THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN

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The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, June 13, 1885.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

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Current Events and Opinions.

Some one has been asking John Bright whether England will return to protection. When America returns to slavery is Bright's reply. In England what did protection mean? It meant a heavy tax on food. Can anybody imagine that when food is heavily taxed the people are better fed? Protectionists are always pointing the finger of warning at the temporary depression of this or the other trade or manufacture among the numberless trades and manufactures of Great Britain. Would the sufferers be better off if every loaf of bread cost them half as much again as it does? Would that give them higher power of production or a better market for their goods? There are strikes occasionally in England. There are just as many in the United States: you may see in an American paper the announcement of half-a-dozen in a row; and the other day in the mining country there was a strike which assumed the gravity of a petty civil war. Nothing can be more certain than that the system of protection, by the artificial stimulus which it gives, aggravates the fluctuations from which industrial disturbances arise. The distress and over-crowding in the low quarters of London are also cited as proofs of the fatal effects of free trade. In a city with four millions of inhabitants the amount of misery is sure to be large, though it bears no proportion to the amount of wealth and comfort. Accounts are every day coming to us of destitution in Paris fully as sad as those of destitution in London, though Paris does not like London receive a continual inflow of poor Irish and refugee Jews. Yet France is not a free trade country. If the corn laws were reinforced, which is what is meant in the case of England by a return to protection, rentals would again be bloated just as the gains of manufacturers are bloated by protective duties on goods, and the people would sink again into the hunger and despondency which were their lot before 1846.—*The Week.*

We suspect the truth to be that it is the variety of the excitements offered by war which, when the details are visible, so rapidly diffuses interest in them through classes the most diverse or far apart. Some, perhaps the majority, are attracted almost solely by the dramatic effects of a campaign. The sense of surprise which lies so deep in human nature is constantly being evoked, as it is evoked by nothing else. No battle is ever quite certain, nor was there ever a campaign in which it was not possible that individual genius might create situations, or cause catastrophes of the most entirely unexpected kind. History itself seems modified when the old army is beaten by the new one; and when Napoleon crushes the Austrians, or Von Moltke crushes the French, there is as much of material for amazement as if new forces from Heaven had descended into the field. Men love surprise; and no surprise could be greater than that of the skilled onlooker when Koeniggratz revealed the powers of the needle-gun, and Speicheren showed to what kind of dreadful discipline the Prussian army had been wrought-up. Many spectators, again, who care less for dramatic effects, feel intensely the historic aspect of war, the light it throws on the martial capacities of the different peoples, on their organization, and on their aspirations. "These Germans, then, are not dreamers." "These French are only great when they win." "These Russians die in heaps uselessly." "These Arabs are heroes." Such revelations as these, palpable and unmistakable, beyond argument as beyond alteration, enchant observers with historic minds, and seem to them to throw on the past a stronger light even than on the present. Then there is the passionate interest excited by great individualities. Nothing arouses this like war, because no human being is so visible as a great general. His strokes, his ideas, his shifts, are studied like those of a superior being, and whole nations wince if he has made a palpable mistake, or is cut off before he has executed his plans. It is Wellington who interests, not the British army; it is the fate of Gordon that attracts, not that of Khartoum. And finally, there is the interest in the mighty "game" itself. If the faculty of strategy is not much more widely-spread than is believed the interest in strategy is; and it is one of the most absorbing kind. Of the thousands who watch the turns of a campaign, hundreds, whether qualified or not, form an opinion as to the merits of the last move, and the necessity for the next. One rarely meets the mute, inglorious Milton; but the non-fighting Jomini is at every corner. Add to the lovers of great drama, to the lovers of history, to the enthusiasts for ability, and to the men who delight in chess with a country for table and brigades for pieces, the uncountable crowd who only feel alive when emotions are strong and dangers great, and events cataclysmal, and we shall understand pretty fairly the wide diffusion of the interest in war which develops in some minds, often belonging to sedentary people, into a consuming passion.—*Spectator.*

Richmond Council.

In pursuance of new letters patent issued on the 23rd May, 1885, the reeve and council elect met in the town hall on Saturday, June 6th, at 12 o'clock noon. The following gentlemen having been declared by the returning officer elected as reeve and councillors, and having produced the necessary certificates of having taken the declaration of qualification and office, took their seats, viz.: H. Boyd, reeve; W. R. McMyn, W. H. London, Hector McDonald, A. H. Daniels, Alex. Kilgour, councillors. On motion of Coun. Daniels, seconded by Coun. McMyn, the appointment of O. D. Sweet as clerk, assessor and collector was confirmed. On motion, the clerk was instructed to apply to the government agent for the names of owners and amount of acreage of islands in north arm of Fraser river not yet entered on assessment roll. The following were appointed as a board of works: Couns. Daniels, McDonald, McMyn and London. Council adjourned till Monday, June 8th, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Council met on Monday, June 8th. Present—H. Boyd, reeve; and Couns. London, Daniels, McDonald and Kilgour. Communications were received from the deputy attorney-general respecting letters patent, and from Corbould & McColl respecting the case of Faulkner vs. The Corporation of Richmond, which, on motion, were received and placed on file; and the action of the clerk in answering these communications approved by the council. The board of works reported that the contract of W. J. Scratchley for flood-boxes and bridge over slough was completed according to specifications; also that Smith & Good had abandoned contract on Sea Island. Reports received and adopted, and on motion the tender of McGee Bros. for road and ditch on Sea Island was accepted, at $4.60 per chain, provided they are prepared to go on with the work, the clerk being requested to notify them to that effect.

The court of revision opened at 1 o'clock. Two appeals were presented, viz., J. C. Vermilyea and Thos. D. Lindsay, in each case complaining of over assessment of 6 acres of land. The clerk was instructed to reduce their assessments accordingly; also to strike off the wild land tax from Joseph Sailor's assessment and add $100 to his assessment. The court adjourned till the 4th day of July next, at one o'clock p. m.

The council resumed. Coun. Kilgour submitted the revenue by-law, 1885, and Coun. London submitted trades' license by-law, both of which passed through their several stages and were read 3rd time. The reeve and clerk were appointed a committee to wait on Mr. Faulkner with power to act. The council stood adjourned for a short time. On resuming the committee reported they could make no arrangement with Mr. Faulkner; that they had, without prejudice, offered him $50; that he refused to take that amount, but offered to take $200. On motion the report of the committee was adopted; also Thos. Kidd, Esq., was chosen as arbitrator on behalf of the council; the clerk instructed to procure the necessary bonds, to notify Mr. Kidd of his appointment and the time set for the first meeting of arbitrators, viz., on Saturday next, at 1 o'clock p. m., and to make final arrangements to appoint an umpire; also that the court of arbitrators meet to adjudicate on the 23rd June next, at 10 o'clock a. m. The clerk was also instructed to have the letters patent and the names of the reeve and council published in accordance with the "Municipality Act, 1881." The following bills were passed and ordered paid: COLUMBIAN, $1.70; T. R. Pearson & Co., $6.75. On motion section 1 of rules of order was amended, and the council adjourned to meet on the first Saturday in July next.

COMPLAINTS.—The grand jury, in their presentment at Kamloops on Thursday, referred to the frequent use of profane and obscene language on the streets of that growing city, and asked Mr. Justice Walkem to use his influence to have the law in reference to the same strictly enforced. They also called attention to the imperfect carriage of the mails between Spence's Bridge and Kamloops via Nicola.

NEW YORK ASSESSMENT.—The assessment of taxable property in the city aggregates this year $1,175,052,885, against $1,119,761,597, an increase of over $55,000,000 for the year. There are 24 wards in the city, the taxable property in each ranging from $10,000,000 to $198,000,000. In the city is property exempt from taxation aggregating in amount $265,000,000.

"I wouldn't worry about the cholera, dear," said a wife to her husband; "it isn't at all likely that it will reach this country." "I don't know about that," he replied nervously; "it might break out at any moment, and we might have a frightful time. I—I think I had better pay the back pew rent, anyway."

Bismarck's income is over $300 a day. This handsome independence is the result of life-long frugality. Any man ought to get rich who eats nothing but sauerkraut and sausages.

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oc29tc Kamloops, B. C.

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OFFICE—Next Elson's Tailor Shop, Cor. Church and Columbia Sts. no22tc

DR. S. CLARKE,
Member College Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Registered under Medical Ordinance of British Columbia.
Office in D. S. Curtis & Co.'s Drug Store, New Westminster, B. C. no20tc

T. H. MATHERS, M. D.
OFFICE—Temporarily in Wise's building, Front street.
RESIDENCE—St. John street, opposite the Public School, New Westminster. mh15-tc

E. STEVENSON, M. D.
(Formerly of New Westminster—1862-63.)
HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
View St., Victoria, B. C. mh18m3

H. M. COOPER, B. A., M. D.,
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OFFICE and RESIDENCE—Church St. (next door to Farmers' Home), near Columbia St., New Westminster, B.C.
OFFICE HOURS—8 to 10 a. m.; 1 to 3 and 6.30 to 8 p. m. Calls in town and country promptly attended to. fe2tc

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &C.
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Graining, Kalsomining and Paper-Hanging. SHOP—Clarkson street, opposite the New Westminster Jail, New Westminster, British Columbia. ap2-tc

HUGHES & ATKINSON,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS
And Conveyancers. Accounts collected and Loans Negotiated. Office, Columbia street, opposite the Post Office, New Westminster, B. C.
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Port Moody and New Westminster Property a specialty.
OFFICE—Columbia Street, opposite Post Office, New Westminster, B. C. jly6tc

T. J. TRAPP,
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER,
Columbia Street,.....New Westminster
Parties desirous of disposing of their farms, etc., will do well to place the same in the hands of the above.
All commissions will receive prompt and careful attention. Best references given when required. mh12-tc

J. C. HUGHES,
AUCTIONEER
Office at Hughes & Atkinson's,
Opposite Post Office, New Westminster, British Columbia. mh7tc

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Barrister-at-Law, Notary Public, Solicitor and Attorney, Real Estate Agent and Conveyancer
PORT MOODY.
BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE IN EVery section of Port Moody. Also, Suburban Lots by the acre, immediately adjacent to the Port Moody surveyed Townsite.
Lands for sale on the north side of, and having water frontage on Port Moody Harbor, finely situated and exceedingly valuable.
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Carefully prepared Maps and Plans exhibited, and the fullest information furnished, at Mr. Hamilton's office. mh25tc

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CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,
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NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.
N. B.—Only Genuine Drugs used. Over twenty years' experience. mr23

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PUMP FACTORY
CHURCH STREET.
In rear of the "Farmer's Home."
THE UNDERSIGNED have opened a Factory for the manufacture of all kinds of
WOODEN PUMPS,
And are prepared to furnish the public with an article superior to any iron pump.
☞ Wells Dug and Cribbed.
Port Haney BRICKS For Sale.
Orders by mail, or otherwise, will be promptly attended to.
my27tc TERNAN BROS.

IN THE MATTER OF
HENRY EICKHOFF,
Of New Westminster, General Merchant.
THE ABOVE-NAMED HENRY EICKhoff having made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors to Mr. Thomas Earle, of Victoria, creditors are required to send to the undersigned within one month from this date full particulars of their claims duly verified, after which period the trustee will divide the funds then in his possession among those creditors of whose claims he shall then have notice.
Attention is called to the sale of the stock in trade of said Henry Eickhoff which will take place in about 10 days and will be duly advertised by posters.
CHAS. G. MAJOR.
New Westminster, April 28, 1885. 29mp4m

W. D. FERRIS,
LAND, HOUSE and GENERAL AGENT
Rent and Debt Collector.
SEVERAL GOOD FARMS FOR SALE.
Agent for the TRAVELER'S LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY, Hartford, Conn.
OFFICE:—Ferris Street, New Westminster. fe4tc

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Tailoring Emporium
MOST FASHIONABLE IN THE CITY.
Opposite the Bank, Columbia street, New Westminster, B. C. [my26-tc.

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BOOT & SHOE STORE
WHEN YOU WANT TO GET YOUR MONEY'S WORTH
Boots and Shoes of every description made to order and repaired, from an infant's shoe to a man's boot.
☞ The highest cash price paid for Hides.
I am importing 40 tons of Oak Bark for use at my tannery, so that people need no longer send away for oak-tanned leather.
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BOOTS AND SHOES
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Made to Order and Kept on Hand.
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Boot & Shoe Manufactory,
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AT VICTORIA PRICES.
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Shop under the new Oddfellow Hall, Columbia st., New Westminster.

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Front St., New Westminster,
MANUFACTURER OF
BISCUITS
AND DEALER IN
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
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WEST END
Bakery and Grocery
Plain and Fancy
Bread, Buns, Pies, Cakes,
And Confectionery always on hand.
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
Delivered to any part of the City.
KELLY BROS., Columbia Street. je21-tc

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Woods, Turner & Gamble
LAND SURVEYORS
.....AND.....
DRAUGHTSMEN.
MAPS COMPILED,
Real Estate, Insurance and Commission Agents.
TERMINUS LOTS FOR SALE.
A Complete List of City and Farming Property for Sale.
MONEY TO LEND.
FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT & MARINE INSURANCE
Open Policies issued on Shipments by Sea or Rail from England, United States, Canada and China.
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P. O. Drawer W. Telephone No. 46.
WOODS, TURNER & GAMBLE.
mh28tc

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AN APPRENTICE to assist in the millinery department.
Apply to
ap15tc JAMES ELLIARD & CO.

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FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.
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WE HAVE JUST OPENED AT
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COLUMBIA STREET
(Centrally located for convenience of Ladies ordering), a Market to supply the Public with all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked
Fish, Game,
Vegetables, Fruit,
—AND—
General Farm Produce, &c.,
Where there will always be found a good supply on hand.
GOODS DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE to private houses and hotels, upon orders being left at the office.
We respectfully solicit the patronage of the Public.
☞ Remember the stand—Two Doors below Trapp Bros.
WINDSOR & NELSON,
Managers at Market.
JAMES TAFFANDOLE,
jly5tc Manager Fishing.

Confederation Life
ASSOCIATION.
Guarantee Capital $1,000,000
Full Gov'm't Deposit
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, CANADA
A HOME COMPANY.
This Association merits the confidence the Public is reposing in it from the following FACTS:—
The Security offered to policy holders is unsurpassed by any Company doing business in Canada,
It has no schemes of insurance, but the well-established lines, hence the policy holders cannot be misled as to their contracts.
Its statements to the public can be readily understood, its cash statement showing every item of income and how expended.
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Its progress has been unexampled in the history of insurance in Canada.
Its policies are indisputable after three years, and non-forfeitable after two years' existence.
Its profits are distributed upon an equitable basis. The profits to one class of policy holders are not lessened to give larger profits to any other class, which method affords superior advantages over the uniform bonus plan of distribution.
Liberal Conditions as to Residence and Travel.
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Will accommodate the traveling public at the following rates:
Board per day.....$1 00
" " week 5 00
Single Meals..... 25
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☞ Good accommodation for ladies and families. my9tc

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ALEX. JOHNSTONE,
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All Orders for Meat promptly filled
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MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
ROUGH AND DRESSED
LUMBER
Shingles,
Shakes,
Laths,
Pickets,
SALMON BOXES,
Net Floats, Trays
AND ALL KINDS OF
Wood Furnishing for Canneries,
Doors, Windows, Blinds, Frames, Mouldings, Brackets, Railings, Balusters, Newels,
Plain & Fancy & all Kinds of
TURNED WORK.
(se3tc)

NOTICE.
IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND to make application to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty acres of land in New Westminster District, described as follows:
Commencing from a post on Frederick Arm, about half a mile n'th of Owen Point, thence west, 40 chains; thence north, 40 chains; thence east, 40 chains; thence southerly, following the coast line to point of commencement.
ANGUS C. FRASER.
New Westminster, June 9, 1885. 10je2m

LOST.
BETWEEN PORT HAMMOND AND New Westminster, a
Large Leather Portmanteau,
marked "Pelly." Any person furnishing information that will lead to its recovery will be suitably rewarded.
Information may be sent to this office. 10je1t

OCCIDENT HOTEL
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
The Only Fire-Proof Hotel in the City.
THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT
IS UNDER THE CHARGE OF AN EXPERIENCED ARTIST.
THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE to announce to the Public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where everything will be found first-class, and at reasonable rates.
The Parlors and Sleeping Apartments are under the superintendence of MRS. AUSTIN.
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THIS FINE AND COMMODIOUS new Hotel has been recently completed and is furnished with every convenience for the comfort of guests. The situation and accommodations are unsurpassed on Burrard Inlet, which has become the most fashionable
WATERING PLACE
in British Columbia. The prospect is charming, the sea breezes are invigorating, and the facilities for bathing and boating are excellent. Private Sitting and Dining Rooms. Suites of apartments for families or parties. The Bar is entirely detatched from the main building.
First-class stabling and feed for Horses. Busses to and from New Westminster twice a day.
GEO. BLACK,
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THE UNDERSIGNED HAS PLEASure in announcing that he is now prepared to supply all kinds of Furniture, &c., at the lowest possible prices. Cabinet work and Upholstering done promptly and in first-class style.
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In all its branches. The undersigned has the only HEARSE in the City. A continuance of public patronage solicited. Old stand, next Occident Hotel.
J. G. BUNTE,
Late Manager Sehl's Branch Furniture Store. au5tc

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THE STEAMER
"IDAHO"
Will run between
New Westminster and Tacoma
Calling at Port Townsend, Seattle, and Intermediate Ports, as follows:
LEAVE TACOMA EVERY WEDNESDAY AT 1 P.M. ARRIVING AT NEW WESTMINSTER FRIDAY MORNING.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER EVERY FRIDAY AT NOON, ARRIVING AT TACOMA SUNDAY AFTERNOON.
REDUCTION OF FARES.
NEW WESTMINSTER TO PORT TOWNSEND, $4.00
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" " TACOMA, " " 6.00
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Nearly Opposite the Colonial Hotel,
NEW WESTMINSTER.
THE LARGEST AND CHOICEST assortment of all descriptions of
MEATS AND VEGETABLES
Constantly on hand, and supplied to Families, Restaurants, and Steamboats at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

For Sale or To Rent.

LAND FOR SALE.
GOOD LAND, IMPROVED OR UNIMproved for sale on Lulu Island.
Apply to THOS. KIDD,
22ap3m Lulu Island.

Two Houses to Rent
—APPLY TO—
HENRY V. EDMONDS,
Land Agent,
Opp. Hyack Hall, Columbia St.
mh11tc

FOR SALE.
ONE-HALF INTEREST IN the Langley Saw and Planing Mill; mill in good order. For particulars apply on the premises to H. WEST,
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For Sale or Lease!
A VALUABLE FARM OF 100 ACRES, with Dwelling House, Barn, Outhouses, Orchard, &c., &c.—to be sold on easy terms, or to lease; situate on South arm of Fraser river and very near to New Westminster. Apply to
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fe14tc New Westminster, B. C.

A FARM FOR SALE
OF DYKED DELTA LAND OF THE very best quality.
For further particulars apply to
M. STEVES & SONS,
City Market, opposite Post Office, New Westminster, B. C.
Or, M. STEVES, Lulu Island.
22ap2m

FARM FOR SALE.
ABOUT 3 MILES FROM CHILLIwhack Landing; contains 176 acres; about 40 acres under cultivation; with House, Barn and Orchard. Terms easy. Apply to JAMES DUNDAS,
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1373 Acres Choice Prairie Lands
6 MILES FROM LADNER'S LANDING and 9 miles from New Westminster, on the Trunk road. Over 150 acres under cultivation. There is a Dwelling House, 36x40, two stories high, and 5 Barns on the property; together with other out-buildings. The above will be sold in lots to suit purchasers and on easy terms.
For particulars apply to
JOHN MCKEE,
ap4tc Near Ladner's Landing.

FOR SALE.
1440 ACRES CHOICE
DELTA LANDS
3 MILES FROM LADNER'S Landing, on the Trunk Wagon Road; two other roads running through the premises. Apply to
E. A. WADHAMS,
de22tc Ladner's Landing, B.C.

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A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork for a family of two.
my11c Apply to G. LEISER.

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If you want good, reliable Garden, Farm or Flower Seeds, send to
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Seed Merchants and Growers,
HAMILTON, ONT.
Catalogue free on application. fe7tc

C. P. R. TERMINUS LOTS
—AT—
COAL HARBOR
FOR SALE BY
HUGHES & ATKINSON,
Opposite Post Office, New Westminster British Columbia.
de8tc

NOTICE.
APPLICATION WILL BE MADE TO the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works by the undersigned to purchase the following described land:
[1] 640 acres on Longborough Inlet, commencing at a stake on shore at head of Beaver Creek, thence north 80 chains; west 80 chains; south 80 chains; east 80 chains, to place of beginning.
JAS. McNERHANIE,
11th May, 1885.
[2] 640 acres on Vancouver Island, commencing at a stake 20 chains from beach two miles south of Otter Point, Discovery Passage; thence west 80 chains; south 80 chains; east 80 chains; north 80 chains, to place of beginning.
E. B. HILL.
4th May, 1885.
[3] 640 acres on Elk Bay, Vancouver Island, commencing at W. P. Sayward's southeast corner; thence west 80 chains; south 80 chains; east 80 chains; north 80 chains, to place of beginning.
J. WILCOX.
4th May, 1885. 20my2m

Blacksmith Shop
Cor. Columbia & Begbie Sts.,
New Westminster, B. C
THE LARGEST STOCK ON THE MAINLAND OF
IRON, STEEL,
CHAIN.
HORSE AND OX-SHOES,
Axles, Springs and Carriage Hardware,
CUMBERLAND COAL, ETC.
ALL OF THE ABOVE I OFFER AT lowest cash prices. Having enlarged the business and procured the latest improved tools in use, I am now prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing on short notice. I also keep in stock the following articles: Narrows, Iron and Steel Narrow Teeth, Narrow Hinges, Double and Single Tree Irons, Clevices and Shackles, Ox-yoke Staples and Rings, Mail Rings and Wedges, Frows, Cant Hooks, Dog and Chain Hooks, Hay Hooks, etc.
Wagon, Carriage and Buggy Making a specialty.
Parties desiring to purchase will do well to give me a call before going elsewhere.
JOHN REID, Foreman.
4mhtc W. R. LEWIS, Proprietor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

Entertainment.....Blue Ribbon Club
Notice.....S. D. Pope
Notice.....A. C. Fraser
In Supreme Court.....E. A. Jenns
Letters Patent.....Jno. Robson
Special.....G. E. Bailey

The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, June 13, 1885.

It was generally believed that the tories would not accept office in the event of Mr. Gladstone's resignation, but that belief does not seem to have been well founded. It is now announced that a tory government will be formed, probably with Sir Stafford Northcote or Lord Salisbury as leader. Looking at all the circumstances it is a matter of no little wonder that such a decision should have been reached. The tories cannot reasonably hope to improve their position by accepting office under the circumstances.

Gen. Middleton seems to have become somewhat disgusted with the aspect of affairs in the northwest, and does not propose to spend any more time chasing Big Bear over the hills and mountains. He evidently thinks the task of catching an experienced Indian on his own ground is more than white men could reasonably be expected to accomplish. If the bulk of the troops are sent home, a comparatively small force stationed in the north would soon starve Big Bear and his people into submission, and possibly this policy may be pursued.

Outside Opinion.

The Portland *Oregonian*, which often displays accurate knowledge and much fairness in discussing questions relating to Canada and Great Britain, gives expression to the following judgment on the Dominion franchise bill: "Sir John Macdonald, the Canadian premier, finding himself hard pressed by political foes, is endeavoring to retain his hold upon the government by restricting the franchise among the intelligent citizens of Canada, and giving an unlicensed right of voting to the Indian wards who receive subsistence and favors at the hands of his agents. His franchise bill provides for a real property qualification of $200 and an income of $300 as a condition of voting, and at the same time gives an unrestricted franchise to each of the howling redskins who lives on a reserve when he gets hungry, goes on the hunt when he gets sportive, and takes to the warpath when he gets savage. Such a watering of the vote of the country would make the strongest United States democrat shudder for the fate of free institutions."

Highly Flattering.

A report of the meeting held by the provincial secretary at Maple Ridge last Tuesday will be found in another column. We have not yet received a report from Langley, but hope to receive it before Wednesday. The spirit manifested at both these meetings towards the government and the provincial secretary (who is senior representative of the district) was of the most cordial and appreciative kind. There was not a man present upon either occasion who expressed dissatisfaction at the policy of the government or the size of the appropriations set apart for public improvements. Indeed if these people come with unprejudiced minds to a consideration of the present circumstances, and compare the treatment they are receiving from the present government with that received from former ones, the conclusion reached must be one entirely favorable to this administration. The large appropriations for public roads and bridges in the rural districts may not in some cases be large enough to accomplish all that one could wish, but they are immeasurably larger than those of former years. If the present government had not got rid of the dry-dock these sums now being spent in permanent improvements could not have been obtained. Not only are we delivered from the exhaustion of annual appropriations to this profitless undertaking, but we have been fully recouped for the sums already expended upon it, and have obtained a pledge from the federal government that it will be completed and operated. In this way the province receives the full benefit of the dry-dock without any of the expenditure and risk. Having settled the great questions that were so seriously embarrasing the people of this province, and taken much pains to develop the country's best interests, the government must be extremely gratified by such expressions of confidence and hearty approval as were offered at the Maple Ridge and Langley meetings.

It is not True.

In the Toronto *Mail* of the 30th May we find the following very misleading announcement: "A statement was published in some of the morning papers to the effect that some of the people of British Columbia had become very indignant with the Dominion government for its policy with respect to land in that province, and were threatening to take up arms to secure their rights. The government have no intimation of anything that looks like a rising in the Pacific province, and it must be a gross slander upon the people of that loyal province which is circulated without their knowledge. The facts with respect to the land policy of the Dominion government are briefly as follows:—The provincial government transferred to the Dominion government a belt of land twenty miles on each side of the Canada Pacific railway in that province, as its contribution to cost of that, to them, most important railway work. The Dominion government made regulations for the sale of these lands and are now offering them for sale. There may be some speculators *whose plans have been disturbed by* the Dominion government resolving to sell, and these may have done their worst to force the Dominion government to prostitute their public trust to the wishes of these speculators. But the people are not mixed up with the few speculators who are trying to compromise the good faith and the honor of British Columbia." *The Mail could hardly* have struck wider of the mark than it has done in the concluding sentences of the above extract. For many years the people of this province have been praying and petitioning the Dominion government to have the lands in the railway belt surveyed and placed in the market, but hitherto in vain. Our local government has exhausted every diplomatic resource to bring about the same object. The neglect of the federal government in this matter has lost to the Dominion thousands of desirable settlers, who have gone across the boundary disheartened because the lands were not available for settlement. It is not true that these lands would fall into the hands of speculators if opened to the public. It has never been asked by speculators that they should be so opened, but it has been asked over and over again by the great mass of the people, by successive local governments, and by the provincial press everywhere. The *Mail* is in absolute ignorance of the subject upon which it writes.

Yielded One Point.

On Wednesday morning Mr. D. S. Curtis, secretary of the New Westminster Board of Trade, received the following telegram:

OTTAWA, June 10.—Dominion timber rates reduced to local government rates on the railway belt west of Yale. —J. A. R. HOMER.

It will not very much surprise our readers to learn that the federal government has yielded this point, but we must confess that action has been taken with much more promptness than we expected. But the pressure brought to bear upon the government has been unusually great. Not only have numerous protests been sent to Ottawa against the obnoxious regulations by various corporations, public meetings and private individuals, but above all the vigorous and able minute of council sent forward by the provincial government must have made it very plain to the people of Ottawa that a grave blunder had been committed, and that in the interest of the country it could not be rectified too soon. This minute (a copy of which we published on Wednesday) reached Ottawa on the 4th of this month, and we have no doubt that through it chiefly has been brought about the concession which we announce with so much pleasure this morning. The promptness and effectiveness of the local government's action in this matter deserves our heartiest commendation. There are some people who seemed to regard the obnoxious timber regulations as something which concerned only the mill men, and had no special interest for the general public. This is a great mistake. There is no person in this district who would not be affected to some extent by the enforcement of these regulations, and the consequent embarrassment of the timber trade. These milling establishments give steady employment to hundreds of men, and create a market for the agricultural products of the district. Not only is the market created at the mills themselves, but wherever a logging camp is found, there also grows up a produce market. Besides, the addition which these regulations would put on the cost of producing lumber must of necessity be added to the price of the lumber itself, and consumers throughout the district would be compelled to *pay the Dominion tax.* Now that the federal authorities have abandoned the increased timber dues, we hope negotiations will still go on respecting the land regulations. *There are some of the requirements* of settlement so arbitrary and so conflicting with the manifest interests of the country that they must be modified. Men who come to Victoria with the object of settling upon these lands are constantly being directed into other regions where the settlement duties are less exacting, and the development of this district is retarded by the same cause which seriously curtails the federal revenues. We look forward with much confidence to the adjustment of this grievance also, but it ought not to be delayed a moment longer.

A Musical and Literary

ENTERTAINMENT

WILL BE GIVEN BY THE

Blue Ribbon Club

IN THE SKATING RINK,

—ON—

TUESDAY, JUNE 16th.

An excellent Programme will be presented. Admission free. Strawberries and Cream served during the evening for 25cts. Programme at 8 o'clock. Collection will be taken on behalf of the Society.

☞The programme will be under the exclusive management of the YOUNG MEN of the Club, and the public may expect an entertainment of more than ordinary attractiveness. 13je2t

EDUCATION BRANCH OF PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT, June 9th, 1885.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Examination of Candidates for Certificates of Qualification to teach in the Public Schools of the Province will be held in the Legislative Assembly Hall, Victoria, commencing at 10 a.m. on Monday, July 6th.

S. D. POPE,
Je10td Superintendent of Education.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT thirty days after date I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for timbering purposes the following described lands in New Westminster District.

(1) The Government reserve adjoining and to the west of Lot 192, Group 1.

(2) Starting at the southwest corner of said reserve, thence due west to the east boundary of Point Grey reserve; thence north to shore line of English Bay; thence easterly, following shore line to northwest corner of reserve, adjoining and to the west of Lot 192, Group 1; thence south, following west boundary of said reserve to point of commencement.

ANGUS C. FRASER.
Per A. G. GAMBLE.

New Westminster, B. C.
12th June, 1885. 13jelm

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the Goods of **GEORGE GIBSON, deceased, intestate, and in the matter of the Intestate Estate Ordinance, 1868.**

PURSUANT TO THE ORDER OF THE Hon. Court, dated the 9th day of June, 1885, and made in this matter, tenders in writing for the purchase of the northwest quarter of Section 27, Township 26, District of New Westminster, will be received by me up to 12 o'clock, noon, on Friday, 10th July, 1885.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated this 10th June, 1885.

E. A. JENNS,
Administrator.

New Westminster.

For particulars apply to W. NORMAN BOLE, *New Westminster, Solicitor for the* Administrator. je13td

FOR RENT.

SEYMOUR CREEK MILK RANCH, Burrard Inlet, midway between Coal Harbor and Port Moody, containing 320 acres, with dwelling house, barn, stables and orchard. Also

FOR SALE.

20 MILCH COWS, 1 BULL, and all the utensils belonging to a Dairy. For particulars, address

H. BURR,
Je6te *New Westminster.*

PYÆMIA

Is the most virulent form of blood-poisoning. Less speedily fatal, but not less certainly so, is the vitiation of the blood of *which the first symptoms are* **Pimples, Sties, Boils,** and **Cutaneous Eruptions.** When the taint of **Scrofula** gives warning of its presence by such indications, no time should be lost in using AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, the only perfect and reliable medicine for the purification of the blood.

SCROFULA

Is a foul corruption in the blood that rots out all the machinery of life. Nothing will eradicate it from the system and prevent its transmission to offspring but AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. This preparation is also the only one that will cleanse the blood of Mercurial poison and the taint of Contagious Diseases. Impoverished blood is productive of

ANÆMIA,

A wretched condition indicated by **Pallid Skin, Flaccid Muscles, Shattered Nerves,** and **Melancholy.** Its first symptoms are **Weakness, Languor, Loss of Nerve Force,** and **Mental Dejection.** Its course, unchecked, leads inevitably to insanity or death. Women frequently suffer from it. The only medicine that, while purifying the blood, enriches it with new vitality, and invigorates the whole system, is

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

D J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists: Price $1; Six bottles for $5.

[L.S.] CLEMENT F. CORNWALL.

Province of British Columbia.

VICTORIA, *by the Grace of God, of the* United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

To all to whom these presents shall come. GREETING.

ALEX. E. B. DAVIE, Attorney-General. } WHEREAS Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Province of British Columbia, bearing date the tenth day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, were issued duly incorporating certain pieces of land therein referred to, and the inhabitants thereof, as a Municipality, under the provisions in the said Letters Patent contained or referred to, and under the name and style of "The Corporation of Richmond;"

Whereas by Section 9 of the "Municipality Act, 1881," it is provided that "in case "two-thirds of the Municipal Council of "any city, town, or district, duly incorpo-"rated, do pass a resolution affirming the "expediency of extending the limits of "such corporation, the Lieutenant-Gov-"ernor in Council may extend the limits "of such corporation, and the same shall "be defined in Letters Patent, which shall "be published in the British Columbia "*Gazette*, and also in a local newspaper: "Provided that such boundaries shall not "be extended on such application more "than half a mile beyond the boundaries "existing at the time of such application; "and no limits of any corporation or mu-"nicipality shall be extended, other than "the corporation of a now existing city, "*unless the consent of the majority of the* "inhabitants to be affected thereby be first "obtained at a poll to be held for that pur-"pose. And such Council shall, subject "to the like consent of the Lieutenant-"Governor in Council, be at liberty to ex-"tend or contract their limits for police "purposes only, without such Letters Pa-"tent being issued;"

And whereas two-thirds of the Municipal *Council of the Corporation of Richmond* have passed a resolution affirming the expediency of extending the limits of such Municipality;

And whereas the consent of the majority of the inhabitants to be affected by such extension has been obtained at a poll held for that purpose;

And whereas the said Letters Patent have been, and are hereby, revoked;

And whereas the Honorable CLEMENT F. CORNWALL, Lieutenant-Governor of our Province hath, under and by virtue of the powers and authorities by law conferred upon him, by Order in Council, directed that Letters Patent should issue incorporating the inhabitants of all those pieces of land hereinafter more particularly described and defined, from and after the date hereof, as a Municipality, under the *provisions of the* "*Municipality Act*, 1881," and amending Acts, and under the provisions hereinafter contained or referred to:

NOW KNOW YE that, by these presents we do hereby Order and Proclaim that the inhabitants of the said pieces of land hereinafter more particularly described, shall, from and after the date hereof, be incorporated as a Municipality, under and subject *to the provisions of the said Act and* amending Acts and under and subject to the provisions hereinafter contained or referred to.

The said Municipality shall be called and known by the name and style of "The Corporation of the Township of Richmond."

The boundaries of the said Municipality are hereby proclaimed to be, and shall, *unless altered according to law, be as follows:*—Commencing at the southeast corner of the Musqueam Indian Reserve, at the mouth of the North Arm of Fraser River, said point being also the southwest corner of Lot 314, Group One, New Westminster District; thence easterly, following the meanderings of the north bank of the North Arm of Fraser River to the southeast corner of the Municipality of *New Westminster; thence across the* North Arm of Fraser River to the northeast corner of Section 25, Block 5 North, Range 4 West; thence true south to the south shore line of Lulu Island; thence southwesterly, westerly and northerly along the shore line of Lulu and Sea Islands to the southwest corner of Section 8, Block 5 North, Range 7 West; thence northeasterly, to the point of commence*ment; including all the Islands in the* North Arm of Fraser River, also the Islands in Fraser River known as Lots 458, 516, 5.7, 531, 532, 533, 534, and 535, Group One.

The Council shall consist of five Councillors and a Reeve, and the whole number present at each meeting thereof shall not be less than four.

The nomination shall take place, and *the poll, if any, shall be held at the* Town Hall, Richmond.

The nomination for the first election of Councillors shall be on the second day of June, 1885, at 12 o'clock noon; and the polling, if any, shall be on the fourth day of June, 1885, and shall continue for one day only; and the poll shall be kept open between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., and O. D. Sweet, Esq., of Richmond, shall be the *Returning Officer* thereat.

At least four days' notice of the time and place of nomination and of holding of the poll, if any, shall be given by the said Returning Officer; such notice to be posted during that period on the outer door of the said Town Hall.

The Returning Officer shall, on the day of nomination, at noon, announce the names of the persons put in nomination in that behalf as candidates for the office of Reeve and Councillors, as prescribed by the "Municipality Act, 1881," and amending Acts.

At the close of the time for nominating the candidates, the Returning Officer shall deliver to every candidate, or agent of a candidate, applying for the same, a duly certified list of the names of the several candidates who shall have been nominated; and any votes given at the election for any other candidates than those so nominated shall be null and void.

If, at the expiration of the time appointed for the election as aforesaid, no more candidates stand nominated than there are vacancies to be filled up, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare the candidates who may stand nominated to be elected, and return their names to the Registrar of the Supreme Court.

No speeches or interruption to the proceedings of nominating candidates at the hustings shall be permitted by the Returning Officer between the reading of the notice of election and the closing of the proceedings on nomination day by the Returning Officer.

If, at the expiration of such time, more candidates stand nominated than there are vacancies to be filled up, the Returning Officer shall, pursuant to the "Municipality Act, 1881," and amending Acts, declare the names of the candidates, and publicly proclaim the day and time previously stated in his proclamation, and the place or places at which the poll shall be so opened in the Municipality, or in each polling place in the Municipality (as the case may be), for the purpose of taking the votes of the electors according to law; and shall then adjourn the election, and, in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act, shall take a poll by ballot, and shall cause to be posted up notices of his having granted such a poll, indicating the names, residences, and occupations of the candidates so nominated, in the order in which they shall be written or printed on the ballot papers, which notices shall, as soon as possible after the nomination, be placarded in all the places where the proclamation for the election was posted up.

If, after the adjournment of an election by the Returning Officer for the purpose of taking a poll, one of the candidates shall die before the poll has commenced, the Returning Officer shall, upon being satisfied of the fact of such death, countermand notice of the poll, and all the proceedings with reference to the election shall be commenced afresh: Provided that no fresh nomination shall be necessary in the case of a candidate who stood nominated at the time of the countermand of the poll.

In case of a poll being held the candidates (duly qualified) who shall obtain the greatest number of votes shall be Municipal Councillors and Reeve respectively.

Every person qualified to vote shall have six votes, being one for each Councillor to be elected, and one for Reeve, but he may vote for any less number than six: Provided always, that he shall not cast more than one vote in favor of any one candidate, or vote on more than one occasion, except for Reeve. And in the event of the number of votes being found to have been *equal for any two or more candidates, one* or more of whom, but not all of such candidates, being by the state of the poll entitled to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall by a casting vote or votes as the case may be, decide which of the candidates for whom the votes may be equal shall be elected. Provided that the said Returning Officer shall not vote except in the case of an equality of votes as *aforesaid.*

All expenses attendant upon the said election shall be borne by the candidates in equal proportion; such expenses shall not exceed in the whole one hundred dollars.

The opening of the ballot boxes and counting the votes shall be in the presence of the candidates if they attend for that purpose.

The Returning Officer, *after the declaration* of the poll, shall retain the ballot papers and boxes until a Clerk shall be duly appointed, to whom he shall forthwith deliver the same.

Every person who shall have presented himself for nomination, and who shall have been elected a Municipal Councillor or Reeve, must serve, or in default pay a sum of fifty dollars towards the Municipal revenue; such sum, with costs, shall be recoverable by the Clerk of the Municipal Council, summarily, before any Justice of the Peace.

Any vacancy in the office of Reeve or Councillor shall be filled as provided by the "Municipality Act, 1881," and amending Acts.

The first meeting of the Council shall be held on the first Saturday after the day of election, at the Town Hall, Richmond, at 12 o'clock noon.

Until provision be made by By-law in that behalf, all proceedings at and relating to the meetings of the Council shall be held and taken in accordance with the provisions contained in the "Municipality Act, 1881," and amending Acts; and all the powers privileges and duties of the Reeve and Council shall be the same as those prescribed by the said Act and amending Acts.

At the first meeting, or as soon thereafter as possible, the Council may elect a Clerk, Treasurer, Collector, and Assessor, or such officers as they may deem necessary, who shall hold office during the pleasure of the Council, and receive such remuneration as the Council may by By-law appoint.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, *We have caused* these Letters to be made Patent, and the Public Seal of the Province of British Columbia to be hereunto affixed: Witness, the Honourable Clement Francis Cornwall, Lieutenant-Governor of the said Province of British Columbia, in the City of Victoria, in the said Province, this 23rd day of May, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, and *in the forty-eighth year of Our Reign.*

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
13je1t Provincial Secretary.

READ THIS

GREAT

CLEARANCE SALE.

Until Further Notice

TRAPP BROS.

WILL OFFER FOR SALE

At COST!

The whole of their extensive stock of

Dry Goods!

CLOTHING,

Gents' Furnishings

CARPETS, ETC.

Consisting of

DRESS GOODS,

In Merinos, from	35	cents	per yard.
Cashmeres,	60	"	"
Lusters,	16	"	"
Plaids, wool,	35	"	"
Satteens,	16	"	"
Brocades,	35	"	"
Silks, black,	1.40	"	"
Silks, col'd,	1.00	"	"
Satins,	60	"	"

DOMESTICS,

In Ginghams, fm	14	"	"
Calicoes,	8	"	"
Prints, English,	9	"	"
Prints, Amer.	8	"	"
Piques,	13	"	"
Canton Flanls,	12½	"	"
Sheetings,	12½	"	"
Linens,	16	"	"
Cheese Cloth,	7	"	"
Diaper "	20	"	"
Winceys,	8	"	"
Drillings,	15	"	"
Duck,	16	"	"
Tickings,	16	"	"

Table Cloths and Napkins.

FLANNELS,

All kinds and col. fm	35	"	"
Cretonnes,	20	"	"
Damask, wool,	75	"	"

LACE CURTAINS.
BED SPREADS AND QUILTS.
TOWELS, from 8 cts.
TOILET COVERS.
SHAWLS, woolen.
SKIRTS, from 50 cts.
LADIES' UNDERWEAR, from 75 cts.
PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS, from 75 cents.
CORSETS, from 50 cents.
HOSIERY of all kinds and prices from 12½ cents.
GLOVES, in lisle and silk.
ULSTERS and JACKETS, from $2.00.
CRINOLINES, from 50 cents.
HANDKERCHIEFS, from 12½ cents.
TIES, lace and silk.
FANS, from 25 cts. to $3.50.
LACES and EMBROIDERY.
FRILLINGS.
RIBBONS, in all colors and shades.
DRESS BUTTONS, a great variety.

MUSLINS,

In Jacanette,
Swiss and Nainsook.

WORSTEDS and YARNS, all makes.
HAIR BRUSHES and COMBS.
FANCY GOODS.
WATCHES and JEWELRY.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

MEN'S SUITS, from $6.00.
YOUTHS' SUITS, from $5.00.
CHILDREN'S SUITS, from $2.00.
SHIRTS, white and colored, from $1.00.
SHIRTS, *woollen, from $1.00.*
UNDERWEAR, in woollen and Canton flannel.
GENTS' HALF HOSE from 12½c.
TIES.
BRACES.
COLLARS and CUFFS.
GLOVES.

HATS,

HARD FELT, from $2.00.
SOFT FELT, from $1.00.
STRAW, from 25 cents.

VALISES, from $2.00.
OVERALLS and JUMPERS, from 75c.
LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S RUBBER GOODS.
CARPETS, from 75 cents.
FLOOR CLOTHS, from 75 cents.
TRUNKS, from $1.00.

☞This will be found a rare chance for country store keepers who wish to replenish their stock, and for the public generally, as the stock is all in first-class condition and well assorted.

TERMS CASH.

New Westminster, May 18, 1885.
my20te

Take Notice

THAT THE UNDERSIGNED HAS APplied to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut, fell and carry away brush and timber from the following Crown lands:

1000 acres of land (or thereabouts) situate on Lachelt Peninsula, adjoining a small un-named bay on the Straits of Georgia, lying between Merry Island and Trial Islands; a better description of which is shown on the sketch plan annexed to the *said application and thereon colored red.*

Dated this 13th May, 1885,

16my1m JAMES H. GILLESPIE.

F. EICKHOFF,

—DEALER IN—

General Merchandise!

FRONT STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

A large stock always on hand, and prices to suit the times.

Dry Goods & Groceries!

mh4te

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

MERCHANTS,

WHARF STREET - VICTORIA.

AGENTS FOR

North British and Mercantile Insurance Co. for Mainland.

H. C. BEETON & CO.,
36 Finsbury Circus,
London, E. C.

B 4 U

BUY

—CALL AT THE—

Pacific Carriage Works!

COLUMBIA STREET

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

And see our Stock of First-Class

COVERED CARRIAGES,

TOP BUGGIES,

Top Phaetons, Express Wagons, Heavy Wagons, Dray Carts,

—And all kinds of—

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming Executed with Neatness and Dispatch.

☞Shipments of first-class material received direct from Ontario and quality guaranteed. We feel confident our Carriages, for quality, variety and price, cannot be excelled in British Columbia. All orders promptly attended to.

JOHNSTONE & SMITH, PROPRIETORS.

mh7te

GREAT Clearing Out SALE!

THE UNDERSIGNED being about to make some important changes in their General Merchandise business, beg leave to notify the public that on

Wednesday, 13th inst.,

They will commence a Clearing Out Sale of

Dry Goods!

CLOTHING,

BOOTS and SHOES

Carpets,

—AND—

House Furnishings!

The stock is good, well bought, and will be sold

At and Under Cost Prices,

EITHER BY RETAIL OR IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS.

Buyers have now an opportunity that may not occur again of getting splendid bargains.

JAMES CUNNINGHAM & CO.

May 12th, 1885. my13te

THE

British Columbian

STEAM

PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT,

Columbia St.

New Westminster, B. C.

BOOK, JOB, and COMMERCIAL

PRINTING

—OF—

Every Description

PROMPTLY EXECUTED

—IN—

FIRST-CLASS STYLE

Bill Heads,
Circulars,
Letter Heads,
Envelopes,
Cards,
Tags,
Posters,
Programmes,
Legal Blanks,
Show Cards,
Books,

And all Sorts of Plain or Colored Work.

OUR FACILITIES FOR

COMMERCIAL PRINTING

Are far beyond those of any other establishment on the Mainland, and our prices will compare favorably with those of Victoria.

RULING AND BINDING

Done on the Premises,

We have a first-class RULING MACHINE, and are prepared to rule all kinds of forms to order.

☞Plain Binding neatly done.

D. ROBSON & CO.

PROPRIETORS

CAUTION!

EACH PLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY!

—IS, MARKED—

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

ap8ewly

WHITE BRONZE MONUMENTS

ROBSON & SMITH

New Westminster,

Sole Agents for British Columbia.

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D. S. CURTIS. S. CLARKE, M.D.

MEDICAL HALL

—OF—

D. S. CURTIS & CO.

PROMPTLY EXECUTED

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

—IN—

DruggistS

DISPENSING & FAMILY

CHEMISTS

New Westminster, B. C.

OPEN SUNDAYS 10 TO 12 A.M.; 2 TO 4 P.M.

NEXT DOOR TO THE COLONIAL HOTEL.

(jny24te)

NOTICE.

WE HAVE MUCH PLEASURE IN informing the public that Mr. A. J. *HILL, C.E., has become a member of our* firm, which will in future be designated **Howse, Hill & Rickman.**

Howse, Hill

—AND—

Rickman

BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEY are now prepared to execute with the utmost dispatch all business pertaining to

Civil Engineering

(In all its branches.)

Architecture,
Surveying,
Real Estate
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They have on hand Lots in every part of the Townsite of Port Moody, together with Town, Country and Suburban Properties throughout New Westminster District.

Most reliable information freely given. All business intrusted to them, will receive prompt attention.

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NEW WESTMINSTER.

And LUNDBOHM'S BUILDINDS, DOUGLAS ST., PORT MOODY.

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TENTH YEAR OF PUBLICATION

THE WEST SHORE

The only Illustrated Magazine devoted to the development of the Great West. Contains a vast amount of general information and special articles on subjects of interest to all. **Ably conducted! Superbly Illustrated!** Only $3 a year. L. Samuel, Publisher, No. 122 Front street, Portland, Or.

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Regular Commercial and Business Advertisements—1 column, $12 per month; ½ col., $7 per month; ¼ col., $4 per month; 2 inches, $2 per month; 1 inch, $1.50 per month. These rates to be charged on standing advertisements which remain over 3 months. If for a less period the rates will be: 1 col., $15 per month; ½ col., $9; ¼ col., $5; 2 inches, $3; 1 inch, $2.

Specials, among reading matter—Each insertion, 20 cts. per line.

Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1 each. Funeral notices accompanying death notice, 50 cts. extra.

☞ All transient advertisements will be measured by a scale of solid Nonpareil, which makes 12 lines to the inch and 7 words to the line. Display lines must be allowed for in making estimates. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00.

The British Columbian.

Saturday Morning, June 13, 1885.

Weather continues delightful.

For the defences in New York harbor $17,500,000 are wanted.

Next Monday is the day upon which the license courts ought to sit.

The str. Yosemite arrived from Victoria at 2:40 yesterday afternoon.

It has been determined that Dominion Day shall be loyally celebrated in this city.

It is expected there will be a large attendance of visitors in this city on Dominion Day.

It is reported that the oolachan fishery at Naas this year was a most conspicuous failure.

At Portland, Oregon, strawberries are selling for 3 cts. a pound. Here they cost nearly 20 cts.

Nominations for school trustees begin at 11 o'clock next Monday morning, at the Court House.

Terra Cotta Chimney Pipe, also Drain Tile and Sewer Pipe for sale by Jas. Cunningham. my16tc

The regular Blue Ribbon entertainment is to be held next Tuesday night, at the Skating Rink. See adv.

The *Colonist* says the Chinese are making a strong effort to get their children admitted to the public schools in Victoria.

The *Colonist* says it is understood Mr. T. C. Atkinson, who has gone east, will not return alone! This cannot be possible.

It has been decided by the officers and teachers of the Methodist Sabbath school to hold the annual school picnic on Dominion Day.

From a dispatch published elsewhere it will be seen that Mr. Chapleau's new Chinese bill proposes a tax on Chinaman of $50 per head.

Charges of fraud and cowardice and incompetence are now being made freely against some officers in the north-west mounted police.

Rev. Walter Baras, of Victoria, will preach to the Baptist congregation in this city to-morrow, and Rev. Robt. Lennie will preach in Victoria.

German diplomats declare that Gladstone courted defeat under which to cover the divisions which were certain very soon to destroy the cabinet.

There were two Indians before the police court on Monday morning, one for supplying liquor and the other for having it in possession. Fined $25 each.

Dog races are the latest juvenile amusement on the streets. Some very exciting contests of this kind took place on Agnes st. last Wednesday night.

On Tuesday the str. Slope ran over and swamped a canoe near Granville in which were Chas. Martin and Ben Eli. The men were intoxicated, and Eli was drowned.

It is announced that two geological survey parties will be sent from Ottawa to this province during the season. One will operate in the region of the Rocky Mountains.

The last stump has been grubbed out of the public school grounds, and the levelling will be completed in a few days. The chaingang is doing very good work there.

Rev. Thos. Crosby paid a flying visit to the city on Wednesday. He came to Victoria on the missionary steamer Glad Tidings, and speaks very highly of her behavior.

The so-called New York correspondent of the *Guardian* should put his head to soak for the balance of the season. His efforts to announce what is not true are most remarkable.

Cholera has appeared in several European cities, and caused a good deal of uneasiness. It is much to be feared that this dreaded disease will cross the Atlantic during the summer.

The Bishop of New Westminster and Mrs. Sillitoe left by the str. Idaho yesterday with Mrs. and Miss Pelley, who are off for a trip to Australia. The bishop and Mrs. Sillitoe go with them as far as Portland.

Mr. Wm. Moresby, who has just returned from Clinton, says the crops throughout the interior are looking remarkably well. Large quantities of wild strawberries, fully ripe, may be found all over the country.

A telegram was received yesterday from the admiralty approving of plans forwarded for a new naval residence and other improvements in the dockyard. Their erection will be proceeded with immediately.—*Colonist.*

Some time ago the *Colonist* stated that horses imported into British Columbia must enter at the port of Victoria. An order-in-council passed on the 15th May last declares that they may enter at Victoria, New Westminster, or Nanaimo.

At Langley last Wednesday Hon. Mr. Robson told the people they need not concern themselves about the new land regulations. He had no doubt at all but bona fide settlers would get the land at $1 per acre, and the regulations would be greatly modified to suit the conditions of the country.

For constitutional or scrofulous catarrh, and for consumption induced by the scrofulous taint, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the true remedy. It has cured numberless cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

The ship Newman Hall, 1526 tons, Capt. Slater, 22 days from Velmington, arrived at Hastings at 12:30 yesterday. She came under sail from Victoria and made the quickest passage on record, 11 hours and 40 min. from Victoria to English Bay. She was in charge of Pilot Christensen, and will load with lumber for Melbourne.

The meed of merit for promoting personal æsthetics is due to J. C. Ayer & Co., whose incomparable Hair Vigor is a universal beautifier of the hair. Harmless, effective, agreeable, it has taken rank among the indispensable articles of the toilet. To scanty locks it gives luxuriance; and withered hair it clothes with the hue of youth.

PIANO TUNING.—Mr. G. E. Bailey, piano tuner, of Victoria, is in the city for a few days and will attend to tuning, repairing and regulating pianos and organs. All work warranted. Leave orders at T. R. Pearson & Co's. je13tl

END OF THE THRASHER CASE.—We understand that this protracted litigation was brought to a termination last evening, subject to the assent of the owners, who are residents at Bath, Maine, by payment of $15,000, thus recognizing the principle of the right of the defendants to limit their liability to £8 per ton on the value of the tugs. The settlement covers costs and every other matter connected with the case from the first.—*Colonist.*

REPAIRS TO PIANOS.—Mr. Oliver H. Goodwin, lately foreman of the largest piano factory on the Pacific coast, will visit this city shortly, and is prepared to undertake the tuning, regulating or repairing of pianos. All work guaranteed. Orders may be left at the store of T. R. Pearson & Co. je6tc

COLUMBIA CROSSING.—Chief Justice Sir M. B. Begbie leaves this morning for Farwell and the East Crossing of the Columbia, where he will hold the assize court on the 22nd inst. and the 2nd prox. respectively. Sir Matthew will be accompanied by Mr. J. C. Hughes, of this city, who goes as deputy registrar of the supreme court. This will be the first court held in these regions, but we believe the judge does not expect to find any white gloves awaiting him there.

SUPPLEMENTARY DELEGATE.—Notwithstanding the very general feeling that it would be unwise and useless to send a special delegate to Ottawa to negotiate for the construction of the branch railway, another attempt was made on Thursday to raise money by public subscription for that purpose. The effort failed, however, and we believe the project of sending a delegate has been finally abandoned. If Mr. Homer cannot succeed in making arrangements that will meet the views of the people, we are satisfied a special delegate would be no more successful.

DOMINION DAY.—The committee appointed to solicit subscriptions towards the Dominion Day celebration have secured something over $500. According to the understanding arrived at by the preliminary meeting, the mayor telegraphed a cordial invitation to the people of Nanaimo, but no reply has yet been received. At an adjourned meeting held on Tuesday night sub-committees were appointed to make the necessary arrangements. Capt. Irving not only subscribed liberally to the fund, but generously offered to run a cheap excursion from Victoria and Chilliwhack, and to carry people from Ladners for nothing. A large attendance may be expected.

SHAM FIGHT. — Arrangements are being made for a sham fight among the military forces of this city next Monday evening, in which both the artillery and rifles will take part. The artillery will be posted with the battery in front of Albert crescent, and the rifles will advance from the rifle butts in skirmishing order, and an attempt will be made to capture the battery. It is expected there will be at least 20 mounted men in the engagement. The advance will begin about 8 o'clock. Both the big guns and the rifles will be served with about 20 rounds of ammunition. We have no doubt our citizens will encourage the military enthusiasm by being present to witness these interesting manœuvres. This will close the special drill of the forces at this city, as Sergt.-Major Kinsella leaves on Tuesday morning for Victoria.

A POLITICAL BRUSH—On Monday night a political meeting was held at Clinton to settle certain matters between the two members for the district, Hon. A. E. B. Davie and Mr. Allen. It seems that Mr. Allen has been accused of circulating about the constituency certain reports to the injury of Mr. Davie and the government of which he is a member, and the meeting was called for the purpose of allowing Mr. Davie to explain the conduct of the government and himself. The meeting was very largely attended, people having come in from all parts of the district. Among others present there were Hon. A. E. B. Davie, Jas. Reid, M.P., L. J. Allen, M.P.P., C. A. Semlin, M.P.P., and other prominent people. Hon. Mr Davie delivered an excellent speech, and it was generally admitted that he succeeded in vindicating both himself and the government. The proceedings were very orderly.

SILVER ON SHUSWAP LAKE.—A letter dated Shuswap Lake, June 1st, brings the information that further developments show that the lode located there is sixty feet in width and on examining the entire front seams containing gold, silver and galena were found which assay from croppings $40 to $80 per ton. There is one of the largest porphory belts on one side of the lode that has ever been discovered with grey slate on the other, this being the wall rock of the vein. This porphory belt is traceable for 15 miles in many places six feet in depth. It is similar to many rich silver mines on the Pacific slope. Our informant thinks that it will be one of the richest mineral claims on the continent, the formation being the same as the celebrated Home Stake and Uncle Abe claims in the Black Hills. Should it prove all that the present holders think it will undoubtedly be a very rich claim.—*Colonist.*

NEW LICENSES.—We are informed that application has been made for several new liquor licenses in the region about Granville, and that these applications will be considered by the Burrard Inlet license court next Monday. It surely cannot be possible that any more licenses are required in Granville or its vicinity. Some of the houses on behalf of which application is to be made are situated on the new Granville road, so far from this city and the inlet that they cannot be regarded as anything but drinking places. There is a clause in the liquor law which makes it necessary to have a petition bearing the names of two-thirds of the residents asking for a license in any "town, village or settlement" where an application is made. But the place where some of these houses are located is neither town, village nor settlement, and applications which are so obviously not in the public interest should not be entertained by the court at all. There ought to be a petition presented to the court against granting these licenses.

Is there anything more annoying than having your corn stepped upon? Is there anything more delightful than getting rid of it? Holloway's Corn Cure will do it. Try it and be convinced.

The Maple Ridge Meeting.

LARGE ATTENDANCE AND GREAT ENTHUSIASM

(Reported for the Columbian.)

On Tuesday a meeting of the settlers of this municipality was held at the Town Hall, at the request of the provincial secretary, to discuss questions relating to municipal roads. The entrance to the hall was covered by an arch constructed of evergreens. The word "welcome" on the outer entrance, and the Union Jack waving a short distance in front, showed that the people of Maple Ridge, who turned out

IN LARGE NUMBERS,

have lost none of their confidence in the present administration. The hon. gentleman arrived at 1 o'clock, and was accorded a most hearty reception. Mr. Howison was voted to the chair, and Mr. Murray was asked to act as secretary. The chairman stated that the meeting had been called at the request of Hon. Mr. Robson, and as the hon. gentleman was present the object of it would be explained. At this point the secretary of the meeting read the following

ADDRESS:

"TO THE HON. JNO. ROBSON, PROVINCIAL SECRETARY; SIR:—In behalf of the settlers of this municipality, we the undersigned reeve and councillors hereby tender you a most hearty welcome on this your second visit. We do fully endorse the policy of the present government, especially as regards the large expenditures on such public works as are of vital importance to the province. The results of such a policy have already become apparent, and show a marked contrast to the course pursued by your predecessors in office. We sincerely hope that you may long continue to hold that important office, the duties of which you now so efficiently discharge, feeling assured that the general interests of the province will not by you be overlooked and that the particular interests of New Westminster district will not be forgotten. (Signed), GEO. HOWISON, Reeve; W. J. HARRIS, JOHN LAITY, JOHN HAMMOND, PETER BAKER, JOHN FITZPATRICK, Councillors."

HON. MR. ROBSON

expressed himself pleased and surprised at the reception which he had met, and with the manifestations of approval of the government policy that had been given. The object of arranging this meeting, he said, was to discuss road matters. It was his wish to see every settler in the municipality and to obtain the fullest and freest expression of opinion so that, if possible, the best and most practical method of applying the government appropriations might be discovered. He was prepared to hear all their views and grievances, and to meet them as far as the means at the disposal of the government would permit. New Westminster district, he said, was the one in which he was specially interested. It was

THE BANNER DISTRICT

of the province, and the government of which he was a member had been and is now carrying out the policy to which he pledged himself when he was a candidate for election to the house. The white elephant (the dry-dock) was no longer absorbing the revenues of the province, and as a consequence five or six times the former appropriations are being now made for roads and bridges in the district. A general discussion then took place on road matters, in which the following gentlemen took part: J. M. Webster, Joseph Stephens, Jno. McKinney, T. Hicks, Henry Dawson and D. Docksteader. The discussion resulted in an arrangement which was received with unbounded satisfaction by the meeting. After a cordial and hearty vote of thanks to the hon. provincial secretary and the chairman, the meeting broke up amidst great applause. The municipal council afterwards entertained the provincial secretary at a supper given by Mrs. Nelson.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure, and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

From Cariboo.

(Correspondence of the Columbian.)

BARKERVILLE, June 5.—Another of the old pioneers has died here in the hospital—Jas. Hutchison, after a lingering illness. Harry Lucas, of Stanley, met his death yesterday by being buried in a cave in the mine on Dunbar flat. On Saturday last Robt. Middleton, of Quesnelle, was thrown from a horse and had his thigh broken. Mining claims are all very busy, and in some the prospects are good.

N. McRae, Wycbridge, writes: "I have sold large quantities of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil; it is used for colds, sore throat, croup, etc., and in fact for any affection of the throat it works like magic. It is a sure cure for burns, wounds, and bruises."

Alliance With Turkey.

A special to the New York *Sun* says: The *Times* and the *News* give unusual prominence to a telegram from Constantinople asserting that Russia had rejected the Turkish proposals for an alliance. A correspondent states that he has official authority for contradicting this assertion. It is not only false, but it is absurd, for it is Russia, and not Turkey, that has been suing for an alliance, and it is Turkey and not Russia that has declined the proposals. From the beginning to the end of the Russian difficulty Russia has been making strenuous efforts to secure at least the friendly neutrality of Turkey. In the event of war the control of the Dardanelles would give Turkey, if hostile to Russia, power to bottle up the latter's fleet in the Black Sea, to paralyze her trade and to put an embargo upon the greater portion of her merchant marine. So serious was this danger deemed at St. Petersburg that M. Nelidoff, one of the wiliest and most persuasive of Russian diplomats, was sent many weeks ago to Constantinople to tempt the Sultan with every bribe that Russia could offer to conclude a treaty giving Russian war and merchant vessels right of way through the Dardanelles.

Russian anxiety on this subject was so intense that M. Nelidoff was empowered to offer, and did offer, the cancelment of the indemnity which Turkey was ordered by the Berlin congress of 1878 to pay Russia, in consequence of the Turco-Russian war. The Russian proposals, it is known, also had the powerful support of Bismark. All this time England was making counter proposals to the sultan, and using the Soudan as a bait. The bait was offered on a golden hook, for it was understood that if Turkish troops were sent to garrison Suakem and other points in the Soudan their expenses would be paid by England, directly or by taking up a new Turkish loan, which amounts to much the same. The porte wavered for a long time. A receipt in full for the indemnity to Russia had a very tempting look, but then that debt had been so long overdue that it had ceased to trouble the conscience of the sultan, and on the other hand England offered accession of territory, rehabilitation of his power in the eyes of the moslem world, and above all ready cash. In the end British influence and British gold won the day, and the proposals of Lord Granville were accepted, just one week ago.

These facts have not yet been officially announced, for the reason that parliament was not in session when the bargain was concluded.

Mr. Wm. Boyd Hill, Cobourg, writes: "Having used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for some years I have much pleasure in testifying to its efficacy in relieving pains in the back and shoulders. I have also used it in cases of croup in children, and have found it to be all that you claim it to be."

Communications.

Water Supply.

EDITOR COLUMBIAN.—You will please permit me to draw the attention of those whom it may concern to a subject which at present though not generally pressing will by and bye be a serious question. I refer to the water supply for New Westminster. The immediate cause of my broaching this subject is the fact that we are engaged in the erection of a gaol, which will require a goodly supply of water; the springs from which it was expected to get the necessary supply have been quietly grabbed by private citizens, by and with the approbation of the municipal council. The contractor has been obliged to dig wells in the cellar of the new building to get a very scanty supply of water to make his mortar. At present there are a number of workmen sinking for a tank which taps a spring that would supply the whole population of New Westminster if properly utilized. This is the only spring from which the new gaol can be supplied and now is the time to secure the water. It is a rather strange piece of inconsistency in the municipality of New Westminster to seem to be so anxious for the government to build a new gaol and now when the work is going on to allow private citizens to appropriate the water supply; and if it were in order I might mention the names of those citizens who are monopolizing these valuable springs and selling the water to other thirsty citizens; and it would surprise strangers who read the buncum speeches at our public meetings to know that these very *patriots* are the *modest* men who grab some of these springs and sell the water.

JAMES KENNEDY.

That Rarest of Combinations,

True delicacy of flavor with true efficacy of action has been attained in the famous California liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs. Its pleasant taste and beneficial effects have rendered it immensely popular. Sample bottles free and large bottles for sale by D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster. my20m

Frightful Catastrophe.

PARIS, June 11.—At Theirs, a town in the district of Puy de Dome, a murder trial has been in progress for some days. Yesterday, the last day of the trial, the court house was crowded with men and women, anxious to witness the closing scenes. When the people were leaving, immediately after the adjournment of court, and were crammed upon the stone stairway leading to the street, the staircase fell. The scene that followed was appalling. Immense masses of masonry from above crushed down upon the struggling people below, grinding their flesh and bones, and maiming and mutilating them in a horrible manner. The fall of the staircase and the screams of the people lying helpless in the ruins caused a panic in the court-room, and there was a rush for the now wrecked exit. Those who were in front, unable to withstand the pressure from behind, were hurled down upon men and women crushed in the fall of the staircase, and whom the people in the street were already striving to rescue. When at last the panic had exhausted itself and the immense stone steps of the fallen staircase had been removed, twenty persons were taken from the ruins dead. The injured numbered not less than sixty, and many of these will die.

A later dispatch says in addition to the twenty persons killed fully one hundred more are injured.

A still later dispatch from Thiers makes the court house calamity there yesterday far more disastrous in its consequences than earlier dispatches contemplated. The dead already number 24, while the total number injured is now placed at 163. Of these, 14 are very seriously injured and some will die.

WHEN THE VITAL CURRENT is vitiated from any cause, scorbutic blemishes in the shape of pimples, sores and blotches soon begin to disfigure the skin. In such a case the most effective purifier is Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, which expels impurities from the blood as well as regulates digestion, the bowels, liver and kidneys. For Female Complaints it has no equal.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

TEHERAN, June 8.—The government of Herat has sent men to fortify Bala-Murghab. Advices from Merv are to the effect that the Russians are taking the greatest care to prevent foreigners from communicating with the Turcomans, and have expelled Persians who were supposed to be communicating with the Afghans.

LONDON, June 8.—Calcutta dispatches continue to be received here about the earthquake in the Vale of Cashmere. The whole village has been destroyed and Dubgood Jamalapar and Orane have disappeared entirely, having been completely engulfed in the awful convulsions. During continuance of the shocks sulphurous dust was sent forth impregnating the atmosphere and at the same time volumes of hot water issued from a great fissure made in the earth. Fort Guraio and granaries in many parts of the vale have been swallowed up. A large quantity of rice and a considerable amount of money have been distributed throughout the vale of Cashmere to relieve distress of the people. It is estimated that 200 persons have been killed.

MONTREAL, June 8. — The Corpus Christi procession yesterday was the largest ever seen in this city, ten thousand persons taking part in it. While passing along St. Peter's street, the Salvation Army, which was also parading, turned into the street to reach the Mechanics' Hall. The crowd watching the Catholic procession, savagely attacked the Salvationists, bruising some of them badly. Had it not been for priests and other persons in the Corpus Christi procession using their efforts in restoring order, a number of lives would have been lost.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—The Secretary of State has received a note from the British minister at Washington, expressing the thanks of the Canadian government for the courtesy shown by the treasury department in sending inspecting officers, at the request of steamboat owners, to Canadian ports to avoid the hindrance and delay which would occur if the inspections were to take place in the United States, and saying that there is no objection to American inspectors visiting Canadian ports for the purpose of making such inspections.

LONDON, June 9.—Great surprise is expressed at the defeat of the government. It was expected that efforts would be made last night to prevent the proposed increase of duties upon beer and spirits, but there was no ground for the rumor that the opposition would overturn the cabinet. It was rumored as extremely doubtful whether ministers could resign and leave unfinished so many important matters relating to both home and foreign affairs. Nothing more untoward than the present crisis could have occurred. Apparently men of all parties are of opinion that the government should at least remain in power provisionally; that is until after the general election.

LONDON, June 9.—The *Standard* in an editorial this morning says: We cannot believe that the ministers will leave their office. They have received a mortal stroke, but they must, whether they like it or not, agree to linger on until the general election. This very blunder renders them indispensable; everything is unfinished and hangs in suspense. What cabinet can succeed? If the conservatives are to rule they must have a majority, for which they must look to their constituencies. An election now is impossible; the government cannot retrieve their loss, but can at any rate prove themselves conscious of their duty to the country by struggling manfully in their present painful position. Party life must remain in suspense until the election. The *Standard* further says that Earl Spencer wanted the duration of the crimes act to be three years, but a compromise of two years was agreed upon. The bill, drafted under Earl Spencer's direction, has been considered by the cabinet. It is a comprehensive measure of local self government for Ireland, including the abolition of the viceroyalty. A dispatch from Cairo says some excitement has been created here among English officials and residents by the arrival of a Coptic merchant from Khartoum. He states that he witnessed the capture of Khartoum, and that immediately after the massacre of the garrison El Mahdi demanded the head of Gen. Gordon for a trophy; but his warriors produced the head of the Austrian consul, Mr. Hansal. When the mistake was discovered a second search was made for Gen. Gordon, but El Mahdi's followers were unable to find any trace of the hero of Khartoum. They found several other Europeans, but no documents were found on their clothes to show that either of them was Gen. Gordon. The Coptic says it is possible that Gen. Gordon, knowing that all was lost, made his escape.

LONDON, June 9.—The *Times* in an editorial says: The resignation of the cabinet in the present condition of affairs must not be hastily decided upon. The government's duty is to consider whether such a course would not be wrong to the country financially. It might easily be arranged by abandoning the increase in the duties on flour and spirits without leaving Childers a large deficit to carry forward to next year.

DUBLIN, June 9.—The *Freeman's Journal* to-day, commenting on the defeat of the government last night on the budget, says the defeat is due to the action of the Parnellites in refusing to uphold a cabinet from which they received nothing but broken promises, and from which Ireland could expect nothing but injustice, as was foreshadowed in the proposed attempt to again saddle upon Ireland the iniquitous provisions of the crimes act. The result of the vote last night will cause Earl Spencer and his lieutenant at the castle to quit Ireland, leaving behind them the memory of an administration which was pre-eminently noted for its cold-blooded brutality, its frigid and calculating injustice.

TIENSIN, June 9.—China announces that she accepts all the consequences of France's protectorate over Annam, and abandons all political relations with that country.

BERLIN, June 9. — The Rheinesche Westphalische *Zeitung* asserts that Germany is negotiating with Corea, with a view to the acquisition of Port Hamilton.

OTTAWA, June 10.—In the commons, Chapleau, secretary of state, gave notice of a resolution to be introduced declaring it expedient to impose a tax of $50 on every person of Chinese origin entering the Dominion, and providing that no vessel carrying Chinese immigrants shall carry more than one immigrant for every 50 tons of the vessel's tonnage.

DONGOLA, June 10.—Eleven thousand refugees have arrived here from Khartoum and Berber. The Mahdi is allowing Egyptian prisoners to escape.

LONDON, June 10.—A sensation has been caused by the publication of Lord Wolseley's dispatches denouncing the evacuation of the Soudan. He warns the government that on a withdrawal from Dongola the whole province will be given up to anarchy, and will revert from civilization to barbarism. A withdrawal, he says, will not avert the struggle. The Mahdi in a few years will attack Egypt. The years of internal troubles in Egypt have been a burden and a strain on her military resources. The best policy, in both a military and financial point of view, would be to attack the Mahdi at Khartoum.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 10.—The police state that the Nihilists of this city are seriously divided in opinion as to the best means of continuing their agitation. A majority of the brotherhood are believed to be in favor of an abandonment of terrorism and of the making of an effort to effect a revolution by pacific means.

LONDON, June 10.—The chief difficulty encountered by the Conservatives in their discussion regarding the formation of a ministry, says the *Pall Mall Gazette*, is a problem of what to do with Lord Randolph Churchill. He claims to have done much in the work of destroying the Liberal government and demands his share of the spoils. It is apparent that the old Tories regard him as troublesome and somewhat dangerous to have around in national councils. The *Gazette* intimates that a polite effort will be made to get rid of him. If the Conservatives form a government he will, it is said, be requested to go to Ireland, if not to succeed Earl Spencer as Lord Lieutenant, then as Chief Secretary. The sort of talk which is already being applied to the young man is somthing like this, "You certainly prefer duty to mere ambition, therefore you should adopt this difficult and dangerous post. Dare you accept it? If you accept, then whether you succeed or fail, you will at least prove that you possess great qualities of intrepidity and self-sacrifice, which are among the greatest gifts possessed by a popular statesman." Lord Randolph is very susceptible to flattery, and he might prove to be a great Irish governor.

OTTAWA, June 10.—Unless some preventive measures are taken, international complications may at any moment arise between Canada and the United States over the undefined boundary line between Alaska and British Columbia. Advices received here to-day from British Columbia state that the miners working locations in the Yukon country and on the Jurac River are unable to tell whether they are taking out gold in United States or in British territory. The Dominion government, while admitting the necessity which exists for a definite boundary being established to avert international difficulties, represents that the work at the very lowest estimate would involve an outlay of at least $4,000,000, a debt which at the present moment they could not well afford to incur.

WINNIPEG, June 10.—The latest advices from Gen. Middleton's forces are dated June 6th. They were then 40 miles north-east of Pitt and eight from Big Bear's supposed territory. The Indians are reported to be making rafts to cross Turtle Lake, but there is no accurate report of their position. It seems that Middleton went in the wrong direction, being misled by government maps, and has lost valuable time.

LONDON, June 10.—The Queen has created Lord Wolseley a knight of the order of St. Patrick, in succession to Lord O'Hagan.

GIBRALTAR, June 10.—Owing to the reappearance of cholera in Spain, the authorities here have ordered that all vessels arriving from Spanish ports shall be subject to a quarantine of five days.

PARIS, June 10.—The supporters of Victor Napoleon, son of Prince Napoleon, have issued an election manifesto. It proclaims no community with revolutionists, and appeals for the support of all who are opposed to the republic, promising them a fair representation of the electoral list.

OTTAWA, Ont., June 11.—It is stated that the president of the Canadian Pacific railway is about to resign. It is also stated that Van Horne will succeed him and Frank Abbott become general manager.

In the house of commons to-day, Sir John Macdonald gave notice of resolutions granting relief to the following railways: First, for railway from Riviere de Loup en bas on the Intercolonial railway to Edmunston, New Brunswick; subsidy $6,640 per mile for 500 miles, or a sum whose total does not exceed $498,000. Second, for railway connecting harbors of St. John and Halifax by Moosehead lake and Metawamkeog lake, subsidy of $250,000 per annum for twenty years and guarantee like sum as interest on bonds of the company undertaking the work. Third, to provide free access to the port of Quebec for the Canadian Pacific railroad subsidy, not exceeding $340,000, is granted, together with the subsidy already granted to connect the Canadian Pacific at St. Martin's Junction with the North Shore railroad, not exceeding in the whole $500,000, to be applied in providing such access or obtaining control of the North Shore road, or by making running arrangements with the owners of the North Shore satisfactory to the government.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Co. has rescinded its recent orders charging increased rates to emigrants to the Northwest territories from railroads in the United States.

A most determined effort is being put forth by Quebec members to procure clemency in the case of Riel. It is understood that Archbishop Tache is here for that purpose, and will shortly be followed by Bishop Grandin, of Saskatchewan.

FORT PITT (via Winnipeg), June 11.—Gen. Middleton has found the country impassable for horses, and is on his return to this place with mounted men. Supplies for the north are countermanded. The probabilities are that the command will leave for home at once.

LONDON, June 11.—A royal courier arrived in London this afternoon, bringing the Queen's reply to Gladstone's letter. It is understood the reply contains an imperative summons for Gladstone's attendance at Balmoral, and the premier left for Scotland by the next train. A court circular announces that in consequence of the political affairs the Queen will proceed to London as soon as possible.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 11. — Three-quarters of the town of Grodno, including the government offices and numerous churches, have been destroyed by fire. The loss amounts to several millions of roubles.

Syrup of Figs,

Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal., is Nature's Own True Laxative. This pleasant liquid fruit remedy may be had of Messrs. D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster. Sample bottles free and large bottles at 75 cents or $1.25. It is the most pleasant, prompt and effective remedy known, to cleanse the system; to act on the Liver, Kidneys and Bowels gently yet thoroughly; to dispel Headaches, Colds and Fevers; to cure Constipation, Indigestion and kindred ills.

YESTERDAY'S DISPATCHES.

LONDON, June 12.—Gladstone announced in the house of commons this afternoon that he had resigned office, and that the Queen had accepted his resignation, and that Her Majesty had informed him that she had summoned the Marquis of Salisbury, leader of the opposition in the house of lords, to Balmoral for the purpose of entrusting him with the mission of forming a new ministry.

LONDON, June 12.—The Marquis of Salisbury arrived at Balmoral at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Gladstone received a communication from the Queen acknowledging receipt of resignation of the prime minister and his cabinet. She also states that pending the consideration of the resignation of the Gladstone ministry she had summoned to Balmoral the Marquis of Salisbury. In the house of lords Earl Granville announced that Gladstone had tendered the resignation of himself and his entire cabinet, and that the Queen had accepted the resignations, and had summoned to her presence the Marquis of Salisbury, who is now at Balmoral in conference with Her Majesty; therefore, Lord Granville said, he hoped the house would abandon all ordinary business.

LONDON, June 12.—It is reported to-day in certain circles that the Marquis of Salisbury, after consultation with the Conservative leaders, had decided to advise that an effort be made to induce Mr. Gladstone to reconsider his resolve to resign, and should these efforts fail then to suggest that Sir Stafford Northcote be called upon to form the new cabinet.

LONDON, June 12.—Now that it has become apparent by the departure of the Marquis of Salisbury for Balmoral that the Tories will assume the reins of government, Parnellite members of parliament are beginning to confer with leading conservatives with regard to the government of Ireland. Parnell and his followers strongly urge the tories to adopt home rule measures for Ireland, stating that the advocacy of such a step by the conservatives would completely dish the liberals.

H. A. McLaughlin, Norland, writes: "I am sold out of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. It sells well, and I find in every instance it has proven satisfactory. I have reason to believe it the best preparation of the kind in the market." It cures Dyspepsia, Biliousness, and Torpidity of the Liver, Constipation, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, Female Complaints, etc.

PASSENGERS.

Per str. Idaho, from Tacoma, June 11—Mrs Nichols, Mrs Bain, J Caley.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str. Idaho, from Tacoma, June 11—Mrs Nichols, J McLeod, J Cunningham, W Prothero & Co, U Nelson, J B Lowell, Colister & Co, D McPhaden, C Mcbonough, Z S Hall.

AFTER DINNER.

Persons who suffer from Indigestion can arrest the progress of that painful malady by the use of an **after-dinner pill**, so composed that it will give tone to the stomach, prevent heartburn, rouse the liver to healthful action, invigorate the kidneys, and thus, through the activity of these organs, promote the natural movement of the stomach and bowels. AYER'S PILLS are so compounded that their action, though mild, effectually produces the above results. They also, in curing Constipation, remove the cause of Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Kidney Disease, Rheumatism, and many other serious ailments.

AYER'S PILLS

contain no mineral nor poisonous substance, and do not gripe unless the bowels are irritated, and even then their influence is healing. To continue their effect in constipated or chronic cases, they need only be taken in diminishing instead of increasing doses. For seamen, and inhabitants or travelers in sparsely settled countries where physicians are not at hand, they are of inestimable value. There is hardly a sickness they will not alleviate, and in most cases cure, if taken promptly. To young girls just entering upon womanhood, and to women whose period of maternity is drawing to a close, Ayer's Pills, in moderate doses, merely sufficient to ensure regular action of the bowels, will be found of

Incalculable Value.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

High Class Organs.

From the Toronto Globe.

Perhaps the most artistic building on the exhibition ground is the pavilion of the Dominion Organ and Piano Company of Bowmanville. It is moreover one of the most interesting to lovers of good music as being the location of a magnificent collection of instruments. The erection of this building, which cost about $1,000, became necessary to meet the requirements of the company, which had been cramped for room in the Main Building, where it is impossible to judge the merits of high-class instruments. The enterprise displayed by the Company in providing suitable quarters on the grounds for their business has been rewarded. The large number of visitors who call, inspect, and purchase proves beyond question that the public approve the provision made for their convenience and comfort. Here a crowd may be seen listening to test performances on first-class instruments made by leading city and country musicians.

Right well do the Company deserve the success which they have achieved. The present prosperous concern had, like all great institutions, its day of small things. It had its origin in Bowmanville about fifteen years ago, the stock being at that time largely held by parties unacquainted with the business. About ten years go John Wesley, the present secretary and treasurer; George Piggott, the manager of the manufacturing department; and W. S. Russell, superintendent of the tuning department, bought out the shareholders and assumed control. Since that date the business has been booming. A further stimulus was given to the concern by the admission of a Detroit millionaire as a partner. Piano-making was added to the organ-manufacturing, and the establishment was increased, until it now occupies a leading position among Canadian undertakings. It turns out about 200 organs and 50 pianos per month. These are produced by 250 hands, who receive in wages about $15,000 per month. The whole civilized world is the firm's market, and they have branches in London and Manchester, England; Hamburg, Germany; Adelaide and Sydney, Australia; Auckland, New Zealand; and St. Petersburg, Russia.

The instruments on exhibition in the pavilion are fair examples of the Company's workmanship. An upright piano of burr walnut is a splendid instrument. Of square pianos there are two kinds, a square and a square grand. The former is intended for standing against the side wall of a room, and is convenient for comparatively small apartments. The square grand is finished on all sides, presents a handsome appearance, and is suited for occupying a prominent position in drawing or music room. These two instruments are of rosewood, with a superfine polish, secured by hand rubbing with oil for hours. The touch is quick and easy, the tone brilliant and powerful. In musical quality and appearance they are equal to the best American pianos.

The organs made by the Company are known almost everywhere. They are manufactured in all styles, and at all prices, ranging from $50 to $1,000. Many sample organs are shown in the pavilion. The largest organ which the Company will exhibit, a double-bank pedal, is at present at the Dominion Exhibition, Montreal, but is expected here at the end of the week. It is arranged to be blown by Turk's water motor, which has been placed in position to await the arrival of the big instrument. The organs run through all grades, from the thousand dollar instrument down to the parlor favorite. The cases show wonderful variety. Many of these are of rare beauty and skilful workmanship. The case which secured for the Company a prize at the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia is still much admired, and is largely manufactured. Cases for parlor organs are chaste in design and artistic in execution. The musicians who tested the organs affirmed that for sweetness of tone and elasticity of touch they are model instruments; while visitors can themselves judge as to the beauty and style of the cases.

[T. R. Pearson & Co., New Westminster, are sole agents for these fine Organs in British Columbia. Persons proposing to purchase should not fail to communicate with them. Sample organs on view. Prices quite as low as those of Ontario. Address, T. R. Pearson & Co., New Westminster, B. C.] *no26tc

The new war map of Egypt and the Soudan, giving names of all the places mentioned in despatches, and a valuable table of distances. No one should be without it. Price, 15 cents. T. R. Pearson & Co. ap15tc

THE WEST SHORE FOR SEPTEMBER.—The Great Illustrated British Columbia Edition. A full supply now on hand at T. R. Pearson & Co's., sole agents for the Mainland, at 25 cts. each. tc

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. in the Rectory

Navigation of Hudson's Bay.

The Halifax Herald publishes an interview with Captain William Adams, the famous Dundee whaler and Arctic navigator, who goes on the steamer Alert to Hudson's Bay on behalf of the Hudson's Bay Railway and Navigation Company, to report on the feasibility and practicability of the route to Europe. Capt. Adams has had a third of a century's experience in navigating northern waters, and is confident Hudson's Bay is a practicable route four months of the year. He says navigation is open from the middle of June to the end of October to ships properly equipped with two and a half inch iron bark for the outside shell, with suitable ice stem, inside fortification, and with extra beam. These ships should be limited to 2,500 tons in size; larger vessels would be too long to wind through the ice packs. They need not be wooden ships, as after making two trips to Hudson's Bay during the season they should be employed in the Atlantic or any other trade during the rest of the year. Men of energy and spirit will make the route a success. If the railway route is practicable, the opening of ocean navigation from Hudson's Bay to Europe is only a question of time and money. He thinks there is as much danger in navigating the coasts of Newfoundland and Nova Scotia during the breaking up of the ice in the spring as in navigating Hudson's Bay and Strait during the four months indicated. *The safety of the ship there, as* here, depends very largely on the common sense, experience, watchfulness and caution of the captain. Speaking of the whale fishery, he gave very interesting facts and figures showing its enormous profits, and says either Halifax or St. Johns, Nfld., would make a far better whale fishing headquarters for the world than Dundee.

Wine at the Passover.

A member of the editorial staff of the *Methodist Times*, London, in the issue of that paper for April 10th, gives a very interesting account of what he saw and heard at a modern celebration of the Jewish Passover, at the house of an orthodox Jew, to which he had been invited on the occasion. The account is too long to be inserted here, but we give the closing paragraph. The writer says: "Supper being ended, I said, amongst other things to an intelligent and affable Rabbi, who sat next me, 'May I ask with what kind of wine you have celebrated the Passover this evening?' 'With a non-intoxicating wine' he promptly replied. 'Jews never use fermented wine in their synagogue services, and must not use it on the Passover either for synagogue or home purposes. Fermented liquor of any kind comes under the category of 'leaven,' which is proscribed in so many well-known places in the Old Testament. The wine which is used by Jews during the week of Passover is supplied to the community by those licensed by the Chief Rabbi's Board, and by those only. Each bottle is sealed in the presence of a representative of the ecclesiastical authorities. The bottle standing yonder on the sideboard from which the wine used to-night was taken was thus sealed. I may also mention that poor Jews who cannot afford to buy this wine, make an unfermented wine of their own, which is nothing else but an infusion of Valencia or Muscatel raisins. I have recently read the passage in Matthew in which the Paschal Supper is described. There can be no doubt whatever that the wine used *upon that occasion was unfermented.* Jesus as an observant Jew would not only not have drunk fermented wine on the Passover, but would not have celebrated the Passover in any house from which everything fermented had not been removed. I may mention that the wine I use in the service at the synagogue is an infusion of raisins. You will allow me, perhaps, to express my surprise that Christians who profess to be followers of Jesus of Nazareth can take what he could not possibly have taken as a Jew—intoxicating wine, at so sacred a service as the sacrament of the Lord's Supper.'"

Riel's Rascally Record.

Frank Eastman, who has been clerk to the Senate Committee on Claims for the past two years, was district attorney at Helena, M. T., in 1882. In a conversation on the Canadian insurrection Mr. Eastman said: "I know Louis Riet well. He was the leader of the Red River insurrection in 1872, and was guilty of the most atrocious and inhuman crimes ever perpetrated by man. Add to the tortures of the inquisition every agony that devilish ingenuity could suggest or invent, and you may get a faint idea of the manner in which Reil treated the unfortunate captives who fell into his hands. The Canadian government secured the services of a priest to visit Riel, and after much trouble he succeeded in inducing Riel to surrender. In spite of his many acts of fiendish cruelty and the fact that he was guilty of high treason, the Canadian government failed to give him the hemp he so richly deserved, and is now reaping the fruits of its mistaken mercy. In November, 1882, Riel was engaged in selling whisky eight or ten miles inside of the lower border of the Blackfeet reservation. He procured the liquor in Fort Benton, and, failing to pay his bills and being unable to secure any more credit, he transferred his valuable custom to Helena. Here his credit also ran out, and when C. A. Broadwater, the partner and agent of Wilder of St. Paul, told him he could be credited no longer, Riel said, "All right, Meester Broadwater, but I would like to meet you out on ze perarie," thus conveying a delicate suggestion of the hereafter.

Riel was shortly after indicted for selling rum to the Indians, and when brought to trial refused to answer any questions, frankly stating that he refused because he did not care to criminate himself. During the trial a juror asked Riel if he was not the man who incited the Red River Insurrection in 1872. "Sair," replied Riel with great dignity, "I am ze man who attempted to introduce republican institutions in zat country." As no other witnesses could be procured, Riel was acquitted, although there was no doubt in the world as to his guilt. He was indicted at Benton for election frauds at Rocky Point, in the spring of 1883, and, being unable to procure bail, was imprisoned in jail for two or three months. Then he succeeded in securing bondsmen in the persons of William H. Hunt, the son of the ex-secretary of the navy, and then collector of the Port of Fort Benton, and Thomas Cummings, a former collector. After being released he went up into Manitoba, and from recent events it is evident that he was engaged in laying his plans for the present insurrection. He returned to Fort Benton and was tried, but as the people around Rocky Point led nomadic lives, it was impossible to obtain any witnesses save Riel's half-breed wife and brother-in-law. Of course he was not convicted. —*Washington Cor. N. Y. Sun.*

The Awful Torpedo.

The role of the torpedo boat is terrible; and those who direct its movements are exposed to the greatest dangers. A single heave shot may shatter it to atoms, and when it approaches the enemy a hail of balls from the mitrailleuses and rifles will do terrible execution on board. Therefore the mere fact of embarking on a torpedo boat is a guarantee of bravery. Figure to yourself the situation of the officer in command of such a torpedo boat who is ordered to sink a ship of the enemy's squadron. All his surroundings constitute one vast danger. The very sea that hides and protects him during the first part of his expedition may in another moment toss his corpse hither and thither upon its waves. His adversary will seek to riddle the boat with a rain of steel, cast iron and lead. The torpedo itself, which carries much terror with it, might be touched with a missile and explode, bursting the torpedo boat into atoms. The combat commences. The vessels of the fleet have opened fire. Shells rain in all directions. One of our cruisers, cannonaded heavily on the *starboard side by a fort mounting* twelve Krupp cannon, is simultaneously attacked on the larboard side by one of the enemy's ironclads. She has already suffered severely, and her position becomes critical. A mast signal from the admiral's ship is given; and a torpedo boat starts. The watchful enemy has observed the signal. He knows the danger, and at once concentrates all his fire upon the little gray speck which is shooting rapidly towards him. Three miles separate them, and the torpedo boat must make that three miles in ten minutes. If it is not sunk before it has traveled that distance, the ironclad is lost. Therefore the cannoniers point their guns with the most scrupulous care. The first shells pass wide of the mark; but the aim is rectified, and soon the shells fall so near the torpedo boat that they throw the water over it. Now one has fallen right at its prow. A geyser of water thirty feet high conceals the torpedo boat; the enemy believes it has been sunk, and utter a tremendous cheer. But the projectile has only ricochetted and passed over it. The water falls back in rain, and the brave little vessel reappears all streaming with brine, as though it had emerged from the sea deeps, and rushing on at full steam in the face of death.

There are only nine men on the little vessel, and they are going to attack a sort of leviathan carrying an immense crew. It is not the fight of one against ten, but of one against a hundred.

Not a single word is uttered beyond the necessary orders. Those men whom death already touches with his fingers are silent and grave. And do not suppose for a moment that they do not think of the danger. On the contrary, they think of nothing else. But it is not of their own danger they are thinking, but of the danger of failure. It is not a question of their lives, but of the success of the enterprise. It is essential that the torpedo boat shall reach the enemy's flank and rescue our cruiser. After that, if the torpedo boat sinks, so much the worse.

Every nerve is strained, every eye is directed toward the object in view. Now the boat is only five hundred yards away from the ironclad. The fire of the mitrailleuses mingles with the showers of shells and sweeps the deck; everything wooden is splintered to atoms with grapeshot. An incessant fire of repeating rifles from the mast tops of the ironclad plays over the torpedo boat; and the balls entering through the small openings in the decks have already disabled three men. They lie in a corner to which they were able to drag themselves, for there is no time now to attend to them. They may be thought of in two minutes more—after the fate of all shall have been decided.

The torpedo boat has almost reached its enemy. The success of the expedition is now assured, for the shell batteries are powerless to harm the torpedo boat at such short range. The rifle fire, terrible as it is, cannot sink her. It can only kill some of her crews but that is of no great consequence! Now is the time that the captain needs all his surety of eye and coolness of will, now is the time when his men must execute orders with the rapidity of lightening, for if the torpedo be fired a second too soon it will fail to do its terrible duty, and yet if there be a delay of a moment the torpedo boat must dash itself to pieces against the sides of its mighty adversary.

Now the boat seems almost ready to touch the enemy's vessel. Hand-grenades flung upon her deck rebound and burst; one man is killed; the captain has received a terrible wound in the face; but, summoning all his strength, he supports himself erect against an iron wall by a sublime effort of will. Livid, drenched with blood, but terrible in his calm resolve and bravery, he keeps his eye still on the enemy.

"Ready! Let her go!"

The awful missile is launched. An enormous surge appears in the water, and a frightful, crackling noise is heard, followed by a terrible cry of distress; the pigmy has conquered the giant.

"Hard a starboard!"

And the little vessel, suddenly wheeling around, steams away at full speed while the enemy's ironclad sinks to the bottom.

Ten minutes afterward the torpedo boat has returned to its post beside the Amiral's vessel—the admiral sends for the captain in order to congratulate him. He is carried to him on a bier. Meanwhile the fight goes on. A new expedition may prove necessary. A provisory captain is at once appointed, and four men to complete the decimated crew; and the torpedo boat is ready to fulfil another mission; it has another band of heroes to direct it.—*Paris Figaro.*

A Maine farmer had a wife who declared she would never be weighed. One day when she was in the wagon he drove his team on to the hay scales *in Auburn and had the whole thing* weighed without his wife knowing what was going on. Then he afterwards came back and had the team weighed without his wife, and found it just 225 pounds lighter. So he had his way and she had her weigh.—*Lowell Courier.*

Nothing exasperates a woman, who has been shading her eyes from the gaslight with her hand all the evening, so much as to find she had left her best diamond ring on the washstand.

HOMER & SON,

—IMPORTERS—

SHIPPING & COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

FRONT ST., - NEW WETTMINSTER

OFFER FOR SALE

Extra, Superfine and Graham

FLOUR

BARLEY,
GROUND BARLEY,
WHEAT,
MIDDLINGS

BRAN,

OIL CAKE,
OATS,
OAT MEAL,
CORN MEAL,

GRAIN SACKS,

HAMS, BACON, LARD, BUTTER,
DRIED FRUIT, COFFEE
AND SPICES.

Agents for Pacific Coast Steamship Co. and Beacon Light Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

(ja9tc)

THOMAS McNEELY,

General Groceries,
Provisions,
Dry Goods,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Hardware,
Crockery,
Tinware,

—AND—

GENERAL DEALER,

LADNER'S LANDING, B. C.

(1y23y1)

Clothing! Clothing!

WHITE

THE CLOTHIER,

Has Just Received

OVER 300 MEN'S SUITS

A Large Quantity of

Boys' and Youth's Clothing!

7 Cases of American

FELT HATS

Also, a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

—HE NOW HAS—

The Best Assortment in the above Line ever exhibited in New Westminster.

LATEST STYLES

At Lowest Possible Prices for Cash.

Call Early and Make Your Selection.

COLUMBIA STREET OPP. BANK OF B. C.

D. McPHADEN,

Importer and Dealer in

Family Groceries!

—AND—

PROVISIONS.

Imported in quantity,

First-Class in quality,

Sold at Bottom Prices

The best Place in the City to buy your Groceries.

D. McPHADEN,

Deane's Brick Block,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

mh4

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the legislature of British Columbia at its next session on behalf of the settlers and owners of land situate at Matsqui Prairie for an act for their relief against the "Sumas Dyking Act, 1878," and the "Sumas Dyking Amendment Act, 1883," and to declare forfeited all rights and privileges granted or purported to be granted to E. L. Derby or his assigns by the said acts or either of them, and to repeal such acts.

Matsqui, March 6th, 1885. mh11td

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase from the Provincial Government 160 acres of land in New Westminster District, described as follows:

Commencing at the northwest corner of the Hastings Mill Co's lease on the west *shore of Thornborough Channel, westerly* from Woolbridge Island, Howe Sound; thence north, 20 chains; west, 40 chains; south, 40 chains; east, 40 chains, to west boundary of Hastings Mill Co's claim; thence north along Hastings Mill Co's west boundary 20 chains to point of commencement.

ROYAL CITY PLANING MILLS CO., Limited. JOHN HENDRY, Manager.
New Westminster, May 18, 1885.
20my2m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for timbering purposes the following described lands situated in New Westminster District:

1. Commencing at a post on the shore of Gillies Bay, Texada Island, about one mile N. W. of Shelter Point, extending along the shore for a distance of 160 chains, with a depth of 80 chains, containing 1280 acres, more or less.
2. Commencing at a post on the North shore of Cardero Channel, nearly opposite Denham Island, extending along the shore for a distance of 160 chains, with a depth of 160 chains, containing 1600 acres, more or less.
3. Commencing at a stake on the shore of Hemming Bay, Thurlow Island, about one-half mile West of Jackson Point; thence following the shore line 120 chains; thence in a N. W. direction 240 chains; thence Easterly 160 chains; thence South to point of commencement, containing 3500 acres, more or less.

HASTINGS SAW MILL CO'Y,
RICHD. H. ALEXANDER, Manager.
Burrard Inlet, B. C., 20th July, 1884.
aug3c

Legislative Assembly.

PRIVATE BILLS.

ALL *APPLICATIONS FOR PRIVATE* Bills, properly the subject of legislation by the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, within the purview of the "British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road, or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbor, Canal, Lock, Dam, or Slide, or other like work; the granting of a right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular trade or calling, or of any Joint Stock Company; or otherwise forgranting to any individual or individuals any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act—shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, to be published as follows:—

A notice in the *British Columbia Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the District affected, or if there be no newspa*per published therein, then in a newspa*per in the next nearest District in which a newspaper is published.

Such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks, during the interval of time between the close of the next preceeding Session and the consideration of the Petition.

Before any Petition, praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, is presented to the House, the person or persons intending to petition for such Bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rule, also at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and mentioning also whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

THORNTON FELL,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
se24tc

WATCHES

C. M. McNAUGHTEN

WATCHMAKER

Jeweller & Optician,

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.,

Begs to inform his patrons and the inhabitants of British Columbia, that he has engaged the services of

MR. F. CRAKE,

For a number of years manager of the Watchmaking and Repairing Department of Messrs. Savage, Lyman & Co., of Montreal. They say of him that he is one of the very best workmen ever in their employ, and they part with him with regret, which is a sufficient guarantee of his ability. I have spared neither trouble nor expense to get one of the ablest men, and I am determined to make my business second to none in British Columbia. Mr. Crake will have entire charge of the Watch department. **Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs,** and all complicated watches rated and adjusted. Broken or lost parts made equal to new. Any parties having Watches which have been in the hands of incompetent Watchmakers and can't be made to go, send them to me, packed in a small box, by mail, registered or otherwise, and they will have my immediate attention; and perfect satisfaction will be given.

The manufacturing Jewelry is under my personal charge. All kinds of Jewelry made to order and the quality of the goods guaranteed. Diamonds and precious stones set with care. All my charges are moderate. I have a new and well-selected stock of **Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Rolled Plate Jewelry and Plated Ware,** all of the best quality. New patterns constantly arriving.

All Watches sold will be closely regulated to a few seconds a month, thus doing away with the annoyance of having an imperfect time-keeper.

C. M. McNAUGHTEN,
jny3tc Watchmaker & Jeweller.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

ACTIVE PASS LIGHTHOUSE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A Lighthouse has been erected by the Government of Canada, on Georgina Point, Maine Island, at the N. E. entrance to Active Pass, in the Province of British Columbia, and will be put in operation on the 10th June.

LAT. 48° 52′ 30″
LONG. 123° 17′ 30″

The light is Fixed White, Dioptric, of the 6th order, and is 56 feet above high water mark, and will be seen for a distance of about 8 miles.

The building is painted white and consists of a square wooden tower, with a dwelling house attached.

HERBERT G. LEWIS,
Agent of Marine.
Victoria, B.C., 3rd June, 1885. 6jelm

NOTICE.

TO CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to noon of

Wednesday, 7th inst.,

FOR THE ERECTION AND COMPLETION OF A

GAOL IN VICTORIA

Plans and Specifications can be seen and forms for tender obtained at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, 3rd June, 1885. je6td

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1885.

SPRING ASSIZES.

(ON VANCOUVER ISLAND.)

Victoria, ...Monday, ...6th April.
Nanaimo, ...Tuesday, ...2nd June.

(ON MAINLAND.)

New Westminster, .Wednesday, 6th May.
Yale, ...Wednesday, 27th May.
Kamloops, ...Monday, ...1st June.
Clinton, ...Monday, ...8th June.

FALL ASSIZES.

(ON MAINLAND.)

Richfield, ...Monday, ... 14th Sept.
Clinton, ...*Wednesday, 30th Sept.*
Kamloops, ...Monday, ... 5th Oct.
Lytton, ...Monday, ... 12th Oct.
Yale, ...Friday, ... 16th Oct.
New Westminster, Wednesday, 11th Nov.

(ON VANCOUVER ISLAND.)

Victoria, ...Monday, ... 23rd November.
Nanaimo, ...Tuesday, ...1st December.
mh18m3

B. C. Penitentiary.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned until 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday, 25th June, for supplying the Penitentiary *from* 1st July, 1885, to 30th June, 1886, with the following articles:

1. Beef.
2. Bread, white and brown.
3. Blankets, 3½ pt., white, per pair.
4. Coal, Wellington, screened.
5. Groceries.
6. Leather and Findings, for shoe shop, detailed lists of which can be obtained on application to the Accountant at the Penitentiary.

Neither the lowest nor any tender necessarily accepted.

Samples may be seen and forms of application obtained by applying to the Accountant at the Penitentiary.

Imperial weights and measures required.

All articles supplied to be of the best quality. Signed,

ARTHUR H. McBRIDE,
Warden.
June 8th, 1885. je10td

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Yale District.

FERRIES ON THE EAGLE PASS WAGGON ROAD.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to noon of

MONDAY, 15th JUNE NEXT,

For the privilege of OPERATING A FERRY on each of the four Lakes on the route the Eagle Pass Waggon Road for a period of Twelve Months.

The Charter will include the use of the Boats and Appliances now upon the Lakes and the right to Collect Tolls over one or all the Lakes at the following rates, viz:

2-horse Team and Waggon	$2 00
4 do do do	2 50
6 do do do	3 00
8 do do do	3 50
Passengers, each Lake	25
Loose Animals, each Lake	25
Freight per 100 lbs., each or all Lakes	25

Tenders must state the amount of rent proposed to be paid to the Government, and give the names of two responsible residents of the Province who are willing to sign a Bond for the sum of $500 as security for the faithful carrying out of the contract.

All officers of the Provincial Government, with their animals and freight, to pass free.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department.
Victoria, B. C., 22d May, 1885.
my27td

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date we intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in New Westminster District:

Commencing at a stake on Bowen Island set about ¼ of a mile east from a point on the west shore line of Bowen Island, which point bears south-easterly from Hutt Island; thence east 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 40 chains to point of commencement, containing 160 acres.

ROYAL CITY PLANING MILLS CO., Limited. JOHN HENDRY, Manager.
New Westminster, B.C., May 11, 1885.
13my2m

KNIFE FOUND.

FOUND—a Pocket Knife. Owner may have it upon application at this office, and paying cost of this advertisement.
16je2t

Land Registry Ordinance, 1870.

Lots Nos. 5, 6 and 7, Block XVII, in the City of New Westminster.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE Title to the above mentioned Lots will be issued to William Norman Bole on the 16th day of July, 1885, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said land or some part thereof.

R. W. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy Registrar.
Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, 7th April, 1885.
ap8m3

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT SIXTY days after date we the undersigned intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands on Valdez Island, Coast district, British Columbia:

And I the undersigned, John Wiggins, intend making application for 160 acres, more or less, described as follows:

Commencing at a post on the east shore line of Village Bay Lake, about 30 chains North of the foot of the lake; thence east 40 chains, north 40 chains, west 40 chains, more or less to the shore line of lake; thence southerly, following meanderings of shore line of lake to point of commencement.

And I the undersigned, Charles McDonough, intend making application for 400 acres, more or less, described as follows:

Commencing at a post on the west shore line of Village Bay Lake, about 2 miles north of the foot of the lake, thence west 80 chains, thence north 60 chains, thence east to the shore line of the lake, thence southerly, following the meanderings of shore line of lake to point of commencement.

And I the undersigned, Joseph Mannion, intend making making application for 600 acres, more or less, described as follows:

Commencing at a post on the north shore line of Village Bay Lake about one mile easterly from its head; thence north 40 chains, west 160 chains, south 40 chains, *east to shore line of Village Bay Lake;* thence northerly and easterly, following meanderings of shore line of lake to point of commencement:

And I the undersigd, Alexander Russell, intend making application for 600 acres, more or less, described as follows:

Commencing at the South-west corner of the land applied for by Joseph Mannion; thence south 160 chains, east 40 chains, north to shore line of Village Bay Lake; thence following meanderings of shore line of Village Bay Lake in a North-westerly direction to the intersection of Mannion's south boundary line with the shore line of Village Bay Lake.

And I the undersigned, John D. Paris, intend making application for 600 acres, more or less, described as follows:

Commencing at the the South-east corner of the land applied for by Alexander Russell, thence east 60 chains, north to shore line of Village Bay Lake; thence in a westerly direction, following meanderings of the shore line of lake to intersection of Russell's east boundary with shore line of lake; thence south along said east boundary of Russell's claims to point of commencement.

New Westminster, B. C., April 6th 1885.

JOHN WIGGINS,
ALEXANDER RUSSELL,
CHARLES McDONOUGH,
JOSEPH MANNION,
JOHN D. PARIS,
ap8m2.

ROYAL

Columbian Hospital.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS, 1884-85.

W. N. BOLE, - - - PRESIDENT
J. W. HARVEY, - VICE-PRESIDENT
W. H. KEARY, - - - SEC.-TREAS
G. E. CORNOLD, JAS. CUNNINGHAM
H. ELLIOTT, C. M. McNAUGHTON

DIRECTOR'S ANNUAL REPORT.

GENTLEMEN:—In presenting our report for 1884-85 we are pleased to be able to say that the Hospital has never for years been in a better position, financially or otherwise. A great number of improvements have been made during the year, such as repairs to buildings, drains, outhouses, &c., and a great deal of bedding and furniture purchased.

Arrangements have been almost completed so that we can have a fever ward for the institution, and which will be a great benefit to the usefulness and success of the Hospital, taking into consideration the rapidly increasing population.

The Hospital has been kept in an efficient condition, and the Surgeon has been attentive and active in his duties.

We are informed that some arrangement will be made during the coming year by the government for the removal of incurables, 7 of whom we have in the *Hospital.*

The medical officer has attended and dispensed medicines to 105 in and out-door patients, showing that much good work has been achieved.

We have to thank Messrs. Jno. Murray and S. T. Tingley, Spence's Bridge, for the receipt of $435.00 legacy left by the late Capt. Thompson to the Hospital.

We have also to thank the government for great assistance and the public for donations of money, clothes, reading matter, &c.

A drain to the river is actually necessary, and if funds permit should be built this year.

Annexed is the Treasurer's and Surgeon's Reports.

THE TREASURER IN ACCOUNT WITH THE ROYAL COLUMBIAN HOSPITAL.

1884.	Dr.	
April 1—To balance from last year,	$ 91	
" Government grant	4500	00
" do. for repairs	500	00
" Legacy from Captain Thompson	435	00
" Subscriptions	65	00
" Holy Trinity Church collections	35	35
" Paying patients	30	10
" Proceeds of Concert	140	75
	$5707	11

1885.	Cr.	
Mar. 31—By Liabilities from last year paid	$ 200	00
" Salaries	1569	94
" Repairs to buildings	425	63
" Furniture	140	37
" Fish	16	70
" Funerals	67	50
" Bread	119	65
" Washing	178	67
" Vegetables	87	84
" Light	54	46
" Beef	510	20
" Milk	250	61
" Stationery	27	65
" Groceries	620	72
" Drugs	220	12
" Clothing	69	25
" Printing	51	30
" Bedding	125	48
" Nursing	95	00
" Medical comforts	37	50
" Fuel	268	50
" Library	10	00
" Insurance	45	00
" Sundries	23	50
" Audit	10	00
" Balance	493	42
	$5707	11

1885.
April 1—To balance $493 42

Examined and found correct.
W. H. FALDING,
Auditor.

ROYAL COLUMBIAN HOSPITAL.

NEW WESTMINSTER,
April 6th, 1885.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS—Gentlemen:

I have the honor to make the following report on the Royal Columbian Hospital for the year ending the 31st March, 1885.

Number of in-door patients 62
" " out-door " 43
" Remaining under treatment 18
" Died 6

Causes of death of the six who died:

Chronic Bronchitis 1
Phthisis or Consumption 1
Chronic Alcoholism 1
Paralysis 3

Two of them came in in a dying condition.

The Hospital has undergone a good deal of repairing during the year. The water pipes have been fixed; outhouses have been moved, and one built for the reception of the dead until burial. Whitewashing and papering has been done, making the place look bright and cheerful.

I have to thank a number of friends of the institution for contributions of pictures, texts, and reading matter of every description and in large quantities. Also for the supply of old washed linen which is particularly useful. Also, I have to thank the steward, Mr. Charles Digby, for the pains he has taken in keeping the *wards clean and comfortable; and, also,* for his kindness and attention to the sick.

Before closing my report I wish to suggest that if a fever ward, i. e., to admit typhoid fever, could be opened, it would add very materially to the usefulness of the institution. I think that this might be done without much expense by attaching three or four rooms to the building for the use of the steward and his family and using the wards up stairs for fever cases.

I also wish to bring before your notice the necessity of more drains being built, especially one from the hospital direct to the river.

Yours faithfully,
R. J. BENTLEY, M.B.
1my1m Medical Officer.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

$10.00 REWARD.

THE ABOVE REWARD will be paid for information that may lead to the conviction of the party or parties who have wantonly torn down and destroyed a portion of the rails of the Brunette bridge, Pitt River road.

C. WARWICK,
Govmt Agent.
New Westminster, May 15th, 1885.
16my1m

The County Court Rules, 1885.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Orders, Rules and Forms framed under the "County Court Jurisdiction Act, 1885," shall, on and from the 11th day of May, 1885, be the Orders, Rules, and Forms in force and used in the County Courts.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
11th May, 1885. 16my1m

NOTICE.

A SITTING OF THE COUNTY COURT of New Westminster will be held—

At Yale, on Wednesday, the 27th May, 1885;

And sittings of the County Court of Kootenay will be held—

At the West Crossing, Columbia River, on Monday, the 22nd June, 1885; and

At the East Crossing, Columbia River, on Thursday, the 22nd July, 1885.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
12th May, 1885. 16my1m

T. N. HIBBEN & CO.

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Having studied the best markets for the past quarter of a century, economy in purchasing has been attained by importing in quantities direct from the publishers and manufacturers, and no pains is spared to keep a full and well-selected stock.

Old Masonic Building, Goverment St.

VICTORIA, B. C.

☞ The following New Books just received: **Canadian Pictures, by Marquis of Lorne; Treasury of Song; Grav's Unrivalled Family Atlas.** oc29tc

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Thoroughbred Poultry!

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FROM IMPORTED FOWLS, OF THE FOLLOWING VARIETIES:

PLYMOUTH ROCKS,
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WHITE LEGHORNS,
HOUDANS,
B. B. RED GAME BANTAMS,
BRONZE TURKEYS,
TOULOUSE GEESE,
ROUEN DUCKS.

Eggs (that will hatch) shipped any distance. Send for illustrated price list.

C. P. STONE,
mh4tc Seattle, Wash. Ter.

Canadian Pacific Railway

NEW SCHEDULE

—OF—

WAGES

—FOR—

WHITE LABOR

—ON THE—

Canadian Pacific Railway

—IN—

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Overseers	$125 00 per month.			
Rock Foremen	$3 50 to $4 00			⅌ day
Earth Foremen	2 50 to 3 50			"
Bridge Foremen	3 50 to 4 50			"
Bridge Carpenters, 1st class	3 50			"
Bridge Carpenters, 2nd class	3 00			"
Masons	2 50 to 3 50			"
Stone Cutters	3 00 to 3 50			"
Blacksmiths, 1st class	3 50			"
Blacksmiths, 2nd class	3 00			"
Blacksmith Helpers	1 50 to 2 00			"
Drillers	2 00 to 2 25			"
Laborers	1 75 to 2 00			"
Hewers, 1st class	3 50			"
Choppers, 1st class	2 00 to 2 50			"
Scorers, 1st class	2 50			"

All outside labor 10 hours per day.

All Carpenters to furnish their own Chest Tools.

All Employees to find themselves Bed, Board and Lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient *along the Line. Board—$5 per week.*

It will not be compulsory for Employees to board in the Company's Houses.

Wages will be paid monthly, on the 10th of each month.

A. ONDERDONK,
GENERAL MANAGER.

OFFICE OF THE CONTRACTORS,
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY,
Yale, March 1, 1883.

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—AND—

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(fe2tc)