THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
—IS PUBLISHED—
Every Wednesday & Saturday,
—BY—
D. ROBSON & CO.
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THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

VOLUME 28 — NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1885. — NUMBER 31

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Oct. 14, 1885.

Current Events and Opinions.

The Canadian Pacific Railway will be opened through to the Pacific by the end of the present year, and no doubt a line of steamships plying between Burrard Inlet and China and Japan will soon be forthcoming. If vessels running out of San Francisco can be made to pay, there is no good reason why a profitable carrying trade should not be done out of Vancouver (the new name for Coal Harbor) and Victoria, in view of the fact that the San Francisco route is the longer of the two by three days, and that the California vessels are largely dependent on British Columbia coal. The establishment of a Canadian steamship line in these waters presupposes the existence of a Canadian trade with China and Japan. At present, however, our trade is of very slender proportions. Last year British Columbia sent China eight thousand dollars' worth of fish, and lumber of the value of $51,000, and the whole Dominion imported from China goods of the value of $970,000, the imports from Japan being $936,000. It is evident, however, that the opening of direct rail and water communication with those countries will enable our merchants and manufacturers to increase their trade with them. The Americans send to China, besides cotton and other manufactured articles, large quantities of flour, cheese, canned goods, lumber, and fish, in which we are well able to compete. The matter is worth the attention of the boards of trade.—*Toronto Mail.*

Michael G. Mulhall, the well-known English statistician, has lately been making a close study of the debts of nations from the treaty of Utrecht, in 1713, down to the present time. The total of the national debts of the world in 1713, not estimating local debts of any kind, footed up $995,000,000. In 1884 they aggregated $27,155,000,000. The greatest part of this enormous increase has taken place since 1848, for at that date the amount of national debts was $8,245,000,000. In 1870 it had reached $19,150,000,000. From this rate of increase Mr. Mulhall estimates that in 1900 the debts will aggregate $35,000,000,000. He deems this no ground for grave concern, because since 1848 the increase of wealth in Europe has been four and one-half times greater than the growth of debt, and he argues that Europe will be relatively richer in 1900 than now. The same is likely to hold good in a greater degree of the United States and some other countries. The natural assumption on first glancing at these figures is that they mainly represent war expenditures, and consequently a certain destruction of wealth to make up which the nations are struggling; but an examination of the items of expenditure show this view to be only partially correct. A large portion of the amount may be considered in the light of an investment in property. From 1848 to 1884 the debts rose nearly $19,000,000,000, of which $190,000,000 was expended in lighthouses and harbors, $3,600,000,000 on roads and bridges, and $4,350,000,000 on railways and telegraphs, all of which may be deemed permanent, valuable and, directly or indirectly, productive property. To this may be added other large expenditures for peaceful purposes, which represent outlay on behalf business and social objects which inure to the public welfare, and bring up the total amount to about $10,000,000,000. War expenditures during the same period aggregate about $9,000,000,000, and of the existing debts it is believed that about 60 per cent. stands for war payments and and 40 per cent. for reproductive works. The remarkably rapid increase of debt since 1848 is easily explainable. That date marks an epoch in national economy. The political convulsions all over Europe, the more rapid introduction of railways, the gold discoveries of California and Australia, the abolition of serfdom and slavery in various countries, the heavy emigration to the United States and the British Colonies, the extension of trade and development of means of communication, the spread of popular education and the progress made in the arts of peace and war, gave a great impetus to human affairs, and in tending to the rapid augmentation of wealth, also induced an increased assumption of public obligations. It is gratifying to know that these obligations are of late years more devoted to productive than destructive purposes, and if the gain in this direction continues it will, in a measure, reconcile economists to the probable increase of debt predicted. Mr. Mulhall draws four conclusions from his study of this subject, namely: That national debts are not to be viewed with such horror as our grandfathers entertained regarding them; that they offer a convenient mode of investment for British capital, and are generally secure; that the increase of debt in Europe has not hurt the working classes, and that we may expect to see national debts increase at least $100,000,000 a year during the remainder of the nineteenth century. Some of these conclusions are so evidently British in character that a little examination may cast doubt upon their soundness. True, these national loans are a convenient investment for British capital, but is the welfare of the nations promoted by indebtedness to British bondholders? With strong nations there is simply a drain of their wealth to British pockets; with weak ones there is an accumulation of debt and interest, crushing the energies of the people, repudiation, revolt, British ironclads to the front, and the imposition of British taxgatherers to skin the country for the payment of interest and sinking fund. These are blessings more appreciated by the British creditor than by the foreign debtor, and can hardly be deemed an argument in favor of national debts. As to the effect of the national debts upon the welfare of the working classes, something may be drawn from Mr. Mulhall' figures to oppose his conclusions. In a table of the ratio of debt to wealth we find that in the United States it is only 2.9; in Germany 5.2; United Kingdom 8.4; France 11.9. Contrast with these figures Russia 12.2; Italy 18.5; Spain 20.8; Portugal 28.5. While these statements cannot be deemed conclusive, they seem to indicate some connection between national indebtedness and the welfare of the masses, and public prosperity seems measurably parallel with light indebtedness. It is true that Australia, which is a pretty good "poor man's country," shows a ratio equal to that of It'ly, but that does not necessarily conflict with the hypothesis. The government of Australia owns the railroads, and other great public works, as an offset to the debts created for their construction. That country has great undeveloped resources and potential wealth, which have encouraged a liberal use of credit; but the productiveness of labor in a new country like Australia will enable her to carry and discharge a ratio of obligations which would crush an overpopulated and enfeebled nation. Aside from any proof furnished by figures, it is difficult to persuade any man that his situation is bettered by being in debt, and what is true of individuals is equally true of communities. The least objectionable national debt is one held at home, though that tends to concentration of wealth in few hands; but where held abroad it enriches the creditor at the expense of the debtor nation. The former will encourage its incurrence to the extent of the debtor's ability to pay, holding the country responsible for its ultimate discharge, and well knowing that credit is a constant temptation to extravagance. This has been the policy in England, which influences all her theories of political economy. It holds her to free trade, to the gold standard, and to the doctrine of national debt, because these all put money in her pocket and make her the world's creditor. Our interests are different, and in view of that fact it is unwise for us to be guided by English theories in deciding upon our national economy.—*S. F. Bulletin.*

A Real Grievance.

In addressing the grand jury at Seattle on the 5th inst., Chief Justice Greene summed up the Chinese grievance under the following five heads:

1st—Under-competitive cheapness of Chinese labor. This is owing to irreducible differences between Chinese and American modes of living. It secures to the Chinese an exclusive monopoly of labor supply, to whatever extent the demand for such labor as they furnish can be absorbed.

2nd—Alienage of Chinese labor. This prevents that geometric increase in citizen population, which would follow the influx of white labor.

3rd—Export of the earnings of the Chinese. This puts their labor on the footing of a foreign import, makes us in a sense tributary to China, and prevents that geometric increase in wealth which would follow the expenditure and capitalization of their earnings here.

4th—Padding out the population with the Chinese element, which has to be protected, but which is unavailable for protecting, whether against enemies foreign of domestic.

5th—Race and class irritation, which is a perpetual menace to social order, and necessitates either an abnormally expense civil service, or never ending liability to riot, an insecurity to property and life, and now and then a paroxysmal exaggeration of judicial expenses.

Observe your horse when he is drinking at a book, is an Arab maxim. If in bringing down his head he remains square without bending his limbs he possesses sterling qualities and all parts of his body are built symetrically.

The fee paid to the Pope for the dispensation allowing the marriage of Prince Waldemar of Denmark and Princess Marie of Orleans is said to have been $25,000.

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J. C. ARMSTRONG, President.
L. L. DOANE, Sec.-Treas.
New Westminster, Sept. 5, 1885. 5se2m

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BEST
Navy Tobacco.
We call the attention of consumers to the superior chewing qualities of this most excellent Tobacco. Samples will be sent free by applying to **L. & E. WERTHEIMER, 300 and 306 Front Street, San Francisco, Cal.,** Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.
The goods are for sale by all the principal jobbers in British Columbia.
4jy1y

BUY THE BEST QUALITY
UNION INDIA RUBBER CO'S
PURE GUM
Crack Proof
RUBBER BOOTS.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
Be sure that the Boots are stamped on the heels "Union India Rubber Co. Crack Proof," and have the Pure Gum Springs on the foot and and instep, which prevent their cracking, and makes them the most durable Rubber Boot made.
TRY OUR
"GOLD SEAL"
STOUT'S PATENT
PURE GUM
RUBBER BOOTS.
Made expressly for Mining, Fishing, and any one wishing a very strong and durable Boot.
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.
ALL KINDS RUBBER BELTING, PACKING, HOSE, SPRINGS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, Etc.
GOODYEAR RUBBER CO.
R. H. PEASE, Jr. } Agents,
S. M. RUNYON, }
15m4m San Francisco.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

Fish, Game, &c.....French's Market
Lands for Sale.....W. D. Ferris
Municipal Work.....O. D. Sweet
Dissolution of Part.....Homer & Son
Notice.....St. Paul's Church
Notice.....O. D. Sweet
Mail Contract.....E. H. Fletcher

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Oct. 14, 1885.

At a meeting of Irishmen held in New York on the 5th inst. it was resolved to send 50 representative Irishmen from the United States to Ireland to assist in canvassing for the approaching elections. A list is given containing the names of the persons whom it is proposed to send on this mission. Among them are 5 priests, 7 persons who prefix "Hon." to their names, 2 judges, 2 doctors, and 2 generals. It seems a strange proposal to send these people for legitimate canvassing, that is, to enlighten the people of Ireland upon their own grievances. A despatch comes from the Irish patriots beyond the Atlantic, however, saying it's not men they want, but money; and that American Irishmen will be kind enough to send their money and not themselves. Probably the New York project will be abandoned and the Irish suggestion adopted. Indeed, when these American canvassers reached Ireland it might be a matter of some doubt under which wing of the party they should work.

C. P. R. Inspection.

If the Kamloops *Sentinel* correctly states the circumstances under which Mr. Collingwood Schrieber made his late inspection of the C. P. R., the inspection must be almost worthless. It is stated that Mr. Schrieber and his party passed over the first 95 miles in less than 6½ hours, and nearly two hours of that time were after darkness had set in. The 90 miles between Kamloops and the narrows were passed over between 3:30 and 8 p. m., about 4½ hours, of which nearly two were after dark. If it be true that Mr. Schrieber's inspection is the final and official one, and that his report will be the authority upon which the Dominion government will accept or reject the road, this hasty flight over the rails is extremely unfortunate. It is known generally that there is in this province an opinion prevailing extensively that the road has not been finished in such a way as to inspire public confidence, and it was hoped that the final inspection would be of such a thorough character as to reassure the people. This hope does not seem to have been realized. When Mr. Schrieber went over the road about a year ago, ostensibly to inspect it, people were greatly surprised at the extraordinary haste with which he performed the operation; and our Kamloops cotemporary's statement makes it appear that the late inspection was no better. The C. P. R. track has only once been inspected with any thoroughness, and that inspection was made over a month ago by Mr. Peterson on behalf of the syndicate. But Mr. Peterson took as many weeks to his work as the days consumed by Mr. Schrieber.

The Governor's Visit.

We are assured that the circumstance of his excellency the governor-general passing by this city without stopping on his way to Victoria was a part of the programme arranged for him, and it was not supposed that it would be regarded as a slight. No one, we presume, ever thought of doubting his excellency's good intentions, or his desire to give every person within reach an opportunity of taking part in the general welcome with which he has been received everywhere throughout the province. But the people of this city and adjacent settlements were certainly surprised that the regular route of travel, which leaves the railway at Port Hammond and takes the water from there to Victoria, should have been abandoned on this occasion, and that his excellency should have passed within five miles of the city without so much as intimating whether he intended to return this way or not. It seems that the programme arranged for him was to go first to the capital and take the rest of the cities on his return, and that it was thought best to go down Burrard Inlet and return by the Fraser. If any intimation of these arrangements had been given it would have prevented misapprehensions which might have been very embarrassing. Accepting without question the good intentions of his excellency, we hope the citizens will give him a loyal and hearty welcome to the Royal City. It was not until Friday afternoon that any intimation at all of his coming was received, and the preparations for his reception must necessarily be meager and imperfect. But if the welcome is simple, it may be very hearty nevertheless, and we are sure it will.

An Unjust Statement.

Among other addresses presented to his excellency the governor-general at Victoria was one from the Board of Trade. This address deals with several matters of public interest, but there is one paragraph referring to the fish hatchery against which we must enter a public protest. The paragraph is as follows:

> The importance of fostering and protecting a great staple industry of the province, viz.: salmon fishing and packing, must have occurred to your excellency on your passage through the mainland of British Columbia; and this board feels that it cannot too earnestly direct the attention of your excellency's constitutional advisers to the condition of the recently established government hatchery on the Coquitlam river; and would suggest an early reform in the method of operating that institution.

It is not long since we had occasion to refer to the action of the Victoria Board of Trade in connection with this very matter. From the published report of the annual meeting it seemed that the board forwarded to Ottawa a memorial calling attention to the unsatisfactory condition and management of the fish hatchery, and the statement of this fact was made in such a way as to leave an impression that the management of the hatchery was bad. We took occasion to examine the affidavits and other evidence taken by the inspector of fisheries, and found that every important statement made in the original charge had been flatly contradicted by the persons best able to give evidence. The Victoria Board of Trade could scarcely have been ignorant of the investigation that was made into the management of the hatchery, and it is greatly to be regretted that it should repeat to his excellency an insinuation that had no foundation. So ignorant is the board concerning the hatchery that it does not even know where it is located. The hatchery is not on the Coquitlam River, but on an entirely different stream which enters the Fraser on the opposite shore! The inaccuracy as to location is comparatively a small matter, but the reflection upon Mr. Mowat, under whose immediate superintendence the hatchery has been constructed and operated, is much more serious. When his excellency reaches Ottawa he will find, if he applies to the department of fisheries, that the complaint referred to by the Victoria Board of Trade was investigated and that the department is perfectly satisfied with the management of the hatchery—and the result of this enquiry was known to the board before it presented its address to his excellency. Such glaring inaccuracy on the part of the Victoria Board of Trade must do much to destroy the force of every representation it has made. In the first place it appears under a name it has no right to retain, because it is nothing more than a local organization; in the second place it meddles with matters beyond its sphere, and makes statements concerning them which official documents flatly contradict, and persists in misrepresentation after its attention has been publicly called to the facts.

The new war map of Egypt and the Soudan, giving names of all the places mentioned in despatches, and a valuable table of distances. No one should be without it. Price, 15 cents. T. R. Pearson & Co. ap15tc

Girl Wanted.

WANTED, A GIRL WHO UNDERstands general housework.
Apply to MRS. D. ROBSON,
se9tc Royal Avenue.

CALEDONIAN & ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY

A BUSINESS MEETING of the Society will be held in the CITY HOTEL on **Tuesday Evening, 27th October.** Members are earnestly requested to attend.
JOHN SPROTT,
oc16td Secretary.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.

The great popularity of this preparation, after its test of many years, should be an assurance, even to the most skeptical, that it is really meritorious. Those who have used HALL'S HAIR RENEWER **know** that it does all that is claimed.

It causes new growth of hair on bald heads—provided the hair follicles are not dead, which is seldom the case; restores natural color to gray or faded hair; preserves the scalp healthful and clear of dandruff; prevents the hair falling off or changing color; keeps it soft, pliant, lustrous, and causes it to grow long and thick.

HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its effects by the healthful influence of its vegetable ingredients, which invigorate and rejuvenate. It is not a dye, and is a delightful article for toilet use. Containing no alcohol, it does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair harsh and brittle, as do other preparations.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS

Colors them brown or black, as desired, and is the best dye, because it is harmless; produces a permanent natural color; and, being a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.

PREPARED BY
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

NOTICE.

A SOCIABLE WILL BE HELD IN ST. Paul's Church, John Street, in this City on **Friday Evening next,** at 8 o'clock. Music, Singing, Readings and Recitations. Refreshments will be served at 10 o'clock. Admission, 25 cents. 16oct

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY FORbidden on pain of prosecution to open or otherwise tamper with any of the outlets to municipal ditches in the Municipality of Richmond without a written order from the Reeve.
By order of the Council,
O. D. SWEET, C. M. C.
North Arm, Oct. 12th, 1885. 14oc2t

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE FIRM OF HOMER & SON HAS this day been dissolved by mutual consent, F. Homer retiring. All debts due the late firm will be received by J. A. R. Homer. The business will be continued under the name of J. A. R. Homer, who will assume all liabilities of the late firm.
J. A. R. HOMER,
F. HOMER.
New Westminster, Oct. 13, 1885. 14octm

LANDS FOR SALE!

CHEAP FOR CASH.

SOUTH-EAST QUARTER OF SEC. 9, Township 8, containing 160 acres.

Lot 329 and a portion of Lot 326 in Township 11, containing about 68 acres.

Sixty acres on Lulu Island, adjoining the farm of Mr. Quigley, being the easterly portion of Lot 28, Block V, North Range V, West.

Lot 2, Block VIII, in the City of New Westminster.

Apply to W. D. FERRIS.
New Westminster, 13th October, 1885.
oc14tc

French's Market

Fish, Fruit, Game and Vegetables of all kinds.

SALT WATER FISH, SALT SALMON, SALT HERRING, SALMON BELLIES, SMOKED SALMON.

FRESH SALMON EVERY DAY

All purchases delivered in the City free of charge.

COLUMBIA STREET,
Opposite Dickinson's Butcher Shop.
oc14tc

MUNICIPAL WORK.

SEALED TENDERS, endorsed "Tenders for Bridges," will be received by the undersigned up to the **31st day of October** next, for the

Construction of Three Bridges

Over sloughs near the South Arm on Lulu Island. Specifications may be seen at the store of W. McColl, New Westminster; at the house of W. H. London, Lulu Island, and at the office of the undersigned.

Parties tendering are required to furnish sureties for the due performance of the work to the amount of 25 per cent. of contract price. Tenders for each bridge separately, and one tender for the whole work.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order of the Council,
O. D. SWEET, C.M.C.
North Arm, Oct. 12th, 1885. 14oc2t

MAIL CONTRACT.

TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster-General will be received at VICTORIA until noon, on SATURDAY, the 31st NOVEMBER, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails twice per week each way between

CHILLIWHACK AND NEW WESTMINSTER

during the Winter Season of 1885-86. Conveyance to be made in a vehicle.

Commencing when the steamers discontinue their regular trips in the Fall and ending when the steamers begin their regular trips in the Spring. To leave Chilliwhack early on the mornings of Mondays and Fridays, and proceed to New Westminster with all despatch. Returning, to leave New Westminster early on the mornings of Tuesdays and Saturdays, and to proceed to Chilliwhack with all dispatch.

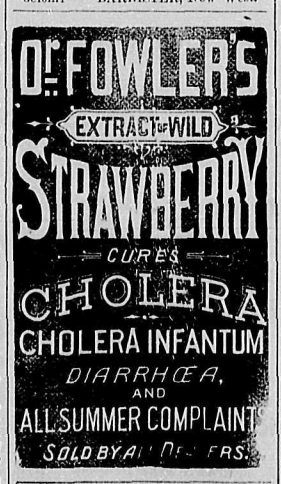
Each tender to state the price asked per trip.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices at Chilliwhack, Sumas, Upper Sumas, Aldergrove, Langley Prairie and New Westminster, or at the office of the subscriber.
E. H. FLETCHER,
P. O. Inspector.
Post Office Inspector's Office,
Victoria, 30th Sept., 1885. oc13t

MONEY TO LEND:

$5,000,
$10,000,
$15,000,
$20,000,
AT MODERATE RATES OF INTEREST

W. NORMAN BOLE,
oc10m1 BARRISTER, New West.



NOTICE.

To our Numerous Customers

ON ACCOUNT OF THE TOBACCO crop of 1883 being so poor, we did not buy much, and selected only the best of it, as we always wish to keep our "T. & B. Myrtle" brand up to the standard; and therefore there may be a scarcity of "T. & B. Myrtle" Plug for a short time. If such is the case there will be a full supply on the market by the end of October.

The tobacco we are now about to manufacture is the finest we have ever had, and we know it will please our numerous customers.

Yours respectfully,
GEO. E. TUCKETT & SON.
oc7ewly

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is my intention to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to have a Public Highway gazetted, as follows: Commencing at a point at or near the Moodyville Sawmill, on Lot 273, Group I, New Westminster District, thence in a westerly direction to the Indian Reserve, adjoining Lot 271, Group I, in said District.
oc3 D. McPHAIDEN.

DRESS-MAKING!

MISSES. McELROY & FITZ HENRY wish to inform the Ladies of New Westminster that they have opened a

Dress-Making Establishment
—AT—
TRAPP BRO'S STORE, COLUMBIA ST.

Where they will be prepared to execute any orders entrusted to them in the latest styles and with all possible despatch.
New Westminster, Oct. 6th, 1885. oc7tc

WOOD AND COAL!

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ON HAND A large quantity of

BEST WELLINGTON LUMP COAL

And an assortment of

CORD WOOD,

Which he will sell at lowest rates. He will also promptly attend to all kinds of

TEAMING.

Orders left at Mr. McColl's store on Columbia street, or at my house, Douglas street, will meet with prompt attention.
HENRY ELLIOTT.
New Westminster, Sept. 30, 1885.
30se6m

A. GREGG & SON,

ARTISTIC

TAILORS

Cor. Douglas and Pandora Sts. VICTORIA.

EVERY GARMENT FINISHED IN THE BEST MANNER.

FIRST PRIZE

Awarded at Provincial Exhibition, 1885.

Direct Importers of Suitings from European Markets.
Satisfaction guaranteed. oc7tc

Coal Harbor

FOR SALE

Lots in the Subdivision of Lot 301, Group I.

HENRY V. EDMONDS,
LAND AGENT.
TERMS EASY. **Columbia Street.**
se16tc

JAMES WISE

OFFERS FOR SALE

NEW AND SEASONABLE GOODS

ARRIVING BY EVERY STEAMER.

Ladies' and Children's

Jackets, Ulsters, Mantles, &c

A fine Assortment of

DRESS GOODS:
VELVETEENS, SATINS, SILKS, PLAIDS, FLANNELS, &c.

A nice Assortment of General

DRY GOODS:
GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

A complete Stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
Constantly on Hand.

New and Fashionable Millinery now arriving. Dressmaking and Millinery done on the premises.

☞ Hay, Grain, and Farm Produce purchased at the highest market rates. Butter Barrels and Kegs constantly on hand.
JAMES WISE,
Front Street, New Westminster.
New West., Oct. 9, 1885. oc10tc

Great Reduction!

IN PRICES
—OF—
WATCHES

Walnut Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles,
ETC., ETC.

☞ From the 1st to the 15th of of October a discount of 20 per cent. will be allowed on the above lines.

We have the largest and best assorted stock on the Mainland.

This will be a rare chance for farmers and others attending the Agricultural Exhibition. Don't fail to give us a call.

C. M. McNaughten,
COLONIAL BLOCK,
NEW WESTMINSTER.
se30tc

BALL'S HEALTH ✣ PRESERVING CORSETS

ALL WHO WEAR BALL'S CORSETS Are Delighted with Them.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSICIANS AND ALL WHO APPRECIATE FIT AND COMFORT.

TRY THEM ONCE!

And you will wear no other. Full Lines in Misses', Ladies' Nursing and

Ladies' Circle Cut

RIDING CORSETS

Just received by the Agents for British Columbia.

Hutcheson, Young & CO.

EIGHT

EXCELLENT REASONS why every Lady should Wear

Ball's CORSETS!

FIRST—They need no breaking in.
SECOND—Invalids can wear them with ease and comfort, as they yield to every movement of the body.
THIRD—They do not compress the most vital part of the wearer.
FOURTH—They will fit a greater variety of forms than any other make.
FIFTH—Owing to their peculiar construction they will last twice as long as any ordinary make.
SIXTH—They have had the unqualified endorsement of every physician who has examined them.
SEVENTH—They have given satisfaction to all ladies who have worn them, the common remark being, "We will never wear any other make."
EIGHTH—They are the only corset that a manufacturer has ever dared to guarantee satisfactory in every respect to the wearer, or the money refunded after three weeks' wear.

PRICES.

Misses, $1.00; Ladies, style B, $1.50; H. P., $1.75; Nursing, $2.00. Sateen, $3.50; Satin, $6.50. By mail, 25 cts. extra.

ADDRESS:

The White House,
Hutcheson, Young & Co.
au22tc VICTORIA, B. C

THE PIONEER BOOK —AND— STATIONERY STORE,

Granville, B. I.

Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Musical Instruments, Newspapers, Toys, &c.

It will be the aim of the manager of the Pioneer Book and Stationery Store to conduct business upon such principles as will secure and retain the confidence and patronage of the people of

Burrard Inlet.

Articles not in stock will be procured with the utmost despatch.

Prices will be found as low as anywhere else in the Province.

Newspapers and Periodicals supplied promptly.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
In First-Class Companies.

If you want anything in the above lines, call at or address the Pioneer Book and Stationery Store.

JAS. HALL,
MANAGER.
Granville, Burrard Inlet. au22tc

W. R. AUSTIN,

DEALER IN

General Merchandise!

A large Assortment of

DRY GOODS
—AND—
GROCERIES

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Hay and Feed
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WOOD AND COAL DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.

I run two stages daily, except Sundays, to Port Moody, carrying H.M.S. mails.

As no liquor or tobacco is used I can by temperate habits and careful economy serve the public at especially low rates.
se30tc

F. CRAKE,

WATCH MAKER

—AND—

JEWELER,

Opposite the Colonial Hotel.

Formerly manager of the Watch Department of Savage & Lyman, Montreal.

HAVING SEVERED MY CONNECnection with Mr. McNaughten, I am prepared to

DO ALL KINDS OF

FINE AND COMPLICATED WATCHES

And JEWELRY.

CHARGES REASONABLE. au5tc

GREAT REDUCTION —IN— PRICES!

Scotch, English and American Clothing of the best and very latest styles, reduced.....30 per cent.
American and Canadian White and Cambric Shirts, reduced..30 per cent.
American and English Hats, reduced .....35 per cent.
Canadian Tweeds and Flannels, reduced.....25 per cent.
Fancy Goods reduced.....40 per cent.

These Goods MUST BE SOLD,

As I intend keeping nothing but a well-selected Stock of Boots and Shoes.

ROYAL CITY Boot and Shoe Store

Opposite Ewen's Cannery.
Mrs. Emma Gold, Proprietress.
oc7tc

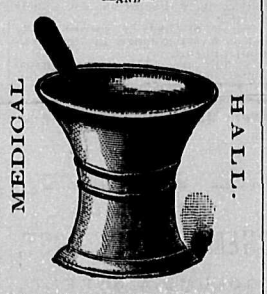
D. S. CURTIS. S. CLARKE, M.D.

D.S. CURTIS & CO.

Dealers in

DRUGS

—AND—



CHEMICALS

Wholesale and Retail.

PRESCRIPTIONS
DISPENSED
At Low Rates.

Next to Colonial Hotel,
New Westminster, B. C.
au22tc

Fraser River Fish Hatchery

NO PERSON WILL HEREAFTER BE admitted to the Fish Hatchery without a permit from the Inspector of Fisheries or the Superintendent of the Hatchery.
GEO. PITTENDRIGH,
7oc1m Inspector.

GLOBE HOUSE!

—THE—

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM,

Columbia St.
NEW WESTMINSTER

A WELL ASSORTED STOCK
OF ALL KINDS OF

Dry Goods, Millinery, and **Fancy Goods**
Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Etc.

FASHIONABLE
First-Class Goods!
AT REASONABLE PRICES.
se23tc **W. RAE, Manager.**

J. A. R. HOMER,

—IMPORTER—

SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FRONT ST., - NEW WETTMINSTER

OFFERS FOR SALE

Extra, Superfine and Graham

FLOUR

BARLEY,
GROUND BARLEY,
WHEAT,
MIDDLINGS

BRAN,

OIL CAKE,
OATS,
OAT MEAL,
CORN MEAL,

GRAIN SACKS,

HAMS, BACON, LARD, BUTTER, DRIED FRUIT, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Agent for Beacon Light Oil Co'y, Cleveland, Ohio. (ja9tc)

Clothing! Clothing!

WHITE

THE CLOTHIER,

Has Just Received

OVER 300 MEN'S SUITS

A Large Quantity of

Boys' and Youth's Clothing!

7 Cases of American

FELT HATS

Also, a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

—HE NOW HAS—

The Best Assortment in the above Line ever exhibited in New Westminster.

LATEST STYLES

At Lowest Possible Prices for Cash.

Call Early and Make Your Selection.

COLUMBIA STREET OPP. BANK OF B. C.

D. McPHADEN,

Importer and Dealer in

Family Groceries!

—AND—

PROVISIONS.

Imported in quantity, First-Class in quality, Sold at Bottom Prices

The best Place in the City to buy your Groceries.

D. McPHADEN,
Deane's Brick Block,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
mh4

FURNITURE

W. PROTHERO & CO.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE.

REMOVED

☞ To shop lately occupied by Mr. Darcy, Columbia Street.

Call and examine our stock and prices before buying. We can't be **UNDERSOLD** in the city. Repairing of all kinds neatly done. W. PROTHERO & CO.
se16tc

Boarding & Day School

FOR THE EDUCATION OF YOUNG LADIES.

Columbia St., New West., B. C.

LADY PRINCIPAL:
MISS DAWSON
VICE-PRINCIPAL:
MISS KATHERINE DAWSON.

THIS SCHOOL WILL OPEN for Children of all denominations on the 1st of September, 1885.

Tuition Fees, per mensem (payable in advance), for Day Pupils:

Elementary Class (Eng. Subjects)	$2 50
Advanced Classes, " "	3
French and Latin	3
German	2
Music Lessons (Pianoforte)	3
" (Elementary)	2 50
Drawing & Painting in water colors	2 50
Plain Sewing and Fancy Work	50

☞ For prospectus, terms and full particulars regarding boarders, apply to the Lady Principal. au12tc

ARCHIE BURNS,

DEALER IN

General MERCHANDISE

—AND—

Dry Goods.

Groceries and Fruit

A SPECIALITY.

A full supply of Coal, Dry Alder and Fir

Kept constantly on hand.

TRUCKING & TEAMING

Of all kinds promptly attended to at lowest prices.

Saddle Horses and Buggies for Hire.

Orders may be left at my store, corner Columbia and Blackie Streets, New Westminster. se30tc

The Colonial BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

Colonial Hotel Building, NEW WESTMINSTER.

WM. ROSS

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

BOOTS and SHOES

The French Lenoir, Goodyear, Pinkerton, Cochrane, Cassils & Co., Armes Holden and Slater Boots and Shoes.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN ARE RESpectfully invited to call and examine the stock.

I have also on hand the

SCOTCH-CANADIAN LEATHER WATER-TIGHT KNEE BOOT,

Which now takes the place of gum boots.
jy29tc

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO SPORTSMEN!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Guns and Rifles!

Of Every Description.

Where any one can choose what he requires at PRICES WHICH THEY HAVE NEVER BEFORE BEEN OFFERED AT.

It will pay to look at them before buying elsewhere.

A FULL STOCK OF

AMMUNITION

Of the best quality, as low as it can possibly be sold.

Tobacco. Cigars, Pipes,
AND
General Merchandise

Highest cash price paid for all kinds of FURS.

A. GUTMANN,
se2tc **Opposite Colonial Hotel**

ADVERTISING RATES:

Transient Advertisements—First insertion, 8 cts. per line; subsequent insertions, 2 cts. per line.

Regular Commercial and Business Advertisements--1 column, $12 per month; ½ col., $7 per month; ¼ col., $4 per month; 2 inches, $2 per month; 1 inch, $1.50 per month. These rates to be charged on standing advertisements which remain over 3 months. If for a less period the rates will be: 1 col., $15 per month; ½ col., $9; ¼ col., $5; 2 inches, $3; 1 inch, $2.

Specials, among reading matter—Each insertion, 20 cts. per line.

Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1 each. Funeral notices accompanying death notice, 50 cts. extra.

☞All transient advertisements will be measured by a scale of solid Nonpareil, which makes 12 lines to the inch and 7 words to the line. Display lines must be allowed for in making estimates. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00.

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Oct. 14, 1885.

Tenders are asked for 3 bridges in the municipality of Richmond.

The mayor has issued a proclamation announcing a holiday for to-day.

New Fall Dress Goods and Braids to match, in all the latest shades, at Jas. Ellard & Co's. oc10

This morning the str. Cariboo Fly takes 25 tons of potatoes, among other freight, to Nanaimo.

From the latest telegrams it will be seen that the war dogs of Europe may break loose any moment.

A social is to be held in St. Paul's church, St. John st., next Friday night. For particulars see adv.

Opium smoking prevails to an alarming extent in Boston. It was introduced into that city by Chinese.

We don't believe there is a city in Canada with cleaner streets and better sidewalks than New Westminster.

The str. Dunsmuir has been undergoing repairs at Victoria, and her place has been supplied by the str. Cariboo Fly.

Weather during the past few days has been sunshine with occasional showers. We hope it may be fine to-day.

Read Mr. W. J. French's business announcement in another column. Fish, fruit, vegetables and game in season.

It appears that the nicest little present one New York society girl can make to another just now is a beautiful cigarette case.

When completed the spire of the Roman Catholic Cathedral in New York will be 180 feet in height, and will cost $190,000.

His excellency's speech at the Victoria banquet was quite an extensive address, and such as any statesman might be proud of.

Yesterday afternoon the people who do business on Columbia street were busily engaged in decorating for the vice-regal reception.

The provincial secretary came up from Victoria on Monday, and will be present at the reception of the governor-general to-day.

It is expected the telephone line will reach Granville before the end of this week. The delay has been caused from the lack of wire.

It will be seen from a notice in another column that tenders are asked for a winter mail service by land between this city and Chilliwhack.

Just received at James Ellard & Co.'s a large and select stock of Men's and Boys' Fall Suits and Overcoats, latest styles; the only new stock in town. o10

We understand that the Board of Trade of this city has prepared an address, which will be presented to his excellency if a suitable opportunity should offer.

On Friday night 8 convicts were brought down from Kamloops for the penitentiary. Six of these were Chinamen, one was an Indian, and the other a white man.

The str. Reliance brought down 105 head of cattle on Monday, and 100 head came on the cars. The Yosemite took 85 head yesterday for Victoria.

The Hyacks will parade in uniform at the engine house this afternoon after being dismissed from the rifles. Every member of the company is expected to be present.

Persons intending to be present at the ball at Ladner's to-night should remember that the str. Reliance leaves this city for the scene of festivities at 7 o'clock this evening.

A peculiar virtue in Ayer's Sarsaparilla is that while it cleanses and purges the blood from all corruptions and impurities, and thereby roots out disease, it builds up and invigorates the whole system, and make one young again.

The remains of Edward Meinkie, who died last Friday, were conveyed to the cemetery on Sunday afternoon, followed by a very large number of people. Meinkie had many friends, but it is to be feared his was a wasted life.

Yesterday afternoon the largest salmon trout probably ever taken in the river was brought to Mr. French's market. It weighed nearly 48 lbs. Capt. Pittendrigh at once bought the fish, and will have it skinned, stuffed, and sent to London exhibition.

There were about 60 people at the meeting Saturday night. It was determined that in addition to the civic reception his excellency should be entertained at luncheon. We understand, however, that his excellency declined the luncheon on account of other engagements.

Mr. Thos. Mowat returned from Harrison River river yesterday. Nearly one million eggs have now been deposited in the hatchery, and 12 men are busy taking more salmon at Harrison. It is intended to put four million eggs in this season, which will be one million more than last year.

It seems quite certain that the Republican party in the United States will be hampered again by the prohibition vote. While the prohibitionists cannot elect a ticket, they have the balance of power in many cases, and may force one of the parties eventually to make prohibition a plank in the party platform.

Our police court report consists of two drunks on Saturday and one on Monday, and a Chinese case yesterday. The celestial's name is Ele, and he was accused of stealing two rings in a house where he was employed as a domestic. The evidence was not sufficient to convict and the case was enlarged till to-morrow.

Many forget that the hair and scalp need cleansing as well as the hands and feet. Extensive use of Ayer's Hair Vigor has proven that it is the best cleansing agent for the hair—that it prevents as well as removes dandruff, cools and soothes the scalp, and stimulates the hair to renewed growth and beauty.

NEW FALL GOODS.—Call and examine the large lot of New Fall Goods just opened at James Ellard & Co's. oc10

THE MARQUIS OF LANSDOWNE

The Programme for To-day.

It is expected his excellency the governor-general will arrive at this city in the str. Sir James Douglas about 1 p. m. to-day. At Ewen's wharf he will enter carriages in waiting and proceed to the agricultural grounds by the following route: Along Front st. to Douglas st., up Douglas to Columbia st., along Columbia to Mary st., up Mary st. to Agnes st., and along that street to the grounds. At the grounds he will be presented with an address of welcome from the corporation. The school children will be present and sing the National Anthem. After the address and reply carriages will be in waiting to convey his excellency and party through the city or anywhere they may wish to go. There will be a military escort from the artillery and rifles. His excellency will be the guest of the Right Rev. Bishop of New Westminster for the night, and an "At Home" will be held at the bishop's palace from 9:30 to 10:30 p.m. It is expected the party will leave early Thursday morning by the C. P. R.

Time does not permit us to-day to comment upon the dishonest way in which the *Columbian* would place the penitentiary discussion so far as this paper has referred to the subject.—*Kamloops Sentinel.* Our cotemporary must surely have misapprehended THE COLUMBIAN's remarks on the penitentiary. They were certainly not dishonest.

NEW FALL MILLINERY.—Just received at Jas. Ellard & Co.'s, a large lot of Ladies' and Children's Fall Hats and Bonnets, Feathers, Flowers, Ornaments, &c., &c. oc10

GRANITE CREEK MINES.—It is desirable that any publicans who have been duly licensed should be allowed to dispense liquor in the new mines. Two or three licenses have been issued to responsible persons.—*Colonist.* We disagree entirely with our cotemporary, and we affirm that it is *not* desirable on any consideration to introduce liquor in new mines. As a result of the opening of the first saloon at Granite Creek we have the shooting scrape which sent a man down to this city to await trial, and the country is put to a cost of probably not less than $500. That is more than all the license revenues will amout to, putting aside altogether the moral aspect of the question.

CITY COUNCIL.—Council met on Monday night. Present, His worship the mayor and Couns. Bonson, Elliott, Hendry, Douglas, Shiles, Calbick, and Lord. A communication was received from Mr. DeKnevett offering deed of Brown st. and small street intersecting for purpose of road construction; several accounts were passed. Tenders for Queen's Avenue were opened: Jos. Stephen, $385; A. Burns, $375; Levi Carpenter, $450; Shannon & McDonald, 239; J. M. Wise, $335. Tenders for St. Andrew's st.: W. J. Howison, $950; Shannon & McDonald, $344; D. Crockett, $395; J. M. Wise, $565. The consideration of tenders was postponed. Mr. Knevett's offer accepted. Council adjourned till next Monday night.

GOOD CITIZENS.—On Friday a party of 18 persons from eastern Canada arrived and took up their residence in this city. The party consisted of Mrs. C. E. C. Brown and two children, who came from Stanstead to join Dr. Brown; Mr. H. R. Beckett, wife and 2 daughters; and his son, wife and child. They come from Sherbrooke, and intend to carry on the industry of brick making at Port Haney. They have rented the house on Pelham st. formerly occupied by Mr. Clarkson. There was also Mr. Raith, with his wife and three children. Mr. Raith is a blacksmith, and was for some time employed in Mr. Lewis' shop. Besides these there were three others whose names we have not learned. The party engaged a car for themselves at Sherbrook to carry them without change to Portland, but they do not speak well of the treatment received from the N. P. R. officials.

CANADIAN AUTHORS ABROAD. — A true story, "The Professor's Last Skate," by J. Macdonald Oxley, will appear among the attractions of *Wide Awake*, the bright Boston magazine, for 1886. Mr. J. E. Collins, of Ottawa, will appear in the same monthly with his "Saved by a Kite," also a true story of adventure. In the August number of this favorite magazine for young folks, Mr. Collins has a delightful tale entitled "Hunted by a Wild Stallion," which treats in a thrilling way of an exciting episode at Island Head, Newfoundland. Mr. Charles G. D. Roberts, of New Brunswick, has also been levied on for a story for the same publication. He will write "Bear versus Birchbark," and judging from this writer's well-known reputation in fiction, we may be sure that he will present a pleasant and readable tale. Mr. Roberts has a poem in the current *Century* magazine, which may be ranked among his best verses.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

Marquis of Lansdowne.

The Right Hon. Henry Charles Keith Petty Fitz-Maurice, eldest son of the fourth Marquis of Lansdowne, K. G., by his second wife, the Lady Emily Jane, eldest daughter of the Come de Flahault and the Baroness Keith and Navine, was born in 1845. He was educated at Eton and at Baliol College, Oxford; and was formerly a captain in the Wilts Yeomanry cavalry. He succeeded his father in the Marquisate and their titles in 1866. Lord Lansdowne was a lord of the treasury from 1868 to 1872, and under secretary of war from the latter date till 1874. He was appointed under-secretary for India when Mr. Gladstone took office again in 1880, but retired two months afterwards (July 18) owing to a disagreement with the government on the subject of the compensation for disturbance (Ireland) bill. In May, 1883, the Queen approved the appointment of Lord Lansdowne as governor-general of Canada, in succession to the Marquis of Lorne, who was to retire in October of that year, on the completion of the period for which he was appointed. The Marquis is a magistrate for the county of Kerry. He married in 1869 Lady Maud Evelyn Hamilton, youngest daughter of the first Duke of Abercorn.

Movements of the Governor.

By Telegraph.

NANAIMO, Oct. 13.—His excellency the governor-general and party arrived here late last evening, but did not land till 10 a. m. this morning. They were met on the wharf by Mayor Bate, D. W. Gordon, M. P., R. Dunsmuir, M. P. P., W. Raybould, M. P. P., S. M. Robins, Supt. V. C. Co., J. Pawson, J. P., and others. His excellency was then escorted to the platform in front of the government buildings, at which a large crowd had congregated, where an address was read to the governor-general, who replied in a firm, clear voice. The party then left, headed by the band and fire company, marched through Commercial street to the Esplanade shaft, thence to the office of the V. C. Co., where an ample lunch was spread by Mr. S. M. Robins. After lunch the party left on the cars for the Chase River and South Field mines. After returning they next visited the Wellington collieries, thence to Departure Bay and back to Nanaimo. The governor-general will leave early to-morrow morning for New Westminster.

A SURE INDICATION.—Whenever there are festering sores, blotches, pimples and boils appearing it indicates an extremely bad condition of the blood, which should be speedily cleansed by that best of all medicines, Burdock Blood Bitters.

From Burrard Inlet.

(Correspondence of the Columbian.)

GRANVILLE, Oct. 13.—The shingles are being put on Ferguson's new building, and it will be ready for the spring trade. This building is 50x150 feet, two stories high. There are 5 stores on the ground floor and a number of offices upstairs. When finished the building will cost upwards of $10,000. Mr. Mutrie, late of Port Moody, is also building a store, and there is another store and a dwelling house in course of erection.—Times continue improving. There is a good deal of work going on, and everybody who wants employment can get it.—There are only two ships in the harbor at present. A loaded ship left Moodyville a few days ago.—Revival services continue in Blair's Hall every night, and are largely attended, and the people are undoubtedly being awakened to the importance of religion. — A young man who has been through all the North-west booms arrived here a few days ago and declares that the boom will strike Coal Harbor very shortly. His experience ought to be worth something.

A CERTAIN RESULT.—In all disturbed action of the Stomach, the Bowels, the Liver or the Kidneys the result of taking Burdock Blood Bitters is certain to afford prompt benefit to the sufferer. Burdock Blood Bitters cure when other remedies fail.

Surprise Party.

(Correspondence of the Columbian.)

On Friday evening the 9th inst. a large number of the people of Chilliwhack, Cheam and Sumas gathered into their wagons an assortment of the various products of the farm, to which were added store provisions, dry-goods, etc., and started for the Methodist parsonage at Sumas to re-stock the larder and granery of the resident minister for the winter months. On their arrival at the parsonage they found the house vacant, the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Bryant having gone out to one of the near neighbors to spend the evening. Undaunted, a couple of the ladies proceeded at once to obtain an entrance into the house, in which they finally succeeded, and were followed by the whole crowd. They at once commenced packing in the baskets well filled with all sorts of food requisite for a first-class dinner, tables being arranged and a fire started in the stove. Dinner was ready in short order; in the meantime a messenger was dispatched for Mr. and Mrs. Bryant. On arrival they were invited to seats at the table, at which forty-two ladies and gentlemen besides sat down and did ample justice to the luxuriant spread. The evening was pleasantly spent, interspersed with music and singing. During the evening Mr. D. McGillivray was deputed to read the following address:

TO THE REV. CORNELIUS BRYANT:—DEAR BROTHER.—We, your friends and members of your congregations at the several appointments on your extensive field of labor, desire to take this opportunity of expressing and conveying to you our deep appreciation of your services and labor amongst us, in proclaiming the truth of the Gospel of Christ from Sabbath to Sabbath, thus encouraging and inspiring us with a higher and nobler ambition in our christian life. Your unqualified denunciation of everything that is evil, sinful and immoral convinces us that you feel the great responsibility of your high calling as one of Christ's ambassadors in calling and directing fallen humanity to eternal life. Our prayers would be that the richest blessings of God may rest and abide with you, Mrs. Bryant and family, and that your health and strength may be long spared to labor as successfully as you have in the past in the vineyard of our Divine Master. These gifts we present to you as a thank offering unto the Lord, the giver of all good, for the bountiful harvest with which we have been blessed.

Rev. Mr. Bryant was, of course, taken completely by surprise, and replied feelingly to the address and the practical expression of good will manifested in such generous gifts.

A SAD CASE.—The poor victim of Chronic Dyspepsia apparently suffers all the ills of life, living in continual torture. Regulate the Liver and the Bowels and tone the stomach with Burdock Blood Bitters and the dyspeptic's trouble is soon gone.

Geological Explorations.

The explorations of Mr. Amos Bowman, of the Canadian Geological Survey, have been closed for the season. These explorations in British Columbia were undertaken conjointly by the federal and provincial governments, Mr. Tuck, C.E., who formed one of the party, was in Victoria the other day and gave the *Colonist* a statement of the season's operations. Starting from Quesnellmouth a careful traverse of the Cariboo wagon road was made to Barkerville, and the various claims on Lightning creek located and examined. Williams creek was also traversed, and so far as possible all the old and worked-out claims upon it were located, as well as the hydraulic claims which are now being worked. From Barkerville the party worked to Grouse creek, and up that creek as far as the former site of Boone's sawmill, and down to the Waverley Company's claim, which was not being worked because of the scarcity of water, but of which great hopes are entertained. From Grouse creek the trail was traversed to Antler creek, up which the traverse was continued to Sawmill Flat, passing the well known Nason claim, now in charge of Mr. George Cowan, M.P.P., from which it is confidently expected remunerative returns will soon be made to those interested.

FROM SAWMILL FLAT

the traverse was extended to the Snow Shoe creek and its branches, and thence to Keithley creek which was surveyed to Veith, Borland & Co.'s ranch. From this point a survey was made to the north branch of the Quesnelle river which was traversed to the Forks of the Quesnelle, where there is a large Chinese settlement. Prospecting has again begun here, and hopes are sanguinely entertained that it will be successful. Returning to Keithley creek traverses were made thence along Cariboo lake to Harvey creek, which was surveyed and claims located, upon which a large amount of money and labor had been expended without, as yet, any adequate return. From Harvey creek the mountain was crossed to Cunningham creek which was also traversed, and thence through Cunningham pass to Antler creek again, passing by the Yellow river claim which was being worked with fair pay. Mosquito creek, where a large quantity of work has been done, and is being done, Cornish creek, Porcupine creek, Hardscrabble and Sugar creek were visited in turn, and connected by carefully made surveys. Mount Agnes, Yank's Peak, Keithley mountain, the Sisters, Mount Anderson and Bald mountain were ascended and accurate topographical sketches made from each, with transit chronometer and level.

THE QUARTZ LEDGES

on Keithley mountain were examined during the trip to its summit, and afterwards those on Burns' mountain, together with the workings at that point. A visit was also made to the Quesnelle Quartz Mining Company's claim on Hixon creek, for which new machinery is now being sent forward from Spence's Bridge, and experienced miners have been engaged to conduct the mining and milling of the ore. The Lillooet-Cariboo wagon road has also been traversed from Quesnelle north to Soda creek, and thence to the 250-mile post, to connect with the system of surveyed lands in the southern part of the province. A reconnoisance was also made with a view to a railway from Bridge creek by way of the old brigade trail to Green lake and the Bonaparte river, and thence down the Bonaparte to Mundorf's, on the Yale-Clinton wagon road. Another reconnoissance is also being made from the 150-mile post to the forks of Quesnelle, and down the Quesnelle river to its mouth. Of course, the work which has been done this year is largely preliminary, but a large amount of material and information has been collected, which it is hoped and expected will be useful when properly collected and published in the form of maps and reports. The party has had an unusually favorable season for its work, and warmly appreciates the kindness and hospitality which it received everywhere in the Cariboo district.

The aroma of the tobacco leaf is so completely conserved in the manufacture of "Myrtle Navy," that age has no effect in diminishing it; even after the plug has been kept for years it gives out its full flavor under the combustion in the pipe, mellowed in tone by its age and making the most exquisite smoke which tobacco can be made to give. Age too hardens the structure of the plug and gives the tobacco, when cut, that almost granular appearance in which all connoisseurs delight.

Communications.

A Voice from Maple Ridge.

EDITOR COLUMBIAN.—In glancing over the columns of THE COLUMBIAN I observe that there are lively times in Yale caused by a crowd of drunken men prowling the streets. If reports are true Yale is not the only place where such a state of things exists. A few days ago two ladies visited Port Haney where three drunken scoundrels molested them, and before leaving for their homes they were obliged to secure the services of a gentleman to accompany them some half a mile out of the place. Another man, we are informed, was found lying dead drunk upon the railroad and was only pulled off just before the arrival of the train. Still another in a drunken frenzy threw himself over the wharf into the river, and but for the timely aid of those present must have been drowned. If things go on like this at Port Haney, where there is no house licensed to sell whisky, what else can we expect in a little town like Yale with its dozen or more licensed grog shops! "If they do these things in a green tree, what shall be done in a dry?" SIGMA.

Maple Ridge, Oct. 9th.

Chilliwhack Temperance.

EDITOR COLUMBIAN.—As I have noticed from time to time in your paper reference made to the illegal sale of liquor at Chilliwhack, allow me to relate my experience. On Tuesday last myself, in company with my wife, attended the Fair at Chilliwhack. We put up at the Barlett House. We were met at the door by Mr. Barlett, the former proprietor of the house, and were told that it was being run by Mr. Innes, his son-in-law; but Mr. Barlett ordered our teams put out, and assured us that all pains would be taken to make our stay with them a comfortable one. We were assigned to a room by Mr. Barlett, which happened to be directly over the bar room. Every thing passed off pleasantly during the day, only I noticed that there was some kind of business being transacted in the room beneath our room with darkened windows and under lock and key. I saw several parties of men collect around the door of that mysterious room, who would be admitted, and the door locked again. But the first light I received of what was going on inside was while standing on the walk in front, when the bar-tender motioned to me, then asked me to take a drink, which invitation I declined. After spending a pleasant day at the fair grounds, where everything spoke well for the thriving settlers of Chilliwhack, my wife and I retired to that little upper room over the bar. After retiring we noticed that the noise in the room below was increasing. As a storm-cloud slowly rises and finally breaks forth in all its fury, so the storm that was brewing in the room below broke forth about midnight in all its vulgarity and drunkenness. I have been in the mining towns of California and in the principal cities of the United States, but it never was my lot to listen to such a drunken carousal before; and I think that it has but seldom fallen to the lot of a woman to be so insulted as to be compelled to listen to such profanity and vulgarity as my wife was compelled to listen to that night. About one o'clock the crowd were engaged in a general fight. It sounded as if twenty men at least were engaged in it. Several revolvers were drawn, but none discharged. Finally the most violent one was put out of the house, and the others made the night hideous with their yells. We arose and dressed, and endeavored to make our escape; but as the hall through which we would be compelled to pass and the walk outside were crowded with drunken men, I deemed it unsafe to take my wife from the room and decided to stay until the light of day. At one time we saw five drunken men stretched out on the walk in front. We saw one man, after being put out, try to gain an entrance by the window. The bar-tender came out, knocked him down and kicked him. Mr. Editor, we not only saw the outside and heard the noise, but we actually saw the inside of the lion's den. There has been a stove-pipe at some time leading through the room used as bar-room, and the room occupied by us, and through the hole in the floor we saw the bar, and saw drinks being dealt out to men who seemed to be getting more drunk with every glass they took. As soon as light appeared we paid our bill (no deduction was made on account of the sleepless night we had spent) and took our departure without breakfast. At the head of the stairs as we came down, a door was open and we saw five drunken men stretched out, one with clothes and boots on. When we reached home we remarked, twenty miles is not too far to live from Chilliwhack.

O. B. ACKERMAN.

Upper Sumas, Oct. 5:1885.

Battery "C."

EDITOR COLUMBIAN.—That noble patriot (?) the editor of the Victoria *Colonist*, I observe, is again crying out for some more public money to be expended in Victoria, to the detriment of the rest of the province—and to show you how liberal he is, he calls you, because you don't agree with him, "our intensely sectional cotemporary." This sounds very much like "cheek," coming from a newspaper who advised the voters of Victoria not to vote for Williams at the last election because he owned a few acres of land on the Fraser. But that is nothing compared to the impudence shown by the patriot in dictating to the military authorities where "C" Battery should be stationed. But, Mr. Editor, he is a true type of the city he lives in: all they want is public money expended in Victoria, and the rest of the province may starve if only the Victoria pelican gets the grub. This is easily proved by reading the reports of the last war meeting held in Victoria. What did all the blood and thunder end in? Simply resolutions to the Imperial and Dominion governments calling upon them to spend money for the defence of Victoria—not a word about any other place; and although the Victorians were ready (at the meeting) to eat any amount of Russians, the notorious fact remains that *not one man enlisted* to fill up the vacancies in the ranks or work the guns in the batteries that had already been built by the Dominion government, at considerable expense. This is patriotism for you. But I would like to ask the great military editor a few questions: Supposing "C" Battery is located in Victoria, what is it going to do when the enemy slips past Victoria in the dark (and there is twenty miles wide to do it in), or comes down through Seymour narrows, attacks Nanaimo and drops a few pounds of guncotton down the shafts of the coal mines? What is "C" Battery going to do when the enemy attacks the terminus of the C. P. R. at Burrard Inlet? What is "C" Battery going to do if the enemy chooses to steam up the Fraser and take the terminus in flank? What is "C" Battery going to do when the enemy lays off Cadboro bay and takes the Victoria batteries in the rear, or fires at Esquimalt from Saanich arm? And last, but not least, what is the Battery going to live upon if it gets blockaded on the corner of Vancouver Island, and where is it going to get its supplies from in the event of war? No my dear pelican, you just remain as quiet as possible and try and not draw the enemy's fire, or you may find the city you live in, and which it is impossible to defend by shore batteries, blown up and wiped out of existence and your strategical point nowhere. Get thee to Alberni; no, get thee to Alexandra, and examine the effects of shot upon shore batteries, so that thy mind may be expanded and not as contracted as the little point of soil thou livest upon, and thou wilt not be put down in the category with that "fossilized Jack ashore" who represents you at Ottawa and who stated at your public meeting that he had great difficulty in making the people east believe that the rock he lives upon was the centre of the province. And when you get hungry, my dear pelican, we will send you from the mainland the wherewithal to feed upon as heretofore. And above all, read the modern military reports upon this question (militia report, 1884), and thou will see that the most important strategical point in B. C. is Burrard Inlet, with the sea in front, an impregnable harbor 14 miles long as a place of refuge for merchant ships, and the C. P. R. in the rear to bring supplies and munitions of war; while at Bedwell bay in the North arm, 10 miles up the inlet, can be built an unapproachable coal depot, arsenal and dockyard which can neither be seen or shelled and which can be made a second Gibraltar. And above all, my dear pelican, persuade the city of Victoria to discard its present coat of arms, which is: a hand in a grab-bag, with the motto, "Oh, that the government would do something for us!"

TRUTH.

New Westminster, 12th Oct., 1885.

HIGHEST PRAISE.—The well-known drug firm of N. C. Polson & Co., of Kingston, writes that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has long been considered the best remedy for Summer complaints in the markets, and adds that their customers speak in the highest terms of its merits. Wild Strawberry is the best known remedy for Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, and all Bowel Complaints.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Cardinal McCloskey died at 12:50 o'clock this morning peacefully and surrounded by relations and the clergymen of his church.

DUBLIN, Oct. 9.—Cardinal Manning's article on how Catholics ought to vote in the coming election has appeared in the Dublin *Review*. The cardinal defends parliament and the constitution, even though oppressing Catholicism. He favors liberalism, which is devoted to the care of the poor and the charge of land enforcement to local option. He strongly denounces secular education, and urges Catholics to place the religious question foremost and support only those candidates who are in favor of placing voluntary schools a vital question in the Christian education and of appointing a royal commision to examine into the education question.

PARIS, Oct. 10.—There are numerous rumors afloat to the effect that the French troops will totally evacuate Tonquin.

MONTREAL, Oct. 10.—A special mass for the cessation of the epidemic at which Monsignor Fabre will officiate, will be celebrated next week at the instance of the bar of Montreal. Up to date the public vaccinators have inoculated over 13,000 persons.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Gladstone has openly resumed the direction of the liberal campaign. He has already managed to compose the difficulties between Hartington, leader of the whigs, and Chamberlain, leader of the radicals. The latter was making such headway that Lord Hartington became alarmed and threatened to withdraw from active management in the campaign unless Chamberlain was so far curbed, at least, to not commit the whole liberal party to his schemes of radical reform.

FATAL ATTACKS.—Among the most prevalent, fatal, and sudden attacks of diseases are those incident to the Summer and Fall, such as Cholera Morbus, Bilious Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, etc., that often prove fatal in a few hours. That ever reliable remedy, Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, should be at hand, for use in an emergency.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—The *Standard's* Berlin correspondent says Germany, with the approval of Austria, Russia and England, has proposed a plan for the settlement of the Bulgarian question, the following principles to be observed: (1) that the Greek and Servian demands be rejected; (2) that Turkey be advised to complete her military preparations so as to be ready to interfere in the event of Greece and Servia moving to enforce their demands; lastly, that the union of Bulgaria and Roumelia under Prince Alexander, the latter avowing the sovereignty of the Sultan, be recognized.

ATHENS, Oct. 12.—Demonstrations in favor of war are being held throughout Greece. The army is being rapidly mobilized. The king has called out the reserves to the number of 40,000 men.

BELGRADE, Oct. 12—The war fever runs high in Servia, and active preparations are going on to enforce Servia's demand for extension of territory. English, French and Austrian firms have been tendered contracts by the government to supply complete outfits for 25,000 troops, and all contracts have been allotted; also, one for 35,000 horses. The Larder Bank war loan has been raised to $7,000,000.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 12.—Mr. Gladstone has written to La Vileye, a well known writer on political economy, as follows: "I favor Bulgarian union, but trust its territory will not exceed its present limit because I fear disastrous competitions between themselves and also by the Helenic and Slavic races for the extension of territory. I express myself on the question with reserve because my mind is perplexed by the many difficulties surrounding it. I see that Bulgarian union, excellent in itself, may produce immeasurable results.

A SPEEDY CURE.—As a speedy cure for Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Colic, Cramps, Sick Stomach, Canker of the Stomach and Bowels, and all forms of Summer Complaints, there is no remedy more reliable than Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Dealers who sell it and those who buy it are on mutual grounds in confidence of its merits.

YESTERDAY'S DISPATCHES.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—The appeal of Louis Riel came up to-day for argument. His London lawyer, Frances Henry Jeune, immediately on opening of the court asked for a postponement until the arrival of Mr. Fitzpatrick, Riel's Canadian counsel, who was bringing with him important documents respecting the matter. Webster, attorney-general, opposed the request. The court, however, agreed to postpone the case until the 21st. The court room was crowded, but there was no excitement.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 13.—The troops which formed the garrison of Salonica are marching north-west toward the Roumelian frontier. The Bulgarians are entrenched at Prestina, in Roumelia, near the frontier.

Flood Rock Explosion.

280 000 LBS. OF DYNAMITE EXPLODED!

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The 280,000 pounds of dynamite under the Flood Rock, in Hell Gate, has just been exploded. The shock was plainly felt at the lower end of Manhattan Island. In order to protect life and property at the Flood Rock explosion to-day, the most careful and adequate police arrangements were perfected. A force of 450 policemen, in addition to the harbor police, were detailed to the scene of action, 30 of whom were located on the East river front. Blackwell's Island contained 100 men, while 50 were on duty at Ward's Island. All the buildings on the north end of Blackwell's Island were cleared of their inmates, including the Almshouse, Workhouse and Lunatic Asylum, who were massed on the lawns at a safe distance from the explosion, and carefully guarded. In the Penitentiary the cell doors were thrown open and the prisoners conducted to the halls of the prison, which was surrounded by the police, while a large force was stationed among the convicts to prevent riot or escape, and give aid in case it was found necessary to reach the building. All points on the shore from which the Flood Rock could be seen were densely packed with people. The police were kept busy in keeping the crowd outside of the danger line. Ropes had been stretched across the river above and below the place of the explosion and launches from the navy yard patrolled the river to the sea. No vessels attempted to pass through. The bell in the tower of St. Ann's school building struck the hour of 11 and fifty thousand people waited expectantly for the explosion, which was advertised to be on hand at that hour, but at that moment there were still a number of people on the Flood Rock. A few moments later, however, took them off, and then the spectators braced themselves for the expected shock. Ladies and gentlemen in carriages stood upon cushions and leveled their opera glasses towards the island. A hushed expectancy fell upon the vast crowd, who seemed almost afraid to breathe for fear the act would disturb their view of the explosion should it occur at that moment. The river in the vicinity of the Flood Rock and Hallett's point was now clear of vessels. At a respectful distance, however, scores of excursion steamers, their decks black with people, yachts, tugs and even sound liners, waited for the pressing of the electric button. At precisely 11:18 o'clock the earth trembled and the bosom of the river was pierced with a mighty upheaval of rocks and timbers. Up went the glittering masses of water until it seemed as if they would never stop. At a height of 200 feet the uplifted waters paused and fell back again to the river. At this moment, when the air for hundreds of feet in each direction was filled with white masses of sparkling water, the spectacle was grand beyond expression. Mary Newton, 11 years old, daughter of Gen. Newton, who, as Chief Engineer has conducted operations at Hell Gate since the start, touched the button that set free the electric current that exploded the submarine mines and shattered the mountain of rock, lifting it out of the bosom of the sea and crushing it into a million of fragments. It was little Mary Newton, who when a mere babe touched off the first Hell Gate explosion, a few feet from the point from where she stood to-day. The shock of the collapse was felt only slightly on the Astoria shore, and the noise resembled a far distant subterranean thunder. When the Flood Rock had lifted its strong black mass, broken wreck was seen on the top of it. All the big derrick that had been left to its fate turned over on its side and broke. A huge tank that had been left at the north end of the island still stood in its place, tilted over a little as it had settled when let down by the angry waters from its aerial flight. Immediately after the explosion a fire broke out on the wreck, and burned lastily amidst the seething water. Four instantaneous photos were taken by officers of the corps of engineers, from the firing point at Astoria. As far as it was possible to judge from the position and appearance of the wreck the explosion has been an entire success, though for the present the vicinity of Blaster Rock will be even more dangerous than heretofore, until the wreck has been removed. The shock was felt to a slight extent in the City Hall building, which structure trembled for a space of a few seconds. At the County Court House the shock was also distinctly felt in the upper part of the building the floor shaking and windows trembling.

Syrup of Figs,

Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal., is Nature's Own True Laxative. This pleasant liquid fruit remedy may be had of Messrs. D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster. Sample bottles free and large bottles at 75 cents or $1.25. It is the most pleasant, prompt and effective remedy known, to cleanse the system; to act on the Liver, Kidneys and Bowels gently yet thoroughly; to dispel Headaches, Colds and Fevers; to cure Constipation, Indigestion and kindred ills.

An American is credited with inventing an instrument for transmitting sound without the use of batteries of any kind. All the machinery required is a magneto-transmitter and a receiver at each end of the line. It can be made for 25 cents. The inventor claims that it is practically unlimited as regards distance. One weighing only half a pound will it is said transmit the voice 75 miles.

An Elegant Substitute

For oils, salts, pills and all kinds of bitter, nauseous medicines is the very agreeable liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs. Recommended by leading Physicians.—Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal. For sale by Messrs. D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster. se20m

An exchange says: "To cure snoring a piece of soap should be dropped into the mouth of the snorer. The oil in the soap will lubricate the pharnyx." This generally stops the snoring. It also generally stops the philanthropist who drops the soap from making any further experiments.

Wholesale City Market.

Beef,	per 100 lbs.	$8 00 @	$9 00
Pork	"	0 00 @	0 00
Mutton	"	8 50 @	9 00
Hides(gr'n)	"	8 50 @	0 00
Potatoes	"	0 75 @	0 00
Turnips	"	0 50 @	0 75
Carrots	"	1 00 @	1 25
Parsnips	"	1 00 @	0 00
Beets	"	1 00 @	1 25
Cabbage	"	0 75 @	1 00
Onions	"	2 00 @	2 25
Apples	"	1 50 @	3 00
Pears	"	2 00 @	3 00
Wheat	"	1 25 @	1 30
Oats	"	1 25 @	1 10
Peas	"	1 00 @	1 25
Hay,	per ton	9 00 @	10 00
Butter (rolls)	per lb	0 25 @	0 30
Cheese,	"	0 17 @	0 18
Eggs,	per doz.	0 30 @	0 37
Geese,	each	1 50 @	2 00
Ducks	"	0 75 @	1 00
Chickens,	per pair	0 75 @	1 00
Cordwood (retail)	per cord	3 00 @	3 50

Surface Indications

What a miner would very properly term "surface indications" of what is beneath, are the **Pimples, Sties, Sore Eyes, Boils,** and **Cutaneous Eruptions** with which people are annoyed in spring and early summer. The effete matter accumulated during the winter months, now makes its presence felt, through Nature's endeavors to expel it from the system. While it remains, it is a poison that festers in the blood and may develop into **Scrofula.** This condition causes derangement of the digestive and assimilatory organs, with a feeling of enervation, languor, and weariness—often lightly spoken of as "only spring fever." These are evidences that Nature is not able, unaided, to throw off the corrupt atoms which weaken the vital forces. To regain health, Nature must be aided by a thorough blood-purifying medicine; and nothing else is so effective as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

which is sufficiently powerful to expel from the system even the taint of **Hereditary Scrofula.**

The medical profession indorse AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, and many attestations of the cures effected by it come from all parts of the world. It is, in the language of the Hon. Francis Jewett, ex-State Senator of Massachusetts and ex-Mayor of Lowell, "the only preparation that does real, lasting good."

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Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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THE WEST SHORE FOR SEPTEMBER.—**The Great Illustrated British Columbia Edition. A full supply now on hand at T. R. Pearson & Co's., sole agents for the Mainland, at 25 cts. each.** tc

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BEAVER LODGE, No. 30, A.O.U.W. meets the second and fourth Wednesday in each month. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.
au29tc E. A. JENNS, Recorder.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. in the Rectory Hall, St. John street, below Royal av

The Magic Art.

"It's rather a curious fact," said a gentleman and unprofessional prestidigitateur, "that none of the shows and circuses that use so many adjectives in describing what they have got bring to this country a really fine troupe of magicians. It may be possible that they will yet come, but it certainly would be a paying investment, as the people in the United States have no adequate idea of the tricks that are executed by some of the jugglers of the east.

"The finest exhibition I ever witnessed," continued the speaker, "was in Anam. I was traveling through the country with a party of German officials, when we stopped one night at an inn where it chanced that a number of magicians were resting. There were six of them, four men and two women, all very small, except one, who was a fleshy giant, resembling the typical wrestlers. I soon made their acquaintance, as I was then greatly interested in legerdemain, and soon won their good will. They were very eager for me to show them an exhibition of my skill. I did so, but in every case they caught me and laughed at my efforts, excepting once. Though I tried some of our best tricks upon them, curiously enough, the most stupid thing of all fooled them. It was the old "Pharaoh's serpents" trick, which was so much in vogue some years ago.

"After I had finished my exhibition the doors were closed, and only those admitted who paid a regular admittance fee—a small sum—and soon the apartment being filled the magicians began their performance. The audience sat on the floor about the fakirs, so that they had no way of concealing themselves or of hiding anything. At their request I examined them and satisfied myself that they had nothing about them. Then one of the women stepped into the inclosure, the rest remaining behind the spectators, who formed a close ring around them. The light was now turned down a little, and in a moment the woman's face began to be illumined by a ghostly light that extended quickly over her entire body. She then began to move round and round, uttering a low, murmuring sound the while, gradually quickening the pace until she was whirling about like a top.

"A moment of this and the light that had clung about her seemed to be whirled off by centrifugal force, and assumed a pillar-like form beside her. As soon as this was accomplished she stopped, turned, and began to mold the light with her hands, and though I could distinctly see her hands move through the light as if it were a cloud, it began to assume human form. We saw the arms, hands and legs all molded, and finally a face and headgear. She next called for a light, and, the candles being relighted there stood an utter stranger, a native seemingly evolved out of cloudland. He stepped forward and grasped me by the hand; his hands were moist, as if with perspiration, and he was a very healthy spirit. After he had talked and drank a glass of rack, he took his place beside the woman again and began to whirl about.

"The lights were dimmed, but not so that we could not see, and in a few moments the figure began to fade, soon assuming the appearance of a pillar or form of light and then attaching itself to the woman and seemingly being absorbed by her. All this was done in a very short space of time, before the eyes of at least fifty people, and not ten feet from myself. The girl appeared greatly exhausted afterward. Now this would be explained by the Psychological Society as some new sense or power, etc., but between you and I, who know that all things can be explained by cold facts, it was merely a clever trick, so skillfully done that I did not discover it in any way or shape.

"The man next took his place in the ring, and, handing me a large, highly ornamented sabre, he said: 'In five minutes by the clock I wish you to behead me.' I objected, of course, but he insisted, and said it had been done a dozen times, so I finally agreed. He was searched, and in the dim light began to contort himself in strange positions until he seemed to grow perceptibly smaller, and finally stood before us so gauzy that I thought I could see right through him. It was now five minutes, so I took the sabre and struck a light blow, only sufficient to knock a man over, when, to my horror, the blood spurted into my face and the head dropped with a thud upon the floor. As soon as it fell the body stooped and picked it up, held it in the air, then placed it upon the shoulders. The full light being turned on, there stood the giant, grinning and warm.

"The blood? That had faded away by the time the light was turned up, and, you must remember, that in all this though the light was dim it was not sufficient to prevent our seeing every thing, and seemed to be used only that we might observe the figures of lights that were evolved so curiously from the mediums, as our spiritualists would call them.

"The next trial was equally mystical. All the party now stepped into the ring and began to chant and move about. In a few minutes they ceased and we observed that one was missing, though no one saw him go. A moment after the whirling was repeated and another was found to have disappeared, and so on until in fifteen minutes only the giant was seen. More light being given us, a noise was heard at the door, and, upon some one going to it, there stood the mystic five clamoring for admission. That ended the performance for the night and I sat up the rest of it, or well into the morning, trying to figure out how it was all done. The natives accepted it as magic without debate, and I began to think that was about the easiest way out of it.

"The following day another performance was given at mid-day that was even more wonderful. The giant, as I called him, caused the audience to sit on a grass plat, leaving a circle of about twenty-five feet across, and in this the jugglers took their places, the giant opening the entertainment by taking a roll of ribbon, and by a dexterous toss sending it up fifty feet or so, where we distinctly saw a small hawk dart at it and carry it up higher until we nearly lost sight of it. It then seemed to enter a cloud that, I assumed, was caused by something burning on the ribbon; but from the cloud came sliding down, first a dog, then a snake—a good big one, too—that wriggled off the moment it touched the ground and was captured by the men.

Then a larger object was seen sliding along and one of the women leaping forward received and held it out to the crowd, a laughing native baby. The giant had all this time held the end of the ribbon, and releasing it it seemed to disappear in the air; at any rate we saw it no more. A few moments later they all joined hands and began to move about rapidly. When they moved to the right I distinctly counted twelve persons in the circle; when they changed the movement we saw only eight and some one appeared to be standing in the center.

"These are only samples of the marvels, as I might say, that they went through."

Rowing a Gondola.

It was the first evening I was in a gondola, and, after admiring the skill and ease with which the gondolier manipulated his car, I was struck with the idea of attempting the feat myself. Nothing looked easier than to imitate that swarthy Italian, to stand up on the rear end of the gondola and dip the oar in and out of the water.

"You look tired," I said to the gondolier; "if you like you may rest a while and I will row for you."

Had I offered to stand on my head and walk to Milan, the man could not have looked more astonished.

"You, signore?" he exclaimed; "why, you couldn't even learn to stand up here under two months?"

"Pooh," said I. "I have rowed boats on the Mississippi—from Memphis as far as Hopefield. Do you think I don't know how to work this lumbering thing on the smoother waters of Venice?"

The gondolier smiled a very unsatisfactory smile.

"Ah, bueno—good, signore. I take you where you have nice swim. Signore, you take clothes off."

This was consoling advice to a confident oarsman, not very flattering to my pride; still I thought I might as well follow his advice. So he slowly paddled me over to the lagoons between the cemetery and Muran's. I divested myself of my clothing and prepared for a first lesson in the Venetian art of gondolioring. As I have said, it looks to be the easiest thing in the world. The gondolier stands at the extreme end of the long, slim boat, and the oar rests in an oarlock that stands up from the deck a foot or eighteen inches. There is nothing to hold the oar in the lock, but this I did not notice until I tried it myself. It stayed there so quietly and pleasantly, as long as the Italian was at the stern, that the idea never entered my head but that it belonged there and that it stayed there of its own accord. Woful mistake!

I had scarcely taken position on the stern of the boat and made my first stroke when the oar flew out of that lock in a miraculous manner, that I am to this minute unable to understand, and I flew out of the boat into the water. Then it was that I thanked that gondolier for his timely warning and advice. The knapsack traveler does not carry with him a very extensive wardrobe, and, had I fallen into the water with my clothing on, I would have been in a very bad plight indeed. As it was, I swam around awhile, had a good bath, then climbed into the gondola and tried it over again and with the same result. A third and fourth attempt proved no more successful, and finally I came to the conclusion that gondoliering was not as easy as it looked, and so dressed myself and turned the oar over to the proper hands.

Russia's Military Railways.

Interesting particulars continue to arrive from Russia of the progress of the railway that is being hurried on to the new position Russia has acquired on the Afghan frontier. The electric light having broken down, owing to an accident to the apparatus sent, the men are working at night by the aid of hundreds of lanterns and huge fires fed with petroleum refuse. As far as Askabad the road has been levelled, and it is expected that the final rail will be laid by the end of the month; but much will depend on the completion of the innumerable stone bridges which constitute a peculiar feature of the line. From the Caspian Sea to Sarakhs, a distance of over 500 miles, the railway does not cross a single large river, but from the time it quits the Transcaspian desert and traverses the oasis of Akhal, the country, which is flat and clayey, is intersected by small rivers, growing more and more frequent as the line approaches Askabad. All these streams, most of them dry in summer and torrents in the rainy season, have to be properly bridged, and no timber being forthcoming, Gen. Annenkoff has resorted almost exclusively to stone. The railway is solidly built to a gauge of five feet, the same as most railways in Russia, and the steel rails are of the best quality. On the completion of the line to Askabad, the section to Sarakhs will be taken in hand, and from this point three branches will be extended, the first to Penjdeh, the second to Merv, and the third to the important Persian commercial center of Meshed.—*London Engineering.*

Not a Real Mongoose.

In an American railway carriage there once journeyed a quiet gentleman, having between his feet a basket of peculiar shape. An inquisitive stranger asked him what the basket might contain. "It contains a mongoose," was the answer. "And what is a mongoose?" the stranger queried. "A mongoose," the gentleman replied politely, "is an East Indian animal that kills snakes." "And what might you want a mongoose for now?" continued the inquisitive stranger. "Well," answered the gentleman, "I have a brother-in-law who has been a little too fond of tanglefoot whiskey, and sometimes he sees snakes, and so I am taking this mongoose to him to kill the snakes." The inquisitive stranger hesitated a moment, and then he said, "But those are not real snakes your brother-in-law sees!" "I know it," returned the quiet gentleman, "and this is not a real mongoose!"

A Violent Shock.

An old lawyer had brought up his son to the law, and the young man had succeeded to the father's practice. One day the old gentleman asked his son how he was getting along.

"Oh, first rate, father. You know that old Chesford estate that has been hanging on so long?"

"Yes, son; what of it?"

"Well, I've settled it all up and the heirs have their property."

"Great heavens, my son! Is it possible? Why, I raised my entire family off the fees in that case, and here you have gone and settled it in your first year."

The new war map of Egypt and the Soudan, giving names of all the places mentioned in despatches, and a valuable table of distances. No one should be without it. Price, 15 cents. T. R. Pearson & Co. ap15tc

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Satteens,	16	" "
Brocades,	35	" "
Silks, black,	1.40	" "
Silks, col'd,	1.00	" "
Satins,	60	" "

DOMESTICS,

In Ginghams, fm	14	" "
Calicoes,	8	" "
Prints, English,	9	" "
Prints, Amer.	8	" "
Piques,	13	" "
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Sheetings,	12½	" "
Linens,	16	" "
Cheese Cloth,	7	" "
Diaper "	20	" "
Winceys,	8	" "
Drillings,	15	" "
Duck,	16	" "
Tickings,	16	" "

Table Cloths and Napkins.

FLANNELS,

All kinds and col. fm	35	" "
Cretonnes,	20	" "
Damask, wool,	75	" "

LACE CURTAINS.
BED SPREADS AND QUILTS.
TOWELS, from 8 cts.
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SHAWLS, woolen.
SKIRTS, from 50 cts.
LADIES' UNDERWEAR, from 75 cts.
PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS, from 75 cents.
CORSETS, from 50 cents.
HOSIERY of all kinds and prices from 12½ cents.
GLOVES, in lisle and silk.
ULSTERS and JACKETS, from $2.00.
CRINOLINES, from 50 cents.
HANDKERCHIEFS, from 12½ cents.
TIES, lace and silk.
FANS, from 25 cts. to $3.50.
LACES and EMBROIDERY.
FRILLINGS.
RIBBONS, in all colors and shades.
DRESS BUTTONS, a great variety.

MUSLINS,

In Jacanette,
Swiss and Nainsook.

WORSTEDS and YARNS, all makes.
HAIR BRUSHES and COMBS.
FANCY GOODS.
WATCHES and JEWELRY.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

MEN'S SUITS, from $6.00.
YOUTHS' SUITS, from $5.00.
CHILDREN'S SUITS, from $2.00.
SHIRTS, white and colored, from $1.00.
SHIRTS, woollen, from $1.00.
UNDERWEAR, in woollen and Canton flannel.
GENTS' HALF HOSE from 12½c.
TIES.
BRACES.
COLLARS and CUFFS.
GLOVES.

HATS,

HARD FELT, from $2.00.
SOFT FELT, from $1.00.
STRAW, from 25 cents.

VALISES, from $2.00.
OVERALLS and JUMPERS, from 75c.
LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S RUBBER GOODS.
CARPETS, from 75 cents.
FLOOR CLOTHS, from 75 cents.
TRUNKS, from $1.00.

☞ This will be found a rare chance for country store keepers who wish to replenish their stock, and for the public generally, as the stock is all in first-class condition and well assorted.

TERMS CASH.

New Westminster, May 18, 1885.
my20tc

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COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.
(fe2tc)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT we intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase two unsurveyed Islands in the Fraser River, lying to the west of Lots 26 and 141, Group 2, and containing (50) acres, more or less.

BOYD NORMAN,
JOHN SIMPSON.

Ladner's Landing, B. C.
July 19th, 1885. 26se2m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the legislature of British Columbia at its next session on behalf of the settlers and owners of land situate at Matsqui Prairie for an act for their relief against the "Sumas Dyking Act, 1878," and the "Sumas Dyking Amendment Act, 1883," and to declare forfeited all rights and privileges granted or purported to be granted to E. L. Derby or his assigns by the said acts or either of them, and to repeal such acts.

Matsqui, March 6th, 1885. mh11td

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

In the matter of the title to Lot No. 9, Block XXIII, in the City of New Westminster.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, I shall effect registration of the title of Philip Jackman, to the above mentioned Lot, as of an estate in fee simple therein, unless a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing on or before the 10th day of November next, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lot, or some part thereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office, New Westminster,
26th September, 1885. 26se1m

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

The North-Easterly Half of Lot No. 2, Block XII, in the City of New Westminster.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE Title to the above mentioned half of said lot will be issued to William R. Lewis, on the 21st day of November, 1885, unless in the meantime, a valid objection thereto, be made to the undersigned in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest in said land or some part thereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, 18th Aug., 1885.
19au3m

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

The South-Westerly Half of Lot No. 2, Block XII, in the City of New Westminster.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE Title to the above mentioned half of said lot will be issued to James Cunningham on the 16th day of October, 1885, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest in said land or some part thereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, 7th July, 1885.
11jy3m

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

Lot No. 5, Block XXIII, and Lot No. 12, Block XXIV, in the City of New Westminster.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE Title to the above mentioned lots will be issued to Murdock Duncan McLennan on the 10th day of October, 1885, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lots or some part thereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, 7th July, 1885.
11jy3m

Quesnelle Quartz Mining Company,

(LIMITED.)

Location of Works, Hixon Creek, B.C.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT at a meeting of the Trustees of said company held on the 3rd of September, 1885, an assessment of one cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable forthwith to W. A. Johnston, at the company's office, Quesnelle, B. C.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 24th day of October next, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duty advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on the 30th day of November, 1885, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

W. A. JOHNSTON,
Secretary.

Quesnelle, B.C., Sept. 4, 1885. 19se1m

NOTICE.

WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to gazette the following roads half a chain wide:

Starting at the N. W. corner of Lot 37 and following the northern boundary line of the said lot to the North East corner post; thence through Lot 19 and intersecting Agassiz station ground to the South West corner post of Lot 49, where it joins the road along the western boundary of the said lot.

Road No. 2 starts from the North West corner post of Lot 19 along the western boundary of said lot to the South West corner post; thence in a southerly direction to the South West corner post of Lot 19; thence along the southern boundary of said lot to where it joins the road to lower steamboat landing.

(Signed) JAMES B. AGASSIZ,
D. J. McEWEN,
D. ROBERTSON,
N. I. CAMERON,
J. A. McDONALD,
H. W. HOLTBY,
F. PASSINGHAM.

Ferny Coombe, July 18th, 1885. au12m2

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for timbering purposes the following described lands situated in New Westminster District:

1. Commencing at a post on the shore of Gillies Bay, Texada Island, about one mile N. W. of Shelter Point, extending along the shore for a distance of 160 chains, with a depth of 80 chains, containing 1280 acres, more or less.

2. Commencing at a post on the North shore of Cardero Channel, nearly opposite Denham Island, extending along the shore for a distance of 100 chains, with a depth of 160 chains, containing 1600 acres, more or less.

3. Commencing at a stake on the shore of Hemming Bay, Thurlow Island, about one-half mile West of Jackson Point; thence following the shore line 120 chains; thence in a N. W. direction 240 chains; thence Easterly 160 chains; thence South to point of commencement, containing 3500 acres, more or less.

HASTINGS SAW MILL CO'Y,
RICHD. H. ALEXANDER,
Manager.

Burrard Inlet, B. C., 30th July, 1884.
au13tc

NOTICE.

To the Shareholders of the Quesnelle Quartz Mining Co. (Limited.)

THE QUESNELLE QUARTZ MINING Company intends resuming work on their mine, Hixon Creek, Cariboo District, B. C., at as early a date as possible.

To that end they have made satisfactory arrangements with a competent Superintendent in San Francisco, who will proceed immediately to the mine to take charge of and prosecute the work with all possible speed.

The mill will be put in operation on the rock now at hand, and there is reason to expect that there will soon be a profit on its workings.

Some new machinery and other indispensible material has been purchased in San Francisco, and is now en route.

The amount of cash on hand is $2,175.00, which is sufficient to meet the cost of the machinery, etc.

To meet the amount to come due for wages and other expenses, the 15th assessment of one cent per share has been levied.

There is reason to believe that a portion of the cancelled shares, now the property of the company, can be sold for a sum sufficient to meet the expense of sinking the workings deeper and enlarging the mill, should either course prove advisable.

Published by order of the Board of Trustees.

W. A. JOHNSTON,
Secretary.

Quesnelle, B.C., 4th Sept., 1885. 19se1m

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT have fitted up an

ASSAY OFFICE

At the Government Buildings, James Bay, Victoria.

ASSAYS OF ORES

Will be made at the nominal charge of $2.50 for each specimen.

WM. F. McCULLOCH,
Assayer.

September 22nd, 1885. 26se1m

FERRY.

KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS, properly endorsed, will be received by the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to noon of

Saturday, 31st October, 1885,

For the right to maintain and operate a ferry on the Kootenay River, at a point known as the Upper Crossing, for a term of five years.

The ferry right to extend five miles above and five miles below the respective points indicated.

Any party to whom a charter may be awarded shall provide and maintain a substantial ferry boat and proper appliances for working the same, a description of which must be given with his tender.

Tenders shall state the rate of toll proposed to be collected for—

Each Passenger,
" Team with wagon and driver,
" Saddle horse and rider,
" Loose horse or mule,
" Head of cattle,
" Sheep, swine, etc.
" Hundred pounds weight of freight.

Tenders must also state the amount of the annual rental to be paid to the Government for the privilege; and with each tender must be submitted the names of two responsible parties willing to sign a bond for the sum of $500 as security for the faithful carrying out of the contract.

All officers of the Provincial Government with their animals and freight to pass free.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 8th Sept., 1885.
se12td

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
18th August, 1885.

WHEREAS, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council is empowered, under the "Public School Act, 1885," to create School Districts, in addition to those already existing, and to define the boundaries thereof; it is hereby notified that His Honour has been pleased to create the tract of land enclosed within the undermentioned boundaries a School District, under the title of the "Beaver Point School District," viz:—

Commencing at the point in which the western boundary of Sec. 88, Salt Spring Island, reaches the sea; thence due south, to Fulford Harbor; thence easterly and along the sea-shore to the point of commencement; and including Russell, Portland and Moresby Islands.

Also, that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Burgoyne Bay School District" be re-defined, as follows:—

Commencing at the north-west corner of "Beaver Point School District"; thence due west to the sea-shore; thence southerly and along the sea-shore to Fulford Harbor; thence north, along the western boundary line of "Beaver Point School District," to the point of commencement.

Also that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Vesuvius School District" be re-defined, as follows:

All that portion of Salt Spring Island situated north of the northern boundary line of "Burgoyne Bay School District."

Also, that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Langley School District" be altered and re-defined, as follows:—

Commencing at the north-east corner of Section 126, Township 9, New Westminster District; thence south to the centre of the eastern boundary line of Section 24, Township 8, of said district; thence due east, to the western boundary of "East Langley School District;" thence in a right line, north, to the north-east corner of Section 16, Township 12, of said district; thence west, to the western boundary line of said township; thence due south, to point of commencement.

Also, that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Prairie School District" be altered and re-defined, as follows:—

Commencing at the south-east corner of "Langley School District;" thence due west, to the eastern boundary line of Section 21, Township 8, New Westminster District; thence south, in a right line, to the south-west corner of Section 27, Township 7, of said district; thence due east, to the south-east corner of Section 28, Township 10, of said district; thence north, in a right line, to point of commencement.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.

23au

Grand Colonial Exhibition IN LONDON, ENG., 1886.

FIFTY-FOUR THOUSAND FEET RESERVED FOR CANADA.

FIRST ROYAL EXHIBITION COMMISSION SINCE 1862.

THE COLONIAL AND INDIAN EXHIBITION to be held in LONDON, England, commencing May 1st, 1886, is intended to be on a scale of great magnitude, having for object to mark an epoch in the relations of all the parts of the British Empire with each other.

In order to give becoming significance to the event, a Royal Commission is issued for the holding of this Exhibition, for the first time since 1862: and His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales has been appointed President by Her Majesty.

The very large space of 54,000 square feet has been allotted to the Dominion of Canada by the command of the President His Royal Highness.

This Exhibition is to be purely Colonial and Indian, and no competition from the United Kingdom or from foreign nations will be permitted, the object being to exhibit to the world at large what the Colonies can do.

The grandest opportunity ever offered to Canada is thus afforded to show the distinguished place she occupies, by the progress she has made in AGRICULTURE, in HORTICULTURE, in the INDUSTRIAL and FINE ARTS, in the MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES, in the NEWEST IMPROVEMENTS IN MANUFACTURING MACHINERY and IMPLEMENTS, in PUBLIC WORKS by MODELS and DESIGNS; also in and adequate display of her vast recources in the FISHERIES, and in FOREST and MINERAL wealth, and also in SHIPPING.

All Canadians of all parties and classes are invited to come forward and vie with each other on endeavouring on this great occasion to put Canada in her true place as the premier colony of the British Empire, and to establish her proper position before the world.

Every farmer, every producer, and every manufacturer has interest in assisting, it having been already demonstrated that extension of trade always follows such efforts.

By order,
JOHN LOWE,
Sec. of the Dept. of Agriculture.

Ottawa, 1st Sept., 1885. se23tc

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT in compliance with Section 4, Timber Act, 1884, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a License to cut and carry away timber from the following described Crown Lands, staked off by me previous to the date of this application.

Commencing at a stake on the east boundary line of Lot four hundred and eighty-six (486), Group one (1), New Westminster District, running thence east, 40 chains; thence north, eighty chains; thence west to the east arm of Squamish River; thence southerly along said arm to the north boundary line of said Lot 486, Group 1; and thence along the north and east boundary lines of said lot to the point of commencement.

PHIL McMAHON.

New Westminster, 2nd Oct., 1885.
8oc1m

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