YOUR PRINTING
Can not be done any better, and not quite so well anywhere else hereabouts. Our type and machinery is complete and The Review prices are right

THE REVIEW

Classified Ads.
Make your little Wants known through a Classified Advertisement in The Review - - - Phone 59

VOL. 4 COURTENAY, B. C., THURSDAY MAY 6 1916 NO. 24

To Let at Low Rent

40 Acres of Land near Sandwick, 12 acres cleared, house, barn, fruit trees, etc.

Particulars from

HARDY & BISCOE

Real Estate Agents COURTENAY

COMOX LUMP COAL

$6.00 Per Ton

Delivered in Courtenay

All Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention

D. KILPATRICK

Phone 43 Courtenay

ELECTRICITY

provides the cleanest, the most sanitary and the most hygenic method of cooking

The Electric range closely parallels the wood or gas range but excells either in flexibility of operation

With the Electric Range you cook under idgal conditions because

Each cooking unit can be switched to high, medium or simmering heat and kept there as long as needed
It is the acme of cleanliness
Practically no heat escapes into the room
The air is not vitiated
There is no contamination of food
You save food values through the retention of the essential salts and meat juices, on a six pound roast the saving is nearly a pound
All the latest standards of range construction are used, including high oven, thermometer or glass door, porcelain splashers
The fire risk is lessened because there are no open flames

We will gladly give you information on rates and electric ranges

Courtenay Electric Light, Heat & Power Co., Limited

Phones: Office 35, Res. R98 Office: Mill Street

Local Lines

For Perennial Flowers apply to Mrs. H. E. Drew, Union Bay.

Welding—cast iron, aluminum, brass, steel, etc, Ford Garage.

45 horse power Overland car for hire, day or night. Ford Garage, phone 46R.

1st class upright mahogany piano full size, for sale cheap. Apply Box A, Review office.

For Sale—Indian Motorcycle, 7 h.p., in first class condition. Apply to G. H. Thornbery, Courtenay.

For sale—Duck eggs for hatching, $1 per setting of 10. Phone L100, Courtenay.

Look prosperous. Fix up your shop front with an up to-date sign See Colin Campbell about it.

Wanted—Cream Separator, must be in good condition and cheap. Apply W. J. Miller, Little River.

For sale at sacrifice price—1000 gallon tank. Fairbanks engine and pump, almost new. Apply Box B, Review office.

Found—A bicycle in good condition. Owner can have same by proving property. Apply Review office.

For Sale—Strong cob. Very handsome, ride and drive, sound wind and limb. Apply Atkinson, Little River Road, Comox.

For Sale cheap—Child's go cart in good condition, or will exchange for small rocking chair with arms. Apply Mrs. McDonald, on the Dyke

For Rent—Ranch on Denman Island. Good buildings, sea frontage, good orchard. Low rent to suitable tenant. Apply Box C, Review office.

The Courtenay Preparatory school commenced the summer term on May 1st. Puplis admitted at any time. Apply Mrs. Halliday. Next "Review's office.

If you can ride a bicycle and talk intelligently about a motor to drive it, I can offer you a means of making money. Write Fred A. Caton 611 View St. Victoria, B. C.

For Sale—One 6 h. p. Fairkanks Morse Gas Engine, one 3 k. w. Dynamo switch board. etc., also pump and belting, Capacity 12 gallons per minute. Apply at Riverside hotel.

For Sale—Hugh Besdnells ranch of about 20 acres at Nob Hill, Comox. Or might be rented, with or without 5 acre orchard, for 1 year with option of purchase. Apply Mr. Hicks Beach, Courtenay.

For Sale—Cyphers Incubator, Leader churn, Universal breadmaker, sewing machine, fruit jars, roll-top desk, White Wyandotte fowls, Blick typewriter, reading lamps, 2 sets bedroomware, some beds and other furniture, books, sporting rifle, kodak, complete enlarging camera and outfit. Apply at Hugh Beadnell's ranch, Comox.

On account of leaving shortly I am offering at sacrifice prices the following: 4 hole Kootenay range with water front, reservoir and 30 gal. tank, 2 h.p. Peerless gasoline engine, Myers force pump, quantity pipe fittings, 10 ft double "Page" gate, several glazed hotbed sash, roller top desk, iron bed, fruit jars, gasoline drum and numerous other articles. Enquire at residence. E. H. Peterson, phone 98 M.

Rhode Island Red Eggs
per Setting of 15
75 cents
Bruce Towler, box 132, Courtenay

Comox Creamery Butter
45c per lb. this week

Remember the dance in the Opera House Friday evening.

The schools re-opened on Monday morning after the Easter holidays.

The 102nd Battalion is persistently mentioned as likely to move to Europe before the summer.

George Endall left on Monday with the intention of joining the Artillery at Victoria for overseas service.

Mr. E. J. Johnston, manager of the Royal Bank, spent the week end at Ladysmith, going over the road in his auto,

Another batch of men have been discharged from the 102nd for various reasons, either physically unfit or not amenable to discipline.

Corporal R. Ray whose name appeared in the casualty lists was wounded in the recent fighting around St. Eloi. Let it not be in vain

We are informed that Charles Duncan of Sandwick, has enlisted with the B. C, University Company The "corner" is giving the upper settlement a strong lead.

The "Follies" will give their last entertainment of the season on Wednesday evening of next week. This promises to be the best entertainment of the series. A lot of sketches have been got ready and the public will doubtless have a great treat. The curtain raises at 8.30 sharp. Reserved seats on sale at the Drug store.

Presbyterian Church

St. Andrews' Sandwick
Service 2 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Class 3 p. m.
Courtenay
Sunday School and Bible Class 10:30 a. m. Evening service 7:30 p. m. All welcome

Charlie Hansen has enlisted with the 102nd at Comox.

Mrs. Thompson, of Ladysmith, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alex. McNeil.

The 72nd Batt. C. E. F. are stationed at Quebec, and the 88th is still at Victoria,

Remember the chicken supper to be given by the Ladies Aid Society on Friday evening in the K. of P. hall.

The spinsters dance to be given in the Opera house to-morrow evening will be a real jolly one. Don't miss it.

Miss May Vance, who is the guest of her aunt Mrs. Carroll, had a birthday party on Monday afternoon.

Mr. Goard, the piano tuner, is still in the district. Any work entrusted to him receives prompt and careful attention.

Upwards of two hundred soldiers went to Vancouver on the boat Friday night, returning in time for roll call on Monday.

Master Van Morrison celebrated his sixth birthday last Tuesday. 18 little folks gathered together to wish him many returns of the day and have supper with him.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS VISITING COURTENAY
Telephone 29 for Transfer of Baggage
Reg. Fitzgerald
I.X.L. Barn

What Is Better Than a Nice Fresh Salad these Warm Days?

Green Onions, Spring Onions, Lettuce, Asparagus fresh daily

Mrs. Porter's Salad Dressing, 15c and 30c

Box 256 **SHEPHERD'S** Phone 40

McPhee & Morrison

Just now when fresh fruits are off the market and unobtainable we are offering the canned and dried commodity at the following low prices:

Choice Okanagan Peaches 2 1-2s per tin 20c

Choice Blockberries 10c per tin

Fancy Dried Peaches per 2 lbs. 25c.

Fresh Seedling Oranges 35c doz.

Try our Fresh Ground Cofiee at 35c

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY 10 CENTS PER PLUG

:: LADY :: URSULA'S HUSBAND

BY

FLORENCE WARDEN

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
TORONTO

(Continued)

It was the heart-cry of the huntsman who sees the fox sailing away on a distant hill, out of reach of the pack.

"Do you mean that he's been convicted, served a sentence?"

Redding shook his head.

"Not he, my lord. He's much too clever."

"But you know him to be a forger?"

"Forger, thief, scoundrel all round, my lord. When one thing is played out, he takes up another. That's what makes him so hard to catch; he never keeps at the same game long. Most of them make a specialty of one line or other. But he takes a turn at them all, and he beats the rest of them, all round, each at his own game."

There was something like admiration in the detective's tone. He spoke with the respect due to a foe worthy of his steel.

The viscount was almost stunned by the completeness of this revelation, and there was now stealing into his heart a sort of awe of the man with whom he had got to deal.

Paul Payne was so easy, so well-bred, so gentle, that he had stolen his way into the regard of most of the members of his bride's family, and Lord Eastling had become one of his most devoted supporters. It was hard to the young man to make the volte-face required of him by what he began to feel sure must be stern facts, and to assume the role of denouncer.

How was it to be done? He felt his courage oozing away, and he realized at the same time that a man who could baffle the police, who was known to be a criminal but who was too artful to be caught, was scarcely likely to allow a man twelve or thirteen years younger than himself, one, too, who did not pretend to any special intellectual superiority, to expose and confound him.

Nevertheless the attempt must be made, and as there was no time to be lost, the young man turned once more to the detective, and said:

"I think I'll go by myself. I'm afraid my sister might see you, and think there was something worse to fear."

Redding looked dubious.

"You must be prepared, my lord, for him to brave it out," he said.

"Yes."

Lord Eastling answered mechanically, but indeed this thought had not occurred to him. Yet that was what would probably happen. Payne would express amazement, force him to speak out, make him stammer, contradict himself, look foolish.

And then Lady Ursula would join in the discussion, and with her clear eyes, honest countenance and straightforward questions, put the finishing touch to his discomfiture, and leave him baffled and at a loss.

"What shall I do?" he asked hoarsely, when he had realized his helplessness and his need of counsel.

The officer looked at him kindly.

"I think you'd better just tell him, my lord, that Superintendent Redding would be glad of a word with him."

Lord Eastling faced him quickly.

"Then I suppose you have got a warrant," he said desperately. "And you want to get hold of him without fuss or trouble."

"No, no, my lord. All I want is to help you if I can, to get the lady and yourself out of the hands of this fellow. And I don't say I can do it. All I offer to do is to try."

"What is it you propose to say to him?" demanded Lord Eastling curtously.

He had looked at the great clock and saw that there was a quarter of an hour to spare before the starting of the train. He had got over his first stupefaction, and was anxious to act without rashness, feeling that an unwise step might precipitate them all into unknown and terrible dangers.

Redding did not at first reply. He would much have preferred to be left to take his own measures without having to discuss them first. For he was conscious that the ruse he proposed to employ to rid the earl's family of the scroundrel were such as would give a great shock to the young viscount. But as the latter insisted, he had at last to confess what his plan was.

"If I could have a word with him, my lord, alone," said he, "I should take it for granted I knew he was married already."

"Married already!"

Lord Eastling echoed the words in horro, and then his fist clenched, his eyes blazed, and but for the restraining hand of the detective laid gently but firmly on his arm, he would have dashed through the crowd on to the platform without more ado, and tried to drag Paul Payne from the train.

"Gently, gently, my lord," said the firm, low, persuasive voice. "Didn't you ask by advice? Well, now you're going to act without it."

The young man was staggered, shattered, scarcely able to keep still.

"Let me go," he said hoarsely. "I can't let such a scoundrel remain another minute with my sister."

"You forgot," said the officer quietly. "We may not be able to get him away. He may have the right to stay."

"I thought you said he was married already!"

"No, no. I've never heard that he was. All I said was that I might try the effect on him of taking it for granted that he was.

Lord Eastling frowned.

"We must get her away from him, at all events," he said energetically.

The officer again held him back.

"I beg your pardon, my lord," he said earnestly. "But don't forget you may not be able to."

"We'll see about that," said the young man. "I'm going to try, at any rate."

He broke away, and went through the gates, alleging truly that he had an important message to deliver to one of the passengers.

The blood had mounted to his head: he was dizzy, bewildered, penetrated to the depths of his being with the necessity of separating his sister from the scoundrel who had deceived them all.

He had no longer any doubts as to the truth of the detective's words; it seemed to him, indeed, as one circumstance after another, unnoticed at the time, flashed through his excited brain, taht he had from the first had cause to suspect that there was something wrong about Paul Payne. He now marvelled that they had all taken him on trust so easily, on no better grounds than that he had been the friend of a man of whom they knew so little as they did of Mr. Fitch.

The stories about the American war, the accent Paul Payne had put on in speaking to the earl and countess; these and a hundred other trifling details, which had seemed unimportant before, now assumed the proportions of proof that there was something wrong about Payne.

And the thought that the rascal might really be the husband of his sister increased the viscount's determination to part the two while there was yet time.

Time! Yes, but was there time? The thought flashed upon him that, if Paul Payne had been a bachelor when he went into the church that morning, he was now really the husband of Lady Ursula, vested with rights which, not even the discovery of his criminal past could render void.

Not that this thought made any difference to the attitude he meant to take with the rascal.

If he were really Lady Ursula's husband, or if he were not, the vital thing was to tear them apart without a moment's delay.

And, with throbbing brain and blazing eyes, he went along the platform, from one compartment to another, looking into every corner, and finally standing, panting, haggard and full of alarm, at the end of the long Continental train, staring wildly into the groups of passengers who still stood about on the platform around him.

Not one of the first-class carriages had he missed, but he had seen no sign of his sister or of Paul Payne.

His fears were growing stronger, his conviction that the detective's story was true increased in force every moment. For it seemed to him only too evident that Paul Payne had caught sight of Redding, and that he was anxious to avoid both him and his brother-in-law.

Lord Eastling began a second search, more careful than the first, taking in not only the first-class compartments, but those of the second class.

But in vain. He made inquiries of the guard, of the porters, of the policeman in charge of the gate.

As he put a question to this last official, he perceived that Redding had done so already, and that the detective was standin beside him, shaking his head.

In two minutes the train would be starting.

"They are not in the train," said Lord Eastling, in a strangled voice. "I've searched it from end to end."

Redding beckoned him out and said:

"He's been one too many for us, my lord."

And as he spoke he could not refrain from a smile of admiration at the address of the man who had outwitted him again.

(To be Continued)

N. U. 1099

Protection of Canada's Forests

Interesting Report Just Issued by the Commission of Conservation

According to press reports, Sweden proposes to cut off the export of chemical pulp to Great Britain. Naturally, all eyes are immediately turned to Canada to supply the threatened deficiency.

The commission of conservation has just issued a report on "Forest Protection in Canada, 1913-1914," which is of particular interest in this connection. It contains much information respecting the work of the provincial forest services and of the federal departments intrusted with the care of our forests.

Forest fire protection is assuming a large place in public attention. It is obvious that, if Canada is to continue as a wood-producing country, she must conserve her resources of this natural product. The report treats exhaustively of the fire protection of forest lands along railway rights-of-way. Through co-operative action, great headway has been made in securing the reduction of forest losses through fires traceable to railway causes.

The forests of British Columbia and on Domonion lands in the west have been dealt with in reports containing the results of special studies conducted by Dr. C. D. Howe and Mr. J. H. White. The Trent watershed in Ontario, has also received especial attention, in a report of an investigation by Dr. C. D. Howe in the townships of Burleigh and Methuen. This district is important in that, while of very little value as an agricultural area, it is being repeatedly overrun by forest fires and the little remaining merchantable timber destroyed. It is suggested that the area be placed under the control of the Dominion forestry branch for protection from fires and for reforestation.

Refugees Safe in Russian Capital

Are From Regions Invaded by Germans or Exposed to Attack

The Petrograd correspondent of the Morning Chronicle tells of present conditions in the interior of Russia. After describing his journey through a large district from Petrograd and the new spirit of thoroughness that has arisen among the various officials with whom a traveller comes in contact, as well as the military authorities, the correspondent turns to the refugee problem.

"There are said to be, on reliable authority, some 600,000 refugees in Petrograd, which number does not, of course, include the German and Austrian subjects, who, in the first months of the war, from their homes in the Baltic provinces and along the Russo-German frontiers, were sent to points in the interior of Russia. The present refugees are Russian subjects, who were living in the regions invaded last autumn by the Germans, or in places so exposed to attack that the Russian authorities ordered them to leave for the sake of safety.

"The great majority of the fugitives fled, naturally, to Moscow and Petrograd and other large cities, where they could feel fairly safe, and every hotel, lodging or boarding house is full to overflowing and people are sleeping in bathrooms, even in the large Petrograd hotels. Private families have opened their doors to their relatives and friends with the usual boundless Russian hospitality, and have cheerfully inconvenienced themselves for months."

Saved by Orthography

In the British army, when a soldier is confined in the guardroom, for an offence, a written copy of the crime is invariably handed to the commander of the guard. The other day a non-commissioned officer and a party of men were detailed for a certain fatigue. The corporal having given an order, one of the men seemed disinclined to obey, when, after having rebuked him sharply, he shouted in angry tones: "It's a good job for you, me lad, that I can't spell insubordination, or I'd shove you in the guard-room sharp."

A farmer in a small way walked into the offices of one of the fire insurance companies and intimated that he wished to insure his barn and a couple of stacks.

"What facilities have you for extinguishing a fire in your village?" inquired the superintendent of the office.

The man scratched his head and pondered over the matter for a little while. Eventually, he answered:—"Well, it sometimes rains."—Tit-Bits.

Family Affair

"So my daughter has consented to become your wife. Have you fixed the day of the wedding?"

"I will leave that to her."

"Will you have a church or a private wedding?"

"Her mother can decide that."

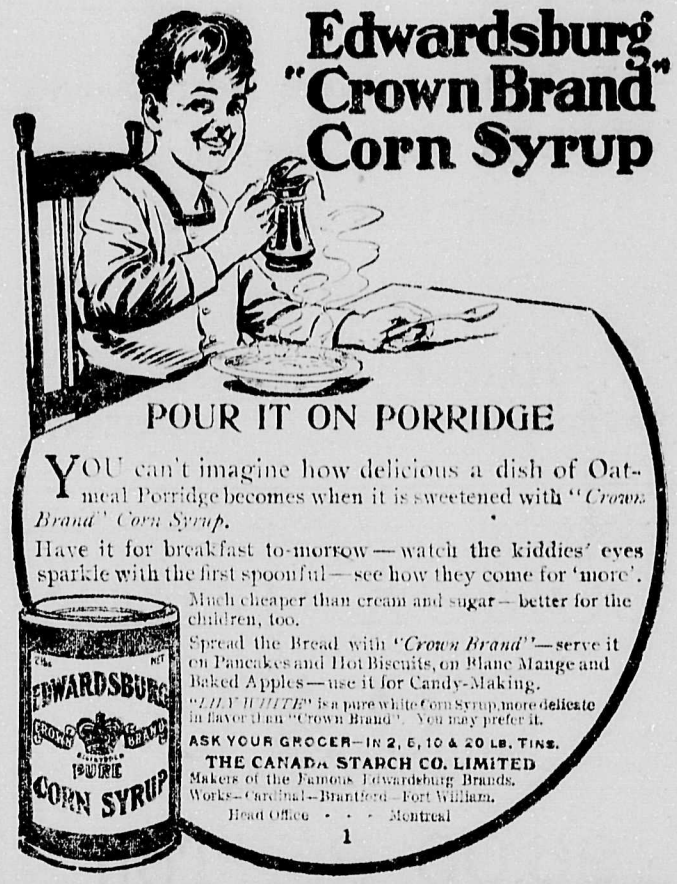
"What have you to live on?"

"I will leave that entirely to you, sir."

May Have to Charter Food Ships

Switzerland will be compelled to charter trans-Atlantic steamships to bring her own food across the sea under protection of her own flag if the war continues much longer, is the opinion of many persons there.

The view is expressed that Germany's program at sea may mean the starvation of Switzerland unless some such action is taken.



Edwardsburg "Crown Brand" Corn Syrup

POUR IT ON PORRIDGE

YOU can't imagine how delicious a dish of Oatmeal Porridge becomes when it is sweetened with *"Crown Brand" Corn Syrup.*

Have it for breakfast to-morrow—watch the kiddies' eyes sparkle with the first spoonful—see how they come for 'more'.

Much cheaper than cream and sugar—better for the children, too.

Spread the Bread with *"Crown Brand"*—serve it on Pancakes and Hot Biscuits, on Blanc Mange and Baked Apples—use it for Candy-Making.

"LILY WHITE" is a pure white Corn Syrup, more delicate in flavor than "Crown Brand". You may prefer it.

ASK YOUR GROCER—IN 2, 5, 10 & 20 LB. TINS.

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED

Makers of the Famous Edwardsburg Brands.
Works—Cardinal—Brantford—Fort William.
Head Office - - - Montreal

1

Purity—

Cowan's Perfection Cocoa is made in the purest and most sanitary manner possible. There is no finer cocoa made in the world.

A-5

The Household Remedy

for the ailments from which almost everyone sometimes suffers—sick headache, constipation, disturbed sleep, muddy complexion, lassitude, backache, depression and other results of a disordered digestive system—is

BEECHAM'S PILLS

They have achieved the distinction of being the most widely used medicine in the world, because millions of people have found them dependable, speedy and sure in their action on stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

Compounded from vegetable products, Beecham's Pills are free from harmful minerals and dangerous drugs. They do not promote the physicing habit—do not irritate the bowels. Should be taken by every member of the family at the first sign of illness—so mild and effective that they are good for the aged, and for the ills of childhood, are

Worth a Guinea a Box

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.
Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

Nellie, aged four, was gazing intently at the visitor's new bonnet.

"Well, dear," asked the lady at last, "what do you think of it?"

"Oh," replied the small observer, "I think it's all right. Aunt Mary told mamma it was a perfect fright, but it doesn't frighten me any."

"I believe in giving the devil his due."

"Yes, but you generally overdo it."

Annatto, which is used in the coloring of dairy produce, is derived from the fruit of a small tree grown in South America. It closely simulates the appearance of naturally-colored dairy produce.

It takes an average of at least one and a half men to keep one fighting man supplied with munitions, stores, clothes, accoutrements, ships to carry him, and so on.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

148

It bears the Seal of Purity

All over the world the name Sunlight stands for purity in Soap. Our $5,000 guarantee of Purity is something more than an advertisement. It marks the high standard we have set for ourselves to give you the best laundry soap it is possible to produce at any price.

Sunlight 5¢ Soap

LITTLE
THINGS COUNT

Even in a match you should consider the "Little Things," the wood—the composition—the strikeability—the flame.

EDDY'S MATCHES

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that guarantees "Every Match A Light." 65 years of knowing how—that's the reason!

All Eddy products are dependable products—Always.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No1 No2 No3.
THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success. CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS LOST VIGOR & VIM KIDNEY BLADDER DISEASES BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER NO DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1 POST 4 CTS POUGERA Co 90 BEEKMAN ST NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS TORONTO. WRITE FOR **FREE** BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED CO HAVERSTOCK RD HAMPSTEAD LONDON, ENG.
THERAPION (TASTELESS) FORM OF EASY TO TAKE SAFE AND LASTING CURE
SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON RED GOVT STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength. No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address:

THE COOK MEDICINE CO.
TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Common Supply Point

"Did she get her husband at the bargain counter or the second hand store?"

"He looks it."

"Well, which one?"

"Neither; at the bar of injustice."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Women Offering to Work on Farms

Women are now offering to take the place of men on Manitoba farms. The provincial department of agriculture has received a number of letters from women residents of Winnipeg, in which the women declare their willingness to help in seeding operations if the farmers are unable to obtain men of such work.

THAT COLD YOU HAVE

may bring sickness, doctors bills and loss of work; you know that serious sickness usually starts with a cold, and a cold only exists where weakness exists. *Remember that.*

Overcome the weakness and nature cures the cold—that is the law of reason. Carefully avoid drugged pills, syrups or stimulants; they are only props and braces and whips.

It is the pure medicinal nourishment in Scott's Emulsion that quickly enriches the blood, strengthens the lungs and helps heal the air passages.

And mark this well—Scott's Emulsion generates body heat as protection against winter sickness. Get Scott's at your drug store *to-day*. It always strengthens and builds up.

14-51 Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ontario.

Enforce the Blockade

Admiral Lord Beresford recently wrote:

"If the government had used our sea power as they were legally entitled to do, at the commencement of the war, by instituting an effective blockade, and making all goods entering Germany absolute contraband, the war would now be over. This is acknowledged by the foreign office. Every difficulty and every disaster we have met has been brought about by ourselves through want of foresight. Public agitation and the press have been the means of forcing the government to take up the following questions: Munitions, internment of alien enemies, the Trading with the Enemy Act, placing cotton on the contraband list, the Munitions Act, and the stoppage of German reservists proceeding to Germany. Public agitation will probably compel the government to make a fuller and more efficient use of our sea power, and so end the war."

SPRING IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD

A Tonic Medicine is a Necessity at This Season

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an all year round tonic, blood-builder and nerve-restorer. But they are especially valuable in the spring when the system is loaded with impurities as a result of the indoor life of the winter months. There is no other season when the blood is so much in need of purifying and enriching, and every dose of these Pills helps to make new, rich red blood. In the spring one feels weak and tired—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give strength. In the spring the appetite is often poor—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills develop the appetite, tone the stomach and aid weak digestion. It is in the spring that poisons in the blood find an outlet in disfiguring pimples, eruptions, and boils—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills speedily clear the skin because they go to the root of the trouble in the blood. In the spring anaemia, rheumatism, indigestion, neuralgia, erysipelas and many other troubles are most persistent because of poor, weak blood, and it is at this time when all nature takes on new life that the blood most seriously needs attention. Some people dose themselves with purgatives at this season, but these only further weaken themselves. A purgative merely gallops through the system, emptying the bowels, but it does not cure anything. On the other hand Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood, which reaches every nerve and organ in the body, bringing new strength, new health and vigor to weak, easily tired men, women and children. Try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills this spring—they will not disappoint you.

You can get these health-renewing Pills through any medicine dealer or by mail post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"Money doesn't bring happiness."

"Maybe not. But it will help you greatly to go after it."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflamation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"Remember, the eyes of the nation are on you," exclaimed the constituent.

"I know it," replied Senator Sorghum. "And the nation's getting more acutely discerning every day. The time is gone when a man can assume an impressive pose and get by as an optical illusion."

As a vermicide there is no preparation that equals Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It has saved the lives of countless children.

The big drop in immigration to Canada since the war started is shown in the figures for immigration for 1915 given to the commons by Hon. Dr. Roche, in answer to a question by Mr. E. M. Macdonald, Pictou. The total for the year was only 48,466, as compared with 384,878 for 1913-14 and 402,432 for 1912-13. The volume of immigration now is only about one-eighth of what is was two years ago. Almost all of the new arrivals of last year were from the United States.

Miller's Worm Powders not only make the infantile system untenable for worms, but by their action on the stomach, liver and bowels they correct such troubles as lack of appetite, biliousness and other internal disorders that the worms create. Children thrive upon them and no matter what condition their worm-infested stomachs may be in, they will show improvement as soon as the treatment begins.

"So you don't believe in advertising, eh?" scornfully remarked the up-to-date business man.

"No, I don't," insisted his sad-eyed neighbor. "I got my wife that way."

Chest Colds and Hoarseness Quickly Rubbed Away

"Nerviline" Gives Speedy Relief and Cures Over Night

Got a cold?

Is your voice raspy—is your chest congested or sore?

If so, you are the very person that Nerviline will cure in a jiffy.

Nerviline is strong and penetrating. It sinks right into the tissues, takes out inflammation and soreness, destroys colds in a truly wonderful way. Rub Nerviline over the chest—rub on lots of it, and watch that tightness disappear. Nerviline won't blister, it sinks in too fast—doesn't simply stay on the surface like a thick, oily liniment would. If the throat is raspy and sore, rub it well outside with Nerviline, and use Nerviline as a gargle diluted with warm water. Just one or two treatments like this and your voice and throat will be quite normal again.

Just think of it—for forty years the largest used family medicine in this country—Nerviline must be good, must quickly relieve and cure a hundred ills that befall every family. Try it for earache, toothache, coughs, colds, sore chest, hoarseness and muscular pains in every part of the body. Large family size bottle 50c; trial size 25c at all dealers.

Officer (furiously)—What the dooce is the matter? Where are your shots going?

Irish Recruit (nervously)—Sure I dunno, sir. They left 'ere all right!

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Pape—Why, hang it, girl, that fellow only earns nine dollars a week!

Pleading Daughter—Yes, but daddy, dear, a week passes so quickly when you're fond of one another.

No matter how deep-rooted the corn or wart may be, it must yield to Holloway's Corn Cure if used as directed.

Not Missed

"I used to live in New York," said the man impressively.

"That so," drawled the little man, quietly. "I was there the other day and the town seemed to be getting on all right without you."

Germany's Great Mistake

Germany never believed that the Dominions would rally to the side of Great Britain as they have done, or that they would be faithful in the hour of adversity. There were even some of our own publicists at home who shared the same profound miscalculations. The doubters were much more in evidence in the old country than in the Dominions, and attributed it to the lack of knowledge by people here of their own empire. Possibly it was due in even greater measure to a failure to realize the incredible power of sentiment when really great emergencies arise. Blood is thicker than water, and, after all, there had been no doubt in the mind of the Dominions as to what Germany's intentions were during all those years when half our British politicians were trying to persuade themselves, in defiance of all the evidence, that she meant the British empire no harm.—London Telegraph.

Aunt—Willie, don't you want to help me freeze the ice cream?

Willie—Naw! I'll wait an' help you thaw it after it's froze.

Bovril makes other food nourish you

Bovril makes other foods nourish you. It has a Body-building power proved equal to from 10 to 20 times the amount of Bovril taken.

No Truck With Traitors

We can have no dealings with Bulgaria or with her Tsar traitor, even should he, as is highly improbable, seriously wish to have dealings with us. The restoration of Serbia to her rightful territory and her union with her southern Slav kindred must, indeed, be essential objects of the allies. These objects preclude any truck with Ferdinand of Cobourg, or with his people, unless they dissociate themselves from him. Even William of Hohenzollern, with all his crimes, is a more reputable sovereign.—London Times.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Plaintiff's Lawyer—I rest the case. Defendant's Ditto—You ought to; it's pretty weak.—Boston Transcript.

Could Hardly Live for Asthma, writes one man, who, after years of suffering, has found complete relief through Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Now he knows how needless has been his suffering. This matchless remedy gives sure help to all afflicted with asthma. Inhaled as smoke or vapor it brings the help so long needed. Every dealer has it or can get it for you from his wholesaler.

A stitch in the side is more distressing than a stitch in time.

LET US HELP YOU FIND THE RIGHT OIL

THE right oil in the right place usually costs less because none of it is wasted. Also it saves money by making your machine work more smoothly and last longer.

The Imperial Oil Company makes a special oil exactly suited to every part of every farm machine.

STANDARD GAS ENGINE OIL

Recommended by leading builders for all types of internal combustion engines, whether tractor or stationary, gasoline or kerosene. It keeps its body at high temperature, is practically free from carbon, and is absolutely uniform in quality.

PRAIRIE HARVESTER OIL

An excellent all-round lubricant for exposed bearings of harvesters and other farm machinery. Stays on the bearings; will not gum or corrode.

CAPITOL CYLINDER OIL

The most effective and economical lubricant for steam engine cylinders; proven superior in practical competition with other cylinder oils.

ELDORADO CASTOR OIL

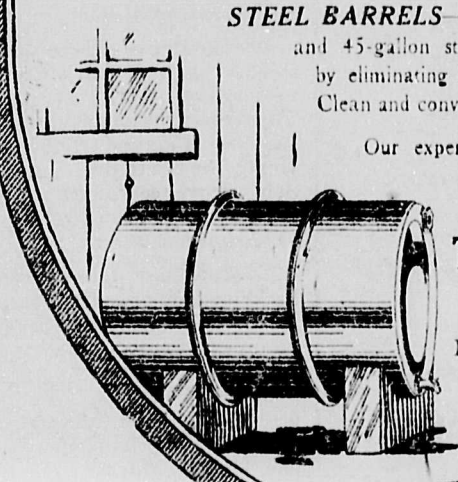
A high-grade, thick-bodied oil for lubricating the loose bearings of farm machinery, sawmills and factory shafting.

THRESHER HARD OIL

Keeps the cool bearing *cool*. Does not depend on heat or friction to cause it to lubricate.

STEEL BARRELS—All our oils can be obtained in 28-gallon and 45-gallon steel barrels. These barrels save their cost by eliminating leakage. You use every drop you pay for. Clean and convenient.

Our experts will be pleased to advise you regarding the proper lubricants for your particular needs.



THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY
Limited

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

The Courtenay Review

And Comox Valley Advocate

A Weeky Newspaper, Pubished at Courtenay, B. C.

N. H. BODEN, Editor and Proprietor

Subscription $1.50 per Year in Advance

THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1916

It is agreed generally that Courtenuy, in order to be an advancing town, needs the presence of additional industries with attendant payrolls. Our merchants know what assets the logging camps, the road work, the creamery and condensory are to the community, and how timely are the monthly cheques tendered bv employees and patrons in settlement of accounts. Just as the closing down or suspension of operations on the part of any one of these would be felt by the merchants, so also would be the starting up of new industries with weekly, fortnightly or monthly paylists. We think that not least among the varied duties of the municipal officers should be the attracting to the municipality ot such new industries, and that no one would begrudge the expenditure of funds or the granting of taxation concessions in order to ensure the presence of additional industries. We hear of vegetable canneries being started up in other parts of the Province, and although perhaps only a dozen men are employed, still with the payroll and the disbursements to patrons, a vegetable cannery in this district would considerably help matters. We say this at the risk of being criticized, just as, probably, those responsible for the organization of the creamery were criticized. A live journal should be not level with but in advance of public opinion, and "The Review" aims at being well ahead. Having called aetention to the matter, we leave it to the people to discuss, adding this, that unless Courtenay gets out after business, there will soon be lots of empty houses and derelict lots,

Our farmer friends are not very consistent. Only a few short weeks ago they were writing letters to the City Council and buttonholing everybody, and complainig bitterly that a few animals that were running at large were annoying their horses and destroying their goods when their vehicles were tied up on our city streets. Nearly every farmer whose name appears on the petition to let their cattle roam at large on our streets has notices forbidding citizens of Courtenay walking over their land nailed up on their fences and other very conspicuous places. If they won't allow citizens of Courtenay to hunt wild ducks and other game birds over their waste lands when all danger of damaging crops is past, how can they consistently ask us to let their cattle pasture free on our streets and lands when our crops are growing in our gardens? Consistency, thou art a jewel!

California butter is being extensively advertised in Victoria. What is the matter with B. C. and its vaunted "vast dairying possibilities" in the words of the development pamphlets? Generally speaking while consumers are fewer in number, something like 100,000 having left the province, the ranks of the producers should not have suffered to the same degree, and yet B. C. has to import fruit, vegetables and dairy products.

Cumberland

John Joseph of Bevan was sentenced to three months imprisonment on Saturday for violating the Coal Mines Regulation Act.

At the Red Cross tea held at the home of Mrs. Piket on Tuesday April 18th, Miss E. Louden held the winning ticket for the box of candy.

A Red Cross tea under the auspices of the Woman's Patriotic Society of Cumberland will be held at the home of Mrs. E. W. Bickle on Tuesday May 23rd, followed by a dance in the Ilo Ilo dance hall in the evening.—Islander.

Anglican Service

St. John's Courtenay celebration of the Holy Communion at 8 30 a m. The Lord Bishop of Columbia will preach at Saint Andrew's at 11 a. m. and unveil the memorial window to the late Mrs. O. Duncan The evening service at St. John's 7.30 p. m. will take the form of a memorial service to the late Mr. H. Sackville. Preacher, the Vicar.

The Rev. E. P. Laycock will take Sunday School at 3 p. m. in St. John's church.

Red Cross Work

The ladies on the packing committee are asked to meet at Sandwick hall May 9th at 3 p. m. to send off the finished goods to Victoria.

Mrs. Laycock has received the following letter from Chas. Williams the Hon. Sec. Treas. of the Red Cross. "Kindly accept our many thanks for such a valuable contribution, and we would be glad if you would convey to your workers how thoroughly we appreciate their energy."

Mrs. Laycock has collected $30 from friends and the "Daughters of the Empire" in Atlin for the 102nd batt. hospital.

Royston

Mr. Joseph Idiens has been appointed station superintendent at Royston Junction for the E. & N and Canadian Colliery. Although married with a wife and three children he had in mind to enlist till this position fell in his way; his bit however at the front is being done by his wife's 4 brothers, 5 enlisted, but one since killed.

The fact of Royston being a joint station for the E. & N. and the Colliery Co. there are more passengers and freight dealt with there than Courtenay.

Card of Thanks

Mrs. Sackville and family wish to thank all friends in Courtenay District for help and sympathy in their great loss.

THEED PEARSE

Barrister and Solicitor, Notary Public.

Phone 53 Courtenay

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway

EASTER HOLIDAYS

Good going April 19, 21 and 24, return limit Apl, 25; fare and one-fifth for round trip

Through Passenger Trains leave Courtenay 11:35 on Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Victoria and Way Stations

RETURNING---Arrives at Courtenay at 16:10, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

Steamship tickets on all lines to all parts of the world. For particulars etc., address

L. D. CHETHAM, Dist. Passenger Agent, Victoria

D. B. NICKERSON, Agent Courtenay, Phone R 60

Campbell's

Natural Pongee Silks

at 50c, a useful 27 inch pongee guaranteed free from dressing

at 65c, this is a silk that we can recommend, being a popular silk for the making of dresses and waists, a very clean weave with a nice bright lustre

at 90c and $1, 36 inches wide, being a close even weave of a light soft finish good coating weight

Pretty Wash Fabrics

white piques, Bedford cords and garbardines, including printed voiles, organdies, crepons, suitable for dresses, waists and children wear; prices from 20c yd.

Cotton Crepes

in plain and riffle effects. They come in plain and floral patterns 30 inches wide, very serviceable, will wash and wear well; 20c yd.

Corduroy Velvets

in white, emerald, brown and cardinal, suitable for sport coats, suits and skirts price 75c per yd

Lady's Neckwear

We are showing a most up to date stock of lady's novelty neckwear. A good assortment of new Robepierre collars in dainty shades, including all the latest ideas in roll collars, sets, four in hand ties and Dutch collars. Specially marked prices at from 35c each

Girls Middy Blouses

made with good quality drill and chambrays, price $1; also skirts to match in latest styles

Childrens Colored Wash Dresses

A big range of these made of fine quality gingham, percale or prints, all the leading shades in light, medium and dark colorings, ranging in size from 2 to 16 years, price from 60c up

Womens House Dresses

These goods come in good quality ginghams in various checks; chambrays in plain colors with fancy trimmings; in percales in all shades and stripe effects, all sizes, price $1,25 to $3.50

Ladies' Fine Summer Underwear

Every garment knit to fit, comfortable to wear and servicable. They come in varied styles with long, short and no sleeves with plain and fancy lace yoke; also silk Lisle combinations, perfect fitting, with low neck, short or no sleeves.

Ladies' Shoes

Another shipment of women's high grade shoes to arrive in ten days, These come in high cut models, button and blucher cut, gunmetal, calf, in black, grey, and fawn vestings, with Cuban and military heels. These are very neat and dressy and will give excellent wear. Prices $3.50, $5, $4,50 and $5.

Campbell's

CUMBERLAND

Roll Up, Canadians!

Up to the end of March Canada had enrolled 295,680 men for the Canadian Expeditionary Force, of which British Columbia contributed 26,415 men. This figure does not include British reservists, or those who went to the old country to enlist. Well done, Canadians, whether native sons or otherwise. There is still one thing to be done, however and that is for a few more to roll up and bring the remaining battalions up to strength.

Miss Alice Beat6n has taken a position at Powell River.

Born—On Tuesday, May 2, to Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Allan, a daughter.

Born—On April 27, at St. Joseph's hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. W. Denholm, a son.

Born—At Sandwick, on Wednesday' May 3, to Mr. and Mrs. W. Sutherland, a daughter.

The Courtenay picture show has made arragments with a new firm to run a new series of pictures. The programme for tonight includes the story of a glove, Ham and Bud Ham, the Detective. Broadway Star. a three reel feature. A lot of Charlie Chaplin films are expected to be shown shortly.

The funeral of the late Harold Sackville took place from Sutton & Kirkwood's undertaking parlors on Saturday afternoon, interment being at St. Andrew's, Anglican, cemetery, Sandwick, Ven. Archdeacon Collison officiating. The pallbearers were John, Henry, Cecil and George Mitchell, G. Endall and B. Ward.

ROYAL STANDARD Products are the Acme of Perfection

For many years the chief fundamental in producing ROYAL STANDARD products has been PERFECTION. The aim has always been to produce products always superior to any other on the market. This policy has always been carried out and always will. Whenever you see the name ROYAL STANDARD be assured that it mears the BEST IT IS POSSIBLE TO PRODUCE.

Order a Sack of ROYAL STANDARD FLOUR Today

ROYAL STANDARD FLOUR has long been recognized as the best bread flour sold in Western Canada. It is milled from the finest wheat grown and sold under a strict "money-back" guarantee.

BEST FAMILY PATENT — ROYAL STANDARD

Royal Standard Grain Products Agency

Phone 33 F. Movitz, Mgr. End of Bridge

Royal Standard Mills Chick Food

is another of the famous ROYAL STANDARD products. Thousands of poultrymen have found that no other Chick Food is equal to ROYAL STANDARD. You'll come to this conclusion, too, if you try it.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

In the Matter of John Hardy, Deceased, and in the Matter of the Administration Act.

TAKE NOTICE that by order of his Honour, Judge Barker, made the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1916. I was appointed Administrator to all and singular the Estate of John Hardy, Deceased, and all parties having claims against the said Estate are hereby required to furnish same, properly verified, to me on or before the 15th day of May, 1916. And all parties indebted to said Estate are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness to me forthwith.

WESLEY WILLARD,
Official Administrator

Dated at Courtenay this 1st Day of April, A. D. 1916.

CITY OF COURTENAY

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that all property owners in the City must remove all tin cans, rubbish and debris from their property and the streets adjoining their property within ten days from date, same to be deposited where directed by the City. If the terms of this notice are not complied with such rubbish will be removed by the City and all costs thereof charged against the various properties.

W. A. W. HAMES,
C.M.C.

Courtenay, April 26, 1916.

Courtenay - B. C.

For Sale

STORE—situated at corner Union St. and Cumberland Road, 40 x 120. Splendid business location. 2 storey frame building 38 x 60 ft., with workshops and sheds, all in good condition,

RESIDENCE. Particularly fine house Best in town, on Anderton Ave. Lots 5 and 6, Block D, 7 rooms, basement, bath, toilet, water installed in house; gasoline pumping engine, nice lawn and garden, chicken and outhouses.

Any reasonable offer for either or both of these properties will receive favorable consideration. Apply:

JAMES ROY,
222 Pacific Building, Vancouver, B. C.

LAND REGISTRY ACT

IN THE MATTER of an application for a fresh Certificate of Title to Sections Twenty-six (26) and Thirty-five (35), Comox District, British Columbia.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN of my intention at the expiration of one calander month from the first publication hereof to issue a fresh Certificate of Title in lieu of the Certificate of Title issued to Reginald Terry Carwithen on the 6th day of November 1871, and Numbered 372A, which has been lost.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., this 2nd day of March 1916.

S. Y. WOTTEN,
Registrar General of Titles

ESTATE OF WM. LEWIS, DECEASED

PURSUANT to Section 27 of the Trustees Act, notice is hereby given that Letters Probate to the last Will and Testament of Wm. Lewis, late of Courtenay, B. C., who died on the 4th January 1916, at Courtenay aforesaid, were issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia on the 22nd day of March 1916, to Thomas Morgan of the City of Nanaimo, the sole Executor appointed under said Will.

All persons having claims against the Estate of the said William Lewis, deceased, are hereby required to forward particulars of their claims duly verified and of the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, to the said Thomas Morgan, on or before the 29th day of April 1916, after which date said Executor will distribute the assets of the Estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed, to any person of whose claim he had not then notice.

Dated this 24th day of March, 1916.

C. H. BREVOR-POTTS,
Solicitor for Thomas Morgan, Executor.

GRIEVE and DARGIE

Ice Cream
Candies,
Cigars,
Pipes,
Tobaccos

Swan's Old Stand, Courtenay

FOR EXCHANGE

3 Lots North Arm Burrard Inlet

400 feet from Beach, 12 private summer residences already built nearby, I need an automobile, model or condition no object

Address REVIEW, COURTENAY

Prohibition and Compensation

John Bright, an eminent British statesman, who was an advocate for Temperance Reform said that, while he believed in reform, he did not believe in any radical and harsh measures, "Business," said he, "established by law should be defended and protected by law." John Bright, who was a Quaker, asserted the principle of compensation.

There are less prisoners, paupers, insanity, and more children born in the wet than in the dry states. The figures for 1910 in these dry states are:—

	Kansas Dry	Nebraska Wet	Arkansas Wet
Prisoners, per 100,000 population	85.4	55 2	84.5
Paupers " " "	43.5	46.2	32.9
Insane " " "	172.2	167 0	69.4
Number children to 100 famalies	427 3	449.0	472.2

The children born in the wet states, accordidg to learned scientists, are slightly greater in weight and in general health better than those of teetotal parents. Just note the difference between Liebig's Cocoa Beef Tonic bought at the drug store containing 23 2 per cent. of alcohol against 2 to 4 per cent. in beer. Which is best for mother and the baby?

Kansas the ideal prohibition state has more insane persons than seventeen of the "wet" states.

Dry Memphis had 64 murders for every 100,000 of it's population in 1912, while wet Milwaukee had only 4 murders.

Don't, Mr. Prohibitionist, be a dog in the manger. If you don't want a drink of beer or wine yourself don't try to stop me and others, who do not abuse the privilege.

CRITIC

Courtenay, B. C., May 1, 1916.

Council Meeting

The regular May meeting of the City Council was held on Monday evening; Ald. Carroll being the only absentee.

Ald. Hurford reported that he had prepared a draft electric light agreement which was rather lengthy and would have to be read at a special meeting. After considerable discussion it was decided to hold a special meeting later.

The question of a Roll of Honor again came up and Ald Hurford, Rev. Laycock and Rev. Menzies were appointed to act as a committee on same.

On motion of Ald. Kerton and Aston the traffic bylaw was finally adopted.

COMMUNICATIONS

A letter was received from H. D. Forde offering to insure volunteer firemen at $3 per $1000. The letter was filed for future reference.

From the Courtenay Electric Light Co. offering the city a time switch at $32. It was decided to rent the switch for the time being at $1 per month.

Ald. Aston being strongly in favor of putting in a switch so that the constable could turn off by hand.

A letter from W. L. McKinnon & Co. re debentures was filed for future reference

ACCOUUTS

The following accounts were laid on the table:

Telephone Co.	$ 7.00
Office expenses	17 50
Police charges re horse case	41.15
Electric Light Co.	55.22

The account re the horse case on motion of Ald. McKenzie was left over for further consideration. He also objected to a charge of $2 for repairing the electric light wires, claiming that the company should keep their lines in repair.

Ald. Hurford stated that one of the street lights was out and that he had spoken to the manager about it, and he found that a broken wire was the cause of the light failing to shine. If the council refused to pay the bill he would. Ald. McKenzie explained that he objected on principal to paying any repair bills for the Electric Light Co. until they had a proper agreement with the city.

On motion of Ald. Anderton and Hurford the rent of hall will be paid up to May 8, when the city expect to be in their new hall.

A petition signed by a large number people living outside the city and but three persons living in the city. asked that cattle be allowed to run at large on the city streets.

Ald. Hurford remarked that his cattle had not been in the city more than once or twice for nearly 12 years until the day after the bylaw came into effect then, when he was away in Victoria, 18 of them came in to see the sights. He said it would have been a hardship had they been impounded. He thought that the bylaw was all right as it was, but there was no need of enforcing it stringently. If any damage was done by cattle the owners would have to settle, and if any animal proved a nuisance it could be taken care of.

A petition from several residents was presented praying that Alice street be opened and graded. It was pointed out that only of the petitioners was vitally interested in the proposition. The board of works was instructed to look at the street and report.

Ald. Aston wanted to know if anything had been done about collecting dog taxes and road taxes from single men and Orientals. He thought two or three hundred dollars could be gathered in by the city clerk if this was looked after. He said employers were obliged to give the names of all their workmen and they could pay the amount and deduct it from their pay.

Ald. McKenzie for the sanitary committee reported that one of the Chinese wash house premises was in a filthy condition; also that a resident of the orchard intended using a deep well as a septic tank.

The inspector was instructed to look into the matter and see that no nuisance was created.

The clerk was instructed to write Dr. Montgomery to find out whether he intended to accept the position of medical health officer.

Ald Kerton reported that a culvert on Lake Trail was breaking in He was empowered to have it repaired if it was dangerous.

Ald. McKenzie said that the report of last meeting of council was very short in The Review. All reference to the repairing of Judson street having been omitted when tenders had been received and the work afterwards being ordered by day labor. [We were not present last week when this matter was discussed, and it is also very difficult to hear what the aldermen say at times, and it is better to say too little than too much—Ed]

Horace McPhee. for the citizens' committee reported that $676.75 had been subscribed to the band fund, $71.50 of which they had been unable to collect, and $100 of the balance was in notes, making $600.25. which the committee was ready to turn over to the officers when they produced the documents promised and made the agreement to give the instruments to the city after the war. He had been unable to get the officers by phone or messenger, and had written them.

The council passed a vote of thanks to the committee for their work.

Council adjourned.

Production and Thrift

The Agricultural War Book for 1916, entitled "Production and Thrift," and having for its particular text :

IN WAR TIME.
Produce more and save more,
Make your labor efficient,
Save materials from waste,
Spend your money wisely,

consists ot 250 valuable and instructive pages. Opening with a brief address to the farmers of Canada by Hon. Martin Burrell, Federal Minister of Agriculture, under whose direction the book has been issued, followed by extracts from the Budget speech of Sir Thomas White, Finance Minister of the Dominion, and an article bearing upon the national income and expenditure of the United Kingdom, there ensue contributions from over seventy expert authorities on different branches of agriculture, including the compiler and editor of the work, the federal commissioner of Agriculture and the Commissioner of Live Stock and Dairy Products of the Dominion, the Director of Experimental Farms, chiefs and sub-chiefs of departments of agriculture of all the provinces and a number of professors at the differeni agricultural colleges. A vast deal of general information, statistical and otherwise, covering various countrtes as well as Canada, is given along with a large fund of sound advice and counsel bearing in particular upon the subjects embraced in the title. Although primarily devoted to agriculture, there is much matter that the general citizen will find of interest. Among other things he will be surprised to learn that wheat in 1801 was $3.47 a bushel in Britain, while last year it was only $1.61 the latter, however, being nearly twice as much as the lowest point reached, which was in 1894, when the price was down to 68c. For the first fifteen years of this century the average price of wheat per bushel in Britain was 98 cents whereas in the first fifteen years of the nineteenth century the average was something like $2.66.

While crop production occupies a large space, live stock comes in for a large share of attention, horses, cattle, sheep, swine and poultry all being learnedly dealt with along with dairy products and special crops, such as sugar, sugar beets, honey, maple products, flax, fruit, vegetables and tobacco. In short no branch of agriculture is overlooked. The nutritive and commercial values of different foods are set forth in company with a deal of excellent advice on the practice and results of thrift. Marketing is dealt with, and sections of the book are devoted, among other subjects to Economy in the Home, Patriotic Purchasing, Women and the War, the Call to the Colors, Patriotic Relief Work, and Education and the war.

Lumber Memos

Lumber stock on hand in British Columbia is 200,000,000 feet less now than at this time last year and there is any amount of business for all firms operating in the lumber trade.

There is a big shortage of shingles, one coast dealer stating that there are orders booked in Vancouver alone for over 50,000,000 shingles in excess of stocks on hand.

Opening up logging operations, large and small, has become general

According to the "Canada Lumberman" the Doyston sawmill has received sufficient orders from a Winnipeg firm to keep it running for two years, while the Courtenay sawmill and Urquhart's shingle mill are in full operation.

A Defenceless City

Editor Review,

Dear Sir:—I have na no cattle at large, and if I want to be rid of my neighbors stock I find I must fence them out. I have been obliged to fence out hens with indifferent success. Referring to last week's notes, I fear it would take several little gardens to pay the cash value of one killed cow. In Proverbs 25 and 28 Solomon compares the troubles of anger-ridden men and cities without walls, and Courtenay is in that predicament.

Yet is she without walls, she need not be without gates. When Mr. Pidcock owned her he wanted to put a gate on the bridge, but the government objected. The government is now superseded, and by putting a gate on each of the city bridges the council can repel the bulk of the invaders.

"For if they once may win the bridge,
What hope to save the town?"

D.

Trinidad and the Empire

The Island of Trinidad in the British West Indies supplies a striking instance of colonial patriotism. The legislature voted £40,000 worth of cocoa, (B.C. sent salmon) the Chamber of Commerce gave a war plane to the Imperial Government, and Red Cross, patriotic, French, Belgian and Serbian relief funds are being supported in terms of ten of thousands of dollars. The Trinidad military contingent numbered 500 men, and the merchants of the colony raised, equipped and paid passage to England for 500 more, while at the request of the War Office, 50 men are being sent to England every month.

Officers Service Uniforms

The cut, fit, quality and strict regard to details that you would expect from London's foremost Military Tailors you can expect from us.

We can make you a complete kit within three days and at a remarkably low price.

Measurement forms on application.

Lange & Brown
LATE OF LONDON, ENG.
NAVAL, MILITARY & CIVIL TAILORS
747 YATES ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

Courtenay Hotel
COURTENAY, B. C.
Comfort With Moderate Rates
Best Wines and Liquors
T. BOOTH Prop.

Cumberland Hotel
Good Accomodation Cusine Excellen
Wm. Merryfield
Proprietor

CHAS. SIMMS
Expert Watchmaker Qualified Optician
s selling Spectacles an Eye glasses from $2.50 per pair, Including sight testing. Each eye tested separately to insure correct vision
The Courtenay Jewelry Store

First-Class Plumbing
Hot Water and Steamfitting
Jackson & Whittle
Phone 9 Courtenay

ELK HOTEL
Comox, B. C.
Best Meals North of Naniamo
Choicest Liquors and Cigars
C. A. Martin, Prop.

Charles Wheeler
begs to announcce that he has opeeed
The Elk Hotel Barber Shop
Cleanliness a Specialty

The Water Question Solved
FOR RENT
Four Good Houses, water and electric light in each
Apply, MRS. WM. LEWIS

Courtenay Tailor
Ladies and Gents Suits Made-To-Order
Suits $27 up Pants $7 up

Pressing		Cleaning and Pressed	
Suits	$ .75	Suits	$1.25 up
Coats	.50	Coats	.75
Pants	.25	Panls	.50
Skirts	.25	Skirts	.50
Vests	.15	Vests	.35
Dresses	.50	Dresses	1.74
Overcoats	.75	Overcoats	1.25

Repairing, Etc.
Gents clothes kept in order by the month $2.50
Haney I. Kushida
The same building as Robertson's Drug Store, Union St., Courtenay

APPLY TO
RICHARD CREECH
FOR
Sand and Gravel
Rates Reasonable

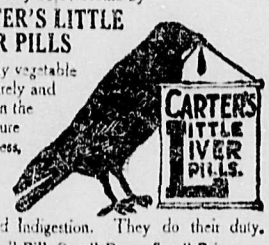
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Buggies and Express Wagons
All Rigs Guaranteed and Sold at the Lowest Possible Price
GEORGE B. LEIGHTON
Blacksmith and Carriage Builder COURTENAY

FURS
Get "More Money" for your Foxes
Muskrat, White Weasel, Beaver, Lynx, Wolves, Marten and other Fur bearers collected in your section
SHIP YOUR FURS DIRECT to "SHUBERT" the largest house in the World dealing exclusively in NORTH AMERICAN RAW FURS a reliable—responsible—safe Fur House with an unblemished reputation existing for "more than a third of a century," a long successful record of sending Fur Shippers prompt, SATISFACTORY AND PROFITABLE returns. Write for "The Shubert Shipper," the only reliable, accurate market report and price list published.
Write for it—NOW—it's FREE
A. B. SHUBERT, Inc. 25-27 WEST AUSTIN AVE. Dept. C 68 CHICAGO, U.S.A.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS



Purely vegetable — act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Do You Consider Wear and Tear

On your harness when you figure your profits for the year? Ordinarily that's a big item but you can make it negligible by using

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

Keeps the leather soft and prevents cracking. Adds years to harness life.

Dealers Everywhere

The Imperial Oil Company Limited

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

ACENTS

Wanted in every town and village, to take orders for the best Made-to-Measure Clothing in Canada. Good commissions. Magnificent Samples.

STERLING TAILORING CO.,
535 College Street - Toronto

TYPHOID is no more necessary than Smallpox. Army experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous efficacy, and harmlessness, of Antityphoid Vaccination. Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is more vital than house insurance. Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, results from use, and danger from Typhoid Carriers.

THE CUTTER LABORATORY, BERKELEY, CAL.
PRODUCING VACCINES & SERUMS UNDER U. S. GOV. LICENSE

MURINE, Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Cold Winds and Dust quickly relieved by Murine YOUR EYES Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggists' 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free write

Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago

Something in That

John—Just one more kiss, darling, before we say good-bye.

Mabel—Oh, John, you've had enough—wait till tomorrow night.

John—Delays are dangerous; tomorrow night I may be dead, or—you may have ben eating onions.

"He is some painter, believe me."
"To what school does he belong?"
"To the utilitarian."
"Oh, signs and fences."

MORE THAN EVER

Increased Capacity For Work

Many former tea and coffee drinkers who have mental work to perform day after day, have found a better capacity and greater endurance by using Postum. A woman writes:

"I had drank coffee for about twenty years, and finally had what the doctor called 'coffee heart.' I was nervous and extremely despondent; had little mental or physical strength left; had kidney trouble and constipation." (Tea is just as injurious because it contains caffeine, the same drug found in coffee).

"The first noticeable benefit which followed the change from coffee to Postum was the improved action of the kidneys and bowels. In two weeks my heart action was greatly improved and my nerves steadier.

"Then I became less despondent, and the desire to be active again showed proof of renewed physical and mental strength.

"I formerly did mental work and had to give up on account of coffee, but since using Postum I am doing hard mental labor with less fatigue." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Postum comes in two forms.

Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled, 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both forms are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

Dangers of Cat Kissing

It must be a terrifying revelation, to those ladies who kiss their cats, that has been made by Professor Fiocci, the Italian chemist. He has found by experiment that when a cat licks its lips it spreads over them a saliva in which there are swarms of minute bacilli not free from danger to human beings. When he inoculated rabbits and guinea-pigs with this noxious substance they died within twenty-four hours; and he has come to the conclusion that it is dangerous for ladies to indulge in the habit of kissing their cats.

He Feels Like a Young Fellow

WHY MANITOBA MAN PRAISES DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

After Experimenting With Other Medicines Max Hanjook Found in Dodd's Kidney Pills the Cure That He Sought.

Pleasant Home, Man.—(Special).—Mr. Max Hanjook, a well known resident of this place, who, after an extended period of ill-health is feeling strong and hearty again, is spreading broadcast the good news that he found a new lease of youth in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I tried all kinds of other pills, but they didn't help me very much," Mr. Hanjook says. "But Dodd's Kidney Pills have made me feel like a different man. I feel like a young fellow again. I want everybody to know that Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for me everything that has been claimed for them."

Dodd's Kidney Pills make men and women feel young again because they spread good health all over the body. Dodd's Kidney Pills act directly on the kidneys. They made the kidneys strong and healthy and thus put them in condition to strain all impurities, all the seeds of disease, out of the blood. The cleansed blood circulating all through the body gives new strength and energy everywhere. That's why Dodd's Kidney Pills are popular all over Canada.

High Finance

"Another new hat. You should really save your money with the price of everything going up."

"But why? The longer I have it, the less I can buy with it."

WHEN BABY IS ILL

When baby is ill no other medicine will so quickly relieve him as will Baby's Own Tablets. They go right to the root of most childhood ailments—those derangements of the stomach and bowels which cause difficult teething, colds, constipation, vomiting and simple fevers. They cleanse the bowels and sweeten the stomach and drive out all cause of illness. Concerning them Mrs. Wm. Evers, Gilks, N.B., says: "We always keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house as we have found them an excellent medicine for little ones." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Burglar—The only thing I'm kicking about is bein' identified by a man that kep' his head under the bedclothes the whole time. That's wrong.

If All Played Out, Try This Prescription

When that overpowering weariness and a never-rested feeling comes over you, it shows some serious disorder is undermining your health. The cure is simple. Build up the system and nourish the body back to health by pure wholesome blood.

The one sure means of doing this is with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They are a marvellous aid to appetite—convert all you eat into nutriment and tissue-building material. Thus a weak body is supplied with new nerve fibre, hardy muscle and firm flesh. Lasting good health is sure to follow. If you really want to get well and stay well, use Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c per box at all dealers.

The man who waits for opportunity to knock finds the waiting good.

A Pill for Brain Workers.—The man who works with his brains is more liable to derangement of the digestive system than the man who works with his hands, because the one calls upon his nervous energy while the other applies only his muscular strength. Brain fag begets irregularities of the stomach and liver, and the best remedy that can be used is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They are specially compounded for such cases and all those who use them can certify to their superior power.

A young reporter who took his first check to the bank and was asked by the cashier to endorse it on the back, wrote: "I heartily endorse this check."

In the train of Alexander the Great during his Asiatic conquests were some observant persons who made notes of what th y saw, when not too busy killing off the inhabitants, and in these written documents is told the story of "a reed growing in India which produces honey without bees." Thus sugar cane evidently was well known in that part of the world in 230 B.C.

CHAPPED HANDS AND COLD SORES

Are your hands chapped, cracked, or sore? Have you "cold cracks" which open and bleed when the skin is drawn tight? Have you a cold sore, frost bite, or chilblains, which at times makes it agony for you to go about your duties? If so, Zam-Buk will give you relief, and will heal the frost-damaged skin.

Miss B. Strojsa, of East Hansford, N.S., writes: "My hands were so badly chapped I was unable to put them in water. All remedies failed to heal until I tried Zam-Buk. Perseverance with this balm completely healed the sores."

Zam-Buk heals cuts, burns, bruises, cures eczema, piles, chapped hands, cold sores, frost bites, and all skin diseases and injuries. Refuse substitutes. At all druggists and stores, 50c box.

ZAM-BUK GIVES QUICK RELIEF

Reason Enough

Sleigh—I see he writes typewritten letters to his lady?

Spy—Sure, she's taken up studying character by handwriting.

Recruiting Official—One gran'father living? Is he on your father's or mother's side?

Recruit—Oh, 'e varies, sir; 'e sticks up for both on 'em—a sort o' nootral.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

"Willie, you haven't said whether you thanked Mr. Carr for taking you out for a ride."

"Yes, mother, I thanked him, but I didn't tell you, because he said, 'Don't mention it.'"

Plowing and Shelling

A letter from France says: "There is a most terrific fight going on on our right. The roaring is continuous and terrible. We—i.e., our battalion—are not in it at present, but may have to join in at any moment. We have done a fair amount of 'straing' since we have been here and the Germans have suffered as they deserve to.

"The destruction is too awful for words; all round villages and towns are laid flat. What has become of the wretched inhabitants, God knows! A few stick to the place, although shells fall round all the time. They live in the cellars, I suppose. Some few go on plowing with shells flying over their fields; they take their chance."

Marion Bridge, C.B., May 30, '02.
I have handled MINARD'S LINIMENT during the past year. It is always the first Liniment asked for here, and unquestionably the best seller of all the different kinds of Liniment I handle.

NEIL FERGUSON.

The Oil for the Farmer.—A bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the farm house will save many a journey for the doctor. It is not only good for the children when taken with colds and croup, and for the mature who suffer from pains and aches, but there are directions for its use on sick cattle. There should always be a bottle of it in the house.

Carl Maria von Weber, the celebrated composer, wrote a piano piece which a friend pronounced unplayable, as one chord had a note in the centre which could not be reached by either hand. "Ach, see me do it!" answered the composer, and he struck the note with his nose.

Customer—But why have rabbits gone up so in price? They're wild ones, aren't they? So you can't say it's the cost of keeping them!

Shopkeeper—No, mum, but the truth is, since the best shots have gone to the war, it takes so many cartridges to kill 'em.

BC GIN PILLS FOR THE KIDNEYS

Stop Backaches

Don't complain about pains in your back when the remedy lies right to hand. Gin Pills stop backaches, and they do it in an easy natural way by going *right to the root of the trouble*

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

Gin Pills act on the kidneys and the bladder. They soothe and heal the inflamed organs, which are causing the suffering. *Neglect your kidneys and swollen hands and feet, wrists and ankles, are likely to follow.* A dose of Gin Pills in time saves a world of pain.

You will realize their value when you read what Mrs. J. P. T. Wedge, of Summerside, P.E.I. writes:

"Gin Pills are the greatest of all Kidney remedies and a medicine which is at present doing me a world of good. They are worth their weight in gold to any sufferer."

Get GIN PILLS to-day at your dealer's. 50c. a box, or 6 boxes for $2.50. Trial treatment FREE if you write

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto

Sir E. Grey's Advice

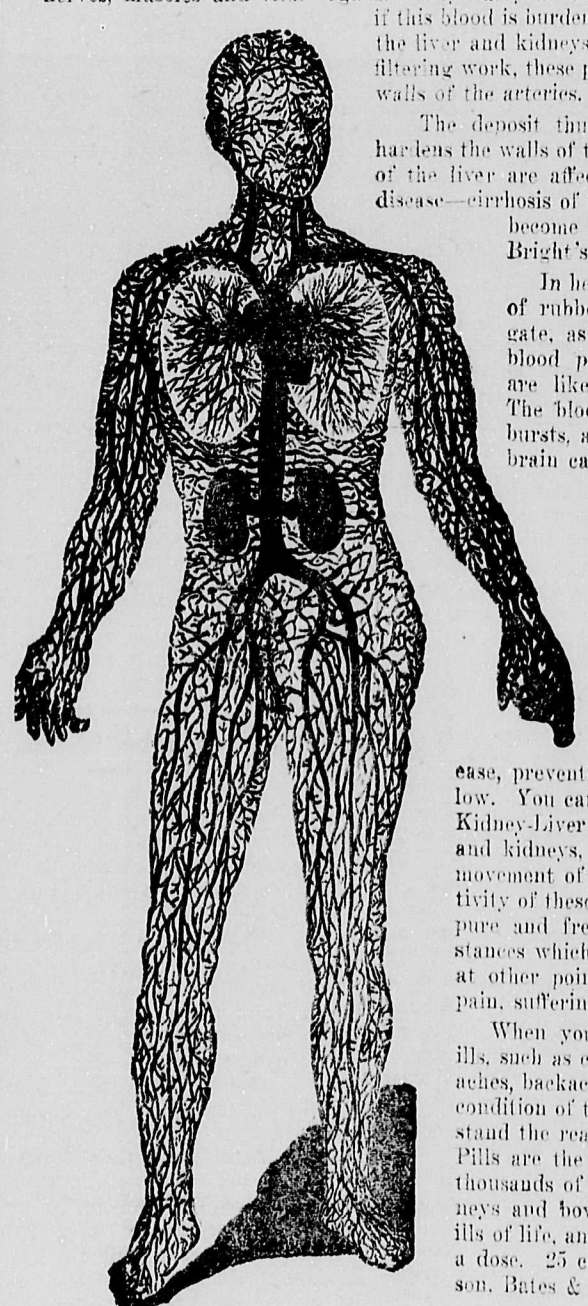
Sir Edward Grey, in the British house of commons, has been deprecating the pustication in English journals of articles and cartoons calculated to be offensive to rulers or people of neutral nations. Sir Edward's position is a sound one, but his taking it may have little effect. How is a small minded person to show that he is a patriotic if he cannot insult a foreigner?—Montreal Gazette.

Hardening of the Arteries

An Interesting Explanation of How This Dreaded Condition is Brought About.

You take out the garden hose in the spring, turn on the water, and if the rubber has got hard and brittle the tubing bursts and water spurts out in all directions.

The arteries of the human body may be likened to small rubber pipes, which go everywhere through the body and carry blood to the hands and feet, as well as to the nerves, muscles and vital organs. They carry all the blood in the human system, and if this blood is burdened with the poisons left over when the liver and kidneys are not properly performing their filtering work, these poisons form a deposit on the inside walls of the arteries.



The deposit thus formed gradually thickens and hardens the walls of the arteries. The tiny blood vessels of the liver are affected, and thence comes that fatal disease—cirrhosis of the liver. The cells of the kidneys become starved for want of blood, and Bright's disease gets its start.

In health the arteries have the elasticity of rubber, and expand, contract or elongate, as required by the demands of the blood pressure. Hardened, the arteries are like so much brittle rubber tubing. The blood pressure comes on, the tubing bursts, and the resulting blood clot on the brain causes apoplexy.

It will be plainly seen that the cause of trouble is in the inefficient condition of the liver and kidneys. When these filtering organs are kept healthy and active, and the bowels regular in the removal of waste matter, there is no chance for such dreadful conditions as hardening of the arteries bring about.

As in all forms of serious disease, prevention is the only wise course to follow. You can positively depend on Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to awaken the action of liver and kidneys, and also ensure the regularity of movement of the bowels. It is only by the activity of these organs that the blood can be kept pure and free from uric acid and other substances which form deposits in the arteries and at other points in the human system, causing pain, suffering and serious disease.

When you think of the scores of common ills, such as colds, indigestion, biliousness, headaches, backaches, etc., which arise from a torpid condition of these organs, you will better understand the reason why Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are the favorite family medicine in many thousands of homes. By keeping the liver, kidneys and bowels active they cure the common ills of life, and prevent serious disease. One pill a dose. 25 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Recipe Book, 1,000 selected recipes, sent free, if you mention this paper.

70

AMERICAN PAPERS NOT AFRAID TO TELL OF CANADA'S PROSPERITY

SOME ASTOUNDING FIGURES ARE PRESENTED

Chicago Herald Gives Some Particulars About the Remarkable Development of This Country Within Recent Years, and Tells How Canada is Coming Into Her Own

In connection with the opening of the Chicago Herald's industrial exhibition, in the Ashland building, corner North Clark and Randall streets, a recent edition of this paper had the following to say about the prosperity in Canada:

"When Canada closed her books for 1915 she found her farmers prosperous beyond expectations, her industrial plants running overtime, her natural resources pouring out wealth from hitherto undeveloped sources, and her railroads showing the greatest net earnings in their history.

"From two items alone Canada added $900,000,000 in new wealth during the year, and over 70 per cent. of it was accumulated during the last six months. Her crops returned over $600,000,000 and her industries over $500,000,000. Her exports to the United States in one year increased $100,625,368, and her imports decreased $74,504,604.

"These astounding figures in themselves demonstrate to what an extent Canada is coming into her own. Canada has built on firm foundations. Her bank deposits during 1915 increased over $86,000,000.

"Important as her industrial growth has proved to be, the Dominion did not neglect her rich farm territories, knowing that upon their development depends her growth. No country wrote a brighter page of history in agriculture in 1915 than Canada, but an extraordinary combination of circumstances, the like of which the American continent may never see again, is partly responsible for her success. She was called upon to supply foodstuffs for Great Britain, her allies, and for her soldiers at the front, and the necessity brought corresponding effort. She has a new and fertile soil, and the weather conditions of the year were ideal. Her government's policy of encouraging the raising of choice grain was never more effective.

"This combination gave the Dominion farmer a consummation of his dreams, "Two in one yield." Nearly a billion bushels of grain were produced, and, of this, 336,258,000 were in wheat. Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Manitoba grew 304,200,000 bushels, the remaining 32,$58,000 bushels coming from British Columbia, Ontario, Quebec and the maritime provinces. The farms of Alberta averaged 36.16 bushels per acre, those of Saskatchewan 28.75 and those of Manitoba 28.50.

"This great harvest brought money to the prairie provinces; and brought it with a rush. Up to November 21 the Canadian West received 2132,000,000 for its consignment of wheat.

"Canada's present prosperity, however, does not depend only on its land. She is working overtime in her factories and mines. At the time of the outbreak of the war a small arsenal at Quebec, employing 300 men, was the only plant engaged in the making of war munitions in all the Dominion of Canada. Today, according to D. A. Thomas, envoy of the British minister of munitions, 100 villages, towns and cities throughout the Dominion are engaged in the making of war supplies."

The Price For Poppy Heads

In view of the steps being taken in this country to restrict the sale of laudanum, it may be noted that, according to the board of agriculture, the white variety of the opium poppy is still grown in several parts of England, notably Lincolnshire. The crop is always a precarious one, but there is a steady market for the poppy heads. Belgium used to supply a proportion of the heads used in this country, but not sufficient for the loss of her crop to cause serious shortage this year. The price paid for poppy heads is 12s to 15s per 1,000 for large size, and 8s to 10s for medium.

Live Stock Values

The census and statistics office, Ottawa, places the average value of horses in Ontario, at $123; milch cows, $61; other cattle, $44; sheep, $8, and swine, 15.

Approximately the total value of farm animals in Canada at the end of December may be estimated as $750,667,000, compared with $725,530,000 in 1914, the values for each description being as follows: Horses $370,378,000; milch cows, $164,224,000; other cattle, $151,477,000; sheep, $16,225,000, and swine, $48,363,000.

"Jones, the new millionaire, is a mighty unassuming chap, isn't he?"

"Oh, I don't know. He never impressed me that way particularly."

"Well, he has me. Why, several of us were out with him the other night and it was quite a party, and, you know, no one would ever suspect Jones had a cent."

The Usual Talk

"Say, old man," quoted the farmer, "I wish you'd train my son to be a lawyer in your office. There's nothing in farming."

"I'll do it," assented the lawyer, "provided you'll take my son on your farm. There's nothing in the law."

Care With Well Water

Pollution Comes From Many Sources and Precautions Should be Taken

Melting snow, carrying with it in solution much of the refuse and decaying matter accumulated during the winter, constitutes a serious danger to the water supply from wells. Many wells are so constructed as to allow surface water to find its way around the tops, while in others, particularly dug wells, it seeps in through the brick lining near the top. Where there is any danger of this pollution it is a measure of safety to boil the water before it is used for human consumption.

For lining dug wells reinforced concrete has been successfully used. Concrete may be made practically impervious to water, so that a concrete-lined dug well can be polluted only from the bottom.

The water supply on the farm is always an important matter, and too much care cannot be taken in its location and protection. The farm well should be placed where the surface drainage from all possible sources of contamination is away from the well. If possible, it is advisable to provide impervious floors with watertight drains for farm buildings and stock pens. Under the same conditions concrete manure pits might well be provided not only to prevent the liquid manure from polluting the neighboring soil but to save the manure. No garbage, manure or rubbish should be dumped into sinks or basins in the immediate neighborhood, and such basins should be fenced off and kept free from polluting matter. The house should be provided with some safe method of sewage disposal, while slops and garbage from the kitchen should be deposited in tightly covered garbage cans and disposed of by burying in the fields, burning, etc. The use of privy vaults and leaching or overflowing cesspools should also be absolutely avoided, as they are likely to be sources of the worst contamination.

Need of Rotation

Very Few Farmers Appear to Follow a Systematic Rotation

At dairymen's conventions, live stock breeders' meetings, seed growers' conferences, and everywhere else where farmers congregate to discuss their problems we have been hearing speakers emphasize the advantages of adopting some good system of crop rotation, but the speech-making on this subject as well as on many others seems to have been in vain if the first hand information obtained by the commission of conservation, and recently published in their report, is any criterion. Among the 100 farmers visited on P.E.I. only one is reported as following a really systematic rotation. In Nova Scotia there were nine, in New Brunswick 19, while in Quebec, there were 260 farms visited and out of this number there were none following a short rotation, but the majority of them left the land in hay and pasture for from six to eight years, after which they would break it up and reseed again to grass and clover. In Ontario, among the 260 farmers visited, there were only eight following a rotation which could be called systematic. In the Prairie Provinces a rotation including grass and hoed crops is almost unknown.

It is difficult to obtain accurate figures regarding the annual loss from smut, but that it is very great is acknowledged, yet out of 500 farmers visited in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces only three treated their seed grain for smut. This is very regrettable since the treatment is inexpensive, simple and effective. In the Prairie Provinces nearly every farmer treats for smut.

Every year there is a complaint regarding the difficulty in securing a catch of clover and grass. This is due, it is claimed, to the small amount of seed sown per acre. On Prince Edward Island the amount of clover seed sown per acre is only two pounds; in Quebec it is three pounds; while in other provinces it is more, but even where the average amount sown is largest, it is found to be only about half of what it should be to secure results. Common red clover when sown alone should be seeded at the rate of 10 to 12 pounds per acre, and alsike at the rate of eight pounds.

Too Moderate

"Is your husband a heavy smoker?"

"Dear me, no. You've no idea how long it takes me to save enough coupons from his cigars to buy a cut glass pickle dish."

The Surest Sign

"The Greens are going to have a party tonight."

"How do you know. Been invited?"

"No. Mrs. Green was over to borrow our silverware."

Canadian Capital To be Replanned

Comprehensive Plans For the Beautification of Ottawa and Hull

Comprehensive plans for the beautification, development and replanning of the Canadian capital have been presented to parliament. The finance minister laid on the table of the house the report of the federal town planning commission, which was appointed in June of 1913, under the chairmanship of Sir Herbert Holt, to draw up a plan for the beautification of Ottawa and Hull, the location and architectural character of the public buildings, park systems, traffic and transportation arrangements, etc.

The commissioners, after two years of very careful and expert investigation, have made elaborate recommendations for a federal district and a federal capital rivalling in beauty, convenience and impressiveness what has been done at Washington or at any other capital cities of the world. The plans along which development should proceed are given, but there is no estimate of cost. In this respect, however, the commissioners declare that the expenditure could run over a series of years, and the return in beauty and in the industrial economies of city organization would be commensurate with the total cost.

The members of the commission consisted of Sir Herbert S. Holt, Sir Alexander Lacoste, Frank Darling of Toronto and R. Home Smith of Toronto, and the mayors of Ottawa and Hull. The chief consultant on city planning was Mr. E. H. Bennett, and the consulting engineer, Mr. E. L. Cousins. Under them there has been an expert working staff, preparing the detailed plans of improvement and a comprehensive survey of Ottawa and its environments.

The commission strongly recommends that nothing of the elaborate nature suggested should be attempted without first establishing a federal district and securing for the federal authorities adequate control of local government, as has been done at Washington. The proposed federal district should extend from Chats Falls, at the head of Lake Deschenes, some thirty miles east of Ottawa, to about four miles east of the present city limits, and about ten miles north and south from Parliament Hill.

Another main proposal is the establishment of a national park or forest reserve in the Laurentian Hills and on the slopes on the north side of the Ottawa River. An area of from 75,000 to 100,000 acres, the report says, can be secured at comparatively small cost, which could be preserved for all time to the people of Canada, and, which would afford an excellent fish and game preserve within a very few miles of the capital for all years to come.

Money-Making Devices

Many New and Clever Devices in Use as a Result of the War

Not since the great cycle boom a quarter of a century ago have British inventors made more money on patented devices than during the present war.

One of the fortunate inventors of the modern hand grenade, used so effectively in the allied trenches, is reported to have netted upward of seven hundred thousand dollars in royalties. The inventor of the Gardwell machine gun is reputed to be richer by three thousand dollars, in addition to a royalty of fifteen dollars per gun manufactured. The ingenious designer of the "Bors" periscope trench rifle, with which the Australians are equipped, has received a large sum for his patent rights. A life-saving appliance in gas attacks brought its owners orders valued at two hundred thousand dollars. Numerous patents have been taken out for adapting and simplifying existing machinery for the manufacture of munitions and other articles. The majority of the successful war inventions were put to commercial use before submitting them to the government. For instance, a special box for carrying hand grenades can be used for other purposes when the war is over, and the inventor already has laid the foundations for a most lucrative business. Some of the most striking inventions are a non-inflammable substitute for celluloid, a substitute for glass, a process for treating municipal refuse, removing the solder, tin and chemicals from scrap, tinned and galvanized articles, and for utilizing the base metal. This new British industry, formerly monopolized by Germany, will, it is claimed, employ thousands of partially disabled soldiers after the war.

Time and labor saving devices are in great demand. The war has shaken the British manufacturer out of the conservative rut in which he has lived. He now appreciates the advantage of automatic labor-saving machinery in competing with foreign goods, and is discarding his obsolete plant. In the homes of the people the same revolution is taking place. Labor-saving devices in the house and methods of economy hitherto unknown are making considerable headway in public favor. In the office there is an insistent demand for labor-saving methods. A fortune awaits the individual who will invent a machine that will automatically type letters from dictation.—Toronto Globe.

John—The French have gained 400 metres from the enemy.

Auntie—How splendid! That should help to put a stop to those dreadful gas attacks!

CANADIANS PUT PRUSSIANS TO ROUT IN DARING TRENCH RAID

CANUCKS WIN REPUTATION AS GOOD FIGHTERS

Bombing Party Crept Up to German Trenches, Cutting the Barb Wire Entanglements, and in a Hand to Hand Engagement Carried Everything Before Them

The Canadians have won a reputation as good fighters in hand-to-hand encounters. Their ability in this respect was lately demonstrated when an expedition of 25 started out on a trench raid and returned with 23, having accounted for about double their number and destroyed two machine guns and a considerable portion of trench.

There had been a certain liveliness in the German trenches and a bombing attack was planned. When darkness fell the bomb-throwers crept forward, making slow progress. A false move, a cough or a sound of any kind meant instant death. The Prussian guards in the German trenches were apparently in merry mood, and snatches of a love-song came occasionally from the trench.

At last a barbed-wire entanglement was reached. They were stouter than had been anticipated. It took a long time, but the barrier was cut. There was a delay. Another party further along the line was not yet ready for the final rush. Patiently they waited; they even joined in whispers. At length the signal came that the other party was ready to advance. The Canadians bounded forward. A Prussian sentry started up to sound the alarm, but he was shot dead by the officer.

The Prussians were now aroused. Flares burst out all along the line and revealed a trench full of Prussian Guards. The Canadians rushed in, throwing their bombs and bayoneting freely. Their leader was already wounded. The Guardsmen had been taken by surprise and rushed in confusion from their dug-outs. One of them held up his hands and shouted in English that he wished to surrender, but a rifle pointing from behind through his upraised arms revealed the ruse. A revolver bullet settled the first man's account and the second went down with a bayonet in his chest.

Farther up the line a machine gun was just beginning to get dangerous when a well directed bomb sent it into space. Hand-to-hand, the Canadians exacted a heavy toll. They carried everything before them, and at the end could go no farther, as a heap of dead bodies and demolished trench barred the way.

The return journey to the British trenches had to be made across a bullet-swept area. One man was dragging back the body of a comrade, while another was supporting a wounded companion. The Canadians halted for an instant while a bomb was thrown. It was the luckiest shot of the whole night. It fell right on the machine gun, which was most dangerous, silencing it.

More Fallacies Exposed

Pertinent Answers to the Arguments Used by the Liquor Interests

6. They quote statements favorable to the use of alcohol, said to have been made by eminent physiologists at a convention in Cambridge; among those present was the celebrated Dr. Michael Foster. They didn't tell us that that was long years ago, for Dr. Foster was a distinguished man, advanced in years when I was a student. I doubt if they can point to one single book on medical practice published in the last ten years that does not definitely teach that alcoholic liquors increase the liability to disease, especially consumption. Even the hand book prepared by military doctors in 1911 for the guidance of the Royal Army Medical Corp teaches that, and also that it lessens the efficiency of the men and increases the tendency to disease, and advises that it be not permitted on the march.

7. They say that the drunkard is the prohibitionists' only asset. Oh, no, not by any means; we have many serious charges against the liquor traffic of which I shall mention only one. The taxes actually collected in the nine wettest states in 1914 were 60% higher than in the eight prohibition states. Why should I be taxed to care for the paupers, orphans and criminals that they make? The license fees do not pay a quarter of the expenses they cause.

8. They say that domestic unhappiness frequently causes drunkenness, instead of drunkenness causing domestic unhappiness. Isn't that gall? If that be true how is it that in Canada the provinces that have most local prohibition have the least crime and the provinces that have least local prohibition have nearly forty times as much crime as Prince Edward Island, which is entirely under prohibition?

9. They are getting very anxious about the condition of the church, and fear that it is going to the bad, but it is worthy of note that the cause of their anxiety is the growing tendency of the church to advocate prohibition.

10. They say that one of the greatest evils confronting us today is the spread of the monstrous theory that law can take the place of moral education. That is too bad, but where is such a nonsensical theory taught? certainly not in Canada or in any English speaking country. A great many laws are prohibitive, but they seem to object to only the one that would prevent them selling booze.

11. They say that without booze on which to practice self-control, men would "lose all sense of responsibility and gradually sink down until they become prohibitionists." I suppose like Lloyd George and Kitchener and Sir David Beatty and Sir Frederick Treves and thousands of other great and good men. They seem to despise such men as these as the dirt under their feet. It is hard accounting for tastes.—H. Arnott, M.B., M.C., P.S.

Not What He Expected

As the brisk philanthropist thrust her fare into the taxi driver's hand she saw that he was wet and apparently cold after the half hour of pouring rain.

"Do you ever take anything when you get soaked through?" she asked.

"Yes, ma'am," said the driver, with humility. "I generally do."

"Wait here just a minute," commanded the philanthropist; and she run up her steps, inserted her key in the lock and opened the door and vanished, to reappear in a moment. When she had come down to the taximan she gave him a small envelope. "There are some two-grain aspirin tablets," said she; "you take two of them now and two more in an hour."

Breeds of Horses in Saskatchewan

From the first of August, 1912, to December 31 last, 3,903 stallions were enrolled under the Saskatchewan horse breeders act. Of these, 2,816 were pure bred. Clydes numbered 1,719, Percheron 611, Standard Bred 175 and Belgian draft 117. Shires came next with 66 and Hackney following with 51. Of those not pure-bred 532 were classed as scrubs.

No Size to it

"He is a big man—in his own opinion."

"Don't see how that could be."

"Why?"

"Never thought he had the capacity to carry an opinion of any dimension."

Outshown

"What is the band playing?"

"'See — the Conquering Hero Comes.'"

"Where is the conquering hero?"

"You cannot see him for the reception committee."

"He is some painter, believe me."

"To what school does he belong?"

"To the utilitarian."

"Oh, signs and fences."

Germany and the States

An open quarrel between Germany and the United States would not be an unmixed blessing for us. We should lose the tireless and humane services of the American diplomats, Mr. Gerard in Berlin, Mr. Brand Whitlock in Brussels, Mr. Penfield in Vienna, and Mr. Morgenthau in Constantinople. These gentlemen have put this country under a deep obligation that will not soon be forgotten. On the other hand the blockade difficulty would be solved, and the moral effect of America's action on neutral opinion and policy would be tremendous. Germany, indeed, has so much to lose by antagonizing the great republic that we believe that, if the administration is firm, she will eat her leek at the eleventh hour—but she will not forget and she will never forgive!—London Chronicle.

He Won It

A schoolmaster once said to his pupils, "To the boy who makes the best composition in five minutes on 'How to Overcome Habit,' I will give a prize."

When the five minutes had expired a lad of nine years stood up and said:

"Well, sir, habit is hard to overcome. If you take off the first letter it does not change 'abit.' If you take off still another letter you still have a 'bit' left. If you take off still another the whole of 'it' remains. If you take off another it is not totally used up—all of which goes to show that if you want to get rid of habit you must throw it off altogether."

Result—he got the prize.

It is reported that the British board of agriculture are framing a great scheme, for the employment of female labor on the land, and an active canvass may shortly be commenced. 400,000 women will be required to take the places of the male agriculturists who have joined the colors.

Nellie, aged four, was gazing intently at the visitor's new bonnet.

"Well, dear," asked the lady at last, "what do you think of it?"

"Oh," replied the small observer, "I think it's all right. Aunt Mary told mamma it was a perfect fright, but it doesn't frighten me any."

Night or Day Ca Attended Phone

This Bright Weather

makes old clothes look shabby doesn't it? There are TWO ways to meet this difficulty, either order a new suit, or get the old one cleaned and pressed (it's only one dollar,) but there is only ONE place at which any white man should get his work done, and that is at

R. Willoughby's

Only White Tailor in Courtenay
Next door to the Opera House

THERE'S NOTHING LIKE
LEATHER
JAMES E. ASTON
Practical Shoemaker and Repair
Next to Hardy & Biscoe

When In Doubt Play Trumps
Have Goard Tune Your Piano
Factory Experience
Recommends from Leading Musicians from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Copies of same furnished on request
W. J. Goard will be in this city about April 1. Leave orders at this Office, or write direct to
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Horses and Buggies for Hire at
Terms cash.
We also attend to wood hauling
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Fine Showing of Horse Blankets, Lap Rugs, Gloves, Trunks, Suit Cases, Etc.
Harness Repaired Neatly
W. W. WILLARD
Cumberland and Courtenay

You cannot eat your cake and have it
But you have the satisfaction of knowing that the ingredients are of the highest grade when purchasing at the Courtenay. Customers swear by, not at, "Purity" Bread for quality
Cakes of all descriptions made to order
Courtenay Bakery
WM. AITKEN

Sutton & Kirkwood
Undertakers and Palmers
motly
day

Poultry Notes

The temperature of the room where the incubator is to be operated should not vary more than 10° F. The better temperature for the room in which the machine is operated should range from 45 to 55° F.

The proper time to incubate stock is from March 15 to May 15. Do not waste either time or money by hatching early or late, if you wish to be successful.

Ventilation is necessary for good hatches Begin opening the ventilators on the sides or top of the machine about the 9th day on Standard made incubators, and gradually open the same so that on the 18th day the ventilator is wide open

Moisture should be supplied in most instances if good, strong, heavy chicks are expected. The steaming process works well if no other method can be used. To steam the eggs we usually take an old piece of flannel and put in hot water. Allow the same to saturate all it can. Then let the surplus water drain off, and wring out. Then place in machine on nursery tray As soon as the steam stops rising from cloth, remove from the machine before it cools off the incubator.

Victoria Weekly Ceases Publication

After a short life of thirteen months the "Victorian" a weekly journal as issued its last number having suspended publication.

Lady Bank Clerks

Lady clerks have made an appearance in banking establishments in Victoria, in order to fill up the ranks of the staffs depleted by enlistment.

Miss Amy Kilpatrick is home from Braemar school, Vancouver, for the holidays,

Ed. Emde has received the agency for the Fairbanks Morse gasoline engines. One can be seen at the Ford Garage.

Last Thursday Mr. R. Willoughby received word that his sister, Mrs. Craze, had died at Kelowna. She leaves a husband and three children.

The Courtenay Electric Light Co. have voluntarily reduced their rates to the users of electric ranges. The price being 5c per k. w. hour to users of 100 hours per month.

Married—On Wednesday evening, April 26, by the Rev. E. P. Laycock at St. John's church, Courtenay, Mr. Theodore Cramer of the 102nd Batt. C. E. F. to Mrs. I. Machin, of Courtenay,

The Japanese baseball team came down from Cumberland on Sunday afternoon and put up quite an argument with the valley boys. The final score was 8 to 16 in favor of Courtenay.

Three ladies put in an appearance at the prohibition meeting at Cumberland last Thursday afternoon. The ladies of Cumberland are evidently not interested in prohibition.—Islander.

Grippe! Coughs! Colds!
Mentholated White Pine and Tar 50c per bottle
Laxative Quinine Tablets 25c per box
Cod Liver Oil and Malt with Wild Cherry $1
Cod Liver Oil Compound $1
Wild Cherry Cough Mixture 50c
Robertson's Drug Store
Phone 30

Pte. Dawley is home for a few days. He is encouraging the boys to enlist in the same corps as he is in. Already a number have signified their intention of doing their bit in that regiment.

The D. O. C. Ogilvie paid a visit of inspection to the 102nd last Friday. He was greatly pleased with the appearance of the battalion. The men are in fine shape and will be ready to start for the Old Country in five or six weeks time.

(What were the circumstances and the spiritual experiences under which these lines were written? Had he come thru great tribulgtions? On what spot on Galipoli was it written, and did the writer forsee his own swift end? The lines appear in the Australasian Intercoilegian.)

Jesus, whose lot with us was cast,
Who saw it out from first to last;
Patient and fearless, tender and true
Carpenter, vagabond, felon, Jew—
Whose humorous eye took in each phase
Of full rich life this world displays;
Yet evermore kept full in view
The far off goal it leads us to;
Who as your hour neared, did not fail—
The world's fate trembling in the scale—
With your half-hearted band to dine,
And speak across the bread and wine;
Then went out firm to face the end.
Alone without a single friend:
Who felt as your last words confessed—
Wrung from a proud unflinching breast
By hours of dull, ignoble pain,
Your whole life's fight was fought in vain.
Would I could win and keep the feel
That heart of love, that spirit of steel;
I would not to Thy bosom fly
To shirk off till the storms go by;
If you are like the man you were,
You'd turn in scorn from such a prayer;
Unless from some poor workhouse crone
Too toilworn to do aught but moan,
Flog me and spur me, set me straight
At some vile job I fear and hate;
Some sickening round of long endeavour
No light, no rest, no outlet ever;
All at a pace that must not slack,
Tho' heart would burst and sinues crack;
Fog in one's eyes, the brain aswim,
A weight like lead in every limb
And a raw pit that hurts like hell
Where the light breath once rose and fell;
Do you but keep me, hope or none,
Cheery and staunch till all is done,
And at the last gasp quick to lend
One effort more to serve a friend.
And when, for so I sometimes dream,
I've swum the dark—the silent stream—
So cold it takes the breath away—
That parts the dead world from the day,
And see upon the further strand
(The lazy, listless angles stand;)
And, with their frank and fearless eyes,
The comrades whom I most did prize;
Then clear, unburdened, careless, cool,
I'll saunter down from the grim pool
And join my friends. Then you'll come by
The Captain of our company,
Call me out, look me up and down,
And pass me thro' without a frown,
With half a smile, but never a word;
And so—I shall have met my Lord.

McBryde's Bakery & Tea Rooms
Calhoun Block Courtenay

We win the favor of the citizens and soldier boys because we give value for the money. Our tea room is superlative. The place to get a dainty tea.
Good cakes and bread of quality unsurpassed.

Buy direct from McBryde's Bakery

Remember the address - Next the Royal Bank of Canada

Second Meeting

With the endorsement of the majority of those present on the 18th inst., I am calling a second meeting of the Crown Granted Coal Right Owners at 8 p. m., in the

Agricultural Hall

Wednesday, May 17th

and would urgently request all owners who can possibly attend to do so at this meeting

H. D. FORDE

Production and Thrift

"GAIN or no gain the cause before the farmers of Canada is as clear as it was last year—they must produce abundantly in order to meet the demands that may be made, and I believe this to be especially true in regard to live stock, the world's supply of which must be particularly affected in this vast struggle."—*HON. MARTIN BURRELL, Minister of Agriculture.*

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE BASED ON REPORTS CONTAINED IN "THE AGRICULTURAL WAR BOOK, 1916," PUBLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, OTTAWA, ONT.

LIVE STOCK—The herds and flocks of Europe have been greatly reduced. When the war is over there will be a great demand for breeding stock. Canadian farmers should keep this in mind.

MEATS—In 1915 Great Britain imported 664,508 tons of beef, mutton and lamb, of which 364,245 tons came from **without** the Empire. Out of 430,420 tons of beef only 104,967 tons came from **within** the Empire.

The demands of the Allies for frozen beef, canned beef, bacon and hams will increase rather than diminish. Orders are coming to Canada. The decreasing tonnage space available will give Canada an advantage if we have the supplies.

DAIRYING—Home consumption of milk, butter and cheese has increased of late years. The war demands for cheese have been unlimited. The Canadian cheese exports from Montreal in 1915 were nearly $6,500,000 over 1914. Prices at Montreal—Cheese: January 1915, 15¼ to 17 cents; January 1916, 18¼ to 18½ cents. Butter: January 1915, 24 to 28¾ cents; January 1916, 32 to 33 cents.

EGGS—Canada produced $30,000,000 worth of eggs in 1915 and helped out Great Britain in the shortage. Shippers as well as producers have a duty and an opportunity in holding a place in that market.

WRITE TO THE DOMINION DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TO YOUR PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT FOR BULLETINS ON THESE SUBJECTS

Tens of thousands of Canada's food producers have enlisted and gone to the front. It is only fair to them that their home work shall be kept up as far as possible. The Empire needs all the food that we can produce in 1916.

PRODUCE MORE AND SAVE MORE *SAVE MATERIALS FROM WASTE*
MAKE LABOUR EFFICIENT *SPEND MONEY WISELY*

THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE