
Private Dining Rooms for Ladies, Families and Private Parties.
A Private Reading Room, commodious, comfortably furnished, and well supplied with books and papers, is provided for the use of guests.
JNO. AUSTIN,
PROPRIETOR.

THE
BRIGHTON HOTEL
HASTINGS, B. I.
THIS FINE AND COMMODIOUS new Hotel has been recently completed and is furnished with every convenience for the comfort of guests. The situation and accommodations are unsurpassed on Burrard Inlet, which has become the most fashionable
WATERING PLACE
in British Columbia The prospect is charming, the sea breezes are invigorating, and the facilities for bathing and boating are excellent. Private Sitting and Dining Rooms. Suites of apartments for families or parties. The Bar is entirely detatched from the main building.
First-class stabling and feed for Horses. Busses to and from New Westminster twice a day.
GEO. BLACK,
jy28tc Proprietor.

FURNITURE!
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS PLEASURE in announcing that he is now prepared to supply all kinds of Furniture, &c., at the lowest possible prices. Cabinet work and Upholstering done promptly and in first-class style.
UNDERTAKING
In all its branches. The undersigned has the only HEARSE in the City. A continuance of public patronage solicited. Old stand, next Occident Hotel.
J. G. BUNTE,
Late Manager Sehl's Branch Furniture Store. au5tc

O. R. & N. CO.

THE STEAMER
"IDAHO"
Will run between
New Westminster and Tacoma
Calling at Port Townsend, Seattle, and Intermediate Ports, as follows:
LEAVE TACOMA EVERY WEDNESDAY AT 1 P.M. ARRIVING AT NEW WESTMINSTER FRIDAY MORNING.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER EVERY FRIDAY AT NOON, ARRIVING AT TACOMA SUNDAY AFTERNOON.
REDUCTION OF FARES.
NEW WESTMINSTER TO PORT TOWNSEND, $4.00
" " SEATTLE, 5.00
" " TACOMA, 6.00
se8tc C. E. CLANCEY, Agent.
se13tc

ESTABLISHED 1859.
ROBT. DICKINSON,
BUTCHER,
Nearly Opposite the Colonial Hotel,
NEW WESTMINSTER.
THE LARGEST AND CHOICEST assortment of all descriptions of
MEATS AND VEGETABLES
Constantly on hand, and supplied to Families, Restaurants, and Steamboats at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

For Sale or To Rent.

LAND FOR SALE.
GOOD LAND, IMPROVED OR UNIMproved for sale on Lulu Island.
Apply to THOS. KIDD,
22ap3m Lulu Island.

Two Houses to Rent
—APPLY TO—
HENRY V. EDMONDS,
Land Agent,
Opp. Hyack Hall, Columbia St.
mh11tc

FOR SALE.
ONE-HALF INTEREST IN the LANGley Saw and Planing Mill; mill in good order. For particulars apply on the premises to H. WEST,
Or, Messrs. DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN, Victoria.
ap18tc

A FARM FOR SALE
OF DYKED DELTA LAND OF THE very best quality.
For further particulars apply to
M. STEVES & SONS,
City Market, opposite Post Office, New Westminster, B. C.
Or, M. STEVES, Lulu Island.
22ap2m

FARM FOR SALE.
ABOUT 3 MILES FROM CHILLIwhack Landing; contains 176 acres; about 40 acres under cultivation; with House, Barn and Orchard. Terms easy.
Apply to JAMES DUNDAS, Chilliwhack,
Or to WOODS, TURNER & GAMBLE,
ap8tc New Westminster.

For Sale or Lease!
A VALUABLE FARM OF 160 ACRES, with Dwelling House, Barn, Outhouses, Orchard, &c., &c.—to be sold on easy terms, or to lease; situate on South arm of Fraser river and very near to New Westminster. Apply to
T. J. TRAPP,
fe14tc New Westminster, B. C.

Dairy Farm for Sale!
A FIRST-CLASS DAIRY FARM for sale, with stock and everything complete as it now stands. There is a good orchard on the farm, and there are also good buildings and everything required for a good home. Immediate possession given. A good bargain is offered, and reasonable terms will be given.
Apply to M. NICHOLSON,
fe14tc Mount Lehman P. O.

FOR SALE.
1373 Acres Choice Prairie Lands
6 MILES FROM LADNER'S LANDING and 9 miles from New Westminster, on the Trunk road. Over 150 acres under cultivation. There is a Dwelling House, 36x40, two stories high, and 5 Barns on the property; together with other out-buildings. The above will be sold in lots to suit purchasers and on easy terms.
For particulars apply to
JOHN McKEE,
ap4tc Near Ladner's Landing.

FOR SALE.
1440 ACRES CHOICE
DELTA LANDS
3 MILES FROM LADNER'S Landing, on the Trunk Wagon Road; two other roads running through the premises. Apply to
E. A. WADHAMS,
de22tc Ladner's Landing, B.C.

WANTED.
A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork for a family of two.
my11tc Apply to G. LEISER.

WANTED.
AN APPRENTICE to assist in the millinery department.
Apply to
ap15tc JAMES ELLARD & CO.

PARTNERSHIP WANTED
BY A STEADY YOUNG MAN, RELiable and active, with moderate capital. References exchanged. Address "Business," This Office. jny14m4

CAREFULLY SELECTED
SEEDS
If you want good, reliable Garden, Farm or Flower Seeds, send to
ROBERT EVANS & CO.,
Seed Merchants and Growers,
HAMILTON, ONT.
Catalogue free on application. fe7tc

C. P. R. TERMINUS LOTS
—AT—
COAL HARBOR
FOR SALE BY
HUGHES & ATKINSON,
Opposite Post Office, New Westminster British Columbia.
de8tc

Blacksmith Shop
Cor. Columbia & Begbie Sts.,
New Westminster, B. C
THE LARGEST STOCK ON THE MAINLAND OF
IRON, STEEL,
CHAIN.
HORSE AND OX-SHOES,
Axles, Springs and Carriage Hardware,
CUMBERLAND COAL, ETC.
ALL OF THE ABOVE I OFFER AT lowest cash prices. Having enlarged the business and procured the latest improved tools in use, I am now prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing on short notice. I also keep in stock the following articles: Harrows, Iron and Steel Harrow Teeth, Harrow Hinges, Double and Single Tree Irons, Clevices and Shackles, Ox-yoke Staples and Rings, Mail Rings and Wedges, Frows, Cant Hooks, Dog and Chain Hooks, Hay Hooks, etc.
Wagon, Carriage and Buggy Making a specialty.
Parties desiring to purchase will do well to give me a call before going elsewhere.
JOHN REID, Foreman.
4mhtc W. R. LEWIS, Proprietor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

Read This.....Trapp Bros.
Appointments.....Prov. Sec.
Notice.....Jas. McNerhanie et al
Notice.....R. C. P. Mills

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, May 20, 1885.

Uniform Franchise.

After a long and determined fight, it seems the new Dominion franchise bill is likely to be abandoned. So determined was Sir John to pass the bill this session that he made a rule some time ago that the bill must be taken up day by day, to the exclusion of all other matters, until it should be passed. This determination seemed so unfair to the opposition that a firm force was organized to fight the matter out to the bitter end. Both parties resorted to the stratagem of speaking against time, and sittings of unheard of lengths were the result. The hope of the opposition was that the government, or the house, or both, might become utterly wearied and abandon the bill. Another advantage of delay was the opportunity afforded for an expression of public opinion, which the opposition felt was mainly opposed to the bill. Public meetings were being held throughout the country, and petitions were being circulated and signed everywhere against it. It is now announced that the bill has been dropped, and that it will go into the waste basket. Some of the provisions of this new franchise bill are very extraordinary, and we cannot help thinking that in its defeat the Dominion has escaped a most unjust and obnoxious measure. The printed voters' lists were to be made the sole guide for returning officers in case of an election, which is right enough. But the final revision of these lists was entrusted to "revising barristers" who were to be appointed by the government of the day! From the decision of these partisans there was no appeal. They had power to strike from the list the names of voters who were obnoxious to them or their party, and to add those of persons who might not fairly be entitled to vote at all. In a good many constituencies the electors are politically divided with such evenness that the changing of very few votes will determine an election. It will be seen how perfectly adapted the machinery of this act was to the accomplishment of great political corruption. There were a few Conservatives who had independence enough to stand out boldly against so unjust a measure, but we find that the British Columbia members, as usual, voted always with the government. This is the more to be regretted because the bill proposed to disfranchise a great many of our present voters. The qualifications of a voter in this province are so few that we practically enjoy a system of manhood suffrage. The bill proposed by the Dominion government changes all that, and would set us back to the ancient system of property qualification. A recent dispatch from Ottawa says: "Peter Mitchell, in the Montreal *Herald* (now under Conservative control) say that an end must be put to one more government bill and that the Franchise Bill must be withdrawn. If the bill is not withdrawn he predicts the downfall of the conservative party. He adds that the opposition are naturally against the bill. It describes the revising barrister clause as more infamous than any election machinery provided under the last French empire. The government is beseeched to consider other business, and so avoid that desertion in the ministerial ranks which must ensue if the bill is pushed to the bitter end." From the result it would seem that the voice of public opinion has been strong enough to prevail.

Vox Popuil.

If the federal government has been laboring under the delusion that it could with impunity impose upon the people of this province such regulations as it thought fit, the resolutions and speeches of the Saturday night meeting may come to it as a rude awakening. The meeting was large, and representative in its character, and it was very enthusiastic in its expressions of approval whenever any speaker touched upon the subject of federal impositions or provincial freedom. The hints thrown out about separation and armed resistance were received by prominent men with the most cordial approbation. From the time when British Columbia entered the Canadian confederation until now, we have scarcely ever been without a substantial grievance, and this unsatisfactory relationship must have a strong tendency to produce a state of chronic discontent. It is beyond dispute that the federal authorities seem utterly unable to comprehend the circumstances and requirements of this province, and the ordinary result of every attempt to adjust matters pertaining to us is a complete muddle. It need not surprise the people of Canada, therefore, that the recent regulations respecting timber dues, and other matters, have produced upon this province an effect much greater than the importance of the things themselves would seem to justify. These are like the last straws which break the camel's back We are hopeful, however, that these matters may be adjusted in such a way as to prevent actual fracture of the spine, or even of the relations which exist between this province and the federation. There were some circumstances connected with the meeting of Saturday night which should not pass unnoticed. A great deal of what was said did not pertain at all to the object for which the meeting was called. At such meetings there are some persons always ready to put forward their personal grievances or party notions, and it was rather odd to hear some of the speakers who affected to deprecate the disagreements which were working so much mischief in the community, themselves liberally scattering abroad sentiments of the bitterest discord. Mr. Thos. Cunningham declared that he did not believe the announcement made in THE COLUMBIAN a few days ago that the provincial government was making a protest against the new timber and land regulations. This declaration came not only after the announcement, but after Mr. Hendry had explicitly stated in the meeting that the provincial government was doing exactly what THE COLUMBIAN said! Then Mr. Cunningham imported into the discussion a very extraordinary and incomprehensible story he had heard about a statement made by the provincial secretary to a deputation of persons interested in the so-called squatters' claims at Coal Harbor. The answer said to have been given by the provincial secretary to that deputation, if correctly stated, is conclusive proof that either the hon. gentleman is absolutely crazy, or that he so regarded his interviewers. It is simply beyond the belief of any reasonable being, and must be the result of either a very grim joke or a grave misapprehension Mr. Cunningham's ordinary good sense ought to have prevented him from being led into such an absurdity. It was also stated by Mr. Cunningham that when an attempt was made to sell a portion of the city squares last year for railway purposes the scheme fell through because some persons wanted the road to connect us with Port Moody, while others wanted it to go to Coal Harbor. This is the first time we have heard that any citizen ever proposed to connect New Westminster and Coal Harbor by a branch railway. No such proposal was made in connection with the sale of squares. It was intimated by more than one of the speakers at the Saturday meeting that the Dominion government had broken its promise to give lands in the railway belt to settlers at $1 per acre. Such an intimation is not correct, and it may produce a very injurious effect if it goes through the country uncontradicted. The land regulations recently issued state that the price of homestead lands may be fixed by order-in-council, and Mr. Homer not long ago telegraphed that by an order-in-council the price had actually been fixed at $1 per acre. This telegram was published several days ago in THE COLUMBIAN, and much of Mr. Chisholm's eloquence in assailing the provincial government was, therefore, thrown away. The spirit of the meeting generally was patriotic, and it showed a firm attitude of hostility to any measures which might be imposed to the destruction of our interests. It ought to have a salutory effect upon the people who rule us at Ottawa.

DEPEND UPON IT.—You can depend upon Hagyard's Yellow Oil as a pain reliever in rheumatism, neuralgia and all painful and inflammatory complaints. It not only relieves but cures.

B. C. EXPRESS.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, EXPRESS for Up-Country will leave New Westminster on Wednesday and Friday. Express for above closes at 12 o'clock noon. For Victoria, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and will close at 6 P.M.
18apl1m C. G. MAJOR, Agent.

[illegible] Gray or Bald;
[illegible] Thin, Brashy, Dry, [illegible], or Weak;
[illegible] troubled with Dandruff, [illegible], or any Humor or Disease of the Scalp,
USE
Ayer's Hair Vigor.
It heals nearly every disease peculiar to the scalp, checks the falling out of the Hair and prevents it from turning gray, and is an unequalled dressing and toilet article.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase from the Provincial Government 160 acres of land in New Westminster District, described as follows:

Commencing at the northwest corner of the Hastings Mill Co's lease on the west shore of Thornborough Channel, westerly from Woolridge Island, Howe Sound; thence north, 20 chains; west, 40 chains; south, 40 chains; east, 40 chains, to west boundary of Hastings Mill Co's claim; thence north along Hastings Mill Co's west boundary 20 chains to point of commencement.

ROYAL CITY PLANING MILLS CO., Limited. JOHN HENDRY, Manager.
New Westminster, May 18, 1885.
20my2m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION WILL BE MADE TO the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works by the undersigned to purchase the following described land:

[1] 640 acres on Longborough Inlet, commencing at a stake on shore at head of Beaver Creek, thence north 80 chains; west 80 chains; south 80 chains; east 80 chains, to place of beginning.
JAS. McNERHANIE,
11th May, 1885.

[2] 640 acres on Vancouver Island, commencing at a stake 20 chains from beach two miles south of Otter Point, Discovery Passage; thence west 80 chains; south 80 chains; east 80 chains; north 80 chains.
E. B. HILL.
4th May, 1885.

[3] 640 acres on Elk Bay, Vancouver Island, commencing at W. P. Sayward's southeast corner; thence west 80 chains; south 80 chains; east 80 chains; north 80 chains, to place of beginning.
J. WILCOX.
4th May, 1885. 20my2m

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE, 12th May, 1885.

HIS HONOR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments:

Allan Graham, Esquire, Gold Commissioner and Stipendiary Magistrate, Lorne Creek, to be a Collector under the "Provincial Revenue Tax Act, 1881," and a Collector of Revenue for the Skeena River and its tributaries; also to be a Registrar under the "Marriage Ordinance, 1867," and amending Act.

Charles Hayward, Esquire, to be a Justice of the Peace for the City of Victoria.

Stephen Redgrave, Esquire, to be a Registrar of the County Court of Kootenay, holden at the East Crossing of the Columbia River.

John Kirkup, Esquire, to be Registrar of the County Court of Kootenay, holden at the West Crossing of the Columbia River.
20my1t

Take Notice

THAT THE UNDERSIGNED HAS APplied to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut, fell and carry away brush and timber from the following Crown lands:

1000 acres of land (or thereabouts) situate on Lachelt Peninsula, adjoining a small un-named bay on the Straits of Georgia, lying between Merry Island and Trial Islands; a better description of which is shown on the sketch plan annexed to the said application and thereon colored red.

Dated this 13th day, 1885.
16my1m JAMES H. GILLESPIE.

Financial Report, May Day Proceedings, 1885.

RECEIVED by subscription	$148 25
" collectn at drill shed	34 50
" refreshment stand	18 00
	$200 75
PAID for erecting platform and seats	$23 00
" toys	20 00
" oranges and candy	23 50
" ribbon	13 75
" money prizes	8 00
" music at ball	50 00
" advertising	7 00
" carriage and express	7 75
" seating, lighting and attending hall	13 00
" balance	34 75
	$200 75

To balance $35.75 placed in savings bank in trust for May Day, 1886.

WM. McCOLL,
S. H. WEBB,
F. A. WILSON,
16my2t Collecting Committee.

$10.00 REWARD.

THE ABOVE REWARD will be paid for information that may lead to the conviction of the party or parties who have wantonly torn down and destroyed a portion of the rails of the Brunette bridge, Pitt River road.

C. WARWICK,
Govmt Agent.
New Westminster, May 15th, 1885.
16my1m

The County Court Rules, 1885.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Orders, Rules and Forms framed under the "County Court Jurisdiction Act, 1885," shall, on and from the 11th day of May, 1885, be the Orders, Rules, and Forms in force and used in the County Courts.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
11th May, 1885. 16my1m

NOTICE.

A SITTING OF THE COUNTY COURT of New Westminster will be held—

At Yale, on Wednesday, the 27th May, 1885;

And sittings of the County Court of Kootenay will be held—

At the West Crossing, Columbia River, on Monday, the 22nd June, 1885; and

At the East Crossing, Columbia River, on Thursday, the 22nd July, 1885.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
12th May, 1885. 16my1m

NOTICE.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor having been pleased to direct that the celebration of the Queen's Birthday be held on Monday, the 25th instant; notice is hereby given that the Public Offices of the Provincial Government will be closed on that day.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
13th May, 1885. my16td

CAUTION!

EACH PLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY!

—IS MARKED—

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

ap8ewly

WANTED.

A GOOD RELIABLE WOMAN TO ASsist with children and do light chamber work. Wages, $20 per month.
my6tc Apply at THIS OFFICE.

READ THIS

GREAT

CLEARANCE SALE.

Until Further Notice

TRAPP BROS.

WILL OFFER FOR SALE

At COST!

The whole of their extensive stock of

Dry Goods!

CLOTHING,

Gents' Furnishings

CARPETS, ETC.

Consisting of

DRESS GOODS,

In Merinos, from	35	cents per yard.
Cashmeres,	60	" "
Lusters,	16	" "
Plaids, wool,	35	" "
Satteens,	16	" "
Brocades,	35	" "
Silks, black,	1.40	" "
Silks, col'd,	1.00	" "
Satins,	60	" "

DOMESTICS,

In Ginghams, fm	14	" "
Calicoes,	8	" "
Prints, English,	9	" "
Prints, Amer.	8	" "
Piques,	13	" "
Canton Flanls,	12½	" "
Sheetings,	12½	" "
Linens,	16	" "
Cheese Cloth,	7	" "
Diaper "	20	" "
Winceys,	8	" "
Drillings,	15	" "
Duck,	16	" "
Tickings,	16	" "

Table Cloths and Napkins.

FLANNELS,

All kinds and col. fm	35	" "
Cretonnes,	20	" "
Damask, wool,	75	" "

LACE CURTAINS.
BED SPREADS AND QUILTS.
TOWELS, from 8 cts.
TOILET COVERS.
SHAWLS, woolen.
SKIRTS, from 50 cts.
LADIES' UNDERWEAR, from 75 cts.
PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS, from 75 cents.
CORSETS, from 50 cents.
HOSIERY of all kinds and prices from 12½ cents.
GLOVES, in lisle and silk.
ULSTERS and JACKETS, from $2.00.
CRINOLINES, from 50 cents.
HANDKERCHIEFS, from 12½ cents.
TIES, lace and silk.
FANS, from 25 cts. to $3.50.
LACES and EMBROIDERY.
FRILLINGS.
RIBBONS, in all colors and shades.
DRESS BUTTONS, a great variety.

MUSLINS,

In Jacanette,
Swiss and Nainsook.

WORSTEDS and YARNS, all makes.
HAIR BRUSHES and COMBS.
FANCY GOODS.
WATCHES and JEWELRY.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

MEN'S SUITS, from $6.00.
YOUTHS' SUITS, from $5.00.
CHILDREN'S SUITS, from $2.00.
SHIRTS, white and colored, from $1.00.
SHIRTS, woollen, from $1.00.
UNDERWEAR, in woollen and Canton flannel.
GENTS' HALF HOSE from 12½c.
TIES.
BRACES.
COLLARS and CUFFS.
GLOVES.

HATS,

HARD FELT, from $2.00.
SOFT FELT, from $1.00.
STRAW, from 25 cents.

VALISES, from $2.00.
OVERALLS and JUMPERS, from 75c.
LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S RUBBER GOODS.
CARPETS, from 75 cents.
FLOOR CLOTHS, from 75 cents.
TRUNKS, from $1.00.

☞This will be found a rare chance for country store keepers who wish to replenish their stock, and for the public generally, as the stock is all in first-class condition and well assorted.

TERMS CASH.

New Westminster, May 18, 1885.
my20tc

IN THE MATTER OF

HENRY EICKHOFF,

Of New Westminster, General Merchant.

THE ABOVE-NAMED HENRY EICKhoff having made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors to Mr. Thomas Earle, of Victoria, creditors are required to send to the undersigned within one month from this date full particulars of their claims duly verified, after which period the trustee will divide the funds then in his possession among those creditors of whose claims he shall then have notice.

Attention is called to the sale of the stock in trade of said Henry Eickhoff which will take place in about 10 days and will be duly advertised by posters.

CHAS. G. MAJOR.
New Westminster, April 28, 1885.
25apl1m

Burdock Blood Bitters

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE. ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO

$200,000

$200,000

$200,000

CAN BE SAVED TO THE COUNTRY in twenty years by patronizing the

City Market

THE GREAT

Mainland Vegetable and Farm Produce Centre,

Instead of giving your money to the Chinese for unwholesome vegetables (that is money lost to our country forever) or sending it to California or elsewhere for what you can get here. We have a full stock of

GROCERIES,

BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE

ALSO, ALL KINDS OF

Grain, Chopped Feed

HAY, TIMOTHY SEED, ETC., ETC.

In fact we have almost everything that will please the palate or nourish the system of man or beast.

M. STEEVES & SONS,
my13tc Opposite Post Office.

GREAT

Clearing Out

SALE!

THE UNDERSIGNED being about to make some important changes in their General Merchandise business, beg leave to notify the public that on

Wednesday, 13th inst.,

They will commence a Clearing Out Sale of

Dry Goods!

CLOTHING,

BOOTS and SHOES

Carpets,

—AND—

House Furnishings!

The stock is good, well bought, and will be sold

At and Under Cost Prices,

EITHER BY RETAIL OR IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS.

Buyers have now an opportunity that may not occur again of getting splendid bargains.

JAMES CUNNINGHAM & CO.
May 12th, 1885. my13tc

THE

British Columbian

STEAM

PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT,

Columbia St.

New Westminster, B. C.

BOOK,

JOB, and

COMMERCIAL

PRINTING

—OF—

Every Description

PROMPTLY EXECUTED

—IN—

FIRST-CLASS STYLE

Bill Heads,
Circulars,
Letter Heads,
Envelopes,
Cards,
Tags,
Posters,
Programmes,
Legal Blanks,
Show Cards,
Books,

And all Sorts of Plain or Colored Work.

OUR FACILITIES FOR

COMMERCIAL PRINTING

Are far beyond those of any other establishment on the Mainland, and our prices will compare favorably with those of Victoria.

RULING AND BINDING

Done on the Premises.

We have a first-class RULING MACHINE, and are prepared to rule all kinds of forms to order.

☞Plain Binding neatly done.

D. ROBSON & CO.

PROPRIETORS

The General Purpose Stallion

BLACK PRINCE

Will stand for service for the Season of 1885 at

CHILLIWHACK AND SUMAS.

BLACK PRINCE is a Percheron Horse, 6 years old, 15 hands and 3 inches high, weighs 1475 lbs., well built and good action. Black Prince is from the Percheron horse White Prince, of Oregon, and his dam belonged to the celebrated family known as "Kentucky Whip."

After June 1st the horse will be taken to his farm on the North Arm.

Terms, $12; for Season, $15; insured, $20.

McDONALD BROS.,
GEO. GIBSON, Groom. Proprietors.
22apl1m

C. E. WOODS. GEO. TURNER. A. C. GAMBLE

Woods, Turner & Gamble

LAND SURVEYORS

.....AND.....

DRAUGHTSMEN.

MAPS COMPILED.

Real Estate, Insurance and Commission Agents.

TERMINUS LOTS FOR SALE.

A Complete List of City and Farming Property for Sale.

MONEY TO LEND.

FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT & MARINE INSURANCE

Open Policies issued on Shipments by Sea or Rail from England, United States, Canada and China.

OFFICE:

Ellard's Block, Columbia Street,

OPP. BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

P. O. Drawer W. Telephone No. 46.

WOODS, TURNER & GAMBLE.
mh28tc

Clothing! Clothing!

WHITE

THE CLOTHIER,

Has Just Received

OVER 300 MEN'S SUITS

A Large Quantity of

Boys' and Youth's Clothing!

7 Cases of American

FELT HATS

Also, a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

—HE NOW HAS—

The Best Assortment in the above Line ever exhibited in New Westminster.

LATEST STYLES

At Lowest Possible Prices for Cash.

Call Early and Make Your Selection.

COLUMBIA STREET OPP. BANK OF B. C.

NOTICE.

WE HAVE MUCH PLEASURE IN informing the public that Mr. A. J. HILL, C.E., has become a member of our firm, which will in future be designated Howse, Hill & Rickman.

Howse, Hill

—AND—

Rickman

BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEY are now prepared to execute with the utmost dispatch all business pertaining to

Civil Engineering

(In all its branches.)

Architecture,
Surveying,
Real Estate
Brokerage,
Conveyancing,
Accounts, &c.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates Carefully Prepared.

They have on hand Lots in every part of the Townsite of Port Moody, together with Town, Country and Suburban Properties throughout New Westminster District.

Most reliable information freely given. All business intrusted to them, will receive prompt attention.

Agents for Canada Life and Guardian Fire Insurance Co's.

OFFICES:

WISE'S BUILDING, FRONT ST.
NEW WESTMINSTER.

And LUNDBOHM'S BUILDINDS, DOUGLAS ST., PORT MOODY.
ap18tc

NOTICE.

SEPARATE TENDERS WILL BE RECeived for the building of a Presbyterian Church at Langley and one at Mud Bay, up to Wednesday, May 27th, 1885. Plans and specifications may be seen at Mr. Wm. Rae's store, New Westminster, and Mr. Murdock McIver's hotel, Langley. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

my15td JOHN ARMSTRONG.

FISHING SEASON 1885.

J. & R. STUART,

MUSSELBURGH, - SCOTLAND,

Manufacturers of

Fishing Twines!

—AND—

NETS.

☞A full stock of the above on hand and for sale by

A.B. GRAY & CO.

WHARF STREET,

VICTORIA, B. C.

JAMES BURNS, Agent. 25apl1m

D. S. CURTIS. S. CLARKE, M.D.

MEDICAL HALL

D. S. CURTIS & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DruggistS

DISPENSING & FAMILY

CHEMISTS

New Westminster, B. C.

OPEN SUNDAYS 10 TO 12 A.M.; 2 TO 4 P.M.

NEXT DOOR TO THE COLONIAL HOTEL.
(jny24tc)

DOMINION

SAW MILL CO., Ld.

RICHARD STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

TO PERSONS WISHING TO BUILD, the Company are now prepared to offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS in

LUMBER

And Material of all Kinds, including

Doors, Sash, Mouldings and Finish

Of all descriptions.

The Company wish to draw special attention to their stock of HOME-MADE

FURNITURE

Which includes every article of Furniture necessary for a complete outfit, made of the best material, by first-class workmen, and which is offered at prices that will defy competition.

As the Company are anxious to introduce this branch of their manufactures, a special discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed on all cash purchases of Furniture within the next 90 days. An inspection of our stock is solicited. mh7tc

W. PROTHERO,

Manufacturer & Dealer in

FurniturE

OF ALL KINDS,

Mattresses, Lounges, &c.,

Which will be sold at prices

Lower than ever before offered in British Columbia.

Hotels and Boarding Houses fitted out on short notice and at special rates.

W. PROTHERO,

Holbrook's Stone Building,

COLUMBIA ST.
(mh4tc)

TENTH YEAR OF PUBLICATION

THE WEST SHORE

The only illustrated [illegible] development of the Great West, [illegible] vast amount of general information [illegible] cial articles on subjects of interest to all [illegible] conducted! Superbly illustrated. Only $2 a year. L. Samuel, Publisher, [illegible] Front street, Portland, Or.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient Advertisements—First insertion, 8 cts. per line; subsequent insertions, 2 cts. per line.

Regular Commercial and Business Advertisements—1 column, $12 per month; ¼ col., $7 per month; ¼ col., $4 per month; 2 inches, $2 per month; 1 inch, $1.50 per month. These rates to be charged on standing advertisements which remain over 3 months. If for a less period the rates will be: 1 col., $15 per month; ½ col., $9; ¼ col., $5; 2 inches, $3; 1 inch, $2.

Specials, among reading matter—Each insertion, 20 cts. per line.

Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1 each. Funeral notices accompanying death notice, 50 cts. extra.

☞All transient advertisements will be measured by a scale of solid Nonpareil, which makes 12 lines to the inch and 7 words to the line. Display lines must be allowed for in making estimates. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00.

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, May 20, 1885.

For cheap Bedroom Suites, go to the Dominion Sawmill Co. fe7tc

The profusion of wild roses everywhere about the city is remarkable.

Terra Cotta Chimney Pipe, also Drain Tile and Sewer Pipe for sale by Jas. Cunningham. my16tc

Attention is called to the great clearing sale of dry-goods, &c., advertised by Messrs. Trapp Bros. in another column.

During the past 10 days there have been frequent showers, and there is no longer any occasion to complain of dry weather.

The patriotic people of Victoria have been subscribing liberally for the comfort *of the Canadian volunteers in the* north-west.

The prize-lists for the British Columbia Agricultural Society are now in the hands of the printer, and may be expected early next month.

The only police court case we have to report to-day is an Indian woman who suffered the usual penalty yesterday morning for being drunk.

The presence of the steel corvette Comet*ance* at Esquimalt will soothe the fears under which our Victoria friends have been for some time laboring.

Dr. Brown has removed his dental office to the rooms lately occupied by Dr. Welch, Columbia st., over D. S. Curtis & Co's. drug store. my16t2

Persons going to the camp-meeting which begins at Chilliwhack next Tuesday will be charged only one fare for the double journey on the steamers.

The excursion to Pitt Lake last Sunday took place on the str. Grace, as announced. We hope this needless desecration of the Sabbath will not be repeated.

Programmes have been issued from this office giving particulars of the Queen's Birthday celebration at Mud Bay on the 25th. There will be a number of attractions.

An extra of the *Canada Gazette* contains a proclamation appointing Monday as the day upon which the anniversary of the Queen's Birthday shall be celebrated this year.

We understand that the str. Grace will make regular trips from this city up the river as far as Chilliwhck. We shall now have river steamers making 5 trips a week.

The str. Dunsmuir will leave this city at 4 o'clock next Saturday morning for Nanaimo, arriving at that place in time for the celebration. Fare for the round trip is only $2.

Last Saturday the pupil of St. Louis (Roman Catholic) school had an excursion on the str. Grace up the river. The school band went along and discoursed music for the occasion.

We have received from Mr. B. Miller another letter replying to Rev. Mr. Watson. The letter, which is very long, came to hand only yesterday, and room could not be found for it in this issuse.

A Port Moody correspondent says that the repairs to the lockup were completed on Saturday, and Mr. E. A. Sharpe had the honor of being the first man to test its security. He is out again, however.

England does one-third of all banking business in the world. The Bank of England holds one-seventeenth of all the deposits of Great Britain. The total amount held is, in round numbers, $27,000,000,000.

The managers of the American Bible Society in New York have made appropriations of $41,703 for work in Persia, China, Russia, France and South America. One bible society was reorganized as an auxiliary in Iowa.

Some person has misled the Victoria *Colonist* respecting the military parade which lately took place in this city, and the circumstances surrounding it. The item in Sunday's *Colonist* touching this matter contains a great many blunders.

A correspondent at Maple Ridge says that Mr. W. J. Harris and Mr. Carlton (C. P. N. Co. agent) have bought out the creditors of Mr. D. Docksteader at Port Hammond and will conduct the business and postoffice at that place.

The str. Adelaide is getting more freight than she can carry. It is said that the str. Grace will make three trips a week to Harrison River, connecting there with the Adelaide for Yale, where Mr. Nelson's bull teams will take the freight up country.

By land or at sea, out on the prairie, or in the crowded city, Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the best for purgative purposes, everywhere alike convenient, efficacious, and safe. For sluggish bowels, torpid liver, indigestion, bad breath, flatulency, and sick headache, they are a sure remedy.

A correspondent at Mud Bay asks some questions about land matters which we cannot answer upon the data given. He does not state when the lands were taken up, or whether they were provincial or Dominion lands, or what time elapsed between the filing of the two applications.

We understand that the Richmond municipal council has decided that no more Chinamen shall be employed on municipal work. This decision is most proper, and although the immediate expense of public works in the municipality may be somewhat increased, the ultimate effect will undoubtedly be beneficial.

At the police court yesterday morning the police magistrate spoke of the disgusting scenes which have become so common in Chinatown, where some *very small boys are rapidly learning* the most debasing habits. Capt. Pittendrigh, who also sat on the bench, endorsed the vigorous utterances of his brother magistrate.

The despatch received from the Nor'-west on Saturday, and issued as an extra from this office, must have been very gratifying to every one. The capture of Riel undoubtedly ends the rebellion, and the people will now look with anxiety to see what will become of the wretch who was the cause of it. He must not escape justice.

A large lot of Gents' and Boys' Straw Hats, new styles, at J. Ellard & Co's.

For good value in Furniture, go to the Dominion Sawmill Co. fe7tc

MORE DELAYS.—The str. Yosemite did not reach this city with the mails last Monday until after 5 o'clock p. m. We are informed that she spent over three hours discharging freight at the various canneries in the river. This is a long-suffering community, but if the steamers heavily subsidized to carry our mails don't be careful the community may some day find a way of redressing this mail grievance.

THE PROTEST.—Yesterday Mr. Ross, as secretary to the public meeting held *on Saturday night, sent the following* telegram to Mr. Homer, our representative at Ottawa: "Mass-meeting on Saturday night. Land and timber act must be rescinded. Province pledged to oppose with all its might any effort on part of government to force any such land regulations and restrictions, which would tend to retard and discourage the settlement of the province. Resolutions and memorial by mail."

REGISTER.—Upon enquiry we find that scarcely any of our citizens have yet registered under the new school act. It ought to be remembered that only those who register will be allowed to vote at the approaching election for school trustees, and this applies to males as well as females. Registration papers may be obtained at the government land office, or at the offices of Mayor Dickinson, and Messrs. Jas. Cunningham, M.P.P., and W. D. Ferris. Every person entitled to vote ought to register. The time for registration expires this month.

VERY PATRIOTIC!—On Saturday a paragraph appeared in this journal stating that, contrary to the usual custom, no tenders had been asked for the Queen's Birthday printing. The *Telegraph* intimates that the committee's reason for ignoring THE COLUMBIAN was because it subscribed nothing to the fund. This is not true. The proprietors of THE COLUMBIAN did subscribe, and paid the subscription. It seems that Mr. Kelly, who is an employe on the *Guardian*, and happened to be on the committee, simply scooped in the whole thing for his paper without waiting to reflect that it was public funds he was dealing with. An act so supremely selfish and unjust should not pass without notice.

ANOTHER CANADIAN PRIMA DONNA.—A cablegram received in Toronto a few days ago states that Miss Arthurs, an exceedingly talented and handsome young lady of that city, who has been studying for five years in Italy, has made her debut as Ada Arturi, at Parma, in "Faust," with really distinguished success. Italian papers are enthusiastic over her performance, and the audience gave her a genuine ovation. Again she appeared at Parma, Italy, on the following evening before an immense audience, who cheered her to the echo. As at Milan, where she made her debut and scored her first great success, the part she took was Marguerite, in "Faust." The critics are astonishingly enthusiastic. After each scene she was recalled. Miss Arthurs is pronounced the triumph of the season.

Notwithstanding much has been said about the importance of a blood-purifying medicine, it may be possible that the matter has never seriously claimed your attention. *Think of it now!* The use of a few bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla you avoid the evils of scrofula, and transmit a healthy constitution to your offspring, thank us for the suggestion.

From Victoria.

Press Dispatch.]

VICTORIA, May 19.—This morning, about 5:30, a fire was discovered in the stable owned by the Victoria truck and dray Co., on Kane st. When first observed smoke was issuing from the roof, the fire being confined to a quantity of straw in the loft. An effort was made to suppress it, but it gained headway so rapidly that the men turned their attention to saving the horses and harness on the ground floor. The horses were removed and all the harness with the exception of a few small pieces was saved. When the firemen got to work the whole building was in flames, and it was only by a persistent effort that the house adjoining, belonging to Mr. Green, was saved. It was several times on fire, and the roof and side next the stable were badly damaged. The stable was entirely destroyed. The origin of the fire is a mystery. Two men slept in the stable, but both of them, with the foreman, were at work for an hour and a half before the fire broke out. The general supposition is that a match that had fallen on the loft floor or in the straw may have been ignited by rats. There was burned along with the stable a quantity of hay and feed. The firemen turned out with their usual alac*rity, and very soon after their arrival* three streams of water were playing on the burning building. The insurance, we understand, amounts to $2,500, in the Imperial. The man-of-war Constance, Capt. Doughty, arrived at Esquimalt last night and will remain on this station until further orders. She is a screw corvette, steel and iron, cased with wood, of 2,590 horse-power and 2,380 tons. She is manned by 26 officers and 251 men, carries 14 guns, and belongs to the C class of corvettes.

From Maple Ridge.

(Correspondence of the Columbian.)

The steam shovel, after working a few days in the big bank near Port Haney, was ordered away on Sunday and is now working near Port Moody. Judging from present indications, Mr. Onderdonk will have his work here completed in the specified time. There is one part of the contract now supposed to be completed—the wire fence—and certainly this is the worst fence in British Colonbia. The wires are *not stretched, the posts are not in* line, and the whole affair is a regular humbug, as it prevents no animals from roving on the track. Port Hammond is growing, slowly but surely. The third hotel of the place is almost completed and a third general store is in course of erection The hotels are all conducted *strictly* on the temperance ticket and seem to give more satiafaction to the public generally than if licenses were granted to them to vend fire-water.

NEW GOODS.—Ex Queen of Pacific, now opening at Jas. Ellard & Co's., a large lot of Spring Goods. ap8tc

Public Protests.

In response to a requisition of prominent citizens a large number of people assembled at the Court House last Saturday night to discuss various grievances affecting the interests of this province. The chair was occupied by his worship the mayor, and Mr. Wm. Ross acted as secretary. The meeting was both large and influential, and manifested much enthusiasm in the proceedings. Mr. Jas. Cunningham, M. P. P., briefly stated the action that had already been taken by the Board of Trade respecting the timber and land regulations, the river channel, and the mail grievance; and the mayor referred to the action of the city council.

Mr. J. E. Lord was the first speaker. He said that under the settlement act we were led to believe that the Dominion land and timber regulations would be about the same as those of this province, but an order-in-council had lately been passed which totally changed this belief. According to these regulations a mill that manufactured 1,000,000 ft. of lumber in a year would have to pay $10,000 [the speaker evidently meant $1,000] in *dues. The mills could not stand such* a tax, and they would be compelled to leave the city and go elsewhere, beyond the Dominion belt. Were the people going to stand this? At the present time one of our mills is idle, and another was working on short time, and every one knew the effect *of this on the community. If all* these mills were closed or moved away business would soon become stagnant. Another result of these regulations would be that mills across the sound could compete with our mills and undersell them. He intimated that possibly persons who held large provincial limits might be responsible for these absurd regulations. He proposed the following resolution:

That we request that the attention of our parliamentary representative, Mr. Homer, be called to the recent regulations made by the Governor-in-Council respecting the disposal of Dominion lands within the railway belt, in the province of British Columbia, with a view to his taking immediate and prompt action to have the same rescinded and proper regulations made; as we consider that the regulations in question are unreasonable, unjust, and tyrannical in the highest degree; as these regulations place exorbi*tant prices on lumber, thus crippling our* staple industry and rendering successful competition with the American mills impossible, as well as seriously affecting rights already acquired; thus directly tending to depreciate and injure the province as a place to settle in, and put heavy burdens on our present population, without any corresponding advantages.

He called upon the meeting to protest in the most emphatic manner against these iniquitous regulations. If redress did not come it might be necessary for the people to do as they had done across the mountains, and by force insist upon justice!

Mr. *Jas. Cunningham*, M. P. P., seconded the resolution. He said this was not a time to impose increased burdens upon the industries of the province. There had been depression in the fishing and lumbering business, and we were not able to bear an increase of taxation. We had 3 mills here, and for some time they had not been making much money. Now there was a prospect that these mills would have to be moved. The Dominion government had better be careful how it treated British Columbia just now. Possibly if it had been more careful in its treatment of the North-west a great deal of blood and treasure might have been saved.

Mr. Geo. Turner, C. E., said the regulations were even worse than was generally supposed. According to one clause they applied to all lands purchased since 1858. Many acres of land, useless for agricultural purposes, had been purchased for the timber. Now it seemed they could not claim the timber, nor the minerals, but only the soil, which was worthless.

Mr. Jno. Hendry said a consultation had taken place between the chief commissioner, the provincial secretary, *and Hon. Mr. Trutch at Victoria*, and they interpreted the regulations in the way stated by Mr. Turner, and the provincial government was taking steps to enter an energetic protest against the enforcement of these regulations.

Mr. J. C. Armstrong wished to know, in view of the statements already made, if it would not be the best plan to begin an agitation for separation from the Dominion! These land regulations might be comparatively a thing of small importance, but for us it was a serious matter. If these regulations were going to be enforced, we might as well get out of the country at once. We had better get under the czar. The whole federal policy towards us had been unfair and tyrannical. The railway was a huge monopoly—a modern Juggernaut—and the land regulations were a disgrace. The whole mainland, he thought, was in sympathy with this meeting, and he suggested that a petition be prepared for signature throughout the country protesting against the grievance.

The resolution was put and carried unanimously.

Mr. Thos. Cunningham said that great changes had taken place in this *city since he left it 20 years ago. Late*ly there had been lively times and encouraging prospects, but it seemed as if we were now drifting back to the dull times of 20 years ago. He was afraid the people had not learned well the lessons of past experience. Not long ago an attempt was made to raise money for a railway bonus by selling the public squares; but some wanted the road to go to Port Moody, while others wanted it taken to Coal Harbor, and between the two parties the scheme was defeated. Our interests were bound up with those of the farmers around us, but what are we doing to show these people that we are in sympathy with them? He noticed a statement in THE COLUMBIAN that the provincial authorities had protested against these regulations, but he doubted that statement. He was told that a member of the government said not long ago that if a man occupied land which afterwards became valuable the settler should be removed! He believed Doc. Chisholm would bear him out in this. (Doc. Chisholm, who was present, said the statement was true. It was made by the provincial secretary in the presence of himself and Messrs. Adam Innes, Geo. Black, and D. McPhaden, each one of whom was prepared to make oath to the fact.) Mr. Cunningham then moved the following resolution:

Whereas an order of the Dominion governor-in-council regulating the settlement of land situated within the railway *belt of this province has been recently* published, and whereas the said regulations are in conflict with, and contrary to, the solemn obligations of the Dominion government repeatedly expressed when disposing of said land to actual settlers at a stipulated and unalterable price; and whereas the settlers of this province have in good faith, and relying on the justice of the government, taken up and improved these lands; now therefore be it

Resolved that this meeting views with *consternation and alarm the unrighteous* attempt of the Dominion government to enforce any regulations conflicting with the spirit and letter of the terms and conditions on which such lands have been or may be hereafter taken up, and we hereby pledge ourselves to oppose with all our might any effort on the part of the Dominion government to force upon us land regulations and restrictions which are manifestly unjust and which tend to discourage and retard the settlement and development of this province.

He said if it were not for the hope of the federation of the British empire, he would hold up both hands for separation. If Mr. Homer did not represent the wants and wishes of his constituents, he should be invited to step aside and make room for some one who would. He was free to express the belief that we were not represented at all.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. J. C. Armstrong, and after a few words from Mr. Jas. Kennedy, Mr. D. Chisholm expressed his astonishment at the turn affairs had taken. He remembered hearing the provincial secretary tell the people at Langley last year that the land question was all settled, that the government had made a great barg*ain, that the land in the railway belt* was to be $1 an acre, and that the government by this concession had saved $40,000,000 to the country. The two district representatives were at that meeting, and confirmed these statements. Now, it seems, the whole thing is in a muddle. It seems that *we have no rights, and the settlers* have no lands. Farmers were leaving the country in disgust and going south of the boundary. Some people would say Old Doc. Chisholm was down on the provincial government. He was down upon any set of men who imposed upon the rights of the poor man. He proceeded to charge the provincial government with having misled the people, and declared that no person was doing right who supported a government that did the people injustice; or a representative who supported such a government. Not only had the government misled people here, but it had scattered abroad statements which were calculated to deceive. In one of the government immigration pamphlets he found a postscript stating that the Dominion lands had been thrown open to settlers at $1 an acre. (Mr. Ross, lately im*migration agent, produced one of the* books with the postscript). The speaker proceeded to say that before sending out these circulars the government ought to have been sure that there was no chance of mistake. He referred to the late election at Victoria, and the cry made against Mr. Williams that he owned some land on the mainland, and he counselled union and united action on the part of the people.

Mr. Jno. Buie related some of his own experience as an illustration of the oppressiveness of the new timber regulations. He said he was not after the provincial government, but he thought we had a representative at Ottawa who did not represent us, and we should let him know it. We did not want as a representative a man who had his own interests to serve.

The resolution was put and carried unanimously.

Mr. T. J. Trapp referred to the statements already made, and said he believed British Columbia would be better off if she had not entered confederation. It was possible Mr. Homer had not done all he could, but we should not condemn him unheard. It was a very common thing for a representative to look out for himself. He would not like to see the people rising up as they had done in the North-west, but let us lay these matters very plainly before the Dominion government, and if nothing is done let them know there will be trouble ahead. The people of Victoria had *always worked against this city. If* we had the wealth and influence of Victoria this city would very soon be the terminus of the C. P. R. and the centre of trade for the province. He then moved the following resolution, seconded by Mr. Thos. Ovens:

That, as the city of New Westminster is the head of navigation, for sea going vessels, and the distributing point for the mail service of the mainland, resolved that this meeting urge on the Dominion government, through our representatives, the importance of having the channel at the river mouth properly marked and deepened, and the buoys kept in position, *and that the snag boat should be kept* employed at this work and removing obstructions from the navigable portions of the river.

Mr. Jas. Kennedy thought it was a pity those who complained about divisions should be so ready to find fault with others and sow the seeds of dissension themselves. He referred to the ferry, and the want of wharf accommodation, and said it was very important that we should cultivate and keep the trade of the people across the river.

Doc. Chisholm said it was not fair to blame Mr. Homer for neglecting his duties when he was not here to defend himself.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

Mr. J. C. Armstrong thought a committee should be appointed to prepare a memorial for signature throughout *the mainland*. Mr. Thos. Cunningham thought it better to appoint three men to visit the different settlements on the lower Fraser. Finally he moved, seconded by Mr. Elson:

That this meeting appoint a committee and draft a memorial to both Dominion and provincial governments showing *forth in unmistakable language our wants* and grievances, and that said memorial be sent to the district for signatures, and that said committee communicate with other districts in the province for co-operation.

The following gentlemen were selected for this committee: Wm. Mc*Dougall, Mud Bay; Jno. Hendry and* Thos. Cunningham, New Westminster; Thos. Shannon, Surrey; H Boyd, Richmond; W. M. Campbell, Chilliwhack and Sumas; Jas. McAdam and P. Murray, Langley; Wm. Webster, Maple Ridge; W. H. Ladner, Delta; Jno. Taylor, Port Moody; Geo. Black, Granville.

Mr. Jas. Cunningham, M. P. P., moved, seconded by Mr. Henry Hughes:

That as the mainland is dependent for its mail service upon a subsidized steamer from Victoria under contract to sail at the hour of 7 a. m. on mail days, it is unreasonable and unjust for the postal authorities to change the hour of sailing in order to suit the convenience of the owners of said steamer to the injury of the public interests.

Mr. Hendry moved the final resolution as follows:

That a summary of these resolutions be telegraphed to Mr. Homer, our representative at Ottawa, with instructions that unless satisfactory modifications are secured he withdraw his support from the government.

All the resolutions were passed without opposition, and after a vote of thanks to the mayor and secretary, the meeting adjourned at 10:15.

What Will be Done Next?

ST. PETERSBURG, May 15.—The *Novoe Vremya* revives the discussion of the question of an Anglo-Russian alliance, with Herat belonging to Russia. The Moscow *Gazette* says that Russia's resolute attitude has brought the British cabinet to confess its mistakes and to hasten to rectify them.

LONDON, May 15.—The *Standard* believes that Russia definitely declines to sanction the proposals regarding the Afghan frontier just submitted for her approval by England. The *Standard* in an editorial says: "To speak plainly the draft of the Anglo-Russian agreement, which was sent to St. Petersburg *for approval was found to be wholly* unacceptable to the Czar's ministers. Though not formally rejected, it has been so thoroughly condemned in detail that practically it has ceased to be an agreement. There is something vastly more serious than a hitch in the proceedings. We are back in February again, the situation being only altered to our disadvantage." The *Times'* Calcutta correspondent denies that there has been any stoppage of military preparations in India. He says that all rumors to that effect are untrue.

PARIS, May 15.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to the *Journal des Debats* says that Russia has entirely rejected the British proposals. The same dispatch also states that Russia will demand the right to have an acknowledged Russian representative at Cabul, the capital of Afghanistan. French diplomats think that this latter *demand, if made, will prove more serio*us than any frontier question. The *Times* this morning declares that men of all parties are agreed in thinking "something is wrong." In other words, that a peaceable arrangement with Russia is even now not certain. This warning by the *Times* probably signifies that a hint has got out of the contents of the dispatches brought here by Condee Stephen, and that they charge the Russians with aggression and with perversion of letters and telegrams of correspondents of daily papers. The especially inspired *Daily News* strongly asserts this.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 15.—The *Official Messenger* to-day publishes a report from Gen. Komaroff to the effect that the Sariks are opposed to the new frontier line proposed by England, claiming that it is an infringement upon their rights, and gives the best *land in the disputed territory to the* Afghans. A council of the ministers was held, and after thoroughly discussing the subject it was decided to support the claims of the Sariks. Further negotiations between England and Russia will now be necessary, so that the claims of the Sariks may be considered before the Anglo-Russian agreement can be approved by Russia.

That Rarest of Combinations,

True delicacy of flavor with true efficacy of action has been attained in the famous California liquid fruit remedy *Syrup of Figs. Its pleasant taste and* beneficial effects have rendered it immensely popular. Sample bottles free and large bottles for sale by D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster. my20m

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

LONDON, May 15.—Earl Granville has consented to the Afghan frontier rectification made by Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 16.—The Czar has sent Gen. Komaroff a sword of honor. The hilt of the sword is of gold, the scabbard richly set with diamonds. The present was accompanied by an autograph letter from the Czar warmly praising Gen. Komaroff's military measures and his patience and firmness in dealing with the Afghans, as well as his gallantry in the regiment D.

ST. PAUL, May 16.—Evening dispatches special from Guarde Puys crossing, via Clarke's crossing, May 15th, says the report that Riel has been captured is confirmed, but he has not arrived yet. Many rebels have given up arms and the rebellion is entirely ended. Diel, Thome and Armstrong, three scouts, captured Riel at noon. He was on the road three miles north of Batouche, and was in company with three young men all of whom were armed. He appeared unconcerned. Diel said to him, "I am surprised to see you here." Riel said, "I was going to give myself up." He said his wife and family were across the river. While talking to him Boulton's scouts were seen coming up, and Riel, becoming afraid of being shot, begged his captors to take him into camp themselves. Accordingly Diel went off for his horse, but when a little distance away Boulton's scouts got close and Thome and Armstrong took Riel on one of their horses and taking unfrequented roads will bring Riel into *camp this afternoon. General Middle*ton gave orders that men should keep in their tents when Riel comes in, as he is afraid some personal enemy of Riel will shoot him, many having sworn to shoot him at sight. Riel was brought in at 3.30 this afternoon. No demonstration was made. He walked quietly to the General's tent. Riel said he stayed on Tuesday and Wednesday night on the bluffs one and one-half miles north of Batouche. He wished for trial, and asked Armstrong if he would get civil or military trial. He said his wife and family were with the half-breed women near by. Riel appears careworn and haggard. He has let his hair grow long, and is dressed in poorer fashion than most of the half-breeds captured. While talking to Gen. Middleton, as well as could be seen from outside the tent, his eyes rolled from side to side with the look of a hunted man. He evidently was the most frightened man in the camp, and in constant fear of violence at the hands of the soldiers. There is no danger of any such violence.

CLARK'S CROSSING, May 16.—Riel's appearance is like a common half-breed and looks very dilapidated. He spends most of his time talking in a wandering manner and praying. A band of Indians coming in from the west to-day to help Riel were met by the half-breeds who told them the war was over. Some of the prisoners were placed on board the boat to-day. In parting from their families there were many pitiful scenes of women crying and holding up babies for the fathers to kiss. Riel, while riding into camp, expressed himself to his captors as follows: "I do not think this trouble will die without result, as the complaints of farmers will now be regarded with some degree of attention." When told that his books and papers had been captured, he said, "I am glad; this will show I am not the leader of the rebellion. I have been encouraged by people of good standing at and about Prince Albert, who invited me over from Montana." He asked if they would give him a fair trial, civil or martial. Armstrong told him he would be tried by court-martial law and Riel drew a long breath but said nothing. He spoke again of not being the head man of the rebellion, and then commenced praying and making the sign of the cross. He asked whether his family would be blown up with gatling guns, and then said he did not want to be selfish and hoped none of the half-breeds would suffer.

WINNIPEG, May 16.—The general opinion here is that an attempt will be made to get Riel off on the plea of insanity. Stories have been freely floating about regarding his unsoundness of mind. There is always a chance, however, that a bullet from a volunteer's or scout's rifle will find him. The Dominion government is said to be much embarrassed by his capture.

LONDON, May 16.—The British government to-day issued diplomatic papers which state that Her Majesty's government will be compelled to regard as a hostile act any movement by Russia toward Herat. On the other hand it is announced that Russia has spontaneously disclaimed any menacing intention with regard to Herat. The British government is therefore favorably inclined to consider that the question at issue be*tween England and Russia has reached* a settlement satisfactory to both countries. The documents submitted to parliament to-day cover the Anglo-Russian dispute up to the time of the Penjdeh incident and aggression on the part of the Russian government upon the Ameer's territory of which Herat is the salient point. From St. Petersburg comes the news that the Russian government has decided upon Russianizing the German provinces along the Baltic. To accomplish this the Czar has issued a ukaze that hereafter the Russian language shall be taught in all schools in those provinces and shall entirely replace the German language in these *schools wherein heretofore the German* has been taught. A similar edict has been issued in the Warsaw official journal. This edict makes the Russian language the only elementary language to be taught throughout Russian Poland. It is announced that as soon as the Anglo-Russian difficulty is settled the Czarina will visit the Princess of Wales in London. The rush for authentic copies of the revised old testament is unprecedented in England. The *Pall Mall Gazette* states this evening that a London correspondent of certain New York papers offered £500 for simply an advance copy of the revised copy of the old testament. At one university publishing house the officers having the printing in charge were obdurate in refusing the correspondent's request. The correspondent of the *Gazette* says he was authorized by his paper to spend $2,500 in telegraphing the main features of the new edition. The first orders for the new issue of the revision amounted to *over 100,000*. The *Daily News* says that if the revisers of the Bible have erred at all it is on the side of obstinate conservatism, rather than on the side of rash innovation. The *Athenaeum* says the revision is a literal success. There are no pretensions to scholarly completeness. Practically there is no alteration in the text. The revisers can be congratulated on the wisdom of their decision in declining to make a new text of the old.

MADRID, May 16.—Over 4,700 persons have been inoculated with cholera microbes by Dr. Feran in the province of Valencia, as a preventative of the disease. The new system is said to be entirely successful, and the epidemic is disappearing.

BATOUCHE, May 16th, via Winnipeg, May 17.—The camps are still excited over Riel's capture. He is very closely guarded. He has very little to say and looks completely broken down. He feels his position very keenly. Boulton and 200 men have been scouring the country in search of Dumont, but so far without success. He was last seen Friday morning 10 miles south of Batouche. Everything is quiet around Batouche, while flags are flying from all the houses in Winnipeg. Meanwhile 150 rifles and guns have been handed over by the rebels. Most of the *prisoners* have been allowed to go to their homes. The ring leaders will be taken to Prince Albert on Monday.

VIENNA, May 18.—A terrific snowstorm is prevailing throughout Austria and Hungary. Numbers of persons have been frozen to death, and the crops generally have been destroyed.

LONDON, May 18.—Stormy cold weather is general throughout Europe. Much damage to crops and property is reported from many places.

BERLIN, May 18.—It is reported that England has ordered 200 automatic torpedoes, at a cost of £2,000 each, from a *firm in Schwarzkoff*.

LONDON, May 18.—Judge Hawkins this morning began summing up in the case of Cunningham and Burton, on trial for treason-felony in connection with the recent dynamite explosion. Mr. Phelps, new United States minister to England, was in the court room, dressed in mourning, and listened closely to the judge's charge. Mr. Phelps seemed very much impressed by the stern language of the judge. The jury returned a verdict finding both prisoners guilty, and they were sentenced to penal servitude for life. Cunningham maintained his self-composure, but Burton broke down and sobbed when the verdict was rendered. When the prisoners were asked if they had anything to say why the sentence of the law should not be passed upon them, they both protested innocence.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 18.—Turkish officers are still busily engaged in planting torpedoes in the straits of the Dardanelles.

Syrup of Figs,

Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal., is Nature's Own True Laxative. This pleasant liquid fruit remedy may be had of Messrs. D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster. *Sample bottles free* and large bottles at 75 cents or $1.25. It is the most pleasant, prompt and effective remedy known, to cleanse the system; to act on the Liver, Kidneys and Bowels gently yet thoroughly; to dispel Headaches, Colds and Fevers; to cure Constipation, Indigestion and kindred ills.

YESTERDAY'S DISPATCHES.

LONDON, May 19.—The Press association has issued a two-column statement by an American, giving full details of the dynamite plots. Burton, it is stated, was one of the centres of a society called the Robert Emmet Association, or Sons of Freedom. Each centre directed a party of plotters who were unknown to each other; therefore a party of men might be working in the same plot at the same place unknown to each other. The chief of the society was not O'Donovan Rossa, but a man residing in Philadelphia. Burton, alias James Faney, was long a bosom friend of Rossa. While in Baltimore Burton was a constant visitor at the house of a handsome quadroon woman named Mary Smith. Other parties were offended at and complained of this connection, which resulted in the recall of Burton to New York. A fortnight later the woman was found dead, having been shot in a mysterious manner. In 1880 Burton quarrelled with Rossa and they have since been bitter enemies. Burton founded the Society of Avengers. It is believed Burton's motive throughout was not patriotic, but pecuniary. The statement gives the method by which explosives were brought to England. The Gower-st. explosion was done by an older brother of Cunningham, resembling the latter, who escaped to America immediately after the explosion. Burton directed all the explosions except that at London bridge. He detailed Cunningham and another man to blow up the tower. Cunningham only watched while the other man placed the explosive. The accomplice escaped before the fuse was consumed. Three men effected the Westminster explosion, two of whom, in female attire, carried the explosives in their hoop skirts. All three escaped. The attempt to blow up Albert memorial failed owing to the exposure of Games' package of dynamite, probably still in the Serpentine.

SUAKIM, May 19.—Gen. Lord Wolseley and Col. MacNeil have started for England.

LONDON, May 19.—The British admiralty have decided to have a combined naval reserve squadron, including 14 first class men-of-war, assemble at Portland and proceed thence to Bantry Bay, Ireland, to engage in the naval demonstration. Torpedo experiments will be carried on, on a gigantic scale, and the demonstration will conclude with a sham naval battle of a magnitude beyond all affairs of the kind ever heretofore undertaken.

MONTREAL, May 19.—Small-pox is spreading rapidly in all sections of the city. The health department is broken down completely, but the mayor with the assistance of leading military men is endeavoring to check the disease.

By looking at the quotations of the Virginia tobacco markets it will be found that the highest price paid for "fillers"—*which is the tobacco which forms the* body of the plug—very closely corresponds with the invoiced price of tobacco leaf imported into Ontario. As over four-fifths of all the leaf imported into the province is for "Myrtle Navy" stock, this fact is official proof of the claim that the "Myrtle Navy" is made of the finest Virginia leaf.

HEADACHE.—Headache is one of those distressing complaints that depends upon nervous irritation, bad circulation, or a disordered state of the stomach, liver, bowels, etc. The editor and proprietor of the *Canada Presbyterian* was cured after years of suffering with headache, and now testifies to the virtue of Burdock Blood Bitters.

THE CZAR'S DOMAIN.—One seventh part of the land surface of the earth, and one twenty-eighth part of its whole area constitute the dominion of the Czar of all the Russias. More than 100,000 people call him father, and are under his absolute government. In Russia a child is born on an average every eight seconds throughout the year, and a death occurs every eleven seconds. At the present rate of increase the population will double in about sixty years. But Russia is very far behind most civilized nations in the care of children and in the preservation of life. Statistics show that 60 per cent. of all the children die under the age of five years. The average duration of life in Russia is only twenty-six years, which is much below the average in the western countries of Europe and in the United States.

A SECRET.—The secret of beauty lies in pure blood and good health. Burdock Blood Bitters is the grand key that unlocks all the secretions. It cures all Scrofulous Diseases, acts on the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Skin and Bowels, and brings the bloom of health to the palid cheek.

PROHIBITION IN TEXAS.—The Cleveland, Ohio, *Leader* says: Prohibition appears to be taking deep root in Texas. The people are greatly incensed against the legislature for not submitting an amendment to the constitution forbidding the manufacture and sale of liquors in the state, and now a red-hot aggressive prohibition campaign is about to be set on foot. A call has been issued for a state convention, to be held at Dallas, commencing on the 8th of May next, and all the temperance organizations, churches and Sunday schools are invited to send delegations. The intention is, if possible, to carry the next legislature and secure the submission of an amendment. Leading Democrats admit that a prohibitory amendment would carry in Texas under the present state of public feeling on the subject.

THIS IS RELIABLE.—R. N. Wheeler, merchant, of Everton, was cured of a severe attack of inflammation of the lungs by Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam. This great throat and lung healer cures weak lungs, coughs, hoarseness, bronchitis, and all pectoral complaints.

NEW MILLINERY.—Just received at Jas. Ellard & Co.'s, the first instalment of New Millinery, trimmed and untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Feathers, Flowers, &c. ap1tc

AFTER TWENTY-THREE YEARS' SUFFERING.—Rev. Wm. Stout, of Wiarton, was cured of scrofulous abscess that seventeen doctors could not cure. Burdock Blood Bitters was the only successful remedy. It cures all impurities of the system.

BIRTH.

BROWN.—At New Westminster, 15th May, 1885, the wife of John C. Brown (Postmaster), of a son.

LEWIS.—At New Westminster, on the 14th inst, the wife of W. H. Lewis, of a daughter.

PASSENGERS.

Per str. Yosemite, from Victoria, May 18—Mrs Rae, Mrs Clarke, Sister of St. Ann, Rev Percival, Messrs Alex Ewen, Jas Laidlaw, J C Hughes, C McNaughten, Holbrook, J B Tiffin, H B Dart, McDonald, and others.

AN EX ALDERMAN TRIED IT.—Ex-Alderman Taylor, of Toronto, tried Hagyard's Yellow Oil for Rheumatism. It cured him after all other remedies had failed.

High Class Organs.

From the Toronto Globe.

Perhaps the most artistic building on the exhibition ground is the pavilion of the Dominion Organ and Piano Company of Bowmanville. It is moreover one of the most interesting to lovers of good music as being the location of a magnificent collection of instruments. The erection of this building, which cost about $1,000, became necessary to meet the requirements of the company, which had been cramped for room in the Main Building, where it is impossible to judge the merits of high-class instruments. The enterprise displayed by the Company in providing suitable quarters on the grounds for their business has been rewarded. The large number of visitors who call, inspect, and purchase proves beyond question that the public approve the provision made for their convenience and comfort. Here a crowd may be seen listening to test performances on first-class instruments made by leading city and country musicians.

Right well do the Company deserve the success which they have achieved. The present prosperous concern had, like all great institutions, its day of small things. It had its origin in Bowmanville about fifteen years ago, the stock being at that time largely held by parties unacquainted with the business. About ten years go John Wesley, the present secretary and treasurer; George Piggott, the manager of the manufacturing department; and W. S. Russell, superintendent of the tuning department, bought out the shareholders and assumed control. Since that date the business has been booming. A further stimulus was given to the concern by the admission of a Detroit millionaire as a partner. Piano-making was added to the organ-manufacturing, and the establishment was increased, until it now occupies a leading position among Canadian undertakings. It turns out about 200 organs and 50 pianos per month. These are produced by 250 hands, who receive in wages about $15,000 per month. The whole civilized world is the firm's market, and they have branches in London and Manchester, England; Hamburg, Germany; Adelaide and Sydney, Australia; Auckland, New Zealand; and St. Petersburg, Russia.

The instruments on exhib

Our Story.

A REMARKABLE STORY.

(Continued.)

"Besides, one may accept a favor from one's cousin," he said, "especially when it is not much of a favor, being the damp part of the house which few people would have taken had they been paid for doing so; but to be indebted to a firm of bankrupts is impossible," Mr. Mildmay Vernon said.

He took his departure in the beginning of the winter, just when the want of hot-water pipes would be beginning to make itself felt. And it was almost without consulting her mother that Hester made arrangements for removing their few household goods into his house to leave their own free for the mistress of all. Mrs. John consented to the arrangement, but not without a few tears.

"It is not that I mind the difference," she said, "in the size of the rooms, or anything of that sort, but it feels like coming down in the world."

"We have all come down in the world," said Hester; "and Catherine most of all."

And then Mrs. John cried for Catherine as she had done first for herself, and resisted no more.

* * * * * *

It was early in November when the time came for Catherine to leave the Grange. She had made a selection of a very few things to go with her; and it was thought they would sell very well. She had some pictures which had been in the house for generations and some things which her great-uncle had picked up when he made the *grand tour*. And there was a great deal of valuable china and quantities of old silver, the accumulations of a family that had not been disturbed for generations. She showed no feeling about it, people said; and indeed Catherine felt that neither about this nor any other external thing was she capable of showing much feeling. She cared nothing about leaving the Grange. Had she been actually brought down as far as the alms-house, in all likelihood she would have taken it with the proudest placidity. What was there in that to move a soul? One room was very much like another, if you went to general principles, though it might be larger or smaller. Were these matters to make one's self unhappy about? So she said, fully meaning it, and with a smile. She was at the office every day. It seemed a matter almost of economy to keep for the present the brougham, with its one horse, which took her there; but of everything else she divested herself with the frankest good-will. To the outer world she kept her good looks, though she was thinner, and her complexion paled; but those who watched her more closely found that there were many changes in Catherine. "I'm killed, sire," old Captain Morgan still said. He himself had given them great alarm; he had had "a stroke" in the beginning of the winter, but it had passed away, though he still said everything was too far for him, and found his evening hobble to the Grange too much. He went as often as he could, sometimes to bring Hester home who was always there to receive Catherine at her return, sometimes only to sit and talk for an hour in the evening.

With other people when they came Catherine employed the same plan which she had set on foot with Harry. She made Hester her representative in the conversation. She said it did her good, while she rested, to hear the voices and to take into her mind now and then a scrap of the conversation. But it seemed to Hester that she paid less and less attention to what people said. She was very cheerful in her time of business, but when she lay back in her chair in the evenings she was so still sometimes that, but for her hand now and then stealing to her eyes, her anxious companion would scarcely have known that she lived. She thought nothing of her health for her own part, and constantly said that she was quite well and that her work agreed with her. There had been a little excitement in her appearance when she came home in the evening of the last day she was to spend at the Grange. Hester thought it was the coming change that occasioned this, though Catherine declared her indifference to it. She talked with a little haste and excitement during dinner, and when they were alone afterward did not flag as was her wont, but continued to talk. "It is a great pity," she said, "a girl like you, that, instead of teaching or doing needlework, you should not go to Vernon's, as you have a right to do, and work there."

"I wish I could," Hester said, with eager eyes.

"They tell me you wanted to do something like what I had done. Ah! you did not know it was all to be done over again. This life is full of repetitions. People think the same thing does not happen to you twice over, but it does, in my experience. You would soon learn. A few years' work, and you would be an excellent man of business; but it can't be."

"Why cannot it be? You did it. I should not be afraid—"

"I was old. I was past my youth. All that sort of thing was over for me. It could be in one way—if you could make up your mind to marry Harry—"

"I could not—I could not! I will never marry."

"It is a great pity you cannot—I think it is a mistake. I have done him a great deal of injustice in my time; but one finds out, sooner or later, that brains are not everything. There is another man, and he has brains, who would marry you if you'd have him, Hester—Roland Ashton. Take him—it is better in the end."

"Oh, do not ask me! I will never marry," Hester cried.

Then Catherine suddenly sat upright in her chair and clasped her hands together with almost wild emphasis. "I would marry," she cried, "if I were you! I would wipe out every recollection. Did they tell you the pitiful story of a meeting in the train, a marriage suddenly made up, and who it was that went away into the darkness in what was to have been your place?"

"Yes, they have told me," said Hester, in a low voice.

"Lord in heaven!" cried Catherine; "what a world, what a world this is! all mockery and delusion, all farce except when it is tragic. And after that you will not marry—for the sake of—"

"How can I help it?" cried the girl, with wistful eyes. "You do the same yourself."

"Myself? That is different. Your heart will not be empty forever, Hester. It cannot close itself up forever. With me that was the last. This is one thing that makes a mother like no one else. Hold the last fast, they say. It was everything one had to look to. I am very cheerful, and I shall live for years—many people do. But I have got my death-blow," Catherine said. Then the silence dropped again between them. It was before a cheerful fire, with a lamp burning—altogether a more cheerful scene than in those sad summer days.

"There are some people who would not take much interest in it," Catherine continued, "but you do. I think you are like me, Hester. We were kept apart by circumstances; perhaps it is possible we might have been kept apart on purpose. He"—Catherine made a pause before and after, and said the word with a sob—"never understood me. They say he was—afraid of me, never could trust me with what he really wished. Alas, alas! It must have been my fault—"

"Oh, no, no!"

"Ah, yes, yes! I had rather think that: and there is a great deal that is base in me. I could not but laugh even at that story of Emma—even now. Human nature is so strange: it is a farce. I am not angry though, not at all: all things seem floating off from me. I could think we were floating away together, you and I—"

"You are not well; you are doing too much. I should like to send for the doctor."

"I believe in no doctors. No, no; I am quite well, only tired with the day's work and ready for rest."

And the silence resumed its sway. She laid herself back as before, her pale head against the dark curtains stood out like ivory. Some time afterward she sighed two or three times heavily; then there was no sound at all. The fire burnt cheerfully, the lamp shed its steady glow upon Hester's book, to which after this talk she did not, as may be supposed, pay very much attention. But Catherine did not like a vacant watcher, and the book was a kind of safeguard, protecting her from the sense of an eye upon her. Perhaps an hour passed so. A chill crept into the room like nothing Hester had ever felt before, though all was still, serenely warm, and bright to outward appearance. She rose softly at last and touched Catherine's hands, that were folded in her lap, to wake her. It was from them the cold had come that had crept into her heart.

There was, then, no need that Catherine Vernon should ever lie in cramped rooms, in another house from that in which she had been born. When they carried her out from it a week after, the whole population came out to meet the procession and followed her weeping, lining the path, filling the streets. Her misfortunes, and the noble courage with which she had stood up against them at the end, brought back all the fullness of the love and honor with which she had been regarded when she first became supreme in the place and all bounty flowed from her. There was not any one connected with her, high or low—not only the poor Vernons who had snarled and scoffed while they accepted her favors, but the very men of money who had of late taken upon themselves the air of patronizing Catherine—but was proud to be able to repeat now, on the day of her burying, what she had said to them, and how they had come in contact with her. The doctors were not clear as to how she died. She had never been suspected of heart disease or any other disease. But it was her heart somehow, with or without a medical reason for it, that had failed her. The last touch, those who loved her thought, had been too much. Derision such as she had delighted in other circumstances had overtaken the last tragic occurrence of her life. Catherine had not been able to bear the grim mockery, the light of a farce upon that tragedy of her own. And as for Hester, all that can be said for her is that there are two men whom she may choose between, and marry either if she pleases—good men both, who will never wring her heart. Old Mrs. Morgan desires one match, Mrs. John another. What can a young woman desire more than to have such a possibility of choice?

THE END.

Freezing Out a Moonshiner.

The revenue raiders have some very thrilling experiences sometimes. A few nights ago a party of raiders were up the Marietta and North Georgia Railroad. In the party was a very quiet but utterly fearless young fellow named Lee Cape. The party approached a distillery in which five men were at work, and as the place was being surrounded the moonshiners discovered that something was going wrong. They made a wild dash, every man going in a different direction. Near by was a creek about fifteen feet wide and eighteen inches deep. The night was one of the coldest of the recent severe weather. A distiller made a bold dash toward that creek. Lee Cape was on the off side of the stream and put out to intercept him. As the moonshiner approached one bank Lee came up on the other, both panting from the violent race. Without hesitation the fleeing 'stiller plunged in, and as he did so Lee Cape from the opposite bank presented a big revolver and said:

"Halt!"

The moonshiner stopped in the middle of the stream.

"Don't run," said Cape.

"Hello, Lee," observed the moonshiner, standing half-waist deep in the icy waters.

"Hello, Mose," said Cape, "come out and give up."

"You come in here and take me if you want me!"

"You run and I'll shoot you."

"I won't run."

"Well, come out, then!"

"I won't!"

"Well, stand there!"

"I'll do it!"

"All right," said Cape, "you'll stand in that water and I'll stand here. I can stand it if you can."

The moonshiner's teeth began to chatter.

At last he said:

"Lee!"

"Hey?"

"I'll have to cave; I'm coming out."

"All right."

And the blockader, shivering and freezing, came up dripping from the creek and Lee marched him into camp.—*Atlanta, Ga., Constitution.*

"Yes, sir," said the entomologist, "I can tame flies so that when I whistle they will come and alight on my hand." "Pshaw!" said the bald-headed man, "that's nothing. They come and alight on my head without my whistling." The entomologist sat down.

"So you play the piano, my little girl?" said a gentleman to a little miss. "Yeth, thir." "And can you play any other instrument?" "Not yet, thir, but I expect to play the harp when I go to heaven."

A large lot of Gents' and Boys' Straw Hats, new styles, at J. Ellard & Co's.

NEW

Fall & Winter Goods!

JAMES WISE

OFFERS FOR SALE A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE:

Men's Clothing,

Boots and Shoes,

Gum Boots,

Gum Coats,

Oil-skin Clothing, &c.

A splendid Assortment of

Velveteens, Cashmeres, Plaids, Flannels, Sheetings, Shirtings, and Table Damasks.

Ladies' and Misses' Winter

Cloaks, Jackets, and Millinery.

A fine Assortment of

Ladies' & Children's Underclothing.

LACES, EMBROIDERIES, CORSETS, HOOP SKIRTS, BUSTLES, &c.

Groceries, Provisions, Hay, Grain, Feed, &c., &c.

☞ Prices to suit the times.

JAMES WISE,

mh4tc Front St., New Westminster.

HOMER & SON,

—IMPORTERS—

SHIPPING & COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

FRONT ST., - NEW WETTMINSTER

OFFER FOR SALE

Extra, Superfine and Graham

FLOUR

BARLEY,
GROUND BARLEY,
WHEAT,
MIDDLINGS

BRAN.

OIL CAKE,
OATS,
OAT MEAL,
CORN MEAL,

GRAIN SACKS,

HAMS, BACON, LARD, BUTTER, DRIED FRUIT, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Agents for Pacific Coast Steamship Co. and Beacon Light Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

(ja9tc)

THOMAS McNEELY,

General Groceries,

Provisions,

Dry Goods,

Hats and Caps,

Boots and Shoes,

Hardware,

Crockery,

Tinware,

—AND—

GENERAL DEALER,

LADNER'S LANDING, B. C.

(1y23y1)

D. McPHADEN,

Importer and Dealer in

Family Groceries!

—AND—

PROVISIONS.

Imported in quantity,

First-Class in quality,

Sold at Bottom Prices

The best Place in the City to buy your Groceries.

D. McPHADEN,

Deane's Brick Block,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

mh4

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the legislature of British Columbia at its next session on behalf of the settlers and owners of land situate at Matsqui Prairie for an act for their relief against the "Sumas Dyking Act, 1878," and the "Sumas Dyking Amendment Act, 1883," and to declare forfeited all rights and privileges granted or purported to be granted to E. L. Derby or his assigns by the said acts or either of them, and to repeal such acts.

Matsqui, March 6th, 1885. mh11td

Land Registry Ordinance, 1870.

The Eastern half of Lot No. 1, Block XVI, in the City of New Westminster.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE Title to the above-mentioned half of said Lot will be issued to Robert Dickinson and George Turner, Devisees in trust under the will of James Ellard (deceased) on the 28th day of May, 1885, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest in said land or some part thereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office,
New West., 20th Feb., 1885. fe21m3

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for timbering purposes the following described lands situated in New Westminster District:

1. Commencing at a post on the shore of Gillies Bay, Texada Island, about one mile N. W. of Shelter Point, extending along the shore for a distance of 160 chains, with a depth of 80 chains, containing 1280 acres, more or less.

2. Commencing at a post on the North shore of Cardero Channel, nearly opposite Denham Island, extending along the shore for a distance of 100 chains, with a depth of 160 chains, containing 1600 acres, more or less.

3. Commencing at a stake on the shore of Hemming Bay, Thurlow Island, about one-half mile West of Jackson Point; thence following the shore line 120 chains; thence in a N. W. direction 240 chains; thence Easterly 160 chains; thence South to point of commencement, containing 3500 acres, more or less.

HASTINGS SAW MILL CO'Y,
RICHD. H. ALEXANDER,
Manager.

Burrard Inlet, B. C., 30th July, 1884.
au13tc

Legislative Assembly.

PRIVATE BILLS.

ALL APPLICATIONS FOR PRIVATE Bills, properly the subject of legislation by the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, within the purview of the "British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road, or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbor, Canal, Lock, Dam, or Slide, or other like work; the granting of a right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular trade or calling, or of any Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for granting to any individual or individuals any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act—shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, to be published as follows:—

A notice in the *British Columbia Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the District affected, or if there be no newspaper published therein, then in a newspaper in the next nearest District in which a newspaper is published.

Such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks, during the interval of time between the close of the next preceeding Session and the consideration of the Petition.

Before any Petition, praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, is presented to the House, the person or persons intending to petition for such Bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rule, also at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and mentioning also whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

THORNTON FELL,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
se21fc

WATCHES

C. M. McNAUGHTEN

WATCHMAKER

Jeweller & Optician,

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.,

Begs to inform his patrons and the inhabitants of British Columbia, that he has engaged the services of

MR. F. CRAKE,

For a number of years manager of the Watchmaking and Repairing Department of Messrs. Savage, Lyman & Co., of Montreal. They say of him that he is one of the very best workmen ever in their employ, and they part with him with regret, which is a sufficient guarantee of his ability. I have spared neither trouble nor expense to get one of the ablest men, and I am determined to make my business second to none in British Columbia. Mr. Crake will have entire charge of the Watch department. **Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs,** and all complicated watches rated and adjusted. Broken or lost parts made equal to new. Any parties having Watches which have been in the hands of incompetent Watchmakers and can't be made to go, send them to me, packed in a small box, by mail, registered or otherwise, and they will have my immediate attention; and perfect satisfaction will be given.

The manufacturing Jewelry is under my personal charge. All kinds of Jewelry made to order and the quality of the goods guaranteed. Diamonds and precious stones set with care. All my charges are moderate. I have a new and well-selected stock of **Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Rolled Plate Jewelry and Plated Ware,** all of the best quality. New patterns constantly arriving.

All Watches sold will be closely regulated to a few seconds a month, thus doing away with the annoyance of having an imperfect time-keeper.

C. M. McNAUGHTEN,
jny3tc Watchmaker & Jeweller.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT sittings of the County Court of Cariboo will be held as follows:

At Lillooet, on Monday, the 25th of May, 1885.

At Clinton, on Friday, the 5th of June, 1885.

At Soda Creek, on Friday, the 26th June, 1885.

At Quesnellemouth, on Friday, the 3rd July, 1885.

At Richfield, on Monday, the 6th July, 1885.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
10th April, 1885. 22apim

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
9th April, 1885.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments:

John Fall Allison, Esq., J.P., to be an Assistant Gold Commissioner for the Rock Creek Division of the Electoral District of Yale.

Henry Croft, Esquire, of Chemainus, to be Justice of the Peace for the Province.

Lieut.-Colonel James Baker, of Skookum Chuck, Kootenay, and J. Charles Rykert, Esq., of Kootenay Lake, Kootenay, to be Justices of the Peace for the Electoral District of Kootenay.

Arthur Walter, Esq., of Vesuvius Bay, Salt Spring Island, to be a Justice of the Peace for the Electoral District of Cowichan.

George Furness, Michael Gyves and Charles Horel, Esquires, to be Fence Viewers for Salt Spring Island. 22apim

NOTICE.

TO ROAD CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to noon of Monday, 1st June next, for the construction of a Wagon Road via Marble Canon and Hat Creek, to connect the Lillooet Road with the Cariboo Trunk Road.

Specifications can be seen and forms for tender obtained at the Office of the undersigned, at the Government Office, Clinton, or from Mr. James Campbell, Cache Creek.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, 30th April, 1885. my2m1

RESERVATION.

YALE DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following described tract of land, situated in the Similkameen Valley, is hereby reserved from sale or preemption, until further notice, viz:

Commencing at the confluence of the Tulameen or North Forth of the Similkameen River and the south branch of the same stream; thence true west seven (7) miles; thence true south, ten (10) miles; thence true east, ten (10) miles; thence true north, ten [10] miles; thence true west three (3) miles, more or less, to the place of commencement; containing about 61,000 acres.

Provided that this reservation shall not prejudice the rights of Free Miners under the provisions of the "Mineral Act, 1881."

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Com. of Lands and Works.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., 17th April, 1885.
29apim

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1885.

SPRING ASSIZES.

(ON VANCOUVER ISLAND.)

Victoria, ...Monday, ...6th April.
Nanaimo, ...Tuesday, ...2nd June.

(ON MAINLAND.)

New Westminster...Wednesday, 6th May.
Yale, ...Wednesday, 27th May.
Kamloops, ...Monday, ...1st June.
Clinton, ...Monday, ...8th June.

FALL ASSIZES.

(ON MAINLAND.)

Richfield, ...Monday, ...14th Sept.
Clinton, ...Wednesday, 30th Sept.
Kamloops, ...Monday, ...5th Oct.
Lytton, ...Monday, ...12th Oct.
Yale, ...Friday, ...16th Oct.
New Westminster, Wednesday, 11th Nov.

(ON VANCOUVER ISLAND.)

Victoria, ...Monday, ...23rd November.
Nanaimo, ...Tuesday, ...1st December.

mh18m3

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Tenders for Engine Houses at North Bend and Port Moody.

SEALED TENDERS ADDRESSED TO the undersigned at Ottawa for Engine House at North Bend and Engine House at Port Moody will be received until noon on the

24th DAY OF MAY, 1885.

Plans and specifications may be seen and forms of tender obtained in Victoria at the office of the Dominion Government Agent on and after the 1st of May.

Separate tenders must be made for each Engine House addressed as above.

Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit in cash or by a cheque marked good; equal to five percent. of the amount of the tender.

If the tender is not accepted the deposit will be returned.

Tenders must be made on the printed forms supplied.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

A. P. BRADLEY,
my2td Sec. Dept. of Railways & Canals.

Land Registry Ordinance, 1870.

Lots Nos. 5, 6 and 7, Block XVII, in the City of New Westminster.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE Title to the above mentioned Lots will be issued to William Norman Bole on the 16th day of July, 1885, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said land or some part thereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, 7th April, 1885.
ap11m3

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in New Westminster District:

Commencing at a stake on Bowen Island set about ¼ of a mile east from a point on the west shore line of Bowen Island, which point bears south-easterly from Hutt Island; thence east 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 40 chains to point of commencement, containing 160 acres.

ROYAL CITY PLANING MILLS CO.,
Limited. JOHN HENDRY, Manager,
New Westminster, B.C., May 11, 1885.
13m'y2m

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the co-partnership heretofore existing between James Speirs and Angus Beaton, doing business as blacksmiths in the City of New Westminster under the name of Speirs & Beaton, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Angus Beaton will continue the business, and will pay all claims against the late firm contracted up to this date, and collect all accounts due.

JAS. SPEIRS,
ANGUS BEATON.

Dated the 7th May, 1885. 13my6t

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT SIXTY days after date we the undersigned intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands on Valdez Island, Coast district, British Columbia:

And I the undersigned, John Wiggins, intend making application for 160 acres, more or less, described as follows:

Commencing at a post on the east shore line of Villiage Bay Lake, about 30 chains North of the foot of the lake; thence east 40 chains, north 40 chains, west 40 chains, more or less to the shore line of lake; thence southerly, following meanderings of shore line of lake to point of commencement.

And I the undersigned, Charles McDonough, intend making application for 400 acres, more or less, described as follows:

Commencing at a post on the west shore line of Village Bay Lake, about 2 miles north of the foot of the lake, thence west 80 chains, thence north 60 chains, thence east to the shore line of lake, thence southerly, following the meanderings of shore line of lake to point of commencement.

And I the undersigned, Joseph Mannion, intend making making application for 640 acres, more or less, described as follows;

Commencing at a post on the north shore line of Village Bay Lake about one mile easterly from its head; thence north 40 chains, west 160 chains, south 40 chains, east to shore line of Village Bay Lake; thence northerly and easterly, following meanderings of shore line of lake to point of commencement:

And I the undersigned, Alexander Russell, intend making application for 600 acres, more or less, described as follows;

Commencing at the South-west corner of the land applied for by Joseph Mannion; thence south 160 chains, east 40 chains, north to shore line of Village Bay Lake; thence following meanderings of shore line of Village Bay Lake in a North-westerly direction to the intersection of Mannion's south boundary line with the shore line of Village Bay Lake.

And I the undersigned, John D. Paris, intend making application for 600 acres, more or less, described as follows;

Commencing at the the South-east corner of the land applied for by Alexander Russell, thence east 60 chains, north to shore line of Village Bay Lake; thence in a westerly direction, following meanderings of the shore line of lake to intersection of Russell's east boundary with shore line of lake; thence south along said east boundary of Russell's claims to point of commencement.

New Westminster, B. C., April 6th 1885.

JOHN WIGGINS,
ALEXANDER RUSSELL,
CHARLES McDONOUGH,
JOSEPH MANNION,
JOHN D. PARIS,

ap8m2.

ROYAL

Columbian Hospital.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS, 1884-85.

W. N. BOLE, - - - - PRESIDENT
J. W. HARVEY, - VICE-PRESIDENT
W. H. KEARY, - - - SEC.-TREAS
G. E. CORBOLD, JAS. CUNNINGHAM
H. ELLIOTT, C. M. McNAUGHTON

DIRECTOR'S ANNUAL REPORT.

GENTLEMEN:—In presenting our report for 1884-85 we are pleased to be able to say that the Hospital has never for years been in a better position, financially or otherwise. A great number of improvements have been made during the year, such as repairs to buildings, drains, outhouses, &c., and a great deal of bedding and furniture purchased.

Arrangements have been almost completed so that we can have a fever ward for the institution, and which will be a great benefit to the usefulness and success of the Hospital, taking into consideration the rapidly increasing population.

The Hospital has been kept in an efficient condition, and the Surgeon has been attentive and active in his duties.

We are informed that some arrangement will be made during the coming year by the government for the removal of incurables, 7 of whom we have in the Hospital.

The medical officer has attended and dispensed medicines to 105 in and out-door patients, showing that much good work has been achieved.

We have to thank Messrs. Jno. Murray and S. T. Tingley, Spence's Bridge, for the receipt of $25.00 legacy left by the late Capt. Thompson to the Hospital.

We have also to thank the government for great assistance and the public for donations of money, clothes, reading matter, &c.

A drain to the river is actually necessary, and if funds permit should be built this year.

Annexed is the Treasurer's and Surgeon's Reports.

THE TREASURER IN ACCOUNT WITH THE ROYAL COLUMBIAN HOSPITAL.

1884.	Dr.	
April 1—To balance from last year,	$ 91	
" Governmental grant	4500 00	
" do, for repairs	500 00	
" Legacy from Captain Thompson	435 00	
" Subscriptions	65 00	
" Holy Trinity Church collections	35 35	
" Paying patients	30 10	
" Proceeds of Concert	140 75	
	$5707 11	

1885.	Cr.	
Mar. 31—By Liabilities from last year paid	$ 200 00	
" Salaries	1569 94	
" Repairs to buildings	425 63	
" Furniture	140 37	
" Fish	16 70	
" Funerals	67 50	
" Bread	119 65	
" Washing	178 87	
" Vegetables	87 84	
" Light	54 46	
" Beef	510 20	
" Milk	250 61	
" Stationery	27 65	
" Groceries	629 72	
" Drugs	229 12	
" Clothing	69 25	
" Printing	51 30	
" Bedding	125 48	
" Nursing	65 00	
" Medical comforts	37 50	
" Fuel	268 50	
" Library	19 00	
" Insurance	45 00	
" Sundries	23 50	
" Audit	10 00	
" Balance	463 42	
	$5707 11	
1885. April 1—To balance	$463 42	

Examined and found correct.
W. H. FALDING,
Auditor.

ROYAL COLUMBIAN HOSPITAL.

NEW WESTMINSTER,
April 6th, 1885.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS—Gentlemen:

I have the honor to make the following report on the Royal Columbian Hospital for the year ending the 31st March, 1885.

Number of in-door patients 62
" " out-door " 43
" Remaining under treatment 18
" Died 6

Causes of death of the six who died:

Chronic Bronchitis 1
Phthisis or Consumption 1
Chronic Alcoholism 1
Paralysis 3

Two of them came in in a dying condition.

The Hospital has undergone a good deal of repairing during the year. The water pipes have been fixed; outhouses have been moved, and one built for the reception of the dead until burial. Whitewashing and papering has been done, making the place look bright and cheerful.

I have to thank a number of friends of the institution for contributions of pictures, texts, and reading matter of every description and in large quantities. Also for the supply of old washed linen which is particularly useful. Also, I have to thank the steward, Mr. Charles Digby, for the pains he has taken in keeping the wards clean and comfortable; and, also, for his kindness and attention to the sick.

Before closing my report I wish to suggest that if a fever ward, i. e., to admit typhoid fever, could be opened, it would add very materially to the usefulness of the institution. I think that this might be done without much expense by attaching three or four rooms to the building for the use of the steward and his family and using the wards up stairs for fever cases.

I also wish to bring before your notice the necessity of more drains being built, especially one from the hospital direct to the river.

Yours faithfully,
R. I. BENTLEY, M.B.
Medical Officer.

1my1m

T. N. HIBBEN & CO.

Booksellers, Stationers,

AND GENERAL DEALERS IN THE many varieties of stock indirectly connected with the above.

Having studied the best markets for the past quarter of a century, economy in purchasing has been attained by importing in quantities direct from the publishers and manufacturers, and no pains is spared to keep a full and well-selected stock.

Old Masonic Building, Goverment St.

VICTORIA, B. C.

☞ The following New Books just received: **Canadian Pictures, by Marquis of Lorne; Treasury of Song; Graw's Unrivalled Family Atlas.** oc29tc

HIGH CLASS

Thoroughbred Poultry!

EGGS FOR HATCHING

FROM IMPORTED FOWLS, OF THE FOLLOWING VARIETIES:

PLYMOUTH ROCKS,
BROWN LEGHORNS,
WHITE LEGHORNS,
HOUDANS,
B. B. RED GAME BANTAMS,
BRONZE TURKEYS,
TOULOUSE GEESE,
ROUEN DUCKS.

Eggs (that will hatch) shipped any distance. Send for illustrated price list.

C. P. STONE,

mh4tc Seattle, Wash. Ter.

B 4 U

BUY

—CALL AT THE—

Pacific Carriage Works!

COLUMBIA STREET

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

And see our Stock of First-Class

COVERED CARRIAGES,

TOP BUGGIES,

Top Phaetons, Express Wagons, Heavy Wagons, Dray Carts,

—And all kinds of—

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming

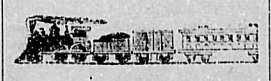
Executed with Neatness and Dispatch.

☞ Shipments of first-class material received direct from Ontario and quality guaranteed. We feel confident our Carriages, for quality, variety and price, cannot be excelled in British Columbia. All orders promptly attended to.

JOHNSTONE & SMITH, PROPRIETORS.

mh7tc

Canadian Pacific Railway



NEW SCHEDULE

—OF—

WAGES

—FOR—

WHITE LABOR

—ON THE—

Canadian Pacific Railway

—IN

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Overseers ...	....$125 00 per month.		
Rock Foremen....	$3 50 to $4 00	₩ day	
Earth Foremen...	2 50 to 3 50	"	
Bridge Foremen..	3 50 to 4 50	"	
Bridge Carpenters, 1st class.....	3 50		"
Bridge Carpenters, 2nd class.....	3 00		"
Masons	2 50 to 3 50		"
Stone Cutters....	3 00 to 3 50		"
Blacksmiths, 1st class	3 50		"
Blacksmiths, 2nd class	3 00		"
Blacksmith Helpers	1 50 to 2 00		"
Drillers	2 00 to 2 25		
Laborers	1 75 to 2 00		"
Hewers, 1st class	3 50		"
Choppers, 1st class	2 00 to 2 50		"
Scorers, 1st class	2 50		"

All outside labor 10 hours per day.

All Carpenters to furnish their own Chest Tools.

All Employees to find themselves Bed, Board and Lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient along the Line. Board—$5 per week.

It will not be compulsory for Employees to board in the Company's Houses.

Wages will be paid monthly, on the 10th of each month.

A. ONDERDONK,
GENERAL MANAGER.

OFFICE OF THE CONTRACTORS,
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY,
Yale, March 1, 1883.

T.R.PEARSON & CO.

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

—IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN—

Books,

Stationery,

Fancy Goods,

Pianos,

Organs,

Music,

Newspapers,

Magazines,

Toys, etc.

The Largest Stock on the Mainland, and second to no House in British Columbia.

—SOLE AGENTS FOR—

The Henry F. Miller Piano,

Of Boston,

The Dominion Organ,

Of Bowmanville, Ont.,

And agents for all the leading American

PIANOS & ORGANS

SPECIAL FORMS

RULED & PRINTED

On the premises, as neatly and cheaply as at any other establishment in the Province.

—AGENTS FOR—

Confederation Life Assurance Co..

North British and Mercantile Fire Insurance Co..

—Agents for First-Class—

FIRE and BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES

SHIPPING RECEIPTS,

DEEDS MORTGAGES,

BILLS OF SALE,

CUSTOM HOUSE BLANKS,

LEASES, PROM. NOTES,

ORDERS, RECEIPTS,

And all kinds of Blank Books and Blank Forms on hand.

—All the Leading—

NEWSPAPERS

—AND—

PERIODICALS

Regularly received. Subscriptions taken for any Publication at lowest rates.

☞ We import direct from manufacturers, and cannot be undersold in this Province.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.,

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

(fe2tc)