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CRANBROOK'S FAIR EXCELS ALL PREVIOUS EFFORTS

The Showing Made in Fruits, Vegetables, Grains, Poultry, Etc., Etc., and Particularly in Ladies' Work, Very Choice and Varied

Cranbrook's big annual Fall Fair was informally opened this morning, the official opening ceremony taking place at 2 o'clock this afternoon, when Mayor Bowness in a few felicitious words declared the fair open to the public.

The fair grounds have been put in very good shape and presented quite a lively appearance. Upon entering the grounds the first exhibit to attract attention is that of the East Kootenay Mercantile company, a fine display of rigs, agricultural implements, harness, etc. Adjoining this exhibit is the large refreshment booth conducted by the ladies of Christ church. To the left are a collection of booths, devoted to games, photo and phrenologist stalls, etc.

On entering the exhibition building one first encounters the display of fruit and preserves. The showing of fruits is not as large as one would have liked to have seen, but the quality is about all that could be desired.

On the other side of the aisle, are splendid exhibits of grains and grasses.

The right side of the main hall is devoted to flowers and vegetables, and in this latter the showing is really remarkable. A finer collection of vegetables it would be hard to get together anywhere else on the American continent, and proves conclusively that for market gardening this section of the province cannot be excelled.

Proceeding further into the building one encounters the exhibits of local merchants and others. Among these are fine displays by the Campbell and Manning company, mainly of Health Pure Foods, immediately opposite this display is that of the Fink Mercantile company, where may be seen a great collection of Purity flour. P. Burns' & Co. have an adjoining stall, devoted to the display of animal fertilizers. Then comes a stall conducted by the Women's Institute and next to this is a stall devoted to the Singer Sewing Machine. On the opposite side Mr. W. H. Wilson has a tastefully fitted up stall and alongside of him the Patmore Bros. make an elaborate showing of sanitary appliances.

From Wattsburg, from the ranche of Mr. A. E. Watts, there is a fine general display of fruits, vegetables, grains and grasses. This exhibit is not entered for competition, but rather to show the possibilities of the soil in that locality, and a very effective advertisement it is.

Mrs. Dow, of Creston, has a special exhibit of fruits, comprising as fine a collection of apples, pears, peaches, plums, crab apples, etc., as one could wish to see. Mrs. Ryckman, also of Creston, has also a special exhibit of fruits and vegetables, including some very fine specimens. From the St. Eugene Indian Industrial school there is also a magnificent exhibit of vegetables, fruit, etc.

A noteworthy feoture of the exhibits is the splendid showing by two local bee keepers, Mr. T. Gill and Mr. Harry Sainsbury.

Upstairs in the main building is a showing that would do any city proud, *including as it does* a remarkably fine collection of ladies work, a public school exhibit, and admirable displays of amateur photography, and art work, all tastefully arranged. The showing of ladies' work is specially varied, tasteful and excellent. There is also a fine display of bread and other examples of the cook's capacities.

Among special exhibits from outside districts calling for special mention are those of Mrs. Dow, of Creston; A. E. Watts, of Wattsburg; Mrs. Burge, of Perry Creek, a nice display of vegetables, bottled wild fruits and jellies and jams made from the same. A showing of hops from the Echo ranche, Perry Creek, made by Messrs. Roy and Arthur Burge, indicate that hops might very well prove to be a profitable staple crop in those parts.

From Wycliffe, the Messrs. Staples have put in a fine display of vegetables, some of their cabbages would be considered phenomenal in any part of the world.

The foregoing is only a very rough and ready review of the principal exhibits in the main building. They must be seen to be properly appreciated.

Out on the grounds the most attractive exhibit is to be found in the poultry department, where there is a really fine collection of birds of every description, a specially fine showing being made by Mr. Beattie, of Waldo, who had the misfortune to lose one of his pheasants.

There is also a very good showing of canines. Doggies of every breed and age are shown in large numbers.

In the live stock divisions the display, whilst not specially numerous, were above the average, the judges of the horses intimating that nowhere else in this province had they had such fine animals to inspect as were brought before them this morning.

The showing of cattle was somewhat limited, but included some excellent milking stock. There is also a pen of goats, a new feature at the *Cranbrook Fall Fair.*

A special exhibit that attracted a great deal of interest was of gold quartz ore from Perry Creek. Gus Theis and G. T. Carr had one large block of ore of this class from their quartz claim, which runs $50 in gold to the ton. Another sample of similar ore was shown by Geo. Scott and H. VanArsdalen, from their Sunnyside claim at Perry Creek. Alongside of Gus Theis' ore exhibit was an exhibit of potdtoes, grown up near the claim at an altitude of 6750 feet.

Unfortunately, owing to neglect on the part of the judges and a lack of adequate clerical assistance, the management of the fair were unable to give the press access to the lists of prize winners. The Herald delayed publication several hours in the hope of being able to give its readers a complete list of prize winners, but for causes stated above that has proved impossible.

The attendance this (Thursday) afternoon was very large and the various exhibits were crowded with greatly pleased visitors. The ladies work on the second floor of the *exhibition building, probably came in* for the greatest attention, as it was tastefully arranged and visitors could see at a glance just what was being exhibited.

The race course attractions proved quite satisfactory, several events taking place before a large number of spectators. Results in these events will be published with the prize list next week.

As an exhibition of the products, farm, garden, live stock, etc., of this district the present fair eclipses all previous efforts. The management on the whole are to be congratulated upon the splendid displays. However, they still have much to learn in the matter of organization, and considering the fine exhibits it will amply repay those in charge to study out some of the details of successful display in preparation for the next fair, and particularly to provide adequate clerical assistance so that the efforts of the press to give due and full publicity to the exhibits may not be wasted.

THE BABY SHOW.

Tomorrow (Friday) afternoon one of the big events of the fair takes place. There will be a baby show in a large tent specially provided for the occasion, and fitted up with all necessaries for baby's comfort by the C.C.S.

Upwards of seventy youngsters will compete for the several handsome special pgizes specially set apart for this important event. To Mesdames P. Lund, of Wardner, and Chas. Rogers, of Creston, has been awarded the onerous task ol judging the merits of the respective competitors.

This show will undoubtedly prove one of the biggest attractions of the fair and there will be a big crush in the tent at 2 p.m., the time set for the judges to commence their work.

LACROSSE.

CRANBROOK DEFEATS NELSON IN CLOSE GAME—5 TO 4.

The lacrosse match on Thursday morning at the fair grounds, unfortunately only attracted a small attendance. The game was a good one throughout. In the first quarter Cranbrook scored two goals, the first by Matthews, the second by Garrett. In the second quarter Nelson and Cranbrook each scored a goal, Matthews scoring for Cranbrook. In the third quarter neither side scored. In the fourth Nelson scored once and Cranbrook twice, the final goal giving Cranbrook victory being scored in the last few seconds of the game, Matthews landing the ball from a pass by Garrett.

It was a good game, but tomorrow (Friday) morning's game will be an even better one and there should be a big turn out of spectators.

BOWSER MACHINE JARRED

Kamloops is gloating over a political incident that has recently been enacted in the Inland Capital. It appears that W. C. Cowell, Dominion land agent, fell under the displeasure of J. P. Shaw, M.L.A., who sought for and obtained his dismissal, says the Saturday Sunset.

During the last election campaign yarns were circulated by government supporters to the effect that certain settlers were not to receive titles nor certificates of entries on lands which they occupied. The stories were fanciful fictions, and Mr. Cowell, as land agent for the government and a faithful servant of his department, found it necessary to give them a denial. The result was a boomerang, for in the district affected Mr. Shaw was voted down *something like twenty-three to one.* He resented what he called Mr. Cowell's interference so deeply that he made a special trip to Ottawa to secure his dismissal. The Conservative executive either as a body or as individual members was not consulted and the result was deep astonishment and indignation when Mr. Cowell unexpectedly found himself dismissed by a telegram. Mr. Cowell had always conducted his office fairly and without favor, and was popular with all the citizens of Kamloops, Conservative as well as Liberal.

The Conservative organization resented Mr. Shaw's high-handed method of going over their heads to secure the dismissal or appointment of any official and that fact was pointed out to him in clear-cut terms.

A movement was immediately started, headed by Conservatives, for Mr. Cowell's support, the result of which was that he was reinstated in office last week. Mr. Shaw is now nursing a badly bumped political head, and a new wound has been inflicted upon the Bowser machine by the Ottawa government.

THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSION

The session here last Friday of the Municipal Commission, consisting of Messrs. W. H. Keary, H. A. McLean and R. Bull, did not elicit much of anything of interest. City Clerk Roberts answered all questions put to him by the commissioners in re civic affairs. Mr. W. F. Gurd appeared on behalf of certain ratepayers and discussed the question of the $2 vote at some length. His attitude was that whilst his clients did not consider that the $2 tax was sufficient *to justify the payee voting in* civic affairs, they had no desire to disfranchise bona fide citizens, and he suggested various ways by which the voters list might be kept clear of undesirables, and at the same time affording ample opportunity for bona fide citizens to exercise their franchise. Rev. Mr. Dunham suggested limiting the vote to those who paid not less than $5 per annum into the city revenue annually.

LOCALS

A man was run down on the track a mile and a half west of Fernie last night. He was picked up and removed to Fernie, where he breathed his last at 7 p.m.

J. D. McNiven, Dominion fair wage officer, passed through town today on his way to Tete Jaune Cache, where he will investigate labor conditions. McNiven is an old typesticker and never fails to pay the Herald a visit on his western tours.

Throughout the Kootenays regret will be experienced at the sudden death of Thomas Madden, a well known hotel keeper of Nelson. Mr. Madden was taken ill suddenly at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in his hotel and by 7 o'clock had passed away. He was well known and universally respected throughout the Kootenays.

A brakeman named Freeman met with a painful accident in the yards yesterday. He was coupling up a car and by some mischance his hand slipped and was crushed. Freeman has been out of luck. He had only just returned that morning to work after a five months lay off, on account of an earlier accident. He had been five years on the road and prior to the accidents mentioned had never sustained a scratch.

CREATING INTEREST IN HIGHWAY CONVENTION

Toronto, Sept. 18.—With Toronto as his temporary headquarters, Mr. W. J. Kerr, of New Westminster, B. C., president of the Canadian Highway association, is spending a few weeks in Ontario with a view to arousing interest in the convention of the association *which is to be held* in Winnipeg, October 9th to 12th.

When seen by a press representative Mr. Kerr said that prospects were bright for a very successful gathering in Winnipeg next month. He found sentiment all over the country keenly aroused over good roads and this, he believed, would ensure a bumper gathering of enthusiasts in the Manitoba capital. Not only were the automobile men keenly interested, but he found the same sentiment prevailing among city residents, men who had but little occasion to use the country roads. Farmers, of course, have all along been in favor of the improved roads and the only reason which can be advanced why they have not taken more aggressive measures to secure this boon is that they lacked concerted action.

"It is this concerted action that we are promoting by means of the Canadian Highway association," remarked Mr. Kerr, "and it is very gratifying to me to be able to say that we have succeeded even beyond our hopes. I have often been told that I am very enthusiastic over good roads, but you will find that every man who has given some *thought and study to the question is* just as enthusiastic as I am. A road of itself is a prosaic subject and one needs imagination to foresee the transformation that will result once the roads of this country have been changed from the quagmires to level streets. Because the subject is so prosaic the people have been apathetic. Only here and there some men stand out as keenly interested in roads improvement, men who are willing to devote time and thought and money to the amelioration of conditions. It is the object of the Canadian Highway association to band these men together and to use this union as a force whereby the will of the people can be guided and directed in the right channel."

"What will be the attendance at your Winnipeg convention," Mr. Kerr was asked.

"It is really too early to make an estimate," was the president's answer. "We expect to have representatives from a large number of boards of trade, chambers of commerce, progress clubs, city councils, automobile clubs and good roads associations. Arrangements have been made for these accredited representatives to be given a voice in all discussions and debates. The meetings will be open to every man interested in good roads, and every facility will be given all attending to take part in the discussions. The fact that we have arranged for a four-day convention is in itself evidence that we expect to transact a large amount *of business. The programme* should be ready for distribution this week and anyone interested can secure a copy by writing to Secretary P. W. Luce, at the association's headquarters, Cunningham Block, New Westminste, B. C."

CAMPERS WILL BE WELCOMED

LETHBRIDGE PREPARING FOR THE SIGHT OF DUNNAGE WAGONS GALORE.

Lethbridge, Sept. 18.—The Board of Control of the International Dry-Farming Congress has arranged for the care and comfort of a large number of farmers from one hundred miles or so distant from the city by setting apart a large tract of land adjacent to the exposition grounds as a tented city. Farmers who can do so are urged to come prepared to stay the entire week and to drive in and camp with the others, making a most congenial party.

The racing stables at the exposition grounds will be set apart for those who drive in or who send in their dunnage wagons, and the horses will have the best of shelter and care. Cook wagons will be welcomed and as the "stickers" usually season wilk be over it is hoped that there will be a fine trail of dunnage wagons, cook and camping outfits across the prairies of Southern Alberta, all making for the great farmers' convention.

The city is arranging for the best sanitary camp ever constructed and there will be plenty of the best water for domestic purposes, good walks and drives, and the tent city will be lighted by electricity and policed most efficiently.

Every farmer who contemplates attending the congress and exposition and bringing his camping outfit will be welcomed and every facility will be placed at his disposal. Tents will be obtainable only in a limited number, probably, but nearly every grain grower is well supplied with tents and threshing outfits. The camp-fire stories of the evenings will be one of the delights of the encampment. Those who intend to take advantage of this offer should communicate with J. W. McNicol, chairman of the exposition committee, relative to the assignment of space and the reservation of stable accommodations.

UP TO THE BOARD OF TRADE

OPPORTUNITY OF SECURING VISIT FROM LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF LETHBRIDGE.

Mr. J. B. Turney, a prominent business man of Lethbridge, and a member of that city's board of trade council, was in town the first of the week. Mr. Turney is no stranger to Cranbrook, but he was greatly impressed with its growth in recent years and was also not a little surprised to note such an extent of arable land available for settlement in the immediate vicinity of the city. He had been under the impression that Cranbrook district did not contain much, if any, really first class farming land. In course of a chat with a Herald representative, Mr. Turney remarked that the impressions he had held of this district, *largely prevailed among the business* men of Lethbridge and suggested that our board of trade should do something to remove false impressions. He pointed out one way, at least, which might be taken advantage of immediately. The board of trade of Lethbridge is arranging for a special trip through the Crows Nest Pass, as far as Fernie, for a date early in October. He saw no reason why his board of trade should not be induced to extend that trip to Cranbrook, and he thought that if our board of trade would interest itself in the matter, such an extension of the trip might easily be arranged. The Herald hastens to place these facts before its readers, and the members of the board of trade in particular. It is extremely important that steps should be taken to bring the Lethbridge business men through to this city and to arrange to show them something of the surrounding district. It will be necessary to take the matter up immediately, in order that the necessary arrangements may be completed, in good time, with the railroad officials and a programme of entertainment arranged, which will afford the visitors the best opportunity of seeing *for themselves* the great possibilities of this district from the agricultural point of view.

REPURCHASE LAND GRANTS

BRITISH COLUMBIA SOUTHERN AND COLUMBIA AND WESTERN LANDS NOW PROPERTY OF PROVINCE.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 17.—A cheque for $1,109,000 was handed by the provincial treasury yesterday to J. S. Dennis, of the Canadian Pacific railway, in payment for land grants made to the British Columbia Southern and Columbia and Western railways, and the lands become once more the property of the province. The lands comprise 2,550,000 acres granted to the British Columbia Southern and 1,225,800 acres to the Cofumbia and Western. The price paid is 45 cents per acre, which would make $1,510,000, but against this the province had a credit of $401,000 paid as interest on lands on the *Shuswap & Okanagan* railway, part of the bargain embodied in the legislation of last session being that the Canadian Pacific railway should refund this amount.

The Columbia and Western lands are resumed subject to F. August Heinze's ownership of an undivided half interest in 580,000 acres. Heinze, during his visit here last week, suggested that the government should buy his half interest from him and the government is supposed to be not altogether unfavorable to the idea, but no price was fixed, in fact the matter did not go beyond the suggestion.

STATISTICS OF THE ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

1830-1910—	
Initiations in subordinate lodges	$ 3,724,135
Members relieved	3,856,431
Widowed families relieved	318,294
Members deceased	383,402
Total relief	136,698,390
Total revenue	275,313,692
CONDITION OF THE ORDER THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.	
Dec. 31, 1910—	
Sovereign grand lodge	1
Quasi independent grand lodges	6
Grand lodges	69
Grand encampments	57
Subordinate lodges	17,729
Subordinate encampments	3,687
Rebekah lodges	9,386
Lodge members	1,583,169
Encampment members	221,497
Rebekah lodge members	666,537
Total number of persons belonging to the order	2,023,731
Total relief paid in 1910	5,711,049
Total receipts of subordinate bodies for 1910	17,804,771
Total expenses of grand and subordinate bodies, 1910	9,046,995
Invested funds of grand and subordinate bodies	57,743,272

GROWTH OF THE WEST

ENORMOUS INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION SHOWN BY LATE CENSUS FIGURES.

Ottawa, Sept. 18.—A tremendous industrial expansion during the past decade in western cities is told by the census figures just compiled showing the growth of manufacturing throughout the west. These figures are supplementary to those recently published and give the growth of seven of the principal cities of the west. Although the figures for the eastern cities are not yet available, no comparison is needed to show that western Canadian cities are fast taking their places among the manufacturing centres of the dominion.

Of the seven cities for which figures are available, namely, Winnipeg, Brandon, Portage la Prairie, Edmonton, Calgary, Victoria, Vancouver, Winnipeg heads the list both in number of establishments and volume of products manufactured, Winnipeg has turned out more than double that of its nearest competitor, Vancouver, and almost five times as much as Calgary, which comes next in the list.

The following are the statistics by cities for the census year 1911:

Winnipeg — Establishments, 177; capital, $26,024,3 0; employees, 11,705; wages, $7,614,636; cost of material, $18,428,726; volume of products, $32,699,359.

Vancouver — Establishments, 130; capital, $22,815,375; employees, 8,966; wages, $4,019,658; cost of material, $7,809,370; volume of products, $15,668,483.

Calgary — Establishments, 46; capital, $13,082,896; employees, 2133; wages $1,569,589; cost of material, $4,680,418; volume of products, $7,751,011.

Victoria — Establishments, 54; capital, $10,246f340; employees, 2,109; wages, $887,864; cost of material, $1,464,583; volume of products, $4,244,034.

Edmonton — Establishments, 40; capital, $3,816,120; employees, 1,560; wages, $1,007,724; cost of material, $2,586,016; volume of products, $4,198,304.

Brandon — Establishments, 29; capital, $3,012,115; employees, 830; wages, $571,970; cost of material, $1,060,046; volume of products, $2,330,430.

Portage la Prairie — Establishments, 18; capital, $2,702,070; employees, 341; wages, $210,229; cost of material, $1,482,037; volume of products, $2,533,684.

OPENING UP AN EMPIRE

Edmonton, Alta., Sept. 18.—When the Canadian Northern Railway company opened its northern branch line between Edmonton and Athabasca, ninety-six miles, a few days ago, there was established the first rail communication with the north country, which is an empire in itself, also connecting with a system of commercial waterways, serving a territory of two thousand miles in length *and five hundred miles in width. The* arrival of the first locomotive with a train of cars at what was formerly known as Athabasca Landing on September 3, marks the close of an era, which began with the trappers and traders in the latter part of the eighteenth century, and in this the old trail, an extension of First avenue, which bisects the business district of Edmonton, played an important part. It is an event of prime importance in the development of the mineral and agricultural resources of a practically virgin district, and it is believed by business men that rapid settlement will follow.

ATHALMER EXHIBITION

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS IN THE WINDERMERE DISTRICT.

(Special to the Herald).

Invermere, B. C., Sept. 11.—The directors of the Windermere District Agricultural association recently held one of their final meetings to see that all the work was completed for the *fair which takes place on* the 20th and 21st of this month. The directors were appointed to their positions on the various committees, the list of donations and special prizes was gone into and all the work of Mr. E. A. Tunnacliffe, the association's secretary, declared to be in first-class order. Mr. James L. McKay very kindly handed over the use of his huge garage at Athalmer, and the yards attached to it as a place in which the exhibition can be held. It had been hoped that the skating and curling rink at Athalmer would have been available for this purpose but an excessive demand for carpenters in the district during the season just closed has made it necessary to delay the completion of this building till later on in the season. The final meeting of the directors will be held next week.

The annual races for the district will be run off on the Columbia Valley Irrigated Fruit Land, Limited's, track, on the 21st of this month. Many of the local horses are preparing to enter and advice has been received of some entries from outside circuits. Two of these latter contestants have just been brought in by boat and will be in training from *now on.*

Mr. C. S. Gilmour, departmental editor of the travel and colonization deuartments of the Field, of London, England; Sir Hildred and Lady Carlisle and their son, Mr. E. H. Carlisle, were all visitors to this district this week on a tour of inspection and examination of the work of colonization and development which is being carried on by the Columbia Valley Irrigated Fruit Land, Limited, on their holdings here. Sir Hildred Carlisle is a member of the imperial house of commons and is a large land holder residing near London.

Miss V. Sydney, of London, England, representing a syndicate interested in lands in that great city, came down by motor car from the C.P.R. main line to study the beauties of the district and its advantages from an agricultural point of view. Mrs. Sprague, of Toronto, also of Golden, who is *keenly interested* in all matters of a public nature connected with this valley, made a tour of inspection this week through view, Mr. Sprague, of Toronto, also trip through the southern portion of this valley in 1886 and from time to time since then has paid this part periodic visits. Miss Spragge accompanied her mother.

Captain Gerald Houlgrape, R. N., who left for England, in July, has returned with his bride and again taken up his residence on his ranch west of Lake Lillian.

BOY SCOUTS.

Cranbrook Boy Scouts turned out in force this afternoon to perform what might be termed police duty at the fair. The youngsters made themselves very useful in watching exhibits and in other ways keeping an eye on things. They will be on duty all night at the fair building, taking turns to stand guard. Rev. W. E. Dunham is in charge ol the boys and will be with them tonight.

BIG LUMBER DEAL

P. LUND SELLS OUT HIS PRAIRIE RETAIL YARDS TO THE FARMERS LUMBER CO.

Lethbridge, Sept. 11.—One of the biggest deals which has been consummated this year, affecting the lumber business in Southern Alberta, was closed this week. Ten yards are affected; those sold are at Grassy Lake, Purple Springs, Winnifred, Whitla, Milk River, New Dayton, Magrath, Diamond City, Taber and Burdett; the Lethbridge yard is retained by the Farmers Lumber Co. No figures as to the amount of money involved in the deal have been made public.

This is the second large deal of this nature during the past twelve months. Last winter Minneapolis parties merged their lumber interests, the Pioneer and Citizens becoming practically one.

Peter Lund, president of the Farmers Lumber company, was in the city a few days ago from Wardner, practically closing the deal on Saturday last. The secretary-treasurer of the company, Harold Darling, was also in the city yesterday, putting the finishing touches on the deal.

The Farmers Lumber company is closely connected with the big lumber interests of Peter Lund in the mountains, and it was because they were engaged in the wholesale business that they disposed of their outside holdings here. They will retain the Lethbridge yard, and will probably make Lethbridge a distributing point for their mountain mills.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSION

Tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, the Municipal Commission, consisting of Messrs. W. H. Keary, H. A. MacLean and A. E. Bull, will hold a session in the city council chamber. Any person having anything to bring before the commission will be given a hearing. It is uncertain just what matters will be brought before this body, although the relations between the city council and the board of school trustees, may be one of them, as also the question of the civic voters' list.

INVERMERE NOTES

Invermere, B. C., Sept. 11.—During the past week the valley was visited in a tour of inspection, per motor car, by Mr. A. St. George Hammersley, R. Eden and Sir Edward Antrobus, all of England. Mr. Hammersley was accompanied by his son. From here the party proceeded south under the direction of Mr. Fenwick, to Wasa, to examine some holdings their held by a company in which some of the members are interested. Mr. A. St. G. Hammersley is a member of the imperial house of commons.

The season for duck and grouse shooting opened on Monday. Many parties were formed and went by launch and canoe to Mud lake, a body of water on the Columbia river, lying between Columbia lake and Lake Windermere. It has many sedgey spots along its shores and is quite a favorite place for feathered fowl.

The stampede at Calgary drew a number of patrons to its doors from this district. Should the event be repeated next year and be up to the anticipated standard a much larger attendance will be there as by that time it is hoped that communication by rail will be an accomplished fact.

Mr. Frederic Niven, of London, England, a magazine writer and journalist, who is accompanied by Mrs. Niven, is staying at Windermere. Mrs. Niven is a writer as well as her talented husband.

CITY COUNCIL

The city council met in regular session on Monday afternoon, those present being Mayor Bowness, Aldermen Clapp, Atchison and Campbell.

A communication from the board of school trustees, was received and filed.

Accounts for the month of August were passed and ordered paid as follows:

Beattie-Murphy Co.	5.45
Baker and Banfield	59.00
Cranbrook Trading Co.	17.00
Cranbrook Drug and Book Co.	1.35
C.P.R., freight	150.00
Cranbrook Electric Light Co.	198.70
Cranbrook Steam Laundry	.80
City Transfer Co.	130.65
Cranbrook Sash and Door Co.	28.86
Cranbrook Cartage Co.	105.15
Dezall, Frank	12.60
Davis Bros. Electric Co., Ltd.	6.48
East Kootenay Mercantile House	36.00
Herald Publishing Co.	37.40
Jolliffe, A.	2.15
McPherson, F. M.	22.00
Municipal Construction Co.	651.46
McBride, J. D.	89.50
Prospector Publishing Co.	21.00
Parks, F. and Co.	6.18
Parrett, T. N.	15.75
Pay roll fire dept.	250.00
Pay roll city officials	340.00
Pay roll police dept.	380.00
Pay roll concrete sidewalk	25.90
Pay roll city engineer	1200.96
School board, G.R. Leask	1600.00
School board, J. J. O'Gara and Co.	150.00
School board orders	2344.08
Ward and Harris	7.95
Wilson, P. E., water right fee	27.80
Sewerage Account	
Cranbrook Cartage and Transfer	61.10
Cranbrook Sash and Door Co.	271.00
City Transfer Co.	132.80
Galt, John and Co.	153.59
King Lumber Mills, Ltd	19.76
Macdonald, J. A.	31.50
McBride, J. D.	38.05
Cranbrook Sash and Door Co.	28.86
Sewerage payroll (new acct)	122.10
Sewerage (J. Galt and Co.)	1318.20
Parrett, T. N.	17.30
Parks, F.	109.93
	$10,199.81

The board of works committee were appointed a special committee to wait upon the C.P.R. in reference to the laying down of a cement crossing across Van Horne avenue.

Messrs. H. E. Stephens, B. Weatherill and A. Mansfield, property owners on part of block 146, facing on Kootenay street, wrote asking that the council put in a water main and lay down a sidewalk.

After discussion it was resolved that the city clerk be instructed to notify the petitioners that there was insufficient money at present to warrant undertaking these works, but that a special effort would be made to give them a sidewalk this year. The petitioners will be advised to bring this matter before the council of 1913 early in the year, before the new estimates are prepared.

A request from the board of trade for assistance in the cost of erecting an exhibition building at the Dry Farming Congress in Lethbridge, was read and discussed, but no definite action taken.

No Other Hosiery Offers This—

Foot-clothing that fits with absolute perfection, for reasons you will readily see if you'll glance at the picture here . . . the only hose made that is permanently shaped to the foot and leg, and that is both

Seamless and Snug-Fitting

You would not think of buying hose with a seam up the front of the leg . . . . wouldn't that be ugly and uncomfortable? Probably you buy the kind with a seam up the back only because you didn't know there was a kind free from that discomfort and unsightliness. There is, however. You can get the *better* kind in any weight or color if you buy hosiery made by

Penmans Limited
Paris - Canada
Underwear, Sweaters, Hosiery

76

Pen-Angle Hosiery
Full-Fashioned Seamless

WARRANTED HIGH GRADE PENMAN'S HOSIERY

IN LODGE CIRCLES

On Monday evening of this week, Court Wild Horse, No. 266, I.O.F., had the pleasure of entertaining R. Bindon, of Vancouver, High Chief Ranger for British Columbia. There was a large attendance, upwards of seventy, in honor of the visitor and a very enjoyable evening was passed. The visiting High Chief Ranger delivered a very able and eloquent address upon the work of the order, which was followed by an interesting discussion and an impromptu programme. The ladies served refreshments, which were greatly appreciated.

ORANGE ORDER.

The grand organizer for B. C., Mr. J. Whiteley, was in the city this week.

On Tuesday night, in the Orange hall, where a good attendance was present, Mr. Whiteley spoke of the order and rapid progress of its work in this province.

At this meeting quite a lot of business was transacted, after which refreshments were served. The grand organizer left on Wednesday for Creston, where he will address a large public gathering.

CLASSIFIED LOCALS

TO RENT CHEAP

Large Warehouse.—Apply F. J. Deane, Herald Office. *tf

DANCING, DEPORTMENT AND CALISTHENICS. — Miss Marion Rumsey will resume her classes and private lessons at the Masonic Hall on Monday, September 9th. Juvenile class, Saturday October 5th, 3 p.m. Further particulars address Box 196, 'phone 357. 36-1t

FOR SALE.—One team heavy draught horses. Apply D. Finlayson, Mr. Robinson's saw mill, Cranbrook. 33-4t*

FOR SALE.—Circular sawmill machinery, complete with edger, trimmer and sorting rig, in first-class running order; also all appurtenances thereto. Capacity 70,000 ft. B. M. per 10 hours. Several logging trucks and sleighs and general loggers' outfit. Also two lots and office building, corner Baker St. and Fenwick Ave. For further particulars apply to The Lund Land and Development Co., Ltd. 33-tf

AGENTS WANTED. — If you can hustle apply in writing to Sales Agency and Adjustment Co., Box 316, Cranbrook. 21-tf

Collections.—Let us collect your old accounts. No charge if we don't collect.—Sales Agency and Adjustment Co., Box 316, Cranbrook B.C. 21-tf

WANTED.—Girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. G. W. Patmore, city. 31-tf

FURNITURE

We never were so busy as at the present time.

This indicates that our prices and goods are right and as represented.

We have come in contact with Calgary prices several times and in each case ours are lower.

We are not afraid to compete with any outside or local house.

We practise what we preach, "honesty and square dealing."

Quality always our first thought — THE FINK MERCANTILE CO. LTD. — Civility and square dealing our law

Several miles of telephone wire, in 150 feet lengths, suitable for fencing, can be purchased at bargain price from the Kootenay Telephone Lines Ltd. Apply to J. R. McNabb, manager. 30-tf

TO RENT.—Warehouse or storeroom space at reasonable rates. Furniture, pianos, trunks, buggies, sleighs, etc., stored in good dry warehouse. Apply at Herald office. Phone 18. 27-tf

THE KOOTENAYS' LEADING TAXIDERMIST

ANIMALS — BIRDS

MOUNTED

GAME HEADS

A SPECIALTY

John G. Mitchell, Prop.

P.O. Box 296 CRANBROOK, B. C.

For Sale

One Matheson Locomotive Firebox Boiler, mounted on wheels; 40 inches diameter by 15 ft. long; pressure, B. C. inspection, 100 lbs.

Also one Oxford Engine, 11 x 11.

May be seen at Benedict Siding, one mile east of Mayook, B. C.

For further particulars apply to Leask & Johnson, Elko, B. C.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN

should keep himself informed every week concerning the financial, industrial and commercial development of Canada by reading

"THE FINANCIAL POST OF CANADA"

The "Financial Post" is quoted as an authority on Canadian affairs by British, American and Canadian publications.

For full information concerning the Investors' Information Bureau and for sample copy write **THE FINANCIAL POST OF CANADA,** "The Canadian Newspaper for Investors," F. G. Hassard, Western Manager, 301 Dominion Trust Building, REGINA, Saskatchewan.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claim against the estate of the late Otis Staples, of Wycliffe, B. C., who died on or about the 9th day of August, 1912, at the City of Spokane, Washington, are required on or before the 3rd day of December, 1912, to send by post prepaid to the undersigned, solicitors for C. Bayard Staples, Elmer Lowell Staples, Charles Otis Staples and F. William Green, the executors of the said estate, their names and addresses and full particulars of their claim in writing and a statement of the accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them, and such statement shall be verified by statutory declaration.

AND TAKE NOTICE that after the 3rd day of December, 1912, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and will not be liable to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.

Harvey, McCarter, Macdonald and Nisbet.
Solicitors for the said Executors.
36-5t

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

"Re east half of lot 13 in block 8, ubdivision of District Lot 200a, Group 1, Vancouver district. Whereas proof of loss of Certificate of Title No. 7258e, to the above named property issued in the name of George Mead has been filed in this office, notice is hereby given that I shall at the expiration of one month from date of the first publication hereof issue a duplicate of said Certificate of Title unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me in writing."

Dated at Land Registry Office this 9th day of August.

A. G. Smith,
District Registrar.
34-4t

TRANSFER OF LIQUOR LICENSE

TAKE NOTICE that it is my intention within thirty days from the date hereof to apply to the Mayor and Licensing Commissioners of the City of Cranbrook for their permission to transfer the Liquor License in my name and attaching to the Manitoba Hotel, Baker Street, Cranbrook, to James Buchanan, Cranbrook.

Dated at the City of Cranbrook this 16th day of August, 1912.

James Brown, Applicant.
Witness: Joseph Ryan, Cranbrook, B.C. 34-4t

Exhibitors' Notice

For the convenience of exhibitors, the Main Building will be open and ready for exhibits on the 18th.

All Exhibits must be in place by 10 a.m. on the 19th. Doors will be locked from 10 a.m. to 12 noon on the 18th, in order to allow judges time to award prizes.

Owing to the dissatisfaction in former years, by having local people act as judges, the Directors have engaged competent un-interested parties from outside towns to act as judges in the various classes.

By order of the Board of Directors, the above rule regarding exhibits, will be strictly inforced. 34-tf

CRANBROOK KINDERGARTEN

Held in Carmen's Hall

Conducted by MRS. R. A. RACKLYEFT
Certificated Teacher from London School Board

Hours: 10 to 12 a.m.; 2 to 4 p.m.

PHONE 220 P. O. BOX 238

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Spokane, Wash.

A NEW AND MODERN HOTEL

(EUROPEAN)

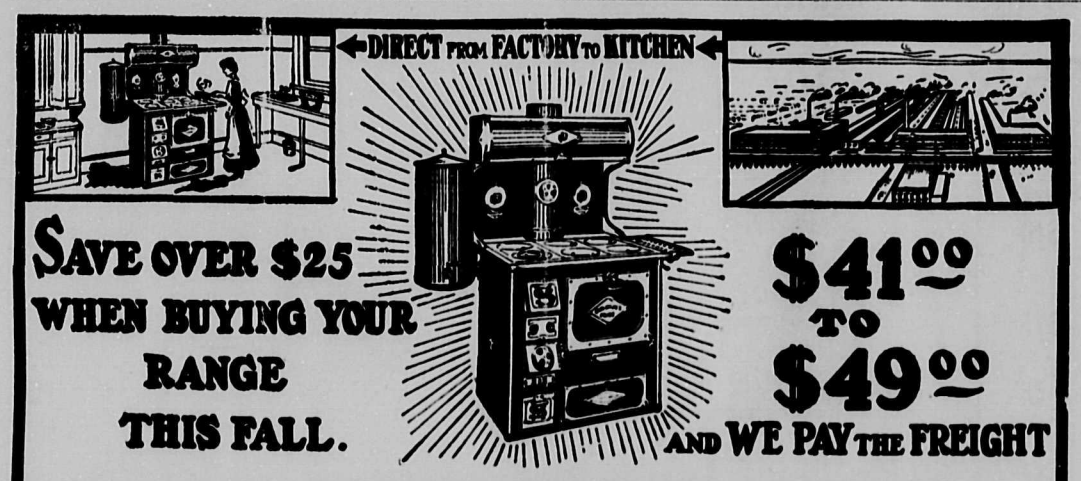
A modern equipped Cafe at moderate prices

Rates $1.00 and up per day

Corner of Howard St. and Front Ave.

Our bus meets all trains

The Coeur D'Alene Company
PROPRIETORS
JABOB GOETZ, President
HARRY F. BAER, Secretary



You can buy DOMINION PRIDE RANGE at Factory Price

Direct from the Largest Malleable Range Works in Canada

THE price which the Dealer quotes you on a Range is made up like this — Manufacturing Cost + Manufacturer's Profit + Jobber's Expense of Handling and Selling + Jobber's Profit + Retailer's Expense of Handling and Selling + Retailer's Profit + Freight.

By our direct "Factory to Kitchen" selling plan all these charges are cut out except the actual manufacturing cost, a small profit, and freight. The difference to you is the difference between the $41 to $49 which you pay for a "DOMINION PRIDE" Range and the $69 to $78 which you would have to pay the Dealer for a Range which cost as much to make.

Are you anxious to contribute $25 or $30 to the middlemen?

In the—

"DOMINION PRIDE RANGE"

you get a full dollar's worth of actual stove value for every dollar you pay.

The "DOMINION PRIDE" is made of tough, strong malleable iron and the best blue polished steel—materials that will neither warp, crack nor break, so that it will last a lifetime. It is made in the largest Malleable Iron Range Works in Canada, and each range is backed by our unconditional guarantee.

The "DOMINION PRIDE" looks well, cooks well, saves fuel and is easily cleaned. You'll be proud of its neat, handsome appearance in your kitchen, and of the appetizing food it will cook to perfection for you. You'll appreciate the ease of keeping its blue polished steel surface and the bright polished top spick and span with a few rubs of a cloth. Your husband will be more than pleased with the reduction in the coal or wood bill—for the "DOMINION PRIDE" saves, by actual tests, 30% of the fuel.

A "DOMINION PRIDE" Range, with High Closet Shelf and Elevated Tank or Flush Reservoir, with Zinc Sheet to go under range, 8 sections Blue Polished Steel Pipe and 2 Elbows, will be delivered to any Station in Ontario, Quebec or the Maritime Provinces for $41, or to any Station in the Four Western Provinces for $49—$5 to be sent with order and balance to be paid when Range is delivered at your Station. If not convenient to pay cash we will arrange to accept your note.

Here is a Book Worth Having

IT tells about cooking from the time the Cave Dwellers used to put hot stones in the pot to boil it. The Book contains interesting information gathered from many sources and is illustrated profusely.

The "Evolution of the Cook Stove"

also tells all about the "Dominion Pride" Ranges. Whether you need a Range just now or not you will enjoy this book.

Write for free copy.

Canada Malleable & Steel Range Mfg. Co. Limited, Oshawa, Ontario.

When writing it will be a distinct favor to us if you will mention this paper. 6

Legislative Assembly
April 24-11

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SEP 23 1912
VICTORIA, B. C.

IF YOU WANT CRANBROOK TO GROW, PATRONIZE HOME ENTERPRISE

VOLUME 14 — CRANBROOK, BRITISH COLUMBIA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1912 — NO. 38

CRANBROOK'S FAIR EXCELS ALL PREVIOUS EFFORTS

The Showing Made in Fruits, Vegetables, Grains, Poultry, Etc., Etc., and Particularly in Ladies' Work, Very Choice and Varied

Cranbrook's big annual Fall Fair was informally opened this morning, the official opening ceremony taking place at 2 o'clock this afternoon, when Mayor Bowness in a few felicitious words declared the fair open to the public.

The fair grounds have been put in very good shape and presented quite a lively appearance. Upon entering the grounds the first exhibit to attract attention is that of the East Kootenay Mercantile company, a fine display of rigs, agricultural implements, harness, etc. Adjoining this exhibit is the large refreshment booth conducted by the ladies of Christ church. To the left are a collection of booths, devoted to games, photo and phrenologist stalls, etc.

On entering the exhibition building one first encounters the display of fruit and preserves. The showing of fruits is not as large as one would have liked to have seen, but the quality is about all that could be desired.

On the other side of the aisle, are splendid exhibits of grains and grasses.

The right side of the main hall is devoted to flowers and vegetables, and in this latter the showing is really remarkable. A finer collection of vegetables it would be hard to get together anywhere else on the American continent, and proves conclusively that for market gardening this section of the province cannot be excelled.

Proceeding further into the building one encounters the exhibits of local merchants and others. Among these are fine displays by the Campbell and Manning company, mainly of Health Pure Foods, immediately opposite this display is that of the Fink Mercantile company, where may be seen a great collection of Purity flour. P. Burns' & Co. have an adjoining stall, devoted to the display of animal fertilizers. Then comes a stall conducted by the Women's Institute and next to this is a stall devoted to the Singer Sewing Machine. On the opposite side Mr. W. H. Wilson has a tastefully fitted up stall and alongside of him the Patmore Bros. make an elaborate showing of sanitary appliances.

From Wattsburg, from the ranche of Mr. A. E. Watts, there is a fine general display of fruits, vegetables, grains and grasses. This exhibit is not entered for competition, but rather to show the possibilities of the soil in that locality, and a very effective advertisement it is.

Mrs. Dow, of Creston, has a special exhibit of fruits, comprising as fine a collection of apples, pears, peaches, plums, crab apples, etc., as one could wish to see. Mrs. Ryckman, also of Creston, has also a special exhibit of fruits and vegetables, including some very fine specimens. From the St. Eugene Indian Industrial school there is also a magnificent exhibit of vegetables, fruit, etc.

A noteworthy feoture of the exhibits is the splendid showing by two local bee keepers, Mr. T. Gill and Mr. Harry Sainsbury.

Upstairs in the main building is a showing that would do any city proud, including as it does a remarkably fine collection of ladies work, a public school exhibit, and admirable displays of amateur photography, and art work, all tastefully arranged. The showing of ladies' work is specially varied, tasteful and excellent. There is also a fine display of bread and other examples of the cook's capacities.

Among special exhibits from outside districts calling for special mention are those of Mrs. Dow, of Creston; A. E. Watts, of Wattsburg; Mrs. Burge, of Perry Creek, a nice display of vegetables, bottled wild fruits and jellies and jams made from the same. A showing of hops from the Echo ranche, Perry Creek, made by Messrs. Roy and Arthur Burge, indicate that hops might very well prove to be a profitable staple crop in those parts.

From Wycliffe, the Messrs. Staples have put in a fine display of vegetables, some of their cabbages would be considered phenomenal in any part of the world.

The foregoing is only a very rough and ready review of the principal exhibits in the main building. They must be seen to be properly appreciated.

Out on the grounds the most attractive exhibit is to be found in the poultry department, where there is a really fine collection of birds of every description, a specially fine showing being made by Mr. Beattie, of Waldo, who had the misfortune to lose one of his pheasants.

There is also a very good showing of canines. Doggies of every breed and age are shown in large numbers.

In the live stock divisions the display, whilst not specially numerous, were above the average, the judges of the horses intimating that nowhere else in this province had they had such fine animals to inspect as were brought before them this morning.

The showing of cattle was somewhat limited, but included some excellent milking stock. There is also a pen of goats, a new feature at the Cranbrook Fall Fair.

A special exhibit that attracted a great deal of interest was of gold quartz ore from Perry Creek. Gus Theis and G. T. Carr had one large block of ore of this class from their quartz claim, which runs $50 in gold to the ton. Another sample of similar ore was shown by Geo. Scott and H. VanArsdalen, from their Sunnyside claim at Perry Creek. Alongside of Gus Theis' ore exhibit was an exhibit of potdtoes, grown up near the claim at an altitude of 6750 feet.

Unfortunately, owing to neglect on the part of the judges and a lack of adequate clerical assistance, the management of the fair were unable to give the press access to the lists of prize winners. The Herald delayed publication several hours in the hope of being able to give its readers a complete list of prize winners, but for causes stated above that has proved impossible.

The attendance this (Thursday) afternoon was very large and the various exhibits were crowded with greatly pleased visitors. The ladies work on the second floor of the exhibition building, probably came in for the greatest attention, as it was tastefully arranged and visitors could see at a glance just what was being exhibited.

The race course attractions proved quite satisfactory, several events taking place before a large number of spectators. Results in these events will be published with the prize list next week.

As an exhibition of the products, farm, garden, live stock, etc., of this district the present fair eclipses all previous efforts. The management on the whole are to be congratulated upon the splendid displays. However, they still have much to learn in the matter of organization, and considering the fine exhibits it will amply repay those in charge to study out some of the details of successful display in preparation for the next fair, and particularly to provide adequate clerical assistance so that the efforts of the press to give due and full publicity to the exhibits may not be wasted.

THE BABY SHOW.

Tomorrow (Friday) afternoon one of the big events of the fair takes place. There will be a baby show in a large tent specially provided for the occasion, and fitted up with all necessaries for baby's comfort by the C.C.S.

Upwards of seventy youngsters will compete for the several handsome special pzizes specially set apart for this important event. To Mesdames P. Lund, of Wardner, and Chas. Rogers, of Creston, has been awarded the onerous task ol judging the merits of the respective competitors.

This show will undoubtedly prove one of the biggest attractions of the fair and there will be a big crush in the tent at 2 p.m., the time set for the judges to commence their work.

LACROSSE.

CRANBROOK DEFEATS NELSON IN CLOSE GAME—5 TO 4.

The lacrosse match on Thursday morning at the fair grounds, unfortunately only attracted a small attendance. The game was a good one throughout. In the first quarter Cranbrook scored two goals, the first by Matthews, the second by Garrett. In the second quarter Nelson and Cranbrook each scored a goal, Matthews scoring for Cranbrook. In the third quarter neither side scored. In the fourth Nelson scored once and Cranbrook twice, the final goal giving Cranbrook victory being scored in the last few seconds of the game, Matthews landing the ball from a pass by Garrett.

It was a good game, but tomorrow (Friday) morning's game will be an even better one and there should be a big turn out of spectators.

BOWSER MACHINE JARRED

Kamloops is gloating over a political incident that has recently been enacted in the Inland Capital. It appears that W. C. Cowell, Dominion land agent, fell under the displeasure of J. P. Shaw, M.L.A., who sought for and obtained his dismissal, says the Saturday Sunset.

During the last election campaign yarns were circulated by government supporters to the effect that certain settlers were not to receive titles nor certificates of entries on lands which they occupied. The stories were fanciful fictions, and Mr. Cowell, as land agent for the government and a faithful servant of his department, found it necessary to give them a denial. The result was a boomerang, for in the district affected Mr. Shaw was voted down something like twenty-three to one. He resented what he called Mr. Cowell's interference so deeply that he made a special trip to Ottawa to secure his dismissal. The Conservative executive either as a body or as individual members was not consulted and the result was deep astonishment and indignation when Mr. Cowell unexpectedly found himself dismissed by a telegram. Mr. Cowell had always conducted his office fairly and without favor, and was popular with all the citizens of Kamloops, Conservative as well as Liberal.

The Conservative organization resented Mr. Shaw's high-handed method of going over their heads to secure the dismissal or appointment of any official and that fact was pointed out to him in clear-cut terms.

A movement was immediately started, headed by Conservatives, for Mr. Cowell's support, the result of which was that he was reinstated in office last week. Mr. Shaw is now nursing a badly bumped political head, and a new wound has been inflicted upon the Bowser machine by the Ottawa government.

THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSION

The session here last Friday of the Municipal Commission, consisting of Messrs. W. H. Keary, H. A. McLean and R. Bull, did not elicit much of anything of interest. City Clerk Roberts answered all questions put to him by the commissioners in re civic affairs. Mr. W. F. Gurd appeared on behalf of certain ratepayers and discussed the question of the $2 vote at some length. His attitude was that whilst his clients did not consider that the $2 tax was sufficient to justify the payee voting in civic affairs, they had no desire to disfranchise bona fide citizens, and he suggested various ways by which the voters list might be kept clear of undesirables, and at the same time affording ample opportunity for bona fide citizens to exercise their franchise. Rev. Mr. Dunham suggested limiting the vote to those who paid not less than $5 per annum into the city revenue annually.

LOCALS

A man was run down on the track a mile and a half west of Fernie last night. He was picked up and removed to Fernie, where he breathed his last at 7 p.m.

J. D. McNiven, Dominion fair wage officer, passed through town today on his way to Tete Jaune Cache, where he will investigate labor conditions. McNiven is an old typesticker and never fails to pay the Herald a visit on his western tours.

Throughout the Kootenays regret will be experienced at the sudden death of Thomas Madden, a well known hotel keeper of Nelson. Mr. Madden was taken ill suddenly at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in his hotel and by 7 o'clock had passed away. He was well known and universally respected throughout the Kootenays.

A brakeman named Freeman met with a painful accident in the yards yesterday. He was coupling up a car and by some mischance his hand slipped and was crushed. Freeman has been out of luck. He had only just returned that morning to work after a five months lay off, on account of an earlier accident. He had been five years on the road and prior to the accidents mentioned had never sustained a scratch.

CREATING INTEREST IN HIGHWAY CONVENTION

Toronto, Sept. 18.—With Toronto as his temporary headquarters, Mr. W. J. Kerr, of New Westminster, B. C., president of the Canadian Highway association, is spending a few weeks in Ontario with a view to arousing interest in the convention of the association which is to be held in Winnipeg, October 9th to 12th.

When seen by a press representative Mr. Kerr said that prospects were bright for a very successful gathering in Winnipeg next month. He found sentiment all over the country keenly aroused over good roads and this, he believed, would ensure a bumper gathering of enthusiasts in the Manitoba capital. Not only were the automobile men keenly interested, but he found the same sentiment prevailing among city residents, men who had but little occasion to use the country roads. Farmers, of course, have all along been in favor of the improved roads and the only reason which can be advanced why they have not taken more aggressive measures to secure this boon is that they lacked concerted action.

"It is this concerted action that we are promoting by means of the Canadian Highway association," remarked Mr. Kerr, "and it is very gratifying to me to be able to say that we have succeeded even beyond our hopes. I have often been told that I am very enthusiastic over good roads, but you will find that every man who has given some thought and study to the question is just as enthusiastic as I am. A road of itself is a prosaic subject and one needs imagination to foresee the transformation that will result once the roads of this country have been changed from the quagmires to level streets. Because the subject is so prosaic the people have been apathetic. Only here and there some men stand out as keenly interested in roads improvement, men who are willing to devote time and thought and money to the amelioration of conditions. It is the object of the Canadian Highway association to band these men together and to use this union as a force whereby the will of the people can be guided and directed in the right channel."

"What will be the attendance at your Winnipeg convention," Mr. Kerr was asked.

"It is really too early to make an estimate," was the president's answer. "We expect to have representatives from a large number of boards of trade, chambers of commerce, progress clubs, city councils, automobile clubs and good roads associations. Arrangements have been made for these accredited representatives to be given a voice in all discussions and debates. The meetings will be open to every man interested in good roads, and every facility will be given all attending to take part in the discussions. The fact that we have arranged for a four-day convention is in itself evidence that we expect to transact a large amount of business. The programme should be ready for distribution this week and anyone interested can secure a copy by writing to Secretary P. W. Luce, at the association's headquarters, Cunningham Block, New Westminste, B. C."

CAMPERS WILL BE WELCOMED

LETHBRIDGE PREPARING FOR THE SIGHT OF DUNNAGE WAGONS GALORE.

Lethbridge, Sept. 18—The Board of Control of the International Dry-Farming Congress has arranged for the care and comfort of a large number of farmers from one hundred miles or so distant from the city by setting apart a large tract of land adjacent to the exposition grounds as a tented city. Farmers who can do so are urged to come prepared to stay the entire week and to drive in and camp with the others, making a most congenial party.

The racing stables at the exposition grounds will be set apart for those who drive in or who send in their dunnage wagons, and the horses will have the best of shelter and care. Cook wagons will be welcomed and as the farming season will be over it is anticipated that there will be a veritable trail of dunnage wagons, cook and camping outfits across the prairies of Southern Alberta, all making for the great farmers' convention.

The city is arranging for the best sanitary camp ever constructed and there will be plenty of the best water for domestic purposes, good walks and drives, and the tent city will be lighted by electricity and policed most efficiently.

Every farmer who contemplates attending the congress and exposition and bringing his camping outfit will be welcomed and every facility will be placed at his disposal. Tents will be obtainable only in a limited number, probably, but nearly every grain grower is well supplied with tents and threshing outfits. The camp-fire stories of the evenings will be one of the delights of the encampment. Those who intend to take advantage of this offer should communicate with J. W. McNicol, chairman of the exposition committee, relative to the assignment of space and the reservation of stable accommodations.

UP TO THE BOARD OF TRADE

OPPORTUNITY OF SECURING VISIT FROM LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF LETHBRIDGE.

Mr. J. B. Turney, a prominent business man of Lethbridge, and a member of that city's board of trade council, was in town the first of the week. Mr. Turney is no stranger to Cranbrook, but he was greatly impressed with its growth in recent years and was also not a little surprised to note such an extent of arable land available for settlement in the immediate vicinity of the city. He had been under the impression that Cranbrook district did not contain much, if any, really first class farming land. In course of a chat with a Herald representative, Mr. Turney remarked that the impressions he had held of this district, largely prevailed among the business men of Lethbridge and suggested that our board of trade should do something to remove false impressions. He pointed out one way, at least, which might be taken advantage of immediately. The board of trade of Lethbridge is arranging for a special trip through the Crows Nest Pass, as far as Fernie, for a date early in October. He saw no reason why his board of trade should not be induced to extend that trip to Cranbrook, and he thought that if our board of trade would interest itself in the matter, such an extension of the trip might easily be arranged. The Herald hastens to place these facts before its readers, and the members of the board of trade in particular. It is extremely important that steps should be taken to bring the Lethbridge business men through to this city and to arrange to show them something of the surrounding district. It will be necessary to take the matter up immediately, in order that the necessary arrangements may be completed, in good time, with the railroad officials and a programme of entertainment arranged, which will afford the visitors the best opportunity of seeing for themselves the great possibilities of this district from the agricultural point of view.

REPURCHASE LAND GRANTS

BRITISH COLUMBIA SOUTHERN AND COLUMBIA AND WESTERN LANDS NOW PROPERTY OF PROVINCE.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 17.—A cheque for $1,109,000 was handed by the provincial treasury yesterday to J. S. Dennis, of the Canadian Pacific railway, in payment for land grants made to the British Columbia Southern and Columbia and Western railways, and the lands become once more the property of the province. The lands comprise 2,550,000 acres granted to the British Columbia Southern and 1,225,800 acres to the Cofumbia and Western. The price paid is 45 cents per acre, which would make $1,510,000, but against this the province had a credit of $401,000 paid as interest on lands on the Shuswap & Okanagan railway, part of the bargain embodied in the legislation of last session being that the Canadian Pacific railway should refund this amount.

The Columbia and Western lands are resumed subject to F. August Heinze's ownership of an undivided half interest in 580,000 acres. Heinze, during his visit here last week, suggested that the government should buy his half interest from him and the government is supposed to be not altogether unfavorable to the idea, but no price was fixed, in fact the matter did not go beyond the suggestion.

STATISTICS OF THE ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

1830-1910—	
Initiations in subordinate lodges	$ 3,724,135
Members relieved	3,856,131
Widowed families relieved	318,294
Members deceased	383,402
Total relief	136,698,390
Total revenue	275,313,692
CONDITION OF THE ORDER THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.	
Dec. 31, 1910—	
Sovereign grand lodge	1
Quasi independent grand lodges	6
Grand lodges	69
Grand encampments	57
Subordinate lodges	17,729
Subordinate encampments	3,687
Rebekah lodges	9,386
Lodge members	1,583,169
Encampment members	221,497
Rebekah lodge members	666,537
Total number of persons belonging to the order	2,023,731
Total relief paid in 1910	5,711,049
Total receipts of subordinate bodies for 1910	17,804,771
Total expenses of grand and subordinate bodies, 1910	9,016,995
Invested funds of grand and subordinate bodies	57,743,272

GROWTH OF THE WEST

ENORMOUS INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION SHOWN BY LATE CENSUS FIGURES.

Ottawa, Sept. 18.—A tremendous industrial expansion during the past decade in western cities is told by the census figures just compiled showing the growth of manufacturing throughout the west. These figures are supplementary to those recently published and give the growth of seven of the principal cities of the west. Although the figures for the eastern cities are not yet available, no comparison is needed to show that western Canadian cities are fast taking their places among the manufacturing centres of the dominion.

Of the seven cities for which figures are available, namely, Winnipeg, Brandon, Portage la Prairie, Edmonton, Calgary, Victoria, Vancouver, Winnipeg heads the list both in number of establishments and volume of products manufactured, Winnipeg has turned out more than double that of its nearest competitor, Vancouver, and almost five times as much as Calgary, which comes next in the list.

The following are the statistics by cities for the census year 1911:

Winnipeg — Establishments, 177; capital, $26,024,3 0; employees, 11,705; wages, $7,614,636; cost of material, $18,428,726; volume of products, $32,699,359.

Vancouver — Establishments, 130; capital, $22,815,375; employees, 8,966; wages, $4,019,658; cost of material, $7,809,370; volume of products, $15,668,483.

Calgary — Establishments, 46; capital, $13,082,896; employees, 2133; wages $1,569,589; cost of material, $4,680,418; volume of products, $7,751,011.

Victoria — Establishments, 54; capital, $10,246f340; employees, 2,109; wages, $887,864; cost of material, $1,464,583; volume of products, $4,214,034.

Edmonton — Establishments, 40; capital, $3,816,120; employees, 1,560; wages, $1,007,724; cost of material, $2,586,046; volume of products, $4,498,304.

Brandon — Establishments, 29; capital, $3,012,115; employees, 830; wages, $571,970; cost of material, $1,060,046; volume of products, $2,330,430.

Portage la Prairie — Establishments, 18; capital, $2,702,070; employees, 341; wages, $210,229; cost of material, $1,482,037; volume of products, $2,533,684.

OPENING UP AN EMPIRE

Edmonton, Alta., Sept. 18.—When the Canadian Northern Railway company opened its northern branch line between Edmonton and Athabasca, ninety-six miles, a few days ago, there was established the first rail communication with the north country, which is an empire in itself, also connecting with a system of commercial waterways, serving a territory of two thousand miles in length and five hundred miles in width. The arrival of the first locomotive with a train of cars at what was formerly known as Athabasca Landing on September 3, marks the close of an era, which began with the trappers and traders in the latter part of the eighteenth century, and in this the old trail, an extension of First avenue, which bisects the business district of Edmonton, played an important part. It is an event of prime importance in the development of the mineral and agricultural resources of a practically virgin district, and it is believed by business men that rapid settlement will follow.

ATHALMER EXHIBITION

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS IN THE WINDERMERE DISTRICT.

(Special to the Herald).

Invermere, B. C., Sept. 11.—The directors of the Windermere District Agricultural association recently held one of their final meetings to see that all the work was completed for the fair which takes place on the 20th and 21st of this month. The directors were appointed to their positions on the various committees, the list of donations and special prizes was gone into and all the work of Mr. E. A. Tunnacliffe, the association's secretary, declared to be in first-class order. Mr. James L. McKay very kindly handed over the use of his huge garage at Athalmer, and the yards attached to it as a place in which the exhibition can be held. It had been hoped that the skating and curling rink at Athalmer would have been available for this purpose but an excessive demand for carpenters in the district during the season just closed has made it necessary to delay the completion of this building till later on in the season. The final meeting of the directors will be held next week.

The annual races for the district will be run off on the Columbia Valley Irrigated Fruit Land, Limited's, track, on the 21st of this month. Many of the local horses are preparing to enter and advice has been received of some entries from outside circuits. Two of these latter contestants have just been brought in by boat and will be in training from now on.

Mr. C. S. Gilmour, departmental editor of the travel and colonization deuartments of the Field, of London, England; Sir Hildred and Lady Carlisle and their son, Mr. E. H. Carlisle, were all visitors to this district this week on a tour of inspection and examination of the work of colonization and development which is being carried on by the Columbia Valley Irrigated Fruit Land, Limited, on their holdings here. Sir Hildred Carlisle is a member of the imperial house of commons and is a large land holder residing near London.

Miss V. Sydney, of London, England, representing a syndicate interested in lands in that great city, came down by motor car from the C.P.R. main line to study the beauties of the district and its advantages from an agricultural point of view. Mrs. Sprague, of Toronto, also of Golden, who is keenly interested in all matters of a public nature connected with this valley, made a tour of inspection this week through view, Mr. Spragge, of Toronto, also trip through the southern portion of this valley in 1886 and from time to time since then has paid this part periodic visits. Miss Spragge accompanied her mother.

Captain Gerald Houlgrape, R. N., who left for England, in July, has returned with his bride and again taken up his residence on his ranch west of Lake Lillian.

BOY SCOUTS.

Cranbrook Boy Scouts turned out in force this afternoon to perform what might be termed police duty at the fair. The youngsters made themselves very useful in watching exhibits and in other ways keeping an eye on things. They will be on duty all night at the fair building, taking turns to stand guard. Rev. W. E. Dunham is in charge ol the boys and will be with them tonight.

News of the District

WARDNER

(Special correspondence).

Mrs. Manning, of Bull River, is visiting for a time with relatives and friends in Vancouver.

Mrs. Len Renwick, of Galloway, and Miss Josie Havill, of Cranbrook, were visiting here with their mother, Mrs. Otto Wisner, this week.

Mr. Scarborough spent Sunday with his wife and family in town.

Mr. Norman Moore left on Tuesday for his home near Calgary after spending a few days with friends in town.

Mr. DeVere Hunt passed through town this week on his way to the Cranbrook fair.

Mr. Eggleshaw was in Cranbrook this week on business.

Mr. Otto Wisner left a few days ago for a month's visit with his sister, at Thomuson Falls, Mont.

Mr. Clarence Martin has accepted a position with the lumber company at Sparwood.

Several of the young people of Wardner took in the dance at Bull River last Friday night.

Mrs. P. P. Herric, who has been a patient in the hospital at Lethbridge, for several months, returned to her home here on Tuesday night, accompanied by Mr. Herric.

Mr. A. Sheppard came up from Galloway on Saturday and is busy these days packing his household goods. Mr. Sheppard expects to leave in a few days for New Westminster, where he will make his home, Mrs. Sheppard and the children having gone about a month ago.

Mrs. P. Lund and Miss Hazel Lund were in Cranbrook a few days ago on business.

Mr. Ed. Johnson, who has been engaged as sawyer here during the past season, left a few days ago with his wife and family for Spokane.

We are glad to report that Mr. Dougan, who is suffering from an attack of typhoid, is now convalescing.

The severe frost of a few nights ago has done a great deal of harm to the roots and vegetables.

Dr. and Mrs. King motored into town from Cranbrook last Wednesday and spent the afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. Lund.

ELKO

(By Fred Roo).

Mr. Fletcher, the fruit inspector, was in Elko this week looking into the boneless oranges and if the apples had the pip.

Bob Kellock's 12nd cousin was in Elko this week looking for the long lost cabin.

Mr. Henderson, of Bull River fame, was an Elko visitor this week end.

Ernest La Grander, the ivory handled mustang driver and tamer, of Waldo commons, was doing business in Elko Monday.

Messrs. Leask and Johnson started their mill up last week on west avenue, Baynes Lake road.

Mike Kelleher and wife left for Rexford last week.

When Longfellow wrote "O suffering sad humanity." It is suspected in Elko that he meant suffering sad humidity.

Messrs. Henderson and Corwin, real estate brokers and financial agents, visited Tobacco Plains, Roosville Valley and Eureka, taking a Chamber along with them, one of their assistants.

A Chicago despatch announces that President Taft has injured his right foot, having wrenched it severely. We have stated more than once in Elko that he would put his foot in it once too often.

There are so many men on the water wagon just now in Elko that a real good fishing story is rarely heard any more.

A Toronto preacher last Sunday preached on the subject: "Is the Young Man Safe?" He should be if he stays in Toronto.

Mrs. McClellan, who was visiting friends in Cranbrook last week, returned to Elko Sunday night.

The Elko hotel keepers are right up-to-date. They have their own gardens and raise their own patented chilled lettuce. You can hear the hens cackle that laid the eggs you are eating for breakfast. In fact everything is fresh except the salt.

An Italian cruiser sank a Turkish warship in the Red Sea last week. This is the most notable encounter we have heard of in those waters since the Moses-Pharoah unpleasantness.

Any man or woman who will buy a fruit farm before seeing it needs the services of a doctor far worse than they do a fruit farm.

The dance given by the Ladies Guild Friday night was a financial success. On account of rumors stating that the dance was postponed, a great many failed to come. However the event was a glorious one and will be long remembered by the participants.

The Sunday school picnic out to Rock Creek last Saturday was a social success. The day was an ideal one for the occasion.

Several of the ladies in town are busy bottling up sunshine to be used at pink teas, five o'clockers, midnight lunches and purple showers.

Miss Bent, of Cranbrook, who is in charge of the central office for the telephone company at Elko during the chief's vacation, is making a host of friends in Elko and surrounding district by her courteous and strict attention to business.

Mr. Stenhouse drifted into Elko this week from the Arctic circle.

C. H. Conner, the enterprising orchardist of Roosville, sends a fine exhibit to the Great Northern exhibit rooms, St. Paul. The exhibit consists of corn nine feet high, buckwheat five feet high, Hubbard squash, beets, onions, tomatoes, beans, apples, and a streamer "From Farm of Charles H. Conner, Roosville bench lands, in the shadow of the eternal mountains, where peace and plenty reign."

A. E. Hardgrove, the agricultural agent of the Great Northern, a few days ago shipped to the West Michigan State Fair at Grand Rapids, three sacks of choice Burbank potatoes grown in Tobacco and Roosville Valleys. The Great Northern people will secure thirty sacks of potatoes from these valleys this fall for exhibit at the different fairs and land shows, and also at their exhibit rooms in St. Paul.

DEATH OF EDWARD KIDD, M.P.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 18.—The death occurred at 4.30 Tuesday morning of Edward Kidd, Conservative member of parliament for Carleton county.

Mr. Kidd has suffered from a couple of strokes of paralysis within the past few weeks and has been gradually sinking. His death makes the third vacancy in the house of commons, the others being Richelieu, Quebec, and McDonald, Manitoba.

Mr. Kidd was a bachelor and widely connected in Carleton county. He sat in the county council for several years before entering parliament.

LICENCE COMMISSIONERS

A meeting of the city license commissioners was held on Wedoesday morning, at which Mayor Bowness and Commissioner Caslake were present. Transfers of the license of the Manitoba hotel from J. Brown to Jas. Buchanan, and of the Wentworth hotel, from J. McTavish to D. A. McDonald, were granted. Commissioner Caslake drew attention to an anonymous communication he had received, re alleged rowdy conduct at one of the city hotels. Mr. Caslake pointed out that he could take no notice of anonymous communications, that if the complainant had any grievance he should first have notified the city police, and failing action upon their part, he should have brought the matter to the attention of the police commissioners, it would only be in the last instance that the license commissioners could interfere, by cancelling the license if they found the complaints to be well founded and that the police had made no effort to abate the nuisance.

OVERSEAS CLUB

The first grand ball of the season given Friday, 13th inst, in the Auditorium under the auspices of the Overseas club, proved to be a great success. The attendance was numerous and of the best class. It was in every way a great credit to the club.

The ball, which was a great succtss financially, as about $300.00 were realized after all expenses paid, was given for the benefit of Mr. George Lynch, a member of the club who has been incapacitated from following his employment.

The hall was tastefully decorated by the Davis Bros. and in the midst of the decorations was hanging in a conspicuous place the Overseas club's flag.

The music was provided by the Auditotium orchestra, under Mr. Wm. Guerrard, and was good in variety and excellent in quality, and was in fact everything that could be desired.

The floor manager, Mr. S. H. Knocke, showed himself at his very best all through the entertainment and did his part in a masterful way.

The refreshments and catering were under the supervision of Mesdames H. Gridley and E. Ismay, who managed their part in every respect, in the most expert and able manner.

The tables were tastefully decorated and the guests were provided with everything of the best and the nicest that could be desired.

It was in every way the greatest credit to these two ladies, who had undertaken the heavy task of providing for over three hundred guests, considering they had barely a week to make all necessary arrangements and they deserved the greatest credit for the way they carried out their part.

Those helping at the tables were Mesdames E. Y. Brake, E. Sainsbury, Miss C. Betts, Messrs. H. Gridley, Geo. Sims, E. Y. Brake and L. Pearron, and their services and courtesy were greatly appreciated. On the whole the ball was a "bumping" success both socially and financially. The dancing was kept up until the early hours of the morning and the committee in charge takes the opportunity of thanking all those who have patronized such a good cause and expect that the membership of the club will benefit by it.

RATCLIFF—CARRALL.

At Christ church on Tuesday evening, of this week, Edward Joseph Ratcliff and Miss Florence Elizabeth Corrall, of this city, were united in marriage by Rev. E. P. Flewelling. Mr. and Mrs. Ratcliff will reside in this city on Durick avenue.

ERECTION OF MEN'S CLUB

Architect F. S. Rosseter has plans prepared for the proposed Men's club, work on the erection of which, at the corner of Lewis street and Hanson avenue will be commenced shortly.

The new premises will include a swimming tank, gymnasium, reading room and other conveniences. For the present it is intended to proceed with the main structure, certain additions and added conveniences to come later, if finances permit.

Mr. Rosseter has also completed plans for the building to be erected at the Lethbridge Dry Farming Congress by the local board of trade for exhibition purposes. The building will be of the bungalow type, 30x30 feet, with rustic sidings and small entrance porch, with doubfe pillars. Mr. Rosseter will personally superintend the erection of this building, which will be handsomely fitted up internally with choice lumber supplied by district lumbermen, who are contributing generously to the cost of construction.

COUNTY COURT

HIS HONOR JUDGE THOMPSON PRESIDING.

On Tuesday of this week His Honor Judge Thompson held a session of the county court in this city, at which the following cases were disposed of: Rex. vs. Alfred Vincent, charge of assault. Accused dismissed on suspended sentence. W. F. Gurd for the crown, P. E. Wilson for the accused. R. Aitkin vs. Jos. Ryan et. al., appeal from finding of Police Magistrate Ryan. P. E. Wilson for appellant. Respondents did not appear. Appeal allowed. H. A. Stinson vs. Wilfrid Beaudry, suit for damages to livery rig. P. E. Wilson for plaintiff and A. B. Macdonald for defendant. Case dismissed with costs.

I. O. O. F.

VISIT OF GRAND MASTER W. A. JOHNSON TO KEY CITY LODGE.

On Monday evening of this week, Key City lodge, No. 12, I.O.O.F., was honored by an official visit from the provincial grand master, Mr. W. A. Johnson, of Vancouver. There was a large attendance of Odd Fellows, members of the local lodge and visitors.

Grand Master Johnson expressed great satisfaction at the manner in which the work of the lodge was conducted and the good business methods prevailing. In the course of an able address, the grand master showed that the order was in a flourishing condition throughout the continent, and particularly so in British Columbia. He drew attention to the fact that the provincial grand lodge had, at the present moment, a sum of upwards of $13,000 available for the establishment of an Odd Fellows home when required.

A special committee, of Grand Lodge, has been appointed to investigate the needs of such an institution and to select a suitable site for same. In this connection steps have been taken to place before Grand Lodge the suitability of Cranbrook for such an institution.

The grand master further reported upon the sleeping pavilion established and fitted up by the order at the Tranquille Sanatarium, which was declared by the medical fraternity of the province to be as complete in every particular and as well fitted up as any similar establishment on the continent.

The initiatory degree was exemplified in good style during the evening, and at the close of lodge business all present sat down to a most enjoyable banquet, the programme for which was as follows:

Chairman's address ... ...
... ... Noble Grand H. E. Stephens
Pianoforte solo—Overture "The Bohemian Girl" ... Bro. R. Mansfield
Speech ....
... .Grand Master W. A. Johnson
Solo—"For His Day's Work Was Done" ... ... Bro. R. Rackiyett
Speech—"The Initiatory Degree"....
.... Bro. W. B. McFarlane
Quartette—"Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep" ....
Bros. H. Palmer, R. Palmer, H. Rendall, J. A. Fergusson.
Speech—"The Province of British Columbia" .... Bro. C. R. Ward
Solo—"The Lowland Sea" ....
....Bro. H. E. Stephens
Speech—"Cranbrook and Vicinity"
.... Bro. J. P. Fink
Solo—Selected ... ... Bro. H. Rendall
Speech ... .
... ... Bro. H. White, Grand Warden
Pianoforte solo—Selected ....
... ... Bro. R. Mansfield
Speech—"The Practice of Odd Fellowship" ..... Bro. Scott McDonald
Recitation—Selected Bro. H. Palmer
Auld Lang Syne.

Grand Master Johnson proceeded the next day to pay an official visit to the lodge at Moyie. Thence he was to go to Fernie and other towns in the Pass.

TOWN TOPICS

Autos for hire at phone 62. 36-1t

E. E. Jones, of Kimberley, was in town on business during the week.

J. L. McKay was down from Athalmer, on Tuesday.

Autos for hire at phone 62. 36-1t in Cranbrook again this week. Phone 62. 36-1t

Wm. Boyd, proprietor of the Halcyon Hot Springs hotel, was in town during the week.

W. H. Shira returned to town this week from a four months prospecting trip in the mountains.

Experienced accountant wants work in the evenings. Address "Accountant," care *Herald office*. 38-1t

If you want a reliable and reasonable job of plumbing done or sewerage connections made, call up Ed. F Johnson, 'phone 267. 28-tf

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Ryckman are holidaying in Saskatoon for a few weeks.

There are a number of tagless dogs at large in the city, and it is suggested by several citizens that the pound keeper might get busy.

Mrs. Wm. Rankin and daughter, of Bull River, have been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Kennedy the past week.

$25 reward—Estrayed, I light bay mare, 3 years old, branded "J" on right shoulder, shows considerable Clyde, shaded light on belly. Return to H. M. Fallon, Roosville, British Columbia. 37-2t

The silver shield presented by Mr. A. E. Watts, of Wattsburg, for competition in the fair, is on view in J. D. McBridejs store. It is a handsome trophy.

Mr. Wm. Marshall, manager of the East Kootenay Butcher company, left Wednesday for a three weeks' trip to the coast.

Any person requiring their bath room, toilets, etc., connected to the sewer should see Ed. F. Johnson. Estimates furnished. Call 'phone 267. 28-tf

Raymond Flewelling will be leaving shortly for Hamilton, Ont., where he will join his brother-in-law, Mr. Sidney Brown, in the electrical business.

Provincial Surveyor-General Dawson will arrive in Cranbrook shortly from Victoria, to arrange for the survey of lapsed timber leases in this district.

We give estimates cheerfully on any kind of painting or decorating. Give us a trial. Residence phone 441.—Schultz and Johnson. 37-4t

The Kamloops Standard announces that F. E. Simpson is about to leave that city and take up his residence in Victoria, where he has *large property interests*.

Mrs. Towgood, of Slocan, is visiting her father, Rev. [illegible] Flewelling. It is some [illegible] since Mrs. Towgood was last [illegible] Cranbrook and she notes with hel[illegible] the rapid progress made by the city.

J. S. Teet, secretary of the local Railway Y.M.C.A., returned home on Sunday from a month's vacation spent in the east. Mrs. Teet is remaining at Cornwall, Ont., for a few weeks.

Call up Ed. F. Johnson, licensed plumber, and get an estimate of the cost of your sewer connections. 'Phone 267. 28-tf

"Citizen" writes: Can you tell me through your paper what the council are doing in reference to removing two or three feet of earth from the water pipes, when grading the streets? I should think this matter requires attention at once, as the cold weather is almost upon us.

Layritz Nursery, Kelowna and Victoria, guaranteed stock, prices right, local agent. See me before ordering.—S. Macdonald. 36-2t

Lieut.-Colanel Maidment, now in charge of the Salvation Army's operations in the West Inhies, has been appointed as chief secretary for Canada, Newfoundland, and the Bermudas. Lieut.-Colonel and Mrs. Maidment will prabably arrive in Canada in the early part of November.

If you want a reliable and reasonable job of plumbing done or sewerage connections made, call up Ed. F. Johnson, 'phone 267. 28-tf

G. J. Schofield, mining engineer, of the Dominion mining department, has been in town the past few days after two months exploratory work in the mountains between Kingsgate and Yahk.

Any person requiring their bath room, toilets, etc., connected to the sewer should see Ed. F. Johnson. Estimates furnished. Call 'phone 267. 28-tf

A crowded house in the Victoria theatre last evening at once welcomed the Pollard Jpvenile Opera company back to the city, says the Colonist. It is not the original group of youngsters that are beginning a round of the Canadian cities by playing in the capital of the province nearest their home, but while the members of earlier companies are older they are correspondingly more clever, and it is certain that they are, on last evening's showing, better trained vocally and histrionically. Those of the former boys and girls who have come back to this continent on this tour come with an assured career in the musical comedy world. Every one is tried and trained and they have in addition to all the experience they have gained the freshness of youth which has always marked the Pollards. In the company there are several new faces, and of these the Miss Patsie Hill, and Mr. Willie Bevan, while among the youngsters of an earlier day—but not so much earlier—are Miss Nellie McNamara, Miss Eva Pollard, Miss Leslie Donaghey and Mr. Willie Pollard. The bill last evening was "Sergeant Brue," a really good musical comedy in that it was both musical and was genuinely comical in its situations. The principals in this and the chorus as well all entered into the spirit of the thing, and gave an interpretation of the story of the metropolitan policeman who rose to be an inspector with an enthusiasm, and zest which more completely hid the many shortcomings of the plot than if it had been given by a cast of adults. The chorus girls were not of the kind theatregoers are used to but they really sang and acted as if they had an interest in what they were doing to enhance the success of the opera and the pleasure of the audience.

Call up Ed. F. Johnson, licensed plumber, and get an estimate of the cost of your sewer connections. 'Phone 267. 28-tf

A quiet wedding took place at Christ church cathedral, Victoria, B. C., last week, when the Lord Bishop of Columbia, assisted by the Lord Bishop of Calgary, united in marriage Augustine Machray Pinkham, eldest son of the Bishop of Calgary, and Mrs. Pinkham, and manager of the Dominion Trust company, Calgary, and Emma Wilhemina Kutter-Gregory, daughter of the late Mr. Robert Kutter, of Reval, Russia. The service was fully choral. The bride, who was given away by Mrs. Boyle, of Calgary, looked charming in white satin, trimmed with old lace, and the traditional veil and orange blossoms, and carried a bouquet of white roses, orchids and stephanotis. She was attended by the bridegroom's sister, Miss Pinkham, who wore cream crepe with touches of royal blue velvet and a black picture hat. Mr. R. F. Taylor was best man. Mrs. Boyle was gowned in white marquisette embroidered in pink with a becoming hat of pale beaver lined with black velvet, and trimmed with white plumes. A reception was afterwards held at the home of the bridegroom's brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. H. Crowe, Verrinder avenue. Among the guests were the Bishop of Columbia and Mrs. Roper, the Bishop of Calgary, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. J. Jephson and Miss Jephson, Calgary, and Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Cross. The happy pair left on the 4.30 boat for Seattle and other points in the Western States. They will make their future home at Calgary.

THERE IS A DIFFERENCE BETWEEN HIAR PROMISES AND HAIR RESULTS

HERPICIDE

Promises won't overcome hair trouble. The manufacturers of Newbro's Herpicide promise nothing which is not justified by an intelligent use of this preparation. The desired end ultimately becomes an accomplished fact. This is the reason that Herpicide has thousands of satisfied friends all over the world.

By keeping the scalp clean and healthy and destroying the dandruff germ, Newbro's Herpicide makes beautiful hair. Herpicide prevents the hair from falling and allows it to grow unhindered and naturally except in cases of chronic baldness which is incurable.

Send 10c. in postage for sample and book to the Herpicihe Co., Dept. R., Detroit, Mich.

Applications obtained at the best barber shops.

Newbro's Herpicide in 50c. and $1.00 sizes is sold by all dealers who guarantee it to do all that is claimed. If you are not satisfied your money will be refunded.

Beattie-Murphy Co., Ltd., Special Agents.

Cranbrook Heights

is where shrewd investors are buying lots. They realize good values. Are you in this class?

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Fresh Bread, Cakes, Pies, and Pastries of All Kinds

PHONE 87

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Victoria Exhibition

Sept. 24-28, 1912

Fare from Cranbrook to Victoria and Return

$24.90

Going Dates, Sept. 21 to Sept. 26

Final Return Limit, Oct. 1 1912

For Tickets apply to Cranbrook Ticket Agent

R. G. McNEILLIE, Dist. Passenger Agent Calgary

Lake View Hotel

PAUL HANDLEY PROPRIETOR

St. Mary's Lake, B. C.

Guests conveyed from Marysville to the hotel by motor car or team.

Excellent Fishing Resort

Gasoline and Row Boats for Hire

20 16t

Dr. Martel's Female Pills

Nineteen Years the Standard

Prescribed and recommended for women's ailments, a scientifically prepared remedy of proven worth. The result from their use is quick and permanent. For sale at all drugstores

TRESPASS NOTICE.

Anyone found trespassing on the Bardarrock properey, formerly known as Patton's Lake, will be prosecuted. 33-8t A. H. Playle.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and to the Assistant Commissioner of Lands for the District of East Kootenay for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described lands, situate on the North Fork of Michel Creek, about six miles north of the Canadian Pacific Railroad and lying between the McInnes Group and the Crows Nest Pass Coal Company's land:

Commencing at a post planted at A. Hopson's north-west corner, same being the initial post of J. K. Wilson's claim and marked "J. K. Wilson's south-west corner," thence 80 chains north; thence 80 chains east; thence 80 chains south; thence 80 chains west to place of beginning, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Located August 20th, 1912.

J. K. Wilson, Locator.
Batice Lamercux, Agent. 35-5

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and to the Assistant Commissioner of Lands for the District of East Kootenay for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described lands, situate on the North Fork of Michel Creek, about six miles north of the Canadian Pacific Railroad and lying between the McInnes Group and the Crows Nest Pass Coal Company's land:

Commencing at a post planted at J. K. Wilson's south-west corner, same being the initial post of Lewis Bowlus' claim, and marked Lewis Bowlus' south-east corner," thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains west; thence 80 chains south; thence 80 chains east to place of beginning, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Located August 20th, 1912.

Lewis Bowlus, Locator.
Batice Lameroux, Agent. 35-5

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and to the Assistant Commissioner of Lands for the District of East Kootenay for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described lands, situate on the North Fork of Michel Creek, about six miles north of the Canadian Pacific Railroad and lying between the McInnes Group and the Crows Nest Pass Coal Company's land:

Commencing at a post planted one mile north of a point one mile east of the intersection of the east side line of the McInnes Group and the north side line of the Crows Nest Pass Coal Company's land, said post being the initial post of C. K. Weismann's claim and marked "C. K. Weismann's north-east corner," thence 80 chains south; thence 80 chains west; thence 80 chains north; thence 80 chains east to place of beginning, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Located August 20th, 1912.

C. K. Weismann, Locator.
Batice Lameroux, Agent. 35-5

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and to the Assiseant Commissioner of Lands for the District of East Kootenay for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described lands, situate on the North Fork of Michel Creek, about six miles north of the Canadian Pacific Railroad and lying between the McInnes Group and the Crows Nest Pass Coal Company's land:

Commencing at a post planted at C. K. Weismann's north-east corner, same being the initial post of A. Hopson's claim, and marked "A. Hopson's north-west corner," thence 80 chains south; thence 80 chains east; thence 80 chains north; thence 80 chains west to place of beginning, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Located August 20th, 1912.

A. Hopson, Locator.
Batice Lameroux, Agent. 35-5

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We handle nothing but the finest quality

Hams, Bacon, Fresh Meats, Poultry and Fish

A trial order will convince you of their excellence

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Western Residential Schools

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A high-class residential and day school for girls of all ages.

Shaughnessy Heights, Vancouver.

Large grounds, magnificent buildings, with every modern appliance for health and comfort.

Staff unequalled; every teacher a specialist in her own department.

LANGARA

A residential and day school for boys.

Fifteen acres, adjoining Shaughnessy Heights, Vancouver.

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THE LLOYD-GEORGE "SQUARE DEAL"

An impression of the famous British progressive statesman, David Lloyd-George, is given in an article in the London Outlook. It is in the form of an interview with the Chancellor by Rev. Robert Donald, editor of the Daily Chronicle. Mr. Donald says that Lloyd-George holds the first place in Britain today as a public speaker. He is a first-rate fighting man; his chief characteristic in all his doings is courage. He contrasts himself with Mr. Roosevelt, who is one of the greatest letter-writers of his time, by saying that Mr. Lloyd-George never writes letters if he can help it.

The chancellor, in his interview, says that the miners' strike was but a sign of the times, and he was prepared for it. Its cause was purely social and economic. "We are dealing with a much better educated democracy than existed, say, thirty or forty years ago."

"One thing everybody seems to overlook who talks of our political or social principles, and that is the English Education Act of 1870. Since the passing of that act you have had a great system of national education, constantly improving and broadening. The working classes not only read nowadays, they think.

Wider knowledge is creating in the mind of the workman growing dissatisfaction with the conditions under which he is forced to live. I speak of my own knowledge. Take South Wales, which I know intimately. That was the breeding ground of the unrest which led to the coal strike. Housing conditions in South Wales are indescribably bad. The conditions under which the miners in some districts exist render decency impossible. There you have a country rich in natural blessings; exquisitely formed valleys which offer the most beautiful sites in the world for the building of well-designed townships, and for a mode of life which would elevate and not abase. Instead you find the houses unfit for human habitation. One cannot wonder that the educated democracy will stand that sort of thing no longer.

Working men are realizing that they contribute to the wealth of the community without getting a fair share of the good things which result, and that is one reason why they strike, ostensibly for a minimum wage. The disturbance of industry, the widespread but remediable poverty of the people as a whole, can be cured, and it is the aim of the Liberal party to provide the cure."

Mr. Lloyd - George insists that is wasteful and extravagant expenditure must be checked. The civilized countries of the world are spending nearly £500,000,000 ($2,500,000,000) a year on weapons of war. Great Britain is spending something like £70,000,000 ($350,000,000—that is, about £8 for every household in the kingdom. "Were this burden removed Great Britain could afford to pay every member of the wage earning classes an additional dollar a week without interfering in the slightest degree with the profits of capital." Another source of waste, Mr. Lloyd-George points out, is the way the land of this country is administered.

"It is not producing more than half of what it is capable of yielding. An enormous area is practically given over to sport. You have millions of acres exclusively devoted to game. A good deal of it is well adapted for agriculture and afforestation.

"When you come to the land around the towns, here the grievance is of a different character. You may have a greater waste in parsimony than in prodigality. That is the way the land around our towns is wasted; land which might be given plenty of air and recreation and renewed health and vigor to the workman is running to waste, as the millions in our cities are crowded into unsightly homes which would soon fill with gloom the slightest and stoutest heart.

"The greatest asset of a country is a virile and contented population. This population amongst whom the land in the neighborhood of our great towns is measured out on a more generous scale for the homes of our people."

Another source of waste, Mr. Lloyd-George mentions, is unemployment of the idle rich.

"These people account for something like two millions of our population; their sole business is to enjoy themselves, often at the expense of others of our great multitudes who lives lives of arduous toil without earning sufficient for food or raiment or repose. In these directions the time has come for a thorough overhauling of our conditions. That time comes in every enterprise—commercial, national, and religious; and woe be to the generation that lacks the courage to undertake the task."

When asked what part the church should take in the matter, Mr. Lloyd-George replied:

"The function of the church is not to urge or advocate any specific measure in regard to social form. Her duty is to create an atmosphere in which the leaders of this country in the legislature and in the municipalities may find encouragtment to engage in reforming the dire evils which exist. First, the church must rouse the national conscience to the existence of these evils, and afterwards to a sense of the nation's responsibilities for dealing with them. Second, the church must inculcate the necessary spirit of self-sacrifice without which it is impossible for a gigantic problem of this kind to be dealt with. Third, the church must insist on the truth being told about these social wrongs."

CANADA AND GERMANY

VISIT OF PROMINENT GERMAN JOURNALIST TO STUDY CONDITIONS.

The Herald is in recept of a communication from the Illustrirte Zietung, a Leipzic, Germany, publication, announcing the approaching visit of Court Counsellor Horst Weber, a chief partner in that publication. Mr. Weber is visiting Canada in order to study the country and familiarize himself with Canadian journalism. A special number of the paper is to be issued devoted to Canada.

The incomparable development that Canada has passed through in the last few years, which has attracted the attention of the world to this land of immense opportunities and of brilliant future, has long been the subject of appreciation and discussion in Germany. In the last decade the interest of Germans in Canada has grown with uncommon pace. Since the conclusion of the provisional commercial treaty in 1910, the two countries have been joined by close ties ol mutual benefit. Figures speak eloquently, and those indicative of these relations tell a pointed story. Thus the exports to Germany in the fiscal year of 1911 amounted to 3½ million dollars, as compared with 2 million dollars in 1910; the imports from Germany to Canada have reached the amount of 11 million dollars, against 10 millions in 1910. Canadian shares are regarded more and more as a sure and lucrative investment, German travellers are coming every year in larger numbers to see and enjoy the beauties of the Dominion.

It may therefore be noted with great satisfaction that the German press, well aware of the above facts, tries to speak the knowledge of Canadian opportunities amongst its country-fellows all over the world. The leading illustrated weekly of Germany, the renowned Leipsic "Illustrirte Zeitung," which is the German Illustrated London News, goes as far as to publish a special number on Canada, and we hear that the Canadian Pacific Railway company, which is in front of everything apt to help Canadian development, will facilitate this excellent publication of the German paper in every respect.

It gives a good idea of the thoroughness with which Germans do things that the publisher of the Illustrirte Zeitung, Court Counsellor Horst Weber, a prominent German, will come over to Canada himself to study the country and its conditions for the very purpose. He will establish his headquarters at Montreal care the Canadian Pacific railway office and travel through the country east as far as Halifax and west as far as Vancouver.

One may gain a good idea of the excellent fashion in which the special numbers of the Illustrirte Zeitung are published from the edition de luxe devoted to Hannover, which has kindly been sent to us. Both contents and decoration treat the region admirably, and actually represent an unsurpassed monography of the country.

As the Illustrirte Zeitung is to be found in every part of Germany, Austria and Switzerland and in all quarters of the globe where German is talked, it is apparent that no other German journal is better fit for stimulating and improving our already beneficial intersts than the Illustrirte Zeitung, which will be published in a form suitable to the occasion and embodying permanent value.

We have no doubt that the special number on Canada will serve to develop the economic and intellectual relations between the two countries.

THE REAL SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC.

Little Dick, at an old-fashioned Sunday school picnic, with pies, cakes and other delicacies galore had enjoyed gastronomic pleasures to the fullest capacity of an accommodating stomach when a kind-hearted old lady offered him a luscious slice of "four decker" maple-sugar walnut cake. To her surprise, the child refused it, and then, with a cry of distress, sobbed, in answer to her question as to whether he couldn't eat it:

"I can chew it, but I can't swallow it."—Ex.

CONTE DE PROVENCE

HOMAIS MAÎTRE D'ÉCOLE

Le hasard de sa promenade quotidienne, avait amené l'abbé Hilarion devant le café où se réunissaient les notables de l'endroit.

La sympathie unanime dont il jouissait dans le pays, faisait, qu'on ne le rencontrait jamais, sans lui offrir un verre de vin, histoire de trinquer et de tailler une bavette, comme on dit dans le Midi ; sa bonhommie lui interdisait de refuser, il acceptait toujours. D'ailleurs, comme je l'ai dit déjà, il était gourmand, non seulement pour sa table, mais pour le reste, car il était loin de dédaigner, *ce vin généreux et doux, qui chasse les soucis, et coule avec l'espérance féconde*, (Horace épitres).

Ce jour là, se trouvait précisément à pérorer devant un tas de braves gens qui l'écoutaient bouche bée ; le monsieur Homais de l'endroit ; il n'était pas pharmacien comme celui de Flaubert, (Madame Bovary) le notre, faisait ce métier ingrat, que Denys, tyran de Syracuse, chassé de sa patrie en raison de ses cruautés, fût obligé de faire à Corinthe, pour gagner sa vie : il était maître d'école. C'était l'antagoniste du brave abbé Hilarion, qui défendait (à l'amiable) les droits de Dieu et de son Eglise, tandis que l'autre, (un radical à tous crins) défendait les droits de l'homme et du citoyen, issus des principes sacro-saints de 1789. Ce pédagogue au petit pied, débitait d'une façon infatigable, toutes ces naiseries, ces lieux communs, ces bluffs déclamatoires qui tiennent lieu d'idées à ceux qui n'en ont pas, et à l'aide desquels on fait mouvoir cet énorme et puissant animal qu'on appelle le peuple. J'ai comme idée, qu'il en avait la tête tellement farcie et gonflée, qu'à mon avis, le cerveau de Jupiter, était moins gros, lorsque pour accoucher de Pallas, il dût implorer le secours de la hache de Vulcain.

Voilà ce qu'il etait eu train de dire au moment où le curé arrivait. A présent, qu'on nous laisse donc tranquille, avec le bon Dieu; avec la science actuelle, l'homme fera bientôt tout ce qu'il voudra; regardez les aéroplanes, s'ils n'y vont pas au ciel, et sans échelle, vous verrez d'un jour, il ne sera pas impossible d'aller dans Mars ou dans la Lune.

Dans la Lune.....je crois que tu y es en ce moment, mon garçon, lui répondit le curé, avec ce bon sourire qui ne le quittait jamais, et en le tutoyant—car il tutoyait tout le village, à bien peu de personnes près—Il est clair néanmoins, continua-t-il, que tu as un peu raison, car nous voyons, à l'heure d'aujourdhui, des choses véritablement surprenantes ; qui sait tout ce qu'on inventera, bien encore ! Ainsi, figurez-vous que pour la St-André j'ai vu à la foire, une espèce de machine sortant véritablement de l'ordinaire. D'un côté l'on mettait une brassée de foin, et de l'autre côté de la machine, on en sortait, savez-vous quoi ?.....Un pot de lait !

— Eh bien ! vous voyez, cria triomphant la jeune maître d'école, et puis, vous en verrez bien d'autres.

— Seulement, continua le curé qui attendait la fin de cette interruption, cette machine là, ce n'est pas ta science qui l'a inventée. Ça s'appelle une vache !

Et le formidable éclat de rire qui accueillit cette boutade du brave abbé, fit faire une grimace des plus significatives, au défenseur des immortels principes de '89 Monsieur Homais n'aimait pas les plaisanteries.

A. GAUDY.

The old "'lore de wah" darky had asked the attorney to write him a letter on his typewriter.

"And is that all you want to say, Rastus?" queried the man of law, at the close of the epistle.

"Yas, sah, 'ceptin' you might say, 'Please 'scuse pooh spellin' an' a bad pen."—Ex.

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GEO. LOMPRE, Proprietor

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is what is dear to every man. A home is where Peace, Comfort, Contentment, and Plenty is found. That is the reason men throughout British Columbia, when "Cranbrook" is mentioned think of the provisions Jos. Brault has made for an ideal home at the

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CRANBROOK HERALD
By the Herald Publishing Company,
F. J. Deane, Managing Editor.

CRANBROOK, B. C., September 19, 1912

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL NO 540

Notice to Advertisers

Notice is hereby given that all changes of display advertising must reach this office not later than noon on the Wednesday preceding day of publication. Copy received later connot be guaranteed attention.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Among the rumors going the rounds regarding provincial politics is a story to the effect that the McBride government will bring down a redistribution measure at the coming session of the legislature, to be followed, doubtless, by an immediate appeal to the country. In connection with this proposed redistribution measure, it is intimated that South East Kootenay's representation will be materially increased. The story goes that Cranbrook and Fernie cities will each be created separate ridings, and that the outlying districts that have heretofore formed portions of the Cranbrook and Fernie electoral districts, will be created into separate rural constituencies. This will give South East Kootenay four representatives in the legislature in place of two

The varied resources of South East Kootenay, and the rapidly increasing development thereof fully justify this increased representation. It is reasonable to predict that with active representatives from the two cities and from the two rural ridings, South East Kootenay will command an attention and consideration, heretofore conspicuous by its absence. South East Kootenay should be able to send down to Victoria four live, energetic men, who would be in a position to force upon the government of the day the urgent needs of this rich section of the province, and to secure something like adequate attention to its requirements. There is the great question of land settlement in which the Cranbrook ridings will be specially concerned. There is an enormous available area of arable land in the Cranbrook district, which should be settled up by the best class of settlers procurable, and the right kind of representatives will see to it that immediate steps are taken by the government of the day to facilitate settlement upon conditions, that will ensure the influx of capable farmers, who will be given every opportunity of securing land upon reasonable terms and under conditions that will permit of their enjoying a fair prospect of substantial success. The land is of the best, the climatic conditions extremely favorable, the only real difficulty is the heavy cost of clearing, and here is where a government alive to the best interests of the district would be prepared to assist.

DEFEAT IS BETTER THAN VICTORY.

Every true and intelligent Liberal in Canada will endorse Sir Wilfrid Laurier's straight words: "We are prouder of our defeat than our opponents are of their victory," says the Toronto Globe. In that pride self-respecting Liberals in all parts of Canada unreservedly join. The defeat of the Liberal policy of larger markets for the products of Canada and freer trade in the foodstuffs of the people instead of bringing discouragement either to the great Liberal leader or to the rank and file of the Liberal party marks a new epoch in the life of Liberalism in Canada. Regrets among Liberals are not for their party, but for their country. Canada is by so much the poorer, the more straitened in its development, because of the defeat of a trade policy desired by both parties for a half century and needed today as never before in Canada's history. To have stood firm for that policy of larger markets and freer foodstuffs is to the credit of the Liberal party. To have taken defeat more proudly than his opponents have taken victory is to the honor of the Liberal chief. In such defeat is neither dishonor nor disheartenment. The men of principles, and convictions, and devotion to Canada's high destiny rise with renewed vigor. They know that time is on their side. One short twelvemonth has already justified their policy. Food taxes, the resentment of those who were duped by false cries, the race-and-creed chickens that are coming home to roost, the reaction of the campaign waged last year by the allied American and Canadian trusts, the evasion of great national obligations, and the unsolved problem of markets for Canada's natural products—these things abide, and their presence are the flies in the ointment of the men who won a victory at the cost of principle. But Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the Liberals will never regret the seeming defeat of last year. Had they kept office by the denial of Liberalism's policy the world over the Liberalism of Canada would have been dishonored. But now we are all prouder of our defeat than any honorable and patriotic men would be of the victory of our opponents.

Mac's Auto Service
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Prompt Service New Cars

NATIONALISTS DEMAND A PLEBISCITE

Armand Lavergne, who twelve months ago was a national figure, has emerged from the gloom which now envelopes him long enough to demand from Mr. Borden a plebiscite upon his naval proposals.

"We are waiting," says Mr. Lavergne, "for Mr. Borden's declaration on his naval policy. Our stand is precisely what it has always been. We demand a plebiscite or we will fight. Mr. Borden is pledged to it. Did he not vote for the Monk amendment after Drummond and Arthabasca? We want a plebiscite, not a general election on the naval issue. If the government goes back on its word and orders a general election without getting the will of the people on a Canadian navy, we will fight it just as hard as we fought the Laurier government. Let us admit that there was a certain affiliation between Nationalism and Conservatism in the last fight. Should Mr. Borden not grant a plebiscite I can assure you that there will be no such affiliation in the next contest."

There will be, it is safe to say, no plebiscite. While any reasonable naval policy would secure a majority of votes in such a plebiscite, the adverse vote would be so large and, sectionally, so strong as to destroy the moral effect of whatever action Canada might take, remarks the Winnipeg Free Press. A naval programme as a feature of party policy will get a measure of support which the same programme submitted directly to the people, as a distinct issue could not command. This is particularly true of Quebec, where the vote against any large expenditure on the navy if the opportunity were presented by holding a plebiscite would be so one-sided as to attract the attention of the world.

This is known to Mr. Lavergne and Mr. Bourassa, and accounts for their anxious demand that the matter be submitted directly to the people. It is equally well known to the government, which will not give the unhorsed Nationalist leaders the desired opportunity to regain their lost leadership.

Failing a plebiscite, however, what will Mr. Borden do? He is pledged in the most explicit manner to consult the people before putting any naval policy into operation. If he adheres to that pledge he must either have a general election next summer or postpone action until after the next general elections, which, in the regular course of events, will not come until the autumn of 1915. To go to the people next year on the navy question would be a fine way, indeed, to take the navy out of politics. It would be one of the most dangerous courses upon which a party ever set its feet, to make the question of the part Canada should take in the defence of the empire a matter of party conflict at the polls. It would be dangerous to the government thus seeking to prostitute a question of high patriotism to partisan uses. This, however, need not be a matter of deep public concern; the Borden government is not indispensable. But it would be dangerous to the empire itself, which is a matter of concern to us all.

Mr. Borden, as is becoming increasingly apparent, is, on the matter of the navy, in deep water, as the direct result of the duplicity and dishonesty of the course taken by the party, which he leads, during the last election. To make possible the affiliation between the Conservatives and Nationalists, to which Mr. Lavergne refers, Mr. Borden has seriously compromised his freedom of action now that he is prime minister. There appears to be but one way of possible safety for him—which is for him to steal the Liberal clothes. By changing the buttons and altering the style a bit he might perhaps make the country believe that the garment is his own design and manufacture.

ODD FELLOWS' OFFICERS

MEMBERS OF SOVEREIGN GRAND LODGE HOLD ANNUAL ELECTION.

Winnipeg, Sept. 18.—The Odd Fellows elected their chief officers yesterday as follows: Columbus A. Keller, San Antonio, Texas, grand sire; Judge Robert F. Daniel, Georgia, deputy grand sire; John B. Goodwin, of Baltimore, re-elected grand secretary, and M. Richards Muckle, of Philadelphia, re-elected grand treasurer.

THOMPSON'S EXPLORATIONS

B. G. HAMILTON RE-LOCATES "NEW FORT KOOTENAY" SITE.

Editor The Herald:

Sir: I was very much interested in reading in the last issue of your paper, of the visit of Mr. Thompson C. Elliott, of Walla Walla, Washington, to this part. As the visit of Mr. Thompson was of more than passing interest to those of us who are fond of the history of this province and as the mention of it by you offers an opportunity to make some references to the same would you permit me to touch upon it?

Mr. Elliott is a man of leisure and of learning who has made a special study of all matters pertaining to the early history of the settlement of the Central Far West of North America by white people, dealing particularly with that portion lying to the west of the Rocky Mountains, both in Canada and in the United States. He has for years been gathering data and documents and original copies of printed works on the subject at great expense, until now he assures me he has a library dealing with that "small" subject alone which represents a cost to him of approximately one thousand dollars. In the following up of this subject he has of course given especial study to the movements and operations of the early explorers and traders under the Hudson's Bay company and their predecessors, the North West Trading company. Of this latter company one of the greatest amongst them was David Thompson, surveyor and astronomer. It is after him that our great Thompson river is named. He was one of the first men, who with any degree of accuracy, made maps of what is now the Kootenay districts, and of the territory extending further south along the Kootenay and Columbia rivers. But what gives him a special interest in this part and the fact which drew Mr. Elliott up here is that he is the first known white man to ever visit this part. He in fact spent much of his time between the years 1807 and 1811 in traversing up and down through south western British Columbia as we now know it. In the latter part of the year 1807 he made his first trip down here and on that occasion established two posts, the sites of which are now known respectively as "Old Fort Kootenay," and "New Fort Kootenay." It was in an effort to establish the exact positions that Mr. Elliott came up, and it will of course be of great interest to you to know that before he left they had practically been placed. The "New Fort Kootenay" site was established in as far as it has gone through my own efforts and being successful in getting other persons interested in it. It is situated near Wilmer, immediately east of the wagon road which runs from there here. I have had the pleasure of uncovering the remains of some of the palisade posts which have lain underground now for over one hundred years. The other site, that of "The Old Fort Kootenay" has been known or surmised for many years. It adjoins Invermere townsite immediately on what is known as Canterbury Point. As far as I have been able to learn it is only since the time of my research that the site of the former fort has been locally or otherwise known and it has been generally taken that the Old Fort Kootenay site marked Thompson's only resting place of permanency here.

Your mention above referred to unfortunately mentions him as "Dr." Thompson. History does not disclose that he was ever a doctor and I thought some confusion by reason of this might arise.

Basil G. Hamilton.
Invermere, B.C., Sept. 3rd.

CHURCH COLUMN

CATHOLIC CHURCH

Sundays—Low mass at 8.30 a.m.; high mass, 10.30 a.m.; Sunday school from 2 to 3 p.m.; Rosary and Benediction at 7.30 p.m.

Mondays and holy days of obligation—Mass at 8 a.m.

Week days—Mass at 6 a.m. at the hospital.

P. Plamondon, O.M.I.

SALVATION ARMY.

Captain Stride will conduct a special memorial service at Creston on Sunday night, September 22nd.

The churches are uniting and an impressive service will be conducted.

Services for the week are as follows:

Sunday morning, 11 o'clock—Holiness meeting.

Sunday afternoon, 3 o'clock—Free and easy meeting.

Sunday night, special memorial service, Creston, B.C.

Tuesday night, 8 o'clock—Salvation meeting.

Thursday night, 8 o'clock—Holiness meeting.

Saturday night, 8 o'clock—Praise meeting.

Special announcement: Harvest festival services will be held September 29th and 30th.

Fred'k A. Stride,
Captain.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Sunday, Sept. 22nd.

The pastor, Rev. O. E. Kendall, will preach morning and evening, concluding the series of sermons on "Soul Winning." In the morning the topic will be "The Use of the Bible in Soul Winning." In the evening the topic will be "The Baptism of the Holy Ghost, the Necessary Preparation for Soul Winning."

An invitation is extended to all.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Rev. W. Elson Dunham, pastor.

Sunday services: The pastor will preach at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m.

Harvest Home will be observed at both services, the church will be tastefully decorated with fruits of the field.

Morning subject: "The Duty of Gleaning."

Evening subject: "Harvest Festival."

The following is the special programme of music:

Processional—Melody ... T. Hirchner
Anthem—Ye Shall Dwell in the Land ..... J. Stainer
Offertory—Andante Religioso ... Clement Loret
Solo ..... Selected
Recessioonal—March in F. ..... Henry Smart

ILLUMINATING GAS FROM SAWDUST

LUMBERMEN ENTHUSIASTIC OVER POSSIBILITY OF UTILIZING WASTE PRODUCTS OF LUMBER MILL.

Considerable attention has been attracted to a small sawmill town which is utilizing sawdust from a large sawmill to make illuminating gas, says "The Canadian Lumberman." The venture has been a success in every way, and mill owners in general are taking quite an interest in the project. The mill cuts on an average 120,000 feet of lumber per day, and in consequence makes large quantities of sawdust and other waste wood. A considerable quantity of this waste was used in the engine room, but enough and more remained to be utilized in the gas manufacturing plant.

The plant consists of two branches of five horizontal retorts, each capable of distilling ten tons of sawdust per day. The retorts are cast iron 1½ inches thick and 12 inches in diameter. They are provided with archimedean screws having conveyor flights of cast iron on a 2½ inch shaft. The sawdust is delivered to the screws in the retort from a hopper at the front and is then passed through a vertical 6 inch pipe to the retorts by means of a screw conveyor. The rate of speed of the main screw is regulated so that a thin layer of sawdust continually passes along the bottom of the retort from front to rear, and it is carbonized on its passage and delivered at the rear end into a main provided with a screw conveyor by which it is delivered to an air-tight sheet iron car. There is a conveyor main common to all retorts at the rear end, and from this main the vapors and gasses are passed to a condensor. The system is provided with a gas exhauster and scrubber, the pressure in the retorts being maintained by this means as near zero as possible. The sawdust used is made from Canadian pine which was dried in a special drier before being delivered to the retort. Little attention is paid to the residual product consisting of wood alcohol, acetic acid, anh tar, owing to the fact that the plant is purely for the production of illuminating gas, and again the residue is insignificant in quantity, and not worth the expense of refining.

Canadian lumbermen in general who have examined this plant are enthusiastic as to the future possibilities of the utilization of sawdust for illuminating purposes, comments the Canadian Lumberman. Many of them are of the opinion that mill waste might be used to some advantage by passing all the waste wood through a "hog" and carbonizing it, as the process can be carried on automatically and with a minimum of labor. At the present time there are a large number of mills in Canada that are cutting anywhere from 50,080 to 200,000 feet per day. These mills are situated as a rule, in small towns of 600 to 1000 population, and there is no doubt but that if their waste products were used to advantage the mill men would benefit largely, as well as the inhabitants of the villages and towns.

C.P.R. TELEGRAPHERS WIN OUT

The threatened strike of the C.P.R. telegraph operators from Halifax to the Pacific coast, has been averted, the company meeting the demands of the men, practically in full.

CRANBROOK LAND DISTRICT.

District of East Kootenay.

TAKE NOTICE that John Angus Fergusson, of Cranbrook, B.C., occupation, tie inspector, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of Lot No. 10317, thence north 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 20 chains to the point of commencement, and containing 160 acres, more or less.

John Angus Fergusson.
Dated August 17th, 1912. 37-9t

CAMPBELL & GARRETT
CASH
BOOT AND SHOE STORE

Battleford

We have an exceptional offer to make you in the above property. Requires a cash payment of one-third; balance twelve and eighteen months; no interest.

Call and see us at once

Beale & Elwell

Get Your
Heating Stove
from
F. PARKS & CO.
Hardware and Mill Supplies
Cranbrook, - B. C.

Semi-ready Suits
at $15 and $20

LOOK for the price—and name—sewn in the pocket—always the same. Ask your Clothier and send for style book and sample of "King's Own" Serge at $20. Send direct to Semi-ready, Limited, Montreal, for book entitled "Style" if you cannot get it in town.

Semi-ready Tailoring
FAWCETT & CAMPBELL
Cranbrook Agents
OFFICE: STAR CLEANING WORKS

Phone 43 | Halsall & Co. | Armstrong Avenue
LADIES', MISSES', AND CHILDREN'S OUTFITTERS

Splendid Showing of Children's Wear
Everything New for the Little Folk
New Bonnets—New Hats—New Coats—New Dresses and New Shoes

New Bonnets and Hats
Felt Hats—the Newest Shapes
Newest Bonnets in Silks, Cashmeres, Felts and Plushes.

New Shoes for Children
In Black Patent with Tan Uppers, Black Patent with Red Uppers. Tans and Blacks. All sizes.

Children's Dresses
In Combination Effects, Serges, Checks and Cashmeres, from 1 year to 10 years.

Children's Coats
In Serges, Blanket Cloths, and Knitted Goods. Colors: Creams, Browns, Greys, Reds, Etc. In sizes from half-year to 10 years.

YOU ARE INVITED
TO ATTEND THE TENTH ANNUAL
NELSON FRUIT FAIR
AT NELSON, B. C.
September 24, 25, 26, 27
SPECIAL FREE ATTRACTIONS
DAILY AEROPLANE FLIGHTS from the Fair Grounds.
PAUL AND LEROY, Comedy Horizontal Bar Act.
ISHIKAWA TROUPE OF JAPANESE.
THE INDIANIS TROUPE of 5 Beautiful Girls.
HORSE RACING, ROCK DRILLING, LOG SAWING AND CHOPPING
Reduced Rates on all transportation lines. Single fare for Round Trip
A. D. Emory, President
G. Horstead, Secretary, P. O. Box 392, Nelson, B. C.
COME TO THE FAIR

JOSEPH RYAN
RAWORTH BLOCK

Armstrong Avenue and Louis Street
Four and a-half Lots N. E. Corner of Armstrong Avenue and Louis Street, with perfect lawn and elegant eleven-roomed modern residence. Furnace heat and open hearths in hall and dinig room. Bath rooms, etc. About the finest site in the city for a hotel or large business premises.

Armstrong Avenue
East side of Armstrong Avenue. Store premises, 25 feet frontage, 122 ft. deep. Living rooms (5) upstairs. Furnace heat. Water and electric light laid on.

Garden Avenue
37½ feet frontage, 122 feet in depth. Basement already excavated. Quite close to Government Building and public schools.

220 Acres
within three miles of city. Prime land. Motor road into the premises. Good dwelling house and excellent well sunk. C. P. R. tracks form part of the boundary.

JOSEPH RYAN
RAWORTH BLOCK CRANBROOK, B. C.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE
HAS INSTALLED
SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES.
LODGE YOUR
Wills, Title Deeds, Mortgages, Insurance Policies or other valuables in one of these boxes
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION APPLY TO
R. T. Brymner, Manager Cranbrook, B. C.

AUDITORIUM

CLOSING OF THE FAIR TO-NIGHT
AT THE AUDITORIUM
A BIG DANCE

FOLLOWING A SPECIAL PROGRAMME OF HIGH CLASS PICTURES AND VAUDEVILLE
THE GLADSTONE SISTERS
AND MISS RANDALL

HOOT MON!
SATURDAY NIGHT
HIGHLAND SCOTCH DANCING

Do You Wear a Truss?

We have just received the largest shipment of trusses ever brought into the Kootenays.

Infants'
Spring
Elastic
Double
} In all sizes

These are not instruments of torture, but COMFORTABLE, WELL MADE APPLIANCES FOR THE RELIEF OF ALL RUPTURES.

The Beattie-Murphy Co., Limited
The Rexall Store
WHERE IT PAYS TO DEAL
Cranbrook - - - B. C.

Gents' Watch Chains

We have a nice selection of gents' chains in plain curb and fancy patterns. The 20 year guaranteed ones run from $5.00 to $12.00 each. We also carry the cheaper grades in both albert and dickens from $2.00 each up.

W. H. Wilson
QUALITY JEWELER

TOWN TOPICS

Mr. Mott, constable at Marysville, is among the visitors at the Cranbrook Agricultural fair.

J. T. Browning, of Moyie, is down to take in the fair. Mrs. Browning has gone to the coast on a short vacation.

Mrs. J. M. Robertson will entertain at tea for the Knox church Ladies' Aid on Thursday, September 26th, from 3.30 to 6 p.m.

Special prices on Crown fruit jars at Ward and Harris.

His Honor Judge Thompson left for Fernie yesterday. He will hold county court there today and tomorrow, proceeding thence to Wilmer and Golden.

Al. Rankin, who has been chief clerk at the Hotel Cranbrook for some time past, is leaving this week end to take over the management of a new hotel at Bassano, Alta.

A. W. Bleasdell was down from Fernie yesterday.

G. E. Henderson, manager of the Bull River Falls Power company, came in from Fernie on Tuesday, accompanied by Mr. F. G. Low, of Chicago, an engineering expert, who has been making a thorough investigation of the Bull River plant.

Messrs. McCreery Bros. held their annual fall opening sale on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. They had a fine display of suitable ladies' ware, fall millinery aod costumes and coats, which attracted a great deal of appreciative attention. The sale continues today.

The progress being made with the laying of concrete sidewalks on Baker street is coming in for very favorable comment and is also giving rise to queries by business and other property owners on Armstrong and Norbury avenues as to when work of a similar nature will be commenced thereon.

Considerable interest is being taken locally in the fourteenth international conference of the railroad departments of the Y.M.C.A., which is to be held in Chicago, October 3-6. Already some five or six delegates from the Cranbrook Y.M.C.A. have definitely decided to attend, and it is probable that Cranbrook's representation will run up to eight or ten.

The sawmill being established near Sinclair by the Upper Columbia Valley Orchards, Ltd., will have a daily capacity of 20,000 feet. The company has undertaken to clear and prepare for settlement about 15,000 acres of land to be irrigated for fruit growing. The mill will manufacture the timber into lumber and cut stock for the irrigation flumes.

At the Auditorium this evening and Friday evening, specially attractive moving pictures will be provided. For Friday evening the specialties will be: "That's Happiness," "Wenona's Broken Promise" and "The Missing Heir."

LOSS OF TIME

is felt most when one's watch gets broken. But you should lose no time in bringing it here for proper repairs. We are expert watchmakers, and undertake all kinds of Jewelry repairing as well. Our work is done carefully and well, so that every patron is satisfied. Watch springs fixed on short notice. Considering our first-class work our charges are moderate.

Raworth Bros.
Jewelers and Opticians

Citizens generally are advised that they must remove all signs, over business premises that extend more than two feet over the sidewalk. These signs must be removed by September 26th. The order applies to all signs on all streets in the city. A penalty is attached to failure to comply with this notice, which will be strictly enforced.

Captain Stride, of the Salvation Army,, accompanied by a number of local Salvationists and friends, held a memorial service in the Presbyterian church at Fort Steele on Tuesday evening. Captain Stride paid an eloquent tribute to the late commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army anh the service was heartily participated in by a large number of Fort Steele residents and residents in the surrounding districts.

The provincial timber revenue for the month of August was $161,084.96, made up as follows: Timber licenses west of the Cascades, 458, on which the amount paid was $67,080; licenses east of the Cascades, 290, on which the revenue was $35,260; timber licenses transfer fees, $780; penalties, $825; royalties, $39,785.08; log scalers' fees, $3,342.43; registration of timber marks, $72; hand loggers' licenses, $375; timber lease rentals, $1,949.80; miscellaneous, $12; payments to the forest protection fund, $12,621.65.

Raxawa tea is the best for the price, 35c., 50c. and 60c. per pound.—Ward and Harris.

M. R. Jennings, editor of the Edmonton Journal, and president of the Alberta and Eastern B. C. Press Association, passed through town yesterdy on his way to Spokane and Salem, Ore. Mr. Jennings reports very satisfactory harvest conditions in Northern Alberta. The crop is of finer quality, and is being harvested in better shape than in years past. He was accompanied by Mr. Matt. Pratt, an expert irrigation engineer, who is travelling with him to Oregon to inspect certain powers held there by Mr. Jennings and a number of Toronto associates. They have a big irrigation scheme underway and in the event of Mr. Pratt's report proving satisfactory will immediately proceed with development work.

Key City Lodge, No. 42, will meet on Monday evening at 8.30 when the initiatory degree will be conferred instead of the first degree as per previous notice.

IN MEMORIAM -- WILLIAM BOOTH

Founder and Commander-in-Chief of the Salvation Army.
Born, 1829. Died, Aug. 20, 1912.
(From Punch).

As theirs, the warrior knights of Christian fame,
Who for the Faith led on the battle line.
Who stormed the breach and swept through blood and flame
Under the Cross for sign.

Such was his life's crusade; and, as their death
Inspired in men a purpose pure of taint—
In some great cause to give their latest breath—
So died this soldier-saint.

Nay, his the nobler warfare since his hands
Set free the thralls of misery and her brood—
Hunger and haunting shame and sin that brands—
And gave them hope renewed.

Bruised souls, and bodies broken by despair,
He healed their heartache and their wounds he dressed,
And drew them, so redeemed, his task to share.
Sworn to the same high quest.

Armed with the Spirit's wisdom for his sword,
His feet with tidings of salvation shod,
He knew no foes save only such as warred
Against the peace of God.

Scorned or acclaimed, he kept his harness bright,
Still, through the darkest hour, untaught to yield,
And at the last, his face toward the light,
Fell on the victor's field.

No laurelled blazon rests above his bier,
Yet a great people bows its stricken head
Where he who fought without reproach or fear,
Soldier of Christ, lies dead.

WESTERN MATRIMONIAL CHANCES

We are prone to laugh at the girl who goes out West to increase her matrimonial chances, says the Toronto Globe. Stories of the Ontario school teachers who average something less than three years of spinsterhood in the West, and whose matrimonial ventures force the Western school boards regularly to replenish the supply, are told at many an Ontario tea table, and undoubtedly have influence upon many young ladies other than teachers.

To the West the surplus of men is not quite a laughing matter. Instead of making it a subject of jocular comment in the east it might very well be worth while to initiate a serious national effort to restore the equality in numbers of the sexes by publishing widely in Europe the facts as to our excess of male population, especially in the West. Canada as a whole has 1,000 men for every 886 women. The distribution by provinces shows that in the West one man in three is condemned to bachelorhood because there are not enough wives to go around. The census figures are as follows:

	Males.	Females.
Alberta	223,989	150,674
British Columbia	251,619	140,861
Manitoba	250,056	208,558
New Brunswick .	179,867	172,022
Nova Scotia	251,019	241,319
Ontario	1,299,290	1,223,984
P. E. I.	47,069	46,659
Quebec	1,011,247	991,456
Saskatchewan	291,730	200,702
Yukon	6,508	2,002
Territories	8,673	8,523

Such a disproportion of the sexes makes for a poor home life and for the lowering of morals. It is not good in any sense for man to live alone. The women of England, where there is an excess of over ten per cent of women over men, should be encouraged to come to Canada in large numbers, and our own eastern girls should be commended instead of laughed at when they go West with the half-admitted idea of securing that handsome husband who, despite woman's new found place in business life, is still not altogether banished from the feminine imagination.

FOR THE MINTO CUP

WORLD'S LACROSSE CHAMPIONSHIP WILL BE DECIDED AT NEW WESTMINSTER FAIR.

New Westminster, Sept. 18.—The world's lacrosse championship for 1912 will be decided at the provincial exhibition in New Westminster an October 1st and 5th, when the New Westminster team, champions of the B. C. Lacrosse association, and the Cornwall club, champions of the N.L.U., battle for possession of the Minto cup, which carries with it thr title of world champions. The cup was held by New Westminster for three years, going to Vancouver in 1911. The Salmonbellies regarded possession of the trophy this summer, and the Cornwalls, by virtue of their victories in the east will come to the coast in an effort to carry off the silverware.

It was first arranged to play the Minto cup games in this city during the week preceding the big fair. The exhibition management, however, scented a big attraction and an offer to the clubs of $7,000 for the two games was accepted. Joe Lally, the big lacrosse stick manufacturer, represented the Cornwall club in the transactions. The games will be played on the opening and closing days of the fair, the first contest being staged on Tuesday afternoon, October 1st and the second on Saturday, October 5th.

The management of the fair feel particularly pleased at securing this additional attraction for the exhibition, as besides all of the many other acts, exhibits and concessions, the visitors to the fair will now have an opportunity to see the fastest teams of the east and west play the national game of the Dominion for the historic Minto cup, possession of which is the final goal of every senior lacrosse organization in the country.

G. T. P. HOTEL AT EDMONTON

Edmonton, Alta., Sept. 18.—One and a half million dollars is the estimated cost of constructing and equipping the Grand Trunk Pacific hotel in Edmonton, upon which work will begin in a few days with a view to having it ready for occupancy the latter part of 1913. The structure of seven storeys with full basement, 185 by 250 feet, will be of steel, concrete reinforced and stone, the architecture being of the chateau type, modified to conform to present day conditions. There will be three hundred sleeping chambers, in addition to several dining halls, parlors and special rooms. The building will occupy a plot of ground, 350 by 400 feet, overlooking the picturesque Saskatchewan river in the heart of the business district, and directly opposite the Edmonton Club house. H. H. Ross, supervising architect, says that for location, style and completeness the hotel will rank with any of its size on the continent.

Johnnie—Mama, our governess can see in the dark.

Mama—How do you know that?

Johnnie—Last night out in the hall I heard her tell Uncle Jack that he hadn't shaved.—Ex.

IT'S A SIGN OF PRIDE

When the owner of a nicely located garden tract points to his well cultivated land and tells you he is prospering, it is a good sign. By his own efforts, of course—but then the land has a lot to do with it. On barren land he would be a failure. That is reasonable isn't it? The soil in Buena Vista Gardens is of the very best. This statement is proved by the successful growing of fruit and vegetables by Mr. J. F. P. Leslie, right on the property, during the past six years. Aside from the soil question "Buena Vista Gardens" will make the very best residential sites in or around Cranbrook, for it has good water, a beautiful view of the city, the Rockies and the Selkirks as well as overlooking the city itself; the best of roads; the best of locations, being right in the direction of the town's greatest growth and enough trees growing on it to make it appeal to those who wish beautiful homes. To invest in a five-acre tract at the present low price and on the very easy terms means that you will be richer by a large percentage in a very short time. Why not see the exclusive selling agents at once? THE CRANBROOK AGENCY COMPANY will be pleased to assist you in investigating this property fully, and while in their office will show you their window display of fruit grown on "Buena Vista Gardens." Act promptly and win.

The Neal Institute

Nurse Bent will have the Institute fully equipped to receive patients for the famous Three Days Treatment of the liquor habit by Oct. 1st.

FENWICK AVE., CRANBROOK, B.C.

DANCING, DEPORTMENT AND CALISTHENICS

Miss Marion Rumsey holds classes at the Masonic Hall in the above accomplishments.

Juvenile Class to commence Saturday, Oct. 5th, at 3 p.m.

An adult class is being formed for Fancy Dancing (Classical and National).

Private Lessons by arrangement.

For particulars address Box 196 Phone 357

New Coats and Costumes

This week we have received new shipments direct from the fashion centres.

We have no hesitation in stating that our range in costumes and coats surpasses anything ever shown in Cranbrook, and at prices most reasonable—$15.00 to $60.00.

Millinery

Our opening has been most successful, and with new goods arriving daily our fine display is not depleted. You will be pleased with our Millinery; we will be glad to have you inspect it.

McCreery Bros.
Cranbrook's Dry Goods and Clothing Stores

A WESTERN FRUIT COMBINE?

The allegations that Mr. A. E. Fripp, M.P. for Ottawa, makes respecting the holding up of fruit supplies in the prairie provinces are serious enough to warrant further attention, says the Toronto Mail and Empire. Is it true that the fruit companies handling the output of the British Columbia orchards and gardens hold back all surplus supplies for the sake of keeping prices in the prairie towns and cities up to a famine point? Do they, as Mr. Fripp is reported by the Canadian Press to have stated he understands they do, stand between the British Columbia producer and the prairie consumer, decreeing that a glut of fruit on one side of the mountains shall not relieve an oppressive scarcity on the other? The people of the prairie must depend on outside supplies for their fruit. For it they must pay the consumer's price, plus the cost of packing for railroad shipment, the railway charges for a long haul, and the cost of distribution through several hands. If in addition to these natural handicaps they are to be made to pay dearly because supplies are held back by distributing companies, there is a good case for some remedial action. It is stated on good authority that American fruit combines control a large part of the distributive machinery on the prairie, to regulate the supply of California fruit.

CRANBROOK TRADING CO.

Phone 183 Store opposite station

Prizes for Fall Fair

For best array of Fruit and Berries put up in "Economy Jars"—One doz. each pints, quarts, and half-gallon "Economy" jars and caps ..... Value $4.55

For best array of Bread, Biscuits, etc., made from "Mother's Favorite" or "Pride of Alberta" Flour—50 lb. sack of "Mother's Favorite" and 50 lb. sack of "Pride of Alberta," ..... Value $3.65

For second best—25 lb. of each $1.90

For farmer who enters best selection of Live Stock, Horses, Cattle, Pigs, Fowls, Etc., a receipt for $10.00 for, or as a payment on, anything in our carriage or saddlery line.

For farmer who has best exhibit of Fruit, Vegetables, and Grains—A $10.00 receipt for, or as a payment on, anything in our wagon or implement line.

Get Busy and Win These

Prompt payment of Insurance is a feature of all our companies. Phone us for a rate on your house or Store.

PHONE NO. 139

Hunt & Darling
REAL ESTATE & GENERAL INSURANCE

CHARACTERISTIC TRAITS OF THE TWO FIRST GENERALS OF THE SALVATION ARMY

The first two generals of the Salvation Army, the creator and his successor—father and son—are at the present sad moment of change being somewhat extensively discussed in relation to each other and in relation to the army which has been in a sense the work of both.

General William Booth was like some venerable vigorous and superhuman prophet of Israel. That was the old man who lay passionless and still in a red brick villa of a London suburb, and whom they talked of burying in Westminster Abbey or St. Paul's cathedral. There was a touch of Lear as well as a touch of Shylock in his aspect. Looking at him, as the writer has done from prabably a dozen platforms, some of them separated by distances measuring half the earth's circumference, it seemed as if he had lived bareheaded in tempest and tumult, as if the powers of darkness had swooped down upon him as he flogged the enemies of God with burning words and stormful gesture, as if Satan, who had assailed him with craft and cunning, had been baffled a hundred times and had struck him with blasts of hate and revenge.

There was no smoothness in the man, no oil, no softness, and but little unction. One could not imagine him with pomaded hair, a straight parting, and Heepish hands. He was rough cut from the rock. One thought that Satan had many times seized the mighty nose of the fiery prophet, and endeavored thus to fling him hammer-like into space. One never thought that the old general had been bred in an atmosphere of teacups and woolwork.

The son, on the other hand, would pass anywhere for an Evangelical bishop. He is smoothness itself. Shorter than the father, fatter, rounder, and kinder, he has the engaging manner and the cordial voice which give human pleasantness to diocesan functions. His face is full and round; white mutton-chop whiskers add the corrective note of professional dignity to cheeks otherwise entirely jovial; his white hair sticks up high from his head; his eyebrows are black; his small brownish eyes twinkle; he wears a pince-nez at the end of an unassertive nose; his mouth is tight and buttonish; the tone of the complexion, heightened by the black eyebrows and the white hair, is a greyish brown. A nice face, the face of a busy man, an indulgent father, and a rather pedantic head master.

Bramw?ll Booth is a man whose walk has acquired a style that some say is characteristic of the man. A friend watches him proceed across a room, move a bookshelf and then run forward to greet a visitor. It is difficult to decide whether he dances or sails in these evolutions. There is something of a pure and absolute glide in the movement, but the habit of walking on his toes gives an almost imperceptible impression of dancing to the action. He never does anything slowly, and walking least of all. The walk of a man is perhaps a guide to his character. He is in a hurry, but he desires to hurry pleasantly. He may have to knock you down and go over your body, but the blow will be a feather-weight and he will step as lightly as possible over your tenderest feelings. He is full of business, but his business is to be urbane. He has a thousand things to do, but kindness is the soul of all of them. If you waste his time, he will introduce you to one of his staff with so confidential a manner that you feel dignified and ennobled. If you have something useful to say, he will stretch his legs, lie back in his chair, and give you the feeling that he was never so entertained and diverted and interested before; but directly you have said all that is essential, up he will spring into an alert attitude, say what he has to say in reply, jump to his feet, extend a warm hand, and dance you out of the room to the stairhead before you are quite sure that you have got your umbrella and gloves in your hand.

It will be exceedingly interesting to watch Salvation Army history for the next ten years. The personality of General Booth counted for much. He was the foreground. His rugged features were familiar to all the world. Stock Exchange men spoke affectionately about him. People who thought him "queer"—they would have thought Elijah queer, and Cromwell would hardly have fitted into the conventional inches of their property—still spoke of him with condescending approval. He was "a fine old chap." Everyone had a kindly word for the picturesque and romantic veteran. They gave him money. They declared that he had really done something.

Will it be the same now? Will the Army keep this universal approval? The man who has made the Army the precise and efficient machine

The hobby of Bramwell Booth is an index to his nature, to the simplicity and tenderness of his heart. He loves, when his work is done for the day, to address gatherings of children. He does not greatly care for men's meetings; he is a useful member of committees dealing with social reform; but his main business in life is organizing religious enthusiasm and his chief hobby speaking to numbers of children. The business of his life occupies his brain; the hobby, his heart.

which it is now is still here, is still the brain of it, and will still control its legions. But he has lost something more than a leader who did not lead. He has lost in that old man his own flag and his own battle-cry. If one may say so without offence, the master-mind of Bramwell Booth used his father for world-purposes. He is infinitely the cleverer man; he is astute, adroit, cultivated, and sagacious. He is not the Prophet of God, but the statesman of religious fervour. It was once said to him, "Enthusiasm is a dangerous thing." He nodded his head, and replied, "Until you organize it."

This remarkable man gt heart is a very sincere and zealous evangelist But in his brain he is a statesman. His capacity for detail is extraordinary, is sometimes a danger to the larger issues of his statecraft, though he can be on occasion as daring and as bold and as vigorously courageous as the greatest organizer of the business world. But with all his gifts and powers—his amazing memory, his comprehensive grasp, his driving energy, and his wonderful knowledge of social problems the world over—he lacks that mystic center of attraction which creates passionate devotion in the disciple anh earns the respect of the world.

INFLUENCE OF TOBACCO ON HEALTH AND MORALS

The influence of tobacco on health and morals has been the subject of controversy ever since its introduction into Europe, and we seem to be no nearer a sane and definite conclusion now," writes a physician in the Dietic and Hygienic Gazette, "than at the time when smokers were actually persecuted.

"Tobacco is an irritant to the lips, mouth, teeth, salivary glands, stomach and intestines to some persons when used even in minute quantities, to all persons when used excessively. It is said that eight drops of nicotine (the active principle of tobacco) will kill a horse and that two drops will kill a dog.

"According to records in the senior classes of Yale college for a period of eight years those who used no tobacco were considerably taller, heavier and possessed greater lung capacity than those who were habituated to its use. This is a disputed point, however, and lacks confirmation by further tests.

"Smoker's cancer of the lip, smoker's sore throat, smoker's indigestion, smoker's amblyopia or blindness, smoker's nervousness or tremor and the 'tobacco heart' are conditions only too well known to the practising physician.

It may be said, without hesitation, that the aftermentioned harms wrought in the human anatonomy are due to individual idiosyncrasy or to overindulgence, and the idiom, 'What is one man's meat is another man's poison,' may in a sense be applied to the use of tobacco. 'Moderation' is a relative term. What is moderation to one may be excess to another.

"In this relation, therefore, every smoker must study and know himself. Everything—even pure water—is a poison if used in quantities to make it so; on the other hand, the most potent poisons, such as potassium syanide or arsenic, are often useful if taken in non-poisonous, harmless doses. If tobacco is harmful alcohol is to be looked upon as an extreme poison in comparison; if tobacco has killed thousands alcohol has killed tens of thousands.

"But, generally speaking, does tobacco smoking, if indulged in with reasonable moderation, really shorten life? I am strongly tempted to reply in the negative.

"It must be confessed, even by those opposed to its use, that in most tobacco smokers the judicious use of this weed removes exhaustion, restlessness and listlessness due to bodily and mental fatigue, and seems to restore mental equanimity with extraordinary promptness. Anger, chagrin, worry, vexation and irritability gradually and solemnly take their leave under the soothing, calming influence of a few puffs from the divine weed, and nothing else on earth can successfully be substituted—not even the nerve sedatives of the physician's armamentarium.

"The time honored after dinner smoke has become a real necessity, even more so than the spices or condiments of the table. This has become such a deeply rooted habit that deprive the smoker of his after dinner cigar, though this may be the only smoke in twenty-four hours, and he feels miserable and prone to nervous indigestion.

"The luxuriant sense of complacency and the calming narcotism of the mild smoke in the form of the cigarette has caused many of the gentler sex to indulge in its pleasures. Despite the numerous protests at first, many ladies of the royal courts are confirmed smokers. This is especially true in the court of Russia.

"Smoking is a fad among some women, and if indulged in quantities consistent with reason and in proper place and time there should be no more ground for objection than playing cards, attending champagne suppers, late dances, etc. Why object to the occasional whiff from the care dispelling, soothing cigarette which is really less harmful than the late supper? It should be a matter of pure personal like or dislike and not that of sex privilege.

"Smoking will shorten life if indulged in by those singularly susceptible to its effects or if the limit of moderation is overreached, bearing in mind that each person is a law unto himself regarding what is moderation. Under those adverse conditions tobacco may abbreviate existence just as is the case in overindulgence in meats, tea and coffee, which causes organic disease.

"But the habit of tobacco smoking, gauged by reason and discretion, is not only harmless pleasure, without which life would be sadly incomplete, but I venture to say that in the present day of strife and high mental tension, many lives are distinctly prolonged by smoking. If the nervousness caused by the high tension of life today, with its excitability, worry and restlessness shortens life (and this is agreed upon by all authorities), then tobacco, dispelling excitability, restless and overcoming the high tension for a while, will do more good than harm and will consequently prolong life.

"I do not advocate to the world the use of tobacco, nor do I condemn it. I ask the reader to draw his own deductions from the arguments presented. Inwardly, however, I say, 'Blessed be the divine weed.'"

POLLARDS RETURNING

WILL GIVE ONE PERFORMANCE HERE ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 2ND.

That great big, happy, clever company of youngsters, the Pollard Juvenile Opera company, is due at the Auditorium for an engagement of one night only, October 2nd. It has been several years since this company appeared in this city, and the record then left by the little Australians is still fresh in the memories of thousands of delighted theatregoers. Of course the "Kiddies" are larger now but they are also more experienced. The operas and musical comedies which they produce are among the most difficult in the category of the musical stage, but these little veterans handle every feature with fully as much cleverness as the grown-ups, who must really now look to their laurels.

Teddy McNamara, Willie Pollard, Eva Pollard, and a host of other old favorites, will appear with the Juveniles, which comprises some thirty-five membtrs.

Everybody who has visited the theatres during recent years remembers the Pollard Juvenile Opera company, which enjoyed such a wide vogue throughout this continent. Well, the youngsters are coming back after three years in other lands. They are coming back with their wits sharpened, their ideas broadened and their careers assured. Every one of the young folks who compose this latest company is tried and true and has a training which would entitle him or her to a position in the front ranks of the grown up professional companies. The repertoire this season is delightfully complete and contains operas and musical comedies for the most part new to this vicinity. There are some thirty-five or forty of the Pollards this season and the scenic productions are even more complete than heretofore.

BRITISH M. P'S SANE ADVICE

Several British Tory M. P.'s have been visiting Canada recently, and doing a lot of talking on imperial subjects. Mr. Henry Vivian, Liberal M.P. for Birkenhead, recently in Winnipeg, when asked if he had observed that Rt. Hon. Walter Long and other prominent Conservatives had been here making political speeches, and if he intended doing the same thing, Mr. Vivian replied "No. I have no intention of making any political speeches in Canada and personally, I deprecate the fact that British politicians, of any party, should go stumping the different parts of the empire and seeking, in any way, to exploit imperial sentiment for party purposes. My own view is that conditions in different parts of the empire are all so varied that it is only along the line of local autonomy that the empire can be kept together for purely imperial purposes. Even any step to weld the empire together for purposes obviously common, must be approached with caution, and every step forward should have behind it the approval of, not one party alone, but of the whole people. To take a step which does not secure common consent involves making that step a party question in the different parts of the empire. For these reasons, therefore, I feel that when British politicians visit the various dominions, they should go to learn rather than to interfere in political questions. I should take exactly the same view in regard to politicians from different parts of the empire who stumped Great Britain for their own political purposes."

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ODD FELLOWS FOREGATHER IN WINNIPEG.

The week commencing Saturday, September 14th, was the busiest ever in the history of Winnipeg. On that day Odd Fellows from every corner of the continent numbering tweaty thousand, assembled there for the session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge.

Every possible hall in the city has been booked for the occasion. Hotels have requests for reservation that far exceed their capacity, and arrangements are being made for accommodation wherever possible in the city. Accommodation bureaus are being established for the convenience of visitors so that they may find all their wants attended to during their visit in Winnipeg,

The session proper commenced on Monday morning and the preliminary gatherings took the form of a welcome on the part of Winnipeg and Manitoba to the visitors. The meeting was held in the Central Congregational church and His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor presided.

On Tuesday there was a garden party at the government house and in the evening there was a reunion of the past grand repfesentatives. Hon. Dr. Roche presided and the speakers iocluded Allred S. Pinkerton, past grand sire, of Boston, Mass., and Rev. Peter Simpkin, past grand representative, of Salt Lake City.

On Wednesday there took place the greatest parade ever known in Winnipeg and one of the biggest ever held on the continent. Those taking part fell in on Broadway, west of Colony, the various sections taking their places on the various streets north and south. At 3 o'clock the parade commenced, going down Broadway to the Union depot, along Main street to the Royal Alexandra and back to Portage avenue, then west to Kenny and back to Broadway, where it dispersed.

In the evening there was held the ball of the Patriarchs Militant in Manitoba hall.

On Thursday the city entertained the representatives at a dinner at the Royal Alexandra. On Friday in the evening the decoration of chivalry will be conferred in the Amphitheatre, and the prizes for the degree competitions will be awarded. Saturday, September 21st, will be the closing day and delegates will leave for home.

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Meets every Tuesday at 8 p.m. at Fraternity Hall.
N. S. Houston, C.C.
F. A. Stride, K. of R. & S.
Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.

I.O.O.F., KEY CITY LODGE, No. 42
Meets every Monday night at New Fraternity Hall. Sojourning Oddfellows cordially invited.
H. E. Stephens, N. G. — W. M. Harris Sec'y.

DURHAM ENCAMPMENT NO. 12. I.O.O.F.
Meets first and third Wednesdays in each month.
A cordial reception extended to visiting brothers.
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MAPLE LEAF REBEKAH LODGE No. 19.
Meets every second and fourth Wednesday at Fraternity Hall.
Sojourning Rebekahs cordially invited.
Miss Nellie Baker, N. G.
Mrs. Anna Beattie, Rec. Sec.

ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS COURT CRANBROOK, 8943
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32-tf R. S. Garrett, Secretary.

ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS.
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WOMEN AS PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGNERS

At last the much prophesied has come true. Women, not satisfied with the privilege of marking their little ballots, are out in the thick of the presidential campaign in the United States. There are three chief organizers, one for each presidential candidate. And the strange part is that the men of the United States appear to wish the women to do just what they are doing. Not one presidential candidate is reported to have made a speech about the beauty and eminently feminine quality of influencing indirectly. They all appear to be out for as much direct, straight from the shoulder, and all the rest of it influence as they can get. Nor have they spoken of "the mess of politics."

Miss Helen Varick Boswell is of the party which would "let things be," and she is working for the return of President Taft.

Mrs. J. Borden Harriman believes that Woodrow Wilson is the man needed right now at the head of that great nation, and for that she is working, while Miss Alice Carpenter believes that a radical change would benefit the people and she is working for the new progressive party.

It is plain to the New York Evening Post (Ind.) "that the national chair-woman has arrived on the scene. The politicians have suddenly found out that women vote in six states; that there is an insistent demand for the suffrage among them in many other states, and that they have become a political force to be reckoned with." So that the Evening Post even ventures to take it for granted "that the chairwoman has come to stay; that henceforth work among the women voters will be as regularly part of a presidential campaign as among Italians or German-Americans, or negroes." The activity of "so many clever, energetic, and accomplished women" in "the posts of official responsibility and co-operation" given to them in this campaign is taken by the New York Sun as "an additional evidence of the increasing force of women in politics and of the value set upon their political services by the trousered politicians."

"One doesn't have to be actually decrepit to remember when there was something almost ludicrous or eccentric about a woman in politics. We see them now in places requiring sound judgment, exquisite skill, tact—which nobody will deny them—in short, having an opportunity to show in practical political work those qualities that have been admired so much in their administration of charities and in their religious and educational occupations and avocations."

Woman's influence will be utilized, in a great variety of ways in this campaign, notes the Boston Christian Science Monitor; "they will act as contributors to party treasuries, as speakers at formal and informal gatherings of voters, as members of national, state, and local supervisory committees, and as voters." And this participation, adds The Monitor, is not to be without effect on the women themselves:

"The process of induction into more active share in practical politics will inevitably moderate the radicalism of many women, as they find how largely it is a matter of compromise. Not the least significant aspect of the invasion of the modern political world by military women is the far-reaching effect it is bound to have upon the doctrinaire idealism hitherto so characteristic of her. She in turn may make civics more idealistic; but doubtless she will have to give as well as take, surrender as well as grasp, be content with half a loaf, and 'fail to rise again.' Jane Addams as a partisan progressive can not be as hard and fast a reformer as she is when managing Hull House or attending a charities and corrections convention."

The New York American (Dem.) would have us "consider whether this sudden incursion of women into politics ought not to bring into the field a new kind of political intelligence." And it asks:

"Are the women going to just thresh over the old straw of masculine partisanship?

"Or are they going to give us a fresh view?"

As if in answer to this question, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, who has been the chief organizer of the Women's National Wilson and Marshall League, and has appeared on the stump for the Democratic candidate, writes in the New York Herald (Ind.) a message to American women. She, at least, believes that women entering politics—and she urges all women to enter—will bring a "fresh view" of things. Irrespective of parties, there are certain measures for which all women should stand, thinks Mrs. Harriman. "Among these are measures righting inconsistencies in our present industrial situation," and benefiting children, the home, and public health and morals. Furthermore, she says, "women should add their influence to those who are struggling to bring politics into the open, to make it the business of the whole people, but how else can the common interests be promoted?" Mrs. Harriman goes on to make a specific appeal to three classes of women, "those who already have the vote, those who haven't it, but desire it, and those who have no wish ever to be enfranchised":

"Those women who now have the ballot should give their votes to those leaders who are setting up the old standard of principle for all men to follow, instead of tolerating the degeneration that has come into our political life, resulting from the control of the many by the few. . . .

"The women should vote for a leader who in practical executive work has proved what an executive who has the welfare of the working classes at heart can do for them through legislation. . . . .

"The woman voter particularly should consider the increased cost of living when selecting the platform and the candidate for whom she will cast her ballot. Women as the purchasers of almost everything that comes into the house feel most keenly the effect of the increased cost of living.

"One of the causes of the increased cost is the tariff. It is time that women awoke to the fact that the tariff is no remote issue which has no relation to their individual lives, but that tariff measures are intimately related to the every-day affairs of the household and that the details of household expenditure, to which the wife and mother devotes so much of her time, are directly affected by tariff measures, which she has sometimes felt were not at all in her province.

"Those women who already have the franchise can add much to the dignity of our country by proving that in order to be successful in a campaign it is not necessary that it should be fought out in a slough of personalities and recriminations, but may be won on the uplands by standing for a cause and truly believing that cause to be bigger than any one leader.

"Those women who want the suffrage, but have not yet attained it, and who are willing to leave the suffrage issue temporarily in abeyance, by taking a sane stand and an active part in this campaign, can demonstrate that they are worthy of the vote better than in any other way. Certainly, until they attain that which they believe to be their right, there is much that is directly at their doors which needs their influence and attention.

"Where women do not desire equal franchise they still can not divest themselves of the responsibility of indirect influence through one or more members of the community. So should they not make themselves familiar with important questions that they may use their influence to the best possible advantage?

"Finally, let the influence of the women be used to keep all bitterness and backbiting out of political campaigns, remembering that differences of opinion are only superficial after all. It is the fundamental desire for right and justice that counts."

While several suffragist leaders explain that their movement is entirely non-partisan, others as prominent are working in the Progressive ranks. Their attitude is thus explained by Miss Carpenter, who is organizing the Progressive women:

"Instead of fighting outside the party, we are now a part of it. Instead of being a man's party exclusively, the Progressive party is for both men and women. Just think of what that means! The great new party is represented on its national committee by both men and women. The party does not simply endorse woman's suffrage, but it pledges itself to it, and one of its planks is the franchise."

Miss Boswell, who is helping Mr. Hilles in his campaign to re-elect President Taft, does not believe that there is any "tumbling over by women to attach themselves to the third party." She is making careful plans for country-wide work among women and says she expects "to get in touch with the county chairmen of the Republican party all over the United States, but particularly in the states where women vote. Through the chairman we will get into touch with leading Republican women, and organize joint campaign committees of men and women, then I guess we will be able to make things hum."

THE EFFECT OF VOTES ON WOMEN IN FINLAND

The average woman in Finland, writes Miss Edith Sellers, in the Nineteenth Century, is more gifted in more ways than the average woman in other countries. "She is intellectually more alert, has more natural ability and more originality." Women votes in Finland are in the majority. We quote Miss Sellers here:

"Last year there were 1,350,058 names on the parliamentary register, and 707,247 of them were the names of women. Universal suffrage did not come into force in Finland until 1906, and since then five general elections have been held. At the first, that of 1907, 899,347 persons voted; but it is uncertain how many of them were men and how many women, as their votes were all clubbed together. At the second, 416,373 men voted and 401,194 women; at the third, 439,847 men and 312,280 women; at the fourth, 409,888 men and 386,683 women; and at the fifth, 419,491 men and 387,603 women. In 1908, 68.9 per cent of the men who could vote did, and 60.3 per cent of the women; while in 1911 only 65.3 per cent of the men who could vote did, and only 54.8 per cent of the women. Although during these years, 1907-11, the electorate had increased by 77,185, only 318 more men voted in 1911 than in 1911 than in 1907; while the number of women who voted were actually less by 13,591 in 1911 than in 1908. At every election fewer women vote in country districts, although not in towns."

Of the nineteen women first elected to parliament, fifteen were Extremists. The cleverest had been a servant. The women who do not vote as their men folk vote, vote almost invariably Socialist.

Upon inquiring of members of all classes, parties and schools of thought, the writer is convinced that the introduction of the woman vote into politics in Finland has not raised the tone of public life. In the first place she says:

"That certain changes have come over many women since they have had votes no one denies; many women are much more active now than they were before 1906, more aggressive, more bent on being to the fore in everything. Finnish servant-maids, for instance, are many of them quite different now from what they were when I first knew them, some ten years ago. The very way they set down their feet is different, the very way they hold their heads. The sound of their voices, too, is changed and, oddly enough, even the expression of their faces. They have become personages now that they have a voice in the management of the affairs of the nation, and they know it. They show, too, that they know it, which is only natural, although perhaps not always wise.

I have been assured in all seriousness that it is not their own convenience that mistresses have now to consult in making their household arrangements, but solely the convenience of their servants. Should a Socialist orator announce that he will give an address at the hour when most families dine, most families must either change their hour or go without dinner, if their maids have a fancy for hearing him. A mistress may be left "to do" for herself for the day altogether, if any debate of special interest to those who are supposed "to do" for her is being held in parliament. That many women of the second order have had their heads a little turned, since female suffrage came into force, almost every common-sense Finnish man, I know, and most of the common-sense Finnish women, stoutly maintain."

The same witnesses declare that a fairly large section of town-dwelling Finnish women have less sweet reasonableness since they got a vote. They are much more eager to be out in the world than in their own homes; home life has lost all attraction for them. Babies are at a discount among them. At the same time Miss Sellers reports madness is increasing everywhere, but nowhere quite so rapidly as in Finland, it seems. A Poor Law official who was trying to introduce the Elberfeld system was assured it would not succeed because he could not get voluntary helpers. He said to Miss Sellers, "Oh, if only our ladies here would give a little less thought to politics and a little more thought to the poor!" A Finnish lady insisted on compassionating Miss Sellers because she was subject to such cruel oppression in her own land. In spite of all that Miss Sellers could say to the contrary, the lady insisted that she was oppressed. There is no fear of clerical influence, "for a woman in Finland would as soon think of asking a chimney-sweep for advice as of asking a pastor."

A different testimony is given by another observer, Mr. V. Palen-Kordes, who records his observations in the Contemporary Review. He says:

"Up to the beginning of last year the women brought in twenty-nine different legislative bills, of which the Siem passed the following: (1) The establishment of laws for child protection against ill-treatment; (2) complete freeing of the wife from the legal guardianship of her husband; (3) the raising of the marriage age from fifteen to eighteen years; (4) the organization of colonies for youthful criminals; (5) the right of women to assist in the department of public medicine; (6) the abolition of police observation over prostitutes."

Women's bills awaiting decision deal with maternity insurance, establishment of government midwives, giving a wife the right to dispose of her children, appointment of women as factory inspectors. In all questions dealing with social and hygienic matters the women have taken a great interest. They unanimously supported the bill prohibiting the importation, sale, and consumption of alcohol. The number of women deputies fluctuates between nineteen and twenty-four. They belong to different parties. The electors have, with few exceptions, returned to every Seim the women deputies they have once elected—which may be considered the best criticism of their work. This is a vignette of the chief women in parliament:

"The most prominent woman deputy is, according to general opinion, the Social Democrat, Mina Silanpee, editor of a journal. Her history is a very interesting one. After education in an elementary school, she became a worker in a factory, and later a cook in Helsingfors. She spent every spare minute in reading and self-education, and by hard work has become one of the most intellectual and popular women in Finland. She went through all her elections without difficulty, each time receiving a great number of votes. Mina Silanpee is a splendid orator and organizer. She has done a great deal in organizing domestic servants. Together with Ch. Persinen, she edits a journal entitled The Woman Worker."

Another woman, Hilda Kekikoski, belonging to the Conservative Old Finnish party, proposed to read a few verses out of the Bible, with explanation of them, at each meeting of the Seim before the commencement of business. The proposal failed. To the Finnish women every profession is open. They serve in the marine service, and have been much appreciated.

This writer concludes by saying:

"When women first entered parliament they were met with much doubt and suspicion. Many a man and woman prophesied the end of Finland. Now, after five years, everybody must be convinced that women have entered parliament with the earnest wish to improve their country, and, what is still more, that they have known how to do it, and have achieved, comparatively, a splendid result."

SIR THOMAS LIPTON COMING

FAMOUS YACHTSMAN WILL MAKE A TOUR OF CANADA.

Sir Thomas Lipton has at last definitely decided to visit Canada. He will be in Toronto and other Canadian cities some time during October. The details of his itinerary have not yet been completed, but will be known before long. He will leave England near the end of September with the object of taking a pleasure trip through the United States and Canada, especially the north-western portion of the Dominion. He intended to take this trip when he was in America in 1909, and regretted very much that he was prevented from so doing. He has long been eager to tour through Canada, and intends this time to go as far as the Pacific coast.

$50 in Bank Prizes

No. 52041.

108 Cheques Will be Distributed Among Canadian Farmers. Will You Get One of Them?

In addition to the twenty-seven first prizes of $50 each, there will be eighty-one other cash prizes, ranging from $10 to $25 in our

1912 PRIZE CONTEST FOR FARMERS

This contest is along the same lines as the one which was so successful last year, except that there are three times as many prizes, and therefore three times as many chances for each contestant to win. Every farmer in Canada who uses "Canada" Cement is eligible to compete. The conditions are such that large and small users of cement have equal opportunities to win a $50 prize.

The contest is divided into three classes, and there are first, second, third and fourth prizes ($50, $25, $15 and $10) in each class.

CLASS "A"—Prizes to be awarded to the four farmers in each province who use most "Canada" Cement on their farms in 1912.

CLASS "B"—Prizes to be awarded to the four farmers in each province who send photographs of the *best concrete work* done with "Canada" Cement on their farms in 1912.

CLASS "C"—Prizes to be awarded to the four farmers in each province who send the best *description*, telling how any piece of concrete work was done with "Canada" Cement. (Entries for this prize must be accompanied by photographs of the work.)

In addition to thus being divided into classes, so as to give small users of cement an equal chance with those who use more, the Contest is also divided into nine divisions, one for each province. So you see you need only to compete with the other farmers of your own province, and not with those all over Canada.

Don't think that because you have never used cement, you cannot win a prize. Many of last year's prize winners had never used cement before they entered the Contest. We will send you a free book, "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete," that will not only help you in the Contest, but will tell you everything you could want to know about the use of cement on the farm.

Don't delay but send us your name and address to-day and get this free book and full particulars of the Prize Contest right away.

Use a letter, postal or coupon.

Send me particulars of your 1912 Prize Contest.

Address Publicity Manager

Canada Cement Company Limited

501 Herald Bldg. - Montreal

A free book, "What the Farmer can do with Concrete" will be sent to all who request details of the Prize Contest.

FERNIE LAND DISTRICT.

District of South East Kootenay.

TAKE NOTICE that Benjamin B. Ralph, of Winnipeg, Man., occupation physician, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted on the south end of an island in the Elk River, opposite Lot 227 and following the shore around the island to point of commencement, being 10 acres, more or less.

Benjamin B. Ralph.

Dated 28th August, 1912. 38-9t

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that I, John Livingston, of Cranbrook, in the Province of British Columbia, miner, intend to apply to the Minister of Lands for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land in Block 4593, South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post placed at or near 2 miles east of the S. E. corner of Lot. No. 10084; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to place of commencement.

John Livingston.

Located July 23, 1912. 38-5t

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Joseph Livingston, of Cranbrook, in the Province of British Columbia, intend to apply to the Minister of Lands for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land in Block 4593, South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post placed at or near 2 miles east of the S. E. corner of Lot 10084; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to place of commencement.

Joseph Livingston, Locator,
J. Livingston, Agent
Located July 23, 1912. 38-5t

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Joseph Brault, of Cranbrook, in the Province of British Columbia, intend to apply to the Minister of Lands for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land in Block 4593, South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post placed at or near 2 miles east and one mile south of the S. E. corner of Lot 10084; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to place of commencement.

Joseph Brault, Locator.
J. Livingston, Agent.
Located July 23, 1912. 38-5t

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Allen De Wolf, of Cranbrook, in the Province of British Columbia, intend to apply to the Minister of Lands for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land in Block 4593, South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post placed at or near 2 miles east of the S. E. corner of Lot 10084; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to place of commencement.

Allen De Wolf, Locator.
J. Livingston, Agent.
Located July 23, 1912. 38-5t

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that I, J. J. Cameron, of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, intend to apply to the Minister of Lands for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land in Block 4593, South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post placed at or near 3 miles east of the 32 mile post on the C.P.R. survey line, Block 4593; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to place of commencement.

J. J. Cameron, Locator.
J. Livingston, Agent.
Located July 20th, 1912. 38-5t

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that I, John Cameron, of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, intend to apply to the Minister of Lands for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land in Block 4593, South East Kootenay.

Commencing at a post planted at or near 2 miles east of the S. E. corner of Lot 10084; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains to place of commencement.

J. Cameron, Locator.
J. Livingston, Agent.
Located July 23, 1912. 38-5t

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Mrs. H. H. Hughes, of Cranbrook, in the Province of British Columbia, intend to apply to the Minister of Lands for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land in Block 4593, South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post placed at or near 3 miles east of the 32 mile post on the C.P.R. survey line, Block 4593; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to place of commencement.

Mrs. H. H. Hughes, Locator.
J. Livingston, Agent.
Located July 20, 1912. 38-5t

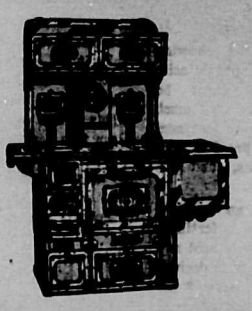
NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that I, James Glendy, of Cranbrook, in the Province of British Columbia, intend to apply to the Minister of Lands for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described land in Block 4593, South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post placed at or near 2 miles east of the S. E. corner of Lot 10084; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains to place of commencement.

James Glendy, Locator.
J. Lipingston, Agent.
Located July 23, 1912. 38-5t

MONARCH



This Range Makes Cooking Easy

The Range to Buy. Come in and see them

J. D. McBRIDE

Cranbrook, B. C. Phone 5

P. BURNS & CO., LTD.

Cranbrook, B. C.

PROVISIONERS and EXPORTERS

All Our Meats are Government Inspected

Head Office, CALGARY, ALTA.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS

We are pleased to note that the ranchers and fruit growers in the Kootenays and Okanagan are each season becoming more alive to the advantages to be gained from the application of fertilizers in the late summer and fall. This especially applies to strawberries and other small fruits that have but a short period between the appearance of the blossoms and the ripening of the fruit.

To obtain the best results from these fruits, it is important to have the plants and bushes attain their full growth, and to be well matured between the close of the fruiting season and the end of the growing period. It is at this time that the fruit bearing crowns or buds are formed, and their better development should be encoutaged now by the application of organic fertilizers at the rate of 500 lbs. to 800 lbs. per acre.

It has been found by experience that the use of liberal dressings of readily soluable, or organic, fertilizers, in the spring, has a tendency to encourage a rank growth of the plant, rather than to throw it into fruit bearing. If the fruit bearing crowns or strawberries and the buds of bush fruits, and fruit trees of all kinds, are well developed at the end of summer, they are in much better shape to produce earlier and heavier crops next season, if the growth is prolonged by the injudicious applications of either fertilizers or moisture, the wood will not mature properly before winter, and, the buds suffer in consequence.

For vegetable crops, it is good practice to apply in the late fall about 300 lbs. per acre sown broadcast on the land intended for these crops, and the remainder at the time of planting, in this way the snows and early spring rains tend to make the plant foods contained in the fertilizers more readily available.

Any brand of fertilizer showing less than 8 per cent phosphoric acid, or 6 per cent potash should not be used. The higher grades are much better value, and in some instances do not cost any more per ton than the low grade manures, and give more satisfactory results.

Generally speaking, no mistake can be made by applying a fertilizer which is high in phosphoric acid say 10 per cent to 12 per cent derived from bone, and potash from 8 per cent to 12 per cent. As these elements are not liable to leak through the soil, there is little danger of loss in this respect.

Some may be suited with a one-sided fertilizer that for the time being supplied one element, usually phosphoric acid, and in the meantime exhausts the other plant foods from the soil. The gypsum in acid phosphate also helps to exhaust the potash even faster. The common farm crops take from the soil from two to four times as much potash as phosphoric acid. The longer acid phosphate has been used, the greater the present need of potash.

In studying the analysis of organic fertilizers, it is important to consider the way in which the phosphoric acid is stated. We have seen a series of brands showing 15 per cent, 16 per cent, 17 per cent and 18 per cent, phosphoric from bone, whilst if properly stated as phosphoric acid, they would have read, 6.87 per cent and 8.24 per cent respectively. As a matter of fact, the brands under consideration as registered at Ottawa give the latter figures, but state that the total phosphoric acid is soluable in water, whereas one sample we sent to the chief analyst, and which was claimed to have 6.78 per cent water, soluble phosphoric acid shows 7.98 per cent phosphoric acid, of which only 5.86 per cent is available, and only 0.40 water soluble.

It is therefore easy to see how readily the farmer or fruit grower can be deceived by misleading figures.

BITULITHIC PAVEMENT

STANDS FOR ALL THAT IS DESIRABLE IN CONNECTION WITH A MODERN ROADWAY.

The Bitulithic pavement has played a very important part in the upbuilding of Western Canadian cities, and the streets in Calgary on which it has been laid are illustrations of the high standard of quality which it has uniformly maintained. It might not be going too far to say that this excellent roadway has contributed as much toward making Calgary a modern municipality as any individual factor. The first contract for its construction was awarded three years ago, and since then the general traffic of the city seems to have discriminated in favor of the streets where bitulithic is laid. The keenest observers have made a special study of this paving here and elsewhere, and they have admitted, sometimes against their will, that it stands for all that is desirable in connection with a modern roadway. Bitulithic and Contracting, Ltd., as a firm is entitled to be numbered among one of the city's great constructive agencies. It has done an immense amount of work and has done it well. There are no better streets in Calgary, than those where Bitulithic is laid, and it is encouraging to know that efficiency along this line is receiving its reward. The company's business is increasiog steadily, and its contracts for the present season amount to more than 500,000 square yards. For the six years ending 1912, total contracts awarded to it for pavements have represented more than 1,000,000 square yards. The best tribute to the quality of the work done is the fact that in connection with all this vast amount of roadway, the necessity for repairs has never arisen.

HOME RULE ASSURED

LEADER JOHN REDMOND SO WRITES TO PHILADELPHIA MAN.

Philadelphia, Sept. 18.—Michael J. Ryan, of this city, president of the United Irish League of America, has received a letter from John Redmond, the Irish Home Rule leader, stating that his brother, William Redmond, would sail from Ireland tomorrow to attend the national convention of the league to be held in Philadelphia the latter part of this month, and declaring that so far as Great Britain is concerned the battle for Home Rule has been won.

"Our only embarrassment," he said, "is in the attitude taken up by a section of the people of Ulster."

Continuing, he says, "This attitude will not, of course, prevent the passage of the Home Rule bill, and my own strong belief is that after that measure has become law, with that strong common sense that characterizes Northern Irishmen, our present opponents will rapidly fall into line.

"The Home Rule bill, will, therefore, pass through the house of commons before the end of this year, but I take it for granted that it will be immediately rejected by the house of lords.

"This means that we have practically a two years' struggle yet before us. During that time we will need all the material and moral support which is possible from our fellow countrymen abroad."

CHIEF GILLESPIE DISMISSED

Lethbridge, Alta., Sept. 17.—Chief Gillespie is dismissed, his dismissal to date from today.

Inspector Silliker and Detective Egan are also dismissed.

A new chief of police will be engaged as soon as possible, so that he may be able to re-organize the force before the week of the Dry-Farming Congress.

A meeting of the license and police committee will be called shortly to recommend the engagement of a new chief.

All the aldermen voted in favor of the motion disposing of the case. There was little discussion, it being generally agreed that the judge's report was sufficient reason for the action.

ROAD THROUGH CROWS NEST PASS

ALBERTA GOVERNMNT MAKING A GOOD JOB OF THIS WORK.

Coleman, Sept. 18.—A. W. Robbins, of Blairmore, who is overseeing the work being performed by the Alberta government on the wagon road through the Crows Nest Pass, is making a good job of it. Mr. Robbins' instructions are to make a single trail from Coleman west to the Divide, and he has a large gang of men working from Crows Nest lake to the summit. This portion of the road is about completed and should gladden the hearts of automobile owners. Trees, stumps and stones have been removed, the roadbed levelled and given a coating of clay, and that once dreaded climb is now easy of negotiation by a 20 horse power machine. From Coleman east as far as Burmis will be a double trail which, when finished, will be as smooth as a city street. A new roadway will be made through the Frank slide, care being taken to make it of sufficient width to accommodate all kinds of traffic. All grades are being reduced, hills cut down and every effort made to make this road through the Pass as attractive as possible for touring automobiles. There is one bad stretch of road between four and five miles west of the Divide, in British Columbia, but as the B. C. government is improving the roadway still farther west it is altogether probable they will put that portion in thorough repair.

THE COST.

Guest—That's a beautiful rug. May I ask how much it cost you?

Host—Five hundred dollars. A hundred and fifty for it and the rest for furniture to match.—Ex.

A Woman of Few Words

Mrs. Harry E. Bye, Main Street North, Mount Forest, Ont., writes: "Your remedy for kidney, bladder and stomach trouble has given me great relief. Have taken three boxes and now feel like living and better than I have felt for years and I give your

FIG PILLS

all the praise, for they are the best I have ever tried!" At all dealers, 25 and 50 cents, or The Fig Pill Co., St- Thomas, Ont.

Sold by the Cranbrook Drug and Book Co., Ltd.

GOOD CROPS IN FAR NORTH

Edmonton, Alta., Sept. 11.—H. H. Conroy, of the Indian department, said on returning to Edmonton from his annual treaty paying trip down the Athabasca and Mackenzie rivers, that a large crop of potatoes was harvested this season at Fort Good Hope, eight miles south of the Arctic circle. He reported also that M. R. Card, reoresentative at the Indian agency at Fort Simpson, opposite the confluence of the Lizard and the Mazkenzie rivers, in latitude 62, cut a field of wheat, oats, barley, potatoes and other vegetables. He is feeding oxen and horses. The department has established a sawmill and is cutting sixty thousand feet of lumber for agency buildings. Mr. Conroy visited Fort McPherson, the most northerly post of the Hudson Bay Trading company, one hundred miles north of the Arctic circle, where trappers reported a good catch during the winter. The post, which is on the Indian-Esquimaux boundary, is the base of supplies for the police at Herschell Island.

TO BAKE OR BUY BREAD?

DOMESTIC SCIENCE DEAN AT AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE SAYS CHEAPER TO BAKE AT HOME.

Oregon Agricultural College, Cornvallis, Ore., Sept. 18.—Shall bread be baked in the home? Mrs. Henrietta W. Calvio, dean of the home economics department of the Oregon Agricultural College believes it is not only cheaper to bake at home, but that the bread is more wholesome, nourishing, and cleaner. She has figures to support her argument.

"All intelligent women are now interested in discussing questions relating to industries in the home and those which can with advantage be taken out of the home and carried on in large factories or centres," says Mrs. Calvin.

"In regard to the production of bread, certain factors must be considered, as the comparative cost of the home produced article and that purchased, the comparative quality and cleanliness, and the general sanitary conditions.

"In considering the cost of home baked bread, it may be figured as follows:

Cost of flour for four loaves, 3 lbs.	$.11
Cost of liquid, one quart skimmed milk	.02½
Cost of yeast, 1 cake compressed	.02
Cost of salt, sugar and lard	.01
Total cost of materials	$.16½
Cast of materials for one loaf	.04½

"To the cost of materials must be added the cost of fuel used in the baking. If gas is used at $1 a thousand, it will add $.02 to the cost, making each loaf cost $.04½. If gasoline is used, at $.17 a gallon, the fuel will cost $.01½ for four loaves. If the ordinary coal range is used, the actual cost of baking will vary with the use made of other parts of the range at the same time, since a thrifty housewife will bake while cooking other foods or while ironing. If no other use is made of the range heat, the cost of baking will be nearly the same as when gasoline is used.

"Thus it is figured that the actual cash cost of one loaf of home made bread will be $.04½ if made with compressed yeast. Home made yeast will save about $.00 1-3 on each loaf, the actual cost being about $.03⅔.

"This loaf will weigh one pound. A baker's loaf weighs about 13 ounces and costs $.05. That is, four pounds of baker's bread costs $.25, and four pounds of home made bread about $.18½, a gain in money saved by home baking of nearly $.07.

"The time required for making bread is about one hour. There are many hours of a housewife's time which do not net her $.07 saving. There is little doubt but that the majority of housekeepers can so manage their duties that home baking will pay from the cash standpoint. A wage-earning woman, such as a teacher, can not afford to make her own bread, if it is considered from the money side only, nor could the over-worked mother afford it if $.07 was all that was gained.

"Thus we come to consider the question of quality. The highest grade of materials has been used in the home made article it has the highest nutritive value. If rightly made it is sweet, well baked, palatable and attractive. Baker's bread is too often slightly acid, over-raised and under-baked. Under-baked bread contributes to dyspepsia, and all its attendant evils. So perhaps it pays to make good home-made bread for digestion's sake.

"Watch the baker's wagon being loaded in the early morning hours. The coat, the gloves that were worn when the horses were harnessed are still on. The bread is piled high on the sleeves of that coat; it is handled by those gloves. Is the bread wagon very clean? Does the driver pile a good deal of bread on the front box and then pass the lines over it? In the hot summer days do the flies rise from the filth of the road when the wagon stops and swarm into the wagon? Are you certain that the bake-shop kitchen is as clean as your own? Did you ever find something unattractive in your bread?

"Perhaps it pays to bake bread at home because of better sanitary conditions. Money is not the only measure of worth. The $.07 gain is but a part of the total gain."

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

An eminent scientist, the other day, gave his opinion that the most wonderful discovery of recent years was the discovery of Zam-Buk. Just think! As soon as a single thin layer of Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or a sore, such injury is insured against blood poison! Not one species of microbe has been found that Zam-Buk does not kill!

Then again. As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a sore, or a cut, or to skin disease, it stops the smarting. That is why children are such friends of Zam-Buk. They care nothing for the science of the thing. All they know is that Zam-Buk stops their pain. Mothers should never forget this.

Again. As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or to a diseased part, the cells beneath the skin's surface are so stimulated that new healthy tissue is quickly formed. This forming of fresh healthy tissue from below is Zam-Buk's secret of healing. The tissue thus formed is worked up to the surface and literally casts off the diseased tissue above it. This is why Zam-Buk cures are permanent.

Only the other day, Mr. Marsh, of 101 Delormier Ave., Montreal, called upon the Zam-Buk Co. and told them that for over twenty-five years he had been a martyr to eczema. His hands were at one time so covered with sores that he had to sleep in gloves. Four years ago Zam-Buk was introduced to him, and in a few months it cured him. Today—over three years after his cure of a disease he had for twenty-five years—he is still cured, and has had no trace of any return of the eczema!

All druggists sell Zam-Buk at 50c. box, or we will send free trial box if you send this advertisement and a 1c. stamp (to pay return postage.) Address Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

BURNT GUMBO FOR ROADS.

(Harper's Weekly).

The railroad companies in the Mississippi Valley were the first to make practical application of burnt gumbo in the construction of roads. For several years they had been using burnt gumbo as ballast for their roadbeds in Illinois, Missouri, Iowa and other States of the Middle West. Burnt gumbo was first introduced as a substitute for crushed rock in regions where rock could not be easily obtained, but its superiority was so clearly demoostrated that it came to be used extensively even where ledges were abundant.

The mud is really an impure, exceedingly sticky clay. The process of preparing it for use upon the road is very simple. Cordwood is piled in a low pyramid eight or ten feet wide. Over this is thrown three or four inches of coal slack, and on this again is placed from twelve to twenty inches of mud. When the wood is fired a slow combustion occurs, which converts the mud into small, sharp-cornered, and exceedingly hard pieces, so that the product presents the appearance of red gravel.

The railroads have found that they can make and deliver the gumbo on board the cars at a cost of something like thirty-five cents a cubic yard, but when burned in more primitive fashion and on a smaller scale, as is usually the case on country highways, the cost is slightly greater.

Roads covered with this material are never muddy or dusty. They keep free from snow and ice, and are slow to get out of repair, and weeds or grass will not flourish upon them. The supply of mud is unlimited, its preparation simple and cheap. Experts claim that five years of systematic and intelligent work with burnt gumbo would make the principal country roads as passable all the year round as a paved city street, and at little more cost than the amount now wasted in "working the road."

TO RENT CHEAP

Large Warehouse.—Apply F. J. Deane, Herald Office. *tf

FURNITURE

We never were so busy as at the present time.

This indicates that our prices and goods are right and as represented.

We have come in contact with Calgary prices several times and in each case ours are lower.

We are not afraid to compete with any outside or local house.

We practise what we preach, "honesty and square dealing."

Quality always our first thought — THE LINK MERCANTILE CO. LTD. — Civility and square dealing our law

CLASSIFIED LOCALS

FOR SALE.—Forty thoroughbred S. C. Rhode Island Reds. Apply C. W. Bernard, general delivery, Cranbrook P. O. 38-2t*

LOST.—One Collie pup about two months old, light fawn color with white face and white collar. Finder return to Herald office. 38-1t*

FOR SALE.—One pony, harness, buggy, etc. Apply to Jas. Caslake, city. 38-1t*

FOR SALE.—A piano; almost new. Apply to Box 311 or phone 221, city. 38-1t*

A British Fire Insurance Office with over $1000,000 deposit in Dominion, wishes to receive applications for its agency by persons who can secure preferred and mercantile risks at Fort Steele, Wardner, Kimberley, Wycliffe, Doris, Windermere, Columbia Valley. Reply "British," Cranbrook Herald. 38-1t

FOR SALE.—One mouse colored horse, weight 1100 pounds, good and sound. Apply J. Brault, Canadian hotel. 38-2t

FOR SALE.—One team heavy draught horses. Apply D. Finlayson, Mr. Robinson's saw mill, Cranbrook. 38-4t*

FOR SALE.—Circular sawmill machinery, complete with edger, trimmer and sorting rig, in first-class running order; also all appurtenances thereto. Capacity 70,000 ft. B. M. per 10 hours. Several logging trucks and sleighs and general loggers' outfit. Also two lots and office building, corner Baker St. and Fenwick Ave. For further particulars apply to The Lund Land and Development Co., Ltd. 33-tf

AGENTS WANTED. — If you can hustle apply in writing to Sales Agency and Adjustment Co., Box 316, Cranbrook. 31-tf

Collections.—Let us collect your old accounts. No charge if we don't collect.—Sales Agency and Adjustment Co., Box 316, Cranbrook B.C. 31-tf

WANTED.—Girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. G. W. Patmore, city. 31-tf

WANTED.—Good general servant. Apply to Mrs. W. F. Gurd. 37-tf

FOR RENT.—A first-class building suitable for lodging or restaurant, 100 feet from C.P.R. station. Apply to Box 37, Creston, B.C. 37-4t

FOR RENT.—Office building on Fenwick avenue, corner of Baker street, formerly occupied by the Lund Land and Development Company. For particulars apply to P. Lund, Wardner. 37-tf

FOR SALE.—One steam boiler and engine, almost new, have only been in use for six weeks, 10 h.p., with all fittings complete, and in good working condition. Price $400. Apply to T. J. Mott, Cranbrook, B.C. 35-4t*

Several miles of telephone wire, in 150 feet lengths, suitable for fencing, can be purchased at bargain price from the Kootenay Telephone Lines Ltd. Apply to J. R. McNabb, manager. 30-tf

TO RENT.—Warehouse or storeroom space at reasonable rates. Furniture, pianos, trunks, buggies, sleighs, etc., stored in good dry warehouse. Apply at Herald office. Phone 18. 27-tf

For Sale

One Matheson Locomotive Firebox Boiler, mounted on wheels; 40 inches diameter by 15 ft. long; pressure, B. C. inspection, 100 lbs.

Also one Oxford Engine, 11 x 11.

May be seen at Benedict Siding, one mile east of Mayook, B. C.

For further particulars apply to Leask & Johnson, Elko, B. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claim against the estate of the late Otis Staples, of Wycliffe, B. C., who died on or about the 9th day of August, 1912, at the City of Spokane, Washington, are required on or before the 3rd day of December, 1912, to send by post prepaid to the undersigned, solicitors for C. Bayard Staples, Elmer Lowell Staples, Charles Otis Staples and F. William Green, the executors of the said estate, their names and addresses and full particulars of their claim in writing and a statement of the accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them, and such statement shall be verified by statutory declaration.

AND TAKE NOTICE that after the 3rd day of December, 1912, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and will not be liable to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.

Harvey, McCarter, Macdonald and Nisbet.

Solicitors for the said Executors. 36-5t

FUR RUGS — CRANBROOK TAXIDERMIST — FISH

MOUNTED

GAME HEADS

A SPECIALTY

John G. Mitchell, Prop.

P.O. Box 296 CRANBROOK, B. C.

CRANBROOK KINDERGARTEN

Held in Carmen's Hall

Conducted by MRS. R. A. RACKLYEFT

Certificated Teacher from London School Board

Hours: 10 to 12 a.m.; 2 to 4 p.m.

PHONE 220 P. O. BOX 238

Hotel Coeur D'Alene

Spokane, Wash.

A NEW AND MODERN HOTEL

(EUROPEAN)

A modern equipped Cafe at moderate prices

Rates $1.00 and up per day

Corner of Howard St. and Front Ave.

Our bus meets all trains

The Coeur D'Alene Company

PROPRIETORS

JABOB GOETZ, President

HARRY F. BAER, Secretary

22-tf