Legislation Library

The Islander

THE ISLANDER established 1910. | With which is Consolidated The Cumberland News. | THE CUMBERLAND NEWS established 1891

VOL. IX., No. 43 | CUMBERLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1918. | Subscription price, $2.00 per year

SUNDAY SERMON

By Rev. Fred Comley, Rector of Holy Trinity Church, Cumberland, B.C.

"Oh that I knew where I might find him, that I might come even to his seat."—Job 23:3.

This is the quest of many in the present day, as well as in the past. The same writer in chapter XI., verse 7, asks: "Canst thou by searching find out God? Canst thou find out the Almighty unto perfection?" The writer's answer is not altogether satisfactory to the present day seeker: "It is high as heaven, what canst thou do? Deeper than hell, what canst thou know? The measure thereof is longer than the earth, and broader than the sea." Yet as we read on we find a calm confidence expressed by the writer tht the misery and hardship of the world shall pass away like water, that to those who are willing to dig deeply, assurance comes; also it is possible to rest in safety, to lie down in the last sleep and not be afraid. What is going to govern our quest in these days of anxiety? Where are we going to dig in order that we may have that calm security; may lie down even in our last sleep and none be able to make us afraid?

1. **What is going to govern our quest?** The teaching of Jesus demands that we become as little children, and many a man answers that demand in similar language to that used by Nicodemus, in the thhird chapter of St. John. "How can these things be?" To be born again—to make a fresh start in life with a new ideal; to be willing to become a little child in our search does not appeal to our much vaunted intellects. If Jesus had only said: "You must become a superman," how much more interesting, and how eagerly we would have obeyed. But we pride ourselves that we have left the child period far behind, and we have no desire to retrace our steps. But nevertheless do we often hear a whisper phrased in language similar to that addressed to the great Syrian soldier by his servants, in the fifth chapter of the 2nd Book of Kings? "My father, if the prophet had bidden thee do some great thing, wouldst thou not have done it?" The story of Naaman is the story of many a man today. Big things are so attractive and the Jordan of childlikeness unimportant.

Does this mean that Christianity does not demand enough from its adherents? If we are willing to test it we shall find out the truth for ourselves—find out that which seems on the surface insignificant—"Demands my soul, my life, my all." How does a child begin to learn the most important lessons in life? Very often it learns its first lessons through fear. It obeys because of the fear of punishment, but gradually it learns to obey through love. When the parent says: "Thou shalt not," the child does not know why such a law is necessary and only obeys that law because of fear, but the child soon realizes the meaning of the command and then the wishes of the parent are carried out from a higher principle; fear has developed into love. As we read our Bibles we find in the Old Testament revelation of God, "Thou shalt not," and we see individuals and nations obeying through fear. In the New Testament we have a fuller revelation, not fear now, but the two great commandments, according to Christ, are personal devotion to God and to our neighbor. So we see that what the earthly parent expects from the child our Heavenly Father expects from us. We may begin in fear like the child, but if our religion is one of feor only it will never stand the withering blasts of temptation. How many souls have been wrecked here. Their religion began in fear; there was no developement, hence it ended in fear. Many a man, if he were honest, would own that the religion he thought he had in his youth stopped there. Many men say that we had so much religion in our youth we never want any more. Their religion was one of fear only—of personal devotion to a Savior they know nothing. The religion they had might have developed. It had in it the possibilities of growth, but because its only root was fear it withered away. If they had allowed it to grow into personal devotion, how different their life story would have been. They see growth is necessary for natural things, but they do not believe that natural laws and spiritual laws are closely related. They observe without the aid of glasses this developement and growth taking place in their own children. They read in the Book of Books "a little child shall lead them"; also "Except ye be converted, and become as little children, ye shall not enter into the Kingdom of Heaven." But these messages bring no comfort. Why? Because they have never developed their spiritual hearing or their spiritual seeing. How we need to pray in these days for eyes to perceive and ears to hear when God is manifesting Himself in so many ways! In these days when so many are being called upon to pass through the furnace of affliction, if we watch the children, maybe through them we shall hear the Master speaking to us saying: "Why not be willing to be a child in spiritual things?" Your child has no fear when his hand holds yours. Our Heavenly Father asks for the ssame confidence. He stands with outstretched arms today saying: "Come unto Me, all ye that labour and are heavy laden and I will give you rest."

Men are finding God in strange ways today. Materialists like H. G. Wells and Horatio Bottomley have told us in recent literature how they have found God. Listen to Wells: "Religion is the first thing and the last thing, and until a man has found God and God has found him, he begins at no beginnings and arrives at no end. Contrast this statement with some of his earlier books. Mr. Bottomley says the work of Sir Oliver Lodge and of Sir William Crooks, two of England's leading scientists, have convinced him that death is only the gateway to the life beyond. St. Paul said so nearly two thousand years ago, but the evidence of science was necessary for Mr. Bottomley. He might have said that the teaching of the Church he had discredited in the past was, after all, true,—but that might have helped the Church.

Lastly, we must dig for ourselves. The spade has revealed God to many a man, and if we dig into literature, especially into the Book of Books, and also into nature and science, not from fear of a book of records and judgments, but because one day we have to meet Jesus face to face. Have you ever thought that your hell may be meeting Jesus? Not fire and brimstone, but just meeting Him who asked you to become a little child and "learn of Me."

A modern poet has summed it up as follows in the words of a London Tommy, as he eets across the line that face he could never banish from his sight, not even on the fields of France:

And then at last 'E said one word,
'E said just one word, Well?
And I said in a funny voice,
Please can I go to 'Ell?
And then 'E answered, No,
You can't; that 'Ell is for the blind.
And not for those that see.
I's got to follow what I's seen
Till this old carcase dies.
For I daren't face in the land of grace
The sorrow of those eyes.
There ain't no throne, and there ain't no books,
It's 'Im you've got to see,
It's 'Im, just 'Im, that is the Judge
Of blokes like you and me.
And, boys, I'd sooner frizzle up
In the flames of a burning 'Ell
Than stand and look into 'Is face,
And 'ear 'Is voice say—"WELL?"

War Efficiency and National Prosperity

More than a billion and a half dollars distributed in Canada for exported agricultural produce and the products of labor in the fiscal year ending March 31, 1918, has kept Canada busy and prosperous in spite of the war.

CANADA'S production in such enormous quantities was made possible only by the money received through Canada's War Loans. Canada thus was enabled to assist the Allies in their purchases here by establishing financial credits for their use in this country.

CANADA'S war loans not only have sustained Canada's war effort, but they have kept the wheels of production turning as they never turned before.

This is the flood of cash which poured in to Canada's farms for their exports in the fiscal year 1918, for:—

Butter	$ 2,000,000
Cheese	36,602,000
Eggs	2,271,000
Oats	37,644,000
Wheat	366,341,000
Flour	95,896,000
Meats	76,729,000
Vegetables	19,034,000

Over six hundred and thirty-six million dollars for exported farm products alone!

* * *

AND the workers of Canada also shared greatly in Canada's export trade.

For their products there was distributed in Canada, during the year:

Munitions	$450,000,000
Metals	92,083,000
Vehicles	22,776,000
Wood Pulp and Paper	59,599,000

These huge sums were spent in Canada by the Allies.

Canada's own war expenditure for the fiscal year 1918 was $342,762,000.

And the bulk of all these expenditures, the foundation of Canada's prosperity and war effectiveness, was made possible only because the subscribers to Canada's war loans furnished the working capital.

* * *

CANADA must keep this great work going—must produce as never before; must work, fight, save and lend as she has never yet done to bring victory and a lasting peace to a war-ridden world.

But Canada to-day (thanks to her great export trade), is in a better position now than ever, to carry on.

The Victory Loan 1918 will keep Canada busy, will enable her to maintain her great export business; and it will make Canada more efficient than ever, because her prosperity will not be diminished and her determination to work, fight and win will be stronger than it has ever been before.

Get Ready Now to Buy Victory Bonds

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in Co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

109

A. C. Lymn, of the engineering department of the Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir), Ltd., left for Victoria on Friday, and Mrs. Lymn left the same day on a visit to friends at Comox.

Mrs. William Hawthorne, of Vancouver, arrived on Wednesday evening and will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs J. H. Halliday for the next four weeks.

Dr. R. P. Christie, dentist, has moved his office back to the King Block, finding that place the most suitable quarters for his profession.

C.D. Thornton, of Vancouver, secretary for Town and Country Work, Western Division of the National Council, Young Men's Christian Association, was here on a visit on Saturday, and interviewed several of the prominent citizens in connection with Y.M.C.A. work in an effort to establish a branch in this city. It was decided to let the matter remain in abeyance until the epidemic of Spanish Influenza subsides.

Mrs. Fred Jones arrived from Ladysmith on Wednesday to reside in Cumberland.

$60,000 SUBSCRIBED

Victory Loan 1918 Reaches $60,000.00 for the First Week.

The Cumberland Victory Loan 1918 Campaign now totals $60,000.00. The drive opened on Monday morning and the respective canvassers went quietly about their business of writing Victory Bonds, and at the close of the first week of the campaign we have the gratifying result of $60,000.00, an average of $10,000 per day for the past six days, which is the total of our allotment to secure our Honor Flag.

We promised the Provincial chairman of the 1918 Victory Loan $100,000.00. We need another $40,000 to fulfill our promise and secure three crowns for our flag. Won't you help us to complete our work during the coming week.

THE CUMBERLAND SCHOOLS

High school pupils have been assigned school work to be done while the schools are closed, and every pupil should secure the limits ofstudy. Examinations will be given when scool re-opens, and the marks gained on these examinations will count on pupils' promotions next June.

The following pupils have had perfect attendance during September and October, having been neither late nor absent during the two months:

High School.—Div. I., C. R. Drader, Teacher.—Montgomery Hood, Ellen Hunden, Ida McFadyen, Findlay McKinnon, Carrie Richardson, Jessie Stevenson, Foon Wong.

High School.—Div. II., Miss C. L. Tourigny, Teacher.—Vivian Aspesy, John Biggs, Ellen Clark, Jane Clark, Edith Francioli, Morton Grahan, Edith Horbury, Walter Hudson, Orpha Lewis, David Lockhart, Hannah Lockhart, Cyril Michell, Mabel Michell, Mary Miller, Genevieve McFadyen, Annie Richardson, John Stevenson, Donald Watson, Grace Watson, Blodwen Williams, Alice Williamson, Edward Wilson.

Public School.—Div. I., Miss M. A. O'Neil, Teacher.—Naborn Abe, Mary Bardesonna, Reginald Bate, Amy Dallos, Roland Graham, Ken Hayashi, Pearl Hunden, Gordon Mounce, Mary Mussatto, Christina McKinnon, Francis Potter, Alice Smith, Hector Stewart, Walter Taylor, James Wilcock, Dolenia Wilson, Florence Wood.

Div. II., Miss C. Jaynes, Teacher.—Beatrice Bickle, John Brown, Abby Colman, Carlina Damonte, Tom Graham, Edith Hood, Etta Hood, Mary Liddell, Stephen Little, Edna Marsh, Hazel Mounce, Emma Mussatto, Jack Peacey, Robert Richardson, Walter Somerville, Earl Stevenson, Robert Strachan, Douglas Sutherland.

Div. III., Miss J. E. Robertson, Teacher.—Ukiko Abe, Kate Bono, Phyllis Boothman, Robert Brown, Lottie Dallos, Mary Davis, Delina Freloni, Mary Gallafrio, Pierce Graham, Ben Horbury, Beth Horbury, Hazel Marsh, Leslie Merrifield, Clifton Mounce Lily Mussatto, John McNeil, Robert McNeil, Grace Oyama, Nellie Potter, Pearl Potter, Malcolm Stewart, Fanny Strachan, Druscilla Wilson,

Div. IV., Miss A. Potter, Teacher.—Tom Abe, Lena Allara, Maud Baird, Katherine Bartoldi, Edna Bennie, James Bevis, Charlie Bobba, Josephine Bono, Alex. Clark, Annie Danyluck, Mary Enrici, Harrie Gomm, Wilbert Hudson, Dorothy Liddell, John Lockner, Dora Manicor, Arnold MacDonald, John Picketti, Vera Picketti, John Strachan, Chrissie Sutherland.

Div. V., Miss J. MacDonald, Teacher—Daniel Adamson, Isabella Baird, Irene Bates, William Bennie, Alex. Bevis, Mary Conn, Charles Enrici, Leland Harrison, Arthur Hoffheinz, Beryl Hudson, George McLellan, Lenard Sholdice, Mary Walker, Winnifred Young.

Div. VI., Miss A. Reese, Teacher.—Thelma Barry, Marvel Bate, Jessie Baird, Jessie Brown, Ella Conn, Joe Ducca, Lena Galeazzi, Albert Gomm, Margaret Gibson, Agnes Hoffheinz, Bert McLellan, Rosie Manincor, Charles McDonald, Willie McNeil, George Raza, Margaret Richardson, Edna Smith, Jean Smith, Nagai Susume, Charles Tobacco.

Div. VII., Miss E. G. Bickle, Teacher.—Esao Abe, Shirley Bate, Annie Beveridge, Victor Bono, Mary Clark, Robert Conn, Janet Damonte, Doi Shimayo, Doi Tadachi, Joe Freloni, Norman Gomm, Nabru Hayashi, Mildred Lockner, Nona McNeil, Alex. McDonald, Yaye Naghi, Sara Oyama, Reno Peretto, Emma Picketti, Josie Pirozzini, Sakayo Sigimose, Willie Smith, Jack Sweeney.

Div. VIII., Miss Harrison, Teacher.—Isabel Boyd, Tom Combs, Eleanor Davis, Tadao Doi, Kazijuiki Miyahara, Alastaire McKinnon, Margaret Shearer, William Shearer, Fiusayo Sigimori, Mary Sweeney, Gordon Walker.

Div. IX., Miss H. Watson, Teacher.—Marjorie Brown, Dirino Galeazzi, Jena Galeazzi, John Hoffheinz, Jean MacNaughton, Willie Sweeney, Lena Tomassi, Victor Tomassi, Elsie Waterfield, Wilma Zanoni.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. James H. Halliday, on Tuesday, the 29th day of October, 1918, at Dunsmuir Avenue, Cumberland, B.C., a son.

The Islander

Published every Saturday by the Islander Publishing Company at Cumberland, B.C., Canada. Telephone 3-5.

Subscription: One year in advance, $2.00; Single copies, 5c. Foreign subscriptions to countries in Postal Union, $2.00

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2nd, 1918

HOW TO AVOID THE "FLU."

1. To avoid "Flu," use camphor, quinine and courage,—Buy Victory Bonds.

2. Keep your feet warm—on the first symptom of "cold feet" buy Victory Bonds.

3. Avoid worry—think of Victory and buy Bonds.

4. Take plenty of open air exercise—try selling Victory Bonds.

5. Put sulphur in your shoes—use ginger when buying Victory Bonds.

THE SMILE OF VICTORY

At a luncheon in Vancouver the other day, nearly a thousand British Columbia business men picked up from the orchestra the lilt of a chorus from the trenches. Over and over they sang it in increasing volume, the spirit of the song reflecting their own.

The Minister of Finance, speaking a few minutes later on behalf of the Victory Loan, adopted the refrain as the text for his appeal.

And on the eve of the Great Victory Loan drive for half a billion dollars the committee adopted the same song as the key-chorus for the campaign:

"Pack up your troubles in your old kit bag,
And smile, smile, smile."

—o—

CARRIER PIGEONS AT THE FRONT

A chaplain with the B.E.F. in France writes, according to the Times:

I think it was on.....that I paid a visit to one of the pigeon lofts in our area. The pigeons are part of my flock. They live—some sixty of them—in a London motor omnibus from Piccadilly. The outside top part of the omnibus is roofed in to form a cage, while the men occupy the inside—or rather, three-quarters of the inside, because the front part of the cage, which is entered by a door from the men's room, and also by a door at the top of the back staircase.

There is an opening in the front of the cage, cleverly arranged, so that the birds can enter when they return when they return from their flights, but cannot fly out when they are inside. A board is deftly poised just inside the opening, so that when a bird steps on it an electric bell rings inside the omnibus to tell the men that a pigeon has come home. Two arrived while I was there; they had come from the trenches five miles away in twelve minutes. The pigeons are taken out in baskets to the trenches, to bring messages back in case the wire communications should be cut by the enemy's fire. If not wanted for this purpose, they are sent flying back after twenty-four hours with some message just for practice. Each pigeon has a ring put on its leg when quite young, and is known by the number on the ring.

As soon as the bird arrives at the loft, a man creeps into the cage, catches it, reads the message, writes it down in duplicate, and sends an orderly at once with a copy to the signal officer, whence it is sent forth like an ordinary telegram to wherever it ought to go. Birds are always sent in couples, each with the same message, in case one should be shot by the enemy. Two males—or two females—are sent together, never a male and a female, lest they loiter by the way, or Eve tempt Adam to wander from the path of duty!

Truly, they were a beautiful set of birds which I saw—quite a sight to behold, in such perfect condition, and with all the marks of high breeding. Their dignified bearing seemed to show that they realized the importance to their work! It is a wonderful instinct which makes these birds fly back to their homes as soon as possible. The men get devoted to them, and make them love their clean and comfortable homes, where they are well fed and cared for in every way. Ah! how many of us would love to fly back to our warm, comfortable homes and be at rest with those who care for us! The crew of the loft consists of a chauffeur to drive the motor, an expert pigeon trainer, who also acts as cook, and an orderly to run with the messages. I had dinner with the men—they providing the meat and I the sweets. I wonder if that omnibus will ever run through Piccadilly again!

—o—

THE HOPE OF THE WORLD

(By Harold Bell Wright.)

The hope of the world is not alone that the armies of humanity will be victorious, but that the spirit and purpose of our warfare will prevail in our victory. The hope of the world is in the Red Cross, because the Red Cross is voicing this spirit and purpose that must, through the force of our arms, triumph. Just to the degree that we can evidence this Red Cross spirit of mercy and brotherhood we will hold true in the dangerous hour of victory to the ideals that have forced us into the trenches in the defense of human rights and human liberty.

The one sane and saving thought in this delirium of death that now possesses the world is the Red Cross.

Wherever the storms of battle hell rage, amid the fires of ruthless destruction, in trench and camp and hospital, these soldiers of mercy with heroism unsurpassed are carrying the flag of the highest conceivable ideals of humanity. The ideals for which our armies have taken the field are, by these unarmed hosts, proclaimed to friend and foe, in that unmistakable language of universal mercy and brotherhood. In the terms of wasted towns rebuilt, of broken humanity salvaged, of dying children rescued, of desolate families succored, the Red Cross declares the cause for which we war and proclaims the principals and ideals that must and will prevail in the end. Above the thunder of the guns, the roar of exploding mines, the crash of fallen cities and the cries of tortured humanity, the voice of the Red Cross carries clear and strong the one message of hope to our war-burdened world.

Out of this hell of slaughter the Red Cross will guide the warring nations to a heaven of world-wide peace and brotherhood .

—o—

BUY VICTORY BONDS.

THE RED TRIANGLE ON QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS

With music and "movies" the Y.M.C.A. is out to conquer the monotony and isolation of the lumber camps on Queen Charlotte Islands, where aeroplane spruce is being manufactured for the Government

A combined hotel and recreation hall has been erected at Thurston Harbor, reports Mr. D. E. Hatt, the 'Y' secretary for the Moresby Island group of camps. The building is 32x32 feet, two storeys, with cottage 32 feet, quarters for the secretary, and shower baths. Upstairs are four small and one large room to be used by transients. Mr. Hatt has charge of the building, and he meets the boats which arrive at night and early in the morning.

During August the score or more camps and sawmills of the Masset Inlet district were visited three or four times by the Y.M.C.A. Secretary, Mr. G. R. Welch. His addresses on patriotic, moral and religious lines were well received, and the literature he distributed, including sex pamphlets, was eagerly welcomed. At headquarters at Buckley Bay a tent has been set up and equipped, and this will fill the bill until permanent quarters can be secured.

German rifles played an unconscious, but vital, part in the erection of the first scholastic building ever set up on a battlefield, said Captain (Rev.) W. Gilmour to an interviewer lately. Capt. Gilmour, who is visiting Toronto with a view to securing educational supplies through the agency of the Y.M.C.A. for the Khaki University overseas, referred to that branch of the soldiers' college known as "Vimy Ridge University." Nearly 10,000 students have registered with the Khaki University in England, declares Capt. Gilmour, and in one district alone in France there are 15 schools in operation, with twenty instructors and a registration of 600. In the Forward Area there is one school with an average attendance of 18. This Area has 16 libraries in operation and the number of books loaned is wel over 3000.

A few days ago it was reported that the Canadian Y.M.C.A. was the first to establish a "Y" Hut across the Hindenburg line. Today there are 10 Canadian Y.M.C.A. branches in and through that famous defensive system, writes Capt. T. M. Best, of Hamilton, recently arrived in France.

—o—

GOOD CITIZENSHIP

Every motive that inspires good citizenship calls on Canadians to be lavish in their purchase of Victory Bonds, and so insure their country's welfare, and their own security, against the rainy day.

—o—

BUY VICTORY BONDS.

Campbell's

JUST ARRIVED: - Newest Fall Styles at Moderate Prices in

Ladies' Velour and Tweed Coats

Ladies' Serge and Tweed Suits

All Wool Sweater Coats and Sweater Sets

Campbell's

License No. 8-19224

Dream Pictures

Suddenly, in the glow of the evening lamp, a presence appears—a great artist, with violin in hand; who at our bidding, draws from the strings a thrill of joy, a sob of grief, a sigh of love.

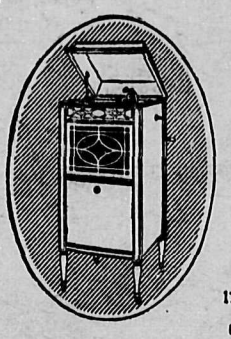
And under the enchanting witchery of music, we are transported back to the old-time rest and comfort of happier days.

Gradually the dream picture dissolves, the presence fades, and we behold the most marvelous of all musical instruments—

The NEW EDISON
"The Phonograph with a Soul"

Let Edison dream pictures enrich your days. Let the life-like Edison Re-Creations round out your life, broaden your outlook, bring you the consolation, the contentment, the solace, of beautiful music.

We will gladly place a New Edison in your home long enough for you to appreciate what an ever-ready and inexhaustible fountain of mental refreshment it is.



171

G. A. Fletcher Music Co., Cumberland, B.C.

SPEAK INTO THE TELEPHONE

The telephone mouthpiece has been designed to catch sound and convey it to the mechanism of the transmitter. The present shape has been determined to be the best.

Half of the telephone service difficulties of today would be prevented if persons would speak directly into the transmitter, with the lips half an inch from the mouthpiece, and speak slowly and distinctly in a moderate tone of voice, particularly when giving numbers to the operator.

British Columbia Telephone Co., Ltd.

TASTE is the TEST of the DRINKS THAT ARE BEST

Buy the products of the
BRITISH COLUMBIA BREWERIES, LIMITED

Ask for the Brands that are the Best

Alexandra Stout is Sure to Satisfy.
U.B.C. Beer The Beer of Quality.
Silver Top Soda Water Full line of Pure Fruit Flavors.
Cascade Beer The Beer Without a Peer.

UNION BREWING CO., LTD.
NANAIMO, B.C.

SEEING IT THROUGH

The war is not yet over; and until it is and until the work of peace-reconstruction is complete every Canadian should dedicate all his energies to helping in the great work. The practical and easy form of help is the purchase of Victory Bonds.

DR. R. P. CHRISTIE
DENTIST

Phone 116

Office: Next "The Big Store." Cumberland, B.C.

The Influenza Germ is in Town!

1. He hates Fresh Air. Buy an Electric Fan and keep him out.
2. He cannot exist where there is plenty of Light. The remedy is obvious.
3. Shiver in a cold room and he will get you for sure. We have Electric Stoves, Electric Bed Warmers.
4. We are pleased to show you any of the above if you care to call at our store; there are no germs there.

Cumberland Electric Lighting Co., Ltd.
Phone 75 P. O. 314

STAR LIVERY STABLE

ALEX. MAXWELL, Proprietor

Autos for Hire. Coal and Wood Hauling given very prompt attention. Furniture and Piano Storage if desired.
Phones 4 and 61 Cumberland, B.C.

D. Campbell's Meat Market

Young Steer Beef,
tender and juicy.
Veal, Pork and Mutton.

—SPECIALS—

Cambridge Pork Sausage
Home-made Sausage
Polish Sausage
Veal Loaf
Boiled Ham
Ham Bologna
Headcheese.

Have you tried our Pickled Pork and Corned Beef? It is delicious.
Each Thursday morning from now on a full line of Fresh Fish will be on hand.
License No. 9-3902

T. D. McLEAN

Watchmaker and Jeweller
Agent for the HARMONOLA
All the latest Books, Magazines and Periodicals.
Dunsmuir Ave. Cumberland, B.C.

CUMBERLAND HOTEL

WM. MERRIFIELD, Proprietor
GOOD ACCOMODATION
EXCELLENT CUISINE
Dunsmuir Ave.. Cumberland, B.C
Canada Food Board License No. 10-4986

FOR
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance
THOS. H. CAREY
Cumberland, B.C.

Charlie Sing Chong

Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Crockeryware and General Merchandise.
CHARLIE SING CHONG, Cumberland
HONG CHONG & CO., Bevan.

New Home Bakery

Fresh Bread, Cakes, Pies, etc.
Wedding Cakes a Specialty
NEW HOME BAKERY
J. HALLIDAY
Dunsmuir Ave., Cumberland.
License No. 5-1172

Royston Lumber Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER
Slab Wood (double load)...$4.00

STORAGE OF POTATOES

Many have grown potatoes this year who never did so before, and consequently will be unfamiliar with the best methods of protecting the crop. Owing to the excessive rains this autumn, potatoes in some districts have become infected with rot, and many have been harvested under unfavorable conditions. In many instances they have been stored in cellars before being properly dried. Potatoes showing any indication of rot should not be stored with sound ones. This is especially true if there are abnormal conditions of moisture, as such conditions will cause a greater activity of the fungus and, consequently, quicker rotting of the potatoes. Potatoes should be stored in as dry and cool a place as possible without freezing. The drier the ycan be kept the less rot they will develop.

This year, especially, potatoes should be carefully sorted within from three to four weeks after storing in the cellar, and those showing any signs of developing rot being discarded. This will protect the remainder of the crop. Food is badly needed and it is our positive duty to take good care of what we have produced.

—o—

Total Victory Loan 1918 subscribed up to 5 p.m., October 31st, $47,750.00.

—o—

MAKING FRIENDS WITH FORTUNE

Fortune favors the man or the nation that looks to the future. That is what Canada is doing when she asks her citizens to subscribe to Victory Bonds. They will help her and they will help you.

BE PREPARED

Beware of the financial reaction that may follow the present prosperity. The best way to forestall it is to practice thrift now and the best form of thrift is embodied in Canada's Victory Bonds.

BUY VICTORY BONDS.

ANNOUNCEMENT

CHAS. SIMMS, Watchmaker and Jeweller, of Courtenay, begs to announce that he will open a Jewellery Store on November 1st, and will be located in the Ilo Ilo Theatre Building, under the able management of Mr. A. W. Prior, who is a graduate of Stones Horological Institute, of St. Paul, Min., U.S.A., and formerly of H. Birks and D. R. Dingwall, of Vancouver and Winnipeg.

Every satisfaction guaranteed. A trial will convince you.

Marocchi Bros.

Grocers and Bakers
Cumberland and Courtenay, B.C.
License No. 8-25489

LATE DISPATCHES

TUESDAY, October 29th, 1918.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—Allied troops are engaged in a great offensive movement on the Italian front and have already taken more than 15,000 prisoners, while the Allies have thrown forces acros the Piave on a front of about 30 miles. The heaviest fighting has been along a stretch of 7 miles, between Congeliano and Oderzo where the Italians and British have advanced more than 3 miles, making a formidable wedge in the Austrian positions east of the riiver and between two of the main communication lines.

The Allies are within two miles of both Congeliano and Oderzo. Troops and supplies are being rushed to the Piave front, and it is evidently purposed to force the offensive to the utmost. The fighting east of the Piave has been very heavy, the Austrians struggling bitterly to prevent the Allies from enlarging their gains on the east bank.

On the Western front in France heavy fighting virtually is at a standstill northward from Le Cateau to the Dutch frontier, but from the Oise to east of the Meuse the Allied pressure continues, with gains for the French between the Oise and the Serre. An intense artillery duel is in progress on the American front northwest of Verdun, but no infantry fighting has been reported.

East of the Oise on the French front the army of General Debeney is rapidly encircling Guise. On the south they are in the suburbs of the town and have captured German first line trenches, besides enemy barracks and a hospital.

Farther south the French are marching northeastward between Guise and Maille, and threaten to outflank both points by smashing all the way through the Hunding positions. Since the beginning of his advance between the Oise and the Serre, Gen. Debeney has moved forward more than five miles on a front of about sixteen miles.

German guns began to bombard the American lines in the Verdun region early on Tuesday. The American artillery responded. Apparently the Germans hoped to check any further American efforts to continue the advance by deluging the American lines with high explosives at the hour when attacks usually are launched.

Field Marshal Haig reports only artillery and patrol activities on the front of his armies. In Belgium the operations are only of a local character.

—o—

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 29.—Hungary has definitely revolted and formed an independent anti-dynastic state under the leadership of Count Karolyi, in cooperation with the Czechs and Jugo Slavs, according to a Vienna dispatch to the Politiken. Karolyi, who was elected head of the national council, was given an ovation upon his arrival in Budapest. He told the crowds, which numbered thousands, that Emperor Karl has requested his program for a greater degree of separation between Austria and Hungary, whereof an independent state was necessary.

—**—

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Semi-official statements here today reported disorders and virtual revolution in Hungary. Magyar leaders are arousing their people to break from Vienna and gain the freedom from the Hapsburgs which they tried to get in 1848, when Austrian arms forced them back into the empire.

—**—

LONDON, Oct. 29.—Colorful reports pouring into London from the Hague quoting Berlin newspapers, express a military coup de etat planned by General Ludendorff and Field Marshal Hindenburg to block concessons to President Wilson. The Vorwaerts declares the constitutional changes were rushed to frustrate the coup de etat. Exposure of the plot is believed to have forced the resignation of Ludendorff and to have started a movement also to oust Von Hindenburg. Members of the Reichstag and the Socialist press daily demand the abdication of the Kaiser. The Vocaler Dusseldorff declares it is persistently rumored that the German armies will retire behind the Rhine. German headquarters will be transferred to Dusseldorff, the newspaper says, where it is officially admitted the quartermaster's department is registering billets. Civilians are stampeding from the lower Rhine and Westphalia.

—o—

LONDON, Oct. 31st.—British representatives at Salonica today concluded an armistice with Turkey, the terms of which are understood to be tantamount to an unconditional surrender.

All prisoners are to be released and the Allied fleet are to be given free entry into the Dardanelles.

—o—

"FIRE!

When you buy a Victory Bond it is as if you put a gun to your shoulder and fired a round into the Hun armies.

THURSDAY, October 31st, 1918.

D.G.S. GALIANO MAY BE LOST

NANAIMO, Oct 31.—A number of vessels are hurrying to the waters in the vicinity of Cape St. James, Queen Charlotte Islands, to search for the Canadian naval patrol ship Galiano, which at 3 a.m. today sent out S.O.S. signals reporting her holds were full of water and she needed help. Little hope is entertained that she escaped foundering. The whaling steamer Grey left Ikeda at 8 a.m.; the U.S. tug Tatters, which was at Swanson Bay, is also on her way, together with the G.T.P. tug Lorne to the scene of the disaster. The Galiano left Triangle Island at 5 p.m. yesterday on her way to Ikeda Bay. At 3 a.m. today she was in the vicinity of Cape St. James and was in the area of the lighthouse there when S.O.S. signals were sent out. It is thought that a heavy sea caught her flooding her holds.

—o—

DRIVE TOWARD GHENT

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The British and French suddenly began a drive towards Ghent this morning and are reported to be progressing well. They were last reported four miles from that important Belgian city.

—o—

ANARCHY RIFE IN AUSTRIA

LONDN, Oct. 31.—Anarchy is growing in Hungary, according to reports from various sources today. At Budapest armed crowds are parading the streets plundering food shops and munition stores. The population of the commune of Barez is fleeing into the interior, fearing clashes between the Croatians and the Hungarians. Thousands of deserters are running rampant along the frontier, plundering towns, attacking trains and committing outrages. Several castles in Slavonia have been burned.

—o—

AUSTRIANS LOSSES APPALLING

LONDON, Oct. 31.—Austria-Hungary tentatively split up into several independent states by a series of revolutions and with anarchy spreading hourly throughout the country, is frantically seeking peace. The Austrians officially declared that they are voluntarily withdrawing their forces from occupied territory in Italy, Poland and he Balkans.

With the Austrian defenses split on a wide front east of the Piave, the Italian, British, French and American troops pouring through the gap, the entire 175-mile front from Switzerland to the Adriatic is reported to have blazed into action today. Official reports state that Austrian prisoners now total 45,000 and that 300 guns have been captured.

The great Austrian supply base at Vittorio fell before the victorious Italian armies on Wednesday, and this reverse undoubtedly was a mighty influencing factor in Austria's determination to get out of occupied Italy with all speed. The enemy losses are appalling.

—o—

GERMAN EXODUS FROM ANTWERP

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 31.—The exodus from Antwerp continues.

German ships are beginning to be removed to Flushing, and this morning a report says that numbers of German and Austrian subjects have already arrived in Poland from Brussels.

The enemy is still offering a stiff resistance in West Flanders and many wounded are being brought into Ghent.

News from the frontier shows that the Germans are on the eve of evacuating that town. Yesterday the inhabitants were ordered to remain in their houses, bakers earlier in the week having been instructed to bake a double supply of bread so that the people might receive two days' rations today.

The Germans have found latterly that the Allies know even more than they what is happening in the town and behind the lines, and they are convinced that this is due to a wireless installation. All their endeavors have failed to discover it or to prevent communication with the Allies. Many of the inhabitants have already left town, including the civil government, and all the German civil governors.

Rage is increasing against the young Flemish party who reads that their future lies elsewhere than in Belgium. In one day 85 passes were issued to these people.

—o—

RAILWAY BETWEEN BERLIN AND VIENNA CUT.

PARIS, Oct. 31.—Communications between Agram and Fiume, and Budapest and Vienna have been totally destroyed. The Czecho-Slovaks have cut the railroad between Berlin and Vienna near Bodennach, and German trains can only go as far as Schandan according to a Zurich dispatch to the Journal.

OFFICIAL PROSPECTUS

The proceeds of this Loan will be used for War purposes only, and will be spent wholly in Canada

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA offers for Public Subscription the

Victory Loan 1918

$300,000,000. 5½% Gold Bonds

Bearing interest from November 1st, 1918, and offered in two maturities, the choice of which is optional with the subscriber as follows:

5 year Bonds due November 1st, 1923
15 year Bonds due November 1st, 1933

Principal payable without charge at the Office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General at Ottawa, or at the Office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, St. John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Victoria.

Bonds may be registered as to principal or as to principal and interest, at any of the above-mentioned offices.

Interest payable, without charge, half-yearly, May 1st and November 1st, at any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank.

Principal and Interest payable in Gold
Denominations: $50, $100, $500 and $1,000

Issue Price: 100 and Accrued Interest

Income Return 5½% per Annum

Free from taxes—including any income tax—imposed in pursuance of legislation enacted by the Parliament of Canada.

The proceeds of the Loan will be used for war purposes only, including the purchase of grain, foodstuffs, munitions and other supplies, and will be spent wholly in Canada.

Payment to be made as follows:
10% on application; 20% January 6th, 1919;
20% December 6th, 1918; 20% February 6th, 1919;
31.16% March 6th, 1919.

The last payment of 31.16% covers 30% balance of principal and 1.16% representing accrued interest at 5½% from November 1st to due dates of the respective instalments.

A full half year's interest will be paid on May 1st, 1919, making the cost of the bonds 100 and interest.

Subscriptions may be paid in full at the time of application at 100 without interest; or on any instalment due date thereafter together with accrued interest at the rate of 5½% per annum.

This Loan is authorized under Act of the Parliament of Canada, and both principal and interest are a charge upon the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

The Amount of this issue is $300,000,000, exclusive of the amount (if any) paid for by the surrender of bonds of previous issues. The Minister of Finance, however, reserves the right to allot the whole or any part of the amount subscribed in excess of $300,000,000.

Conversion Privileges

Bonds of this issue will, in the event of future issues of like maturity, or longer, made by the Government, during the remaining period of the War, other than issues made abroad, be accepted at 100 and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash for the purpose of subscription to such issues.

Payments

All cheques, drafts, etc., covering instalments, are to be made payable to the Credit of the Minister of Finance. Failure to pay any instalment when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture, and the allotment to cancellation. Subscriptions must be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the amount subscribed. Official Canvassers will forward subscriptions or any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank will accept subscription and issue receipts.

Subscriptions may be paid in full at time of application at 100 without interest; or on any instalment due date thereafter together with accrued interest to time of making payment in full. Under this provision, payment of subscriptions may be made as follows:

If paid in full on or before Nov. 16th, 1918, par without interest, or 100%.
If remaining instalments paid on Dec. 6th, 1918, balance of 90% and interest, ($90.48 per $100.)
If remaining instalments paid on Jan. 6th, 1919, balance of 70% and interest, ($70.80 per $100.)
If remaining instalments paid on Feb. 6th, 1919, balance of 50% and interest, ($51.04 per $100.)
If remaining instalment paid on Mar. 6th, 1919, balance of 30% and interest, ($31.16 per $100.)

Denomination and Registration

Bearer bonds, with coupons, will be issued in denominations of $50., $100., $500., and $1,000., and may be registered as to principal. The first coupon attached to these bonds will be due on May 1st, 1919.

Fully registered bonds, the interest on which is paid direct to the owner by Government cheque, will be issued in denominations of $50., $100., $500., $1,000., 5,000., $10,000., $25,000., $50,000., $100,000., or any multiple of $100,000.

Payment of Interest

A full half year's interest at the rate of 5½% per annum will be paid May 1st, 1919.

Form of Bond and Delivery

Subscribers must indicate on their application the form of bond and the denominations required, and the securities so indicated will be delivered by the bank upon payment of the subscription in full.

Bearer bonds of this issue will be available for delivery at the time of application to subscribers desirous of making payment in full. Bonds registered as to principal only, or fully registered as to principal and interest, will be delivered to subscribers making payment in full, as soon as the required registration can be made.

Payment of all instalments must be made at the bank originally named by the subscriber.

Non-negotiable receipts will be furnished to all subscribers who desire to pay by instalments. These receipts will be exchangeable at subscriber's bank for bonds on any instalment date when subscription is paid in full.

Form of Bonds Interchangeable

Subject to the payment of 25 cents for each new bond issued, holders of fully registered bonds without coupons, will have the right to convert into bonds with coupons and holders of bonds with coupons will have the right to convert into fully registered bonds without coupons, at any time, on application to the Minister of Finance or any Assistant Receiver General.

Forms of application may be obtained from any Official Canvasser, from any Victory Loan Committee, or member thereof, or from any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank.

Subscription Lists will close on or before November 16th, 1918

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
OTTAWA, October 28th, 1918.

Behind the Gun the Man - Behind the Man the Dollar
Make Your Dollars Fight the Hun

143

COMPLETE COLLAPSE OF AUSTRIA'S ARMY IN ITALY

PARIS, Nov. 1.—Complete collapse of the Austrian armies in the Grapha region is officially reported by the Italian War Office, which adds that it is quite impossible to accurately estimate the number of prisoners at once, as they are coming down the mountain passes in droves. All the enemy's artillery on several sectors has been captured and it is known that the toll of prisoners exceeds 50,000 and 300 guns have been taken.

East of the Piave the Austrian armies have been split, through occupation of the Ponte Nelte Alpi by the Italians. This post is on the Piave four miles northeast of Beltuna, and its capture represents an advance of about 25 miles.

At the same time the Austrians in the Grapha region have been cut off, it is believed, by the capture of the important Vandal Pass.

Today the Austrians are retreating in disorder towards the Tagliamento river, which lies about midway between the Piave and the Izonzo. The Izonzo is the next great defense line of the enemy.

WANT KAISER'S ABDICATION

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 1.—The abdication of the emperor was discussed at the last meetings of the war cabinet, says the Vossischhe Zeitung. It is stated that former Vice Chancellor Delbruck has left for the front on an independent mission for Chancellor Maximilliam. It is generally supposed, the newspapers say, that Dr. Delbruck will present the emperor with an abdication document.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—Members of the Inner Allied Diplomatic Council believe that the Hapsburg dynasty is ended, and that an Austrian republic is likely to be formed.

The Kaiser's abdication also is considered to be inevitable, the date only being uncertain. Confidential advices to the conferences suggest that the Geran internal situation is momentarily likely to force his abdication. Action equivalent to the surrender of the German and Austrian high military commanders, it is believed certain will be included in the armistice terms . The surrender of Turkey to the British indicate that the Allies will certainly force the enemy literally to wave the white flag in France and Italy.

HUNGARIAN PREMIER KLLED

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 1.—Count Tisza, the former Hungarian premier, has been killed by a soldier, according to a Budapest telegram today. The Count fell a victim to a revolver shot while he was out walking.

AUSTRIAN MARINES TAKE OVER BATTLESHIPS

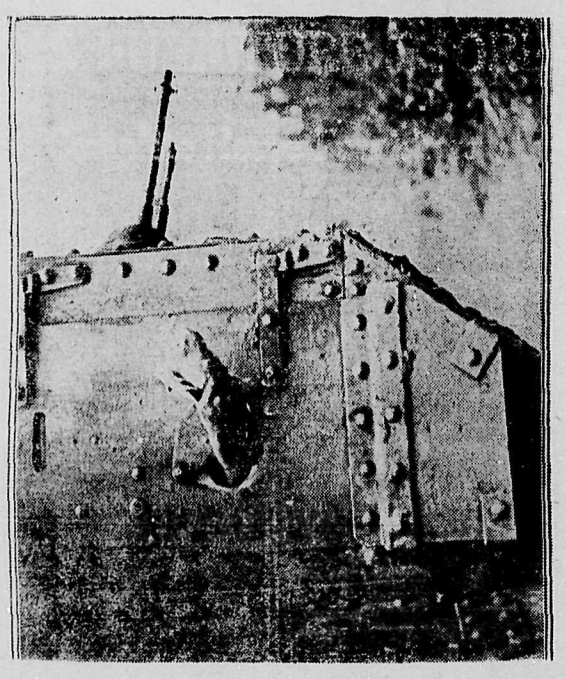
COPENHAGEN, Nov. 1.—Austrian marines have revolted, seized the warships at Pola and placed them at the disposal of the Hungarians and the Jugo-Slavs, it was reported today. The revolutionary movement is growing throughout Austria-Hungary.

Vienna is reported without food and in the hands of revolutionary troops. The national Council, after consultation with a delegation of thousands of soldiers and officers, decided to establish a workmen's and soldiers' council, and drew up plans for a new non-monarchical state.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 1.—Theh German portion of Bohemia has been formally constituted a republic, a Vienna dispatch announced today.

LONDON, Nov. 1.— Negotiations between the Italan and Austrian military commanders for an armistice are proceeding, according to advices received here. Fighting may already have come to an end.

HOW THE TANKS KEEP IN TOUCH WITH HEADQUARTERS



Tank commander, far afield in attack, reporting to his headquarters by carrier pigeon.

—o—

Buy your Victory Bond during the coming week. You may secure all the information you require at the Victory Loan office on the corner of Dunsmuir and Second street, opposie the Postoffice.

—o—

The employees at the offices of the Canadian Collieries in this city have commenced to wear masks to prevent the spread of Spanish Influenza. The order went into effect this morning.

—o—

The employees of he Canadian Collieries machine shops at Union Bay will wear masks on Monday as a precaution against the Spanish Influenza.

PROGRES OF THE EPIDEMIC

The latest reports on the epidemic of Spanish Influenza as it affects this city and vicinity gives us 61 cases, and they are all in a favoroble condition. Sixteen homes within the city limits are placarded with Spanish Influenza.

During the week the Cumberland Public School has been turned into an isolation hospital of twenty beds. The school teachers are the nursing staff, with Mrs. Fred Comley, wife of the Church of England clergyman, in charge during the day, and Mrs. F. A. McCarthy, wife of the manager of the Royal Bank of Canada, in charge by night. In this isolation there are 16 cases, none serious. At Union Bay there were 18 cases, mostly among the Chinese population. During the week three of the Chinese have died, nine have recovered, leaving six cases still under the doctor's care.

Giacomo Giordano, of this city, died from the effects of Spanish Influenza on Thursday, which is the only death in this city up to the present.

GENERAL PERSHING

This photograph was taken immediately after President Poincare decorated General Pershing with the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor. The ceremony took place in front of the General's headquarters.

THE FURNITURE STORE

Complete House Furnishers

For values in Furniture, Beds, Spring Mattresses, Linoleums, Carpets. Wallpapers, Crockery and Enamelware

STOVES, RANGES AND HEATERS

A. McKINNON

THE BIG STORE

Buy Goods at The Big Store

Save Money for Victory Bonds

There is absolutely no doubt about the values you get at The Big Store. In many cases we are selling goods blow what it would cost us to buy the same goods today wholesale.

Take Flannelettes for a sample: We can give you good values in both white and striped Flannelette from 25c. to 45c. per yard, goods that are quoted at from 29c. to 55c. by the wholesale houses today. We are giving you the benefit of our foresight in buying ahead.

Ladies' Fall Coats

We have had a most succesful Season, in fact, one of the best, owing to our large stock and early buying. We have been able to save you many dollars on your Fall Cost.

Our Fall Stock embraces some very good lines in staple Tweed Coats at very Special Prices.

Wools! Wools! Wools!

We have a Consignment of the well known Banner Worth Wools, also the Monarch Wools, in grey and khaki. Buy early as we have only a limited supply.

For Men

We have an "Extra Special Navy Serge," fast dye Suit in all sizes for **$35.00.** We invite comparison.

Have you tried our Famous Tiger Brand of heavy underwear, known from coast to coast? We have three weights, and our prices are low, comparing today's values.

White Rubber Boots

Gives good hard wear. Just the kind to keep your feet dry.
Price per pair, **$6.50**

Youths' and Boys' Suits

Coppley Noyes & Randall, whose line we carry, is considered one of the best in Canada. Our stock a present is very heavy, comprising all the smartest lines on the market. We invite you to examine and compare our values, when you will be convinced that you can save money by buying here.

Ladies' Cashmere Hose, Penman's make,—nuff said. Several qualities at **75c., 95c.,** and **$1.25** per pair.

Boys' Worsted Hose, all sizes, **75c.,** and **95c.** per pair.

Silk Hose, in all the new colorings at keen prices.

Be Advised to lay in a stock of Dry Goods to meet your Winter requirements **now,** as you can positively save money for

"Victory Bonds"

thus helping yourself as well as backing up the "Boys Over There," and helping to get them Home all the sooner.

IF A COUNTRY IS WORTHY OF RESIDING IN, IT IS WORTHY OF OUR SUPPORT.

License No. 8-18324

SIMON LEISER & CO.,
LIMITED.
THE BIG STORE.
Phone 3-8

NOTICE TO SOLDIERS ON HARVEST LEAVE.

Attention is directed to a recent announcement published in the Press by the Military Service Branch, Department of Justice, regarding extensions to be granted to men EXEMPTED AS FARMERS.

It is pointed out that this **DOES NOT IN ANY WAY AFFECT MEN WHO HAVE BEEN ORDERED BY THE REGISTRAR TO REPORT** to Depot Battalions and who have thereafter received leave of absence from the Military Authorities.

Once a man has been ordered to report for duty by the Registrar he leaves the jurisdiction of the Registrar and comes under that of the Department of Militia and Defence, and is to be considered as a soldier. This applies to men of the 20 to 22 Class who have been ordered to report by the Registrar in virtue of the cancellation of exemptions by Order-in-Council of the 20th April last, as well as to those ordered to report in the usual way on refusal of claim for exemption, or on expiration of exemption granted.

All men, accordingly, who have been ordered to report, and are therefore SOLDIERS, and who have subsequently been granted harvest leave by the military authorities, MUST, NOTWITHSTANDING THE NOTICE ABOVE REFERRED TO, REPORT ON THE EXPIRATION OF THAT LEAVE, unless they are notified to the contrary by their Commanding Officer or by general notice published by the Department of Militia and Defence.

DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

Cumberland Restaurant.

We specialize on Short Orders.
TEX FOSTER, Prop.
License No. 10-11060

A. STANFORD,
MOTOR GARAGE
Corner Fourth & Maryport

Repairs Executed Efficiently and Promptly.

Oils Grease Gasoline

Phone 8

UNION HOTEL
OPPOSITE RAILWAY STATION.

First Class Accommodation. Heated throughout by Electricity.

WILLIAM JONES
Cumberland, B. C.
License No. 10-1606

THE SPIRELLA
MADE-TO-ORDER
CORSET

Of the Finest Quality. Every pair guaranteed. For further information phone 81 R, or apply to MRS. HAZEL BERTRAM, Maryport Ave., Cumberland.

Man works from sun to sun,
But a woman's work was never done.
Till "CRYSTAL WHITE" came to her ken,
And now she's done before the men.

Are you looking for a good reliable Family Soap?
If so, try

CRYSTAL WHITE

The Perfect Soap.

Will not injure the most delicate fabric or irritate a sensitive skin.

ONLY PROCURABLE AT

MUMFORDS GROCERY

Licence No. 8-17268.