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for his Goods
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1885. 30c6w

THE

BRIGHTON HOTEL

HASTINGS, B. I.

THIS FINE AND COMMODIOUS new Hotel has been recently completed and is furnished with every convenience for the comfort of guests. The situation and accommodations are unsurpassed on Burrard Inlet, which has become the most fashionable

WATERING PLACE

in British Columbia The prospect is charming, the sea breezes are invigorating, and the facilities for bathing and boating are excellent. Private Sitting and Dining Rooms. Suites of apartments for families or parties. The Bar is entirely detatched from the main building.

First-class stabling and feed for Horses. Busses to and from New Westminster twice a day.

GEO. BLACK,
jy28tc Proprietor.

REGISTERED

Poland China and Berkshire Swine,

COLLIE (Shepherd) DOGS,

—AND—

FANCY POULTRY

Imported, Bred, and For Sale, by

C. P. STONE,
jy22tc Seattle, Wash. Ter.

T. N. HIBBEN & CO.

Booksellers, Stationers,

AND GENERAL DEALERS IN THE many varieties of stock indirectly connected with the above.

Having studied the best markets for the past quarter of a century, economy in purchasing has been attained by importing in quantities direct from the publishers and manufacturers, and no pains is spared to keep a full and well-selected stock.

Old Masonic Building, Goverment St.

VICTORIA, B. C.

☞ The following New Books just received: **Canadian Pictures, by Marquis of Lorne; Treasury of Song; Graw's Unrivalled Family Atlas.** oc29tc

ESTABLISHED 1859.

ROBT. DICKINSON,

BUTCHER,

Nearly Opposite the Colonial Hotel,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

THE LARGEST AND CHOICEST assortment of all descriptions of

MEATS AND VEGETABLES

Constantly on hand, and supplied to Families, Restaurants, and Steamboats at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Blacksmith Shop

Cor. Columbia & Begbie Sts.,

New Westminster, B. C

THE LARGEST STOCK ON THE MAINLAND OF

IRON, STEEL,

CHAIN.

HORSE AND OX - SHOES,

Axles, Springs and Carriage Hardware,

CUMBERLAND COAL, ETC.

ALL OF THE ABOVE I OFFER AT lowest cash prices. Having enlarged the business and procured the latest improved tools in use, I am now prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing on short notice. I also keep in stock the following articles: **Harrows,** Iron and Steel **Harrow Teeth, Harrow Hinges,** Double and Single **Tree Irons, Clevices** and **Shackles, Ox-yoke Staples** and **Rings, Mall Rings** and **Wedges, Frows, Cant Hooks, Dog** and **Chain Hooks, Hay Hooks, etc.**

Wagon, Carriage and Buggy Making a specialty.

Parties desiring to purchase will do well to give me a call before going elsewhere

JOHN REID, Foreman

4mhtc **W. R. LEWIS, Proprietor.**

CAMPBELL & LEMON,

EAGLE PASS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT proceedings are now pending in the Supreme Court for the dissolution of the above firm and that neither partner is now authorized to pledge the credit of or purchase goods in the name of the firm.

By order, R. E. LEMON.
oc22tc

For Sale or To Rent.

FOR SALE.

ONE-HALF INTEREST IN the LANGley Saw and Planing Mill; mill in good order. For particulars apply on the premises to H. WEST,
Or, Messrs. DRAKE, JACKSON,
ap18tc & HELMCKEN, Victoria.

Rare Chance for Investment

ALL THE MATERIAL AND MACHINery necessary for the manufacture of Soda Water, together with the

Goodwill of an Established Business.

Will be sold at a great sacrifice.

Apply to RAND BROS.
se5tc Victoria or New Westminster.

FARM FOR SALE.

ABOUT 3 MILES FROM CHILLIwhack Landing; contains 176 acres; about 40 acres under cultivation; with House, Barn and Orchard. Terms easy. Apply to JAMES DUNDAS,
Chilliwhack,
Or to WOODS, TURNER & GAMBLE,
ap8tc New Westminster.

For Sale!

SAW AND PLANING MILL

With capacity of 30,000 to 40,000 ft. per day, together with

TIMBER RESERVE of nearly 1,000 acres.

Apply to
oc17tc RAND BROS.

FOR SALE.

A FARM OF 350 ACRES; 65 in cultivation; 150 prairie; the balance brush. 100 bearing fruit trees and garden with a variety of berry vines. Crop and stock goes with the place. 125 tons timothy hay, about 5 tons apples; 8 acres in wheat, 6 in potatoes, 1½ in turnips and cabbage; 1 pair horses, wagon and harness; mowing machine, rake, horse-fork, hay-press, 3 plows and harrow, 6 cows and calves, 1 bull, 30 hogs, 200 chickens.

I will sell this property cheap as I wish to raise money to go into quartz mining. Call and see the place, 6 miles above the mission, Nicomin slough. Railroad runs through the property.

au12tc H. P. BALES.

LANDS FOR SALE!

CHEAP FOR CASH.

SOUTH-EAST QUARTER OF SEC. 9, Township 8, containing 160 acres.

Lot 329 and a portion of Lot 326 in Township 11, containing about 68 acres.

Sixty acres on Lulu Island, adjoining the farm of Mr. Quigley, being the easterly portion of Lot 28, Block V, North Range V, West.

Lot 2, Block VIII, in the City of New Westminster.

Apply to W. D. FERRIS.
New Westminster, 13th October, 1885.
oc14tc

FOR SALE.

1440 ACRES CHOICE

DELTA LANDS

3 MILES FROM LADNER'S Landing, on the Trunk Wagon Road; two other roads running through the premises. Apply to

E. A. WADHAMS,
de22tc Ladner's Landing, B.C.

RARE BUSINESS CHANCE

FOR SALE.

THE STOCK, FIXTURES AND GOOD will of that well known

BOOT, SHOE

—AND—

VARIETY STORE

Next the Holbrook House,
Front Street.

☞ Engaged in other business and must sell. nu5tc

FARMS FOR SALE

OR TO LEASE.

ONE FARM OF 170 ACRES, 12 acres under cultivation, about 50 acres of balance bush prairie, easily cleared, with dwelling house, outbuildings and small orchard. Also,

FARM O. 50 ACRES close to Chilliwhack Landing, with small house, good and other buildings; about 30 acres under cultivation.

Both places are well watered.

If leased, one-half the rent would be taken by improvements done on the farms.

Also, stock and implements for sale with the small farm.

For further particulars apply to
GEO. R. ASHWELL,
7oc2m Chilliwhack Landing.

Girl Wanted.

WANTED, A GIRL WHO UNDERstands general housework.
Apply to MRS. D. ROBSON,
se9tc Royal Avenue.

CHEW

JACKSON'S

BEST

Navy Tobacco.

We call the attention of consumers to the superior chewing qualities of this most excellent Tobacco. Samples will be sent free by applying to **L. & E. WERTHEIMER, 300 and 306 Front Street, San Francisco, Cal.,** Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

The goods are for sale by all the principal jobbers in British Columbia.

4jy1y

BUY THE BEST QUALITY

UNION INDIA RUBBER CO'S

PURE GUM

Crack Proof

RUBBER BOOTS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Be sure that the Boots are stamped on the heels "Union India Rubber Co. Crack Proof," and have the Pure Gum Springs on the foot and and instep, which prevent their cracking, and makes them the most durable Rubber Boot made.

TRY OUR

"GOLD SEAL"

STOUT'S PATENT

PURE GUM

RUBBER BOOTS.

Made expressly for Mining, Fishing, and any one wishing a very strong and durable Boot.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.
ALL KINDS RUBBER BELTING, PACKING, HOSE, SPRINGS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.

GOODYEAR RUBBER CO.

R. H. PEASE, Jr. } Agents,
S. M. RUNYON, }
15au14m San Francisco.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

Final Notice....Ward and de Knevett
Land Registry (2)...R. W. Armstrong
Tenders.....Rev. Father Horris
Hyack Practice.....Jno. McMurphy

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Oct. 21, 1885.

"Oh! It's Sectional!"

We really must protest against the mischievous habits into which the Victoria *Colonist* has fallen. Because we suggested that a provincial university and model school located at Victoria would not be central, our cotemporary throws up his hands and shouts "Sectionalism! sectionalism!" The cry, unless applied to his own proposal, is without application at all. THE COLUMBIAN carefully abstained from naming any place as the proper seat of a university and model school. The cry of sectionalism could not, therefore, lie against it. But the *Colonist's* proposal contains the very essence of sectionalism, because it proposes at the outset that the university and model school shall be located at Victoria! This is the only part of the scheme against which we offered any objection, although we are not sure that the establishment of either of the institutions mentioned would be justified in the present circumstances of the country. If the *Colonist* had wished fairly to introduce the subject it should have discussed it altogether apart from locality. Let it be first decided whether or not we shall have a provincial university and model school, and then let us discuss fairly the question of location. But it does not seem possible for the *Colonist* to divest itself of sectionalism; hence, instead of proposing these institutions for British Columbia, it proposes them for Victoria! We venture to affirm that if it had been decided that these institutions were not to be located at Victoria our very sectional cotemporary would never have mentioned them at all.

Dodging the Question.

Our esteemed cotemporary, the Kamloops *Sentinel*, returns to the penitentiary discussion, and now declares that THE COLUMBIAN has been "dodging the question!" Our purpose has been to prevent our inland cotemporary from "dodging," and we have endeavored to keep straight up to the point at issue. Our readers know better than to be led away by a plea so contrary to the facts. But the *Sentinel* tells us now for the first time that it didn't mean to suggest the removal of the penitentiary at all, or to have a new one erected in the interior. All it wanted was the establishment of a "central prison." Well, being an Irishman, we suppose our cotemporary should have the customary privilege of speaking twice before he is understood; but his first reference to the subject certainly led us to suppose that it was the penitentiary he was after. The discussion began at the time of Inspector Moylan's visit, and the *Sentinel* called his attention to the need of an institution (a central prison he now calls it) in the interior, and suggested that the establishment of such an institution would obviate the necessity of enlarging the penitentiary. Now, if our friend meant a central prison why should he bring the matter before Mr. Moylan? All prisons are provincial affairs, constructed and managed by the provincial authorities, and with them Mr. Moylan has nothing whatever to do. Penitentiaries, on the other hand, are administered altogether by the federal government. The fact of our cotemporary alluding to the institution in such a connection, without specifying precisely what sort of an institution he meant, was enough to justify the conclusion we reached, and if we misapprehended the intent of the article the responsibility undoubtedly rests with the *Sentinel*. In so far as the centre of population is concerned, our cotemporary absolutely shuts his eyes to the large population of Vancouver Island, and forgets that the criminal population going from that region to the interior "central prison" would involve a heavy cost for transportation.

Our Defences.

Our esteemed cotemporary of the Victoria *Colonist* continues to discuss the location of Battery "C," but does not seem able to "C" a yard beyond that battery. It is certainly amusing to observe how sensitive he is upon that one point, although almost every one of his battery articles contains the declaration that "the location of the battery is no longer matter for discussion." Whether it is or is not does not matter, our cotemporary discusses it all the same, and evidently feels that the declarations of Sir Adolphe Caron and Sir Hector Langevin are not a final settlement of the question. Sir Charles Tupper declared over and over again that Port Moody was the terminus of the C. P. R., but everybody now knows that Coal Harbor is to be the terminus after all. The *Colonist* has fallen into two very foolish mistakes—it has got a notion that we have been advocating the diversion of the battery from Victoria to Burrard Inlet, and it seems to think that its articles or those of THE COLUMBIAN may influence the military authorities in reaching a final decision. We contend that the location of the battery has never been finally fixed, and we are greatly mistaken if events do not demonstrate this to be a fact. The statements quoted from *Hansard* are no more a final disposal of the battery than the statements of Sir Charles Tupper were a final disposal of the terminus; and the fact that Sir Adolphe Caron promised to make a personal inspection before coming to a final decision is of itself sufficient proof of this. If further proof were wanted our cotemporary may find it in the fact that Sir Adolphe has postponed his inspection, and the telegram stating that no selection would be made till it was definitely known just where the terminal works of the C. P. R. would be located. If the location of the battery had been finally made, what possible influence can the terminal works of the C. P. R. have upon it? But THE COLUMBIAN has not attempted to divert the battery anywhere, or to throw any obstacle whatever in the way of the defence of Victoria and Esquimalt. Our cotemporary knows well enough that the discussion arose in the first place from an interference with the location of Battery C on the part of the Victoria Board of Trade. We objected to that interference, and contended that the defences of this coast should be located at such places as the military authorities themselves thought best. In a matter of such great national importance it is surely most unbecoming for either the press or the representative bodies of any locality to be meddling for purely selfish motives. Lieut.-Col. Holmes, the highest military authority in British Columbia, had explicitly recommended that the battery be located at Burrard Inlet, and General (now Sir) Middleton, the highest military authority in Canada, had heartily endorsed that recommendation. In his report to the minister of militia and defence, dated the 30th of December last, Gen. Middleton says:

> It has already been decided that another Artillery School of Instruction shall be formed in British Columbia, and I would beg to urge the necessity of this being carried out as soon as possible. The expected completion of the Canadian Pacific Railway at the end of this next year renders this more necessary than ever. Should England unhappily be engaged in hostilities which would necessitate the despatch of troops to her eastern possessions, and the passage of the Suez Canal be debarred her, the Canada Pacific Railway would become her line of communication. From the remarks that fell from you at a speech delivered by you at Toronto 18th Dec. last, I understand the troops will be able to be conveyed from Halifax to Vancouver in five and a half days, artillery, ordnance stores, &c., in about eight days; and probably when the fast steamer system is established, infantry alone will be able to be transported to Yokohama in twenty-seven days or to Hongkong in thirty days. The western terminus would thus become a most important strategic point. This terminus, I believe, it is now decided to fix at a spot in Burrard Inlet, called Coal Harbor, near Brockton point, where, I believe, most suitable positions can be found, not only for a barracks, but also for the headquarters of the district, and admirable positions for batteries can be found in the vicinity, completely defending this inlet, which runs up to Port Moody. This selection of a spot for barracks, &c., is not formed from personal knowledge of the locality, but from a report, and the study of a carefully drawn map, furnished by Lieut.-Col. Holmes, D. A. G., No. 11 Dist ict. I might add that there are four reserves on the south side of Burrard Inlet, two of which would be required at once, one of them containing the spot I have alluded to as suitable for a barracks, &c., and it would appear advisable to have their boundaries at once accurately surveyed and laid down, which could be easily done now, as I am informed that the Dominion government have a party of surveyors at work on the inlet at the present moment. The advantages arising apparently from the selection of the ground near Coal Harbor, as a sight of a barracks for the Artillery School of Instruction, and for headquarters, are as follows: Good water is obtainable by digging a few feet, timber is in abundance on the reserve, a wharf could be easily and cheaply built, as the deep water comes up close to the north side; there is ample room for artillery and rifle ranges, brigade camps, &c. Ample facilities even at present exist at Granville for the furnishing of supplies, &c., and the town is sure to increase as soon as the railway comes into operation. The place is more centrally situated than Victoria, which place, moreover, together with the dry-dock at Esquimalt, is always protected by a ship of war, and a marine detachment quartered in the naval yard. This protection, perhaps, might be withdrawn by the Imperial government, should our new battery and district headquarters be established there.

With all the military authorities of the country in favor of Burrard Inlet, what possible motive other than that of self-interest could have prompted the Victoria Board of Trade and the Victoria *Colonist* to interfere with an arrangement that had been planned by disinterested officers for the general good? We cannot conceive of any. But when the *Colonist* had the assurance to put forward the extraordinary doctrine that the defence of Victoria would be an adequate protection for the whole province, it became difficult to determine whether selfishness or silliness entered more largely into the material of which its editorial work-shop was constructed. There is not a military authority anywhere that would commit himself to a proposition so manifestly absurd. The *Colonist's* second error is an apparent belief that its declarations or the declarations of the Board of Trade will influence the department of militia in posting the batteries. We have a higher opinion of the department than that. Its decisions, if wisely made, must be influenced by the reports of the officers, trained in military matters, who have been entrusted with these things. Its failure to act upon the advice of its military experts clearly implies a want of confidence in their judgment. But since they are appointed and dismissed at the will of the government, want of confidence would be followed by instant dismissal. The fact that Maj.-Gen. Sir Frederick Middleton and Lieut.-Col. Holmes are retained as military officers and advisers of the Canadian government implies that they retain the government's confidence, and from this it ought to follow that their military recommendations will be adopted. This conclusion leaves the case precisely where it ought to be—removed entirely beyond the influence of political expediency and petty local and sectional designs such as have been put forward by the *Colonist* and Victoria Board of Trade. And before our intensely sectional cotemporary ventures again to rush into other follies it might be well for him to consider well the last sentence in the extract from the militia report quoted above.

Job printing of all kinds neatly done at the COLUMBIAN office. Prices will be found lower than at any other office in the province.—*Adv.*

HYACK PRACTICE.

A MEETING FOR ENGINE PRACTICE will be held at 7.30 p. m., on

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 23rd,

After practice there will be an election to fill the position of 1st Lieutenant, made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Fred Homer. All members are expected to be present. JNO. McMURPHY, Secretary.
21oct1t

TENDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY Rev. Father Horris, O. M. I., up to noon on **Thursday, 29th inst.**, for supplying the St. Louis College and St. Ann's Convent with

Beef, Mutton, Pork and Veal,

For one year, from 1st November, 1885, to 1st November, 1886.
Bills payable every month.
New Westminster, B.C., Oct. 28th, 1885.
oc21td

FINAL NOTICE.

Estate of Ebenezer Brown,

DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT all debts due to the above estate, and all claims against it, must be handed in to Mr. DE KNEVETT, at New Westminster, before the

15th day of November, 1885,

Or legal proceedings will be taken.
W. C. WARD,
J. S. K. DE KNEVETT,
21oc2t Executors

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

Lot No. 4, Block XIX, in the City of New Westminster.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE Title to the above mentioned lot will be issued to Laurent Guichon on the 23rd day of January, 1886, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lot or some part thereof.
R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.
Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, 21st Oct., 1885.
21oc3m

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

The Northwest Quarter of Section 19 Township 8, in the District of New Westminster.

WHEREAS, the Certificate of Title of Peter Brodie to the above mentioned quarter section of land, has been lost, and application has been made for a duplicate thereof. Notice is therefore hereby given that such duplicate certificate will be issued unless cause be shewn to the contrary within one month from the date hereof.
R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.
Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, 21st Oct., 1885.
21oc4m

A. H. V.

AYER'S Hair Vigor cures baldness. Hair Vigor restores youthful freshness and color to faded and gray hair. It attains these results by the stimulation of the hair roots and color glands. It rejuvenates the **HAIR** and cleanses it. It restores to the that, either by reason of age or diseases of the scalp, has become dry, harsh and brittle, a pliancy and glossy silken softness of extreme beauty. There is no dye in Ayer's Hair **VIGOR** and the good it does is by the it imparts to the follicles, and the cleanliness and healthfulness of the condition in which it maintains the scalp.

AYER'S Hair Vigor renews the hair. Hair Vigor is the best cure known for Brashy Hair, Scald Head, Itching Humors, Tetter Sores, Torpid Follicles, and all other diseases of the scalp that cause the falling of the **HAIR** and its fading. Nothing cleanses of the nuisance of dandruff so perfectly, and so effectually prevents its return, as AYER'S HAIR **VIGOR**. In addition to the curative and restorative virtues peculiar to Ayer's Hair **VIGOR** it is a toilet luxury. The Hair is by far the cleanliest hair-dressing made. It causes the hair to grow thick and long, and keeps it always soft and glossy.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Contains no deleterious ingredients. Its use prevents all scalp disease, secures against the hair growing thin or gray, and surely cures all baldness that is not organic.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is my intention to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to have a Public Highway gazetted, as follows: Commencing at a point at or near the Moodyville Sawmill, on Lot 273, Group I, New Westminster District, thence in a westerly direction to the Indian Reserve, adjoining Lot 271, Group I, in said District.
oc3 D. McPHAIDEN.

DRESS-MAKING!

MISSES. McELROY & FITZ HENRY wish to inform the Ladies of New Westminster that they have opened a

Dress-Making Establishment

—AT—

TRAPP BRO'S STORE, COLUMBIA ST.

Where they will be prepared to execute any orders entrusted to them in the latest styles and with all possible despatch.
New Westminster, Oct. 6th, 1885. oc7tc

WOOD AND COAL!

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ON HAND A large quantity of

BEST WELLINGTON LUMP COAL

And an assortment of

CORD WOOD,

Which he will sell at lowest rates. He will also promptly attend to all kinds of

TEAMING.

Orders left at Mr. McColl's store on Columbia street, or at my house, Douglas street, will meet with prompt attention.
HENRY ELLIOTT.
New Westminster, Sept. 30, 1885.
30se6m

A. GREGG & SON,

ARTISTIC

TAILORS

Cor. Douglas and Pandora Sts. VICTORIA.

EVERY GARMENT FINISHED IN THE BEST MANNER.

FIRST PRIZE

Awarded at Provincial Exhibition, 1885.

Direct Importers of Suitings from European Markets.

Satisfaction guaranteed. oc7tc

Coal Harbor

FOR SALE

Lots in the Subdivision of Lot 301, Group I.

HENRY V. EDMONDS,

LAND AGENT.

TERMS EASY. se16tc **Columbia Street.**

JAMES WISE

OFFERS FOR SALE

NEW AND SEASONABLE

GOODS

ARRIVING BY EVERY STEAMER.

Ladies' and Children's

Jackets, Ulsters, Mantles, &c

A fine Assortment of

DRESS GOODS:

VELVETEENS, SATINS, SILKS, PLAIDS, FLANNELS, &c.

A nice Assortment of General

DRY GOODS:

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

A complete Stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

Constantly on Hand.

New and Fashionable Millinery now arriving. Dressmaking and Millinery done on the premises.

☞ Hay, Grain, and Farm Produce purchased at the highest market rates. Butter Barrels and Kegs constantly on hand.
JAMES WISE,
Front Street, New Westminster.
New West., Oct. 9, 1885. oc10tc

Great Reduction!

IN PRICES

—OF—

WATCHES

Walnut Clocks,

Jewelry, Spectacles,

ETC., ETC.

☞ **From the 1st to the 15th of of October a discount of 20 per cent. will be allowed on the above lines.**

We have the largest and best assorted stock on the Mainland.

This will be a rare chance for farmers and others attending the Agricultural Exhibition. Don't fail to give us a call.

C. M. McNaughten,

COLONIAL BLOCK,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

se30tc

BALL'S

HEALTH ✣ PRESERVING

CORSETS

ALL WHO WEAR BALL'S CORSETS

Are Delighted with Them.

RECOMMENDED

BY THE BEST PHYSICIANS AND ALL WHO APPRECIATE FIT AND COMFORT.

TRY THEM ONCE!

And you will wear no other. Full Lines in Misses', Ladies' Nursing and

Ladies' Circle Cut

RIDING CORSETS

Just received by the Agents for British Columbia.

Hutcheson, Young & CO.

EIGHT

EXCELLENT REASONS why every Lady should Wear

Ball's CORSETS!

FIRST—They need no breaking in.
SECOND—Invalids can wear them with ease and comfort, as they yield to every movement of the body.
THIRD—They do not compress the most vital part of the wearer.
FOURTH—They will fit a greater variety of forms than any other make.
FIFTH—Owing to their peculiar construction they will last twice as long as any ordinary make.
SIXTH—They have had the unqualified endorsement of every physician who has examined them.
SEVENTH—They have given satisfaction to all ladies who have worn them, the common remark being, "We will never wear any other make."
EIGHTH—They are the only corset that a manufacturer has ever dared to guarantee satisfactory in every respect to the wearer, or the money refunded after three weeks' wear.

PRICES.

Misses, $1.00; Ladies, style B, $1.50; H. P., $1.75; Nursing, $2.00. Sateen, $3.50; Satin, $6.50. By mail, 25 cts. extra.

ADDRESS:

The White House,

Hutcheson, Young & Co.

au22tc VICTORIA, B. C

THE PIONEER

BOOK

—AND—

STATIONERY

STORE,

Granville, B. I.

Books,

Stationery,

Fancy Goods,

Musical Instruments,

Newspapers,

Toys, &c.

It will be the aim of the manager of the Pioneer Book and Stationery Store to conduct business upon such principles as will secure and retain the confidence and patronage of the people of

Burrard Inlet.

Articles not in stock will be procured with the utmost despatch.

Prices will be found as low as anywhere else in the Province.

Newspapers and Periodicals supplied promptly.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE

In First-Class Companies.

If you want anything in the above lines, call at or address the Pioneer Book and Stationery Store.

JAS. HALL,
MANAGER.
Granville, Burrard Inlet. au22tc

W. R. AUSTIN,

DEALER IN

General Merchandise!

A large Assortment of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

GROCERIES

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Hay and Feed

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WOOD AND COAL DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.

I run two stages daily, except Sundays, to Port Moody, carrying H.M.S. mails.

As no liquor or tobacco is used I can by temperate habits and careful economy serve the public at especially low rates.
se30tc

F. CRAKE,

WATCH MAKER

—AND—

JEWELER,

Opposite the Colonial Hotel.

Formerly manager of the Watch Department of Savage & Lyman, Montreal.

HAVING SEVERED MY CONNECnection with Mr. McNaughten, I am prepared to

DO ALL KINDS OF

FINE AND COMPLICATED WATCHES

And JEWELRY.

CHARGES REASONABLE. au5tc

GREAT

REDUCTION

—IN—

PRICES!

Scotch, English and American Clothing of the best and very latest styles, reduced.....30 per cent.
American and Canadian White and Cambric Shirts, reduced..30 per cent.
American and English Hats, reduced .....35 per cent.
Canadian Tweeds and Flannels, reduced..... 25 per cent.
Fancy Goods reduced.....40 per cent.

These Goods

MUST BE SOLD,

As I intend keeping nothing but a well-selected Stock of Boots and Shoes.

ROYAL CITY

Boot and Shoe Store

Opposite Ewen's Cannery.

Mrs. Emma Gold, Proprietress.
oc7tc

D. S. CURTIS. S. CLARKE, M.D.

D.S. CURTIS & CO.

Dealers in

DRUGS

—AND—

CHEMICALS

Wholesale and Retail.

PRESCRIPTIONS

DISPENSED

At Low Rates.

Next to Colonial Hotel,

New Westminster, B. C.

au22tc

Fraser River Fish Hatchery

NO PERSON WILL HEREAFTER BE admitted to the Fish Hatchery without a permit from the Inspector of Fisheries or the Superintendent of the Hatchery.
GEO. PITTENDRIGH,
7oc1m Inspector.

GLOBE HOUSE!

—THE—

DRY GOODS

EMPORIUM,

Columbia St.

NEW WESTMINSTER

A WELL ASSORTED STOCK

OF ALL KINDS OF

Dry Goods,

Millinery, and

Fancy Goods

Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Etc.

FASHIONABLE

First-Class Goods!

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

se23tc **W. RAE, Manager.**

J. A. R. HOMER,

—IMPORTER—

SHIPPING & COMMISSION

MERCHANT,

FRONT ST., - NEW WETTMINSTER

OFFERS FOR SALE

Extra, Superfine and Graham

FLOUR

BARLEY,
GROUND BARLEY,
WHEAT,
MIDDLINGS

BRAN,

OIL CAKE,
OATS,
OAT MEAL,
CORN MEAL,

GRAIN SACKS,

HAMS, BACON, LARD, BUTTER, DRIED FRUIT, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Agent for Beacon Light Oil Co'y, Cleveland, Ohio. (ja9tc)

Clothing! Clothing!

WHITE

THE CLOTHIER,

Has Just Received

OVER 300 MEN'S SUITS

A Large Quantity of

Boys' and Youth's Clothing!

7 Cases of American

FELT HATS

Also, a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

—HE NOW HAS—

The Best Assortment in the above Line ever exhibited in New Westminster.

LATEST STYLES

At Lowest Possible Prices for Cash.

Call Early and Make Your Selection.

COLUMBIA STREET OPP. BANK OF B. C.

D. McPHADEN,

Importer and Dealer in

Family Groceries!

—AND—

PROVISIONS.

Imported in quantity,

First-Class in quality,

Sold at Bottom Prices

The best Place in the City to buy your Groceries.

D. McPHADEN,

Deane's Brick Block,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

mh4

FURNITURE

W. PROTHERO & CO.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE.

REMOVED

☞ To shop lately occupied by Mr. Darey, Columbia Street.

Call and examine our stock and prices before buying. We can't be **UNDERSOLD** in the city. Repairing of all kinds neatly done. W. PROTHERO & CO.
se16tc

Boarding & Day School

FOR THE EDUCATION OF YOUNG LADIES.

Columbia St., New West., B. C.

LADY PRINCIPAL:
MISS DAWSON
VICE-PRINCIPAL:
MISS KATHERINE DAWSON.

THIS SCHOOL WILL OPEN for Children of all denominations on the 1st of September, 1885.

Tuition Fees, per mensem (payable in advance), for Day Pupils:

Elementary Class (Eng. Subjects).....$2 50
Advanced Classes, " " 3
French and Latin..... 2
German..... 2
Music Lessons (Pianoforte)..... 3
" " (Elementary)..... 2 50
Drawing & Painting in water colors... 2 50
Plain Sewing and Fancy Work..... 50

☞ For prospectus, terms and full particulars regarding boarders, apply to the Lady Principal. au12tc

ARCHIE BURNS,

DEALER IN

General MERCHANDISE

—AND—

Dry Goods.

Groceries and Fruit

A SPECIALITY.

A full supply of Coal, Dry Alder and Fir

Kept constantly on hand.

TRUCKING & TEAMING

Of all kinds promptly attended to at lowest prices.

Saddle Horses and Buggies for Hire.

Orders may be left at my store, corner Columbia and Blackie Streets, New Westminster. se30tc

The Colonial

BOOT AND SHOE

STORE,

Colonial Hotel Building,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Wm. Ross

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

BOOTS and SHOES

The French Lenoir, Goodyear, Pinkerton, Cochrane, Cassils & Co., Armes Holden and Slater Boots and Shoes.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN ARE RESpectfully invited to call and examine the stock.

I have also on hand the

SCOTCH-CANADIAN LEATHER WATER-TIGHT KNEE BOOT.

Which now takes the place of gum boots.
Jy29tc

IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO SPORTSMEN!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Guns and Rifles!

Of Every Description,

Where any one can choose what he requires at PRICES WHICH THEY HAVE NEVER BEFORE BEEN OFFERED AT.

It will pay to look at them before buying elsewhere.

A FULL STOCK OF

AMMUNITION

Of the best quality, as low as it can possibly be sold.

Tobacco.

Cigars, Pipes,

AND

General Merchandise

Highest cash price paid for all kinds of FURS.

A. GUTMANN,

se2tc **Opposite Colonial Hotel.**

ADVERTISING RATES:

Transient Advertisements—First insertion, 8 cts. per line; subsequent insertions, 2 cts. per line.

Regular Commercial and Business Advertisements—1 column, $12 per month; ½ col., $7 per month; ¼ col., $4 per month; 2 inches, $2 per month; 1 inch, $1.50 per month. These rates to be charged on standing advertisements which remain over 3 months. If for a less period the rates will be: 1 col., $15 per month; ½ col., $9; ¼ col., $5; 2 inches, $3; 1 inch, $2.

Specials, among reading matter—Each insertion, 20 cts. per line.

Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1 each. Funeral notices accompanying death notice, 50 cts. extra.

☞All transient advertisements will be measured by a scale of solid Nonpareil, which makes 12 lines to the inch and 7 words to the line. Display lines must be allowed for in making estimates. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00.

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Oct. 21, 1885.

At present there are only two ships at Burrard Inlet.

Bicycles on the streets have become quite common now.

There is not anything interesting from the police court.

It is believed there will be another famine in India this year.

On *Monday afternoon the str. Yosemite* arrived from Victoria at 2:40.

A fall line of Scottish Hymnals just received at T. R. Pearson & Co.'s oc17c

The W.C.T.U. meets in the lecture-room of the Methodist Church this afternoon.

New Fall Dress Goods and Braids to match, in all the latest shades, at Jas. Ellard & Co's. oc10

Leaves are beginning to fall, and autumnal tints are decorating the forests gorgeously.

There will be a meeting of the Hyack Fire Co. for practice on Friday night. See adv.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Peers, who have been east on a visit of several months, returned last week.

Operations are progressing for the construction of a railway tunnel under St. Clair River at Sarnia.

Tenders are asked for supplies to St. Louis College and St. Ann's Convent in this city. See adv.

It is quite impossible to predict what will be the result of present complications between Bulgaria and her neighbors.

The new theatre at Victoria was opened on Friday night by an amateur company. There were about 1000 spectators present.

If you would have appetite, flesh, color, strength, and vigor, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which will confer them upon you in rapid succession.

Nothing could be more absolutely lovely than the weather we are now enjoying in this most favored province. In the east, snow has already fallen.

Just received at James Ellard & Co.'s a large and select stock of Men's and Boys' Fall Suits and Overcoats, latest styles; the only new stock in town. o10

The Similkameen mines continue to pan out most satisfactorily. Quite a number of miners are making big pay, and confidence remains as firm as ever.

The branch line survey is now nearly complete. In a few days Mr. Strong will go to the terminus at Coal Harbor and explore the various routes to the water.

Remember the excursion to Ladner's Landing this evening, and the entertainment there to-night. The str. Reliance leaves for Ladner's at 7 o'clock this evening.

Special services at Blair's Hall, Granville, continue, and large numbers attend every night. Several have already made a profession of conversion in connection with these meetings.

Two Victoria gentlemen have just returned from a visit of exploration to Queen Charlotte Island with an excellent report of its agricultural resources. They assert that the island can maintain a population of 1,000,000.

Why go about with that aching head? Try Ayer's Pills. They will relieve the stomach, restore the digestive organs to healthy action, remove the obstructions that depress nerves and brain, and thus cure your headache permanently.

The swine plague, which committed such ravages in Essex, has made its appearance in Brant county. Already *diseased animals on a number of farms* have been killed, and the premises have been isolated. The government inspector is now in the county investigating, and advising the people as to the best methods to prevent the spread of the plague.

We are informed that Mr. McTiernan, the Indian agent, found two kegs of beer at Chilliwhack landing the other day belonging to Mr. Innes. As Chilliwhack landing happens to be on the Indian reserve, and Mr. Innes had *no business with the beer there*, Mr. McTiernan knocked in the heads of both barrels! This is a summary, but effective way of settling a Chilliwhack lunch.

The antipathy of the *Columbian* to Victoria is evinced at times in a very silly manner. It would oppose the establishment of a provincial university because the site is not central!—*Victoria Times.* Our friend is entirely astray. We have not opposed the establishment of a provincial university at all; but we have suggested that if one were established it ought to be centrally located. Is the *Times* prepared to say it should not?

The Toronto public vaccinator is trying the system of vaccination as practised in the Russian army. The subject vaccinated returns at the end of a week and is revaccinated from lymph taken from the pustule produced by the former vaccination. This operation is repeated until the virus no longer takes. The person thus operated on is, when the vaccination is completed, thoroughly protected from the most virulent form of the disease.

A Log.—Messrs. DeBeck Bros. & Co., of the Brunette saw mill, received a log one day last week which measured 110 feet in length and 52 inches in diameter at the small end. It was straight and free from knots the whole length. This stick was logged by Mr. Terhume, at Pitt Lake, and it's a *beauty.*

Monopoly.—A gentleman who went up by the C.P.R. from Port Hammond on Thursday complains that all the passenger coaches were monopolized by his excellency the governor-general, his honor the lieutenant governor, and their suites. The common passengers were compelled not only to wait a long time for the distinguished tourists, but had to take a common car fit only for freight or cattle.

New Fall Millinery.—Just received at Jas. Ellard & Co.'s, a large lot of Ladies' and Children's Fall Hats and Bonnets, Feathers, Flowers, Ornaments, &c., &c. oc10

Foul Play.

By Telegraph.

Yale, Oct. 19.—Yesterday afternoon the body of a white man was found floating down the Fraser river near Popcum. A bullet hole over the left eye indicates foul play.

Fire at Nanaimo.

By Telegraph.

Nanaimo, Oct. 20.—About 11 o'clock last night a fire broke out in the rear of Mr. Manson's warehouse, and soon spread to Thompson & Kennedy's carriage shop. Both buildings and contents were totally consumed. Manson's store also caught, but by the timely arrival of both engines and plenty of help the fire was held in check. Fears were entertained for the safety of Mayer & Co.'s store and warehouse, but by the energetic efforts of the firemen they were saved. Manson's loss is heavy, as his warehouse and stock were only partly insured. Thompson & Kennedy only partly insured.

New Fall Goods.—Call and examine the large lot of New Fall Goods just opened at James Ellard & Co's. oc10

A Fine Salmon.—Last Friday Capt. Pittendrigh, inspector of fisheries, received from Harrison River one of the largest spring salmon ever taken in these waters. It was 4 feet 6 ins. long, 14 ins. around the small of the tail, 27 ins. back of the dorsal fin, 33 ins. in front of the dorsal, and 31 ins. under the pectoral, near the gill. It weighed 70 lbs. Capt. Pittendrigh had this fine specimen skinned and stuffed, and will forward it with other samples to the great colonial exhibition at London next year.

Onderdonk Contract.—A dispatch from Ottawa dated the 17th inst., says: "D. O. Mills, of New York, financial agent of Onderdonk, the Pacific railway contractor, has arrived here. Onderdonk will arrive to-day. Mills says the British Columbia section of the Pacific railway is completed; but that the government has not yet accepted it. Sir Charles Tupper will arrive in a day or two when final arrangements will probably be made with Mills and Onderdonk. Claims for extras are understood to be very large and will probably be referred to a committee."

City Council. — Council met on Monday. Present, the mayor and Couns. Douglas, Shiles, Calbick, Elliott, Lord, Bonson, and Hendry. An opinion was read from the city barrister respecting a manufacturing company refusing to furnish the collector of road taxes with the names of those *employed or pay the tax for them.* The opinion was that the collector could lay information and have the company fined as high as $100. Geo. Clark applied for a street lamp at the Cleveland Hotel: referred to lamp committee. Chas. Warwick and others on Royal Avenue petitioned for a sidewalk from St. John to Douglas st.: referred to board of works. Council adjourned till next Monday night.

Simultaneous Despatches. — The *following despatch was received by the* mayor on Monday morning. It was dated at Granville, Oct. 17th, and explains itself: "We have much pleasure in sending you this message from Granville, transmitted by the telegraph and telephone simultaneously over the same wire. This is the first time this has ever been accomplished on the Pacific coast." The despatch was signed by Mr. S. T. McIntosh on behalf of the telegraph company, and by Mr. L. L. Doane for the telephone. The transmission of a telegraph and telephone message over the same wire simultaneously is a scientific event worthy of being recorded. The telephone to Granville is now complete and working. The Granville office is at the Pioneer Book Store.

Lytton Assize.

The assize court at Lytton opened on the 12th inst., Mr. Justice Walkem presiding. Mr. Eberts acted as counsel for the crown. In the case of Regina vs. Indians Johnny and Charley, for assault and robbery committed on Sow Chung, Mr. McColl for private prosecutor, a verdict of guilty was found, and both prisoners were sentenced to 6 mos. at hard labor. Regina vs. Everson. This case was adjourned over from the Kamloops assize on application of the crown counsel, and is known as *the Griffin Lake murder case. The* grand jury found a true bill for murder, and on trial Everson was found guilty of manslaughter, with a recommendation to mercy. The prisoner was sentenced to 5 years imprisonment. Mr. McColl acted as counsel for the prisoner.

Fish Breeding.

FRASER RIVER FISH HATCHERY.

On Wednesday afternoon, at the invitation of Capt. Pittendrigh, inspector of fisheries for British Columbia, a number of ladies and gentlemen paid a visit to the provincial fish hatchery on the Fraser about 4 miles above this city. The party consisted of members of the city council and board of trade, together with a few other citizens, some ladies, and a representative of The Columbian. Both Capt. Pittendrigh and Mr. Thos. Mowat, *superintendent of the hatchery, accompanied* the party. The str. Belle took the party up to Haigh's wharf, and from the landing they walked to

THE HATCHERY.

The building is 40x110 feet, 2 stories *high, and was constructed on a plan* submitted to the department by Mr. Mowat. It is situated very near a small stream of beautiful clear water which comes from some springy ground and never dries up. From this stream water is conducted in a wooden trough to the hatchery. The supply comes from a pond of considerable size formed by a dam across the stream. This pond allows the sediment to settle out of the water before it reaches the aqueduct. Immediately after passing the dam the water goes through a large filter made of charcoal, gravel and sand. This filter leaves it almost absolutely pure, but it is then taken to a water tank, running the whole length of the hatchery, where *any impurities that may have escaped* the filter will have a chance of being deposited. Experience shows that perfectly pure water is not as good for hatching purposes as water in which there is a certain amount of impurity; but, on the other hand, if the water contains much sediment it will be fatal to the eggs. The natural

HATCHING GROUNDS

of the salmon are usually found where there is running water. A bar is generally selected where the current is comparatively swift, because the running water assists in excavating the bed. Here the female fish digs a hole or "rid" from one to two feet deep and *about two feet in diameter. This she* accomplishes by a vigorous use of her tail to stir up the sand and gravel which is carried away by the current. Having completed the preparation of the bed, which occupies a week or more, she proceeds to deposit the eggs in this excavation. This operation requires from 4 to 8 days, and during all the time the male fish guards the deposits from the attacks of trout that are ever on the lookout for an opportunity to devour the ova. Only a small number of eggs are deposited at a time, and as soon as a deposit is made the male fish, which is always by, deposits a portion of milt over the eggs. As soon as the eggs are laid they begin to fill with water, and if they do not come in contact with the milt *within a minute after being deposited* they cannot be fertilized and are useless. When the process of deposit has been completed the rid is covered up with gravel to the depth of 12 or 18 inches, and the eggs are then left to hatch as well as they can. The period required for hatching varies a great deal according to the temperature. In this process of fish breeding there is

A GREAT LOSS

on account of many circumstances. First, while the eggs are being deposited many of them are carried away by the current and lost. Of those that are retained in the rid many fail to come in contact with the milt and are good for nothing. Eggs are very *delicate, and require careful treatment;* and when they are covered with gravel many of them are destroyed. In the process of incubation it often happens that an egg will be attacked with fungus, and if allowed to come into contact with other eggs the parasitic growth will spread until the whole batch is spoiled. When the fry has been hatched in the rid, many of the young fish are so securely imprisoned by the superimposed gravel that they are never able to extricate themselves. Besides all these things the ever-greedy trout keep a vigilant eye upon both the eggs and the young fish, and never miss a chance to appropriate as much of both as they can manage to get hold of. The result is that not more than from 7 to 10 per cent. of the eggs deposited by the Spring salmon in their own beds ever come to maturity! In the hatchery, however,

BETTER RESULTS

are reached. The process of artificial incubation is not very complicated, but it requires experience, judgment, and great care. The salmon are carefully caught and kept in ponds until they have matured. Then they are stripped, and the eggs are immediately brought in contact with the milt, both being mixed in pans with a little water. Great care and practice are necessary in stripping. If the eggs are taken from a fish even a few hours before maturity they will be spoiled. After being fertilized the eggs are put into trays and laid in the water for half an hour, until they have absorbed as much as they need. The trays are then packed in damp moss and kept moist until taken to the hatchery.

IN THE HATCHERY

the trays, containing about 2,000 eggs each, are placed in long troughs through which pure fresh water is constantly running, and here they remain three or four months, until hatched. During all that period they must be watched with the greatest care. All bad eggs must be removed, and if through any cause the eggs become dirty they must be washed. The young fry are first seen curled up in the egg sack. Afterwards the head *and tail appear outside the sack,* and the egg forms the body of the fish. From the yelk the young fish derives its sole nourishment for from 5 to 8 weeks, when it has attained its normal shape and is able to move about with freedom and forage for itself. Having arrived at this stage of development, the fry are carried in large cans to the Fraser where they are placed in a sort of double scow, the inner one being divided into compartments filled with water. In these compartments the *fish can be*

TRANSPORTED SAFELY

to any part of the river and distributed wherever it is thought best to place them. They remain in fresh water from 12 to 18 months, when they are from 6 to 7 inches in length, and make for the great briny ocean. From the time of hatching it takes about 3 years for a male fish to mature, and 4 years for a female. In the hatchery the percentage of loss is very much smaller than in the spawning beds. If 75 per cent. of the eggs are successfully hatched it is a fair average, but some hatcheries have turned out as high as 95 per cent. Last year the Fraser River hatchery yielded about 65 to 70 *per cent., which is considered* an excellent average for the first year. Since last year the dam has been much improved, a filter has been constructed, and other improvements made, and it is expected that a larger percentage of fish will be obtained. The establishment seems to be in perfect order, and everything about it indicates care and attention on the part of Mr. Mowat and those under his direction.

A Sure Indication.—Whenever there are *festering sores, blotches, pimples* and boils appearing it indicates an extremely bad condition of the blood, which should be speedily cleansed by that best of all medicines, Burdock Blood Bitters.

Chilliwhack Band of Hope.

(Correspondence of the Columbian.)

Last Friday evening a large and enthusiastic audience assembled in the Methodist church at Centreville to listen to an entertainment provided by the band of hope under the able leadership of Mrs. McCutcheon. And when it is said that the band comprises most of the juvenile population of Centreville and its neighborhood, it will be seen that the number of caterers to this literary and musical entertainment was by no means inconsiderable or few. The character of the pieces rendered was exceptionally good and tasteful, and both in the literary and musical department received hearty applause and appreciation from the audience. Several of the dialogues were given in character, and the musical performances were ably assisted at the organ by Miss Gertie Kipp. The meeting was presided over by Rev. C. Bryant who explained and enforced the objects and aims of the band of hope institution. At the close it was announced that the evening's receipts at the door had netted $21 for band. A cordial and unanimous vote of thanks to Mrs. McCutcheon for her successful management of the affair, and to the young folks for their creditable efforts, was passed upon the motion of A. C. Wells, J. P., seconded by G. R. Ashwell, J. P.

The tobacco of Martinico was once the favorite with the smoking world, and when old Father Henipen descended the Mississippi about 1680 the Indians were much surprised to see an European with such an excellent sample of their native *plant. But the smokers of the "Myrtle* Navy" would give but a poor account of the once celebrated Martinico. Their celebrated brand is as much superior to it as it was to the raw and uncured leaf which the Indians of that day smoked.

Communications.

The Crescent.

Editor Columbian.—New Westminster is not lacking in one of the greatest of virtues—it has faith. Faith in its great future, faith in its unrivalled position on the mighty Fraser, faith in its claims to become the mainland capital. But faith which removes mountains shows an unexplained antipathy to removing stumps. For 25 years the crescent has existed to the eye of the faithful as a thing of beauty—on the maps of the city; but for 25 years it has existed to the carnal eyes of visitors as a wilderness of stumps. It is time that this ceased, and that the chaingang stumped the crescent, and that the residents of New Westminster had at least one open space covered with a smooth carpet of verdant grasses and beautified with the varied foliage of shade trees. The expenditure would be but trifling, and the reproach would be taken away that at New Westminster, with its tranquil river, its swelling forest-clad hills, and its majestic serrated mountains, the lovely landscape is only to be enjoyed from the crescent, surrounded by hideous

STUMPS.

British Politics.

London, Oct. 17.—Prime Minister Salisbury has got the tory party in campaign trim. At the opening of the campaign the conservatives were in an apparently hopeless minority as against the united liberal factions. These factions were indulging in a sort of "go as you please" campaign and committing themselves to all kinds of isms. Gladstone was at this time enjoying his vacation in Norway, and people supposed when he should return and blow his bugle blast the liberals would cease their bickerings and close up their ranks in solid array. He *returned and gave his trumpet call.* It was followed by an unmistakable cessation of the noise of quarrels among his followers, but the ranks did not close. Investigation showed that the factious leaders had gone too far with pledges and that many of them could not decently recant and submit to the narrower policy adopted by the great leaders. Besides,

THE GREAT LEADERS WERE QUARRELING

among themselves concerning principles to be advocated *in the campaign.* Gladstone came to the rescue and proposed a grand arbitration scheme. A committee of twelve honorable gentlemen was elected from each of the representative liberal clubs in London in order that all shades of liberal opinion might have a representation. This committee was given power to choose between the liberal candidates where several were dividing by contesting the same constituency and the voters *were instructed to support the candi*dates approved by the arbitrators. For over a week everything went well and the committee did a great deal of work. Its decisions were respected and rejected candidates retired. But for several days past a different state of affairs has been developed. Such a number of provincial candidates have absolutely refused to abide by the decision of the committee that the trouble has become serious, and a special committee has been formed, consisting of Lord Hartington, leader of the whigs; Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, leader of the radicals; Hon. Samuel Morley, moderate; and Sir Henry James, attorney-general under Mr. Gladstone. It was calculated that no liberal candidate would have the temerity to stand out against the decision of both committees and between them they would be gradually able to eliminate all the elements of disunion from the party. But the result has shown that Gladstone has adopted

A VERY AWKWARD IMITATION

of the American caucus system. If the committee had been given the selection of candidates in the first place no candidates would be soliciting the liberal votes except those endorsed by Gladstone. As it is we find his caucus brought into being after the candidates are all up and making many *ex-post facto* decisions and ordering popular men, deeply pledged and far advanced in their campaign work, to ignobly retire. The result is, of course, that numbers of these candidates refuse to accept the caucus decisions and persist in their candidatures. Hence many English provincial constituencies remain contested by four or five rival liberal candidates, each attempting to split up the party vote, against a single conservative candidate in the same field. Parnell's management of the Irish campaign has been more closely imitative of the American plan, and is correspondingly successful. There can *be no doubt that disunion prevails* largely in the liberal party. The public declarations of Cardinal Newman

CONCERNING THE ESTABLISHED CHURCH

is certainly one of the most extraordinary occurrences of the campaign. He advises Catholics to assist the conservatives in maintaining the established church against the attack of its enemies, declaring it one of the greatest bulwarks in England against atheism: "*I wish all success to those de*fending the church, and I and my friends will join in defending it." Many affect to see in the cardinal's exhortation nothing more than a political adoption of Roman church principle that "any religion is better than no religion;" but his words have attracted universal attention here, and will undoubtedly assist the conservatives, who, as a party, stand by the church to secure an alliance with the Irish party. Tory political agents throughout the country generally report a more favorable prospect for their party.

Beautiful photographic panoramic views in British Columbia, 75 cts. per set at T. R. Pearson & Co.'s.

The Bulgarian Row.

Constantinople, Oct 16.—The ambassadors have presented a note to the Porte, in which they say further time will have to be afforded them so as to *obtain a complete European understanding* respecting the Roumelian difficulty, and advise the Sultan to continue his pacific policy. They do not, however, dispute the right to send troops into Roumelia, to assert its right in that province. It is generally believed that the powers have advised Bulgaria, Servia and Greece, more strongly than heretofore, to remain quiet. The Porte's note regarding the armaments of Greece and Servia gave the powers ground to protest against their warlike attitude. The *report* that Greece had offered to form an alliance with Turkey is unfounded. The ambassadors have adjourned their sittings, but will reassemble shortly, when it is expected they will have received further instructions from their respective governments in relation to their final decision. The Porte considers the note of the ambassadors satisfactory, but has intimated that he will not recognize the Bulgarian union, no matter what the ultimate result of the conference may be. Herr Von Radiwitez, German ambassador, and M. Nelidoff, Russian ambassador, have refused to receive M. Petroff and M. Tchamakoff, delegates, who have been commissioned by Prince Alexander to assure the Porte that peace and order *reigned in Roumelia.* A large force of Turkish troops have been ordered to advance in the direction of Nissa, and a battle between the Servians and Turks is now imminent.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 16. — The *Journal de St. Petersburg* to-day, in commenting on the Bulgarian question, shows signs of impatience at the delay in settling the difficulty, and says Russia will not submit to the dictation of Karanelog, the Bulgarian prime minister. If the warning of the ambassa*dors to Prince Alexander to pacify* Roumelia at the risk of losing the union does not make Bulgarians return to reason, the French conference to assemble shortly will settle the difficulty on the same basis as the starting point in the present course of action.

Belgrade, Oct. 16.—Servia has protested against the decision of the ambassadors on the Roumelian question, and has commenced military operations against the Bulgarians. A large force of Servian troops at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon began to move.

A Speedy Cure.—As a speedy cure for Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Colic, Cramps, Sick Stomach, Canker of the Stomach and Bowels, and *all* forms of Summer Complaints, there is no remedy more reliable than Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Dealers who sell it and those who buy it are on mutual grounds in confidence of its merits.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

San Francisco, Oct. 16. — Colonel Bee, Chinese consul at this city, has just completed a compilation of statistics, showing the number of arrivals and departures of Chinese from this port since the restriction act went into force—May 6, 1882. The departures aggregate 42,000, the arrivals 18,000.

Vienna, Oct. 17.—A rumor is current here to-day that King Milan of Servia has issued a war manifesto. The report is not confirmed. In the lower house of reichsrath to-day Count Von Taafe, presi*dent of the council, stated that Austria* had asked Prussia to explain the expulsion of Austrian Poles from the latter country and that Prussia had replied that she regarded the expulsion as purely an international affair.

Montreal, Oct. 17.—Ambrose Choquet, of *Rochester, N. Y.,* who has been mentioned as taking a prominent part in the agitation for Louis Riel, is a member of the American bar. He was formerly a resident of Montreal. Some time ago Choquet informed L. O. David, of this city, that an intimate friend of *President Cleveland had promised on* behalf of the chief magistrate, that as soon as the naturalization papers of the halfbreed leader were produced an effort to persuade the Dominion authorities to hold a new trial and to appoint a medical commission would be made. Mr. David, *it is asserted, lately obtained the* necessary proofs and forwarded them to Choquet.

San Francisco, Oct. 17.—A close estimate of the total losses by the recent Crocker fire place them at $775,000.

Fatal Attacks.—Among the most prevalent, fatal, and sudden attacks of diseases are those incident to the Summer and Fall, such as Cholera Morbus, Bilious Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, etc., that often prove fatal in a few hours. That ever reliable remedy, Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, should be at hand, for use in an emergency.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES.

London, Oct. 18.—The *Standard* this morning says Russia and Austria are unable to come to an agreement in regard to the Balkan difficulty. Prince Bismarck is determined to prevent war. The three powers have agreed to restore outwardly *a statu quo ante.* Bulgaria, Servia and Greece will probably be choked off.

London, Oct. 18.—The Berlin correspondent of the *Daily News* says that nearly all the powers have agreed to a conference on the Balkan question, and the hope that peace will be maintained increases.

Shanghai, Oct. 19.—The Chinese government has unanimously decided to proceed speedily with the work of building railways throughout the empire.

Vienna, Oct. 19.—The situation in the east has again assumed a serious aspect owing to the bellicose attitude of Servia. Prince Alexander, after endeavoring to patch up an agreement with King Milan, telegraphed the latter that he intended sending minister Grekoff to the Servian court on a special mission. King Milan declined, however, to receive the mission. It is evident from King Milan's answer that Servia is determined to fight for territorial aggrandizement.

Paris, Oct. 19.—It is now stated that the new chamber of deputies will comprise 200 conservatives and 284 republicans or radicals. M. Brisson, premier; M. Floquet, president of the chamber of deputies; M. Sodicarnot, minister of finance; Duke de Bissocci, M. M., and peux ru Vier, Cochery, Raynal, Clemencean and Shuller have been re-elected. Thus far 208 republicans and 24 conservatives have been elected. The republicans polled 61,000 votes in Paris and the conservatives 31,000.

London, Oct. 19.—The recorder in charging the jury to-day in relation to the Armstrong abduction case charged them to return true bills against the prisoners [among whom is Stead, of the *Pall Mall Gazette*] for abduction, conspiracy and indecent assault, stating that the motives alleged by the accused were not a legal defense.

Dublin, Oct. 19.—The Munster bank re-opened to-day under gratifying auspices; £10,000 had been deposited in the bank up to noon. The bank restricts its business to small advances and will pursue a careful and steady policy in dealing with its patrons. News from provincial branches are also very satisfactory to the shareholders and friends of the bank.

Montreal, Oct. 19.—Forty-eight verified cases of small-pox have been reported here in the past two days. For past 18 days of present month the the total number of deaths in the city and adjoining municipalities was 958. The church of Notre Dame de Bonsecure was crowded this afternoon to its utmost capacity on the occasion of the beginning of the Novena to pray for a cessation of the smallpox epidemic. These devotions will be continued during nine days.

Ottawa, Oct. 19.—Extradition papers have been made out in the case of Frank Angelo or Angelas, who was arrested in British Columbia charged with being a fugitive from justice. He had been convicted in Washington territory of a murderous assault and escaped from custody.

A Sad Case.—*The poor victim of* Chronic Dyspepsia apparently suffers all the ills of life, living in continual torture. Regulate the Liver and the Bowels and tone the stomach with Burdock Blood Bitters and the dyspeptic's trouble is soon gone.

YESTERDAY'S DISPATCHES.

Athens, Oct. 20.—The council of Candi, the largest city in Crete, has voted in favor of union with Greece, but the population refuse to revolt against the Turkish government before Greece declares war. The Greeks are wild with enthusiasm; 30,000 men of the reserves have been enrolled during the past five days, and thousands are arriving from all parts of Greece. The people are clamoring for war.

London, Oct. 20.—Lord Salisbury has informed the porte that England will send an energetic remonstrance to Servia and Greece against their formidable armaments and advise them to keep quiet.

Phillipopolis, Oct. 20.—Prince Alex*ander has summoned the whole of the* national militia of Bulgaria for immediate service in defense of their country.

London, Oct. 20.—The grand jury has found a true bill against Mr. Stead, of the *Pall Mall Gazette* and other prisoners in the Armstrong case for abduction, *conspiracy,* and indecent assault.

Paris, Oct. 20.—A telegram from St. Petersburg received at a late hour this evening says Russia has made propositions to land 9,000 troops in Varna, a seaport town of Bulgaria, in 24 hours in case of need.

A Certain Result.—In all disturbed action of the Stomach, the Bowels, the Liver or the Kidneys the result of taking Burdock Blood Bitters is certain to afford prompt benefit to the sufferer. Burdock Blood Bitters cure when other remedies fail.

Ruined By Communion Wine.

A gentleman told me in New York, "I was a sad drunkard; I became a Christian at Mr. Moody's Hippodrome meetings in New York. I had signed the pledge. I wanted to do work for the Lord. I joined a certain church because the pastor was very sympathiz*ing with us, and I had been working* in his gospel tent, and trying to rescue men. Well, I believed and boasted that the love of Jesus had taken away all appetite for drink. Three weeks ago there was a communion service. I smelled the drink and wanted it. My fingers began to tingle. There was an itching, burning, dry sensation in my throat. I wanted it. I tried to pray. I tried to think that I had come there to show forth the 'Lord's death till He come.' It was of no use. I gripped the seat. I ground my teeth. I sat in perfect agony. The wine approached me. I shuddered from head to foot. If I had taken it in my hand there would not have been a drop of it left. I know it, and I have been fighting that appetite for three weeks with all the power I had to fight anything, and I am very glad you have comforted me by the assurance that I may yet be a child of God, though subject to this terrible temptation."—*J. B. Gough.*

Syrup of Figs,

Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal., is Nature's Own True Laxative. This pleasant liquid fruit remedy may be had of Messrs. D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster. Sample bottles free and large bottles at 75 cents or $1.25. It is the most pleasant, prompt and effective remedy known, to cleanse the system; to act on the Liver, Kidneys and Bowels gently yet thoroughly; to dispel Headaches, Colds and Fevers; to cure Constipation, Indigestion and kindred ills.

The Great Forth Bridge.

The total length of the bridge is 8,091 feet, or upward of a mile and a half. The length of the main portion, from cantilever pier to cantilever pier, is 5,342 feet. The two main spans, north and south of Inchgarvie, are 1,710 feet each. The two main half spans are 680 feet each. In the approach viaducts there are fifteen spans ten on the south side and five on the north—of which 13 are spans of 168 feet each, the other two, next to the cantilever piers, being of 170 feet. The height of the rails above high water will be 150 feet. The breadth of each cantilever at base is 120 feet, at top 35 feet, and at the extremities 35 feet. The height of the cantilever columns is 350 feet. The number of men employed on the works is about 2,000. *The estimated cost of the* whole undertaking is $8,000,000. The work has now been in progress for two years and a half. It is expected to occupy another five years at least.—*London Times.*

An Elegant Substitute

For oils, salts, pills and all kinds of bitter, nauseous medicines is the very agreeable liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs. Recommended by leading Physicians.—Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal. For sale by Messrs. D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster. se20m

"Has my client anything right?" asked a counselor, out of patience, of a brother wrangler at the bar. "I know not," was the response. "*But one* thing is certain—when you get through with him he'll have nothing left.—*Ex.*

Highest Praise. — The well-known drug firm of N. C. Polson & Co., of Kingston, writes that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has long been considered the best remedy for Summer complaints in the markets, and adds that their customers speak in the highest terms of its merits. Wild Strawberry is the best known remedy for Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, and all Bowel Complaints.

BIRTH.

LORD.—At Ladner's Landing, on the 19th inst., the wife of Mr. Frank L. Lord, of a son.

Wholesale City Market.

Beef,	per 100 lbs.	$8 00 @ $9 00
Pork	"	0 00 @ 9 00
Mutton	"	8 50 @ 9 00
Hides(gr'n)	"	8 50 @ 0 00
Potatoes	"	0 75 @ 0 00
Turnips	"	0 50 @ 0 75
Carrots	"	1 00 @ 1 25
Parsnips	"	1 00 @ 0 00
Beets	"	1 00 @ 1 25
Cabbage	"	0 75 @ 1 00
Onions	"	2 00 @ 2 25
Apples	"	1 50 @ 3 00
Pears	"	2 00 @ 3 00
Wheat	"	1 25 @ 1 50
Oats	"	1 25 @ 1 20
Peas	"	1 00 @ 1 25
Hay,	per ton	9 00 @ 10 00
Butter (rolls)	per lb.	0 25 @ 0 30
Cheese,	"	0 17 @ 0 18
Eggs,	per doz.	0 30 @ 0 37
Geese,	each	1 50 @ 2 00
Ducks	"	0 75 @ 1 00
Chickens,	per pair	0 75 @ 1 00
Cordwood (retail)	per cord	3 00 @ 3 50

PYÆMIA

Is the most virulent form of blood-poisoning. Less speedily fatal, but not less certainly so, is the vitiation of the blood of which the first symptoms are **Pimples, Sties, Boils,** and **Cutaneous Eruptions.** When the taint of **Scrofula** gives warning of its presence by such indications, no time should be lost in using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the only perfect and reliable medicine for the purification of the blood.

SCROFULA

Is a foul corruption in the blood that rots out all the machinery of life. Nothing will eradicate it from the system and prevent its transmission to offspring but Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This preparation is also the only one that will cleanse the blood of Mercurial poison and the taint of Contagious Diseases. Impoverished blood is productive of

ANÆMIA,

A wretched condition indicated by **Pallid Skin, Flaccid Muscles, Shattered Nerves,** and **Melancholy.** Its first symptoms are **Weakness, Languor, Loss of Nerve Force,** and **Mental Dejection.** Its course, unchecked, leads inevitably to insanity or death. Women frequently suffer from it. The only medicine that, while purifying the blood, enriches it with new vitality, and invigorates the whole system, is

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

D J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists: Price $1; Six bottles for $5.

The new war map of Egypt, and the Soudan, giving names of all the places mentioned in despatches, and a valuable table of distances. No one should be without it. Price, 15 cents. T. R. Pearson & Co. ap15tc

THE WEST SHORE FOR SEPTEMBER.—The Great Illustrated British Columbia Edition. A full supply now on hand at T. R. Pearson & Co's., sole agents for the Mainland, at 25 cts. each. tc

A new map of British Columbia just issued by the government, for sale at T. R. Pearson & Co's. The best map ever issued; $2.25.—*Adv.*

Mortgages, Deeds, Leases, Agreements of Sale, and blank forms of all kinds, at T. R. Pearson & Co's. *

Beaver Lodge, No. 30, A.O.U.W. meets the second and fourth Wednesday in each month. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.
au29tc E. A. JENNS, Recorder.

St. Paul's Church. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. in the Rectory Hall, St. John street, below Royal avenue. Seats free, all are cordially invited. Sunday School at 2.30 P. M. (fe28tc)

Methodist Church, Mary St. Rev. C. Watson, Pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School and *Bible Class 2:30 p. m. Prayer Meeting on* Thursdays at 8 p. m. Seats free; strangers cordially invited. je7-tc.

Baptist Church, Rev. Robt. Lennie pastor; meets in the Court House. Services at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sabbath School and Bible Class at 2.30 P.M. Prayer Meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. *Strangers cordially invited.* ap18tc

Union Lodge No. 9, A. F. & A. M.—The regular Communications of this Lodge are held on the first Monday in each month. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend D. WILSON, fe23-tc Secretary.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The firm of Homer & Son has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, F. Homer retiring. All debts due the late firm will be received by J. A. R. Homer. The business will be continued under the name of J. A. R. Homer, who will assume all liabilities of the late firm.

J. A. R. HOMER,
F. HOMER.

New Westminster, Oct. 13, 1885. 14oc1m

MONEY

TO LEND:

$5,000,
$10,000,
$15,000,
$20,000,

AT MODERATE RATES OF INTEREST

W. NORMAN BOLE,

oc10m1 BARRISTER, New West.

EXCURSION

—AND—

ENTERTAINMENT

There will be an excursion from New Westminster to

Ladner's Landing,

AND A

SOIREE and ENTERTAINMENT

In the new Town Hall, on

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 21.

The Steamer Adelaide will leave New Westminster at 7 p. m., sharp, returning *after the entertainment.* Tickets for round trip and entertainment, 75 cts. each, may be had at T. R. Pearson & Co's. Tea, 25cts. extra. Curtain will rise about 8:30.

A first-class entertainment will be given. oc10td

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered Liver, Kidneys, Stomach, Bowels or Blood.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO

Important Public Notice.

Dominion Liquor License Act, 1883, and amending Act.

Notice is hereby given that all persons selling intoxicating liquors on board vessels or by wholesale, are required forthwith to take out a License for that purpose under the provisions of the Act above mentioned.

By order of the Board.

W. D. FERRIS,
Chief Inspector.

New Westminster, 23rd Sept., 1885. se26tc

BLAINE, SEMIAHMOO AND NEW WESTMINSTER

STAGE ROUTE

D. S. MILLER, Proprietor.

Connecting with Steamers to Blaine and Semiahmoo.

The stage will leave for New Westminster immediately after the arrival of the Steamers on Friday, and will return, leaving New Westmin

Deepening the Channel.

The New York *Sun* states that the current on the Hudson and the receding tides carry down to the ocean an immense quantity of matter in suspension, and deposit it at the mouth of the lower approach to New York harbor. There, aided by the efforts of the street cleaning department, which disposes in the vicinity annually of thousands of tons of the city's refuse, it forms what is known as the bar, a potent and stubborn accumulation of mud and sand, which restricts to the hours of high water the entrance of large vessels to the harbor and their departure from it. Since this bar first began to be a serious obstacle and cause of delay to shipping, an objection which became more and more urgent as new vessels of greater draught came to the port, its growth has been rapid; and the difficulty of dealing with it has been more and more a subject of anxious discussion.

Dismissing the consideration of the various remedies proposed and the objections to which they are open, attention is now directed to a very simple and interesting plan for making and maintaining through the bar a channel which shall be at all times deep enough for vessels of the greatest draught, such as our great transatlantic steamers.

Gen. Roy Stone conceived the idea of using the natural outgoing current as an agent to deepen and maintain a channel, much as Capt. Eads, in his work at the South Pass, below New Orleans, made the Mississippi scour *for itself out into the gulf* a deep and permanent roadway.

Gen. Stone believed that, if he stirred up the mud and sand at the right time, the sea-going currents would carry it away. Receiving sufficient encouragement from the government to justify his undertaking his work, he began operations a month or two since, his apparatus consisting of a water-plough, which is nothing more than a powerful jet of water projected into the mud at close quarters from a heavy iron nozzle. This stream had upon the floor of the channel the same effect that those used in hydraulic mining in California have upon the great gravel banks against which they are directed. Mud, gravel, sand, and other materials were violently disturbed, the lighter parts thrown into suspension and a large proportion carried away by the current. A constant increase in the depth was observed, and within a few days Gen. Stone was enabled to report a material gain along the entire length of the channel.

An inspection of the operations of Gen. Stone's steamer shows that the plan is apparently both cheap and effective, and leaves the impression that it can be permanently employed to keep the port of New York open to vessels of any size without respect to tides.

Stonewall Jackson's Device.

On the night of the battle of Fredericksburg, when Burnside was trying to get his army back to the Stafford side of the river over the one pontoon bridge that was left, Lee called a council of war. Jackson had been holding a position some three miles down the river from Marye's Heights, where the fiercest fighting had taken place, but had moved his command up closer later in the afternoon. The night was fearful dark, and a drizzling rain had set in. Jackson came into the council, saluted the officers present, and took a seat off in the corner. General Lee stated the purpose for which the council had been called, and asked one of the senior officers for his opinion; and then another, and another, until all had spoken save Stonewall. Lee then turned and asked his opinion, but received no response. All turned to hear what he would say, and there *saw Jackson, bolt upright in his chair,* fast asleep. "Why, bless me," said Lee, "the old fellow is asleep," and going to him he shook his arm and called his name, which awoke him. "General Jackson, will you give us your opinion as to what could be done?"

"Gentlemen," he said, "I am sorry that I have not heard all that was said; but my plan is, if the council will agree to it, to go back to my corps and march it into Fredericksburg at once. The enemy has met with a severe reverse and is, in all probability, demoralized. They have only one bridge over which to escape. One corps is sufficient to do this work—to destroy what remains of that army on this side of the river; and that being done the campaign will be over."

"But, General," said Lee, "consider the fact that these men have only the one bridge over which to escape; they will fight desperately."

"What if they do? My corps is accustomed to desperate fighting. But the very fact that they have only one avenue of escape, in their demoralized condition, will cause them to make every effort to use the bridge. They will not fight so desperately as you think."

"But consider the darkness of the night. The men will not be able to distinguish their own comrades."

"I have thought of all that. I will have my men pull their shirt tails out and march in. They will know each other then."

General Lee walked back and forth for some time, deeply engaged in thought. Finally he said, "General *Jackson, I cannot agree to your proposition.* The slaughter would be horrible, and my conscience cannot approve of it."

"My conscience approves of it thoroughly," said Jackson. "War is war. The slaughter to-day has been horrible, and would have been worse had the enemy gained those heights. The enemy is in a trap, and we ought to take advantage of it. If the tables were turned they would march in on us."

"And at this very time," said a Union officer to me last April, "we were getting out of that place as fast as men could be got over one bridge. We were looking every minute for the Confederate troops to rush in upon us, and if they had done so we should have been utterly ruined. Pope's army, when Jackson got behind him, was as a picnic compared to our situation that night." And when I told him of Jackson's plan for enabling his troops to know their comrades, he said, "Fabius Maximus is the only other man who ever lived who would have thought of such a thing, and his soldiers didn't have the materials."

Why go about with that aching head? Try Ayer's Pills. They will relieve the stomach, restore the digestive organs to healthy action, remove the obstructions that depress nerves and brain, and thus cure your headache permanently.

Made in Vain.

We're told on ev'ry side
In language very plain,
Whatever may betide
That "nothing's made in vain."

But, ah! I daily see
A sight that gives me pain—
A girl who seems to me
Is surely maiden vain.

Her Hopes Were Dashed.

So you were at Niagara Falls?" she asked.

"Yes."

"You saw the Falls?"

"Oh, yes."

"Very grand?"

"Very."

"Did you feel awed?"

"I did."

"*Much water?*"

"Yes, a great deal."

"Constant roar, I suppose?"

"Yes."

"Felt your nothingness all the time, didn't you?"

"Yes'm."

"How long did this feeling last?"

"What—the feeling that I was a poor, puny, miserable nobody?"

"Yes."

"Oh, not over ten minutes."

"Humph! I was going to send my husband down. I supposed it might last two weeks.—*Detroit Free Press.*"

The Tennis Fiend.

Everywhere, at Saratoga, Mount Desert, Lake George, and Richfield, we encounter the tennis fiend. He is usually a verdant young man of 17. He wears knickerbockers, a white woollen shirt, white canvas shoes, and a white cap far enough back on his head not to disturb his bang. In his hand he always carries a racquet or a bat. Thus equipped he saunters around hotel balconies and smokes cigarettes. Play tennis! O, no, he doesn't play tennis. He simply dresses this way because it is picturesque and cheap. With a racquet in his hand he can loaf around the hotel parlor and talk with all the pretty girls. Take the racquet out of his hand and he would look like a stonemason. Put a trowel or something useful into his hand and all the girls would cut him. There are just 25,986 such tennis fiends at the watering places this year. —*Eli Perkins.*

Big on Salary.

A clergyman relates the following touching his experience in California in an early day. The church over which he presided was a small one, weak and struggling, and located not far from a mining camp. It was quite a common thing for the miners to drop into church, and to their credit be it said that they always maintained the best of order and never allowed the plate to pass unnoticed. One Sabbath after service the pastor was stopped by a typical forty-niner who, after passing the time of day, said: "Parson they tell me the gospel lead you're workin' here don't pan out very rich. Is that so?" The parson confessed that re*sults were hardly satisfactory.* "Well," continued the miner, "I heard you preach to-day and it took me back to old times. Now, I ain't no great shakes on religion, but I'm big on salary," and putting a double eagle in the astonished parson's hand, he strode away.—*Harper's Bazar.*

Medical Drunkenness.

An English doctor, illustrating the risk of establishing a taste for intoxicating drinks by prescribing alcoholic liquors as medicinal agents, tells of a favorite dog which, falling sick, was treated by the veterinary surgeon with brandy. "Ever since, if he hears any one speak of brandy, he is up in a moment on his hind legs begging for *the seductive physic.*" Though cases of what may be called "medical drunkenness" are not so numerous as it is popularly supposed, instances are, unfortunately, too common where the medical prescription of strong drinks has been the beginning of a career of excess. Alcoholic liquors should be the last, and not the first, resort. Especially should such "tricksy spirits" never be administered to reformed inebriates or to persons under suspicion of a transmitted alcoholic taint. The whole system of such is ever ready to respond to the lightest touch of the poison, and the smallest sip will often light up an uncontrollable conflagration.

Dogs at School.

There is a training school for dogs in Pittsburg, says the *Dispatch.* A great many of the canine family are always there in training. There are dogs of all sizes, ages, and dispositions. Some are of a blooded race, while others are the common every-day curs, met in every alley and by-way of the city. They are taught to do all the tricks that appear clever when manifested by their class, but the chief subject of instruction is breaking to wild game. They are taken out to the woods near by, and then the game is furnished by the trainer, and they are given an insight into all the little tricks of the profession by an old and experienced dog. Almost any one could do the work done by the trainer if he had the same opportunities and as great a knowledge of the character of dogs. Said the gentleman in charge of the school:

"Dogs are as different in their ways as men. Some you can trust and rely upon, and they will never try to get out of what they know they should do; others require close watching, or they will always be in mischief. Yes, we have some fine dogs here. You can't always tell which ones they are by their appearance. Those that at a casual glance present the most repulsive appearance are frequently the most valuable. The fine animals are not always those that have long pedigrees treasured up by their masters. I have a dog here that is the most useful, intelligent, and powerful animal under my care, and yet he has no pedigree recorded."

"What value do dogs reach?" "Oh, they are worth all the way up from $50 to $5,000. There are very few that will bring the latter figure, however. A great deal of the value put upon a dog of fine pedigree is merely imaginary. The ancestors of the animals are supposed to impart their worth to him. Our dog shows do a great deal to give dogs of no pedigree a chance to get a reputation and set a value upon themselves. These will be some fine Pittsburg unknowns put up at the coming bench exhibition here."

Beautiful photographic panoramic views in British Columbia, 75 cts. per set at T. R. Pearson & Co.'s.

READ THIS

GREAT

CLEARANCE SALE.

Until Further Notice

TRAPP BROS.

WILL OFFER FOR SALE

At COST!

The whole of their extensive stock of

Dry Goods!

CLOTHING,

Gents' Furnishings

CARPETS, ETC.

Consisting of

DRESS GOODS,

In Merinos, from	35	cents	per yard.
Cashmeres,	60	"	"
Lusters,	16	"	"
Plaids, wool,	35	"	"
Satteens,	16	"	"
Brocades,	35	"	"
Silks, black,	1.40	"	"
Silks, col'd,	1.00	"	"
Satins,	60	"	"

DOMESTICS,

In Ginghams, fm	14	"	"
Calicoes,	8	"	"
Prints, English,	9	"	"
Prints, Amer.	8	"	"
Piques,	13	"	"
Canton Flanls,	12½	"	"
Sheetings,	12½	"	"
Linens,	16	"	"
Cheese Cloth,	7	"	"
Diaper "	20	"	"
Winceys,	8	"	"
Drillings,	15	"	"
Duck,	16	"	"
Tickings,	16	"	"

Table Cloths and Napkins.

FLANNELS,

All kinds and col. fm	35	"	"
Cretonnes,	20	"	"
Damask, wool,	75	"	"

LACE CURTAINS.
BED SPREADS AND QUILTS.
TOWELS, from 8 cts.
TOILET COVERS.
SHAWLS, woolen.
SKIRTS, from 50 cts.
LADIES' UNDERWEAR, from 75 cts.
PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS, from 75 cents.
CORSETS, from 50 cents.
HOSIERY of all kinds and prices from 12½ cents.
GLOVES, in lisle and silk.
ULSTERS and JACKETS, from $2.00.
CRINOLINES, from 50 cents.
HANDKERCHIEFS, from 12½ cents.
TIES, lace and silk.
FANS, from 25 cts. to $3.50.
LACES and EMBROIDERY.
FRILLINGS.
RIBBONS, in all colors and shades.
DRESS BUTTONS, a great variety.

MUSLINS,

In Jacanette,
Swiss and Nainsook.

WORSTEDS and YARNS, all makes.
HAIR BRUSHES and COMBS.
FANCY GOODS.
WATCHES and JEWELRY.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

MEN'S SUITS, from $6.00.
YOUTHS' SUITS, from $5.00.
CHILDREN'S SUITS, from $2.00.
SHIRTS, white and colored, from $1.00.
SHIRTS, woollen, from $1.00.
UNDERWEAR, in woollen and Canton flannel.
GENTS' HALF HOSE from 12½c.
TIES.
BRACES.
COLLARS and CUFFS.
GLOVES.

HATS,

HARD FELT, from $2.00.
SOFT FELT, from $1.00.
STRAW, from 25 cents.

VALISES, from $2.00.
OVERALLS and JUMPERS, *from 75c.*
LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S RUBBER GOODS.
CARPETS, from 75 cents.
FLOOR CLOTHS, from 75 cents.
TRUNKS, from $1.00.

☞This will be found a rare chance for country store keepers who wish to replenish their stock, and for the public generally, as the stock is all in first-class condition and well assorted.

TERMS CASH.

New Westminster, May 18, 1885.
my20tc

T.R.PEARSON & CO.

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

—IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN—

Books,

Stationery,

Fancy Goods,

Pianos,

Organs,

Music,

Newspapers,

Magazines,

Toys, etc.

The Largest Stock on the Mainland, and second to no House in British Columbia.

—SOLE AGENTS FOR—

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Of Boston,

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T. R. PEARSON & CO.,

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.
(fe24c)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT we intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase two unsurveyed Islands in the Fraser River, lying to the west of Lots 26 and 141, Group 2, and containing (50) acres, more or less.

BOYD NORMAN,
JOHN SIMPSON.

Ladner's Landing, B. C.
July 19th, 1885. 26se2m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the legislature of British Columbia at its next session on behalf of the settlers and owners of land situate at Matsqui Prairie for an act for their relief against the "Sumas Dyking Act, 1878," and the "Sumas Dyking Amendment Act, 1883," and to declare forfeited all rights and privileges granted or purported to be granted to E. L. Derby or his assigns by the said acts or either of them, and to repeal such acts.

Matsqui, March 6th, 1885. mh11td

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, at its next session, for an act to amend the act incorporating the New Westminster and Port Moody Telephone Co., (Limited), so as to authorize the said Company to extend its lines of telephone from the City of New Westminster to Granville, Burrard Inlet, and thence to Moodyville, Hastings, and other places on or in the vicinity of Burrard Inlet.

J. C. ARMSTRONG, President.
L. L. DOANE, Sec.-Treas.

New Westminster, Sept. 5, 1885. 5se2m

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

In the matter of the title to Lot No. 9, Block XXIII, in the City of New Westminster.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, I shall effect registration of the title of Philip Jackman, to the above mentioned Lot, as of an estate in fee simple therein, unless a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing on or before the 10th day of November next, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lot, or some part thereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office, New Westminster,
20th September, 1885. 26se1m

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

The North-Easterly Half of Lot No. 2, Block XII, in the City of New Westminster.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE Title to the above mentioned half of said Lot will be issued to William R. Lewis, on the 21st day of November, 1885, unless in the meantime, a valid objection thereto, be made to the undersigned in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest in said land or some part thereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, 18th Aug., 1885.
19au3m

E. HUTCHERSON,

NURSERYMAN & DEALER IN

Fruit and Ornamental Trees,

LADNER'S LANDING, B. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO INform the people of British Columbia that he has established a Nursery at Ladner's Landing, and is prepared to fill all orders for Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, Vines, Small Fruits, &c. Trees imported or home grown according to the wishes of customers. The subscriber has had a thorough practical training in the business, and having a permanent stake in the country it is his interest to deal fairly with the public. He will wait upon the various towns and settlements shortly, and all orders will have his personal attention.

au12te E. HUTCHERSON.

Quesnelle Quartz Mining Company,

(LIMITED.)

Location of Works, Hixon Creek, B.C.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT at a meeting of the Trustees of said company held on the 3rd of September, 1885, an assessment of one cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable forthwith to W. A. Johnston, at the company's office, Quesnelle, B. C.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 24th day of October next, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duty advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on the 30th day of November, 1885, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

W. A. JOHNSTON,
Secretary.

Quesnelle, B.C., Sept. 4, 1885. 19se1m

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the Matter of the Estate of MARCELLIN MICHAUD, Deceased.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER MADE herein by the Honourable Mr. Justice McCreight, dated the 6th day of February, 1885,

NOTICE is hereby given that tenders will be received by Mr. EUSTACE A. JENNS, administrator herein, at his office in the Court House, New Westminster, until noon on the **6th day of November, 1885,** for the purchase of Lot No. 536, Group 1, in the District of New Westminster.

This lot is situate nearly opposite Popcum, and is well improved. House and good orchard.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Full particulars as to property and conditions of sale may be had on application to E. A. Jenns, Ad'ministrator, or to Messrs. Corbould & McColl, *Solicitors for Administrator,* New Westminster. 7oc1m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for timbering purposes the following described lands situated in New Westminster District:

1. Commencing at a post on the shore of Gillies Bay, Texada Island, about one mile N. W. of Shelter Point, extending along the shore for a distance of 160 chains, with a depth of 80 chains, containing 1280 acres, more or less.

2. Commencing at a post on the North shore of Cardero Channel, nearly opposite Denham Island, extending along the shore for a distance of 100 chains, with a depth of 160 chains, containing 1600 acres, more or less.

3. Commencing at a stake on the shore of Hemming Bay, Thurlow Island, about one-half mile West of Jackson Point; thence following the shore line 120 chains; thence in a N. W. direction 240 chains; thence Easterly 160 chains; thence South to point of commencement, containing 3500 acres, more or less.

HASTINGS SAW MILL CO'Y,
RICHD. H. ALEXANDER,
Manager.

Burrard Inlet, B. C., 30th July, 1884.
au13te

NOTICE.

To the Shareholders of the Quesnelle Quartz Mining Co. (Limited.)

THE QUESNELLE QUARTZ MINING Company intends resuming work on their mine, Hixon Creek, Cariboo District, B. C., at as early a date as possible.

To that end they have made satisfactory arrangements with a competent Superintendent in San Francisco, who will proceed immediately to the mine to take charge of and prosecute the work with all possible speed.

The mill will be put in operation on the rock now at hand, and there is reason to expect that there will soon be a profit on its workings.

Some new machinery and other indispensible material has been purchased in San Francisco, and is now en route.

The amount of cash on hand is $2,175.00, which is sufficient to meet the cost of the machinery, etc.

To meet the amount to come due for wages and other expenses, the 15th assessment of one cent per share has been levied.

There is reason to believe that a portion of the cancelled shares, now the property of the company, can be sold for a sum sufficient to meet the expense of sinking the workings deeper and enlarging the mill, should either course prove advisable.

Published by order of the Board of Trustees.

W. A. JOHNSTON,
Secretary.

Quesnelle, B.C., 4th Sept., 1885. 19se1m

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT have fitted up an

ASSAY OFFICE

At the Government Buildings, James Bay, Victoria.

ASSAYS OF ORES

Will be made at the nominal charge of $2.50 for each specimen.

WM. F. McCULLOCH,
Assayer.

September 22nd, 1885. 26se1m

FERRY.

KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS, properly endorsed, will be received by the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to noon of

Saturday, 31st October, 1885,

For the right to maintain and operate a ferry on the Kootenay River, at a point known as the Upper Crossing, for a term of five years.

The ferry right to extend five miles above and five miles below the respective points indicated.

Any party to whom a charter may be awarded shall provide and maintain a substantial ferry boat and proper appliances for working the same, a description of which must be given with his tender.

Tenders shall state the rate of toll proposed to be collected for—

Each Passenger,
" Team with wagon and driver,
" Saddle horse and rider,
" Loose horse or mule,
" Head of cattle,
" Sheep, swine, etc.
" Hundred pounds weight of freight.

Tenders must also state the amount of the annual rental to be paid to the Government for the privilege; and with each tender must be submitted the names of two responsible parties willing to sign a bond for the sum of $500 as security for the faithful carrying out of the contract.

All officers of the Provincial Government with their animals and freight to pass free.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 8th Sept., 1885.
se12td

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
18th August, 1885.

WHEREAS, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council is empowered, under the "Public School Act, 1885," to create School Districts, in addition to those already existing, and to define the boundaries thereof; it is hereby notified that His Honour has been pleased to create the tract of land enclosed within the undermentioned boundaries a School District, under the title of the "Beaver Point School District," viz:—

Commencing at the point in which the western boundary of Sec. 88, Salt Spring Island, reaches the sea; thence due south, to Fulford Harbor; thence easterly and along the sea-shore to the point of commencement; and including Russell, Portland and Moresby Islands.

Also, that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Burgoyne Bay School District" be re-defined, as follows:—

Commencing at the north-west corner of "Beaver Point School District"; thence due west to the sea-shore; thence southerly and along the sea-shore to Fulford Harbor; thence north, along the western boundary line of "Beaver Point School *District," to the point of commencement.*

Also that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Vesuvius School District" be re-defined, as follows:

All that portion of Salt Spring Island situated north of the northern boundary line of "Burgoyne Bay School District."

Also, that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Langley School District" be altered and re-defined, as follows:—

Commencing at the north-east corner of Section 126, Township 9, New Westminster District; thence south to the centre of the eastern boundary line of Section 24, Township 8, of said district; thence due east, to the western boundary of "East Langley School District;" thence in a right line, north, to the north-east corner of Section 16, Township 12, of said district; thence west, to the western boundary line of said township; thence due south, to point of commencement.

Also, that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Prairie School District" be altered and re-defined, as follows:—

Commencing at the south-east corner of "Langley School District;" thence due west, to the eastern boundary line of Section 21, Township 8, New Westminster District; thence south, in a right line, to the south-west corner of Section 27, Township 7, of said district; thence due east, to the south-east corner of Section 28, Township 10, of said district; thence north, in a right line, to point of commencement.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.

29au

Grand Colonial Exhibition IN LONDON, ENG., 1886.

FIFTY-FOUR THOUSAND FEET RESERVED FOR CANADA.

FIRST ROYAL EXHIBITION COMMISSION SINCE 1862.

THE COLONIAL AND INDIAN EXHIbition to be held in LONDON, England, commencing May 1st, 1886, is intended to be on a scale of great magnitude, having for object to mark an epoch in the relations of all the parts of the British Empire with each other.

In order to give becoming significance to the event, a Royal Commission is issued for the holding of this Exhibition, for the first time since 1862: and His Royal Highness the Princes of Wales has been appointed President by Her Majesty.

The very large space of 54,000 square feet has been allotted to the Dominion of Canada by the command of the President His Royal Highness.

This Exhibition is to be purely Colonial and Indian, and no competition from the United Kingdom or from foreign nations will be permitted, the object being to exhibit to the world at large what the Colonies can do.

The grandest opportunity ever offered to Canada is thus afforded to show the distinguished place she occupies, by the progress she has made in AGRICULTURE, in HORTICULTURE, in the INDUSTRIAL and FINE ARTS, in the MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES, in the NEWEST IMPROVEMENTS IN MANUFACTURING MACHINERY and IMPLEMENTS, in PUBLIC WORKS by MODELS and DESIGNS; also in and adequate display of her vast recources in the FISHERIES, and in FOREST and MINERAL wealth, and also in SHIPPING.

All Canadians of all parties and classes are invited to come forward and vie with each other on endeavouring on this great occasion to put Canada in her true place as the premier colony of the British Empire, and to establish her proper position before the world.

Every farmer, every producer, and every manufacturer has interest in assisting, it having been already demonstrated that extension of trade always follows such efforts.

By order,
JOHN LOWE,
Sec. of the Dept. of Agriculture.

Ottawa, 1st Sept., 1885. se23tc

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT in compliance with Section 4, Timber Act, 1884, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a License to cut and carry away timber from the following described Crown Lands, staked off by me previous to the date of this application.

Commencing at a stake on the east boundary line of Lot four hundred and eighty-six (486), Group one (1), New Westminster District, running thence east, 40 chains; thence north, eighty chains; thence west to the east arm of Squamish River; thence southerly along said arm to the north boundary line of said Lot 486, Group 1; and thence along the north and east boundary lines of said lot to the point of commencement.

PHIL McMAHON.

New Westminster, 2nd Oct., 1885.
3oc1m

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