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THE REVIEW

Classified Ads.
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VOL. 3 COURTENAY, B. C., THURSDAY FEBRUARY 25, 1915 NO. 13

The Best Buy On The Market For Immediate Sale

One Acre of the best of land, house, barn, whole of the household furniture, also sundry tools, phonograph, horse, buggy and harness, etc., etc.

Price for the whole $550

Full particulars from

HARDY & BISCOE

Auctioneers Phone 10 Courtenay

SHEPHERD & HORNBY

Where everybody goes for choice Candies, Cigars, Tobacco, Fruit, Vegetables, Groceries, Etc.

ONLY BEST QUALITY GOODS HANDLED

Phone 40 Courtenay

Clear Title to a Complete Little Home
For Only $550.00 Cash

HOUSE 14x26, containing over $200.00 worth of furniture

BARN, with good driving horse, buggy and harness included

ONE ACRE OF LAND, mostly improved, 1-3 acre ready to plough

The property is 1 1-2 miles from Courtenay, with frontage on main road, and is without exception the greatest bargain for the price we have come across

H. D. FORDE & CO.

Phone 57 COURTENAY

COMOX LUMP COAL

$6.00 Per Ton

Delivered in Courtenay

All Orders Will Recieve Prompt Attention

D. KILPATRICK

Phone 43 Courtenay

APPLY TO
RICHARD CREECH
FOR
Sand and Gravel
Rates Reasonable

Cobblestone and Septic Tank Work
All Work Guaranteed
A. Beveridge, Courtenay Hotel

Local Lines

Born — At Headquarters, on February 17, to Mr. and Mrs. John Potter, a son.

Born—At Cumberland, of Saturday, February 21, to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McKenzie, a daughter.

Do not forget the annual meeting of the Courtenay Conservative Association tonight in the Opera House.

The Courtenay Basketball team intend going to Happy Valley tonight to give the boys a game there before the dance.

The Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian Church will hold their "Irish" entertainment in the K. of P. Hall on the evening of St. Patrick's Day, March 17.

A subscriber wishes to know if it is necessary to have two drivers to handle the teams on the road scrapers, and also if the horses could not be persuaded to walk a little faster.

Capt. Bates has received word that a new mounted corps is to be formed and that fifty has been allotted this district. Anyone wishing to join should present themselves at the recruiting station at Nanaimo at once for examination.

To the inhabitants of Comox and district phone 48 for prompt delivery of first class meat at lowest possible prices. All orders promptly attended to. Cooke & Matthewson, next to Brown's Furniture Store.

Coal oil 25c per gallon or $1 per tin at Courtenay Oil & Supply co. Bring your own tin.

Coal Oil, by the gallon, tin or drum, Ford Garage, Union Bay Road,

Coal Oil—$1.10 per. tin, at the Courtenay Garage, Union Bay Road.

Coal oil 25c per gallon or $1 per tin at McKean's. Bring your own tin.

Good dry wood—14, 16, 18, and 24 in., $2.50 per load. Cordwood. $2 per cord, cash. A. D. Cudmore.

Farm to rent—About 35 acres under cultivation. Apply to John Marsden, Maple Farm, Cumberland.

One hundred dollars cash buys the best car in Courtenay, balance arranged. Apply Palace Livery stable.

To Let—Small chicken ranch close to town. Good buildings. Low rent to good tenant. Apply Box 8, Review Office.

Wanted---Heavy general purpose horse, light harness, plough, cultivator, single horse rake, separator. Must be bargain for cash. White Wyandotte pullets for sale. Appy, Box 9 Review Office.

I have again improved my flock of Rhode Island Reds by the introduction of new blood. Excellent winter layers, well adapted to this climate. Price of eggs per setting reduced to $1. per setting of 13 $6 per 100. Cash with order. Bruce Towler, one mile south of Courtenay. P, O. Box.

Employers living anywhere in Comox District requiring hired help and all persons out of work living within the limits of Courtenay municipality are requested to enquire at Tarbell's store for further particulars. The terms and conditions are that any employer securing help from the bureau is requested to deduct 5 per cent out of the first week's wages and pay same to the officer in charge of the bureau.

Large tract of good farming land now open for free settlement in Oregon. Over 200,000 acres in all. Good climate, rich soil, and does not require irrigation to raise finest crops of grain, fruit and garden truck. For large map, full instructions and information, and a plan of several sections of exceptionally good claims, send $3.40 to John Keefe, Oregon City, Oregon Three years as a U. S. Surveyor and timberman. An opportunity to get a good fertile free homestead near town and market.

Coal oil 25c per gallon or $1 per tin at Courtenay Oil & Supply co. Bring your own tin.

The Basketball Club will hold a meeting at Leo Anderton's office this (Thursday) afternoon at 5:00 o'clock.

Harry Loggie and John Urquhart spent the latter part of last week at Seal Island shooting brant. They had a good time hustling decoys about and succeeded in getting 15 birds.

About 10 o'clock on Saturday evening fire broke out in Charles Ashenfelter's house. A couple of buckets full of water quenched the conflagration, which, had it not been discovered in the nick of time would have consumed the whole house.

Messrs. Forde & Hames have dissolved partnership as Mr. Hames finds, since his appointment as City Clerk, that municipal business will occupy a large portion of his time. Mr. Forde will continue the business under the old name of H. D. Forde & Company.

The K, of P. whist drive on Monday evening last was as their affairs always are a success. Honors at whist fell to Miss Lizzie McQuillan and Mrs. P. Bubar, and Mr. Parker got first place in the gentlemen's class and Harold Simmonds won the consolation prize.

It is not often that we have to appeal to our subscribers to pay up their subscriptions—but we have heavier bills than usual maturing shortly, and we would esteem it a great favor if you would pay your subscription during the next 30 days. For the convenience of our Comox subscribers we have arranged with Mr. Piercy, the obliging postmaster at Comox, to receive your subscription at his office.

At the regular meeting of the Ladies' Aid held on Monday, the 15th, Mrs Brown was elected vice-president in place of the late Mrs. J McPhee; and Mrs. T. Menzies was unanimously elected honary president. Several new members have joined since the Aid was organized, and the roll is now 28 members. The ladies have decided to hold a concert on St. Patrick's Day, March 17. at 8 o'clock in the K. of P. Hall, admission 25 cents. A first class programme is assured particulars of which will be given later. A number of suggestions were brought forward for the years work and will be carefully discussed at the next meeting which will be held in the Church on March 12 at 3 p. m.

Presbyterian Church

St. Andrews' Sandwick
Service 2 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Class 3 p. m.
Courtenay
Sunday School and Bible Class 10:30 a. m. Service 11:30. Evening service 7:30 p. m. All welcome

Coal oil 25c per gallon or $1 per tin at Courtenay Oil & Supply co. Bring your own tin.

Did you get your express parcel?

The promotors of the Scotch Concert, the proceeds of which are to be given towards the Belgian fund, are busy preparing their programme which will be a good one, and will be followed by a dance. Every other number of which will be Scotch.

The annual meeting of the Comox Valley Conservative Association was held last Thursday night in the K. of P. hall. The secretary read a resume of the business done during the past year, which was very satisfactory. The treasurers report showed a balance of $10.50 on hand. The election of officers resulted as follows:—Hon. Presidents Sir R. L. Borden and Sir Richard McBride, Hon. Vice Presidents, H. S. Clements M. P. and M. Manson M. P. P.; President, W Duncan; Vice President, Dr. Crompton, Secretary, Harry Idiens; Treasurer E. Lindon; Executive, Walter Brown, W. G. Robertson, L. Dunham, G. J. Hardy, J. McIntyre; Geo Russell, Colin Campbell, A. Piercy, Geo. Adey. The president warned all Conservatives to be on the alert as the Liberals were busy, and during these hard times the government was apt to be blamed for them and many other things of which they were not guilty and over which they had no control. The executive will try and work harmoniously with the Courtenay executive, and it is quite likely that the breach will be healed and the two factions will come together again.

There have been numerous complaints lately in the district about dogs chasing deer and game, and the Gamewarden wishes to warn owners of dog with regard to the penalties they may incur. The following is a copy of section of the Game Act dealing with the offence: Sub-section 1 --No person shall at any time use or allow any dog to hunt or run deer; or being the owner of a dog accustomed to pursue any big game, allow such dog to run at large in any locality where deer are usually found. Sub-section 2.—No person shall, between the 15th April and the 1st day of August, both inclusive, use or allow any dog to hunt or run after any game bird. Any person harbouring or claiming to be the owner of any such dog shall be deemed to be the owner, and any dog found running deer at any time or hunting birds during the period named in section 2 shall be deemed to be at large and so hunting by allowance of the owner, and may be seized and retained by any gamewarden or constable until such time as the owner is found and prosecuted or the dog is disposed of as in this section provided. Geese and brant go out on the 28th of February.

Comox Creamery Butter
50c per lb. this week

The Courtenay Jewellery Store

You Cannot Afford To Neglect Your Eyes
Those Headaches Are Quite Unnecessary

CHAS. SIMMS
GRADUATE OPTICIAN

Has Made Eye Trouble His Special Study

Consultations Free To Delay Is Dangerous

The Courtenay Jewellery Store

The Talisman

By L. T. Meade

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
London, Melbourne and Toronto

(Continued)

"Nothing of the sort; you mustn't be seen in Chesney street tonight. I have an old trunk which I can lend you and we can put a few things of my own into it. As soon as we get to Paris, Barbara shall buy her own clothes, and you can have these. Now, then, Barbara, you must wear this coat and skirt; we haven't much time to spare, or we shall miss the boat to Newhaven."

"But," said Barbara, "if I must go, I'd rather wear my own clothes."

"And that's just what you must not do, my little girl," said Mrs. Johnson, "you must not wear what they are looking for, not a bit of it! Come, now, get into these, and no words about it. I'm tried, dead tired. I've had a weary day; but we'll have a fine time in Paris, a gay time, and don't be afraid we won't have money enough!"

Here she again took out her purse, and showed Bank of England notes and quantities of gold. Kate stared with open eyes; Barbara sank back, and her weary eyes closed.

"She's wore out like," said Kate, "It seems bitter crool, that it do!"

"Hold your tongue, girl! The kiddie will come right in the end. Now, then, I'm going to change my toggery."

"Oh, ma'am, to change again!"

"Just you leave me alone. Would you recognize your Miss Barbara as she is dressed now?"

"No, ma'am, I wouldn't."

"When she goes out with me she must wear this close veil over her face. Remember there are at least twenty of the cleverest detectives in London on my track, and if I'm nabbed, it's ten years' penal servitude. But I mean to win, I mean to win—yes, if I die for it!"

CHAPTER XVII.

Barbara could not possibly guess that Mrs. Johnson had put a strong sedative into the tea which she drank; but she soon felt a sensation of intense drowsiness, also a feeling that she did not greatly care what was happening to her. Kate drew her chair close to the little girl, and Barbara felt Kate's orugh hand a sort of comfort; for Kate, compared to the woman who called herself her mother, seemed to be a very special and beloved friend.

"Has she gone off?" said Mrs. Johnson presently.

"I think so, ma'am; she's pretty sound."

"Well, that's all right, that's just what I want; she won't wake up thoroughly until we are well out of London. Now, then, Kate Jessop, I will just go into the other room and change my toilette. I have arranged the whole scheme. Barbara is to go to Paris as a very sick girl and you, are to accompany me as her nurse. Here's a nurse's dress all complete—cloak, bonnet with veil, and everything. Put them on as quickly and quietly as you can. If at Victoria station anyone speaks to you, you are simply to say that you are taking care of the dear young lady, who is recovering from a very serious illness. That will serve a double purpose, for it will keep other people out of her carriage. Ah, I think I am clever enough to hoodwink twenty detectives, when all's said and done!"

Now the description of Mrs. Florence Dunbar and the picture at Scotland Yard was that of a tall, fair woman, very much made-up, eyes large and light blue, dress showy, and, as a rule, of the sort which would not be worn for a moment by a respectable woman. There was also—and this fact was much noticed by the police—a very peculiar twist about her mouth, and when she walked, she walked with a slight limp. During the remainder of that remarkable day Florence Dunbar had ceased to exist, as far as the police were concerned, for who could imagine that that showy, disagreeable woman could be changed into the neat widow, who had no limp, whose hair was grey and whose gentle face was furrowed with many wrinkles? A widow who wore a most respectable coat and skirt of deep black, and a little bonnet tied with black strings under her chin; over the back of her bonnet was a widow's veil, and inside was the usual white ruche worn by widows in the early stages of their bereavement.

While Florence Dunbar had ceased to exist, Mrs. Johnson had taken her place; but when the said Mrs. Johnson came out of her room, she was again altogether transformed. She suddenly appeared as a young and strikingly handsome woman; her eyes seemed to flash fire, so large and dark were they; her hair was raven black, her complexion was changed from fair to a smooth, delicate olive, with a very faint tinge of color on each cheek. The slight twist which she had maneged to give her mouth was altogether obliterated. When she smiled, which she did very often, she showed brilliant white teeth, her dress was that of a lady of means, quiet, but very handsome. She was wearing beautiful furs, neat boots, neat gloves; in short, everything was perfect with regard to her apparel.

"Now," she said, as Kate looked at her in undisguised amazement, "you wouldn't know me, would you?"

"Ma'am," said the astonished Kate, "you are too wonderful!"

"You haven't come to the end of my wonders yet," said Mrs. Johnson, alias Mrs. Dunbar, with a laugh. "For the present my name is Mrs. Villiers. I am travelling with my young invalid daughter and her nurse; you must act the part of nurse as much as possible. Let me see you; you look in your cloak and bonnet very neat and respectable indeed. You will be forced to wear a gauze veil over your face, and you will travel second class; Barbara and I go first. When we get to the Continetnal Hotel early tomorrow morning—I have already wired there for rooms—I will tell you wnat further steps I shall take."

"But the young lady is so sound asleep, ma'am."

"And isn't that the very thing I want? But she must be just slightly roused in order to put this veil over her face. I shall tell any person who speaks to me that she has just recovered from a very bad illness, and that I am covering her face on purpose; indeed, that I am taking her to see a famous doctor in Paris. You will do best for me by holding your tongue altogether. Now, then, I know that the cab is waiting for us at the top of the cul-de-sac, and we shall be at Victoria in no time."

Mrs. Villiers, as she was now called, accomplished her designs without the least difficulty. Numbers of men and women saw her off, and smiled at her as she went by. One whispered to the other, "Ain't she a torf jest?"—another said, "Ain't she the cleverest nipper in the whole of Lunnon?"

But there is honor amongst thieves; and they, one and all, kept their mouths shut during the moment of danger while Mrs. Villiers was getting Barbara into the cab, following herself, and then Kate taking her place with her back to the horse. A considerable amount of luggage was put upon the roof, and they started for Victoria Station.

When poor little Barbara next awoke, she was far away from London on the road to Newhaven; she arrived at Dieppe in the course of the night, and in Paris early in the morning.

We all know what the feeling is on wakening up after a great catastrophe has happened to us. At first there is the bewilderment, the sensation that the whole thing must be a mistake, then the knowledge that it is no mistake, that the dreadful and awful thing has happened. Barbara gave a low and bitter cry. In a moment her mother was bending over her.

"What is it, my little darling?" she said. She spoke in a low rich, refined voice.

She and Barbara had a compartment to themselves. Mrs. Villers' whole manner had changed she looked very much like what she must have done when Barbara father had fallen madly in love with her many years ago.

"Oh! oh, where am I?" said poor Barbara.

"You are not at all very well, my dear; and I, your mother, am taking you to Paris. I am going to get a very good doctor to see you, and your nurse is travelling with us second-class. Are you comfortable? Let me put this pillow under your head; ah! that's better. Hold mothers' hand, you will be quite comfortable. You know you arranged to call me mother."

"If you wish it," murmured Barbara in a choking voice. Suddenly a great flood of tears rushed to her eyes. She had not cried much during that awful day, she had hardly cried at all since the moment of her kidnapping; but now, now—the strange, new look on her mother's face—the tender tone of her mother's voice, and yet the knowledge that her mother was what she was, was altogether too awful, too terrible for the poor child to endure. She sobbed most bitterly.

"Oh, mother! oh, mother!"

"Child, child, I will be good to you. Here, cuddle up close to me. Now, we shall stop in a few minutes and the porters may come into the carriage; be sure you say 'mother' in their presence, be sure also you take up the role of an invalid. Ah, the train is slowing down. Do you see the lights of the big station? You will enjoy Paris, Barbara; I mean to give you a right good time, my little girl; this job has already been most favorable to me."

So it had, for on board the boat Mrs. Villiers had made friends with several ladies, who discovered afterwards, far too late to recover their property, that they had lost their watches and chains, or other articles of value. Mrs. Villiers had them very carefully hidden away in a secret pocket which she wore under a loose bluose. This was so contrived that the pocket could only be discovered by an absolute and thorough search of her person, which search could not take place unless she was formally arrested. Thus she had no fear. Every one treated her with the greatest respect; she "tipped" handsomely all round. She was strikingly good looking herself, and the weary and tired expression of her little daughter's face—for the veil was now no longer required—and the respectable looking nurse caused people to think well of Mrs. Villiers—certainly not to suspect her of crime.

Presently the train drew up at a great station, and two or three porters came in one after the other. Barbara was lying back on her pillow; tears were streaming down her cheeks. One of the porters said something in French to Mrs. Villiers, who replied to him rapidly in his native tongue. He said, in a tone of sympathy:

"Pauvre petite! Qu'a-t-elle?"

"Elle a ete bien malade. Je l'emmene pour consulter le grand Docteur Armand."

"Ah, oui," said the man, looking with compassion at the girl and with interest? at the handsome lady. He offered to get a cup of coffee for Barbara; Mrs. Villiers gave him a handsome tip when he brought it, and he thought her a very fine lady indeed and the little sick girl most charming. But, then, Barbara's face was of such a nature that, both in sorrow and joy alike she always wore that wonderful sweet expression which was her talisman and which few people in this world of sorrow possess. She therefore attracted sympathy even in the midst of her terrible grief.

As to Mrs. Villiers, she felt her heart beat faster and faster with absolute affection for the child she had lost for seventeen years.

Early in the morning they arrived at Paris, and went straight to the Continental Hotel. There Mrs. Villiers ordered a capacious suite of rooms—two large bedrooms, one for Barbara and one for herself, a small one for the nurse, and a handsome sitting room. She was waited on hand and foot by the obliging staff; and Barbara lay on a sofa, looking wearily around. Where was she now? What would become of her in the end?

Mrs. Villiers, unknown to Barbara, had brought a trunk full of lovely dresses with her to Paris. She accordingly changed into something very rich and gorgeous, and by and by went out for a walk, leaving Kate in charge of Barbara.

"My love," she said, "if you are better tomorrow I will take you to the shops, and you shall choose pretty things for yourself; for my daughter shall never lack luxuries, so long as her mother is about. Today I am obliged to go out on a little business of my own."

She did go out. She did effect her business, to the tune of several hundred francs for the goods she had secured during her journey. Little did the proprietors of the Continental guess that they were harboring in their midst perhaps the most celebrated lady thief at that time in the world.

Barbara lay very still and quiet; she felt quite hopeless; her head ached unceasingly; this was probably caused by the opiate which her wretched mother had given to her before she started on her journey. Kate herself felt excited; she was not troubled by qualms of conscience, and the change from Ferris's shop to this lovely hotel filled her with delight.

(To be Continued)

W.N.U. 1036

PRESIDENT SUSPENDER
NONE-SO-EASY

The Island of Cyprus

The Most Valuable and Important in the Levant

The island of Cyprus, which has been annexed by Great Britain, following a declaration of war on Turkey, is the most valuable and important in the Levant. It had an area of 3,854 square miles and is situated in the Mediterranean sea near the mouth of the gulf of Iskanderun, sixty miles west of Latakia, in Syria, with which it is connected by cable.

It has nominally been a part of the Turkish empire, though for some years virtually a British possession, governed by a British high commissioner. Its mines yield asbestos, gypsum, red jasper, copper, gold and silver. The copper mines once were among the most valuable in the world, and from the name of the island the metal received its name kypros, changed through the Latin and Saxon into copper.

The mountains are covered with valuable timber, chiefly conifers. Silk, wine and tobacco are among the important products of the island and tropical fruits are grown in abundance. Salt also is obtained on the island. The principal cities are Nicosia, the capital, and Larnaca.

Cyprus originally was peopled by the Phoenicians, and afterward was colonized by the Greeks who dedicated it to Venus, establishing the most celebrated temple to this goddess at Paphos. Successively the island belonged to the Assyrians, the Persians, the Egyptians, the Romans and the Byzantines and was one of the first places, out of Palestine, to receive the gospel.

During the crusades Richard I. of England took it from the Mohammedans and gave it to the princes of the Lusignan family. After it had belonged to Venice for a century it was conquered by the Turks in 1571.

In 1878 it was conveyed by treaty to Great Britain, the sultan retaining the sovereignty of the island and accepting an annual payment of money in lieu of its revenues. Its population is about 300,000, of which number about 70,000 are Mohammedans, the others belonging to the Greek church.

He's a great talker. Says a lot of bright things.

Yes. I remember one saying of his that pleased me greatly.

What was it?

Good-night.

Bix—I see there's a report from Holland that concrete bases for German cannon have been found there.

Dix—Don't believe a word you hear from Holland. The geography says it is a low, lying country.

Has he reformed?

Not exactly. He is just flirting with conscience.

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

The Nature of Clays

Probably one of the greatest natural resources of the west is the supply of clay and shale, suitable for ordinary manufacturing purposes. Investigations now going on indicate that clays will be found adapted to the manufacture of more valuable kinds of ceramic goods as well, such as porcelain and china.

Briefly the character of the clays and shales employed for different purposes are as follows:

Kaolins are white burning clays composed mainly of silicas, alumina and water, with a low percentage of Fluxes.

Fire Clays are always capable of withstanding a high degree of heat. No clay should be called a fire clay unless the fusing temperature is higher than 3,000 degrees Fahrenheit. So far very little fire clay has been found in Western Canada. Any clay underlying a coal bed is often called fire clay, but this is decidedly a misuse of the name.

Brick clays—The main requirement is an easily moulded clay and on burning hard at a low temperature and having small loss from cracking and warping. Common red burning brick are made from low grade clay or shale. Pressed brick require a higher grade of material. Paving brick should be plastic, and have good strength and a wide range of temperature between vitrification and fusion. Fireproofing clays should also be plastic and burn to a hard but not vitrified body at a low temperature.

Sewer pipes are vitrified and hence the clays must be high in fluxes. They should also have a wide range of temperature between vitrification and fusion on a proper glaze. Good sewer pipe clays are rare in Alberta.

Terra Cotta clays are of many kinds but generally a semi-fire clay. They are usually buff burning.

Stoneware clays are also generally semi-refractory and must burn to a dense body.

Cement shales or clays must be of such composition as to give a proper burning mix with limestone or marl. They should be free from grit.

Was A Brave Russian Woman

Cossack Girl Rode Fifty Miles For Soldier's Smokes

Remarkable stories of the bravery of women who have gone to the front are coming to hand.

Russia has always been famous for the part played by her women in wars, and the present campaign has proved no exception to the rule.

One, a Cossack girl, went as a trooper with the full knowledge and permission of the immediate authorities, but most of the amazons get there is disguise, many to be near their husbands, and some from sheer love of adventure.

The Cossack girl above mentioned had long distinguished herself in the special martial exercises practised by Cossacks, and could beat most men of her age at feats of horsemanship and sword play. Her name is Helen Choba, and she belongs to the Kuban Cossacks.

A colonel's daughter, Tomiloffskaya by name, distinguished herself on the East Prussian front in the Augustowo series of fights. Like all women at the front, she donned the ordinary soldier's uniform, which she wore so naturally that she passed quite unnoticed among the men.

Those who go with their officer husbands' connivance usually adopt the uniform of an ensign of reserves. Tomiloffskaya was hit on several occasions, but her wounds being slight, she remained on duty. She was once five days under fire with the men.

But she specially distinguished herself as a scout leader in the Augustowo woods, where she had a squad of men under her own command.

Her special piece of service here was intercepting a telegram from the German commander, whence it was ascertained that the German intention was to attack the Russian centre, and of course, it was foiled. Tomiloffskaya has also served as scout orderly in telephonist.

The wife of a captain, a native of Moscow, went through the Galician campaign with her husband, possessed herself of an Austrian horse, sword, and revolver, and was present at all the fights in Galicia, being sometimes ten days at a time under artillery and rifle fire without being injured.

However, the regiment was near Koeszenitze, when the husband was wounded in the wrist. His wife, who was in another part of the fight, only learned of this later. Both are now in Moscow.

Her usual employment during the campaign was to write reports and buy comforts for the men, and she once rode fifty miles to get some tobacco for her husband's company. She declares her intention of returning with her husband to the war as soon as he recovers from his wound.

It has been calculated by an officer of a mathematical turn of mind that the weight of bullets required to kill a man in this war is something like 168 pounds, more than the weight of the average man himself.

You can always trust a piano manufacturer.

Why so?

Because his products are both square and upright.

Ginger & Vim Follow the use of Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

25 and 60c. at all Druggists and stores. Take Abbey Vita Tablets for Sick Nerves.

Good-will Among Men

Are Taught the Lesson of Humanity on the Battlefield

The Rt. Hon. David Lloyd George, telling of his recent visit to the battlefields in France, says in part:

"I recently visited one of the battlefields in France. I saw a village being shelled by German guns. A prisoner of war was just being brought into the French lines. He was wounded and looked ill and in pain. The French general with whom I had gone to the front, went up to the wounded Prussian and told him he need not worry, as he would be taken straight to a hospital and looked after as if he were one of our own men. The Prussian replied: 'We treat your wounded in exactly the same way.'

"It was a curious rivalry under these conditions, for you could hear the whizz of German shells and the shuddering crack with which they exploded, dealing out death and destruction in the French trenches close by. We were in sight of a powerful French battery, which was preparing to send its deadly messengers into the Prussian ranks a little further on.

"I marvelled that this exhibition of good-will among men who were sworn foes should be possible amid such surroundings, until my eyes happened to wander down a lane, where I saw a long row of waggons, each marked with a great Red Cross. Then I knew who had taught these brave men the lesson of humanity that will gradually and surely overthrow the reign of hate. Christ has not died in vain."

Fortune tellers are forbidden to practice in the German empire. Soon after the war broke out, they did an enormous business with relatives of soldiers in the field. Visits to the fortune tellers often had tragic consequences, as many of the callers were in a high state of nervous tension.

Ardent Admirer—Dearest, I have brought you no paltry Christmas gift. I ask you to take me for the present.

Chicago Widow—Well, if it is to be only temporary, you are mine.

"They do the modern dances very well, don't they?"

"They ought. They've got four daughters at home to teach 'em."

Spread E. D. SMITH'S JAM on the children's bread and watch them smile

Can be had from your Grocer

CLARK'S POTTED MEATS—

Full flavored and perfectly cooked make delicious sandwiches.

The child's delight. The picnicker's choice. Everybody's favorite.

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—*Have no Appetite.*

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty.

Cure *Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache.*

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

MRS. HOUSEKEEPER

Christmas time you have a little extra money. Why not make the home a present of an **Eddy Washboard and an Eddy Indurated Fibreware Tub ?**

You will feel the benefit every washday in the year, for the Indurated Tub keeps the water hot for so long that it saves much lifting and carrying of water—and the washboards have a special crimp which without tearing the clothes, loosens the dirt very easily.

Buy your home a Xmas present, Mrs. Housekeeper, but be sure they are EDDY'S

CHILDREN TEETHING

BABY IS VERY COMFORTABLE AND LAUGHS DURING THE TEETHING PERIOD. THANKS TO

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

PURELY VEGETABLE—NOT NARCOTIC

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel 'OUT of SORTS' 'RUN DOWN' 'GOT the BLUES' SUFFER from KIDNEY, BLADDER, NERVOUS DISEASES, CHRONIC WEAKNESS, ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS, PILES, write for FREE CLOTH BOUND MEDICAL BOOK ON these diseases and WONDERFUL CURES effected by THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No 1 No 2 No 3 **THERAPION** and decide for yourself if it is the remedy for YOUR OWN ailment. Absolutely FREE No 'follow up' circulars. No obligations. DR. LECLERC MED. CO, HAVERSTOCK RD, HAMPSTEAD LONDON, ENG WE WANT TO PROVE THERAPION WILL CURE YOU.

PATENTS

Featherstonhaugh & Co., head office, King street east, Toronto, Canada.

Of Course

A woman who had some knowledge of baseball took a friend to a championship contest.

"Isn't that fine?" said the first. "We have a man on every base."

"Why, that's nothing," said the friend. "So have they."

If one be troubled with corns and warts, he will find in Holloway's Corn Cure an application that will entirely relieve suffering.

Just Naturally

"Nice children you have. Which is this?"

"The seventh."

"He seems to be the healthiest looking one of the lot."

"Yes; by the time he came along, his mother had run out of theories."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Proof

"Does Wombat own or rent his house?"

"Rents it."

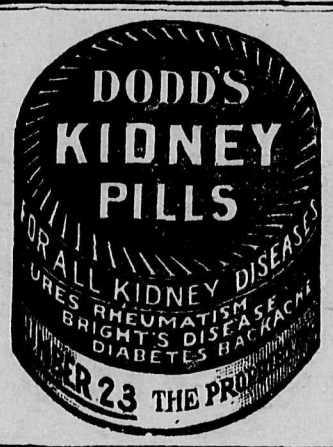
"How do you know?"

"I know all right. He scratches the matches on the paint."

You won't be able to dodge strife,
You won't succeed, my son,
When you have a good aim in life
And tote an empty gun.

"How did the cashier of your bank get into jail?"

"Left the 's' off speculation."



W.N.U. 1036

Italy's National Game

Nothing but the Fingers Are Used to Play the Ancient and Honorable Game of "Morra"

We are apt to look on marbles as the most economical of games, says a writer in the Strand Magazine, but "morra," is perhaps the most economical game in the world, for it demands nothing but a pair of hands.

The players each throw out the right hand, with a number of fingers extended. Then each has to call "five," "three," "eight," or any number that he considers equal to the number of fingers extended by himself and his opponent added together. In this lies the test, for an old hand can divine by the very turn of his opponent's fingers how many he is going to extend. Whenever a player guesses the right total in any throw he counts it on his left hand by folding in a finger of that hand. It takes nine such correct guesses by one player to make a game.

This game is proscribed by law if practised in public, hence the devotees betake themselves to alleys and byways. From the silence of these regions there comes the telltale howl of the raucous players. As game succeeds game and the wine they play for is consumed, the play becomes more intense, the cries more hoarse and loud, so that one would imagine they were dogs barking. No game is older than this—even chess must yield the palm for antiquity—and yet it is as popular and as primitive today as when first played on the banks of the Nile.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

France's Young Hero

Defying German Bullets, Calmly Carries Out Orders of His Officer

With colors flying and the band playing the "Marseillaise," the 127th regiment of French Infantry marched past the youngest soldier in their ranks, Leon Lemaire, who, although only twenty years of age, has been presented with the distinction coveted in the French army above all others, the Military Medal.

This is how he won it.

A few days before the colonel of the 127th had sent Lemaire with an important message to the captain of one of the companies of the regiment in the trenches.

He had no sooner shown himself on the level ground to run forward on his errand than the German troops, whose trenches were here only at short range, opened a fierce fire upon him by volleys. First a bullet passed through the young man's greatcoat; then his cap was struck; his haversack and water bottle were riddled by several shots; then a hole was bored through the scabbard of his bayonet.

Through it all young Lemaire advanced coolly and without faltering, and finally he reached the trench where the captain to whom he bore the message was — remarkably enough, without a wound.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, Price, 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Chancellor Wrong Again

Equally weak is Chancellor von Betamann-Hollweg in his effort to put the blame upon England. It may be true as he says, that the English government could have limited the war by making a firm announcement at St. Petersburg that Great Britain would not permit a European war to spring from the Servian difficulty. Just so, but what would have this meant? It would have meant that England abandoning the entente, would have been joining Germany as an ally in supporting Austria in a war of aggression upon Servia.—Springfield Republican.

Don't Forget About Your Corns

Cure them in one night, by Putnam's Corn Extractor. It is sure, safe and painless, guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Use Windmills to Herald News

In some parts of Holland they have a curious way of signalling items of news by manipulating the sails of the numerous windmills that dot the landscape, says the Wide World Magazine. For instance, the sails "reefed" and set dead square, in the local code, indicates that a baby boy has been born in the miller's family. It is curious to note that the Germans in Eastern Prussia accused the Russians of signalling information in this very way by means of the many windmills of the district.

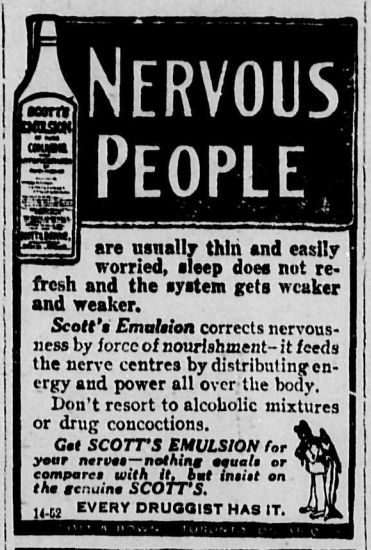
The Wonder of the Slav

For centuries the Slav has lived and, so far as the rest of the world is concerned, still lives just beyond the horizon, says the Century Magazine. There is about him something of the e with which dwellers in valleys look upon high mountains, upon the Alps or the Himalayas.

She's one of those high toned women.

What do you mean?

She insists that children should be seen and not heard but thinks it cruel to muzzle a pet bull dog.



Indians are Good Soldiers

They Show Dash and Fearlessness to a Remarkable Degree

The great endurance and fighting ability of the native troops from India who have come to take part for the first time in history in a war against white troops on European soil have astonished those against whom they have been pitted as well as all the Allied commanders except the British. They have proved as steady under shrapnel fire as the best of their white comrades in arms. The commanders of the Allied armies aver that they show dash and fearlessness to a remarkable degree and have on many occasions displayed great initiative under the most difficult circumstances.

These warriors from the Punjab and Bengal, as their fellow soldiers, the little hardy Ghurkas and Porthans and Jats from the mountains on the Afghan frontier, generally bear the variations of climate with the greatest fortitude. They declare they are fighting for their "Raj" or Emperor, and it is not for them to complain.

When they first went into action they disdained the protection of the shelter trenches and darted across the open at their opponents with their bayonets and knives, much to their cost.

The worms that infest children from their birth are of two kinds, those that find lodgement in the stomach and those that are found in the intestines. The latter are the most destructive, as they cling to the walls of the intestines and if not interfered with work havoc there. Miller's Worm Powders dislodge both kinds and while expelling them from the system serve to repair the damage they have caused.

United States Would Object

The American people would undoubtedly and strenuously resent a European invasion of Canada, wholly regardless of any provocation that Canada has given by participating in the European war.

The position of Americans in such a contingency might be illogical, but it would be taken. It wouldn't be taken out of friendship for England or out of enmity to England's foes. It would be taken out of consideration of our own vital interests. The contingency is so very remote that Mr. Taft might well have omitted its public consideration. Should it arise, however, every real American knows what would happen.—Chicago Tribune.

A big naval gun is used up after firing a hundred rounds. After a hundred rounds the rifling of the core or lining of the gun is destroyed by hot gases from the explosive, not, as one might suppose, by the friction of the shell.

STICK TO IT

Until Tea or Coffee Hits You Hard

It is about as well to advise people to stick to tea and coffee until they get hit hard enough so that they will never forget their experience.

A woman writes and her letter is condensed to give the facts in a short space:

"I was a coffee slave and stuck to it like a toper to his 'cups,' notwithstanding I frequently had severe attacks of sick headache; then I used more coffee to relieve the headache, and this was well enough until the coffee effect wore off. (The effects on the system of tea and coffee drinking are very similar, because they each contain the drug, caffeine).

"Finally attacks of rheumatism began to appear, and ultimately the whole nervous system began to break down and I was fast becoming a wreck.

"After a time I was induced to quit coffee and take up Postum. This was half a year ago. The result has been most satisfactory.

"The rheumatism is gone entirely, nerves practicaly well and steady, digestion almost perfect, never have any more sick headaches and am gaining steadily in weight and strength."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

It Happened in China

Twelve Men Are Put to Death and Whole City is Burned to Avenge Alleged Crime

On July 7, in the prefectorial city of Lluchowfu, in the province of Kwangsi, South China, three men, accused of crime, says the Christian Herald, were stripped half naked, then dragged along the narrow streets, through the city gate to a place outside the city wall, where they were thrown into burning pits, and after suffering indescribable agony in the flames were riddled with bullets and then covered with earth.

The crime charged against them was the murder of four soldiers, who the officials assert were suppressing gambling in the country districts when they were killed by a mob. The report current among the people was that these soldiers became involved in a quarrel, and three of them were killed in the melee that followed. After the execution orders were issued that the entire village be destroyed. Soldiers were sent from house to house and arrested as many men as they could find, and then set fire to the village. The prisoners were brought to the city for punishment, and nine of them were led outside the city wall and shot on the execution ground.

That this is an isolated case of cruelty we are glad to believe, for if in the name of law the Chinese officials are going to resort to the barbarities practised in the Middle Ages it will bring the name of the new republic into disgrace and put far distant the day when claim can be made to civilization.

NERVOUS CHILDREN

The Trouble is Often Really St. Vitus Dance—Do Not Neglect It

Many a child has been called awkward, has been punished in school for not keeping still or for dropping things, when the trouble was really St. Vitus dance. This disease may appear at any age, but is most common between the ages of six and fourteen years. It is caused by thin blood which fails to carry sufficient nourishment to the nerves, and the child becomes restless and twitching of the muscles and jerking of the limbs and body follow. In severe cases the child is unable to hold anything or feed itself. St. Vitus dance is cured by building up the blood. The most successful treatment is to remove the child from all mental excitement, stop school work and give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These Pills renew the blood supply, strengthen the nerves, and restore the child to perfect health. Here is proof of their power to cure. Mrs. Geo. A. MacDonald, Harrington, N.S., says: "My son was attacked by St. Vitus dance; at the outset his muscles would twitch and his step was weak and jerky. We called in a doctor who treated him, but notwithstanding he continued to grow worse and at last grew so bad that he could not hold a cup in his hand, while his head constantly twitched, and his speech became rather indistinct. At this juncture I saw in a paper the cure of a boy from similar trouble through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. We at once sent for a supply, and in a few weeks after he began their use there was considerable improvement, and it was not long after this before he was completely cured, and has never had a symptom of the trouble since. I am convinced that there is no medicine like Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for the cure of St. Vitus dance.

If your dealer does not keep Dr. Williams' Pink Pills you can get them by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Honor the Heroic Dead

There is a solitary grave near Choisyau-Bac, which every day is strewn with flowers.

It is the last resting place of an English soldier, who, quite alone, there fought his last fight till overwhelmed by numbers. During the great retreat he had strayed from his comrades and fallen exhausted from fatigue.

Unable to find them, he took up his quarters in an abandoned carriage, but thirty-six hours later the Germans appeared on the other side of the Aisne and fired at him.

Undeterred by the fact that he was utterly alone, he replied, and such was his determiantion and accuracy of aim that the villagers declare he accounted for six German officers, one of them a general, before he fell under a volley.

The French buried him where he had fought, erected a cross, and in honor of his gallantry lay fresh flowers each day on his grave.

A Standard Medicine.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills compounded of entirely vegetable substances known to have a reviving and salutary effect upon the digestive organs, have through years of use attained so eminent a position that they rank as a standard medicine. The ailing should remember this. Simple in their composition, they can be assimilated by the weakest stomach and are certain to have a healthful and agreeable effect on the sluggish digestive organs.

New York has a story that the kaiser possesses eight 24-inch guns, which he is determined at all costs to instal at Calais. It is added that if necessary he is prepared to sacrifice 350,000 lives in the attempt.

How do you like my new hat, John?

How much did it cost?

Three dollars.

Most becoming hat you ever had on.

MOTHERS!

Don't neglect every-day injuries to which children are subject. A "little" injury if neglected may lead to serious complications. A small cut or scratch neglected may mean blood poison, and may result in the loss of an arm or leg, and sometimes of a life.

Why take chances? Apply Zam-Buk as soon as injuries or skin diseases occur. Zam-Buk quickly kills all germs, stops the bleeding, prevents suppuration and blood poison, and heals quickly.

Mrs. J. E. Bierwirth, of Carnduff, Sask., writes—"My son cut the end off his finger. Zam-Buk stopped the bleeding and gave him such relief that he ceased crying. I decided to see if Zam-Buk would heal the wound, and continued using nothing but Zam-Buk. Complete cure resulted."

Use Zam-Buk for cuts, burns, ulcers, bruises, eczema, piles, cold sores, chilblains, chapped hands, and all skin diseases and injuries. Refuse substitutes. See name "Zam-Buk" on every package. All druggists and stores, 50c box.

ZAM-BUK

EVERY HOME NEEDS IT!

Next Year's Crop

Before the Landsturm was called out the winter wheat crop had been put in. Germany made her next season's food supply secure so far as she could. Then she sent her men to fight. As they came back wounded they find on every railroad station platform a hot soup stand, with nurses and waitresses in attendance. As fast as they regain their strength they go back to the trenches. The growing crop of soldiers is not being neglected. The boys who in England would be Boy Scouts, with bare knees and cowboy hats, are drilling under some retired sergeant.

"They will be ready two—three—years from now," said my informant. "Before they are called up for their first year of service they will have learned at least the first principles of discipline and drill."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Father—What expectations have you?

Suitor—That I will get your consent.

YOU NEVER TIRE OF

CUTICURA SOAP

Because of its refreshing fragrance, absolute purity and delicate emollient skin-purifying properties derived from Cuticura Ointment.

Samples Free by Mail

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. K, Boston, U.S.A.

The Courtenay Review

And Comox Valley Advocate
A Weekly Newspaper, Published at Courtenay, B. C.
N. H. BODEN, Editor and Proprietor
Subscription $1.50 per Year in Advance
Telephone 59

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1915

In British Columbia we produce thirty-eight million dollars worth of foodstuffs, and import twenty million dollars worth of foodstuffs every year. There is no reason under the sun why we should not produce the other twenty millions. There's plenty of fertile land, and large tracts of logged off and light timbered lands where large herds of cattle sheep, and goats, would thrive with scarcely any attention at all. How can a poultry farmer expect to make money out of his flocks if he has to buy all the feed they consume. Nine out of every ten of the so called poultry farmers purchase every scrap of food their chickens eat. This condition should not exist, he should grow every pound of grain or other food required, then his poultry would pay, just the same as beef or hogs. Let a farmer buy all the food he requires to feed beef and hogs and see where he gets off at. The same applies to dairy farming. Take a good look round the valley and see which farmers are making money and which are not. Those who grow all the feed they can, and keep stock enough to eat it up, whether they be tenant farmers or not, are the ones who have the bank accounts today, Those who keep cattle and buy most of their feed from the feed stores are the ones who have difficulty in making ends meet. The moral is, clear up a few acres more land each year and grow your own feed.

Instead of mooning 'bout the town
Groaning about the times,
Take off your coat and clear the land.
And you will have the coin.

Patriotism and Production

There was a large gathering of the people of the district at the Opera House to hear what the speakers sent out by the government had to say. The first speaker was Mr. Blackmore of Victoria who, though not a farmer, recognized that the great wealth of the country was produced on the farm. Without them nothing could be done. Merchants, brokers, bankers, in fact everybody knows it, The farmer generally looks with suspicion upon anyone who tries to tell him what to do, and with some justice, This campaign was not to try to tell the farmer what or what not to do, but to ask him to do more, produce more grain, feed stock, etc. Farming is the chief source of wealth of Canada. There is now tied up in Southern Russia, nearly 400 million bushels of wheat which usually finds its way to Britain, who will look to Canada to supply the shortage, so that a safe market is sure to be found for everything we can possibly produce Then if we once get this market there is little chance of losing it afterwards.

Professor Klinck spoke on the subject of intense cultivation. The most marked improvement in the last few years had been seen in agricultural results in Germany because of the study of intense cultivation. In Western Canada several things tended to increase the cost of production, such as the price of land, the question of labor, and the inexperience of the laborer. Coupling these with the low prices ruling most of the time, the importance of intense cultivation could easily be seen. The call of the Empire was for more food not for a larger acreage of crops, for in many cases it was found that increased production did not bring any greater profits. The key to the whole situation was to be found in a study of the crop, in such

(continued next week)

Rev. T. Menzies is at Victoria this week.

Coal oil 25c per gallon or $1 per tin at Courtenay Oil & Supply co. Bring your own tin.

A whist drive and dance is being held at Royston this (Thursday) evening. Proceeds in aid of the new school.

The meeting of the council and Electric Light Co. last Thursday afternoon resulted in nothing being done. Mr. Clinton did not ask for any specific franchise or agreement, on account of the hostile attitude of some of the council. The Electric Light Company is here. Nothing except a costly lawsuit can put them out, and even there the question is in doubt. The city has no money to spend in Lawsuits, and could not at the present time put in either a lighting or a water plant. The next best thing to do is to give the Company a franchise, ten years is the limit. The city can always buy the Company out cheaper than they can instal the equipment.

The first load of cows bought by the Comox Valley Live Stock Association arrived here last Saturday morning. They are reported to be a fine lot They were taken by the following:—A. Piercy 4; A. E. Embleton 4; W. Brown 4; G. Swan 4; W. T. Wain 4; C. F. Jackson 2; J. Baily 2.

The smoker held by the Masons and their friends to bid good bye to Bro. Milligan, on the occasion of his leaving to join the third contingent, was a most successful affair. The evening was spent in song, story, annecdote and refreshment interspersed with scotch dancing, and the sword dance by J. Thompson. On behalf of the members of the lodge, Bro. McQuade said that the prayers of the members would go up to the great Architect of the Universe for his safety at the front, Bro. Milligan made a suitable reply, stating that he would never forget the brethren at Courtenay wherever he might be. On Monday morning the brethren and a large number of lady friends gathered at the station to bid Bro. Milligan and his sister Mary, who is going as a nurse, God-speed. A short address was made by W M. Bro. McKenzie accompanied by a case containing a pair of military brushes to Mr. Milligan. Mrs Parkin delivered a short address accompanied by a nurse's chatellaine, to Miss Milligan, from the wives of the Masons and their friends. We all hope to see Bro. Milligan and his sister safe with us again after the war. Bro. Ben Ward has also signified his intention of joining the 3rd contingent and is at Victoria this week making arrangements.

Campbell's
CUMBERLAND

FIRST SHIPMENT OF
Spring Millinery

Ladies', Misses and Children's Pattern and Ready-To-Wear Hats

Newest Creations in Shapes and French Sailors with Military Effects

A large assortment of Imported Novelties in Childrens and Infants Hats and Bonnets. This being a sample lot there are no two alike; ranging in price from 50c to $3

Specialties in Childrens and Infants Silk Embroidery, Muslin and Cambric

Frocks and Pinafores from 75c to $2.50

Other Spring Goods to arrive Shortly

Campbell's

Coal oil 25c per gallon or $1 per tin at McKean's. Bring your own tin.

LAND REGISTRY ACT

IN THE MATTER of an application for a Fresh Certificate of Indefeasible Title to Lots 2, 109, 120 (excepting thereout Blocks 17 and 24, Map 507 A) and Lot 26 (excepting thereout a strip 1 chain in width measured from High Water Mark) all in Sayward District, in the Province of British Columbia.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN of my intention at the expiration of one calender month from the first publication hereof to issue fresh certificates of Indefeasible Title issued to Richard Thomas Elliott on the 29th day of December 1910, the 7th day of October 1910, the 12th day of October 1910, and the 5th day of February 1912, and numbered 2458, 2213, 2216 and 4638 respectively, which have been lost.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, at Victoria, B. C., this 25th day of January 1915.

"S. Y. WOOTTON"
Registrar General of Titles

TAILORED SUITS

Manufactured by
COOK BROS. & ALLAN, LTD.
The Art Tailoring Co.
TORONTO

We have received our new outfit of Spring and Summer Suit Samples and Showcards. Over 400 samples in all shades latest patterns and styles. Fit, quality and workmanship guaranteed. Our first misfit has yet to come. See our Show Windows

LOGGIE BROS.
Telephone 34 — Next Royal Bank

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

A Genuine Bargain Sale

Lady's, Misses, Children's, Boys' and Men's Shoes to go at Big Reductions
All New Stock

A fine line of Boys and Men's Sweaters at cost price

THE CORNER STORE
Parkin Bros.
Telephone 4 — SAND WICK

C. P. DUNDAS
Barrister and Solicitor, Notary Public
P. O. Box 209
Phone 24 — Courtenay

F. PIKE
Plastering Contractor
The Dyke — COURTENAY
Estimates Furnished — Work Guaranteed

NEW ENGLAND HOTEL
CUMBERLAND
Bar supplied with the finest brands of Liquors and Cigars
JOS. WALKER - - Proprietor

First-Class Plumbing
Hot Water and Steamfitting
Jackson & Whittle
Phone 9 — Courtenay

PERCY WINCH
"GRAND DUKE CIGARS"
SIDNEY, B. C.

MORIN & DAY
General Blacksmiths
olicit Your Patronage. Careful Attention Given to Horses Feet
MILL STREET — COURTENAY

Palace Livery & Feed Stable
Horses and Buggies for Hire at Terms cash.
We also attend to wood hauling
JAS. CAIRNS & SON
Proprietors
Courtenay — Phone 25

When In Doubt Play Trumps
Have Goard Tune Your Piano
Factory Experience
Recommends from Leading Musicians from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Copies of same furnished on request
W. J. Goard will be in this city about April 1st, Leave orders at this Office, or write direct to
845, 8th Ave., W. - Vancouver

Cumberland Hotel
Good Accomodation — Cusine Excellent
Wm. Merryfield
Proprietor

Pearse's Pool Room
BILLIARDS and POOL
Best Tables In Town
OVER THE CO-OP. BUTCHER STORE

To Bake or Not to Bake?
The former is really unnecessary when Bread from the Courtenay Bakery is available indby reason ofquality has so many votaries. Get the A B habit and satisfaction
W. Aitken - rop.
Opposite new Presbyterian Church

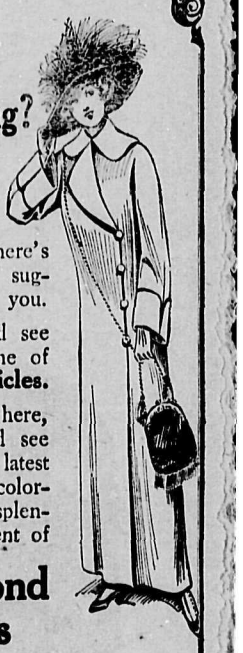
THE CASH STORE — **W. G. McKEAN** — WE SELL FOR LESS
General Merchant

Do You Remember

The beautiful patterns of Wall Paper we showed you last spring and summer? This year's stock has just come to hand, and we can assure you they are the finest ever shown in the district; comprising Ingrains and Oatmeals in good serviceable colors. Also a selection of Specially Prepared Washable Paper for your Kitchen or Bathroom at
EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES

W. G. McKEAN - General Merchant

Going Shopping?



Well then here's a shopping suggestion for you.
Stop in and see our new line of **Toilet Articles.**
And while here, be sure and see Fashion's latest fancies in colorings in our splendid assortment of
Diamond Dyes
They sell for 10 cents a package.
at Robertson's

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., L.L.D., D.C.L., President
ALEXANDER LAIRD, General Manager JOHN AIRD, Ass't General Manager

CAPITAL, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS

Interest at the current rate is allowed on all deposits of $1 and upwards. Careful attention is given to every account. Small accounts are welcomed. Accounts may be opened and operated by mail.

Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons, withdrawals to be made by any one of them or by the survivor. 821

F. C. BROCK, Manager, Courtenay Branch

COMOX

Mr. Horace Smith, late of the Comox Sawmill, is going to the front. Wish him luck.

Mrs. H. Smith and daughter, of Vancouver, are guests with Dr. and Mrs Beadnell.

Rev. F. Franklin-Watson is resting nicely and expects to be round again in a few days.

Jack Martin returned from Vancouver on Sunday's boat.

Very favorable reports come from Mr. W R. Robb, who expects to be home on Friday's boat.

Ven. Archdeacon Scrivens, of Victoria, arrived by Saturday's train and conducted the services at St. Peter's church on Sunday, returning on Monday. While here the Rev. gentleman visited the Sisters at the hospital and expressed himself as greatly pleased with the arrangements of the institution.

Mr. Eustice Smith left for Vancouver on Sunday's boat.

The Comox Sawmill Co., are figuring on a large order for railway ties. Let us hope they land it, getting out three million ties would keep some of the boys busy this season.

Mr. Partington of the Lazo store has just received his appointment as postmaster at that place, vice Mr. Pigott resigned.

The basket ball team were defeated at Cumberland on Monday evening by the score of 12 to 10.

Capt. Brown, of the S. S Charmer, paid his farewell visit to Comox on Sunday. He is going on the Steamer Mary. He has been on the Comox run for a great many years. His many friends in the Comox district who patronize the Charmer will be sorry to miss his familiar face from the bridge in future.

Mrs. Pickles, of Denman Island, is a guest at the Sister's hospital.

Born—At the hospital on Feb. 4th to Mr. and Mrs. P. Dohoney a son.

Jack Miller's many friends are sorry to learn that he has taken his departure from our midst. During his two years residence here he had gained the confidence of nearly all with whom he came in contact. He was a regular attendant at all the dances in the neighborhood, and was prominent in all things tending to lighten the burdens of life. His friends wish him the best of luck in his new sphere of operations, and trust he will make as many friends as he lesves in Comox.

The Conseryative Party

Mr. Editor,—There has been considerable agitation on the part of the Liberal party throughout the province to bring discredit and dishonor on the present Government. The Liberals are making good use of the hard times throughout the province and dominion. While they were never guilty of accrediting the progress and prosperity of the province to the good and wise government, they do not for a moment hesitate to lay the blame of the present hard times to the maladministration of the powers that be. The Liberals, while never overburdened with wisdom, are well aware of the fact that every party has followers to do all for the party as long as the "loaves and fishes" come their way, but who, on the first sight of trouble forsake and deny the hand that administered to their needs. These malcontents the Liberals welcome to their ranks furnish them with inflated pigskins into which they put a few dried peas, like the "Dominion Trust Affair," with which to make noise enough to stampede a herd of elephants. For years the Liberals have been in the trail of the Government at Victoria for indications of graft. The search has been long and weary. To break the monotony, they sniff, and tuss, and bark their fool head off, invariably up the wrong tree.

The Government at Victoria, while for years has had no opposition, has been in a position where the heads of that great party had to show an abnormal amount of integrity, resolution, and efficiency.

This statement needs some explanation. It has been the record of history, that whenever any political organization has had such supreme control of the affairs of state, corruption, vice, blackmail, and graft, has been bred to such an extent that the whole edifice crumbles to pieces. It is useless to cite instances in countries much older than ours. The thing is so true that it is asking the impossible to get any one to gainsay it. The Liberals are so sure of it that they claim this to be true of the Government of B. C., even while they cannot lay a finger on any member of the Legislature, Nevertheless it is true in spite of the long term of office, the Government at Victoria, in my humble opinion, hold the most unique position of any political party in history.

(To be continued.)

Mrs. Kepner returned home on Tuesday.

Coal oil 26c per gallon or $1 per tin at Courtenay Oil & Supply co. Bring your own tin.

Although both Canada and the United States have contributed very generously in foodstuffs to the Belgians, it is stated that the amount doled out is barely enough to sustain life,

Our member, H. P. Clements, has been appointed to serve on the following committees during the session of Parliament: Railways, Canals, and Telegraph lines, Public accounts, and Marine and fisheries.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

In the Matter of William Albert Styles, Deceased, and in the Matter of the Administration Act

TAKE NOTICE that by order of His Honor Judge Hunter, made the 21st day of December, A. D. 1914, I was appointed administrator to all and singular the estate of William Albert Styles, deceased; and all parties having claims against the said Estate are hereby required to furnish same, properly verified to me on or before the First day of March 1915.

And all parties indebted to said Estate are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness to me forthwith.

WESLEY WILLARD,
Official Administrator.

Dated this 29lit day of January A D. 1915

PORT AUGUSTA HOTEL
Comox, B. C.

First-class Accommodation. Best Quality Wines Liquors and Cigars

R. McCuish, Prop.

J. LA FOREST
General Blacksmith
COMOX - B. C.
Telephone M92

Canadian Fairbanks Horse Engines and Pumping Outfits
Horseshoeing and Ironing a Specialty
Try our Excelsior Hoof Ointment
All Work Guaranteed

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Buggies and Express Wagons
All Rigs Guaranteed and Sold at the Lowest Possible Price
GEORGE B. LEIGHTON
Blacksmith and Carriage Builder COURTENAY

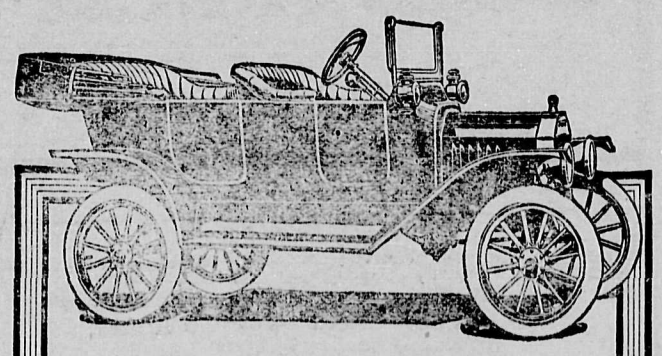
THE ANNUAL MEETING
of the
Courtenay Conservative Asso'n
will be held in the
Courtenay Opera House
on
Thursday, February 25, 1915
at 8:00 p. m. sharp
ALL CONSERVATIVES ARE INVITED

Samuel Calhoun, President
Frank D. Cameron, Hon. Secretary

Comox Co-Operative Society

Dealers in all kinds of Meats, Butter, Eggs and Farmer's Produce, Cooked Meats a Specialty. We sell only the best. Prices are always low and satisfactory. We pay best prices for produce

Phone No. 2 **Courtenay**



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car Price $590

Prices on other Ford cars are: Two-Passenger Runabout $540, Two-Passenger Coupelet $850, Five-Passenger Sedan $1150. All cars fully equipped, including electric headlights. Prices F. O. B. Ford, Ont. Buyers of all Ford cars will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1, 1914 and August 1, 1915 All Ford cars are on exhibition at the

FORD GARAGE, COURTENAY

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Cook With ELECTRICITY

We are still offering our Special Terms for Wiring

You incur no obligation by asking as for information and estimates

Courtenay Electric Light, Heat & Power Co., Ltd.

Phones: Office 35, Res. 65 Office: Mill Street

Quick Help For Chest Soreness! All Congestion Made To Go Quickly

Worst Cold or Sore Throat Cured in Quick Order

RUB ON NERVILINE

Rub Nerviline plentifully over the neck and chest—rub it in well—lots of rubbing can't hurt. The relief will be surprising.

Nerviline is effective because it is powerful—about five times stronger than an ordinary liniment. Nerviline is penetrating, sinks in through the tissues, gets right in where the soreness and congestion really are. Its action is marvellously soothing. Rubbed on at night, it draws out the inflammation, and before morning takes away that feeling of tightness, and stops the cough entirely.

Where can you find so powerfully searching a relief as Nerviline for a bad cold? Search the world over and you'll discover nothing half so good.

For nearly forty years Nerviline has been quickly curing colds, coughs and throat troubles. Thousands use it for rheumatism, sciatica and neuralgia—they all speak well of this grand family liniment, because they have proved its almost magical power.

Whenever you have an ache or pain, be it neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, joint or muscle stiffness always remember that Nerviline is the quickest, safest cure. Every good dealer in medicine sells the large 50c family size bottle of Nerviline, trial size 25c, or direct from the Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Canada.

CITY IS MINING GOLD

Edmonton Turns to Industry to Keep Men Employed in Time of War

How to provide for the army of the unemployed thrown out of work because of the business depression resulting from the European war, says the Popular Mechanics Magazine, is naturally a much more serious problem in the British colonies than anywhere else outside of the continent of Europe. The city of Edmonton, Alta., has found at least a partial solution, and one that puts no added burden either on the taxpayer or the charitable.

The bars of the Saskatchewan river which runs through the city, contain much gold dust of the very fine variety. With the out break of the European war and the necessity to provide as much available work for men whom war conditions might throw out of employment, the city council turned to the gold mining industry, which offered returns wtihin a hundred yards of the city's main streets. A number of experienced mining men who had settled in the city after the Klondike rush of '98 offered to act for a while as instructors to the uninitiated, and some two hundred men soon went to work. The average clean up per man for the months of August and September was about $1.50 to $2 a day.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—Theodore Dorais, a customer of mine, was completeiy cured of rheumatism after five years of suffering, by the judicious use of MINARD'S LINIMENT.

The above facts can be verified by writing to him, to the Parish Priest or any of his neighbors.

A. COTE, Merchant.

St. Isidore, Que., 12 May, '98.

Marie—And at the place where I stayed this summer, a green young hired hand tried to kiss me. He told me he'd never kissed a girl in his life, and——

Gwendy—And what did you tell him?

Marie—I told him that I was no agricultural experiment station.

"Then you didn't ask for her hand?"

"No; when I went to interview her father, he was busy with the furnace. He said to come down, and after watching his struggles for half an hour I didn't want to get married."

Duke's Awards to Brave Boy Scouts

The following awards by the Chief Scout, H.R.H., the Duke of Connaught, to Canadian Boy Scouts for conspicuous bravery, are announced:

Scout Wm. J. Barrie of Montreal, rescued lad from drowning in a disused quarry, awarded silver cross.

Scout John Hope, Lachute, Que., brought drowning boy ashore, awarded silver cross.

Scout Eric Braund, Banner, Man., rescued girl who had fallen through ice at Winnipeg awarded scroll of honor, signed by Chief Scout.

Scout Allan Hovey, Stanstead, Que., went to assistance of comrade in difficulty in water, received letter of recommendation from the Chief Scout.

Good Sleep Good Health

Exhausted Nerves Were Fully Restored by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

When the nerve force expended in the day's work and in the act of living is not replenished by restful sleep at night you have cause to be alarmed, as physical bankruptcy stares you in the face. This letter directs you to the most satisfactory cure for sleeplessness.

Mr. Dennis Mackin, Maxton, Sask., writes: "I have just finished using the sixth box of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and I must say that when I commenced using it my nerves were so bad that I could scarcely get any sleep. I would lie in bed nearly all night without sleep, and anyone who has this trouble knows the misery of sleepless nights. The Nerve Food helped me from the start, and has built up my nervous system wonderfully. I now enjoy good, sound sleep, and instead of feeling tired in the morning I am strong and healthy, and well fitted for my daily work."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, 6 for $2.50; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

For the Old Folks at Home

"What is in the mail from daughter?" asked mother eagerly.

"A thousand kisses," answered father grimly, "and sixteen handkerchiefs, two waists and four batches of ribbons for you to wash and mend."

Modern Church Architecture

"But," said a member of the building committee to the architect, "you haven't a single spire on the church."

"No. In these days of advanced civiliaztion it is better to build your churches warproof."

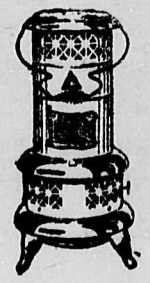
The Comfort *Baby's* Morning Dip

"GOODNESS KNOWS," says the Comfort Baby's Grandmother, "what we'd do without this Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater.

"If I'd only had one when you were a baby, you'd have been saved many a cold and croupy spell."

For warming cold corners and isolated upstairs rooms, and for countless special occasions when extra heat is wanted, you need the Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater.

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATERS



The Perfection is light, portable, inexpensive to buy and to use, easy to clean and to rewick. No kindling; no ashes. Smokeless and odorless. At all hardware and general stores. Look for the Triangle trademark,

Made in Canada

ROYALITE OIL is best for all uses

THE IMPERIAL OIL CO., Limited

Winnipeg, Calgary, Regina, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, Edmonton, Saskatoon, Vancouver, Toronto, Ottawa.

Life the Penalty

Scoffer Killed by Limb From "Spirit" Under Which He Trampled "Joss" Sticks

In the Straits Settlements and Malay Peninsula both the Malays and Chinese believe that many trees have their tutelary spirits, says C. E. G. Tisdale, in the Wide World Magazine. Such trees are easily recognizable, owing to their having "joss" or incense sticks placed either close to their roots or in a fork between the branches—the offerings of the Chinese—or decoration consisting of bits of various colored cloth, the Malay token of devotion.

One such tree is still to be seen in Stamford road, the main thoroughfare of Singapore, and in connection with this particular tree a curious accident happened only a few months ago. A rich young Baba, or Straitsborn Chinese, named Lee Khia Guan, who had been educated in England at Cambridge University, was taking a stroll in the evening with a friend, and when passing this tree noticed a lot of joss sticks burning at its roots. With a laugh at the superstitions of the uneducated coolies who had placed the incense there, he kicked the joss sticks over and trampled on them. He then rejoined his companion and they went for a walk round the esplanade. As they walked along his friend remonstrated with him for his action, pointing out that, after all, though he did not believe in it himself, there "might be something in it," and, for his part, he preferred to leave such things severely alone, as he had heard of cases where accidents had happened to persons who interfered with such trees.

Lee Khia Guan ridiculed the idea of such a thing and pointed out that no European or educated persons believed in "haunted" trees, but only the ignorant coolies. Three days later, while Lee Khia Guan was on his way to town in his motor car, just as he passed under this tree a huge branch fell right across the car, killing him on the spot, and smashing all the front part of the car. When examined the branch showed no trace of the ravages of white ants, and there seemed to be no reason for its having broken, as there was no wind that morning.

Its Virtue Cannot be Described.—No one can explain the subtle power that Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil possesses. The originator was surprised himself by the wonderful qualities that his compound possessed. That he was the benefactor of humanity is shown by the myriads taht rise in praise of this wonderful Oil. So familiar is everyone with it that it is prized as a household medicine everywhere.

Persian Lamb in Africa

If Great Britain retains German Southwest Africa the caracul skin industry there should receive increased attention.

Caracul sheep were first imported into German Southwest Africa from Bokhara in 1907, and the sandy soil of some parts of the country seems to suit the animals admirably.

Professor Wallace of Edinburgh having recently recommended a trial of Caracul sheep in Great Britain, an experiment is being made with them in Scotland, and good results are stated to have been obtained.

Some specimens of the sheep have been successfully introduced into Natal and other parts of South Africa, where, however, little attention seems to have been paid to the production of "Persian" lamb skins. A flock of caracul sheep has recently been imported into Newfoundland, and the results of this important experiment will be awaited wtih interest.

Asthma Can be Cured. Its suffering is as needless as it is terrible to endure. After its many years of relief of the most stubborn cures no sufferer can doubt the perfect effectiveness of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Comfort of body and peace of mind return with its use and nights of sound sleep come back for good. Ask your druggist; he can supply you.

Jack Tar's Rations

"Jack Tar" must be kept in tip-top condition if he is to carry out his duties efficiently, and the naval authorties help him to do this by giving him plenty of good wholesome food.

The following are the amounts of provisions carried on board a man-o'-war with a crew of just under 800 men:

Fresh meat, 1 ton; fresh vegetables, 2 tons; salt pork, 920 lbs.; flour, 45 tons; biscuits, 1 ton; preserved meat, 3¾ tons; tinned salmon, ¾ ton; tinned rabbit, 1,418 lbs.; pickles, 1¼ tons; suet, 340 lbs.; split peas, ¼ ton; dried beans and peas, 1½ tons; celery seeds, 53 lbs.; condensed milk, 5½ tons; sugar, 20 tons; tea, 1¾ tons; coffee, ½ ton; drinking chocolate, 2¼ tons; jam, 1 ton; raisins, ¼ ton; rice, ½ ton; mustard, 325 lbs.; pepper, 250 lbs.; salt, 1½ tons; vinegar, 150 gallons; rum, 1,236 gallons; soap, 6½ tons; tobacco, 2 tons.

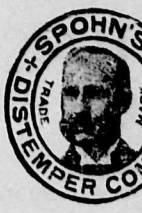
Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Sir Donald Ross, who discovered how the mottled winged mosquito carries malaria, claims that Mediterranean fever is carried principally by the milk of infected goats. Leprosy has been attributed to bedbugs, and some are even beginning to think that the disease of measles is due to fleas.

Mrs. Oldun—I buy my husband a box of cigars every Christmas.

Mrs. Newed—But I thought you objected to his smoking at home.

Mrs. Oldun—So I do—and he never does.



For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Epizootic, Shipping Fever, and Catarrhal Fever.

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue, acts on the Blood and Glands, expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine kidney remedy. Cut this out. Keep it. Show it to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet. "Distemper, Causes and Cures." DISTRIBUTORS—ALL WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists GOSHEN, IND., U.S.A.

WHO WILL PAY OFF THAT MORTGAGE Should You Die Suddenly?

Keep the Roof over the Children's Head by a Policy in

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OFFICES: Winnipeg, Edmonton, Saskatoon, Vancouver, Calgary, Regina. Agents Wanted.

COWANS SOLID CHOCOLATE MAPLE BUDS

"Maple Buds" is a name which distinguishes a quality, a flawless standard of chocolate purity and deliciousness, rather than simply the form in which the chocolate is moulded.

"Made in Canada."

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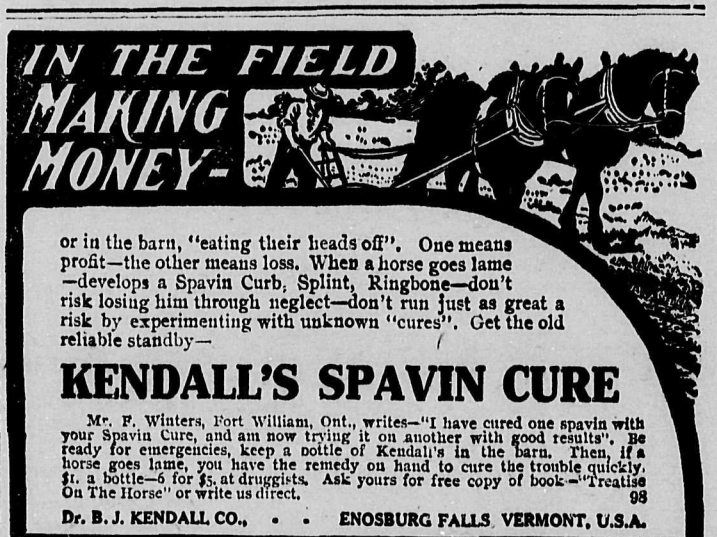

IN THE FIELD MAKING MONEY—

or in the barn, "eating their heads off". One means profit—the other means loss. When a horse goes lame—develops a Spavin Curb, Splint, Ringbone—don't risk losing him through neglect—don't run just as great a risk by experimenting with unknown "cures". Get the old reliable standby—

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

Mr. F. Winters, Fort William, Ont., writes—"I have cured one spavin with your Spavin Cure, and am now trying it on another with good results". Be ready for emergencies, keep a bottle of Kendall's in the barn. Then, if a horse goes lame, you have the remedy on hand to cure the trouble quickly. $1. a bottle—6 for $5. at druggists. Ask yours for free copy of book—"Treatise On The Horse" or write us direct. 98

Dr. B. J. KENDALL CO., • • ENOSBURG FALLS, VERMONT, U.S.A.

FARMERS

Can always make sure of getting the highest prices for WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY and FLAX, by shipping their car lots to FORT WILLIAM AND PORT ARTHUR and having them sold on commission by

THOMPSON SONS AND COMPANY,

THE WELL-KNOWN FARMERS' AGENTS.

ADDRESS 701-703 Y., GRAIN EXCHANGE, WINNIPEG.

Improvement in Service

The comfort and well being of the passengers who travel on the Canadian Pacific is always foremost in the minds of the official of the company, and further evidence of this is to be found in the official announcement made today that all the cars in the Montreal-Chicago service have been equipped with an up-to-date valet service, so that you can now have your clothes brushed and pressed while you sleep. Simultaneously with this pronouncement comes the decision of the Canadian Pacific to discontinue the use of the toothpicks on the tables of the dining cars. This step has not been taken without serious consideration. Many letters of complaints have been received in this connection, and it is pretty well known that provision of toothpicks at first class hotels and restaurants is now considered not quite the thing.

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It is a standard remedy and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

Little Brother—Mamma, there's a fat man sitting out on the porch in the dark.

Mamma—It isn't a fat man dear. Sister is showing her beau the one-step.

Two Faults

"The only trouble with my speech," said the remorseful man, "is that I didn't know when to stop."

"It's worse than that," replied Mr. Growcher. "The trouble is you didn't know when not to begin."

She (passionately)—Will you be true to me?

He (tenderly)—As true as the rose bloom in your cheeks.

She—Why—er—isn't the moon grand?

Woman's Health

and spirits depend upon her digestion and circulation. Sallow skin, pimples, facial blemishes and depression disappear after the system has been cleansed and the blood purified by

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Directions of Special Value to Women with Every Box. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents

AMERICAN VERDICT ON THE WAR A CONDEMNATION OF GERMANY

A SPIRITED REPLY TO THE GERMAN PROFESSORS

Their Sophistry Endeavored to Win the Sympathy of the American People, and Place the Blame for the War on Great Britain and Her Allies

Ninety-three of the most prominent men of Germany, distinguished in various branches of science, art, education, and literature, have recently circulated broadcast throughout America a letter entitled "An Appeal to the Civilized World," in which they attempt to change public opinion in the United States on the subject of the war. Mr. Church, president of the Carnegie institute, at Pittsburgh, and author of "The Life of Oliver Cromwell," has made reply to the German appeal, which is addressed to Dr. Fritz Schaper, of Berlin. He says:

"It gives me a feeling of pity to note the importunity with which the people of Germany are seeking the good opinion of America in this strife. It is greatly to their credit that they wish to stand right in the judgment of this nation. But Germany need have no fear that American public opinion will be perverted by the lies and calumnies of her enemies. We are all going deeper than the surface in our search for the truth. Your letterspeaks of Germany as being in a struggle which has been forced upon her. That is the whole question; all others are subsidiary. If this struggle was forced upon Germany, then, indeed, she stands in a position of mighty dignity and honor, and the whole world should acclaim her and succour her, to the utter confusion and punishment of the foes who have attacked her. But if this outrageous war was not forced upon her, would it not follow in the course of reason that her position is without dignity and honor and that it is her foes who should be acclaimed and supported to the extreme limit of human sympathy?

"I believe, dear Dr. Shaper, that the judgment on this paramount question has been formed. That judgment is not based upon the lies and calumnies of the enemies of Germany, nor upon the careless publications contained in the newspapers, but upon a profound study of the official correspondence in the case. What do the official documents prove?

After reviewing the evidence Mr. Church concludes:

"Who began it? Was it England? Scarcely so, for England, in so far as her army is concerned, had yielded to the popular idea of arbitration; she was not ready for war and will not be ready for another six months. Was it France? Was it Russia? Not one of the 93 distinguished men who have sent me this letter, if they will read the evidenc, will say so. It was Austria, who, by her unreasonable and inexorable attack on Servia, began the war, supported at every step by Germany, who, in her turn, gave notice to the Powers of Europe that any interference with Austria would be resented by Germany to the full limit of war."

Mr. Church proceeds:

"The next point in your letter reads thus: 'It is not true that we trespassed in neutral Belgium.' Have these 93 men studied well the letter they have signed? Could intellects so superbly trained deliberately certify to such an unwarranted declaration? Has any one of my 93 honored correspondents read the appeal to the American people by Imperial Chancellor von Bethmar-Hollweg, published in the American newspapers on August 15? I fear nor, for in that statement the chancellors aid: 'We were compelled to override the just protests of the Luxemburg and Belgian governments. The wrong—I speak frankly—that we are committing we will endeavor to make good as soon as our military goal has been reached.'

"What will the good conscience of the German people say when, in spite of its passion in the rage of war, it grasps the awful significance of the confession of its imperial chancellor? 'The wrong that we are committing.' The wreck and ruin of a country that has done you no injury, the slaughter of her sons, the expulsion of her king and government, the blackmail of her substance, the destruction of her cities, with their happy homes, their beautiful monumen's of historic times, and the priceless works of human genius! 'The wrong that we are committing.' Worst of all, when the desperate and maddened populace, seeing their sons slain and their homes in flames, fired from their windows in the last instinct of nature, your troops, with barbaric ferocity, put them to the sword without distinction of age or sex! The wrong! Oh, Doctor Schaper, if these conditions should ever be reversed and these foreign soldiers should march through the streets of Berlin, would not you, would not all of my 93 correspondents, if they saw their homes battered in ruins and their sons dead in the streets, would they, too, not fire from their windows upon the merciless invaders? I am sure I would do so!

"Your reference to German militarism brings up in my mind the conviction that this war began potentially 25 years ago when Emperor William II. ascended the throne, declared himself Supreme War Lord and proceeded to prepare his nation for war. His own children were raised from their babyhood to consider themselves soldiers and to look forward to a destiny of slaughter, and here in America we know even his daughter only by her photograph in a colonel's uniform. And so with his own children, so all the youth of his empire were brought up.

"Going far away from your great philosopher, Kant who in his Categorical Imperative has taught us all a new golden rule, the national spirit of Germany has been fed on the sensual materialism of Nietzsche, on the undisguised bloodthirst of General Bernhardi, on the wicked war dreams of Trietschke, and on the weak morality of von Buelow; and we behold in every scrap of evidence that we can gather from your Emperor, his children, his soldiers, his statesmen and his professors that Germany held herself a nation apart from the rest of the world and superior to it and, predestined to maintain that superiority by war. In contrast to this narrow and destructive spirit of nationalism we in America have learned the value of humanity above the race so that we cherish all mankind in the bosom of our country. Therefore we can do nothing but execrate the conduct of your emperor who has driven his troops to slaughter their brethren and be slaughtered by them in his bloody and unspeakable conflict.

"And, so, at last, my dear Dr. Schaper, we find ourselves shocked, ashamed, and outraged that a Christian nation should be guilty of this criminal war. There was no justification for it. Armed and defended as you were, the whole world could never have broken into your borders. And while German culture still has something to gain from her neighbors, yet the intellectual progress which Germany was making seemed to be lifting up her own people to better things for themselves and to an altruistic service to mankind. Your great nation floated its ships in every ocean, sold its wares in the uttermost parts of the earth, and enjoyed the good favor of humanity, because it was trusted as a humane state. But now all this achievement has vanished, all this good opinion has been destroyed. You cannot in half a century regain the spiritual and material benefits which you have lost. Oh, that we might have again a Germany that we could respect, a Germany of true peace, of true progress, of true culture, modest and not boastful, for ever rid of her war lords and her armed hosts, and turning once more to the uplifting influence of such leaders as Luther, Goethe, Beethoven, and Kant! But Germany, whether you win or lose in this war, has fallen, and the once glorious nation must continue to pursue its course in darkness and murder until conscience at last bids it withdraw its armies back to its own boundaries there to hope for the world's pardon upon this inexpiable damnation.—London Times.

A Campaign to Encourage Production

Farmers Throughout Dominion Invited to Assist in Great Movement

The government is planning an active campaign to stimulate agricultural production of all kinds during the coming year. The Hon. Martin Burrell is arranging for a series of conferences throughout the Dominion, at which the farmers of the various districts will be called together and given full information as to conditions in Europe, and the great demands for food to supply the allies while the war is on.

The best means whereby Canada can help to meet those demands will be fully discussed by the farmers, as well as by those sent to address them. When the exact situation is impressed on them it is expected that they will respond heartily, and shape their work to the best times of production; and do their utmost to help in their own way Britain and her allies. Incidentally, the country will benefit very greatly from the increased production.

Accurate and complete information is being gathered, and well informed and capable men will meet the farmers of Canada and discuss the whole situation. While the Dominion department of agriculture will be asked to co-operate, and all organizations interested in this movement will be called upon to assist.

The Certain End

Germany is doomed to sure defeat. Bankrupt in statesmanship, overmatched in arms, under the moral condemnation of the civilized world, befriended only by the Austria and the Turk, two backward looking and dying nations, desperately battling against the hosts of three great powers to which help and reinforcements from states now neutral will certainly come should the decision be long deferred, she pours out the blood of her heroic subjects and wastes her diminishing substance in a hopeless struggle that postpones but cannot alter the fatal decree. The world cannot, will not, let Germany win in this war. With her dominating all Europe, peace and security would vanish from the earth.—New York Times.

"The only trouble with the pace that kills," said the pessimistic person, "is that it doesn't kill enough of them."

Lost to Canada

Alberta Yields up Carload of Fossils to American Museum

With a carload of fossils that break the world's records for perfection in all their parts, Barnum Brown arrived at the American Museum in New York, after a season's strenuous digging in the Red River canyon of Alberta.

Prof. Henry F. Osborne of the museum was astonished when he learned that in the cargo were eight perfect skeletons of carnivorous and herbivorous dinossaurs of gigantic size, as it has heretofore been almost impossible to get more than parts of the bones of a species. Much of the material is new to science.

"The fossils were found in the Belly River formation, and are estimated to have lived 3,000,000 years ago. This formation is much earlier than the 'lance cretaceous,' at which time the entire group of dinossaurs became extinct. One skeleton is the first one found in the genus Ornithomius, about eight feet long and about five feet high.

"We got a complete skeleton of the carnivorous dinosaur named Deinoder Horridus. He was about twenty-five feet long and fifteen feet high. Another complete skeleton is of the herbivorous dinosaur, Corythasaurus Casuarius, about thirty-five feet long and fifteen feet high.

"The complete Ankylosaurus Magniventris was a big, plated fellow, the most remarkable in structure of all of the groups of the dinosaurs. He was the living dreadnought of cretaceous times. He was approximately six feet high at the shoulders and eighteen feea long. The entire body was plated, the back with huge plates, and the belly with smaller plates close-fitting, similar to ancient armor."

The End of a North Polar Expedition

Surviving Members of a Russian Expedition Have Just Returned From Frozen North

A press dispatch has reported the arrival at Archangel of the surviving members of the expedition which left Russia in the autumn of 1912, under Captain Sedov, in the hope of reaching the North Pole by way of Franz Josef Land. The survivors report the death of their leader from illness, while attempting to sledge north from Franz Josef Land. This expedition was financed chiefly by the well known St. Petersburg newspaper, the "Novoya Vremja," and was generally believed to be badly equipped when it started north. The undertaking was not favored by the Russian government. Sedov's previous Arctic experience had included an expedition to the mouth of the Kolyma in 1909, and one to Nova Zembla in 1910, but the impression prevailed when he left Russia on his final journey that neither he nor his men had sufficient skill, training or equipment to give hope of valuable results from their expedition. The winter of 1912-13 was spent at the Pankratiev Islands, off the northwest coast of Nova Zembla. The following summer, eight of the twenty-two members of the expedition were obliged to return to Russia on account of illness. The others were supposed to have sailed for Franz Josef Land, but as no further tidings were received of them the Russian authorities recently sent an expedition in search of them on the steamer "Hertha."

Allies' Immense Reserve

Several New Armies of French and British Soldiers Soon at the Front

It has been estimated that the French forces mobilized up to the middle of September numbered about 2,000,000. France's losses so far must be well over 500,000, so that the reinforcement received since the middle of September could do little more than fill up the gaps. But it must be remembered that France's conscription system is much more inclusive than Germany's ever was and that France had at the outbreak of the war nearly 5,000,000 trained men to call to the colors. The supply of men far exceeded the supply of materials, and the French government's chief problem so far has been to make good deficiencies in equipment.

There is nothing improbable in the announcement that General Joffre will soon have two or more new armies at his disposal. The French maximum of efficiency in the field has not yet been reached, and will not be reached before spring. At that time, too, the British contingent in France will be raised from 500,000 to well over 1,200,000 and the Allies will begin to make use of their normal superiority over the German forces which can be assigned to duty in the western war theatre.—New York Tribune.

MAMMOTH BRITISH WARSHIPS THAT WILL ASTOUND THE WORLD

NEW SHIPS FORMIDABLE ENGINES OF WARFARE

Six Huge Warships of the New Class will be Ready within few Months, and are being Built at a Cost of Sixteen Million Dollars—Will have Speed of Twent-six Knots

Great Britain is to amaze the world with several warships of a new type, much above the super-Dreadnought, says Henry Temple in the International News. Admiral Jellicoe will be able to lay down a hand on the playing table of the North Sea next summer at which the Kaiser's navy will stare in astonishment.

These new ships are of the Queen Elizabeth class, not one of which is yet in commission. Details of them are certainly guarded, and publication of facts concerning them in Great Britain would probably be followed by severe punishment. From a friend who recently visited the jealously barred Devonport yard, however, I have obtained a layman's view of one of these giant crafts. She was the Warspite, which will be ready for action within six months.

The Warspite will carry ten 15.5 inch guns. What this means can be realized when it is remembered that the latest American battleships carry only 14-inch guns. Even more important is the wonderful turret arrangement. The turrets rise above each other like boxes in a grandstand, so that it is possible to fire all of her 15.5 guns from her bow. This is an achievement, of which naval construction would have despaired only yesterday.

More wonderful still, this monster floating fort is not unable to pursue swift cruisers. She makes twenty-six knots, a speed greater than the fastest transAtlantic liner. Her bow is narrow at the water line and widens in such a way as to offer the least possible resistance to the seas.

Another important feature is her armor. It is said she will be able practically to defy any ordinary torpedo or mine. This is accomplished by means of a triple coating of armor below the water line. An external explosion can damage, but not sink her. Of course she is oil driven. Her cost will be about $16,000,000.

There are six such ships building, which are expected to shake out their colors within six months. Construction is so perfectly organized that they can be built in eighteen months, from the time they were started, it is estimated.

I am unable to learn whether all, or only one of the new battleships will be able to fire all ten of its large guns from the bow. I am informed, however, that besides these six new battleships, the Devonport and Portsmouth dockyards alone are to produce eight battle-cruisers by next spring or early summer.

At Devonport 9,000 men are employed, with about 5,000 soldiers and marines always on guard.

Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, recently stated in the house of commons that Great Britain could lose a super-Dreadnought every month without diminishing her relative superiority over the German navy, even though the Germans kept all their ships intact. From what I learn, this was no idle boast.

Turkey Was Promised Egypt

Told That India and Moslem Countries Groan Under Christian Rule

In a long dispatch to Sir Edward Grey, Sir Louis Mallet, the British ambassador, describes events at Constantinople which culminated in Turkey's rupture with the Allies.

Sir Louis tells how, despite all his warnings, the Grand Vizier maintained confidence in his ability to prevent Turkey from being involved in the conflict, but how eventually the influence of the war party proved too strong for him.

"In pursuance of a long prepared policy," he says, "the greatest pressure was exercised by Germany to force Turkey into hostilities.

"German success in the European war was said to be assured. The perpetual menace to Turkey from Russia might, it was suggested, be averted by a timely alliance with Germany and Austria. Egypt might be recovered, for the empire of India and other Moslem countries were representing as groaning under Christian rule and might be kindled into a flame of infinite possibility, for the Caliphate of Constantinople.

"Turkey would emerge from war the one great power of the east, even as Germany would be the one great power of the west.

"Enver Pasha, dominated by a quasi-Napoleonic ideal, by political Slavism and by the conviction of the superiority of German arms, was from the first a strong partisan of the German alliance.

"At what moment, Talaat Bey, the most powerful civilian in the cabinet and most conspicuous of the committee leaders, finally threw in his lot with the war party, cannot be ascertained precisely."

Sir Louis proceeds to recount the steps which the war party, with German help and unchecked by the cabinet, took to complete plans for military operations until the rupture was finally precipitated by the incursion of the Bedouins in to the Sinai Peninsula and the bombardment of Russian ports in the Black Sea.

"The war party sealed their resolution to go forward," he concludes, "by publishing a communique, in which it was stated that the first acts of hostility in the Black Sea had come from the Russian side.

Untrue and grotesque as it was this invention succeeded in deceiving many of the public. It is not possible to establish by proof which of the ministers had pre-knowledge of the German admiral's coupe, but it may be regarded as certain that Enver Pasha was aware of it, and it is highly probable that Talaat Bey was also an accomplice."

Parisian Boy Saves Soldiers

He Hurries Them to Garret, Skirmishes for Food and Manages to Hide Them For Days

How a school boy of Paris, sixteen years old, who was spending his vacation with his aunt at Roye, saved ten Englishmen, escaped prisoners, and hid them for days in a garret while the Germans were in possession of the town, is told in a letter published in the Figaro, written by a French soldier.

According to the letter, nine English soldiers, with an officer, who had succeeded in escaping from the Germans, arrived at Roye the day before the Germans occupied the place, and, tired out, managed to drag themselves to the house where the boy and his aunt were stopping. They were received with open arms, but had hardly installed themselves before the German advance guard came pouring into the town. The boy hurried the Englishmen into the garret. There they huddled while a German officer was knocking at the door. The officer, well informed through spies of the resources of the town, insisted on quartering in a disused chapel on the property twenty men.

In the house at the time besides the boy and his aunt were women refugees who took shelter there. The party in all numbered sixteen. The lad tried to make himself as useful as possible to the Germans, in order to keep in their good graces, and succeeded in gaining their confidence. The great trouble was food. The German had placed the entire place on rations, 200 grams of bread a person a day. With sixteen rations of bread they were forced to sustain twenty-six. However, the boy managed to forage about and obtain at least sufficient food to satisfy the cravings of hunger.

After five days of incarceration up in the garret the British soldiers, deprived of air and light, became desperate. Under the surveillance existing for the Englishmen to come out it meant death for them and for the family. So the boy obtained women's dresses and each day managed to take two of the Englishmen out in the garden for a breath of air. "What luck," he said, "that I had no moustache, and that the English are accustomed to shaving!" The German soldiers paid no attention to the supposed women.

But the Englishmen became more and more restless, so one morning at two o'clock they slipped out under the guidance of the boy. Gliding along the streets, wriggling through ditches, hiding under cover of walls, they arrived almost at the gates of the town when a sentinel discovered them and fired his piece. At once the alarm was sounded, and the party scattered, to find themselves, through some good fortune, back at the house again two house later.

Health of the Troops

All the evidence goes to show that disease has not yet become a weighty factor in the war. Illness there must be, as a matter of course, and probably there is a good deal of it in the aggregate. Among such vast bodies of men, even though they are of picked age and physique, illness of different kinds is inevitable, but it has evidently not got beyond control, and we may assume that the means of dealing with it are fairly adequate.—London Times.

ent languages and dialects spoken in India, and there are over fifty kinds of script used to express Indian sounds, but India does not possess an alphabet, properly so called. Before an Indian woman or girl can read she must master all the 500 to 1,000 syllabic characters of her verancular script.

The governor's wife was telling Bridget about her husband.

"My husband, Bridget," she said proudly, "is at the head of the state militia."

"Oi t'ought as much, ma'am," said Bridget cheerfully. Ain't he got th' foine malicious look?"

The English word "diaper" takes its name from a town in Flanders which has been prominent in the papers recently. The word stands for linen d'Ypres a figured fine linen made in Ypres.

Canada is said to be willing to increase its contributions of men to 150,000 by next autumn, if that number is required. We need not say that we hope no such call will be required from the Colony. We recognize to the full that Canada is with us in this fight to the full extent of its resources but we shall expec that the recruiting at home will have settled the issue before we have to bring any such number of men from Canada. We have to remember from Canada is required a double service in this conflict. The Colony will have to be to a large extent the granary of the empire, and if we are to come successfully through the war the men who are working in the fields of Canada will be doing their share in helping forward the cause almost as effectively as those who are actually at the front.—Westminster Gazette.

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THE COURTENAY REVIEW

CITY COUNCIL

The regular meeting of the council was held last Monday evening. The Mayor and all the members were present. After the reading of the last regular meeting and the special meeting, the following communications were read, from R. M. Allan, re safe and typewriter. Laid on the table for further consideration,

Chairman of hall committee reported the result of interview with solicitor Dundas, re, renting of room from Mr. Callin. Report to be laid on the table for further discussion.

Chairman of Works reported that the Union Street bridge needed repairing, and contract for the same had been let.

Moved by Ald. Robertson, seconded by Ald. Leighton, that the clerk be instructed to ask the originators of the incorporation of the city for any correspondence that they might have which would be of use in looking into the affairs of the city with the Government.

Ald, Johnston then introduced a by law to regulate the proceedings of the standing committees After some acrimonious discussion it was given its 1st and 2nd reading.

Ald. Johnston asked about the work being done on tne bridge. Ald. Leighton replied that it would take 8 or 10 planks to do the work.

The Mayor asked the solicitor if the council could alter the statutes.

Ald. Johnston read a telegram from solicitor Todwell, Council could pass this by-law, and referred to Section 41.

Ald. Crompton said that the Board of Work should not be allowed to spend any money without authority of the council.

Ald, Leighton wanted to know about cases of emergency,

Ald. Kirkwood said he was not in favor of so much work being done on Mill Street.

Ald. Leighton wanted to know if it was not necessary.

Ald. McKenzie said although he was on the committee he was not consulted.

Ald. Johnston said that his by-law would stop all committees spending any money without consulting the council.

Authority was then given the Mayor and clerk to sign all cheques and vouchers.

Ald. Johnston strenuously opposed this. he holding that the finance committee should also sign them.

Ald. Crompton read a petition from the Gumberland Board of Trade praying the government to put a duty of one cent per gallon on fuel oil. The council signed it, also all the citizens in the hall.

Mr. Callin will be asked to take out one clause in his lease and it will be signed by the committee.

NEW BUSINESS

Ald. Leighton wanted to know what rate of wages would be paid by the city. Ald. Kirkwood suggested the same as paid by the Government, which Mr. Wilmshurst said at present was $3 for laborers, and $3.50 for bridge carpenters, This was adopted.

The council went into committee of the whole on the Licensing by-law, and the bottle license clause was struck off. The Electric light clause was also struck out. This caused quite a discussion. The Mayor said there was no difference between the Electric Light and Telephone Co. Ald. Johnston said we all appreciate the Electric Light Co., providing the city does not have to pay too dear for it. We believe that the council can compel reasonable terms or a three or four year franchise as regarding street lighting, a lantern is good enough for me.

Ald. McKenzie said that the reason for Incorporation was that we should own or control public utilities The Telephone Co. had been here a long time, and the Light Co. had forced themselves here in a hurry, and now we would have to own or control it.

The committee rose and reported.

The by-law regulating council proceedings was read a third time and passed. The council will meet on the 1st and 3rd Monday in each month in the future.

CAMPBELL RIVER

A very enjoyable dance was given by the Campbell River Benefit Society here on the evening of the 8th, Tuesday, for the benefit of the hospital A large crowd collected, drawn from the uttermost parts of the globe—soldiers, sailors, natives from the Celestial Empire, and a dusky Prince of Ethiopia. Dancing commenced at 9, to the excellent music furnished by the Harmony Orchestra of Cumberland and was continued with vim and vigor until 5 o'clock in the morning. Prizes were given to Mrs. Haas, best dressed lady, Pocahontes Miss Grimmer, comic, Susanne; Mr. Del. Edwards, Ute Indian; Mr. Carl Thulin, Happy Hooligan. Mr. Geo. Pidcock's representation of Sam Kee, Chinaman, was excellent, and caused a great deal of favorable comment.

The receipts were ninety dollars and twenty cents. The following is the list of names of those who were present

H. Gagne, clown, Miss McPherson nurse, C. Fitzgerald, Old Mortality, Mrs. C. Fitzgerald, Will o' the Wisp, Carl Thulin, Happy Holligan, Miss Grimmer Susanne Miss Thulin, Tipperary, Jesse James, Blue Jacket, Jack Glanville Jr. Indian, F. Godwin, Campbell River Tramp, J. Holm, Uncle Sam Mrs Forbes, Summer Girl, A. Bay Negro Hobo, J. Harper, Perriot, A. Simon, Chinaman, Miss G. Smith, Milk Maid, A. Bagot soldier Mrs. F. Deiner, Hearts, Frank H. Bagot, sailor, L. Johnston, Irish gentleman, J. Glanville, Cy Hayrack, Punkinvil Senter, W. Barrows, clown, Mrs S. Banner, snow drop, Mrs. R. Haas, Pocahontas, Wm. Jackson, school-girl, Cal Thompson, Kaiser Wilhelm der grosse, Miss M. Bagot, Gambler Monte Carlo, Miss K. Waker, Old Fashion, Dell Edwards, Ute Indian Buck, Mrs. A. Bay, Ute Indian Squaw, W. Manson, clown, Mrs. J. Glaville, Red Cross Nurse, Mrs. T. Jamieson, Red Cross Nurse Miss A Thulin, New York Girl, Dick Bryant Scotchman, Mrs. Neal Billiards, Miss E. Thulin, Pennants C. Ives, clown, Miss M. Doyle. Carmencita, G. Pidcock, Sam Kee Chinaman, D. Hardy, Waiter, Mrs J. Water, 1847, J. Lipscombe, the gentleman in buttons and overalls, R. Walker, Cream of wheat, L. T. Dillows Sport, Miss M. McNeil, Night. Mrs. B. Morrison, Parlor Maids Robt. Watson, Miss Canada, S. Capstick, Robinson Crusoe, Bert Styles, Merry Widow, Hugler Thulin, Fairy, Mrs. McCuish, Highland lassie, F. Masters, Brownie, N. Cooper, Friday. Mrs. E. Smith, Daily Province, J. McLeod. Indian Chief, Gordon Jamieson, Tennis boy, Johnny Waters, Tennis Boy. and many others.

The teacher was hearing the youthful class in mathematics.

"No," she said, "in order to subtract, things have to be in the same denomination. For instance we couldn't take three pears from four peaches, nor eight horses from ten cats, nor five chairs from eight bookcases. Do you understand?"

There was assent from the majority of pupils. One little boy in the rear raised a timid hard.

"Well Bobby, what is it;" asked teacher.

"Please teacher," said Bobby, "couldn't you take three quarts of milk from two cows?"

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