G. A. McBain & Co.
Real Estate Brokers
Nanaimo, B. C.

The Weekly News.

G. A. McBain & Co.
Real Estate Brokers
Nanaimo, B. C.

NO. 45. COURTENAY, COMOX DISTRICT, B. C. WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 13, 1893. $2.00 PER YEAR

McKims' Store

— at —

UNION, B. C.

carries a fine assortment of
General Merchandise
including
Boots, Shoes, Clothing and Gents Furnishings

Eureka Bottling Works,
LOUIS LAWRENCE, PROPRIETOR,
— MANUFACTURER OF —
SODA WATER, LEMONADE, GINGER ALE,
Sarsaparalla and Champagne Cider, Iron Phosphates, Syrups.
Bottler of Different Brands of Lager Beer Steam Beer and Porter
Agent for Union Brewery Company.
Nanaimo and Courtenay B. C.

W. J. Young. P. F. Scharschmidt.

COURTENAY PHARMACY.

PURE DRUGS & PATENT MEDICINES
Also Fancy Toilet Articles
TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

CANADA

Permanent Loan and Savings Company
(Incorporated A. D. 1855.)

HEAD OFFICE—Company's Buildings,
Toronto Street, Toronto, Canada.

J. HERBERT MASON, — President and Managing Director.

Subscribed Capital, $5,000,000; Total Assets, $12,091,772.

The Company Lends Money from $300 to $300,000,

On City or Farm Property, at Current Rates of Interest, and on favorable terms of re-payment. Mortgages and Debentures purchased. No Commisson. No Delay. Expenses moderate. For particulars apply to
MARCUS WOLFE, Real Estate, Insurance
and Financial Broker, Appraiser. P. O. Box 10, Nanaimo, B. C.

BIG PROFITS.

Can be made by buying now in the
RABSON ADDITION
fronting on the Bay. The road Through this Property is being improved, and will lead direct to UNION WHARF and the new townsite where stores and hotels will soon be under construction.

Owing to its beautiful location and proximity to Courtenay when the Harrigan and Wharf roads are completed, it will spring into GREAT IMPORTANCE.
Now is your opportunity
Office at Courtenay. Wm. Cheney, Agent.

THE BEST PLACE IN B. C.
to buy
Agricultural Implements, Farm and Mill Machinery, Mining and mill supplies, Hardware, Belting, Paints and Oils, Plaster, Cordage and Cement
is
NICHOLLES and RENOUF
Victoria, B C
P O Box 86 S E Corner Yates and Broad
Correspondence solicited.

UNION STORE

We Carry the Largest Stock
— of —
General Merchandise
in British Columbia.
Simon Leiser, Proprietor,

Miss M. Roy has charge of our dress Department. All work done in this Department guaranteed to give satisfaction.

McPhee & Moore.

COMOX, BC.

Importers & Dealers in

Flour & Feed	Dry Goods	Gents Furnishings
Farm Produce	Boots & Shoes	Patient Medicines
Fancy Groceries	Hardware	Stationery
Crockery & Glassware	Paint & Oils	Wallpaper

Sportsmens Supplies a Speciality

E. Pimbury & Co.
WHOLESALE and RETAIL
DRUGGISTS and STATIONERS
Commercial St. Nanaimo, B. C

Dr. W J. Young
Physician & Surgeon
OFFICE & RESIDENCE.
Courtenay Pharmacy
COURTENAY, B. C

LADIES! We have received a new consignment of your favorite slippers.
Come and fit yourselves.
Duncan Bros.

Society Cards

I. O. O. F., No .11

Union Lodge, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday night at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.
Alex. W. Fraser, R. S

Leiser Lodge No. 13, A. O. U. W. holds regular meetings on alternate Saturday evenings at 7.30 p. m. in the old North Comox School House. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend.
Ernest A. Holliday
Recorder.

Hiram Lodge No 14 A.F .& A.M., B.C.R.
Courtenay B. C.
Lodge meets on every Saturday on or before the full of the moon
Visiting Brothers cordially requested to attend.
W. J. Young
Secretary.

K. of P.

Comox Lodge No 5, K. of P., meets every Saturday, after the new and full moon, at 8 p. m. at Castle Hall, Comox. Visiting Knights cordially invited to attend.
John Baird
K. R.S.

For Sale.

Five lots in Courtenay Townsite being ots 68, 67, 65, 73, and 74 on Mill street between Union and Alice streets, near Courtenay bridge.
For particulars apply to Bruno Mellado, House 29, Union, B. C.

Durham Townsite Lots.

This Magnificent Townsite
Overlooking Bayne Sound
has been surveyed into lots which are now for the first time put on the market. The most important development may be expected here. Here is located the
Famous Spring.
which has been analyzed and pronounced of the highest value.
Parties wishing to purchase can do so now at reasonable figures and on easy terms.
Applications should be made to
A. Garvin,
Union Mines.

UNION Bakery
UNION, B. C.
Best of Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand.
The Bread Cart will be at Courtenay and Comox Tuesdays and Fridays.
Wm. Viles, Prop

H A Simpson
Barrister and Solicitor. Office in 2nd flat, Green's Block, Nanaimo, B. C
Will be in Union every Wednesday and Courtenay on Thursday.

THREE DOLLARS A WEEK FOR LIFE.

Here is a Snap for Brainy People—The Latest Thing Out.

In order to introduce The Canadian Agriculturist into New homes, the publishers have decided to present an unusually attractive reward list for their Great Eighth Half Yearly Literary Attraction for the summer of 1893, which closes Oct. 1. They have entered into a written agreement to pay through the Judges all the rewards offered below.

HOW TO SECURE A REWARD—Those who become subscribers can compete free of charge. All that is necessary is to take a few sheets of paper and make all the words you can out of the letters in the three words, "World's Columbian Exposition," and send them to us, inclosing $1 for six months subscription to either The Canadian Agriculturist or The Ladies Home Magazine, two of the choicest illustrated periodicals of the day.

The sender of the largest list will receive $3 per week for life; 2nd $1.00 in gold; 3rd, $300; 4th $250; 5th, $100; 6th, Ticket to World's Fair and ten days expenses; pianos, organs, ladies' and gents' gold and silver watches, silver tea services, diamond rings, and over 10 000 other rewards, making altogether the most valuable prize list ever offered by any publisher. Send for list of former prize-winners.

RULES.—Foreign or obsolete words not counted. 2. LETTERS cannot be used oftener than they appear in words "World's Columbian Exposition"—that is, the word "riddle" for instance, could not be used, because there is but one "d" in the three words, etc. 3. Names of persons and places barred. 4. No charge for packing or shipping, but all prize winners will be expected to help us to extend our circulation. 5. All lists containing over 100 correct words will receive a special reward.

JUDGES.—The following well known gentlemen have consented to act as judges and will see that the prizes are fairly awarded—Comodore Calen I. (Proprietor Calen's Line of Steamers) Peterborough, and Mr. W. Robertson, President Times Printing Company, Peterborough.

AGENTS WANTED.—We pay $1 to $5 per day salary (no commission) to men, women, boys and girls. Write for particulars. Register all money letters. Address, CANADIAN FARMER PUB. CO. (Ltd), Peterborough, Canada.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that a County Court of Nanaimo will be held at Comox on Thursday the 5th day of October 1893 at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Suiters wishing to enter plaints for said court must send particulars of same in duplicate with the fees to the undersigned on or before the 19th day of September, instant.

By Order
M. Bray
Nanaimo, B. C. Reg. C.C.
Sept. 5th 1893.

Exhibition Day Sports.

(Sept. 28th)

The following is the programme of sports made out by the committee of the Athletic Club.

1. Bicycle Race—long, short and slow
1. Cricket Match—Denman and Hornby vs Comox.
3. One Hundred Yard Dash.
4. Pole Vaulting.
5. Sack Race.
6. Three Legged Race.
7. Obstacle Race.
8. Greased Pole—over the river.
9. Fifty Yards Swim—with the current
10. Tug of War—Comox District vs Union.
11. Girls Race.

Other features to be added later. There must be 3 entries in any sport to ensure a race.

In the evening the Club will give a ball.

Farm Products for Sale.

(Delivered at Thos Cairn's farm.)

Potatoes per lb.	1	cent
Carrots " "	"	"
Beets " "	"	"
Turnips " "	"	"
Cabbage " "	1½	cents
Onions " "	2	"
Butter " "	30	"

Wood & Miller

UNION, B. C.
Having Added to their Own the
Splendid Livery Outfit.
of R. Grant and Co
Are Prepared to furnish Stylish Rigs at Reasonable Rates
Give them a call.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday September 14th for the repairing of the long bridge.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Gov. Agent.
Sam. Creech,

Comox Lightning.

Sept. 6th—The ss. Joan, Capt. Butler, arrived on time. Passengers:—A. Rennison, W. Craig, W. Harvey, Geo. Howe Evens, Rowbothem and H. Simpson. Consignees:—McPhee & Moore, J. B. Holmes and J. Bruce.

R. Swan, J. Fitzgerald and Ed. Small left yesterday for Gartley Creek. They intend to stay 3 or 4 weeks this time and make a thorough search for the gold beds of that locality. Judging from appearances they have a fair prospect, and we wish them a full measure of success.

Sept. 8th,—The ss. Joan left at 7 a. m. for Nanaimo. Passengers:—Mr. and Mrs. E. F Clay and family, Joe Martin, Geo. Howe, W. Harvey, H. Simpson, Rowbothem, Burns, and J. Bruce.

The very sad news has reached here of the death of Joseph Mills at Temporal Old Mexico on the 3rd of August. He was here about four years ago with T. E. Brown with the diamond drill. He was a member of Comox Lodge No. 5 K. of P. and well and favorably known.

The dust is in a high state of prespiration owing to the rain. Wonder if the foot passengers up the settlement have taken to walking on the fence rails yet. It is suggested that the new crop of thistles will get a fair start.

We are glad to see that the Courtenay Athletic Club is getting up sports to supplement the attractions of the Comox Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition. It is a splendid idea. We would suggest some Indian races and Wild Bill sports.

Mr. J. B. Holmes is about to erect a new store at the Bay. Excavation for the foundation will be commenced without delay. Further particulars later.

Sept. 11th. The Swan party came back Saturday—too much rain. The Creek was flooded, and work can not be prosecuted at present. All things come to those who wait, and the gold hunters are content to bide their time. They don't want the whole earth—a few tons of golden nuggets will satisfy their ambition
Blue Mud.

Union Flashes.

Sept. 11th. —The camp is full. A large number of old hands came up on last boat. It is doubtful, however, if any more can be set to work until Slope No.1 and shaft No. 2 are opened.

The ss. Joan on her last trip was crowded from end to end. Among the freight were a pair of boilers, and a large quantity of iron work for the cars.

The Falcon left Sunday noon for Victoria.

The tug Lorne came in on Monday with the barque McNear.

The barque Matilda is due from Port Townsend.

The barque Enoch Talbot is due.

The City of Puebla came in Thursday and left Friday night for Seattle.

The Mineola left Saturday night.

The new steam yatch is being painted by J. H. Sullivan of Nanaimo, who came up on the Joan.

The old company store is being renevated, and remodeled into a boarding house. When finished the Roys are expected to run it.

Grant & McGregor have added a fine line of stoves from the McClary M'fg Co. of London, Canada, to their furniture establishment.

The members of the Benevolence Lodge No. 14 K. of P. are requested to attend church parade next Sunday the 17th inst. for which purpose they will meet at Castle hall at 6 p. m. of that day. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited.

Grant & Co. have received the large new gravestone for Mrs. Hannah McKelvey. It will be set up in a few days after receiving a few finishing touches.

The Fulton Bro's have the lumber on the ground for their new butcher shop, which is located a little east of the bakery.

Miss Coffey of Victoria is visiting the family of Rev. Mr. Higgins.

Money Wanted.

There are quite a number of those who signed as members of the Comox Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition, last spring who have not yet paid their membership fee. Will they not kindly do so now, without waiting to be called on? Those residing on Hornby Island can hand the amount to Mr. George Heatherbell, Director, and those living on Denman Island will please pay to Mr. Alex. McMillan, Director. All others will probably find it as convenient to hand the money directly to the Secretary. Our friends will please not delay, as it is essential that the Directors should know precisely how much they can depend upon.

The names of new members are being added to the roll daily by the Secretary. It is trusted that this movement will be continued until there is not a farmer or business man in the district whose name is not on the membership roll. We need the money and we need the help of all, and we want a membership so large (ensuring a pronounced success) that we shall be glad to exhibit it as a Roll of Honor.

Business Change.

Having taken over the milk business of S. F. Crawford, and the butcher business of B. Crawford, we shall conduct the same under the firm name and style of Fulton Bros—milk business at Union, meat business at Sandwick and Union.
Sept. 1, 1890. A. A. Fulton.
J. A. Fulton.

Bring in the Books.

Many people throughout the district have one or more volumes of the old public library. The Courtenay Athletic Club as the successor of the defunct association to which these belonged is gathering them in that they may be catalogued and loaned out to the public again under proper system and regulation. In this way the original intention will be carried out and the public receive the benefit. Members of thh Club are also requested to make returns of any books in their possession belonging to the Club.

Something Long Wanted.

It is with pleasure that THE WEEKLY NEWS announces that Courtenay and Union will both soon be branches of a new building and loan society, which is now organized to do business exclusively on Vancouver Island. The head office will be in Nanaimo, but its operations will extend as far north as Comox District.

The objects of the society are two-fold, first to loan money, repayable in small monthly installments: and secondly, as a savings bank, to provide an absolutely safe, and at the same time highly profitable investment for monthly savings. It is different in many ways from other societies, and claims to have adopted the best rules known. To begin with, it is founded on true building society principles that is co-operation. Its directors comprise some of the best known and most influencial business men of Nanaimo, all of whom give their services without remuneration; indeed the only official under salary is the secretary. It is therefore a money making arrangement for the shareholders only. Each share participates equally in all the pro ts made. There are no preferred shareholders to take part of the profits, and there are no salaried managers, traveling inspectors, etc., to pay. The capital of the society is $5,000,000, divided into shares of $100 each. The shares are payable 60 cts each per month, and the profits made are divided every six months, maturing the shares in about seven years. Every month a meeting is held which every shareholder can attend, and all the money the society has on hand is loaned out at that meeting in sums to suit, from $100 upwards to the highest bidder. A mortgage is executed to the association to secure the money loaned, which is repaid in sums of $1.50 per month for each $100 borrowed. This includes principal and interest. When the shares mature, say in seven years, the loan is all repaid, and the mortgage is cancelled. This method of loaning and repaying is the best system in use. By it every shareholder is entitled to borrow $100 for every share he holds, and he can get it just when he wants it. It can be repaid at anytime if desired, or by larger payments if the member prefers to pay it off quicker. A member not residing in Nanaimo, is at no disadvantage. He can get the loan any month, by writing any of the directors, the secretary, or a friend, to attend the meeting for him. This is also the cheapest way to borrow money, as well as the most convenient is the plan of monthly repayments of principal and interest.

The savings bank feature is admirable. The security absolute. The society never keeps money on hand, it is loaned out monthly, and draws interest the first month; and then compound interest every month afterwards, because the amounts repaid are reloaned at once.

A member can always withdraw, and in doing so gets not only all the money he has paid in for monthly dues, but the profits besides, and these profits are very large. In most other societies, a member cannot withdraw without losing 10 per cent or thereabouts of the cash he has actually paid in, no matter if he has been a member for years. Supposing the shares to mature in 7 years, a member holding 10 shares, would have paid in $6 per month for 84 months, or $504 and his fee of 75 cents per share, making a total paid in of $511.50. For this he will get $1,000—a profit of $488.50.

No person need have any doubts as to the absolute security of his money. The directors are all too well known to allow of any question on that point. The officers who handle the money are under bond.

The society is worthy of the support of every citizen of the district, whether as a borrower, or simply as an investor The pamphlets fully explaining the workings of it, are now in the printer's hands and will be ready very soon for distribution. Without a doubt it is the best society of the kind any one could join. It is a home institution and as such deserves the patronage of the citizens in preference to any outside companies. A few copies of the prospectus can be had at the office of THE WEEKLY NEWS.

The Secretary at Nanaimo is Marcus Wolfe, from whom any information can be had. The board of directors are as follows: Andrew Haslam, mayor of Nanaimo, president; C. H. Stickels, manager Electric Light Co., vice-pres; A. R. Johnston, treasurer; Marcus Wolfe, sec.; Ald. Edward Quennell; Ald. Thos. Dobeson; J. W. Stirtan, man. Water Works; Wm. Patterson, of Hull Bros. and J. D. Foreman.

Bankers: The bank of British Columbia.

Bird Fancier.

Mr Robert Graham, the popular proprietor of the Courtenay House is developing quite a taste for fowls. He has some fine young brown leghorn hens that are beauties, and which have a natural gift for producing eggs.

In looking about I noticed some Asiatics with lofty figures and well-rounded bodies, and a crop of feathers reaching to the feet. They are known as Wyandottes—good layers and splendid table fowls.

But this is not all.

Do you see that fowl with feathers black as the starless night, a comb red as a tongue of flame, long shapely legs, on which is mounted a lithe, graceful body, with a long arching neck and a white muffler of feathers around its throat and covering its cheeks?

It is a black Spanish cock.

You can tell that it is of a noble strain. Every step denotes quality, and like a veteran that he is, he shows the scars of many a hard fought battle. His comb has been cut by the Damascus tempered teeth of a powerful enemy and the sharp claw of a hero worty of his skill has torn one of his eyes from its socket. In spite of all this he is a noble looking bird and would attract attention anywhere, much more where his record is known.

He has won first prizes.

The Warships Coming

Victoria. 11th. [Special] The warships, Royal Authur, Nymph and Garnet will reach Bayne's Sound next Wednesday, and practice on the Denman Island spit, The Pheasant may also be expected. Officers and men will number about 1500

There was a fight on Monday between two well known citizens. A warrant has been issued—trial on Wednesday.

Local Brevities

John Mundell is the first man to pay for his paper for the year 1894.

George Porter of Vancouver is a guest at the Courtenay House.

Most anyone can spear a big salmon provided it first gets in a net.

FOR SALE by Mrs David Pickles of Denman Island a few choice Brown Leghorn Cockerels, at a reasonable price.

An excursion is advertised in the FREE PRESS for the 19th instant from Nanaimo to Comox.

Look on the third page of this paper for the Prize List of the Comox Agricultural and Industrial Association.

Wm. Mathewson will erect a new building to house some of his numerous employees.

Mr. Issac Davis is erecting a new building to store the hay and other products of his lake ranch.

Mr. E. F. Clay and family have removed to Vancouver where it is hoped they will meet with abundant success.

The Comox Agricultural and Industrial Association will hold its first annual Exhibit on the 28th of September.

Tom Kitchen of Nanaimo who was pushing Southport property on the market has left the country by the kitchen or back door route.

Mr. W. R. Robb, it is understood, will leave on the next steamer for the East. He will probably take in the World's Fair while absent.

The people of the islands of the gulf should get up an excursion and visit the Comox Agricultural Show on the 28th of next month.

Don't be the only man in the community who isn't a member of the Comox Agricultural Society. We refer to farmers more particularly.

The late storm caught some of our farmers, who should have had their grain harvested before. When grain is ripe it should be gathered with all possible despatch.

They are pretty well through with the harvest on Hornby Island. The school is running successfuly with an enrollment of 15, and an average attendance of 13 during last month.

J. B. Holmes, Comox, is receiving large consignments of both cooking and heating stoves of latest and best designs direct from the McClary M'f'g Co. of Toronto which he is disposing of at prices which defy competition.

The Courtenay Athletic Club contemplate giving a steamboat excursion to Nanaimo, the receipts to be expended in books for the library. Look out for particulars a little latter in our advertising columns.

The suit brought by the tax-collector against a leading citizeu of Comox to recover the poll tax, has been settled by payment. It was Ben. Franklin, we believe, who said no one could escape death or taxes.

Provincial Officer Anderson has received a letter from the mother of O'Conner, who was shot by Ben Kennedy, enquiring if her son left any property. She resides in Kempfield, Ont. and is understood to be in indigent circumstances.

William Halliday and Harry Kirby have returned from Kingcome Inlet. They found good prairie land, and were told by the Indians that there was plenty further up the valley. While there they made an excurion into the territory of the Bruin tribe.

We shall put on sack cloth and ashes. What have we done? We have prodded with a sharp Faber, No. 2 pencil the hard worked farmers with their many acres of hay and gram burdening them with multiplied demands, because forsooth, they did not cut the thistles along the roads abutting upon their large domains, and yet we have failed to rebuke the villager for neglecting to cut the thistles blooming in the front yard of his forty foot lot under his very nose! The Lord help us!

Viles—Brown

On Friday, Sept. 8th, Miss Louisa Brown was married to William Viles, at the English church, Sandwick, the Rev. J. X. Willemar officiating. After a short bridal tour the happy couple returned to Courtenay where they will reside.

They were the recipients of hearty congratulations.

Rams for Sale.

FOR SALE two fine young Rams (South Downs).
Apply to
Geo. Howe,
Comox, B. C.

Notice.

All accounts against the E. & N. Railway Co. re Fielding survey will be paid at the office of the Union Colliery Co., Union, B. C., by C.W. Clinton, from the 25th to the 30th of September.

The Wellington Advocate.

We have received a copy of the Wellington Advocate. It is well printed, on good paper, and bristling with local news We wish it success.

Special Prizes.

Mr. Joseph Hunter, M. P. P. offers the following prizes to be competed for by residents of this district at our Agricultural Exhibition, Sept. 28th:

1. A prize of a silver cup of the value of $50 for the best animal in Division A.
2. A prize of the value of $10 for the best dairy exhibit in Division F.

Notice of Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Comox Agricultural and Industrial Association will be held at the building of the Courtenay Athletic Association, near the bridge in the village of Courtenay, on Wednesday evening, September 27th 1893, at half past seven o'clock, for the purpose of hearing reports, electing a new board of directors and transacting such other business as may properly come before it.
By Order,
M. Whitney, Secretary.

HIS INDIAN BRIDE.

A ROMANCE FF THF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

CHAPTER II.

A DIFFICULT SITUATION.

When Mrs. Frank Armour arrived at Montreal she still wore her Indian costume of clean well-broidered buckskin, moccasins, and leggings, all surmounted by a blanket. It was not a distinguished costume, but it seemed suitable to its wearer. Mr. Armour's agent was in a quandary. He had had no instructions regarding her dress. He felt, of course, that, as Mrs. Frank Armour, she should put off these garments and dress, as far as possible, in accordance with her new position. But when he spoke about it to Mackenzie, the elderly maid and companion, he found that Mr. Armour had said that his wife was to arrive in England dressed as she was. He saw something ulterior in the matter, but it was not his province to interfere. And so Mrs. Frank Armour was a passenger by the Aphrodite in her buckskin garments.

What she thought of it all is not quite easy to say. It is possible that at first she only considered that she was the wife of a white man,—a thing to be desired,—and that the man she loved was hers forever,—a matter of indefinable joy to her. That he was sending her to England did not fret her, because it was his will, and he knew what was best. Busy with her contented and yet somewhat dazed thoughts of him,—she was too happy to be very active mentally, even if it had been the characteristic of her race,—she was not at first aware how much notice she excited and how strange a figure she was in this staring city. When it did draw upon her she shrank a little, but still was placid, preferring to sit with her hands folded in her lap, idly watching things. She appeared oblivious that she was the wife of a man of family and rank; she was only thinking that the man was hers, all hers. He had treated her kindly enough in the days they were together, but she had not been a great deal with him, because they travelled fast, and his duties were many, or he made them so; but the latter possibility did not occur to her. When he had hastily bidden her farewell at Port Arthur he had kissed her and said, "Good-by, my wife." She was not acute enough yet in the inflections of Saxon speech to catch the satire—almost involuntary—in the last two words. She remembered the words, however, and the kiss, and she was quite satisfied. To what she was going she did not speculate. He was sending her: that was enough.

The woman given to her as maid had been wellchosen. Armour had done this carefully. She was Scotch, was reserved, had a certain amount of shrewdness, would obey instructions and do her duty carefully. What she thought about the whole matter she kept to herself; even the solicitor at Montreal could not find out. She had her instructions clear in her mind; she was determined to carry them out to the letter,—for which she was already well paid, and was like to be better paid; because Armour had arranged that she should continue to be with his wife after they got to England. She understood well the language of Lali's tribe, and because Lali's English was limited she would be indispensable in England.

Mackenzie, therefore, had responsibility, and, if she was not elated over it, she still knew the importance of her position, and had enough practical vanity to make her an efficient servant and companion. She already felt that she had got her position in life, from which she was to go out no more forever. She had been brought up in the shadow of Alnwick Castle, and she knew what was due to her charge—by other people; herself only should have liberty with her. She was taking Lali to the home of General Armour, and that must be kept *constantly before her mind. Therefore, from* the day they set foot on the Aphrodite, she kept her place beside Mrs. Armour, sitting with her,—they walked very little,—and scarcely ever speaking, either to her or to the curious passengers. Presently the passengers became more inquisitive, and made many attempts at being friendly; but these received little encouragement. It had become known who the Indian girl was, and many wild tales went about as to her marriage with Francis Armour. Now it was maintained she had saved his life at an outbreak of her tribe; again, that she had found him dying in the woods and had nursed him back to life and health; yet again, that she was a chieftainess, a successful claimant against the Hudson's Bay Company—and so on.

There were several on board who knew the Armours well by name, and two knew them personally. One was Mr. Edward Lambert, a barrister of the Middle Temple, and the other was Mrs. Townley, a widow, a member of a well-known Hertfordshire family, who, on a pleasant journey in Scotland, had met, conquered, and married a wealthy young American, and had been left alone in the world, by no means portionless, eighteen months before. Lambert knew Richard Armour well, and when, from Francis Armour's solicitor, whom he knew, he heard, just before they started, who the Indian girl was, he was greatly shocked and sorry. He guessed at once the motive, the madness, of this marriage. But he kept his information and his opinions mostly to himself, except in so far as it seemed only due to friendship to contradict the numberless idle stories going about. After the first day at sea he came to know Mrs. Townley, and when he discovered that they had many mutual friends and that she knew the Armours, he spoke a little more freely to her regarding the Indian wife and told her what he believed was the cause of the marriage.

Mrs. Townley was a woman—a girl—of uncommon gentleness of disposition, and, in spite of her troubles, inclined to view life with a sunny eye. She had known of Frank Armour's engagement with Miss Julia Sherwood, but she had never heard the sequel. I this was the sequel—well, it had to be faced. But she was almost tremulous with sympathy when she remembered Mrs. Armour, and Frank's gay, fashionable sister, Marion, and contemplated the arrival of this Indian girl at Greyhope. She had always liked Frank Armour, but this made her angry with him; for, on second thoughts, she was not more sorry for him and for his people than for Lali, the wife. She had the true instinct of womanhood, and she supposed that a heathen like this could have feelings to be hurt and a life to be wounded as herself or another. At least she saw what was possible in the future when this Indian girl came to understand her position,—only to be accomplished by contact with the new life, so different from her past. Both she and Lambert decided that she was very fine-looking, notwithstanding her costume. She was slim and well built, with modest bust and shapely feet and ankles. Her eyes were large, meditative and intelligent, her features distinguished. She was a goodly product of her race, being descended from a line of chiefs and chieftainesses—broken only in the case of her grandfather, as we have said. Her hands (the two kindly inquisitors decided) were almost her best point. They were perfectly made, slim yet plump, the fingers tapering, the wrist supple. Mrs. Townley then and there decided that the girl had possibilities. But here she was, an Indian, with few signs of civilization or that breeding which seems to white people the only breeding fit for earth or heaven.

Mrs. Townley did not need Lambert's suggestion that she should try and approach the girl, make friends with her, and prepare her in some slight degree for the strange career before her.

Mrs. Townly had an infinite amount of tact. She knew it was best to approach the attendant first. This she did, and, to the surprise of other lady-passengers, received no rebuff. Her advance was not, however, rapid. Mackenzie had had her instructions. When she found that Mrs. Townley knew Francis Armour and his people, she thawed a little more and then very hesitatingly, she introduced her to the Indian wife. Mrs. Townley smiled her best, —and there were many who knew how attractive she could be at such a moment. There was a slight pause, in which Lali looked at her meditatively, earnestly, then those beautiful wild fingers glided out, and caught her hand and held it, but she spoke no word. She only looked inquiringly, seriously at her new-found friend, and presently dropped the blanket away from her, and sat up firmly as though she felt she was not altogether an alien now, and had a right to hold herself proudly among white people, as she did in her own country with her own tribe, who had greatly admired her. Certainly Mrs. Townley could find no fault with the woman as an Indian. She had taste, carried her clothes well, and was superbly fresh in appearance, though her hair still bore slight traces of the grease which even the most aristocratic Indians use.

But Lali would not talk. Mrs. Townley was anxious that the girl should be dressed in European costume, and offered to lend and rearrange dresses of her own, but she came in collision with Mr. Armour's instructions. So she had to assume a merely kind and comforting attitude. The wife had not the slightest idea where she was going, and even when Mackenzie, at Mrs. Townley's oft-repeated request, explained very briefly and unpicturesquely, she only looked incredulous or unconcerned. Yet the ship, its curious passengers, the dining-saloon, the music, the sea, and all, had given her suggestions of what was to come. They had expected that at table she would be awkward and ignorant to a degree. But she had at times eaten at the trader's table at Fort Charles, and had learned how to use a knife and fork. She had also been a favorite with the trader's wife, who had taught her very many civilized things. Her English, though far from abundant, was good Those, therefore, who were curious and rude enough to stare at her were probably disappointed to find that she ate like "any Christian man."

"How do you think the Armours will receive her?" said Lambert to Mrs. Townley, of whose judgment on short acquaintance he had come to entertain a high opinion.

Mrs. Townley had a pretty way of putting her head to one side and speaking very piquantly. She had had it as a girl; she had not lost it as a woman,—any more than she had lost a soft little spontaneous laugh which was one of her unusual charms,—for few women can laugh audibly with effect. She laughed very softly now, and, her sense of humor supervening for the moment she said, "Really, you have asked me a conundrum. I fancy I see Mrs. Armour's face when she gets the news,—at the breakfast-table, of course,—and gives a little shriek, and says, "General, oh, general!" But it is very shocking, you know," she added, in a lower voice. "Still, I think they will receive her and do the best they can for her; because, you see, there she is married hard and fast. She bears the Armour name, and is likely to make them all very unhappy if she determines to retaliate upon them for any neglect."

"Yes? But how to retaliate, Mrs. Townley?" Lambert had not a suggestive mind.

"Well for instance, suppose they sent her away into seclusion,—with Frank's consent, another serious question,—and she should take the notion to fly her retirement, and appear inopportunely at some social function, clothed as she is now! I fancy her blanket would be a wet blanket in such a case—if you will pardon the little joke."

Lambert sighed. "Poor Frank! poor devil!" he said almost under his breath.

"And wherefore poor Frank? Do you think he or the Armours of Greyhope are the only ones at stake in this? What about this poor girl? Just think why he married her,—if our suspicions are right,—and then imagine her feelings when she wakes to the truth over there, as sometime she is sure to do!"

Then Lambert began to see the matter in a different light, and his sympathy for Francis Armour grew less as his pity for the girl increased. In fact, the day before they got to Southampton he swore at Armour more than once, and was anxious concerning the reception of the heathen wife by her white relatives.

Had he been present at a certain scene at Greyhope a day or two before, he would have been still more anxious. It was the custom, at breakfast, for Mrs. Armour to open her husband's letters and read them while he was engaged with his newspaper, and hand to him afterwards those that were important. This morning Marion noticed a letter from Frank among the pile, and, without a word, pounced upon it. She was curious—as any woman would be—to see how he took Miss Sherwood's action. Her father was deep in his paper at the time. Her mother was reading other letters. Marion read the first few lines with a feeling of almost painful wonder, the words were so curious, cynical, and cold.

Richard sat opposite her. He also was engaged with his paper, but chancing to glance up, he saw that she was becoming very pale, and that the letter trembled in her fingers. Being a little short-sighted he was not near enough to see the handwriting. He did not speak yet. He watched. Presently, seeing her grow more excited, he touched her foot under the table. She looked up, and caught his eye, She gasped slightly. She gave him a warning look and turned away from her mother. Then she went on reading to the bitter end. Presently a little cry escaped her against her will. At that her mother looked up, but she only saw her daughter's back as she rose hurriedly from the table, saying that she would return in a moment. Mrs. Armour, however, had been startled. She knew that Marion had been reading a letter, and, with a mother's instinct, her thoughts were instantly on Frank. She spoke quickly, almost sharply: "Marion, come here."

Richard had risen. He came round the table and, as the girl obeyed her mother, took the letter from her fingers and hastily glanced over it. Mrs. Armour came forward and took her daughter's arm. "Marion," she said, "there is something wrong—with Frank. What is it?"

General Armour was now looking up at them all, curiously, questioningly, through his glasses, his paper laid down, his hands resting on the table.

Marion could not answer. She was sick with regret, vexation, and shame: at the first flush death—for Frank—had been preferable to this. She had a considerable store of vanity; she was not very philosophical. Besides, she was not married; and what Captain Vidall, her devoted admirer and possible husband, would think of this heathenish alliance was not a cheerful thought to her. She choked down a sob, and waved her hand towards Richard to answer for her. He was pale too, but cool. He understood the case instantly; he made up his mind instantly also as to what ought to be—must be—done.

"Well, mother," he said, "it is about Frank. But he is all right; that is, he is alive and well—in body. But he has arranged a hateful little embarrassment for us. . . . He is married."

"Married!" said his mother, faintly. "Oh, poor Lady Agnes!"

Marion sniffed a little viciously at this.

"Married! Married!" said his father. "Well, what about it? eh? what about it?"

The mother wrung her hands. "Oh, I know it is something dreadful—dreadful! he has married some horrible wild person, or something."

Richard, miserable as he was, remained calm. "Well," said he, "I don't know about her being horrible; Frank is silent on that point; but she is wild enough,—a wild Indian, in fact!"

"Indian Indian! Good God, a red nigger!" cried General Armour, harshly, starting to his feet.

"An Indian! a wild Indian!" Mrs. Armour whispered, faintly, as she dropped into a chair.

"And she'll be here in two or three days!" fluttered Marion, hysterically.

Meanwhile Richard had hastily picked up the *Times*. She is due here the day after to-morrow," he said, deliberately. "Frank is as decisive as he is rash. Well, it is a melancholy tit-for-tat."

"What do you mean by tit-for-tat?" cried his father, angrily.

"Oh, I mean that—that we tried to hasten Julia's marriage- with the other fellow, and he is giving us one in return; and you will all agree that it's a pretty permanent one."

The old soldier recovered himself, and was beside his wife in an instant. He took her hand. "Don't fret about it wife," he said; "it's an ugly business, but we must put up with it. The boy was out of his head. We are old now, my dear, but there was a time when we should have resented such a thing as much as Frank,—though not in the same fashion, perhaps,—not in the same fashion!" The old man pressed his lips hard to keep down his emotion.

"Oh, how could he! how could he!" said his mother: "we meant everything for the best."

"It is always dangerous business meddling with lovers' affairs," rejoined Richard. "Lovers take themselves very seriously indeed, and—well, here the thing is! Now, who will go and fetch her from Liverpool?—I should say that both my father and mother ought to go." Thus Richard took it for granted that they would receive Frank's Indian wife into their home. He intended that, so far as he was concerned, there should be no doubt upon the question from the beginning.

"Never! she shall never come here!" said Marion, with flashing eyes; "a common squaw, with greasy hair, and blankets, and big mouth, and black teeth, who eats with her fingers and grunts! If she does, if she is brought to Greyhope, I will never show my face in the world again. Frank married the animal: why does he ship her home to us? Why didn't he come with her? Why does he not take her to a home of his own, and not send her here to turn our house into a menagerie?"

Marion drew her skirt back, as if the common squaw, with her blankets and grease, was at that moment near.

"Well, you see," continued Richard, "that is just it. As I said, Frank arranged this little complication with a trifling amount of malice. No doubt he didn't come with her, because he wished to test the family loyalty and hospitality; but a postcript to this letter says that his solicitor has instructions to meet his wife at Liverpool and bring her on here in case we fail to show her proper courtesy."

General Armour here spoke. "He has carried the war of retaliation very far indeed, but men do mad things when their blood is up, as I have seen often. That doesn't alter our clear duty in the matter. If the woman were bad, or shameful, it would be a different thing; if——"

Marion interrupted: "She has ridden bareback across the continent like a jockey,—and she wears a blanket, and she doesn't know a word of English, and she will sit on the floor!"

"Well," said her father, "all these things are not sins, and she must be taught better."

"Joseph, how can you!" said Mrs. Armour, indignantly. "She cannot, she shall not come here. Think of Marion! think of our position!" She hid her troubled tear-stained face behind her handkerchief. At the same time she grasped her husband's hand. She knew that he was right. She honored him in her heart for the position he had taken, but she could not resist the natural impulse of a woman, where her taste and convention were shocked.

The old man was very pale, but there was no mistaking his determination. He had been more indignant than any of them at first, but he had an unusual sense of justice when he got face to face with it, as Richard had here helped him to do. "We do not know that the woman has done any wrong," he said. "As for our name and position, they, thank God! are where a mad marriage cannot unseat them. We have had much prosperity in the world, my wife; we have had neither death nor dishonor; we——"

"If this isn't dishonor, father, what is?" Marion flashed out.

He answered calmly, "My daughter, it is a great misfortune, it will probably be a life-long trial, but it is not necessarily dishonor."

"You never can make a scandal less by trying to hide it," said Richard, backing up his father. "It is all pretty awkward, but I dare say we shall get some amusement out of it in the end."

"Richard," said his mother through her tears, "you are flippant and unkind!"

"Indeed, mother," was his reply, "I never was more serious in my life. When I spoke of amusement, I meant comedy merely, not fun,—the thing that looks like tragedy and has a happy ending. That is what I mean, mother, nothing more."

"You are always so very deep, Richard," remarked Marion, ironically, "and care so very little how the rest of us feel about things. You have no family pride. If you had married a squaw, we shouldn't have been surprised. You could have camped in the grounds with your wild woman, and never have been missed—by the world," she hastened to add, for she saw a sudden pain in his face.

He turned from them all a little wearily, and limped over to the window. He stood looking out into the limes where he and Frank had played when boys. He put his finger up, his unhandsome finger, and caught away some moisture from his eyes. He did not dare to let them see his face, nor yet to speak. Marion had cut deeper than she knew, and he would carry the wound for many a day before it healed.

But his sister felt instantly how cruel she had been, as she saw him limp away, and caught sight of the bowed shoulders and the prematurely gray hair. Her heart smote her, she ran over, and impulsively put her hands on his shoulder. "Oh, Dick," she said, "forgive me, Dick! I didn't mean it. I was angry and foolish and hateful." He took one of her hands as it rested on his shoulder, she standing partly behind him, and raised it to his lips, but he did not turn to her; he could not.

"It is all right, it is all right," he said; "it doesn't make any difference. Let us think of Frank and what we have got to do. Let us stand together Marion; that is best."

But her tears were dropping on his shoulder, as her forehead rested on her hand. He knew now that, whatever Frank's wife was, she would not have an absolute enemy here; for when Maron cried her heart was soft. She was clay in the hands of the potter whom we call Mercy,—more often a stranger to the hearts of women than of men. At the other side of the room also the father and mother, tearless now, watched these two; and the mother saw her duty better, and with less rebelliousness. She had felt it from the first, but she could not bring her mind to do it. They held each other's hands in silence. Presently General Armour said, "Richard, your mother and I will go to Liverpool to meet our son's wife."

Marion shuddered a little, and her hands closed on Richard's shoulder, but she said nothing.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

STOLE A BAG OF GOLD.

A Thief at St. Paul Gets Away with Fifty thousand Dollars.

A St. Paul special says:—At noon today a daring thief stole a bag containing $50,000 in gold, which was lying at the window of the receiving teller of the First National Bank. The bag had been sent over to the clearing house by the Merchants' National, and was lying just inside the receiving teller's window. An unknown man stepped up to the window, seized the bag, made off with it, and escaped before pursuit could be organ izeb. There is no trace of therobber.

A PHYSICIAN'S STORY.

Dr. Lewis Blundin's Statement Under Oath.

Afflicted With Paralysis for Twenty-five Years—Pronounced Incurable by the Foremost Physicians in America—A Case of World Wide Interest.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Many survivors of the late war left the ranks unwounded, but with broken constitutions; an instance in point is Dr. Lewis D. Blundin, a resident of Hulmeville, Bucks Co., Pa. In relating his experiences and what he had suffered in consequence of the hardships he had encountered Dr. Blundin said:—

"I was born at Bridgewater, Penna., 1841, and went through the war as private, sergeant and hospital steward in Company C, 28th Pennsylvania Volunteers. My service was active, and while in Georgia I had an attack of typhoid fever, which left me weak and a ready victim for future disease. My kidneys were then affected and this finally developed into spinal trouble, which lasted through my army service. In 1866 I was mustered out with an honorable discharge and entered the Jefferson Medical College as a student. In due time I graduated and removed to Manayunk. One day, after I had graduated, I was lying on a sofa at my home in Manayunk, when I felt a cold sensation in my lower limbs as though the blood had suddenly left them. When I tried to move them I was horrified at the discovery that I was paralyzed from my hips to my toes. The paralysis was complete and a pin or a pinch of the flesh caused me no pain. I could not move a muscle. I called in Dr. William Todd, of Philadelphia. He made a careful and exhaustive examination of my case, sounding and testing, and finally announced that my trouble was caused by inflammation of the spinal cord, and that I would likely have another stroke of paralysis. I consulted Dr. I. W. Gross and Dr. Pancoast, of Jefferson College, Philadelphia, with the same result. I called in Dr. Moorehouse, of Philadelphia, who said that no amount of medicine would ever prove of the slightest benefit to me.

"One day last September I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I sent for one box. I had always been troubled with a sort of vertigo after my first stroke of paralysis to such an extent that when I got out of my bed my head would swim, and I had difficulty in saving myself from falling. My appetite was bad, digestive organs ruined, and no assimilation of food. In addition to my many other ailments, rheumatism held a prominent place. By the time I had finished the first box of Pink Pills I was comparatively free from these minor ills. My appetite returned, the digestive organs got down to their daily grind and the rheumatism disappeared. I was much encouraged and immediately sent for half a dozen boxes of the Pink Pills. Relief followed upon relief with astonishing rapidity. First, one ailment would disappear, then another, until the pills got to work upon the foundation stones of my trouble—paralysis. I felt a sense of exhilaration and the general effect was beneficial, becoming more so each day. Noting this fact, I increased the dose from one to two pills after each meal for a few days. Before I had taken the six boxes of Pills, I was sitting in my chair one afternoon, when I felt a curious sensation in my left foot. Upon investigation, I found it had flexed, or, in other words, become movable, and I could move it. From that time on my improvement was steady and it was not long before I was walking around on crutches with little or no discomfort. It was three years before taking the Pink Pills that I had been able to use the crutches at any time. My health is daily improving and I feel sure that Pink Pills have done me more good than all the doctors and all the medicine in the country and as they are not costly I can easily afford the treatment."

Dr. Blundin tells of another remarkable cure effected by the use of Pink Pills. One of his comrades in the army was Lewis J. Allan, of Battle Creek, Michigan, who has been a sufferer from rheumatism all his life. Mr. Allan is a grandson of Ethan Allan of revolutionary fame. "I know," said Dr. Blundin, "that Mr. Allan could not lift his arms to his head, or even his hands to his mouth, because of chronic rheumatism." He read in a Detroit paper of a wonderful cure made by Pink Pills and bought some. His cure was sudden and complete. Knowing that I was a sufferer from rheumatism, along with my other ills, he wrote me about his recovery and advised me to try them. I was then using them. He said he had perfect control of his arms and hands and could use them freely without experiencing any pain. He added that as a cure for rheumatism the pills were the most complete in the world. My case alone proves that, for I am confident that my greatly benefited condition is due solely to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

Sworn to before me this 15th day of May, 1893.

GEORGE HARRISON, Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a perfect blood builder and nerve restorer, curing such diseases as rheumatism, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus' dance, nervous headache, nervous prostration and the tired feeling therefrom, the after effects of la grippe, diseases depending on humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. Pink Pills give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexions and are a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, and in the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of any nature.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cts. a box or six boxes for $2.50. Bear in mind that Dr. Williams Pink Pills are never sold in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred, any dealer who offers substitutes in this form is trying to defraud you and should be avoided. The public are also cautioned against all other so-called blood builders and nerve tonics, no matter what name may be given them. They are all imitations whose makers hope to reap a pecuniary advantage from the wonderful reputation achieved by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Ask your dealer for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and refuse all imitations and substitutes.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Compa y from either address. The price at which these pills are sold makes a course of treatment comparatively inexpensive as compared with other remedies or medical treatment.

THE FLY SEASON.

A Suggestion as to How to Rid the House of Them.

There are always a few extremely annoying flies that seem to linger, as it were, in the lap of summer. They are anything but welcome visitors, and are diligent spreaders of disease. They come buzzing about the house and alight on the food, after having skirmished around all sorts of evil places. They fly a considerable distance, and one has no security that yesterday or this morning they were not in some adjacent neighborhood, circling around some contagious disease patient. They may be killed very easily by folding a large newspaper until it is about four or five inches wide and half the length of the page. With this and a little practice one may strike a fly and hit it nine times out of ten. Five minutes of diligent attention will almost clear the house of these pests, and if this is persisted in every day or two, or three times a day if occasion requires, there will be no reason for complaint of these unwelcome visitors.

No Disappointment

Can arise from the use of the great sure pop corn cure—Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. Putnam's Extractor removes corns painlessly in a few days. Take no substitute. At druggists.

THE WORLD'S GROWTH.

Progress of the Race in Providing for Its Material Comfort.

Envelopes were first made in 1839, and sold for 10c to 25c apiece. They are now sold at from two to five for a cent.

Dye-woods were first brought to England in 1650. Last year the factories of England alone used $10,000,000 worth.

Tea was first brought into Europe from the East in 1610. In 1891 Europe and America consumed 450,000,000 pounds.

Lightning rods first surmounted dwellings in 1752. Now every house is protected, each commonly having three or four.

The first iron ship was launched in 1830; now the carrying power of the world's iron shipping exceeds 36,000,000 tons.

The blast furnace was devised in 1842. In 1890 the United States alone made 9,000,000 tons of iron and 4,277,000 of steel.

The first milch cow came to this continent in 1499. Now, in the United States, there are 16,019,591, valued at $346,300,000.

Accordions were invented in 1829 by Mr. Damian, of Vienna, and a single German firm now manufactures over 17,000 a year.

Watts' patent for a steam engine was issued in 1769. The steam engines of the world to-day exercise 50,000,000 horse-power.

Matches were first invented in 1839, and it is estimated that 75,000,000 a day are burned by the people of the United States.

Electric railroads are not ten years old; now there are 385 lines, with 3980 miles of track, and with a capital stock of $155,000,000.

The Bank of England, the first on the modern plan, was instituted in 1695; now the banking capital of the word is £3,197,000,000.

Blacking for boots was invented in 1836, and now the manufacturers in this country and England sell over $4,000,000 worth a year.

The first horse was brought to this continent in 1518. Now there are, in the United States alone, 14,056,750, valued at $941,000,000.

Pianos were invented in 1711. Competent authorities now declare that 300 are made during the hours of every working, day in the year.

Potatoes first appear in history in 1503. In 1892 the United States raised 201,000,000 bushels. In 1884 the world raised 79,000,000 tons.

The first horse railroad was made in 1829. Now every country town has its street car line and even Constantinople and Jerusalem have such facilities.

Lithographing was first made practical 1801. It is at present so cheap that wall posters of almost any size can be executed at a trivial price.

Twenty-five years ago electricity as a mechanical power was unknown. Now $900,000,000 are invested in various kinds of electrical machinery.

The first steamship crossed the Atlantic in 1818. There are now seventy lines of mail steamers. In 1888 there were 107,137 steam vessels on the high seas.

The first practical sewing-machine was invented in 1841. In 1888 there were 600,000 made in the United States, able to do the work of 7,200,000 women.

Quinine, the active principle of Peruvian bark, was discovered in 1820. In 1888 there were produced 12,000,000 pounds of bark and 260,000 pounds of quinine.

The first lifeboat was launched in 1802. The United States now has 242 life-saving stations, and since 1871 the lifeboats on our coast have saved 9000 lives.

ROBBED BY TRAMPS.

Two Young Men Carried to the Woods and "Gone Through."

A Battle Creek special says:—Wednesday afternoon Robert Case and Joseph Spanker, two young men from Saginaw, came to this city and were captured near the Chicago and Grand Trunk railway by tramps and taken to the woods on the banks of the Kalamazoo, where they were robbed of their watches and what money they had on their persons. The former lost a gold watch and the latter a silver one. They were on their way to Chicago. They were detained as prisoners in the woods by the tramps until evening, when Case got away from them and notified the officers. There were 10 tramps in the gang. This particular piece of woods is the general headquarters for tramps. It is in the vicinity of the Chicago and Grand Trunk yards where all trains start from, and they secrete themselves there until night, when they steal their ride on freight trains. As many as 50 congregate here at one time.

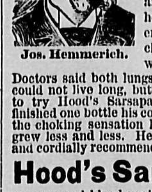
A squad of police went up last night and arrested several of the gang. Case and Spanker could not identify but one of them, a young bootblack from Kalamazoo by the name of John Kavanaugh. The others were discharged and Kavanaugh held for trial. Kavanaugh claims that the fellows who robbed the young men were four thugs from Detroit, who had been to the Sturgis races, and that they held up several men and robbed them while there. The tramp question is becoming more serious every day.

Miss Florence Nightingale recently celebrated her 73rd birthday. Although for many years confined to her house by constant ill-health, she is ceaselessly at work for the welfare of her fellow-creatures.

"Peter Piper Picked a Peck of Pickled Peppers," was a line of alliterative nonsense, that the children used to say. Nowadays they can practice on the Perfect, Painless, Powerful Properties of Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. It will impress a fact which will be useful to know. These Pellets cure sick headache, bilious attacks, indigestion, constipation and all stomach, liver and bowel troubles. They are tiny, sugar-coated pills, easy to take, and, as a laxative, one is sufficient for a dose. No more groans and gripes from the old drastic remedies! Pierce's Purgative Pellets are as painless as they are perfect in their effects.

The power loom was invented in 1785. In 1885 Great Britain had 561,000 in operation.

A Veteran's Story



Jos. Hemmerich.

Mr. Joseph Hemmerich, an old soldier, 529 E. 140th St., N. Y. City, writes us voluntarily. In 1862, at the battle of Fair Oaks, he was stricken with **typhoid fever,** and after a long struggle in hospitals, lasting several years, was discharged as incurable with **Consumption.** Doctors said both lungs were affected and he could not live long, but a comrade urged him to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Before he had finished one bottle his cough began to get loose, the choking sensation left, and night sweats grew less and less. He is now in good health and cordially recommends

Hood's Sarsaparilla

as a general blood purifier and **tonic medicine,** especially to his comrades in the G. A. R.

HOOD'S PILLS are hand made, and are perfect in composition, proportion and appearance.

IMPROVED central Toronto Properties to exchange for farm lands. Money to loan. **Beatty, Blackstock, Nesbitt & Chadwick,** 58 Wellington Street E., Toronto.

TEACHERS and older Scholars can make money canvassing for "Farmers' Friend and Account Book." Send for circulars. **WILLIAM BRIGGS,** Publisher Toronto.

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Rubber Stamps

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An Important Scientific Discovery.

Nerviline, the latest discovered pain remedy, may safely challenge the world for a substitute that will as speedily and promptly check inflammatory action. The highly penetrating properties of Nerviline make it never failing in all cases of rheumatism, neuralgia, cramps, pains in the back and side, headache, lumbago, etc. It possesses marked stimulating and counter irritant properties, and at once subdues all inflammatory action. Ormand & Walsh, druggists, Peterboro', write: "Our customers speak well of Nerviline." Large bottles 25 cents. Try Nerviline, the great internal and external pain cure. Sold by all druggists and country dealers.

Locomotives were first used in 1814; now the world has 99,000, and 6400 more are built every year.

Are you thinking of sending your young people to school? If so, read the adv. of Pickering College and send for calendar.

In 1580 the first carriage was brought to England from France. In 1880 there were 463,000 in use.

Dr. Harvey's Southern Red Pine for coughs and colds is the most reliable and perfect cough medicine in the market. For sale everywhere.

Do not allow weeds to grow up and seed among the potatoes after they are ripe. A few weeds often produce many hundred seed which it will require extra work later to destroy.

Thirty Years' Experience

In treating all chronic diseases gives positive proof that "Tissue Builders" (Histogenetic) are the best remedies. Send postal card for book (free) to Dr. W. Rear, room 19, Gerrard Arcade, Toronto, Ont. Mention this paper.

The aniline dyes were invented in 1826, and now over $7,000,000 worth are annually used in the United States.

A.P. 673.

Consumption

is oftentimes absolutely cured in its earliest stages by the use of that wonderful

Food Medicine,

Scott's Emulsion

which is now in high repute the world over.

"CAUTION."—Beware of substitutes Genuine prepared by Scott & Bowne, Belleville. Sold by all druggists. 50c. and $1.00.

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NEW WILLIAMS SEWING MACHINE

Agents everywhere.

TINGLEY & STEWART M'F'G. CO.

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DO YOU IMAGINE

That people would have been regularly using our Toilet Soaps since 1845 (forty-seven long years) if they had not been GOOD! The public are not fools and do not continue to buy goods unless they are satisfactory.

HEARLE.

The High Speed Family Knitter

Price $8.

Will knit 10 pairs socks per day. Will do all work any plain circular knitting machine will do, from homespun or factory yarn. The most practical family knitter on the market. A child can operate it. Strong, Durable, Simple, Rapid. We guarantee every machine to do good work. Beware of imitations. Agents wanted. Write for particulars.

Dundas Knitting Machine Co., Dundas, Ontario.

1,000,000 ACRES OF LAND for sale by the SAINT PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD COMPANY in Minnesota. Send for Maps and Circulars. They will be sent to you

FREE.

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Candidates prepared for Matriculation and for every grade of Teachers' Certificates. Will reopen

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5TH, 189

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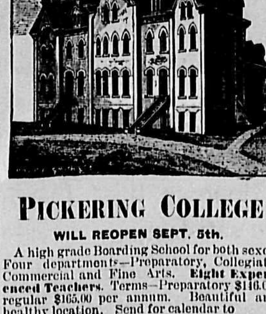

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WILL REOPEN SEPT. 5th.

A high grade Boarding School for both sexes. Four departments—Preparatory, Collegiate, Commercial and Fine Arts. **Eight Experienced Teachers.** Terms—Preparatory $146.00, regular $165.00 per annum. Beautiful and healthy location. Send for calendar to

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"German Syrup"

Asthma. "I have been a great sufferer from Asthma and severe Colds every Winter, and last Fall my friends as well as myself thought because of my feeble condition, and great distress from constant coughing, and inability to raise any of the accumulated matter from my lungs, that my time was close at hand. When nearly worn out for want of sleep and rest, a friend recommended me to try thy valuable medicine, Boschee's German Syrup. I am confident it saved my life. Almost the first dose gave me great relief and a gentle refreshing sleep, such as I had not had for weeks. My cough began immediately to loosen and pass away, and I found myself rapidly gaining in health and weight. I am pleased to inform thee—unsolicited—that I am in excellent health and do certainly attribute it to thy Boschee's German Syrup. C. B. STICKNEY, Picton, Ontario."

Gentle, Refreshing Sleep.

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To think that you must wear wide, ill-looking shoes to have comfort. Our shoes are both easy and elegant nice to look at and comfortable while in wear.

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From all Stations in Ontario, Return Rates to

Estevan, Deloraine, Moosomin, Binscarth, Reston	$28.00
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Calgary, Prince Albert	$35.00
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TO LEAVE ALL POINTS IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO, ON

AUG. 15, return until OCT. 15
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Parties ticketing from other points should arrange to arrive at Toronto in time to connect with the 10:15 p.m. train on above dates.

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After five years' suffering from Dyspepsia my wife got entirely cured in one month by the free use of

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The happy transition it brings is grand and permanent. We prize St. Leon so highly we will take pleasure in answer ing any inquiries.

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CHAS. CLUTHE

SURGICAL MACHINIST, 134 KING STREET W., TORONTO

THE COMOX
Agricultural and Industrial Association

EXHIBITION OF 1893

TO BE HELD NEAR COURTENAY, B.C.,

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28th, 1893.

OFFICERS.

JOSEPH McPHEE, Courtenay, - *President.*
A. URQUHART, Comox, *First Vice-President.*
ROBERT GRANT, Union, *2nd Vice-President.*
WM. DUNCAN, Sandwick, - - *Treasurer.*
M. WHITNEY, Courtenay - - *Secretary.*

DIRECTORS.

JOHN MUNDELL, Sandwick.
JAS. McKIM, Courtenay.
ALEX McMILLAN, Denman Island.
S. J. PIERCY, Sandwick.
GEORGE HEATHERBELL, Hornby Island.
WM. ROBB, Comox.
ARCH. MILLIGAN, Sandwick.

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE I.—*Name.*

This Society shall be called 'The Comox Agricultral and Industrial Association.

ARTICLE II.—*Object.*

Sec. 1.—It shall be the object of this association to encourage the cultivation of the soil and the general development of all the agricultural resources of the district.

Sec. 2.—To foster every branch of mechanical and household arts calculated to increase the happiness of home.

Sec. 3.—To extend and facilitate the various branches of milling, mining, fishing, and all industries, whether commercial or otherwise.

ARTICLE III.—*Name.*

Sec. 1.—The names of all members shall be registered in a book kept by the Secretary for the purpose and the annual fee of membership shall be $2.50 which shall also entitle members to compete for prizes of the association without any charges or entrance fees.

Sec. 2.—Any person may become a member for life by the payment of $25. (twenty-five dollars).

Sec. 3.—Any person being a member of this association shall be eligible to office, entitled to vote, receive a printed copy of the constitution and such other matter as the association may publish, and have free admisssion to all the exhibitions of the association.

ARTICLE IV.—*Officers.*

Sec. 1.—The officers of the association shall consist of a president, two vice-presidents, a secretary and a treasurer, who with 8 others shall constitute a board of 13 directors. At any meeting of the board five shall constitute a quorum.

Sec. 2.—At the meeting of organization under this constitution there shall be elected by ballot eight directors and the officers mentioned in Sec. 1 of Article IV who shall constitute the first board. The association at its annual meeting thereafter shall elect the full board of 13 directors, who upon their first meeting, shall elect from their own number the other officers of the association. The officers and directors shall hold office until the first of November following their election. The board may fill any vacancy occurring in the board of officers.

Sec. 3.—The board of directors shall meet on the first Tuesday of April and October each year, and oftener, if necessary.

ARTICLE V.—*Duties of Officers.*

Sec. 1.—*Duties of the President.* The president shall preside at all meetings of the association and board and shall at the written request of five members of the board call special meetings, shall appoint all committees not otherwise ordered, shall vote only at election of officers and in case of a tie, and sign all financial and official documents or papers emanating from the secretary and not otherwise provided for, and shall have a general supervision of all matters pertaining to the interests of the association and its affairs. In the absence of the president and vice-presidents the association may choose a chairman viva voce, unless voting by ballot be required by two or more members.

Sec. 2.—*Duties of the Secretary.* The secretary shall conduct the correspondence of the association, keeping in a separate book copies of all letters addressed to the association, holding the same free to the inspection of any member of the association at any regular meeting of the same.

Sec. 3.—He shall nominate his assistant secretary, such nominee to be sanctioned by the board. He shall receive and file all letters addressed to the board. He shall attend all meetings of the association and the board, keeping a full record of each in a separate book and shall, if required, furnish a copy of such proceedings for publication. He shall prepare and publish all notices of meetings, prepare and sign all gratuitous or complimentary cards, or tickets of admission, shall countersign all diplomas, certificates of merit, etc., awarded by the association and forward the same to their respective claimants. He shall keep the seal and all plates, dies, engraving, etc., belonging to the association, and shall cause to be struck therefrom such medals and impressions as may from time to time be required. He shall have charge of all specimens, moulds, plates and books, seals, etc., arrange, prepare or distribute the same under the direction of the board. He shall receive all monies due or payable to the association, pay the same over to the Treasurer, taking his receipt for the same, shall hold all bonds filed by the officers for the faithful performance of their duties and all vouchers for every class of expenditure. He shall countersign all drafts ordered by the Board or Finance Committee and record the names of Life or Annual members in a book, kept for that purpose, in alphabetical order, and shall at the annual members' meeting of each year prepare a tabular statement of the receipts and expenditure of the association, and place the same in the hands of the committee on printing for publication; and when required present the same to the board. He shall prepare all reports to be made by the board to the association and perform such other duties as the association or the board may require, and for his services he shall receive such compensation as the board shall decide to pay.

Sec. 4.—*Duties of the Treasurer.* The Treasurer shall receipt for all monies received from the hands of the Secretary or any other person, shall disburse the same, when audited and allowed by the Finance Committee, on any order from the Secretary, but this provision shall not apply to the premiums on the fair grounds. But he may then pay demands against the association when satisfied of their justice. He shall also hold in trust all bonds, notes, deeds or evidence of debt or possession belonging to the association and shall transfer, invest or dispose of the same only by direction of the association or by written order of the board. He shall nominate his assistant treasurer, such nominee to be sanctioned by the board. He shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, file with the Secretary a bond for the faithful performance of his duties, said bond to be approved by the board and to be in a sum equal to the combined amount of funds on hand in the estimated revenue of the year. He shall at each annual meeting make the board a detailed report of all his doings during the year, for which service he shall receive such compensation as the board shall from time to time decide to pay.

Sec. 5.—*Duties of the Board of Directors.* The Board of Directors shall have the general financial management of the affair of the association in the interim of annua meetings. They shall fill vacancies occurring between the elections and make the necessary arrangements and preparations for all meetings, fairs, exhibitions, etc. The board shall also have power to make its own by-laws (not inconsistent with this constitution) and arrange the place of holding its own meetings.

ARTICLE VI.—*Standing Committee.*

Sec. 1.—Committee on Finance shall consist of three members of the board to be elected at the first meeting of the board after the general election, whose duty it shall be to audit the Treasurer's and Secretary's accounts, to examine and approve all bills before they are paid, to have a general supervision of the finances of the association and report their doings in full to the board when called upon to do so.

Sec. 2.—All other committees necessary for the general management of the association shall be nominated by the president and approved by the board of directors.

ARTICLE VII.—*Donations and Bequests.*

All donations, bequests and legacies to this association designed by their donors for any particular purpose embraced within the objects of this association shall be with strict fidelity so applied, the name of each donor, together with the description and amount of such donation and the object for which it is designated, shall be registered in a book kept for that purpose.

ARTICLE VIII.—*Meetings and Exhibitions.*

Sec. 1.—The association shall hold an annual exhibition at or near the village of Courtenay or oftener if the board deem it advisable.

Sec. 2.—The election of directors and officers shall be held on the day next previous to the annual exhibition; notice of the time and place shall be given by the board and published two weeks in a newspaper circulating in said district.

Sec. 3.—All officers and directors of the association shall be elected by ballot, and the duties of the new board shall commence on the first of November of each year.

Sec. 4.—*Special Meetings.* No special meeting shall be called but upon two weeks' notice given and published in some newspaper circulating in the district of Comox, nor without a request signed by at least ten members.

Sec. 5.—It shall not be admissible for any member to vote by proxy in any meetings of this association or at its board of directors.

Sec. 6.—*Quorum.* At any meeting of this association ten members shall constitute a quorum.

ARTICLE IX.—*Amendments.*

Sec. 1.—Amendments must be presented in writing at an annual meeting when if agreed to by three-fourths of the members present shall be adopted.

ARTICLE X.—*Voting.*

Members only whose dues are fully paid shall be allowed to vote at any meeting of the association after the first meeting.

ARTICLE XI.

This constitution shall take effect from and after its adoption.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

ENTRIES.—The fair grounds will be open for the reception of all exhibits one day before the commencement of the fair and any exhibit may be forwarded to the Secretary or his assistant, but in no case will such exhibits be brought on the grounds and placed on exhibition except by and at the expense of the owner or his authorized agents.

FEED FOR STOCK.—All feed for stock will have to be provided by the exhibitor. There will be hay and feed on the ground for sale, should any exhibitor desire to buy it.

THE CLASS, section and members of every exhibit, together with the name of the exhibitor, shall be entered in a book kept for that purpose, and a card, the exact duplicate of the one in the Society's book, shall be attached to each exhibit, with the name of the exhibitor omitted and left blank until the Judges have given their decision, when the Secretary or his assistant shall write the name of the successful exhibitor thereon.

ALL EXHIBITS must be in the show-yard and buildings, not later than 9.30 a. m., of the exhibition, after which time the gates will be closed and nothing admitted.

No Exhibits will be allowed to be removed from the grounds until the close of the show.

Exhibitors will at all times give the necessary personal attention to whatever they may have on exhibition and at the close of the show take entire charge of the same. Though the directors will take every reasonable precaution to ensure the safety of exhibits, they wish it to be distinctly understood that the owners themselves must take the risk of exhibiting them. Should any exhibit be accidentally injured, lost or stolen the directors will give all the assistance in their power towards the recovery of the same but will not make any payment for the value thereof.

JUDGES AND THEIR DUTIES.—The judges will be appointed by the board of directors and will receive a notice informing them of the fact and inviting them to act.

The judges shall report to the Secretary on the grounds.

No person shall act as judge in any class in which he shall be an exhibitor.

The judges may distinguish such animals or exhibits as they may consider deserving of notice, but which have not received a prize, by ticket with the words Highly Commended.

In the absence of competition in any section, or, if the stock or articles exhibited be of inferior quality, the judges are instructed to award only such premiums as they think the exhibit deserving of. They will exercise their own discretion as to whether they will award First, Second, Third or any premium. Each award must be written in a plain, careful manner on the blank page opposite the number of the entry.

PROTESTS AND APPEALS.—All protests or appeals must be in writing and must state plainly the cause of complaint and shall be delivered to the President or Secretary within two hours after the judges have given their decision upon the animal or exhibit in question. Any difficulty or protest in respect to the awarding of prizes in any of the departments shall be referred to the proper committee of the Board over that department, who shall have full power to adjudicate upon the same and report their decision to the Board for approval and such approved decision shall be final.

The sum of two dollars shall be deposited with Secretary in each case of protest or appeal, the same to be forfeited if the appeal be not sustained.

It shall be obligatory on exhibitors to display the prize tickets affixed by the judges. Anyone refusing to do so shall incur the forfeiture of his premium.

ADMISSION TO THE FAIR GROUNDS.—The entry tickets upon animals or articles will admit the person bringing them to the show grounds for exhibition along with such animals or articles without the use of any other ticket. Afterwards such parties must be provided with a proper admission ticket.

The treasurer will be prepared to commence paying the premiums at 4.30 p. m. and parties who shall have prizes awarded to them are particularly requested to apply for them before leaving the show grounds.

Should there not be funds enough on hand to pay prizes in full, they will be paid *prorata*.

The following charges for entrance will be made to residents of the district who are not members:

For cattle, sheep, horses and pigs $1 each.

All other entries fifty cents each.

Non-residents, who are not members, will be admitted to exhibit by paying the full membership fee.

Any person handling or taking any exhibit that does not belong to them will be prosecuted according to law.

All applications for entries must be in hands of the secretary three clear days previous to the show

All articles of field, garden or dairy produce must be *bona fide* the productions of the exhibitor and must be grown or made that year and exhibitions of stock or articles of manufacture of every kind are eligible for entry for prizes only by the owner or authorized agents, and owned by them one month previous to the show.

PRIZE LIST.

DIVISION A.

DURHAMS.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Bull, three years old and upwards	$7 50	$5 00
2.	" two do do	4 00	3 00
3.	" one do do	3 00	2 00
4.	" Calf	2 50	2 00
5.	Bred Cow, in calf or milk	5 00	4 00
6.	Heifer, two years old	4 00	3 00
7.	" one do	3 00	2 00
8.	" Calf	2 50	2 00

JERSEYS.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Bull, three years old and upwards	$7 50	$5 00
2.	" two do do	4 00	3 00
3.	" one do do	3 00	2 00
4.	" Calf	2 50	2 00
5.	Best bred Cow, in calf or milk	5 00	4 00
6.	Heifer, two years old	4 00	3 00
7.	" one do	3 00	2 00
8.	" Calf	2 50	2 00

HOLSTEINS.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Bull, three years old and upwards	$7 50	$5 00
2.	" two do do	4 00	3 00
3.	" one do do	3 00	2 00
4.	" Calf	2 50	2 00
5.	Bred Cow, in calf or milk	5 00	4 00
6.	Heifer, two years old	4 00	3 00
7.	" one do	3 00	2 00
8.	" Calf	2 50	2 00

GRADED CATTLE.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Best Milch Cow	$4 00	$2 50
2.	" Heifer, two years old	3 00	2 50
3.	" Heifer, one "	2 50	2 00
4.	" Calf	2 00	1 50
5.	" Beef Animal	4 00	2 50
6.	" Yoke Work Oxen	5 00	3 00

DIVISION B.

DRAUGHT HORSES.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Stallion, Thoroughbred	$7 50	$5 00
2.	Mare, with foal at foot	4 50	3 00
3.	Colt, two years old	2 00	1 50
4.	" one do	2 00	1 50
5.	" Sucking	1 50	1 00
6.	Draught Team	4 00	3 00

GENERAL PURPOSE.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Stallion, Thoroughbred	$7 50	$5 00
2.	Brood Mare, with foal at foot	4 50	3 00
3.	Colt, two years old	2 00	1 50
4.	" one do	2 00	1 50
5.	" Sucking	1 50	1 00
6.	General Purpose Team	4 00	3 00

HORSES—ROADSTERS.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Stallion, Thoroughbred	$7 50	$5 00
2.	Mare, with foal at foot	4 00	3 00
3.	Colt, two years old	2 00	1 50
4.	" one do	2 00	1 50
5.	" Sucking	1 50	1 00
6.	Span Carriage Horses	3 00	2
7.	Buggy Horse	2 00	1
8.	Saddle Horse	2 00	1 50
9.	Ladies' Saddle Horse	2 00	1 50
10.	Walking Horse	2 00	1 50

DIVISION C.

THOROUGHBRED SHEEP—LEICESTERS.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Ram, one year old and upwards, pedigreed	$3 00	$2 00
2.	Two Ewes, two shears and over	3 00	2 00
3.	Two Ewes, shearlings	2 50	1 50
4.	Ram Lamb	2 00	1 00
5.	Ewe Lamb	2 00	1 00

SOUTH DOWNS.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Ram, one year old and upwards, pedigreed	$3 00	$2 00
2.	Two Ewes, two shears and over	3 00	2 00
3.	Two Ewes, shearlings	2 50	1 50
4.	Ram Lamb	2 00	1 00
5.	Ewe Lamb	2 00	1 00

COTSWOLDS.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Ram, one year old and upwards, pedigreed	$3 00	$2 00
2.	Two Ewes, two shears and over	3 00	2 00
3.	Two Ewes, shearlings	2 50	1 50
4.	Ram Lamb	2 00	1 00
5.	Ewe Lamb	2 00	1 00

SHROPSHIRE OR HAMPSHIRE DOWNS.

CLASS		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Ram, one year old and upwards, pedigreed	$3 00	$2 00
2.	Two Ewes, two shears and over	3 00	2 00
3.	Two Ewes, shearlings	2 50	1 50
4.	Ram Lamb	2 00	1 00
5.	Ewe Lamb	2 00	1 00

GRADED SHEEP.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Two Ewes, two shears and over	$2 50	$2 00
2.	Two Ewes, shearlings	2 00	1 50
3.	Ram Lamb	2 00	1 00
4.	Ewe Lamb	2 00	1 00

DIVISION D.

THOROUGHBRED PIGS—BERKSHIRE.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Boar, one year old and upwards	$4 00	$3 00
2.	Boar, under one year old	3 00	2 00
3.	Sow, over one year old	4 00	3 00
4.	Sow, under one year old	3 00	2 00

POLAND CHINA.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Boar, one year old and upwards	$4 00	$3 00
2.	Boar, under one year old	3 00	2 00
3.	Sow, over one year old	4 00	3 00
4.	Sow, under one year old	3 00	2 00

SUFFOLK PIGS.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Boar, one year old and upwards	$4 00	$3 00
2.	Boar, under one year old	3 00	2 00
3.	Sow, over one year old	4 00	3 00
4.	Sow, under one year	3 00	2 00

CHESTER WHITE.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Boar, one year old and upwards	$4 00	$3 00
2.	Boar, under one year old	3 00	2 00
3.	Sow, over one year old	4 00	3 00
4.	Sow, under one year	3 00	2 00

YORKSHIRE PIGS.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Boar, one year old and upwards	$4 00	$3 00
2.	Boar, under one year old	3 00	2 00
3.	Sow, over one year old	4 00	3 00
4.	Sow, under one year	3 00	2 00

GRADED PIGS.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Sow, with litter	$3 00	$2 00
2.	Sow, one year old and upwards	3 00	2 00
3.	Two Pigs, under nine months	2 00	1 00

DIVISION E.

POULTRY.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Turkeys, trio	$1 50	$1 00
2.	Bronze Turkeys, trio	1 50	1 00
3.	Ducks, trio	1 00	50
4.	Spanish, trio	1 00	50
5.	Brahmas, trio, (White)	1 00	50
6.	Plymouth Rocks	1 00	50
7.	White Leghorns	1 00	50
8.	Brown Leghorns	1 00	50
9.	Wyandotts	1 00	50
10.	Hamburgs	1 50	1 00
11.	Geese, trio	1 00	50
12.	Shanghais	1 00	50
13.	Houdans	1 00	50
14.	Black Minorcas	1 00	50
15.	Game	1 00	50
16.	Bantams	1 00	50
17.	Buff Cochins	1 00	50
18.	Partridge Cochins	1 00	50
19.	Pair of Pigeons	1 00	50

DIVISION F.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.	3RD.
1.	Butter, five 2lb. rolls	$4 00	$2 50	$1 00
2.	" Firkin not less than 50lbs. in roll	4 00	2 50	1 00
3.	" packed, not less than 20lbs.	4 00	2 50	1 00
4.	Factory cheese made in the Province, to be exhibited by the manufacturer	4 00	2 00	
5.	Dairy Cheese made in the Province, to be exhibited by the manufacturer	4 00	2 00	
6.	Loaf of bread	1 00	50	
7.	Plate print butter, not less than 3lbs.	4 00	2 00	1 00

DIVISION G.

VEGETABLES.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Brace Cabbage	$0 75	$0 50
2.	Turnips, six	75	50
3.	Carrots, six	75	50
4.	Parsnips, six	75	50
5.	Onions, six	75	50
6.	Corn, (table) six	75	50
7.	Beets, six	75	50
8.	Celery, two	75	50
9.	Lettuce, two	75	50
10.	Squash, brace of Hubbard	75	50
11.	Pumpkins, brace of table	75	50
12.	Vegetable Marrow, six	75	50
13.	Tomatoes, six	75	50
14.	Cucumbers, six	75	50
15.	Cauliflower, brace of	75	50
16.	Rhubarb, six	75	50
17.	Rohl Rabbi	75	50
18.	Button Onions, quart	75	50

DIVISION H.

FIELD PRODUCE

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	One Bushel Fall Wheat	$2 50	$1 50
2.	" Spring Wheat	2 50	1 50
3.	" Barley	2 00	1 00
4.	" Oats, White	2 00	1 00
5.	" Oats, Black	2 00	1 00
6.	" Peas, White	2 00	1 00
7.	" Peas, Gray	2 00	1 00
8.	Half Bushel Early Rose Potatoes	1 00	50
9.	" Beauty of Hebron	1 00	50
10.	" Burbank Seedling	1 00	50
11.	" Chillie	1 00	50
12.	" Late Rose	1 00	50
13.	" Any other variety	1 00	50
14.	Three varieties of any other kind, one peck each	1 00	50
15.	One bushel new variety (not before exhibited in the Province)	1 00	50
16.	Turnips (Swedes), six	75	50
17.	Mangold Wurtzel (Globe), six	75	50
18.	" " (Long Red), six	75	50
19.	Sugar Beets, six	75	50
20.	Carrots (White), six	75	50
21.	" (Red or Orange), six	75	50
22.	Corn, six	75	50
23.	Bale of Hay	1 50	1 00
24.	Timothy Seed, fifty pounds	2 00	1 00
25.	Chevalier Barley	2 00	1 00
26.	Collection of Seed and Grain, not less than six kinds, and five lbs. of each kind	3 00	
27.	Half Bushel Rural New Yorker Potato	1 00	50
28.	" Stray Beauty "	1 00	50
29.	" Blue Bell "	1 00	50
30.	" Kidney "	1 00	50

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.	3RD.
31.	Collection of Vegetables, 2 of each kind, and not less than 10 kinds	3 00	2 00	1 00

DIVISION I.

HORTICULTURE.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Gravenstein Apples, five	$1 00	$0 50
2.	Duchess of Oldenburgh, five	1 00	50
3.	Yellow Transparent, five	1 00	50
4.	Bethol, five	1 00	50
5.	Plate of any other kind, five	1 00	50
6.	Golden Russets, five	1 00	50
7.	Roxburry Russets, five	1 00	50
8.	Baldwins, five	1 00	50
9.	Northern Spy, five	1 00	50
10.	King of Tompkins, five	1 00	50
11.	Seek no Further, five	1 00	50
12.	Spitzenburgh, five	1 00	50
13.	Greenings, five	1 00	50
14.	Blue Pearmain, five	1 00	50
15.	Four Largest	1 00	50
16.	Alexander, five	1 00	50
17.	Maiden's Blush, five	1 00	50
18.	Hyde's King of the West, five	1 00	50
19.	Bales S edling, five	1 00	50
20.	Wealthy, five	1 00	50
21.	Plate of any other kind	1 00	50
22.	Bartlett Pears, five	1 00	50
23.	Beurre D'Anjou Pears, five	1 00	50
24.	Any other variety Pears, five	1 00	50
25.	Souvenir du Congress Pears	1 00	50
26.	Winter Nellis Pears, five	1 00	50
27.	Flemish Beauty, five	1 00	50
28.	Idaho Pears, five	1 00	50
29.	Any other kind, five	1 00	50
30.	Dessert Plums, six	1 00	50
31.	Preserving Plums, six	1 00	50
32.	Imperial Gage, six	1 00	50
33.	Egg Plums, six	1 00	50
34.	Coe's Golden Drop Plums, six	1 00	50
35.	Magnum Bonum Plums, six	1 00	50
36.	Collection of Plums, six of each kind	1 00	50
37.	Grapes (Light), three bunches	1 00	50
38.	Grapes (Dark), three bunches	1 00	50
39.	Peaches, Alexander, six	1 00	50
40.	Peaches, Early Crawford, six	1 00	50
41.	Peaches, any other kind, six	1 00	50

DIVISION K.

PROVINCIAL MANUFACTURES.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Assortment of Harness and Saddlery, made in the Province	$4 00	$2 50
2.	Collection of Horseshoes	1 50	
3.	" Soap	3 00	
4.	Cooking Stove, made in Province	3 00	
5.	Parlor Stove, " "	2 00	
6.	Marble Work, " "	3 00	
7.	Doors and Windows " "	3 00	
8.	Furniture, " "	3 00	
9.	Flour, " "	2 50	
10.	Assortment of Boots and Shoes, made in Province	3 00	
11.	Oatmeal, made in Province	2 50	
12.	Graham flour, made in Province	2 50	
13.	Best Incubator and Brooder in operation	4 00	

DIVISION L.

FLORAL.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Collection of Plants in Flower, grown in pots or boxes	$2 00	1 00
2.	Four Fuchsias, in pots or boxes	1 50	
3.	Bouquets for Table	1 00	
4.	Bouquets for Hand	1 00	
5.	Dahlias, six varieties, cut flowers	1 00	
6.	Floral Design	1 00	
7.	Collection of Pansies, 12 varieties, distinct	1 00	
8.	" Roses, cut flowers	1 00	
9.	" Gladiolas, cut flowers	1 00	
10.	" Picottee or Carnation	1 00	
11.	" Stocks, cut flowers	50	
12.	" Asters, "	50	
13.	" Zinnias, "	50	
14.	Hanging Baskets, with plant or plants	1 00	
15.	Four Geraniums	1 00	
16.	Specimen Geraniums	50	
17.	Collection of Sweet Peas	1 00	
18.	Specimens of Fuchsias	50	
19.	Collection of Annuals, cut flowers	50	

DIVISION M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Exhibit of Honey, in comb	$1 00	50
2.	Collection of Bottled Fruit, home made, not less than six bottles	3 00	2 00
3.	Collection Jellies, home made, not less than six jars	2 00	1 00

DIVISION N.

CROCHET.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Assortment Crochet (cotton), six specimens	$1 00	50
2.	Crochet tidy, cotton	1 00	50
3.	" Bed quilt	1 50	75
4.	" Tidy, worsted	1 00	50
5.	" Skirt	1 00	50
6.	Child's Buggy Rug, worsted	1 00	50
7.	Mats, Crocheted, wool	1 00	50
8.	Woolen Comforter	1 00	50
9.	Gloves, Crocheted, wool	1 00	50
10.	Mittens, do do	1 00	50
11.	Wool Cap	1 00	50
12.	Toilet Set	1 00	50

DIVISION P.

EMBROIDERY.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Skirt	1 00	50
2.	Child's dress	1 00	50
3.	Table cover	1 00	50
4.	Table scarf	1 00	50
5.	Piano cover	1 00	50
6.	Arasene Chenille cushion	1 00	50
7.	Wool raised and plain work cushion	1 00	50
8.	Slippers	1 00	50
9.	Toilet Set	1 00	50

DIVISION Q.

HAND SEWING

CLASS		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Set Underclothing	$1 00	$0 50
2.	Lady's Night Dress	1 00	50
3.	Pillow Slips	1 00	50
4.	Pillow Shams	1 00	50
5.	Six Button Holer	1 00	50
6.	Stockings, Darned	1 00	50
7.	Fancy Aprons, made by girl under 14 years	1 00	50
8.	Pillow Slips do do	1 00	50
9.	Six Button Holes do do	1 00	50
10.	Stockings Darned do do	1 00	50

Entries Positively Close 3 Clear Days Before the Show.

DIVISION R.

MACHINE SEWING.

CLASS		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Set Underclothing	$1 00	$0 50
2.	Lady's Wrapper	1 00	50
3.	Child's Dress	1 00	50
4.	Pillow Shams	1 00	50

Entries Positively Close 3 Clear Days Before the Show.

DIVISION S.

BED QUILTS.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	White	$2 00	$1 00
2.	Silk Patch-work	2 00	1 00
3.	Patch-work Quilt, cotton	2 00	1 00
4.	Quilt, Worsted	1 00	50
5.	Comforter, Quilted or Tied	1 00	50
6.	Quilted Bed quilt	2 00	1 00
7.	Home-made Coverlet	2 00	1 00

DIVISION T.

KNITTING.

CLASS		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Stockings, Wool	$1 00	$0 50
2.	" Knitted, Cotton	1 00	50
3.	Toilet Set	1 00	50
4.	Six Samples Knitting	1 00	50
5.	Gents' Socks, Cotton or Woolen	1 00	50
6.	Gloves	1 00	50
7.	Mittens	1 00	50

Entries Positively Close 3 Clear Days Before the Show.

DIVISION U.

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.
1.	Home-made Rug	$1 00	$0 50
2.	Design in Hair Work (Wreaths)	1 00	
3.	Moss Work (Wreaths)	1 00	
4.	Flowers, Feathers	1 00	
5.	" Wax	1 00	
6.	" Wool	1 00	
7.	Fruit, Wax Collection	1 00	
8.	Seed Work	1 00	

Entries Positively Close 3 Clear Days Before the Show.

DIVISION V.

CLASS.		1ST.	2ND.	3RD.
1.	Drawing, Pencil	$1 00	$0 50	
2.	" Pen and Ink	1 00	50	
3.	" Crayon	1 00	50	
4.	" Water Color	1 00	50	
5.	" Any other kind	1 00	50	
6.	" The Production of Children under 12 years of age	1 50	1 00	50
7.	" Penmanship, ornamental, by boys and girls under 15 years	1 00		
8.	Shells, Marine, Collection	2 00	1 00	
9.	Insects, Collection, native	2 00	1 00	
10.	Minerals and Fossils, Collection, native	2 50		
11.	Animals and Birds, Collection of Stuffed, native	5 00		
12.	Collection of Photographs	2 00	1 00	
13.	Birds, Canary	1 00		

Coffee was brought into England in 1641. In 1885 the crop was 718,000 tons.

Jet trimming still holds its own in popular favour in Paris. It is seen on white gowns and black gowns, street gowns of cloth and gauzy evening costumes. It forms a corselet belt and hangs in a heavy fringe from the waist. Bonnets of jet are worn extensively, and sleeves of net and grenadine have the design appliqued in jet. White and black is a favorite combination.

The value of a principle is in the number of things it will explain; and there is no good theory of a disease which does not at once suggest a cure.

In England the number of women employed as printers increases every year; but they are still more numerous in America, where about 3,000 women are employed in printing offices. In London there are about 200 women compositors.

THE WEEKLY NEWS

Published By M. Whitney & Son. Every Wednesday. Courtenay, B. C.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

IN ADVANCE.

One Year	$2 00
Six Months	1 25
Single Copy	0 05

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One inch per year	$12 00
.. .. month	1 50
eighth col per year	25 00
fourth	50 00
week, .. line	00 10
Local notices,per line	20

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50 cents each insertion.

No Advertisment inserted for less than 50 cents.

Wednesday, Sept. 13, 1893

In looking over our books we find that many of our subscribers are in arrears, some of them for many months. Newspapers can not be run on credit, and we must urge all who know themselves to be indebted to us to at once forward the amount.

Editorial Notes.

Our member, Mr. Joseph Hunter, we are glad to know, is taking a deep interest in our Agricultural Exhibition. As will be seen elsewhere in these columns, he offers a prize of a silver cup of the value of $50 for the best animal exhibit in Division A, and a prize of the value of $10 for the best dairy exhibit in Division F.

Mr. Hunter has also secured for the Exhibition a grant of $200 from the Government. This with the membership fees, entry fees, and gate money, will it is believed, enable the association to meet its obligations.

The grant of $1,000, secured for the long bridge through the efforts of our member, Mr. Hunter, will be immediately applied to repairing that structure. It came none to soon, as the bridge has lately shown unmistakable signs of debility. A collapse was possible, nay probable at any time. With the funds now in hand, however, it may be made secure until another season when it is hoped and expected that an embankment of a permanent character will take the place of the bridge. For such embankment, it is said, it will be necessary to have two rows of piles, planked on the inside and filled in with earth, with a short bridge and flood gate. If that be so, the new as as well as some of the old material of the long bridge can be utilized, so that what is expended now will not be thrown away

We have spoken plainly about the bridge, from time to time, because we believed that the public were endangered in traveling over it, but now that such danger is to be removed, we are content to wait until another year.

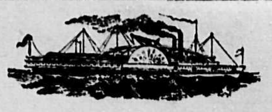
We are on the western coast of the Province and within the wet belt; hence we have an over abundance of moisture. The long rainy springs and early wet falls give a short season for the growth of crops, and the farmer is often unable to gather his harvest until it is ruined. There is one sure, safe, and practicable remedy for this, and that consists, in the thorough drainage of the land. By this means the season may be made a month earlier; or in other words, the farmer, on well drained land, may put in his crop a month earlier, and when the seed is in it will germinate and grow.

The farmer should adopt a system for the drainage of his lands, and then commence with a part of it, adding to the area of his drained land each year until all that portion devoted to fruit, vegetables and grain is covered by the system. He will then be enabled to harvest his crops, and to raise vastly more than he otherwise would. The soil will loose its acidity, and the atmosphere will penetrate through the well drained earth leaving its enriching properties.

The Exhibition of the Comox Agricultural Association to be held here on the 28th inst., will probably bring together the largest crowd that has ever been seen in this district. It will also largely advertise this section and bring to the attention of strangers our magnificent valley and immense agricultural recources Let everyone, therefore, assist to swell the exhibits with the best he may have, so that they shall worthily represent the district. As this is an industrial exhibition as well as agricultural, our merchants and business men should make a suitable exhibit of their wares. Local works of art, the fair handiwork of our women, mineral, marine, insect and like collections, curios and Indian emblems, all should be brought that the exhibition may be of a character to interest all. Let the public schools vie with each other in sending beautiful specimens of penmanship. Already the lists of articles intended for entry are coming in. As the time approaches the interest increases. The enthusiasm appears to be contageous. Let no one seek the unenviable distinction of being the last to furnish the encouragement of his name and membership fee.

Where They Are Equal.

A grievance to a man is what a sore heel is to a boy.—Milwaukee Journal.



Esquimalt and Nanaimo Ry.

Steamer Joan

J. E. BUTLER, MASTER.

On and after Mar. 22nd, 1893

The Steamer JOAN will sail as follows

CALLING AT WAY PORTS as passengers and freight may offer

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 5 a. m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a. m
" Comox for Valdez Island, every alternate Thursday 7 a.m.(Returning same day.)
Leave Comox for Nanaimo, Fridays, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m

For freight or state rooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station, Store street.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y.

Time Table No. 17,

To take effect at 8.00 a. m. on Friday September 30th. 1892. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH READ DONW No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays Sundays	Miles f'm Vic	Stations	Mls f'm Welgn	GOING SOUTH. READ UP No. 1 Passenger Daily	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays Sundays.
8 00 AM	De 2 30 PM		VICTORIA	78	Ar 12 24	Ar 5 58
8 04	2 34	1	RUSSELL'S	77	12 20	5 54
8 14	2 44	4	ESQUIMALT	74	12 10 PM	5 44
8 39	3 09	11	GOLDSTREAM	67	11 45 AM	5 19
9 14	3 38	20	SUMMIT SIDING	58	11 10	4 50
9 34	4 04	28	SHAWNIGAN L'E	50	10 50	4 24
9 44	4 14	31	COBBLE HILL	47	10 40	4 14
9 57	4 29	35	McPHERSON'S	43	10 27	3 53
10 07	4 39	38	KOKSILAH	40	10 17	3 49
10 12	4 44	40	DUNCAN'S	38	10 12	3 44
10 22	4	43	SOMENOS	35	10 02	3 34
10 48	5	52	CHEMAINUS	26	9 36	3 12
11 09	5 33	59	OYSTER BAY S G	19	9 15	2 55
A 11 50 / D 11 59	6 14	73	NANAIMO	5	De 8 34 / Ar 8 25	2 14
A 12 14 PM	Ar 6 29	78	WELLINGTON		De 8 10 AM	De 1 39PM

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt

Dr W J Curry
(DENTIST.)

Green's Block—near Post Office—Nanaimo. Any number of teeth removed without pain and without the use of Ether or Chloroform.

WARNING

All persons driving over the wharf, or bridges in Comox district faster than a walk, will be prosecuted according to law.

S. Creech
Gov. Agent.

For Sale

521 Acres of Choice Land,
— and —

9 Horses, 100 Sheep, and 90 Cows together with 2 Mowing Machines, 1 Steel Roller 1 Reaping Machine, 1 Seed Sower, 1 Drill Sower, 1 Spring wagon, and Double Wagon.

Title deeds can be seen in my possession.

Adam McKelvey

McKenzie
—and—
McDonald

Courtenay, B. C.

General Blacksmithing
and Horse Shoeing.
Loggers' Work a Specialty.

T. C. Woods

Comox B. C.

Conducts a General Teaming and Livery Business

His Stage Runs to Union and Returns Thursdays, Saturdays, and Sundays.

Union Saw Mill

All kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber always on hand and delivered at short notice.

Also all kinds of
Mouldings
Sawn and
Split Shingles
Dressed
Pine and Cedar

Stumping

Done at Reasonabe Rates by
OUR
GIANT STUMPER
R. GRANT & CO. UNION, B. C,

Coal

For Domestic Purposes delivered at short notice.

G B Leighton
At the Bay, Comox, B. C.
Blacksmithing and Repairing of all kinds
Carriage Work and Horseshoeing a specialty

Nanaimo Saw Mill
— and —
Sash and Door Factory

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Nanaimo B. C.

A complete stock of Rough and Dressed Lumber always on hand; also Shingles, Laths, Pickets, Doors, Windows and Blinds, Moulding, Scroll sawing, Turning and all kinds of wood finishing furnished Cedar, White Pine, Redwood. All orders accompanied with CASH promptly and carefully attended to.

Steamer Estell

Harbor and ontside towing done at reasonable rates.

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Manufacturer, Importer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
FURNITURE
CARPETS, LINOLEUM, OIL CLOTH AND
- HOUSE FURINISHING -
Largest Establishment of its kind.
1-24 Cordova St. Vancouver, B. C

J. W. McCann

***Carpenter* ***

And Builder

General Job Work

UNDERTAKER.

Courtenay B. C.

John Fraser

Stage and Livery Business

Stage connects with all steamers at the Bay.

Also do a general

Teaming Business

Orders may be left at the Courtenay Hotel, or this office.

LADIES ATTENTION

On or about 25th Sept. our NEW GOODS for Fall and WINTER shall all be opened up.

This season our display shall be simply elegant, surpassing all prevous efforts.

Our Head Dressmaker and Milliner, Miss Bickerstaff and Mis Harder are now in Chicago, and will visit all Principal Eastern Cities before they return.

This will enable us to give you the very latest novelties in DRESS GOODS and FURNISHINGS, MILLENERY and JACKETS, etc., etc., etc., etc., etc., etc., etc.

SLOAN & SCOTT, Nanaimo, B. C.

:: NOTICE ::

James Abrams of Union is my Agent

in your District. Any orders you may be pleased to give him for the repairing of Watches, Jewelery & etc., will receive prompt attention and will be done in a workmanlike manner at the lowest possible charges. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. My stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelery, and Silver Plate will be larger than ever this Fall and Winter. Give me a call when in Nanaimo, M. R. Counter.

Vancouver Furniture Warehouse.

Established 1873.

BASTION, WHARF AND FRONT STREETS

JOHN HILBERT.

MANUFACTURER AND DIRECT IMPORTER
— Also Dealer in —
CARPETS BEDDING AND WALL PAPER,
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
AGENT WHITE SEWING MACHINES. UNDERTAKER.

NANAIMO B. C. P. O. box 16.

Nanaimo Cigar Factory.
Philip Gable, Proprietor.
Baston Street — Nanaimo B. C.

Manufactures the finest cigares, employing none but white labor.

Why purchase inferior foreign cigars, when you can obtain a SUPERIOR ARTICLE for the same money?

Raper Raper & Co.
Booksellers, Statiouers,
General News Agents.
Nanaimo. B. C.

Nanaimo Machine Works
OF
Robert J. Wenborn'
Fraser Street
Near Bastion Street Bridge
Nanaimo' B. C.

All Kinds of Machinery made to order and repaired.

Fruit Trees
Mainland Nursery *
* Ladners Landing B. C.

A large supply of three and four year old

APPLE TREES

Also Pears Plumes, Prunes, and Peaches Ornamental trees for lawns and grass plots. Small fruits, shrubs and evergreens of every variety.

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Courtenay
B. C.

The Nanaimo Pharmacy
Nanaimo B. C.
W. E. Mc Cartney Chemist,
Manager.
Pure Drugs Chemicals and Patent Medicines.

Physicans Presciptions and all orders filled with care and dispatch. P. O. box 12

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Red House
Commercial St. — Nanaimo. B. C.
Dealer in General Merchandise.

Highest cash Price Paid for Furs, Hides, and Country Produce.

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‡ **Nanaimo Steam** ‡
CARRAGE WORKS.
Baston St. Bridge, Nanaimo, B. C.

General Blacksmithing, Horseshoeing Carrage Building, etc.

Wagons and Farming Implements made aud repaired. Miners' Auger Drilling Machines made to order on short notice.

Wm Mathewson.
will deliver daily at
UNION
and during warm weather twice a day Pure Milk from His Ranch

And also will deliver to his custome daily Fresh Eggs, Butter, Vegetables, Poultry, etc.

Farmers having above for sale or delivery shoula consult him.
Passengers carried to and from Union.

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FURNITURE ESTABLISHMENT
.... A Full Line of Everything ....
BUILDERS and CONTRACTOR
UNDERTAKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES
Grant and McGregor Props.

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COMOX and UNION B. C.

Dealers in All Kinds of Meats, Vegetables, etc.
Orders Filled on Short Notice.

T. D. McLean

Jeweler, Bookseller and Dealer in

Organs, Pianos, Music Stationery, and Notions of all kinds.

Union Mines, B. C.

Kaslo City Bargains

and other splendid investments.

We offer you

SNAPS NOT SNIPS

Buy of your home Agents who will be pleased to secure you bargains.

Gilchrist and McArdle, Courtenay.

Riverside Hotel
Courtenay B C
J. J. Grant, Proprietor

The Hotel is one of the best equipped on the Pacific Coast, and is situated at the mouth of the Courtenay River, between Union and the large farming settlement of Comox.

Trout are plentiful in the river, and large game abounds in the neighborhood

The Bar connected with the hotel is kept well supplied with the best wines and liquors. Stage connects with all Steamers. Terms moderate

COURTENAY HOUSE.
COURTENAY, B.C.

The leading hotel in Comox district. New and handsomely furnished, xcellent hunting and fishing close to town. Tourists can depend on first-class accommodation. Reasonable rates. Bar supplied with the choicest liquors and cigars

R. Graham, Propr.

COURTENAY

This town is located in the midst of the largest agricultural settlement on Vancouver Island. It is within six miles of Union Mines affording the farmers of the valley the very best home market, and is situated on the only highway leading from the settlement to the mines. The lumber interests of this section are most extensive. and are an important factor in our progress.

The per cent of improvements of this town during the present year is greater than any other place the Coast can boast of, and the march of improvement is still onward.

The prosperity of the town has for its foundations, therefore large mineral, agricultural, and timber recources. It may also be added that no section furnishes a better field for the sportsman. Fish and game are always abundant and our hotels of the best.

Wm. Cheney

[Office at the bridge]

COURTENAY B. C.

Real Estate Agent and Auctioneer.

Lots sold on easy terms.

SETTLERS SATISFACTORILY LOCATED ON PUBLIC LANDS.

Comox Saw Mills.

Rough and Dressed Lumber

White Pine always in stock.
All orders executed promptly.

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