THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
IS PUBLISHED
Every Wednesday & Saturday,
BY
D. ROBSON & CO.
OFFICE, COLUMBIA STREET. ENTRANCE TO EDITORIAL AND BUSINESS DEPARTMENT THROUGH T. R. PEARSON & CO'S. BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.
TERMS—By Mail, $3 a year; $1 50 for 6 mos.; $1 for 3 mos.; payable in Advance. Delivered by Carrier or Agent, $1 per quarter, payable quarterly to Carrier or Agent.

AGENTS
T. N. HIBBEN & Co. ..... VICTORIA.
WM. HARRISON ..... YALE.
L. P. FISHER Advertising Agent, 21 Merchant's Exchange, San Francisco, is authorized to receive Advertisements for this paper.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

The British Columbian.
Saturday Morning, March 1, 1884.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

VOLUME 25 | NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1884. | NUMBER 17

A Fiendish Crime.

Body snatching has for many years been practiced as a commercial enterprise. In these days of scientific advancement, students are not content to operate upon manikins for the purpose of gaining a knowledge of human anatomy. They must have real subjects, and the college whose dissecting-room is not provided with nature's own models has but a poor chance of sustaining its reputation in the medical world. It is well known that the faculty and professors of many medical colleges offer a very handsome premium for human corpses. These rewards are sufficient to induce persons of low moral instinct to become grave-robbers for the mere sake of gain. The practice is undoubtedly bad and wholly inexcusable, even if performed purely in the interest of science. It is not only morally bad, but it is extremely dangerous. No person whose moral sentiment has not been blunted would permit the remains of a relative to pass into the dissecting room if he could help it. The practice of body-snatching, therefore, is attended with much risk, because the law provides severe penalties for those who are found engaged in it. The consequence is that while the demand for medical subjects goes on increasing, the supply is precarious. From late eastern despatches we find that these professional snatchers have resorted to a new device in order to procure victims. Finding the sacredness of the grave-yard too well guarded for safety to themselves, they have hit upon a still more horrible scheme. There are two persons who have been in the habit of supplying subjects to the Ohio Medical College at Cincinatti. Having reached the end of their resources, and probably the bottom of their purses also, they deliberately murdered a family of three persons and delivered the bodies to the college authorities for $15 each! The shanty occupied by the murdered family was discovered to be in flames, suspicion was aroused, and the two men were arrested. After being in gaol a short time one of them made a confession, giving full details of the horrible crime. They went to the house after dark; found the old man with his wife and daughter quietly sitting by the fire; pounced upon them with clubs and felled them insensible. The three bodies were then put in large sacks and taken directly to the college. One can scarcely conceive of anything more diabolical. Surely the moral natures of men who could deliberately plan and execute such a fearful crime must have reached a point beyond which it would be difficult to pass. If the particulars telegraphed prove to be facts the publication of them will direct public attention to the whole system of procuring subjects for medical colleges in such a way as may lead to reform. There should be laws enacted strong enough to suppress the whole business of body snatching. If science cannot produce some satisfactory substitute, so much the worse for science, but this degrading and ghoulish practice must be stamped out.

Soudan.

A region of territory in Eastern Africa, called Soudan, has, by reason of recent developments, been suddenly brought to the notice of the civilized world, and has engaged public attention in no small degree. Soudan is the name given to that vast extent of territory in Upper Egypt that stretches from Nubia to the confines of Abyssinia and from the Red Sea to the Arabian desert. The great River Nile, composed of Bahr-el-Aviad, the White, Bahr-el-Atrek, the Blue Nile, and the Atbara, together with the other tributaries traverse its whole length from south to north. The land, as it recedes from the Red Sea westward, assumes an elevation of 1,800 feet. Its surface is rugged, rocky and mainly barren. There are no mountain ranges, but lofty hills abound, forming difficult passes and impassable defiles. The lands bordering the streams are very rich, owing to the deposits of heavy alluvial soil by the overflow of the waters, and yield perennial crops. These do not, however, extend to more than a mile in width on either side, and in some places not even that, the rest of the country being a vast waste of sand. Its general character is wild and dreary, and its inhabitants are in keeping with the character of the country.

The vast territory is peopled by hordes of Arabs of various tribes, whose number is computed to be between 30,000,000 and 40,000,000.

The Arab—and in this nomenclature, besides the natives of Arabia proper, all the inhabitants of northern and half of the eastern portion of Africa are to be comprehended—is a singular race. Wild and ferocious, like the savages of the far West, the Arabs are endowed with a keener intellect and a highly nervous temperament, a characteristic which has impressed itself upon the Spanish nation by reason of contact. Unlike, however, the aborigines of America, who are stolid, content with hunting and the gratification of their natural wants, the Arabs are ever restless and aggressive and prey upon their fellow beings. Although very dark in complexion, they are not negroes, their hair is coarse but smooth. —*Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for February.*

History of a Rain Drop.

Various theories have been advanced to account for the formation of rain drops, but the most satisfactory explanation is that proposed by Professor Osborne Reynolds. The minute particles of which clouds are composed are moving downward in consequence of the attraction of gravity; but by reason of the resistance which the air offers to their descent, they are only moving very slowly. Since, however, the resistance offered to the passage of large drops is much smaller in proportion to their weight than that offered to small drops, it follows that the large drops will descend faster than the smaller ones, and will overtake them, coming into collision with any which are in the direct line of their descent. When two drops collide they will unite to form a larger drop, which will descend with increased velocity, sweeping up all smaller drops in its path, and thus increasing in size until it emerges from the cloud. Since many clouds are several miles in thickness, it is easy to see that a particle descending from the upper part of the cloud may become a raindrop of considerable size before it emerges from the cloud. In their passage from the cloud to the earth the larger raindrops will overtake the small ones in a precisely similar way. At the same time the size of the drops may be slightly increased by the condensation of water from the air through which they are falling, or may be slightly diminished by partial evaporation from the surfaces of the drops.

A falling raindrop descends with a velocity which increases until the acceleration is balanced by the resistance of the air, after which the drop descends with uniform velocity. It is, of course, well known that large clouds may exist without any rain falling from them. In some cases rain is actually formed, but evaporates and is again converted into vapor before it can reach the ground; in many cases the non-formation of rain is possibly due to the fact that under certain unknown atmospheric or other conditions the particles forming the clouds do not unite when they collide. As an agent of geological change, rain is of the greatest importance. It plays a large part in the disintegration of rocks and the formation of soils, washes the smaller particles into streams and rivers, and is, in fact, one of the most important of the various denuding agents. Indeed, since rain is the ultimate source of all our brooks, rivers, etc., it may be said to be the principal agent of geological change on the earth's surface. The amount of the rainfall varies very considerably in different countries and in different parts of the same country, depending on geographical position, the conformation of the surface of the ground, the proximity of large lakes and the sea, etc. The heaviest annual fall of rain occurs in the zone of calms over the equatorial region of the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans and on the west coast of the British Isles, India, Norway, North and South America and New Zealand. In all these latter districts the west wind blows over a large tract of ocean and becomes heavily charged with moisture, which it deposits when forced upward by the action of the mountains on the coasts. The driest districts in the world are the desert regions of Asia and Africa. The amount of rain which falls in single showers is sometimes enormous, especially in the tropics. In the British Isles one of the heaviest falls on record is a fall of 5.36 inches in twenty-four hours, in Monmouthshire, July 14, 1875. On October, 25, 1836, at Gibraltar there was a fall of 30.11 inches.—*Cassel's Concise Cyclopedia.*

Poetry.

An Ontario Girl's Lament.

I make complaint of a plaguey pest
That's known by the name of the great North-West,
For this wonderous land of the setting sun
Has taken my beaus away, every one,
Yes, one by one they have all cleared out,
Thinking to better themselves, no doubt;
Caring but little how far they may go
From the poor lone girl in Ontario.
First I was sweet upon Johnny J. Brown
The nicest young fellow in all the whole town;
But he said "Good-bye," and he sailed away,
And now he's settled at Thunder Bay.
Next I was fishing for Farmer Lee's Dick;
Thought him so dull that he wouldn't cut stick.
But he waved his hat with a "Hip, hip, hurrah!"
And said he was going to Manitoba.
That long, lean druggist, with specs on his nose,
I thought the fellow would soon propose;
He sold out his bottle shop; he was gone
Clean to the River Saskatchewan.
Fat little, plump little Johnny Grey,
I hinted he'd better get spliced and stay.
He said to me that was rather thin,
And he turned his toes to Keewatin.
My Dutchman lover, Hans Ritter Von Krout,
So lame he could scarcely escort me out;
With magic ointment he greased his leg,
And slid to the city of Winnipeg.
I'll sling my goods in a carpet sack;
I'll off to the West and I won't turn back;
I'll have a husband, a good one, too,
If I have to follow to Cariboo.

MARK S. WADE, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Wishes to announce to the people of Surrey, Langley, &c., that he has taken up his residence on Southeast ¼ of Section 19, Township 2, about ½ mile north of the Serpentine River, on Coast-Meridian road. P. O. address, Clover Valley. fe16-tc.

ARCH. MACLEOD, B.A.M.D.C.M.
Late of the New York Polyclinic.
Graduate of McGill University, Montreal.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—Opposite City Hotel, New Westminster. au1-tc.

JOHN CARROW, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, next Door to Sunniside Saloon, GRANVILLE, B. I. Office Hours—8 to 10 a. m.; 1 to 3, and 6.30 to 8 p. m.; All calls promptly attended to. ja1-tc.

H. M. COOPER, B. A., M. D.,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
OFFICE and RESIDENCE—Church St. (next door to Farmers' Home), near Columbia St., New Westminster, B.C.
OFFICE HOURS—8 to 10 a. m.; 1 to 3 and 6.30 to 8 p. m. Calls in town and country promptly attended to. fe2tc

C. N. TREW, M.D.
M. C. P. & S. O.
Surgeon B. C. Penitentiary; Surgeon New Westminster Jail; Coroner for the District.
OFFICE—Corner of Clarkson & McKenzie Streets. Residence, Mary Street. fe15

R. I. BENTLEY, M. B.,
M. C. P. & S. O.
Surgeon to Royal Columbian Hospital.
Medical Officer to the Asylum for the Insane.
OFFICE—Agnes St., next Mr. C. G. Major's residence, New Westminster. (se15tc)

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.
Opposite Colonial Hotel,
NEW WESTMINSTER ..... B. C.

CORBOULD & McCOLL,
Barristers, Solicitors, &c
NEW WESTMINSTER,
BRITISH COLUMBIA.

JOSEPH GOLDSTONE,
Auctioneer & Valuator!
CITY AUCTION ROOM,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
Parties having Furniture, or anything to dispose of, would do well to communicate with the above. ja28tc

C. D. RAND,
REAL ESTATE BROKER,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Conveyancer and Insurance Agent,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN to the transaction of real estate business in New Westminster City and District and the Town of Port Moody. Money to loan on first-class security. Best of references given. ja5tc

W. H. FALDING,
ACCOUNTANT,
Land Agent,
COLLECTOR AND
CUSTOM HOUSE BROKER.
OFFICE:—Next to the Custom House. decl-tc

A. J. ALPORT,
ACCOUNTANT, CONVEYANCER.
Land, House, and General Agent.
RENTS & DEBTS COLLECTED.
Accounts made up and Balance Sheets prepared.
OFFICE—At Mr. R. W. Armstrong's Law office, Columbia St., New Westminster (se15tc)

MESSRS.
HOWSE AND RICKMAN
Respectfully beg to inform the public of New Westminster and District that they have commenced business as
Land Surveyors & Draughtsmen
Real Estate Brokers & Agents,
Conveyancers, Accountants, &c.
And are now prepared to receive instructions in their several branches.
All business placed in their hands will receive prompt attention.
They have for sale Town and Suburban Lots in New Westminster,
Town Lots at Port Moody, Port Hammond and Lots on town sites at Hastings, Granville and English Bay
Also farming lands on the Lower Fraser.
Office—FRONT STREET,
Opposite C. P. N. Company's Wharf. fe9-tc.

JAMES MORRISON,
CONVEYANCER,
Land and General Agent,
—AND—
AUCTIONEER!
COLUMBIA STREET,
(Opp. Colonial Hotel)
NEW WESTMINSTER
Several good Farms for Sale and to Lease. no10

W. D. FERRIS,
LAND, HOUSE,
—AND—
GENERAL AGENT
Rent and Debt Collector.
SEVERAL GOOD FARMS FOR SALE
Agent for the TRAVELLERS' LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO., Hartford, Conn.
OFFICE:—Columbia Street., New Westminster. de9

C. E. WOODS. GEO. TURNER
WOODS & TURNER,
LAND SURVEYORS,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
Accountants & Conveyancers,
COLUMBIA STREET,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
WE HAVE FOR SALE IMPROVED and unimproved Lands at
PITT RIVER,
MAPLE RIDGE,
LANGLEY,
MATSQUI,
MISSION,
BURRARDS INLET,
FALSE CREEK,
PORT MOODY,
TRENANT,
NORTH ARM,
SALT SPRING ISLAND.
TOWN LOTS AT PORT MOODY FOR SALE.
LAND SURVEYING CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD SECURITY.
AGENTS FOR THE
Phœnix Fire Insurance Co. of Brooklyn, the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, and
Gladding, McBean & Co's. Vitrified Stone Sewer And Chimney Pipes, Garden Vases, &c.
WOODS & TURNER.
New Westminster, B. C., April 2, 1883. ap4

Every Man to his Own Business
A. PEELE,
PRACTICAL
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,
COLUMBIA STREET
(OPP. COLONIAL HOTEL),
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.
N. B.—Only Genuine Drugs used. Over twenty years' experience. mr23

J. A. CALBICK,
BUILDER & CONTRACTOR
ALL KINDS OF JOBBING AND REPAIRS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
Estimates Furnished. Saws Sharpened and Set.
SHOP—Merchant Square, Columbia St., New Westminster, in rear of Thos. Owen's Blacksmith Shop. fe16tc

GILLEY, MOONEY & CO.,
STEAM
PILE DRIVERS
WHARF-BUILDERS, &C.
Hoisting of all kinds, and Lightering done on short notice.
ADDRESS—New Westminster, B. C. (au25tc)

WALSH'S
Tailoring
Emporium
MOST FASHIONABLE IN THE CITY.
Opposite the Bank, Columbia street, New Westminster, B. C. [my26-tc.

BOOTS and SHOES
FROM
HEATHORN'S
Boot & Shoe Manufactory,
VICTORIA,
AT VICTORIA PRICES.
R. THOMAS,
Shop under the new Oddfellow Hall, Columbia st., New Westminster.

COME AND SEE
Good Times Have Come again, Boys!
THE PROPRIETOR, JAMES TURNBULL, having again taken possession of the TEMPERANCE HOUSE fronting on Columbia and Church Streets, opposite Episcopal Church, City of New Westminster, B. C., and now known as the
"FARMER'S HOME,"
Will accommodate all his old friends and the public generally who favor him with a call, at old prices. Board per day, $1.00; Board per week, $5.00; Single Meals, 25 cents; Beds, 25 cents. Good accommodation for Ladies and Families. au29tc

New Fish Market!
JAMES TAFFANDALE
HAS JUST OPENED A NEW FISH Market on
FRONT STREET,
East of the Holbrook House, where will be found a full supply of Fish of all kinds and of the best quality.
Purchases delivered in any part of the city. A call is solicited. mh28tc

W. R. CLARKE,
AUCTIONEER,
APPRAISER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.
SALES ROOM, FIRE-PROOF BUILDING, YATES STREET,
VICTORIA, - BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Liberal advances made on Consignments.
To facilitate the sale of Real Estate, I have complete maps of Victoria, Esquimalt, New Westminster and the Districts.
N. B. Parties desirous of selling their Stock, Stock in trade, or Funiture, and not wishing the trouble of an Auction Sale, can find a Cash Buyer by calling on the above. Office of the British Columbia Wire Works. All sorts of wire work done. Orders filled with neatness and dispatch.
Office of Harbor Master and Port Warden. fe10

NOTICE
TO IMMIGRANTS
THE MUNICIPALITY OF SURREY
Offers great inducements to persons
IN SEARCH OF A HOME
—We have—
GOOD LANDS
Both wild and improved,
Good Roads, Schools, Churches And Post Office.
Our facilities for trade are excellent. We have good
WATER COMMUNICATION
With outside markets, and our
CLIMATE IS UNRIVALLED.
Plenty of Government Land.
TO MANUFACTURERS and GRIST OR SAW MILL MEN establishing themselves in this Municipality, the Municipal Council are offering LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS. For further particulars apply personally or by letter to
HENRY T. THRIFT, C. M. C.
Intelligence Officer.
Clover Valley, Surrey, B. C. [my19-tc

In calling the
Attention OF THE Ladies
Of this city and surroundings, I wish to state that I have
Just Received
A large and
Well Selected Stock
Of Ladies' and Children's
BOOT AND SHOES
FROM
MONTREAL & PHILADELPHIA
I wish to impress it forcibly on their minds that
No Store in this City
Can show a Larger or
BETTER ASSORTMENT
And that no store
SELLS AS CHEAP
As me.
Country orders carefully and promptly filled.
MRS. EMMA GOLD,
Columbia St., opp. Ewen's Cannery. no3-tc.

Notice to Shippers.
FROM DATE, AND UNTIL FURther notice, the steamer "Gipsy" will make regular semi-monthly trips direct to New Westminster, B. C., sailing from New Tacoma on the 1st and 15th of each month.
no14-tc. C. E. CLANCEY.

H. P. GREGORY & CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. AND PORTLAND, OR.
SAWS AND ALL KINDS OF SAW MILL MACHINERY
—ALSO—
Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Wood and Iron-working Machinery, Belting, Packing, Hose, &c., &c., &c.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.
—DEALERS IN—
BOOKS,
STATIONERY,
Fancy Goods, &c.,
YALE, B. C.
A LARGE STOCK ALWAYS ON hand. Goods not in stock will be ordered promptly.
Newspapers and Magazines supplied from all parts of the world.
Prompt attention given to orders by mail.
ja26tc] A. G. JOHNSTON, Manager.

SIMMOND'S
NABOB

PURE
WHISKEY
Is acknowledged by eminent surgeons to be the purest and finest known, and invaluable to invalids.
SIMMONDS' KENTUCKY NABOB BOURBON WHISKY has been well known for many years, being unsurpassed for its excellent quality and delicate flavor. Everybody who has tried it say it is the best in the world.
Families supplied by the gallon, case or bottle.
None Genuine Unless My Signature Across the Cork—"G. Simmonds."
Sold by A. B. GRAY & CO., Wholesale Depot, Victoria, and by all leading liquor dealers. oc29tc

VANCOUVER
BREWERY
VICTORIA.
THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform the Hotel-Keepers and others of New Westminster and vicinity that he has been appointed agent for the delivery of the celebrated Pale Ale and Porter of the Vancouver Brewery, which was awarded two first prizes and a recommendation at the late Provincial Fair.
All orders will be promptly attended to. Families supplied by the keg, imperial measure.
W. D. FERRIS.
New Westminster, 27 Nov., 1883. (te

Dominion Saw Mill Co.,
(LIMITED.)
RICHARD STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
ROUGH & DRESSED
LUMBER,
Shingles,
Lath,
Pickets,
&c., &c.
Orders from the country promptly filled.
ESTIMATES
of quantity and cost of material for building carefully prepared free of charge.
First-class grain-edged Flooring a Specialty.
J. B. HENDERSON,
no24tc] MANAGER.

OCCIDENT HOTEL
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
The Only Fire-Proof Hotel in the City.
THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT
IS UNDER THE CHARGE OF AN EXPERIENCED ARTIST.
THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE to announce to the Public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where everything will be found first-class, and at reasonable rates.
The Parlors and Sleeping Apartments are under the superintendence of MRS. AUSTIN.
Private Dining Rooms for Ladies, Families and Private Parties.
A Private Reading Room, commodious, comfortably furnished, and well supplied with books and papers, is provided for the use of guests.
THE BAR
Is supplied with the choicest brands of WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
JNO. AUSTIN,
PROPRIETOR.

THE
BRIGHTON HOTEL
HASTINGS, B. I.
THIS FINE AND COMMODIOUS new Hotel has been recently completed and is furnished with every convenience for the comfort of guests. The situation and accommodations are unsurpassed on Burrard Inlet, which has become the most fashionable
WATERING PLACE
in British Columbia. The prospect is charming, the sea breezes are invigorating, and the facilities for bathing and boating are excellent. Private Sitting and Dining Rooms. Suites of apartments for families or parties. The Bar is entirely detached from the main building.
The Hotel is under the immediate superintendence of Mrs. Black.
First-class stabling and feed for Horses. Busses to and from New Westminster twice a day.
GEO. BLACK,
jy28tc Proprietor.

Granville Hotel,
GRANVILLE,
BURRARD INLET.
Newly Built and Newly Furnished, Large and Commodious.
ONE OF THE BEST HOTELS ON THE MAINLAND.
Commands an unbroken view of that magnificent sheet of water known as Coal Harbor, the future terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway.
SUITS OF ROOMS FOR FAMILIES.
Visitors and Tourists will find it a quiet and pleasant resting place.
The scale of charges will be found to be strictly moderate.
Good stabling on the premises.
JOSEPH MANNION,
PROPRIETOR.

ESTABLISHED 1859.
ROBT. DICKINSON,
BUTCHER,
Nearly Opposite the Colonial Hotel,
NEW WESTMINSTER.
THE LARGEST AND CHOICEST assortment of all descriptions of
MEATS AND VEGETABLES
Constantly on hand, and supplied to Families, Restaurants, and Steamboats at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Port Hammond Junction!
ALL REGULAR PASSENGER STEAMERS of the C. P. N. Company going to or beyond this Township will call there for Passengers or Freight. Wharf accommodation will be completed before the end of the year.
oc17tc JNO. IRVING, Manager.

For Sale or To Rent.

FOR RENT:
A PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY, well situated and very complete, on Columbia Street. Apply to
HENRY V. EDMONDS,
ja30tc Land Agent.

FOR SALE:
GREENWICH PARK and HOTEL, Store and Orchard. The present proprietor is going into business in Victoria. Terms Cash. For price, etc., apply to
WM. PERKINS,
ja30tc Postmaster, Matsqui.

FOR SALE.
THE LIGHTEST-ROWING, FASTest-sailing, and best built Boat on Fraser River; newly painted; thoroughly equipped with mast, boom, and sail; 2 pair ash oars; rowlocks, rudder, cross-head and tiller, chain, &c. Price $100.
au15tc C. G. MAJOR.

To Lease.
A FIRST-CLASS FARM OF 250 acres of rich prairie land; good dwelling house, barn, etc. Sixty acres under cultivation. Rent moderate. For particulars apply to
W. D. FERRIS, Land Agent,
dec1-tc. New Westminster.

FOR SALE.
ONE LOGGING CAR, BLACKman's patent, eight wheels, double flange; woodwork, bolts, etc., all complete, ready for work. Will be sold cheap for cash, or on time with security. Apply to J. MANNION,
de8-tc Granville, Burrard Inlet.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE
THE SHOP AND PREMISES ON Columbia St., next the Customs House, lately occupied by Nelson Bros. The situation is excellent for any business purpose. The building is divided into two shops, and has a good supply of water. Will be sold at a bargain, or leased to a suitable tenant. Apply on the premises to
ap21tc W. J. FRENCH.

FOR SALE.
1440 ACRES CHOICE
DELTA LANDS
3 MILES FROM LADNER'S Landing, on the Trunk Wagon Road; two other roads running through the premises. Apply to
E. A. WADHAMS,
de22tc Ladner's Landing, B.C.

For Sale or to Lease.
THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED Farms centrally situated in the thriving township of Chilliwhack: Lot 333, Group II, containing 177 acres, about 60 under cultivation, the balance prairie; good six-roomed dwelling house; good orchard and outbuildings; convenient to churches, school and postoffice; one mile and a half from Chilliwhack Landing.
Also Lot 343, Group II, 140 acres adjoining above property; a prairie farm under fence.
Also about 50 acres close to the Chilliwhack Landing; about 20 acres under cultivation; small house and outbuildings; small orchard.
For particulars apply at this office or to
GEO. R. ASHWELL,
de29-tc Chilliwhack Landing.

SECOND-HAND
Engine, &c., for Sale!
CYLINDER 8x12, SUITABLE for direct action Saw-mill; with Saw Arbor and two 62 inch Spalding-tooth Saws; also, feed gear, donkey pump, and shell boiler. The whole is in good order, and may be seen at the Brunette Saw-mill. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply to
DEBECK BROS. & CO.
New West., 20th Dec., 1883. [de22tc

BARNES & COLLINS,
HAVING ENTERED INTO PARTnership, are prepared to do all kinds of
CARTING & TEAMING
On short notice, and at fair rates. Orders may be left at the C. P. N. Co.'s office, or at T. R. Pearson & Co's. fe8tc

R. T. WILLIAMS,
BOOK BINDER, PAPER RULER, and Blank Book Manufacturer.
Maps and Drawing Paper Mounted. Files of Magazines, Illustrated Papers, etc., neatly and cheaply Bound.
Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.
MERCHANTS,
WHARF STREET - VICTORIA.
AGENTS FOR
North British and Mercantile Insurance Co. for Mainland.
H. C. BEETON & CO.,
36 Finsbury Circus, London, E. C.

J. BAGNALL,
IMPORTER & MANUFACTURER OF
PIANOS & ORGANS
AND ALL KINDS OF
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
WILL VISIT THE MAINLAND, on a Professional Tour, and will be happy to receive and execute orders for all kinds of Musical Instruments, Pianos and Organs tuned or regulated.
Favors from the Mainland, forwarded through W. H. Keary, N. W., will receive prompt attention. jy28tc

FURNITURE!
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS PLEASure in announcing that he is now prepared to supply all kinds of Furniture, &c., at the lowest possible prices. Cabinet work and Upholstering done promptly and in first-class style.
UNDERTAKING
In all its branches. The undersigned has the only HEARSE in the City. A continuance of public patronage solicited. Old stand, next Occident Hotel.
J. C. BUNTE,
Late Manager Sehl's Branch Furniture Store. au5tc

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

Auction Sale.....J. Goldstone
Weights & Measures.....H. B. Good
Cherry Pectoral..Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.
Practical Mechanist.....H. Findley
Appointments.....Provincial Sec.
Special.....Methodist Church

The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, March 1, 1884.

Lynch Law.

A telegram published in THE COLUMBIAN last Wednesday furnished particulars of the murder of a man named Bell, at Nootsack, on the south side of the boundary. The supposed murderer is Sam, an Indian belonging to Sumas. From later despatches which we publish to-day it seems that the people across the line determined that Jack was guilty, and that it was safer to hang him than to depend upon the uncertainties of the criminal courts. Their determination has been carried into effect, and it remains to be seen what the Canadian authorities propose to do in the premises. Sam and his relatives were a bad lot, and there will be few regrets wasted upon the suddenness of his exit. But some serious international questions may grow out of this summary and unlawful mode of procedure. Mr. Wm. Moresby went up from this city yesterday morning to enquire into the circumstances, and we understand that the superintendent of police will also proceed as soon as possible to Sumas. It is not probable that any of the actors in this tragedy will be identified, however, as they were masked and would undoubtedly take the necessary precautions to prevent detection. Probably Canada will make a demand upon the United States for their arrest, which cannot be done, and there the matter will end.

Gladstone Sustained.

Nothing shows the weakness of the Conservative party in the British House of Commons more clearly than the vote on the resolutions condemning the government's Egyptian policy. The campaign in the Soudan has been very unfortunate. It brought disaster to the British plans under circumstances which must have been humiliating to British pride and patriotism. It is true the defeated troops were Egyptians, and behaved so badly that they were entitled to no public sympathy; but they were led by British officers, and Britain could not escape from the odium which attached to the disaster. The massacre of the brave Tewfik Bey and his heroic six hundred at Sinkat followed so closely upon the heels of other misfortunes that the British nation might well be indignant at what appeared to be a cowardly government policy. The Conservatives did not fail to take advantage of the situation. They made a vigorous attack on the government. Backed by the Irish malcontents, it was feared that they would be able to carry a vote of censure, and defeat the Gladstone administration. But the attempt failed completely. The dream of victory under circumstances of such peculiar embarrassment was suddenly turned into real and undoubted defeat, and the substantial government majority of 49, in spite of the 34 Irish votes cast against them, shows that the Conservative party must be very weak in the house. In his foreign policy Gladstone has more than once manifested a want of decision and firmness which has resulted in disaster. In this respect he is very unlike his predecessor, the late Lord Beaconsfield. But Beaconsfield went to the other extreme and plunged the nation unadvisedly into complications from which it was sometimes found difficult to retreat. It seems that the nation preserves its confidence in the general policy of the Gladstone administration and is willing to forgive the mistakes which come out of his extreme caution. The brilliant administration of Beaconsfield did not suit the notions of the staid Britons, however much it might captivate the French element. Since Beaconsfield's death the party has been left practically without a leader, and its strength has gone with its cohesion. Recent events seem to indicate, however, that very strong measures will have to be adopted if British influence and prestige are to be maintained in Egypt and the east, and it is sincerely to be hoped the Gladstone administration may be found equal to the emergency.

Wealth in Sawdust.

Some time ago an article appeared in THE COLUMBIAN giving particulars of the manufacture of woodenware and furniture out of sawdust. The description then given of that interesting process was not by any means a fancy picture drawn from imagination. There are a number of factories in operation where sawdust is being used for the purposes named, and the product has been thoroughly tested and pronounced a success. Woodenware of almost any description may be fashioned out of this prepared and compressed sawdust, and it possesses over ordinary wood many substantial advantages. It is made without joint, it does not warp, it never splits or shrinks, and it takes a very high polish. In this city and district, where many tons of sawdust are thrown away every year, it is a pity some industry could not be established by which this waste material might be made productive and valuable. We have three large saw mills in operation at our very door, and at Burrard Inlet there are two more still larger. In a late eastern exchange we find a new discovery for extracting wealth out of sawdust. At the village of Deseronto, Ont., a large milling business has for some years been carried on. The Rathbun Mill company for some time were seriously embarrassed with the question of disposing of the sawdust and other refuse matter constantly accumulating about their establishments. In order to solve this problem they engaged a practical chemist who began experimenting. Every one knows that pine contains valuable ingredients, but it is not generally known that these can be extracted in sufficient quantities to make the operation profitable. This company found that they could. At their extensive works they have been for years extracting acids and tar and other things of commercial value from the mill refuse by a process which leaves at least a margin for profit. In the course of their experiments they have lately made another discovery, however, which promises very great results. For the past fifteen years many persons have endeavored to make illuminating gas out of pine. These attempts have been partially successful, but in nearly all cases the process has been abandoned and the gas companies have gone back to coal. But in making coal gas it is well known that there is always a considerable waste of material. During its conversion into coal by natural processes in the earth, wood undergoes a chemical change and a considerable portion of the carbon contained in it becomes fixed. When coal is distilled for gas this fixed carbon, over 60 per cent. of the coal, remains in the retort as coke. But when wood is distilled there remains only 20 per cent. of the original mass, in the shape of charcoal. From this it appears that a ton of wood should yield 80 per cent. of gas, whereas a ton of coal yields less than 40 per cent. But the difficulty which has hitherto been met is that the illuminating power of wood gas is very small. It is claimed that the Rathbun process wholly overcomes this difficulty. According to the published statement the invention consists in mixing tar, while in a fluid state from heat, with sawdust, and after thoroughly mixing these ingredients immediately consolidating them in a powerful machine capable of effecting so close a union between them as to render their separation during roasting impossible. Fortunately for the success of this invention a machine has lately been invented known as the Smith consolidator, which accomplishes the purpose more effectually than was heretofore considered possible, and which has been used at Deseronto in this demonstration. By the agency of this machine the compound of dry sawdust and tar is hammered into a block, of any shape or size, which weighs 64 pounds to the cubic foot, as against nine pounds per cubic foot for the dry uncompressed sawdust or 35 pounds per cubic foot for the solid wood. These blocks of artificial wood bear transportation much better than bituminous coal, and as a proof of their density may be planed or sawed with as much facility as the natural wood. These consolidators have been constructed of a capacity of 15 tons of blocks per working day, at a total cost for drying and compressing the blocks of not over 70 cts. per 2,000 pounds. It will be seen from the above that a formidable rival to coal as a gas making material has arisen which far surpasses it in the number of cubic feet of gas obtained from a given weight and at the same time furnishes a gas which, owing to the absence of all sulphur compounds, possesses none of the injurious qualities of ordinary coal gas. The common average is 9,000 to 10,000 cubic feet of gas from a ton of coal, but from these sawdust blocks the yield is 38,000 to 40,000 cubic feet per ton! The difference in the cost of the two kinds of gas is as marked as the difference in quantity produced. In Ontario coal gas costs from 50 to 75 cents per 1000 cubic feet, but the cost of gas from these sawdust blocks is estimated at $6.12 for 38,000 feet. The question of properly lighting this city will soon be pressing upon us. Victoria has thrown away her gas works for the electric light, but it is generally admitted that the costly experiment is not very successful. The merits of the sawdust gas-block invention should be examined, and if it is really a success the problem of lighting our city will become very easy of solution.

H. FINDLEY, PRACTICAL MECHANIST. OFFICE—Next door to the Telephone Office, Columbia street. All kinds of **Scales Adjusted** and warranted correct. [mh1-3t

EXTENSIVE
AUCTION SALE
.....OF.....
Furniture & Effects

The undersigned has been commissioned to sell at public auction at the
HASTINGS HOTEL,
Hastings, Burrard Inlet, on
Tuesday, March 11th, 1884,

For the benefit of the creditors of O. Parent, the late occupant, all the well-kept furniture and effects of the said hotel, consisting of walnut bed-room suite (complete); hair, spring and other mattresses; parlor suite; walnut centre table, with marble top; hair-cloth and cane-bottom chairs; lot of lace curtains; lot of fine pictures; brussels, tapestry and other carpets; chamber sets; mirrors; bedsteads and bedding; feather mattress; number of small tables; cooking and other stoves; pots, pans and dishes; crockery, glassware, knives, forks, spoons; lot of harness; sleigh; 4 bales of hay; stable and garden tools; a quantity of groceries; 30 cords fire wood; lot of tools; Bagatelle table; together with a large number of other articles.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. Terms Cash. The goods may be inspected at any time. J. GOLDSTONE, mh1-td Auctioneer.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES
Act, 1879.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Inspector of Weights and Measures has arrived in New Westminster to carry out the first inspection under the above Act.

The attention of all persons using weights, measures and weighing machines for business purposes is called to the provisions of the above Act, and they are informed that the Weights and Measures office has been established in the Post Office Building, Columbia street, where all information can be obtained.

H. B. GOOD, Inspector of Weights and Measures.
New West., Feb. 29th, 1884. [mh1-1c.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE, 21st Febuary, 1884.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to place the following gentlemen on the Commission of the Peace, viz.:—

EDWARD ALLEN, Esq., M. P. P., for the Electoral District of Lillooet.

JOHN GRANT, Esq., M. P. P., for the Electoral District of Cassiar.

HENRY V. EDMONDS and GEORGE PITTENDRIGH, Esquires, for the Electoral Districts of New Westminster District and New Westminster City. [mh1-1t

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

COLDS. "Orrville, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1882. "Having been subject to a **bronchial affection**, with frequent **colds**, for a number of years, I hereby certify that AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL gives me prompt relief, and is the most effective remedy I have ever tried. JAMES A. HAMILTON, Editor of *The Crescent*."

COUGHS. "Mt. Gilead, Ohio, June 26, 1882. "I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL this spring for a severe **cough** and **lung trouble** with good effect, and I am pleased to recommend it to any one similarly affected. HARVEY BAUGHMAN, Proprietor Globe Hotel."

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the position of Clerk, Assessor and Collector for the Council of this city. Remuneration not to exceed twelve hundred dollars per annum.

JAMES ORR, C. M. C.
fe27-1c Per J. R.

TENDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon of Wednesday, 12th March next, for certain repairs to be made on the NORTH ROAD, between Clarke's trail and Port Moody. Specifications can be seen at my office and at the Port Moody Hotel after Tuesday next. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

fe27-td HENRY V. EDMONDS.

TO LEASE.

A FIRST-CLASS FARM OF 160 acres of rich prairie land; good dwelling house 30x30 feet; barn &c.; 35 acres under cultivation; is well supplied with farming implements which would go with the place. Also about 16 head of cattle. A never-failing supply of good spring water. For particulars apply to

JOHN McKEE, Jr.
fe27-1m Ladner's Landing.

Change of Business.

MRS. ECKSTEIN WISHES TO inform the public generally that she has disposed of her branch store at PORT MOODY to Mr. F. F. Nelson, who will continue to conduct the business. She wishes to thank her numerous customers at Port Moody for their liberal patronage, and hopes it may be continued to her successor.

All persons indebted to the above store are requested to make immediate settlement with either Mrs. Eckstein or Mr. Nelson. MRS. M. ECKSTEIN.
Feb. 28th, 1884. fe27-1m.

NOTICE.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

AN APPLICATION WILL be made to the Honorable Mr. Justice Crease, on Monday next, 3rd March, at James Bay, Victoria, at noon, for an order directing the Registrar General of Titles to register the title of the Puget Sound Iron Company to the N. W. ¼ of Section 8, the S. E. ¼ of Section 1, the S. W. ¼ of Section 2, the S. E. ¼ of Section 2, and the N. E. ¼ of Section 4, Taxada Island, New Westminster District, freed from the trusts of a certain Deed dated 30th April, 1878, executed by Andrew Welch, in favour of Hugh Nelson and Janet Moody.

Dated 25th February, 1884.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
fe27td Solicitors for Petitioners.

UNION LODGE No. 9, A. F. & A. M.—The regular Communications of this Lodge are held on the first Monday in each month. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend WM. HOWAY,
fe23-tc Secretary.

Special Notice.

ALL ACCOUNTS DUE THE LATE Colonial Hotel not settled by March 20th will be put in the hands of an attorney for collection. J. E. INSLEY.
Feb. 26th, 1884. fe27-3t.

Piano Tuning.

PROF. A. L. FRANCIS WILL ARRIVE in this city on the 4th of March, and remain a few days. Persons wishing pianos or organs tuned or repaired may leave orders at the book stores. [fe23-td

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

AFTER THE 20th JANUARY, 1884, wharfage on goods to be shipped must be paid at time of shipping, when the receipts are signed.

THOMAS L. BRIGGS, Agent,
ja19m2 New Westminster Wharf.

MECHANIC'S INSTITUTE
E—N—T—E—R—T—A—I—N—M—E—N—T
In the Drill Shed on
TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 4th, 1884.
Doors open at 7:30; entertainment at 8.
Tickets, 50cts.; Reserved Seats (secured at the book stores), 75 cts.
fe23-td

Lost—$5 Reward.

IN THIS CITY, ABOUT NOVEMBER 30th, 1883, a pencil sketch of Emory, B. C. The above reward will be paid if the sketch is returned in good order.

F. H. ROBSON.
New West., Feb. 20th, 1884. [fe23-1c.

NOTICE.
British Columbia Penitentiary.

REQUIRED—A Trade Instructor for B. C. Penitentiary, as Tailor; must be a good cutter and fitter. Apply to the Warden. By Order,
ja30tc A. H. McBRIDE, Warden.

DRESS-MAKING!

MADAME TAYLOR and MELLE. HARRIS beg to inform the Ladies of New Westminster that they have opened a **Dressmaking Establishment** in the premises adjoining Mr. Elson's Tailor Shop, Columbia street, and will execute work in the Latest Styles and at moderate prices. Fancy Work taught. ja30m1

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of unsurveyed land situate in Osoyoos division of Yale District, and described as follows: Commencing at a post marked I on the east bank of the Okanagan river, where it issues from Swan Lake; thence east 40 chains to post marked II; thence south 40 chains to post marked III; thence west 40 chains to post marked IV; thence north 40 chains to point of commencement. HUGH ARMSTRONG.
Penticton, Okanagan Mission, January 4th, 1884. fe23-2m.

PATENTS

MUNN & CO., of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, &c. for the United States, Canada, France, and Foreign Countries. Hand Book about Patents sent free. Thirty-seven years' experience. In the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, MUNN & CO. are noticed weekly of inventions patented in the United States. The most widely circulated scientific paper. $3.20 a year. Weekly, $1 a year. Specimen copies sent free. Hand Book of Information, Specimen copy of the Scientific American, sent free. Address MUNN & CO., SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN Office, 261 Broadway, New York.

Port Hammond Junction!

NO AUCTION SALE of Lots in this Township will take place before May, 1884. During the interim persons desirous of making purchases can obtain all information either of Mr. Edward Mohun, at the Townsite, or of

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,
oc17te Auctioneers.

A LIBERAL OFFER!
SEEDS WORTH GROWING!

FREE! FREE! "THE FARM AND GARDEN," a reliable monthly paper devoted to the agricultural interest.

Any person ordering $5 worth of SEEDS from my Catalogue will receive the Farm and Garden for one year FREE.

Send your address on a postal card for my list of the latest improved varieties of Choice Seeds, Reliable and True. Sent free to all who apply.

In writing, please mention this paper.

Better than Politics—Good Seeds bring cheap food and plenty of it, and you can't afford to do without them. "But for goodness sake don't say I told you."

THOS. TUGWELL,
Seed Grower, Sooke, B. C.

N. B.—Seed Store at your door. Seeds sent anywhere by mail. Send money by P.O. Order or Registered Letter at my risk.
fe23-2m T. T.

ORGANS
—AND—
PIANOS
—AND—
MUSIC.
—FOR SALE BY—
T. R. PEARSON & CO.,
COLUMBIA STREET,
New Westminster B. C.
(se15tc)

New Goods
New Goods
WM. M'COLL

Is constantly receiving new goods consisting in part of

DRY GOODS,
Clothing,
HOSIERY, ETC.
A fine selection of
Groceries and Provisions
Always on hand.

Holbrook's stone building, Columbia street. my16-tc.

eeeeeeeeeeeeee
eeeeeee e eeeeeeee
eeeeeeeeee eeeeeee
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee
eeeeeeeeee e eeeeeeee
eeeeeeeeeee eeeeeeeeeee
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee
eeeeeeeeeeee e eeeeeeeeee
eeeeeeeeeeeeee eeeeeeeeeeee
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeee eeeeeeeeeeee
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee
eee eee
eee **READ THIS!** eee
eee eee
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee
eee eee
eee **EVERY MERCHANT,** eee
eee eee
eee **EVERY BUSINESS MAN,** eee
eee eee
eee Should buy and use the eee
eee eee
eee **EXCELSIOR** eee
eee eee
eee **BUSINESS** eee
eee eee
eee **RECORD,** eee
eee eee
eee eee
eee eee
eee **It Saves Time,** eee
eee eee
eee **It Saves Money,** eee
eee eee
eee **It Saves Bankruptcy,** eee
eee eee
eee It shows you at a glance what eee
eee are your receipts and expenses eee
eee for any day, or week, or month eee
eee in any year. eee
eee It enables you to compare eee
eee your business with previous eee
eee years and find out the increase eee
eee or decrease. eee
eee It requires only a few minutes eee
eee each day to make the entries, eee
eee and one Record will last ten eee
eee years. eee
eee Sent by mail to any address eee
eee on receipt of **$3.50.** eee
eee **T. R. PEARSON & CO.,** eee
eee New Westminster, eee
eee Sole Agts for British Columbia eee
eee eee
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee
eee eee
eee **BUY IT!** eee
eee eee
eee eee
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee

E. G. PRIOR,
Direct Importer and Dealer in
IRON, HARDWARE,
STEEL
—AND—
Agricultural Machinery.

Sole Agent for
Deering Twine Binders, Buckeye Mowers, Watson Sulky Rake, Messier Drill & Broadcast Seeder, Hayloaders, Chatham Wagons, Minnesota Chief Threshers, Etc., Etc.
Planet Jr. Cultivators.

Government Street,
VICTORIA, B. C.
fe20-6m

D.S. CURTIS & CO.,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL

eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee
ee Lamps & Lamp Goods ee
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee
DRUGGISTS
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee
ee Agts for Imported Show Cases ee
eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee

MEDICAL HALL,
COLUMBIA STREET,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
(ja9tc)

MRS. M. ECKSTEIN,
Next Holbrook's Stone Building,
COLUMBIA - - - - STREET,
NEW WESTMINSTER.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Clothing,
Hats and Millinery,
Fancy Goods, Jewelry,
Boots and Shoes,
Crockery, Cutlery,
Cigars and Tobaccos,
Fruits and Confectionery.

Stock large and well selected. All Goods first-class, and will be sold at very low prices for cash.
mh14 M. ECKSTEIN.

Port Moody!
FOR SALE!

TOWN LOTS
Fronting on the best portion of the harbor, suitable for Wharves or Warehouses, close to the Railway.

Valuable Land
On the harbor, admirably adapted for Shipbuilding, Foundry or other manufacturing purposes. Special advantages given.

LAND
By the acre, in favorable positions, close to the terminus.

ALSO
Town lots and land in the City and District of New Westminster.

Intending Investors
Will do well to apply to
HENRY V. EDMONDS,
LAND AGENT,
Columbia St., New Westminster, B. C.
no7] P. O. Box 39. tc.

THE COLUMBIAN
JOB ROOMS.

HAVING ADDED A FIRST CLASS
RULING MACHINE
To the establishment, and having now in operation
4 PRINTING PRESSES,
With ample Steam Power, we are prepared to undertake Ruling and Printing of every description. Special forms for any purpose Ruled and Printed and Bound to order. Work will be found equal to that of any establishment in the province, and prices average lower than elsewhere. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
ja30tc D. ROBSON & CO.

ONCE MORE
TO THE FRONT!

WILLIAM RAE
TAKES THIS OPPORTUNITY TO thank the citizens of New Westminster for the good services they rendered at the late fire, whereby a considerable portion of his stock was saved. He wishes also to thank the Imperial Fire Insurance Co., of London, for the prompt manner in which his claim for loss was settled.

WILLIAM RAE
Has now recommenced business in
Lundbom's New Building!
Next the Holbrook Stone Building, Columbia Street,
Where will be found a very complete stock of
Dry Goods!
—INCLUDING—
Millinery,
Dress Materials,
Flannels,
Blankets,
Cottons,
Sheetings,
Tickings,
Gents' Furnishings,
Hosiery,
Haberdashery, &c.
GROCERIES!
—INCLUDING—
Sugars, Teas,
Flour, Syrup,
Canned Goods,
Of Every Description,
Star Sugar-cured Hams,
Bacon, &c.
GLASSWARE!
TABLE SETS,
TUMBLERS,
GLASSES, &c.
EARTHENWARE!
A large and complete assortment.
—ALSO—
BRUSHES, BROOMS, STONE JARS, AND WOODENWARE.

Most of the Stock is new, and first-class, and prices will be found very moderate.
WM. RAE,
Lundbom's Block, Columbia St.
(ja30tc)

ROYAL CITY
PLANING MILLS CO.,
LIMITED
Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of
Rough & Dressed Lumber,
Laths, Shakes,
SAWN AND SPLIT SHINGLES,
PICKETS,
SALMON BOXES,
Net Floats, Can Trays, and all kinds of wood furnishings for canneries.
Doors, Sashes, and Blinds.
MOULDINGS,
FRAMES, BRACKETS,
And seasoned finishing lumber constantly on hand.

Planing, Scroll-Sawing, Turning, Shaping,
And all kinds of WOOD-FINISHING, executed to order with the MOST IMPROVED MACHINERY.

FISH CASES A SPECIALTY.

STAIR-BUILDING
Railings, Balusters, Newel Posts, Both plain and fancy, at reasonable rates.

Importers of all kinds of
Plate and Window Glass
Orders from the country will receive prompt and careful attention.
RICHARD STREET,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

The Company
Take this opportunity of thankng their numerous patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same in the future. Having on hand a large stock of both Rough and Dressed Lumber of various kinds and grades, they are prepared to give **Bargains for Cash** for the balance of the year.

Their Mill at Nanaimo is now in operation, under the superintendence of **Mr. A. Haslam,** and will keep a full supply of DOORS, WINDOWS, ETC., ETC.

They have also to announce that they have opened a **branch of their business at Port Moody,** and will keep a full supply of Lumber, Sawn and Split Shingles, Windows, Doors, Mouldings, and all the necessary furnishings for buildings at the Terminus. Parties who intend building there can count on obtaining all the requisites for that purpose on the ground.

All orders will receive prompt attention.

JOHN HENDRY, MANAGER

F. F. NELSON,
HAS JUST OPENED A NEW Store at
PORT MOODY,
Where will be found a full stock of
Dry Goods, Groceries, and General Merchandise,
Which will be sold at New Westminster Prices.
☞ Next Door to Caledonia Hotel.
fe20-tc

LOOK OUT!
For this Space. It belongs to
WILLIAM McLEAN,
Real Estate Agent and Conveyancer, Port Moody, B. C.
ja16-tc

A CHANCE
At First Cost.

All the remaining stock of
Ladies' Winter Jackets
And Ulsters AT COST.
To look at the goods and enquire the price is all I ask.
fe9-tc C. G. MAJOR.

B. C. A. A.
1883.
FIRST PRIZE!
—TO—
KURTZ & CO
—FOR—
CIGARS
[Signed] A. PEELE, Sec.
(oc17tc)

HOMER & SON,
—IMPORTERS—
SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FRONT ST., - NEW WETTMINSTER
OFFER FOR SALE
Extra, Superfine and Graham
FLOUR
BARLEY,
GROUND BARLEY,
WHEAT,
MIDDLINGS,
BRAN,
OIL CAKE,
OATS,
OAT MEAL,
CORN MEAL,
GRAIN SACKS,
HAMS, BACON, LARD, BUTTER, DRIED FRUIT, COFFEE AND SPICES.
Agents for Pacific Coast Steamship Co.
(ja9tc)

PACIFIC CARRIAGE WORKS
COLUMBIA STREET,
New Westminster, B. C.
WAGGONS,
BUGGIES,
CARRIAGES,
—AND—
Agricultural Implements.
Painting and Repairing neatly done.
A STOCK OF COFFINS ALWAYS ON HAND.
JOHNSTON & SMITH,
no24tc] PROPRIETORS.

ALE!
KEHOE & CO. ARE NOW PREpared to supply the very best Ale from the Westminster Brewery. Orders left with Mr. Chas. McDonough, Front St., shall have prompt attention. ja30tc

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient Advertisements.—First insertion, 8 cts. per line; subsequent insertions, 2 cts. per line.

Regular Commercial and Business Advertisements.—1 column, $12 per month; ½ col., $7 per month; ¼ col., $4 per month; 2 inches, $2 per month; 1 inch, $1.50 per month. These rates to be charged on standing advertisements which remain over 3 months. If for a less period the rates will be: 1 col., $15 per month; ½ col., $9; ¼ col., $5; 2 inches, $3; 1 inch, $2.

Specials, among reading matter.—First insertion, 10 cts. per line; subsequent insertions, 5 cts. per line.

Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1 each. Funeral notices accompanying death notice, 50 cts. extra.

☞ All transient advertisements will be measured by a scale of solid Nonpariel, which makes 12 lines to the inch and 6 words to the line. Display lines must be allowed for in making estimates. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00.

The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, March 1, 1884.

PASSENGERS.

Per str Princess Louise, from Victoria, Feb. 29.—Mrs Cox, Mrs Carmichael, Mrs. Taylor and 3 children, Mrs Black, Mrs Hiscock, Miss Carmichael, Supt Todd, Taylor, Hendry, McKay, Morrison, Grant, Door, Noakes, Green, Steward, Pierce, Leopold, Jamieson, Felix, Thomss, Bailey, Carter, Young, Cowley, Barmester, Lodge, Howell, Cross, Jenkins, Mullane, Spratt, Lord, Adair.

Capt. Peele reports the thermometer 58 in the shade yesterday.

Men are at work repairing the Brunette bridge on the Pitt River road.

Hurry, mamma," said a little innocent with a cut finger, "its leaking."

Gardening operations have already commenced in some parts of the city.

Capt. Taylor returned yesterday from Japan, bringing his family with him.

The str. Princess Louise arrived from Victoria at 4.30 yesterday afternoon.

A scow load of lumber will leave each of the two city mills to-day for Port Moody.

The time for receiving tenders for the Port Moody road has been extended to the 12th inst.

Mr. J. A. Webster is putting up a new fence on his lot, corner of Columbia and Merivale sts.

Large numbers of Chinamen were employing their spare moments yesterday fishing from the wharves.

We have received from near Clinton a piece of Scotch poetry, but it is scarcely suitable for these columns.

Messrs. DeBeck Bros. & Co. expect to have the new machinery in the Brunette Sawmill ready for operation next week.

A new China house is going up on Custom House Square. The Chinese seem bound to get a solid footing in that quarter.

The Dominion Sawmill has been shut down for a few days while the new boilers and machinery are being put in position.

It is expected that the new tug for the Royal City Planing Mills will be launched next week. The machinery is now being put in.

Some of our junior citizens were gathering sap from the maples on Thursday and making syrup. There was an excellent run.

It is reported that the bridge over the Nicomekl river, on the Semiahmoo road, is in a very unsafe condition and liable to be carried away.

"A never-failing spring," as the boy remarked when the schoolmaster jumped from his seat, which had been previously innoculated with a bent pin.

Attention is called to the auction sale of furniture and effects advertised to take place at the Hastings Hotel by Mr. Goldstone, auctioneer.

The railway switch at Port Hammond is almost completed to the wharf, and very soon the cars will be able to receive freight from the steamers direct.

The three sick Chinamen at Sapperton are reported to be suffering from the disease known as berrie-berrie, and it is believed at least two of them cannot recover.

The mayor has received a cheque from the provincial government for $50 towards providing for a man named Milton, who came to this city lately sick and destitute.

During the past week or more the weather has been simply magnificent. There are no traces of winter to be seen, and grass and flowers are putting on the hues of summer.

The steamer Senator, of Burrard Inlet, has been cut in two and lengthened about 12 feet. The addition is said to have materially improved her appearance and usefulness.

It is expected the lighthouse at the sandheads will be completed on Monday. The bell formerly used at Race Rock is being put up and will be made to ring by automatic machinery as a fog alarm.

The government str. Sir James Douglas came up from Victoria on Wednesday night and left for the mouth of the river on Thursday. She brought the fog bell for the sandhead lighthouse.

A reduction in rates of the W. U. Telegraph Co. is announced. The maximum rate for all messages from and between points on the Pacific coast and those east of the Missouri river will be one dollar.

Mr. Geo. Turner, C. E. (Woods & Turner), is now engaged in making a thorough examination of the Clarke trail (Port Moody road) with a view to preparing specifications upon which tenders for the work will be asked.

"A farmer's wife" wants to know if we can recommend anything to destroy the "common grub." We guess the next tramp that comes along could oblige you, if the family can't stand your cooking.—*Burlington Free Press.*

We have received from Mr. Wm. Niles, of Los Angeles, Cal., a finely illustrated poultry and stock book. This book contains a great deal of information valuable to persons engaged in the poultry or stock business, and is very handy for reference. The price is 50 cts.

Mr. W. M. Cross, of Victoria, has just published the "Zephyr Waltz," composed by himself for the piano. The waltz is dedicated to Mr. Joshua Davies, and is not without merit. Mr. Cross is not only a fine organist, but promises to win distinction as a musical composer.

Some people who lately arrived from Winnipeg are completely bewildered at the kind of winter weather we have in this country. After sitting round in the warm sun for a day enjoying the mild and balmy breezes from the ocean, they are trying to find some one who will kick them for ever going to Winnipeg.

TEMPERANCE.—The Women's Christian Temperance Union will meet in the Reading Room, Mary Street, every Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The Band of Hope will meet at 2:30 every Saturday afternoon.—*Adv.* feb6to

METHODIST CHURCH.—The Rev. W. J. Dowler, B. A., will preach to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School and Bible Class at 2.30 p. m. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited. *

PORT MOODY SCHOOL.—Some people at Port Moody have been complaining because the government has not established a school at that place. These people ought to know that a petition should first be presented to the government asking for a school. We believe this has not been done.

THE CONCERT.—In addition to some of the best local talent, the managers of the Mechanics' Institute have secured for their concert next Tuesday night the services of Prof. Francis and Messrs. Cross and Gandy of Victoria. These three gentlemen will play an overture on the piano, organ and cornet, besides organ and violin solos.

FROM NANAIMO.—The str. Dunsmuir came over from Nanaimo yesterday morning with one passenger (Mr. Pleace), 51 tons of coal, and 15 tons general merchandise. The merchandise came from San Francisco via Nanaimo, consigned as follows: C. G. Major, Jas. Cunningham, Wm. Rae, Chas. McDonough, D. McPhadden, and F. Eickhoff.

THE STEAM FERRY.—The steam ferry was brought up to the wharf on Thursday, and is now beginning to assume a form of usefulness. A good deal of the machinery is put in, and Capt. Grant expects she will be in running order by the end of next week. People are looking forward with considerable interest to the establishment of this ferry.

W. C. T. U.—The temperance meeting held under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. last Wednesday night was a very interesting one. In addition to the president's address (which is published in another column), addresses were delivered by Mrs. McNaughten and Mr. W. R. Austin. Mrs. Bunte and Miss White gave readings, and the refreshment rooms were well patronised.

POLICE COURT.—The advent of spring seems to have thawed out the occupants of criminal resorts, and there is now a fair amount of business at the police court. Since our last issue Harry, an Indian, has been sent up to the chaingang 11 months and 21 days for larceny; Johnny, a half-breed, got 9 mos. for a similar offence; Swift, a gentleman of color, got 4 mos. for supplying liquor to Indians; and a drunk and disorderly native got 1 month. There were two Chinese cases up yesterday, but they were remanded.

DIRECTORY.—Some people have gone away with a mistaken notion respecting the Business Directory published in another column. It does not profess to be a complete directory at all, but, as stated in the introduction, contains only the names of persons whose advertisements appear in THE COLUMBIAN. Whenever a business advertisement is inserted the name of the advertiser goes into the directory, and the name will disappear with the advertisement. No names will be inserted in the directory, under any circumstances, unless an advertisement appears at the same time in the paper.

PORT MOODY.—We are informed that steps are being taken for the incorporation of the city of Port Moody. Some time last summer a petition was sent to the government applying for letters of incorporation; but it was found that the requirements of the law could not be met, as there were not sufficient residents to satisfy the act. Since that time Port Moody has made considerable progress, and we are assured that there are now more than enough qualified citizens for the purpose of incorporation. If there is a general feeling in favor of the movement, we presume the wishes of the people will meet with favorable consideration. It is to be hoped, however, that the charter will not be confined to the narrow limits laid out in the previous application. If incorporation is sought, it should include the whole of Port Moody.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.—Capt. Good, inspector of weights and measures, arrived in this city last Tuesday afternoon, and has opened an office in the post-office building (front room, ground floor). It is the intention of the Dominion authorities, we believe, to enforce strictly throughout this province the Dominion act of 1879 regulating weights and measures. The provisions of the act are very stringent, and the penalties for neglecting to comply with them are sufficiently serious to demand the attention of all persons concerned. All weights and measures must conform to the imperial standard, and they must be stamped by the inspector before they can be used lawfully in trade. Persons dealing in weights and measures must have them inspected and stamped also, under a penalty of $25, and a penalty of $20 is imposed on any person who refuses to produce his weights and measures for inspection. Such a law can only be made useful by becoming general, and it is to be hoped all persons will submit their weights and measures without delay to Capt. Good at his office. In connection with this matter we may mention that Mr. H. Findley, of Victoria, has opened a shop next door to the telephone office, where people may have their scales and weights adjusted. It is no part of the inspector's duty to adjust: he simply inspects and stamps. But it is evident that unless some person is present with the appliances necessary to make the adjustment, the inspector's visit would be almost fruitless. For this reason Mr. Findley has come, and although he has no official connection whatever with the inspector, his presence affords an excellent opportunity to those who wish their weights and measures adjusted for inspection.

From Chilliccotin.

[By Telegraph to the COLUMBIAN.]

SODA CREEK, Feb. 28.—T. W. Riskie, from Chilliccotin, reports beef cattle doing well. He expects great losses among the breeding stock. The severe cold snap is over. Average depth of snow one foot. The ice on the river bank is 15 feet thick. With much regret we announce the death of Mrs. B. F. English, at Deer Park, Chilliccotin, on the 21st February.

POCKET CUTLERY.—T. R Pearson & Co. have received an assortment of Pocket Cutlery direct from England.

From Sumas.

CAPTURE OF THE BELL MURDERER

SAM HUNG BY A VIGILANCE COMMITTEE.

[By Telegraph to the COLUMBIAN.]

MATSQUI, Feb. 27.—The Indian, Luie Santo Sam, of Sumas, was arrested to-day for the murder of Mr. Bell, of Nootsack, and committed by Wm. Campbell, J. P., who will send him to New Westminster.

NOOTSACK, W. T., Feb. 27.—10:30, p.m.—A man, just arrived here from Sumas, states that on his way home he met a body of about 100 men en route for Sumas. He thinks an attempt will be made to take the Indian murderer from the B. C. magistrates and summarily dispose of him.

MATSQUI, Feb. 28.—Information from Sumas to-day states that after the commitment of the Indian Louie Sam he was placed in charge of two special constables at Yakome with instructions to take him to New Westminster this morning. About 9 o'clock last night a large body of men, armed and disguised, appeared. Ten of them stepped into the house and demanded the prisoner. Mr. York refused to give him up, but a pistol was placed at his head and he was ordered to stand around and not interfere with them. The prisoner was then taken out handcuffed, the men promising to send the handcuffs back next day. A rope was placed under his arm, and he was led away to a tree lying across the Whatcom trail, about a mile on this side of the U. S. boundary. Here he was strung up and found hanging this morning with the handcuffs still on. The men were all disguised, their faces being blackened and red stripes painted about their eyes. None were recognised by either the constables or Mr. York. It is said that the boots worn by the Indian when captured exactly correspond with the boot marks around Mr. Bell's house, and that on him were found a knife and other articles which were recognized as having been in the store previous to the murder.

Woolen Factory.

At the last session of the provincial legislature the following bill was passed:

1. There shall be paid out of the Consolidated Revenue a sum of three thousand dollars to any person who will erect at some suitable place in the Province a Woollen Mill, containing good and sufficient machinery for a one-set mill with five looms and at least four hundred spindles, capable of manufacturing annually not less than fifty thousand pounds of wool into yarns, blankets, flannels, tweeds, &c.

2. Such payment shall be made at any time after the expiration of three months from the time the mill shall have been completed to the satisfaction of the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

From Manitoba.

BROADVIEW, N. W. T., Feb. 25.—Contrary to expectation Yellow Calf, the rebellious Indian Chief, gave himself to the police this afternoon and, together with four of his braves, started for Regina this morning to be tried by the courts. Everything is quiet and the trouble is probably over for the present.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 28.—A Winnipeg special says a man named R. Ryan was arrested to-day for having published a circular calling for 200 recruits to do frontier service at Emerson and along the international boundary and signing the name of Adjutant-General Houghton to the call. The prisoner is an Irish Catholic and correspondent of the *Irish World*. He is supposed to be connected with the fenian organization in Minnesota and Dakota, but the reason of his action is not clear. An investigation will be held to-morrow.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 28.—Associated press Winnipeg special says Ryan was remanded. The authorities are in doubt as to what charge to bring against him. His conduct is regarded as a foolish joke and is not for a moment seriously considered.

Birth of the Columbia River.

When the mountain systems had been perfected, encircling the waters between the Rocky Mountains and Cascade Range, forming a great inland sea, the tide no longer ebbed and flowed there "twice in twenty-four hours." But when the alarm of the storm was sounded; when the thick clouds were mustered for the black tempest, and the winds burst forth in their mad fury, then the waves dashed up the steep sides of the sand cliffs and each left its ripple marks as it receded. In the process of time the sand was changed to stone, the wave lines still remained—mementoes of a past epoch. As the upheaval of the bed of the imprisoned waters continued, their surface gradually rose until far above the level of the ocean, unable to escape the mountain chain that formed an impenetrable barrier to their egress. If there was a diminution from evaporation, it was more than compensated by the rainfall during the rainy season. Then as now, the sea breeze carried eastward the ocean-formed clouds, when the moisture was condensed by the cold and the rainfall was general. Streams and rivers were formed, all flowing into the imprisoned waters, which were thus constantly increasing. During the lapse of ages the imprisoned waters reach the summit of the Cascades. A storm arises. Great waves are rolling across its surface. See! what a monster billow approaches! It would overwhelm a whole fleet! Now it breaks with the force of a million tons against the rocky barrier interposed between two lofty peaks. Look! a part of the mountain is moved out of its place and borne irresistibly forward. Before it yawns an awful precipice; but, as if exhausted by the gigantic struggle, the waters retire and the loosened mass of rock is once more at rest. Again and again the waters roll forward, like the phalanx of an army, when a third wave, towering like a giant, dashes upon the shattered mass, bearing it grandly on, then hurling it headlong thousands of feet below. The breach has been made, and now the imprisoned waters rush madly on—roiling, falling, foaming—carrying everything before them, wearing their passage through the solid rock, as they cut a channel for the grand old Columbia.—*From the Portland (Or.) West Shore.*

Mr. R. A. Harrison, Chemist and Druggist, Dunnville, Ont., writes: "I can with confidence recommend Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure for Dyspepsia, Impure Blood, Pimples on the Face, Biliousness and Constipation—such cases having come under my personal observation."

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

CAIRO, Feb. 27.—Gen. Gordon reports Soudan tranquil and he is sending 300 invalids down the river.

KHARTOUM, Feb. 27.—For the purpose of reassuring the well affected and overcoming the disaffected, two armed steamers under white flags will ascend the White Nile under the command of Col. Stewart and will distribute freely Gen. Gordon's proclamation. If attacked the crews will be in a position to defend themselves.

SUAKIN, Feb. 27.—Admiral Hewitt has started for Trinkitat. This indicates that the situation at Suakin is not as critical as imagined. It is supposed Graham is waiting for the arrival of the 95th regiment, 1,500 strong, due from Aden to-day.

KHARTOUM, Feb. 27.—A man who left El Obeid ten days ago arrived this morning. He reports the garrisons of El Fasher, Davra, Masteriano, and Fogo, are still surrounded, while the garrisons of Emshanca have surrendered. He says there has been no fighting at Bahrgazelle. He saw three Englishmen at El Obeid who were captured at Kashgil. They are well treated. Missionaries were not molested. Mahdi has only a garrison at El Obeid. Arabs have gone to their villages, but are under a promise to assemble in case of war. Merchants are passing freely between here and Dongola.

CAIRO, Feb. 27.—The advance of the English troops on Teb commenced before daybreak to-day. Two hundred and fifty men left the garrison at Trinkitat and a force of three thousand five hundred advanced to Allack. It was expected that a battle would be fought at about 9 in the morning. The naval brigade joined Gen. Graham with two nine-pounders. There is a general anxiety in Cairo about the result of the expedition, and less confidence felt that the English will be victorious. The black troops at Suakin have been found to be in communication with Ahmed Barondi, second in command under Osman Digma. Admiral Hewitt has forbidden them to leave the camp, and given them orders to open fire if there are any symptoms of mutiny.

SUAKIN, Feb. 27.—A fight took place to-day on the Berber road, 9 miles from Suakin, between the rebels and friendly tribes. Some of the latter cut their way through. Two thousand men gathered from tribes numbering 10,000 who wish to come in to-morrow. Friendly tribes desire to fight if supported.

SUAKIN, Feb. 28.—The rebels lost 1,300 men in the recent fight with Baker Pasha.

TRINKITAT, Feb. 28.—The British camp is well protected with earthworks. Spies report Osman Digma threatening Suakin. Admiral Courbet has returned to Suakin. The rebels are massing one mile from Fort Baker and are firing at the British videttes, without, however, doing any harm. A Krupp gun has been mounted at the fort.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The police have discovered a large quantity of explosives underneath the Charing Cross railway station.

PORTLAND, Feb. 28.—The first through passengers and mails from the east which have arrived here for a week came in at 10 o'clock last night. The regular train from Walla Walla, which brought them, was due here at 6:30 yesterday morning; but was delayed two hours at Wallula, waiting for a Northern Pacific connection, and 10 hours at Blalocka by an accident. The passengers numbered about twenty, mostly emigrants, and there were about one and a half tons of mails. The company expect to have the line in complete repairs by Friday morning. In the meantime transfers are made both ways by wagon and coach, of passengers, mails, baggage and express. A train with considerable mail and a large number of passengers, including the party of railroad men en route to Portland, arrived at Wallula this morning and reached here this evening before seven o'clock.

CANADIAN.

OTTAWA, Feb. 24.—On Monday Shakespeare of British Columbia will introduce in the house of commons a motion to have copies of correspondence between British Columbia and the federal government, in relation to the immigration of Chinese into that province, produced. The two bills recently passed by the legislature of British Columbia, and which were reserved for the sanction of the governor general, have reached Ottawa.

TORONTO, Feb. 26.—The abolition of grocers' liquor licenses in this city was voted to-day and carried. The temperance people are jubilant.

TORONTO, Feb. 27.—The city council met this evening and passed a by-law abolishing grocers' liquor licenses with an interim injunction restraining the sale pending any appeals.

TORONTO, Feb. 28.—The court to-day refused to continue the injunction restricting the city council from passing a bylaw abolishing the grocers' liquor licenses. The council meets to-morrow to pass the bylaw. The Dominion license commissioners to-day decided that there is nothing in the McCarthy Act passed last session to prevent them granting licenses to grocers who are licensed at present. The grocers therefore will apply for licenses under the Dominion Act. This conflict of authority between the Dominion and Ontario governments will be brought before the courts during the present summer.

VASSAR COLLEGE BREAD.—"Bread," exclaimed a Vassar College girl. "Bread! Well, I should say I can make bread. We studied that in our first year. You see the yeast ferments and the gas thus formed permeates everywhere, and transforms the plastic material into a clearly obvious atomic structure, and then—" "But what is the plastic material you speak of?" "Oh! that is commonly called the sponge. "But how do you make the sponge?" "Why, you don't make it; the cook always tends to that. Then we test the sponge with the thermometer and hydrometer, and a lot of other instruments, the names of which I don't remember, and then hand it back to the cook, and I don't know what she does with it then, but when it comes on the table it is just splendid."—*Chicago Saturday Herald.*

Mr. W. Maguire, merchant, at Franklin, writes: "I was afflicted with pain in my shoulder for eight years—almost helpless at times—have tried many remedies, but with no relief, until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. After a few applications the pain left me entirely, and I had no pains since. Do not take Electric or Electron Oils, but see that you get Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil."

W. C. T. U.

Report of an Address delivered by Mrs. Jas. Cunningham, President of the Society, at the Meeting held last Wednesday night.

MY DEAR FRIENDS.—We appear before you this evening as representatives of the largest society composed of and conducted by women that has ever existed. Although few in numbers here, it makes us feel both strong and thankful to know that in every capital and leading city and town of every state and territory of the Great Republic the most intelligent, energetic, honorable and holy women of the nation have organized themselves into one great army, for the protection of all they hold most dear; their watchword being, "For God and Home and Native Land." In the United States alone there are over 3,000 auxiliaries, with a paying membership of 125,000 women. The various local unions in each state are auxiliary to their own state union and the several state unions are auxiliary to the National Union of which the gitted Miss Frances E. Willard is the President. In our own Dominion the W. C. T. U. has been planted and is growing rapidly. Mrs. Letitia Youmans is our recognized leader and lecturer in Canada. For several years she was the president of the Ontario union and she now travels and organizes new societies in the provinces. Before long we hope to have a Dominion National, *uniting all* the provinces. When Miss Willard visited Victoria last summer she assisted in organizing in that city both a provincial and local union, and last September our own local union was organized in New Westminster, by Mrs. McNaughten, the provincial vice-president of this district. In the Old World, too, the women are at work, preparing for what I trust we may yet live to see, a World's W. C. T. U. The good news comes to us from Germany, France, England, India, China and other distant parts and we rejoice to know that our universal christian sisterhood are awaking to the consciousness of the great responsibility resting upon them, and they no longer dare to remain inactive. In England they have organized under the name of "The British Women's Temperance Association." As chairman of one of their anniversary meetings held recently, the Rev. Charles Garrett addressed them, and in his closing remarks said: "There are just three questions I should like every mother who is not an abstainer to put to herself, upon her knees. The first question is this—May I be an abstainer? Is there any law anywhere that says I must not? Am I free? Well, you know what the answer will be—you may abstain. Then the next question is—Ought I to be an abstainer? Put the *may* first, then bring the *ought*. Ought I to be? In the presence of all these evils, in the presence of the danger to which everybody is exposed who takes the drink, ought I? I hear ladies say they really don't know how *they* can do anything. Why, put on the blue ribbon, and as you walk down the street you will do good. Many a young lady, I believe, at the last day will know that the wearing of that bit of blue was the greatest thing she ever did in her life. Ought I, for the sake of the country with which I am associated, for the sake of Christ? May I? There is no law against it. Ought I? From every side there comes the cry, 'You ought.' Then there is the third question—Shall I? You must decide that. I cannot."

But to return to the American continent and to the W. C. T. U. which we so feebly represent, for we have yet to celebrate our first anniversary in this province and we are but just learning to follow in the footsteps of our devoted leaders, I have been greatly interested in reading the "Union Signal" and Miss Willard's book, "Woman and Temperance," and through them have gained some knowledge of the origin and early history of the National W. C. T. U. As those books have not yet become common among us, it may not be out of place for me to give you a few gleanings from them this evening:—Ten years ago, the 23rd of last December, Dr. Dio Lewis, of Lexington, Mass., delivered his lecture, "Woman's Prayer in Groggshops," in the Presbyterian church of Hillsboro, Ohio. In the course of his lecture he told of the successful efforts made by his own mother and other heroic women to induce the saloon-keepers to stop selling liquor, and in concluding called upon the women present to express, by rising to their feet, their willingness to undertake a similar mission in their own town. After a short pause, "about fifty women, of every age and degree, were standing, with quivering nerves and throbbing hearts, pledged in God's sight" to go forth in His might to overthrow the Goliah of strong drink. Dr. Lewis then asked how many men in that audience would stand up to sustain the ladies in this work, and "forty of the best, most reliable men of the town arose." The meeting then adjourned, it being arranged that the women and their supporters meet again at nine the next morning to decide upon a plan of action. Just here allow me to introduce to you a gentle, christian lady of sixty years, the wife of an Ohio judge, Mrs. Eliza J. Thompson, of Hillsboro. She was not at the meeting on the night of the 23rd, but her son, a lad of sixteen years, was, and when he returned home he related to his mother, in an excited manner, the events of the evening, adding, "And now mother they have got you into business, for you are on a committee to do some work at the Presbyterian church in the morning at nine o'clock and then the ladies want you to go out with them to the saloons." The judge, after a tiresome day at court, was resting himself upon a couch in the room and seemed to be asleep; but when he heard his son's startling announcement, he raised himself upon his elbow and said, "What tom-foolery is all that?" The boy slipped quietly from the room, while Mrs. Thompson assured her husband that she would not allow herself to be led into any foolish action, and after he had regained his usual composure, she ventured to remind him that the men had been in the tom-foolery business a long time, and suggested that it might be God's will that the women should now take their part. The next morning after breakfast both her son and daughter inquired anxiously if she were not going to the meeting, and her husband, after walking the floor for some time in silence, stopped, and laying his hand upon the family Bible said: "Children, you know where your mother goes to settle all vexed questions. Let us leave her alone." Thus left she was not long in seeing her duty plain to go to the church where she found a company of seventy-five women and twenty-five men. Dr. McSurely, the pastor of the church, was acting as chairman, and upon her arrival, Mrs. Thompson was unanimously chosen as their leader. Appeals were drawn up to the druggists, saloon-keepers and hotel proprietors, after which Dr. McSurely invited the president-elect to take the "post of honor;" but, as she expressed it afterwards, "Your humble servant could not; her limbs refused to bear her;" seeing which the Dr. wisely requested the gentlemen to accompany him from the room and leave the women alone. They immediately felt at perfect liberty and after committing all their ways to God in prayer and seeking His divine strength and presence, having previously read together the 146th psalm, they went forth, two and two, the small women in front and the taller ones following, singing as they went their crusade hymn, "Give to the winds thy fears; hope and be undismayed; God hears thy sighs and counts thy tears; God shall lift up thy head." Just as they passed through the church gateway into the street, they were singing: "Far, far above thy thought, His counsel shall appear, When fully He the work hath wrought, That caused thy needless fear." Day after day they met and prayed and started out upon their self-sacrificing mission, and many of the saloon-keepers yielded to their prayers and tears, until one day an injunction was filed against the street work, at the suit of a liquor-selling druggist. But this could not prevent their meeting for prayer and ever since a weekly meeting has been held as the result of that beginning. The crusade fire spread fast, and the women of many other states did noble work for the cause of temperance. In the month of August following Dr. Vincent called together the first national sunday-school assembly, upon the shore of Lake Chatauqua, where for two weeks they dwelt in tents and worshipped in nature's temple. Among the earnest sunday-school workers who met there were to be found many of the women who had drawn near to God in saloon prayer meetings, and as they conversed together of their past conquests, they felt their hearts aflame again with holy zeal. One day in a woman's prayer meeting in one of the tents, Mrs. Mattie McClellan Brown, while on her knees, received the idea, as an inspiration, that the temperance women of the different states should unite as one organized society. She immediately imparted the thought to a lady kneeling at her side, Mrs. Russell, of Chicago, and they at once brought it before the prayer meeting in which it had been given them. The idea was accepted and it was decided to call the ladies together that afternoon for consultation. Dr. Vincent announced the meeting from the platform of the canvas tabernacle, and there at the close of the temperance prayer meeting at four o'clock the women succeeded in forming a committee of organization and arranged for the holding of an organizing convention in Cleveland, Ohio, November 18th, 19th, and 20th, 1874, invitations for which were sent out, asking for a delegation consisting of one woman from each congressional district. Accordingly this convention was held in the Second Presbyterian church, Cleveland, Mrs. Jennie F. Willing occupying the chair. Sixteen states were represented and the officers of the National Women's Christian Temperance Union were elected for the year as follows: President, Mrs. Annie F. Wittenmyer; vice-presidents, one from each state represented; recording secretary, Mrs. Mary C. Johnson; corresponding secretary, Miss Frances E. Willard; treasurer, Mrs. W. A. Ingham. These remained in office without much change for five years when, in 1879, Miss Willard was elected president and ever since she has been the accepted and beloved leader of this grand christian army. This year when she was re-elected the enthusiasm ran so high that one lady rose and said, "Let us sing God save our Queen," and this they did right loyally. The Women's Christian Temperance Union, in all its various departments, has been called the "Sober second thought" of the crusade. Its members no longer content themselves with occasional visits to liquor saloons, in the hope of persuading individual offenders to surrender, but they endeavor to influence the law-makers, and pray for the time when the manufacture and sale of poison as a beverage shall be prohibited by law. They also follow the victims of strong drink to the hospitals and gaols and by loving ministry try to restore them to health and virtue. They visit the gangs of railroad working men, and by kind words and the distribution of temperance literature give them courage to abstain from evil and stand firm for the right. They gather together the sailors and seamen in some convenient Bethel room, and there read God's word with them and sing and pray and talk till very many of these oftimes "prodigal sons" gladly receive the good news and are restored to their Father's Home. They establish friendly inns, frequently in buildings which have been used for the sale of liquor, on wharves and near depots, and there they offer refreshment and rest to weary travellers, free from allurements to vice and surrounded with all good influences. They also open up coffee houses, where nightwatchmen and belated ones may be invigorated without any danger of intoxication. And last, but by no means least, they educate the children, those who have never known, from its use, what alcohol is, and by teaching them its nature and effects, cause them to hate and shun it as they would arsenic. In ten years from now we hope to see a race of intelligent temperance men, worthy of a place in any legislative assembly, and temperance women worthy to become their life-long companions and advisors. In conclusion I will give you a few sentences from the closing remarks of Miss Willard's annual address:—"Beloved, we have given hostages, not to fortune, but to humanity. We are building better than we know. We stand not only for the cause of temperance, but for a diviner womanhood that shall ere long bring in the era of 'sweeter manners, purer laws.' We stand for the mighty forces which level up, not down, and which shall draw manhood up to woman's standard of purity in the personal conduct of life. We are the prophets of a time when the present fashionable frivolities of women, and money worship of men shall find themselves confronted by God's higher law of a complete humanity resulting from '*Two heads* in counsel; two beside the hearth; two in the noisy business of the world; two in the liberal offices of life; two plummets dropped to sound the abyss of science and the secrets of the mind.' For the world begins to see that

'No lasting links, to bind two souls, are wrought,
Where passion takes no deeper cast from thought."

In all this wondrous battle let our motto be, 'Womanliness first; afterward, what you will." Let us follow with unchanged devotion the gleaming Cross of Him who is 'holiest among the mighty and mightiest among the holy;' even that loving Christ whose Gospel raises woman up, and with her lifts toward Heaven the World! 'The combat deepens—on ye brave!' 'The battle is not yours, but God's.'"

Mr. Henry Harding, of Toronto, writes: My little daughter, 7 years of age, has been a terrible sufferer this winter from rheumatism, being for weeks confined to her bed, with limbs drawn up, which could not be straightened, and suffering great pain in every joint of limbs, arms and shoulders. The best of physicians could not help her, and we were advised to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which we done, and the benefit was at once apparent; after using two bottles the pain left, her limbs assumed their natural shape, and in two weeks she was as well as ever. It has not returned.

To Europe in Four Days.

A French engineer, M. Sebillot, proposes to shorten the time between this continent and Europe to four days. His idea is to adapt to ocean navigation, on a more acute and longer scale, the idea which models the North River steamers and the ferryboats of the East River. It is that of having virtually two hulls, a lower and an upper, the lower in the center to be deep, long, narrow, and at the bows very sharp, reducing the angle forward by the line of the bows where they cut the water with the line of the vessel's motion from one to fifteen degrees, as now, to even three degrees. The lower hull will thus preserve a width from stem to stern of only a third the width of the upper hull, and the latter will either be out of water, or, when the vessel is deeply laden, will barely rest upon the water. He estimates that a vessel of 12,000 tons as compared with the newest fast steamers, with 10,000 horse power, 1,200 feet immersed cross-section, and running 20 knots per hour in calm water, would show a speed of 32 knots, and probably 35 knots. It follows that such a vessel could cross the ocean, in calm water, from New York to Europe in about four days. This is by no means an extravagant supposition, as the fineness of the lines is out of comparison with the usual lines in fast steamers, and can be compared only with those of some fine race boats renowned for their speed, and built either shallow and wide or narrow and deep, the new type partaking of both those principles and carrying them to the utmost. It is possible experience might show that the shape of the prow will cause such a vessel to be much less influenced by rough weather than the ordinary shape. The ocean-traveling public would gladly welcome the day when M. Sebillot's new rapid transit idea shall become a fact.—*Hartford Post.*

GREAT RESULTS ARE SPEEDILY ACCOMPLISHED by the leading alterative, Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. Indigestion ceases, biliousness disappears, constipation gives place to regularity of the bowels in consequence of taking it. Ladies suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex experience long wished for relief from it, and impurities in the circulation no longer trouble those who have sought its aid. Give it a trial and you will not regret it.

Corns cause intolerable pain. Holloway's Corn Cure removes the trouble.

T. R. Pearson & Co. have just opened out a very large and varied assortment of extremely handsome Church of England common prayer and hymn books. They are the finest ever shown in the city.—*Adv.*

For all troubles of the Throat, use Allen's Lung Balsam. See adv. in another column.

Job printing of all kinds neatly done at the COLUMBIAN office. Prices will be found lower than at any other office in the province.—*Adv.*

For diseases leading to Consumption, use Allen's Lung Balsam. See adv. in another column.

Property belonging to the Ebenezer Brown estate for sale by C. D. RAND.*

Diaries for 1884 at T. R. Pearson & Co's.—*Adv.*

Several houses for sale by C. D. RAND.

County Court.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the next sitting of the County Court will be held on Wednesday, the 5th day of March, 1884.

Dated 9th February, 1884.

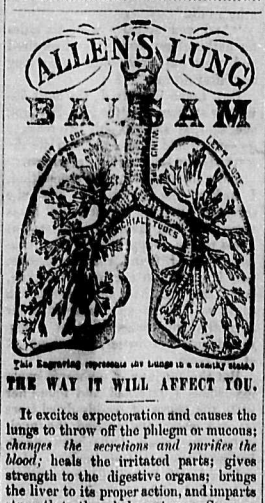
E. A. JENNS,
Registrar County Court.
New Westminster.
feb13-td

Man Wanted.

ONE WHO CAN TAKE CHARGE of and run a Huntington Shingle Shingle Machine. Steady employment and good wages to a first-class man. No other need apply.

R. STEVENSON,
jy7-tc] Chilliwhack.

nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nn ARE YOU INSURED? nn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnn CONFEDERATION nnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnLIFE ASSURANCEnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnnnn COMPANY. nnnnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnnnn LOW RATES, nnnnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnLIBERAL REGULATIONS,nnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnUNDOUBTED SECURITY.nnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nn The Confederation Life nn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nn is recognized as one of the nn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nn soundest and most liberal nn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nn Life Associations on the nn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nn Continent. nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nn T. R. PEARSON & CO., nn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn
nnnnnn Agents for B. C. nnnnnn
nnnnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnnnnn



This Engraving represents the Lungs in a healthy state.

THE WAY IT WILL AFFECT YOU.

It excites expectoration and causes the lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucous; *changes the secretions and purifies the blood;* heals the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole system. SUCH IS THE IMMEDIATE AND SATISFACTORY EFFECT that *it is warranted to break up the most distressing cough in a few hours' time,* if not of too long standing. *It is warranted* TO GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION, EVEN IN THE *most confirmed cases of Consumption! It is warranted not* to produce costiveness (which is the case with most remedies), or affect the head, as it contains no opium in any form. *It is warranted to be perfectly harmless* to the most delicate child, although it is an active and powerful remedy for restoring the system. *There is no real necessity for so many deaths by Consumption,* when ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM will prevent it if only taken in time. Physicians having consumptive patients, and who, having failed to cure them with their own medicines, we would recommend to give ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM a trial. *Sold by all Druggists.* je30-1m.

Business Directory.

The following Business Directory contains only the names of such concerns as advertise in the COL

Our Story.

NELLIE'S MEMORIES.

(Continued.)

Eighty-five thousand pounds!—there suddenly spread before me a dazzling sea—a sea of gold, and its waves were bringing one who was dear to me "through life to death,"—one who was serving in a weary exile for the *Rachel of his love.*

Let no one say proudly that he can surmount temptation, for we know not how weak we are till we are tempted—till some brilliant vision of hope blot out the wrong and confuse the right, as for one giddy, uncertain *moment* it bewildered me.

For while Mr. Delany's babbling far-away voice wandered meaninglessly on, my thoughts, winged with an intolerable impulse, were skimming the ocean, and had arrived to where my lonely Keith was working out his heart's blood beneath the burning sun, that he might the sooner come back to me and Sunnyside; and look! how the golden waves are lapping at his feet with their message of Nellie's love: the little boat, the rippling sunlit sea, last night's dream. Oh for the yearning of a passionate heart just learning the strength of its love!

And then I thought of the manse, its good minister gone, Aunt Margaret in her widowed loneliness, and Katie in her pure unselfish grief; and I thought how the golden sea would bring back the son and brother to their hearthstone and make their sad hearts sing for joy. And then my bent head was suddenly raised, and Rose's sweet kiss of peace fell like dew on my hot brow.

"Look up, Helen—we are all waiting to congratulate you. Why, your eyes are full of tears, love—you cannot think we are sorry, Philip and I, that this rich gift has passed to you—nay, cheer up—much blessing and much good attend you and it."

But answer made I none, for the strange beating at my heart, as I rose and crossed the room to where the lawyer sat clearing his throat over his papers.

"Which part of the will relates to me, Mr. Delany? show me the exact place."

"This, my dear young lady—look, here is your name, clear as print, Helen Marion Mortimer, and a nice pretty name it is, too. The rest is only servants' legacies, and so forth."

"Good," I answered, "I understand;" and then I took it in my hand, and knelt down by the sofa, where Philip lay with shaded face and weak irrepressible tears starting through his wasted fingers.

On seeing me near him, he brushed them hurriedly away, and began a half-joking speech of congratulation, but I stopped him.

"By this will, Captain Hazeldean, your aunt has disinherited you, and bequeathed the whole of her landed and personal property to myself, being no relation, but only her god-daughter and the child of her friend; and she further deputes me, as her sole legatee, so it is worded, I think, to make over to you the sum of one hundred and fifty per annum—is not that correct?"

"Quite correct, Miss Mortimer," he replied, coldly; "but it is for Captain Hazeldean to decide whether he deign to accept that paltry sum."

"It is for Captain Hazeldean to do nothing of the kind," I replied, turning red and throwing the will into the fire. "It is a wicked, monstrous, unjust will, and Helen Marion Mortimer will have nothing to say to it, and will never touch one farthing of money, which belongs to you, and I only hope that dear Rose and you may long live to spend and enjoy it;" and sitting down on the floor, I began sobbing like a child.

"Helen—my dear Miss Mortimer," cried poor Philip, quite overcome, and stammering painfully, "this generosity—this kindness, I cannot, must not accept. Come to me, Rose; what are we to say to it—what are we to do?"

"Do, my dear Captain!" said Mr. Delany, bustling about, and blowing his nose loudly: "nay, if this noble young lady does the right thing, and puts you in possession of what, as the rightful heir, you had reason to expect, you can do no better than what she herself says, enjoy it with the good lady your wife."

"But we can divide it," persisted Philip. "Miss Mortimer can take half."

"No, no, I cannot touch it; pray do not pain me so; I have no right at all to it—it is yours and Rose's." And then Dudley came and lifted me up, and standing with his arm round me, and a proud pleased look on his face, quietly reiterated my words.

"My sister has acted according to her own good impulse; but if I could have advised her, my counsel would have been just the same"—and then, with such a smile, "I only hope, Nellie, that those quick little fingers of yours have not too much complicated Mr. Delany's work with regard to the lesser legacies," at which Mr. Delany laughed and took snuff again.

And then Philip rose from his sofa and came towards me; his words were few, but full of gratitude, but nothing touched me so much as the way in which Rose pressed my hands to her lips, and held them there for a moment without speaking.

So Hazlitt Hall would see its rightful master again, and the curse, causeless, break harmlessly upon his head.

It was a cheerful little dinner-party that day; Philip was restored for the time being to something of his old self again, and talked of the sea-breezes and their restorative effects, till the faint color stole into his face and warmed his languid pulses; and Dudley talked with him, and was as merry as a boy.

Mr. Delany dined with us, and told us old court stories of George the Third and Mrs. Fanny Burney, and the prim, snuff-loving old Queen Charlotte; and became at last so wildly hilarious over his claret, that he invited Dudley to bring me down to Oatlands, where Susy and Anna, his daughters, would be happy to make the acquaintance of the young lady who could afford to give away eighty-five thousand pounds.

And after that we bade them good-bye, and started for town, intending to reach Sunnyside by half-past ten.

It was quite dark when we arrived at the station, and were cozily shut up in the snug railway carriage.

Dudley had not spoken to me as yet, but when the train commenced moving into the darkness, he put his hand under my chin and said, playfully:

"Well, pet, how about your pretty little legacy now?" And for all that it was so babyish, I put my head on his shoulder and cried bitterly.

"Why, Nellie," he cried, once or twice, "why, Nellie——" and then he seemed to understand it, for he drew me closer to him, and kissing me fondly, told me, that when Keith had heard what I had done he would love me twice as well.

We reached home punctually, and found Louie all smiles, and very glad to see us again.

There was quite a budget of letters and news to be unfolded; for when Louie had heard all that we could tell, and had exhausted us with questions, she gave us a long letter from Bruce, full of business and painful details—a round-about epistle from Halcot, and another from Herwald, fixing his return for that day week.

It was written in very cheerful spirits, and contained many messages for me. He had seen Arthur three times, and Milly twice; she was looking rather better, he thought, but very thin; all the Willoughbys seemed to take to her immensely, and to pet and make much of her, almost as if she were a daughter of the house.

He said Halcot was considered a fine fellow in the north, and was already a first-rate horseman, and rode over to Holly-bush Farm every day to see Lucy and Hennie, and spent his evenings in the library looking at pictures and drinking strong coffee, except when he entrapped him into the hall for a turn with the foils and boxing-gloves.

Altogether it was a very merry letter, and quite raised our spirits. And when I had tucked up Charlie with a motherly kiss, and seen Rill's curly head rolling on the pillow, I went up to my room with a lightened thankful heart, and fell asleep while trying to recall the occurrences of the day.

* * * * * *

One day another carrier pigeon, or northern swallow, as Dudley termed them, came down from Lancashire for Louie, and this time the fluttering of its wings seemed to disturb her serenity more than their wont, but as usual she strove to hide it, and nothing was said.

Dudley had a long letter too, in which Herwald announced his intention of arriving at Sunnyside the following evening.

"Which, by the way," he growled, "is very provoking, as I have to start to Monkton to-morrow morning to see the Stuarts of Ullaston about the commission they promised us, and, as it is a wretchedly out of the way place, shall probably be obliged to take up my abode there at an inn for the night. Why could not the fellow have named an earlier or a later day?"

"Never mind," I replied, "it does not much matter, for you see he cannot be with us till eight or nine, and so the evening will be broken up, as it is, and he will need no other entertainment than Louie and I can give him."

But Dudley had made up his mind to be disappointed, and on the day in question went off to keep his appointment with a very rueful face, which I laughingly told him was more worthy of a Quixote than a Seneca.

Dudley's disappointment, however, serious as it apperred, was nothing to Louie's restlessness. Early in the morning she got out her painting apparatus, and placing herself near the light, began working away industriously, while I trotted about the house "on hospitable thoughts intent."

Happening to revisit the drawing-room some half-hour later, I found her standing at the window in her hat and mantle, and leisurely drawing on her gloves.

"Going out, Louie?" I exclaimed in surprise.

"Yes," she replied, looking up with rather tired eyes, "I have got a fit of the vapors this morning, and I am going to walk it off. Any commissions in town?"

"Oh, yes," I returned, delighted, and sitting down I penciled off a long list to the grocer and haberdasher, with many minute verbal directions, to which Louie listened dreamily, and then departed.

At the early dinner hour she reappeared, looking draggled, wan, and weary, with her dress two inches deep in yellow clay.

"Why, my dear Louie," I exclaimed, "what a state you are in; surely you have never been so foolish as to go to town by the way of the brickfields?"

"Ay," she said, wonderingly; "in a state, am I! dear, dear, what a business Hester will have with it, to be sure. I must have trailed my dress in forgetfulness;" and hurrying away she presently came back in fresh clean raiment, and took her place at the table.

"And what did Chuppins say about the flaw in the long-cloth, Louie?"

"Chuppins, oh! I forgot; I have not been to town at all; I went down to Stony Clift instead."

"You need not have troubled me then to write out all those commissions," I returned, rather vexed; "and now I shall have to get Charlotte to go this afternoon instead, which is very inconvenient; but never mind," as Louie put on a penitent look, "we shall manage, I dare say, without her. Well, and how is little Bill?"

"Little Bill," said Loo, now turning crimson, "oh! I did not go in, I only went for the walk, and sat to rest on the turnstile at the end of the field; I was not inclined for old Dame Dorothy's talk."

"And you actually went six miles for nothing? no wonder you look tired and worn out; you must have a long rest after dinner."

But Louie demurred; she must finish her antimacassar for Mrs. Egerton, she said, as she had only two roses to do, and would I read to her while she worked? she felt so dull and listless.

Quite flattered by the proposition, I took up the *Blackwood* to which she carelessly pointed and read till I was very tired and the dusk came on; but I was rather disappointed, I must confess, when I found that her crochet had lain idle in her lap all the time, and that she had not listened to a word, so I shut up the book rather abruptly, and remarked that a nap would suit her better, as I went out of the room.

But the hastiness of my words smote me when I returned and found her with the traces of freshly-dried tears on her cheek, and noticed the involuntary trembling of the hands which had now resumed their work.

Louie with tears in her eyes was an unheard-of sight in our Sunnyside records, but that Louie should lay down her head on my shoulder and cry like a child, suggested to my mind that life must be very strange with her just now, and filled me with surprise and terror.

But though she suffered me to soothe and caress her, and seemed to feel pleasure in my doing so, she would not let me coax her to speak, but disregarded all my pleadings for confidence, merely said she was low and tired, and would I send her up a cup of tea if she went and laid down?

At the usual time, then, I took up the tea, but the door was fastened, and when I knocked softly, a sleepy voice (and apparently a faithfully sleepy one) bade me put it down and go away, which I did, and had a nursury meal with Charlie and Rill, after which I told them fairy tales till bedtime, and then came down again to the drawing-room, hoping to find Louie there, but it was empty, so I sat and worked and longed for Dudley; and then went up to see if Herwald's fire were burning brightly, and his slippers put to warm, but careful hands had been there before me, and the room looked cozy and homelike enough.

There was a pretty little pincushion on the table, that Louie had once pleased him by working for him, with his name tastefully embroidered in pins; and there was a little flower-glass inside, which she and I always kept filled from the Thornton conservatory. Louie had chosen the bouquet to-day, a large crimson camellia, with a spray or two of myrtle, and it looked so effective in the midst of the lace and satin drapery that surrounded it, that I went up for the second time to admire it, when, to my surprise, I found Herwald's magnificent emerald ring lying right on the heart of the flower.

"Oh, the careless boy," I said to myself, "he has left it about, I suppose; what a comfort Louie has found it, though, and not one of the servants! it would be exposing them to unnecessary temptation. Even now I scarcely like leaving it here, but they won't be coming into the room again—it is nearly eight o'clock; I hope it is all safe, though."

But the emerald blazed so brilliantly from its crimson setting, and looked so beautiful, that I silenced my misgivings, and went away.

Five minutes afterwards Louie came down looking very fair and pale, and sat down to her embroidery.

She had dressed herself with great care and wore a large crystal cross on her crape dress, and she had drawn away her hair so as to show more of her broad white forehead. Altogether her appearance was so pensive and unusual, and her eyes so soft and sad, *that I felt quite alarmed. Is she going* to be ill, I thought?—she is certainly a good deal thinner than she was. But no, the pure healthy coloring gave the lie to that supposition, and set my wits wool-gathering in another direction.

My thoughts were free to wander *where they list, for Louie never* broke the silence till the church clock chimed nine, then she took out her watch to compare it with the drawing-room time-piece.

"Half an hour late," I remarked, answering her unspoken thought; "I *suppose the snow and the darkness* have delayed the train a little."

"Do you mean to say it is snowing?" she asked, anxiously, "I had no idea of that."

"When Charlotte came in at seven, she said it was lying half an inch thick, and *that she could not see a yard* before her; perhaps it is abating now a little," and I went to the window. "Oh, dear no, what a night it is! there is a perfect snowy whirlwind raging down the lane," and then Louie joined me, and we stood and looked out to*gether.*

"I wish Dudley were here, Nellie, he would go down to the station to meet them."

"I wish he were," I echoed, sighing; "oh, how I hate those trains!" and at that moment the bitter memory crossed *me of how I had sat in this very room* before, on one sad night in June, waiting for a step I was never to hear again—and, as if she had followed my involuntary thought, Louie shivered and turned away.

"If you like," I continued, following *her, "I will send Hester into the town* to see if she can learn the cause of this delay, though it is not much over the half-hour yet, and these Lancashire trains are never due at the minute."

"What is the exact time that they fixed for being here—at this house I *mean?*"

"Twenty past eight at the latest, Herwald said," I replied, with a sudden misgiving, "and it is ten minutes past nine. It is certainly very strange; we will wait another quarter of an hour, however, and then Hester had *better go.*"

So we waited the quarter of an hour, Louie with her watch in her hand, and then Hester was roused from her warm dozing by the nursery fire, to go out into the bleak inclement night; but Hester was a good faithful-hearted *girl, and never demurred or grumbled* at rendering any service to her young mistresses, so she sallied forth cheerfully with her old battered umbrella, and promised to hasten back again with speed if she could.

And I sat and stitched away and *broke my thread a score of times,* snapping it impatiently at every chance sound about the house, while Louie, now not attempting to conceal her discomfort, wandered restlessly from window to window, or made for the hall door every five minutes, where she *stood peering out into the darkness,* with her hair and dress blowing in the draught.

"Why, Louie, dear," I exclaimed, when she returned for the fifth time, and stood leaning her arm disconsolately on the mantel-piece, "just look, *the snow you have brought in is melting* and running in little rivulets all down your best dress. Do let me dry it for you, or you will spoil my bright fender."

But Louie, shaking the folds carelessly out, put me away from her with *hot, impatient hands,* and went back again to the window.

Presently the clock struck ten. Louie looked at me, and I at her, and then we both made a simultaneous movement to the door.

"I can't bear it any more," she said, *pausing on the hall-mat,* and pressing her hand suddenly to her heart, "I am sure there is something wrong; what shall we do? let us go down to the stile—anything is better than waiting here."

"No; what good would it be? do not let us be so disheartened; it is only ten now, and yet, my poor little Halcot—"

"Halcot!" said Louie, in a low tone; "I forgot the boy. Hark! there is Hester come back; I am sure I heard a step," and, trembling so that I could hardly breathe, we threw open the door.

What a night it was! The snow had ceased, but it was pitchy dark, and a rising wind moaned among the leafless trees, and whistled coldly round my neck and face.

"Surely it was your fancy, dear," I said, but as I spoke a sudden mighty gust dislodged me from the step where I was standing on tiptoe, and drove me right into a pair of wet, rough arms, which lifted me up like a child and carried me in.

(To be Continued.)

T. R. Pearson & Co. have just opened out a very large and varied assortment of extremely handsome Church of England common prayer and hymn books. They are the finest ever shown in the city.—*Adv.*

The superiority of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children.

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

C. G. MAJOR

Has now on hand a full and well assorted stock of Dry Goods, consisting of:

LADIES'

Mantles & Ulsters

In Great Variety,

BLACK QUILTED

ALPACA SKIRTS,

Felt & Tweed Skirts

In all the Leading Colors,

LADIES' UNDERWEAR,

A full line, in English Merinos and Canadian Lambswool,

HOSIERY

Ladies' and Children's, in plain and stripe, Merino and Lambswool,

Infants' Wool Goods

Hoods, Caps, Boots, Gaiters, Infantees, Polka Jackets, and Wool Skirts,

A nice line of Children's Hoods and Hats trimmed with fur,

Black and Colored VELVETEENS, in plain and brocade,

KID GLOVES

Black and dark shades, White and tinted,

LACES.

Real Torchon, Real Maltese, and a nice variety of imitation Laces,

DRESS GOODS

A large and well-assorted stock of plain and figured Dress Goods,

Plain and figured black SATINS and SILKS,

Ladies' and Gents' silk and alpaca UMBRELLAS,

Fur Trimming, Buttons, Ribbons, SILKS & TWISTS,

A fine line of Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs,

Table Napkins, White and Brown Table Linen, Sheetings in all widths, Towels, Cottons,

And a full assortment of other Goods too numerous to mention.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

SILVER JEWELRY

Gold mounted; a fine assortment. Bracelets, Lockets, Chains, Earrings, Brooches, and Sets.

Other Silverware in great variety

Men's Clothing!

In large variety, good material, and prices to suit.

Also, a large stock CUTLERY, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE constantly on hand.

A full and complete stock of

Groceries AND Provisions!

☞Goods delivered free of charge in any part of the City.

C. G. MAJOR

Cor. Columbia & Mary Sts.,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

(oc13tc)

T. R. PEARSON & CO

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

—IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN—

Books,

Stationery,

Fancy Goods,

Pianos,

Organs,

Music,

Newspapers,

Magazines,

Toys, etc.

The Largest Stock on the Mainland, and second to no House in British Columbia.

—SOLE AGENTS FOR—

The Henry F. Miller Piano,

Of Boston,

The Dominion Organ,

Of Bowmanville, Ont.,

And agents for all the leading American

PIANOS & ORGANS

SPECIAL FORMS RULED & PRINTED

On the premises, as neatly and cheaply as at any other establishment in the Province.

—AGENTS FOR—

Confederation Life Assurance Co.,

North British and Commercial Fire Insurance Co.,

London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Co.

—Agents for First-Class—

FIRE and BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES

SHIPPING RECEIPTS,

DEEDS! MORTGAGES,

BILLS OF SALE,

CUSTOM HOUSE BLANKS,

LEASES, PROM. NOTES,

ORDERS, RECEIPTS,

And all kinds of Blank Books and Blank Forms on hand.

—All the Leading—

NEWSPAPERS

—AND—

PERIODICALS

Regularly received. Subscriptions taken for any Publication at lowest rates.

☞We import direct from manufacturers, and cannot be undersold in this Province.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.,

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

(fe2tc)

Direct Importation

C. BROWN

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT.

C. BROWN

BEGS TO INFORM THE RESIDENTS of New Westminster and vicinity that he is constantly receiving from Europe shipments of choice

Wines,

Spirits,

Liqueurs,

English Ales,

London and Dublin Stout,

Which he will supply

IN BOND or DUTY PAID,

In Quantities to Suit Customers.

Also, in constant receipt, direct from

W. A. Gilby's, London.

Fine Champagnes,

Saumur's Claret,

Burgundy,

Genuine Sherry,

Fine old Ports and Sherries.

E. BROWN,

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

Canadian Pacific Railway

NEW SCHEDULE

—OF—

WAGES

—FOR—

WHITE LABOR

—ON THE—

Canadian Pacific Railway

—IN

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Overseers ...	....$125 00	per month.
Rock Foremen....	$3 50 to $4 00	₩ day
Earth Foremen...	2 50 to 3 50	"
Bridge Foremen..	3 50 to 4 50	"
Bridge Carpenters, 1st class.....	3 50	"
Bridge Carpenters, 2nd class.....	3 00	"
Masons	2 50 to 3 50	"
Stone Cutters....	3 00 to 3 50	"
Blacksmiths, 1st class	3 50	"
Blacksmiths, 2nd class	3 00	"
Blacksmith Helpers.....	1 50 to 2 00	"
Drillers.....	2 00 to 2 25	"
Laborers.....	1 75 to 2 00	"
Hewers, 1st class	3 50	"
Choppers, 1st class	2 00 to 2 50	"
Scorers, 1st class	2 50	"

All outside labor 10 hours per day.

All Carpenters to furnish their own Chest Tools.

All Employees to find themselves Bed, Board and Lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient along the Line. Board—$4 per week.

It will not be compulsory for Employees to board in the Company's Houses.

Wages will be paid monthly, on the 10th of each month.

A. ONDERDONK,

GENERAL MANAGER.

OFFICE OF THE CONTRACTORS, CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY, Yale, March 1, 1883.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AT NEW WESTMINSTER.

NO FREIGHT

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO. (LIMITED)

Except on their own Printed Forms of Shipping Receipts, to be had at T. R. PEARSON & Co.'s, New Westminster.

ap11 JOHN IRVING, Manager.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

TABLE

Showing the dates and places of *Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius,* and Oyer and Terminer for the year 1884.

SPRING ASSIZES.

(ON VANCOUVER ISLAND.)

Victoria,.....	Monday,.....	7th April.
Nanaimo.....	Wednesday,.....	4th June.

(ON MAINLAND.)

New Westminster,..	Wednesday,...	7th May.
Yale,.....	Monday,.....	19th May.
Kamloops, ...	Friday, ...	30th May.
Clinton,.....	Saturday, ...	7th June.

FALL ASSIZES.

[ON VANCOUVER ISLAND.]

Victoria,.....	Monday,.....	24th November.
Nanaimo, ...	Wednesday,	3rd December.

[ON MAINLAND.]

Richfield,.....	Monday,...	8th September.
Clinton,.....	Tuesday,..	30th September.
Kamloops.	W'dn'sday	8th October.
Lytton, ...	Saturday,..	18th October.
Yale,.....	Saturday,..	25th October.
New West,.....	W'dn'sday,	12th November.

29th January, 1884. fe2m1

PRITISH COLUMBIA

IMMIGRATION BUREAU

Information, Employment

—AND—

HOMES FOR EMIGRANTS.

The Government of British Columbia has established an

IMMIGRATION & EMPLOYMENT BUREAU

AT NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.,

And all persons wishing to obtain authentic information about the country are advised to apply, either personally or by letter, to the Agent.

Pamphlets and Handbooks descriptive of the country and its resources will be supplied free of charge on application.

Persons wishing to engage laborers, skilled or unskilled, in any part of the Province, are invited to place themselves in communication with the Agent. Particulars should be furnished as to the kind of employment and wages offered. The Agent will endeavor, as far as possible, to fill applications.

OFFICE—Court House Building, Market Square, New Westminster, B. C.

WM. ROSS,

je20 tc.] Immigration Agent.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO **Mrs. Harper** are requested to pay the same forthwith to

ja30m1 W. R. AUSTIN, Front Street.

County Court.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the next sitting of the County Court will be held on Wednesday, the 5th day of March, 1884.

Dated 9th February, 1884.

E. A. JENNS, Registrar County Court. *New Westminster.*

fe13-td

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the Colonial Hotel are requested to present them to the undersigned at once; and all persons indebted to the said hotel are requested to make immediate settlement.

J. E. INSLEY, Proprietor.

New West., Dec. 17th, 1883.]de19-tc

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT no bills for goods furnished on account of the corporation will be paid unless supplied by an order from the Mayor or some member of the Council.

By Order,

JAMES ORR, C.M.C.

New Westminster, July 17, 1883. [18-tc

Card of Thanks.

THE HYACK FIRE COMPANY and the citizens of New Westminster will please accept my best thanks for their efforts to save my property at the late fire. The public are notified that I have secured the premises adjoining Messrs. Trapp Bros'. store, where business has been resumed.

de19-3m] GEO. MEADE.

NOTICE.

PARTIES LOCATING AND PREempting land are hereby notified that land within the limits of the Hastings Saw Mill Company's lease is not open for settlement, and that any one entering thereon will be prosecuted for trespass.

RICH'D H. ALEXANDER, Manager.

de8-tc

C. P. N. CO., Limited

NOTICE.

THE ABOVE COMPANY having made arrngements with the

Canadian Pacific Railway of British Columbia,

For transportation of Freight and Passengers from Maple Ridge to all points in interior as far as the road has been completed, the Public are hereby notified that operations will begin early in March, of which due notice will be given, and time table published.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

T. L. BRIGGS, Agent, New West. fe6tc

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land on Bowen Island in New Westminster District:

Commencing at the S. E. corner of land applied for Jan. 21, 1884, by W. Eaton and J. Mannion, thence East 40 chains, thence North 120 chains, thence West to shore line of Bowen Island, thence southerly, following shore line to Eaton & Mannion's N. W. corner, thence East to Eaton & Mannion's N. E. corner, thence South 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 800 acres, be the same more or less.

ROYAL CITY PLANING MILLS Co. (Ld.)

JOHN HENDRY, Manager.

New Westminster, B.C., Jan. 29, 1884. [30m2

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

IN PROBATE.

In the Goods of ALFRED MASTERS, deceased.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the late ALFRED MASTERS, formerly of Granville, in the District of New Westminster, Physician, deceased, who died intestate, are hereby required to pay such indebtedness to Messrs. Woods & Turner of New Westminster, forthwith. All persons having claims against the Estate of the said deceased are hereby notified to send postpaid, addressed to me, at New Westminster, full particulars thereof, duly verified, before the First day of April, 1884, after which I shall proceed to distribute the said Estate and will not be liable for any claims of which I shall not then have notice.

Dated this 28th day of January, A. D. 1884.

E. A. JENNS, Administrator.

ja30td

NOTICE.

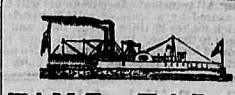
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 480 acres of land situated in New Westminster District, near Molaspina Straits, described as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of Lot 450, G. 1; thence east 80 chains; thence north 60 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 60 chains, to point of commencement.

MOODYVILLE SAWMILL Co. (Ld.)

R. P. RITHET, Sec.

February 8th, 1884. fe23-2m

NOTICE



TIME TABLE

STEAMERS OF THE

Canadian Pacific Navigation COMPANY

(LIMITED),

Carrying H. M. Mails and B. C. Express,

Leave Victoria for New Westminster,

TUESDAYS & FRIDAYS at 7 a. m.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria,

WEDNESDAYS & SATURDAYS, at 7 a. m.

THOS. L. BRIGGS, Agent.

oc20tc

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMP'Y.

1 OLD BROAD ST. and 16 PALL MALL, LONDON.

INSTITUTED 1803.

FOR INSURING HOUSES & OTHER Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbor or Dock, and the Cargoes of such Vessels; also, Ships building and repairing, Barges and other Vessels on navigable rivers and canals, and Goods on board such Vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland and in Foreign Countries,

FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

Subscribed and Invested Capital,

£1,600,000 STG.

Rates of Premium and every information can be obtained on application to

W. J. ARMSTRONG,

Agent for New Westminster.

DR. SPINNEY & CO.'S DISPENSARY,

NO. 11 KEARNEY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

DR. SPINNEY, well known as the founder of the Montreal, (C. E.) Medical Institute, and late Proprietor of the SPINNEYVILLE INFIRMARY, would most respectfully inform his patients and the afflicted generally, that he still continues to treat chronic and nervous diseases with unparalleled success.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Remember that procrastination is the thief of time so

COME AND BE HEALED.

It matters not what your troubles may be, come and let the Doctor examine your case. It will cost you nothing for consultation, so please call and satisfy yourselves whether the Doctor understands your case. If he can cure you he will tell you so; if not, he will tell you that, for he will not undertake a case unless he is confident of effecting a cure.

Parties at a distance wishing treatment, by sending $25 and a minute description of their troubles will receive in return a full course of treatment securely packed so as not to excite curiosity.

DR. SPINNEY will guarantee to forfeit Five Hundred Dollars for every case of any kind or character which he undertakes and fails to cure.

P. S.—For diseases of short standing, a full course of medicines, sufficient for a cure, with all instructions, will be sent to any address on receipt of $10.

Call or Address

Dr. SPINNEY & CO.,

9 28-1y No. 11 Kearney-st., San Francisco, Cal.

DR. ALLEN'S

PRIVATE DISPENSARY,

26½ Kearny St., San Francisco, Cal.

ESTABLISHED FOR THE SCIENTIFIC AND SPEEDY CURE OF CHRONIC, NERVOUS AND SPECIAL DISEASES.

THE EXPERT SPECIALIST,

DR. ALLEN, AS IS WELL KNOWN, IS A regular graduated Physician, educated at Bowdoin College and University of Michigan. He has devoted a lifetime to the study of the treatment and cure of diseases within his specialty.

YOUNG MEN

And MIDDLE AGED MEN, who are suffering from the effects of Youthful Indiscretions or Excesses in maturer years, NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, IMPOTENCY, LOST MANHOOD, confusion of ideas, dull eyes, aversion to society, despondency, pimples on the face, loss of energy and memory, frequency of urinating, etc.

MY HOSPITAL EXPERIENCE

(Having been surgeon in charge of two leading hospitals) enables me to treat all private troubles with excellent results. I wish it distinctly understood that I do not claim to perform impossibilities, or to have miraculous or supernatural power. I claim only to be a skillful and successful Physician and Surgeon, *thoroughly* informed in my specialty.

DISEASES OF MAN.

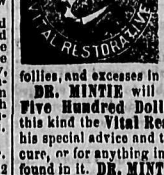
All applying to me will receive my honest opinion of their complaints—No experimenting. I will guarantee a positive cure in every case I undertake, or forfeit $1,000. Consultation in office or by letter FREE and strictly private. Charges reasonable. Thorough examination, including chemical and microscopical analysis of urine, and advice, $5.00. Office hours, 9 to 8 daily, 6 to 8 evening. Sunday, 9 to 12 only. Call or address

DR. ALLEN,

26½ Kearney street, San Francisco, Cal.

☞ Remember, the Doctor has a VEGETABLE COMPOUND, the result of many years of special practice and hard study, which, under his special advice, has never failed of success in the cure of LOST MANHOOD, PROSTATORRHŒA, etc.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY



Is a never-failing Cure for Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality of any kind, *Weakness, Paralysis,* Prostatorrhœa, and all the terrible effects of youthful follies, and excesses in maturer years.

DR. MINTIE will agree to forfeit **Five Hundred Dollars** for a case of this kind the **Vital Restorative** (under his special advice and treatment) will not cure, or for anything impure or injurious found in it. **DR. MINTIE** treats all Diseases successfully without mercury. **Consultation free.** Thorough examination and advice, $5·00. Price of **Vital Restorative,** $3·00 a bottle, or four times the quantity, $10·00; sent to any address upon receipt of price, or C. O. D., secure from observation, and in private name if desired, by **A. E. MINTIE, M. D.**

Those who cannot visit **DR. MINTIE** in San Francisco should send a full and minute statement of their troubles with $25·00, and in return a full course of Medicine will be forwarded, securely packed, so as not to excite curiosity.

All orders for medicine C. O. D. must be accompanied with $1.00 (as a guarantee of good faith), which will be deducted when the package is shipped.

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE.—Sent on application by letter stating symptoms, sex and age. Communications strictly confidential. jy31-1y

15 Kearney Street, San Francisco, Cal.