Prov. Legislative Assembly
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VICTORIA

THE CRANBROOK HERALD.

VOLUME 7. CRANBROOK, BRITISH COLUMBIA, THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1904. NUMBER 9

The Canadian Bank of Commerce
Head Office, Toronto.

HON. GEO. A. COX, President. B. E. WALKER, Gen. Man.

Paid Up Capital $8,700,000.00
Rest 3,000,000.00
Total Resources Nov. 30, '03 ..... 83,000,000.00

Deposits Received. General Banking Business Transacted

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT—Deposits Received—Interest Allowed.
PRESENT RATE OF INTEREST THREE PER CENT

BANKING BY MAIL.—Deposits may be made and withdrawn by mail. Out-of-town accounts receive every attention. Communications addressed to the manager of the Cranbrook branch will receive prompt attention.

CRANBROOK BRANCH. F. C. MALPAS, Manager.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

Capital, Paid Up $2,983,896
Rest $2,636,312

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, ONTARIO.
T. R. Merritt, Pres. D. R. Wilkie, Vice Pres. and Gen. Manager

CRANBROOK BRANCH
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT—INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

A general banking business transacted. Drafts sold available in every part of Canada, United States and Europe. Special attention to collections. J. F. M. PINKHAM, Manager.

He Lost

He is sad because he bet on Lethbridge

To be successful you must bet on on Cranbrook and buy your goods of the old reliable house

Fort Steele Mercantile Co. Limited

The FERNIE fire has taught us the fact that INSURANCE pays. In other words, you cannot afford to be without

INSURANCE!

Don't put it off until tomorrow. Insure today with

BEALE & ELWELL

DON'T MAKE A MISTAKE

As we handle no inferior grade of Silverware, it is all the best obtainable brand. Just put into stock a fresh lot, all this year's patterns, suitable for Wedding Gifts. It won't cost you anything to look them over and get our prices.

W. H. Wilson, Jeweler and Optician

WEDDING GIFTS

Sterling Silver or Cut Glass

is always in good taste for wedding gifts. We have a nice line of cut glass, Sterling tea, dessert and table spoons, dessert and table forks to choose from.

W. F. Tate,
The Jeweler

Official Watch Inspector C. P. R., Crows Nest Pass Division

DUTY ON LUMBER

The following on the lumbering industry of the province, from the New Advertiser, will be of particular interest to The Herald readers:

"The attention of the people in British Columbia, especially in the coast districts, is being directed to the serious position of the lumber industry, one of the most important of our provincial industries. It is beginning to be realized that the situation is one that concerns the general public almost as much as it does those directly interested in the industry. Indeed there is a large class which it concerns almost more than it does the millowners. The latter can, if compelled by the unfavorable situation shut down their mills and wait for more favorable conditions, meanwhile, of course, getting no return from their investments in mill and timber limits. But the thousands of employees deprived of their means of livelihood are in a far worse plight. Other occupation it would be almost impossible to secure and in the event of any long continued cessation of opperation of the mills, their would be no alternative but to "pull up stakes" and seek employment elsewhere. What that implies, only those who are immediately affected fully understand. And then to those must be added the tradesmen and merchants and a host of others interested in various business that are subsidiary to the lumber industry. To a very great extent the rapid growth of Vancouver during the last three years may be attributed to the great increase in the number of saw and shingle mills that has been established here. It is not difficult, therefore, to see how important it is to the whole community that the lumber industry should be in a prosperous condition.

The present unsatisfactory condition of the industry is the result of two causes. One of these is the demoralized condition of prices in the export trade. It may seem paradoxical to say that this has been brough about to some extent by the low range of prices, but it is a fact. Buyers abroad are afraid to buy, fearing that prices will fall still further and to protect themselves they demand reductions that it is impossible to concede. This condition of the export business it is, of course, beyond the power of the government or any one else to relieve. But the other cause of the present depression is different and that is the manner in which our home markets are being invaded by American millowners. In Washington and Oregon the industry is in a depressed condition, owing to bad foreign markets and the collapse of the demand in California and the Western States. The American manufacturers are endeavoring to get the railway rate to St. Paul of 40 cents per hundred pounds extended to points on the Missouri river, and by thus extending the area of their possible market, enable them to dispose of some of their surplus. In the meanwhile they can sell the upper grades of lumber at home, they cannot dispose of the common grades and they are "dumping" this part of their output into the Canadian Northwest at slaughter prices. The millowners of British Columbia have the same difficulty in disposing of their common grades of lumber. There is some protection for the upper grades and in any case American competition does not affect them but our mills have not a sufficient market for the common grades and then on the top of that they have this fierce competition from the United States in the Canadian market. That is the situation and unless some remedy can be found the mills must cease operations. The common grades amount to 80 per cent of the lumber produced and it is impossible to continue a business in which only 20 per cent of the production can be marketed. A market can be found for these lower grades in the Northwest Territories and it is for the purpose of conserving that market for Canadian mills that the assistance of the government is asked. Surely it is the duty of any government to preserve its domestic markets for the home producer. The Dominion government has just intimated its willingness to grant subsidies for the promotion of trade with Mexico. The trade in lumber from Pacific coast points to Mexico amounts to about nine million feet annually. The market in the Northwest Territories for our lumber were it preserved for the Canadian producer, would be about nine millions monthly, or about twelve times as great as the Mexican market which, in any case, we must share with the American mills. It is not worth while then to make some effort to preserve for Canada mills and Canadian labor the home market in the Territories.

The protection asked would not raise the present price. It is not a higher price that the millowners are seeking but an outlet for the common grades of lumber, without which they cannot continue to operate their mills. Even supposing the price were raised two dollars per thousand feet, the additional cost to the Northwest settler for the lumber he uses would be very little; insignificant, indeed, as compared with the outcry that has been raised about the matter. The average settler's house only requires about 6,000 feet and a large barn about 10,000 feet. So even were the prices raised to the extent of the proposed duty, the additional cost would be very small. But as we have said, it is not a higher price but an outlet for the grades of lumber that cannot now be sold, that the millowners are seeking.

A comparison of the manner in which the Northwest farmer and the British Columbia millowners are respectively treated under the present tariff is interesting and instructive. The farmer has protection on every item of agricultural produce and when the millowner buys the supplies for his logging camps he has to pay the duty in the price that the farmer obtains for his wheat and oats, his hay and grain, his beef and dairy products. But when the Canadian lumberman merely asks that he shall have the same protection from the American lumberman that the latter has under the United States tariff from his Canadian competitor, the Canadian is met with the assertion that this cannot be granted because the Northwest farmer must have lumber at the lowest possible price, whether it is from Canada or American mills.

Now if the duty was taken off agricultural products the Canadian lumbermen would be greatly benefitted. He could buy his supplies much cheaper in Washington and Oregon were there no duty on them than he can do in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. The difference in the prices of agricultural produce on the two sides of the Boundary is also another difficulty that the Canadian lumberman has to meet in the competition with his American rival. But he is prepared to meet all these difficulties if the Canadaian market is conserved for Canadian lumber.

Protection in the sense usually applies to that term is not sought. As long as Canadian lumber has to pay a duty of $2 per thousand feet on being imported into the United States, so long should American lumber be subjected to the same duty on coming into Canada. Fair play and equality is all that our lumbermen ask and this should no longer be denied them.

Under any circumstances the individual contribution would not be a serious tax, while the result on the lumber industry would mean the difference between prosperity and collapse. Few people have an idea of the magnitude of the industry and the amount of money it disburses in the community. No complete statistics are available but from data we have gathered we are enabled to make an estimate. We believe that the lumber and shingle mills on the coast here disburse in the course of a year for logs and wages and all kinds of supplies about six million dollars. If we add the mills in the interior of the provinces the amount will be probably eight million dollars. It is easy to see the commercial disaster that would follow a collapse in the industry that circulates that amount annually among the community. It is estimated that of the price of lumber at the mill from 80 to 85 per cent. is represented by the cost of wages and supplies.

The Federal authorities and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company urged the millowners last autumn to prepare for an immense demand this spring for lumber in the Northwest. With that end in view the mills of British Columbia have been manufacturing ever since last September and piled up enormous stocks intending for that market. A late season and bad weather have delayed the opening up of this trade. Now when it is about to commence the Canadian lumberman finds himself confronted by an invasion of lumber from the United States which is offered at almost any price if they can be turned into money. With his own home market protected from invasion from Canada by the duty of $2 per thousand feet, the American lumberman finds the Canadian market free to him for disposal of his surplus stocks and his Canadian competitor is helpless. Such a jug-handled arrangement cannot be defended.

It now rests with the people of British Columbia and their representatives in Parliament whether this state of things shall be remedied and an industry of such importance given a chance to exist. If nothing is done there appears to be no alternative but the closing entirely of the lumber and shingle mills, or their operation only on short time. The collapse of the lumber industry would be most disastrous to the whole community and no time should be lost in making such demands at Ottawa as shall at least put the Canadian industry on an equality with that in the United States. That is all that is asked."

A Lumber Circular.

Vancouver, B. C., 7th May, 1904

Circular letter to the people of British Columbia.

The policy of both political parties in Canada is to protect home industries. This policy has been adopted by all the principal countries of the world. Great Britain, the only free trade country, is now considering a change of policy. All the industries of Canada are protected except the shingle and lumber industries, which are the leading industries of British Columbia.

The Pacific Coast mills of the United States have been developed beyond the requirements of their own market, and they are now dumping their surplus upon our small Canadian market. They have a large and profitable market for their upper grades, and can afford to sell part of their shingles and rough lumber below cost.

Lumber, rough or planed on one side, and shingles, are admitted into Canada free of duty.

The United States now collect a duty of 30 cents per M. on Canadian shingles and $2.00 per M. on rough lumber, but the Washington lumbermen have convinced the local customs collectors that under the provisions of the Dingley tariff they must impose an additional duty of $5.50 per M. on British Columbia lumber, which they are collecting. They have also made strong representations to their own government, asking for an increase of the duty on shingles to $4.00 per M.

This effects every individual in British Columbia—the wage earners, merchants, and the manufacturers directly, and indirectly the people throughout Canada. British Columbia being a large purchaser of supplies and the necessaries of life from the other provinces.

The lumbermen of British Columbia have appealed to the Dominion government year after year without effect, as they have forseen the inevitable flooding of our markets whenever an industrial depression prevailed in the United States.

Will you assist us in keeping this trade in British Columbia by wiring and writing to your representatives and friends in the Dominion house and by concerted effort throughout British Columbia.

The Lumber and Shingle Manufacturers of British Columbia.

Big Mill at the Coast.

The biggest lumbering enterprise in the west is expected to make its headquarters in Vancouver this summer. While the names of the promoters cannot be disclosed at this juncture says the Province. The World learns on reliable authority that a group of prominent Ontario lumber capitalists will erect a large mill in this city in the immediate future. The representatives and timber cruisers of the promoters of the concern have been on the coast for several months and have secured extensive holdings of the best timber limits. Negotiations for a suitable site are now in progress and the company will shortly appear before the public in the usual manner.

The new concern does not intend to touch the local or Canadian market at all, nor will it ship into the United States; it is intended to go heavily and entirely into the export trade. The company will be, financially, one of the strongest in British Columbia.

The first work for which the plant will be installed and the immediate cause of the materialization of the company's plans, is the demand for ties and other lumber that will arise from the construction of the Panama canal. That this work will require an enormous quantity of timber for construction purposes is certain and the men behind the local enterprises are calculating on it in making their investments here. It is asserted that they have been given the promise of large contracts. An increasing demand for lumber, especially ties, is expected from Mexico, in which country railroad ties are reported to last a very short time, conditions of soil or climate inducing a kind of dry rot that destroys them as the teredo destroys piles in Pacific waters.

SULLIVAN NOW

The Sullivan will be worked. This seems to be assured. Sweeny is in control. T. D. Weeks, of Chicago, arrived today and went to the mine. Others will be here soon. With Sweeny in charge work will be pushed.

SWEENY CONTROLS.

Spokane Spokesman-Review.

Charles Sweeny was yesterday elected president of the Sullivan Group Mining company, and is now in control of the company's property.

The board of directors of the Sullivan company met yesterday, when the resignations of directors J. M. Armstrong, E. D. Sanders, M. W. Hamenberg and George W. Hull, were received and accepted. The four vacancies were filled by Charles Sweeny, W. C. Miller, Bruce Clendenning and W. J. Hall, employes of Mr. Sweeny. The members of the old board, who remain, are Senator George Turner, L. F. Williams, and J. C. Williams of Spokane; B. W. Layton of Ohio and J. W. Van Dyke of Pennsylvania.

Senator Turner, was elected vice president, E. J. Roberts general manager, Bruce Clendenning treasurer, and J. C. Williams secretary.

The old officers were Senator George Turner, president; B. W. Layton, vice president, and J. C. Williams secretary and treasurer.

Putting Up the Stock.

There is a disposition on the part of some of the holders of the Sullivan stock, to retain all they have, in the hopes that the deal now on will go through anyway, and they will be able to get the full benefit without making any sacrifice. It reminds one of building a sidewalk by public subscription, and having some people refuse to contribute on the grounds that the sidewalk will be built anyway, and the benefit will be secured without these same people putting up a cent.

The facts are, that if the required amount is not forthcoming by July 1st, so that 1,000,000 shares of stock may be placed in escrow for a year at 15 cents, the whole proposition will go by the board, the mortgage on the property will be foreclosed, and the stock will be wiped off the commercial black board. After months of hard labor and persistent figuring an agreement was reached with Mr. Sweeney and his associates whereby they were to take up the bond issue that is authorized to raise money to pay off the debts and furnish a working capital. The heavy holders of stock have readily agreed to the concessions made, as they are anxious to protect the interests of every stockholder by preventing a foreclosure under the mortgage. The stock was standing at 3 and 4 cents with no bidders until this new proposition was made, when on the strength of hopes thus raised it went up to 6 cents. The stock that is to go into escrow, is on a basis of 15 cents, so that at that figure the owner has a good thing, and if it goes above 15 cents, he has half of his stock to make still a bigger thing. What better can any fair minded man ask? Only the man who wan's it all and hates to see the other man make a dollar, could object to such an arrangement. If the people in this part of the country who have Sullivan stock want to protect their interests, they should see James Ryan without delay who is authorized to receive the same and forward it to Spokane for division and registration.

JOE. LAIDLAW DEAD.

Joseph Laidlaw, one of the best known men in early days in South East Kootenay, died last Tuesday afternoon at St. Eugene hospital from wounds inflicted by himself in a moment of mental aberration. The news was a shock to all who knew him, and it was hard for the people to believe that the report was true. For years Mr. Laidlaw has been a resident of this district. He was a man of liberal education and fine tastes, a natural born gentleman, and wholesouled and big hearted, with the faculty of making friends of all who knew him. During Colonel Baker's last campaign, he acted as agent for the Colonel, and proved himself to be a shrewd politician. For the past few years he has been at the North Star mine, and seldom came to Cranbrook. About two weeks ago he left the mine, and since that time has been in town. Two or three days before his death, he went to the hospital, as he was threatened with erysipelas. On two or three occasions he gave evidence of slight mental derangement, but little was thought of it as a few days rest seemed to be all that he needed to put him on the road to complete recovery.

The funeral will probably be held tomorrow from Beatty's undertaking rooms, and the body will be sent to Toronto, where most of the family reside.

Killed by a Woodtick.

The little two-year-old boy of Colin Sinclair, of Tobacco Plains, died this week from the effects of a woodtick burying itself in the neck and penetrating the spinal cord, death from paralysis resulting. It was a sad death, and as there is no doctor in that section, it was impossible to secure medical services in time to save the child.

Incorporation.

The committe on incorporation have secured the services of Thomas Stork to secure the necessary data regarding population, citizenship and property holders for making the application to the proper authorities. He is steadily at work, and will complete his labors in a week or two.

The Juniors Tied,

The game between the juniors of Fernie and Cranbrook, was not played until after seven o'clock Tuesday evening and resulted in a tie. The boys put up a clean, interesting game, but the attendance was small, owing to the late hour.

THE CORBIN ROAD.

A Vancouver, B. C. dispatch quotes a special from Montreal which says:

"D. C. Corbin of Spokane has been here. It is stated that the Canadian Pacific desires an entrance into Spokane, and it is understood on good authority that Mr. Corbin's visit had to do with the matter, he being in negotiation with the company. Mr. Corbin would not deny that his presence here was on that account, although he said the time was not ripe for any details. It is reported that his road will be known as the Central Pacific, and that it will be built to Yahk, on the Crows Nest Pass line, through the corner of Idaho into the state of Washington as far as Spokane. It is the intention to bring the line into direct competition with Jim Hill's road and tap a large and rich country. The idea is that Mr. Corbin will build the line and then turn it over to the Canadian Pacific. Mr. Corbin does not deny it, but the Canadian Pacific railway does."

Mr. Corbin said yesterday he had nothing to say on the status of his road, as he is still negotiating.

THE WATERWORKS.

The waterworks company have a notice in The Herald of this week to the effect that they will make application on the 27th of June for the right to construct a system of waterworks in Cranbrook. The company have completed all arrangements, and as soon as the franchise is secured, work will be inaugurated without delay in digging trenches and putting down pipes. Before snow flies this fall the principal mains will be laid and most of the town will have water. Let the good work go on.

RAILWAY CHANGES.

J. G. Taylor, superintendent for the Crows Nest division, is to be transferred, and A. Erickson, now superintendent of the Schrib rdi i. sion, and formerly roadmaster on this division, will succeed Mr. Taylor. Mr. Taylor and wife have many friends in Cranbrook who will regret their departure, and who will wish them every success and happiness in their new home. The news that Mr. Erickson is to return to Cranbrook will be received with pleasure, as he has always been a favorite on the Crow, and Mrs. Erickson was one of the most popular ladies of Cranbrook during her residence here.

It is understood that Mr. Chudleigh will succeed Mr. Scott as chief despatcher, and this will bring back a well known former resident of Cranbrook.

CRANBROOK HERALD

E. Simpson

Editor and Proprietor.

The Herald is worth $10 a year. It costs only $2. No man in South East Kootenay can afford to be without it, and everyone living outside of the district, who is interested in the progress of this section, should read it. It publishes the news while it is news. It is controlled absolutely by the publisher. No clique, party or individual dictates it policy. It don't try to please the people. It's desire is to publish a newspaper that will be a credit to the community. Send in your subscription and and you will be thankful ever afterward.

Advertising rates $1 per inch, single column, per month, no more and no less.

Reading matter 15 cents per line to non-advertisers, 10 cents per line to regular advertisers. Business locals five cents per line each insertion.

If you desire to reach the people of South East Kootenay you must advertise in The Herald.

The Herald has a firstclass job plant, and its work is of the best. The Herald don't want charity. It wants a square deal on your job work. If we can't suit you in quality and price, kick, and send your work to some Chicago house in the east that never saw a cent in Cranbrook.

OBSERVATIONS

BY THE OLD MAN

Legitimate sport will not be encouraged by players using language on the field that would be a disgrace to a railroad construction day bar room.

* * *

The order to go for a certain class that has infested Cranbrook evidently had a string to it. Most of those who took a bluepaper walk have returned to their old haunts, and are living a life that a yellow dog would be ashamed of.

* * *

An Indian called at the Prest studio one day last week, and after looking over the magnificent collection of pictures, consisting of steel engravings, paintings, etc., picked one that he desired to purchase, and would take no other. It was the charter of the local K. of P. lodge that had just been framed.

* * *

There are a few young girls in Cranbrook who are wandering around the streets at night when they should be tucked safely in bed. Mothers should know where their daughters are and who they are with in the evenings. A world of sorrow may be prevented by caution in time.

* * *

The Russian-Japanese war is not in it compared with the lacrosse game in Cranbrook on the 24th.

* * *

Will Rollins won a wager on the game Tuesday, and that evening he asked two or three standing near at the Wentworth to have a cigar. Among them was Tom Whalin, of Fernie, who had lost to Rollins, and Tom Rooks. Rollins laid a one dollar bill on the bar, and Rooks exclaimed: "Get your change, Rollins, or Whalen will have an injunction issued against that dollar." The cigars were taken and nothing more was said.

* * *

"That game is too brutal for me" said Jim Burrows, the prize fighter of Fernie, at the grounds Tuesday, and he left in disgust.

* * *

A Buffalo, N. Y., girl broke a man's short ribs while hugging him, and he has sued for $2,000 damages. That girl can come to Cranbrook without fear of damage suits.

* * *

Some of the people in the Fernie district are asking Member Ross what is to be done about the road that was started between Morrissey and Fernie just before election, and upon which work was stopped immediately after election. Queries of that kind are both unfair and foolish. There is no use of mixing politics with business. Getting votes is one thing, and building roads is another.

* * *

Victoria invites tourists to that city to see the beauties of the place, and those people who have elegant homes and magnificent lawns, are so "deucedly exclusive," that they shut out the gaze of travelers by inclosing their yards with high walls or hedges.

For Sale at a Snap.

That beautiful hospital at St. Eugene mission British Columbia is offered for sale as it stands, and where it stands. If not disposed of within two weeks it will be taken down and hauled to Cranbrook British Columbia. Apply to Thomas Kennedy.

For the Flathead.

It is now generally conceded that Morrissey Mines is the best point from which to start for the Flathead. Several parties have already started from there, and others contemplate doing so. Any one desiring information on the matter, would do well to write H. L. Stephens, of the Alexandra hotel, Morrissey Mines.

CRANBROOK WON.

BY S. A. CLANCY.

A very exciting lacrosse match was contested on the Cranbrook Turf and Athletic Association grounds on May 24th between Lethbridge and Cranbrook. The game was a fast one and at times there was some good combination work by both teams, but the game was devoid of that clean lacrosse that is enjoyed by lacrosse enthusiasts. From the face off the rough play was to be noticed and continued until the finish of the game, it being necessary several times for the police to interfere. The general opinion was that if the referee had been a little more severe on the rough players at the start there would have been less trouble. The checking on both sides was close and every man played to win. Gow, the star of the Lethbridge team, did not play up to form, as was expected, but showed a weakness all through the game. "Big Long Dunc," McLean checked him and did not give him a chance to get in his good work. McAvoy was a star on the Cranbrook defence. He played a fine game of lacrosse and certainly kept the Lethbridge home guessing. Carruthers also played in good form and although he was knocked out he showed the people that he was not a quitter. Wallace, on the Lethbridge home, played more of a slugging game than lacrosse, and he could not play a very good game of that. On the Cranbrook home Anderson played rings around the Lethbridge defence and never missed a catch that came any where near him. The Cranbrook team is indebted to him for the second game. Matthews has all kinds of wind and staying powers and plays the game. His place is nowhere else than center. He managed to find the Lethbridge nets although he did play centre. Dr. Stewart, on the Lethbridge defence, played a good, clean game. "Doc." is certainly a gentleman any place you meet him. Leitch played a good game notwithstanding that he got cut open in several places on the face. He is a hard man to check. Clyde Manahan could not have played a better game in goal, and his big brother George could not have been played in a better position. He is a hard man to check and he kept Ripley warm all through the game. Kearns and Bell played a good game also, and their combination work was hard to break. "Hec." has only been out of the hospital some two weeks and surprised many who did not expect to see him out on the 24th. Fennessey is a fast runner and can handle a stick as good as any of them. It was rather a drawback to the team that Henry Porter was off at the start of the game with a sore knee. He is one of Cranbrook's strongest defence, and necessitated taking taking Carruthers off the home and placing him on the defence, a position he has not been practicing or playing for a long time. Had Porter not been knocked out the score would have been different. Marsh, who played third home, is rather slow, but he gets some good work in just the same. Much praise is due Mr. McSweyn, manager of the team, for getting this aggregation of lacrosse players together and giving so much of his attention to the team. He showed that he knew something about managing a team in the way he directed their playing in the match.

Lethbridge has a strong lacrosse team and they can certainly play a good combination. They check close and hard, and we think this was the cause of a lot of the wrangling and ill-feeling shown in the match. One team is not to be blamed more than another, but there were two or three on each team that started the trouble and kept it up to the end. We hope that in the next match this rough work will not be noticed, as it is this that disgusts the spectators and kills the game.

The following is the line up of the teams:

A. Manahan	goal	VanHorne
D. McLean	point	Dr. Stewart
J. McAvoy	cover point	Fraser
P. Carruthers	1st defence	Wallace
G. Manahan	2nd defence	Scott
A. Leitch	3rd defence	Robson
W. Matthews	centre	Appleford
Ed. Marsh	3rd home	Robinson
J. Finnessey	2nd home	Skeith
F. Anderson	1st home	Ripley
A. Kearns	outside home	Gow
Hec. Bell	inside home	McMullen

Referee, J. Miller.

Timekeepers, Dr. McClure and R. E. Beattie.

Schaich In Court.

Nelson, B. C. May 23.—An unusual civil case occupied the time of the court here all day and was not concluded when the court arose. The action is entitled Arnold vs. Schaich. The plaintiff is a woman of this town. The defendant is a druggist of Spokane who has resided at Cascade City and in Nelson at times during the past four or five years. The plaintiff says she purchased two lots here in 1899. At the time she and the defendant were engaged to be married and she had the lots in question conveyed to him in trust for herself.

The course of true love came to an end early this year and when the woman asked the defendant to reconvey the two lots to her he said he would do so upon an adjustment of accounts, but that under any circumstances he would own the building.

GILLIER FREE.

Gillier, the hotel proprietor of Jaffray, who shot and killed John Magee in a drunken brawl in his hotel about five months ago, was acquitted at his trial in Nelson last week. The evidence of Gillier was to the effect that the men were threating to assault his wife, and he grabbed a gun and rushed into the room. He stumbled over some valises on the floor and the gun was discharged killing Magee. He said he went into the room to rescue his wife and not to kill anyone. He stood the cross examination well. Mrs. Gillier corroborated her husband's testimony, and the jury returned a verdict of not guilty. It was a great victory for S. S. Taylor, the attorney for the defense.

Edward Aho, of Michel, was sentenced to five years for the killing of Johnson, several months ago. Aho protested to the last that he was innocent of the crime. The testimony against him was circumstantial.

Methodist Assignment.

At the Methodist conference in New Westminster the following assignments were made for East Kootenay:

Cranbrook—Samuel J. Thompson.

Moyie—Louis Thomas, under superintendency of Cranbrook.

Kimberley—R. E. Collis, under superintendency of Cranbrook.

Fernie—John Robson, B. A.

Morrissey—One to be sent under superintendency of Cranbrook.

Michel—David W. Scott.

Coal Creek (H. W.) under superintendency of Fernie.

Elko—To be supplied under superintendent of Cranbrook.

Creston—to be supplied under superintendent of Cranbrook.

Frederick Brown on list of reserve.

To attend college R. E. S. Taylor, Thomas C. Colwell, A. E. Marshall.

The many friends of Rev. Thompson will be pleased to learn that he is to be retained for another year in Cranbrook.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL

Kaslo defeated Nelson in the lacrosse game played at the former place on the 24th.

Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Miss Edythe Magee and W. E. Cline, which is to take place at St. Mary's church Wednesday morning, June 1, at 9 o'clock. A reception will be tendered the bride and groom at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Magee, immediately after the marriage ceremony.

Farwell service will be held next Sunday evening at the Baptist church by Rev. Auvache, who leaves Monday or Tuesday for his new pastorate at New Westminster. Rev. Auvache has been very successful in his work, and he and his family will leave behind many friends in Cranbrook who will wish them happiness and success in their new home.

Tom Leask has sent a sample of panning from a piece of rock taken from the Leask claim in the Poplar district. It is a soft schist and if the lead would go as rich all the way it would run from $10,000 to $20,000 a ton. The Nelson News of Wednesday, has an interview with a Poplar creek man, who says the discovery of the richness of the schist rock is recent, and means that Poplar will be one of the greatest free gold districts ever known.

Handsome Drug Store.

R. E. Beattie is making extensive improvements in his drug store. A two story addition has been built at the rear, and the post office moved back to it. All of the front and the second story of the rear is to be used for the display of goods. When the improvements are completed, there will not be a more attractive or better arranged drug store between Winnipeg and Vancouver.

The New Lumber Company.

The Staples Lumber company received a shipment of horses and material last week and unloaded them at the mill site on the St. Marys. The horses are about the finest lot ever brought into this district. Mr. Anderson, of Stillwater, Minn., has arrived and is busy pushing forward the preparatory work. The machinery for the mill is on the way, and no time will be lost in getting things into shape.

Bishop Dontenwille.

Bishop Dontenwille arrived in Cranbrook today from a visit to Fernie and Michel. He will preach at St. Marys church next Sunday morning and evening, and at four o'clock in the afternoon, he will bless the new cemetery. He paid a visit to St. Eugene Mission today, and will leave Monday for the west. The bishop is one of the brightest members of the Catholic clergy in Canada, and is a general favorite with the people regardless of religious belief.

The man who keeps posted on the district is the man who reads the Cranbrook Herald.

RAILWAY NOTES.

BRAKEMAN INJURED.

Tuesday evening about seven o'clock, C. P. R. brakeman Charles Long was badly injured. He was working with Conductor Reid on a westbound freight. While cutting the air-brake-connection between two cars fell and was injured by a car passing partially over his left leg, badly crushing the flesh at the thigh. He was brought into the hospital for treatment. The reports this morning are that he is progressing favorably. The bone was not broken or crushed and it is thought that the leg will be saved. Mr. Long's many friends hope for his speedy recovery. Medicine Hat News.

FINE TOURIST CARS.

A recent addition to the rolling stock of the C. P. R. will be highly appreciated by the great mass of the travelling public.

The first eight of an order for twentyfive of a new type of tourist cars have been placed on the runs between Boston, Montreal, Toronto and Vancouver.

Those cars are the handsomest tourist sleepers ever built and are highly creditable to the C. P. R. company's shops, Montreal, in which they were built. The new cars are 72 feet long and contain fourteen compartments, seating 56 passengers. They have complete kitchen and toilet arrangement and spacious smoking rooms. In truth with the exception of the fact that the seats are leather-covered instead of plush-covered, and the interior fittings are of birch, and not mahogany, they might easily be taken for first-class sleepers.

A noticeable improvement over similar cars previously turned out is the arrangement of the seats, which are constructed so that plenty of room for hand baggage is afforded underneath.

Education and Life.

The object of all education should be to increase the usefulness of man—usefulness to himself and to others. Every human being should be taught that his first duty is to take care of himself, and that to be self-respecting he must be self-supporting. To live on the labor of others, either by force which enslaves, or by cunning which rob, or by borrowing or begging is wholly dishonorable. Every man should be taught some useful art. He should be taught to deal with things as they are—with life as it is. This would give a feeling of independence, which is the finest foundation of honor, of character. Every man knowing that he is useful thinks well of himself.

In all schools children should be taught to work in wood and iron, to understand the construction and use of machinery, to become acquainted with the great force that man is using to do his work.

In this way boys and girls would learn their aptitudes would learn what they were fitted for what they could do. It would not be a guess or an experiment but a demonstration. Education should increase a boy's chances of getting a living. The real good of it is to get food and roof and raiment, opportunity to develop the mind and live a full and ample life.

The more real education, the less crime. We want education through the head and the heart. We want manual training in our schools.

G. A. King.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the Board of Licence Commissioners for the Cranbrook Licence District will be held at the Court House in Cranbrook on Wednesday, June 15th, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, when the following applications will be considered:

Renewals.

A. L. McDermot, Wholesale, Cranbrook.

L. B. Vandecar, Royal Hotel, Cranbrook.

Dan. McDonald, Manitoba Hotel, Cranbrook.

James Ryan, Cranbrook Hotel, Cranbrook.

Joseph Brault, Canadian Hotel, Cranbrook.

J. R. Downes, Cosmopolitan Hotel, Cranbrook.

M. J. McPeake, East Kootenay Hotel, Cranbrook.

A. C. Bowness, Wholesale, Cranbrook.

J. McDonald, Central Hotel, Marysville.

Finch & Jones, Falls View Hotel, Marysville.

Nils Hansen, Wasa Hotel, Wasa.

Oliver Burge, Perry Creek Hotel, Old Town.

Dan McNeish, Steele Hotel, Fort Steele.

H. Reineman, Imperial Hotel, Fort Steele.

H. S. Mathers, Windsor Hotel, Fort Steele.

R. A. Fraser, Strathcona Hotel, Fort Steele.

H. Drew, North Star Hotel, Kimberley.

New Licences.

Wm. Small, Imperial Hotel, Cranbrook.

James M. Carroll, Ontario Hotel, Kimberley.

Transfer.

From Rollins & Dickenson to Shelton & Clapp, Wentworth Hotel, Cranbrook.

Dated at Provincial Police Office, Fernie, B. C. May 25th, 1904.

J. H. McMullin,
Chief Licence Inspector.

J. E. Stephens, M. Rockendorf
H. L. Stephens, J. Lawson,

B'ow Your Own Horn

If necessary. With us it is not necessary, for the public is persistently blowing our horn for us. That is what a good hotel will do for itself. Everybody praises this hotel because it is the largest and best in East Kootenay.

THE ALEXANDRA HOTEL,

Stephens Bros. & Co., Owners and Proprietors.

Morrissey Mines, B. C.

H. L. Stephens J. E. Stephens

We Never Sleep....

It is our business to serve the public and serve them right. We work early and late to accomplish results, and the BIG WHITE hotel, is always busy. When you spend a dollar here you get a dollar's worth. The best is the cheapest.

THE AUSTRALIAN HOTEL

Stephens Bros., Owners and Proprietors,

Morrissey Junction, B. C.

Notice.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia
In the matter of the Water Company Consolidated Act, 1897.
And
In the matter of the Water Supply Company, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that a Petition has been filed in the District Registry in the Supreme Supreme Court of British Columbia at Cranbrook, praying for a certificate under Section fifty-five (55) of the above mentioned Act, authorizing the Water Supply Company Limited, to construct and operate a waterworks system for the supply of water to the town of Cranbrook and the inhabitants thereof.

And notice is also hereby given that the application on the said Petition will be made by the Company to the Judge of the Supreme Court of British Columbia at the Court House, Baston Square, Victoria, on Monday, the twenty-seventh day of June, 1904, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

The date of the first publication of this notice was the 26th day of May, 1904.

Dated at Cranbrook, British Columbia, this 19th day of May, 1904.

W. F. Gurd,
Baker Street, Cranbrook, B. C. Solicitor for the Company.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date the East Kootenay Lumber Company Limited, will apply to His Honor, the Lieutenant Governor in Council under section 7 of the Rivers and Streams Act to clear bulders, log jams and other obstructions from the bed and banks of Little Sand Creek, British Columbia and its tributaries from its source to where the creek intersects the Crows Nest Pass Railway, and to straighten the course of the said creek and to construct dams, booms and make such other improvements as may be necessary for the driving of logs, fluming of lumber therein.

Dated May 23rd, 1904.

W. F. Gurd,
9 Solicitor for the Applicant.

Timber Notice.

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of lands and works at Victoria, for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post marked "F. Adolph N. W. corner post" planted where the east limit of lot number 4125, Group One, strikes the south limit of lot number 425, Group One, thence along the south limit of said lot 426 and lot 426, Group One, to the west limit of lot 459, Group One, 100 chains more or less, thence south 70 chains more or less to the north limit of the land formerly held by E. Foyle as a preemption, thence west 65 chains more or less to the British Columbia Southern Railway, thence north west along the said railroad to said lot 4125, thence north along the east limit of said lot 4125, 37 chains more or less to the place of beginning, containing 600 acres more or less.

Located the 25th day of May, 1904.

9 F. Adolph

Timber Notice.

Take notice that thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of lands and works, for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situate in South East Kootenay British Columbia:

Commencing at a post planted on the north boundary of Dan Howe's preemption and at the south east corner of Meager and Howe's timber license, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to the place of beginning.

Date this 24th day of May, 1904.

Agnes Elwell,
9 per Edward Elwell, Locator.

Timber Notice.

Take notice that thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of lands and works, for a special license to cut and carry away timber from lot 5459, group one, Kootenay district, being south of Cranbrook.

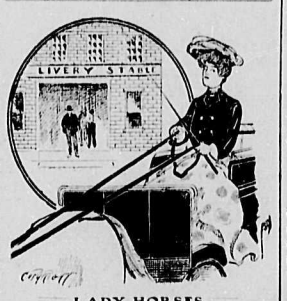
9 Allan Manson.

Cattle Lien Act.

To Charles Fransen:

Take notice that under authority of the said act we will sell by public auction a roan horse on June 3, 1904, unless before that date you pay us $50 00 due for food, care and attendance on said horse.

Geary & Doyle,
It Cranbrook, B. C.



LADY HORSES

We have a few that we have given this name because they please the ladies so much. They have the style and get-up in them that pleases. Never shy or get frightened at anything. Hire one of these outfits for your wife and let her go out for a drive some afternoon, and note the difference in your home greeting. It certainly will please her. Won't cost you but a trifle.

PAUL HANDLEY.

When you visit Cranbrook stop at the

ROYAL HOTEL

None Better In the District

Rates $1 and up. Short Orders and Oysters served in any style from 8 p. m. to 6 a. m.

The table is the best, the rooms are unsurpassed for cleanliness and comfort and the bar is supplied with the best brand of liquors and cigars.

L. B. VANDECAR, Prop.

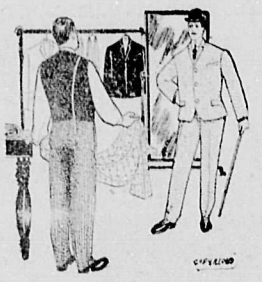
IT PLEASES US

to have you inspect things closely. Examine the cloth. Take particular notice of the weave. Keep looking till you find just exactly what you want.

IT PLEASES YOU

to have your clothes made so as to fit well, hang right and look stylish. Come here and we'll both be pleased. You'll get the kind of material and workmanship you want. We'll get your future patronage.

Leask & Henderson



FURNACES

Quality in your furnace system is what we aim at. Our business depends upon the class of work we turn out. We are

PRACTICAL FURNACEMEN

of many years experience. If we do your work it will be done right.

Patmore Bros.

A. C. BOWNESS,

WHOLESALE

Wine and Liquor Merchant

Agent for Calgary Beer and Porter

Agent for T. Lebel & Co., Hay and Grain.

I have a full and complete stock of liquors and cigars, and for the present my store is located in the Cranbrook Hotel block, opposite C. P. R. depot. Call and see me.

Cranbrook Hotel

Guests Comfort a Specialty

Good Stabling in Connection

Nearest to railroad and depot. Has accommodations for the public unequalled in Cranbrook.

JAMES RYAN
.....Proprietor

Hot and Cold Baths

Can't Fool the Horse

On the quality of his feed. You may try and make yourself believe that the poorer grades of oats are just as good, but a failing off of strength and flesh will prove different. We sell the best OATS that can be bought, and at the same price as ordinary stuff.

Harris & Jolliffe's
Meat Market

Timber Notice.

Take notice that thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of Lands and works, Victoria, B. C., for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, in South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post planted on the west side of the B. C. Southern Railway at mile post 34, thence west 100 chains more or less to the easterly boundary of C. P. R. lot 4592, thence south following the said boundary line to the B. C. Southern Railway, thence following said railway to the place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

Dated this 20th day of May, A. D. 1904.

E. Paterson,
G. A. Leitch, Agent.

Timber Notice.

Take notice that thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of Lands and works, Victoria, B. C., for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situate in South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post planted on the west side of the B. C. Southern Railway at mile post 34, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains more or less to the B. C. Southern Railway, thence following the said railway to the place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Dated this 20th day of May, A. D. 1904.

E. Patterson.
G. A. Leitch, Agent.

THE CRANBROOK HERALD.

VOLUME 7. CRANBROOK, BRITISH COLUMBIA, THURSDAY, MAY 26 1904 NUMBER 9

J. M. DERR,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.
Repairing Promptly Done.
Footwear to Measure a Specialty

B. H. SHORT

Painter, Decorator and Sign Writer.

All kinds of painting, papering and sign writing given prompt attention.

We give perfect satisfaction with our work.

B. C. LIVERY and FEED STABLE

New rigs, good driving and saddle horses at reasonable rate. Our aim will be to give good care to all horses stabled with us.

N. C. McKINSTRY, Prop.

Drink Home Beer

It is Pure
It is Healthy
It is the Best
Ft. Steele Brewing Co.

John W. Wolf

Boot, Shoe and Harness Maker

Old shoes made new. All kinds of repairing. Give me a call.

McVittie & Laidlaw.

Mining Engineers and Surveyors.

CRANBROOK, B. C.

THOS. T. McVITTIE, P.L.S.

J. T. LAIDLAW, M. E.

D. J. JOHNSON

CARPENTER AND BUILDER

JOBBING ATTENDED TO

OFFICE AND SHOP

OLD HERALD BUILDING

SIMPLE STRONG
SINGER SEWING MACHINES
SILENT OFFICES EVERYWHERE SPEEDY

Purchase Price $3.00 a month
Allowance made for old machine
SEE
ARNOLD & ROBERTS
CRANBROOK

CANADIAN PACIFIC
RAILWAY

World's Fair Excursion Rates

Nelson Rossland Trail

$60 ST. LOUIS **$65** CHICAGO

AND RETURN
—90 DAYS LIMIT—
DATES OF SALE

May 11, 12, 13, June 16, 17, 18
July 1, 2, 3, August 8, 9, 10,
September 5, 6, 7, October 3, 4 5.

RETURN TICKETS TO EASTERN CANADA

At corresponding rates on same dates. For full particulars apply to local agents or write.

E. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson — E. J. COYLE A.G.P.A. Vancouver

....TICKETS....

TO ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST

VIA

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

SHORT LINE

TO
St. Paul, Duluth, Minneapolis, Chicago
AND ALL POINTS EAST
Seattle, Tacoma, Victoria, Portland,
AND ALL PACIFIC COAST POINTS
Through Palace and Tourist Sleepers
Dining and Buffet Smoking Library Cars

2 OVERLAND TRAINS DAILY 2

For rates, folders and full information regarding trips, call on or address

S. G. YERKES, G.W.P.A., Seattle Wash. — H. BRANDT C.P.&T.A. 701 W. Riverside Ave. Spokane, Wash.

East Kootenay Bottling Co.

Aerated Waters

Of all kinds

Syrups, Champagnes, Ciders Ginger Ales, Etc.

Soda water in siphons. The most economical way to handle it.

SCAVENGER....

I am prepared to execute all orders promptly and at Reasonable Rates. I have all the equipment as required by the government, and have been a citizen and taxpayer in Cranbrook for a number of years.

R. STEWART

Dezall Brothers

Blacksmiths

Horse Shoeing

Carriage Repairing and General Jobbing....

Outside Orders Promptly Attended to.

Have You Any Painting to be Done?
Do Any of Your Rooms Need Papering?

IF SO SEE

W. N. CLARKE.

Estimates given on large contracts. We don't want the earth. We want to please you with the work and receive reasonable pay.

Royal Hotel, Cranbrook

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Cranbrook Methodist Church.

Corner of Hanson Avenue and Louis Street

Sunday Services:
Divine Worship ..... 11 a. m.
Sunday School ..... 2 p. m.
Divine Worship ..... 7:30 p. m.
Tuesday: Epworth League of Christian Endeavor ..... 8 p. m.
Thursday: Weekly Prayer Meeting ..... 8 p. m.

A cordial invitation is extended to the Public.

Pastor, S. J. Thompson

Cranbrook Baptist Church.

The following is a list of the services held in the Baptist Church:
Sunday ..... 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School ..... 3 p. m.
Young Peoples ..... 8 p. m. Tuesday
Prayer Meeting ..... 8 p. m. Wednesday

The public are cordially invited to attend all meetings.

Pastor, F. W. Anvache.

Crabrook Presbyterian Church.

Sabbath Services ..... 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School and Bible class ..... 3 p. m.
Christian Endeavor, Tuesday ..... 8 p. m.

The public are cordialy invited to attend all the meetings.

Pastor, W. G. W. G. Fortune B. A.

CRESCENT LODGE No. 23
KNIGHTS of PYTHIAS
Cranbrook, B. C.

Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday at 8 p. m. in I. O. O. F. hall.

J. A. ARNOLD, K. R. S. — T. ROOKES, C. C.

Visiting Brethren cordially invited to attend.

Cranbrook Branch of BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS No. 124

Meets every Friday night at 8 p. m. Hall on 2nd floor of Watt Building.

Visiting Brethren Cordially Invited.

E. C. MUSTARD, Cor-Sec. — J. T. GEDDINGS, PRESIDENT

I.O.O.F. Key City Lodge No. 42. Meets every Monday night at their hall on Baker street. Sojourning Odd Fellows cordially invited.

M. D. Billings, N. G. — W. B. M. Farlane, Sec'y.

Cranbrook Lodge, No. 37 A. F. & A. M.

Regular meetings on the third Thursday of the month.

Visiting brethren welcomed.

M. A. BEALE, Sec'y.

CRANBROOK BRANCH OF THE A. L. U. NO 367

Meets every Saturday night in I. O. O. F. hall

Visiting Brethren cordially invited to attend

W. R. BEATTY

UNDERTAKING and EMBALMING

CRANBROOK

UNDERTAKING EMBALMING

A Large Stock in Caskets and Robes.

Phone night and day 77

MACCONNELL FURNITURE CO'Y.

CRANBROOK, B. C.

Cranbrook Livery

GEARY & DOYLE
Proprietors

Teams and drivers furnished for any point in the district.

A. DOYLE, Manager.

THOMAS KENNEDY, AGENT
THE GENERAL MERCHANT

Has a big stock of

Groceries, Canned Fruit, Fish, etc

Also Ogilvie's Flour, the best made, and Timothy and Meadow Hay. People who want first quality of goods at attractive prices should look at his stock.

50 Suits of Ready-Made Clothing
Direct from Montreal

Ames-Holden Boots and Shoes
1 set of single buggy harness, new just received

THOMAS KENNEDY, AGENT
Opposite Geary & Doyle's

G. P. TISDALE,
Proprietor of the
Cranbrook Candy Kitchen

Carries a complete stock of
Candies, Fruits, Nuts, Biscuits, Pipes and Tobaccos. Give us a call

SHOES! SHOES!

Men, Women and Children's

Not at cost but at a big profit. Call and see what I can do for you.

New Line of Cook Stoves Just Received

LEROY SAGE

THE STRATHCONA

Formerly Hotel Phair

NELSON, B. C.

B. TOMPKINS, Manager.

This hotel is one of the best in British Columbia and up-to-date in every respect. Well lighted sample rooms.

JAMES GREER
The Contractor
Who Gets Contracts

If you want to build let me know. I will be pleased to furnish you estimates and may help you out with some ideas as to plans.

When passing our studio come in and see the new
CARBON TRANSPARENCIES
Prest Photo Co. Studio

Chinese Labor Employment Agency
Oriental Bazaar

Full line of Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods. Store on Durick avenue, opposite old Herald office

JIM MAHWAH

DR. F. E. KING,
DENTIST

OFFICE HOURS:
9 to 12 a. m.
1 to 6 p. m.
7 to 8 p. m.

CRANBROOK, B.C.

Harvey, McCarter & Dunbar,
Barristers, Solicitors, Etc.

Hazell Block — Cranbrook, B. C.

G. H. THOMPSON,
Barrister, Solicitor,
Notary Public.
Cranbrook, B. C.

DRS. KING & GREEN,
Physicians and Surgeons

Office at Residence, Armstrong Ave.
OFFICE HOURS:
Forenoons ..... 9:30 to 11
Afternoons ..... 1:30 to 3:30
Evenings ..... 7.30 to 8:30

CRANBROOK, : : : : : B. C.

THE WALKER OF THE SNOW.

"Speed on, speed on, good Master!
The camp lies far away;
We must cross the haunted valley
Before the close of day.

"How the snow-blight came upon me
I will tell you as I go—
The blight of the shadow-hunter,
Who walks the midnight snow.

"'Twas the cold December heaven,
Came the pale moon and the stars,
As the yellow sun was sinking
Behind the purple bars.

"The snow was deeply drifted
Upon the ridges drear,
That lay for miles around me
And the camps for which we steer.

"'Twas silent on the hillside,
And by the solemn wood,
No sound of life or motion
To break the solitude.

"Save the wailing of the moose-bird,
With a plaintive note and low,
And the skating of the red leaf,
Upon the frozen snow.

"And said I, 'Though dark is falling,
And far the camp must be,
Yet my heart it would be lightsome
If I had but company.'

"And then I sang and shouted,
Keeping measure as I sped,
To the harp-twang of the snow-shoe,
As it sprang beneath my tread.

"Not far into the valley
Had I dipped upon my way,
When a dusky figure joined me,
In a capuchin of grey,

"Bending upon the snow-shoes,
With a long and limber stride;
And I hailed the dusky stranger
As we traveled side by side.

"But no token of communion
Gave he by word or look,
And the fear-chill fell upon me
At the crossing of the brook.

"For I saw by the sickly moonlight
As I followed, bending low,
That the walking of the stranger
Left no footmarks on the snow.

"Then the fear-chill gathered o'er me,
Like a shroud around me cast,
As I sank upon the snow-drift,
Where the shadow-hunter passed.

"And the other trappers found me,
Before the break of day,
With my dark hair blanched and whitened
As the snow in which I lay.

"But they spoke not as they raised me,
For they knew that in the night
I had seen the Shadow-hunter,
And had withered in his sight.

"Sancta Maria speed us!
The sun is falling low—
Before us lies the valley
Of the Walker of the Snow."

—Charles Dawson Shanly.

A CANADIAN EGYPTOLOGIST.

Found Pharaoh's Tomb—Important Discovery by a Toronto Explorer.

Mr. C. T. Currelley, M.A., of Toronto, assistant on the Egyptian Exploration Fund staff, had recently the good fortune to discover the tomb of Aahames, first King of the eighteenth dynasty, the Pharaoh of the Bible, who "knew not Joseph," and under whom the oppression of the Hebrews commenced. This tomb had been searched for for some years without success, and its discovery is on that account even more gratifying than it would otherwise be. The tomb is described as one of the largest known, the entry being by a shaft or well sunk in the rock of the desert and forty-five feet in diameter. At the bottom of this is a square chamber, which no doubt opens into various passages and chambers, as is usual in such tombs.

The mummy of Aahames has already been discovered, having been removed from the tomb to a safer place during some turbulent period. The chief value of the discovery, however, will be in the historical material contained in the inscriptions with which the walls of such tombs are decorated, and which may perhaps throw light upon some important matters of sacred history.

Mr. Currelley left Egypt at the end of March to spend four months working on the pre-Mycenaean deposits of Crete under the British School of Archaeology. In addition to the valuable collection presented by the Egypt Exploration Fund to Victoria University last autumn, Mr. Currelley expects to ship further archaeological materials before leaving Egypt. The work of establishing a branch of the Egypt Exploration Fund in Toronto has been undertaken by the Chancellor of Victoria University.

Early Canadian Travelers.

The Ontario Historical Society is doing a useful work in reproducing papers and records and making them accessible to the public. Its fourth volume gives an account of the exploration of the great lakes in 1669-70, by Dollier de Casson and De Brehant de Galinee. It contains Galinee's narrative in French, with an English translation, a fac-simile of Galinee's map, fine portraits of Colbert, La Salle, Laval, Talon and other illustrations.

Dollier de Casson was 33 years old when he arrived in Canada. He was a man of enormous physical strength, and before entering the church had distinguished himself as a cavalry captain under Marshal Turenne. Galinee was of a noble Breton family. On the expedition described in this volume they were associated with the famous La Salle, the hero of one of Parkman's works, then just at the outset of his career.

Mrs. Sadlier's Career.

Mrs. James Sadlier, a well-known Canadian authoress, is lying at the point of death. She is 82 years of age, and has written a large number of books in her time. Mrs. Sadlier was the Irish wife of a French-Canadian, and was born in the County Cavan. Her religious writings which have made her a favorite author among her Irish Catholic countrymen are not so well known as the romances dealing with Irish emigration in which Hon. Thomas D'Arcy Magee believed her to be unexcelled. For some years Mrs. Sadlier edited The New York Tablet, and, returning to Canada to end her days, was presented in 1895 with the Lactare Medal by the University of Notre Dame du Lac, Indiana, for distinguished services to the American Catholic public.

"Working over" the manure heap is one of the jobs of the month.

CHARLEY ROSS' LUCK

HAD TO SKIP TO DELAGOA BAY TO ESCAPE BRITISH JUSTICE.

Commander of the Canadian Scouts As He Really Is—Has Old Berserker Blood in Him and Never Quailed—His Nondescript Command—His Methods Utterly Heartless, So As to Make War, Which Is Hell, More Hellish Still.

Charley Ross, the commander of the Canadian Scouts, seems to be in hard luck. But he has been in hard luck before. The plainsman has had a chequered history, but he usually has come out on top. Word comes from Cape Town that Ross has skipped to Portuguese territory, for the very good reason that he has perpetrated crimes that are liable to land him in the Cape Colony penitentiary, but the scout's friends in Toronto—and they are not few—assert that he will never serve a term. He will, in all probability, be allowed to stay in Delagoa Bay, if he so elects. But the probability is that he will take ship for the United States, and he will doubtless bob up in Montana before many months are over.

Ross never put on any frills as being a particularly moral man, says Day by Day, in The News, Toronto. His talk was not the kind of talk that is current in the best circles; but as a scout he was unrivalled. That is the reason for his securing the post that he held before disaster overtook him. When war was declared Ross was in Montana, where he had a sheep ranch. He is a born fighter, a born scout and a born leader of men—if the men are of the kind that he would himself select. Early in November, of 1899, Ross heard that fighting was on in South Africa, and he pulled up stakes and headed for Ottawa. There he had a valuable friend in Lord Minto. In 1885 the Governor-General, as everybody knows, was one of General Middleton's most trusted aides in the Northwest rebellion, and he met Charley Ross at Battleford. Ross was to the Lord Melgund of these days a new type. He could ride, shoot and fight as well as any man between Winnipeg and the coast, and he was also a crack scout. Ross and the present Governor-General struck up a great friendship, and when the war in South Africa began the famous scout sold his sheep ranch in Montana and took the first train for Ottawa. In addition to the Governor-General he had an excellent friend in Frank Newby, who was a member of the Ottawa Sharpshooters' corps in the rebellion year. Mr. Newby was, and is, practically intimate with Lord Minto, and when Ross arrived in the Capital he accompanied him to Rideau Hall. Ross was anxious to join the second contingent as an officer, but nominees for commissions in the corps were falling over each other. Pretty nearly every member of Parliament from all the Provinces except Quebec was anxious to get some constituent a commission, and even the Governor-General was unable to give Ross an officer's post. The best that he could do was to secure for him passage on one of the troopships that took to Table Bay Canada's second contribution of men. But "Gat" Howard was on that boat, and Gat was a great friend of Charley Ross. It was not long before the pair framed up a plan whereby Ross was to be attached to the second contingent as a scout. His worth was undeniable, and the Colonel was glad to have his services. There was, however, one strong objection. Ross was not a British subject, and he did not conceal the fact. He declared his antagonism to all monarchial forms of government, and he announced that he would not take the oath. The Colonel rejoined by stating that he would not take Ross on the strength unless he would swear allegiance. Ross swore allegiance, but, to his own satisfaction, got even by immediately announcing that he would become an American citizen again as soon as the war should end.

His career in Africa was the talk of pretty nearly the entire army. As a looter he was unrivalled by even the Germans, Russians and Americans who played havoc in Pekin. He frankly acknowledged that he had a houseful of looted goods in Pretoria, and, when protest was made, he informed his interlocutors that their best plan was to go to Gehenna.

When Gat Howard was murdered by the Boers Ross became commandant of the Canadian Scouts. There are in Toronto some men who fought under him, and their stories of his methods are far from being reassuring. He had all of the American's hatred of the negro, and it is on record that in one instance he killed a Kaffir who was slow in obeying him. Ross had a curious idea of warfare; an idea which he had contracted in his many years of Indian fighting. His plan was to make things as uncomfortable as possible for the enemy. There is in Toronto more than one man who fought under him, and who is ready to make oath and say that he has been instructed by Charley Ross to take no prisoners, "because," as Ross announced, "the corps will have to share rations if we take prisoners." The result was that many a Boer, who would have been brought into the British lines by a British regiment, was shot down by Ross' men. It is unfair to refer to them as "the Canadian Scouts." Not ten per cent. of them were Canadians. They were all sorts. Ross himself is authority for the statement that nine different languages were spoken in the alleged Canadian Scouts. But it is undeniable that they were good fighters. "War is hell" has become a trite remark. The Canadian Scouts made it particularly hellish.

There are, and will be, things said of Ross that are not strictly true. It is charged against him that he was a libertine. That is not the fact. His inclinations did not run in that form of vice. He was, and is, tough; horribly tough. He never put on any side; he never attempted to be an associate of the officers of other corps. He knew his limitations as well as any other man could. He had the old Berserker blood in him. He never quailed. He was utterly heartless in his methods. His Indian fighting had taught him this, and he made no concealment of his methods. When he stole, or winked at the stealing of, the horses of other British corps, he made the explanation that he was assured that his men could make better use of them than could the rightful proprietors. He would not have a man in his corps who could not shoot or ride or scout. He gathered together a heterogeneous collection of soldiers of fortune, but they were first-rate fighting men. They were ready to fight for pretty nearly everybody, and, doubtless, some of them are now in the Balkans looking for trouble. Ross, however, seems to have done something that was not held to be characteristic of him. He has gone in for money-making. That never has been one of his failings, and his overstepping the rule of life seems to have been attended by disastrous consequences.

THE RIDER OF THE PLAINS.

Work of the Mounted Police on the Vast Western Prairies.

Agnes C. Laut has an article in Leslie's for May dealing with the Northwest Mounted Police, and as one reads it the conviction grows that Canadians are not sufficiently familiar with the great work done by that body of men, and not rightly impressed with the remarkable safety of life and property over that vast region. From the international boundary to the Arctic circle the solitary traveler is safe. The passenger of the C. P. R. will see a rancher's daughter who has ridden alone twenty miles across the plain, safer from danger or annoyance than if she were in a crowded city. The explanation is found when one sees "a solitary horseman, white helmet, white gauntlets, red coat and gold braid, black trousers with yellow stripes, riding boots, and, perhaps, a carbine." On he rides, not leaving his seat as the horse bounds, but loosely rising and sinking with the animal, as though the horse and man were one—as the cowboys ride, as most of the troopers of the Strathcona Horse rode in South Africh. Miss Laut tells how the mounted policeman as he rides sees a burning spot in the sky, wheels his horse and gallops across the plain—he has been heliographed by the next patrol, ten, twenty, or thirty miles away, to close in and assist in intercepting a refugee. It is a fine system, but the men themselves, taking pride in the reputation of the force, deserve the greatest credit.

In all new parts of America the work of settlement has been preceded by periods of lawlessness, but in the Canadian West, thanks to the mounted police, there has been little of this. The force exists not to punish, but to discourage crime. In dealing with the Indians, the police have not made war on them because some of them have committed crimes, but have always made it a point to arrest the guilty individuals, and them only, and carry them off to regular trial before the proper authorities. The plan has not been to kill a murderer, but to arrest him and have him tried, precisely as would be done with a white man guilty of the same crime. The justice of it early began to be understood by the Indians. That police force is a body of which Canada may be justly proud.

Out-of-Door Days.

These are the out-of-door days. The mind is in the fields even if the body is reluctant to leave the hearth. Man is just as much a thrall of the seasons as of circumstances. They bend him to their humor. To the witchery of their hypnotic suggestion, the touch of wind and rain, of sun and snow and twilight, he responds like an instrument. The lover of nature is he who is the perfect clairvoyant. He yields not like the boy with vague gladness, but understandingly and with awe. He turns to the woods as a man turns in at his own gate. The birds are truly his "little brothers of the air." The flowers, votaries like himself, have come forth to worship, dumbly answering a call, faint but clear as an astral bell. So the philosopher finds his joy, taking his worldly wisdom to the solitudes, "verifying his authorities," though not in the sense intended by the Oxford don, who died with the words on his lips.

These are the out-of-door days, but the young men would hardly accept the foregoing as a literal translation of their thoughts on the subject. Sport is a synonym for "the good old summer time" with thousands of Canadians. They eagerly look forward to the season, close at hand, when on the lacrosse field the ball shall be "faced" for the opening game, when the baseball umpire shall utter the terse command, "Play ball!" when the pistol shall start the sprinters and the scullers, or when the ear shall be deafened by the mighty shout, "They're off!"

Proportion Between the Sexes.

Statistics shows that the proportion between the sexes of the new born is 106.3 boys to 100 girls. Boys are therefore considerably in excess at birth, the male majority amounting to 63,000 in every million human beings. This seems to contradict the general observation to the effect that women are in the majority. This contradiction is, however, explained by the fact that the proportion at birth does not remain stationary, but is reversed in the later years of life. Until the age of ten there is still an excess of boys, but from the age of ten to twenty the proportion between the sexes slowly adjusts itself, and in the third decade of life the proportion becomes 100 males to 102.7 females. This excess of females grows continually, so that at the age of 70 the proportion becomes 100 males to 122.3 females.

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HIS HEROIC INSTINCT

By D. H. Talmadge

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Callahan, the roundhouse foreman at St. James, passing through the yards on his way to work one morning, stopped suddenly and pressed his hand to his head. That was the beginning. He went on presently, but his air was that of a man whose confidence has been shaken.

He attended to his duties that day, but cracked no jokes. In the evening he entered a physician's office.

"Doctor," said he, dropping limply into a chair, "I'm feelin' worse."

Thus he introduced the subject.

The physician glanced at him and involuntarily drew a few paces backward. He was young, the physician.

"Great heavens, man," he ejaculated, "you've got the smallpox!"

Callahan smiled wearily.

"You're all broken out with it. The thing for you to do is to go home. Go right down the middle of the street—the middle of the street, understand. I'll attend to you later."

"But, doctor"—

"Don't stop to talk. Go home. I'll see you before bedtime."

Callahan's head was whirling, else he would have had his say. As it was he arose unsteadily and followed instructions. The outer air revived him somewhat, although the lights of the street danced like pyrotechnics before his eyes, and the voices of the people sounded in his ears like the buzzing of bees. Once at a dark corner he paused, steadying himself by the shoulder against an iron pillar.

"'Tis not funny at all," he assured the pillar solemnly. "The disease is nothin', but the name of it is terrible. Molly's scared to death of it. She's said so many the time. What 'll I be doin' now?"

He tremblingly rubbed the stubble of his chin.

"I can't seem to think," he groaned after an interval. "Molly 'll be in on No. 40 tonight, Molly and the baby. The baby—yes, yes. I've never seen him. He looks like me, she writes in her letter from the hospital. Sure, I hope he feels better than I feel. Molly says I'd never know her, she's that thin and white and nervous. 'Tis a hard time of it she's had, poor girl. She says she'll brace up all right after she once gets home to me. Oh, my! Oh, my! The four weeks she's been gone

CALLAHAN FEEBLY MOTIONED THE BRAKEMAN FROM HIM.

have been centuries long. And tonight she's comin' home—with the baby—that looks like me."

He clinched his hands in an effort to arouse his will power and staggered on. An hour later he reached the roundhouse, having passed on the way the cottage where he dwelt. He had hesitated there, clinging to a tree by the front gate.

"'Tis very fortunate," he told himself, "that I've not been stoppin' at home. I couldn't stand it with Molly not there. Ah, but I'd give the world to go in this minute and stretch myself on the lounge in the little parlor, our parlor, now!"

No one saw him enter the roundhouse. The place was for the time deserted. He rang the telephone, calling for the physician whom he had visited that evening.

"Doctor," said he, "this is Callahan. Smallpox, you know. Don't tell my wife. See Miller at the freight office for further particulars."

That was all he said to the astonished physician. Then he called up a friend at the freight office.

"Miller," said he, "this is Callahan, at the roundhouse. I've got the smallpox. My wife and baby are comin' in on No. 40 tonight. Open up my house. The key's over the back door. Meet her and lie to her a bit. Will you? You will? That's a good old chap. Tell her I got a wire sayin' my mother was dyin' and that I've gone to her. Molly won't take it hard, because my mother was intendin' to come and stay with us this summer. I've got—I've got the smallpox, you know. Ha, ha! Be sure—yes—all right."

He was still laughing hollowly as he reeled away from the telephone, leaving the receiver dangling at the end of its cord, out into the yards among the dancing switch lights.

The next morning when a long freight train clanked into the city a hundred miles from St. James it bore in an otherwise unoccupied box car the all but unconscious form of Callahan. A brakeman found him there. Callahan feebly motioned the brakeman from him.

"Smallpox!" he whispered.

The brakeman fled. Soon the car was set out on a side track, and a physician, clad in rubber garments, clambered to Callahan's side.

"Your name?" he asked.

"Murphy," replied Callahan.

"Where from?"

"Chicago."

And that evening's papers in the city to which Callahan had come chronicled the addition to the list of patients at the local smallpox hospital of a tramp named Murphy, who claimed Chicago as his home.

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This happened last summer. The doctor has told the story to Callahan's glory a thousand times, and Miller of the freight office has told it a thousand more.

"You see," says Miller, "Callahan neglected to remove certain letters from his pockets, and these letters led to inquiries. We knew where he was all the time after the first day or two. We saw through his plan easily enough. And, say, of all the tall lying that's been done since the days of Ananias that which we practiced on Callahan's wife was probably the tallest. We forged letters. Doc said that the shock, had the truth been told, might have killed her, frail and nervous as she was. Her confidence in Callahan never wavered for an instant. It was beautiful. And when he returned we met him at the train and went with him to his house. We witnessed the meeting in the doorway. His wife had the baby in her arms and a look on her face that was—well, it was simply the greatest thing I ever saw. And when the door closed and we knew that explanations were being made Doc punched me in the ribs, and I slapped Doc on the back, and we danced like kids."

Callahan himself modestly dismisses the matter with a wave of the hand and the utterance of seven words.

"Sure, I was out of my head," he says.

Gains From Regular Habits.

An English scientific philosopher lately made a half playful, half serious defense of the routine life of the man of "regular habits."

He insisted that in this busy age, when so many duties press upon an active man and there are so many things which unavoidably call for the exercise of attention, judgment and decision every day, it is the part of wisdom—a real conservation of energy and nervous force—to settle as many as possible of the routine matters by a fixed habit of life.

There seems to be sense in the suggestion. Why should a man with anything important to do in the world tax the gray matter of his brain newly every day to decide what he will eat or drink or wear, what his pleasures shall be and what his recreation, when he shall go to bed and when get up? Having arrived at years of discretion and discrimination, why can he not so order his life as to have these and kindred things come and go in a somewhat settled order?

To eat at regular hours the things he "finds good of," according to Bacon's rule, abstaining from those that disagree with him; to rise, bathe, dress, exercise, work, rest, recreate and sleep after a regular order is not to make a treadmill of life. It is to lay out a smooth road for journeying with the least possible friction and waste.

Hats In the Presence of a King.

The head of the De Courcys, earls of Kinsale, is the only English nobleman permitted to wear his hat in the presence of his sovereign. Out of sincere deference the De Courcys wore their hats but for a moment in assertion of their privilege, and then promptly doffed them. One of the earls at a reception given by George III. kept his hat on for a considerable time. At last the king became vexed and humiliated him by saying, "The gentleman has a right to be covered before me, but even King John could give him no right to be covered before ladies."

William III. illustrated his royal obstinacy by refusing to remove his ponderous beaver when at church, much to the indignation of the worshipers. Their indignation did not worry him any. The Dutch wore their hats during divine service, and he had not ceased to be a Hollander simply for having become a king of England. The last sovereign of the Tudor race, together with his courtiers, wore a very high hat, which became the steeple hat of the Puritans in the middle of the seventeenth century.

The Poor Man and the Beggar.

"Please, sir," said the tattered beggar, "give me a few coins. I haven't a cent, haven't eaten a thing today and have no place to sleep."

The well dressed man stopped sharply, regarded the beggar a moment and then said:

"My man, my luncheon today cost another fellow $4.85, and now I'm walking from here to Seventy-second street because I haven't a nickel. My rent bill of $780 is due tomorrow. I'm $1,000 overdrawn at the bank. A man that owes me $20,000 killed himself yesterday. My yacht, auto, diamonds and paintings are all mortgaged, and my wife is suing for divorce. Now, sir, which is the worse off?"

The beggar took a nickel from his clothes and handed it silently to the man.

The well dressed man looked astonished. Then he threw a five dollar bill at the tattered mendicant and walked away.—New York Press.

CROWN LANDS SOLD.

Summary of the Annual Report of the Department—Settlers for New Ontario—The Temiskaming District.

The annual report of the Commissioner to the Legislature at its first meeting after the Gamey adjournment. It states that during the past year the department disposed of 921 acres of clergy lands, valued at $731.30; 101 acres of Common School lands, valued at $187; 317 acres of Grammar School lands, valued at $298; 5,722 acres of university land, valued at $2,881.25. There were no sales of railway lands.

During the year there were sold for agricultural purposes 66,868 acres of Crown lands, aggregating in value $11,913.67. The collection on account of these sales and those of former years was $58,892.31. There were sold for mining purposes during the year 3,985 acres, the aggregate value of which was $8,202.52. There was received on account conversion of mining leases into patents $9,594.75. The gross collection on account of mining sales and conversions of leases into patents was $19,076.87. There were leased for mining purposes 25,548 acres, at a rental of $25,288.38. The collection on account of rental of these and former leases was $61,436.94. There were leased of Crown lands 968¾ acres. New rent, $67. Collection on account of this and leases of former years amounted to $732. The total area of lands disposed of during the year was 101,436¾ acres, the value of which was $92,163.87. The total collection on account of Crown lands was $164,770.03.

New Ontario Settlers.

The Temiskaming and Rainy River districts attracted most of the settlers. In the former district about 224,000 acres were taken up. About 700 heads of families went in and the estimated increase of population was from 3,000 to 3,500. In the Rainy River country 500 heads of families took up land, a large number of whom came from the United States.

About 6,600 certificates authorizing veterans to take up land were issued during the year.

The mineral industry shows a substantial progress. The output of nickel and copper for the former wholly and the latter chiefly, contained in the Sudbury nickel-copper mattes, was 5,945 tons nickel, valued at $2,210,961, and 4,932 tons copper, worth $686,013. The production of iron ore was considerably greater in 1902 than in any previous twelve months, being 359,286 tons, worth $518,445, as against 273,538 tons, worth $171,428 in 1901.

The production of pig iron during 1902 was 112,667 tons, valued at $1,683,051, and of steel, 68,802 tons, valued at $1,610,931.

Revenue of Departments.

The total collections of the department from all sources was $1,501,518.23; of this, $164,770.03 was derived from sales and leases of Crown lands; $1,321,352.10 was derived from timber, and $5,396.10 from miscellaneous sources.

The total disbursements were $295,050.89. The includes $31,097.31 for fire ranging, $31,962.48 for forest ranging, $32,887.97 for surveys, $21,090.19 for refunds. It also covers $102,581.31, special services under the direction of the department, such as Mining schools, $17,191.80; Iron Mining Act, $25,000; parks, $12,368.72; diamond drill, $5,451.45; Liverpool agency, $4,777.25.

The total revenue collected from the Woods and Forests branch was $1,331,352.10; of this, $1,078,273.35 came from timber dues; $227,667.84 from bonuses; $61,039.41 from ground rent, and from transfer fees, $4,371.50. The revenue collected on account of timber dues is the largest in the history of the province.

Losses by Fire.

The losses caused by fire this season are of small moment, and the timber damaged will all be cut. $10,000 is approximately the damage reported to have been done by fire during the past season.

The Mohawk Institute.

The Mohawk Institute at Brantford, which was burned the other day, was a particularly good residential school for Indians. It was held in high esteem by the Indians of the Grand River Reserve, who have manifested much loyalty to it, and have shown eagerness to place their children in it. The ownership of the Institute rests in the New England Company, which claims to be the oldest Protestant missionary society in the English-speaking world. Its inception was due to the efforts of John Eliot, the "Apostle to the Red Men," and it was founded in the middle of the seventeenth century, during the Commonwealth. The governing body is a self-perpetuating board, many of whose members are descendants of the original members of the society. The society has considerable means, and for two centuries and a half has carried on educational work among the Indians. At the time of the Revolution it migrated with the Loyalists, and it has for years maintained a school in New Brunswick and the Institute of Brantford.

Joseph Brant Documents.

E. M. Chadwick, barrister, has sent to Dr. Oronhyatekha, some exceedingly valuable documents relating to Joseph Brant for preservation and exhibition in the historical collection. The documents were secured by Mr. Chadwick after considerable trouble, and his action in turning them over to the Oronhyatekha historical collection is indeed one of public interest. They relate to the conduct of Skayentaghengh, a war chief of the Onondaga tribe in the war of 1812, and are signed by Joseph Brant himself. These documents are, of course, highly valued by Dr. Oronhyatekha, and he appreciates very fully Mr. Chadwick's kindness in turning them over to him.

Stock Quotations.

Furnished by Beale & Elwell, brokers, Cranbrook B. C.

North Star	6
Sullivan	6½
St. Eugene	50
Payne	10
War Eagle Consolidated	15
Pay Roll	1
St. Eugene Mt. Mines	10
Western Oil and Coal Company	15
Sullivan Group Mining Co. bonds	$100 00
Canadian Gold Fields	5½
Center Star	30
International Coal and Coke	54

Sales: Western Coal & Oil Co 3000. International Coal and Coke 500. Sullivan, 200.

Ranch For Sale

Windermere, B. C.; ten acres: fenced and cultivated; irrigation, large six-roomed house, lath and plastered, commanding lovely view of Lake Windermere. Boating, shooting and fishing. Only 12 miles from the big game country on upper Kootenay, where deer, moose, elk, etc., are plentiful. Soil and climate well adapted for fruit growing. *For terms and further* particulars apply to

Arnold & Roberts,
Real Estate Agents, Cranbrook

Land Notice.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of lands and works, for permission to purchase the following described lands, in South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of Lot 2377, Group 1, thence north 20 chains, thence east 20 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 20 chains to the place of beginning, containing 160 acres, more or less.

Dated the 11th day of April, 1904.
Marysvile Lumber Company, Limited.

Dissolution Notice.

Take Notice that the partnership heretofore conducted by the undersigned as General Merchants in Cranbrook, British Columbia, under the firm name of Manning, Lacey & Siddons, is this day dissolved, Mr. H. A Lacey retiring.

The business will be continued by Messrs. Manning and Siddons, who alone are authorised to collect moneys due the firm.

Dated this 5th day of May, 1904.

J. Manning,
H. A Lacey,
6 N. E. Siddons.

Timber Notice

Take notice that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of lands and works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post planted on the west boundary of lot 359 about 5 chains south of the north-west corner of said lot 359, thence north 160 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 160 chains, thence east 40 chains to the place of beginning, containing in all 640 acres more or less.

Dated April 21st, 1904.
5 Charles Spilsted.

Timber Notice

Take notice that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of lands and works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post planted at the south east corner of lot 6261, thence east 80 chains; thence south 60 chains, thence west 130 chains more or less to the Crows Nest Southern Railway, thence north about 17 chains to the south boundary of lot 4142, thence east about 30 chains to the south east corner of lot 4142, thence north 40 chains, thence east 20 chains to place of beginning, containing in all 640 acres, more or less.

Dated April 21st, 1904
5 James [illegible]eer.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have submitted to the Lieutenant Governor In Council a proposal under the provisions of "*The Rivers and Streams Act*" for the clearing and removing of obstructions from the St. Marys, East Kootenay, and the making of other improvement therein, between the outlet of St. Marys lake and the crossing of the said river by the B. C. Southern Railway, (North Star Branch) an approximate distance of eighteen miles, and for making the same fit for rafting and driving thereon logs, timber, lumber, rafts and crafts.

The lands to be affected by the work are all Crown Lands.

The rate for tolls, boomage, rafting, driving of logs, timber, lumber, rafts, crafts and for taking care of same until delivered, proposed to be charged by the undersigned, is such as may be fixed by a Judge of the County court pursuant to the provisions of said "Rivers and Streams Act."

Dated this 21st day of April, A. D. 1904.
The East Kootenay Lumber Company,
5 Limited.

Timber Notice.

Take notice that thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of lands and works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in South East Kootenay:

Commencing at post planted at the south west corner of M. McInnes' timber license, thence east 83 chains, more or less, to west boundary of Charles Spilsted's timber licence, thence south 75 chains, more or less, to north boundary of H. McKowan's timber license, thence west 83 chains, thence north 75 chains to place of beginning, containing in all 640 acres, more or less.

Dated April 21st, 1904
5 Albert Slater.

Dissolution

Take notice that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of McDermot & Bowness has been dissolved, and that each of the partners will carry on the business on his own account in Cranbrook.

Dated May 2nd 1904 Cranbrook, B. C.
A. L. McDermot,
6 A. C Bowness.

Timber Notice

Take notice that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of lands and works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post planted at the north west corner of George Hillier's license, thence south 20 chains, thence west 60 chains to east boundary of lot 123, thence north 107 chains, more or less, to the south boundary of Albert Slaters's timber license, thence east 60 chains, thence south 107 chains to place of beginning, containing in all 640 acres more or less.

Dated April 21st, 1904.
5 H. McKowan.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS —NOTICE—

GRACIE MINERAL CLAIM

Situate in the Fort Steele Mining Division of East Kootenay District.

Where located—On St. Mary's, adjoining and immediately south of the "DENBIGH" being one of the Bracebridge group.

Take notice that I, Samuel Lovatt, agent for O. H. Burden F. M. C. No. B 69,335, owner of ⅓, A. T. Sherradin, F. M. C. No. B 69,823, owner of 2-8, William Hazzard, F. M. C. No. B 69,729 owner of ⅓, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 4th day of May, A. D. 1904.
7-9t Samuel Lovatt.

Notice.

Take notice that the partnership heretofore existing between us, under the firm name and style of Dawson & Webb, at Cranbrook, B. C. has been this day dissolved.

The business will be continued by the undersigned, Alfred Dawson, who will collect all accounts and pay all liabilities.

Dated this 7th day of May 1904.

Witness { Alfred Dawson
7 Fred'k. T. Webb

Coal and Petroleum Notice.

Notice is hereby given that, we, the undersigned, thirty days after date intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described lands in South East Kootenay, British Columbia.

commencing at a post one and one half miles of Sage creek and three miles from the International Boundary line, marked A. McKenzie, southeast corner, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to place of beginning.

Dated April 22nd, 1904.
A. McKenzie, Locator.
T. caven, Agent.

commencing at a post planted on Sage creek five miles from the International Boundary line, marked W. D. Hill, southeast corner, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to commencement.

Dated April 22nd, 1904.
W. D. Hill, Locator.
T. caven, Agent.

Commencing at a post planted on Sage creek, five mills from the International Boundary line, marked D. McDonald, north east corner, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to place of beginning.

dated April 22nd, 1904.
D. McDonald, Locator.
T. Caven, Agent.

commencing at a post about five chains east of the north fork of the Flathead river on the International Boundary line marked G. Pushee, southeast corner post, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres of land.

Dated April 10th, 1904.
George Pushee, Locator.

Commencing at a post about five chains east of the north fork of the Flathead river on the International boundary line, marked E. O. Clapp, southwest corner, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to place of beginning.

E. O. clapp, Locator.
T. Caven, Agent.

Dated April 22, 1904.

Commencing at a post one mile and one half west of sage creek and three miles from the International Boundary line, marked W. O'Hearn, northwest corner thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated April 22nd, 1904.
W. O'Hearn, Locator.
T Caven, Agent.

commencing at a post one mile east of the Flathead river and two miles from the International boundary line, marked G. Dickenson, northeast corner, thence south 80 chains thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to place of beginning.

G. Dickinson, Locator.
F. J. Dickinson Agent.

Dated April 22nd, 1904.

Commencing at a post planted on Sage creek seven miles from the International Boundary line, marked W. Edwards, north west corner, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to place of beginning.

Dated April 22nd, 1904.
W. Edwards, Locator.
T. Caven, Agent.

Commencing at a post planted on Sage creek, eleven miles from the International Boundary line, marked T. Caven, southwest corner thence north eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning.

dated April 21st, 1904.
T. Caven, Locator.

Commencing at a post planted on Sage creek five miles from the International Boundary line, marked A. Doyle, southwest corner, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to place of beginning.

Dated April 2nd, 1904.
A. Doyle, Locator,
T. Caven, Agent

commencing at a post planted on Sage creek seven miles from the International Boundary line, marked W. Rollins, southeast corner, thence north eighty chains, thence west eighty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence east eighty chains to place of beginning.

Dated April 2nd, 1904.
W. Rollins, Locator.

commencing at a post planted on Sage creek, nine miles from the International Boundary line, marked Mrs. Maud Dickinson southwest corner, thence north eighty chains thence east eighty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning.

Dated April 21, 1904.
Mrs. Maud Dickenson, Locator.
F. J. Dickinson, Agent.

Commencing at a post planted on Sage creek, eleven miles from the International Boundary line, marked F. J. Dickinson, north west corner, thence south eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence west 80 chains to commencement.

dated April 25th, 1904.
F. J. Dickinson, Locator.

commencing at a post planted on Sage creek eleven miles from the International Boundary line, marked J. Netterfield, northeast corner, thence south eighty chains, thence west eighty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence east eighty chains to place of beginning.

dated April 21st, 1904.
J. Netterfield, Locator.
F. J. Dickinson, Agent.

commencing at a post planted on Sage creek, seven miles from the International Boundary line, marked V. Rollins, southwest corner, thence north eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning.

Dated April 23rd, 1904.
V. Rollins, Locator.
T. Caven Agent.

Commencing at a post planted on Sage creek eleven miles from the International Boundary line, marked J. Ryan, southeast corner, thence north eighty chains, thence west eighty chains, thence south eighty chains thence east eighty chains to place of beginning.

dated April 21st, 1904.
J. Ryan, Locator,
T. Caven, Agent.

Commencing at a post planted on Sage creek nine miles from the International Boundary line, marked Dave Caven, southeast corner, thence north eighty chains, thence west eighty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence east eighty chains to place of beginning.

dated April 21st, 1904.
Dave Caven, Locator.
Tom Caven, Agent.

commencing at a post planted on Sage creek, five miles from the International Boundary line, marked J. Gibbon, northwest corner, thence south eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning.

Dated April 22nd, 1904.
J. Gibbon, Locator.
T. caven, Agent.

commencing at a post planted on Sage creek, seven miles from the International Boundary line, marked A. J. Martin, northwest corner, thence south eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning.

Dated April 22nd, 1904.
A. J. Martin, Locator.
G. Pushee, Agent.

commencing at a post one and one-half miles west of Sage creek and three miles from the International Boundary line, marked C. A. Dow's southwest corner, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to place of beginning.

Dated April 27th, 1904.
C. A. Dow, Locator.
6 T. caven, Agent.

Synopsis of Regulations for disposal of Minerals on Dominion Lands in Manitoba the Northwest Territories and the Yukon Territory.

Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at $10 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz.—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free miner's certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A free miner's certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of $7.50 per annum for an individual, and from $50 to $100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1500x1500 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing location notices one at each end on the line of the lode or vein.

The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if located within ten miles of a mining recorders' office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction. The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid the locator may upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1.00 an acre.

Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also copper, in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 160 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of royalty at the rate of 2½ per cent of the product of the location.

Placer Mining.—Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory.—Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee, $5, renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan river claims are either bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bank, but not exceeding 1,000 feet. Where steam power is used, claims 200 feet wide may be obtained.

Dredging in the rivers of Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory.—A free miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have, or who may receive entries for bar diggings or bench claims, except on the Saskatchewan river, where the lessee may dredge to high water mark on each alternate leasehold.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles but where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge for each fifteen miles or fraction is sufficient. Rental, $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent collected on the output after it exceeds $10,000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory.—Six leases of five miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of twenty years, also renewable.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars in the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles within six years from such date. Rental, $100 per mile for first year, and $10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty same as placer mining.

Placer Mining in the Yukon Territory.—Creek, gulch, river and hill claims shall not exceed 250 feet in length, measured on the base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the width being from 1,000 to 2,000 feet. All other placer claims shall be 250 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, bearing notices. Entry must be obtained within ten days, if the claim is within ten miles of mining recorder's office. One extra day allowed for each additional ten miles or fraction.

The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate.

The discoverer of a new mine is entitled to a claim of 1,000 feet in length, and if the party consists of two, 1,500 feet altogether, on the output of which no royalty shall be charged, the rest of the party ordinary claims only.

Entry fee $10. Royalty at the rate of two and one half per cent on the value of the gold shipped from the Yukon Territory to be paid to the Comptroller.

No free miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold any number of claims by purchase, and free miners may work their claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of $2. A claim may be abandoned, and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee.

Work must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least $200.

A certificate that work has been done must be obtained each year; if not, the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and open to occupation and entry by a free miner.

The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notices in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum.—All unappropriated Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and within the Yukon Territory are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the minister may reserve for an individual or company having machinery on the land to be prospected, an area of 640 acres. Should the prospector discover oil in paying quantities, and satisfactorily establish such discovery, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well and such other land as may be determined, will be sold to the discoverer at the rate of $1.00 an acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by order-in-council.

Department of the Interior, Ottawa, Sept., 1903.

JAMES A. SMART,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

Coal and Petroleum Notice.

Notice is hereby given that, we, the undersigned, thirty days after date intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described lands in South East Kootenay, British Columbia.

1. commencing at a post planted about two miles north of Flathead river and eighteen miles west of Morrissey, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south eighty chains, thence east eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Thomas Leask, Locator.
Dated January 18th, 1904.

2. Commencing at a post planted about two miles north of flathead river and eighteen miles east of Morrissey thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west eight chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 18th, 1904.
William Hill, Locator.

3. Commencing at a post planted about two miles north of Flathead river and eighteen miles east of Morrissey, thence south eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 18th, 1904.
J. P. Link, Locator.

4. commencing at a post planted about two miles north of Flathead river and eighteen miles east of Morrissey, thence south eighty chains, thence west eighty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence east eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 18th, 1904.
H. W. Ross, Locator.

5. commencing at a post planted about one mile north of the Flathead river and eighteen miles east of Morrissey, thence north eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 18th, 1904
James McBride, Locator

6. commencing at a post planted about one mile north of Flathead river and eighteen miles east of Morrissey, thence south eighty chains, thence west eighty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence east eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 18th, 1904.
George Hoggarth, Locator.

7. Commencing at a post planted about four miles north of Flathead river, and eighteen miles east of Morrissey, thence north eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 18th, 1904.
John Leask, Locator.

8. commencing at a post planted about three miles north of the Flathead river and eighteen miles east of Morrissey, thence south eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 18th, 1904.
Ira R. Manning, Locator.

9. commencing at a post planted about eighteen miles east of Morrissey and four miles north of Flathead river, thence north eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 18th, 1904.
Charles Spilsted, Locator.

10. Commencing at a post planted about 4 miles north of Flathead river and eighteen miles east of Morrissey, thence north eighty chains, thence west eighty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence east eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 18th, 1904.
A. C. Bowness, Locator.

11. commencing at a post planted about four miles north of Flathead river and nineteen miles east of Morrissey, thence north eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 18th, 1904.
John Watson, Locator.

12. commencing at a post planted about four miles north of Flathead river and eighteen miles east of Morrissey, thence south eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 18th, 1904.
Charles Armstrong, Locator.

13. commencing at a post planted about five miles north of Flathead river and sixteen miles east of Morrissey, thence north eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 18th, 1904.
Charles Cock, Locator.

14. Commencing at a post planted about four miles north of Flathead river and sixteen miles east of Morrissey, thence south eighty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 18th, 1904.
Samuel Morrow, Locator.

15. commencing at a post planted about five miles north of Flathead river, and sixteen miles east of Morrissey, thence north eighty chains, thence west eighty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence east eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated February 1st 1904.
C. A. Gaskill, Locator.

16. Commencing at a post planted about three miles north of Flathead river, and sixteen miles east of Morrissey, thence south eighty chains, thence west eighty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence east eighty chains to place of beginning containing 640 acres.

Dated February 1st, 1904.
Alex. McDermot, Locator.

17. commencing at a post planted about three miles north of Flathead river, and sixteen miles east of Morrissey, thence north eighty chains, thence west eighty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence east eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated February 1st, 1904.
W. T. Reid, Locator.

18. Commencing at a post planted about two miles north of Flathead river, and sixteen miles east of Morrissey, thence south eighty chains, thence west eighty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence east eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated February 1st, 1904.
Thomas Stark, Locator.

19. Commencing at a post planted about one mile north of Flathead river and sixteen *miles east of Morrissey, thence south eighty* chains, thence east eighty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence west eighty chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres.

Dated January 19th, 1904.
6 Joseph Brault, Locator.

Beauty and Value

are combined in our dainty Shees and Slippeers. We have a wonderful supply of

DAINTY SLIPPERS
STYLISH SHOES
NEAT OXFORDS

Misses' and Children's Shoes a Specialty

Every Man Needs

one or more. Until he possesses one he never fully realizes their comfort and style. FANCY VESTS are shown here in a variety of style and material. Duck, Drill and Fancy Light Weaves suitable for summer wear

REID & CO.

CLIMAX JAMS

are the purest Fruit Jams made in Canada. These Jams and Jellies are made from British Columbia Fruits, are better than any other Canadian make and equal to anything imported. 5 lb. tin fruits 65c. In our window for assortment Botger's and Laxenby's English Jelly Tablets

Cognac, Black Curran, Noylan, Maderia flavoring 15c package.

G. T. ROGERS

Fancy and Staple Groceries and Crockery
Cranbrook, B. C.

Agent for Brockville Carriage Works, Buggies and Rigs of all descriptions.

Hill & Co.'s Specialties

For This Week

210 Ready-to-Wear Suits for Men at — **$4.90**
Regular $10 and $12 lines

190 Ready-to-Wear Suits for Men, to clear at — **$8.75**
Regular $15, $18 and $20 lines

Also a full line of Leatherstockings for bad boys. Ask to be shown these.

MEN—Just call and hear our Englishman, Smythe, and our Irishman, Black, demonstrate.

Hill & Co., Cranbrook's Greatest Store

BEALE & ELWELL

OFFER FOR SALE

$2250 5-room dwelling and 3 lots on Baker hill.
$2200 6-room dwelling on Baker hill, fine location.
$1250 6-room dwelling and large stable on Hanson ave.
$1000 house on Armstrong avenue.
$1000 neat cottage on Conductor hill.
$950 6-room dwelling on Baker hill.
$850 dwelling house on Durick avenue.
$500 3-room dwelling near the Presbyterian church.
$375 3-room house on Hanson avenue.
$375 5-room dwelling on Baker hill.
$275 lot on Burwell avenue.
$175 Billiard table, good condition.

IN TOWN.....

I am going to Morrow & McFarlane's to buy one of Campbell's SEMI-READY SUITS for my husband. He paid last year $30.00 for a tailor-made suit, and I am told that I can get just as good from $18 to $23 at their store. I have seen their suits and like the way they set about the collar and shoulders. There is just 1000 stitches behind one of their Campbell collars, all done by hand. I counted them myself.

Morrow & McFarlane

ADVANCE CRANBROOK

Wilga House Boarding Establishment
(M. B. King's late residence)

is now open for resident and table boarders. The table will be found unequalled in the district and every effort will be made to study the comfort and wants of visitors. Table tickets are now ready and the price moderate.

For terms apply to
MRS. HOADLEY.

Sunday dinners a specialty.

AWAY UP

in Style, Durability and Cheapness stands our furniture. It is not the kind put together for bargain purposes.

OUR OWN

interest if nothing else makes us offer what is good and substantial. Your own taste will tell you it is artistic and the price will be found within reach of all.

THE MAC ONNELL FURNITURE CO.

Cranbrook Cottage Hospital,
Corner Armstrong avenue and Lewis St.

For full particulars apply to
Miss Moss, - Matron,
Graduate of St. Luke's Hospital, Vancouver, B. C.

MISS ADOLPH,

Teacher of pianoforte and organ. For terms, etc. apply between hours of three and five o'clock on Wednesday and Friday at residence of Mrs. W. H. Griffith.

LOCAL NOTES

Picked Up About the City by Asking Questions of Many People.

H. W. Ross, of Fort Steele, was in town Tuesday.

The spring rains have been regular the past week.

Stewart McKim, of Tonkin, spent Tuesday in town.

Sam Hammond has moved from Nelson to New Westminster.

For a quick, neat, and smooth shave go to the O. K. barber.

H. A. Lacey left Monday for Vancouver where he may locate.

Mrs. Mellor, of Marysville, was in town last Thursday and Friday.

House to rent. Water furnished. W. B. McFarlane.

Quite a number of Cranbrook people drove to Wasa on the 24th.

Milk shakes and other soft drinks at P. McConnell's.

William Greaves and family, of Medicine Hat, spent the 24th in town.

Position wanted to do general house work. Apply at Herald office.

James Reagan has joined the tide that is flowing toward Poplar creek.

Dan McNeish and family, of Fort Steele, spent the 24th, in Cranbrook.

Mrs. Claude Mansfield has gone to Pembroke, Ont., to visit her parents.

The best of fruit, always fresh, at P. McConnell's.

Mr. Cousins, C. P. R. agent at Ryan, visited his sister in this town this week.

J. A. Gillis and wife, of Morrissey Junction, spent several days in town this week.

G. P. Tisdale has an artistic sign placed over his restaurant that is a beauty.

Mrs. W. T. Reid, Mrs. G. E. Smith and Miss Ransom visited Moyie last Friday.

For Sale or Rent, the Wyncup residence on Baker hill. Apply to R. Lounsbury. 8-2t

The Herald is in receipt of a postal souvenir of the Toronto fire from C. Ross Tate.

An inquest on the recent fire in Fernie is to be held to settle if possible, the origin.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hoggarth and Miss Wellman, came down from Elko Monday.

Mrs. A. Mooney and baby and Mrs. Odell have gone to Medicine Hat for a few months.

Miss Galbraith, of Fort Steele, was the guest of Mrs. M. McInnis several days this week.

Store room for rent on Armstrong Avenue, 18x40, good cellar. Apply to B. H. Short.

E. H. McLeod has returned from a trip to Edmonton. He expects to move his family there.

Alf. Erickson came up from Sirdar to spend the twentyfourth with Cranbrook friends.

Mrs. Naismith, of Lethbridge, was visiting Cranbrook friends several days the past week.

W. H. Wilson and Cecil Prest are expected to return from their trip to the coast next Saturday.

Mrs. H. B. Kirkland has arrived from McIntyre, Ont., and Mr. Kirkland is happy in consequence.

George Leason, of Calgary, was in town a few days this week shaking hands with some of the old timers

PRESCRIPTIONS

We could make a whole lot of extravagant claims, but, after all, the question would come back, "Do we make good?" When it comes to that we are willing to STAND ON OUR RECORD.

In the history of our prescription department (present number 24679) there has been no error to mar its record.

We believe that prescription work cannot be done any more carefully or satisfactorily to doctor and patients than our work is now done.

IT PAYS TO DEAL AT

BEATTIE'S BIG BOOK AND DRUG STORE

Our Mail Order business continues to grow.

New Hardware Store

We have just opened our new store and propose to carry a complete line of Hardware, Tinware, Iron, Mill and Mine Supplies

MILL SUPPLIES—Pumps, Canthooks, Saws, Axes, etc.
BUILDERS' SUPPLIES—Tar and Building Paper.
MINERS' SUPPLIES—Truax Ore Cars and Steel, Hydraulic Rams, Pipes, etc.

A complete stock of Fishing Tackle, Rifles and Shotguns

McCALLUM & CO.

W. B. McFarlane visited Ryan this week.

Mrs. A. Brown is quite ill at the hospital.

W. R. Ross, of Fernie, was in town today.

R. L. T. Galbraith, of Fort Steele, is in town today.

M. Phillips, of Tobacco Plains, is in town today.

I Boyter left for the Lardeau today, where he will remain this summer.

John Garrett, the well known engineer, returned Wednesday with his bride.

Arnold's cottage on Baker Hill for sale. Apply to Arnold & Roberts.

Joseph Brault, of the Canadian hotel, has had his hotel painted, which greatly adds to its appearance.

For Sale—A phaeton, double set of harness and two ponies. $150 takes the lot. Mrs. A. Leitch.

Mrs. Percy W. Clarke, of Ryan, is spending a few days in Cranbrook, the guest of Mrs. J. W. Barnett.

Don't fail to read the big ad. of the Prest Photo Company in this issue. No one can afford to miss it.

Just opened up, sterling silver and silver plated goods, from the best manufacturers. Tate, the Jeweler.

Fernie is endeavoring to have the provincial government rebate the taxes for the year in the burnt district.

The provincial government has given Fernie $250 for its fire brigade. A like gift to Cranbrook would be greatly appreciated.

For Rent—Furnished room for lady. Apply to,
F. Goldericks
Hazel block, Cranbrook.

William Noble returned from West Kootenay Monday. He was agreeably surprised at the progress made by Cranbrook during the time he had been away.

The Fort Steele Mercantile company have placed an inlaid matting on their floor, that is a beauty. The Fink brothers are hustlers, and their store is a beauty.

The license commissioners will hold a meeting in Cranbrook on June 15. Every license in this portion of the district will come up for consideration at that time.

Mr. Boynton, of Lacrosse, Wis., one of the stockholders in the Perry Creek Hydraulic and Mining Company, has been here the past week. He leaves today for his home.

Sam Hayes came up from Lethbridge to see the game on the twentyfourth and visit a few days with friends. A party was given in his honor Monday night at the Royal hotel.

Some of the Cranbrook young men who ride to Fort Steele have gotten themselves in bad odor in that town by their reckless riding on the streets. Recently a number of them were racing on the Main street and came near riding down a child. This is inexcusable, and their action if repeated, will lead to trouble.

Judge Forin is holding court in Cranbrook today.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Keep and baby arrived last Friday for a visit with James Ryan, brother of Mrs. Keep.

Next Monday evening the I. O. O. F. lodge holds its regular semi-annual election. A fine attendance is desired.

Constable Hoskins was on duty in Fernie several days while the Fernie officers were in attendance at court in Nelson.

P. McConnell's restaurant has always kept delicious ice cream. The parlors are now open for the season. You should call and try some.

The government office contingent left Saturday afternoon for Fort Steele to spend Sunday at home It will be some weeks before they are permanently located in Cranbrook.

Morrow & McFarlane are advertisers. They have been repairing some sidewalks in town so long neglected by the government, and marking the boards, "Repaired by Morrow & McFarlane."

Last Saturday was one of the best days from a commercial standpoint ever seen in Cranbrook. The streets were crowded during the afternoon and evening, and the merchants did a fine business.

What is the matter with a [illegible] in Cranbrook? Where are the instruments that were purchased by public contribution? The town should have a band and a good one. It is large enough and has some good musicians.

Lost, on the athletic grounds Tuesday, one-half of gold locket, with letters J. S. S. raised and South African colors. I will pay $5 reward for the return of it. Leave at Herald office.
Dr. J. S. Stewart, Lethbridge.

N. E. Siddons is firm in his belief that this is a fruit raising valley, and this spring he has planted over 100 fruit trees of various kinds and as many fruit bushes. He will have a magnificent place in a few years, as the soil is very rich, and will grow anything.

G. H. Bremner returned this week from an extended trip through the Territories and Manitoba in behalf of the Robinson-McKenzie Lumber company. He says that business looks good all through those sections, although everything was retarded by rains and washouts early in the spring.

McDonald & Clapp are making improvements at the Manitoba hotel. The dining room has been nearly doubled in size, sixteen new bed rooms are to be added, and more additional room on the first floor is to be afforded by an addition. The new proprietors of the hotel are doing a big business, and are handicapped for the want of room.

The little child of V. Hyde Baker fell through the cellar trap door at the residence last Thursday night, a distance of thirteen feet, sustaining some severe injuries, but fortunately they were not of a serious nature. Her collar bone was fractured and she received several bruises on the body. It was a miraculous escape from death.

ABOUT THE GARDEN

You may need

A Rake, A Hoe,
A Spade, A Shovel,
Rubber Hose, Sprinklers,
Chicken Wire.

We keep all of them and everything in the hardware line.

J. D. McBRIDE

ALWAYS FRESH

The Fruit and Vegetables at our store are always fresh. Watch our window.

A word to the Ladies—when you want confectionery, call at our store—we keep a large variety and only the best.

A. Dawson & Company

"Drawn Through a Knot Hole."

That's how many people feel at this time of year. The system is trying to free itself from the winter sluggishness but cannot do it unaided.

That is why SPRING TONICS are so necessary. They are to the blood what spring house cleaning is to the home. They free it from the impurities gathered through living much indoors and living a less strenuous life.

All the good kinds of tonics are here. We specially recommend Dr. Howard's Sarsaparilla.

Chas. E. Reid & Co,
Graduated Druggists — Cranbrook, B. C.

HOME BEAUTY IS HOME COMFORT

We are putting into stock this week what we believe to be the best assortment of Picture Mouldings between Winnipeg and Vancouver.

POINTER 1 Our Mouldings contain the latest in Gilts, Flemish, Weathered Oak, Golden Oak and Ebony Finish.

POINTER 2 A beautiful line of Pictures for framing and pictures already framed that will give your walls the stamp of elegance, good taste and refinement.

POINTER 3 Something new for your dining room and cosy corner. It is a Plate Rail. It is fastened six feet from the floor. Fancy China and Bric a Brac can be placed on top and Pictures hung from underneath.

POINTER 4 A line of room mouldings that will suit almost any paper you may put on your walls.

POINTER 5 We are now in connection with the best house for enlarging portraits in the United States, and we wish to state that we can give you an absolutely reliable portrait in water color, sepia or crayon. Not the kind you get from the travelling agent, and are ashamed to hang on the wall after you get them. Ours are the kind you will value because they are works of art.

POINTER 6 Photographs. We keep in touch with the outside world with photographers in the larger cities, like New York and Philadelpnia we compare notes and give you the benefit of their experience as well as ours.

POINTER 7 We will appreciate a visit from every lady and gentleman in East Kootenay. Yours for the best in all lines.

PREST PHOTO CO.

CRANBROOK FERNIE MOYIE

CHANGE OF FIRM

AT GILPIN'S OLD STAND

The undersigned have full control of the business of the late firm of Manning, Lacey & Siddons, and are in a position to offer you great bargains in **Gents' Panamas, Ladies' Sailors, and Children's straw hats** that will astonish the people of South East Kootenay. We have just received a car of fresh groceries from Toronto, in fact our stock is complete in every particular. We are at your service.

MANNING & SIDDONS

The Calgary Cattle Company,

(SUCCESSORS TO M. McINNIS)

DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS OF MEAT

POULTRY, FISH AND OYSTERS IN SEASON

NEXT DOOR TO POSTOFFICE

The Cosmopolitan Hotel

RATES $2 PER DAY

A Firstclass House Centrally Located

Fine Sample Rooms in Connection. The bedrooms are airy and comfortable, and the table is the best the market affords.

Not a Bit of Tail

Small deer in Thibet are entirely minus this very important part. Clothes made by McSweyn & Griffith are not minus any part whatever. Each part is complete and perfectly made. We are bound that everyone who wears one of our suits shall say, "This suit is all right and I got it from

"McSWEYN & GRIFFITH,"

Cranbrook Block Cranbrook, B. C.

BUYING MEAT

is like buying a pig in a bag with some people. All meats look alike to them and — they very often get poor quality.

We want the trade of those who know good

MEAT

and those that don't. The former will know that we have that kind for them and the latter can rely upon us to give it to them.

P. BURNS & CO.

...Manitoba Hotel...

(Under New Management)

D. A. McDONALD, Manager

This Hotel is in the center of town. The rooms are comfortable and well furnished, the dining room is first-class, and the bar is supplied with the best. When you want a good place to stop come to the Manitoba.

WE GIVE YOU YOUR MONEY'S WORTH

BOILERS

and ENGINES

Saw Mill Machinery
Planing Mill Machinery
Iron Working Machinery
Mining Machinery
Machinery for all Purposes
All of very best makes.

Write

J. L. Neilson & Co., 602 Main St. Winnipeg

Cranbrook Brick and Tile Works

Taylor & Davis, Props.

Furnace & Boiler Specialists

All descriptions of brick work undertaken. Flues plastered by new fire proof process.

Common brick, pressed brick, fire brick and tile on hand.

Marriage

Yes, and the CITY BAKERY is the place to get a nice wedding cake and ornaments in the latest style. Why send your order out of town and perhaps have the icing broken by shipping. Prices right.

Phone 54 Opposite M. E. Church

C. W. WILSON,

Cranbrook Sash and Door Factory

All kinds of finish work in way of doors, windows, transoms, etc. Kiln dried lumber for inside work. Our work is guaranteed and our prices are satisfactory.

Rough and Dressed Lumber For Sale

Timber Notice

Thirty days after date I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of lands and works at Victoria, B. C. for a license to cut and carry timber of the following described lands in South East Kootenay.

Commencing at a post marked K. J. Highye N. E. corner post about one and one half mile west of Great Northern Railway, west of Elk river in lot 4594 on a creek known as Tunnel creek, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains east to place of begining.

Located this 9th day of April 1904.

4 K. J. Highye.

Morrissey Mines, B. C. Locator.

J. G. CUMMINGS

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR

FORT STEELE

W. F. GURD,

Barrister, Solicitor, Etc.

CRANBROOK, BRITISH COLUMBIA

R. LOGAN MERCHANT TAILOR

A beautiful line of Homespuns and Worsteds for Ladies' Tailor Made Suits. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Rooms on Armstrong Ave.

Perry & Fitzgerald

PROPRIETORS OF THE

Cranbrook Cartage and Transfer Company

We are in business for business. To keep it and secure more we must do business in a business like manner. We are prompt and reliable. That is business. We do all kinds of drayage and cartage. We want more.

Leave orders in our office in the Cranbrook hotel block, opposite station, or telephone 65; residence, 63.

SEVERAL SNAPS

IN REAL ESTATE

We have on offer some genuine bargains and strongly advise intending investors to consult us before placing out their money. REAL ESTATE IN CRANBROOK is as good an investment as any man could wish to hold. Houses bought and sold on commission.

ARNOLD & ROBERTS

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

For Blowing off a Friend

Or in other words, for the refreshment of guests, some of my

High class Wines and Liquors

are not only desirable but essential. TRY THEM

SCHLITZ' BEER FERNIE BEER

BASS' ALE GUIUNESS' STOUT

Prompt Attention given to Mail Orders

A. L. McDERMOT

Wholesale Wine and Spirit Merchant

PHONE 17 .. Cranbrook .. PHONE 17

ITEMS FROM MOYIE.

The Herald Correspondent.

THE ST. EUGENE.

The St. Eugene mine is now running full blast and over 275 men are employed in the mine and around the workings. The concentrator has been running double shift for several weeks and last Tuesday the finished jigs in the slime mill were started. The unfinished jigs will be used as soon as they are completed, when every wheel in the mills will be turning and the St. Eugene running as she never run before. Last Monday the work of pumping out the shaft was begun, as soon as possible, men will be put to work repairing the shaft and getting ready for the resumption of work in the lower levels. Thus the St. Eugene company is showing its good faith in the government and the only thing necessary to secure several years of unparalleled prosperity is the extension of the lead bonus to ore exported from Canada.

EMPIRE DAY.

Empire day, May 24th, was a day to be remembered in Moyie. The stores and other building were gaily decorated with flags and every person seemed bent on enjoying themselves to the full. Throughout the day boating and other amusements were indulged in and in the evening a boat race, for prizes, presented by P. J. Mc. of the Hotel Kootenay, resulted in an exciting contest between the several competitors. Then, at night, the Fire Brigade ball was held in the Morley building. The hall was sufficiently large to accommodate the large company which assembled and the fire boys took care that every thing possible should be done that the public might enjoy themselves. Dancing was indulged in until 12 o'clock, when a dainty repast, prepared by R. Howard, was partaken of. After supper dancing was again the order of the evening and was kept up until the early morning hours, when all went home, saying unanimously that the Empire day in Moyie was a day not to be forgotten.

NEWS NOTES.

W. F. Gurd, of Cranbrook, was in town last Monday.

J. Gibbon, of the Manitoba hotel, Cranbrook, was enjoying a holiday in Moyie last week.

Mrs. Hill and Mrs. Reid, Cranbrook, and Miss Ransom, Montreal, were registered at the Hotel Kootenay on Friday last.

As last Monday and Tuesday were public holidays the Moyie schools were closed.

W. J. Atchison, the druggist of Cranbrook, came up last Sunday and has entered into business.

J. Fitch has opened his grocery store in the Conrad building.

Mr. McVittie and his staff left for Fort Steele on Saturday, having completed their surveying in the vicinity of Moyie.

R. Howard has completed his building and is now running a first class restaurant.

Worthington & Co. have nearly completed the addition to their store, when they will have one of the neatest stands in the town.

The upper Moyie lake is now a scene of activity, as river driving has commenced.

Fred Frith, of the International, has completed the addition to his hotel and has opened a short order dining room.

The men at the St. Eugene proper were laid off on the 24th, owing to the breakage of some of the machinery in the upper workings.

Mr. Swinnerton, of the Manhattan hotel, has rented rooms in the Farrel block, and moved in last Monday.

A. Stevenson purchased the dwelling house, formerly known as the Goldburg building, last week.

Every person is now looking forward to Dominion day, when a celebration, second to none in the district, will be held in Moyie.

Andrew Foote, brother of the tailor, arrived from Poplar creek last Sunday, reporting that times in Poplar are rather quiet.

MORRISSEY TO FERNIE.

The Great Northern Engineers are Making Surveys.

Morrissey, B. C., May 25. After a wait of nearly two years, it now begins to look as though the much talked of railway construction between Morrissey Junction and Michel is to be an assured fact.

Last week a survey party in charge of E. P. Watson, and accompanied by A. M. Tupper, chief engineer of the Great Northern railway, arrived at the junction and have established their camp at that place. The party consists of a dozen men, and began running lines for the right of way into Fernie. This work is progressing as rapidly as possible, and will be completed to Fernie the latter part of the week, when it is expected the right of way will be cleared and cross-sectioning began.

It is understood that Simms & Shields, the big contracting firm, will have full charge of construction. Last Wednesday George Shields was up from the south and in conversation with your correspondent, stated that he thought there was no doubt but that construction would begin on the new road just as soon as the surveyors had completed running their lines. Already their are eight or ten carloads of grading implements loaded at Rexford, Mont., waiting to be brought to Morrissey, and as the big cut off on the main line is now all but completed, it will only require a few days to bring in all necessary men and machinery for this extension.

The road from Morrissey to Fernie will be about ten miles in length, and as there is considerable heavy rock work, it will require at least seven months to complete it. Nothing definite has been given out, as yet, as to whether or not the line will be continued on to Michel, but from information received it is thought that work from Fernie to Michel will not be taken up until next year. The work will, in all probability, be done by sub-contractors with Messrs. Simms and Shields in charge.

The construction of this road will be a big thing to this end of district, and especially to Morrissey Junction, which is now the terminus of the Great Northern branch, as it will be headquarters until the work is completed. And coming as it does when mining in this section is quiet, the merchants of that town have reasons to feel elated over the prospects of a summers good business.

Contests Are Off.

Victoria, May 19.—Negotiations which have been in progress between the government, represented by Premier McBride, and the opposition represented by Stuart Henderson, looking to the dropping of all election petitions, were concluded last night, when a mutual agreement to that effect was reached followed by instructions to the different solicitors to cancel proceedings against the respective candidates. It is understood that for some time a practical agreement has been reached in every case involved, excepting that against president of the council J. F. Fulton, against whom the opposition held so clear a case that it could not think of abandoning it. Finally the premier undertook to solve the difficulty by giving Fulton the vacant portfolio of provincial secretary, which has been vacant almost ever since the organization of the cabinet, thus involving Fulton's resignation and return to his constituency for re-election. Nomination day for Fulton's seat at Kamloops is set for June 20th, and the election on June 30th. The seats involved in the saw-off include Victoria, (four), Cranbrook, Esquimalt, Kamloops and Revelstoke.

New Road Superintendent.

Larry Doolan, ex-roadmaster on the Crow, has been appointed superintendent of roads, trails and bridges for this district in place of Don McKay. Mr. Doolan is a practical road man, who has spent his life in road construction, and his appointment has met with general favor. As soon as he returns from Winnipeg, where he goes to close up some business matters, he will take a trip over the district, to familiarize himself with the conditions, and then he will take hold of the work to be done this season. Larry's many friends in South East Kootenay are pleased to hear of his appointment, as they feel that he will give eminent satisfaction.

The Hospital Ball.

The dance given Tuesday evening by the Ladies Aid of the St. Eugene hospital was a financial success and a most pleasant entertainment. Staebler's orchestra, of Fernie supplied the music, and it was all that could be desired. The number present was not so great but that dancing was a pleasure, and so enjoyable was the evening that the last waltz was not played until nearly 3 o'clock. The ladies in charge are to be congratulated upon the success of the annual ball this year.

The ladies desire to thank those who assissted in making the ball a success. After paying all obligations, there was left about $200 for the hospital.

They Will All Be Non-Combine Soon.

London, May 16. Rumor is current in insurance circles that a large company threatens to resign its place in the association of offices that exist for the maintenance of uniformity in the rating, claiming that such membership destroys the independence of the company and curbs its enterprise to the disadvantage of the insuring public.

Arnold and Roberts represent the non-combine companies in Cranbrook.

BUSINESS COLUMN

Locals in this column will be charged at the rate of 5 cents per line each issue.

For Sale—Five roomed house and two fenced lots, on Baker Hill. Apply Herald office.

Your approval is our ambition. Frost Photo Co.

Wanted, 160 acres of land, 20 under irrigation, in neighborhood of Cranbrook. Apply to Herald office.

TIMBER LANDS

FOR SALE OR LEASE

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company offer timber lands comprised in British Columbia Southern and Columbia & Kootenay Railway land grants for sale and to lease on favorable terms.

These lands contain some of the finest timber in the Kootenay District.

For terms, maps and further particulars apply to the following local land agents:

V. Hyde Baker, Cranbrook, B. C. E. Mallandaine, Jr., Creston, B. C.
I. H. Wilson, Wardner, B. C. H. & M. Bird, Nelson, B. C.
R. R. Bruce, Wilmer, B. C.

Or to

J. S. DENNIS,

British Columbia Land Commissioner,
Canadian Pacific Railway Company,
Calgary, Alberta

MAKE MONEY

BY BUYING A SURE THING

THE STOCK OF THE

St. Eugene Mountain Mines, Ltd.

Its property is located on the St. Eugene Mountain.
It has the St. Eugene lead.
It can be bought at 10 cents per share.
It is backed by mining men, not mining fakirs.
It will increase in value.

To make money in mining buy good stock low and sell on the rise.

BEALE & ELWELL,

Cranbrook Agents.

LUMBER

Robinson-McKenzie Lumber Co., Ltd.

Saw and Planing Mills

All Kinds Of

Rough and Dressed Lumber

KING LUMBER MILLS LTD.

Saw and Planing Mills

Manufacturers of Rough and Dressed

LUMBER.

A. SHELTON L. CLAPP

The Wentworth

Shelton & Clapp,

The New Managers.

Drop in and see us any time. We are on deck 25 hours out of the 24

Legislative Assembly
JUN 7 1904
VICTORIA, B. C.

THE CRANBROOK HERALD.

VOLUME 7. CRANBROOK, BRITISH COLUMBIA, THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1904. NUMBER 10

The Canadian Bank of Commerce
Head Office, Toronto.

HON. GEO. A. COX, President. B. E. WALKER, Gen. Mar.

Paid Up Capital $8,700,000.00
Rest 3,000,000.00
Total Resources Nov. 30, '03 ..... 83,000,000.00

Deposits Received. General Banking Business Transacted

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT—Deposits Received—Interest Allowed.
PRESENT RATE OF INTEREST THREE PER CENT

BANKING BY MAIL—Deposits may be made and withdrawn by mail. Out-of-town accounts receive every attention. Communications addressed to the manager of the Cranbrook branch will receive prompt attention.

CRANBROOK BRANCH. F. C. MALPAS, Manager.

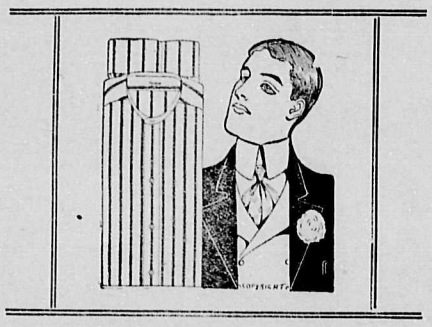
IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

Capital, Paid Up $2,983,896
Rest $2,636,312

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, ONTARIO.
T. R. Merritt, Pres. D. R. Wilkie, Vice Pres. and Gen. Manager

CRANBROOK BRANCH
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT—INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

A general banking business transacted. Drafts sold available in every part of Canada, United States and Europe. Special attention to collections. J. F. M. PINKHAM, Manager.



YOU CAN LOOK

With pride upon your shirt, if purchased here, as there is nothing "cheap" about its appearance. Our shirts are very dressy, of good strong linen, with many attractive stripes in the colored ones, and are very popular with the fashionably dressed young men in town.

BETTER BUY

a number of the new line of shirts we have just received in stock. They'll be sold in short order, as they are the swellest and latest things in Men's Furnishings. The prices are exceptionally low for such high class shirts. We have them plain and colored—suit your taste. Latest in Men's Furnishings always at our store

Fort Steele Mercantile Co., Ltd.

BUY
Western Oil and Coal Stock

Only a limited number of shares for sale at 15 cents. Don't wait until they are up to 50 cents. Latest reports most promising. Property situated only 12 miles north of the recent flow of oil struck in Montana where there is great excitement. Oil from our wells will be worth $1.75 a barrel more than in Montana. SEE———

BEALE & ELWELL
Baker Street, Cranbrook LOCAL BROKERS

Nothing
--BUT--
The Best

The quality of our Silverware cannot be excelled. We handle the celebrated 1847 Roger Bros.' goods, and there is nothing better manufactured. We are perfectly willing to show you the goods and give you our prices whether you buy or not. If our business methods don't suit you, and you are at all dissatisfied with our way of doing business, come and tell us. We'll gladly rectify any mistakes made.

W. H. WILSON, Jeweler and Optician

Don't Be Alarmed

Sleep late in the morning. Enjoy the luxury of waking up whenever you feel like it—if you can. But if you can't better get one of our

Alarm Clocks

It will do the work. When the ringing begins, farewell sleep. You wake up and you get up.

W. F. Tate,
The Jeweler

Official Watch Inspector C. P. R., Crows Nest Pass Division

A HARD KNOCK

Provincial Mineralogist Robertson makes rather an unfavorable report on the Flathead country, of which the following is a synopsis:

To the eastward of the main Flathead river the rock formations forming the mountain ranges appear to be, and have been so classed by the geological survey, of an older age than the Cretaceous, which is the coal-bearing formation in this part of British Columbia; consequently, no coal may be expected in this district nor could any trace of such be found. In the southern portion of the district to the west of the Flathead, the geological formation is more recent than on the east side of the river. From the few rock exposures visible in this heavily wooded section it is impossible to learn much in a hurried trip. The hills along the valley of Cedar creek are rounded off, the banks being covered by wash which is chiefly dark shale and clay, through which a few outcroppings of light-colored limestone and sandstone are visible. From the appearance of such formation as was seen, it is probable that it belongs to what has been classed by the geological survey as the "Fernie shale," and this section may possibly contain a small outlying basin of the Cretaceous or coalbearing rocks, although no coal out-croppings are reported as found. This section has not been prospected, there are no trails in it and travelling is difficult. On a small creek flowing from the north into Calder creek, about 10 or 12 miles from its junction with the Flathead, there were exposed beds of a black carbonaceous shale which contain concretions of claystone. These concretions, when freshly broken, give off a strong odor of petroleum, but examination of the creek for some distance up revealed nothing further. This creek is about on the boundary between Lots 4589 and 4593; it is impossible, in the absence of a survey, to say in which it is situated.

The northern portion of the Flathead valley has been examined in detail by parties of the geological survey and the outcroppings of the coal formations are shown in a "Map of the Crows Nest Coal Fields" published by the survey within this past year. This map is based on actual triangulation and traverse surveys made by the survey and show the coal measures of the Crows Nest basin to be almost entirely to the west of the eastern boundary of Lot 4589 and so, consequently, not within Lot 4593. This coal basin is also shown as lying north of the east fork of Lodgepole creek.

On the headwaters of Flathead river and of Lodgepole creek there are numerous exposures of eastern edge of the coal measures of the Crows Nest basin, and these have been prospected by various parties exposing very promising coal seams.

These coal measures certainly lie very close to the boundary between the two blocks mentioned, and as such boundary has not been run out on the ground, the map of the geological survey is undoubtedly the best authority we have, and this places the coal exposures in Lot 4589.

Oil seepages have been reported from this section of British Columbia and also from the adjoining territory of Alberta, certainly as far back as 1889 if not earlier. The late Dr. Selwyn, then director of the geological survey, visited the district in 1891 with William Fernie, and in his report to Edgar Dewdney, then minister of the interior, he says:

"I found a decided boom in petroleum claims and a company formed to put down a boring, the site selected being 18 miles south, and a little east, of Pincher Creek."

Speaking of the rock formation at the site of this venture, he says: "They were the ordinary varieties of sandstone and sandy shales of the Cretacaous."

Further on he tells of collecting a sample of crude oil from seepage through gravel, etc., in the bed of a stream about five miles to the east of the summit. He calls this Cameron Falls creek, but it is possibly the south fork of the Kootenay branch of Watertown river, as at this point oil is found seeping today and boring is going on at present to a considerable depth. Over the summit, in British Columbia, (he speaks of oil on Kish-e-neh-na creek he calls it Akamina brook, in error):

"On the edge of a beaver-dam pool there were ledges of hard, dark-blue shale. Lifting layers of this at and below the water, a quantity of dark-green, circular patches of oil rose to the surface, and a precisely similar result followed by stirring up the mud at the bottom of the pool."

The finding of a trace of oil at this point has been reported to the provincial mineralogist by an old prospector who has been in this district for years. On the other hand, the provincial mineralogist camped on September 2nd and 9th, 1903 on the spot described and was unable to detect or locate the seepage referred to. Dr. Dawson made a detailed examination of the geology of this creek in 1885, and must have also camped at this same spot, but he also failed to discover and record any oil seepage on this stream. The probabilities are that the seepage is very slight, or it may only show at certain stages of water.

In the same report Dr. Selwyn tells of his visit to Sage creek and of the finding of two seepages of oil on that stream. These the provincial mineralogist found, and they are described hereafter.

As far as could be learned or found on the ground, these are the only seepages in the district known today. It will be seen, therefore, that the discovery of oil is a matter of some standing, and that the close prospecting of later years has not added materially to the early discoveries.

Sage and Kish-e-neh-na creeks are the only two streams upon which oil has been reported as actually found. These two creeks are paralled and closely adjoining, being only separated in their upper reaches by a spur of the main range. The seepage of oil reported occur on both creeks just where the mountains give way to the ancient wide valley of the Flathead, and it is quite certain that the geological formations are the same in both these creeks. This fact is immediately visible to the eye from the upper benches of the river valley, from whence the view obtained of the strata exposed on the ends of the mountain ranges shows them to have been at one time continuous. The valleys of these two creeks have been cut out by erosion, there being no evidence in the lower portions of these valleys of any faults, folds or anything more than slight bending of the beds. About three miles above the oil seepage on Sage creek there is evidence of a fault crossing the creek and affecting the strata; the mountains here are sheer and bare, enabling the formation to be seen, while on Kish-e-neh-na creek the hills are not as steep and are covered with slide material, obscuring the view of the various strata except upon the peaks; but the same fault probably also extends across the valley.

As to the rocks comprising this regularly bedded formation, they consist of shales, slates, quartzites, compact magnecia, limestones, sandstone and at certain places interbedded trap flows. All are close grained, compact, and not capable of absorbing oil, The rocks in the upper beds are very red in color, chiefly shale and slates, while lower down beds of lightcolored magnecia limestones, containing much siliceous matter, occur, bedded with banded sandstone and quartzites. None of these rocks are capable of absorbing oil, nor can they be suspected of being the source of any oil, as they are devoid of any appearance of carbonaceous matter. They have been referred by Dawson, by Selwyn and other good geologists, to the Cambrian age, a formation order than the Carboniferous and very much older than the Cretaceous, in which latter the coal of British Columbia and also of Alberta is found. Oil had never been found in rocks of the Cambrian age, and the reported discovery of it rising through such was at first received with much doubt, until thoroughly substantiated by the director of the geological survey, Dr. Selwin, from personal observation. In the district itself there is no possible clue to the elucidation of even the possibility of such an occurance, and it was only after the most careful and extended detailed survey of the whole range of mountains that any explanation was possible.

As to whether there is oil in quantity to be obtained by boring there is little evidence; the seepage at present is trifling, but the geological structure seems suitable for the retention of oil if produced in quantity. If it does so exist it must in all probability be at very considerable depth, possibly over 3,000 feet.

In conclusion, I would report; the actual seeping of oil in three or more places; that the existence of a body of oil underground is quite possible, though exceedingly problematic; that if such body of oil does occur it can only be demonstrated by boring in all probability to a considerable depth and at a considerable cost.

TELL THE TRUTH.

The Cranbrook Lacrosse Players Victims of a False Report.

The Herald had hoped to be able to pass up the lacrosse game on the 24th between the Lethbridge and Cranbrook teams with an impartial account of the game, and some general criticisms of the roughness of the play. But the representative of the Fernie Free Press, who was present, and it is rumored, staked his judgment and his coin on the Lethbridge team, has seen fit to place all the blame on the Cranbrook boys. In his account he says: "The Lethbridge team consisted of last year's players with the exception of Stafford who is not in the game this year. The Cranbrook team is made up of four old players and the remainder of new players imported from the east. They are a strong, well built aggregation of men, considerably heavier than their opponents. The game from the start was a slugging match, blood flowed freely from cuts and bruises and the grounds resembled more a battle ground than a sporting field. The Fernie visitors were in a position to view the scene from an impartial standpoint, and though their sympathies may have naturally leaned slightly towards Cranbrook's interests at the start, this feeling was quickly annihilated by the unfair manner in which the home team treated their visitors. The initiative in the slugging game was taken by Cranbrook in many instances and most of the rough play indulged in by Lethbridge was done in self-defence. In fairness to the former it may be stated that the foul tactics were limited to four or five of their players. The game was prolonged to 6 p.m. owing to various interruptions which even required the assistance of the local police to settle."

The facts are that the slugging was commenced by the visiting team, and for a purpose. It is said that they started to "buffalo" the Cranbrook boys in the first quarter, and after the second quarter one of the visitors was heard to remark, "I guess we had better quit the rough work, boys, we are getting the worst of it." As to Cranbrook boys initiating the rough work, that is foolish, as nearly every one of the local team is cut and bruised, where only one of the visitors showed any marks. The Herald regrets that such a game was played, and preferred not to go into details. But since it is necessary, the facts might as well be given. As to Fernie being impartial, no man can be impartial when he has all the way from $10 to $50 bet on the game, and the Fernie visitors with one or two exceptions had their money on the Lethbridge sluggers.

To Let Courts Decide.

Victoria, B.C., May 30.—From the interview given by Mr. McBride, it now seems evident that there is every likelihood, before another week passes, of licences being issued to coal and oil lands in south-east Kootenay. The natural term for disallowance of bill 16, which abrogated the C.P.R. rights, expired in May, but as the bill was not received in Ottawa till June last year, the local Government has been deferring action till the corresponding date this year. Private assurances, it is said, have been received from Ottawa that disallowance is not contemplated, hence the Lands and Works Department is now free to act in the matter.

It appears to be the intention of the Government to grant all applications, allowing rival applicants to fight out the question of title in the courts. This will create a great scramble, as in some instances claims are staked over and over again, but it will relieve the department of a troublesome question. A great revenue will be derived from these licenses, of which there are over 800. All were last session raised from $50 to $100, but the Government is still undecided which to enforce.

An Infernal Nuisance.

Travellers on the Crow are constantly subjected to the inconvenience of being unable to get the time a passenger train will arrive at any of the smaller places. The traveling public pay the fare asked, and there is no reason under the sun why patrons of the road should not be able to get reliable information as to the arrival or departure of trains. In many of the towns the hotels are some distance from the station, and as a result many people are left behind in consequence, or compelled to wait around a station an hour or more, expecting the train any minute. A change in this respect would be greatly appreciated by a suffering public.

IT WILL GO NOW

There is evidently no further doubt about the resumption of work on the Sullivan mine and the Marysville smelter. Already a few men have been put to work at the smelter getting things in shape,and it is stated that as soon as arrangements are made, the work of completing the smelter will be inaugurated. E. J. Roberts, Mr. Sweeney's representative and manager, arrived last Saturday and spent two days at the mine and smelter, with F. A. Weeks, who will have charge of the work on the smelter. Mr. Roberts has returned to Spokane, but before leaving, he figured on a large quantity of brick, and they may be supplied by Davies & Taylor from their Cranbrook yards, or manufactured at the Marysville plant. It is understood that Mr. Roberts expressed the opinion that the main work on the smelter could be utilized all right, but that a number of changes would have to be made in the details.

There is every reason to believe that within a very short time the mine will be running full blast, and the smelter in operation. The people of this district are greatly interested in the success of this last move of the Sullivan company, as it means much to this section of the country.

Sullivan Will Open.

G. W. Hull, who was financial manager of the work performed on the Marysville smelter two years ago, and who opposed further expenditure under the direction of the expert then employed, arrived Saturday from Toledo, Ohio. He spent several days at the mine and Marysville leaving yesterday for his home. Mr. Hull is looking well, and says that he is enjoying excellent health.

Speaking of the change in management of the Sullivan mine and smelter at Marysville, Mr. Hull said: "I see nothing now to prevent the ultimate success of the new management. The men in control are practical miners with ample capital, and they have thoroughly investigated the proposition and propose to push it to a succesful issue. It is not an easy matter to finance a big deal like that, especially after there has been a failure, and now that it has been done, the smaller stockholders should appreciate the fact, since it means that their stock is to be made worth something. There is no doubt but what there will have to be some material changes in the plans of the smelter. The roasters will have to be enlarged, and other important alterations made, but nothing will be done until experts devise the best plans to pursue, and then work will be pushed rapidly. It is believed that the smelter will be ready to blow in by October or November, and of course from that time on the industry will be on a permanent basis."

SPOKANE ROAD.

The Spokesman Review of Tuesday has a long article on the extension of the C.P.R. to Spokane and Seattle. It says that the C.P.R. has just completed a long term traffic arrangement with the Northern Pacific, to use its tracks from Vancouver to Seattle, and therefore will not need to build to the latter town. For this reason the company to build connections for the C.P.R. to Spokane and Seattle is out of it, but that D. C. Corbin, who was interested in the proposition, will go ahead and form an independent company to build a line from Spokane to connect with the Crows Nest branch of the C.P.R., and that the C.P.R. has agreed to enter into a traffic arrangement with Corbin with this as a basis for business. Corbin is pushing the preliminary arrangements, and it is in the range of possibilities that work on the line may be instituted this summer. The new road will be operated as a separate and independent company, and will connect with the Crow's Nest line about at Yahk. This would give the C.P.R. a chance for transcontinental business from Spokane and enable it to hold the field against Jim Hill's lines.

This particular road is what interests Cranbrook, as its construction would mean the opening of a southern outlet to the States, and make Cranbrook the natural entrance point from the south for the heavy passenger and freight traffic that is bound to come from that way.

The Herald realizes that it takes time to get matters in shape for the construction of a line of railroad, but it is of the opinion that the road will be built, and that Cranbrook will get the big benefits to be derived by its construction.

The Kootenay Central.

Wilmer Outcrop: A. C. Mitchel, of New Castle, N. B., and D. Newal, of Fort Steele, passed through on Wednesday en-route to Golden. They were sizing up the valley as to the best route to build a railway. Mr. Mitchel is a surveyor who has had a great deal of experience in the mountains with C. P. R. construction, but it is understood that he is making this trip to report to eastern capitalists who intend investing heavily in the Kootenay Central railroad, providing his report is favorable. To a reporter Mr. Mitchel admitted that the road would not be difficult to build, but, of couse, he was looking for information and not then in a position to give it. From other sources it is learned that the probabilities of the construction of a railway at an early date are now much better than many people are inclined to believe. To say the least the prospects of its early construction are very good.

Card of Thanks.

The Sisters of St. Eugene hospital return their most sincere thanks to the ladies of the Hospital Aid society for the handsome sum of $200, being the proceeds of a ball given during the past month. Their hope is that the zeal of the good ladies will ever be fruitful source of help to them in their chosen work of charity.

High Salaried Mining Men

Spokane-Review: Eighteen thousand dollars a year is the salary paid to Charles Sweeny as president of the Federal Mining & Smelting company. That is probably the largest salary paid any Spokane man. The position is most responsible, as the Federal company is making profits of a million dollars a year, and the interests involved include mining, smelting, refining and marketing the ore.

E. J. Roberts, general manager of the Federal company, who has the direct executive management of its numerous mines, is receiving $9,000 a year. Mr. Roberts was formerly in the railway service as chief engineer of the Spokane Falls & Northern. He has large interests in the Quip mine at Republic and in the Union Iron Works here, but gave up his private business to accept the management of the Sweeny properties.

W. Clayton Miller, assistant manager of the Federal company and technical mining engineer, receives $7,500 a year. Bruce Clendenning, the treasurer, draws $5,000. Ex-Senator George Turner, who was recently retained as chief legal adviser for the company is reported to have a retainer of $12,000 a year. That is probably the largest yearly fee paid any lawyer here.

M. J. Gordon, formerly chief justice of the state, draws $7,500 a year from the Great Northern as counsel there.

S. F. Parrish, manager of the Le Roi mine at Rossland, B. C., got $10,000 a year, and E. J. Wilson, manager of the Le Roi smelter at Northport, Wash., is paid $8,000.

All these figures, however, are eclipsed by the salary which Walter Aldridge of Trail, B. C., receives from the Canadian Pacific as manager of its smelting industries in Canada. His salary is rated at $20,000 a year.

Building Notes.

E. Elwell's new residence is nearly completed.

F. C. Malpas' handsome cottage is well under way.

Mr. Agnew's new residence on Baker hill is inclosed.

William Cameron's new home is ready for the plasterers.

M. B. King has let the contract for a handsome cottage on Baker hill.

Sam Morrow has put a neat picket fence around his home place.

Paul Handley has decorated the front of his building with a fresh coat of paint.

Mr. Cartwright has improved the appearance of his residence by the addition of a new fence.

The new residence of C. M. Edwards is one of the most attractive cottages in the town.

George Hunter, the contractor, has started work on the new Herald building, on Baker Street next to the Wentworth hotel.

CRANBROOK HERALD

E. Simpson

Editor and Proprietor.

The Herald is worth $10 a year. It costs only $2. No man in South East Kootenay can afford to be without it, and everyone living outside of the district, who is interested in the progress of this section, should read it. It publishes the news while it is news. It is controlled absolutely by the publisher. No clique, party or individual dictates it policy. It don't try to please the people. It's desire is to publish a newspaper that will be a credit to the community. Send in your subscription and and you will be thankful ever afterward.

Advertising rates $1 per inch, single column, per month, no more and no less.

Reading matter 15 cents per line to non-advertisers; 10 cents per line to regular advertisers. Business locals five cents per line each insertion.

If you desire to reach the people of South East Kootenay you must advertise in The Herald.

The Herald has a first-class job plant, and its work is of the best. The Herald don't want charity. It wants a square deal on your job work. If we can't suit you in quality and price, kick, and send your work to some Cheap John house in the east that never spends a cent in Cranbrook.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The wholesale discharge of men in the United States is a hard blow to the boasted prosperity of that country.

Canada is the most prosperous nation on the globe today.

An English educator who recently visited Victoria after a hurried trip through the republic objects to the ladies of that country because they use toothpicks. What does he expect them to use, their forks?

By next fall Cranbrook will have more handsome homes than any town of it's size in British Columbia.

In 1910 Cranbrook will have a population of 10,000 people.

The Grand Trunk Pacific bill has passed the House of Commons by a majority of 46. This will mean that work will probably be inaugurated on the new road this summer.

The Dominion parliament will probably be prorogued within a short time, and then will follow the election.

If the coal licenses are granted to all applicants there will be a great feast for the lawyers.

That summer session of the provincial house is not materializing very fast.

The man who has sued John Houston for criminal libel may, before he gets through, experience the same sensation as the individual who stole a red hot stove.

Some of the lacrosse boys did not take very kindly to The Herald's criticisms of the game on the 24th. The Herald can only repeat that if the game is to continue in popularity the boys must play lacrosse and bar the slugging and profanity. Lacrosse cannot be maintained without attendance, and attendance can only be secured by putting up clean games.

South East Kootenay today is considered the best district in the province.

Cranbrook has a population of over 2,200 and is still growing. Every development in this part of the district this year has been of direct benefit to this town.

The Japs are demonestrating the fact that they are the hardest fighters history has known.

It is a safe gamble to bet that no road will be built in this part of the district that will not connect with Cranbrook.

The Flathead lands still form a debatable proposition.

Canada is to have what she sadly needs, another transcontinental railway.

Provincial Minerologist Robertson, in his report, gives as gloomy a view of the Flathead country as he did of Poplar Creek. To The Herald it seems to early to pass final judgement upon the resources of the Flathead. It has not been prospected as yet, and Mr. Robertson made a hasty trip through that section, too hasty to know the absolute facts.

Got to Pull Together.

With Apologies to the Denver Post.

We are on the trail to glory, yes, and that's no fairy story, though the knockers may regard it with a sneer;
There's an open course before us and the sun is shining o'er us and the skies of promise all are bright and clear;
We can see the starry beacon telling us to never weaken as we push our peerless Cranbrook up the hill;
And we'll gain the summit, neighbors, see the crown placed on our labors if we'll only pull together with a will.

Let us bury all dissensions, put the *knife to all contentions*, and allow our loyal pride alone to rule,
Let all jealousies be strangled, straighten out the threads so tangled, let all party anger be allowed to cool,
Every selfish instinct smother, brother clasp the hand of brother, shout the magic watchword "Forward!" loud and shrill
And our flag will soon be flying on the heights of fame undying: but we've got to pull together with a will.

Let no timid Doubting Thomas slur this glorious land of promise, let no bilious knocker try to black its eye,
Let us hear no surly growling, let us see no faces scowling, let no patriotic son from duty shy,
But let each one say he'll never cease his strenuous endeavor till we reach the golden summit of the hill,
And the world in song and story soon will tell of Cranbrook's glory; but we've got to pull together with a will.

Journalistic Jabs.

A Missouri editor refuses to publish obituary notices of people who, while living, failed to subscribe for his paper, and gives this pointed reason: People who do not take their home paper are dead anyway, and their mere passing away is of no news value.

An editor was at the death bed of an old subscriber who had taken the paper for years and never paid a cent. The dying man opened his eyes, and in weak tones, said, "Everything looks brighter." "Yes," said the editor, "You will see the flames pretty soon."

A man who had taken his home paper for some time without paying for it, wrote to the editor for instructions as to the best way to raise hogs. The editor wrote back, "Ask your parents."

Cranbrook's Population.

The census of that portion of Cranbrook that is to be included in the limits of the incorporated *town has been taken, and gives a* result of 1,640. This count does not include that portion of the town on the garden plat north-east of the school house, the large settlement at and near the sash and door factory, none of those living west of the railroad, the people at any of the mills, or *what can be termed transient* population. Naturally, this comes a long way from showing what is really Cranbrook's population, and is clear evidence of the fact that the number of people in the limited territory that it is to be incorporated and all of those living adjacent to the town, will easily aggregate from 2,200 to 2,400.

The population in what is to be incorporated Cranbrook, is divided as follows:

Males over 21 years.....	855
Males under 21 years.....	222
Females over 21 years...	314
Females under 21 years..	249
Total	1,640

Gun Club.

A gun club has been organized in Cranbrook. H. V. Baker is president; J. F. M. Pinkham, secretary; and Mr. Agnew and Mr. Moffatt members of the executive committee. The club will have its shooting grounds back of the sash and door factory.

Funeral of J. H. Laidlaw.

The remains of J. H. Laidlaw were forwarded to Toronto on last Friday's train. Services were held at the Beatty undertaking rooms by Rev. *Beacham, and a large* number of the deceased friends were present. The remains were placed in a handsome casket, and the following friends officiated as pallbearers: Paul Handley, J. McDonald, G. Fairfield, D. McFarlane, H. Thomey and H. Drew. The deceased was insured for $20,000.

New Pole Road.

A two mile and a half pole road has lately been completed by the Robinson-McKenzie Lumber company, which is now proving to be a great convenience to the company. For a mile along this road, there has been over twelve hundred thousand feet of lumber skidded. This has been done by a small but an industrious crew of men superintended by Walter MacFarlane a man about fifty years of age, and who thoroughly understands every branch of the work, as he has followed it for the past thirty years.

A PRETTY WEDDING.

Miss Edythe Magee and Mr. Edward Cline are Married.

One of the prettiest weddings ever held in Cranbrook was the marriage ceremony that united Miss Edythe Magee, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Magee, and Edward Cline in the bonds of matrimony, which was solemnized at St. Mary's church Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. The church was beautifully decorated with potted plants and evergreens, and immediately over the gates in the chancel rail hung a magnificent marriage bell, formed of evergreen and trimmed with white blossoms. When the wedding hour arrived the strains of the wedding march pealed forth from the organ played by Mrs. A. L. McDermot, sister of the bride. The wedding party, which included the bride, Miss Josie Nevin the bridesmaid, and Harry Nevin and R. J. Black, ushers, marched slowly up the aisle and were met at the chancel rail by the groom, who was in waiting with his best man, R. J. Black. The bride and groom knelt on the steps while the Rev. Father Oulette, attired in the vestments of his office, performed the marriage ceremony according to the rites of the holy Catholic church. The church was crowded with the friends of the bride and groom, and there were many whispers of praise for the beautiful appearance of the bride and the charming bridesmaid.

The bride was dressed in white coline, trimmed with chiffon and lace, made up over white satin. She wore a white tulle veil, caught up with orange blossoms. Her only ornament was a pearl and diamond sunburst, gift of the groom. She carried a handsome bouquet of bride's roses.

Miss Nevin, the bridesmaid, wore a beautiful dress of blue coline, trimmed in lace and chiffon, with a fancy hat trimmed in ribbons and foliage. She carried pink roses and carnations.

At the close of the ceremony the bridal party and a few friends repaired to the Magee home where an elegant wedding breakfast was served, and words of kindness, hope and congratulation spoken for the bride and groom.

Mr. and Mrs. Cline left on the afternoon train for Winnipeg and other points in Manitoba and later will visit Chicago and the Exposition at St. Louis, returning in about six weeks.

The groom is one of Cranbrook's best young men. For several years he has been despatcher on the C.P.R. at this point, and his friends are legion. The bride has been a resident of Cranbrook for the past few years, and is popular with all who know her. The Herald joins with the host of friends of the contracting parties in wishing them a life of happiness and prosperity.

The presents were unusually handsome, and are as follows:

Combination silver sugar bowl and spoon holder, Wm. S. Pook, Selkirk, Man.; pickle cruet, C. H. Thom, Russell, Man.; cut glass berry bowl, T. H. Nevin, Macleod, Alta.; sterling silver coffee strainer, cream ladle and silver spoon, J. L. Jamieson, Fernie, B.C.; half-dozen silver fruit knives and stand, Harry Paterson, Brandon, Man.; cut glass berry bowl, Mr. Milton and Miss Gertrude Williams; one pair sterling silver salts in leather case, Miss Margaret Campbell, Winnipeg, Man.; silver nut bowl, Mrs. Weish, Selkirk, Man.; silver bake dish, Mr. and Mrs. D. Murphy; silver cake plate, Mr. and Mrs. R. Chapman, Brandon, Man.; dinner and tea knives and forks, table, dessert and tea spoons, Mr. and Mrs H. J. Clive, Selkirk, Man.; china tea pot, Mrs. F. H. Johnston; cut glass water bottle, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Simpson; cut glass berry bowl, McSweyn and Griffith; cut glass bon-bon dish, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wilson; cut glass olive dish, Miss Nesbitt; cut glass spoon tray, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Gilles, Fort William, Ont.; silver salt and pepper, Miss Addi McGrath, Auburn, Maine; silver sugar bowl, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Scott; cut glass cream pitcher and sugar bowl, Arnold and Roberts; silver bake dish, Harry H. Bamford, Moose Jaw, Assa.; silver butter dish, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Reid, and Mr. and Mr. Chas. Reid; china berry set, J. W. and J. P. Fink; carving set in leather case, R. J. Black, Schreiber, Ont.; embroidered centre piece and doylies, Miss Clue, Winnipeg, Man.; solid oak dressing table, Mr. and Mrs. A. McDermot; easy chair, B. and B. Dept. C.P.R.; cheque, Rev. N. Ouellette; sugar tongs Mrs. Costigan, Calgary, Alta.; groom's present to bride, sunburst set with diamonds and pearls; groom's present to bridesmaid, beautiful solid gold bracelet with bridesmaid's monogram set in pearls and a gold heart with the bride's and groom's names engraved on each side; groom's present to groomsman, a pair of solid gold cuff *links set with diamonds; groom's present to* ushers, solid gold opal and diamond pins.

Laurie—Laurie.

Robert J. Laurie, of Cranbrook, and Miss Annie Laurie, of Chatham, Ont., were united in marriage last evening at the residence of John Laurie, Rev. Fortune officiating. After the ceremony an attractive lunch was served to the few friends and relatives present.

The groom is foreman at Carruthers mills, and the bride came from Chatham to meet her promised husband here. They will locate at the mill. The Herald extends congratulations and best wishes for the future.

Nearly Drowned.

Last Saturday several boys were fishing at the Robinson-McKenzie mill pond. While walking over the logs one of the McPeak boys fell in and the logs closed over him. The boy was saved by the quick action of the Chinese cook, who witnessed the accident and ran to the pond, out over the logs and by lying down succeeded in reaching the boy and brought him to the surface. In doing so the logs rolled and both Chinaman and boy were thrown back in the water. Men on the mill saw the struggles, and the mill was hurriedly shut down and the employees hurried to the pond. By their combined action the boy was brought out, but it was some time before he was resuscitated. An order has been issued forbidding fishing in the pond hereafter to prevent trouble in the future.

ELECTRIC ROAD.

Water Power at Elko Will be Developed at Once.

Fernie, B.C., June 2.—Special to The Herald—The Elk River Power and Light company have commenced operations at Elko with a view to develop the latent power of the Elk river and build an electric road from Elko to Michel, and possibly extend same to Cranbrook.

ITEMS FROM MOYIE.

The Herald Correspondent.

THE ST. EUGENE.

The St. Eugene is now running continuously, and immense quantities of high grade ore are being turned out every twentyfour hours. The concentrator is running to its fullest capacity and, as soon as the machinery is in place, the slime mill will be started. E. O'Sullivan arrived from Oakland, California, on Sunday, to take the position of superintendent, formerly held by Mr. Beasel, and the office staff is now complete. The machinery in the concentrator and other parts of the workings has been put in first-class shape, and, with the extension of the lead bonus ore exported from Canada, Moyie, backed by the St. Eugene, will experience several years of unparalleled prosperity, which will enable the residents speedily to forget the hard times of the past few years.

DOMINION DAY CELEBRATION.

The towns-people of Moyie have decided to celebrate Dominion day, *in a way which will do credit* to the town and announce to the people of South East Kootenay that Moyie is alive and ready to keep step with the first towns of the district. Definite arrangements as to all the details have not, as yet, been made, but, without a doubt, drilling, log rolling and similar *contests will be features of the day.* In addition to this, boat racing, foot racing and swimming contests will be pulled off. The dancing pavillion on the west side of the lake will accommodate those who prefer that kind of amusement. Thus, any person who wishes a day's outing on the 1st of July *cannot do better than arrange to* pass the day in the town of Moyie, situated on the shore of one of the prettiest lakes in British Columbia.

NEWS NOTES.

R. G. Hadden, of Cranbrook, was in town on Thursday last.

Mrs. P. J. McMahon was visiting in Cranbrook the first of the week.

M. Fleishman, of Vancouver, was registered at the Hotel Kootenay on Saturday last.

Duncan A. Martin and John McKenty came over from Rossland *last week and will remain in town.*

M. A. Beale, E. Elwell, and E. H. Small, of Cranbrook, were transacting business in Moyie on Monday.

E. O'Sullivan arrived from Oakland, California, on Sunday and will take a position with the St. Eugene company.

Thomas Rader and family returned to Morrissey Mines on Saturday, after spending a week or so in Moyie.

Samuel Simpson and W. C. Weeks, of Minneapolis, are here on business in connection with the Moyie Lumber company.

The ladies of the Catholic church intend giving a bazaar for the purpose of raising funds to enlarge the Roman Catholic chapel.

H. H. Dimmick moved his family from Rossland the latter part of last week and will fill the position of shift boss in the part of the St. Eugene workings known as the Moyie tunnels.

A Narrow Escape.

A few days ago a man named John Smith, employed by the Robinson-McKenzie Lumber Company was cutting down trees. He had one ready to fall, and stepped out a short distance to clear away some brush to permit a team to get through. A sudden gust of wind started the tree in a direction not intended, and in falling a branch struck Smith, rendering him unconscious. Fortunately the force of the fall was broken by another tree, else he would have been crushed to death. As it was he sustained severe injuries.

Dr. Gillier's Doubtful Compliments.

Dr. Gillier, of Jaffray, writes a letter to The Herald, asking this paper to eulogize the jury and judge officiating in the trial of himself for murder in which he was acquitted. He also asks us to say a good word for the Crown prosecutor, Mr. McKann, and principally the lawyer for the defence, S. S. Taylor, who, as the erratic doctor expresses it, "has considerably relieved that undersirable reputation of nullity and dishonesty of the profession to which he belongs."

Morris Gone to the Asylum.

Constable Morris left today for the asylum at New Westminster with an insane man named Emering.

J. E. Stephens, M. Rockendorf
H. L. Stephens, J. Lawson,

Blow Your Own Horn

If necessary. With us it is not necessary, for the public is persistently blowing our horn for us. That is what a good hotel will do for itself. Everybody praises this hotel because it is the largest and best in East Kootenay.

THE ALEXANDRA HOTEL,

Stephens Bros. & Co., Owners and Proprietors,

Morrissey Mines, B. C.

H. L. Stephens J. E. Stephens

We Never Sleep....

It is our business to serve the public and serve them right. We work early and late to accomplish results, and the BIG WHITE hotel, is always busy. When you spend a dollar here you get a dollar's worth. The best is the cheapest.

THE AUSTRALIAN HOTEL

Stephens Bros., Owners and Proprietors,

Morrissey Junction, B. C.

GATEWAY NOTES.

Too late for last issue.

The thremometer registered 80 degrees of heat in the shade during the past few days, and the Kootenay river is rising at the rate of one foot per day. However there does not appear to be much danger of extra high water this year, as a great deal of the snow melted in April and there is certain to be a return of cold weather in a day or two.

Mr. Lupfer, chief locating engineer of the Great Northern railway and E. P. Watkins, civil engineer who located the Crows Nest Southern railway two years ago, passed through here yesterday for Morrissey where the latter and his party are now in camp. Mr. Watkins has orders to survey the road to Fernie for the present and it is expected he will afterwards carry the survey to Michel. Contractors will be coming in at Gateway in two weeks with grading outfits and Twohy Bros., Grant Smith & Co., and Sims & Shields are mentioned as the men. Thus the long expected work has begun and a proper terminus for this branch has been secured which will mean a lot in the way of increased traffic.

The General Manager Ward and Assistant General Superintendent Kennedy of the Great Northern railway are expected here by special train today, they go to Fernie and Michel.

C. E. Sinclair, chief of the United States and Canada Boundary survey, has arrived with his party and it is his intention to plant bronze monuments every mile along the boundary line, both east and west of here, which means a busy pack train during the season.

Jasper Jewell, United States customs collector, has gone to Kalispell to see his family.

"Bill" Lacey has opened his new house "The Riverside" at Gateway, Montana, and he seems to be doing a nice business.

Tom Crahan's brother went through Gateway a few days ago to visit Michel.

M. Phillipps visited the burg yesterday with a load of rhubarb and we are now all taking medicine It's the finest thing for the blood going.

Harry Landeck has a new buggy and he is enjoying it to the full during the fine weather.

Observer.

I. O. O. F.

The semi-annual election of Key City lodge I. O. O. F. was held last *Monday night and the following* officers elected:

S. J. Morrow, N. G.
R. M. Argue, V. G.
W. B. McFarlane, R. S.
M. D. Billings, F. S.
J. P. Fink, Treasurer.

Music.

Messrs. T. E. South and W. Steward are prepared to furnish music for weddings, concerts, house parties and dances with mandolin, guitar or banjo. Their repertoir consists of classical and dance music. Terms moderate. Address P. O. Cranbrook, B. C.

Conservative Meeting.

There will be a meeting of the Conservative association held at the office of G. H. Tompson on Thursday night, June 2nd, at eight p. m. Business of great importance will arise and all members are requested to attend.

G. H. Thompson, Secretary.

Fulton by Acclamation.

Hon. F. J. Fulton, of Kamaloops, who was appointed provincial secretary, has been returned by acclamation as the liberals did not desire to enter the contest with only a few days for the campaign.

Nevin Defeated.

At the Calgary sports, Mitchell of Fernie, defeated Nevin, of Macleod, two heats out of three, in the big foot race. Mitchell also won the 220 yard race.

When you visit Cranbrook stop at the

ROYAL HOTEL

None Better In the District

Rates $1 and up. Short Orders and Oysters served in any style from 8 p. m. to 6 a. m.

The table is the best, the rooms are unsurpassed for cleanliness and comfort and the bar is supplied with the best brand of liquors and cigars.

L. B. VANDECAR, Prop.

LADY HORSES

We have a few that we have given this name because they please the ladies so much. They have the style and get-up in them that pleases. Never shy or get frightened at anything. Hire one of these outfits for your wife and let her go out for a drive some afternoon, and note the difference in your home greeting. It certainly will please her. Won't cost you but a trifle.

PAUL HANDLEY.

Notice.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia
In the matter of the Water Company Consolidated Act, 1897,
And
In the matter of the Water Supply Company, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that a Petition has been filed in the District Registry in the Supreme Supreme Court of British Columbia *at Cranbrook, praying for a certificate under* Section fifty five (55) of the above mentioned Act, authorizing the Water Supply Company Limited, to construct and operate a waterworks system for the supply of water to the town of Cranbrook and the inhabitants thereof.

And notice is also hereby given that the application on the said Petition will be made by the Company to the Judge of the Supreme Court of British Columbia at the Court House, Baston Square, Victoria, on Monday, the twenty-seventh day of June, 1904, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

The date of the first publication of this notice was the 26th day of May, 1904.

Dated at Cranbrook, British Columbia, this 19th day of May, 1904.

W. F. Gurd,
Baker Street, Cranbrook, B. C., Solicitor for the Company.

Timber Notice.

Take notice that thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of Lands and wo ks, Victoria, B. C., for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situate in South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post planted on the west side of the B. C. Southern Railway at mile post 34, thence west 80 chains, thence north *80 chains, thence east 80 chains more or less* to the B. C. Southern Railway, thence following the said railway to the place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Dated this 20th day of May, A. D., 1904.

E. Patterson.
G. A. Leitch, Agent.

Timber Notice.

Take not ce that thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of Lands and works, Victoria, B. C., for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situate in South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post planted on the west side of the B. C. Southern Railway at mile post 34, thence west 100 chains more or less to the easterly boundary of C. P. R. lot 4592, thence south following the said boundary line *to the B. C. Southern Railway, thence follow*ing said railway to the place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

Dated this 20th day of May, A. D. 1904.

E. Paterson.
G. A. Leitch, Agent.

Timber Notice.

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of lands and works at Victoria, for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post marked "F. Adolph N. W. corner post" planted where the east limit of lot number 4125, Group One, strikes the south limit of lot number 425, Group One, thence along the south limit of said lot 426 and lot 426, Group One, to the west limit of lot 4590, Group One, 100 chains more or less, thence south 70 chains more or less to the north limit of the land formerly held by E. Foyle as a preemption, thence west 65 chains more or less to the British Columbia Southern Railway, thence north west along the said railroad to said lot 4125, thence north along the east limit of said lot 4125, 27 chains more or less to the place of beginning, containing 600 acres more or less.

Located the 25th day of May, 1904.

9 F. Adolph

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA, FORT STEELE REGISTRY.

In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that on the 26th day of May, A.D. 1904, it was ordered by J.A. Forin, Esq., local judge of the said court, that James Ferguson Armstrong, official administrator in and for that portion of the County of Kootenay not included within the electoral districts of Nelson, Ymir, Revelstoke and Columbia be administrator on all and singular the estate of

SILAS COLLINS

of Wardner, lumberman, *deceased, intestate.*

Every person indebted to the said deceased is required to make payment forthwith to the undersigned.

Every person having in possession effects belonging to he deceased is required forthwith to notify the undersigned.

Every creditor or other person having any claim upon or interest in the distribution of the estate of the said deceased is required before the 5th day of July next to send by registered letter, *addressed to the* undersigned, his name and address and the full particulars of his claim or interest, and a statement of his account and the nature of the security (if any) held by him.

After the said 5th day of July, the administrator will proceed with the distribution of the estate having regard to those claims only of which he shall have had notice.

Dated at Cranbrook this 31st day of May 1904.

Jam s Ferguson Armstrong,
10 Official Administrator,
Cranbrook, B. C.

Cattle Lien Act.

To Charles Fransen:

Take notice that under authority of the said act we will sell by public auction a roan horse on June 3, 1904, unless before that date you pay us $50.00 *due for food, care and* attendance on said horse.

Geary & Doyle,
It Cranbrook, B. C.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date the East Kootenay Lumber Company Limited, will apply to His Honor, the Lieutenant Governor in Council under section 7 of the Rivers and Streams Act to clear boulders, log jams and other obstructions from the bed and banks of Little Sand Creek, British Columbia and its tributaries from its source to where the creek intersects the Crows Nest Pass Railway, and to straighten the course of the said creek and to construct dams, booms and make such other improvements as may be necessary for the driving of logs, duming of lumber therein.

Dated May 23rd, 1904,

W. F. Gurd,
9 Solicitor for the Applicant.

Timber Notice.

Take notice that thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of Lands and works, for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situate in South East Kootenay British Columbia:

Commencing at a post planted on the north boundary of Dan Howe's preemption and at the south east corner of Meager and Howe's timber license, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 ch ins to the place of beginning

Date i this 24th day of May, 1904.

Agnes Elwell,
9 per Edward Elwell, Locator.

Timber Notice.

Take notice that thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of Lands and works, for a special license to cut and carry away timber from lot 5459, group one, Kootenay district, being south of Cranbrook.

9 Allan Manson.

Timber Notice

Take notice that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of lands and works at Victoria for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in South East Kootenay:

Commencing at a post marked M. McInnes s. e. corner and planted about half a mile *south of the Elk river, about two miles from* its mouth, thence west 150 chains more or less, thence north 45 chains more or less to the south boundary of lot 4140, thence 150 chains more or less in an easterly direction following the south boundary of lot 4140 and the south bank of the Elk river, thence south about 35 chains to the place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

Located the 5th day of May, 1904.

10 M. McInnes.