List Your Property with
Island Realty Co.
We Can Sell It

THE REVIEW

Have You Money to Invest,
See us; we Can Make You
Large Dividends
Island Realty Co.

VOL. 2 COURTENAY, B. C., THURSDAY OCTOBER 1, 1914 NO. 45

HOME

8 1-2 Acres in Courtenay

One Mile from Station; Good House and Barn, Fronting on Two Roads; Good Fresh Water Stream, all in good state of cultivation

This will make a lovely home for the man who is lucky enough to buy at

$4,500, Easy Terms

ISLAND REALTY CO'Y

P. L. ANDERTON, Manager

Phone 22 **Courtenay, B. C.**

Geo. J. Hardy **F. R. F. Biscoe**

HARDY & BISCOE

MEMBERS VICTORIA REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE AND THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF REAL ESTATE EXCHANGES

Real Estate and Insurance Agents
Auctioneers

Phone 10 **Courtenay**

WANTED

A Vancouver client wishes to exchange his residential property, conservatively valued at $7,000, for a small farm of same value near Comox. What offers?

Other listings wanted of farm lands for exchange for Vancouver and Victoria revenue producing property

R. M. ALLAN

Phone 33 **Courtenay**

Hicks Beach & Field
COURTENAY - B. C.
NOTARIES PUBLIC
INSURANCE
REAL ESTATE
Safety Deposit Boxes

LOCAL LINES

Wm. Usher left yesterday for Seattle.

Miss E. Swanson returned from Vancouver on Saturday.

Albert Toombs is spending a few days at Nanaimo this week.

Mr. F. R. F. Biscoe and wife are expected to arrive home from England on Saturday.

Born—On Sunday, Sept. 27, to Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Allan, a son.

Pete Dargie arrived home on Saturday from a trip to Vancouver.

Get ready for the Masquerade Ball on the 29th. Particulars later.

Thos. Aitken left yesterday for Portland, where he will continue his studies in dentistry.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Trade will be held in the Board rooms tonight.

Hardy & Biscoe held a very successful Auction Sale of Mr. Chas. Cook's effects yesterday afternoon.

Robert Grieve has purchased Swan's Ice Cream Parlour, and took possession yesterday, Read his announcement in this weeks Review.

The steamer Fingal came into port on Tuesday afternoon with a carload of boxes and cans for the Milk Condensory. She took on a cargo of 1600 cases of condensed milk, and left on Wednesday evening. This is the fourth boatload the Cannery has shipped out within a month,

Two high grade Jersey cows for sale. Guaranteed. R. U. Hurford Courtenay, B. C.

Notice is hereby given that any dogs prowling around my premises will receive proper attention. John Johnston, Lake Trail.

For Sale by Tender—30 full grown Pekin ducks, 5 pure bred Yorkshire Pigs, 3 months old, 13 young Yorkshire Pigs 8 weeks old, 5 Yorkshire fat hogs ready for butcher. Apply at Review Office.

Knob Hill Orchard, Comox. Prunes, 75 cents a box (20 pounds) Crop will soon be cleaned up. Send for our list of winter pears and apples. Hugh Beadnell.

Mr. W. J. Goard, of Goard Bros, piano repairers, Vancouver, announces that he will visit Courtenay and District early in October, Orders may be left at the Review Office,

The British Columbia Nurseries Co. Ltd. have appointed Mr. W. D. Stoker, of Courtenay, their local representative for the sale of their well known nursery stock. Mr. Stoker is now taking orders for Fall 1914 and Spring 1915 delivery, of fruit and ornamental trees, etc., Intending planters should place their orders NOW.

Large tract of good farming land now open for free settlement in Oregon. Over 200,000 acres in all. Good climate, rich soil, and does not require irrigation to raise finest crops of grain, fruit and garden truck. For large map, full instructions and information, and a plan of several sections of exceptionally good claims, send $3.40 to John Keefe, Oregon City, Oregon. Three years as a U. S. Surveyor and timberman. An opportunity to get a good fertile free homestead near town and market.

St. JOHN'S SCHOOL, COURTENAY
Private Day School for Boarders and Day Scholars
KINDERGARTEN
Next term will commence on Thursday, Sept. 17
For terms and full information apply to
MISS M. KING - - Principal

7 Passenger Cole Car FOR HIRE
Rates Reasonable
Palace Livery & Feed Stables

Private letters from prominent government officals at Victoria hint at the early incorporation of Courtenay as a city, but up to date no official notice has been communicated to those who have the matter in hand here. To the person who gusses the names of the gentlemen who will fill the following offices: we will give a year's subscription to the Review. Mayor 4 councillors, clerk and police magistrate. Make your nominations early and avoid the rush.

Illustrations in the current issue of "Telephone Talk" show interior departments of the plant headquarters of the B. C. Telephone Company, and several articles deal with plant matters. One sets out what has been accomplished by the Company in the construction of outside plant and the installation of interior equipment, until today the telephone system of B. C. is in excellent condition. Announcement is made also of the opening of two new exchanges at Colquitz, Vancouver Island, and at West Vancouver, making a total of forty-one exchanges now operated by the Company in the province. Continuous service is given at all points every telephone owned by the Company being available at any hour of the day or night.

BEVAN

At the Patriotic Benefit Concert held here on Monday evening, Sept. 21st, the net receipts were $175. This amount will be used to defray Mrs. McIntosh's expenses to the Old Country, where she will stay while her husband is at the front with his regiment.

Eggs On The Island

Victoria, Sept. 28.—Four o'clock yesterday afternoon saw the finish of the international egg laying contest at Victoria, under Provincial Government supervision. The winners broke all previous records for eleven months' laying. In class one, six New Zealand white Leghorns laid 1338 eggs, winning the first prize of $100. The hitherto invincible English breeder Tom Barron had to be content with fifth place in the Leghorn class. In class two, Mr. Reid of Duncan Vancouver Island, won first prize with White Wyndottes, with a total of 1258 eggs. Tom Barron won the second prize of fifty dollars. Out of ten prizes, Vancouver Island captured nine.

Courtenay Public School

The following pupils were neither absent nor late late during the month of September.

DIVISION I

Mary Hodgson, Charlotte Gibson, Jean Menzies, Neta Winningham, Helen Colpitts, Adam Calhoun, Herbert Reary, Edward Boden, Robert Cowie, Edith Fitzgerald, Robert Gibson, Thomas McQuillan, Walter Trautman, Albert Winningham, Viola Campbell, Hallie Reay, Barbara Duncan, Willie Duncan.

ARCHER G. READ, Principal

DIVISION II

Fay Fisk, Mary Fitzgerald, Caro Menzies, Henry McQuillan, Margaret Duncan, Muriel McPhee, Roy Fletcher, Gordon Fletcher.

(MRS) B. HUTCHISON, Teacher

Extract from "The School Law of B. C."

"It is required of each and every pupil of a public school to present to the teacher an excuse from his parent or guardian for tardiness or absence from school with the reason or reasons therefor."

We are not jealous of Cumberland, but we do wish their orchestra belonged here.

Great Hypnotist Coming

Dr. Henry Geo. Lornez, the eminent American Hypnotist who is playing to crowded houses in Vancouver will be the great attraction at the Courtenay Opera House on Thursday night, Oct. 8, only.

Dr. Lorenz presents a performance that is full of screaming laug' ter, and the scientific part of his work is pronounced as wonderful. The Press and public speak in the highest terms of the great Lorenz show. The hypnotic Tango Dance, in which Lorenz hypnotizes a dozen men to think they are Courtenay girls dressed in skirts, to dance the famous Tango dance is a sensation, and people laugh at the funny antics until their sides ache from the jolly fun.

Our readers will make no mistake in seeing this big attraction, and no doubt the Courtenay Opera House will be the center of Attractions on Thursday night, October 8th.

WANTED !

Everybody to call and see our choice selection of Small Groceries, Biscuits, Candies, Etc. Also Hams and Bacon, Tobaccos and Cigars in large variety

All Fruits and Vegetables in Season

Nothing but the Best. Prices Right

SHEPHERD & HORNBY

Local Delivery **Telephone 40**

COMING !

Courtenay Opera House

ONE WONDERFUL NIGHT ONLY

Thursday, October 8, 1914

DR. HENRY GEORGE LORENZ

THE WORLD'S FAMOUS HYPNOTIST

The World's Funniest Show Coming Direct from Playing to Crowded Houses in Vancouver

Prices - 50 and 75 cents

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure *Constipation*. Millions use them for *Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.*

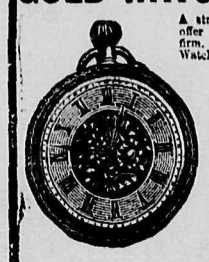
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A Real Lever Simulation

GOLD WATCH FREE.



A straightforward generous offer from an established firm. We are giving away Watches to thousands of people all over the world as a huge advertisement. Now is your chance to obtain one. **Write now**, enclosing 25 cents for one of our fashionable Ladies' Long Guards, or Gents' Alberts, sent carriage paid to wear with the watch, which will be given Free (these watches are guaranteed five years), should you take advantage of our marvellous offer. We expect you to tell your friends about us and show them the beautiful watch. Don't think this offer too good to be true, but send 25 cents to-day and gain a Free Watch. You will be amazed.—WILLIAMS & LLOYD, Wholesale Jewellers (Dept. 148), 39, Cornwallis Road, London, N., England.

CLARK'S

MINCE MEAT

Choicest fruits etc.,—perfectly balanced—ready to use. Saves endless labour.

One quality:—the best.

In glass or cans.

PATENTS

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., head office, King street east, Toronto, Canada.

Practical

"Oh, dear! It is raining cats and dogs."

"Now, if we only had a sausage machine."

TWO WOMEN SAVED FROM OPERATIONS

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Their Own Stories Here Told.

Edmonton, Alberta, Can. — "I think it is no more than right for me to thank you for what your kind advice and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound have done for me.

"When I wrote to you some time ago I was a very sick woman suffering from female troubles. I had organic inflammation and could not stand or walk any distance. At last I was confined to my bed, and the doctor said I would have to go through an operation, but this I refused to do. A friend advised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and now, after using three bottles of it, I feel like a new woman. I most heartily recommend your medicine to all women who suffer with female troubles. I have also taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills, and think they are fine. I will never be without the medicine in the house."—Mrs. FRANK EMSLEY, 903 Columbia Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta.

The Other Case.

Beatrice, Neb.—"Just after my marriage my left side began to pain me and the pain got so severe at times that I suffered terribly with it. I visited three doctors and each one wanted to operate on me but I would not consent to an operation. I heard of the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was doing for others and I used several bottles of it with the result that I haven't been bothered with my side since then. I am in good health and I have two little girls."—Mrs. R. B. CHILD, Beatrice, Neb.

WESTERN NATURAL RESOURCES

A Unique Department of the C.P.R. That Administers Vast Undertakings

(By C. W. Stokes)

What is a "Department of Natural Resources?" One of the departments of the Canadian Pacific Railway has that name, and some people have been rather puzzled by it. The C.P.R department of natural resources is a branch of a railway enterprise that is quite unique on the American continent, or, for the matter of that, in the world. Formed at the beginning of 1912, it consolidated the then existing land department with other interests in minerals, timbers, etc., and now administeres natural resources of these kinds in Western Canada that represent a value of over 250 million dollars.

Here are some of the activities of the department. It controls the sales of all the agricultural lands which the company possesses in Western Canada—about six million acres in all; and it sells them on the basis of a twenty year system of payment. To genuine settlers it makes a loan to the value of two thousand dollars for permanent farm improvements, and advances live stock to the value of $1,000. It inaugurates and still continues the now well-known "ready-made farm" scheme, by which are made available for those who do not care to undertake pioneer work farms which have been improved by the erection of a house, barn, well and the breaking and seeding of a certain area, and which are also to be paid for in twenty years.

Through its agricultural and animal industry branch, it extends aid and advice to settlers, and encourages the increase in mixed farming. In 1913 it distributed nearly 5,000 cattle and nearly 1,000 hogs amongst settlers, on easy terms of credit. It has a large demonstration farm at Strathmore, Alberta, which buys cream and poultry from farmers and re-sells them to the dining car and hotel departments of the railroad; it has established in the west twelve mixed farms to serve as strategic centres in the campaign for more mixed farming—five in Alberta four in Saskatchewan, three in Manitoba. It has placed farmers with seed grain for sale in touch with purchasers. It has run, in conjunction with the provincial governments, "Better Farming" demonstration trains.

Through its development branch, it puts a roof over the newcomer's head and gives him a definite start in his farming operations. In 1913 it built 237 houses, 220 barns, and other buildings, drilled 133 wells, strung 274 miles of fence, broke 8,400 acres, ploughed or backset 6,000, disced 36,500, harrowed 13,000, seeded 5,800, and harvested 2,000—all of which operations were spread over an area 700 miles by 200 miles.

Through its townsite branch, it creates new towns along its system at the rate of about one a week all the year round. Through its industrial branch, it attracts manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers to these new towns and also to established towns and cities.

Through its engineering branch it controls the operation and maintenance of the greatest individual irrigation project on the American continent. This irrigation block lies east of the city of Calgary, and contains over three million acres, divided into three sections, of which the western section is practically all developed and the eastern section now beginning to be settled. It also administers a smaller irrigation block containing some 125,000 acres near Lethbridge, in Southern Alberta.

Through its forestry branch it is engaged in stimulating the growth of trees on the prairies, having started a competition to that end with prize money aggregating $2,500. The forestry branch also patrols the valuable timber limits owned by the company, and takes measures to prevent forest fires; it plants trees along the railway lines for windbreaks, to replace the old wooden snow fences, and takes care of the beautification of gardens at railway stations. The department has its own nurseries at Wolseley, Sask., and its own mill at Bull River, B.C., from which, and by purchase from other lumber mills and ranchers, are obtained the ties, poles, piling and other lumber necessary in railway construction.

The coal mines branch controls four mines, three in Alberta, one in Saskatchewan, of which one of these in Alberta (Bankhead) is the only anthracite mine being worked in the Dominion of Canada. This branch employs at times as many as 2,000 men, and has a yearly output of about eight thousand tons of coal.

The agency organization of the department of natural resources is vast, and includes its own offices and representatives in Canada, the United States, Great Britain, Holland, Belgium and the Scandinavian countries. Altogether the department has some four thousand men on its pay roll.

New York's Public Schools

Public education in New York city began with the founding of the Free School society in 1805. The society started in a small way, depending for a time upon public subscription. By an act of the legislature in 1842 the board of education was established. The Free School society continued to conduct its schools until 1853, when, by mutual consent, they were all taken over by the board.—New York American.

"My husband took a correspondence course in engineering. "Oh, a stationary engineer."

A True Tonic

is one that assists Nature. Regular and natural action of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels will keep you well and fit, and this action is promoted by

BEECHAM'S PILLS

The Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents

CONCERNING CUTLERY

Suggestions For Prolonging Its Neatness and Usefulness

To remove loose knife blades immerse the handles in boiling water until heated through and then pull handle and blade apart.

To attach knife handles fill the handles with equal parts of powdered resin and silver sand. Heat the end of the knife, press it firmly into the handle and cool in water.

To clean rusty knives use powdered bath brick made into a paste with paraffin and apply it with a flannel. Finish off with dry bath brick and a soft rag, which will leave a splendid polish.

When surplus silver knives are put away the blade of each one should be rubbed thoroughly and carefully with olive oil. Wrap extra knives, each one separately, in paper and store them in as dry a place as possible. Every three months knives not in use should be taken out and looked at to see if there be any signs of rust. Put fresh oil on them before putting them away again. When the knives are required for use wash the oil off and rub each knife with knife polish.

On the Advice of His Doctor

He Used Dr. Chase's Ointment For Protruding Piles With Splendid Results

Too often a doctor can only think of an operation when asked for a treatment for piles. Some are sufficiently broad-minded to use the most effective treatment available, which is undoubtedly Dr. Chase's Ointment, as was proven in the case referred to in this letter.

Mr. Simon E. Jones, Railway street, Inverness, N.S., writes: "I have found Dr. Chase's Ointment the best treatment obtainable for protruding piles. For three years I suffered from piles, and was advised by a local physician to try Dr. Chase's Ointment. I had tried many treatments in vain, and therefore know which is the best. I can highly recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment, and you are at liberty to use this statement."

The record of cures of every form of piles which stands behind Dr. Chase's Ointment is the strongest guarantee you can have that it will promptly relieve and cure this ailment, even in the most aggravated form. 60c a box, all dealers.

To Make Salt Beads

Take one cupful of fine salt and heat. Mix one-half cupful of cornstarch and one-half cupful of water; add coloring and perfume if desired Mix well and stir into the hot salt and heat until like putty. When cool enough to handle knead until smooth and cut out with a thimble and roll in the hand until perfectly round and smooth. Put on hat pins and let harden. Some let the dough stand in a damp cloth twenty-four hours before molding, but beads can be molded as soon as cold provided they are rolled long enough. Anything, even fruit juices, can be used to color.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Fooled Them

The boy stood on the burning deck,
And all the honest skippers
Were much surprised; they didn't know
He wore asbestos slippers.

Old Man—What are you fishing for, sonny?

Sonny—Snigs.

Old Man—What are snigs?

Sonny—I don't know; I ain't never caught any yet.

A Sure Corrective of Flatulency.—When the undigested food lies in the stomach it throws off gases causing pains and oppression in the stomachic region. The belching or eructation of these gases is offensive and the only way to prevent them is to restore the stomach to proper action. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do this. Simple directions go with each packet and a course of them taken systematically is certain to effect a cure.

"I suppose, farmer, that the crows created the usual havoc with your corn this year?"

"Gawsh, no! I put up er scarecrow dressed in the kind er rig the women are wearin' nowadays, and it scared the daylights out of 'em."—Boston Transcript.

"You say you haven't anything to be thankful for?" said the clergyman to one of his parishioners. "Why, look at your neighbor Hayes; he has just lost his wife by influenza."

"Well," said the parishioner, "that don't do me any good; I ain't Hayes."

ENORMOUS GRAIN YIELDS

What French Agriculturists Are Doing to Increase the Crops

French agriculturists are paying a great deal of attention at present to possible methods of cultivation of grain crops to increase the yield. Instances have already been worked out where twenty seeds of grain yielded an increase of over 700,000 within a period of one year. The principle is simple. It consists in preparing the seed bed in widely spaced lines on mellow land. At the end of two months the tufts springing from each grain are divided and replanted. Finally earth is hoed up about the new plants in such a manner as to provoke growth from all points brought into intimate contact with the soil. Each of these numerous shoots bears an ear In reality it is a combination of "slipping," transplanting and pruning.

The methods were practiced by the Chinese centuries ago, and the principle was worked out experimentally in England as early as 1776. An Algerian colonist has been planting wheat and oats in the same fields for five years without an application of manure. He makes his furrows thirty-six inches apart and plants the seeds therein at a distance of twenty inches from each other. He harrows constantly. During the five years he has averaged 1 800 pounds of oats per acre and 1,600 of wheat, while a neighbor's yield under ordinary practice has been a scant 800 pounds of oats and 500 of wheat.

Insult to Injury

The head of the house came downstairs in a great rage. "Where's my tennis shirt—the striped one? Never can find a thing in the house!" "Do you mean the old one you had last year?" his wife interposed soothingly. "I told Dorothy she could have it." "Old one? I only wore it twice. And what the dickens does my daughter want with my shirts?" "Well, you see, dear, she wanted a blouse in a hurry for that garden party on Saturday. She was hunting round for some material and found your shirt. The wide sleeves, the turn-down collar and breast-pocket were all the latest thing in blouses. You haven't another one for Margaret, have you?"

To Tell Fertile Eggs

The simpliest, easiest and surest way of testing hatching eggs for fertility is to set them in the incubator or under a hen and allow them to incubate for seven days, says a contributor to the Farm and Fireside. Then remove the hen or take the tray out of the incubator and allow the eggs to cool for ten minutes. Then hold each egg to the cheek. The warm eggs are the fertile eggs and the cold eggs are those that have no chicks in them. Eggs that are only slightly warm have a very weak germ. The longer the eggs are incubated the easier it is to pick out eggs that will hatch.

How He Proved it

"Are you progressive or conservative?"

"Progressive, most certainly."

"Good! Then you'll vote in favor of having senators elected by the people?"

"I don't know about that."

"Why not?"

"Well, you see, all of our best senators have always been elected by the state legislatures."

NO ALUM **MAGIC** READ THE LABEL

BAKING POWDER

The First Lady of France

The president of the French republic, Mons. Poincare, has done what no other president of the third republic has succeeded in accomplishing—namely, making his wife an entity in official life.

He has done it quietly, without ostentation or announcements, but so firmly that Mme. Poincare already is elevated to a position similar to reigning consorts when matters arise involving European courts.

Mention of her name in the formal complimentary telegrams which were the final incident of the royal visit to Paris of King Alphonso, was the first indication of her acceptance by European courts. Afterwards she was officially received by the German ambassador. She now is, in fact, the first lady of France, charming everybody by her beauty, exquisite grace and tact, which are rapidly making her the idol of Parisians.

No Asthma Remedy Like it.—Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is distinctly different from other so-called remedies. Were this not so it would not have continued its great work of relief until known from ocean to ocean for its wonderful value. Kellogg's, the foremost and best of all asthma remedies, stands upon a reputation founded in the hearts of thousands who have known its benefit.

A small crowd gathered outside the store window where an automatic typewriter was on exhibition. Two women stopped and peered in, interestedly watching the keys bob up and down apparently themselves. Presently one of the women turning to her companion, remarked:

"Jenny, that's the kind of a typewriter your husband should have in his office instead of that blonde-haired thing."—Boston Transcript.

"You have your father's eyes," declared grandma, looking earnestly at the young girl.

"Yes'm."

"And you have your mother's hair."

"No; this is sister's hair," faltered the girl, "and she said I could borrow it."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Husband (irritably)—It isn't a year since you said you believed our marriage was made in heaven, and yet you order me around as if I wasn't anybody.

Wife (calmly)—Order is heaven's first law.

Sunday School Teacher—What do you understand by suffering for righteousness's sake?

Little Girl—Please, miss, it means having to come to Sunday school.

Mistress—Haven't you any references?

Maid—I have, but they're like my photographs—none of them do me justice.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY LIMITED — PRAIRIE HARVESTER OIL

THE BEST FARM LUBRICANTS

Proved best by years of use.

PRAIRIE Harvester Oil

The most durable oil for farm machinery. Unaffected by changes in temperature. Will not gum or corrode. Reduces friction to a minimum. A splendid lubricant.

STANDARD Gas Engine Oil

Meets all requirements for a cylinder oil for gasoline and kerosene engines. Lubricates properly under all conditions; practically free from carbon. Equally good on external bearings.

Recommended by the leading engineers and engine builders.

Premier Gasoline
Renown Dynamo Oil
Capitol Cylinder Oil
Atlantic Red Oil

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, Limited

Toronto, Ottawa, Halifax, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Winnipeg, Calgary, Regina, Vancouver, Edmonton, Saskatoon

THE WHALING INDUSTRY GAINING IMPORTANCE

USE OF MODERN METHODS RESULTS IN GREATER RETURNS THAN FORMERLY

Immense Sums Are Invested in the Industry by Canadian and American Firms--U.S Congress to be Asked to Safeguard Industry in Alaska.

Washington.—Contrary to the accepted belief in this country whaling is still a great industry, and it is growing rapidly in the Pacific ocean adjacent to the coasts of the two Americans. This is the assertions of W. S. Dwinnell, of Minneapolis, who with other Minneapolitans is interested in one of the two whaling companies operating stations in Alaska and who is trying to secure legislation by congress for the conservation of the supply of whales as well as the protection of those engaged in the business.

Recently a favorable report was made in the senate on a bill presented by Senator Knute Nelson, providing that no whaling station should be established in Alaska at a less distance than 75 miles from another. The measure was introduced at the instance of Mr. Dwinnell, who in an argument before the senate committee on fisheries, showed that large amounts are invested in whaling vessels and stations on the Pacific coast.

"Up to a few years ago practically all whaling was carried on in Atlantic waters, but in recent years there has been a gradual development of the industry in the virgin waters of the Pacific," said Mr. Dwinnell. "Stations have been established on the coast of Chile, on the west coast of Mexico, in British Columbia and in Alaska. The only American stations are located at Grays Harbor, Wash., Port Armstrong in Southeastern Alaska, and on Akutan island—one of the most westerly of the Aleutian group. Owing to the long stretches of shore line in Alaska and on the Pacific coast of the United States, the industry, properly protected and encouraged, should and doubtless will become of much importance.

"It has been demonstrated that when fishing is carried on extensively, and the vast majority of whales caught, they seem to abandon that particular locality in subsequent years. This is due either to the knowledge they may have of the dangers of the locality or to the fact that so large a proportion of the whales accustomed to frequent the particular harbor or locality in question have been destroyed. In any event, it is known that what may be termed 'over-whaling' will cause the whales to almost entirely disappear from a given locality.

"If, then, whaling is to be carried on successfully in our Alaskan waters and the whole it to be so conserved that it will continue to frequent these waters, then there must be limitation placed upon the number which may be caught in any given locality. The only limitation that may practically be put upon the catch is one that will prevent the location of more than one station at any given place.

"On account of the invention of the harpoon gun, whaling now is carried on like any other large industrial and commercial enterprise. Large amounts of money are invested in the business, a certain Canadian company having an investment of something over $5,000,000, while one of the American companies operating in Western Alaska has an investment of $500,000, and the other companies operating in Southeastern Alaska and at Grays Harbor have each investmentes of $300,000. The necessity of large equipment, involving the investment of large capital, was all brought about through the harpoon gun.

"An average whale is of the weight of fifty head of fat cattle and produces from thirty to fifty barrels of oil, beside a considerable amount of fertilizer and whalebone. The size and strength of the whale requires the heaviest machinery, made of the best material, while the modern methods of capture increase the number taken to such an extent that shore stations, where are handled the carcasses of whales, must be established at large expense.

"It is not uncommon to see invested in a single shore station $150,000, and the method of construction is such that it is difficult and well-nigh impossible to remove the same from one location to another. Also the transportation of supplies, of which fuel is an important item, from the base of operation to the whaling station and the transportation of the oil and other products from the station to Seattle involves an equipment of tank steamers or barges, likewise requiring a large investment of capital. It must therefore be apparent that if the United States is to profit from this marine industry and if the industry is not to be monopolized by our Canadian and Mexican neighbors, it will have to conserve the whale and furnish the same protection to capital engaged therein as is done by the two countries just referred to.

"In Mexico no whaling is permitted except when concession is granted, and it is reported—though on account of the state of disorder there existent the report has not been verified—that the right to whale has been granted to a company in a few harbors remotely located from each other. In Canada an act has been passed prohibiting the location of stations nearer together than 200 miles. The distance of seventy-five miles was determined upon in the proposed measure in order that those advocating it might not appear to be seeking a monopoly. A greater distance would, of course, in a larger degree tend to conserve whales and at the same time would render the industry more stable."

LIGHTING THE BIG CANAL

There Will Be No Difficulty In Locating the Panama Channel

The lighting of the Panama canal will be an interesting feature of the great enterprise. The canal will be lighted throughout by automatic unattended lights, each having a distinct characteristic. At the entrances and through Gatun lake a double row of about sixty automatic acetylene lighted buoys will mark the channel. The channel will be defined further by powerful rapid flashing range lights, one set at either end of each successive tangent, thus permitting vessels going in either direction to take their range off the bow.

The centre lines of each range are set far enough apart to enable the largest vessels to pass each other in comfort. Through Culebra cut, or wherever the proximity of the banks permits, beacons will be used instead of buoys. The sides of the canal channel will be marked by gas buoys about every mile, with intermediate spar buoys. Each gas buoy will consist of a cylindrical, floating, steel body, surmounted by a steel frame which supports a light and lens at a height of of fifteen feet above water level.—Christian Science Monitor.

Leprosy In North America

In adopting a resolution favoring a bill now before congress for the establishment of a national leper colony in the United States the rather startling statement was made that the number of lepers now in this country is estimated at between 300 and 500. There must have been a great increase of these cases within the last quarter of a century if these figures are correct, and it is high time that some provision for segregating the lepers in a place where they can receive humane treatment was made.

The lepers in the colony at Malokai, Hawaii are comparatively happy in spite of their affliction. They have companionship, sanitary quarters, the most scientific treatment, and everything possible is done to make their lot endurable. It is almost impossible to imagine what a leper in this country, confined alone in a shack and treated much as the lepers were in Biblical times, must suffer. It would be more humane to put him out of his misery at once.

There are only about 20 lepers in England, and yet a leper colony is to be established there in a deserted part of the county of Essex. The late Lord Strathcona left a bequest of $25,000 for this purpose. Surely if there is need of a leper colony in England, where there are only 20 cases, there is much more need for one in the United States, where there are between 300 and 500 cases, isolated but widely scattered.—The Argus.

Talking Across the Atlantic

Testifying before a royal commission in London the president of the Marconi company announced his faith that the Hungarian wizard would have wireless telephone communication established between Wales and Newfoundland before the end of the year. According to the prospectus the foundations of principle are fully laid and the consummation awaits only the building of powerful enough machines to transmit sound through such great distance.

This is a prospect reasonably sure to tie the continents closer together and hasten the coming of the world state. When conversation can float half way around the world there is really little use for natural boundaries and customs houses. And it will discourage war. Killing people who are on your line is not alluring.

In discussing the wireless telephone the question of privacy arises. To this the Marconi officials reply that long wave lengths which will carry the human voice across the Atlantic can be picked up only by stations of the same power as those sent out. And as these stations are likely to be under the control of a single company, there will be just about as much privacy as with the present telephones.

Lady Offered to be Handcuffed

The suffragette outrages in the English picture galleries, which resulted in closing the buildings, has meant a lot of trouble for the officials.

Since the National Gallery has shut its doors the staff have been inundated with requests from visitors to London for special permission to go round. The embassies also, since any personal friend of an ambassador is admitted, are bombarded with requests.

One lady who was not known to Dr. Page, the U.S. ambassador, having failed in all her efforts, at last wrote despairingly to the gallery offering to hire two weighty policemen or commissionaries to accompany her round; and she added that if that was not enough protection, she was willing to be handcuffed to her guardians, if only she could by that means snatch a brief hour with the old masters that she had crossed the Atlantic specially to see.

No Requests for Peace Stamps

At the post office department it was stated that no official representations have been made concerning the issue of peace centenary stamps as is being done in the United States. There has been some outside talk about it, but as yet no official consideration has been given the matter.

PRE-EMPTION MAPS SHOW B. C. LANDS

THE PROVINCIAL LAND DEPARTMENT GIVES OUT DATA COVERING TERRITORY

Series of Maps Issued, Together With Pamphlets, Describing in Detail the Topographica and Other Features Will be of Great Value to Intending Settlers.

Victoria.—Three new pre-emptors' maps covering the Nechaco, Chilcoten and North Thompson districts, have just been issued by the surveys branch of the department of lands. These maps form part of a series of ten, covering approximately 100,000 square miles of land, and will prove of great assistance to intending pre-emptors. They show the lands surveyed to date in the sections covered, the tracts available for pre-emption being shown in pink, while those taken up are indicated in white. The surveyed areas shown in pink and the unsurveyed land shown in the same color can be pre-empted at the office of the government agent of the land-recording division in which it is situated. It is necessary to stake the unsurveyed land and describe it according to metes and bounds in the application. The surveyed tracts can be applied for without staking, being described in the application by their number.

Maps have already been issued in this series showing the lands for pre-emption in the Fort George and Tete Jaune districts. It was in these districts that 80,000 acres were opened to pre-emption last month, and over three-quarters of this land remain open. The new maps cover the aeras adjoining that embraced in previous ones; the whole series are drawn to connect with each other.

The Nechaco sheet shows the territory westward of the Fort George district extending to the Hazelton division and embraces the great interior lake basin, and the Nechaco, Endako and other fertile valleys. The North Thompson sheet shows the land adjoining the new C.N.R. Railway, and extends northward from the railway belt to the territory embraced in the maps previously published. It includes the Canem Lake, Bridge Lake and Bonaparte districts of Eastern Lillooet and the Lake districts, other areas in which settlement is taking place. The Chilcoten sheet covers the Northern Lillooet and Southern Cariboo plateau and valleys. Another map, the Quesnel sheet, is being completed, which will cover the territory between that embraced in the Chilcoten and North Thompson sheets.

The series of maps, together with the series of pamphlets, published by the department of lands, describing in detail the topographical and other features of the Fort George, Fort Fraser, Skeena, Cariboo and Peace River land recording divisions, will prove a great value to intending settlers.

Odds and Ends of Interest

The case of a new ice cream freezer which does not have to be cranked is tubular, ice being packed both inside and outside of it.

* * *

Argentine telegraph companies are bringing into general use a system whereby messages are received automatically with printed type.

* * *

Anger, fear, and other forms of mental excitement, it has been learned, may stop digestion entirely and cause serious kidney diseases.

* * *

More than 50 feet of tin tubing, filled with peas, is used by an English inventor to filter the scratching and metallic sounds from phonograph music.

* * *

Alcohol as a disinfectant is best at 70 per cent. concentration.

* * *

Spain exported 4,000,000 pounds of paper for cigarettes last year.

* * *

For motorists who have lost one or both legs there has been invented a drive mechanism enabling all the controls to be operated by the hands.

* * *

A single stroke of lightning in the Belgian Kongo killed nine men and a woman and severely injured 32 other persons, two of whom died later.

* * *

It has been proved by actual experiment that small rodents of arid regions which eat dry seeds, can live from two to three years without water.

* * *

A bed which can be folded compactly when not in use has been invented by a Washington doctor for the transportation of invalids in automobiles.

Skeleton Unearthed Near Nanaimo

While excavating on Brechin Point, near Nanaimo, H. B. Greave unearthed the bones of a skeleton which are believed to be those of a white man buried over one hundred years ago. The skeleton, which was buried in about three feet of earth, was surrounded by clam shells and other evidences of an Indian clam feast. Since the remains were buried a large cedar tree has grown over the place.

Residents of the neighborhood believe that the skeleton is the bones of one of five members of Captain George Vancouver's crew who disappeared when that great navigator visited Departure Bay in 1791-92.

NEW TWO-DOLLAR BILLS

Issued to Commemorate Stay of Duke and Duchess of Connaught

The stay in Canada of their royal highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught has been commemorated by the issue of a new two-dollar bill bearing excellent engravings of the royal personages.

It is the fourth issue of the two-dollar notes. The first bore the picture of Lord Dufferin, the second that of Lord Lansdowne, and the third that of the Prince of Wales, afterwards King Edward VII.

The new bill is of very artistic design and wholly different from that now in use. The engravings of the Duke and Duchess appear in either corner, while in place of the fishing scene in the centre the figure "two" appears with the letters "two" on each side. The tint on the face and the back of the bill is a light olive green, whereas in the old bill the face was green and the back brown. On the back of the new bill is the Dominion coat of arms surrounded by the arms of each of the provinces.

Numbers one and two of the new bills were presented to the Duke and Duchess of Connaught as a souvenir of their stay in Canada.

Science Does Not Always Pay

Professor Silvanus Thompson, lecturing at the Royal Institution in London on "Faraday and the Foundations of Electrical Engineering," gave some curious information as to the small reward with which that great man of science had to be content.

At the age of 30 Faraday was living with his wife in two rooms at the top of the Royal Institution on a salary of $500 a year, with coal and gas free. Davy's erratic career would have plunged the Royal Institution into bankruptcy, but Faraday made a valiant struggle to place it on a sound footing. Yet, after he had discovered magneto-electric induction, the authorities of the Royal Institute found themselves unable to improve his position, and his salary remained at $500.

Professor Thompson said nothing perhaps wisely, about modern rates or pay, but he did venture the remark that during the whole of its course the Royal Institution had spent only $600,000 on salaries and materials, or as much per year as the salary of a certain professor in a Scottish university. In that century the Royal Institution has enjoyed the services of Davy, Faraday, Tyndall, Franklin and Rayleigh.

Professor Thompson might have quoted Davy's remark when Faraday wanted to quit bookbinding for the laboratory—"Stick to your trade, my boy; science doesn't pay."

Why Salmon Run

At the meeting of the French Academy of Science recently an interesting communication was made on the result of the observations of Professor Roule on the migration of salmon to fresh water.

The observations covered the rivers entering the sea on the Breton coast, and it was found that the proportion of oxygen dissolved in fresh water was the principal factor determining the ascent of the salmon. Like all fish of their family, the salmon have an intense need of breathing, and this increases in the reproductive period. Consequently they only enter rivers whose waters are able to satisfy this need by the quantity of oxygen held in solution. It is the search for this water that leads them up the rivers, even where obstructions make it necessary to leap in their characteristic way.

Besides the scientific interest, Professor Roule's observations, if they could but be proven, would possess great practical value, as they would enable one immediately to discern which rivers were worth an attempt to introduce salmon by purifying the water, providing ladders, etc. and which were the rivers in which such labors would be certain to be vain.

Canada's Resources Barely Touched

Sir William Van Horne says that Canada has so far not even breakfasted on her vast and undiminished resources. This statement is well within the mark, for, according to official estimates, the three prairie provinces contain no fewer than 272,920,000 acres of arable land, of which about 59,000,000 are now broken. And yet, last year, the wheat alone produced by Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta amounted to 231,717,000 bushels which was raised on merely one-fifth of the agricultural land available. Further, people are swiftly realizing that agriculture is by no means the west's solitary resource. It is gradually dawning upon them that the west now stands on the very threshold of remarkable developments in other most valuable directions—directions previously undiscovered or ignored in the first strenuous stage of the country's career, when the solid foundation of things was being well and truly laid. Only a few years ago, the west was deemed to have but one resource, and the farmer but one crop. How amazing such a conclusion will seem in the near tomorrow.

Dutch Test Eugenics

While eugenics is still a matter of academic discussion among some progressive nations, the practical minded Dutch are putting it to a test. E. B. Maxse, British consul-general to the Netherlands, in his report, states that the committee for the study of public hygiene opened an office at The Hague during last year, at which a medical man attends daily to examine and give suitable advice to persons of both sexes intending to marry. The object is two-fold—to prevent the union of the unfit and to check race suicide.

AIRMEN WILL RACE AROUND THE WORLD

AVIATORS IN THE WORLD'S BIGGEST RACE TO FLY ACROSS CANADA

The "All-Round-the-World" Air Race in Connection With the Panama-Pacific Exhibition is Attracting Much Attention by Reason of its Novelty.

The competitors in the great "All-round-the-world" air race in connection with the Panama-Pacific exhibition will have the assistance of wireless telegraphy all along the route.

Arrangements have been made with Mr. Marconi for the wireless stations on shipboard, and the stations in Newfoundland, Labrador, Greenland, Iceland, North Britain, and right across Europe and Siberia to the terminus of the Trans-Siberian Railway, to be used in any way possible that might assist the competitors in the contest.

London is the first of the European control stations, of which there are about 20, each some thousand miles apart, in the total distance of 21,000 miles. There will be intermediate supply stations, each 150 miles apart, except in the States, where they will be separated by 300 miles. The London control station will probably be at Hendon, and the supply stations in Great Britain from the Shetlands to the Metropolis will be arranged and fitted up by the Royal Aero club and the "Shell" Company.

If a man fails to finish within the 121 days stipulated he will be fined $1,000 per day for each day in excess if he wins the first prize; $300 per day if he wins the second prize; and $200 per day for the third prize. If he crosses the ocean by steamer he is penalized $20 per mile for the first prize, and correspondingly less for the second and third prize.

The prize money is increasing all the time. Apart from the three main prizes, amounting to $150,000, there are subsidiary prizes which have rapidly passed a total of $250,000. Towns and municipalities offer prize money. Cheyenne (Wyoming), the first control station in the States, offers $50,000; Chicago, $25,000; New York (if the aviators pass that way) $50,000; Toronto, Montreal and Quebec (in conjunction) $50,000.

In order to induce competitors to go all the way, these prizes will be doled out in proportionate amounts along the whole line of route, and not handed over in lump sums.

There will also be numerous small prizes ranging from $500 to $1,000 for the aviators who, of their own volition, descend at the townships offering these smaller prizes. After leaving Chicago the pilots will fly along the shores of the Great Lakes, down the St. Lawrence river to Belle Isle. Eastward they will follow the line of the Trans-Siberian railway, barnching off towards Vladivostok.

It is estimated that the journey will cost each pilot between $10,000 and $15,000, but notwithstanding this, 50 competitors have already entered this, the greatest, air contest ever organized.

Torpedo With Deadly Whiskers

An "unusual and significant activity" in the fashioning of new devices for naval war which may surprise H. G. Wells and would stagger Jules Verne could he return to life, is disclosed on almost every page of the Naval Annual for 1914 just published.

Of all the new weapons described none is more devilish than the Leon torpedo mine, which is being manufactured by a British firm. This engine is so constructed that it can be set to hover between any depths below the surface that may be desired. When placed in the water it has a slight negative buoyancy and sinks until automatically a propeller is brought into action which drives it upward again.

It can be used in the open sea by any type of ship, or in the case of tidal harbors it could be released by a vessel outside so as to make its way with the tide into the anchorage, and perhaps destroy shipping there.

A touch on the deadly steel "whiskers" which project from its upper surface and the enemy would be sent to the bottom as were the Hatsuse and the Petropavlosk in the Russo-Japanese war.

Food Eaten Determines Tint of Skin

A queer theory about the coloring of the human race has been evolved by a German doctor, who states that the tint of the skin is determined by the food eaten.

Originally, he declares, the human species was black, because our primitive forefathers subsisted on fruit and roots containing manganese.

The American Redskins, he says, owe their color to the consumption of raw flesh. The Mongols are yellow because of their descent from a tribe which consumed great quantities of herbs rich in chloride; and the Caucasians have to thank the salt, for which they have so great a liking, for their dainty pink and white or delicte brunette complexions!

A young author whose disappointments were many, but whose head was bloody yet unbowed, inclosed the following lines with a manuscript to an editor who repeatedly refused his efforts:

"Editor—Dear Sir: The inclosed MS. is submitted for your rejection.

Yours very truly,

"____."

—Woman's Home Companion.

The Royal Bank of Canada

Incorporated 1869

Capital Paid Up $11,560,000 Reserve and Undivided Profits $13,000,000

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

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Special attention given to Savings Department and Transactions of Ordinary Banking Business by mail

COURTENAY BRANCH - R. H. HARDWICKE, Mgr.
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The Courtenay Review

And Comox Valley Advocate
A Weekly Newspaper, Published at Courtenay, B. C.
N. H. BODEN, Editor and Proprietor
Subscription $1.50 per Year in Advance
Telephone 59

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1914

The Unemployed

The question of employment during the winter months for the laborers throughout the Valley who have had but little work during the summer, and are almost destitute now. is going to be a serious problem to solve. The Government appropriations were smaller this year than last, and now are about used up, so but little help will accrue from that scource. In a valley so fertile as this, and with such a demand for milk and cream, the farmers might, at a time like this very profitably have a few acres of their large bush farms slashed or cleared off. If they havn't the cash they could pay for the labour required in produce, and thus relieve the sufferings of their less fortunate fellowmen, many of whom have large families to support.

Pulp and the War

The pulp mills of B. C. are working full time in an endeavor to keep up the demand for pulp, one mill at least keeping going night and day, War editions and the closing down of European plants are responsible for the improvement so far as B. C. is concerned. It is to be hoped that B. C. will take advantage of the occasion to start up more mills. Some time ago there was a pulp proposition being taken up in Courtenay and district, the site being somewhere on the west coast. It may be that this and other operations will soon be enabled to get going.

Need Pit Props

The Department of Trade and Commerce announce that urgent enquiries have been received from Great Britain with regard to Pit Props; owing to the Baltic being closed, prices have risen from 25 to 50 per cent, and are still rising.

The Props should be chiefly Fir 4 to 7 feet long, and 3 1-2 to 4 inches in diameter at the small end; Spruce, Pine, and Tamarack would also be suitable. The quantity of Props required immediately is over one million.

This being a matter of great importance from an economic as well as a patriotic point of view, it is expected that manufacturers of lumber in British Columbia will use their utmost efforts to meet this demand, which may develop into a regular trade in Props with Great Britain. Firms interested should apply for full particulars to Forest Branch, Victoria.

The War and the States

In spite of the German element in the States, estimated to number twenty millions of people, and very powerful in political influence, American opinion is decidedly on the side of the Allies, This is hardly to be wondered at, seeing that the democracy of the Great Republic, with all its flaws, must be as distasteful to the military autocracy of Prussia as the democratic ideals of Britain. Further it is safe to say that, but for the naval supremacy of Britain the United States would have to keep up an establishment of forces on land and sea, much greater many times than her present strength, Had the British Empire have been broken by Prussia, even though the States had been propitagated by the gift of Canada at the hands of the conqueror, most certain it is that the States would have been the next quarry of the German Eagle.

The treatment of American refugees in Germany alone shows the esteem felt by the Fatherland towards America, and in spite of all talk to the contrary, the Germans would treat the States just as they did plucky little Belgium. The Americans are sharing in the financial strain to which all countries are being now subjected, although this is greatly counterbalanced by the huge purchases being made by every European country, of food, horses. and supplies of all kinds from the American merchants. The fact remains that Uncle Sam hopes that the firm of Bull, Drapeau & Ivanovitch will weather the storm and so do away with the necessity of interference by the United States themselves.

An excellent way for Canadians to exercise patriotism at home is to give effect to the "Made In Canada" movement. Let us buy Canadian made products in preference to those made abroad, and thus help to provide employment for Canadian workers.--Hamilton Herald.

Courtenay Electric Light, Heat & Power Co., Limited

Beg to announce that they will shortly be prepared to supply Electric Light, Heat and Power to Courtenay and district. Interior wiring undertaken at lowest possible rates. A full line of Lamps and Electric Supplies will also be carried in stock

Address all inquiries to

CLINTON S. WOOD, Superintendent

P. O. Box 195 **Telephone F 95**

Campbell's

Fall Opening of Millinery, Mantles, Furs, Fur Sets, Dress Goods, Coatings, Silk Waists and Dresses, Silk and Wool Sweater Coats

The latest fashion creations in Ladies and Misses Model and Ready-to-wear Hats

A Large Assortment of Special Novelties in Childrens and Infants Headwear at popular prices

Ladies' Coats with the new Balmacaan and Kimona Sleeves in plaids and royal blue, red and brown; also in plain and diagnol cloths and dark or light Tweeds in all colours

Winter Sport Coats, Short and Three-quarter Lengths

Child's Brown, Grey and White Bear Skin Coats in new designs, silk and braid trimmed

Ladies' Stole and Muff Sets in black and grey Imitation Seal; also Black with White Ermine, and Black Imitation Persian Lamb

Children's White Bearskin Fur Sets and Child's White Wool Boas

Dress Goods in all the leading shades in Silk Crepe Poplins, Ratines, Panamas, Serges, Cashmeres, Ladies' Cloths, Satin Cloths, Tweeds, also the newest novelty fabrics

Coatings in Heavy Diagonol Serges in Brown, Cardinal, White and Tweed Effects; also Black Astrachan

White and Coloured Bear Skin Cloth in plain and curl, suitable for children's wear

Season's fashions in One-piece Silk Blouses; also Silk and Net Blouses

Ladies' Silk and Wool Sweater Coats with roll collar and also with V neck in plain and fancy combinations

A complete stock of Ladies' Misses and Children's Combinations and Under Vests in Medium and Heavy Weight Wool

Our Gent's Dept. is stocked in All Fall Lines

Campbell's

CUMBERLAND

Rubber Foot Wear and Oiled Clothing

We are prepared to meet any demand for Men's and Boy's

Rubber Footwear and Oil Clothing

Best makes and goods that will wear to satisfaction

THE MENS' STORE

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Next Royal Bank **Phone 34**

The Corner Store, Sandwick

ARE YOU READY

for the Rush of Fruit. Remember the Fruit Season does not last long and its a long winter without lots of fruit. We have a sull line of everything you may require at lowest prices.

Prompt Delivery Is Our Motto

Phone 4

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SEABROOK YOUNG

Is Now In The District

and is making a fine exhibition of

MILLINERY, COATS, SWEATERS, CHILDREN'S DRESSES, Etc.

This display contains the very latest productions and we are selling at most moderate prices

At Cumberland All This Week

Send for patterns of our Cord Velveteen at 65c per yard

SEABROOK YOUNG

623-25 Johnston St **Victoria**

Patriotic Concert

The patriotic concert and dance in the Ilo Ilo hall, Cumberland, last Friday night, was a success in every way, and was attended by a goodly number from the Courtenay valley. The beautiful theatre was well filled with an enthusiactic and appreciative audience. Despite the chairman?s announcement that there would be no encores, nearly every number was so vociferously encored that the performers were forced to respond.

Following was the programme:

Part I

1. March ..."Invercargill"....Lithgow
Symphony Orchestra
2. Song....."Thora".....Adam
Miss L. Bickle
3. Chorus..."Comrades In Arms"..Adam
Gleemen
4. Song Boys of The Ocean Blue, Trotere
Mr. Gallagher
5. Violin Solo...."Bercuse"....Phillipe
Encore...."Annie Laurie" .....
J. H. McMillan
6. Step..."Dance Highland Fling"....
Miss Rushford
7. Song..,..... Selected.....
Miss McKenzie
8. Song...."Death of Nelson".....
Mr. S. Jones
9. Song..... Selected.....
Mr. J. Taylor

Part II

10. Overture..."Bohemian Girl"..Balfe
Symphony Orchestra
11. Song...."The Veteran".....Adams
Encore.."The Trumphet Sound"....
Mr Gallagher
12. Chorus "Soldier's Farewell" Gounod
Gleemen
13. Step Dance....."Irish Jig".....
Encore...Skirt Dance.....
Miss Rushford
14. Selection..Sounds from England....
Symphony Orchestra
15. Tableaux....."Britannia"
Conducted by Mr. J. Taylor,
Assisted by West Cumberland Band.
God Save The Ring

The Tableaux "Rule Britannia," "Britannia Mourns Her Sons," "God Save the King," by Miss White as Britannia surrounded by boy scouts, was very effective, and the rssult must have been very flattering to the conductor.

The dance which followed was attended by all the young people of the district who thoroughly enjoyed "tripping the Light Fantastic" until an early hour next morning.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., L.L.D., D.C.L., President
ALEXANDER LAIRD, General Manager JOHN AIRD, Ass't General Manager

CAPITAL, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS

Interest at the current rate is allowed on all deposits of $1 and upwards. Careful attention is given to every account. Small accounts are welcomed. Accounts may be opened and operated by mail.

Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons, withdrawals to be made by any one of them or by the survivor. S21

F. C. BROCK, Acting Manager, Courtenay and Comox Branches
Comox branch open on Tuesdays, from 11 to 3

COMOX

Messrs. E. H. Fletcher, Post Office Inspector, and W. Henderson, Dominiom Architect, P. W. Department, Victoria, were in the village on Tuesday. Mr. Henderson to see about the new post-office fixtures, which are now being installed, and Mr. Fletcher to let contracts for carrying the mail between this place and Courtenay trains.

After the 15th of October no mail will come by the C. P. R. boats. The Cowichan will carry mail for Denman and Hornby Islands only. There will be three deliveries of mail from here to Courtenay each week, and three from Courtenay here.

Ted Cliffe has secured the contract for carrying the mails between Comox post-office and Courtenay.

J. B. Holmes has moved into his new house.

The new fixtures in the Post-office are of white oak in natural color, with trimmings of ash and birch, and when completed will be very handsome.

Messrs. Shannon and Reynolds have gone on a hunting expedition.

Splendid progress has been made in drilling our local corps under the able leadership of Capt. Beadnell.

The presence of a real live Highlander was noted on the street one day this week, a detachment of the 48th being now stationed at the Wireless.

Mrs. London, who has been quite ill this week, we are pleased to say is recovering.

The Rev. Johan Georges the Anglican Archdeacon of Kurdistan. Turkey, was in town this week soliciting aid for destitute christian orphans in his native land.

Mrs. Pickett, of Cumberland, was a visitor at the Elk Hotel on Wednesday.

The case of Robb, vs Martin, which was tried at Victoria last week, was decided in favor of Mr. Robb.

Only one passenger arrived at Comox on the last two boats,

Mr. Bruce, of Cumberland, was a visitor in town on Wednesday.

One of the men working on the post office fell off a car at Courtenay on Monday evening alighting on his head. He was unconscious for a time, but was able to be at work on Wednesday.

A large placard notifies the public that the post-office is upstairs in the telegraph room during alterations.

Rev. Franklin-Watson has moved into the new vicarage.

Some one who has not the fear of our local J. P. in his heart, took the opportunity in Mr. Robb's absence, to destroy a portion of his fine lawn, on Monday night. Such vandalism savours rather of German war tactics than of a supposedly civilized community.

Canadas' Opportunity

Due to the present war, the pulp and paper trade of Canada has received a decided impetus, Germany is a great paper exporting country, and Canadian and American manufacturers will undoubtedly absorb a large proportion of this business.

Canada's yearly export of pulp and newsprint to the United States is over $14,000,000, and this figure will be greatly increased as a result of the supply of European pulp.

The paper mills of Japan, which have hitherto secured large supplies of pulp from Europe, are turning to the west coast of America to furnish this material, and as a result this large and valuable market will be enjoyed by Pacific Coast pulp-mills.

The Spruce, Hemlock and Balsam Fir forests in British Columbia make excellent pulp propositions, especially when it is remembered that water power is very plentiful and transportation facilities on the coast cannot be excelled anywhere.

The proofreader on a small country daily was a woman of great precision and extreme propriety. One day a reporter succeeded in getting into type an item about "Willie Brown, the boy who was burned in the west end by a live wire." On the following day the reporter found in his desk a frigid note asking, "Which is the west end of a boy?" It took only an instant to reply: "The end the son sets on, of course."

We are not vindictive. Justice is all we ask. Make it something slow and lingering, with boiling oil or melted lead in it for the Kaiser and his Prussian colonels and we'll let it go at that.

WAR NOTES

There is practically no new developments in the war situation. The allies are slowly turning the German wing. The French are greatly surprising the Germans by their quickness. The Germans are reported to be destroying another Belgian city. A report also states that Prince Adalbert, third son of the Kaiser, had died in the hospital, from a bullet wound, supposed to have been fired from a German gun.

London, Sept. 29 —The Admiralty announces that the German cruiser Emdem, during the last few days, has captured and sunk in the Indian Ocean the British steamers Tumeric, King Lud, Riberia, and Foyle, and captured the collier Bursk. The crews of the above vessels were transferred to the steamer Gryfedal, which also was captured, but later released in order to take the crews to Colombo, where they arrived this morning. The Emden has been operating in the Gulf of Bengal, She was reported recently at Madras, where she conducted a brief bombardment of that port, and later left for Pondicherry,

LIQUOR LICENSE ACT

Notice is hereby given that on the First day of December, next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for renewal of the hotel license to sell liquor by retail in the hotel known as the Elk Hotel, situate at Comox, in the Province of British Columbia.

CECIL ALEXANDER MARTIN.
Dated this 1st day of October, 1914.

LIQUOR LICENSE ACT

Notice is hereby given that on the First day of December, next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for renewal of the hotel license to sell liquor by retail in the hotel known as the Lorne Hotel, situate at Comox, in the Province of British Columbia.

CEROGE M. BARLOW
Dated this 1st day of October, 1914.

VELVET CORDS

For the coming season one of the most fashionable fabrics for ladies' wear is to be Cord Velvet

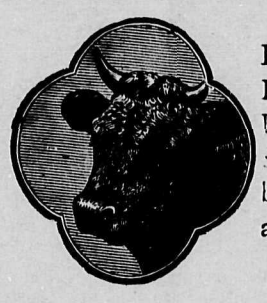
We have or new stock in for fall in the following colours, Navy, Cardinal, Saxe Blue, Grey, Wine, Myrtle and Brown; all 27 inches wide.

Our price 65c per yard

McPHEE & MORRISON

Telephone 1 COURTENAY

Comox Co-Operative Society



Dealers in all kinds of Meats Butter, Eggs and Farmer's Produce, Cooked Meats a Specialty. We sell only the best. Prices are always low and satisfactory. We pay best prices for produce

Phone No. 2 Courtenay

MRS. A. B. CRAWFORD

Dealer in

Hay, Flour, Feed and Grain

Empty Sacks For Sale

Phone Y91 and your order will be filled at once

Robert Grieve

Begs to announce that he has purchased E. Swan's Ice Cream and Confectionery Business and is prepared to meet the needs of all the old customers and many new ones

HARVEY CREECH

begs to announce that he has repurchased his old barber business from Mr. Smith and will be pleased to meet all his old customers at the old stand

Next to the Opera House

To Bake or Not to Bake?

The former is really unnecessary when Bread from the Courtenay Bakery is available andby reason ofquality has so many votaries. Get the A B habit and satisfaction

W. Aitken - Prop.

Opposite new Presbyterian Church

Palace Livery & Feed Stable

Horses and Buggies for Hire at Reasonable Rates

We also attend to wood hauling

JAS. CAIRNS & SON
Proprietors

Courtenay Phone 25

Make the Round Trip by Telephone

Do You Realize That A LONG DISTANCE CALL MEANS TWO MESSAGES

You Get Your Answer Immediately

Special Night Rates Call LONG DISTANCE

B. C. Telephone Company
LIMITED

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED OUR NEW SAMPLES OF

Suitings, Overcoating and Trouserings

FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR

If you anticipate buying a suit, overcoat or trousers this fall it will pay you to see our stock

We guarantee material, workmanship and fit

W. G. McKEAN

PHONE 6 COURTENAY

The Talisman

By L. T. Meade

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
London, Melbourne and Toronto

(Continued)

"And you say that this young lady lives with you, Mrs. Russell?"

"She does, ma'am, and she has references, she has, ma'am—to a Miss Lacy, of St. John's Wood."

"Well, I'll think it over, but I can't pay more than twelve shillings a week—no, not a penny more. I don't give any meals, and she will have to be with me wherever I send for her—whenever Lavinia, Miss Lavinia, I mean, chooses to be gadding, Miss—by the way, I have not heard your name yet."

"Chance," said Barbara. "Barbara Chance."

"Can you, by any possibility," said Miss Lavinia, her eyes brightening, "be a relation of our dear friend, Dean Chance?"

"I am his cousin," replied Barbara in a low tone.

"Then, that is quite sufficient; I will write to him about you. He is our greatest friend."

"But will you faithfully promise, if you do write to him, ask him to regard the matter as quite secret? I have a good reason for that," said Barbara.

"Have you child? Why?"

"I cannot speak of it!"

"That doe-n't look well," said Miss Lavinia.

"She's the most innocent lamb on God's earth; but she don't waut her best friends to know where she it at present. She has a good reason for that, and that's all," said Mrs. Russell. "Now, then, my love, I think twelve shillings will do very well to start with. You can stay here and have your meals wth me, and—why, I do declare, it's settled. With that, and your heping Dan in the evening, you'll do fine."

CHAPTER VIII.

Thus did little Barbara Chance fall, metaphorically speaking, on her feet. Thus did she escape the terrible, the awful fate which would have been hers if she had gone to Kate Jessop and lived in Chesney street, and, still worse, been one of the girls in Ferris's shop. Kate had described her friend in glowing terms. She was interrupted in the midst of her talk by the man's coarse remark—

"I don't care a twopenny bit about her capabilities. What sort of looks has she? Is she kissable? Is she the right sort o' gel—you understand, Kate Jessop—and know what I am after."

"But you're not going to treat Barbara Chance like that," said Kate, "or I won't introduce her to you."

"Oh! Won't you, now? And you say she wants to earn her own living. She can't earn her living at Ferris' without being civil to Ferris, without doing what Ferris wants. Not that he means any harm by the gels, but he has his favorites. You used to be one, Kate; then there came along Mary Findlay, and you were as jealous as jealous could be, and now I'm hungry for a fresh face to look at. I'll take the girl; I don't care whether she has references or not; your reference will be enough. I don't want what you call 'respectable' people coming here; the less respectable the people are that come here, the better for my purpose. Of course, for the look of the thing, I always say references. If your friend comes here, I'll give her ten shillings a week—and very good wages they be—and she can pay eightpence a week for her dinner, and sixpence a week for her tea, and if that ain't cheap, I don't know what is. And many a little treat I'll give her, if she takes my fancy; taking her out, for instance, on the tops of 'buses—and many a little spree. I know how to treat gels who please me—but please me they must."

Now there was a time in Kate Jessop's life when she would have thought little or nothing of such remarks from the lips of her employer. She was a coarse, common sort of a girl, and had been brought up to think very little of goodness, of purity, or any of the good and best things of life; but her year at the Rectory, and the look, the sweet, innocent look, of little Barbara's face, had worked a change in her. It was after she had come back from the Rectory, cured and in her right mind, that Ferris had turned his attentions to Mary Findlay, and although he kept Kate in his shop and paid her quite regularly, he did not give her any more so-called "attentions." She was very glad of that, but the thought of his attempting to insult little Barbara was dreadful to her, and yet, what was she to do for the child? The dear little lady, who had been so good to her! She looked up at Ferris; he was a tall man, and very fat. He had a coarse, red face, thick lips, and small eyes. He was altogether as detestable an individual as could be found anywhere. No wonder the girls in his shop bore a bad reputation. Once they got into Ferris' it was all "up" with them! They never could get a situation elsewhere. Still, Barbara was starving; Barbara wanted money. Kate determined to stand firm.

"You can have references," she said. "The young lady is a lady; but I won't bring her here if you're rude to her or treat her incivil."

"Is she pretty? Tell me that."

"I think she's like an hangel," said Kate.

The man's eyes twinkled.

"Give me a description of her," he said.

Kate did as well as she could; but she was not good as description; however, she managed to convey to the man a picture of a sweet girl with lovely eyes, a pale face, refined little figure, and gentle manners.

"Jest my sort," he said to himself. "I do want her. But I must deceive Kate Jessop. I'll get her here, that I will. A pretty little gel like that can't go a-begging, so to speak, and I, Henry Ferris, a-pining for a fresh one. I'm sick to death of Mary Findlay; she's always asking me to marry her, and marry her I won't. Not I."

So Ferris managed to convey to Kate Jessop the news that he would act with the utmost decorum towards Miss Chance; that he would treat her as he had never treated any other girl before; that he would not attempt to make free with her; that, in short, Kate Jessop might safely bring her to his shop in Chesney street. Kate, therefore, went away with a happy heart. She was met with the information that little Barbara was not going to Chesney street. Mrs. Russell had written her a short, pungent letter.

"You need not come again, Kate Jessop. Barbara Chance is staying with me for the present, having got good work to do, and is not going to leave my premises, I hope, for many a long day. So, keep yourself scarce, for I don't want Chesney street gels or gels from Ferris's shop around my plice. Now you know, keep yourself scarce, as admittance into this house you don't get."

Kate cried with anger. She said to herself: "I'll be even with Mrs. Russell yet. I tried to be kind and do the best I could for Barbara. Didn't she ask me to help her! And didn't I take the room and all? And here I am, stranded! But I'll be even with that fat old 'oman yet."

It was not easy, however, to be "even" with a woman like Mrs. Russell; and Barbara spent her days quite peacefully. The first thing to do was to get her a proper wardrobe. She did not spend anything like the ten pounds which the kind unknown had given her, but she spent about five pounds of it on a warm winter skirt and jacket and a warm blouse, and with these she started on her new life. She found, however, that Miss Octavia was exceedingly exacting; she required her services at all hours and at any moment. Miss Lavinia went out "gadding" more than ever. But Barbara was happy because she was occupied. She used to go the very moment Miss Octavia rang her bell; she arranged to ring it in a special way for Barbara's benefit. When she wanted Mrs. Russell or Hannah to attend on her, she rang the bell once; but when it was Barbara she wanted, the bell was rung twice, with two distinct strikes. Then Barbara went hurriedly to the room, generally to be received with the snappy remark—

"How slow you have been! I hate being kept waiting!"

"My sister's always like that," said Miss Lavinia, "the crossest old maid I ever met in all my days. You'll have to put up with it, Miss Chance, but you'll get good wages, and I suppose that'll content you. I can't understand why you, who are cousin to Dean Chance, should want to come to us. But I suppose you have your own reasons, and I am very glad to have some one to read to my sister and satisfy her."

So Miss Lavinia put on her best jacket, her best hat, her best gloves, and her showy furs, and went out. Miss Lavinia was ten years younger than Miss Octavia; she was, therefore thirty-eight years of age. Miss Octavia was forty-eight. Miss Lavinia considered herself a very pretty woman still; but she was devoured by curiosity. The more she saw of Barbara, and the more she heard her praises sung by Miss Octavia, the more determined she was to find out her secret.

"I made no promise that I would not write to Dean Chance. And why should I not know her history? If she is his cousin, we ought to know about her, and write I will," she said to herself.

On a certain day, therefore, when Barbara, who had bargained that she was at least to have Sunday to herself, had gone off to see her dear friend, Miss Lacy, Miss Lavinia turned to Miss Octavia—

"I suppose you are as infatuated as ever about that girl?" she said.

"I don't say I am, and I don't say I'm not," replied Miss Octavia.

"Anyone can see by your face that you are," was Miss Lavinia's retort. "You can talk of nothing else—I am sick of her name. Well, I mean to find out more about her."

"What do you mean, sister?"

"I mean to write to James Chance."

"Oh, sister. I promised the child. Oh, sister, you won't!"

"I will. I am going to write this very minute. A girl—a cousin of our friend, Dean Chance—comes to these cheap lodgings, where indeed we never thought to live, and absolutely refuses to tell us anything of her life story; begs of us not to speak to her cousin about her! I heard you promising in your weak and foolish way, but I have made up my mind to act very differently. I like to find out about the sort of girls who come to see us. We may be poor, sister, but we are at least respectable. There must be some secret about this girl, much as you admire her, which is against her, which is to her disadvantage, and I shall get it from Dean Chance."

(To be Continued)

PRESERVE BABY'S SKIN

With

CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted when necessary by Cuticura Ointment. They keep the skin and scalp clean and clear, sweet and healthy, besides soothing irritations which often prevent sleep and if neglected become chronic disfigurements.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world. A liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the care and treatment of the skin and scalp, sent post-free. Address Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 3K, Boston, U. S. A.

The cheapness of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator puts it within reach of all, and it can be got at any druggist's.

Porcelain Ships

Liners of porcelain driven by petrol may one day oust the steam-driven ship of steel and wood. The porcelain ships is the plan of W. Hales Turner, of Gravesend, a famous potter His scheme is that, apart from the sides and framework, ships should be built of plate porcelain. After 40 years' labor and an expenditure of about $500,000 it has been discovered how to manufacture plate porcelain at $35 a ton in any size up to 15 by 10 feet.

Mr. Turner points out the advantages of the new material as regards cheapness, cleanliness and permanence. It is cheaper than any of its rivals, it harbors no vermin, it can be cleaned by washing, the decorations can be supplied at the time of manufacture and will never need renewing, and it will never need painting. Such a ship could be "washed up" like a china cup.

Porcelain is practically everlasting. Tiles at Nankin 4,000 years old are as good as new.

What the Forehead Tells

People who have marked talent of any sort often have one deep, perpendicular wrinkle in the middle of their foreheads, with one or two others on either side.

Long foreheads, with smooth skin and no wrinkles, characterize people of a quiet, sedate nature.

Well arched brows, with one slight perpendicular wrinkle, belong to wise and discreet persons.

Foreheads prominent just above the eyebrows denote strong individuality.

A perfect forehead should have almost straight eyebrows, clear and well defined, but not heavy.

A long forehead shows intelligence; a short one activity.

A broad forehead denotes great mental ability; an irregular, knotty one a bold, original and investigating mind.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

The Clergyman—I had no idea profanity was so prevalent till I began to drive a car.

His Wife—Do you hear much of it on the road?

The Clergyman—Why, nearly everyone I bump into swears frightfully.—Puck.

Wife—Well, then, I'll just buy what I want and have the bills sent to you.

Hub—Yes; but oughtn't we to agree to some limit as to the amount?

Wife—Certainly not! Combinations in restraint of trade are illegal.—Boston Transcript.

Shop Foreman (to great musician practising on the French horn)—The factory over the way sends their compliments, and will you switch off on to another note 'cos a lot of the 'ands 'ave mistook it for the dinner hour.—The Tatler.

The very act of life, so far as I have been able to observe, consists in fortitude and perserverance.—Sir Walter Scott.

"Do you love me?" said the paper bag to the sugar.

"I'm just wrapped up in you," replied the sugar.

"You sweet thing," murmured the paper bag.

He—You understand what a margin in stocks is, don't you?

She—Oh, yes. That's the money you put up and lose.

Pearls of Price

There has lately been exhibited at a court jeweller's in Bond street, London, a striking collection of pearls One magnificent rope is valued at no less than $500,000, while for a single pearl-shaped drop, perfectly symmetrical, $70,000 is asked. But probably the most exquisite article in the collection is a single necklet of gems of extrordinary hue, the matching and graduation being superb. The cost of this article is $170,000.

But the owners warn a would be purchaser that if one of the stones were lost it would be impossible to replace it with an exact duplicate. Black and pink pearls also found a place in the exhibition; whilst a passing reference must be made to a pair of button-shaped earrings valued at $40,000.

One of the representatives of the firm gives a word of advice upon the preservation and treatment of pearls Upon no account he said, should they be locked up in a safe or other dark place for lengthy periods, since such treatment soon causes them to lose their life and become dull.

If their fair owners find that for some reason or other they cannot wear them outside their garments they should make a point of wearing them underneath their dress, next to the skin. Constant contact with the human skin gives to the stones light, lustre, gloss and sheen. The best possible way to keep pearls in a perfect state of preservation as well as to prolong their life, is to wear them always, both by night and by day.

Put Both Feet in it

For two or three days on one occasion Speaker Lowther was away from the house of commons through illness. On one of these days a Liberal walked into a west end club and there met Mr. Gully, the son of the late Speaker. "Ah," said he unthinkingly, "Lowther is the best speaker we've ever had." Too late he realized his faux pas. But more was to come. In an adjoining room he met Mr. Peel. "Oh," he gushed, "I've just said such a stupid thing. I met young Gully, and forgetting his father, said Lowther was the best speaker we ever had." Now, Mr. Peel was also the son of a previous speaker. "I dare say," he replied to the unhappy Liberal, "that if you went outside and walked down the street you might meet one of the Brands." Mr. Speaker Peel was the successor of Mr. Speaker Brand.—London Citizen.

Dr. Johnson's Resolutions

Dr. Johnson compiled this list of good resolutions on the 51st birthday in 1760: "Resolved, Deo juvante, to combat notions of obligations; to apply to study; to reclaim imaginations; to consult the resolves on Tetty's coffin: to rise early; to drink less strong liquors; to keep a journal; to oppose laziness by doing what is to be done tomorrow; rise as early as I can; send for books of history of war; put books in order; scheme of life."

Felicity Restored

It is recorded that two wolves in the London Zoo were very jealous of each other and frequently quarrelled. One day during an unusually furious dispute the male approached the female angrily as if to bite her, but just as he reached her he stopped as if held back by some thing within him. The female then approached timidly, gently licked his face, and domestic happiness was once more restored.

Willing Himself Well

An interesting example of a man willing himself well is that of 'Original' Walker. The thing was the work of a moment. He had been reading Cicero's "De Oratore," and some passage suggested to him the expediency of making the improvement of his health his study. "I rose from my book," he writes, "stood bolt upright and determined to be well. In pursuance of my resolution I tried many extremes, was guilty of many absurdities and committed many errors amid the remonstrances and ridicule of those around me I persevered, nevertheless, and it is now, I believe, full sixteen years since I have had any medical advice or taken any medicine or anything whatever by way of medicine."—London Chronicle.

Swam Too Long

The attorneys for the prosecution and defense had been allowed fifteen minutes each to argue the case. The attorney for the defense had commenced his argument with an allusion to the swimming hole of his boyhood days. He told in flowery oratory of the balmy air, the singing birds, the joy of youth, the delights of the cool water. And in the midst of it he was interrupted by the drawling voice of the judge. "Come out, Chawncey," he said, "and put on your clothes. Your fifteen minutes are up."

First Aid

"A woman can be just as self reliant and independent as a man," said Mrs. Flason defiantly.

"Mebbe she can, Louisa, mebbe she can," said her husband, "but not while she wears frocks that hook up the back!"—London Telegraph.

"Do you know his wife well?"

"Not at all."

"Would you like to be introduced to her?"

"I don't think it would be safe. I'm the friend he always blames for keeping him out late."

American women buy over $11,000,000 worth of French gowns and millinery each year.

PRESIDENT SUSPENDER
NONE SO EASY

Hen's Laying Depends on Feeding

Undoubtedly many chickens eat more than they need, but the hen that is properly fed will turn her surplus into eggs, the hen that is fed barely a maintenance ration is necessarily unprofitable. One reason the beginner with a small flock fed largely from the table scraps can figure out so low a cost of feeding chickens is because he doesn't count the cost of the food he would need to buy were it not for the scraps. The right way to figure the cost of a hen's feed is not by the value of the table scraps at first cost, nor is it right to estimate that they cost nothing, but by what it would cost to replace them with poultry food.

The feeding will tell at the critical time of the early frosts when the pullets are just coming to lay and tantalize you with their red combs, but still do not lay, when the hens are passing the last stages of the molting season, and not feather before the frosts, when the vitality of all the stock is the lowest, and when the price of eggs begins to soar to its highest, then it is that the feeling tells. It is a question then of winter laying or winter loafing, and that is largely a question of feeding.—Wallace's Farmer.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, Lucas County, } ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

Vicious Creatures

The superintendent of a penitentiary, was escorting a party of women visitors through the building. They entered a room where three women were busily sewing.

As they turned to leave the room one of the visitors said:

"What vicious-looking creatures! What are they in for? They really look capable of committing any crime."

"Well," replied the superintendent, "you see, they have no other home. That is my private sitting-room, and they are my wife and two daughters."

"Oh, yes, Mr. Smith," said the bride. "I suppose Harry has spoken to you of me quite often."

"He has, indeed," returned the senior partner, "and what is more, time and time again he has read me certain pretty extracts from the letters of his dear little Marie."

"Really, I beg your pardon, sir," said the bride with a sudden coolness. "My name is Gladys."

No man or woman should hobble painfully about because of corns when so certain a relief is at hand as Holloway's Corn Cure.

An Honored Guest

"No man is as well known as he thinks he is," said Caruso. "I was motoring on Long Island recently. My car broke down and I entered a farmhouse to get warm. The farmer and I chatted, and when he asked my name I told him modestly that it was Caruso. At that name he threw up his hands.

"'Caruso!' he exclaimed, 'Robinson Caruso, the great traveler! Little did I expect ever to see a man like you in this here humble kitchen, sir!'"

Easily Accomplished

Judge Hanington, when leader of the opposition in the New Brunswick legislature, representing the county of Westmoreland, was once delivering a vigorous address in the house against some measure of the government, then led by Mr. Blair.

"Oh, that my constituents in Westmoreland could hear me now!" exclaimed the opposition leader in violent tones.

Mr. Blair motioned to an attendant. "Open the window," he said.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

Sandy was walking along the road in deep thought and it was his minister who brought him to earth again with—"Hulloa, Sandy! Thinking of the future, eh?"

"No," replied our hero moodily, "tomorrow's the wife's birthday, and I'm thinking of the present."

"Why do you sign your name Norah?" asked a teacher of one of the Chinese boys in his class. "Don't you know that Norah is a girl's name?"

"Oh, no," was the reply. "Norah is the name of the famous American who built the ark.'

"I should think that you would get tired of going automobiling alone."

"Oh, I usually run across somebody before I've gone far."

The successful farmer has to be sharp as a razor.—Lippincott's.

OMEGA WATCH

The unfailing accuracy of the Omega has proven time and again that it is the right watch to carry, when a lost minute would have meant a wasted day.

For sale by all jewelers.

Ship Your Grain To LEITCH BROS. FLOUR MILLS 240½ GRAIN EXCHANGE, WINNIPEG

WIRE us your Grain is coming, and we'll sell the carloads at the day's price. No elevator charges—honest grading—highest net returns. Liberal Advances. 2

Write us for folder as to our methods & weekly market letter.

POISONOUS MATCHES

In less than two years it will be unlawful to buy or use poisonous white phosphorous matches

Everybody should begin now to use

EDDY'S NON POISONOUS "SESQUI" MATCHES

and thus ensure safety in the home

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel 'OUT of SORTS' 'RUN DOWN' 'GOT the BLUES' SUFFER from KIDNEY, BLADDER, NERVOUS DISEASES, CHRONIC WEAKNESS, ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS, PILES, write for FREE CLOTH BOUND MEDICAL BOOK ON these diseases and WONDERFUL CURES effected by THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No 1 No 2 No 3 THERAPION and decide for yourself if it is the remedy for YOUR OWN ailment. Absolutely FREE No follow up circulars. No obligations. DR. LECLERC MED. Co, HAVERSTOCK RD, HAMPSTEAD LONDON, ENG WE WANT TO PROVE THERAPION WILL CURE YOU.

Ontario Veterinary College

Under the control of the Department of Agriculture of Ontario. Established 1862.

Affiliated with the University of Toronto.

N.B.—College will re-open on Thursday, the 1st of October, 1914, in the new College Building, 110 University Avenue.

TORONTO, CANADA.

Calendar on Application.

E. A. A. Grange, V.S., M.S., Principal

CHILDREN TEETHING

BABY IS VERY COMFORTABLE AND LAUGHS DURING THE TEETHING PERIOD. THANKS TO

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

PURELY VEGETABLE—NOT NARCOTIC

Conscientious Scruples

"Why don't you want to serve?"

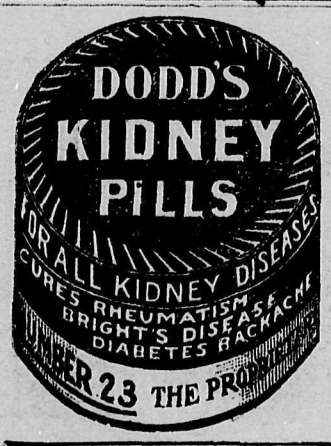
"I have conscientious scruples against capital punishment."

"I don't understand such foolishness," snapped the attorney roughly.

"No," responded the victim serenely. "I don't suppose a lawyer would."

"And now I suppose you tell her everything?"

"Yes, everything there's any danger of her finding out."—London Opinion.



CURIOUS HUNTING CUSTOM

Coorgs of Southern India Go at it in a Ceremonious Way

There is a curious hunting custom among the Coorgs of Southern India. When a hunt is arranged among the villagers they usually meet early in the morning at a prearranged spot with their dogs. According to the Coorg custom, they all sit down for a while. Having rested, they proceed to discuss and decide which part of the surrounding jungle they are to beat. This being decided, the hunters station themselves at points of vantage and the beaters endeavor to drive the game, if any, towards them.

If before the hunt commences, any of the dogs lie down and rub their backs against the ground, it is considered a good omen and the hunters are sure of a "kill" in the jungle they are about to beat.

On the conclusion of a successful day's hunt all the animals shot are brought together, beside a stream if possible, and cut up, none of the hair being removed. First of al the head and thigh and a strip of meat from the best part is cut from each animal, these being the reward of those who shot the animals. Strips of flesh about a cubit long are then cut for those who first touched the animal after it was shot. Then the number of men and dogs are counted, and the remaining portion is cut up into as many pieces as there are men and dogs, bitches among the dogs getting no share.

After this is done the distribution takes place. The "shooters" get their share first, then the "touchers," the the other hunters, and lastly the dogs, their share being taken by the owners. A speech is made praising the successful shots and wishing them better luck next time. Those who were not ready and did not fire when the game passed them (they still use the old muzzle-loaders) are censured, and now comes the curious part of the proceedings. Those unfortunates who fired but missed are made to stand in the centre of a circle of thorns and are flogged on their bare legs until they bleed! Though most of these men are independent, well-to-do farmers they submit to this torture because "it is the cus tom."

Miller's Worm Powders act so thoroughly that stomachic and intestinal worms are literally ground up and pass from the child without being noticed and without inconvenience to the sufferer. They are painless and perfect in action, and at all times will be found a healthy medicine, strengthening the infantile stomach and maintaining it in vigorous operation, so that, besides being an effective vermifuge, they are tonical and health-giving in their effects.

Rose Colored Snow

Snow of a beautiful rose color has fallen in the Alps, chiefly on the Todi group of mountains (11,887 feet) in the canton of Glarus. In analysis it was found to be impregnated with minute particles of sand. It is thought that this is the aftermath of the great storm in the Sahara, which blew large quantities of sand across the sea and the Italian Alps to the Swiss mountains. The "rose snow" hung in the upper air several weeks before falling. —London Standard.

Portmanteau Names

The reports in the American press of the movements of troops on the Mexican border are bringing to light some curious "portmanteau words" as names of towns. For example, there is Texarkana, a town in Arkansas near the Texas line. Texico is a town in New Mexico near Texas, and Texhoma, a town in Texas near Oklahoma. Other strange looking blends of state names in the west are Calexico, Calada, Uvada, Kanroado and Wyuta.—Westminster Gazette.

Style in Prison

Women inmates of the workhouse and other correctional places in New York will no longer have to wear dresses made of bedticking. Commissioner Katherine B. Davis does not promise to provide gowns from Paris, but there's going to be more style, and, with more style, she expects to make the women prisoners take more interest in themselves and in life generally.

An Ideal Match

Reinwein-Sulzer—Married at German Evangelical parsonage, Miss Estelle Sulzer, of this city, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Sulzer, to Mr. Conrad Reinwein, of Denver, Colo. At home after July 15th at Boulder, Colo.

Seemed All Right

"Mamma why don't you want me to play with that Rudger boy?"

"Because, dear, I know the family. He hasn't good blood in him."

"Why, mamma, he's been vaccinated twice, and it wouldn't take either time."

Waiting 700 Years For a Monument

Next year, being the seven hundreth anniversary of the sealing of the Magna Charta at Runnymede by King John, it is proposed to raise a fund for the erection of a memorial to Baron Robert, Fitzwalter of Little Dunmow, Essex, the leader of "the army of God" which forced the king to concede the charter.—London Chroncile.

His Limitations

"You'll never make any noise in the world."

"I'll bet I will."

"Well, maybe. Perhaps you may attain to second class in the anvil chorus."

WHEN FOOD TAXES YOUR STRENGTH

You Need the Tonic Treatment of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

When the food you take fails to nourish when it causes you pain and often a feeling of extreme nausea, the cause is indigestion. Your stomach is too feeble to do its work and you will continue to suffer until you strengthen your digestive powers. Your digestion has failed because your stomach is not receiving the pure, red blood of health to give it strength for its work.

The tonic treatment of indigestion by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People succeeds by building up and enriching the blood supply, so that the feeble digestive organs are strengthened, appetite is restored and tone given the whole system. Thousands have proved this by personal experience, as is shown by the following typical instance. Mrs. James Boyle, Dartmouth, N.S., says: "For years I was a sufferer from indigestion. I could not take food without feeling terible distress afterwards, and in consequence I was badly run down. Sometimes after eating I would take spells of dizziness with a feeling of numbness throughout my body, and at other times my heart would palpitate so violently that I feared I would die. Naturally I was doctoring continually but without getting better. Then my husband got me a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and before long I found they were helping me, and I continued to take them until I was restored to health. I was never in better health than I am now, and I owe it all to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

These Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or you can get them by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Very Modest, Too

The following appeared a few days ago in the agony column of a London newspaper:

"Of Epoch-Making Importance—To Someone who is Rich.—I have a development, long desired and sought for, of enormous importance, value, saving, and benefit to the nation and individually. It will enable the country to save probably $500,000,000 annually, whilst it will yield some millions of pounds profit to us. I desire someone who is rich to provide about $125,000 for working capital to enable the results to be achieved, for a share of the profits. The advertiser is an able, experienced business man, forty years of age, and unmarried, and therefore, can give his whole time to the matter. This is not a speculation, but a clear business proposition, the result of years of work."

Day in the Country

"Was your outing a success?"

"I suppose so," replied Mr. Growcher. "It was about the usual program as I have observed it. The merry party had time to eat lunch and then line up to be photographed before it was time to catch the train home."

Figures Lie Again

'Bena was much excited over the prospects of a camp meeting that was about to take place in her neighborhood. For weeks she had been preparing gay and gaudy feathers for the array, and now her outfit was complete, save a pair of much-desired patent leather slippers. She approached her mistress.

"Miss Ford," she said, "I sho' wants to git a pair o' slippers 'fo' de meetin' commences, an' I ain't got a single cent lef'."

"What size do you wear, 'Bena?" asked her mistress.

"Mah right numbah is fo'," she replied, "but I has to weah sebens, 'cause fo's hurt me dat bad I jes' natcherly caint hardly walk."

DISAPPEARED.

Tea and Coffee Ails Vanish Before Postum

It seems almost too good to be true, the way headache, nervousness, insomnia, and many other obscure troubles banish when tea and coffee are dismissed and Postum used as the regular table beverage.

The reason is clear. Tea and coffee contain a poisonous drug—caffeine—which causes the trouble, but Postum contains only the food elements in choice hard wheat with a little molasses.

An eastern man grew enthusiastic and wrote as follows:

"Until 18 months ago I used coffee regularly every day and suffered from headache, bitter taste in my mouth, and indigestion; was gloomy and irritable, had variable or absent appetite, loss of flesh, depressed in spirits, etc.

"I attribute these things to coffee, because since I quit it and have drank Postum I feel better than I had for 20 years, am less susceptible to cold, have gained 20 lbs., and the symptoms have disappeared—vanished before Postum." (Tea is just as harmful as coffee, because they both contain the drug, caffeine).

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

WAY OF A TRAIN IN SPAIN

Even the Expresses Creep Along as Though They Were Weary

The train this morning is a correo (express), but everything is so new that you feel no more hurried than the train and rather enjoy its ways. It creeps into the station quietly and carefully, as if in fear that some hen might have laid one of those numerous fine Spanish eggs on the track and it might get broken in a too reckless approach. Sometimes—but this doesn't happen frequently—it slows up when near to one of the smallest of the multitudinous stations and sneaks by without stopping, as if ashamed or afraid.

When it does come to a standstill it listlessly slides back a bit and then slides forward a bit and then rights itself once more and then straightens up with a jerk as if it were tired and its muscles not obedient to will. Then for a few moments every one cautiously waits to see what further it intends.

About the time it is thoroughly stopped some one pulls at the cord attached to the tongue of the station bell and gives three signals to let the passengers—and any one else who may be interested—know that the train has officially arrived, and station employee calls out, "San Pablo, ocho minutos!" meaning that there will be eight minutes of waiting.—Grant Showerman in Atlantic.

The first decorations of the Legion of Honor, the famous French order of merit, were conferred in 1802 upon military and civil officers who had distinguished themselves under the consulate. The order was founded May 19, 1802, by Napoleon, when he was first consul. The order was confirmed by Louis XVIII., when the Bourbons were returned to the throne and it has been continued, through the reigns of Charles X., Louis Philippe, Napoleon III, and the second and third republics. Many British subjects and other foreigners have received the decorations of the Legion of Honor.

According to a calculation made by the International Geological Congress of Canada, the available supply of coal still unmined in the world is 7,397,000,000,000 tons, enough to last 1,000 years even if the consumption continues to increase at the present rate.

Not Very Different

Quickness in repartee has been credited to Paderewski. A gentleman once introduced the pianist to the champion polo player of England, and added: "You are both leaders of your separate professions, though they are, of course, very different."

"Not so very different," quickly responded the great pianist. "My new friend is a dear soul who plays polo, whereas I am a dear Pole who plays solo."

London, it is said, consumes 226 cubic meters of gas per person, while in the metropolis there are 1,574,000 gas stoves. Paris comes second in the list of gas consumers. Amsterdam third. The gas consumed by the entire world last year is estimated at 21,500,000,000 cubic meters, while to manufacture this enormous quantity 60,000,000,000 tons of coal were necessary. This amount corresponds to the annual output of coal in France.

The campaign against tigers in several places in India has resulted in the enormous increase of wild pigs, which are doing great damage to crops. The native farmers are forced to watch their fields carefully at an increased expense. This damage and increased expense is being taken into consideration in fixing the new land tax.

Refining Influence

Frost—Do you think the auto has an ennobling influence?

Snow—Well, speaking personally, we have been fined and refined.—Judge.

A telephone lineman fell asleep on top of a pole in Oregon recently. Passersby seeing the motionless figure of a man lying across the cross-arm with arms and legs dangling in the air, thought he had been electrocuted. When assistance arrived it was found that the man had merely been lulled to sleep by the warm sun. His belt had prevented his falling.

Eagerly Communicative

"A man ought not to have any secrets from his wife."

"Secrets!" exclaimed Mr. Meekton. "I spend hours trying to make an impression on Henrietta by thinking up something to tell her that she doesn't know."—Washington Star.

No Chance

"Why did you quarrel?"

"She wanted me to hold her hand at a crowded reception."

"Why didn't you?"

"I was already holding a plate of salad in one fist and a cup of coffee in the other, with no earthly chance to set anything down."—Kansas City Journal.

A firm of notion dealers on the East Side had gone out of business via the bankruptcy court, and the attorney for the principal creditors was going through the accounts of the concern.

In the back of the safe he came on a partnership agreement, drawn up by the two bankrupts when they engaged in commerce and jointly signed by them. The second clause read as follows:

"In the event of failure the profits are to be divided equally."

Everybody feels better when Liver and Bowels are normal. Keep yours toned up with

Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

25c and 60c at all Druggists and Stores. Take Abbey Vita Tablets for Sick Nerves.

She Had Tried Electricity

Mrs. Carter had suffered from rheumatism until she declared that she had "no patience with it," but she was always eager to hear of possible remedies and when her sister wrote that she knew of a cure that had been tried with great success and would tell her all about it on her next visit, Mrs. Carter was all excitement.

"Now, Ellen," she exclaimed eagerly a few minutes after her sister had reached the house, "do tell me about that cure for rheumatism! I am so anxious to hear about it that I could hardly wait for you to get here."

"Well, Caroline," began her sister, "it's electricity—"

Before she could continue, Mrs. Carter interrupted her.

"Caroline Smith! The idea of suggesting that to me! Don't you remember that only last summer I was struck by lightning, and it didn't do me a mite of good?"

Oil For Toothache.—There is no pain so acute and distressing as toothache. When you have so unwelcome a visitor apply Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil according to directions and you will find immediate relief. It touches the nerve with soothing effect and the pain departs at once. That it will ease toothache is another fine quality of this Oil, showing the many uses it has.

Still Climbing

"Have you ever heard Jimkins relate about the time he got halfway up Mont Blanc with one of his little nephews and no guide?" asked one man of another.

"How long ago did he tell you about it?" was the evasive reply.

"Last March, when he'd just got *home," said the first man.*

"Well," said the other, "in eight months since then he has climbed the rest of the way, succored a fainting guide, and survived a snowstorm on *the summit, resuscitated two benumbed* strangers on the way down and guided the entire party to the foot, weher a group of frantic relatives was waiting."—Sacred Heart Review.

Don't Forget About Your Corns

Cure them in one night, by Putnam's Corn Extractor. It is sure, safe and painless, guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Why She Didn't Apply

Marks—So you saw the woman who dropped the purse, but lost her in the crowd. Did you advertise for her?

Parks—Yes; I put this in. "If the very homely woman of forty, wearing a dress of last year's style and a most unbecoming hat, who lost her purse containing $3.50, on Boylston street Saturday, will apply to—, her property will be returned." I've had no answer though.

Marks—Gracious! Do you think a woman would own up to that description for $3.50?—Boston Transcript.

This is to certify that I have used MINARD'S Liniment in my family for years, and consider it the best liniment on the market. I have found it excellent for horse flesh.

(Signed) W. S. PINEO.

"Woodlands," Middleton, N.S.

"I want a nice light book to read on the train."

"How would the 'Last Days of Pompeii' do?"

"Pompeii? Who was he? How did he die?"

"I think it was some kind of an eruption."

"My husband is just getting over a spell of sickness, and I want to buy him a shirt," said Mrs. Binks. "Yes ma'am," replied the assistant. "Would you want something in a stiff front and cuffs?" "No, sir," said Mrs. Binks. "The doctor says he must avoid anything with starch in it."

Try Murine Eye Remedy

If you have Red, Weak, Watery Eyes or Granulated Eyelids. Don't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c., 50c. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes 25c., 50c. Eye Book Free by Mail.

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RATES REASONABLE
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VICTORIA NOTES

One thousand people have declared themselves as being out of work in Victoria, and there is no doubt that there are many more, Chinese, Japanese and Hindus continue to leave for their respective countries where they can live cheaply while the depression lasts in in B. C. At the same time, the many Orientals who are left leave no stone unturned to earn a few cents. On an average the householder receives ten calls daily from oriental peddlars or oriental applicants for work.

Needless to say, white men call on the same errand. It is very sad and to be deplored. In the interior municipalities are refusing to renew the licenses of Chinese laundries, on the ground that the white laundries are more than able to cope with the work. The action of the Government in further extending the order against the entry of orientals deserves every support, and it is to be hoped that Boards of Trade will pass resolutions to this effect. Even the Chinese friendly societies in Canada are circularizing their countrymen to stay in China for the present. After all, the white men who are out work have the first claim upon their more fortunate white brethren ("Sirs, ye are brethren") and it is within the power of the people of B. C. to make it an economic impossibility for any white man to starve. During the coming winter, it is safe to predict that numbers of unemployed will increase largely, and if a large proportion of these men could be put to work clearing the land, it would be an enormous benefit to everybody. A small wage and the certainity of bed and board would tempt many, who would do anything rather than starve. Wake up, Canada; your progress and your boasted advancement should prove equal to the emergency.

The Hon. Martin Burrell is appealing to farmers to grow as much wheat as they can next year, in view of the certain shortage. Since his appeal and since the mention of the subject in these "Notes" last week, little Belgium has intimated that she will look to Canada for her supplies for some time to come. Should Italy enter the conflict in Europe, and it is likely that she will, with Roumania, the shortage will be greater than ever. Never did Canada have such chances as are here today, if only she will throw off her legarthy and get a hold on them. The B. C. Manufactures Association are sending agents to South America to take up what the Germans are unable to hold, and there should be a great future for the lumber industry as a result. But that is only one instance; the Comox Valley can do its part also.

The Americans say "Don't talk about the war; talk business," but Canadians can do both if they try

Great interest is being manifested by the lumber industry in the openings which are being brought to the notice of operators by the Forest Branch, Victoria. As a result of the war, the Baltic is for the present closed, and this means that the huge supplies of mine props and telegraph poles formerly imported into Great Britain from Scandinavian scources are held up. Lumbermen are being advised of the opening to send B. C. products and it is said that of mine props alone, one million and a half are required every week in the Old Country, while the telegraph poles needed would keep many men steadily employed throughout the year. Enquiries about these openings should be made at Victoria. Advance, British Columbia, for the market is yours once you get your foot in.

The advance in the price of sugar is alarming, the last rise of 70 cents per hundred pounds having made a total rise of $2.60 since the war began, equal to 50 per cent advance. It is likely to go still higher, and it is a bad outlook for the householder with many mouths to fill.

Germany, France, and Austria no longer are able to send their beet sugar to Great Britain, hence the demand is greater than the supply. The West Indies will benefit, as will the dealers who had large stocks on hand, but it constitutes a severe hardship, especially in the case of such a necessity as sugar.

Talking about war, the good patriot will pay his accounts up before he puts his name down on the Relief fund list. It sounds somewhat harsh but it is a fact that the ultimate good will be greater that if he subscribes what does not really belong to him.

Victoria has made a step in the right direction in opening a public market, held once a week, to enable local growers to place their products before the customers direct. Stalls are free and the growers may use their wagons as stalls if shey choose. At the first market held last week, the prices obtained were greater than those which were charged in the stores, but this was due to the big demand, and no doubt the freshness of the articles appealed to people.

Your correspondent has just received from the post office authorities a letter recovered from the wreck of the "Empress of Ireland" In spite of its sojourn at the bottom of the St. Lawrence for month, the epistle is quite legible and can be easily read. Stamped across the face of the envelope are the laconic words, "Recovered by divers from the wreck of the Empress of Ireland."

War Maps Free

Review and Family Herald For Only $2.25

To follow intelligently the European War situation and keep in touch with the lightning movements of the troops a comprehensive war map of Europe giving all details in essential.

Of all the Maps issued there is but one that fills the bill, and that is the one issued especially by the celebrated map makers—G. W. Bacon & Co., London, Eng.

The Publishers of "The Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal, always alive to the best intrests of their subscribers the moment the map was issued, cabled an offer for Canadian rights of the map. Their offer has been accepted, and "Family Herald" subscribers will have the best Map available.

The "Review" has concluded arrangements with "The Family Herald and Weekly Star by which our readers may also secure the map free of charge. In this issue will be found a clubbing offer of the two papers, including the Map. The offer is one that every reader of the Review should accept.

Newspapers are paying dearly for the war. The price of paper is going up, up, up! The cost of telegrams and cablegrams has increased from thrity to fifty per cent. Scores of newspapers have suspended publication, and hundreds of others have raised the subscription price. For the present "The Review, and The Family Herald and Weekly Star, being in exceptionally strong positions are able for the present, at all events, to keep their rates as formerly, but an increase later on may become necessary. In the meantime, during the next thirty days, our readers are offered the greatest bargain in the newspaper world to-day. For 30 days only we will sell the two, the Review and The Family Herald and Weekly Star for $2.25.

GRANTHAM

On account of the wet weather the Grantham wood bee is postponed until Saturday, Oct. 3. Everybody bring a saw and an axe, also a few teams are needed.

Presbyterian Church

St. Andrews' Sandwick
Service 2 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Class 3 p. m.
Courtenay
Sunday School and Bible Class 10:30 a. m. Service 11:30. Evening service 7:30 p. m. All welcome

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