THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN

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THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

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The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, Oct. 24, 1885.

Current Events and Opinions.

The movement for the total expulsion of Chinese from Washington Territory goes on. After the 1st of November it is believed there will be very few Chinamen in the territory. With very few exceptions the people of Whatcom have signed a paper pledging themselves not to patronize Chinese either directly or indirectly, and in almost every community the celestials have been advised to leave. The people of Oregon are alarmed at the influx of Chinamen from Washington Territory since this movement began, and Oregon will probably be next to move against the Chinese.

The British Columbians seem to have made a point against Senator McInnes who is reported to have left the province to reside in Toronto. According to the British North America Act a senator "shall be a resident in the province for which he is appointed" and his seat shall become vacant "if he ceases to be qualified in respect of property or of residence." If Senator McInnes has really abandoned his province the senate, under the law, abandons him. But then his absence from British Columbia may be but temporary.—*Toronto Mail.* But if Senator McInnes had remained steadfast in his allegiance to the Tory party, we don't think the *Mail* would have contained this paragraph.

The British tribute of a memorial service in Westminster Abbey on the day of General Grant's funeral recalls the fact that twenty-seven years ago the flags of New York were hung at half-mast, and the great bell of Trinity Church was tolled, for an English general. On the 25th of November, 1857, General Havelock, the hero of the Indian mutiny, died at Lucknow. There were no submarine telegraph cables in those days, and the news did not reach New York until the latter part of January, 1858. It was then received with the respectful demonstrations to which we have referred. It was America, therefore, which set the example of paying homage to the brave, irrespective of the land which gave them birth. — *Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper.*

Farmers are, as a rule, strong temperance men, and they object decidedly to the sale of liquors of any kind on the fair grounds. The ordinary "side-show" is of no possible good, except to pay a small revenue. To offset this it takes twenty times as much out of the pockets of the farm boys, and leaves nothing in their heads except the very things they should not learn. * * * Why not make the moral atmosphere as pure as that of the home circle? Farmers take their wives and children there, and surely they do not wish to have them contaminated by evil influences. It is a fearful responsibility which the managers assume when for a few dollars they license, and thus directly countenance, the many disreputable things that are so often allowed to pollute many a fair ground, and which without this countenance would be completely shut out. We never could quite understand how decent, moral, Christian men could so stultify their manhood. We hope the fairs of this years will not be so cursed. There is a great room for reform. Why not begin this year!—*Rural New Yorker.*

There are few who are unwilling to admit that the anti-Chinese agitation, so far as it has gone in Seattle, has been productive of the greatest good. The number of Chinamen who have left the city in consequence of it is large. A visit to the Chinese quarter will convince anyone that those who remain will not stay long. Idle and aimless, they wander about the streets or bask in the sunshine. The bustle and activity which of old characterized the quarter is totally lacking. It is evident that if the present state of affairs continues the entire Chinese colony must be withdrawn from Seattle within a short time. In the mills and factories *where Chinamen were formerly employed*, only white workmen are now to be seen. The same amount of work is being done, and it is evident that where Chinamen have stepped out Americans have stepped in. The benefit of such a change is not confined to the workingmen alone. It is felt by the people of every class, by the merchant, the manufacturer and the professional man. Business has felt no shock in consequence of it, and looking back over the month's agitation one cannot fail to see that the result is a happy one. The rejoicing over such a condition of affairs must be all the greater in that this result has been accomplished without the slightest violence and without the slightest attempt at violence. Not a single Chinaman has been molested in this city; not one has lost a penny's worth of property. There has been no panic. The process has been principally one of freezing out. Arguments have been presented to employers of labor which induced them to dispense with the help of Chinamen. Unable to secure work, the next thing for the foreigners to do was to leave, and this they have done and are doing. No shadow rests upon the name of Seattle, *and notwithstanding gross* misrepresentations from the outside, the peace of the city has been undisturbed.—*Seattle Post.*

There is a sort of international question developing on the northern frontier in relation to the Chinese. These people are forbidden to enter the United States, unless they had previously resided here and can exhibit certificates for the establishment of that fact. They are also forbidden to enter the British territory lying contiguous except in regulated numbers and on paying $50 per head for the privilege. In this state of the case, Coolies are landed in British Columbia and sneak into the United States. Our officials on the border, whenever *they can lay hands on these interlopers*, send them back. But now the British authorities complain that Chinese may in this way be forced on them who have not paid the required head-money. The restriction act runs against Chinese no matter where they start from. When they try to enter illegally they are to be returned "whence they came." As a matter of fact all that have been refused admission are supposed to have been reshipped to the British colony of Hongkong *and not to China. It does not* make any difference whether they are returned to Hongkong or British Columbia, provided in the first instance they came from these places. If there is a grievance in the matter, British Columbia has a sure remedy, namely, to so register, classify or mark its Coolies that it will be able to identify them if they are thrown back on its hands. If the two governments should put their heads together, however, in a friendly way, there will be no difficulty in reaching a solution. They are both bothered and annoyed by pestiferous Asiatics who seek to enter where they are not wanted. If both governments should agree to put every one of them who could not account for himself, found on either side of the line, on board the first ship departing for China, there would not be much more trouble on this subject. Let the Coolie prove the legitimacy of his presence or take the consequences.—*S. F. Bulletin.*

The Machine Clerk.

According to the Swedish papers, an ingenious native of that country is about to patent in Washington a machine to sell cigars, a sort of automatic clerk, so to speak. The machine is very popular in Sweden, but it will not take in this country, because it is not provided with a slate, on which to "chalk it down." The motto of the intelligent arrangement is, "No money, no cigar." The machine is a cast-iron box, with compartments for five, ten, fifteen, and twenty-five cent cigars. The purchaser places his money on an opening made for it, presses a button, the coin disappears and a cigar pops out. If you try to fool the machine by offering it a nickel *for a ten-cent* cigar, it will take in the nickel and wait for the rest of the dime. If a particular brand of cigars happens to be exhausted, the machine hangs up the sign, "Sold out." We are not informed what the contrivance would do in case an attempt were made to palm off a lead coin on it, but we presume it would seize the would-be swindler by the nape of the neck and yell for *the police.—Pittsburgh Chronicle.*

The Moon as a Study.

Prof. Richard Proctor says the moon's most significant service to man has been as a measurement of time. The only perceptible effect which the earth has upon the moon's course is that of attraction, by which its route in space is slightly deviated. From the moon's present condition we may inform ourselves of the course of all planetary life. There is every reason to suppose that our present condition was at one time here; that she possessed an atmosphere, water, animal, and vegetable life. That has now passed away. Her surface is a sterile, rocky mass. The atmosphere has gone, or nearly so, and the seas are dried up. The same process is going on with our earth, and a similar result will eventually ensue, but by reason of the greater bulk of our planet effects produced *in 10,000,000 of years in the* moon will require 60,000,000 with us.

It is asserted that Jay Gould has not tasted whiskey for over a quarter of a century. He took a drink once when he was a surveyor, got his figures mixed in consequence, and resolved never to drink whisky again.

"I think our church will last a good *many years yet," said a waggish deacon* to his minister: "I see the sleepers are very sound."

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J. A. R. HOMER,
F. HOMER.
New Westminster, Oct. 13, 1885. 14oc1m

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BEST
Navy Tobacco.
We call the attention of consumers to the superior chewing qualities of this most excellent Tobacco. Samples will be sent free by applying to L. & E. WERTHEIMER, 300 and 306 Front Street, San Francisco, Cal., Sole Agents for Pacific Coast. The goods are for sale by all the principal jobbers in British Columbia.
4jy1y

BUY THE BEST QUALITY
UNION INDIA RUBBER CO'S
PURE GUM
Crack Proof
RUBBER BOOTS.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
Be sure that the Boots are stamped on the heels "Union India Rubber Co. Crack Proof," and have the Pure Gum Springs on the foot and instep, which prevent their cracking, and makes them the most durable Rubber Boot made.
TRY OUR
"GOLD SEAL"
STOUT'S PATENT
PURE GUM
RUBBER BOOTS.
Made expressly for Mining, Fishing, and any one wishing a very strong and durable Boot.
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.
ALL KINDS RUBBER BELTING, PACKING, HOSE, SPRINGS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, Etc.
GOODYEAR RUBBER CO.
R. H. PEASE, Jr. } Agents,
S. M. RUNYON, }
15au4m San Francisco.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

Str. Gladys.....W. B. Townsend
Baggage Check.....This Office
Notice.....R. H. Alexander
Civil Service.....Jno. Robson

The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, Oct. 24, 1885.

It would, perhaps, not be profitable further to pursue the discussion on defences at present. The *Colonist* of yesterday accuses THE COLUMBIAN of suppressing dates wilfully. The accusation is without foundation, for THE COLUMBIAN plainly stated that Major-Gen. Middleton's report was dated the 30th December last, and everybody knows that parliament met since that date. With respect to the governor-general's declaration, it carefully avoided reference to Battery C, and does not touch the point at issue. Nobody ever proposed to leave Victoria and Esquimalt without protection, but the *Colonist* declares that these are the only places that should be protected in the whole province!

Vigorous Declarations.

Upon the occasion of the dedication of St. Bridget's Church, Kildare, Mr. Parnell, who was received with great enthusiasm, made a vigorous political speech. After referring to the events of the past four years he said: "The question which is the absorbing topic, the root of all other questions, is that landlords are standing upon the brink of a precipice, and are doing their best to get pushed over, while endeavoring to get blood out of a stone. Land during the last year has not earned judicial rents, yet Irish landlords are about to enter into a conspiracy to exact judicial rents which are not more sacred than others. We never have compromised our position by accepting the land act of 1881, or judicial rents, nor have we given away the right of the people to turn on judicial rents if they should be unable to pay them. The land act will be amended in the very near future, either by an English or Irish parliament so as to bring about a further reduction of judicial rents of, at least, thirty or forty per cent. The new democratic English parliament will not be so tender of the rights of landlords as the last one was. I do not suppose that the new democratic parliament elected by household suffrage in England will continue to go on paying twelve thousand Irish policemen for the purpose of extracting rack rents for Irish landlords. Would it not be a wise thing for Irish landlords to recognize this situation in time to see that if they are not reasonable they will be thrown overboard altogether?" It will be seen from these utterances that Mr. Parnell professes to be very sanguine of the success of his scheme of Irish independence.

Entirely Astray.

In a late issue the *Week* expresses regret and disappointment because the *Globe* has pronouncced against the Chinese. "The only possible objection to the Chinese workman," says the *Week*, "is that he labors for a small wage. The same fault has been found with the Irishman, the Frenchman, and the German. The difference is merely one of degree. All the enactments of all protective governments will fail to suspend the economic law which regulates wages, and without that John Chinaman will obtain employment so long as his greatest offence is selling his labor cheaply." This is not the first time the *Week* has expressed its views on the Chinese question, and every time it speaks on that subject it gives proof of its failure to comprehend what it undertakes to discuss. It may have happened in some instances that Irishmen or Frenchmen or Germans have incurred the displeasure of Canadian workingmen on account of working too cheaply; and the fact that there is no movement on foot to prevent these people from coming to this country shows that the *Week's* comparison is at fault. Cheap labor is undoubtedly one of the reasons why the Chinese are distasteful, but it is only one. Germans, Frenchmen and Irishmen come to this country with a view to becoming permanent citizens. They become naturalized, enter into our political, religious and social schemes, and quickly become identified with our people and absorbed as a part of the nation. With the Chinese it is altogether different. Their object in coming to Canada is not improved citizenship but improved finances only. They come to make money, and the moment that ambition has been sufficiently gratified they pack up their money and their substance and go back to China. They bring their religion, their costumes, their social customs, and their nasty habits with them, and they take no interest at all in the civil, religious or domestic usages of our society. They are a foreign community among us just as much as they were in the land of their birth; and they can never be assimilated with us because they are detested by the great bulk of the people. It is not the cheapness of Chinese labor in the abstract that makes them so obnoxious, but because by cheap labor they gain a foothold in the community and exclude others who would make desirable citizens. A Chinaman is not a citizen in any sense of the word. He exercises none of the rights of citizenship, and brings none of its benefits. He is good for nothing in case of war or emergency. By his cheap labor he prevents others, who would make worthy and desirable citizens, from coming to our shores, because no respectable white man who exercises the privileges and assumes the responsibilities of citizenship can live and be respectable on Chinamen's wages. The workingmen are the producers of the nation, and if the *Week* believes that they may be judiciously exchanged for Chinamen, it shows profound ignorance of the whole situation.

Value of Examinations.

Max Muller, whose right to be heard on any question touching educational systems will not be disputed, has pronounced most emphatically against examinations as a test of knowledge. He declares that an examination is simply a lottery, and that as a method of determining what use a student has made of his opportunities it is uncertain and mischievous, because it classifies upon grounds which are unjust. We believe this, or something like this, has often been felt by every person who has had opportunities for observing the practical results of competitive examinations. It often happens that a student whose mind is capable of holding temporarily a great many things, without the power of ever digesting any of them, obtains more marks in an examination than one who is infinitely his superior in mental power and educational attainments. Muller's experience in examinations leads him to remark that: (1) All examinations are a means to ascertain how pupils have been taught; they ought never to be allowed to become the end for which pupils are taught; (2) Teaching with a view to examinations lowers the teacher in the eyes of his pupils; learning with a view to examinations is apt to produce confusion, ignorance, and a pretentiousness in itself dishonest. There is, unfortunately, a very positive inducement under most educational systems to run into the very errors mentioned, and we are not quite sure that these inducements are entirely wanting even in British Columbia. People are accustomed to judge a teacher's efficiency by the number of his pupils that succeed in passing the examinations, and the number of marks they obtain. And, indeed, this seems a most reasonable ground upon which to form a judgment. There are, however, many things besides education that determine a person's standing when judged by an examination. The remedy suggested is one in the justice and efficacy of which we have the fullest confidence. Instead of depending upon a final examination to determine the standing, every daily recitation should be taken into account. Let the recitation marks of the session count for two-thirds and the final examination one-third, and the pupil will be very likely to obtain strict justice. There can be no better test of a pupil's knowledge than the daily recitations. A person whose daily lessons are badly digested ought not to pass the final examination, and his recitation marks would necessarily debar him from doing so. On the other hand, the pupil who always stood well in the class room, although he might make a comparative failure at the examination, as many do, would not necessarily lose his standing. This system has obtained in some of the Canadian universities, and we believe it is open to fewer objections than the one generally adopted in which everything depends upon a final examination. On the other hand we have Professor Goldwin Smith, whose experience and attainments are by no means small, declaring his opinion in the following sentences: "A mere lottery it cannot be if it is conducted with tolerable care and judgment. The results usually correspond very closely with the opinions previously formed of the candidates by their teachers and their classmates. Reasonable anticipations are at least as seldom disappointed in the result of an examination as they are in practical life." With all respect for Prof. Smith, we are inclined to the opinion advanced by Mr. Muller. Probably not one of our readers who has had any experience in educational matters will find it difficult to recall instances in which great injustice has been done by making a final examination of a few hours the sole test of one's knowledge. It is an undoubted fact that many of the examination papers are prepared in such a way as to leave great room for improvement.

A full line of Scottish Hymnals just received at T. R. Pearson & Co.'s oc17tc

Baggage Check.

FOUND, A BAGGAGE CHECK. The owner can have it on identification and payment of this advertisement.
21oc3t Apply at THIS OFFICE.

Steamer GLADYS

WILL LEAVE TOWNSEND'S Wharf on **Tuesday and Friday Mornings,** at 7 o'clock, for

Chilliwhack and Way Ports,

Returning the following days. On spare days the Gladys will be open for engagements for excursions or picnics, for which she is admirably adapted.

For Freight or passage apply to CAPT. ROBINSON, on board, or to
WM. B. TOWNSEND,
oc24tc Front Street.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for timbering purposes the following described lands situate near Johnstone Straits, East coast of Vancouver Island:

Commencing at a stake on the shore of a lake about 1½ miles south from Johnstone Straits, thence east, 40 chains; thence south, 20 chains; thence west, 20 chains; thence south, 80 chains; thence west, 120 chains; thence north, 40 chains; thence east, 100 chains; thence north, 60 chains, more or less, to the lake shore; thence following the shore line in an easterly direction to the point of commencement, containing 700 acres more or less.

RICHARD H. ALEXANDER,
Manager Hastings Saw Mill Co.
Burrard Inlet, B. C.,
21st October, 1885. 21oc1m

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
October 22nd, 1885.

THE REGULATIONS FOR THE OPEN Competitive Examination for the Civil Service in India, in 1886, can be seen at this office, on application.
JNO. ROBSON,
21oc1m Provincial Secretary.

TENDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY Rev. Father Horris, O. M. I., up to noon on **Thursday, 29th inst.,** for supplying the St. Louis College and St. Ann's Convent with

Beef, Mutton, Pork and Veal,

For one year, from 1st November, 1885, to 1st November, 1886.
Bills payable every month.
New Westminster, B.C., Oct. 28th, 1885.
oc21td

FINAL NOTICE.

Estate of Ebenezer Brown,
DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT all debts due to the above estate, and all claims against it, must be handed in to MR. DE KNEVETT, at New Westminster, before the

15th day of November, 1885,

Or legal proceedings will be taken.
W. C. WARD,
J. S. K. DE KNEVETT,
21oc2t Executors

An Efficient Remedy

In all cases of **Bronchial** and **Pulmonary Affections** is AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. As such it is recognized and prescribed by the medical profession, and in many thousands of families, for the past forty years, it has been regarded as an invaluable household remedy. It is a preparation that only requires to be taken in very small quantities, and a few doses of it administered in the early stages of a **cold** or **cough** will effect a speedy cure, and may, very possibly, save life. There is no doubt whatever that

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Has preserved the lives of great numbers of persons, by arresting the development of **Laryngitis, Bronchitis, Pneumonia,** and **Pulmonary Consumption,** and by the cure of those dangerous maladies. It should be kept ready for use in every family where there are children, as it is a medicine far superior to all others in the treatment of **Croup,** the alleviation of **Whooping Cough,** and the cure of **Colds** and **Influenza,** ailments peculiarly incidental to childhood and youth. Promptitude in dealing with all diseases of this class is of the utmost importance. The loss of a single day may, in many cases, entail fatal consequences. Do not waste precious time in experimenting with medicines of doubtful efficacy, while the malady is constantly gaining a deeper hold, but take at once the speediest and most certain to cure,

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

To Printers!

FOR SALE

—AT A—

BARGAIN

A No. 3 WASHINGTON

HAND PRESS

In perfect order, and prints a sheet 24 x 36 in.; with roller cylinders, roller cores, moulds, &c.

A GUILLOTINE

Paper CUTTER

Thirty-two inch knife, and in good order.

☞These machines will be sold at a great bargain, as they have been replaced by others.

Apply to
D. ROBSON & CO.
jy25tc New Westminster.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is my intention to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to have a Public Highway gazetted, as follows: Commencing at a point at or near the Moodyville Sawmill, on Lot 273, Group I, New Westminster District, thence in a westerly direction to the Indian Reserve, adjoining Lot 271, Group I, in said District.
oc3 D. McPHAIDEN.

DRESS-MAKING!

MISSES. McELROY & FITZ HENRY wish to inform the Ladies of New Westminster that they have opened a

Dress-Making Establishment

—AT—

TRAPP BRO'S STORE, COLUMBIA ST.

Where they will be prepared to execute any orders entrusted to them in the latest styles and with all possible despatch.
New Westminster, Oct. 6th, 1885. oc7tc

WOOD AND COAL!

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ON HAND A large quantity of

BEST WELLINGTON LUMP COAL

And an assortment of

CORD WOOD,

Which he will sell at lowest rates. He will also promptly attend to all kinds of

TEAMING.

Orders left at Mr. McColl's store on Columbia street, or at my house, Douglas street, will meet with prompt attention.
HENRY ELLIOTT.
New Westminster, Sept. 30, 1885.
30se6m

A. GREGG & SON,

ARTISTIC

TAILORS

Cor. Douglas and Pandora Sts. VICTORIA.

EVERY GARMENT FINISHED IN THE BEST MANNER.

FIRST PRIZE

Awarded at Provincial Exhibition, 1885.

Direct Importers of Suitings from European Markets.

Satisfaction guaranteed. oc7tc

Coal Harbor

FOR SALE

Lots in the Subdivision of Lot 301, Group I.

HENRY V. EDMONDS,
LAND AGENT.
TERMS EASY. se1dtc **Columbia Street.**

JAMES WISE

OFFERS FOR SALE

NEW AND SEASONABLE

GOODS

ARRIVING BY EVERY STEAMER.

Ladies' and Children's

Jackets, Ulsters, Mantles, &c

A fine Assortment of

DRESS GOODS:

VELVETEENS, SATINS, SILKS, PLAIDS, FLANNELS, &c.

A nice Assortment of General

DRY GOODS:

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

A complete Stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

Constantly on Hand.

New and Fashionable Millinery now arriving. Dressmaking and Millinery done on the premises.

☞ Hay, Grain, and Farm Produce purchased at the highest market rates. Butter Barrels and Kegs constantly on hand.
JAMES WISE,
Front Street, New Westminster.
New West., Oct. 9, 1885. oc10tc

Great Reduction!

IN PRICES

—OF—

WATCHES

Walnut Clocks,

Jewelry, Spectacles,

ETC., ETC.

☞From the 1st to the 15th of of October a discount of 20 per cent. will be allowed on the above lines.

We have the largest and best assorted stock on the Mainland.

This will be a rare chance for farmers and others attending the Agricultural Exhibition. Don't fail to give us a call.

C. M. McNaughten,
COLONIAL BLOCK,
NEW WESTMINSTER.
se30tc

BALL'S

HEALTH ✣ PRESERVING

CORSETS

ALL WHO WEAR BALL'S CORSETS

Are Delighted with Them.

RECOMMENDED

BY THE BEST PHYSICIANS AND ALL WHO APPRECIATE FIT AND COMFORT.

TRY THEM ONCE!

And you will wear no other. Full Lines in Misses', Ladies' Nursing and

Ladies' Circle Cut

RIDING CORSETS

Just received by the Agents for British Columbia.

Hutcheson, Young & CO.

EIGHT

EXCELLENT REASONS why every Lady should Wear

Ball's CORSETS!

FIRST—They need no breaking in.
SECOND—Invalids can wear them with ease and comfort, as they yield to every movement of the body.
THIRD—They do not compress the most vital part of the wearer.
FOURTH—They will fit a greater variety of forms than any other make.
FIFTH—Owing to their peculiar construction they will last twice as long as any ordinary make.
SIXTH—They have had the unqualified endorsement of every physician who has examined them.
SEVENTH—They have given satisfaction to all ladies who have worn them, the common remark being, "We will never wear any other make."
EIGHTH—They are the only corset that a manufacturer has ever dared to guarantee satisfactory in every respect to the wearer, or the money refunded after three weeks' wear.

PRICES.

Misses, $1.00; Ladies, style B, $1.50; H. P., $1.75; Nursing, $2.00. Sateen, $3.50; Satin, $6.50. By mail, 25 cts. extra.

ADDRESS:

The White House,
Hutcheson, Young & Co.
au22tc VICTORIA, B. C

THE PIONEER

BOOK

—AND—

STATIONERY

STORE,

Granville, B. I.

Books,

Stationery,

Fancy Goods,

Musical Instruments,

Newspapers,

Toys, &c.

It will be the aim of the manager of the Pioneer Book and Stationery Store to conduct business upon such principles as will secure and retain the confidence and patronage of the people of

Burrard Inlet.

Articles not in stock will be procured with the utmost despatch.

Prices will be found as low as anywhere else in the Province.

Newspapers and Periodicals supplied promptly.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
In First-Class Companies.

If you want anything in the above lines, call at or address the Pioneer Book and Stationery Store.

JAS. HALL,
MANAGER.
Granville, Burrard Inlet. au22tc

W. R. AUSTIN,

DEALER IN

General Merchandise!

A large Assortment of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

GROCERIES

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Hay and Feed

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WOOD AND COAL DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.

We run two stages daily, except Sundays, to Port Moody, carrying H.M.S. mails.

As no liquor or tobacco is used we can by temperate habits and careful economy serve the public at especially low rates.
se30tc

F. CRAKE,

WATCH MAKER

—AND—

JEWELER,

Opposite the Colonial Hotel.

Formerly manager of the Watch Department of Savage & Lyman, Montreal.

HAVING SEVERED MY CONNECnection with Mr. McNaughten, I am prepared to

DO ALL KINDS OF

FINE AND COMPLICATED WATCHES

And JEWELRY.

CHARGES REASONABLE. au5tc

GREAT

REDUCTION

—IN—

PRICES!

Scotch, English and American Clothing of the best and very latest styles, reduced.....30 per cent.
American and Canadian White and Cambric Shirts, reduced..30 per cent.
American and English Hats, reduced .....35 per cent.
Canadian Tweeds and Flannels, reduced.....25 per cent.
Fancy Goods reduced.....40 per cent.

These Goods MUST BE SOLD,

As I intend keeping nothing but a well-selected Stock of Boots and Shoes.

ROYAL CITY
Boot and Shoe Store
Opposite Ewen's Cannery.
Mrs. Emma Gold, Proprietress.
oc7tc

D. S. CURTIS. S. CLARKE, M.D.

D.S. CURTIS & CO.

Dealers in

DRUGS

—AND—

CHEMICALS

Wholesale and Retail.

PRESCRIPTIONS
DISPENSED
At Low Rates.

Next to Colonial Hotel,
New Westminster, B. C.
au22tc

Fraser River Fish Hatchery

NO PERSON WILL HEREAFTER BE admitted to the Fish Hatchery without a permit from the Inspector of Fisheries or the Superintendent of the Hatchery.
GEO. PITTENDRIGH,
7oc1m Inspector.

GLOBE HOUSE!

—THE—

DRY GOODS

EMPORIUM,

Columbia St.

NEW WESTMINSTER

A WELL ASSORTED STOCK

OF ALL KINDS OF

Dry Goods,
Millinery, and
Fancy Goods
Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Etc.

FASHIONABLE

First-Class Goods!

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

se23tc **W. RAE, Manager.**

J. A. R. HOMER,

—IMPORTER—

SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FRONT ST., - NEW WETTMINSTER

OFFERS FOR SALE

Extra, Superfine and Graham

FLOUR

BARLEY,
GROUND BARLEY,
WHEAT,
MIDDLINGS

BRAN,

OIL CAKE,
OATS,
OAT MEAL,
CORN MEAL,

GRAIN SACKS,

HAMS, BACON, LARD, BUTTER, DRIED FRUIT, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Agent for Beacon Light Oil Co'y, Cleveland, Ohio. (ja9tc)

Clothing! Clothing!

WHITE

THE CLOTHIER,

Has Just Received

OVER 300 MEN'S SUITS

A Large Quantity of

Boys' and Youth's Clothing!

7 Cases of American

FELT HATS

Also, a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

—HE NOW HAS—

The Best Assortment in the above Line ever exhibited in New Westminster.

LATEST STYLES

At Lowest Possible Prices for Cash.

Call Early and Make Your Selection.

COLUMBIA STREET OPP. BANK OF B. C.

D. McPHADEN,

Importer and Dealer in

Family Groceries!

—AND—

PROVISIONS.

Imported in quantity,

First-Class in quality,

Sold at Bottom Prices

The best Place in the City to buy your Groceries.

D. McPHADEN,
Deane's Brick Block,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
mh4

FURNITURE

W. PROTHERO & CO.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE.

REMOVED

☞To shop lately occupied by Mr. Darey, *Columbia Street.*

Call and examine our stock and prices before buying. We can't be **UNDERSOLD** in the city. Repairing of all kinds neatly done. W. PROTHERO & CO.
se10tc

Boarding & Day School

FOR THE EDUCATION OF YOUNG LADIES.

Columbia St., New West., B. C.

LADY PRINCIPAL:
MISS DAWSON
VICE-PRINCIPAL:
MISS KATHERINE DAWSON.

THIS SCHOOL WILL OPEN for Children of all denominations on the 1st of September, 1885.

Tuition Fees, per mensem (payable in advance), for Day Pupils:

Elementary Class (Eng. Subjects).....$2 50
Advanced Classes, " " 3
French and Latin.....2
German.....2
Music Lessons (Pianoforte).....3
" " (Elementary).....2 50
Drawing & Painting in water colors...2 50
Plain Sewing and Fancy Work.....50

☞For prospectus, terms and full particulars regarding boarders, apply to the Lady Principal. au12tc

ARCHIE BURNS,

DEALER IN

General MERCHANDISE

—AND—

Dry Goods.

Groceries and Fruit

A SPECIALITY.

A full supply of Coal, Dry Alder and Fir

Kept constantly on hand.

TRUCKING & TEAMING

Of all kinds promptly attended to at lowest prices.

Saddle Horses and Buggies for Hire.

Orders may be left at my store, corner Columbia and Blackie Streets, New Westminster. se30tc

The Colonial

BOOT AND SHOE

STORE,

Colonial Hotel Building,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

WM. ROSS

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

BOOTS and SHOES

The French Lenoir, Goodyear, Pinkerton, Cochrane, Cassils & Co., Armes Holden and Slater Boots and Shoes.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN ARE RESPECTFULLY invited to call and examine the stock.

I have also on hand the

SCOTCH-CANADIAN LEATHER WATER-TIGHT KNEE BOOT,

Which now takes the place of gum boots.
jy29tc

IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO SPORTSMEN!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Guns and Rifles!

Of Every Description,

Where any one can choose what he requires at PRICES WHICH THEY HAVE NEVER BEFORE BEEN OFFERED AT.

It will pay to look at them before buying elsewhere.

A FULL STOCK OF

AMMUNITION

Of the best quality, as low as it can possibly be sold.

Tobacco.
Cigars, Pipes,
AND
General Merchandise

Highest cash price paid for all kinds of FURS.

A. GUTMANN,
se2tc **Opposite Colonial Hotel.**

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient Advertisements—First insertion, 8 cts. per line; subsequent insertions, 2 cts. per line.

Regular Commercial and Business Advertisements—1 column, $12 per month; ½ col., $7 per month; ¼ col., $4 per month; 2 inches, $2 per month; 1 inch, $1.50 per month. These rates to be charged on standing advertisements which remain over 3 months. If for a less period the rates will be: 1 col., $15 per month; ½ col., $9; ¼ col., $5; 2 inches, $3; 1 inch, $2.

Specials, among reading matter—Each insertion, 20 cts. per line.

Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1 each. Funeral notices accompanying death notice, 50 cts. extra.

☞All transient advertisements will be measured by a scale of solid Nonpareil, which makes 12 lines to the inch and 7 words to the line. Display lines must be allowed for in making estimates. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00.

The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, Oct. 24, 1885.

Victoria debentures bearing 6 per cent. have been sold at 101½.

The str. Yosemite arrived from Victoria at 2:50 yesterday afternoon.

Herrings are reported to be making their appearance at Burrard Inlet.

Messrs. E. S. Scoullar & Co. announce the receipt of two car loads of stoves.

A musical society has been organized at Victoria with Mr. E. Pferdner as conductor.

Weather continues fine, with an occasional cloudy day. No appearance of winter yet.

New Fall Dress Goods and Braids to match, in all the latest shades, at Jas. Ellard & Co's. oc10

Mining news from the Yukon River is encouraging. Douglas Island is a regular bonanza.

We understand that the revival services at Granville are likely to be continued next week.

It is said that in the coming election campaign Mr. Gladstone will address only two meetings.

The Board of Trade of Montreal has unanimously decided in favor of compulsory vaccination.

Assays of two samples of Granite Creek gold at Victoria showed $18.19 and $18.25 respectively.

These were 350 bales of hay on the C. P. N. wharf yesterday afternoon for shipment to Victoria.

It is reported that Sir John Macdonald will leave for England shortly for the benefit of his health.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says that the return of the conservatives to power is not so probable as many imagine.

It is rumored at Ottawa that Mr. Onderdonk has demanded $1,500,000 for extras on his railway contracts!

Next Tuesday evening the meeting of the Caledonian & St. Andrew's Society will be held at the City Hotel.

It is estimated that the losses at the Nanaimo fire will amount to from $15,000. to $20,000. The insurance is $8,000.

On Monday the bark Spartan left Victoria with 320 Chinese for Hongkong. It is to be hoped she may do it again soon.

The Baptist congregation will meet in the Drill Shed to-morrow night, instead of the Court House, for baptismal service.

It is rumored that the fine new steel steamship Alaskan has been purchased by the C. P. R. syndicate to run in British Columbia waters.

Outrages by saloon keepers on persons who have been active in promoting the Scott Act in Ontario have become alarmingly common.

A report comes from Cincinnatti to the effect that whiskey has gone up from 105 to 107. In this province it continues to go down steadily.

Just received at James Ellard & Co.'s a large and select stock of Men's and Boys' Fall Suits and Overcoats, latest styles; the only new stock in town. o10

There were between 30 and 40 present at Rev. Mr. Watson's temperance lecture at Maple Ridge last Tuesday night, and some new names were added to the pledge.

The *Colonist* has a report that the last spike on the C. P. R. will be driven on the 5th of November. It is generally believed the event will take place before that date.

There seems to be every prospect of the speedy annexation of Burmah to the British Indian empire. It is to be hoped the bloodthirsty vampire who sits on the throne may be killed.

The str. Boscowits arrived at Victoria Sunday evening with 64 passengers from the north-west coast. She reports that all the miners have left Lorne Creek, and the mines have not panned out at all satisfactorily.

It is said that upon a recent occasion a church bell at Saratoga was tolled 56 times, denoting the number of years of its existence, and that this is the only instance on record where the age of a Saratoga belle has been tolled.

The sale of stock, farming implements, etc., at Langley last Tuesday was largely attended, and excellent prices were realized. Mr. Trapp advertised the sale thoroughly, and people came from all parts of the district.

Rev. Dr. Graves, the evangelist, is doing a great work at Olympia. He began in the Baptist church, which soon overflowed, then went to Columbia Hall, with a like result, and finally resorted to the Methodist church, where there is more room.

Though numerous causes may operate to turn the hair gray, all that is needed to restore the natural color is Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer. For more than twenty years its sales have been enormous, but we have yet to learn of its first failure.

The *Colonist* of yesterday says: "The British privy council has dismissed the appeal of Louis Riel and unless his sentence is commuted he will be hanged on the 26th inst. Much sympathy is felt for Riel in Quebec; but it is not believed that the government will spare his life."

We have just received from the east two car loads of Cooking, Box and Parlor Stoves. These stoves have been imported direct from the manufacturer and bought for cash; we are therefore prepared to give our customers better bargains than ever before. Orders by mail will have our best attention.—E. S. Scoullar & Co., New Westminster.

Mr. D. Chisholm returned to this city on Wednesday from his native place Antigonish, Nova Scotia, where he has been paying a visit. It is 43 years since Mr. Chisholm left home, and his visit made an impression on his mind somewhat similar to that made upon Rip Van Winkle. Everybody and everything had so changed that it looked like an absolutely new place. He brought with him his niece, Miss Annie Chisholm.

New Fall Millinery.—Just received at Jas. Ellard & Co.'s, a large lot of Ladies' and Children's Fall Hats and Bonnets, Feathers, Flowers, Ornaments, &c., &c. oc10

Yesterday morning the str. Gladys (formerly the McNaught) left this city for Chilliwhack and way places, and may be expected to return to-day. From an advertisement in another column it will be seen that she proposes to make regular trips over this route twice a week, and we are informed that she will stay on the route as long as she receives sufficient support.

An elastic step, buoyant spirits, and clear complexion, are among the many desirable results of pure blood. The possessor of healthy blood has his faculties at command, and enjoys a clear and quick perception, which is impossible when the blood is heavy and sluggish with impurities. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best Blood purifier and vitalizer known.

Xmas Cards.—A full line of Christmas Cards just opened out and on sale. Beautiful designs, great variety, and low prices. T. R. Pearson & Co. (tc)

Thanksgiving.—The 7th of November has been named as Thanksgiving Day. This is either a mistake or it is extremely unwise. The 7th of November is Saturday, and a more inappropriate day for thanksging could not be found.

Sessional Papers.—We have to thank the government printer for a bound copy of the sessional papers for 1885. This book is printed and bound in a style that leaves nothing to be desired, and will compare favorably with similar volumes from any government printing office on the continent.

The Gap.—Passengers who arrived down Wednesday night direct from the east report that the gap between the two ends of the track was only 11 miles when they passed. In the ordinary course of events this gap should be closed before the end of the month. It is expected that Mr. Van Horne will drive the last spike. The Lake Superior section is to be opened for regular passenger traffic on the 2nd of next month.

The Race Course.—A meeting was held at Granville on Tuesday night to consider the propriety of the people of that place uniting with our citizens to secure the race course adjoining this city. We understand the meeting declined to accept the proposal from this city, on the ground that the proposed race course was too far from Granville. It was decided to ask the government for another piece of ground for a Granville race course.

Quail.—The officers of the penitentiary are importing a number of quail with a view to breeding and stocking. These birds will be kept as long as possible on the penitentiary grounds, but will undoubtedly find their way into the adjoining bush. It is requested that no person will kill or molest these birds until they have sufficiently propagated. If left alone for a few years they will be quite numerous, and will be fine game. We sincerely hope they will be given a fair chance.

Peace Preservation.—A proclamation has just been issued in the Canada *Gazette* of which the following is the substance: "The Peace Preservation Act is put into force in all those parts of British Columbia lying within 20 miles of each side of the Canadian Pacific Railway, including the railway, from a point on the railway one hundred and fifty miles from the boundary of British Columbia at the summit of the Rocky Mountain range to a point on said line thirty-five miles beyond the west crossing of the Columbia River."

Contemptible.—A very contemptible and most untruthful letter appeared in the Port Moody *Gazette* referring to the governor-general's reception at this city. The mayor is represented as sacrificing every other interest to his pet scheme, Coal Harbor. As a matter of fact the mayor never has had any schemes at Coal Harbor, and the supposed conversation reported in the letter is absolutely a myth. We should not have deemed the letter worthy of notice if it had not been partly copied by the Victoria *Times*, which ought to know better.

Mr. VanHorne Coming.—It is stated that Mr. W. C. VanHorne, general manager of the C. P. R., is now on his way to British Columbia, and may be expected at this city before the end of the present month. It is expected he will arrive at the junction just in time to drive the last spike, but the ceremony will be without any special display, as it is not intended to open the road for traffic until next spring. When Mr. VanHorne arrives here it is expected he will make final arrangements for the construction of the branch line to this city, the Coal Harbor extension, and the terminal works and wharves.

The Blue Ribbon Excursion.—About 75 excursionists went down to Ladner's Landing entertainment last Wednesday night on the str. Gladys. There were in all about 150 present in the Town Hall. Rev. J. A. Wood occupied the chair, and the programme, which consisted of music, readings and recitations, was fairly good. During the evening refreshments were served. When the entertainment had concluded it was found that the river was full of fog, and it was impossible for the steamer to return. She was forced to remain until daylight, and about 8:30 on Thursday morning 75 exceedingly sleepy individuals landed at the wharf in this city. But they all declare that it was a most pleasant excursion!

Steering a Balloon.—A late number of the Paris *News* says: "A third and seemingly conclusive trial of the steering war balloon was made on Tuesday evening. The balloon rose from the aeronautical establishment of Chalais, in the park of Meudon, at 4 p.m., with Capts. Paul and Charles Renard, of the Engineers, and M. Dute-Poitevin, aeronaut, in the car. During half an hour the balloon went through a series of evolutions to test the screw, and at 5:30 the machine was headed against the wind to the north, passing over the Meudon station and crossing the Seine at Point du Jour. As a proof of the headway made it may be mentioned that the ballast thrown out, instead of falling perpendicularly, formed a kind of horizontal tail to the balloon as it shot up in the direction steered. At Point du Jour the balloon was seen to veer round and make its way back with the wind to Meudon. It descended at the point of departure without the slightest accident. The experiment is to be repeated shortly, and by permission of the minister of war the balloon will steer to some determined spot over Paris.

The Similkameen Mines.

Among the passengers who came down by the str. Adelaide on Wednesday was Mr. K. Silverman, of Victoria, who has just returned from Granite Creek. News from this new gold region is most encouraging. "Captain" and Jenkins have been taking out from $280 to $400 per day, and the claims are operated day and night. Some prospectors have obtained $8 to $10 to the pan. Chance, the original discoverer of the diggings, who had been away two months on a prospecting tour, returned a few days ago. He has found a new gold field about 75 miles south of Allison's, the exact location of which he does not now wish to disclose. This new find, he thinks, will pan out richer than Granite Creek. He staked off claims for himself and a number of friends, and brought out $800 in dust and some very rich looking specimens of quartz. At Granite Creek wages are from $3 to $3.50, and excellent board can be had for $7 a week. Supplies of all kinds are abundant, and prices reasonable. Saloons, however, are multiplying, and drinking and gambling are becoming very prevalent. These traps will make the history of mining at Granite Creek a repetition of that which has been found at other mining regions—the miner takes out the gold, and it is immediately taken from him by the saloon keepers and gamblers. Great numbers of claims have gone into the hands of Chinamen, who seem determined to squeeze themselves into this region. They are taking out lots of gold. One Chinese house often takes in $800 of gold in a day. Excitement at the mines is high, and many new discoveries are looked for.

New Fall Goods.—Call and examine the large lot of New Fall Goods just opened at James Ellard & Co's. oc10

Chinese Voters.—In Toronto, Ont., several resident Chinamen have become naturalized British subjects, and are entitled to vote. But the assessor has been sorely puzzled to know how these celestials should appear on the voters' lists. "It is not the custom," says the *Globe*, "among Chinese laundrymen to place their names on the sign board at their fronts. The sign is simply the English for some motto in their own language, which they think is lucky. An intelligent Chinaman, living on King-street East, whose proper name is Chung Fong, has been treated like his other brethren in the city, and the assessor has used his sign to designate his name. "Yoot Loy" are the words on the board outside his door, and the words appear on the assessment rolls. As a matter of fact Fong says "Yoot Loy" is the English mode of spelling phonetically the Chinese words for "come in." In other words the Chinaman has placed an invitation at his door for customers to come in, and the assessor, who, of course, adopted the general rule, assesses "come in" as a ratepayer, and the same person, no doubt, will have a vote under this peculiar name."

Forestry.—Mr. R. W. Phipps, employed by the Ontario government in connection with forestry, publishes an interesting letter on the care of young trees, from which we take the following: "By all means leave no young tree without mulching during its first years of growth, unless you adopt the equally good or better plan of stirring the soil around, wide as the branches spread, and as deep as you can without hurting the small rootlets, two or three times a summer. Then, if you have been so wise as to plant some square acres, so close that the wind cannot injure their early growth, the falling leaves will stay there and form the natural manure of the trees. Do not, I beg of you, burn these; nature lights no fires under her trees. But, if your trees are single or in rows, the leaves will blow away, and in that case, if you can, in addition to stirring or mulching, give each tree a little manure, so spread as neither to come rankly into contact with the roots, nor too strongly to infect the air with its odor, you will soon see how readily tree-trunk and branch and spreading wealth of leaves will repay your care. The tree receives its nourishment first from the roots, a nourishment which passes upward to the leaves, and is there greatly changed and added to by contact with the air. It then passes to every part of the tree, giving each its addition of growth. The woody substance—that which fire transmits to the atmosphere, leaving ashes behind—comes principally from the air. It will thus be seen that the mulching with pine sawdust cannot give the tree its woody substance, as that is supplied by the air. As to the influence of the pine sawdust on the ground, it has long been considered injurious, even when it had, by being used as bedding in stables, been permeated with what by itself would have been a valuable manure. It is, therefore, inadvisable to use it for mulching, though hardwood sawdust, or hardwood chips, or straw, leaves, or coarse manure, are all excellent. At this season of the year, to speak of another branch of the subject, I may state that the seeds of the hard maple, beech, oak, hickory, ash, pine, and other evergreens, are ripening, and that those who mean, in a couple of years, to start plantations, might save great trouble and expense by sowing for themselves now, transplanting once when ready, and then planting out at the proper season."

C. A. Livingstone, Plattsville, Ont., says: I have much pleasure in recommending Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, from having used it myself, and having sold it for some time. In my own case I will say for it that it is the best preparation I have ever tried for rheumatism.

From Port Moody.

(Correspondence of the Columbian.)

Port Moody, Oct. 23.—H. M. ship Wild Swan, late from Japan, which arrived here on Tuesday, came like a shadow and so departed. At an early hour on Wednesday morning she had already taken her departure. It was cheering to see some of the blue jackets again; and the old, familiar sound of the tatoo from the bugles of the Wild Swan during the one night of her stay here brought back vivid visions of far away homes to many a present resident of Port Moody.—"Working trains" are still busied in moving Mr. Onderdonk's plant down from the interior and depositing it upon the wharf, or rather upon the more stable foundation immediately in rear of the wharf proper. Already may be seen there an enormous accumulation of tools, machinery and railway construction materials, in all states and conditions of second-handedness.—Mr. Onderdonk's long looked for paymaster arrived by down train on Wednesday evening and met with a hearty welcome. This will probably be his last visit in such official capacity. There must be a last time for everything.—The proprietor of a certain hotel here has been among the missing for the last few days and although anxiously enquired for, it is feared that his hotel will know him no more and that they will "miss *him* at home."

From Okanagon.

(Correspondence of the Columbian.)

Okanagan, Oct. 17.—Notwithstanding the scarcity of money on account of there being very little demand for grain and stock, times are quite lively, and considerable building is going on through the length and breadth of the district. All the carpenters, and there is quite a number, are busily engaged. Centreville, an embryo town (Priests Valley P. O.), is alive with building operations and contracts for new houses were lately let. The government house there is nearly completed, as also is Messrs. McEdward & Tronson's hotel, a fine frame structure 30x50 ft. At Okanagan mission Messrs. Lequime & Nicolson are erecting a flour mill with French burr stones 4 ft. diam., run by a turbine wheel nearly 5 ft. diam. Messrs. Wilson & Whalley, of Spallumcheen, have moved to Centreville and are about to build a steamboat on Okanagan lake, propelled by a screw and capable of carrying between 30 and 40 tons. The machinery is en route. This enterprise has long been talked of, but now live men have it in hand. They will put on a line of freight wagons to connect with the C.P.R.—It is to be deplored that railway freights are still so high, preventing the supplying of the lower Fraser with home manufactured flour. The crops were excellent and well saved, but so far there is very little demand for grain. Stock is in prime order, the rain during September having started a fine growth of grass.—Cherry Creek mines are attracting more attention than for years. A rich mica mine is being opened up. Mr. McIntyre has at last struck the ore he had been searching for in vain for years. A number of prospectors are now in that region, reports from which are most encouraging and point to a large influx next spring.—A "harvest home" festival is announced for the 21st in Spallumcheen, and a very pleasant time is anticipated.—The weather is, and has been for a long period, all that could be desired by the most fastidious.

Syrup of Figs,

Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal., is Nature's Own True Laxative. This pleasant liquid fruit remedy may be had of Messrs. D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster. Sample bottles free and large bottles at 75 cents or $1.25. It is the most pleasant, prompt and effective remedy known, to cleanse the system; to act on the Liver, Kidneys and Bowels gently yet thoroughly; to dispel Headaches, Colds and Fevers; to cure Constipation, Indigestion and kindred ills.

Sir Charles Tupper's Opinion.

ON BRITISH COLUMBIA AND THE C. P. R.

On his arrival at Winnipeg Sir Chas. Tupper was interviewed by a representative of the *Manitoban* to whom he made the following statement: On arriving at Victoria I found the city very much improved since my last visit, and there were abundant indications of the progress made. A large number of new buildings of a very superior character have been erected, and the signs of substantial advances were visible on every hand. I was met on my arrival by the Hon. Mr. Smithe, the prime minister of the province, and the Hon. Mr. Robson, the provincial secretary, and they both assured me of their zealous co-operation in making the coming colonial exhibition a success, and that British Columbia should be properly represented. I was invited by the president of the British Columbia agricultural society to attend the provincial fair to be held at New Westminster, but before leaving Victoria I visited the new drydock which is being constructed at Esquimalt, and found the work being vigorously pushed and rapid progress being made towards completion. I need scarcely say that the construction of this fine dock will be of inestimable value to the port. I left Victoria on the morning of Oct. 1st, in company with Hon. Mr. Smithe and Mr. Dunsmuir, president of the Vancouver Island Railway, for Nanaimo, where I found great progress had been made in the extension of the settlement. From Nanaimo we took the steamer to Granville, on Burrard Inlet, where we remained for the night.

THE PROVINCIAL FAIR.

The next morning the Hon. Mr. Robson met us and drove us to New Westminster fair, where I was presented with an address from the Agricultural Association of British Columbia, to which I replied. I afterwards inspected the various products and was very much pleased with the evidences presented of the agricultural capabilities of the province. The grain and vegetables were very fine, the industries were very fairly represented and the people seemed thoroughly alive to the value of exhibitions. The grade of cattle was not very high, but a pretty fine Durham bull was exhibited, whilst the horses were good. New Westminster itself has grown greatly since my last visit, and I may say, as the result of observation, that throughout British Columbia the people are generally thoroughly alive to the great opportunity the completion of the Canadian Pacific Railway affords them for the development of the resources of their fair province. Mr. Jessop, the British Columbia agent of the department of agriculture, is making a magnificent collection of exhibits, which abundantly show the capabilities of the fine British Columbia climate, and what it can produce. There is a large variety of

THE DELICIOUS FRUITS

for which the province has long been famous, comprising apples, pears, plums, apricots and peaches of the finest description and flavor. Grapes of a very fair quality are extensively grown in the open air, not only in and around Victoria but in other parts of Vancouver Island and the mainland. I was very much impressed with the extensive tracts of fine soil and timber along the line of the Vancouver Island Railway, which greatly exceeded the expectations I had formed by reading the reports of the engineers who surveyed the district. The short gap of 38 miles between the two ends of the track, which we performed on horseback, is being rapidly effaced, and by the end of next month I have no doubt the line will be laid from end to end, thus giving us direct and unbroken railway connection through British territory from Halifax on the Atlantic seaboard, to Port Meody on the Pacific coast. You ask what is the character of the British Columbian portion of the Canadian Pacific railway line. The road throughout the entire distance from Port Moody to Chickamoose is constructed in the most substantial manner, and the grades and curvatures are of such a character that a speed of fifty miles an hour can be maintained over the most abrupt of them. In fact, during our trip from Port Moody our rate of speed averaged.

FIFTY MILES AN HOUR,

being greater than that over some other portions of the line. Respecting that portion of the railway which runs through the mountains, the company have wisely profitted by the experiences of last winter, and relocated portions of the track and made such arrangements that the danger from snowslides, etc., has almost totally been done away with. In one portion of the track in the Selkirks the grade is rather heavy, but that will disappear when the permanent way is constructed. You ask for my idea as to the future of the C. P. R. I was always deeply impressed with the importance of the construction of this line of railway, but I never felt or understood its true value to Canada as I do at the present moment. At no very distant date lines of steamers will ply between Hongkong, Yokohama, Australasia and the western terminus of the line at Port Moody, uniting the commerce of Australia, China and Japan with that of the Old World. I have no doubt Canadian lines of steamers will run between San Francisco and British Columbian ports, thus making the interchange of trade between Canada and the United States, and utilizing our shorter line across the continent. This, with the extent of our fertile lands, the mineral wealth of British Columbia and the limitless tracts of valuable timber, must render this great enterprise, this international highway, successful; and as it thus develops the resources of our country, receiving its own life-giving support in so doing, it gives an impetus to Canada."

The Babies Cry for It,

An the old folks laugh when they find that the pleasant liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, is more easily taken and more beneficial in its action than bitter, nauseous medicines. It strengthens the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels, while it arouses them to healthy activity. For sale by Messrs. D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster. oc20m

Communications.

Vessel Licenses.

Editor Columbian.—For some time past I have observed a notice in the *Columbian* requesting all persons selling intoxicating liquors on board vessels, or by wholesale, to take out a license for that purpose under the provisions of the "Dominion Liquor License Act of 1883 and Amended Act." Will you kindly publish, through the *Columbian* that portion of the act which relates to these particular branches of the liquor traffic, and oblige. Sigma.

Maple Ridge, Oct. 21.

[The clause of the Dominion act relating to vessel licenses is as follows: "A vessel license shall authorize the master of the vessel, being a vessel by which passengers are conveyed from one place to another within or beyond the Dominion, to sell or dispose of liquor during the passage of the vessel between such places, to any passenger on board such vessel: Provided always, that it shall not permit the selling, or disposing of any liquor, except at the regular meals served on board such vessel, and then only to actual passengers: and provided further, that it shall not authorize the opening or keeping of a bar or place on board such vessel, where liquors are sold or drunk."

The Progress of medical Enlightenment has led to the abandonment of many antiquated remedies of questionable value, and the adoption of newer and more rational ones. Prominent among the latter is Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, the justly celebrated Blood Purifier, a comprehensive family remedy for liver complaint, constipation, indigestion, loss of physical energy, and female complaints.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

New York, Oct. 20.—The *Times* thinks the project of a railroad from Winnipeg to Hudson Bay, for the shipment of Manitoba wheat to England, is indefinitely postponed, owing to the report brought back by the steamer Alert of the difficulties in the navigation of Hudson strait, which was not clear of ice this year until August 22.

San Francisco, Oct. 20.—The thirty-first annual session of the grand encampment of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows assembled to-day in this city. The grand secretary's report showed that nearly $2,000,000 have been disbursed by the different Odd Fellows lodges of the world during the last year for relief purposes.

Athens, Oct. 20.—The government, replying to the late remonstrances of the powers with regard to the war preparations that are being made by Greece, says that the Bulgaro-Roumelian union would expose the Greek and non-Bulgarian population in Bulgaria to complete annihilation, and it is therefore impossible for Greece to remain passive when her vital interests are thus threatened.

Paris, Oct. 20.—Advices from Tonquin to *Le Temps* describes the situation as very gloomy. Since the beginning of the summer three hundred Frenchmen have died from cholera and large numbers are daily succumbing to the disease. The mortality among the troops hinders the progress of the campaign.

New York, Oct. 20.—A Washington special says that later information from Germany shows that Minister Pendleton has much graver cause for endeavoring to come to a better understanding with the German government as to the construction given to the Bancroft treaty than is given in the brief dispatch which announced that negotiations had begun. It appears that Bismarck again gives evidence of his increasing hatred to the United States by interpreting the Bancroft treaty in the severest manner against all German-Americans. German-Americans in Germany have been notified that hereafter their residence must be limited to a few weeks or months, and that if they in any particular during even that short period become troublesome, they will be subject to receive notice at any time to leave the country. The attitude which the German government has taken is in direct violation of the spirit, if not the letter, of the Bancroft treaty.

London, Oct. 21.—The authorities of Woolwich arsenal have been ordered to supply 10,000,000 rounds of cartridges and 10,000 rifles for an expedition to be sent against King Thebaw of Burmah.

London, Oct. 22.—In an interview to-day, Fitzpatrick, Riel's Canadian counsel, said: "It is impossible to pretend that Riel was unfairly tried. No doubt at the time of the outbreak in the North-west grievances existed which have since been remedied. Riel commenced the agitation from purely political motives. Many people still consider that he rendered valuable services to the country. Doubtless the excitement again induced in Riel mental aberration, rendering him incapable of keeping the rebellion within legal limits. On the scaffold Riel will become a martyr; in prison or in an asylum he would be forgotten." In the face of the conflicting medical evidence in Riel's case, Fitzpatrick advocated the appointment by the Canadian government of a commission to again examine the prisoner.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 22.—The *Journal de St. Petersbury*, commenting on the Roumelian questiod, says that Prince Alexander appears to ignore the fact that that his admission to the powers is duly created by the treaty of Berlin, and there has been no intention on the part of Bulgaria to return to *statu quo ante*. It regrets the action of Servia and Greece in ordering formidable armaments, and declares that Russia, more than any other power, must prevent fratricidal contests in the Balkans. The *Journal* is pronounced in its denunciations of Bulgaria for having brought about the present state of affairs, and says the powers are unanimous in a desire to restore the *statu quo ante*, and although such an action is bristling with obstacles and pitfalls, this unanimity justifies hope of success.

Paris, Oct. 22.—Advices from Tonquin say the French troops recently made a reconnoisance from Songhoa and Huanquan, and found formidable numbers of Black Flags in the vicinity of those places.

Montreal, Oct. 22.—The resolution of the local board of health calling upon the central board to close the churches is meeting with great opposition. Monsignor Fabre, the Catholic bishop, at mass this morning denounced the idea in unmeasured terms, saying the authorities need not think they can bring about such unprecedented revolution as the suppression of public religion at the time of a calamity like the present. Bishop Bond, of the Angelican community, has also spoken against it, while Father Dowd, of St. Patrick's, and Rev. Mr. Stone, of St. Martin's, Angelican, say they will absolutely refuse to comply with the measure should it be enforced. The number of cases of smallpox in the civil hospital up to date is 665, of whom 118 died.

Calcutta, Oct. 22.—Contingents of the Indian army from Madras and this city are being rapidly transported to Rangoon, where the expeditionary force is being assembled for the invasion of Burmah. The Burmese government is actively preparing to resist the advance of British troops. Engineers are busily engaged in erecting breast works, planting torpedoes, building fire rafts, loading hulks with stones, and sinking them, and placing chains across the river to obstruct navigation.

Amos Hudgin, Toronto, writes: "I have been a sufferer from Dyspepsia for the past six years. All the remedies I tried proved useless, until Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure was brought under my notice. I have used two bottles with the best results, and can with confidence recommend it to those afflicted in like manner."

YESTERDAY'S DISPATCHES.

Paris, Oct, 23.—The Burmese envoy yesterday handed a note to Lord Lyons, British embassador, stating that he had advised his government to accept arbitration for the settlement of the dispute with Britain. He was certain his government would be glad to restore friendly relations. European residents, he said, would be perfectly safe, and his people had no wish to be hostile to Britain.

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 23.—A special from Ottawa says that at a cabinet meeting yesterday it was decided to postpone Riel's execution until November 11th. The French still express confidence that Riel will not be hanged. They base their hopes on the recommendation to mercy given by the Regina jury.

London, Oct. 23.—The trial of Stead, editor of the *Pall Mall Gazette*, and others for the abduction of Eliza Armstrong, began to-day. The prosecution held that no plea was sufficient to justify the taking of a child without its parent's consent, and that the consent in this case being obtained in a fraudulent way was not a legal consent at all. The trial will last about a week.

Constantinople, Oct. 23.—Herr Von Radawitz, German embassador, has informed the porte that Prince Alexander has guaranteed that Bulgaria shall not disturb the present order of things. The prince has ordered his troops to avoid provoking a conflict in any quarter, but does not hold himself answerable for his neighbors.

M. A. St. Mars, St. Boniface, Manitoba, writes: Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is a public benefit. It has done wonders here, and has cured myself of a bad cold in one day. Can be relied upon to remove pain, heal sores of various kinds, and benefit any inflamed portion of the body to which it is applied.

Surrey Council.

Council met Oct. 10; reeve and full council present. Communications received as follows: From Hon. John Robson, referring to a bridge on Campbell river, Halls Prairie; from Mr. Alex. McKenzie, requesting to have the McLellen road ditch cleared out opposite his place; request not granted; From Mr. Wm. Shannon, asking an extension of time on his contract on Clover Valley road until Nov. 29, which was granted; from Mr. A. L. Huck, asking an extension of time on his contract on Kirkland road, which was also granted. On motion, Mr. John Conley was granted an extension of time on his contract on coast meridian road provided Mr. Ed. Parr be recognized from this time forward as a partner in the work. An extension of time was also granted Mr. Beverage on his contract south of Campbell river, coast meridian. On motion, the clerk was instructed to request Mr. John Oliver to remove his timber from the Serpentine bridge (as it is damaging the bridge) within two weeks from date or the council will remove it at his expense. Coun. Cann was authorized to have breaks in covering on Serpentine bridge repaired. Coun. Cann was also authorized to expend $48 (balance of last year's appropriation) in corduroying on coast meridian road, Serpentine flats, the work to be let by auction. On motion, Coun. Milton was authorized to get out specifications and call for tenders for repairs to Nicomekl bridge, coast meridian; tenders to be in at next meeting of council. Coun. Cann was authorized to call for tenders for work on Clover Valley road, north of Serpentine river, and let the work to the lowest tender on Oct. 15. The following bills were ordered to be paid: J. W. McCollum, $100 on acct. of contract; Geo. Marshel, $1.50, clearing trees off road; R. Gray, $2.50, clearing trees off road and repairs to culvert; T. R. Pearson & Co., 38 cents, for seals; Columbian, $2.76, printing; Woods, Turner & Gamble, $25, surveying; A. A. Hart, $20, on account of work; E. T. Wade, 50 cents, repair to corduroy; clerk, $75 on acct. of salary. Council adjourned till Nov. 14, at 1 p. m.

Wholesale City Market.

Beef,	per 100 lbs.	$8 00 @ $9 00
Pork	"	0 00 @ 0 00
Mutton	"	8 50 @ 9 00
Hides(gr'n)	"	8 50 @ 0 00
Potatoes	"	0 75 @ 0 00
Turnips	"	0 50 @ 0 75
Carrots	"	1 00 @ 1 25
Parsnips	"	1 00 @ 0 00
Beets	"	1 00 @ 1 25
Cabbage	"	0 75 @ 1 00
Onions	"	2 00 @ 2 25
Apples	"	1 50 @ 3 00
Pears	"	2 00 @ 3 00
Wheat	"	1 25 @ 1 50
Oats	"	1 25 @ 1 30
Peas	"	1 00 @ 1 25
Hay,	per ton	9 00 @ 10 00
Butter (rolls)	per lb.	0 25 @ 0 30
Cheese,	"	0 17 @ 0 18
Eggs,	per doz.	0 30 @ 0 37
Geese,	each	1 50 @ 2 00
Ducks	"	0 75 @ 1 00
Chickens,	per pair	0 75 @ 1 00
Cordwood (retail)	per cord	3 00 @ 3 50

A Nevada hunter spent three months looking for a grizzly bear, and the man's relatives have spent three months looking for him. They think that he must have found the bear.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Use the safe, pleasant, and effectual worm killer, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; nothing equals it. Procure a bottle and take it home.

Dr. Leonard, the prohibition candidate for governor of Ohio, says he believes in taking the rum devil by the horn. That's the way we all take it.—*Omaha Herald.*

Have you tried Holloway's Corn Cure? It has no equal for removing these troublesome excrescenses, as many have testified who have tried it.

DIED

STEVENS.—At No. 207 Agricola street, Halifax, Oct. 6th, J. Mortimer Stevens, aged 15 years, eldest son of the late Cyrus and Bessie H. Stevens, of Brookfield, Col. co., and adopted son of Miss Sophia L. Stevens, of Halifax.

From Pole to Pole

Ayer's Sarsaparilla has demonstrated its power of cure for all diseases of the blood.

The Harpooner's Story.

New Bedford, June 7, 1883.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.—Twenty years ago I was a harpooner in the North Pacific, when five others of the crew and myself were laid up with scurvy. Our bodies were bloated, gums swollen and bleeding, teeth loose, purple blotches all over us, and our breath seemed rotten. Take it by and large we were pretty badly off. All our lime-juice was accidentally destroyed, but the captain had a couple dozen bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla and gave us that. We recovered on it quicker than I have ever seen men brought about by any other treatment for Scurvy, and I've seen a good deal of it. Seeing no mention in your Almanac of your Sarsaparilla being good for scurvy, I thought you ought to know of this, and so send you the facts.

Respectfully yours, Ralph Y. Wingate.

The Trooper's Experience.

Maseru, Basutoland (S. Africa), March 7, 1883.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.—Gentlemen: I have much pleasure to testify to the great value of your Sarsaparilla. We have been stationed here for over two years, during which time we had to live in tents. Being under canvas for such a time brought on what is called in this country "veldt-sores." I had those sores for some time. I was advised to take your Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which made my sores disappear rapidly, and I am now quite well.

Yours truly, T. K. Boden,
Trooper, Cape Mounted Riflemen.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is the only thoroughly effective blood-purifier, the only medicine that eradicates the poisons of Scrofula, Mercury, and Contagious Disease from the system.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists: Price $1; Six bottles for $5.

The new war map of Egypt and the Soudan, giving names of all the places mentioned in despatches, and a valuable table of distances. No one should be without it. Price, 15 cents. T. R. Pearson & Co. ap15tc

THE WEST SHORE FOR SEPTEMBER. —The Great Illustrated British Columbia Edition. A full supply now on hand at T. R. Pearson & Co's., sole agents for the Mainland, at 25 cts. each. tc

A new map of British Columbia just issued by the government, for sale at T. R. Pearson & Co's. The best map ever issued; $2.25.—*Adv.*

Job printing of all kinds neatly done at the Columbian office. Prices will be found lower than at any other office in the province.—*Adv.*

Mortgages, Deeds, Leases, Agreements of Sale, and blank forms of all kinds, at T. R. Pearson & Co's.

Beautiful photographic panoramic views in British Columbia, 75 cts. per set at T. R. Pearson & Co.'s.

Beaver Lodge, No. 30, A.O.U.W. meets the second and fourth Wednesday in each month. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.
au29tc E. A. JENNS, Recorder.

St. Paul's Church. Services every Sunday at 11 A.M. and 7 P.M. in the Rectory Hall, St. John street, below Royal avenue. Seats free, all are cordially invited. Sunday School at 2.30 P.M. (fe28tc)

Methodist Church, Mary St. Rev. C. Watson, Pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Class 2:30 p.m. Prayer Meeting on Thursdays at 8 p.m. Seats free; strangers cordially invited. je7-tc.

Baptist Church, Rev. Robt. Lennie pastor; meets in the Court House. Services at 11 A.M. and 7 P.M. Sabbath School and Bible Class at 2.30 P.M. Prayer Meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Strangers cordially invited. ap18tc

Union Lodge No, 9, A. F. & A. M.—The regular Communications of this Lodge are held on the first Monday in each month. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend D. WILSON, Secretary.
fe23-tc

MONEY

TO LEND:

$5,000,
$10,000,
$15,000,
$20,000,

AT MODERATE RATES OF INTERE

Europeans in India.

There are 140,000 Europeans in India. These are scattered over the land. The soldiers are in places deemed best fitted for strategic purposes, sometimes as regiments, frequently as a moiety of regiments, very seldom in small bands. Non-military Europeans are most numerous in the Presidency cities—Calcutta, Madras and Bombay; but even in these they form a very small part of the population. For instance, they are only 5,000 in Calcutta, which has a population of 500,000. They are found in small numbers in the great cities of the interior, such as Delhi, Agra and Allâbahbad. At the headquarters of districts there are a few European officials, and generally a few non-officials. Many of our people are very solitary, living often at a great distance from their European brethren. In our survey of Europeans in India we may begin with English sailors in Indian ports when the census was taken, and who, we suppose, were included in it. The character of our sailors at home and abroad is well-known. The restraint on board ship during long voyages is followed in most cases by license on shore. In a country like India the license has often taken a peculiarly revolting form. Once, when sailing down the Hoogly, we had as a fellow-passenger an old inhabitant of Calcutta, who pointed out to us a grove near one of the places where large vessels were often anchored for days, where the sailors were allowed to land, where scenes were enacted which in vileness could not have been exceeded by the worst orgies of heathen nations. Such scenes were no longer witnessed, but still, when on leave from their ships, with many the grog shops and houses of infamy are the favorite resort. The more respectable natives dread them, and keep aloof from them, but a class of low natives pander to their vices. While there is still much to deplore in our sailors, much has been done and is being done for their improvement in character and conduct. Not a few have become decided christians, and the wickedness of many more has been restrained. Their treatment on board ship is better; the voyages are shorter; many are on board steamers that are never for a long period at sea; many can read, and much is done to supply them with good books. We have mentioned that of the 140,000 Europeans in India no fewer than 63,000 are soldiers. They form a very important and indispensable portion of the community. Let them be withdrawn, let it be known all over the Indian continent they are withdrawn, and our government would speedily collapse. We do not say that our government, because alien, rests mainly on force. It rests largely on the good will of the nations of India, and that good will rests on their being wisely and justly ruled. But in the ambition and interests of various classes there are elements of strife ready to burst into a desolating storm if unrestrained by the knowledge of a power which cannot be successfully resisted. Neither is it just to say that our army is maintained to fasten down a foreign yoke on the neck of India. It does maintain our power; without it in the great mutiny we should have been swept away, but it maintains our power to preserve peace and order all over this continent. If withdrawn, we believe scenes of bloodshed and anarchy would soon be witnessed such as the world has seldom seen. We may well attach a high value to a body of men so indispensable for our security and the fulfilling of our national vocation.—*British Quarterly Review.*

An Extraordinary Invention.

Over three years ago, says the Fort Worth *Democrat*, Fred. H. Brown began the work of studying out an invention, an idea which had come to him that a telephone and telegraph instrument could be made which would work without a battery. For three years he toiled and thought, but seemed no nearer the goal than when he started, until one night in February last, about 2 o'clock in the morning, he awoke suddenly from sleep and found the invention in his mind. Cold as it was, he jumped out of bed, lighted a lamp and began to work. In a few months he had perfected an instrument and tried it at home. He at once determined to go to New York, but before his departure sold the right to England to George S. Frankel and G. H. Shuttler; to France and Germany, to W. E. Keye, who a week later accompanied Mr. Brown east.

The electricians of Mr. Gould and Mr. Mackay inspected the invention carefully and then the Western Union Telegraph company and Bell Telephone company sent men to Washington to see if the method could not be patented, but Mr. Brown had provided against all contingencies and had patents covering everything. The immense value of the invention was seen by J. J. Safeley, a capitalist, who brought it to the notice of Austin Corbin, a millionaire. He formed a company and through Mr. Safeley bought the right to the United States for $1,000,000, paying $250,000 to Mr. Brown in cash and giving ample security for the payment of $750,000. Mr. Brown returned to Fort Worth early this week, disposed of his property here and on Thursday night left with his family for New York, where he will reside.

When he left New York Bonanza Mackay was negotiating for Canada, which is held by the inventor at $1,000,000. Mr. Brown also brought word that a wealthy man wanted England and was willing to pay a large sum for it, which will induce Messrs. Frankel and Shuttler to go east in thirty or sixty days to look after their interests. Mr. Kaye, the owner of the right for Germany and France, is now in New York and will leave in a few days for Europe.

When Mr. Brown reaches New York a cable test will be made over 5,800 miles of cable, twice the distance across the Atlantic. Instruments for this test will be completed early next week. A test was made in New York not long ago over 800 miles of wire and the instruments worked as clear as a bell. In a few days 100 miles of wire will be stretched on Long Island for tests of all descriptions. As soon as possible the company in New York will get to work and organize sub-companies in all the states, when a revolution in telephoning and telegraphing will surely result. The invention is a magneto telephone and telegraph without a battery—a new system of transmitting the sound of the human voice without using batteries of any kind. The instrument used was composed of two ounces of wire and a half pound of steel, and can be made for 25 cents. The transmitter is simply a horseshoe magnet, either pole being covered with fine wire carefully coiled. The armature is a disc of steel, against which the voice is thrown, then transmitted through the magnet to the wire. The receiver is similar, but has a smaller magnet. It is claimed by the inventor that he can transmit the voice around the world or across the Atlantic ocean, there being no limit as far as distance is concerned, all that is necessary being the increase of the size of magnets.

Christianity and Human Want.

No one who has given a thoughtful attention to Christianity in what it is and what it proposes, and also to human nature in what it is and what it needs, can fail to have perceived how wonderfully and mercifully the former is adjusted to the latter. The more profoundly one meditates on this adjustment, the more will he be impressed alike with the fact and its significance. God has made no mistake in the religious system which he has constructed for the acceptance and faith of men. They want just what he has given them, and they want it more than anything else of which it is possible to conceive.

Human nature, when passing beyond the domain of its present experience, and stepping into the realm of things spiritual and invisible, has, in all ages and countries, been confronted with this great question: "What is truth?" It has never perfectly satisfied itself with its own answer. It wants a better answer; one stronger and more authoritative than any which its own unaided power can supply. Such is the conclusion reached by the deepest and best thinkers of the race. God, in the Christian system, meets this demand by a supernatural revelation of himself, placing that revelation in the language of the earth, attesting it by signs and wonders in proof of its divine origin, and thereby disclosing his nature, purposes and plans to the children of men, thus giving them something which they can safely believe, and on which they can rest with unshaken confidence while making the journey of life. Simple and childlike faith in this revelation, or, rather, the God who gave it, as the final and absolute authority touching all the matters of which it treats, is the prime condition of mental relief to human thought. No matter how much or how little we may know, or how long we may speculate, we must at last believe God and believe what he says, and believe it because he says it, or find no certain resting-place for the soul. Those too wise for this simple faith are too wise for their own comfort. As a balm to thought and a power for comfort, it is worth more than all the speculations ever heard of since the world began.

Every human being finds himself indicted before the bar of his own nature by the consciousness of sin, with the resulting fear of punishment. He may not always think of this fact, and may in words sometimes deny it; yet there are times when it stares him in the face, and fills him with guilty apprehension. There is no consciousness among men more universal, unvarying than that of sin; and there is no want so profound and soul-searching as that created by this consciousness. God understands our experience and our necessities in this respect; and, in the Gospel of Christ, he has supplied a complete and all-sufficient remedy for sin and sinners, and made it available to all, as a full, sure, and eternal salvation, upon the simple condition of our acceptance, placing the whole upon the basis of his infinite mercy. So says the Bible. Christ is the end of the law for righteousness to every one that believeth, even though his sins be scarlet, or red, like crimson. Guilt does not necessarily destroy all hope, nor shut the door of Paradise against the sinner. Pardon opens that door to the believer, and God welcomes him as a guest in Heaven. Grace stands over against sin, and meets the whole exigency which sin creates. It cures the evil and cancels the penalty, and guarantees safety to the believing sinner. Salvation is what men want; and this is just what they find in Christ.

Death is on the track of every human being; and, however common the event to the race, no one, uninstructed by revelation, can tell, with any satisfactory certainty, what will be the effect of death upon him; whether he will survive the event, and if he does, what will be the character and state of his existence thereafter. Our experience in this life never passes to the other side of death; and no one who has died ever returns to tell us what death was to him. The event, too, so far as our observation extends, seems fearfully destructive. The organized body is no sooner dead than it begins to go back to dust; and in a short time it is a body no longer. Hence the great question of the ages: "If a man die, shall he live again?" Simple reason staggers under the weight of this question. What shall she say to herself, and how treat the problem that relates to an after-life? God answers this question in his Word. The sum of the answer is that life and immortality are brought to light in the Gospel of news from a far-off land, and that this Gospel, to those who receive it in faith and love, fills the whole horizon with exceeding glory, making their after-life the perfection of condition and the perfection of character, reconciling them to death, taking away its sting, dispossessing the grave of the victory, and enabling them to say: "For we know that if our earthly house of this tabernacle were dissolved, we have a building of God, a house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens." The richest imagery of earth is laid under contribution to paint in golden hues the attractions and charms of the celestial life unto which death introduces the believing soul, and which, once begun, never ends.

The one idea we are seeking to impress upon our readers is that Christianity, as we find it in the Bible, is adapted to our situation, and in this respect just the religion that we want. It salutes our faith with the averments and the authority of God. It solves the problem of salvation from sin and its curse. It radiates and relieves the gloom of death with light from another world. Many good gifts have come to earth from the great Father of Light; yet the "unspeakable gift" has come in the person and the work of Christ. Our greatest wants are those which he meets. Our purest joys are those which he inspires. Our wisest life is the one he prescribes. Our supremest good is in the immortality which he discloses and guarantees. The wonder, is, that any one who has the knowledge of his Gospel, should so live as not to share in its benefits, and subject himself only to the curse which it threatens.—*N. Y. Independent.*

New York sends out another beg on behalf of the Bartholdi statue. The sum now wanted is $40,000 to pay for putting the pieces of the goddess together, providing the iron skeleton which is to sustain her, and setting her up on her pins.

READ THIS

GREAT

CLEARANCE SALE.

Until Further Notice

TRAPP BROS.

WILL OFFER FOR SALE

At COST!

The whole of their extensive stock of

Dry Goods!

CLOTHING,

Gents' Furnishings

CARPETS, ETC.

Consisting of

DRESS GOODS,

In Merinos, from	35	cents	per yard.
Cashmeres,	60	"	"
Lusters,	16	"	"
Plaids, wool,	35	"	"
Satteens,	16	"	"
Brocades,	35	"	"
Silks, black,	1.40	"	"
Silks, col'd,	1.00	"	"
Satins,	60	"	"

DOMESTICS,

In Ginghams, fm	14	"	"
Calicoes,	8	"	"
Prints, English,	9	"	"
Prints, Amer.	8	"	"
Piques,	13	"	"
Canton Flanls,	12½	"	"
Sheetings,	12½	"	"
Linens,	16	"	"
Cheese Cloth,	7	"	"
Diaper "	20	"	"
Winceys,	8	"	"
Drillings,	15	"	"
Duck,	16	"	"
Tickings,	16	"	"

Table Cloths and Napkins.

FLANNELS,

All kinds and col. fm	35	"	"
Cretonnes,	20	"	"
Damask, wool,	75	"	"

LACE CURTAINS.
BED SPREADS AND QUILTS.
TOWELS, from 8 cts.
TOILET COVERS.
SHAWLS, woolen.
SKIRTS, from 50 cts.
LADIES' UNDERWEAR, from 75 cts.
PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS, from 75 cents.
CORSETS, from 50 cents.
HOSIERY of all kinds and prices from 12½ cents.
GLOVES, in lisle and silk.
ULSTERS and JACKETS, from $2.00.
CRINOLINES, from 50 cents.
HANDKERCHIEFS, from 12½ cents.
TIES, lace and silk.
FANS, from 25 cts. to $3.50.
LACES and EMBROIDERY.
FRILLINGS.
RIBBONS, in all colors and shades.
DRESS BUTTONS, a great variety.

MUSLINS,

In Jacanette,
Swiss and Nainsook.

WORSTEDS and YARNS, all makes.
HAIR BRUSHES and COMBS.
FANCY GOODS.
WATCHES and JEWELRY.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

MEN'S SUITS, from $6.00.
YOUTHS' SUITS, from $5.00.
CHILDREN'S SUITS, from $2.00.
SHIRTS, white and colored, from $1.00.
SHIRTS, woollen, from $1.00.
UNDERWEAR, in woollen and Canton flannel.
GENTS' HALF HOSE from 12½c.
TIES.
BRACES.
COLLARS and CUFFS.
GLOVES.

HATS,

HARD FELT, from $2.00.
SOFT FELT, from $1.00.
STRAW, from 25 cents.

VALISES, from $2.00.
OVERALLS and JUMPERS, from 75c.
LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S RUBBER GOODS.
CARPETS, from 75 cents.
FLOOR CLOTHS, from 75 cents.
TRUNKS, from $1.00.

☞This will be found a rare chance for country store keepers who wish to replenish their stock, and for the public generally, as the stock is all in first-class condition and well assorted.

TERMS CASH.

New Westminster, May 18, 1885.
mv20tc

T. R. PEARSON & CO.

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

—IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN—

Books,
Stationery,
Fancy Goods,
Pianos,
Organs,
Music,
Newspapers,
Magazines,
Toys, etc.

The Largest Stock on the Mainland, and second to no House in British Columbia.

—SOLE AGENTS FOR—

The Henry F. Miller Piano,
Of Boston,

The Dominion Organ,
Of Bowmanville, Ont.,

And agents for all the leading American

PIANOS & ORGANS

SPECIAL FORMS RULED & PRINTED

On the premises, as neatly and cheaply as at any other establishment in the Province.

—AGENTS FOR—

Confederation Life Assurance Co.,

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—Agents for First-Class—

FIRE and BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES

SHIPPING RECEIPTS.
DEEDS! MORTGAGES,
BILLS OF SALE,
CUSTOM HOUSE BLANKS,
LEASES, PROM. NOTES,
ORDERS, RECEIPTS,

And all kinds of Blank Books and Blank Forms on hand.

—All the Leading—

NEWSPAPERS

—AND—

PERIODICALS

Regularly received. Subscriptions taken for any Publication at lowest rates.

☞ We import direct from manufacturers, and cannot be undersold in this Province.

T. R. PEARSON & CO.,

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.
(fe2tc)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT we intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase two unsurveyed Islands in the Fraser River, lying to the west of Lots 26 and 141, Group 2, and containing (50) acres, more or less.

BOYD NORMAN,
JOHN SIMPSON.

Ladner's Landing, B. C.
July 19th, 1885. 29se2m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the legislature of British Columbia at its next session on behalf of the settlers and owners of land situate at Matsqui Prairie for an act for their relief against the "Sumas Dyking Act, 1878," and the "Sumas Dyking Amendment Act, 1883," and to declare forfeited all rights and privileges granted or purported to be granted to E. L. Derby or his assigns by the said acts or either of them, and to repeal such acts.

Matsqui, March 6th, 1885. mh11td

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, at its next session, for an act to amend the act incorporating the New Westminster and Port Moody Telephone Co., (Limited), so as to authorize the said Company to extend its lines of telephone from the City of New Westminster to Granville, Burrard Inlet, and thence to Moodyville, Hastings, and other places on or in the vicinity of Burrard Inlet.

J. C. ARMSTRONG, President.
L. L. DOANE, Sec.-Treas.

New Westminster, Sept. 5, 1885. 5se2m

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

Lot No. 4, Block XIX, in the City of New Westminster.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE Title to the above mentioned lot will be issued to Laurent Gulchon on the 23rd day of January, 1886, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lot or some part thereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, 21st Oct., 1885.
21oc3m

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

The Northwest Quarter of Section 19 Township 8, in the District of New Westminster.

WHEREAS, the Certificate of Title of Peter Brodie to the above mentioned quarter section of land, has been lost, and application has been made for a duplicate thereof. Notice is therefore hereby given that such duplicate certificate will be issued unless cause be shewn to the contrary within one month from the date hereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, 21st Oct., 1885.
21oc1m

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

In the matter of the title to Lot No. 9, Block XXIII, in the City of New Westminster.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, I shall effect registration of the title of Philip Jackman, to the above mentioned Lot, as of an estate in fee simple therein, unless a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing on or before the 10th day of November next, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lot, or some part thereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office, New Westminster,
26th September, 1885. 26se1m

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

The North-Easterly Half of Lot No. 2, Block XII, in the City of New Westminster.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE Title to the above mentioned half of said Lot will be issued to William R. Lewis, on the 21st day of November, 1885, unless in the meantime, a valid objection thereto, be made to the undersigned in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest in said land or some part thereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, 18th Aug., 1885.
19au3m

E. HUTCHERSON,

NURSERYMAN & DEALER IN

Fruit and Ornamental Trees,

LADNER'S LANDING, B. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO INform the people of British Columbia that he has established a Nursery at Ladner's Landing, and is prepared to fill all orders for Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, Vines, Small Fruits, &c. Trees imported or home grown according to the wishes of customers. The subscriber has had a thorough practical training in the business, and having a permanent stake in the country it is his interest to deal fairly with the public. He will wait upon the various towns and settlements shortly, and all orders will have his personal attention.

au12tc E. HUTCHERSON.

COME AND SEE!

W. H. HOLDEN,

HAVING TAKEN POSSESSION OF the "Temperance House," fronting on Columbia and Church Streets, opposite the Episcopal Church, and now known as the

FARMERS' HOME!

Will accommodate the traveling public at the following rates:

Board per day	$1 00
" " week	5 00
Single Meals	25
Beds	25

☞Good accommodation for ladies and families. my9tc

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the Matter of the Estate of MARCELLIN MICHAUD, Deceased.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER MADE herein by the Honourable Mr. Justice McCreight, dated the 6th day of February, 1885,

NOTICE is hereby given that tenders will be received by Mr. EUSTACE A. JENNS, administrator herein, at his office in the Court House, New Westminster, until noon on the **6th day of November, 1885,** for the purchase of Lot No. 536, Group 1, in the District of New Westminster.

This lot is situate nearly opposite Popcum, and is well improved. House and good orchard.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Full particulars as to property and conditions of sale may be had on application to E. A. Jenns, Administrator, or to Messrs. Corbould & McColl, Solicitors for Administrator, New Westminster. 7oc1m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for timbering purposes the following described lands situated in New Westminster District:

1. Commencing at a post on the shore of Gillies Bay, Texada Island, about one mile N. W. of Shelter Point, extending along the shore for a distance of 160 chains, with a depth of 80 chains, containing 1280 acres, more or less.

2. Commencing at a post on the North shore of Cardero Channel, nearly opposite Denham Island, extending along the shore for a distance of 100 chains, with a depth of 160 chains, containing 1600 acres, more or less.

3. Commencing at a stake on the shore of Hemming Bay, Thurlow Island, about one-half mile West of Jackson Point; thence following the shore line 120 chains; thence in a N. W. direction 240 chains; thence Easterly 120 chains; thence South to point of commencement, containing 3500 acres, more or less.

HASTINGS SAW MILL CO'Y,
RICHD. H. ALEXANDER,
Manager.

Burrard Inlet, B. C., 30th July, 1884.
au18tc

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT have fitted up an

ASSAY OFFICE

At the Government Buildings, James Bay, Victoria.

ASSAYS OF ORES

Will be made at the nominal charge of $2.50 for each specimen.

WM. F. McCULLOCH,
Assayer.

September 22nd, 1885. 29se1m

FERRY.

KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS, properly endorsed, will be received by the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to noon of

Saturday, 31st October, 1885,

For the right to maintain and operate a ferry on the Kootenay River, at a point known as the Upper Crossing, for a term of five years.

The ferry right to extend five miles above and five miles below the respective points indicated.

Any party to whom a charter may be awarded shall provide and maintain a substantial ferry boat and proper appliances for working the same, a description of which must be given with his tender.

Tenders shall state the rate of toll proposed to be collected for—

Each Passenger,
" Team with wagon and driver,
" Saddle horse and rider,
" Loose horse or mule,
" Head of cattle,
" Sheep, swine, etc.
" Hundred pounds weight of freight.

Tenders must also state the amount of the annual rental to be paid to the Government for the privilege; and with each tender must be submitted the names of two responsible parties willing to sign a bond for the sum of $500 as security for the faithful carrying out of the contract.

All officers of the Provincial Government with their animals and freight to pass free.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 8th Sept., 1885.
se12td

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
18th August, 1885.

WHEREAS, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council is empowered, under the "Public School Act, 1885," to create School Districts, in addition to those already existing, and to define the boundaries thereof; it is hereby notified that His Honour has been pleased to create the tract of land enclosed within the undermentioned boundaries a School District, under the title of the "Beaver Point School District," viz:—

Commencing at the point in which the western boundary of Sec. 88, Salt Spring Island, reaches the sea; thence due south, to Fulford Harbor; thence easterly and along the sea-shore to the point of commencement; and including Russell, Portland and Moresby Islands.

Also, that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Burgoyne Bay School District" be re-defined, as follows:—

Commencing at the north-west corner of "Beaver Point School District"; thence due west to the sea-shore; thence southerly and along the sea-shore to Fulford Harbor; thence north, along the western boundary line of "Beaver Point School District," to the point of commencement.

Also that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Vesuvius School District" be re-defined, as follows:

All that portion of Salt Spring Island situated north of the northern boundary line of "Burgoyne Bay School District."

Also, that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Langley School District" be altered and re-defined, as follows:—

Commencing at the north-east corner of Section 126, Township 9, New Westminster District; thence south to the centre of the eastern boundary line of Section 24, Township 8, of said district; thence due east, to the western boundary of "East Langley School District;" thence in a right line, north, to the north-east corner of Section 16, Township 12, of said district; thence west, to the western boundary line of said township; thence due south, to point of commencement.

Also, that His Honour has been pleased to direct that the boundaries of "Prairie School District" be altered and re-defined, as follows:—

Commencing at the south-east corner of "Langley School District;" thence due west, to the eastern boundary line of Section 21, Township 8, New Westminster District; thence south, in a right line, to the south-west corner of Section 27, Township 7, of said district; thence due east, to the south-east corner of Section 28, Township 10, of said district; thence north, in a right line, to point of commencement.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.

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Grand Colonial Exhibition

IN LONDON, ENG., 1886.

FIFTY-FOUR THOUSAND FEET RESERVED FOR CANADA.

FIRST ROYAL EXHIBITION COMMISSION SINCE 1862.

THE COLONIAL AND INDIAN EXHIbition to be held in LONDON, England, commencing May 1st, 1886, is intended to be on a scale of great magnitude, having for object to mark an epoch in the relations of all the parts of the British Empire with each other.

In order to give becoming significance to the event, a Royal Commission is issued for the holding of this Exhibition, for the first time since 1862: and His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales has been appointed President by Her Majesty.

The very large space of 54,000 square feet has been allotted to the Dominion of Canada by the command of the President His Royal Highness.

This Exhibition is to be purely Colonial and Indian, and no competition from the United Kingdom or from foreign nations will be permitted, the object being to exhibit to the world at large what the Colonies can do.

The grandest opportunity ever offered to Canada is thus afforded to show the distinguished place she occupies, by the progress she has made in AGRICULTURE, in HORTICULTURE, in the INDUSTRIAL and FINE ARTS, in the MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES, in the NEWEST IMPROVEMENTS IN MANUFACTURING MACHINERY and IMPLEMENTS, in PUBLIC WORKS by MODELS and DESIGNS; also in and adequate display of her vast recources in the FISHERIES, and in FOREST and MINERAL wealth, and also in SHIPPING.

All Canadians of all parties and classes are invited to come forward and vie with each other on endeavouring on this great occasion to put Canada in her true place as the premier colony of the British Empire, and to establish her proper position before the world.

Every farmer, every producer, and every manufacturer has interest in assisting, it having been already demonstrated that extension of trade always follows such efforts.

By order,
JOHN LOWE,
Sec. of the Dept. of Agriculture.

Ottawa, 1st Sept., 1885. se23tc

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT in compliance with Section 4, Timber Act, 1884, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a License to cut and carry away timber from the following described Crown Lands, staked off by me previous to the date of this application.

Commencing at a stake on the east boundary line of Lot four hundred and eighty-six (486), Group one (1), New Westminster District, running thence east, 40 chains; thence north, eighty chains; thence west to the east arm of Squamish River; thence southerly along said arm to the north boundary line of said Lot 486, Group I; and thence along the north and east boundary lines of said lot to the point of commencement.

PHIL McMAHON.

New Westminster, 2nd Oct., 1885.
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BOOK, JOB

—AND—

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