THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
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THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

VOLUME 27 — NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1885. — NUMBER 10

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Feb. 4, 1885.

Current Events and Opinions.

The difference between a newspaper and an organ is that a newspaper publishes important news for the enlightenment of the country, while an organ conceals facts or reveals them according to the requirements of the man or the party whose organ it is.—*Halifax Mail.*

That there is an uneasy feeling now pervading the English communities in India there cannot be the slightest doubt. It may be exaggerated, or it may arise out of conditions not permanent, but it is necessary to erect strong forts or refuges everywhere for women and children in case of anarchy and revolt.—*Saturday Review.*

The root of the canvassing business is the unwillingness of many electors to vote for anybody, however worthy and well qualified, that does not solicit their votes. This unwillingness is expressed in the current idiotic phrase, "If my vote is worth having, it is worth asking." Why should any elector expect to be asked for his vote? Is it not his duty to vote for the best candidate without being asked? Is not the franchise a trust, a sacred trust? Why should a man expect to be asked to discharge the duties arising out of this trust more than the duties of any other trust? The whole canvassing system is a nuisance, a curse to society, and the curse is inflicted mainly by the people who want to be asked for their votes.—*Stratford Beacon.*

The increase in the case of England of the exports of domestic produce since 1840 has been from about £50,000,000 to £240,000,000, an increase of £190,000,000. In the United States in the same period it has been from about £26,000,000 to £170,000,000 (the exports of the United States were actually £20,000,000 less in 1883), or £144,000,000—the total exports of the United States at the present time being thus less than the increase in the exports from England since 1840; in France in the same period the increase is from £43,000,000 to £140,000,000, or about £100,000,000; and so of other nations. In amount of increase there is no nation to be compared with England. As regards Germany, where we can only go back to 1872, the amount of the domestic exports is still only about £160,000,000 per annum, or less than the total increase in the United Kingdom in the last 40 years. The percentage increase may be greater in countries which forty years ago had little or no foreign trade, but those who would endeavor to prove by using the percentage mode of argument that any great country has progressed relatively as fast as England would but seek to deceive.—*Globe.*

Mr. Cleveland's letter to Mr. George Curtis on the subject of civil service reform must gladden the hearts of all reformers. It shows that the president-elect is true to the principle of the Civil Service Act, and purposes faithfully to enforce the law. It further shows that he is personally the hearty enemy of the spoils system, and that he is determined to confine the changes of office, on the accession of his party to power, within the narrowest limits which the necessities of the case will permit. Active and violent partisans of the other side must, of course, expect to be removed. Mr. Cleveland evidently anticipates trouble with the more extreme and self-seeking members of his own party. Trouble he will have; but if he stands firm, and the country sees in him its deliverer from the spoils system, he will win no ordinary crown. After a long line of mere partizans he will be the first national president. It is not pleasant to feel that Canada at the same time is celebrating the culmination of a system which immolates everything to party, which has turned the nominations to a branch of the national legislature into a mere bribery fund, and now threatens to degrade to the same use the appointments to the bench of justice. —*The Week.*

Germany, France, Russia and Italy have entered upon new schemes of conquest. The first mentioned power has sought and practically secured a large territory in Africa, and has hoisted her flag in New Guinea. France, besides Tonquin, has not only a grip on Formosa, but is fighting for territory in Madagascar. Italy holds Tripoli in Northern Africa, and is seeking one or more points on the Red Sea. Great Britain practically holds Egypt and has a strong fighting force in the Soudan. Rumors thicken from day to day. Many of them are probably false. There is little prospect that Great Britain will abandon Egypt at present. None of the powers, except Turkey, really want any such step to be taken. Russia could not be better suited than to have Great Britain absorbed in the Egyptian business, and France at the same time with her hands more than full with the Tonquin business and the increasing magnitude of the war in China. These are some of the European complications which are so many thin clouds along the horizon. They do not portend immediate war. But the complexities are increasing rather than diminishing. A month or two hence these phases may change essentially for better or for worse. At present these complications create an uneasy feeling in Europe. There is a fresh inventory going on of war resources, a natural result when there is a war feeling in the atmosphere.—*S. F Bulletin.*

So much has been said about silos and ensilage in this and other journals within the past few years, that it is surprising the subject should have escaped the notice of any one, yet here is a new subscriber in Indiana who asks in effect the above questions. As there may be others to whom the matter is equally new we answer our enquiring correspondent in brief. A silo is a contrivance for preserving green fodder, in the fresh state similar to that used in the canning of vegetables and fruits for human food—by exclusion of air. A silo—literally a pit—is an air-tight receptacle. It may be built of stone, of brick or of wood. It may be constructed entirely below ground, entirely above ground, or built into a bank and be partly covered and partly exposed. The important point being that its walls shall be air-tight. Green forage of any kind, especially Indian corn stalks, is cut small and closely packed in the silo, treading it down firmly. The fodder is covered by boards or planks, upon which heavy weights are placed, the cover following the fodder as it settles. The weights may be heavy logs, stones or boxes filled with earth. When the fodder is taken out for feeding, during the winter, it may be quite unchanged, may have an alcoholic odor, or even a strong odor of vinegar. In either case the animals are fond of it; but as the alcoholic or acetic odors indicate that there has been some loss of nutritive matter by fermentation, these conditions are not desirable, and recent experiments tend to show that they may be avoided. Several power cutters are now made for the purpose of preparing the fodder for storing in silos. The term ensilage is applied to the method of preserving fodder, and to the fodder that has been thus preserved. The term ensilo is short, and well suited for the first use of the word ensilage. We ensilo the corn fodder, and it comes out of the pit as ensilage.—*American Agriculturist.*

Provincial Legislature.

TUESDAY.

After finally disposing of the Jurors' Act and the Inkeepers' Act, the school consolidation act was taken up. Mr. Duck moved that "no prayers shall be used unless approved by a majority of the trustees." The motion elicited a long and hot discussion. Mr. Wilson was the only member who supported the proposal to abolish prayers in public schools. It was opposed by Mr. Allen, Hon. Mr. Robson, Mr. Helgesen, Mr. Theo. Davie, and Mr. Galbraith, and was finally withdrawn.

A short discussion took place on the Metlakahtla Indian troubles, which was adjourned till Wednesday, and several members, under a question of privilege, made corrections in the published reports of their speeches, after which the house adjourned till

WEDNESDAY.

Mr. Galbraith moved for correspondence respecting the grants of land made in Kootenay to Mr. Grohman. He said that large additions had been made to the original grant.

Mr. Raybould, in moving the second reading of the bill to regulate coal mines, went into various details respecting the working of the mines. He said that during the past 6 years there had been 65 accidents in the coal mines, and 37 lives lost by explosions of gas. The miners were not satisfied with the condition now existing, and the bill was intended to meet the objections raised. Mr. Dunsmuir strongly objected to the bill, because while it practically took the management of coal mines out of the hands of the owners, it did not secure safety to the miners. It proposed to make a board of miners examine the fireman for the purpose of ascertaining whether he was competent. But not one miner in one hundred understood the nature of the different gases of the coal mine. Nearly every accident had been caused by the carelessness of the miners themselves. Mr. Theo. Davie moved the

(Continued on Third Page.)

DR. E. J. OFFERHAUS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
oc29tc Kamloops, B. C.

JOHN GARROW, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OFFICE—Next Elson's Tailor Shop, Cor. Church and Columbia Sts. no22tc

DR. S. CLARKE,
Member College Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Registered under Medical Ordinance of British Columbia.
Office in D. S. Curtis & Co.'s Drug Store, New Westminster, B. C. no26tc

T. H. MATHERS, M. D.
OFFICE—Temporarily in Wise's building, Front street.
RESIDENCE—St. John street, opposite the Public School, New Westminster. mh15-tc

JOHN S. McGUIRE, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Graduate of Trinity College, Dublin; also Assistant Surgeon late Honorable East India Company Service, having removed from Clinton to New Westminster, may be found on cor. Mary & Clarkson sts. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m.; 7 to 8 p.m. [d17tc

H. M. COOPER, B. A., M. D.,
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OFFICE and RESIDENCE—Church St. (next door to Farmers' Home), near Columbia St., New Westminster, B.C.
OFFICE HOURS—8 to 10 a. m.; 1 to 3 and 6.30 to 8 p. m. Calls in town and country promptly attended to. fe21c

DENTISTRY.
DR. C. E. C. BROWN, late of the Province of Quebec, has opened an office at Mrs. Holmes', Mary Street. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 5 p. m. All work guaranteed. no26tc

F. WELSH,
DENTIST,
Rooms 51 and 52,
Over D. S. Curtis & Co.'s Drug Store. (jny28tc)

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T. F. QUINN, DENTIST,
Has opened an office at the Colonial Hotel, Columbia St. All operations on the teeth skilfully performed. All work guaranteed. jny3ltc

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OFFICE—McKenzie street, New Westminster, B. C.

W. NORMAN BOLE,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW.
Land Agent. Money to Loan.
New Westminster, B. C.
jny7m3

MURRAY & FRY,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
Graining, Kalsomining and Paper-Hanging. SHOP—Clarkson street, opposite the New Westminster Jail, New Westminster, British Columbia. ap2-tc

ROYAL HOTEL,
CENTREVILLE, CHILLIWHACK.
First-Class accommodation for Travelers.
MRS. M. A. HARPER,
my21-'84-1y Proprietress.

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Dry Goods and Groceries, Millinery and Fancy Goods.
First-Class Dressmaker in attendance.
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REAL ESTATE BROKERS
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RAND BROS.,
Real Estate Brokers, Conveyancers and Insurance Agents.
Port Moody and New Westminster Property a specialty.
OFFICE—Columbia Street, opposite Post Office, New Westminster, B. C. jly5tc

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Parties desirous of disposing of their farms, etc., will do well to place the same in the hands of the above.
All commissions will receive prompt and careful attention. Best references given when required. mh12-tc

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NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
His great Remedy for Consumption in its first or second stage.
DR. McGUIRE WILL AGREE to cure Consumption in its first or second stage under his advice and treatment. No fee required if not a perfect cure obtained.
Dr. McGuire treats all disease of the lungs without cod liver oil, Fellows' compound syrup of hypophosphates, or any other medicines advertised for lung disease. The Doctor has made this disease his specialty for the last fifteen years.
Thorough examination and advice, $15. Those who cannot visit Dr. McGuire at New West., B. C., should send a full and minute statement of their trouble, with $25, and in return a full course of medicine will be forwarded.
de17tc J. S. McGUIRE, M. D.

Every Man to his Own Business
A. PEELE,
PRACTICAL
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,
COLUMBIA STREET
(OPP. COLONIAL HOTEL),
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.
N. B.—Only Genuine Drugs used. Over twenty years' experience. mr23

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made at the next session of the Legislature for a Bill to incorporate the Brunette Saw Mill Co., Limited.
HUGHES & ATKINSON,
Agents for Applicants.
New Westminster, Dec. 20, 1884. d24w6

HOWSE & RICKMAN
LAND SURVEYORS,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS
ETC. ETC.
WISE'S BUILDING,
OPPOSITE C. P. N. CO'S WHARF,
NEW WESTMINSTER.
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W. H. EALDING. A. J. M'MILLAN, C. E.

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LAND SURVEYORS
.....AND.....
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AT VICTORIA PRICES.
R. THOMAS,
Shop under the new Oddfellow Hall, Columbia st., New Westminster.

WEST END
Bakery and Grocery
Plain and Fancy
Bread, Buns, Pies, Cakes,
And Confectionery always on hand.
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
Delivered to any part of the City.
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The latest appliances in machinery and tools, and a good job guaranteed.
Horse shoeing, Repairing and Jobbing of every description. All orders promptly attended to. oc1tc

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Opp. Colonial Hotel, New Westminster.
Guns, Ammunition,
Cigars, Tobacco, Candy,
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HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF FURS.
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FIRE INSURANCE COMP'Y.
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INSTITUTED 1803.
FOR INSURING HOUSES & OTHER Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbor or Dock, and the Cargoes of such Vessels; also, Ships building and repairing, Barges and other Vessels on navigable rivers and canals, and Goods on board such Vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland and in Foreign Countries,
FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.
Subscribed and Invested Capital,
£1,600,000 STG.
Rates of Premium and every information can be obtained on application to
W. J. ARMSTRONG,
Agent for New Westminster.
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J. BAGNALL,
IMPORTER & MANUFACTURER OF
PIANOS & ORGANS
AND ALL KINDS OF
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
WILL VISIT THE MAINLAND, on a Professional Tour, and will be happy to receive and execute orders for all kinds of Musical Instruments, Pianos and Organs tuned or regulated.
Favors from the Mainland, forwarded through W. H. Keary, N. W., will receive prompt attention. jy28tc

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Booksellers, Stationers,
AND GENERAL DEALERS IN THE many varieties of stock indirectly connected with the above.
Having studied the best markets for the past quarter of a century, economy in purchasing has been attained by importing in quantities direct from the publishers and manufacturers, and no pains is spared to keep a full and well-selected stock.
Old Masonic Building, Goverment St.
VICTORIA, B. C.
The following New Books just received: Canadian Pictures, by Marquis of Lorne; Treasury of Song; Grav's Unrivalled Family Atlas. oc29tc

Wm. McColl
Has Gone West
Two Doors!
THAT IS TO SAY, HE HAS REMOVED his well selected stock of General Merchandise into
Lundbom's Block, Columbia St.
Where he hopes to meet all his old friends and lots of new ones.
He wishes to call attention to his splendid stock of
MEN'S CLOTHING
—AND—
Furnishing Goods
JUST ARRIVED.
His assortment of GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS cannot be beat in this city for quality or prices.
Give him a call and judge for yourselves. se13tc

WOODS & TURNER,
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—AND—
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TOWN PLOTS A SPECIALTY
Real Estate, Insurance and Commission Agents.
Conveyancing of all Descriptions accurately and promptly done.
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OFFICE:
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Mechanics' Store!
ONE PRICE TO ALL!
LUNDBOM'S BLOCK,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
GROCERIES
Sold by Wholesale.
RETAIL DEPARTMENT:
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
Boots and Shoes!
Sold at exceedingly low prices.
Also, on hand, a large stock of
Tapestry & Brussels Carpets
OILCLOTH From 1 to 5 yards wide.
L. GOLD.

COME AND SEE
Good Times Have Come Again, Boys!
THE PROPRIETOR, JAMES TURNBULL, having again taken possession of the TEMPERANCE HOUSE fronting on Columbia and Church Streets, opposite Episcopal Church, City of New Westminster, B. C., and now known as the
FARMER'S HOME."
Will accommodate all his old friends and the public generally who favor him with a call, at old prices. Board per day, $1.00; Board per week, $5.00; Single Meals, 25 cents; Beds, 25 cents. Good accommodation for Ladies and Families. au29tc

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GRANVILLE,
Burrard Inlet, B. C.
ALEX. JOHNSTONE,
PROPRIETOR.
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STATION RESTAURANT
YALE, B. C.
CLOSE AT HAND TO THE RAILROAD STATION.
THE UNDERSIGNED having fitted up this new establishment as a first-class restaurant, invite the public to give him a call where Meals are served on the Shortest Notice. Next door will be found
A Well-Selected Stock of
GROCERIES, GAME AND FRUIT
Also, a First-Class Bakery.
4oc6m P. CLAIR, Proprietor.

—TO—
RAILWAY CONTRACTORS
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO THE
10th Day of February Next,
—FOR—
CLEARING, GRADING & BRIDGING
20 MILES OF THE
ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY
From Esquimalt Northward.
Plans, Specifications and Bills of Quantities can be seen at the Company's Office, Victoria, B. C., where tenders are to be left.
Further information may be obtained on application to J. HUNTER, Chief Engineer.
R. DUNSMUIR, President,
jny14td E. & N. Railway Co.

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Planing Mills
LAND SURVEYORS
COMPANY, LIMITED,
Richard Street,
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MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
ROUGH AND DRESSED
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Shingles,
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SALMON BOXES,
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AND ALL KINDS OF
Wood Furnishing for Canneries,
Doors,
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Blinds,
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Mouldings,
Brackets,
Railings,
Balusters,
Newels,
Plain & Fancy & all Kinds of
TURNED WORK.
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OCCIDENT HOTEL
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
The Only Fire-Proof Hotel in the City.
THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT
IS UNDER THE CHARGE OF AN EXPERIENCED ARTIST.
THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE to announce to the Public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where everything will be found first-class, and at reasonable rates.
The Parlors and Sleeping Apartments are under the superintendence of MRS. AUSTIN.
Private Dining Rooms for Ladies, Families and Private Parties.
A Private Reading Room, commodious, comfortably furnished, and well supplied with books and papers, is provided for the use of guests.
JNO. AUSTIN,
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THE
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THIS FINE AND COMMODIOUS new Hotel has been recently completed and is furnished with every convenience for the comfort of guests. The situation and accommodations are unsurpassed on Burrard Inlet, which has become the most fashionable
WATERING PLACE
in British Columbia The prospect is charming, the sea breezes are invigorating, and the facilities for bathing and boating are excellent. Private Sitting and Dining Rooms. Suites of apartments for families or parties. The Bar is entirely detatched from the main building.
The Hotel is under the immediate superintendence of Mrs. Black.
First-class stabling and feed for Horses. Busses to and from New Westminster twice a day.
GEO. BLACK,
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THE UNDERSIGNED HAS PLEASURE in announcing that he is now prepared to supply all kinds of Furniture, &c., at the lowest possible prices. Cabinet work and Upholstering done promptly and in first-class style.
UNDERTAKING
In all its branches. The undersigned has the only HEARSE in the City. A continuance of public patronage solicited. Old stand, next Occident Hotel.
J. G. BUNTE,
Late Manager Sehl's Branch Furniture Store. au5tc

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THE STEAMER
"IDAHO"
Will run between
New Westminster and Tacoma
Calling at Port Townsend, Seattle, and Intermediate Ports, as follows:
LEAVE TACOMA EVERY WEDNESDAY AT 1 P.M. ARRIVING AT NEW WESTMINSTER FRIDAY MORNING.
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NEW WESTMINSTER TO PORT TOWNSEND, $4.00
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Nearly Opposite the Colonial Hotel,
NEW WESTMINSTER.
THE LARGEST AND CHOICEST assortment of all descriptions of
MEATS AND VEGETABLES
Constantly on hand, and supplied to Families, Restaurants, and Steamboats at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

For Sale or To Rent.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET
ON AGNES STREET, WITH OR WITHOUT Board. Apply at this Office. no8tc

FOR SALE:
A COW, NEWLY CALVED; GOOD milker; well broken. Also, several other well broken cows about to calf.
W. H. LADNER,
jny21tc Ladner's Landing.

HOUSE TO LET.
TO RENT FROM THE 1ST FEBRUARY next, a 6-roomed House and stable on Douglas street. Apply to
H. V. EDMONDS,
jny 21tc Land Agent.

A Rare Chance!
A GOOD FARM ON LOWER FRASER to rent or sell. Terms easy. For particulars apply by letter to
J. H. HUNTER,
jny21m3 Port Moody, B. C.

FOR SALE.
SECOND-HAND ENGINE (Cylinder, 8 x 12.
Shell Boiler.
62-inch Spalding Tooth Saw.
4-horse Wagon.
90 feet ¾-inch Steel Wire Rope.
4 Ox Yokes.
The above will be sold cheap. Apply at the Brunette Sawmill.
no5tc DEBECK BROS. & CO.

FOR SALE.
1440 ACRES CHOICE
DELTA LANDS
3 MILES FROM LADNER'S Landing, on the Trunk Wagon Road; two other roads running through the premises. Apply to
E. A. WADHAMS,
de22tc Ladner's Landing, B.C.

NOTICE.
PARTIES LOCATING AND PREempting land are hereby notified that land within the limits of the Hastings Saw Mill Company's lease is not open for settlement, and that any one entering thereon will be prosecuted for trespass.
RICH'D H. ALEXANDER,
de8-tc Manager.

C. P. R. TERMINUS LOTS
—AT—
COAL HARBOR
FOR SALE BY
HUGHES & ATKINSON,
Opposite Post Office, New Westminster, British Columbia.
de3tc

Advance British Columbia
F. KIMBLE,
CITY BAKER
—AND—
Produce Dealer.
Columbia St., New Westminster.
se3tc

TERMINUS
Livery and Stage Stables!
COLUMBIA STREET,
Foot of Douglas, NEW WESTMINSTER.
WM. B. TOWNSEND, PROPRIETOR.
REGULAR Line of Stages to Port Moody.
Special extra Rigs when required.
Saddle Horses and Buggies for hire.
General Teaming promptly attended to.
500 CORDS OF FIRE WOOD FOR SALE
Orders left at the London Market will be promptly filled. oc8tc

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COLUMBIA STREET,
New Westminster, B. C.
THE LARGEST, BEST FURNISHED and most complete Hotel in British Columbia.
Building and Furniture entirely new, and unsurpassed in the province.
Every comfort for guests. Suits of rooms for families.
CHRIS. WILSON, Manager. J. E. INSLEY, Proprietor.
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MEDICAL HALL
D. S. CURTIS & CO.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
DruggistS
DISPENSING & FAMILY
CHEMISTS
New Westminster, B. C.
OPEN SUNDAYS 10 TO 12 A.M.; 2 TO 4 P.M.
NEXT DOOR TO THE COLONIAL HOTEL.
(jny24tc)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

General Agent.....W. D. Ferris
American Agriculturist....Publishers
Valentines.....T. R. Pearson & Co.
Special Notice.....C. G. Major
For Sale.....John McMee
Special.....C. E. C. Brown

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Feb. 4, 1885.

Although an impression prevails everywhere that the British forces in Egypt are safe, news is looked for with very great eagerness. The junction of the forces ought to be brought about now with very little delay, and the relief of Khartoum accomplished. What Gen. Gordon may propose when he is released no one is able to guess, but it will undoubtedly be something entirely original and worthy of consideration.

The very foolish effort of the liquor dealers of Seattle to boycott and crush out the *Post-Intelligencer* seems to have been a complete failure. Boycotting is a game at which two can play, and the intelligent people of Seattle made up their minds that the patriotic utterances of an independent journal upon the evils of the liquor traffic and Sabbath violation would not subject it to loss and starvation. We congratulate our Seattle cotemporary most heartily upon his fearless criticisms and his triumph over forces which ought not to prevail.

O'Donovan Rossa, the dynamite fiend, has been treated to a slight taste of powder. From despatches published elsewhere it will be seen that he has been shot by a woman, and many patriotic persons will sincerely regret that the pistol was not aimed to better purpose. A man who boasts openly in the destruction of innocent human lives, and who lives and grows fat on the contributions of fanatics whose worst passions it is his constant aim to keep inflamed, cannot expect sympathy when he, the assassin, is attacked by assassins. His life has been a curse and a blotch: if he were wiped out of existence the moral atmosphere would become so much the more pure.

Discouraging Possibilities.

There will certainly be great disappointment throughout the country if it happens by any chance that the negotiations between the government and the C.P.R. syndicate for an extension to Coal Harbor should fail. During the past season there have been no investments or improvements of any extent at Port Moody in consequence of doubts which existed respecting the final terminus. Hundreds of thousands of dollars would have been spent in permanent improvements if this uncertainty had not existed, and the whole country would have felt the stimulating influence of that expenditure. If the agreement should fail to receive the approval of the legislature, the country will go on for years experiencing the dreadful influence of this uncertainty, and industry and enterprise will be paralyzed. The C.P.R. syndicate people declare that they will erect temporary works at Port Moody and remain there until the Hastings Sawmill Co's. lease expires, and then go down to Coal Harbor. The lease has yet about two years to run, and these would be two years of depression and stagnation in this district. People would not enter upon any extensive improvements at Port Moody when they know that the ultimate destination of the road is Coal Harbor. People would not invest at Coal Harbor two years in advance of railway operations at that point. Building operations, which were confidently looked for would be nil, and there would be neither boom nor even a steady development. Investors who have been for months waiting impatiently to put foreign capital into terminal improvements, would become discouraged and abandon their projects. The railway connection between this city and the C.P.R., towards which the people of this city have been looking with so much expectancy, would probably not be built. It is not likely the syndicate will construct this line under any circumstances until the final terminus has been reached. There will be no part of the country benefited by the rejection of the agreement, except Port Moody, and the benefit it will derive would be extremely small and temporary. Indeed, the failure of the legislature to ratify the bargain would be a positive injury to the whole country, from the consequences of which it could not hope to escape for many years. We cannot believe that such a misfortune is in store for us.

DRIVE IT AWAY.—Drive away all poisonous humor from the blood before it develops in scrofula or some chronic form of disease. Burdock Blood Bitters will do it.

High Licenses.

It is claimed that high license regulations have generally been successful in reducing the evils of the drinking customs, and at the same time increasing the revenues derived from that source. In Minneapolis high license reduced the number of saloons from 517 to 274. In the state of Illinois the revenue derived from the liquor traffic has been increased under high license from $700,000 to $4,500,009 and at the same time the number of drinking places was reduced from 13,000 to 9,000. In Michigan, where a license of $300 was imposed, the number of licenses fell from 4,600 in 1875 to 3,874 in 1883, although the population had increased by 400,000 during the same period. In Missouri the license revenue has been increased by high license from $358,000 to $1,464,000 while the number of licenses has fallen from 7,070 to 5,265. In this state the license fee ranges from $550 to $1,200, and it is asserted that the high license has produced a decided decrease in the quantity of liquor consumed. Considered abstractly the whole license system is undoubtedly bad. If the traffic in intoxicating liquors is an evil, and no one will deny this, the state cannot be justified in licensing an evil even for revenue purposes. But in the present state of society and public sentiment it seems most difficult to secure or enforce legislation founded upon correct ethics. Progress towards reform must sometimes be gradual, and in the temperance reform it has been remarkably slow. In the absence of more effective restrictions we should be glad to see the high license plan adopted in this province. We have a conviction that if the license was placed at $500 the number of drinking places would be greatly reduced, and the evils of the traffic considerably abridged. It is worth a fair trial.

New Developments.

Since the release of the Tichborne claimant from prison, there has been a decided revival of rumors relating to this remarkable case. The latest comes from New Zealand, and we find it in the Littleton *Times*, published in that colony. It will be remembered that the claimant stated at the famous trial that he was wrecked on the ship Bella, off the South American coast, and picked up by the ship Osprey which conveyed him to Australia. If this statement had been proved it might have gained him his suit, but after careful investigation it was reported that no record could be found of any vessel named the Osprey having touched at Australia during the period mentioned. It is stated that some years ago the department of defence at New Zealand removed some stores from Mount Cook barracks, and among these stores they found some shot and cartridge cases bearing the name of the ship Osprey. She circumstance does not seem to have attracted any particular notice at that time, and was forgotten. Last summer, however, another lot of old stores was being removed, and among the articles were a number of cases marked "Transport Osprey," dated variously 1844, 1846, 1854, 1856, and labeled "For Melbourne," "For Hobart," &c. These fresh discoveries, coming about the time of the release of the claimant, attracted considerable attention, as they seemed to supply a most important missing link in the evidence brought forward by the claimant. A cab proprietor in Littleton has also come forward with the statement that in 1840 a ship named the Osprey brought to Manukau, New Zealand, a quantity of machinery for a saw-mill. He visited the ship several times, and does not think it possible that he could be deceived respecting her name. If the statements brought out by the *Times* are facts, there can be no doubt that a ship called the Osprey did trade to Australia about the time when the claimant professes to have been picked up by such a vessel and carried to the south seas. If this should prove to be the case, possibly another attempt may be made to bring into possession of his estates a man who, half the world believes, in the genuine Roger Tichborne.

WORDS FAIL. "Words fail to express my gratitude," says Mr. SELBY CARTER, of Nashville, Tenn., "for the benefits derived from

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Having been afflicted all my life with Scrofula, my system seemed saturated with it. It came out in Blotches, Ulcers, and Mattery Sores, all over my body." Mr. Carter states that he was entirely cured by the use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, and since discontinuing its use, eight months ago, he has had no return of the scrofulous symptoms.

All baneful infections of the blood are promptly removed by this unequalled alterative.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

FOR SALE:

A FEW THOROUGHBRED BERKSHIRE Sows. Terms and particulars, apply to JOHN McKEE, Ladner's Landing.
feb1m

Special Notice!

ALL ACCOUNTS DUE TO ME ON 31st December, 1884, and unpaid on Feb. 15, 1885, will be closed and immediate steps will be taken to collect same.
feb5e C. G. MAJOR.

W. D. FERRIS,

LAND, HOUSE and GENERAL AGENT

Rent and Debt Collector.

SEVERAL GOOD FARMS FOR SALE.

Agent for the TRAVELER'S LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY, Hartford, Conn.

OFFICE:—McKenzie Street, New Westminster. feb5e

American Agriculturist

100 Columns and 100 Engravings in Each Issue.

44TH YEAR. $1.50 A YEAR.

The recognized Leading Periodical of its kind in the World.

100,000 CYCLOPÆDIAS FREE.

EVERY SUBSCRIBER TO THE American Agriculturist, OLD OR NEW, English or German, whose subscription for 1885 is immediately forwarded us, together with the price, $1.50 per year, and 15 cents extra for postage on Cyclopædia—making $1.65 in all—will receive the *American Agriculturist* (English or German), for all of 1885, and be presented with the American Agriculturist Family Cyclopædia (just out), 700 Pages and over 1,000 Engravings. Strongly bound in cloth, black and gold.

FROM THE TENTH CENSUS, VOL. 8, JUST PUBLISHED.

"The *American Agriculturist* is especially worthy of mention, because of the remarkable success that has attended the unique and untiring efforts of its proprietors to increase and extend its circulation. Its contents are duplicated every month for a German edition, which also circulates widely."

Send three 2-cent stamps for mailing you specimen copy "American Agriculturist, an elegant forty-page Premium List, with 200 Illustrations, and specimen pages of our "Family Cyclopædia." Canvassers wanted everywhere.

Address

PUBLISHERS AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST,

DAVID W. JUDD, Pres't. SAM'L BURNHAM, Sec.

715 Broadway, New York.

☞ Any person sending $4.50 to this Office will receive THE COLUMBIAN and the *American Agriculturist* for one year, and the Cyclopædia free of postage and duty paid. Address,

D. ROBSON & CO.,
feb5e New Westminster.

STRAY MARE.

CAME INTO THE PREMISES of the undersigned about the 8th October last, a dark grey Mare. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be sold for her keep.

J. G. METCALFE.
New West., 28th Jan., 1885. jny31t6

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO ME are hereby required to pay on or before the first day of March next, in cash or by endorsed note, with discount added, the full amount of their accounts. I regret the circumstance that compels me to make this demand, but I hope it will be promptly attended to.

CHAS. McDONOUGH.
Front st., New Westminster,
Jan. 30th, 1885. jny31te

1885.

Harper's Weekly.

ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S WEEKLY has now, for twenty years, maintained its position as the leading illustrated weekly newspaper in America. With a constant increase of literary and artistic resources, it is able to offer for the ensuing year attractions unequalled by any previous volume, embracing a capital illustrated serial story by W. E. Norris; illustrated articles with special reference to the West and South, including the World's Exposition at New Orleans; entertaining short stories, mostly illustrated, and important papers by high authorities on the chief topics of the day.

Every one who desires a trustworthy political guide, and entertaining and instructive family journal, entirely free from objectionable features in either letter-press or illustrations, should subscribe to HARPER'S WEEKLY.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.
PER YEAR:

HARPER'S WEEKLY	$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the WEEKLY begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Five Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROS., New York.

1885.

Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

With the new volume, beginning in December, HARPER'S MAGAZINE will conclude its thirty-fifth year. The oldest periodical of its type, it is yet, in each new volume, a *new magazine*, not simply because it presents fresh subjects and new pictures, but also, and chiefly, because it steadily advances in the method itself of magazine-making. In a word, the MAGAZINE becomes more and more the faithful mirror of current life and movement. Leading features in the attractive programme for 1885 are: new serial novels by Constance Fenimore Woolson and W. D. Howells, a new novel entitled "At the Red Grove"; descriptive illustrated papers by F. D. Millet, R. Swain Gifford, E. A. Abbey, H. Gibson, and others; Goldsmith's "She Stoops to Conquer," illustrated by Abbey; important papers on Art, Science, etc.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.
PER YEAR:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The volumes of the MAGAZINE begin with the Numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current Number.

The last Eleven Semi-annual Volumes of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $3 per volume. Cloth Cases, for binding, 50 cents each—by mail, postpaid.

Index to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, Alphabetical, Analytical, and Classified, for Volumes 1 to 60, inclusive, from June, 1850, to June, 1880, one vol., 8vo, Cloth, $4.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROS., New York.

STRAYED

TO GEORGE BLACK'S RANCH on Coquitlam river, a Black Cow with bell on; also, a Bull of same color.

C. C. CAMERON,
Black's Ranch,
January 26th, 1885. jny28te

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. Albert J. Armstrong has ceased to be the Manager of the firm of Armstrong & Burr, Lumber Merchants, Port Moody, and has no authority to enter into any contracts, or do any act on the part of the firm.

Port Moody, Jan. 9th, 1885. jny10te

NOTICE.

ALL ACCOUNTS AGAINST THE N. W. & P. M. Telephone Co. must be rendered forthwith to me, by whom, for the future, all accounts will be paid and all moneys collected.

Signed: W. WEEKS,
no8te Sec. & Treas.

MAN WANTED.

(MARRIED PREFERRED.)

WITH ABOUT FIVE HUNDRED DOLlars capital, to take charge of a farm. (Produce is more profitable than labor).

Apply to T. W. KERR,
no22te New Westminster, B. C.

J. A. BOWES

BUTCHER

YALE & HOPE, B. C.

All Orders for Meat promptly filled
(de27te)

FARMERS

FIRST-CLASS PURE

TIMOTHY SEED

NO WEEDS

WM. RAE,

☞ Next Colonial Hotel. ☜
(jny31te)

ADMINISTRATOR NOTICE.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

In the Goods of SAMUEL MILLER, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons indebted to the late Samuel Miller, formerly of the North Arm, Fraser river, deceased, are requested to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the undersigned at New Westminster forthwith; and all persons having any claim against the Estate are required to furnish particulars thereof, duly verified, within one month from this date.

Dated 28th January, 1885.

CORBOULD & McCOLL,
Solicitors for James Miller,
jny31m1 Administrator.

MAIL CONTRACT.

TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO THE Postmaster General, will be received at Victoria until Noon on SATURDAY, 28th February next, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, in each case, between BURRARD INLET and NEW WESTMINSTER, and CLINTON and LILLOOET, from the 1st April next.

Printed notices containing further information as to frequency of service and other conditions of proposed Contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Burrard Inlet, Granville, and New Westminster; and Clinton, Pavilion and Lillooet.

E. H. FLETCHER,
P. O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Victoria, 27th January, 1885. jny31t3

Burdock Blood Bitters.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO

Confederation Life

ASSOCIATION.

Guarantee Capital.....$1,000,000

Full Gov'm't Deposit

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, CANADA

A HOME COMPANY.

This Association merits the confidence the Public is reposing in it from the following FACTS:—

The Security offered to policy holders is unsurpassed by any Company doing business in Canada;

It has no schemes of insurance, but the well-established lines, hence the policy holders cannot be misled as to their contracts.

Its statements to the public can be readily understood, its cash statement showing every item of income and how expended.

Its position is ascertained annually from a detailed valuation in which every item of liability is included.

Its progress has been unexampled in the history of insurance in Canada.

Its policies are indisputable after three years, and non-forfeitable after two years' existence.

Its profits are distributed upon an equitable basis. The profits to one class of policy holders are not lessened to give larger profits to any other class, which method affords superior advantages over the uniform bonus plan of distribution.

Liberal Conditions as to Residence and Travel.

J. K. MacDONALD,
Managing Director.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.

Agents, New Westminster.
je7-2mo-alternate.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.

Valentines!

Valentines!

ST. VALENTINE'S

HEAD-QUARTERS

A magnificent Assortment, embracing

COMIC,

SERIOUS,

BEAUTIFUL

Some of the most exquisite Designs ever shown in British Columbia.

Prices, from $3 each down to 4 for a Bit.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.,

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.
(fe4te)

1862. JAMES CUNNINGHAM & CO. 1862.

IMPORTERS OF

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, Paints, Oils, Crockery, Glassware, Lime, Plaster, Terra Cotta Ware, Wooden Ware, Wall Papers, Fire Brick, Cement.

Also, a splendid assortment of Men's Clothing & Underwear, Boys' Ditto, Boots & Shoes, Dry Goods, Carpets, and everything required for fitting up your homes.

We have the most complete stock of General Merchandise to be found in any place in the Province. We import our Goods now from the manufacturers, and the low prices we have to pay often astonish ourselves. We are now giving our patrons the benefit of our position and our ability of BUYING CHEAP FOR CASH. Give us a call and learn that we can extend to you opportunities of getting supplies of the best Goods at the LOWEST RATES.

NEW WESTMINSTER, December 9, 1884. de10te

C. M. McNAUGHTEN

WATCHMAKER

Jeweller & Optician,

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.,

Begs to inform his patrons and the inhabitants of British Columbia, that he has engaged the services of

MR. F. CRAKE,

For a number of years manager of the Watchmaking and Repairing Department of Messrs. Savage, Lyman & Co., of Montreal. They say of him that he is one of the very best workmen ever in their employ, and they part with him with regret, which is a sufficient guarantee of his ability. I have spared neither trouble nor expense to get one of the ablest men, and I am determined to make my business second to none in British Columbia. Mr. Crake will have entire charge of the Watch department. **Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs,** and all complicated watches rated and adjusted. Broken or lost parts made equal to new. Any parties having Watches which have been in the hands of incompetent Watchmakers and can't be made to go, send them to me, packed in a small box, by mail, registered or otherwise, and they will have my immediate attention; and perfect satisfaction will be given.

The manufacturing Jewelry is under my personal charge. All kinds of Jewelry made to order and the quality of the goods guaranteed. Diamonds and precious stones set with care. All my charges are moderate. I have a new and well-selected stock of **Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Rolled Plate Jewelry and Plated Ware,** all of the best quality. New patterns constantly arriving.

All Watches sold will be closely regulated to a few seconds a month, thus doing away with the annoyance of having an imperfect time-keeper.

C. M. McNAUGHTEN,
jny3te Watchmaker & Jeweller.

T.R.PEARSON & CO.

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

—IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN—

Books,

Stationery,

Fancy Goods,

Pianos,

Organs,

Music,

Newspapers,

Magazines,

Toys, etc.

The Largest Stock on the Mainland, and second to no House in British Columbia.

—SOLE AGENTS FOR—

The Henry F. Miller Piano,
Of Boston,

The Dominion Organ,
Of Bowmanville, Ont.,

And agents for all the leading American

PIANOS & ORGANS

SPECIAL FORMS RULED & PRINTED

On the premises, as neatly and cheaply as at any other establishment in the Province.

—AGENTS FOR—

Confederation Life Assurance Co.,

North British and Mercantile Fire Insurance Co.,

—Agents for First-Class—

FIRE and BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES

SHIPPING RECEIPTS.
DEEDS MORTGAGES,
BILLS OF SALE,
CUSTOM HOUSE BLANKS,
LEASES, PROM. NOTES,
ORDERS, RECEIPTS,

And all kinds of Blank Books and Blank Forms on hand.

—All the Leading—

NEWSPAPERS

—AND—

PERIODICALS

Regularly received. Subscriptions taken for any Publication at lowest rates.

☞ We import direct from manufacturers, and cannot be undersold in this Province.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.,

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.
(fe2te)

EXPRESS RATES.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the rates of express freight on packages and parcels, safely and properly put up and not containing any extra valuable or dangerous compounds will be:

Between Victoria and New Westminster.

Packages under 10 lbs	25 cts. each
Packages over 9 and under 25	50 cts. each
Packages over 24 and under 50	75 cts. each
Packages over 50 at	1 cent per lb

From New Westminster to Yale.

Less than 3 lbs	25 cts. each
From 3 lbs. to 10 lbs	50 cts. each
From 10 lbs. to 25 lbs	75 cts. each
From 25 lbs. to 50 lbs	$1 00 each
From 50 lbs. to 75 lbs	$1 50 each
From 75 lbs. to 100 lbs. or over	2 cts. per lb

To Spence's Bridge and Points between Yale and Spence's Bridge.

Less than 2 lbs	25 cts. each
From 2 lbs. to 5 lbs	50 cts. each
From 5 lbs. to 10 lbs	$1 00 each
From 10 lbs. to 25 lbs	10 cts. per lb
From 25 lbs. to 75 lbs	8 cts. per lb
Over 75 lbs	6 cts. per lb

To Nicola, Savona, Kamloops, Cache Creek and Clinton, 20 cts. per lb.

To Barkerville and all points between Barkerville and Clinton ..25 cts. per lb

On C. O. D. and valuable packages one per cent. on value in addition to ordinary rates.

MONEY RATES

Between Victoria and New Westminster, 40 CTS. PER $100.

Remittances insured against all risk at "Lloyd's."

FRANK S. BARNARD,
Manager B. C. Express Co

C. G. MAJOR, Columbia St.,
au2te Agent New Westminster.

F. H. COULTER. T. J. ARMSTRONG.

COULTER & CO.

Druggists

—AND—

Apothecaries

DEALERS IN

Pure Drugs & Chemicals

PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES, ETC.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

Compounded all hours of the Day & Night

PHARMACY—Opposite Bank of B. C., Columbia St., New Westminster.

Night Calls—Room 50, Colonial Hote
(jny17te)

REDUCED PRICES!

STILL CONTINUE

FOR NOVEMBER!

THE PEOPLE OF NEW WESTMINster and surrounding country are invited to see the

☞ **GREAT REDUCTION**

In the prices of Goods at

The ROYAL CITY

Boot & Shoe Store

The people are no doubt aware of the Superior quality of Boots and Shoes and other Goods kept by

MRS. E. GOLD,

Which are unquestionably the best in this City, and cannot be surpassed anywhere in the Province.

NOW IS THE TIME

To make purchases, when Goods are sold to suit the times, because

Money Saved is Money Earned.

The following goods, imported from the manufactories, are offered at a great reduction, as the stock is larger than the state of the market justifies:

40 pieces Canadian Tweeds.
275 suits of Men's, Boys' and Youths Clothes.
100 dozen White Shirts.
50 dozen assorted Shirts.
35 dozen fine American Hats of the latest styles and finest quality.
16 cases of New Goods just received by steamer Idaho.

The following is the reduction of prices:

20	per cent. off	Boots and Shoes.
25	" "	Tweeds.
35	" "	Clothing and Hats.
35	" "	Dry Goods.
40	" "	Fancy Goods.

This Great Reduction begins on

Tuesday, October 14th

AND WILL CONTINUE UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

☞ Country orders will be punctually attended to.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:

MRS. E. GOLD,

ROYAL CITY

Boot and Shoe Store

COLUMBIA STREET,

Opp. Ewen's Cannery, NEW WESTMINSTER.
oc11te.

GIRL WANTED.

ONE WHO UNDERSTANDS GENEral housework. Apply to
MRS. D. ROBSON,
de8te Royal Avenue

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient Advertisements.—First insertion, 8 cts. per line; subsequent insertions, 2 cts. per line.

Regular Commercial and Business Advertisements.—1 column, $12 per month; ½ col., $7 per month; ¼ col., $4 per month; 8 inches, $2 per month; 1 inch, $1.50 per month. These rates to be charged on standing advertisements which remain over 3 months. If for a less period the rates will be: 1 col., $15 per month; ½ col., $9; ¼ col., $5; 2 inches, $3; 1 inch, $2.

Specials, among reading matter.—First insertion, 10 cts. per line; subsequent insertions, 5 cts. per line.

Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1 each. Funeral notices accompanying death notice, 50 cts. extra.

☞ All transient advertisements will be measured by a scale of solid Nonpariel, which makes 12 lines to the inch and 7 words to the line. Display lines must be allowed for in making estimates. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00.

The British Columbian.

Wednesday Morning, Feb. 4, 1885.

C. E. C. Brown, Dentist, Mary steet.

Messrs. T. R. Pearson & Co. advertise a full stock of valentines.

Water in the river is rising in consequence of the late heavy rains.

Liquor licenses are to be put at $10,000 each by the new council of Senoia, Ga.

The str. Princess Louise arrived from Victoria at 4:45 yesterday afternoon.

Thirty tons of first class hay to be sold at a low figure. Apply at the "City Market." Jan24m1.

The str. Dunsmuir arrived from Nanaimo on Saturday. She brought a load of coal.

Special services in the Methodist church are still continued, and begin this week at 7:30.

The str. Adelaide left for Lehman's Landing on Monday, and returned yesterday afternoon.

A special meeting of the city council was held last night, but it was entirely of a formal character.

The str. Alice came up from the North Arm last Saturday, and has resumed her regular trips.

The Earl of Aylesbury, who died lately, had his life insured for the enormous sum of $5,000,000.

We are informed that the Hyack ball last Friday night was a complete success, and a most enjoyable affair.

The *Resources of British Columbia* for January is received. It contains about the usual amount of reading matter.

For the month of January the customs receipts at Victoria were $52,197, an increase of $5,145 over same period last year.

Rev. Robt. Lennie, of the Baptist Church, preached two excellent sermons in the Court House last Sunday to fair congregations.

The rainfall at Ladner's Landing during the month of January measured 5.35 inches, and during the same period 11.75 inches of snow foll.

Building operations are still continued in several parts of the city. A great many new buildings are going up about Douglas st. and Queen's Avenue.

As selling off is the order of the day, James Ellard & Co. beg to inform the public that they will give 10 per cent. discount on all goods bought for cash. (de17tc)

The German people, who were only 25,000,000 in 1816, are now 45,500,000, and their present rate of increase greater than any other European rac

The mean temperature for the month of January was 32.8, being 1.5 below the mean for 10 years. The highest temperature was 49, and the lowest 17.

From the *Resources* we learn that the land sales registered at Victoria since July were as follows: August $34,910, Sept. $35,184, Oct. $45,360, Nov. $47,423, Dec. $58,048.

There are 560,000 policemen in the British Empire, 1 to every 571 inhabitants and to every sixteen square miles. There are 246 war vessels and 30,000 merchant ships, manned by 270,000 sailors.

The *Canadian Pacific Mail* (formerly known as the *Victoria Mail*) has resumed publication in this city after a brief suspension. It has lost none of its originality or brightness by crossing the gulf.

We are requested to say that the Good Templars will hereafter meet in the Oddfellows' Hall, the Forresters' Hall having become too small. The lodge has a membership of about 90, and meets every Friday night.

The telephone report from Port Moody last night states that a tunnel at this side of Yale has caved in, and the train is not expected for a week. The track at Maple Ridge is also reported in a bad state on account of slides.

The final and official location of the Canadian Pacific railroad terminus at Coal Harbor is good news for Bellingham Bay. Early railroad connection between Whatcom and New Westminster will be the result.—*Whatcom Reveille.*

Cape Breton's coal shipments for 1884 were: From the Sydney mines, 127,000 tons; Reserve mines, 34,000; International and Gowry, 80,000 each; *Port Caledonian*, 65,000; *Lingan*, 20,484; Block House, 19,000; Victoria, 5,993; Barracois, 130.

During the past week the weather has been very mild and unusually wet. The buds are rapidly expanding, and if this temperature cantinues a few days longer the leaves will be out. There are no traces of snow or frost to be seen anywhere about the city.

Capt. Cushing arrived in this city last week, and will shortly proceed to Port Moody with a view to unloading the ships which are to arrive there with railway material. There are 9 ships expected, and the first should reach Port Moody in about two weeks.

Chicago received from licenses last year the sum of $4,000,000, an excess of $1,600,000 over any preceding year. Of the amount stated $1,400,000 came from saloon licenses alone as a result of the operation of the high license law; and this represents only eight months, the law not having gone into effect until May 1st.

The financial statement of the treasurer of the British Columbia Agricultural Association shows a gross revenue of $10,986.40, which includes the sum of $3,500 borrowed on the security of the property. The hall, sheds and fencing cost $4,666.21, and the ten lots $2,330. The prizes paid amounted to $2,157.50. There is now on hand $555.19, the balance of the expenditure being for incidentals.—*Times.*

It is wise to provide against emergencies that are liable to arise in every family. A cold may be a dangerous thing, or not, depending upon the means at hand to combat it. In sudden attacks of cold, croup, asthma, etc., Ayer's Cherry Pectoral will prove the quickest and most effective cure, and your best friend.

Customs Receipts.—For the month of January the customs receipts at this port were as follows: Customs, $6,738.66; other revenues, $42.56; total, $6,781.22. For some period last year the revenue was $2,858.75. Increase this year, $3,922.47.

Rainfall.—For the month of January the rainfall recorded at this city was 11.22 inches, being 3.06 ins above the mean for 10 years. The snow fall measured 15.25 inches, 1.55 below the mean. This amount of snow did not fall at one time, of course, although there was a considerable depth and excellent sleighing for a few days.

Attention All!—Any old "tillicums" who have been taking newspapers, &c., from Mr. Henry W. Hughes, whose time is up, will please send Renewals to him, or leave cash and address at Mr. C. G. Major's. Any one else can have papers, magazines, etc., and all kinds of books, by addressing him at New Westminster. Old friends don't forget!—*Advt.*

Entertainment.—We understand that an entertainment will be given next Monday night in the Skating Rink, for a philanthropic purpose. The programme, a rough draft of which we have seen, consists of readings, recitations and music. The entertainment begins at 8 o'clock; admission, 25 cts.; reserved seats (which may be secured at T. R. Pearson & Co's., or Trapp Bros.'), 50 cts.

New Westminster Traffic.—The Port Townsend *Argus* is of the opinion that if the people of their city and Whatcom will subsidize a fast steamer to run direct between the two points and carry passengers and freight somewhere near as cheap as they are carried between Whatcom and Seattle, the whole traffic from New Westminster via Whatcom and way ports could be turned in that channel.

Reformed Episcopal Church.—We are requested to say that the rector has been granted, at his own request, a leave of absence in order that he may have the opportunity of soliciting funds towards the support of the church, and the congregation may be enabled to liquidate the present indebtedness. When the bishop, or the rector, or some other clergyman is not here, the lay reader will read the service and a sermon.

Great Britain's New Ships.—The gross tonnage of new shipping constructed to Lloyds' survey in iron and steel respectively in Great Britain during *each of the last four years was:* 1880—iron, 362 vessels, 447,389 tonnage; steel, 26 vessels, 36,943 tonnage; 1881—iron, 461 vessels, 659,153 tonnage; steel, 37 vessels, 71,533 tonnage; 1882—iron, 529 vessels, 785,592 tonnage; steel, 73 vessels, 127,927 tonnage; 1883—iron, 644 vessels, 933,774 tonnage; steel, 109 vessels, 166,428 tonnage.

New Westminster & Bellingham Railroad.—Senator Canfield has just returned from New Westminster and reports our British cousins thoroughly aroused in regard to the immediate building of the railroad connection between New Westminster and Whatcom. They fully appreciate the importance of the line and will build the railroad to the American border whether or not they receive government aid. Victoria has been working to suppress the mainland rival, and New Westminster will stand it no longer. We feel assured that a line of railroad from Bellingham Bay will meet the British railway at the boundary line. Unless the B. B. & B. C. is pushed to completion in the spring another road will occupy the route. Our people want more railroad and less talk.—*Whatcom Reveille.*

Low Readings.—The Canadian monthly weather review for December shows a remarkably low reading of the thermometer towards the end of the month. It will be remembered that during the same period all British Columbia was reduced to a semi-congealed state, so that the cold wave seems to have extended across the whole continent. Some of the readings in Ontario are as follows (the figures in all cases being below zero): Toronto 13, Hamilton 10, London 9, Guelph 18, Barrie 27, Owen Sound 22, Parry Sound 31, Gravenhurst 30, Port Arthur 35, Pembroke 34, Lindsay 28. In Montreal it was 23, and in Quebec 28. In Winnipeg the lowest record in December is 43, while at St. Andrews, Man., it went down to 52. The only place in eastern Canada where the thermometer did not go below zero in December was Sydney, N. S., where the lowest reading was 1 above.

Liberal Offer.—By an arrangement with the publishers of the *American Agriculturist* we are enabled to make a very liberal proposal to all our subscribers, or those who wish to become subscribers to The Columbian. The *American Agriculturist* is a monthly agricultural journal of high standing, which has now reached the 44th year of its existence. Each number contains about 44 pages and 100 illustrations, and we need not say that every number contains many things of great interest and value. We offer The Columbian one year, the *Agriculturist* for one year, and the "American Agriculturist Family Cyclopedia," free of duty and postage, and mailed to any address in Canada, for $4.50. The Cyclopedia is a book of 700 pages and over 1,000 illustrations, and would alone be considered cheap at the price named above. This offer is made to both new and old subscribers; but those who are now receiving The Columbian must first pay up all arrears (if any) and one year in advance before the offer will be available. City subscribers, to whom The Columbian is delivered by carrier, will pay one year in advance. Persons wishing to secure this liberal offer should remit as early as possible, and should send either a P. O. order or registered letter, addressed to D. Robson & Co.

Geo. Andrews, overseer of the Lowell Carpet Corporation, was for over twenty years, before his removal to Lowell, afflicted with salt rheum in its worst form. Its ulcerations actually covered more than half the surface of his body and limbs. He was entirely cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. See certificate in Ayer's Almanac for 1883.

A Settled Fact.—It is a significant fact that Hagyard's Yellow Oil is the best household remedy for internal and *external use in cases of pain, soreness,* lameness and inflammatory complaints.

If you want a neat calendar for 1885, call at T. R. Pearson & Co's. *

From Cheam.

(Correspondence of the Columbian.)

Cheam, Jan. 26.—The little people of Cheam Band of Hope will always have a pleasing remembrance of their sleighing on Saturday last. Two sleighs, one driven by Mr. John Ryder and the other by Mr. P. Greyell, started for Sumas at 9 a. m. After driving 12 miles they arrived at the residence of Mr. McGillivray where the children with their teacher, Miss Andrews, and several of their parents and friends, spent an enjoyable afternoon. After partaking of lunch the time was pleasantly and profitably spent in listening to recitations, readings and songs by the children who did remarkably well, showing that their teacher has not labored in vain. Mrs. McGillivray helped to enliven the afternoon with some choice music. Altogether it was a happy scene. The bright smiles on the eager faces of the children were surely ample reward to those who so kindly devoted the day to their enjoyment. But all pleasure glides swiftly away. About 3 p. m. the party left for Cheam. Before going the children formed a line and one by one shook hands with Mr. and Mrs. McGillivray. When the last smiling goodbye had been said, and all were comfortably seated in the sleighs, three hearty cheers were given by the lusty young voices, which was responded to by those on the verandah. Then, amid the merry jingle of bells and song away they went with happy hearts over an event which will be a pleasure to recall in distant days. This is the first excursion of the kind in this locality. We trust it will not be the last.

Does This Refer to You?—Are you troubled with billiousness, dyspepsia, liver or kidney complaints, or bad blood? If so you will find a certain cure in Burdock Blood Bitters.

Provincial Legislature.

(Continued from 1st Page.)

six-months' hoist. The proposition contained in the bill he considered the most monstrous he had ever heard. After some further discussion the six months' hoist was carried on the following division: Yeas, Allen, Cunningham, Davie (Hon.), Davie (Theo.), Dingwall, Drake, Duck, Dunsmuir, Grant, Galbraith, Martin, McTavish, Pooley, Smithe, Wilson,—15. Nays, Beaven, Cowan, Helgesen, John, McLeese, Orr, Raybould,—7.

THURSDAY.

Mr. Raybould presented a petition from Robt. O'Brian and others for a bill to construct water works at Nanaimo. Mr. Cunningham presented a petition for a bill to incorporate the New Westminster and Southern Railway.

On a question of privilege Messrs. Theo. Davie, W. Raybould, J. Orr, Hon. Mr. Robson, and Hon. Mr. Smithe, all corrected misreports of their speeches.

A long discussion took place on Mr. Pooley's resolution asking the government to settle local claims against McNamee & Co. out of the $10,000 forfeit money. Hon. Mr. Robson explained that it had been proposed to hand this sum over to the Dominion government in consideration of its undertaking to settle the claims against McNamee & Co.

It was moved by Mr. Wilson, and seconded by Mr. McLeese, that copies of all correspondence relating to attemps to arrest Emia, the Chilcotin Indian, be presented to the house. It was stated that Emia was known to have been connected with the Poole murder, and that he had killed a Chinaman, and the government was blamed for negligence in not securing his arrest. Hon. Mr. Davie defended the course pursued by the government, and showed that it had not been negligent in the matter. If Emia had been guilty of murder, the government had not been made aware of it, and if any person had evidence of his guilt it should have been communicated to the proper authorities.

Mr. Drake moved the house into committee of the whole on the Metlakahtla Indian enquiry. He said the evidence taken by the commission showed that the Indian missionaries were more or less responsible for the troubles. Several clauses of the evidence showed that Mr. Duncan was more or less responsible for the opinions held by the Indians. There were other clauses that showed the Indians were told that not this government nor the crown itself had any right over their lands. The few lines he had read showed there was a serious case here. There were two courses before the government, one was to turn over to the reserve the two acres of land on which the church was situated; second, by force of arms to compel them to respect the law. The subject was no doubt caused by ecclesiastical dispute, but it had now gone further, and if it was so, it was a matter that the provincial government had no power to deal with, but it was a question for the Dominion authorities to deal with. There was a feeling among the Indians that they had got the best of the government on several occasions, and the news of any facts in connection with it spread over the whole north-west coast with great rapidity. There was a suggestion by the commissioners that the whole Indian lands should be handed over to the provincial government. Such a proposition he felt quite sure would not be acceded to. There was the lamentable fact, he thought, that the whole Indian troubles had been caused by the Indian missionaries. They were really in that part of the coast suffering under a reign of terror by the way the Indians were acting in reference to the white population.

Mr. Orr suggested that the committee also deal with Skeena river and the Babine country, as miners had had *their horses and provisions taken and* only escaped with their lives. It was urgent that immediate steps be taken to protect the white population.

Mr. Grant suggested that the local government should be placed in a position so as to take immediate action in case of any disturbance occurring. The commissioners might have reported more fully on the matter and placed the blame on individuals. Mr. Drake had referred to Mr. Duncan. He had been informed by competent parties that not only Mr. Duncan but Revs. Woods, Crosby and Green were also concerned in the matter. The way to look at matters was to find out the cause and remove it. Mr. Clifford had given evidence that the Indians on the Skeena had told him that they had been told they had the sympathy of the Metlakahtla Indians, who condoned the offence of killing Yeomans and had a right to arrest any white man who came on the reservation. From this and other evidence it would seem that men in that part of the country would live in a state of fear. The same opinion was held by every white man having interests in that part of the country. A great many cases could be cited to show the ideas of the Indians. The men who inculcated such ideas into the minds of the indians should be shown that they would be reached by the law in backing them up in their efforts to break the laws of the country. The provincial secretary had very properly said the Dominion government acted slow in matters connected with this province, yet he thought this government should take some action in the matter to convince the Dominion government of the urgency of the case.

A Total Wreck.—Many a strong frame has been totally wrecked by rheumatism. D. McCrimmon, of Lancaster, was cured of chronic rheumatism by Burdock Blood Bitters. It cures all blood impurities.

Queen Charlotte Indians.

CARVINGS.

The Hydas are distinguished for their superior skill, above that possessed by any other aboriginal people on the continent, in carving and mecanical arts and contrivances generally. Besides their great columns, 30 to 75 feet in height, covered with figures from top to bottom, nearly every article used by them is used to represent either their totem crests, or some animal, bird or fish familiar to their sight. House-posts, canoe-heads, stone axes, mauls and mortars, fish-hooks and floats, seal-killing clubs, boxes of all kinds, cooking and eating utensils, trays, spoons, ladles, medicine charms, masks, rattles, whistles, gambling sticks, towes and other articles too numerous to mention, are all carved. Their designs are often grotesque, many evidently purposely so, and their workmanship commonly rude compared with that of our best white carvers; yet their skill, in so curiously and accurately shaping some things, considering their few and inferior tools and semi-savage state, is quite remarkable. Desiring to possess some article of Hyda manufacture, I gave a young Indian jeweler a two-and-a-half dollar gold piece at 9 o'clock in the morning with instructions to make from it an eagle. Before 1 o'clock the same day he brought me the bird so well made that not many jewelers could improve upon it.

FOOD SUPPLIES.

The Hydas live chiefly upon fish, though of late years they consume also considerable quantities of other supplies, especially flour, rice, sugar, coffee, crackers, &c., purchased from the traders. *Of fish, halibut and salmon,* dried and smoked, are mainly depended on, though many other varieties are eaten in their season—herring, flounder, trout, rock cod, true cod, clams, muscles, &c. Pollock, called by the Hydas "skill," are caught off the west coast, principally for their oil, which is extracted by boiling them in large wooden tanks, by means of heated stones. Dried herring spawn, *salmon roe, sea and birds' eggs,* chitons and octopus are favorite artices of diet. Berries and crabapples are gathered in large quanties and eaten, both fresh and dried, frequently mixed with oolachan grease, their choicest condiment, obtained from the Naas Indians. Potatoes, generally of an inferior size, are raised, chiefly by the old women. Many wild roots, bulbs and plants, are also eaten: the lily, epilobium, heracleum, &c. Bear, wild geese, duck, and grouse also contribute to their food supply, although the present generation of Hydas are not very successful hunters, seldom penetrating far mland in search of game.

HYDA VILLAGES.

There are seven inhabited, and fifteen deserted villages upon the islands, which will be briefly noticed in the order reached in circumnavigating the archipeligo from North Island, proceeding eastward. They are situated upon the immediate shore, the houses generally standing in a row, facing to the south or east, with from one to three tall carved poles in front. Kah-oh and Ki-oos-ta, both in ruins, the former containing six houses and ten poles, and the latter fifteen houses and eighteen poles, are situated near each other on Parry Passage, on Moresby Island. On the north side of the Passage, on the south end of North Island, opposite Lucy Island, lies Tadense, with its six small houses—still occupied by hunters and fishermen during the summer—and only one lonely carved pole. On the rocky exposed shore, just east of Klas-kwun Point, stand the three houses and one carved pole comprising the village known as Yatze. It is now only the occasional stopping place of parties of Indians en route to and from the west coast. Its builders formerly occupied deserted Kung, very pleasantly situated on the west shore, at the entrance to Naden Harbor. Fifteen houses, all in ruins but two, and twenty poles, are all that remain visible here, except numerous graves of the dead. There are three villages near the entrance to Massett Inlet: Yan—abandoned—with 20 houses and 25 carved poles, on the west side, and Utte-was—now Massett—and Ka-Yung, situated about a mile below, on the east. Massett is the principal village of the Hyda nation, now containing a population of about three hundred and fifty Indians, 40 occupied houses, 50 carved poles, and the ruins of many ancient lodges. The Hudson Bay Company have had a Trading Post here since since 1855, Mr. Alexander McKenzie having been their agent for the last six years. He is the extreme north-western resident white man on the soil of the Dominion of Canada. The Episcopal Church of England established a mission at Massett in 1877, now under the excellent charge of Rev. Charles Harrison and wife. At Ka-Yung we found only the ruins of a few houses and carved poles; also at the mouth of the Hiellen, where there was formerly a considerable village. A still larger one is said to have stood at the base of Rose Spit Point, called by the Indians Ne-coon, and another between this point and Cape Ball, on the east coast of Graham Island, the remains of which may still be seen.—*From Prof. Chittenden's Official Report.*

Catching the Train.—Hurry to or from trains should in all cases be avoided. It is dangerous to the healthy habitual traveler as well as the invalid. Many a one has suffered permanent dilatation of the heart in hurrying to catch a train; many a one has dropped down dead from the same cause. Hurry in catching trains tends to weakness of the nervous system, to indigestion and to heart disease, to say nothing of the risk of catching cold from sitting down in the carriage heated, in cases where the person has to walk quickly, instead of riding.—*Cassell's Magazine.*

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

St. Johns, N. F., Jan. 28.—Telegraphic advices to-day from the channel and Rose Blanche report a terrible blizzard on the west coast, beginning at four o'clock yesterday afternoon. A large number of fishing craft went to the fishing ground early in the morning and were overtaken by the storm. Twenty-three skiffs are missing, and many of the survivors are badly frost-bitten. One skiff in sight went down with its crew. The crews of the missing vessels aggregate about fifty men. There are grave fears that the loss of life will be heavy.

San Jose, Jan. 28.—The sensation of the day is the discovery in a Chinese brothel of a pure white female child, aged 16 months. A Chinese woman, who has possession of the little one, says she got it last Thursday from her sister in San Francisco, and that her sister bought it when it was six days old. The first story told by the Chinawoman was that her sister was the mother of the child by a white father, but she afterwards stated that the child had been purchased. Sheriff Bran has placed the woman and child in the county jail. He will keep them until the matter is thoroughly investigated.

Washington, Jan. 28.—The Senate closed its doors and resumed consideration of the Nicaraguan treaty at 12:30 to-day. Senator Sherman modified his amendment introduced several days ago relating to discriminations which may be made in charges for the use of the canal. As the amendment now stands discriminations may be made in favor of the coastwise trade of Nicaragua. Vance made a speech, arguing that the Clayton-Bulwer treaty was still an obstacle to the ratification of the Nicaraguan treaty, and he offered a motion that further action be postponed until after the 4th of March. This motion was the subject of a long debate. Senators Bayard and Saulsbury and others upon the Democratic side spoke in favor of the motion, and Senators Morgan, Lapham, Conger and Miller of California opposed it. A motion was made to adjourn at 5 o'clock and defeated. A 7 p.m. the question of postponement was pressed to a vote, and half an hour was consumed in efforts to secure a quorum. The absentees were sent for, but pending the vote another motion to adjourn was made at 7:30 and carried.

New York, Feb. 2.—At twelve minutes after five this afternoon Jeremiah O'Donovan Rossa, the Irish *dynamiter,* so-called, was shot by a woman on Chambers street, near Broadway. At that hour the streets were filled with people homeward bound, making their way towards the Brooklyn bridge. The excitement over the shooting, although the man was recognized by very few, was intense. The first shot fired took effect in O'Donovan's body and he fell to the sidewalk. The woman continued to shoot until she had emptied a five-chambered revolver, but only the first shot took effect. City Marshall Jas. McCauley seized the woman, who still had the smoking pistol in her hand, and told her she was under arrest. The woman offered no remonstrance, but allowed herself to be taken through the mass of citizens to the city hall station. When the woman ceased firing O'Donovan rose to his feet and made an effort to find his way to the office on Chambers street which he had just left. He said "I am shot," trying to place *his hand on his* back under the shoulder blade. After a few steps somebody in the crowd suggested that he should go to the Chambers-st. hospital. A couple of men lent their arms and O'Donovan did as suggested and walked all the way there. The distance is nearly a quarter-mile. He bled considerably on the way. He was undressed and examined by Dr. Dennison. It was found the bullet had entered the back directly below the left *shoulder-blade. The doctor pronounced* the wound not of a dangerous character and began to probe for the ball.

Meanwhile the woman had been taken to the station house with a crowd following her. She was placed before Sergt. Ross' desk. She is a good looking woman, dressed neatly in plain dark clothing and wore eye-glasses. She appeared like a school teacher with an intellectual face. Her manner was entirely composed and she answered some of the questions *put to her promptly and without embar*rassment. To others she simply shook her head and smiled, with a look which said, "I shall only answer questions I know you have a right to ask." McAuley handed the pistol, of small calibre, to the sergeant, and said he had seen the prisoner shoot a man on Chambers street. Volunteer witnesses assented to the stated fact of the shooting. A citizen here asked, "Do you know the man you shot?" "Yes," replied the prisoner, cooly, with *an English accent,* "I shot O'Donovan Rossa." The further questioning by the sergeant elicited the statement: that her name is Youell Dudley, aged 25; that she is a nurse and married, and lives at 60 Clinton place. She was asked why she shot O'Donovan, how long she had been in America and other questions to which she made no answers. After her pedigree had been taken down she was escorted to a rear room and the crowd slowly dispersed. As there were no ac *commodations for prisoners in the city* hall station Mrs. Dudley was removed to Oak station at 7:15 p. m., and placed in a cell. Her entire demeanor is that of a rational person and a cool-headed one at that.

Well Spoken Of.—R. N. Wheeler, of Everton, speaks highly of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam. It cured him of inflammation of the lungs and an obstinate cough. It loosens the phlegm and heals the lungs.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

(Special to the Columbian.)

London, Feb. 3.—A dispatch from Rome says: "The Italian foreign minister states that documents will shortly be published which will throw new light upon England's negotiations with the powers, *and to which he attributes* a narrow escape from a great European embroglio.

Brussels, Feb. 3.—King Leopold is anxiously awaiting the liberation of Gen. Gordon to entrust to him the presidency of the Congo state.

London, Feb. 3.—An official dispatch states that Gen. Earle has occupied Bierti, the rebels having deserted the entrenchments there. Two uncles of Suleim, and the murderer of Col. Stewart, submitted to Gen Earle. Quissin Pasha and the stoker on Colonel Stewart's steamer when it was wrecked and the party massacred, escaped from Bierti and reached Earl's camp. The navigation of the river is very difficult, but Earle's forces are overcoming all obstacles.

Glasgow, Feb. 3.—O'Leary, the Fenian, lectured to a crowded meeting of Irishmen this evening. References to the names of Parnell, Rossa, and Ford were hooted and cheered. A free fight ensued in the gallery and was not quelled until the disturbers were ejected from the building.

London, Feb. 3.—The first intelligence of the shooting of O'Donovan Rossa was posted on the newspaper bulletins from the New York associated press office and sent on tickers to the clubs at midnight, which shows quick work considering that there are 5 hours' difference in time between New York and London. The news spread with wonderful rapidity throughout the city, and caused the wildest excitement. Crowds surrounded the bulletin boards, and at almost every street corner was a group of men jubilantly discussing the event. Passing pedestrians who stopped to hear what the excitement was about were told "O'Donovan Rossa has been shot." The response was invariably a cheer or some other expression of delight. Many men became almost frantic in the exuberance of their feelings. Strangers *embraced each other effusively and shook* hands with the fervor of life-long friends; then they would link arms and rush off in squads to the bars of the nearest hotels, shouting as they went "Rossa is shot!" Many thousand toasts were drunk to the health and happiness of Mrs. Dudley, who is lauded as a heroine.

London, Feb. 3.—The *Daily Telegraph,* commenting on the shooting of Rossa, says: "It would be idle to pretend that there is the smallest sympathy for Rossa in England. He is not a bold patriot willing to die on behalf of his country, but has always been ready to cheer others into danger which he himself avoided. From the beginning of his career there never has been a speck of nobility or courage or patriotism in his conduct." The *Telegraph* congratulates Ireland on the fact that some of her sons have denounced the dynamite outrage, and calls upon Parnell also to speak.

London, Feb. 3.—Suakim advices state that the Italians occupied Berti, 4 miles north of Assaband, and sent or Egyptian garrison away on an Italian man-of-war. The French gunboats are watching the movements of the Italians in the Red Sea expedition. The tribes around Massuah are joining Osman Digma.

New York, Feb. 3, 1:30 p. m.—The physicians' bulletin issued at 1 this morning states that O'Donovan Rossa was sleeping quietly and suffering no pain. His condition was generally favorable. His wife left the hospital for home at 11:30.

Paris, Feb. 3.—Advices here state that Gens. DeLisle and Negner are advancing upon Sanagon from different directions, each in command of a column of 6,000 troops.

New York, Feb. 3.—Another sketch of Mrs. Dudley, given by a woman who says she is an intimate friend, makes the prisoner a Canadian, and a native of Montreal. *She came to New York 8 or* 9 months ago, and was employed as a nurse at the New York hospital. While there she sang sometimes, and had an unusually fine voice. She was considered "strong minded." Her father holds a government position of a petty nature in Montreal. Other relations are prominent in government circles. Her cousin, Dr. Van Norman, was physician two years ago to a company which built a large hotel at Rockaway. Another family of relations named *McPherson, or McPheeters,* hold influential positions in Quebec. This branch, when in New York, showed invitations they claimed to have received to the Princess Louise's reception. The entire family are wedded to English customs to a remarkable extent, and by their bigotry in English ideas have alienated several persons who were otherwise inclined to be friend y. Mrs. Dudley left my hospital 4 months ago and returned to Canada, where she has been connected with *the English government* secret service. She returned to New York only recently.

New York, Feb. 3.—The head quarters of O'Donovan Rossa's paper have been temporarily removed to the Chambers-st. hospital, where the editor-in-chief lies with a bullet from Mrs. Dudley's pistol still embedded in his back. Rossa's office on Centre st. is closed to-day. The physicians at the hospital thought Rossa improved during the night. The only visitor to Rossa up to 11 this morning was his secretary Patriek Joyce. Mrs Rossa went home late last night and had not returned this morning.

A Wide-Spread Evil.—The great source of consumption and of ugly sores is scrofula in the blood. Burdock Blood Bitters purify the whole system and cure scrofula, as well as the more common blood humors.

Raising Church Funds.

A correspondent seems greatly exercised over the best and most legitimate means to be employed for raising the funds necessary for carrying forward all the different departments for general and congregational Church work. We don't wonder at his anxiety, for a good many of the plans hit upon and referred to can be justified on no high-minded, self-respecting principle whatever. They not only bring the world, but the worst part of the world, and the world's ways, into the Church, and think by such means to accomplish, with comfort and efficiency, some important part of the Church's work.

The story of the Roman Emperor and *his tax on dung has been often* told. The gist of it lies in this, that, when remonstrated with by his son for imposing such a disreputable tax, he simply held a coin to the young man's nose and bade him smell that. The coin, no doubt, had no bad smell, and yet it was "filthy lucre," all the same, in more senses than one. A good many Christian people and "runners" of churches seem to have Vespasian's *ideas exactly. All money that comes* into the Church coffers is, in their estimation, "good," through whatever channel it comes, and given from whatever motive.

Even that part of the world that does not think itself, and is not thought by others, in any great degree squeamish, does not believe in "raising the wind" by lotteries and gambling. Experience has shown them that such *means are too* demoralizing to be reputable. But the "lucky bag" and the lottery ticket flourish more or less hidden under one pretence or another, sometimes not hidden at all, when the glory of God and the good of the Church are concerned. "Grab games" abound. Votes on the prettiest girl or the wisest statesman are made actually the means of grace, if not subjects for actual prayer, when they range from ten cents to a quarter, and are used as instruments for replenishing "the treasury of the Lord." Indeed, it would take more time than we choose to expend on the matter to enumerate all the kinds of tomfoolery resorted to when funds are low and claims are many.

Is such work healthy? Can it be reasonably expected to succeed? What is reasonably to be expected from "necktie" or "apron" socials, and much else? Church socials, no doubt, when rightly conducted, and when meant to meet the social element of our nature, are all very well. But, after all, when money is wanted for religious enterprises, is it not the true, manly, Christian plan for those who believe in the necessity to supply the "needful" in current coin of the realm, and not to try to induce those who care for none of these things to contribute a quarter on the understanding that half the money is to be returned to them in eatables and fun?—*Toronto Globe.*

Good Resolutions for 1885.

To insure my life in the Equitable on the Semi Tontine system; also,

To insure my house, furniture and stock in the Phenix of Brooklyn or the Liverpool and London and Globe.

jn 3tc Woods & Turner, Agents.

If you want Gold, read the Mechanics' Store Advertisement in this paper. (tc)

Unexplored Siberia.—An interesting discovery is reported to have been made by the Governor of Irkutsk in the course of a prolonged inspection of the province, which shows that Siberia is still an unknown country, even to the Russian authorities. His Excellency came across the little town of Ilim, with 500 inhabitants, 160 houses and 4 ancient churches, with remarkable relics of Cossack times. It is still under the republican rule of a vetche or public assembly, convoked by a bell, as in the time of old Novgorod the Great, although the new municipal institutions were supposed to have been applied to that part of the empire ten years ago. Not one of the inhabitants can read or write.—*London Echo.*

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS FOR 1884

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., LAT. 49° 12' 47" N., LONG. 122° 53' 19" W.

TEMPERATURE.	JAN'Y	FEB'Y	MAR.	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG'T	SEPT.	OCT'R	NOV.	DEC'R
Mean Temperature	33.9	39.9	42.0	50.3	55.3	60.4	61.8	57.7	54.3	48.2	44.7	35.3
Above or below mean of 10 years	0.4b	7.4b	2.3b	2.4a	1.1a	2.4a	1.5b	4.5a	3.0b	6.3b	4.8a	9.5b
Highest maximum	56.0	62.0	72.0	82.0	82.0	81.0	90.0	90.0	68.0	61.0	58.0	48.0
Lowest minimum	23.0	21.0	35.0	38.0	45.0	49.0	50.0	50.0	40.0	34.0	27.0	25.0
Rain and Snow in inches	8.02	3.70	1.64	1.41	3.05	3.38	0.70	2.05	3.36	3.36	4.07	5.12
Above or below mean of 10 years	3.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	0.4b	1.4b	2.4b	1.8	1.8	1.6b	1.2	3.0
Greatest days fall	2.15	2.0b	1.0b	1.0b	1.0	1.0	1.0a	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Above or below mean of 10 years	1.47	1.0	3.0b	1.0b	7.0b	1.0a	4.0b	8	15	8	12	3.0b
Snowfall in inches	1.50	12.8	6.0	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	4.0	16	12
Above or below mean of 10 years	0.91	0.91	0.48	0.84	0.84	0.98	0.27	2.52	0.57	1.68	0.90	1.10
Yearly mean temperature, 47.7; below mean, 0.2. Highest temperature, 90.0. Lowest temperature, —2.0; lowest since 1875. Rainfall in inches, 51.84; below mean, 7.72. Days of rain or snowfall, 123; below mean, —27. Snow in inches, 23.5; below mean, 28 in.										5.70b	3.00a	5.00a

A. PEEBLE, Capt., Canada Meteorological Service.

PASSENGERS.

Per str. Princess Louise, from Victoria, Feb. 3.—Mr and Mrs Ross, Mrs Nelson, Miss Tilley, Capt Thompson, Messrs W N Bole, Atkinson, Doyle, English, Brenley, Sproat, Burns, Waller McCluskey, Morton, Melody, McAlford, and others.

High Class Organs.

From the Toronto Globe.

Perhaps the most artistic building on the exhibition ground is the pavilion of the Dominion Organ and Piano Company of Bowmanville. It is moreover one of the most interesting to lovers of good music as being the location of a magnificent collection of instruments. The erection of this building, which cost about $1,000, became necessary to meet the requirements of the company, which had been cramped for room in the Main Building, where it is impossible to judge the merits of high-class instruments. The enterprise displayed by the Company in providing suitable quarters on the grounds for their business has been rewarded. The large number of visitors who call, inspect, and purchase proves beyond question that the public approve the provision made for their convenience and comfort. Here a crowd may be seen listening to test performances on first-class instruments made by leading city and country musicians.

Right well do the Company deserve the success which they have achieved. The present prosperous concern had, like all great institutions, its day of small things. It had its origin in Bowmanville about fifteen years ago, the stock being at that time largely held by parties unacquainted with the business. About ten years go John Wesley, the present secretary and treasurer; George Piggott, the manager of the manufacturing department; and W. S. Russell, superintendent of the tuning department, bought out the shareholders and assumed control. Since that date the business has been booming. A further stimulus was given to the concern by the admission of a Detroit millionaire as a partner. Piano-making was added to the organ-manufacturing, and the establishment was increased, until it now occupies a leading position among Canadian undertakings. It turns out about 200 organs and 50 pianos per month. These are produced by 250 hands, who receive in wages about $15,000 per month. The whole civilized world is the firm's market, and they have branches in London and Manchester, England; Hamburg, Germany; Adelaide and Sydney, Australia; Auckland, New Zealand; and St. Petersburg, Russia.

The instruments on exhibition in the pavilion are fair examples of the Company's workm

Our Story.

A REMARKABLE STORY.

(Continued.)

"She is more at home with those sort of persons than she is with the county," Lady Freemantle said.

Mrs. Merridew was deeply flattered with the confidence, and gave a most cordial assent. "It does give a sort of unfeminine turn of mind, though dear Miss Vernon is so universally respected," she said.

This little dialogue would have given Catherine sincere enjoyment if she had heard it. She divined it from the conjunction of Lady Freemantle's diamonds with Mrs. Merridew's lace, as they leaned toward each other, and from the expression of their eyes.

On her side Mrs. Brown drew conclusions quite as fallacious. "Miss Vernon is well aware how much the young gentlemen owe to Brown," that young lady said, afterward, "and how devoted he is. She knows his value to the business, and I am sure she sees that a share in the bank is what he has a right to look to."

This delusion, however, Catherine did not divine.

It was with a reluctance and repugnance indescribable that Hester had come; but she was there, by the side of her mother, who, a little alarmed by the crowd, did not know what to do with herself, until Harry Vernon interposed and led her to the corner of a sofa, in the very midst of the fine people, which poor Mrs. John, divided between the pride which was too proud to take a chief place and the consciousness that this place was her right, hesitated greatly upon.

"I think I should like to be further off," she said, faltering; "down there somewhere," and she pointed in the direction of the Mrs. Browns, "or anywhere," she added, getting quite confused

"This is your proper place," said Harry, out of his moustache, with persistence.

The poor lady sat down in a nervous flutter, in her black gown, which looked very nice, but had lasted a long time, and, though it had been kept, so to speak, within sight of the fashion by many frequent alterations, was very different from the elegant mixtur of velvet and satin, fresh from the hands of a court milliner, which swept over the greater part of the space. Mrs. John had a little cap made of a piece of fine Mechlin upon her hair, which was still very pretty, and of the dark-brown-satin kind. Her ornaments were of the most modest description, whereas the other lady had a set of emeralds which were the admiration of the county. Hester stood beside her mother, very erect and proud, in her white muslin, with her pearls, looking like a maid of honor to a mild, discrowned queen. A maid of honor in such circumstances would stand a great deal more upon her dignity than her mistress would be likely to do. This was the aspect they presented to the lookers-on who saw them in that unusual eminence. When Catherine perceived where her poor pensioners were placed she gave way to a momentary impatience.

"Who put Mrs. John there?" she said to Edward, almost with anger. "Don't you see how thoroughly out of place she looks? You may think it shows a fine regard for the fallen, but she would have been much more comfortable at the other end, among the people she knows."

"I had nothing to do with it. I have not spoken to them," said Edward, with a certain sullenness. He was glad to be able to exculpate himself, and yet he despised himself all the more fiercely.

Catherine was vexed in a way which she herself felt to be unworthy, but which she said to herself was entirely justified by the awkwardness of the situation.

"I suppose it is Harry that has done it," she said, her voice softened by the discovery that Edward, at least, was not to blame. "It must be said for him, at least, that he is very faithful to his family."

Did she mean that he was not faithful? Edward asked himself. Did even she despise him? But he could not now change his course, or stoop to follow Harry's example, that oaf who was inaccessible to the fluctuations of sentiment around him, and could do nothing but cling to his one idea.

It cannot be said however that either Mrs. John or Hester were at their ease in their present position. It was true, as Catherine had said, that with the curate's wife Mrs. John would have been much more comfortable, and this consciousness wounded the poor lady, who felt now that she was out of place among the people to whom she was allied by nature. She was accustomed to the slight of being put in a lower place, but to feel herself so completely out of her old position went to her heart. She looked timidly, poor soul, at the great lady with the emeralds, remembering when she, too, used to be in the order of great ladies, and wondering if, in those days, she had ever despised the lowly. But when she thus raised her eyes, she found that the lady of the emeralds was looking very fixedly at her.

"Surely," she said, after a little hesitation, "this must be Lucy Westwood."

"Yes," said Mrs. John, wistfully, investigating the stranger with her timid eyes.

"Then you have forgotten 'Bridget—Fidget?'" said the other.

It was a school name, and it brought a glow upon Mrs. John's pale fale. An old school-fellow! She forgot all the painful past and her present embarrassment, and even her daughter. Hester stood for some time in the maid-of-honor attitude she had been in and contemplated the conversation. She heard her mother say, "This is my girl, the only one I have," and felt herself crimsoning, and courtesying to some one she scarcely saw; then the stranger added:

"I have three here; but I think they are all dancing."

Yes, no doubt there was dancing going on, but Hester Vernon did not take any part in it. She became tired, after a while, of her post of maid-of-honor. Her wonderful, indignant carriage, the poise of her young head, the proud air of independence which was evident in her, called forth the admiration of many of the spectators. "Who is that girl?" said the elder people, who only came once a year and were not acquainted with the gossip of Redborough. "John Vernon's daughter? Oh, that was the man who should have married Catherine—he who nearly ruined the bank. And that is her mother? How good of her mother to have them here." If Hester had heard these remarks she would have had few questions to ask about her father. But she was unaware of the notice she was attracting, placed thus at the head of the great drawing-room. The folding-doors had been removed and the two rooms made into one. The girl was in the most conspicuous place, without knowing. Her white figure stood out against the wall, with her little mother in the foreground. She stood for a long time looking out, with large eyes full of light upon the crowd, her varying emotions very legible in her face. When a creature so young and full of life feels herself neglected and disdained, and sees others about her whom her keen eyes cannot help but seeing are inferior to herself, promoted far above her, enjoying what is forbidden her, finding pleasure where she has none—yet is bound to the spot and cannot escape, it is natural that indignation should light fires in her eyes, and that her breast should swell and her young countenance glow with a visionary scorn of all who seem to scorn her. This sentiment is neither amiable nor desirable, but it gave a sort of inspiration to Hester—her head so erect, slightly thrown back, her nostrils a little dilated, her mouth shut close, her eyes large and open, regarding in full face the world of enemies against whom, wholly or singly, she felt herself ready to stand. All this gave a character and individuality to her such as nothing in the room could equal. But by and by she got tired of standing, shut out from everybody, holding up her banner. She stole away from her mother's side, behind the chairs, to get somebody she knew and could talk to. Flesh and blood cannot bear this sort of pride forever.

An old man was standing in her way who made a little movement to stop Hester as she passed. "You will excuse an old friend, Miss Hester," he said; "but I must tell you how glad I am to see you and your mother. I have been looking at you both ever since you came. She is very much changed since I used to see her, but her sweet expression is the same. That is a thing that will never change."

"I think I know you," said Hester, with a shy frankness which was so unlike her hostile attitude. "Did I not see you at Captain Morgan's; and you said something to me about my mother?"

"I had not much time to tell you then. I should just like to describe it to you," said the old clerk. "I have never forgotten that day. I was in a dreadful state of anxiety, fearing that everything was coming to an end; and the only place I could think of going to was the White House. That was where your parents were staying at the time. No, no, they were not your parents then; I think there was a little baby that died—"

"I was born abroad," said Hester, eager to catch every word.

"Yes, yes, to be sure; and she was quite young, not much older than you are now. It was in that long room in the White House, with a window at each end, which is the dining-room now. You will excuse me for being a little long-winded, Miss Hester. It was beautifully furnished, as we thought then; and there was a harp and a piano. Does your mamma ever play the harp now? No, no, I ought to remember, that has quite gone out of fashion. She had her hair high upon her head like this," said Mr. Rule, trying to give a pantomimic description on the top of his own grey head of the high bows which had once adorned Mrs. John's. She had a white dress on, far shorter than you wear them now, and little slippers with crossed bands, sandals they used to call them. Oh, I remember everything like a picture! Ladies used to wear little short sleeves in those days, and low dresses. She had a little scarf around her over one shoulder. What a pretty lady she was to be sure! I had been so wretched and anxious, that the sight of her, as I came rushing in, had the strangest effect upon me. All bank business and our troubles about money and the terror of a run, which was what I was frightened for, seemed nothing but ugly dreams, without any reality in them. I dare say you don't know, Miss Hester, what I mean by a run?"

"No, indeed," said Hester, a little impatient; "but I should like to know what happened after."

"A run on the bank," said the old clerk, "is the most terrible thing in all creation. A battle is nothing to it; for in a battle you can, at least, fight for your life. It happens when the partners or the company, or whatever they may be, have had losses, and a rumor gets up against the bank. Sometimes it may be a long time threatening, sometimes it may get up in a single day; but as soon as the rumor gets the length of a panic, everybody that has money invested comes to draw it out, and every one that has a note of the bank comes for his money. In those days the Vernon's issued notes, like all the other great country banks. I was in mortal terror of a run; I never was in such a state in my life. And it was then, as I told you, Miss Hester, that I went to your mother. Of course we had not money enough to meet it—the most solvent could scarcely hope to have that at a moment's notice. Next day was the market day, and I knew, that as sure as life— I have passed through many a troublesome moment, but never one like that."

And, as if even the thinking of it was more than he could bear, the old clerk took out his handkerchief and wiped his forehead. Hester had listened with great interest, but still with a little impatience. For though the run upon the bank would have interested her at another time, it was more than her attention was equal to now.

"But was not my father here as well as my mother?" said Hester, in her clear voice, unconscious of any need to subdue it.

Mr. Rule looked at her with a startled air, and expressed a half-involuntary "Hush!"

"Your father?" he said, with a tone of consternation. "Oh! the fact was that your father—did not happen to be here at the time."

Hester waved her hand slightly, as a token for him to go on. She had a feeling that these words were of more importance than they seemed to be, but they confused her, and she did not as yet see what this importance was. She remembered that she had thought so when he told her this incident once before.

"Where was I?" said Mr. Rule. "Oh yes, I remember; just going into the White House with my mind full of trouble, not knowing what to do. Well Miss Hester, when I found that your—I mean when I discovered that your—mother was alone, I told her the dreadful condition I was in—nobody to say what to do, no chief authority to direct, and market day to-morrow, and a run as sure as fate. Now, you know, we could have telegraphed all over the country, but there was no such thing as a telegraph then. I had to explain it to her just as I have explained it to you, and I feel sure she didn't understand me in the very least. She only knew there was money wanted."

(To be Continued.)

Mortgages, Deeds, Leases, Agreements of Sale, and blank forms of all kinds, at T. R. Pearson & Co's.

—THE—

MECHANICS' STORE

NEW SCALE OF PRICES.

L. GOLD

HAS DECIDED TO SELL HIS GROceries by retail, giving to the Public all the advantage of the wholesale market—for cash, viz.:

Best Flour, $5.37½ per bbl.
Light Brown Sugar, 9 c. per lb.
Granulated " 11 c. "
Best Black Tea 35 c. "
Best Green Tea 45 c. "
Best Green Coffee, 12½ c. "
Best Green Coffee, pure Java, **6 lbs. for a dollar.**
Best Ground Coffee, pure Java, **25c. per pound.**
Eastern covered Hams, 20c. per lb.
Golden Syrup, 75c. per gal.
Oatmeal, 50c. per sack, 10 lbs.
Lump Sugar, 12½c. per lb.
Rice, $3.75 per cwt.

All description of **Groceries, Spices, &c.,** will be sold in proportion, a detailed list being too long.

Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, &c., are offered at equally low prices.

The above prices being actually the wholesale rates, no rebate will be made no matter how large the quantity purchased. jny3tc

NEW

Fall & Winter Goods!

JAMES WISE

OFFERS FOR SALE A LARGE AND well selected stock of General Merchandise:

Men's Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Gum Boots, Gum Coats, Oil-skin Clothing, &c.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Velveteens, Cashmeres, Plaids, Flannels, Sheetings, Shirtings, and Table Damasks.

LADIES' & MISSES' WINTER

Cloaks, Jackets, and Millinery.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Ladies' & Children's Underclothing.

LACES, EMBROIDERIES, CARPETS, HOOP SKIRTS, BUSTLES, &c.

Groceries, Provisions, Hay, Grain, Feed, &c., &c.

☞ Prices to suit the times.

JAMES WISE,
dec8m2 Front Street, New Westminster.

Globe House!

IN ISSUING THIS CIRCULAR, I wish to return thanks to my numberous friends and customers for their patronage, and hope to have a continuance of the same. Business during the last few months has been less than expected. I have still a

Large Stock of Goods

on hand, well assorted, which will be sold until further notice at

COST PRICES FOR READY CASH.

The Stock comprises

Dress Materials, Flannels, Cottons, Linens, Homespuns, Tweeds, Cloths, Blankets, Quilts, &c.

BRITISH and CANADIAN HOSIERY.

Men's, Youth's and Boys'

Clothing, Flannel Underwear, &c., &c., &c.

JACKETS, DOLMANS and ULSTERS,

And a great variety of other Goods.

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GROCERIES sold at very low figures.

WM. RAE.
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City Market

W. H. KEARY'S OLD STAND,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

Call and see our large Stock of General

FARM PRODUCE, &C.

VEGETABLES A SPECIALTY

Grown principally on our own Farms.

Goods sold in any quantities, either Wholesale or Retail.

☞ All orders promptly attended to and deliveries made in any part of the City free of charge.

M. STEVES & SONS,
Proprietors.
Columbia St., Opp. Post Office. dec17tc

HOMER & SON,

—IMPORTERS—

SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FRONT ST., - NEW WETTMINSTER

OFFER FOR SALE

Extra, Superfine and Graham

FLOUR

BARLEY,
GROUND BARLEY,
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BRAN,

OIL CAKE,
OATS,
OAT MEAL,
CORN MEAL,

GRAIN SACKS,

HAMS, BACON, LARD, BUTTER, DRIED FRUIT, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Agents for Pacific Coast Steamship Co. (ja9tc)

FULTON MARKET

WE HAVE JUST OPENED AT

W. J. French's Old Stand

COLUMBIA STREET

(Centrally located for convenience of Ladies ordering), a Market to supply the Public with all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked

Fish, Game, Vegetables, Fruit,

—AND—

General Farm Produce, &c.,

Where there will always be found a good supply on hand.

GOODS DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE to private houses and hotels, upon orders being left at the office.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of the Public.

☞ Remember the stand—**Two Doors below Trapp Bros.**

WINDSOR & NELSON,
Managers at Market.
JAMES TAFFANDOLE,
jly5tc Manager Fishing.

Brunette Saw Mill.

DeBeck Bros. & Co,

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of

Rough & Dressed Lumber,

Shingles, Shakes, Pickets,

SALMON BOXES AND TRAYS.

We intend to keep a full stock of

Sash,
Doors,
Blinds,
Mouldings

&c., &c., &c., in fact

Everything in Woodwork

That will be required to

FINISH A HOUSE

From bottom to top.

Orders for **Scroll Sawing, Trimming and Shaping,** will be promptly and carefully attended to. We pay particular attention to the manufacture of good, dry

Salmon Boxes,

And we believe our customers will bear us out in saying that we make

The Best Salmon Boxes on the River.

We sincerely thank those who have favored us with their patronage in the past, and beg to solicit a continuance of their favors. During the past winter we have made extensive additions to our Mill, and can now fill orders more promptly and cheaply than ever. We have chartered the steamer "Iris" for the season, and will therefore be able to deliver Lumber promptly. We have also to announce to the citizens of **Port Moody** that we have opened a branch of our business at that place, and will be able to fill orders from there in a few days.

DEBECK BROS. & CO.
New Westminster, Mar 28th, 1884. tc

R. T. WILLIAMS,

BOOK BINDER, PAPER RULER, and Blank Book Manufacturer.

Maps and Drawing Paper Mounted. Files of Magazines, Illustrated Papers, etc., neatly and cheaply Bound.

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Superb Song Book, $1.
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General Groceries,
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Boots and Shoes,
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—AND—

GENERAL DEALER,

LADNER'S LANDING, B. C.
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Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's

CLOTHING

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Furnishing Goods,
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☞ THE BEST ASSORTMENT

—OF—

ENTIRELY NEW GOODS

IN THE CITY.

COLUMBIA STREET

Opposite Bank of British Columbia. oc15tc

Douglas & Deighton

Importers, Manufacturers, and Dealers in

HARNESS

SADDLERY,

Harness Trimmings, &c.

Have opened a Store in the new Colonial Block,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

And have a fine assortment of everything required in our line.

THANKING OUR NUMEROUS PAtrons in all parts of the Province for past support, we hope, by strict attention to the wants of our customers, to continue supplying them, and to gain new patronage in this vicinity. We feel confident that we can give better and cheaper Harness and Saddles than can be purchased elsewhere, having a large and varied stock of everything on hand.

OUR YALE BRANCH

Is conducted by R. DEIGHTON, and

SPENCE'S BRIDGE BRANCH

By J. W. BURR.

Parties ordering from any of those places can have Harness, &c., at freight advances on cost at this place.

New Westminster, Nov. 11, 1884.
no22tc

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Sale of Lots in Osoyoos District

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the lots into which the Government Reserve at Spallumcheen Landing has been divided, now designated Belvidere, will be offered for sale at public auction at the office of Walter Dewdney, Esq., Government Agent, Spallumcheen, at noon on Saturday, 14th February.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., Dec. 17, 1884. 27td

In the Matter of the Companies Act, 1878

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the stockholders of the Royal City Planing Mills Company, Limited, said company being a company incorporated under said act, is hereby called for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of said company; which meeting will be held on the Second day of March, A. D. 1885, at the office of the Royal City Planing Mills Company, Limited, Richard Street, New Westminster, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

The amount to which it is proposed to increase the capital stock is, including the present capital stock, the sum of $150,000.00 (one hundred and fifty thousand dollars). A vote of two-thirds of all the shares of stock will be necessary to an increase of the capital stock.

Dated at New Westminster this 20th day of January, 1885.

JOHN HENDRY,
DAVID McNAIR,
R. B. KELLY,
Trustees of the Royal City Planing Mills Co., Limited.
W. NORMAN BOLE,
jny31m Solicitor for the said Company.

COMING! COMING!

Read It! Read It! Read It!

ANCILLA De MONTIS

OR, ONE SUMMER,

With Key,

BY THE CRICKET

A NEW STORY JUST PUBLISHED. The famous literary sensation of the period—"Ancilla De Montis; or, One Summer," by the Cricket, is a production with the opening scene laid in British Columbia and afterwards followed up in different sections of the United States, with a brief mention of the great dismal swamp and a splendid description of southern camp-meeting and plantation scenes throughout the sunny south. The reader of this work will find it to be exciting and amusing. Every chapter is full of new interest. It introduces to the public 55 prominent characters in both countries, who figure under assumed names. In the production of Ancilla De Montis, the author has made every effort to successfully place before the people of British Columbia a story founded on facts, with a deep and thrilling plot of intense interest. The leading feature of this romance is the grand style and very excellent manner that the author describes and pictures the several characters comprising the work. The main object is to fully please in every sense the public, with the hope that all may derive the pleasure of perusing its pages from the beginning to the end. The Book will be sold by subscription only. Parties desirous of purchasing a copy of the work will soon have the opportunity to do so. The Book will appear shortly and can be procured by subscribing for it through the authorized agent for the sale of the work in British Columbia. He will call with the intention of supplying all with the first novel written and produced in this country. The work will be delivered to any part of the province by the canvasser. Advice to all—Buy the work entitled, **Ancilla De Montis or One Summer,** with key, by the Cricket, Author. jny28m1

THE WEEK

A Canadian Journal of Politics, Society, and Literature.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY AT $3 PER YEAR.

THE WEEK, "Canada's Literary Journal," which has just entered upon its second year, appeals by its comprehensive table of contents to the different tastes which exist within the circle of a cultured home, and will endeavor faithfully to reflect and summarize the intellectual, social, and political movements of the day. Fiction, in the form both of serials and short stories, also occupies a prominent place.

The union which it presents of the Magazine with the Weekly Journal appears to be recognized as the thing needed, and Independent Journalism is evidently growing in favor with the most enlightened and patriotic of the community. The literary talent of Canada, having an organ offered to it, is being drawn forth, and our staff of Contributors is constantly increasing. We are thus enabled to improve from time to time special departments, such as those of Commerce, Education, Art, Science, Music and Chess. The lovers of music have, we trust, of late been sensible of our desire to promote the interests of that great source of happiness and refinement.

In politics, THE WEEK is thoroughly Independent. It is untrammelled by party connections, free from party leanings, unbiassed by party considerations. In Canadian politics its desire will be to further to the utmost of its power, the free and healthy development of the Nation.

Read the following List of Contributors.

"The Bystander" (Professor Goldwin Smith) will contribute, at intervals, reviews of current events in Canada, the United States, and in Europe. Principal Grant, D. D., Dr. Daniel Wilson, Professor Murray, L. L. D., Chas. Lindsey, Rev. Prof. Clark, M. A., Sir Francis Hincks, Louis Honore Frechette, Wm. Houston, F. Blake Crofton, G. Mercer Adam, Hon. L. S. Huntingdon, Col. G. T. Denison, Pendleton King, J. W. Longley, John Reid, Rev. Dr. Scadding, C. C. Auringer, George Stewart, jr., John Reade, Joaquin Miller, John Charles Dent, J. E. Collins, J. Hunter-Duvar, Miss Machar, Mrs. Kate Seymour McLean, Miss Louisa Murray, Miss Jeanie Oliver Smith, and others.

C. BLACKETT ROBINSON,
Publisher.
5 Jordan Street, Toronto. jny24

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HAS OPENED A CIGAR FACTORY in the

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"MAINLAND"

BRAND OF CIGARS.

☞ It beats them all. se24tc

PARTNERSHIP WANTED

BY A STEADY YOUNG MAN, RElIable and active, with moderate capital. References exchanged. Address "Business," This Office. jny14m4

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a Company to construct and work a railway from a point in the city of New Westminster to some point near the 49th parallel of North latitude between Semiahmoo Bay and Township 16 in the District of New Westminster, Province of British Columbia.

CORBOULD & McCOLL,
Solicitors for Applicants.
New Westminster, Dec. 1st, 1884. d17w6

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for timbering purposes the following described land situated in New Westminster District:

Commencing at post on the right bank of a creek running through Deep Valley into Ramsay Arm about 1½ miles from mouth; thence north 40 chains, thence east 2 miles, thence south 40 chains, thence west 2 miles; containing 640 acres.

MOODYVILLE SAW MILL CO.
(Limited),
no29m2 B. SPRINGER, Manager.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the New Westminster and Port Moody Telephone Company, Limited, so as to authorize the said Company to extend its lines of telephone from the City of New Westminster to Burrard Inlet and thence to Granville and throughout and beyond Granville and its vicinity in such direction as the Company may determine.

Dated January 7th, 1885.

CORBOULD & McCOLL,
jny18w6 Solicitors of Applicants.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made, at the next session of the Legislature of British Columbia, for an Act to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing and operating a street railway between Granville and the Hastings Government Reserve, and between the former point and a point on English Bay, with power to the said Company to extend branch lines in a northerly or southerly direction, such railway to pass over such lands only as are at the passing of this Act, or which may be hereafter, set aside for public roads.

D. M. EBERTS,
Solicitor for Applicants.
Dated 11th December, 1884. jny3tc

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned, doing a general merchandise business at Granville, B. C., under the name of Hemlaw & Co., have this day dissolved partnership by mutual consent. Owing to the ill health of H. Hemlaw, who retires from the firm, all debts must be paid to E. Gold, who assumes all liabilities.

(Signed) H. HEMLAW.
E. GOLD.
Granville, B. C., Dec. 29, 1884.

THANKING ALL MY FRIENDS for their kind patronage for the past, I would ask a continuance of the same for the remaining partner.

jny3tc H. HEMLAW.

Private Bill.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at the present session thereof, for an Act to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing, managing and maintaining water works at the terminal point of the Canadian Pacific Railway, on Coal Harbor and English Bay, and for the purposes thereof, granting to the said company the privilege of taking water from Capitola Creek, Burnaby Lake, or other suitable points, with power to the said company to build flumes, aqueducts, lay pipes, erect dams, acquire lands and do all other acts and things necessary for the purposes aforesaid.

D. M. EBERTS.
Solicitor for Applicants.
Dated the 16th day of January, 1885.
jny17tw

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that in compliance with Section 4, "Timber Act, 1884," I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut and carry away timber from the following described crown lands staked off by me previous to the date of this application:

Commencing at a stake on the shore of Burrard Inlet placed alongside the north-west corner stake of Lot four hundred and forty-seven (447), Group One (1), running thence west along the north line of said lot twenty chains, thence due north forty chains, thence due east forty chains, thence due south to the western boundary line of the Moodyville timber reserve, thence along the said lines to the shore of Burrard Inlet, and thence westerly along said shore to the point of commencement; containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less.

jny21m1 PHIL. McMAHON.
New Westminster, Jan. 20: 1885.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for timbering purposes the following described lands situated in New Westminster District:

1. Commencing at a post on the shore of Gillies Bay, Texada Island, about one mile N. W. of Shelter Point, extending along the shore for a distance of 100 chains, with a depth of 80 chains, containing 1280 acres, more or less.

2. Commencing at a post on the North shore of Cardero Channel, nearly opposite Denham Island, extending along the shore for a distance of 100 chains, with a depth of 160 chains, containing 1000 acres, more or less.

3. Commencing at a stake on the shore of Hemming Bay, Thurlow Island, about one-half mile West of Jackson Point; thence following the shore line 120 chains; thence in a N. W. direction 240 chains; thence Easterly 160 chains; thence South to point of commencement, containing 3500 acres, more or less.

HASTINGS SAW MILL CO'Y,
RICHD. H. ALEXANDER,
Manager.
Burrard Inlet, B. C., 30th July, 1884.
au18tc

Legislative Assembly.

PRIVATE BILLS.

ALL APPLICATIONS FOR PRIVATE Bills, properly the subject of legislation by the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, within the purview of the "British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road, or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbor, Canal, Lock, Dam, or Slide, or other like work; the granting of a right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular trade or calling, or of any Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for granting to any individual or individuals any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act—shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, to be published as follows:—

A notice in the *British Columbia Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the District affected, or if there be no newspaper published therein, then in a newspaper in the next nearest District in which a newspaper is published.

Such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks, during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition.

Before any Petition, praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, is presented to the House, the person or persons intending to petition for such Bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rule, also at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and mentioning also whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

THORNTON FELL,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
se24tc

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO R.R.

CONTRACTOR'S OFFICE,
VICTORIA, Sept. 22, 1884.

SCHEDULE OF WAGES

For White Labor on the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway.

Rock Foreman	$3 00	to	$4 00	per day
Earth Foreman	2 50	"	3 00	"
Bridge Foreman	3 50	"	4 00	"
Bridge Carpenters			3 00	"
Blacksmiths, 1st class			3 50	"
Drillers	2 00	"	2 25	"
Laborers	1 75	"	2 00	"
Hewers			3 00	"
Choppers	1 75	"	2 00	"

All outside labor ten hours per day.

All carpenters to furnish their own chest tools.

All employees find themselves board, bed and lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient along the line.

Board, $4 per week.

It will not be compulsory for employees to board in the company's houses.

Wages will be paid monthly on the 15th o each month.

GRAHAM & BUSK,
oc4tc Contractors.

Canadian Pacific Railway

NEW SCHEDULE

—OF—

WAGES

—FOR—

WHITE LABOR

—ON THE—

Canadian Pacific Railway

—IN

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Overseers	$125 00	per month.		
Rock Foremen	$3 50	to	$4 00	⅌ day
Earth Foremen	2 50	to	3 50	"
Bridge Foremen	3 50	to	4 50	"
Bridge Carpenters, 1st class	3 50			"
Bridge Carpenters, 2nd class	3 00			"
Masons	2 50	to	3 50	"
Stone Cutters	3 00	to	3 50	"
Blacksmiths, 1st class	3 50			"
Blacksmiths, 2nd class	3 00			"
Blacksmith Helpers	1 50	to	2 00	"
Drillers	2 00	to	2 25	"
Laborers	1 75	to	2 00	"
Hewers, 1st class	3 50			"
Choppers, 1st class	2 00	to	2 50	"
Scorers, 1st class	2 50			"

All outside labor 10 hours per day.

All Carpenters to furnish their own Chest Tools.

All Employees to find themselves Bed, Board and Lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient along the Line. Board—$5 per week.

It will not be compulsory for Employees to board in the Company's Houses.

Wages will be paid monthly, on the 10th of each month.

A. ONDERDONK,
GENERAL MANAGER.

OFFICE OF THE CONTRACTORS,
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY,
Yale, March 1, 1883.

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And MIDDLE AGED MEN, who are suffering from the effects of Youthful Indiscretions or Excesses in maturer years, NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, IMPOTENCE, LOST MANHOOD, confusion of ideas, dull eyes, aversion to society, despondency, pimples on the face, loss of energy and memory, frequency of urinating, etc.

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(Having been surgeon in charge of two leading hospitals) enables me to treat all private troubles with excellent results. I wish it distinctly understood that I do not claim to perform impossibilities, or to have miraculous or supernatural power. I claim only to be a skillful and successful Physician and Surgeon, *thoroughly* informed in my specialty—

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All applying to me will receive my honest opinion of their complaints—No experimenting. I will guarantee a positive cure in every case I undertake, or forfeit $1,000. Consultation in office or by letter FREE and strictly private. Charges reasonable. Thorough examination, including chemical and microscopical analysis of urine, and advice, $5.00. Office hours, 9 to 8 daily, 6 to 8 evening. Sunday, 9 to 12 only. Call or address

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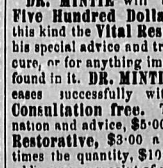

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Those who cannot visit **DR. MINTIE** in San Francisco should send a full and minute statement of their troubles with $25·00, and in return a full course of Medicine will be forwarded, securely packed, so as not to excite curiosity.

All orders for medicine C. O. D. must be accompanied with $1.00 (as a guarantee of good faith), which will be deducted when the package is shipped.

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