YOUR PRINTING
Can not be done any Letter, and not quite so well anywhere else hereabouts. Our type and machinery is complete and The Review prices are right

THE REVIEW

RICKSON'S
Gents' Furnishings and Hatters

VOL. 5 COURTENAY, B. C., THURSDAY NOV. 8 1917 NO. 51

Auction Sale
at the Wilson Hotel, Union Bay, on
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
Nov, 9th and 10th, inst.
commencing each day at 12.30
The whole of the contents of this hotel, also outdoor effedts, including two cows, etc.
Full particulars from
GEO. J. HARDY
AUCTIONEER
Telephone 10 COURTENAY

THE COURTENAY
Gents' Furnishing Store
WELL! WELL!
Have you seen the H. S. & M. fall samples of clothes? If not be sure and see them before placing your order for a suit or overcoat elsewhere.
LECKIE SHOES
the best shoe in the west for men, boys and children
We also handle the famous Sanfield Underwear in all sizes and our prices are right.
We have just received a shipment of Stetson Hats in various shades. Come in and try one on. They are "The Hat"
Courtenay Gent's Furnishings Store
Opposite Shepherds' W. Sutliff, Prop.

We Have Been
Fortunate in obtaining a large Shipment of the Famous
Ridley's Slab Toffee
A Slab of this Toffee is what everyone should include in HIS parcel
An Extra Good Supply of Fruit will be on hand for the week end
SHEPHERD & CO.

Consider Carefully
If you need Eyeglasses and if not quite sure consult
CHARLES SIMMS
Qualified Optician
THE COURTENAY JEWELRY STORE
Courtenay, B. C.
No charge for sight testing

Local Lines

E. C, Emde, the popular garage man is at Victoria this week.

Miss Lizzie Walker of Nanaimo is visiting with her sister Mrs. E. Emde.

Mrs. D. Kilpatrick returned on Sunday from a week's visit to Vancouver.

Miss Gregg, B. C. Telephone Co. paid a visit to the various offices in the district this week.

Mr. Ellison, Secretary of the Comox Logging and Railway Co. is staying at Headquarters for a few days.

F. H. Cucksey has started a garage business in the premises formerly occupied by Duncan & Birch on the Union Bay Road.

Archdeacon Collison is at Parksville and Victoria this week. He went to Parksville over the road, thence to Victoria by train,

One result of Billy McInnis' ranting about the Patriotic Fund at Powell River was that the monthly subscription to the Patriotic Fund was cut nearly in two,

The Local Exemption Tribunal commences sitting at the City Hall Thursday, Nov. 8. Any person desiring exemption and having not already applied, may make personal application to the Tribuna. on any of the first three days of the sitting. Commencing with Monday, the 12th of Nov., those cases will be dealt with who have made their applications through the Post Office and have had a date assigned to them, The hours of sitting are from 10 o'clock a. m. to 5 o'clock p. m All registrations must be made made on or before the 10th inst. and any person failing to register leaves himself liable to the penalties under the act,

For Sale—Good milking cow. Apply F. R. F. Biscoe.

Wanted—Smart boy or girl to assist in office afternoons and Saturdays. Apply at Review office.

Slightly used 3 h. p. Fairbanks gas engine For Sale at the Ford Garage.

Call and see the new 1-2 and 1 ton auto Trailers at $120 and $140 each, at the Ford Garage.

Nobby tread Ford tires are now $24 each, and Ford chain tires are $22 each at the Ford Garage.

Butter wrappers, printed or plain, at the Review Office.

Children's Shoes All the best and most sensible styles, at Sutliff's.

For highest prices in hides, scrap metal and old rubbers see Wm. Douglas, Courtenay,

Cleveland Bicycles and bicycle supplies at the Ford Garage.

Go to McBryde's for quality bread,

For Sale—New Player Piano, cheap for cash or on terms 5 h. p. gas engine, with hoist attachment, will pull stumps, grind grain, cut ensilage, etc.; also a quantity of vegetables and apples. Will sell cheap for cash, Apply Box A. Review Office.

Safety First
Go to
FRASER'S
For Fresh Tobacco, Cigars Confectionery and Soft Drinks.
Isabel St. Next Royal Bank

Comox Creamery Butter
60c per lb. this week

Andrew McQuillan left yesterday morning for Vancouver where he will spend a portion of his two-week's holidays.

Word has just come that Charles Duncan is in the military hospital at Boulogne. France. with gunshot wounds in the left arm. This is the second time he has been wounded this year,

Nov. 16 is the date of the concert to be given by Miss McCraney Mrs. De Long and Miss T. Williams. Keep it in mind.

Mrs. S. J. Piercy has received another message from her son Mat who is a prisoner in Germany stating that he is well and enjoying himself.

The $50 proceeds of the win-the war dance was handed to the Daughters of the Empire who sent some eighty parcels of tobacco to boys who have left the Comox District for England and France.

The winning number for the tea cloth raffled at the fair was no. 25, held by C. A. Brown.

H. S Clements is in the district this week visiting his constituents He has been over the greater portion of the riding and says everything is rosy. Billy won't have a look in. Every right thinking Liberal is ashamed of his puffling fault finding platform, especially so when he proposes no remedy for alleged wrongs.

The following were registered at the Riverside Hotel last week.

From Vancouver, H, Samuels, H Gouldburn, J, Olsen, A. Kempie, S. Johnston, J, Salo, E Matson, M. Daly, G. Ross, J. Klker, A. Ezzy, G. Fraser, T. Klaskin, W, Saro, A. Green, A. Makela, W. Herger. D. Christopher, A. Townley, R, Townley, F. Peterson A Lindburg. A, Gaudean, D. Emery, S. Smith, G. Marieles, J. Gillespie, E. Webb. G. Matson D. Thomas, A. Hadley, H. Clements, N. McQuarrie, C. Pearson, H. B. King, A. Nichols, P. McLeod, P. Seaman. From Victoria, A. Harvey, S. Bradley, Miss Grigg, H, Goggin, W. Fraser, B. Haley, E. Coates, From Nanaimo, G. Fletcher, A, Husband, H. Mahrer. From New Westminster. A, Marion, R. Graham. E. Lund. W. McDonald. C. Culbert, Black Creek, H. Murhpy, Chilliwack, D, Heraty, Shakelton, Sask. F. Jackson, Cumberland: O. Vogel, Mrs, Gordon, Otter Point C. Harmon, Toronto,

FOR SALE
Several head of good high grade
Holstein Cows and Heifers
from heavy producing stock
BRAEFOOT FARM,
R. R. No. 4, Victoria

As a result of the afternoon tea at Mrs. E, Duncan's on Tuesday a ternoon the Patriotic Fund will be enriched by $8.10 net proceeds A very enjoyable time was spent by the ladies who attended.

The Scarlet Oath, a stirring motion picture drama of a typical Russian character will be shown at the Maple Leaf Theatre on Saturday evening. The management are sparing no pains to have good pictures at their theatre, and their efforts are being appreciated by the picture going public,

Presbyterian Church

St. Andrews' Sandwick
Service 2 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Class 3 p. m.
Courtenay
Sunday School and Bible Clas 10:30 a. m. Evening service 7:30 p. m. All welcome

Anglican Services

Nov. 11, 1917. 23rd Sunday after Trinity.

9.30 a. m. Holy Communion at St. Mary's, Granthan.

11 a. m. Matins and Holy Communion at St. Peter's Comox.

2.30 p. m. Evensong and sermon at the Lazo Mission,

3 p. m. Sunday School at St. John's, Courtenay.

7 p. m. Evensong and Sermon at Holy Trinity, Cumberland.

7.30 p. m. Evensong and Sermon at St, John's Courtenay.

ROBERTSON'S
Drug Store
Just Arrived:
Nyoltis Talcums
Rose, Baby, Lilac, Violet Mayflower
Perfumes:
Locust Blossom,
Mygracia, Mayflour and Wood Violet
W. G. Robertson
Courtenay Drug Store

SOMETHING NEW IN SHOES
at The Shoe Store
Palmer's Noted
Waterproof Shoepack Shoe
High Top
This Shoe is made from selected Leather and is absolutely waterproof. Made en a regular good fitting last with heavy sole suitable for caulks. Much lighter and cheaper than the regular high top shoe
LOGGIE BROS.
Phone 48 Next the Drug Store

Our Objects and Prince s

To Reconstitute Justice and Liberty On Their Proper Foundations

A predatory nation has, with every accompaniment of barbarous cruelty, sought to terrorize humanity by invasions, deportations of inhabitants, seizures of territory, and wholesale destruction of cities and monuments. What is the use of asking for a *status quo ante* which leaves this same nation possessed of its original power to desecrate all the sanctities of mankind? Our mission is to free nationalities, to give the smaller peoples a chance to be able to control their future fate, to restore Belgium to her prosperity, to satisfy Italian claims, and give back to France her lost provinces of Alsace and Lorraine. These are the objects which stand immediately in the foreground. And the principles which underlie them are no less sacred and obligatory. We wish to have done with a military despotism which sacrifices human lives in pursuit of its autocratic ends. We want to get rid of the dominion of brute and naked force. We desire to reconstitute Justice and Liberty on their proper foundations as guiding agencies in the relations of men toward one another. But the first step in any such process, the absolutely indispensable condition of our even beginning to undertake our august task is the defeat of German military power. And in circumstances like these the International Socialist comes to us with clamor for peace at all costs, however fatal it may prove to the ideals of the entente powers! Are we not then entitled to ask of what possible use, either to themselves or to the world at large, are these deluded and foolish visionaries who meet in Paris and intend to prop up the Internationale on its old anarchic base, and devise, with aid of representatives of Germany, and in consultation with our bitterest foes, the future constitution of Europe?—From the London Daily Telegraph.

"Did your late uncle remember you when he made his will?"

"I guess so—for he left me out."—Longhorn.

What You Surely Need

is a healthy, active, industrious liver.

Small doses, taken regularly, insure that.

MaybeYouNeed

a purgative sometimes. Then take *one* larger dose.

Keep that in mind; it will pay you rich dividends in Health and Happiness.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Genuine bears Signature

Brentwood

Colorless faces often show the absence of Iron in the blood.

CARTER'S IRON PILLS will help this condition.

Distribution of Cereals

How the French Government Handles the Grain, Milling and Baking Situation

Details of the decree issued by the French government which places the purchase and distribution of all cereals under control of the state have been received by the food administration.

The decree became effective September 1. A central office, consisting of representatives of the government and of the grain merchants, has been created. There is also to be a central committee of millers and bakers. Cereals may be purchased only by French millers and grain merchants, and purchasers of grain must give notice of their buying to the State and must in no case pay prices in excess of those fixed by the decree of July 16.

Millers and grain merchants may buy local growing crops only on condition that they will not require transport by railways, waterways, or motors. The State will supervise grain distribution, and at all times be informed as to the exact state of cereal supplied. Grain may be sent by rail or waterway only by instruction of a government officer charged with the distribution.

CURING SKIN TROUBLES

So many people, both men and women, suffer from skin troubles, such as eczema, blotches, pimples and irritation that a word of advice is necessary. It is a great mistake for such sufferers and those with bad complexions to smear themselves with greasy ointments. Often they could not do anything worse for the grease clogs the pores of the troubled skin and their condition actually becomes worse.

When there are pimples or eruptions, or an irritating or itching rash, a soothing boracic solution may help to allay the irritation, but of course that does not cure the trouble. Skin complaints come from an impure condition of the blood and will persist until the blood is thoroughly purified. It is well known that Dr. Williams Pink Pills have effected the best results in many forms of skin disorders and blemishes. This is due to the fact that these pills make new, rich blood, and that this new blood attacks the impurities that give rise to skin troubles and disperses them; so that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure skin disorders from within the system—the only sure way.

It should be added that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have a beneficial effect upon the general health. They increase the appetite and energy and cure diseases that arise from impure blood.

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Shopping Problem

"Yez pay too high for the things we ate," said Mulligan to his wife. "Can't yez find a grocery where they sell things lower?"

"No, Mike," responded Mrs. Mulligan. "There do be some places that sell things higher than others, but there do be none where they sell them lower."

When Holloway's Corn Cure is applied to a corn or wart it kills the roots and the callosity comes out without injury to the flesh.

The German Mind

Evidently Can Only See But One Side of the Question

It seems terrible to the Germans that American citizens of German birth and descent who came to this country of their own free will to better their conditions in life, to escape the militaristic and oppressive government in the country of their birth, and to enjoy the blessing of our free institutions and the prosperity of our land, should be called upon to defend this country, which is theirs from choice, against the German government, which seeks to impose by brute force its autocratic yoke upon the whole world, this country included.

Yet they think it entirely just when the German government compels the Poles, whom it has enslaved by treachery, and brute force, to fight their brother Poles, who have been similarly enslaved by the Russian government.—From the Chicago Tribune.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

"German Barbarians"

"What is the feeling among the people of Japan regarding the German methods of warfare?" was the question put to a high Japanese government official, and he replied:

"That they have acted like barbarians. The feeling of sympathy for the Allies who have had to contend with these methods has been shown in numerous ways by our people, in the sending of money and of supplies to help. We also sent nurses to France, to Russia, and to Rumania. I think we have still some surgeons in Russia, but the nurses have returned. Their health was affected."

Spanish Rice Crop Big

The rice crop in Spain this year is extraordinarily plentiful. It will require the services of 15,000 workers to harvest it.

WIRE CUTS

on Horses, Cattle, &c, quickly cured by

EGYPTIAN LINIMENT

For Sale by All Dealers

Douglas & Co., Prop'rs, Napanee, Ont.

(Free Sample on Request)

A Wild Duck Farm

Successful Experiment in Connecticut for Protecting Wild Fowl

About two years ago, two public spirited citizens, interested in wild life conservation, acquired about 4,000 acres of waste land in the state of Connecticut, with a view to establishing a sanctuary for wild fowl, and of increasing the supply of game by scientific propagation. They sent an expert to lake Winnipegosis in Manitoba to study the habits of the ducks that nest and breed in that region, which is in the heart of the great duck-breeding grounds of this continent, and to bring back young ducklings to form a nucleus for the propagating work.

About thirteen different species, including a considerable number of canvas backs, were thus procured, pictures were taken showing their nests, and the situations and conditions surrounding the breeding places have been reproduced on the Connetcicut farm. A certain number of them are pinioned, so as to supply a breeding stock, but a large majority so raised are allowed to migrate with the wild fowl which come to the refuge on their migrations. The birds born and bred in the refuge return to it on their flights north, knowing that they will find protection in their old home. The experiment has been most successful, and is encouraging those who feel that propagation is one of the very important measures which must be undertaken to restore wild bird life. —William S. Haskell, in Fifth Annual Report of the Commission of Conservation.

Long Standing Asthma. Many have suffered so long from asthma and have tried so many so-called remedies they think that there is no real help for them. They should read the letters received by the manufacturers of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy from hundreds of cases once as desperate as their own. Even in long-neglected cases this famous preparation brings prompt help.

Live Stock Depletion

Nations of Europe Now Rapidly Depleting Their Supply

The U. S. food administration has received directly from the French government figures showing the decrease of live stock in France as a result of the war.

On December 31, 1916, according to the official French figures, the cattle had decreased to a total of 12,341,900 as compared with 14,807,000 in 1913 or 16.6 per cent.; sheep decreased from 16, 213,000 in 1913 to 10,845,000 December 31 last or 33 per cent.; swine decreased from 7,048,000 in 1913 to 4,361,900 at the close of last year or 38 per cent.

The percapita consumption per annum of meat in France at the present time is estimated by the French government at 69.61 pounds of beef, 11.16 pounds of mutton, and 21.48 pounds of pork.

The French figures emphasize the recent statement of the U. S. food administration that the nations of Europe are now rapidly depleting their supply of live stock, and must therefore depend largely upon the United States for their meat and dairy products after the war.

SICK WOMAN HAD CRYING SPELLS

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Enhaut, Pa.—"I was all run down and weak inwardly. I had female troubles and nervous feelings and my head bothered me. I would often have crying spells and feel as if I was not safe. If I heard anyone coming I would run and lock the door so they would not see me. I tried several doctors and they did not help me so I said to my mother 'I guess I will have to die as there is no help for me.' She got me one of your little books and my husband said I should try one bottle. I stopped the doctor's medicine and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It soon made a change in me and now I am strong and do all my work."—Mrs. AUGUSTUS BAUGHMAN, Box 86, Enhaut, Pa.

Why will women continue to suffer day in and day out and drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

If you would like free confidential advice address Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

The Point of View

Two Years at the Agricultural College Taught the Boy Some Sense

A friend was chuckling over the difference a two year course in an agricultural college had wrought in his son.

"The year that boy went to college," he said, 'my south field was awful thin. One day Mr. Blank looked over the fence where John and I were plowing and offered me a heap of well-rotted manure from an old barn. John was taking a load of corn to town, and I told him to hitch onto the old wagon and fetch a load of manure when he came home. Do you suppose he would do it? Not he. I had to send the hired hand, because John was too tony to ride home on a load of manure.

"But last year," he smiled reminiscently, "after John had had a two years' course in agriculture, he came home from town with a wagon load of manure reaching to the top of double sideboards.

"I nudged his ma when he drove into the gate. 'What's that you've brought home with you?' I asked.

"The rascal just grinned at me. 'I've brought home a great load of humus,' he said.

"Thinks I, if two years of college will teach a boy sense, it's a pity more boys can't go to college."—Wallace's Farmer.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Nelson's Patience

Famous British Admiral Followed Sane Naval Tactics

"For something between two years and two and a half years Nelson cruised off Toulon, in weariness of spirit, waiting for his opportunity. Why did he not go in and destroy the enemy fleet? We have his answer in his own words. When the opposing admiral 'cut a caper a few miles outside Toulon,' Nelson pointed out that 'he well knew I could not get at him without placing the ships under the batteries which surrounded that port, and that had I attacked him in that position he could retire into his secure nest whenever he pleased.'

"Time and again Nelson and the other admirals of his time must have been tempted to 'take the offensive,' but they realized that ships could not fight even such puny forts as existed in those days; and, after twenty-one years of warfare, peace came in 1815, finding the French fleet as strong in ships of war as when hostilities opened in 1793; but this country had reaped the manifold benefits of sea command.

"As a Frenchman has said, "They were the ships of Nelson that were the victors at Waterloo."—Archibald Hurd.

Certain morbid conditions must exist in the stomach and intestines to encourage worms, and they will exist as long as these morbid conditions permit them to. To be rid of them and spare the child suffering, use Miller's Worm Powders. They will correct the digestive irregularities by destroying the worms, conditions favorable to worms will disappear, and the child will have no more suffering from that cause.

No Next Time

What is Germany's plan for the "next time?" One of her leading authorities has said ,"There will be peace shortly, but the war will be resumed in ten years." "That is their idea," commented Mr. Lloyd George. Britain's prime minister; "that is the way they talk. They say, "There are three things we ought to have foreseen. We ought to have had plenty of food stored in Germany. Next time! Then we shall see to it that there is plenty of copper, plenty of cotton. Then we made a mistake about submarines. Instead of having two or three hundred, we ought to have had at least two or three thousand. Next time! There must be no next time."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Corrected

A teacher, instructing her class in grammar, wrote two sentences on the blackboard. The sentences were: "The hen has got three legs," and "Who done it?" She said to Tommy, who was not a very bright pupil:

"Go to the blackboard and correct those two sentences."

Tommy slowly approached the board thinking hard. Then he took the chalk and wrote:

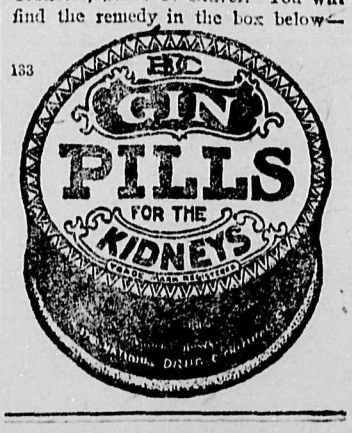
"The hen never done it. Nature done it."—Good Jests.

It is estimated that the Japanese government, following the lead of Great Britain and the United States in extending credit to the allies, will issue 5 per cent. exchequer bonds amounting to 100,000,000 yen ($50,000,000), for the main purpose of giving financial assistance to Russia.

Are These YOUR SYMPTOMS?

Pains in the Back or Sides, Constant Headaches, Swollen Joints, Urinary Troubles, Stone or Gravel? You will find the remedy in the box below—

133



Minimize The Fire Peril By Using

EDDY'S

Chemically Self-Extinguishing

"Silent 500s"

The Matches With "No Afterglow"

EDDY is the only Canadian maker of these matches, every stick of which has been treated with a chemical solution which positively ensures the match becoming dead wood once it has been lighted and blown out.

Look for the words "Chemically self-extinguishing" on the box.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1. No.2. No.3

THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success, CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM, KIDNEY, BLADDER, DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER No. DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS POUGERA Co. 90, BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS TORONTO. WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG.

TRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORMOF THERAPION EASY TO TAKE SAFE AND LASTING CURE.

SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and Invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. *Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

When buying your Piano Insist on having an

Otto Higel Piano Action

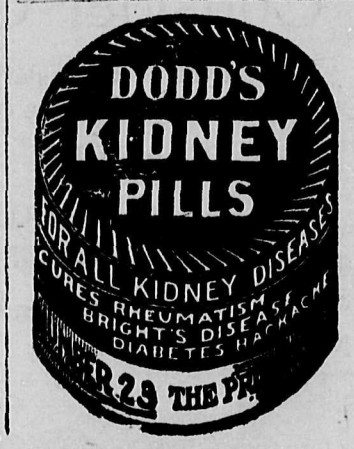
MONEY ORDERS

The safe way to send money by mail is by Dominion Express Money Order.

Desert Shoes

British Tommy Has New Method of Overcoming Difficulty

The British Tommy, a Lancashire lad, who said to his licutenant, 'I say, Leff, them sands are worse than Manchester mud,' will be appreciated when it is understood what the desert sand is. It shifts about like quicksilver at places. The British Tommy's latest method of overcoming the obstacle is the sand-shoe, which is made of steel and looks, something like a bird cage. He attaches the cage to his shoes, and then can walk along some 10 inches above sand-level, while the sand shifts through the meshes of his undershoes. So Tommy can go on walking with comparative comfort. The difficulties through which he marches to conquer may be gauged from the fact that when the Turks were coming with intent to destroy the Suez Canal they had to dig narrow trenches for their big guns and metal these grooves, so that the guns could be dragged forward. They found this method easier than building roads.



WILL NEED OUR WHOLE STRENGTH TO WIN THE WAR FOR DEMOCRACY

OUR CAUSE WILL NOT TRIUMPH AUTOMATICALLY

To Believe That Democracy Must in the Nature of Things Triumph is a Dangerous Illusion, and if Every Effort is Not Put Forth To Win, the Cause Will Surely Be Lost

"Viewed from the political angle of vision the war is clearly a conflict, perhaps the final conflict, between the democratic and the autocratic principles. It is the battle of the French revolution fought over again, but on a vastly greater scale and between antagonists far more formidable to one another. In the course of the war both principles have developed their strength and at the same time displayed their weakness. Democracy has shown its power to unite great peoples, in themselves and with one another, in the pursuit of an ideal aim, and it has shown this at a moment when, for want of an ideal aim, the same peoples were rent and sundered internally, by a multitude of petty quarrels. In this way democracy has revealed its strength. On the other hand it has shown the weakness which comes from divided counsels, from alternating policies and above all from mistrust of its great men. And yet it has not been daunted by the difficulties and misfortunes arising from these causes; but has held on to its task in spite of them all; so that we may say its weakness has served incidentally to deepen the impression of its strength. Autocracy presents the same double record. In the German model, at all events, it has displayed an immense efficiency in the pursuit of its aim. Per contra it has proved itself to be thoroughly immoral, and revealed its true nature as a principle of mingled treachery and violence in the life of nations, thereby condemning itself to everlasting mistrust.

"Clearly it is futile to attempt any estimate of the effects of the war on democracy unless we consider at the same time its parallel effects on autocracy. The two things must be kept in mind together. It is the common practice of each of the parties to look at the matter exclusively from its own point of view, with the result that most discussions of the question exhibit the facts as far simpler than they really are. We are apt to be solely impressed by the phenomena on our own side. We see an immense consolidation of democratic peoples firmly united in defense of their principle and from this we draw the conclusion that our principle has already vindicated its right to rule the world.

"But that is not the view of German autocracy. It has not lost faith in itself—at least not yet. It is waiting for the end of the war—that 'little more' which is needed to turn the war into a completed fact—to prove that we are wrong. These German defenders of autocracy are pointing with pride to the results of their system, and, what is more, they are pointing with contempt to the results of its opposite. 'What,' they are asking, 'has enabled Germany to put up this tremendous fight and to hold together as a single-minded unit through the strain and stress of these terrible years? What is the secret of our immense efficiency? It is autocracy which has enabled us to do these things. On the other hand it is democracy which is responsible for the inefficiency of our opponents—for the political difficulties of France for the present chaos in Russia, for the inability of the United States to make up their mind until it was so late; for the unpreparedness of the British and for the ease with which we fooled them before the war; for the want of cohesion and continuity in their military policy, for the failure at Gallipoli, for the scandals in Mesopotamia, for the indiscipline of their working classes for their domestic broils and dissensions, and for the way they sacrifice their great men.'

"These arguments are theirs, not mine. But though they are inconclusive at the moment, there is no denying that they would wear a very different aspect if the Germans were to win. There are millions of people in all countries, not excepting our own, whose faith in democracy is by no means assured even now, and it is doubtful if any vestige of their faith would remain with them in presence of a German victory. To meet this by saying that the Germans are not going to win is beside the question. Indeed it is something worse than a mere irrelevance. There are too many people about who assume that democracy, just because it is democracy, will triumph automatically by virtue of some Divine Right inherent in its nature. This is a most dangerous illusion, and if we indulge it we shall be beaten, and what is more we shall deserve to be beaten. The superiority of the democratic to the autocratic principle must not be taken as a fact established in the nature of things which of itself and by itself will decide the issue of the war. Rather is it the very question which the issue of the war is going to decide, and it will not be decided in favor of democracy unless every democrat puts the last ounce of strength into the struggle."—L. P. Jacks, in Land and Water.

Only Kaiser Law Left

Object of War Is to Enforce Recognized International Law

In speaking of the conference that he had with the kaiser at headquarters over the submarine question, Mr. Gerard says:

"We then had a long discussion in detail of the whole submarine question, in the course of which the emperor said that the submarine had come to stay; that it was a weapon recognized by all countries, and that he had seen a picture of a proposed giant submarine in an American paper, the Scientific American. He added that, anyway, there was no longer any international law. To this last statement Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg agreed."

This was shortly before Germany gave her pledge in the Sussex case. "There was no longer any international law"—the words are the kaiser's. In truth there was not much at that time, in spite of the three years' effort of this government to save some shreds of it. There assuredly was none by which the German government considered itself bound. It began the war with a violation of international law, as admitted by the chancellor, when it invaded Belgium. As the occupying power in Belgium, it violated it over and over again, as in the matter of the deportations and enforced labor. Every merchant vessel that was torpedoed was sunk in violation of international law. The kaiser, therefore, was quite right, though unexpectedly frank.

As far as Germany is concerned there is no international law today Could there ever be any that would bind a Hohenzollern or a Hohenzollern state? That is a matter to which those who are now talking of peace would do well to give some attention. What we seem to see is an irreconciable conflict between the doctrine known as "the will to power" and any rule of human conduct agreed upon by civilized men to govern their relations. One of the objects of this war, as far as this government is concerned is to see that there is an international law.—From the Indianapolis News.

Conservation of Food

Ontario Making Rapid Strides Towards Food Saving

Ontario is making rapid strides towards food saving. In these war days, we are doing many new things which we would not have thought out in peace times. Almost the very newest experiment is that of community canning. Parkhill Women's Institute is making a successful trial. The canning plant had a capacity of five hundred cans a day. The machinery is simple—a 5 h.p. boiler, two vats, a sink, a copper kettle, pans, spoons, measures, etc. The vats were heated with steam coils, and can be brought to boiling in three minutes. Fifty quarts of fruit can be cooked at once. The smaller vat is used for blanching and sterilizing, and the copper kettle for making syrups, jams, jellies, etc.

The aim is to conserve perishable fruits and vegetables, and to store material contributed by interested helpers for convalescent homes and hospitals. Everyone in a radius of ten miles, who keeps chickens, has been asked to contribute one chicken, and each woman who canned her own fruit contributed to this store. It looks as if this might be the beginning of a good work that should not end when the war need is over.

The Detectors

The contable gazed long and thoughtfully at the hole in Mrs. Parkington's parlor window. Then he produced a notebook.

"You 'eard the crash at four o'clock?"

"Four o'clock," echoed the lady.

"You run to the door, but seed nobody?"

"Nobody."

After this question Sherlock could think of no more, so he shut up his book with a snap and walked off, dreaming of promotion.

A few minutes later he was back with a full-face smile that was eloquent of triumph.

"Jobs like this 'ere don't take a smart chap long," he remarked. "You're sure it happened at four o'clock, ma'am?"

"Yes. Have you caught the culprits?"

"Well, not yet, ma'am," he answered, "but I'm a narrowin' of it down all right. It wasn't Bill 'Iggins, 'cos 'e was killed by a motor car at 'arf-past three!"—London Fun.

Recruiting Officer—How about joining the colors? Have you anyone dependent on you?

Motorist—Have I? There are two garage owners, six mechanics, four tire dealers, and every gasoline agent within a radius of 125 miles.—Judge.

Man Power of Germany To-Day

There are Now Over Five Million Men Under Arms

The Associated Press is able to give approximately the figures representing the man power of Germany in the war at the present time, together with the casualties, as follows:

Fixed formations on the various fronts, employed on lines of communication and stationed in the interior, 5,500.000.

Divisions undergoing formation and men in depots, 600,000.

Losses in killed, permanently disabled and prisoners, 4,000,000.

Wounded under treatment in hospitals, 500,000.

Total 10,650,000.

These figures account for all the men called out up to the present for service as follows:

Trained men mobilized immediately on the outbreak of the war 4,500,000.

Untrained ersatz (compensatory) reservists called out, August, 1914, to February, 1915 800,000.

Class of 1914 recruits called out November, 1914, to January, 1915 450,000.

First ban of untrained landstrum, called out at the beginning of 1915 1,100,000.

Class of 1915 called out May-July, 1915 450,000.

Remainder of untrained landstrum called out the same month 150,000.

Class of 1916, called out September and November, 1915 450,000.

Contingent of hitherto exempted men, called out in October, 1916, 300,000.

Second contingent of exempted men called out early in 1916, 200,000.

Second ban landstrum, early in 1916, 450,000.

Class of 1917 called out March-November, 1916, 450,000.

Third contingent of exempted men late in 1916, 300,000.

Class 1918 called out November, 1916, to March, 1917, 450,000.

Class 1919 called out in part in 1917, 300,000.

Additional exemptions, 1917, 150,000.

Total 10,500,000.

The small discrepancy in the figures is accounted for by the omission of the male units.

The total male resources of Germany since the beginning of hostilities, including the yearly classes of recruits up to 1920, number about 14,000,000. Those called up number 10,600,000. The remainder are accounted for as follows: The remaining portion of the class of 1919 awaiting call 150,000; class of 1920 still uncalled 450,000; men employed as indispensable in industries and administrations, 500,000; men unable to reach Germany 200,000; men entirely exempted owing to physical disability, 2,180,000.

Recruits of the 1920 class cannot be called legally until they attain their 17th birthday.

Peace Through War

By Former President W. J. Tucker of Dartmouth College

I believe that I am not mistaken in affirming that the growing concensus of opinion among the neutral nations is to the affect that the most direct road to peace lies through war. I do not wonder at the present endeavor after peace in the name of religion. I respect and honor it. I can hardly see how in the circumstances attending its inception, it could have been delayed. But for the reasons given I question none the less its timeliness. When religion speaks its final word it must speak with what I have termed the inexorable simplicity of its ancient code of national righteousness. I do not believe that Germany is as yet prepared in the spirit and temper of its mind to listen to that word.

Meanwhile, I see no other possible course for us to follow as a nation than that which Lincoln, marked out for us, in circumstances like those in which we are now placed, and in the following out of which we reached in due time the goal of peace—"With malice toward none, with charity for all; with firmness in the right, as God gives us to see the right, let us strive on to finish the work we are in, to do all which may achieve and cherish a just and lasting peace."

The Cheerful British Soldier

There is no doubt as to the cheerful courage of the British Tommy. "He will go through the most awful hell for a week and come out of it with a smile." "We'll never beat those fellows," a German prisoner is quoted as saying. Discipline is strict, but the relations between officers and men are of the best. No one denies the courage and fighting quality of the Germans. But they no longer have the confidence with which they began the war. The letters taken from the dead and the prisoners show that. The government "won't be satisfied until we are all killed," says one. This is not the spirit of victory.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Uncle Ezra—So ye just got back from New York! Wath's the difference between the city and the country?

Uncle Eben—Wal, in the country you go to bed feeling all in and get up feeling fine, and in the city you go to bed feeling fine and get up feeling all in.—Life.

MUST TRUST THE BRITISH NAVY TO DEAL WITH SUBMARINE MENACE

THE ONLY MEANS OF CONTROLLING SUB. DANGER

Naval Correspondent of the London Daily News Says That the Real Seriousness of the Submarine Menace Must Not Be Underrated, Nor Is End of Its Ravages Near

When Dr. Michaelis spoke for the first time, as imperial chancellor, to the Reichstag, he made no reference that Germany could hope to accomplish her objects by the operations of her armies. He addressed himself, in the very first place, to the submarine campaign, expressing complete confidence that it would bring victory to Germany and her allies. The direction of the submarine campaign has evidently been taken over by the military authorities, and it was General von Ludendorff, and not the chief of the admiralty staff, who said that the submarines would reduce our tonnage and diminish the supplies of ammunition available for our troops.

Evidently the Germans have two main objects in view. The military staff hopes that by molesting our transport their ends may be attained. The bankers, financiers, and shipowners of the Fatherland indulge the expectations that our mercantile marine will be crippled by the end of the war, just at the time when enormous subsidies applied to their own are bearing fruit.

There is no real reason for alarm in this country, but the people must realize the situation if the economy campaign is to have proper results. The prime minister, with well-trained optimism, said that our losses were not so great as they were, but our output of mercantile shipping was increasing rapidly, which will upset some German calculations, and that our food supplies are assured.

It will be observed, however, that the measures referred to are mainly of a defensive character—the building of ships, which may yet be targets for submarines, and the conservation of national resources. The submarine will be suppressed only by offensive measures and the destruction of the U-boats or the crushing of them at their bases. The principal areas of activity may be brought under better control, for there are regions of peculiar peril to shipping and others where it is practically immune. The navy must do the business.

Sir Eric Geddes, speaking to his constituents at Cambridge after his election, said one of the soundest things that has lately been said about the navy, and it had reference to the suppression of submarines. "It is my duty to know what the Sea Lords are proposing to do, and to get through the material and resources at their disposal, to form an independent opinion as to whether they have enough or should have more, and in every possible way, as far as a civilian can, help them in their work."

This is the right spirit. The public must put trust in the navy, and help it also with their confidence and their economy in the use of national resources. They must not underrate the real seriousness of the submarine menace, nor think that we are nearing the end of its ravages. There is no single or finally effective remedy for it.

The navy was never at a higher pitch of efficiency than at the present time. It has full confidence in its chiefs afloat and ashore, but there is a feeling that it is not given a fair chance. Let it have every engine it requires in abundance, and then by vigorous action the submarine menace will be brought under stronger control.—London Daily News.

An Advancing Democracy

American Writer Believes that War Has Its Compensations

It is not unthinkable that this struggle may be the greatest step thus far taken in the social organization of mankind. We have become more or less familiar with different forms of socialism and of government control. We are already sensitive to the injustice inherent in our industrial and political life. We are ready for a decided advance of democracy toward a real and responsible government in which both rights and duties are equalized. The present conscription has elements in it which were impossible to the days of sixty-one. Our railways are passing under government control. The manufacture of steel is no longer an intendent enterprise. Food supply is becoming a matter of legislation. The need of governmental direction which the prophets have seen and felt is being pushed forward as a war measure. In three months we have gone farther toward the elimination of the trust than in the thirty years preceding, and can anyone believe that we can ever return to the situation of even one year ago? Under the pressure of war necessity social evolution is accelerated, and if this be the way of national success and happiness surely war has its compensations.

Again, nothing in the history of mankind is doing more for the development of the international mind than the struggle now in progress. Most of us think individually and in terms of our personal welfare. Most of us think of our families and in terms of the locality to which we belong. Some of us can think in terms of city and state, but the national mind is largely a development of the Civil war. Then for the first time we learned as a people to think of the United States in the singular rather than in the plural. The process of enlargement cannot be complete, however, until we can think in terms of humanity. Christianity can be realized only as an international ideal. A Christ who is limited by national boundaries is no Christ at all. And it is this struggle which more than any other factor in history is bringing the nations together and breaking down the barriers of localism and nationalism in the interest of an internationalism in which alone Christianity can come to its own. When the United tSates has stood in the trenches side by side with England and France and Italy and Russia we shall find that the word "foreigner" has been merged into the word "man." It will be impossible for us to think of other nations as we have thought of them in the past, and who shall say that this will not be a step forward toward the brotherhood of man?

And with this new spirit and better understanding of nation by nation, can we believe that the parliament of man, the federation of the world, is not brought perceptibly nearer than it has ever been before? As our war of revolution paved the way for the constitution and the organization of the thirteen colonies into a nation, may we not hope at least that the present world struggle may lead the way to some form of world federation which will shut out forever the possibility of war between nations, and make the organization of mankind something more than an irridescent dream? For some of us it may be a time of perplexity and darkness, but there are some of us who can say, "Well roars the storm for those who hear a deeper voice beyond the storm."—Rev. L. O. Williams in the Universal Leader.

Immortal British Infantry

German infantry, backed by abundant preparation and ample artillery support could not carry the positions in which the unprepared British infantry barred the road to Calais.

British infantry had to fight the battles of 1915-16 with such help as could be supplied by an artillery crippled by its lack of guns and lack of overwhelming artillery support, failed to storm weak positions held by the British infantry unsupported by artillery.

Vimy Ridge, Messines Ridge and Hill 70 were mighty fortresses, compared to the positions that the Germans failed to capture on the road to Calais. The miraculous British infantry first defeated the German offensive in its attempt to storm weak positions. Then, with the help of an equally miraculous British artillery, the British infantry defeated the German defensive in its attempt to hold strong positions.—Toronto Telegram.

Father—The idea of your calling your teacher a nuisance? What do you mean, sir?

Tommy—Well, that's what you call me when I ask questions, an' teacher don't do nothin' else.—Boston Transcript.

Hospital Slackers

How a Fourteenth Century Humorist Outwitted the Imposters

Stories of how to outwit imposters who report sick in order to loaf in hospitals are among the oldest traditions of the medical branches of all armies. A fourteenth century collection of anecdotes shows that the malinger was known in those days, and Cardinal de Bari, who had a hospital at Vercell, found its resources were being exhausted by men of this type. One day he sent one of his subordinates to investigate. This man, Petrillo by name, who was something of a humorist, dressed himself in the robes of a physician and assembled all the patients for an examination of their wounds. Then he gravely said: "There is clearly but one remedy needed to the cure of ulcers of this character, and that is an ointment made of human grease. This very day I intend, in consequence, to draw by lot one among you who will be plunged alive into boiling water and cooked for the salvation of all." Seized by fear, all the patients made haste to report themselves as fully recovered from their ulcers and consequently there was room in the hospital for those who really needed care. Physicians today, by the use of similar ruses, have discovered many "hospital slackers."

Express Agent (in a prohibition town, at telephone)—Say, Doc, better send down for this case of books—they're leaking!—Judge.

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THURSDAY NOV. 8, 1917

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CASH COLLECTED

E. H. Hicks-Beach	$ 68 00
J. H. McIntrye and J. W. McKenzie	133 00
Mrs. Laban and Mrs. Thomson	115 85
A. Beaton and Chas Simms	13 50
Major Hilton	30 59
F. Cross and W. A. W. Hames	111 00
M. B. Ball and F. H. Janes	84.75
Rev. Bolton and W. Duncan	167 00
C. M. Houghton	15 00
I. O. D. E. Courtenay	20 00
Red Cross Society, Union Bay	100 00
	$ 858 60

BILLS PAID

Printing	$ 10 50
A. Burnett	3 90
Stenographer—W. Beyden	1 00
Forwarded to National Council Y. M. C. A. Military Dept. Calgary, Alta	843 20
	$ 858 60

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$20 A. Urquhart; $5 E. H. Hicks-Beach; $2 T. B. Unsworth; R. N. Fitzgerald; J. Isaac Davis; J. F. Tailiure; Margaret Lewis; $4 Captain Vigors. $1.50 Mrs. J. Coleman; $1 J. Fitzgerald H. A. Ryder, E. E. Clayton, Mrs. A. G. Slaughter, W. Beard, Mrs. Henry Mitchell, Mrs. Alice Joyce, Mrs. Eileen Skittles, W. N. Mathinson, Mrs. J. P. Johnston, Mrs. A. Stafford, H. H. Beadnell, Mrs. Vigors, R. McQuillan, John Thomson, Mrs. T. H. Green, F. T. Dillman, F. W. Moore, T. Pearse Wm. Carter, W. C. White, Miss Freeman; 50c. Mrs. Horwood, Mrs. Piercy, B. D. Broughton, Mrs. H. Carter, M. B. Pearse, Mrs. F. Fillinger, Billie Wong, H. E. Carlson, T. M. Michael.

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Practical Shoemaker and Repair
Next to Hardy & Biscoe

GRAND DISPLAY
at
Willard's Harness Emporium
Fine Showing of Horse Blankets, Lap Rugs, Gloves, Trunks, Suit Cases, Etc.
Harness Repaired Neatly
W. W. WILLARD
Cumberland and Courtena

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco

IS THE WORLD'S BEST CHEW

It is manufactured tobacco in its purest form.

It has a pleasing flavor.

It is tobacco scientifically prepared for man's use.

The City Council held a midnight session on Monday evening. Report crowded out this week.

Auctioneer Haray will sell contents of the Wilson Hotel, Union Bay, by public auction on Friday and Saturday afternoons of this week.

Two shooting accidents occurred at the logging camps lately. On Sept. 30 Jaimac Kaski was out shooting with 22 rifle when by some mishap the trigger was pulled and the bullet struck him in the side of the face making a painful, but not dangerous wound. Strange to say it was the back end of the bullet that flattened out when it struck him. On Oct. 28 Alexis Huttonan was out shooting with the same gun when it again went off accidently wounding him in the leg.

The Cleanest Range

The Kootenay has a nickeled steel, rust-proof oven that is as easy to wash and keep clean as any cooking utensil. The ash-chute directs all the ashes into the pan, which is roomy and large enough to hold a two days' accumulation. Write for booklet.

McClary's

KOOTENAY RANGE

LONDON TORONTO MONTREAL WINNIPEG VANCOUVER ST. JOHN, N.B. HAMILTON CALGARY SASKATOON EDMONTON

For sale by C. H. Tarbell & Son, Courtenay

Logger's Boots

We have just put on sale a fine new line of the best Loggers Shoes. Fully guaranteed

AT REASONABLE PRICES

T. Booth & Sons

Telephone No. 1.

The Military Service Act, 1917

DON'T DELAY!

Do It TODAY

THE MILITARY SERVICE ACT is passed; the Proclamation issued October 13th. It is now the bounden duty of every man in Class One to report for service or claim exemption. This includes all bachelors and widowers without children (not otherwise excepted) who were 20 years old on the 13th October, 1917, and whose 34th birthday did not occur before January 1st, 1917.

What To Do

Go to your Post Office and ask for the form for reporting for service or for claiming exemption. The form contains clear instructions for filling in. Do this not later than NOVEMBER 10th.

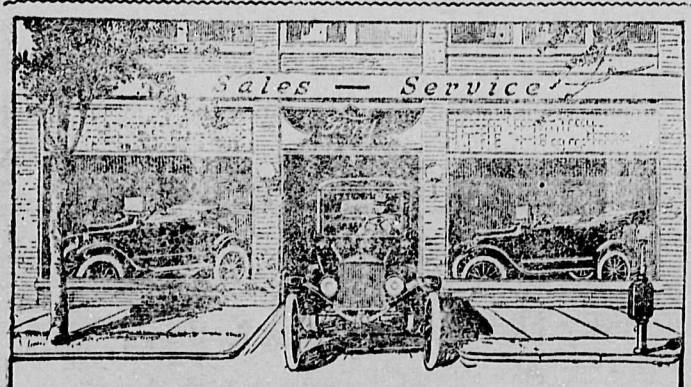
Beware of the Last Minute Rush

With so many thousands of reports and claims to be dealt with, the rush of Class One Men will grow heavier day by day. You will waste less of your time and serve your own best interests if you avoid the inevitable rush on the last days.

The law is being enforced with the Government and the People firmly behind it. Obey the law. Do it today.

321

Issued by
The Military Service Council



Complete Service to Ford Owners Everywhere

COURTEOUS attention to your needs wherever you may travel is something you appreciate, and being a Ford owner you can get it. You are always "among friends."

There are more than 700 Ford Dealer Service Stations throughout Canada. These are always within easy reach of Ford owners—for gasoline, oil, tires, repairs, accessories, expert advice or motor adjustments.

The cost of Ford Service is as remarkably low as the cost of the car itself. Nineteen of the most called for parts cost only $5.40. Just compare this with the cost of spare parts for other cars and you will realize the advantage of owning a Ford.

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Runabout - $475
Touring - $495

F. O. B. FORD, ONT

E. C. Emde, Dealer, Courtenay

S. ODA

Ladies and Gent's Tailor

New Spring Goods Now on Hand

McPhee Block - Courtenay

APPLY TO
RICHARD CREECH
FOR
Sand and Gravel
Rates Reasonable

NOTICE

Mooring & Mansfield

General Blacksmiths

Beg to announce that they are prepared to do all kinds of repairs at moderat prices.

Horseshoeing a Specialty

P. McBryde's

Bakery and Tea Rooms

Brown's Block, Courtenay

The Best and cheapest bread in the district

14 Loaves for $1, 7 for 50 cts, 4 for 30cts, 2 for 15 cts

We invite anyone to dispute the above advertisement

McBRYDE

The baker of Better Bread — Opposite the city hall

The Italian Reverse

is due to several reasons, one of which is the extreme scarcity of coal. We in this country have lots of coal underground, but lack the men and machinety necessary to get out sufficient to supply ourselves and our allies, That is why our government is impressing upon us the importance of saving coal.

The best way to Save Coal is to

COOK BY ELECTRICITY

Everyone who saves coal or wood by using Electricity that is generated by Waterpower, as it is in this place, is doing no small bit toward helping to win this war for the Allies.

For information regarding speciol rates for Electric Cooking apply

The Courtenay Electric Light

Heat & Power Company Limited

GRIEVE and DARGIE

Ice Cream
Candies,
Cigars,
Pipes,
Tobaccos

THEED PEARSE

Barrister and Solicitor, Notary Public.

Phone 6 — **Courtenay**

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY 10 CENTS PER PLUG

The Squire's Sweetheart

BY

KATHARINE TYNAN

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

"You do not believe in it then?"

"I cannot say that I believe. I believe I should have courage enough to sleep in the Chateau quite alone, if only Kitty would hear of it. Kitty thinks the Chateau and the wood ill-omened and evil. If one is here long enough one is apt to grow nervy. We have to go back to London to recover our nerves. To be sure the people have all gone home. In ten days' time the Splendide will close its doors for the winter. It is time too, when our nerves are shattered. I think the high winds in these parts have something to do with it, for of course the place is splendidly healthy. When I find that I cannot go into the old church out there on the dunes without feeling that something will come behind me, something of a terrible menace, then I know it is time for me to go back to London. It affects some people earlier; for I have nerves of steel usually. You remember the negro, Kitty?"

Kitty remembered the negro, and said so in a voice as soft as a rose-leaf.

"Tell me about the negro," said Hilary.

"It was last year—a very fine year; and the place was crowded till well into September. The Chateau was full from garret to basement—all English people, and on those easy terms of intimacy that spring up in such places, where, by the way, a real or lasting friendship is hardly ever formed. I don't believe they ever heard the sound of the digging in the wood, because they were disporting themselves after the manner of the English abroad, with fancy dress dances, gymkhanas, whist drives, and all the rest of it—dressing up like children, and always running in and out of each other's rooms. There did not seem to be a chance for nerves."

"Well, one afternon about dusk, Mrs. Orpen, a lady who lives in Kensington, and her tall daughter came in, both looking a little disturbed. Out on the sea road they had met with a gigantic negro, who had suddenly popped out upon them from behind a rock and had behaved in an eccentric manner, wanting to tell their fortunes, and thoroughly frightening them. We thought they exaggerated the seize of the negro, that the prevailing malady of the nerves had begun to affect them. But no. After that one or another of us saw the negro. I was dining with the Carterets, who had Les Marguerites down the village street. The windows were wide open; it was quite a little dinner party, when suddenly the negro appeared in the space of the window, the black face and the white teeth and whites of the eyes glittering in the candlelight. He was a full-blooded African negro, a giant in size. He danced and sang and some of the men threw him coins and encouraged him to play the fool. Somehow under the bonhomie the man was a savage; and we women all felt it. I can't tell you why the men did not feel it in the same way. Mrs. Carteret, who was a quite unimaginative little woman and a tremendous stickler for open air, told me afterwards that she shut up all windows that night. Of course, the chalet was quite on the street; but they had been sleeping with wide open windows all the summer, even though it was possible for anyone to enter that way, and a seat under the windows made entrance easier. She said that in the night she heard a stir from upstairs where the children slept with their nurse, and her thoughts immediately flew to Bobby and the croup. Bobby Carteret got croup on every possible occasion, and got it badly. She flew upstairs to find Bobby sleeping soundly, and the disturbance caused by the nurse who had dropped the book she had been reading before she fell asleep out of bed. All was quiet there in the flash-light from Gris-nez.

"As she came down the stairs, facing the ironwork screen of the hall door—the door was always fastened back so that air could enter by the screen—she was suddenly seized by an overmastering terror. The night was one of broad moonlight. The other side of the street was in deepest shadow. Something stirred in the shadow, or she thought something stirred. She said that she stood there, the moon, through the ironwork screen, full upon her in her white nightgown. She expected nothing but that the negro would come out of the shadow across the street; that his black face and the whites of his eyes should be pressed against the screen. She said that if that had happened she knew it would have meant death for her. Nothing stirred and she managed to pass the screen and awaken her husband before she did a dead faint, frightening the poor man nearly out of his wits. She was not the fainting sort at all. Indeed, she said that that was her first fainting fit. She was rather seriously ill for a week."

They were out on the sea road now with its cheerful traffic of bicycles and pedestrians, automobiles, and hooded carts drawn by horses, which it would be a misuse of words to call cheerful. On either side of them stretched the dunes falling away to the sea on one side, rising to the sky-line at the other. In the gold and blue of the day there was a gaiety which forbade the thought of the grue which had been in Mrs. Lloyd's recital. The people they met called out "Bon jour, Monsieur; bon jour, Madame; bon jour, Mademoiselle," in a high sing-song.

"Was that the end of the negro?" Hilary asked.

"Not quite. You're not bored with the story, which I only brought in to emphasize my point about Audinac being a nervy place. He turned up one night at the Hotel de la Marine, when we were having dinner. The place was crowded to the doors, an overflow meal going on in the billiard room. He came in, the great bounding and laughing savage, and did some sort of performance. It was not a seemly performance. I do not think he was quite sober. The foolish men who begun by encouraging him were, I think, rather sorry before he finished. When he had proved himself thoroughly undesirable there was great difficulty in inducing him to go. M. Dufour, in a towering rage, succeeded at last in doing what more gentle means had failed to do.

"The odd thing was that afterwards the women who used to sit in the billiard room for an hour or so, knitting or sewing, before they put their work away and went off to the Chateau, lingered that night. Not one said she was afraid, but every woman of them was terrified of the dark wood and the negro. I knew exactly how they felt. Every woman there felt as the lonely white woman feels shut up in her little house, as in a fortress, in the midst of a black population. One understood many things. I am not sure that I did not understand the American practice of lynching."

She broke off with a little laugh.

"Those women would be sitting there still if I had not taken the most reliable of the men apart and told them what was the matter. We all went over to the Chateau under male escort; and the visitors nearly all returned to England within the week. The dark evenings and the negro were too much for the feminine nerves."

They had turned across the dunes and were passing a little solitary house about which there was no sign of life. With neighbors it would have been quite an ordinary ugly house, too high for its narrow width. But there was something lonesome and depressing about it to Hilary's mind. Was the nerviness of the place beginning to affect him?

"Do you see that farm house over there?—I mean that eyeless building by which the road runs?" Mrs. Lloyd asked. "That is another of the queer places about here. My friend, Antoine Chauboire, the shepherd, shall, if you please, tell the story of Les Peupliers, but another time. We have fed full on grues for today. Dufour would think me a very bad guide to Audinac."

Hilary's eyes had suddenly become alert. There was a figure at some distance going away from them, listlessly, so that a sprint would bring them up easily with it; the figure of a man going with his head down, too absorbed in his own thoughts apparently to heed the strange mirage-like beauty of the dunes under strong sunlight.

"I beg your pardon," he said excitedly. "If it isn't his fetch, it is my cousin, Don Meyrick, though what brings him here in this part of the world I canont imagine."

Lifting his hat, he left them, beginning to run, with a certain freedom and grace, after the retreating figure.

(To Be Continued.)

Female Units in Germany

Travellers from Berlin arriving at Amsterdam state that Germany is preparing to follow the Russian lead in organizing regiments of women, who will be available later to send to the front if necessary. The achievements of the Russian women's battalion have been widely advertised in Germany, and favorably commented upon. Several steps for similar moves by Germany are discussed in Berlin, and the organization of several trial regiments, at first as a species of Home Reserve, is expected shortly.

Price of Bread

The Prospective Price of Bread and Flour in the U. S.

The average retail price of Family Patent Flour in New York from April to August, inclusive, this year, has been $15.36 per barrel.

Upon the declared fair price for wheat the New York price of Family Patent flour in the larger packages should retail in at between $11.75 and $12.75 per barrel, depending on the milling yield of wheat this year and the price of mill feed. The price of bakers' Patent flour to small bakers and retailers in jute packing, allowing for the millers' and jobbers' costs and profits, should range between $10.35 and $11.25 per barrel, depending on the milling yield of wheat and the price of mill feeds.

At the present time contracts are being made in New York for wholesale lots of bakers' Patent flour in jute bags at about $10.65 per barrel to jobbers, whose present basis of distribution would make the flour cost the small baker and retailer about $11.00 per barrel.

The price in Boston will probobly be 10 cents more per barrel, while that in Pittsburgh should be 10 cents less; in New Orleans 25 cents less; in Chicago 35 cents less; in Minneapolis 50 cents less, and in Kansas City 60 cents less per barrel.

At the prospective prices for flour it is improbable that a full 16 ounce loaf can be delivered to the consumer for less than 10 cents per loaf, unless the consumer will join with the bakers and retailers in eliminating needless cost. It may be possible to reduce the cost of bread by about two cents per loaf if co-operation of bakers, retailers and consumers can be secured to effect a standardized loaf, and if wasteful practices which have grown up out of competitive conditions can be eliminated, and a reduction in delivery and credit brought about. Some bakers of a large volume and with special delivery conditions, may even be able to increase this savings somewhat.

The baking of large loaves under non-delivery and cash sales conditions in large sections of Europe would permit the sale at the bakery door of a 16 ounce loaf from this prospective price of flour for six cents. The higher labor, fuel costs and methods of distribution through retailers, delivery, credit and other expensive re-handling systems in the United States increases the price.

Utilization of Waste

The utilization of waste in the battle-wrecked parts of France has been reduced to a science. All the pieces of shell, cases, unexploded bombs, haversacks, helmets, canteens and even old rags are picked up and sent down to the base to be utilized in some form or another. At one spot 50,000 old shoes were being repaired when a war correspondent visited it. The upper part of an old shoe is often converted into shoe laces by an ingenious machine invented by an Irish shoemaker. One thousand five hundred French girls are employed at one salvage shop converting overcoats picked up on the fields.

For many years to come the beef cattle business will be more profitable than in the past. The reason is that there is a world shortage of cattle. Europe is depleting itself for war purposes and it is estimated that Europe alone will stand in need of from 15,000,000 to 20,000,000 cattle at the end of the war.—Breeders' Gazette.

He—My ancestors came over in the Mayflower.

She—It's lucky they did; the immigration laws are a little stricter now.—Yale Record.

Farms in Argentina

Great Establishments Running From 12,000 to 200,000 Acres

It is when the traveller has made a night's run from the strictly mountain towns and wakens to look out of the windows of his sleeping car to behold the vast pampa of level and productive plain unrolling before him on all sides that the real Argentina begins to be tangible. It is like sailing on an almost perfectly level sea that bends away to the horizon with naught to obstruct the vision save here and there a clump of poplars, which signifies the ranch buildings of a big "estancia."

One is struck with the absence of woods, but as one proceeds and studies the landscape he sees great herds of cattle, immense flocks of sheep, and here and there gray patches which, on nearer view, are discovered to be composed of Argentina ostriches. Then there are the stretches of grain fields which seem to reach everywhere and have no boundaries—thousands of acres of wheat and corn.

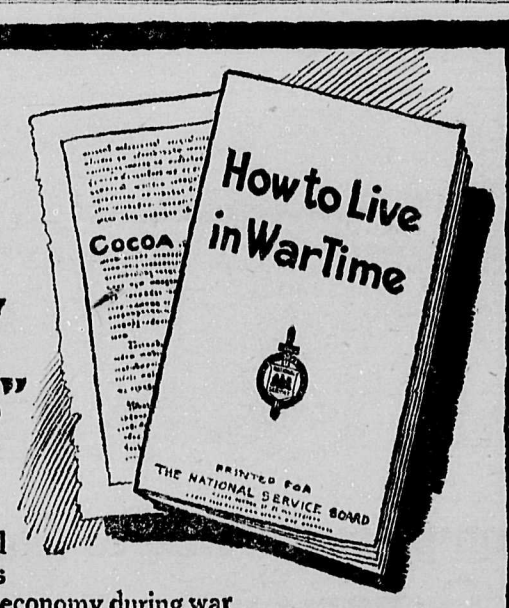
One has reached the country where farms are measured not by the acres, but by square leagues. If you ask the size of a farm, the answer will often fairly appall you, for these vast feudal "estancias" comprise all the way from 12,000 to 200,000 acres, and agriculture is on a scale that would seem fabulous even to our farmers in Kansas and Nebraska.

Sympathetic Officer—Is he fatally wounded, do you think?

Irish Nurse—I think two av the wounds is fatal, sor, but the third is not, an' if we can lave him rest quiet for a while he may come around all right.—Puck.

"If you can't be a fighter, don't be a waster."

"The Kitchen Must Help as well as the Workshop and the Trenches"
Lloyd George



Read the booklet which the National Service Board of Canada has prepared to guide you in household economy during war time. It may astonish you to learn that a cup of cocoa, with sugar and milk, contains more nourishment than a cup of beef extract, chicken soup or bouillon.

COWAN'S COCOA
"Perfection Brand"
MADE IN CANADA

At meals drink Cowan's Cocoa; as a confection choose Cowan's Maple Buds or Queen's Dessert. In this way you will need less of other foods, thus conserving the food resources of the country and at the same time saving money.

Patriotism will prompt the investing of money saved from household expenses in War Savings Certificates, the Government offering $25 certificates, maturing in 3 years, for $21.50, every dollar going to win the war.

Study the Government booklet, "How to Live in War Time," and make Cowan's fit into your daily menu.

Ask for Cowan's ACTIVE SERVICE Chocolate; just what our soldiers in the trenches appreciate. Specially manufactured to meet their needs.

Buy War Savings Certificates

169

REMEMBER
the great economy of
BOVRIL

Copenhagen
Chewing
Tobacco
IS THE WORLD'S BEST CHEW

It is manufactured tobacco in its purest form.

It has a pleasing flavor.

It is tobacco scientifically prepared for man's use.

Women Workers in Britain

In One County 1,500 Women are Employed in Farm Labor

In one county in England 1,500 women are officially reported employed in farm labor of one kind or another. This is according to a statement from the office of the food controller of Great Britain.

This indicates to some degree the dependence of England upon the farm labor of women. Soldiers stationed in England, however, are being used to as large an extent as possible in the harvesting of the crops.

Miss Talbot, director of the Woman's Branch of Agriculture of Great Britain, reports that the conditions for the women working on the land are being made as pleasant as possible, and that they are doing all classes of farm work. In speaking of the different types of women who have taken up farm labor she says: "There was the cottage woman hedging and ditching alongside the university woman. In the milk shops and out in the fields where the hoeing and manure spreading were going on, I came across a tea shop waitress, a housemaid from the Mansion house, and an officer's daughter. This is surely something akin to the ranks of the new army, filled as they are with men of all classes. The farmers seem to agree that women have a special aptitude in the case of stock. "They are gentle, and that tells with an animal,' they reported."

Official reports from every county in England give due credit to the assistance being given by women in the fields, showing how widespread their work on the land is.

Rocks for Ammunition

In the semi-official correspondence from the Russian eastern front pitiful stories are related of soldiers driven mad for the lack of shell and rifle catridges, who turned to the ground on which they were making a stand and dug up big stones and hurled them at the oncoming foe. And in that brave, desperate manner they fought till they fell.

People eat
Grape-Nuts
because they like it and they know it's good for them

W. N. U. 1178

Buckwheat Screenings

E. S. Archibald, Dominion animal husbandman, reports that buckwheat screenings as a feed for swine of all ages is very valuable. For finishing and young growing hogs well-ground buckwheat screenings will produce as great gains as will a mixture of wheat shorts three parts, fine ground corn three parts, linseed oil meal one part. This latter mixture at present prices is worth fifty-four dollars per ton on eastern markets.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS
ALWAYS IN THE HOME

Mrs. Eugene Vaillancourt, St. Mathieu, Que., writes: "My baby suffered greatly from constipation so I began using Baby's Own Tablets. I was surprised with the prompt relief they gave him and now I always keep them in the house." Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little ones she always keeps a supply on hand for the first trial convinces her there is nothing to equal them in keeping her little ones well. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Difference

An English barber in London at the time of an epidemic remarked to one of his customers that there was "grippe in the h'air."

"Then I hope you are careful about the brushes you use?"

"Oh," said the barber, "I don't mean the 'air of the 'ed, but the h'air of the h'atmosphere."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—I can recommend MINARD'S LINIMENT for Rheumatism and Sprains, as I have used it for both with excellent results.

Yours truly,
T., B. LAVERS,
St. John.

Should Use Fish

Substitution of Fish to Save Meats Is Recommended

The campaign to substitute fish to save meats has been so successful that fifteen additional refrigerator cars are to be used for transporting Atlantic fish to central Canada. Arrangements for the extra service were made at a special meeting between the fish committee under the food controller of Canada and representatives of the railways and fish producers.

The new arrangements include increased service through special trains, when necessary from the seaboard to interior points. The increased service will make possible a much wider distribution of fish and will insure the arrival of the fish at their destinations in good condition.

While substitution of fish for meats is a comparatively new thing in Canada, made necessary by the imperative demand to conserve meats for export to the Allies, its growth has been remarkable, and the need for stabilized market conditions in interior points that an adequate and steady supply of fish might be depended upon, made the new arrangements imperative.

Mystery Cleared Up

Bonds Stolen at Beginning of War are Found

They have found the missing bonds.

At the beginning of the war a British plant near Paris was commandeered by the French government for use as a hospital. The firm left a number of bonds, not completely printed, in the office safe. A wounded French soldier stole them.

The French soldier was killed in battle. A German soldier found the bonds under the dead man's coat and placed them under his own.

The German soldier was killed and a French artillery sergeant found the bonds. The sergeant sold them to a comrade for a few francs.

The comrade presented them to his bank for payment. The cashier paid him the money. Later the bank discovered the bonds were not numbered and otherwise incomplete. They started an investigation and their detectives met the detectives of the printing firm half way on their respective trails, clearing up the mystery.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

A New Word at the Front

New activities are steadily producing new words, and, coined as they are, for the most part, under stress of circumstances, they make no pretense at preserving philological amenities. The latest, like so many others, comes from France. "This afternoon," writes an officer, in a letter from the front, "we motored over to the Tankodrome." As one writer very justly exclaims: "And only a year ago we had yet to learn what tanks were!"—Christian Science Monitor.

LIFT YOUR CORNS
OFF WITH FINGERS

How to loosen a tender corn or callus so it lifts out without pain

Let folks step on your feet hereafter; wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug called freezone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out.

This drug dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without even irritating the surrounding tissue.

A small bottle of freezone obtained at any drug store will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn of callus from one's feet.

If your druggist hasn't stocked this new drug yet, tell him to get a small bottle of freezone for you from his wholesale drug house.

Spain's Pride Is Hurt

The Spanish government has sent a note to the Portuguese ministry of foreign affairs, demanding that the Seculo, an important newspaper in Portugal, be called to court for publishing an article from its special correspondent in Madrid, entitled "The Last Bourbon," in which it was foretold that the king of Spain would be the last sovereign of this line.

Wise mothers who know the virtues of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

Disqualified

She—Well, I maintain that women can do anything that men can do.

He—Oh, no. The auctioneer's business is one a woman cannot go into

She—Nonsense! She'd make every bit as good an auctioneer as a man.

He—Just imagine an unmarried lady getting up before a crowd and exclaiming: "Now, gentlemen, all I want is an offer!"—London Tit-Bits.

It Is Wise to Prevent Disorder.—Many causes lead to disorders of the stomach and few are free from them. At the first manifestation that the stomach and liver are not performing their functions, a course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills should be tried, and it will be found that the digestive organs will speedily resume healthy action. Laxatives and sedatives are so blended in these pills that no other preparation could be so effective as they.

Argentine Generosity

The foreign minister has notified the British minister that it will be unnecessary for Great Britain to return to the Argentine government 180,000 tons of wheat and 30,000 tons of flour shipped to England after the food embargo. Great Britain has promised to return the wheat and flour if Argentina required it. The present stocks make unnecessary the return.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES
Granulated Eyelids, Sore Eyes, Eyes inflamed by Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort
Murine Eye Remedy At Your Druggist's or by mail, 50c per bottle. Murine Eye Salve, in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye—Free. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

EXCELSIOR
INSURANCE LIFE COMPANY
A Strong Canadian Company
Surplus Over Three-Quarters Million Dollars

FOR EXPERT PERSONAL ATTENTION
CONSIGN YOUR GRAIN—
NOTIFY

Jas. Richardson & Sons, Ltd.

THE OLD RELIABLE COMMISSION MERCHANTS
TRACK BUYERS AND EXPORTERS
Established 1857

Top Prices, Careful Checking of Grades, Liberal Advances and Prompt Adjustments. We are Big Buyers of

Oats, Barley, Flax and Rye

Phone or Wire Our Nearest Office for Prices Any Time After Your Grain Is Shipped.

WESTERN OFFICES
Grain Exchange, Winnipeg
Grain Exchange, Calgary
Canada Building, Saskatoon

LONG DISTANCE PHONES
Main 8522
Main 2268
3241

Food Control in U. S.

Licensing of the Sugar Trade Is the Next Step

The licensing of all manufacturers, refiners and importers of sugar has been officially determined upon by President Wilson as the next step in the control of staple food commodities.

The critical situation in the sugar markets, anticipated during the fall months, makes prompt action necessary, and the proclamation of the president will require the licensing, by October 1, of "all persons, firms, corporations and associations engaged in the business either of importing sugar, or manufacturing sugar from sugar cane or beets, or of refining sugar or of manufacturing sugar syrups or molasses."

The issuance of licenses, the promulgation of rules and regulations for the government of licensees, and general control of the sugar industry will rest with the food administration and has been already generally discussed and approved by the leading men in the industry. General licensing of the industry will serve as a step toward the regulation of prices by the prevention of speculation and the securing of equitable distribution. The sugar problem being one of distribution as much as of supply, the solution is to be brought about by voluntary agreements with the trades, the essential principles of which have been already settled.

A Powerful Medicine.—The healing properties in six essential oils are concentrated in every bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, forming one of the most beneficial liniments ever offered to the use of man. Thousands can testify as to its power in allaying pain, and many thousands more can certify that they owe their health to it. Its wonderful power is not expressed by its cheapness.

British Columbia Honey

Output This Year Will Eclipse All Previous Records

British Columbia's honey output this year will eclipse all records, according to present indications. Also, honey prices are higher than ever, local producers marketing at 23 cents a pound, an advance of three cents a pound over last year.

George Coe, director of the B. C. Bee Keepers' association, attributes in a large measure, the increased yield to the abundance of clover, due to the heavy spring rains, which promoted root growth, and the later long continued warm weather, which brought out an abundance of blossoms.

The big production was mainly on the lower mainland, Okanagan and Kootenay yields being only fair. The best reported yield is that secured by John Reagh, of Ladner, who averaged 183 pounds for thirty colonies. J. W. Austin, of Heffley Creek, procured 1,500 pounds from nine colonies an average of 166 1-2 pounds. —P.W.L.

Minard's Liniment for Sale Everywhere.

Sweet Corn Commercially Profitable

Experiments of farmers have demonstrated that sweet corn can be successfully grown in large quantities in many parts of Western Canada. Under irrigation in Southern Alberta certain varieties grow exceedingly well. On their farm between Suffield and Retlaw the Southern Alberta Land Company have had good crops every year since 1914, when they began to plant corn as an experiment. Their average yield is from 1,000 to 1,500 dozen ears to the acre. Corn from this farm is sent to the neighboring towns of Medicine Hat, Calgary, Banff, Moose Jaw and Regina, where there is an eager demand for it.

THE PROPER WAY TO USE
COPENHAGEN
CHEWING TOBACCO

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco is entirely different from the ordinary "plug" or "fine cut".

It is made of the best, old, rich, high flavored tobacco.

Being in small grains, it imparts its strength and flavor more freely and fully than tobacco in the usual form.

For this reason, Copenhagen is not chewed; but is placed in the mouth between the lower lip and the gum.

A small pinch is all that is necessary to thoroughly satisfy, and those who are using "Copenhagen" for the first time, should take care to use only a small pinch, otherwise "Copenhagen" will be thought to have too much tobacco strength.

"It's the most economical chew".

No Baths for Berliners

Owing to the need of freight cars for military purposes, as well as the conservation of supplies, the military powers of Berlin have reduced the lighting on the streets by one-third, have taken a census of private stocks of coal, with a view to their being commandeered for government use, while all public places, restaurants, cafes, theatres etc., which used to be rather too glaringly resplendent at night are now illuminated very discreetly. The imperial commissioner has decided no household shall be permitted to burn more than a certain percentage of last year's amount of electricity or coal. Sixty per cent. was the limit at first but there was such a storm of indignation that the order was reconsidered. Even baths are being forbidden by the authorities, and the amount of hot water available for tea and coffee is to be officially limited.

Once in tins,
Now in Cardboard

We are able to perform a patriotic duty and still maintain the high standard of the deliciously crisp freshness of

Som-Mor
Biscuit

In helping to conserve the tin supply for the soldiers, we found that triple-sealed cardboard cartons carried our biscuits just as well—because our dealers ordered in small quantities—and very often. Ask your grocer today for one of the new packages. You'll like them. Also try our

VANILLA WAFERS

They're a little better than you expect.

North-West Biscuit Company, Limited,
EDMONTON, Alta.
Agencies at Regina, Saskatoon, Calgary and Vancouver.
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Letters to the Editor

Editor Courtenay Review

Dear Sir:—Leaving the meeting held in the Agricultural Hall at Courtenay on the night of Oct. 28th, one was temporarily at a loss for suitable words with which to describle the continued stream of illogical, barefaced misrepresentation, made by the would-be representative of this constituency at Ottawa, who thundered away to an amused audience and his own apparent satisfaction without aid or hindrance from his two adorning manikins for some two hours, succeeding only in demonstrating only in demonstrating that if any person in this wide world has a super abundant supply of what in the common venacular known as "Gall" that person is the Speaker on the occasion in question.

Having heard many comments on his bombastic ebullition since that night, some of which were very extensive in their denunciation the most seem to treat him as a joke saying that's "Billy" we don't take notice of what he says; but of the whole the one who metioned the word "gall" seems to have expressed the predominant feature in the make up of this pot-bellied bull frog.

Gall, for the better information of those not fully conversant with its meaning, is that quality in mankind which enables one to borrow five dollars, forget to pay it back, and then touch you for a twenty. That which enables a woman to borrow her neighbor's best hat and then complain that it is not the latest style, or does not suit her particular style of beauty. It is what makes a man aspire to the premie ship of this country when he ought to hide his head for very shame in about ten fathom of muddy water with a ship's anchor fastened close up to his collar,

With some of the less harmful it is satisfactory to gag them, but those of the type which appeared on the occasion in question it is doubtful if incarnation is satisfactory.

Woe betide those who doff their hats to this style of humbuggery, for if ever an exhibition of humbuggery was given to an audience it was given by Mr. W. W. McInnis on the night in question.

In these days when politics is a high class play whose pawns are power and plunder let the man you would select to spend your money and make your laws be the one in whom you can trust, not one who is as a whole brass band in himself, out of tune and out of place.

The government at Ottawa, he told his audience, takes us for a lot of boobs, then for two full hours goes on grinding out mis-representations he could have as believe, as if to say "and so you are" and so we certainly would be if we took stock in his tirade.

While not for one moment trying to belittle our own province of B. C. and having no claims to Prince Edward Island or Nova Scotia, both of which were held up contemptuously by this erstwhile windjammer, I wonder what percentages would look like if from the the figures quoted of the soldiers sent from B. C. we first deducted those recruited here the numbers who were not Brittsh Columbians by birth giving credit to Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia for those hailing within their borders? Something very different from the misleading figures given out that night.

The truth that's only half the truth is unadulterated falsehood and he who tries to spoon-feed his so-called boobs with homemade statistics compiled to suit his own misshapen ambitions i taken for granted as they are scored up is twice a prevaricator, knowing full well as he does that they are misleading. Did he attempt to explain that for many years past the young man of the eastern province has been migrating to the west leaving behind the old folks and children only, while the west is made up largely of a floating population of men of military age? He did not because it did not suit his purpose to do so.

When he stated the Borden administration took four months to pass the Military Service Bill notwithstanding the claim that men were urgently needed did he explain that it was with the utmost reluctance the Borden administration presented the bill at all? And when it was found essential the delay occasioned was due to the opposition of it's opponents who appealed for further trials of voluntary enlistment which again being resorted to only proved abortive? He did not. If he had, his unworthy insinuations would have fallen flatter than he did himself when he made his unfounded charges against the government for granting commissions to members of the Conservative Association only.

When he said conscription was unnecessary did he mean it? No! because in the next breath of air he said he favored conscription. That he would find willing listeners amongst those whom the Military Service Act most effects he knew quite well but even the sympathy of these was not very apparent.

He stated the hundred thousand called for are not needed—Could anyone believe him? Did he believe himself? By no means! He knows as well as any that by the time this one hundred thousand are trained they will be more than wanted for fighting.

The United States is in the war now. They have lots of men and money too, no necessity for us to send any more. What a statesmanlike expression! What an insult to our latest Allies! What an insult to Canada! What an insult to the Empire at large! Yet how like the man who made the expression. Only one with a gall sack so large that there is no room for heart could brazenly make such a statement.

When one comes to think that this man who is capable of putting on so bold a front has just stepped down from the bench of the Supreme Courts of Justice he is forced to ask himself of what are our courts composed.

Ministers of the gospel are God's advocates on earth. Those who administer justice should be worthy the name of God's representative. By what miscarriage he ever came to sit on the dias with worthy judges is inconceivable but that those days are at an end is gratifying. His remarks anent these gallant men are so unworthy the worst miscreant who ever stood before him to receive judgment. Yes, ten thousand times moreso because he knew the unworthiness of his statement.

Again how undignified of one of his attainments to sow the seeds of insubordination in the breasts of the young men in his midst who are about to become soldiers under the Conscription Act, within a few days of their being drafted. There is but one name for it and would that I had the meeting out of justice to him who has administered to others so long, I'd not mince matters by calling it Gall.

I wonder does our hypocritical candidate for a warmer spot than Ottawa, think he is the first to realize the time has come to reorganize the system of administration of the Patriotic Fund. This necessity has become apparent from experience and must be remedied, but those who have worked hard and honestly under the existing arrangements let due credit be given not blackguardly abuse and insult.

I wonder could he on challenge produce one isolated case which he stated was rampant of women dependents being insulted by the dispensers of the Patriotic Fund—one only that will hold water. I think not.

Be you Conservative or Liberal in your political opinions makes little difference to me but I do know that I would not trust one with such sublimated audacity immaculate nerve, brass bound, triple plated cheek to represent me at an execution were I the central figure in the show lest witnesses should remember me only as deserving of that end. He'd rob me of the very pity.

Billy McInnis, as you seem to be so familiarly known, you once told a man he was going to fall and as his head was the softest part he'd better fall on it. Mind in your soarings that your gas does not escape too freely for when you drop there'll be so little worth picking up a blot sheet will hardly be soiled.

People are beginning to wonder what you see in the distance when you throw up a soft $5000.00 a year job to fight for a seat at Ottawa, or whether a medical examination had already been made displaying as is now apparent to all, the existence of the bitter consistency within your make up.

Remember when coming this way again, that we have some thing in common with the Lord, we hate liars.

Yours very truly,
One of the Boobs.

Lazo

The ladies of the Lazo Red Cross wish to thank those who so kindly helped to make the dance such a success. Thanks are due to Mr. Pigott for taking the musicians also Mrs. Knight for use of piano. The old time dance brought many old friends, many coming from Union Bay, Cumberland, Courtenay and Sandwick. The Xmas cake donated by Mrs. Knight was won by Mrs. Beattie who has been staying with her daughter Mrs. Livingstone, Little River, and has just returned her home at Powell River Mrs. Beattie, being an invalid will appreciate her cake as we appreciated all those who came to help our cause, and hope that we may have the pleasure of seeing them all again when this lot of wool is made up into socks for the brave men who are fighting for us, we cannot do much for them, but we can help keep them warm.

Receipts

Money taken at dance	$51
Receipts for cake	$25
	$76

Expenses

Music	$6
Balance	$70

What Will Canada's Answer Be?

OVER in the sodden trenches amid the bursting shells and the roar of artillery where Canada's boys are fighting and dying.

—they are waiting for Canada's answer when the sale of Victory Bonds begins.

CANADA'S soldiers expect that we at home will put up the millions they need to keep on fighting,

—the millions they must have to win Victory for freedom, home and Canada.

What answer will Canada make?

What answer will you make?

Shall it be said that Canada spares not her sons from the sacrifice of battle, yet withholds her dollars to give them victory?

Rather will it be said that Canada once more, for the fourth time in three years, cheerfully puts up her millions upon millions for the cause of freedom, righteousness and justice.

Canada's answer must be,

—that the Canadian hand to the plow of Victory holds steadfast and firm.

—that Canada is in deadly earnest when she says the "last man and the last dollar."

That is the answer Canada will give to our boys in the trenches, our kinsmen in Britian, and our Allies everywhere.

That is the answer we will give to the Huns who thought and said that Canada would desert the Empire before she would fight or pay.

Every bond you buy is an answer. Let the millions of answers from Canada's loyal men and women make a chorus of Victory to ring around the world.

Canada's Victory Loan Campaign opens on Monday, November 12

"Canada's Victory Loan All About It"

is the title of a pamphlet that should be in the hands of every man and woman in the country.

Mail this coupon at once and get your copy

Chairman, Provincial Committee,
Canada's Victory Loan,
Vancouver.

Kindly send me a copy of pamphlet entitled:—
"Canada's Victory Loan, All About It."

Name.....

Street or R.R.....

P.O.....

Prov.....

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

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ComoxCoOperative Meat Market

Equipped with Modern Refrigerating plant

Highest Price paid for Beef and Veal

Courtenay and Cumberland

CANADA

EXEMPTION TRIBUNALS

MILITARY SERVICE ACT 1917

For the Attention of Class One Men

The location of The Exemption Tribunals in this district is as follows:—

Tribunal B. C. No. 9

Courtenay

These Tribunals will commence to deal with claims for exemption on November 8th.

All claims for exemption must be made not later than November 10th.

Those who make or have made their claim for exemption in writing through the Post Office will receive notice by registered letter of date on which their claim will be dealt with.

Those who neglect to make use of the Post Office must present themselves in person at a Tribunal on November 8th, 9th or 10th, and they will then be informed as to when their claims will be dealt with.

Reports for service must be made on or before November 10th through the Post Office.

Severe penalties are provided by law for failure to report for service or claim exemption as above.

Issued by
The Military Service Council.

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